The Western Call

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VOLUME V. H. H. STEVENS, M.P., Editor-in-chief. VANCOUVER, BRITISH COLUMBIA, DECEMBER 12, 1913 No. 31

Legislative Library, Assembly

Baxter or Taylor as Mayor==Former a Success

Trial and Condemnation of Miners a Disappointment---Implied Threat in Petition Very Unfortunate

Anti-Orientalism Scores===Hindus May Return to India of Own Accord

IMPORTS OF WHEAT TO UNITED KINGDOM

The imports of wheat into the United Kingdom amounted to 212,004,520 bushels, these being greater by 19,130,440 bushels than the imports of 1911-12, and by 23,875,400 bushels than the imports of 1910-11. Including the produce of the home wheat crop of 1912, and converting the imported flour into an equivalent quantity of wheat, the total quantity of wheat available for consumption in the United Kingdom was 298,598,000 bushels, compared with 283,780,800 bushels in 1911-12, and 270,829,760 bushels in 1910-11.

With regard to the countries from which the supply of wheat was drawn, the receipts from each of the principal sources of imported wheat are given below:

Country of Export.	Bushels
India	43,217,000
Russia	13,774,000
Argentina	34,752,000
United States	58,929,000
Canada	39,665,000
Australia	18,178,000

The feature of the cereal year's trade in wheat was the large increase in the imports from the United States, viz., from 31,022,000 bushels in 1911-12 to 58,929,000 bushels in 1912-13. For four years prior to 1910-11 there was a continuous decrease in the imports from that country, but the supplies in the last two years have very largely increased, and the imports in the cereal year 1912-13 were the highest since 1902-3 (59,799,000 bushels). The imports from Canada, 39,665,000 bushels, are the largest yet recorded from that country; there was a fall, on the other hand, in the imports from Australia, the quantity sent being less than in the three preceding years. Increased supplies during the year came from India and Argentina; there was a slight decrease in the imports from Russia. A factor of increasing importance in recent years in the wheat trade has been the imports from southeastern Europe; the imports from Turkey and Roumania were 2,671,000 bushels in 1910-11 and 5,158,000 bushels in 1911-12; in 1912-13, however, they dropped to the unimportant figure of 200,000 bushels.

WHEAT EXPORTS

Russia is now the chief wheat exporting country in the world; her exports were 5,128,764 tons in 1909 and 6,178,767 tons in 1910, while in 1910, the United States exported 2,760,000 tons, Argentina 1,970,000 tons, Canada 1,400,000 tons, British India 1,200,000 tons and Roumania 1,900,000 tons.

ITALIAN EMIGRATION IN 1912

The total number of emigrants from all parts of Italy was larger in 1912 than in 1911, the greatest increase in numbers in proportion to population being from the Marches, Calabria, Sicily, the Abruzzi, Basilicata and Latium. As in former years the emigrants from Northern Italy mostly spread into other European countries, while those from the south chiefly sought their fortunes beyond the seas. Most of the emigrants consist of agricultural labourers, shepherds, day labourers, masons, iron works men and other industrial workers. The better educated classes were poorly represented.

In 1912, 308,140 passports were made out for European countries as against 271,065 in 1911; the surplus, numbering 30,405 individuals, went chiefly to France, Germany and Austria-Hungary. The number of emigrants to North and South America was 399,713 in 1912, as against 260,372 in 1911. In both years the largest numbers went to the United States, the numbers rising from 191,087 to 267,637. The number of emigrants to Canada rose from 9,094 to 18,991, of those to Argentina from 32,719 to 72,154, of those to Brazil from 22,287 to 35,562, to Chile, Peru and Bolivia from 1,061 to 1,530, and to Central America from 1,116 to 1,438. On the other hand, the number of emigrants to Mexico fell from 1,020 to 758, and that of emigrants to Uruguay and Paraguay from 1,988 to 1,643. Owing to the annexation of Libya, the emigrants to Africa increased by 8,332, while 82 and 394 fewer went to Asia and Oceania respectively.

The Kitsilano Methodist Church is the first church in B. C. set apart for institutional work. The opening is on the 14th and the 21st. On the 14th the services, morning and evening, will be conducted by Dr. Chown and on the 21st by Dr. Sipprell and Dr. Crummy. There will be special music. The new church is of concrete with interior furnishings of mahogany and seats about 800.

Baxter vs. Taylor

Former Mayor would try for office again—Attacks Mayor Baxter's Administration

There is to be a real mayoral contest. L. D. Taylor has announced himself as an opponent of Mayor Baxter.

Without in any way reflecting upon Mr. Taylor, in this issue we are forced to say that in our opinion he has made a mistake in attacking Mayor Baxter's administration. This has been a most trying year, and in spite of serious handicap Mayor Baxter has guided the city's affairs with great skill. He has given us a most careful and thorough government. There has been no waste energy, and all has been done that was possible under the circumstances. No doubt exists as to the outcome of the contest. Mr. Taylor will add zest to the contest, but his defeat is certain as no reason exists why Mayor Baxter should be refused the customary second term.

The Vancouver Island Coal Strike

The full report of Commissioner Price regarding the Vancouver Island coal strike, which has only recently been published, is a most disappointing document.

In the first place it is clearly evident throughout that the commissioner was prejudiced against the men. He invariably puts the worst possible construction upon the actions of the men and seems to think that the operators are a species of angels incapable of an unjust or biased action.

He dismissed the contention of the men that the real cause of the trouble was "discrimination against Motinshaw," a member of the "fire committee," who had reported gas in some of the workings, by saying, "It would seem great folly on the part of any mine owner to discourage anyone from assisting in the protection and safety of the mine." In his opinion such an action by a *Mine Owner* would be unthinkable, and still he refuses to accept seriously *masses of evidence* supporting the contention.

In another place he says: "The influence exerted by unions is often out of all proportion to their numbers." Did the Dominion Government appoint Mr. Price to write a homily on the influence of unions? or, was it not, rather, to ascertain the cause of the trouble?

He seems to have decided in his own mind that the men acted in bad faith throughout and that the Companies were in all cases, like Ceasar's wife, above reproach.

The Condemned Miners

All who have followed the course of this dispute in an impartial spirit must feel intense regret at the fate of the majority of those now imprisoned. *Some* of them are, no doubt, guilty of serious offences, but the majority are only great, simple-minded fellows, who have been guilty of more or less trivial misdemeanors. They are not criminals. Many who pleaded not guilty have since been acquitted by the assize court, while those who foolishly pleaded guilty, received the unusual sentence of two years, in most of the cases.

These men are not criminals—many believe them to be unfairly and unjustly treated, in any case, no *real* effort has yet been made to ascertain what was the real cause of the trouble and to do justice to *all* involved.

Friends, Yet Not Friends

At a recent mass meeting held to support the release of these men, statements are alleged to have been made which make it impossible for many who sympathize with them to associate themselves with the movement.

Threats of personal violence against the Provincial Premier and his colleagues can only have one effect on the public mind, and that is to alienate support, and thus defeat the objects of the so-called friends of the men imprisoned.

There is no excuse for men inciting to violence, they only prove themselves the enemies of those they pretend to befriend. In fact, it often occurs that such men only seek to advance some pet theory.

The wording of the resolution was also unfortunate. It constitutes a threat rather than a petition for justice. Many citizens in British Columbia would gladly see clemency exercised in this case, but it would be somewhat difficult to follow the course pursued at the meeting in the Horseshow Building.

U. S. TRIES CO-OPERATIVE MARKETING ASSOCIATIONS

The problem of reducing costs in the marketing of farm products is at present occupying the attention of agriculturists in the United States, where it is regarded as the first of the many problems involved in the wide question of increasing the profits to agriculture, and improving the whole economic and social position of the American farmer.

Dissatisfaction with the results of existing systems of marketing is widespread. Farmers and growers complain that they receive only from 30 to 50 per cent. of the ultimate price paid by the consumer, and accuse the middlemen of exploiting agriculture; while consumers in the towns are continually lamenting that many farm products are difficult to obtain and unreasonably dear. The middlemen on their part, say that they gain only the legitimate profits of a difficult and speculative business dealing with fluctuating markets, on the side both of supply and of demand, and often with perishable food-stuffs. All three classes finally unite in complaining that the railways fail to provide an adequate service, and often charge prohibitive rates. Two things are clear; first, that expenses of marketing form an undue proportion of the total price of many farm products; and, second, that the only persons at present possessing any considerable knowledge of market conditions are the middlemen.

The report of the Secretary of Agriculture for 1910 gives information as to the percentage of consumer's price received by the farmer for certain products.

From an investigation made in 1910, covering 78 cities throughout the United States, it was ascertained that, on an average, the dairyman received a bare 50 per cent. of the retail price paid for milk; the average cost of freight was approximately 7 per cent. of the price to the consumer, and the remaining 43 per cent. was received mostly by the retailer.

The Industrial Commission, which reported in 1901, thoroughly investigated the same question, and conditions at the present day are substantially unaltered. It was found then that the farmer was receiving 55 per cent. of the consumer's price for poultry; 69 per cent. for eggs when sold by the dozen; 55.6 per cent. for apples when sold by the bushel, and 66 per cent. when sold by the barrel. In the case of oranges sold by the dozen he received only 20.3 per cent., when sold by the box he received 59.3 per cent.

Considering prices from the consumer's point of view the Commission found that the percentage increase of consumer's price over the price paid to the farmer was, for cabbages bought by the head, 135 per cent.; for oranges by the dozen, 400 per cent., by the crate, 100 per cent.; for potatoes bought by the bushel, 82 per cent.

In 1909, a special inquiry into the high price of beef established the fact that the retail price was, on an average for the United States, 38 per cent. above the wholesale price received by the great slaughtering houses.

The general conclusion which the Secretary of Agriculture drew from the investigations was that the consumer appeared to have no real ground for complaint against the farmer for the price he paid. The cost of transport, generally speaking, added a percentage increase to the farmer's price that was not large. The dealers had risks that were practically small, except credit sales and such risks as grew out of their trying to do an amount of business that was small as compared with their number. "The distribution of farm products," the report says, "is considerably involved, and burdened with costy features." It is indeed generally admitted that there is much overlapping and waste between the producer and the consumer.

HINDOOS MAY RETURN TO THEIR OWN COUNTRY

That the Hindoos may return to their own country is stated by Mr. Hugh Mather, special correspondent of the Indian Government in this city, after a meeting held in the Sikh Temple on Saturday morning, as a result of the recent decision by Chief Justice Hunter in the Hindu immigration cases. A telegram was drafted at the meeting to be sent to Mr. Borden acquainting him with the determination of many of the Sikhs to leave Canada. They also state that they believe they cannot look to the Dominion Government for fair treatment in view of the Bhagwan Singh deportation. The Hindus say they will not let the matter go so far as to be excluded from this country, as such action would be looked upon as a degradation in the eyes of their brethren in the Punjab—men who were loyal to the Empire during the Indian Mutiny, and helped to save that part of the country for Great Britain.

Reserves' Value in Harbor Work—Board of Trade Passes Resolution Endorsing Efforts of Mr. H. H. Stevens, M. P. to secure Kitsilano Reserve.

"That the Vancouver Board of Trade, following its previous recommendations and resolution regarding the desirability of the Kitsilano and other Indian reserves bordering on the harbor being developed in the interests of harbor improvements under the authorization of the Vancouver Board of Harbor Commissioners, endorses the efforts of our member, Mr. H. H. Stevens, towards this end, believing this matter to be of supreme public importance and requiring the urgent attention of the Government; and that this resolution be telegraphed to the Rt. Hon. R. L. Borden."

Such was the resolution passed by the Board of Trade on Tuesday evening. It was moved by Mr. H. A. Stone and seconded by Mr. J. E. Mathers, who emphasized the importance of having all the land possible placed under the Harbor Board. There was not a dissenting voice.

Grandview

Mr. C. C. Knight left for a trip to England on Friday evening.

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Mrs. Rummels, who has undergone an operation in the Grandview Private Hospital, is at her home again and is improving.

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A tea meeting and sale took place at the Hastings street church on Friday afternoon and continued with a programme into the evening. The proceeds were for furnishings for the church.

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A parlor meeting under the auspices of the Political Equality League was held recently at the home of Mrs. T. A. Smith, 1722 Williams street. Mrs. Bryan spoke to those present along the line of the franchise.

• • •

In the presence of relatives of the contracting parties the marriage took place on Wednesday evening of last week of Mr. T. O. Dodgson and Miss Alice Rayner. Mr. and Mrs. Dodson will reside at 1481 Parker street.

Dr. Hetherington, ex-principle of Columbian College, preached at the Grandview Methodist church on Sunday morning, and Dr. Sanford, president, in the evening. Last Sunday marked the annual educational service.

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An event of last week was the reception given by Mrs. G. E. Makenzie of 1661 Tenth Avenue E., on Wednesday from 3 to 6 o'clock, when a large number of her friends availed themselves of the privilege of visiting her for the first time in her new home.

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A relief committee has been established in connection with St. Savior's church, consisting of the rector, Rev. Harold St. George Buttrum, Mrs. Irwin, Miss J. Hutchinson, Miss L. Manning and Mr. Percy H. Fraser, who will investigate and care for any cases of distress in the neighborhood.

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Mrs. Witter, 747 Lakewool drive, was "at home" to her friends from 4 to 6 o'clock on the afternoon of December 5th. A large number of friends took advantage of this occasion.

Mrs. Witter's home was beautiful with the white chrysanthemum and gay with ladies in handsome gowns. The hostess received in a pretty satin and Mrs. Harold Witter, who received with her, wore cream lace. Mrs. C. R. Margeson poured the tea and coffee during the first hour, when she was supplanted by Mrs. Lewis Archibald. The Misses Crandall, Miss Keenleyside and Miss Ruby Matheson assisted in serving. Mrs. T. R. Bishop assisted with the serving. During the afternoon Miss Alice Huntington gave musical selections.

The pastors of the Baptist churches of the city and their wives had been invited for 3 o'clock, and were present throughout the afternoon. Those who assisted remained for the evening, and were joined by their husbands and friends.

Mrs. Witten regretted that her sister, Mrs. MacLeod, whom she expected to receive with her, had been unavoidably retained in Regina, and will not reach Vancouver until the middle of December.

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The unanimous resolutions concerning the Orient were drafted at the recent session of the Grandview Ratepayers' Association and a committee of the following persons appointed to present them to H. H. Stevens, M.P.: Messers. Reid, Hamilton, Brown and Mr. C. Smith. Copies were sent to the Dominion and Provincial Governments and to other ratepayers' associations of the city.

The first of these resolutions was moved by Mr. Maxwell Smith and seconded by Mr. G. A. Odlum, was to the following effect: That the Dominion and Provincial Governments should co-operate in legislation to prevent the granting of citizenship or property rights to any but the white race.

Mr. Smith said the secret of the whole situation lay in withholding from the Oriental the right to vote or possess lands. He did not believe that the white race should assimilate any one of the colored races, as it brought out the worst traits in each, but at the same time he did not believe in humiliating or insulting anyone because of the color of his skin nor of making a native in his country a privilege we could not grant him in ours. Moreover he considered the American negro as much of a menace as all the other colored races. He did not object to a man because of the tinting of his skin, but because he was against assimilating other colors.

The second resolution was moved by Mr. Charles Smith and seconded by Mr. Lake and embodied this sentiment: In view of the recent decision of Chief Justice Hunter, and to prevent the influx of Hindoes, we respectfully solicit that legislation be speedily granted to exclude all Asiatic immigration into Canada.

Mr. Charles Reid said that the question should be regarded from the economic rather than from a so-called Christian standpoint and that a minimum wage should be established.

Several members spoke against a too drastic legislative policy against the Hindoo as such might bring about international trouble.

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Grandview Methodist Church

Pastor—Rev. F. G. Lett.

Sunday Services:—

Preaching 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m.; Sunday School, 2.30 p.m.

Epworth League—Monday 8 p.m.

Prayer Meeting—Wednesday 8 p.m.

....The young people invite everybody to their League meetings, and suggest regular attendance at all services of the Church.

• • •

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SUNDAY SERVICES — Morning prayer and Holy Communion the first and third Sundays of the month at 11 a. m.; morning prayer every Sunday at 11 a. m.; Holy Communion 2nd and 4th Sundays at 8 a. m.; evening prayer every Sunday at 7:30 p. m. All heartily welcome.

SOUTH VANCOUVER

That the children of South Vancouver are making good use of the savings bank system established in the schools and are acquiring useful habits is apparent from the amount deposited during last month. Twelve schools are making use of the system, and their joint deposit for November equalled the sum of $445.65.

BILLBOARD BY-LAW PASSED BY COUNCIL

Cloth Signs and Sky Signs Under New Regulations After January 1. Billboard Proprietors Have One Year to Shift Signs.

At a special meeting of the city council on Friday afternoon, the Billboard By-Law, re-drafted, after many alterations, passed its final reading, and will come into effect on the second day of January. Certain clauses, however, will not be enforced until the expiration of a year, in order to allow the billboard company, who control all the signs in the city, time to make the necessary alterations. These clauses require signs in residental districts to be placed back in line with the houses, with other provisors for corners and other built up sections.

No discussion took place as to the double-deckers, these receiving the sanction of a majority of the council at a previous meeting. On single lots between buildings coming to the property line, however, signs will be required to keep back three feet. A motion to have them kept back five feet was defeated, except as to corners in the built-up downtown section. The billboard owners, Messrs. Duker & Creighton, were again represented in the council chamber as at previous meetings. Mr. Creighton protested against any of the proposed changes.

"We haven't left any paper on the streets for the past few months," he said, referring to the suggestion of Mayor Baxter that if the signs were not kept back, the sidewalk might become littered with rubbish.

"Oh, you have been doing it fine—lately," replied the mayor, with a smile.

Signs will be kept back to the line of the residences in residental districts and at least fifteen feet from the sidewalk in any event. This provision is intended as a remedy for the obstructing of a view from a house by reason of the lining of the street with high signs such as on Main street south, which was named as a glaring example.

Skysigns on the roof of buildings must be constructed hereafter of metal and be at least 60 per cent. of open work. It was intended at first to have all signs at present existing converted to the new standard, but so long as they are structurally safe to the satisfaction of the building inspector, they will be allowed to remain.

Building Inspector Jarrett explained that in case of a combination of circumstances, when the roof would be subjected to a severe strain of snow, a high wind blowing against a sign might wreck the roof. Most roofs, he said, were not built to stand a combination of circumstances.

Cloth signs must go from the city on the coming into effect of the by-law on Jan. 2. The month, explained Ald. Hepburn, was given to allow sign painters time to get their present orders out of hand. Ald. McBeath protested again about the hardship thrown upon the smaller men who work on cloth signs, while the larger interests using billboards were allowed/leniency.

Correspondence

Re Wood for All Industries.

To the Editor of the Western Call:
Dear Sir—

I read with interest your article under the above heading in last week's issue. This is of particular interest at this juncture, as a new B. C. wood is about to be put on the market—to be called commercially, "B. C. Satin Wood."

The wood is not dissimilar to a wood of a similar name largely used for furniture in Europe and also for "finish" in good work where large grain markings are not desirable.

It takes a high polish and may be stained to any desired color to represent Rosewood, Mahogany, Walnut, or it would take a green.

I might say here that to the south of us the Americans have already commenced to use this wood for furniture manufacture.

If the demand for this wood should justify, the local mills will stock it.

Should you be interested in such a new industry you might add that there are samples of this wood in the office of A. Campbell Hope, the architect.

Yours truly,
A. CAMPBELL HOPE.
Vancouver, B. C., Dec. 26, 1913.

The library of the Forestry Branch. Ottawa, contains over 1,200 volumes and more than 4,500 photographs of forestry work in Canada and elsewhere.

Twenty-three million trees have now been distributed by the Forestry Branch Nursery Station at Indian Head to the farmers on the Western prairies.

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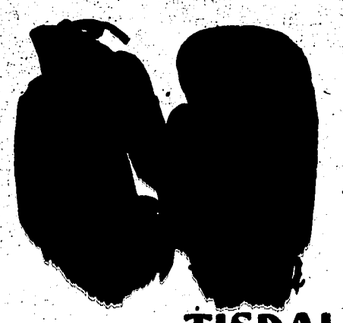

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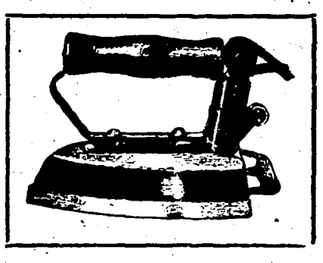

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Collingwood and Central Park

COLLINGWOOD

A baby boy was born to Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Pringle on the morning of Sunday, November 30.

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Mr. Archie Todrick, who has been several months in the Peace River country, returned to his home on Friday last.

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The first weekly prayer meeting was held in the new Knox church on Wednesday at 8 p. m. They will continue at this hour on Wednesday of every wek.

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Under the auspices of the various ladies' societies of the vicinity a mothers' meeting will be held in the Carleton hall on the afternoon of December 16th. They will be addressed on an important educational topic, which will concern all mothers in the home, and they are invited to be present and to bring the baby.

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The Women's Association of Knox church made, at their recent sale, about $145.00, including $10.00 for the autograph quilt. The Girls' Club took in, at their fancy stall, the sum of $35.00. The expenses amounted to about $20.00. This leaves the round sum of $160.00. The sum taken for the autographs has not been included, and will, when complete, bring in a large additional sum, probably approaching $200.00. This will make a grand showing for this society at the period of establishing the new church building.

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Reeve Kerr, School Trustee Morris and Mr. W. R. Rutledge addressed the members of the West Collingwood Improvement Association on the night of the 4th inst. Mr. C. Bailey presided. Reeve Kerr gave a brief account of the work of the council during the past year, making special mention of the financial situation and the efforts of the council to secure a permanent supply of water. He also touched upon the question of fire protection and stated that there were on order two auto-combination pieces of fire fighting apparatus which would be delivered shortly. One, he said, would be stationed on Kingsway, near Gladstone road, for the protection of the Collingwood and Cedar Cottage districts and the other would be stationed at the Municipal hall for the protection of the western section of the municipality. These two auto-wagons with the installation of a fire alarm system, the reeve said, would give better fire protection and should result in reduced insurance rates. The reeve also dealt with municipal ownership of public utilities and industrial sites, and discussed the advantages of an incorporated city over a municipality.

School Trustee Morris spoke chiefly on the advantages of incorporation. He said he believed that incorporation would be an economic advantage to South Vancouver and that Ward One would be more likely to secure permanent improvements within a short time by incorporation than by annexation to the city of Vancouver. Trustee Morris pointed out that at present South Vancouver ranked with municipalities such as Summerland and Peachland, whereas as an incorporated city it would rank as the third largest city in British Columbia, and that consequently its position on the money market would be vastly improved. He said that even if by incorporation the price of its bonds was only raised one point it would net to South Vancouver $26,000. Hence he conseidered that for an investment of $150, which was about what incorporation would cost the municipality, they stood a very good chance of gaining at least $26,000 and probably much more. Mr. Morris expressed himself as favorable to the policy of municipally-owned public utilities, which, he said, would tend to reduce taxation.

Mr. W. R. Rutledge spoke on the subjects of incorporation and municipally-owned utilities, and stated that he was in favor of both propositions. He said he considered the councils of the past had been very remiss in not going in for municipal ownership before allowing others to come in. He said municipal ownership was the only way to reduce taxes.

CENTRAL PARK

Mr. Piegram, caretaker of the Agricultural hall, is in the General hospital.

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Mr. Leslie Smith, formerly of the Central Park Grocery, has accepted a position with the Union Steamship Company.

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The Women's Auxiliary of St John's church, after their sale of homemade cooking and fancy articles had in their possession something over $100.

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The choir of St. Luke's church, South Vancouver, gave a grand concert in the Agricultural hall on Wednesday evening. The proceeds went to St. John's church.

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Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Fitzgerald, of New Westminster, spent several days with Mr. and Mrs. D. Gillett before their departure for an extended visit to Honolulu.

Lumber Cut in 1912

Figures Published for Lumber, Lath, Square Timber and Shingles

A bulletin recently compiled by the Forestry Branch, Ottawa, from figures furnished by 2,558 firms, shows that there was cut in Canada in 1912, 4,389,723,000 feet, board measure, of lumber valued at $69,475,784; 1,578,343,000 shingles, valued at $3,175,319; 899,016,000 lath, valued at $2,064,622, and 65,906 tons of square timber valued at $1,825,154.

There was a decreaose of over 10 per cent. in the cut of lumber from that of 1911, this decrease taking place in every Province except Saskatchewan. There were twenty-eight different kinds of wood sawn into lumber, but spruce comprised over one-third the cut, succeeded, in the order named, by white pine, Douglas fir and hemlock.

There was a decrease of 14.1 per cent. in the unmber of shingles cut in 1912 British Columbia cut almost one-half the quantity, using Western Red Cedar exclusively. The production of lath also showed a decrease of 6.9 per cent. spruce making up onver one third of this product.

The 89.9 per cent. increase in the production of square timber is noteworthy, for this is the first increase since 1877. White pine made up 53.5 per cent., and birch 28.5 per cent. of the total amount exported, 97.5 per cent. of which went to the United Kingdom, 1.4 per cent. to the United States and 1.1 per cent to other countries.

GWENDOLYN'S TRIP TO THE ICE PALACE

By Winifred Stewart

EVERYBODY was flying hinthre and thither. In another week Christmas would be here, and there was such a lot of things to get ready. Presents had to be bought, and heaps and heaps of other things had to be prepared.

Gwendolyn Taylor, a little girl of six years, was sitting gazing out of the window. She had not been well, and was not allowed to go out. "It's dreadfully hard," thought Gwendie, "and this is just the jolliest time of the season. Her brothers and sisters were out skating, and she longed to be with them.

It was beginning to grow dark, though it was early in the afternoon. The fire was crackling and laughing in the chimney, casting shadows over the walls and floor of the room. Heaps of picture books and toys were strewn about, and Gwendie sat moodily at the window wishing she could get out to play among the snow.

She picked up one of the books, and was just turning over the leaf when a sweet, soft voice exclaimed—"Do you wish very much to be out in the snow?"

Gwendie looked around the room, but she could see no one, and then looking at the opposite side of the window she saw a tiny little man.

"A fairy," said Gwendie, "or am I dreaming," and she rubbed her eyes; no it was quite true—a tiny fairy was seated at the other side of the window.

Gwendie was so amazed that she only stared at the stranger, and then recollecting herself, said—"Oh, I wish ever so much to be out in the snow, dear fairy, but I've been in bed with a severe cold, and am not allowed to go out. But how did you get in? I'm quite sure no one ever opened the door."

"Oh! I didn't come in by the door," said the fairy, laughing heartily. "I slid down the chimney."

"Oh!" said Gwendie, nodding her head approvingly.

The fairy then handed her a tiny sweet, and told her to swallow it, and immediately she found herself as tiny as a flower. The messenger then helped her into a fireproof costume, and hand in hand they whissed up the chimney. When they reached the roof of the house, Gwendie was breathless with excitement. She scarcely had time to think when she found herself in an aeroplane, and the tiny man was seated beside her. There was a loud whirring sound, and soon the flying machine was high above the house and gardens sailing quite smoothly through the air.

"Oh! oh! look, everything seems to be flying away from us!" cried Gwendie in astonishment as she looked downwards.

"Don't fear," said the tiny man. "See- we're flying between the housetops and the clouds!"

At last, with a jerk, the aeroplane halted, and she opened her eyes.

To Gwendie's surprise, they were standing in front of a fantastic gate composed of ice that glittered and dazzled the eyes with countless colors.

"What place is this?" asked Gwendie. And the tiny man replied—"This is the land where Jack Frost and his fairies dwell."

Gwendie gazed in wonderment at the whole scene; it was really magnificent. Tiny little fairies came to welcome her, and Jack Frost himself was waiting to receive her.

"Come away," said Jack Frost, leading her into the palace. "We are all delighted to see you."

Jack Frost looked very pretty in his sparkling white fur coat and glittering head-dress. He was the most elegant fairy, and quite two inches taller than any of the others. He led her into a corridor, where Gwendie could see long vistas of clear ice, and what she wondered most at was that walls, floors, and ceilings, and even the chairs, were all made of ice. Lights shone from above, tinting everything with delightful shades of colour, and as they walked through the corridors Jack Frost opened a door, and to her astonishment countless little fairies were skating over what seemed to Gwendie to be polished glass. The floor stretched as far as the eye could reach, and a little band of tiny men were playing charming music.

"Now, you can skate as much as as you like," said Jack Frost smilingly. Gwendie jumped for joy; she simply loved skating. Two fairies fastened skates both on to Gwendie's and Jack Frost's shoes, and they soon were skating out and in among the fairies. Oh! how Gwendie enjoyed herself. They waltzed together and kept time with the music, and she wished she could skate with Jack Frost for ever.

"Oh," said Jack Frost as he saw all the fairies tripping away, "it is time you were returning."

Gwendie kissed him good-bye, and soon she was settled in the aeroplane with the tiny man.

They were flying pretty near to the house-tops now, and Gwendie clapped her hands as she once more caught sight of her home.

Soon they were in the room again, and the tiny man helped her to take off the fire-proof coat, handed her another sweet, and disappeared.

Gwendie swallowed the sweet and sat down on the window seat. Her brothers and sisters were still skating and having fun among the snow. Then she heard some one call "Gwendie," and in another minute her mother was in the room.

"Dear me, I thought you must be asleep; I've been calling for the last half-hour, and wondered why you never came down."

"How could I when I've been skating with Jack Frost?" replied Gwendie.

Mother smiled and said she would hear about the skating expedition after tea.

THE IRISH FUSILIERS

OF CANADA

In Process of Organization

Applications for enrollment will be received each Wednesday from 8 to 10 p.m., at the Regimental Headquarters, corner of William Street and Commercial Drive. Applicants must be between the ages of 18 and 45, over 5 feet 5 inches in height and physically sound.

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Captain and Adjutant

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Carriages at all hours day or night.
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CEDAR COTTAGE.

Mr. James Sheriff, of Portland, Oregon, with his little son Sidney, have been spending a few days with Mr. Sheriff's sister, Mrs. William MacPhie.

The pupils of the Lord Selkirk school will give an operetta in Marfew Hall on the evenings of the 17th and the 18th inst. The proceeds will be used for the needy families of South Vancouver.

The Girl Guides meet every Thursday evening in the school room of the Presbyterian church. They are now engaged in making ready for their exhibition in physical drill, which will take place in the early part of the new year.

Mr. Manuel preached at Vancouver Heights on Sunday evening.

The Women's Auxiliary of St. Margaret's church made about $150 at their recent sale, which sum places their finances on a firm basis.

Lodge Notes

N. C. WALLACE LOYAL ORANGE LODGE No. 1715 ELECT OFFICERS FOR 1914

There was a record attendance of members and visitors at the annual meeting of the above lodge. Thos. Quinn, W.M., in the chair, all other officers in their respective places. The officers presented their annual reports which showed the lodge to have made great progress during the past year. The election of officers resulted as follows: W.M., Thomas Quinn; D.M., Walter Wilson; Chap., W. J. Duke; Rec. Sec., F. D. Grass; Fin. Sec., Chs. Stirling; Treas., C. M. McKinnon; D. of C., C. W. Hatch; First Lec., H. Kelly; Second Lec., W. P. Jenkins; Standing Committee, Bros. John Wilson, Wm. Grundy, Jas. Jillott, P. Ternan, H. Gage; I.T., T. W. Sparks; O.T., Geo. Hunter; Librarian, W. J. Palmer; Auditors, Chs. Elliott and William Duke; Delegate to the Vancouver Orange Hall Co., Ltd., Thos. Quinn; Press Correspondent and M.D., J. J. Tulk.

The next meeting will be held on December 19. The secretary's address is Sub. P.O. No. 5, Vancouver, B.C.

JOHN J. TULK.

Vancouver, B.C., Dec. 9, 1913.

LADIES' ORANGE BENEVOLENT ASSOCIATION OF B. C.

One of the most successful fancy Fairs and Bazaars was held on Wednesday, December 3rd, during the afternoon and evening, in the Orange Hall, by the ladies of No Surrender Lodge No. 90, Ladies' Orange Benevolent Association. The Fair was formally opened at 3 p.m. by his worship Mayor Baxter, who, in a short address, complimented the ladies on their work among the poor. The attendance at this was very good, some of the best people of the city being present and the large hall presented a gay appearance. The fancy work was in charge of Mrs. Maxwell, Mrs. Hopkins, and Miss A. Baker. Useful and fancy aprons in charge of Mrs. Chs. Elliott, Mrs. Sweet, and Mrs. Crawford. Children's work in charge of Mrs. Harrison, Mrs. Gott and Mrs. Thomas. Fancy bags, etc., in charge of Miss M. Birmingham and Miss Sweet. Home made cooking in charge of Mrs. D. Barker, Mrs. McDonald and Mrs. Thompson. Fish pond in charge of Mrs. Donaghy. Masters Scott Milne and A. Elliott. Temple of Mysteries in charge of Mrs. A. Elliott and Mrs. E. Hooper. Drawing for a royal scarlet sash in charge of Mrs. Burns. A guessing contest in charge of Miss Mary Whiteley, Miss L. Horner and the Misses Sweet. The handsome bride doll was won by Miss Eva McLoed. During the afternoon tea was served to the many visitors and high tea was served at 6 p.m., the tables being in charge of Mrs. Soper, Mrs. Gehart, Miss Soper, Mrs. Crawford, Mrs. Nairn, and Mrs. Alexandra. Reception Committee, Mrs. D. Barker, Mrs. Murray, Mrs. John J. Tulk. The thanks of the ladies are due to Bros. Thompson, Watkins, Hatch and Allen for their kindness in erecting booths, etc., The Fair was a grand success in every way, a large sum being realized for benevolent work. The thanks of the ladies of the committee are tendered to the kind friends who kindly donated goods, etc. During the evening a good programme was presented, songs, recitations, dancing, etc.

MRS. MARY TULK, G.M.

Mount Pleasant

Mrs. Simmons, of Eighth Avenue, who was injured in the recent automobile accident at the corner of Manitoba and Broadway streets, was able to leave the hospital on Tuesday and return to her home.

* * *

Dr. Matthews, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church, Seattle, has been in the city and lectured in the Presbyterian Church at Mount Pleasant on Wednesday evening, on "A Clean City For Clean Citizens."

* * *

The Bishop of New Westminster will hold an ordination service in St. Michael's Anglican Church on Sunday morning next, Dec. 14, beginning at 11 a.m. At this service the Rev. J. D. MacKenzie-Naughton will be advanced to the priesthood, and Mr. Stewart of Latimer Hall will be ordained deacon.

* * *

A high class concert much appreciated by the audience was given on Friday evening, under the auspices of the Mount Pleasant Council of Royal Templars, in A. O. F. Hall. Those who took part were: Miss R. Snowden, piano and vocal; Miss Ellen Jones Evans, vocal; Miss Elliott, reading; Mr. Campbell, vocal; Miss D. Lester, vocal; Mr. Patterson, violin; Mrs. Alma Keeler, reading; and Miss Bayls, violin.

* * *

The silver medal contest held under the auspices of the W.C.T.U. at the Baptist Church on Tuesday evening, was a great success. The following is a list of the persons contesting with their selections: Miss Chamberlin, "A Southern Incident"; Miss Lily Jones, "Which Shall It Be?" Miss Pearl Love, "The Fence and the Ambulance"; Miss Mabel Haine, "The Factory Chimney"; Miss Doane, "Put Yourself in His Place"; Miss Ethel James, "The Bridal Wine Cup"; Miss Roberta Byrnes, "Jeremiah and His Pa"; Miss McVicar, "The Relief of Lucknow." Miss Winnie Harris excelled herself on the piano. Mrs. McDuffy and Mrs. Turnbull gave a duet, which was well received. Little Miss Timmins charmed the audience with her violin selections. Mrs. McDuffy sang a solo, which was encored. The judges were unanimous in according the medal to Miss Haine.

Mrs. Keeler, who is an elocutionist of great ability, is to be highly congratulated for her splendid work in training the girls.

* * *

The death of Mrs. H. H. Porterfield, 1350 Tenth avenue West, took place in the General hospital on the evening of the 4th inst. at 6:30 o'clock, as a result of the injuries received by being struck by an automobile at the corner of Manitoba street and Broadway. Mrs. Simmons, 58 Eighth avenue West, a sister of the dead woman, is also in the hospital, but her injuries are not thought to be serious.

The automobile was owned and driven by Mr. H. J. Littler, proprietor of the Terminal City Iron Works, located at 1949 Albert street. Riding with the owner at the time of the accident was his brother, Mr. T. W. Littler, joint proprietor of the iron works company, and Mr. James Mason, 3330 Third avenue West.

Mr. Littler describes the accident thus: "I was driving west on Broadway about 5:30 p. m. I had stopped in the rear of a B. C. E. R. Fairview car at Quebec street to allow passengers to alight. At Ontario street, the second street west of Main street, I again stopped to allow other passengers to get off, one from the rear and two women from the front of the car. When the car again started I had pulled up alongside in an endeavor to pass. When about the middle of the block I noticed two women standing on the street apparently about a car's length from the corner. I turned my car toward the car tracks to avoid them and suddenly remembered that I could not pass in front of the car. I applied the emergency brakes and my car skidded. The rear part of my car struck one woman, and the B. C. E. R. car hit my machine about midway between the front and rear wheels."

The police ambulance was summoned and the two women taken to the hospital, where Mrs. Porterfield died about three-quarters of an hour after her arrival. Deceased leaves a husband and young son, 10 years old. Mr. Porterfield is a blacksmith in the employ of the Mainland Transfer Company. Mrs. Porterfield was 33 years old.

City News

The next regular meeting of the University Women's Club will take place at the residence of the president Miss McQueen, Shaughnessy Heights, on Saturday evening. The occasion will be a social evening.

* *

The Social Service Council of Vancouver held a meeting recently at Hamilton Hall.

The executive committee, Dr. A. P. Procter, Mr. James Kerr and Rev. E. A. Henry, recommended the following suggestions, which were adopted by the council as an educational propaganda:

1. That addresses be secured from medical experts on the medical side of the social vice problem. Such addresses to be delivered in various parts of the city.

2. That the best literature on the subject be secured and distributed, with wisdom, as widely as possible.

The committee particularly recommend the pamphlets by the late Chief Justice Taschereau in "The Crime of Prostitution."

3. That a strong appeal be made and the clergy of the city take steps to arouse their people, and through them the citizens, with regard to the evils with which our council deals.

4. That through any ward groups that may be formed under this council arrangements be made for public gatherings for the discussion of the legal and moral aspects of the social evil and other vices found in this city.

5. That steps be taken to secure, through co-operation of the press, in the way of public education in these vital themes.

A strong committee was appointed to organize workers in each of the eight wards of the city for aggressive work.

The council decided as a matter of policy to confine its work to education in the interest of social service. Gratification was expressed at the results thus far obtained, and each member was urged to increasing vigilance with a view to vastly improving the social conditions in the city.

The headquarters of this organization is No. 25 Dunsmuir street. Rev. R. F. Stillman is secretary.

GRANDVIEW

The Dorcas Circle of King's Daughters will hold a sale of work at the home of Mrs. Byrnell, 1436 First Ave.

* * *

Mr. Thomas Odlum, of 1637 Victoria Drive, who has been in Montana for the pats six months, has returned to his home in Vancouver for the Christmas holidays.

Members of the Mission Band of the Grandview Methodist Church, with their superintendent, Miss Pugh, held a sale at the parsonage on Monday. The articles put before the public were an autograph quilt, which was a very handsome coverlet whose signatures they had solicited themselves and artistically embossed, and a number of exquisite and fascinating dolls which were such as Santa Claus would carry. The members of the Mission Circle served tea. A handsome little fund resulted from the sale.

* * *

A number of the young friends of Miss Virginia Odlum were entertained at her home, 1637 Victoria Drive, on Tuesday evening.

The house was prettily decorated, the arch separating the parlors being massed with the wild Oregon grape vine, through whose bright foliage pretty vistas of the rooms beyond were seen, where fresh bouquets of the red carnation lent their beautiful glow to the furnishings. Outside the entrance and verandah were lit up with the Japanese lantern.

It was a very merry and informal group of young people who were gathered together on this occasion, and all sorts of pleasant games were indulged in. The party were joined during the evening by Rev. F. C. Lett, who quietly dropped in to contribute his share to the full measure of happiness. Among the contests were the following: Book and Author, in which Miss Fulton won the ladies' prize, an enamelled vanity box, and Mr. H. Odlum the gentlemen's, a gunmetal matchbox; Advertising, in which Miss Elsie Knight was awarded a box of handkerchiefs and Miss Emily Lett a silver fruit knife; Jumbled Cities, in which the winners were Miss V. Bowes, who received visiting cards, and Mr. Herbert Clarke, visiting cards. Those present were: Misses Violet Bowes, Mary Vollans, Elsie Knight, Jean McNeill, Edith Fulton, Hughina and Kate Urquhart, Emily Lett, Winnie Mellish, Agnes Waugh, Reta and GGrace Wood, Eula Keast, Dora Spencer, Effie Vollans, Messrs. Anders, H. Clark, A. Kerr, O. Cutler, H. Odlum, A. Ruffell, J. Mellish, S. McSpadden, B. Matchett.

Refreshments were served at 12.30 o'clock.

NORTH VANCOUVER

The report of the secretary of North Vancouver School Board showed an enrollment of 790 upils, with an average attendance of 89.5 per cent. This enrolment shows an increase of 10 over this period last year.

PHONE SEYMOUR 9086

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Quarterly Statement of Assets and Liabilities

November 29th, 1913

ASSETS

Cash in hand	$ 9,448.20	
Cash in Bank, Current Account	6,237.93	
Cash in Bank, Savings Account	27,533.30	
Cash in Bank, New York Account	10,801.70	
Cash in Bank, San Francisco Account	3,620.76	
Cash in Bank. Seattle Account	3,067.19	
Stocks, Shares and Debentures	47,195.00	
Total Cash and Quick Assets		$107,904.08
Real Estate Loans and Mortgages	$137,507.86	
Collateral Loans and Discounts	54,828.57	
Real Estate Investments, actual cost	51,518.44	
Total Investments		$243.854.87
Current Accounts Receivable		17,018.47
Furniture and Fixtures		7,794.90
Total Assets		$376,572.32

LIABILITIES

To the Shareholders:		
Capital Stock	$104.500.00	
Undivided Profits	27,770.41	
Total to Shareholders		$132,270,41
To the Public:		
Deposits	$232,899.60	
Demand Collections	11,402.51	
Total to the Public		$244,301.91
Total Liabilities		$376,572.32

Financial Department

Four per cent. paid on deposits, subject to cheque, credited monthly, five per cent. on time deposits. Mortgage Loans negotiated. Short term loans made on approved collateral. Money invested for clients. Our own drafts issued on all points in United States, Europe and the commercial cities of the Orient.

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WARD FOUR

The undersigned sincerely thanks the electors of Ward Four for their support in the last election and also solicits their vote and influence for Aldermanic honors during 1914.

Thos. Evans

WARD FOUR

MY PLATFORM:

1—Promotion of Industries which mean a "full dinner pail."

2—The proper Marketing of the City Bonds.

3—The Improvement of the Main Thoroughfares leading to the City.

4—The Encouragement of more Public Markets, which means the reduction of cost of living.

5—The Management of City affairs on a Proper Business Basis.

Respectfully yours,

Joseph Hoskins

Aldermanic Candidate,
Ward Four.

WARD FOUR

Electors of Ward Four:

With the interest of our ward and city in view, the undersigned has decided to candidate as alderman in this ward and sincerely solicits your vote and influence to this end.

Charles Boardman

WARD FOUR

Chas. E. Smith

respectfully solicits the votes and influence of the electors of Ward Four for aldermanic honors in the year 1914.

WARD FIVE

The undersigned most cordially acknowledges the honor placed upon him by the electors of Ward Five during the current year and now humbly solicits re-election to Aldermanic honors for 1914.

A. P. Black

WARD FIVE

C. E. MAHON

sincerely appreciates the confidence reposed in him as Alderman of Ward Five during the year 1913 and again respectfully solicits the vote and influence of the electors for his re-election.

WARD EIGHT

Electors Ward Eight:

Yielding to the solicitations of many friends, I herein announce my candidature for aldermanic honors for the year 1914 and respectfully ask your support.

Fred P. Rogers

WARD EIGHT

Electors Ward Eight:

The election of 1914 is now rapidly approaching. At the close of three years service the undersigned solicits your vote and influence for aldermanic honors another year.

Yours sincerely,

Frank Trimble

South Vancouver

A number of ladies are doing much good by distributing food and clothing among the poor of South Vancouver.

• • •

P. C. Anthony, who captured the alleged burglar in the store of Joseph's, Main street, has been promoted to the second class.

• • •

Mr. Aubrey Hicks returned to his home from the GGeneral Hospital on Sunday, convalescent after a successful operation performed by Dr. Castleman.

• • •

We regret to chronicle the death of Martha Jane Blackwell of Toronto. Mrs. Blackwell and daughter, Lily, arrived at the home of her son, Thirty-ninth avenue East, two weeks ago, on their way to California. Her death was due to heart failure.

• • •

Arrangements were made for the installation of the Gamewell Fire Alarm System at a recent meeting of the South Vancouver Board of Works. This system will cost $10,375. It is expected that the system can be purchased out of the money levied this year.

• • •

A meeting of the supporters of Mr. William Morris, who is in the field for councillor for Ward I., took place in the committee room on Joyce road on Monday evening. Arrangements were made for a committee meeting to take place on Monday evening in the above-mentioned committee room for the purpose of mapping out a campaign.

• • •

Main Street Improvement Association held the regular meeting at the old school house on Twenty-eighth and Main, Monday night. On account of other meetings in the vicinity, a number of members were absent. The bridge committee, however, were able to report progress. Further meetings were postponed until after the municipal elections. Committees, nevertheless, will continue with their work.

• • •

The resignation of Municipal Engineer W. Clement was read at a meeting of the board of Works on Wednesday afternoon, the 3rd inst. Mr. Clement gave among his reasons that the Kingsway paving being concluded, and the other large works being indefinitely delayed he did not feel justified in continuing in office. His resignation is to take effect on December 31. The resignation will come before the meeting of the council which will be held on Friday of this week.

Mr. Clement was for many years engineer of the City of Vancouver and in 1912 was appointed to the position of Municipal Engineer of South Vancouver. He had been receiving a salary of $3,000. Mr. Clement has been a prominent factor in the many improvements which have been made in Vancouver and South Vancouver from time to time. His plans for a sewerage system of Greater Vancouver has to a large extent been adopted by the Burrard Sewerage Commission.

• • •

In regard to the demands made by various ratepayers in South Vancouver for retrenchment in municipal management, Municipal Clerk Springford has made the following statement respecting economics effected during 1913 at the hall: "On June 30 there were 105 persons on the municipal staff, including police and fire departments, girl clerks, stenographers and office boy. The payroll was $4,979.80 for the two weeks ended June 30. During July the staff was reduced to 91 persons, and in October to 77, with a payroll of $3,729.30. At the present time the staff numbers 76. Eighteen of these are connected with the police and 11 with the fire departments, leaving a staff of 45 in the various offices and associated with the wiring, building, engineering, plumbing and water departments, whose work partly lies outside the municipal hall. The payroll for the two weeks ended November 15 last was $3,607.20."

• • •

The ratepayers of Ward V. have been busy selecting a candidate to fill the vacancy caused by the withdrawal of Councillor Thomas as a representative of this ward. A strong and influential body have waited upon Mr. C. M. Whelpton, chairman of the school board, and asked him to become the candidate for the ward. Mr. Whelpton has taken the matter into very serious consideration, and informed the various deputies that while his great interest is centred in the school board, he is willing at this time to make a sacrifice and come out as a candidate for the ward.

Mr. Whelpton is well known to the ratepayers, having resided in the ward for the last five years. He is a building contratcor, and has been a school trustee for the last four years, two of which he has occupied as chairman. The satisfactory manner in which he has conducted the affairs of the school board has commended him to those ratepayers who desire to see the municapal affairs managed on thorough business lines.

J. HOSKINS

Mr. Joseph Hoskins, who is a candidate for aldermanic honors in Ward IV., is an Englishman by birth, having made his debut in Cornwall, England, in the 'sixties. In early life he came to Canada and soon gravitated to British Columbia, drawn by the prospects of success and impelled by native energy and ambition. His hopes proved to be well founded. Being a man of strong physique and pluck, he readily found fields suitable to his tastes. For four years, 1887-1891, he operated a brickyard at Gladstone on Westminster Road. He spent five years in the Yukon mining fields. He was for a time a member of the plumbing company Symons & Hoskins. Training and lumbering for mining purposes occupied some years of his life.

Mr. Hoskins, who has been a resident of Vancouver on and off for over twenty-five years, is a staunch Britisher, an ardent Canadian and a hopeful Vancouverite. On the Oriental question he has strong feelings, and thoroughly believes British Columbia should be preserved to true Britishers.

Moved by his friends and the spirit of the times, Mr. Hoskins is now an aldermanic candidate in Ward Four.

FIRM KEEPS ASSETS MAINLY IN CASH

Dow, Fraser & Co., Ltd., a trust company doing business successfully since its formation in 1900, issues *daily* a statement of its assets and liabilities and the company is always subject to a government inspection. It is generally regarded as one of the soundest financial institutions in the city.

The company carries a very large proportion of its assets in actual cash. One-third of its total assets, as shown in its daily statement for November 29, was in cash or quickly convertible assets and its total assets on that date were more than $100,000 greater than its total liabilities to the public. Its actual cash assets were 45 per cent. of this total liability to the public.

NOTICE:

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, at its next Session for an Act amending the Chartered Accountants Act, 1905, by providing:

(a) No person shall be entitled to take or use the designation "Chartered Accountant," or the initials "F.C.A., "A.C.A.," "C.A.A.," or "C.A.," either alone or in combination with any other words or any name, title or description implying that he is a Chartered Accountant or any name, title, initials or description implying that he is a Certified Accountant or an Incorporated Accountant, unless he is a member of the Institute in good standing and registered as such.

(b) A penalty for the contravention of the above and the manner in which such penalty shall be dealt with.

(c) That the Institute shall keep a Register of Members and providing a copy of such Register shall be evidence in all Courts.

(d) That Section 6 of the said Act be amended by striking out all the words therein after the word "expedient" in the 13th line thereof and by substituting the following:

"(a) Every member of the Institute shall have the right to use the designation 'Chartered Accountant' or the initials 'C.A.' and may use after his name, if the Institute shall have granted him a Certificate of Fellowship, the initials 'F.C.A.' signifying 'Fellow of the Chartered Accountants,' and if the Institute shall have granted him a Certificate of Membership the initials 'A.C.A.' signifying 'Associate of the Chartered Accountants.'"

Dated at Vanvouver, B.C., this 21st day of November, 1913.

COWAN, RITCHIE & GRANT,
Solicitors for the Applicants.

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Wm. Morris

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She's Not Getting a Square Deal

The papers and the very air is full now-a-days of the talk on the rights of women, her right to vote, to hold office and become Premier of Canada if she wants to and enough voters to elect her and agree with her. But why go out of the home to discover rights which women should enjoy and do not?

We think women should have just as up-to-date equipment in her home as her husband, son or brother has in his office, workshop or on his farm. Just take a look into many of the kitchens in the country and look at the dilapidated and out of date stoves and ranges many a wife and mother is cooking three square meals a day on, and she manages to cook good meals, too. But think how much hard work it would save her and how much better meals she might cook if she had one of the modern ranges of the day, to say nothing of the saving of FUEL.

Wives and mothers—take hubby or father down to W. R. Owen & Morrison, the Mt. Pleasant Hardware Store, this week and have a look at the

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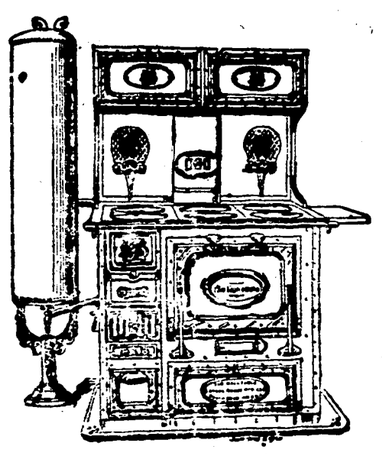

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CONCERNING THE TRIBE OF NAPHTALI

(Prof. E. Odlum, M.A., B.Sc.)

In a recent issue of the Western Call the Rev. Owen Bulkley, A.K.C., treated the public to a most interesting article on "The Locality of the Tribe of Naphtali and of Others." I quite believe that many of Naphtali as well as of the other tribes of the "House of Israel" were scattered in North Africa, including Morocco, and also in practically all other countries. The prophets and even in the days of Moses, the greatest of the prophets, perhaps, announced that the Israelites, as well as the House of Judah would be scattered amongst all nations. Hence I am ready to believe that the prophetic utterances were fulfilled to the letter. I am not sure whether Mr. Bulkley is of opinion that Naphtali **as a tribe** is to be found in Morocco, or not. From my studies on the subject I am inclined to the belief that where Joseph is as a House, there is Naphtali as a tribe officially. This for many reasons, but especially because the "Throne of Israel" must be somewhere at this hour ruled over by a King descended from David. Here is one of many verses that might be quoted to support this view: "There shall not fail thee a man in my sight to sit on the THRONE OF ISRAEL." Now look at 2 Sam. 3-10,—"To translate the kingdom from the House of Saul, and to set up the Throne of David OVER ISRAEL AND OVER JUDAH, from Dan even to Beer-Sheba."

Jeremiah 33-17: "For thus saith the Lord; David shall never want a man to sit upon the THRONE OF THE HOUSE OF ISRAEL."

From this I would conclude that where David is ruling, in his seed, over the House of Israel, there must Joseph be pre-eminently, and there must be the rest of the Ten-Tribed House, if not all the twelve tribes, in some very important sense. In any case, Naphtali must be officially connected with Official Israel even though many of his tribe may be in Morocco. Let us look at the tribe of Naphtali for a moment as shown in Scripture.

About 940 B. C. Benhadad King of Syria "Sent the captains of his armies against the cities of Israel; and they smote Ijon, and Dan, and Abelmaim, and all the store cities of Naphtali." See 2 Chron. 16-4.

Perhaps this act of Syria would result in a very considerable scattering of a portion of the tribe of Naphtali. This might happen, and still most of the tribe remain in their possessions.

See 1 Kings 15-20: "So Benhadad hearkened unto the king, Asa, and sent the captains of the hosts which he had against the cities of Israel, and smote Ijon, and Dan, and Abel-beth-Maachah, and all Cinneroth, with all the land of Naphtali."

From these two quotations we must conclude that Naphtali suffered much at the hands of the Syrians, and it would be natural to infer many hastened to save themselves by leaving their country. This would surely account for the dispersion of some of "Israel."

About 750 B. C. there was another, and a more severe raid upon Naphtali, and the results were very far-reaching as the quotation will show. See 2 Kings 15-29: "In the days of Pekah, king of Israel, came Tiglath-Pileser, King of Assyria, Ijon, and Abel-beth-Maachah, and Janoah, and Edesh, and Hazor, and Gilead, and Galilee, ALL THE LAND OF NAPHTALI, and carried them captive to Assyria."

This has its deep significance in that it shows that Naphtali was carried into captivity into the very country where the rest of Israel was carried at later dates—about 741 B. C., and 72[illegible] B. C.

Hence from the prophetic utterances above quoted, and from the historic account showing that Naphtali went where the House of Israel went, I would believe that, even though many of Naphtali be found in North Africa, they are only a remnant. And the tribe in its official standing must be with the House of Joseph, or what is the same thing, with Ephraim. Otherwise the King descended from David is ruling over only **a part of the throne** of the "House of Israel." Perhaps it would be better to say that, if Naphtali be absent from Joseph, then the Throne of the House of Israel is not quite complete.

This brings me to a point of prime difference with one of the ablest exponents of Anglo-Israelism, The Rev. A. B. Grimaldi, M.A., who teaches that the European countries are the tribal kingdoms of the Ten-Tribed House of Israel.

As I read both history and the prophets there is **only one throne** of the HOUSE of ISRAEL, and that is in Britain, the Official Ephraim, the hegemonic leader of all Israel in a national and material sense.

Mr. Bulkley, quoting from Sir John Drummond Hay, and Dr. Robert Kerr, uses these words: "So from Halah and Habor all the Israelite tribe of Naphtali, or the greater portion thereof, sought refuge in Baden, a town situated on the limits of Guinea (Ajnaua), that is the upper borders of the Sahara, which town of Baden, at that time had direct maritime communication with Halah and Habor."

This seems to indicate that the two above authorities believe that all, or most of Naphtali went away to North, or West Africa. If so, then I must object. And my grounds for objection are above given, in part.

One of the troubles in the long quotation taken from Hay and Kerr is that in one place the term "All the Israelite tribe of Naphtali" is used and then, in referring, I presume, to the same people, the term sentence: "Thus were the Israelites spread throughout the interior of Africa." The exact meaning in the minds of the two writers is not made clear to the reader.

In the above remarks I do not dogmatically express my notions, nor do I say that the Rev. Mr. Bulkley holds views different from my own. But I have endeavored to make somewhat impressive the notion that even if portions of certain tribes are found in Africa, or elsewhere, these would only be remnants or rifts, or droppings by the way in the movements of the House of Israel, which I believe must be under one sovereign, at least officially.

And this brings one to the teaching that the United States is Manasseh. Again I must say that I hold a modified view on this point. The THRONE OF ISRAEL I believe is complete and under the rule of Judah. And yet it may be as, in the days of Joshua and the Judges, Manasseh was first divided into two parts, so this tribe is divided today. Perhaps the old tribe division typed the latter day division. Thus the United States may correspond to one unit and hold the unit may be under the flag which is expressive of ancient tribal flag of Manasseh, while the other the UNION of the Houses of ISRAEL and JUDAH.

I hope that the Reverend Owen Bulkley will be so kind as to continue his writings on this and kindred subjects, for a time at least. His scholarship, painstaking care, and lucid manner in using the pen make it a pleasure to read him on any subject he gives his attention to in the press.

IS IRELAND MIS-GOVERNED?

Many and various are the arguments put forward by the supporters of Home Rule to try and establish the inequities of the Union Government, but that government which states that Ireland is misgoverned by England is the most unsound. Great emphasis is laid upon the shortcomings of past English governments, but little or nothing is said of the wonderful benefits enjoyed by Ireland as the result of legislation on her behalf by the Union Governments of modern times. It may be admitted that the government of Ireland in earlier times was defective and left a lot to be desired, but so also was the government of England. These defects were not all entirely owing to English administration, and of late years remedial measures have been passed by the Union Parliament which no Irish Parliament could possibly have undertaken. Lecky, the historian, whose fairness and unpartiality are beyond dispute, describes the sad condition of Ireland after eighteen years of government by an independent Irish Parliament (Grattan's) in Dublin. He states how its agriculture, its implements, the sheep and cattle, the farmers, were in a poor and wretched state, and that misgovernment and corruption, political agitation and political conspiracy had done their work.

This was the state of affairs when the "misgovernment" of Ireland under the Union began. Mr. Joseph Devlin, the Nationalist member, writing about the middle of 1912, thus, (the figures are his) describes the condition of the country today. "Eleven years ago the land of Ireland belonged to less than 3,000 men. Today 250,000 Irish farmers own the soil they till. . . . 3,000 (out of 3,500) evicted tenants . . . . had been brought back to their own homes—as owners—paying annuities to the government out of what they formally paid in rent to landlords. During the last ten years they had torn down nearly 60,000 wretched, cheerless, comfortless houses, and had built as many labourers, cottages—bright, healthy and cheerful housing for nearly a quarter of a million of the Irish population . . . a great national university . . . large grants for primary schools and more generous treatment for school teachers."

As Sir Edward Carson has well said, "the figures in support of Ireland's present prosperity read like a fairy tale." In 1890 the deposits in the savings banks were £5,725,000; in 1911 they were £15,000,000. The deposits and balances in the joint stock banks in 1890 were £30,000,000 whilst in 1911 they were £55,000,000.

The imports and exports told the same story.

The amount advanced for land purchase up to April, 1911, was nearly £70,000,000, whilst the amounts applied for, but not yet advanced, came to nearly £48,000,000.

To quote Mr. Gill, the Nationalist secretary of the Irish Department of Agriculture, Ireland was not only a progressive nation, but, within her own limits, amongst the most rapidly progressive countries in the world." And mark you, all this has been accomplished under the Union, backed by the credit and money of the Union Parliament. No country in the world can boast of its material interests being cared for and protected as can that of "poor misgoverned" Ireland. British credit has never been spared but has been most generously given in order to enable the tenant farmer to purchase his holdings upon easier terms than any other farmer in the world.

The Department of Agriculture provides him with the best seeds for his crops and the best stallions for his stock.

The Estates' Commissioners can extend his holdings until it is large enough to support him.

The Congested Districts Board spends thousands of pounds every year in developing industries in the poorer parts of the country. All the works are "entirely dependent upon the Union Credit" for their success, since Ireland could not possibly obtain funds for carrying them through on her own credit. With the exception of these special advantages the Irish people are governed in exactly the same way as the English people. Their County Councils and local bodies are elected in precicely the same way as they are in England.

Their influence in the Common Parliament is really greater than that of the English or Scottish people, since their representation is vastly in excess of what they are entitled to on a basis of population.

The only way in which the Irish are misgoverned is the fault of the Executive and their own leaders. Since in 1906 the protection of life and property in Ireland which the law secures to the people of England, has not been what it should be. Mr. Justice Madden, at the assizes in Galway, 1911, "complained of the intimidation, by which witnesses were deterred from coming forward to give information in aid of the administration of justice to safeguard life and property in the country. Until the country was purged from this poison by which it was now infected the protection of all its inhabitants, in the employment of the ordinary rights of free citizens, by the detection and punishment of crime would be impossible."

Not a year passes but the said list of brutal and cowardly crimes is added to. So long as order and tranquility are not secured the charge of misgovernment in Ireland may be brought, but it cannot be laid to the charge of the Union.

J. C. WRIGHT.

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Mount Pleasant Baptist Church.
Cor. Tenth Ave. and Quebec St.
Preaching Services—11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Sunday School at 2:30 p.m.
Pastor, Rev. A. F. Baker, 6-14th Ave., East

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Rev. Geo. Welch, B.A., Pastor.
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LAND NOTICES

LAND ACT.

Vancouver Land District, District of Coast, Range 2.

TAKE notice that Allen S. Wootton of Vancouver, B. C., occupation engineer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted two and one-half miles north of Herbert Point and four miles east of coast, thence east 80 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 40 chains to the point of commencement and containing 320 acres, more or less.

ALLEN S. WOOTTON.

Dated Sept. 11, 1913.

LAND ACT.

Vancouver Land District, District of Coast, Range 2.

TAKE notice that William S. Rawlings of Vancouver, B. C., occupation park superintendent, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted three and one-half miles east from Herbert Point, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres, more or less.

WILLIAM S. RAWLINGS.

Dated Sept. 8, 1913.

LAND ACT.

Vancouver Land District, District of Coast, Range 2.

TAKE notice that William T. Sinton of Vancouver, B. C., occupation broker, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted three and one-half miles east from Herbert Point, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres, more or less.

WILLIAM T. SINTON.

LAND ACT.

Vancouver Land District, District of Coast, Range 2.

Dated Sept. 8, 1913.

TAKE notice that Arthur V. Hutchinson of Vancouver, B. C., occupation dentist, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted one and one-half miles east of Herbert Point, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres, more or less.

ARTHUR V. HUTCHINSON.

Dated Aug. 29, 1913.

LAND ACT.

Vancouver Land District, District of Coast, Range 2.

TAKE notice that Harry J. Painter of Vancouver, B. C., occupation assessor's commissioner, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted one and one-half miles east of Herbert Point, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres, more or less.

HARRY J. PAINTER.

Dated Aug. 29, 1913.

LAND ACT.

Vancouver Land District, District of Coast, Range 2.

TAKE notice that Arthur B. Cather of Vancouver, B. C., occupation clerk, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted one mile north and one mile east of Herbert Point, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to the point of commencement and containing 640 acres, more or less.

ARTHUR B. CATHER.

Dated Aug. 28, 1913.

LAND ACT.

Vancouver Land District, District of Coast, Range 2.

TAKE notice that Fred Howlett of Vancouver, B. C., occupation clerk, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted one mile north and one mile east of Herbert Point, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres.

FRED HOWLETT.

Dated Aug. 29, 1913.

LAND ACT.

Vancouver Land District, District of Coast, Range 2.

TAKE notice that Charles H. Bonnor of Vancouver, B. C., occupation secretary, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted one mile north and one mile east of Herbert Point, thence west 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres, more or less.

CHARLES H. BONNOR.

Dated Aug. 28, 1913.

LAND ACT.

Vancouver Land District, District of Coast, Range 2.

TAKE notice that Harry W. Nye of Vancouver, B. C., occupation watchmaker, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted seven miles north of Herbert Point and two and one-half miles east of Coast, thence north 40 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 320 acres, more or less.

HARRY W. NYE.

Dated Aug. 18, 1913.

LAND ACT.

Vancouver Land District, District of Coast, Range 2.

TAKE notice that Margaret T. Nye of Vancouver, B. C., occupation housewife, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted seven miles north of Herbert Point and one mile east of Coast, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres, more or less.

MARGARET S. NYE.

Dated Aug. 12, 1913.

LAND ACT.

Vancouver Land District, District of Coast, Range 2.

TAKE notice that Lewis Soul of Vancouver, B. C., occupation laundryman, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted seven miles north of Herbert Point and one mile east of coast, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres, more or less.

LEWIS SOUL.

Dated Aug. 12, 1913.

LAND ACT.

Vancouver Land District, District of Coast, Range 2.

TAKE notice that Percy Soul of Vancouver, B. C., occupation engineer, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:

Commencing at a post planted seven miles north of Herbert Point and one mile east of Coast, thence 80 chains north, thence west 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence east 80 chains to point of commencement and containing 640 acres, more or less.

PERCY SOUL.

Dated Aug. 12, 1913.

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MONEY SURPRISES

By Charlotte Browster Jordan

It was Christmas morning, and the Boyd children were eagerly awaiting the breakfast bell.

"I believe I like Christmas breakfast best of all," exclaimed Bob, 'for there we always find Grandpa Grey's money surprise! It just gets funnier and funnier every year! Oh, I wonder what it will be this year!

"It can't be nicer than it was last year, when we found those cunning little walnut-shells tied with bright ribbons on the tiny Christmas-tree centrepiece," said Jean. "When I opened mine, and saw the shiny little gold piece lying on the soft blue cotton inside, I thought they were the very dearest nuts I'd ever cracked!"

"I liked the teeny red stockings best, with the twenty-five gold pennies inside," said chubby little Ted, who had not yet studied mental arithmetic. "It seemed lots more with all those shining moneys!"

"But they weren't so funny as some of the other things," said Bob, laughing. "I can just see grandpa now, fishing up dollar bills that Christmas out of that little tub, and grinding them through that toy wringer into our hands! We thought that the best kind of laundry work!"

"I thought those little pill-boxes were funnier yet," said Myra. "I have kept mine until now—but it is empty! Don't you remember, each one held twenty glistening nickels that just fitted in the little box? And on the lids, you know, grandpa had written:

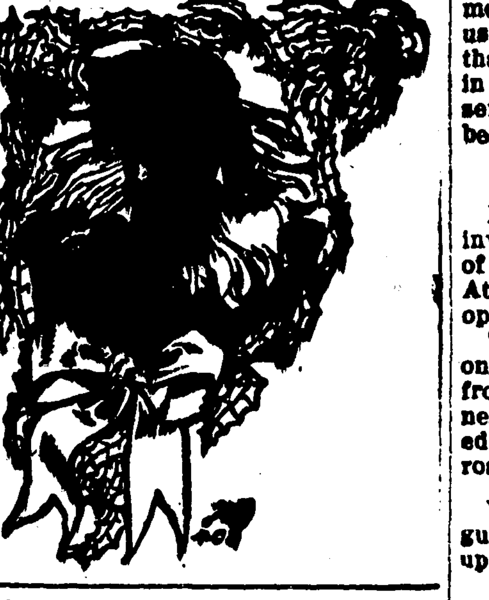
"'When sad or ill,
Just take a pill.
"'Dr. Santa Claus.'"

"How about little 'Mary Christmas,' though?" piped up fat little sue. "She looked awful pretty, standing at each of our plates in her red crape-paper frock, with her little pointed kerchief made of a folded dollar bill. And when we took that off, you know, there we found she was a lovely stick of peppermint candy. Mary was a sweet child."

"Oh, I don't care much for such girly things!" said canny Kenneth. "I liked best those little toy trees stuck into red spools by our breakfast plates! Didn't we have to hunt, though, to find that money! I looked under my tree and on it, and broke into the little trinkets hanging on the tree, and just couldn't find it! I had about given it up because grandpa said it was such a hard-times year, when he came laughing along, pulled the little tree out of its spool base, and there was a greenback wrapped tight round the stem—just as slick as slick! He must go to an awful lot of trouble for us youngsters! Do you remember those bright-colored balls of twine he gave each of us years ago? When we commenced unwinding the string, every few feet out would pop a coin! We must have been a funny-looking crowd, hollering and bumping into each other as we were scampering round after our money! And how grandpa did laugh! He must have sat up half the night to wrap all those pieces in the balls. I wonder what he will spring on us this year?"

"He does go to a great deal of trouble to give his grandchildren some extra Christmas fun with his gifts," said mother, who had just come in "but I think that he enjoys your enjoyment quite as much as you do. While I do not know just what he has in mind this year, I feel pretty sure that your grandfather will keep up with the times."

Just then the breakfast chimes sounded, and scampering down pell-mell, with Merry Christmases to grandpa, the excited children rushed to their places. There they found, standing like sentinels beside each plate, clothes-pin ladies dressed in greenback gowns of fashionable scantiness. Grinning little faces had been painted on their little round,



clothes-pin heads and their 'standing-room-only" gowns were joined by a lacing of cord, to which was attached this verse:

At this merry Christmas breakfast
I thought it might not hurt
To appear in all the glory
Of my new sheath skirt.

After the laughter had given place to the happy eating of breakfast, Jean went to grandpa's chair, and slipping her hand in his, whispered, "Mother said you'd keep up with the times, grandpa, and I just think this stylish little lady here is the best ever!"

Devilled Turkey Legs

Put 1 oz. of butter in a saucepan, and when melted add a tablespoonful of made mustard, a teaspoonful of cayenne ppeper, and salt to taste. (Some people add a little curry powder or paste). Divide the legs at the joint, take off the skin, and make several incisions lengthways in the meat. Rub in the devilling mixture with the back of a teaspoon. Dust with cayenne, and squeeze lemon juice over. Place on a buttered gridiron and cook over a clear fire. Serve very hot with a piece of butter on each joint. The last pickings of the turkey and ham may be potted, and the bones of both provide excellent stock for soups.

THE FESTIVAL OF THE HEART.

By the Lord Bishop of Ripon in The Quiver Magazine

Christmas Day is the festival of the the home. If behind all things there is the love of God, then the love which banished pessimism from life must enlarge our thoughts and give tenderness to our afflictions. The love which took our manhood into God has made all human ties dear with a sweet sense of sacred kinship. Christmas becomes the festival of the heart—the great human festival.

It is the festival of the heart. It is love coming to earth. The very season gives an emphasis to the thought.

The keen frost, the bitter wind that lashes the face and searches out the weakness of the clothing, the early darkness which sends its gloom along the streets and robs earth of her colors, make one think wistfully of the warm fireside, the friendly greeting, the loving thoughtfulness, the welcome of the home! Everything outside the house conspires to make us value all that is within the house; Nature turns a cold shoulder and a chilly eye upon us, and we remember that it is not in beauty of scene, or wealth of color, or magnificence of foliage, that life's best things are to be found; we begin to appreciate the kindness and constancy of heart that makes fair scenes sweet and that keeps a warm place for us when all outside is dark and cold.

Spring brings the festival of hope when prophecies of beauty and fulness may be read in fields and hedgerows. Summer brings the feast of the eye when earth is arrayed in her richest apparel. Autumn brings us the feast of industry when fruit is gathered in honor of work. But with the dark days of winter comes the feast of the heart, when love grows warm and shines bright, when happiness meets us, not in springing flowers or heavy sheaves, not in outward gifts, but where love has hidden her, behind the home door which shuts out darkness and coldness, past unkindnesses and intrusive fear.

Christmas is the human festival; its very season compels us to realise that in the long run our greatest happiness is not found in material things—in fruits of the soil or riches that can be handled and counted, but in the affections of the soul, in kindness, self-forgetfulness, sympathy, and love.

In realising this we are lifted far above the range of our ancestors' thoughts. Yet let us not forget how easily we may fall under the yoke of material things. Let Christmas preach against our follies and our prevalent delusions; for in spite of preacher, poet and prophet, in spite of the sad and bitter experiences of life, we, obstinate and stupefied, toil for accumulations of money, large property, dazzling possessions, lordly titles.

But year by year Christmas preaches to us of the joy which came to the manger and the gladness which can belong to the humblest home. A little thought might save us from great and prolonged sorrow. Look round the earth, and say whether of all created things man is not the greatest we know. Where, then, shall man, placed in the garden of the world, find his greatest joy? He may find joy in all things that bloom—in flower and fruit, in grass and tree, in river and sky; but keener than the joys which these can yield is the joy which comes from his own kind. The best can yield best joy to the best. Man can bring to man a gladness which no flower or fruit of earth can bring.

Not therefore in accumulated possessions, but in our fellow-men, will our truest joys be found. The old pictures which show us the mother bending over her Babe, while the wise and rich are unfolding their treasures, preach to us the dear human gospel of Christmas Day. Our best joys can be found, not in riches, but in realizing our kinship with the men and women and children who are round about us; for there is more joy in sympathy than in a surplus: life finds its fulness in love, and love finds its vocation in service, even as Christ came, "not to be ministered unto, but to minister."

THE CHRISTMAS GOOSE

Last Christmas a certain vicar was invited to a big dinner at the house of one of the leading men in the town. At the dinner table he was placed opposite a goose.

The lady of the house was placed on the vicar's left. Seeing the bird in front of him, he remarked: "I'm pretty near the goose this time." Then added hastily—"Excuse me; I meant the roast one."

Why is an acquitted prisoner like a gun?—Because he is charged, taken up, and then let off.

A BOY'S CHRISTMAS LETTER

"Dear Mr. Santa Claus, I want
A warship painted white;
I want a cannon an' a sword,
All polished up so bright.
I want a lot of soldiers, too,
With horses, flags an' guns,
An' I would like a train of cars
That whistles when it runs.

"I want the biggest rockin' horse
That gallops all alone;
An' I would like a tooter horn
That makes the loudest tone.
I want a drum that's very big,
Also a pair of skates;
An' I would like some butterscotch,
Some sweets and chocolates.

"I want an axe, a box of tools,
To build a house an' shed;
A kite, a motor-bicycle
A reindeer an' a sled.
I want a magic-lantern too
A houseboat painted red;
A jumpin' jack that goes hisself
'N' a piggie in his bed.

"I want a top, a bat an' ball,
An' war books full of fights;
An' I would like a Christmas-tree
All full of candle lights.
Oh, dear! I want a lot of things,
But I'm too tired to write;
That's all that I can fink of now,
So, Santa Claus, good-night."

Probably the strongest timber in the world is a species of eucalyptus known as yate, which grows to a considerable size in Australia. Its average tensile strength is 24,000 pounds per square inch; in other words a bar of this wood one inch square will (in theory, at least) hold up a weight of twelve tons. This is equal to good cast iron. No similar tests of Canadian woods have as yet been made, but at the Forest Products Laboratories, recently established by the Dominion Government at McGill University, it is proposed to investigate the mechanical properties of native tree species, with a view of determining, on a scientific basis, their utility for structural work.

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Rev. J. C. Madill, Pastor.

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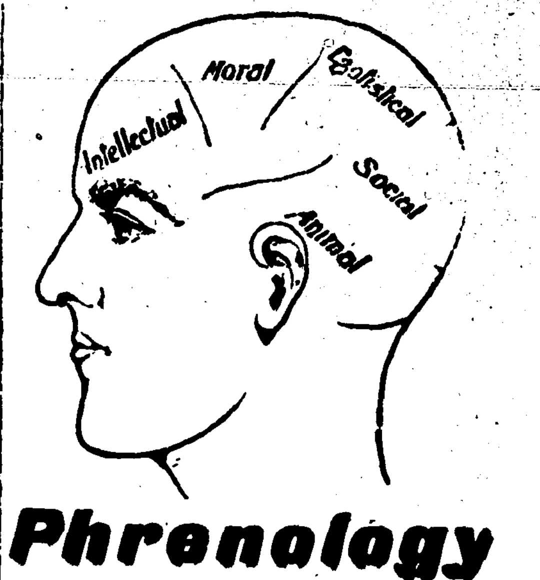

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Nestle's Food, regular 50c for	45c
Benger's Food, regular $1.00, 50c for	90c, 45c
Reindeer Brand Milk, regular 20c	15c
Minard's Liniment, regular 25c	20c
Elliman's Embrocation, regular 35c	25c
Scott's Emulsion, regular $1.00, 50c	75c, 40c
Peruna, regular $1.00	75c
Burdock Blood Bitters, regular $1.00	75c
Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, $1.00	75c
Mennen's Talcum, regular 35c	15c
Carter's Pills, regular 25c	15c
Herppicide, regular $1.00	75c
Formamint Tablets, regular 75c	50c
Castoria, regular 35c	25c
Cuticura Soap, regular 35c	25c
Hospital Absorbent Cotton, regular 50	35c
Lavonna de Composa Hair Tonic, regular $1.25	$1.00
Ferrol Emulsion, regular $1.00	75c
Ayer's Sarsaparilla, regular $1.00	85c
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ORDER-IN-COUNCIL TO PROTECT B. C.

MR. H. H. STEVENS, M.P., EXPLAINS HOW NEW ORDER-IN-COUNCIL WILL TEMPORARILY PROTECT B. C. FROM ORIENTALS.

Government Drafting a Permanent Policy

Unforeseen Difficulties Are Holding Back Work on the Projected Docks at Kitsilano Reserve — Narrows Bridge.

(From the News-Advertiser.)

In an hour's address to West Point Grey Conservative Association on Monday night, Mr. H. H. Stevens, M.P., dwelt upon several questions of vital interest to this city. On the Hindu question he said:

"By means of the Order-in-Council passed in Ottawa prohibiting the entrance of laborers through the ports of this province until March 21 next, the government is in a position to take time to consider the question raised by the recent legal judgment on the Hindu immigration. It will effectively deal with the matter for the time being and prevent any wholesale influx of Asiatics. The action was taken to protect British Columbia until such time as a permanent and satisfactory policy can be promulgated."

He dealt at some length with the Asiatic question, advancing arguments why such immigration should be stopped from industrial, hygienic, citizenship and other view-points. Canada with its population of 8,000,000 was confronted by the danger of being overrun by a combined Asiatic population of 800,000,000. The lid should be put on tight.

Docks at Kitsilano

He had hoped that work would be started in the construction of docks in Kitsilano Reserve before this, but unforeseen difficulties had cropped up and until these were settled the work would be held back. There was sufficient land there for docks, railway terminals and industrial sites. Work would be started on the government dock in North Vancouver at an early date as well.

In regard to the proposal which had been advanced in some quarters that docks should be constructed on the Spanish Banks in front of Point Grey, the speaker said he was opposed to the plan. For one thing, that site was too far from the business centre of the city. He advocated that that part of Point Grey should be set aside for a public park.

He enumerated briefly some of the important legislation of the present government and referred to what it was doin gfor the development of the national ports. In connection with the improvement in Toronto harbor, it was stipulated in the government estimates that the 35,000,000 feet of fir required should be British Columbia fir. This was at Mr. Stevens' suggestion, and there was a provision in all the contracts for public buildings here that B. C. materials should be used whenever possible. Another important work being carried on by the government through the grain commission was the construction of grain elevators. Some of them would be erected in Greater Vancouver.

He advocated the construction of a railway from Vancouver to the Peace River country to open up the great hinterland of the province. There was a proposal on foot in the States to build a line from Alaska through British Columbia, but it was not in the interest of the province or this city to assist in the construction of an American road. Seattle had stolen a march on Vancouver during the Klondike rush, but it must not be allowed to do so again.

Narrows Bridge

In reply to a question from the audience, he dealt with the Second Narrows bridge project. He was in favor of the company going ahead with the bridge at once. The bridge company had bonding power of $750,000 which was sufficient to complete the bridge with the money already promised. There was no necessity for selling these bonds now. The work could be started in the meantime. The bonds would sell all right because they would be practically first mortgage bonds.

DREDGES

Two dredges are now at work at False Creek in connection with the Dominion government harbor improvement scheme, the excavated material being deposited on that portion of the tract to be reclaimed for the Canadian Northern Pacific Railway terminal project. A dipper dredge is being operated close to the Great Northern depot on the arm of False Creek which extends across the street ends of Keefer, Harris and other streets, and a second pipeline has been placed to convey the dirt to the other side of the Main Street bridge. The other dredge, an hydraulic apparatus, has been at work for several months.

B. C. CLOSED TO ALL LABORERS

Cabinet Passes Order-in-Council Prohibiting Entrance to Province of Artisans of All Nationalities.

INFLUX OF HINDUS IS NOW IMPOSSIBLE

Ottawa, Dec. 8.—As was forecasted by your correspondent the government has taken prompt and drastic action in dealing with the Hindu problem at the Coast.

An Order-in-Council was passed by the Cabinet today prohibiting until March 31, the entry to British Columbia of all artisans and laborers.

The order is general in its application and is not restricted to any particular race or people coming from any particular country.

Officially the reason set for the government's action is the present congested condition of labor on the Pacific Coast; however, what has brought the matter to a head is the Hindu question arising out of the judgment of Chief Justice Hunter of British Columbia, declaring in the effect that the restrictions heretofore imposed by the government, in respect to immigrants of this class are untenable and not constitutionally operative.

Situation Serious.

This opened the door with an influx of Hindus. The government realized that the situation was serious as there was nothing to prevent whole shiploads of Hindus from entering British Columbia, precipitating possibly an Imperial crisis.

The government decided to avail itself of section 38, which gives wide and drastic powers in excluding immigrants and the present Order-in-Council was passed.

The government has been careful in dealing with the situation not to discriminate against race or nation. This order consequently is made general in its application and effects, for instance, the United States as much as any other country, as immigration via border ports into British Columbia is also prohibited.

Temporary Expedient.

The present is a temporary expedient called forth by the exceptional conditions prevailing on the Pacific Coast and its tenure is only until the end of March. In the meantime an endeavor will be made to work out a permanent solution of this vexatious problem.

The matter will be taken up with the Imperial authorities as in addition to the relation of the Hindus, who are British subjects, must be considered the fact that Japan and Great Britain have a treaty.

The order will effectually stop any possible influx for the present and at the same time furnish the government with the necessary time for consideration of the whole question, which admittedly is now free from difficulties.

Wording of Order.

The Order-in-Council is couched in the following terms:

"H. R. H. the Governor-General-in-Council, under and in virtue of the provisions of subsection 3 of section 38 of the Immigration Act, 9-10 Edward VII, and in view of the present overcrowded conditions o the labor market in British Columbia, is pleased to make the following order: 'From and after the date hereof and until after the 31st day of March, 1914, the landing of any port of entry in British Columbia herein after specified of any immigrant of any of the following classes or occupations, namely, artisans, laborers (skilled or unskilled) shall be, and the same is hereby prohibited.'"

The order then specifies all of the ports of entry in British Columbia as coming under its terms—News-Advertiser.

Point Grey

Names are being steadily added to the voters' list. Opportunity for this will cease after Monday, the 15th inst.

• • •

Burnaby football team were successful in defeating Point Grey on Saturday at Oak Street Park, Eburne. The score was 2 to 1.

Eburne

Mrs. S. M. E. Terrill, of Picton, Ontario, is visiting her cousin, Mr. B. W. Garratt.

• • •

Mr. Garratt's handsome new garage, opposite the Presbyterian Church, is completed.

• • •

The W. M. S. of the Methodist Church met at the home of Mrs. Cuchow on Wednesday afternoon.

• • •

The Sunday School of the Richmond Methodist Church are preparing an entertainment which will take place on the Monday previous to Christmas.

• • •

The Ladies' Aid of the Presbyterian Church are having a social evening this evening at the home of Mrs. Cook, River Road. The funds are to be used for the Quarterly Board.

• • •

Rev. J. Green, the Methodist pastor of Armstrong and formerly pastor at Eburne, is visiting his brother-in-law, Mr. A. McIntosh, of the Bridgeport High School, and renewing acquaintance at Eburne.

• • •

Capt. Stewart, chairman, Mr. Gordon, secretary and several members of the Point Grey Board of School Trustees, paid a visit to the city on Monday to make arrangements for securing the proper electric fixtures for the new High School, near Kerrisdale.

• • •

The Young People's Club, a branch of the Epworth League, held a most successful concert recently. Among the artists were Mr. Rae, who gave some excellent numbers: "Enoch Arden," "A Token," and "One Night as a Waiter;" and Miss Amy Adair of Sixth Avenue Methodist Church, who sang a number of solos, which were exceedingly well received. The proceeds of this concert will be used to help out with the expenses of fitting up the Agriculture Hall, which is being made ready for a gymnasium for this club.

Kerrisdale

Mr. Chris. Spencer has returned from a several months' trip to Europe.

• • •

A son was recently born to Mr. and Mrs. T. Barber of Angus Road.

• • •

A recent arrival in the home of Mr. and Mrs. Archie Vroom, Kerrisdale, is a young son.

• • •

A new citizen of Kerrisdale is the baby son of Mr. and Mrs. Goodfellow, Angus Road.

• • •

Mrs. A. Cowan and Mrs. J. Cowan of Lakewood Court, Cedar Cottage, spent Monday with Mrs. J. Rae.

• • •

Mr. C. W. Cain of the Manhattan Block has moved into his new home at Strathcona Heights.

• • •

Kerrisdale Subscription Dance will have a fancy dress dance on the evening of the 30th inst. in the Kerrisdale Hall.

• • •

There was a large attendance at the concert given in the Kerrisdale Methodist Church on Friday night, to listen to the high class programme.

• • •

Rev. Mr. Hughes gave a lecture in the Presbyterian Church on Tuesday evening, when he presented picture scenes at the coronation of King George and Queen Mary.

• • •

Mr. W. A. Munroe of Marine Drive, with Mrs. Munroe, family and maid, have left for Honolulu, and Mr. Stanley E. Peters has taken his house for the winter months.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. eters entertained a number of friends, members of the private club, who meet for a social evening and the game of Five Hundred, at their home on Marine Drive on Thursday evening.

• • •

On Wednesday, the 17th inst., a congregational gathering will take place under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid in the Methodist Church. Refreshments will be served and the remaining goods left over from the bazaar disposed of.

• • •

An entertainment will be given by the Sunday School of the Presbyterian Church on the evening of Tuesday, Dec. 23rd. The children have made the proposition that instead of receiving presents themselves they will donate them to the children of the poor on this occasion.

North Vancouver

The court of revision sat on Wednesday in connection with the voters' lists.

• • •

A benefit concert will be given on Monday evening in aid of the injured of the Egerian disaster.

• • •

A general ratepayers' meeting was held on Wednesday evening to discuss the Rice Lake situation.

• • •

The pupils of the Central School will give their Christmas concert in the Knights of Pythias Hall on the evening of Thursday the 18th inst.

• • •

Mrs. Sarah Hickman and daughter, Grace, wo have been visiting Mrs. Hickman's son, Mr. C. R. Hickman, for several months past, left today for their home in England.

• • •

The local temple of the Pythian Sisters, N. 21, held a whist drive in Pythian Hall last evening. A nice, social evening was spent. Refreshments were served. The election of officers was conducted in the afternoon.

• • •

At the council meeting of Monday night, Mayor Hanes anounced that he had received a wire to the effect that the Government conference re the Rice Lake question would be held on Wednesday, December 17th.

• • •

Mr. Schultz, a pioneer resident of North Vancouver, and a member of the law firm of Schultz, Scott & Goodstone, Vancouver, has received official advice relative to his appointment as a judge to the county court bench of Vancouver.

• • •

The Bank Clerks' Club had a very enjoyable social evening on the 9th, when a large number were present, and dancing formed the feature of the programme. Franklin's Orchestra contributed the music for the entertainment, which was held in the K. P. Hall.

• • •

Severely injured by a blast, three Austrians who were working on the P. G. E. R. right of way at Caulfields, in West Vancouver, were taken on Tuesday to the Harbor View Sanatarium, in North Vancouver, where their injuries were attended to. One man had his eye blown out, and the probabilities are that he will lose the other one. Another had both legs broken and the third was severely injured about the hands and arms.

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