The Western Call

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LIBRARY, LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY JAN 10 1912 VICTORIA, B.C.

B. C. ELECTRIC AND ITS CAR SHORTAGE

In carefully worded article in the daily press the B. C. Electric seek to give the public the impression that they find it difficult to get cars. There is an old saying that "no one is so blind as the man who won't see." That is just the case with the B. C. Electric. **They do not try to get cars,** and we repeat what we said last week that the real reason why the B. C. Electric do not put on more cars is because they are selling so much power commercially that they have not enough to run their cars and light the city properly.

The B. C. Electric are exporting power to Blain, Wash. They are endeavoring to get control of every possible industry, we are credibly informed, that they even go to the extent of canvassing from house to house seeking to induce unwary housewives to sign contracts not to buy power from any other company. All this in a mad effort to "head off" the Western Canada Power Company, who have their plant almost ready to deliver power and light.

Again, permit us to remind Mr. Sperling of his solemn promise to the City Council to have 80 cars on by June. He has only secured about 30 in the whole year **and he can get all he wants.** Again we repeat it is not lack of cars, or ability to get them, but lack of power for reasons above stated.

The B. C. Electric are playing a dog in the manger game and it is about time the people woke up and gave some attention to their rights. All that is required is that this arrogant company be turned down a few times to teach it ordinary courtesy and business etiquette.

SECOND NARROWS BRIDGE.

Suggestions have been made again that, in place of a bridge at Second Narrows, a solid causeway be constructed with a lock.

This would have same distinct advantages over a bridge—it would make the main harbor practically still water and almost abolish the current at the First Narrows. It would also make the inner harbor (above the lock) a fresh water harbor, a matter of supreme importance—making it possible to hold sawlogs for many years without fear of toredo, and, also, will act favorably in cleaning the bottoms of ships. It will provide for much better transportation facilities than the bridge to North Vancouver, as the bridge only provides one railway track, which will not be very satisfactory. Those opposed to this move contend that the lock would cost an enormous sum owing to the poor foundation, except at great depth. It is expected that Mr. Swan will discuss the engineering problem with Sir John Wolfe-Barry and if they think favorably of it that some action may be taken. It is not the intention to in any way delay the construction of whatever means of transportation may be chosen, but to get the most suitable. If the engineering difficulties are not insuperable or the cost too great there can be little doubt as to the advantage of a solid causeway.

WATER PIPES.

The City Council gave an order for street pipe to an old country firm for $75,000.00; a local firm put in a bid of $77,000.00 (MacDonald, Godson Co.), the difference being two per cent. Some of the aldermen thought it advisable to give the contract to the local firm, even at the higher price, claiming that local industry should be patronized. Those opposed to this stand contended that the lowest tenderer should always get the order.

In our opinion the local industry should be favored to this small extent, viz., two per cent. We do not give any inducements to industries to locate here and the least we can do is to encourage them by giving them some slight advantage, and surely two per cent is not too much to ask. We need interests of this kind here and must give some inducement.

AN EXCELLENT THOUGHT.

I remembered some sentences of Ruskin's that had been curiously beautiful to me, just from the fact they told; and how the fact interpreted itself. He explains to us how one of the ideas of architecture grew, from observing the outline left, when the rose, or the trefoil, or whatever was the first traced for carving, had been cut and taken away. That which was left was as beautiful as the central design. So God shapes the flower of beauty in us, and seems perhaps only to reveal its glory by a taking away. But He sees how fair in the line stands the outline that is left; how the tender curves bend and cling about all emptiness, and declare in themselves a wonderful, essential grace. He makes that which remains by the same stroke which separates and removes; and so He chisels and thins and glorifies us, until in the immortal aspects in which we shall stand before Him, only so much of the mere form of being shall remain as shall make it possible for us to hold these thoughts of His will with which He has been, by depriving us, filling us.—Mrs. A. D. T. Whitney.

If you want a Mayor who will Represent the City, and not Individuals and Corporations, Vote for Findlay

Mayor Taylor's Subterfuge

Legal Department a Joke—Telephone a Hoax—Day Labor a Dead Letter—False Creek Agreement "Give and Take Game"

Two weeks ago we charged that Mayor Taylor opposed the joint sewerage scheme. *We were correct.* Mayor Taylor *did not* attend a single meeting of the joint committee, except for the purpose of opposing the scheme.

Mayor Taylor *has not* made a single practical suggestion, at any time or place, as to how the drainage question should be solved. Mayor Taylor *has never once* proposed any plan, called any meeting, taken any steps to properly discuss the problem.

He *has always* acted "dog in the manger,"—had no scheme of his own, and childishly and jealously opposed that originated by others.

Mayor Taylor says he made this scheme a plank in his platform—we reply, *He did not,* and challenge him to prove otherwise.

FALSE CREEK.

His Worship takes credit for settling the False Creek question.

The following is an extract from his reported speech in his own paper, the World, Dec. 29, 1910.

He had been criticised, said the Mayor, re the False Creek agreement. Let them (the critics) remember that the Great Northern had the big end of the stick. *It was a give and take* agreement. "There is now very little to be done in the matter," said the Mayor, "except a few legal technicalities, *and before the end of the year for which the agreement was entered* (*June* 27, 1911) *you will find that the Great Northern will have begun their work in the basin.*"

Let us examine this. This was stated by Mayor Taylor last year, twelve months ago, and nothing yet done. He will probably say that the Great Northern has driven some piles. Yes, that is true, but it was worse than nothing. But what has Taylor done? He has openly opposed every effort to make the Great Northern get busy, or else refrained from carrying out the mandates of the council. He has been Mayor for 18 months since the agreement was passed—he promised the people to have the company busy in 90 days, and again we ask, *what has he done to carry out that promise?* Absolutely nothing. He *has not,* by word or action, ever supported an attempt to force the Great Northern to carry out its agreement. *He has* repeatedly protected them, and very frequently in his paper, the World, boosted for them (perfectly legitimate) but in no single, remote instance has he sought to advance the people's interests.

Again we challenge production of facts in contradiction.

We interject here the statement that *it is the duty of the Mayor of a city to see that civic agreements are fulfilled,* as well as promises kept. Mayor Taylor has done neither.

To refer again to the Mayor's statement that the agreement with the Great Northern was *"a give and take agreement."* In the light of subsequent facts, we ask His Worship to explain this statement,—who was the giver, and who was the taker? The city got nothing, so it could not be the city he refers to. Who was the party to this "give and take" transaction?

REORGANIZATION LEGAL DEPARTMENT.

His Worship takes great credit for *reorganizing the Legal Department.* We agree with that claim. The credit is entirely his. The committee appointed on this question, eighteen months ago, took Mayor Taylor's recommendation that the present incumbent be appointed. None but he had ever seen the new appointee, who was in the east at the time, so His Worship can justly claim full credit for giving to the city a legal department that is the laughing stock of the city; a veritable joke.

We do not care to unkindly criticize the civic departments and would willingly leave this "legal department" to the incoming council, but the Mayor's unchallenged boast demands the truth. As an advisor to the council the opinions of the Mayor's pet solicitor are absolutely valueless. They are about as obtuse as they possibly can be, and the department would again have been reorganized, had not the aldermen been somewhat ashamed to acknowledge how they had been hoaxed.

The only reorganization which has been done is in the salary, which was raised to $6000.00. If any department is in need of the pruning hook it is the *legal* department.

DAY LABOR ON CIVIC WORK.

Last year Mayor Taylor made "day labor on civic work" a plank in his platform. He had Robt. MacPherson as chairman of the Board of Works, a man who is devoted to the Mayor's interests, yet not a word was breathed by the Mayor, or the chairman of the Board of Works, about "Day Labor." There were aldermen on the council who had advocated it, but not a word from the Mayor this whole year. Again we ask for facts to contradict this statement. Further he is now seeking to bribe the civic employees by promising them $3.00 per day. Over ninety per cent of the men working for the city day work, on sewers and streets, are foreigners, most of whom have come on since Mayor Taylor has been Mayor, yet *not once* has Mayor Taylor raised his voice or attempted to give civic work to our own countrymen, yet he would give these alien American Italians $3.00 per day, simply because their votes can be secured at the city's expense.

CIVIC TELEPHONE FARCE.

We again call public attention to the Mayor's claim that he secured the right to the city to construct its own telephone system.

This is both false and true. False in-so-far as to the claim that he was active in securing the approval of the government, because he did nothing in that respect, the other members of the delegation secured that right, but it is true, in that he, the Mayor, induced the B. C. Telephone to withdraw opposition, at the expense of an assurance that the city would not exercise the right when granted. This fact, the Mayor himself admitted.

He played the city false in this case and subsequent occurrences prove it to be true. After giving the B. C. Telephone the assurance above noted, His Worship supported his position by a series of subtle moves. A resolution was introduced calling for an investigation into the telephone situation in Vancouver. By all parliamentary rules the mover should have been on the committee as chairman, but the Mayor, in his anxiety to protect the company, entirely ignored the mover and appointed three aldermen, known to be opposed to the objects for which the committee was appointed. These gentlemen were perfectly honest in their views, but absolutely one-sided, and the result was a foregone conclusion.

Then again the Mayor *has not on any* occasion suggested in any way that we have our own telephone system. He has assiduously *opposed every effort* to use the so-called right to own our own telephone system. We challenge him to produce

(Continued on Page 8)

The Terminal City Press, Limited

Extends their Best Wishes for the Health and Happiness of their Friends and Patrons during 1912, and Gratefully Acknowledge all Favors, Real and Contemplated.

GREAT NORTHERN AGAIN AFTER DREDGE MASTODON

The Great Northern Railway Company are leaving no stone unturned in their efforts to secure the use of the Government Dredge Mastodon for their private works. They have wired or written to numerous Cabinet Ministers and public officials at Ottawa; they have sought the assistance of the Provincial Government and the City Council, but their requests have all been referred to the local member, H. H. Stevens, who has positively refused to sanction the diversion of the dredge from the work at the First Narrows.

This dredge was built to do the work in the First Narrows and has been on the Coast for about a year, but by political pull she was allowed, by the late administration, to do an utterly useless job, at the cost of about $50,000.00 to the public, at Alberni.

The widening of the First Narrows from about 500 feet to 1200 feet is an absolute necessity and will require, with one shift, about four years to complete. It is a stupendous undertaking. Already about a year has been lost. During the election Mr. Stevens promised that he would do his best to get the dredge started on this important work as soon as possible. He succeeded in doing so, but for the part month the Great Northern and other companies have been using every known political influence to get the dredge, and would have succeeded only for the flat refusal of Mr. Stevens.

The grounds of refusal are that the public interests must take priority over private interests, and, as the dredge was built for the Narrows' work, that is the place where she should be employed. Further, that as the Panama Canal will be opened in a couple of years, it is imperative that everything possible should be done to get ready for the increased trade resulting.

Mr. Stevens has also succeeded in getting a double shift on the dredge, which will cut the time for the accomplishment of the work in half. The second crew is not yet at work, but as soon as the necessary funds are appropriated, it will commence.

The Great Northern might as well cease their efforts as the policy is definite and final, viz: **the Dredge Mastodon to be kept in the First Narrows until the work is done.**

FEARFUL ARRAIGNMENT.

"Pretty near is not near enough. It is the 'pretty near' that builds Austen (Pennsylvania) dams and similar engineering failures. It is 'near enough' that is killing and maiming Canadians every day. The engineer must be accurate." So said the Honorable Mr. Justice Riddell at the Engineers' Club, Toronto. Forty-four dollars per minute represents the fire waste in Canada this year; 36,710 persons were killed and injured in railway and industrial accidents in four years in Canada, an average of 25 persons a day. That is what we pay for inaccuracy, carelessness and lack of respect for life and property.

If you want a Mayor who will Represent the City, and not Individuals and Corporations, Vote for Findlay

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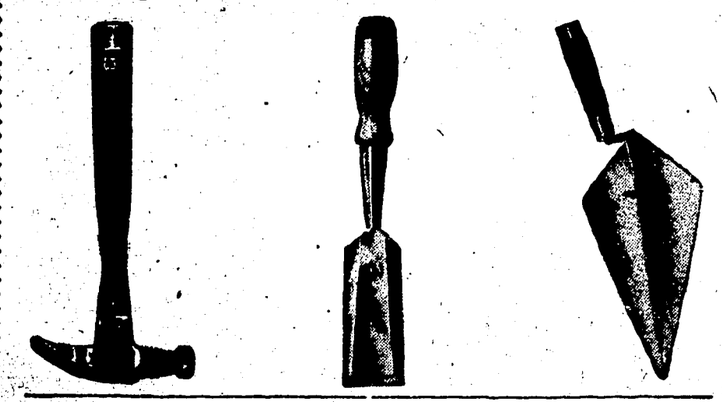

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FURNACE WORK A SPECIALTY.

C. Errington C. Magnone

Germany vs. Great Britain

Prof. E. Odlum, M.A., B.Sc.

Is Germany to blame in her insistent demand for more territory? Is her army and navy increase a voluntary act on her part, or is it the result of dire necessity? Is Germany to be condemned for building Dreadnoughts with feverish haste, and at enormous expense in time of peace? To these questions my answer is, that she is not to blame. She has no choice. She must extend her territory, or gradually drop back to second and then to third place among the nations. The Hague Peace Tribunal, Carnegie's nonsensical expressions on behalf of peace, and the tiresome writings of scores of prominent journalists, all fail to reach the mark.

These would-be teachers and preachers of peace go on the supposition that the nations of the earth can, by arrangement, fix permanently **their national areas and boundary lines.**

Let me say **that this is impossible.** It has never been done in the history of the world. It has never been done in the history of a single nation. It never will be done in the future, while there are several nations engaged in the individual and national struggles enforced by nature upon them. Hence the men, like Mr. Carnegie, and those who talk and write along his lines on this question, are either ignorant or dishonest.

Now, I am safe in saying that the bulk of the rank and file of the peace-at-any-price promoters, are men and women who take the Scriptures as their guide. If so, they insult the Author of these very Scriptures by pretending that peace is possible by the means and along the lines proposed. The Scriptures as well as common sense, and the unmistakable voice of **nature and necessity,** speak in the clearest terms, saying that there is not and cannot be peace for a long period yet.

The Scriptures announce wars of proportions, numbers engaged, calamitous results and stupendous changes, far beyond anything of past history. Thus then, men and women pretend that they have the teaching of Scriptures to aid them in demanding and working for an **unreasonable and impossible proposition.**

The wars of the future, foretold in the Scriptures, will come to pass, or the Scriptures are not true. If these wars of the future, foretold by prophets, are not coming, then the prophets were ignorant or wilful liars. We may as well talk plainly.

I now say that these peace-loving folk have failed to learn from history, from the Bible, from the trend of current events, from the manifest necessities of the times, and from the inexorable laws of nature. These laws are **universal and eternal.**

From this we may be the better able to examine into the real position and movements of Germany. It matters little whether we recall her war with Austria in 1866, or France in 1870, or China and the Morocco affair in later times. It matters not whether we look at the long line of **underground diplomacy** with Turkey from the days of Disraeli, Gladstone and Lord Salisbury; or the scheming in Western Asia and Palestine; or whether we look at the tremendous pressure exerted to construct a railway from the Mediterranean Sea to the head of the Persian Gulf, towards which both Germany and Russia have been looking and striving for many years. I say it matters not which of these and other problems we look at, we will see at the bottom the one simple cause of all these national and international phenomena. **German necessity** forces her to move outward, in order to save her full-grown nationhood.

She must have food for her people. To get food, her people must have work. To find work there must be factories. To maintain factories there must be markets. These markets must be **so related to Germany that they will most surely continue to take her goods** at such prices as will keep the whole complex system going, without starving her millions. Now, we know that Germany has outgrown her home hive. Her sons and daughters have, for long decades, been running away from her shores in very large numbers. And in their migrations from Fatherland they have been lost to the Home-land, because they have had to go to other countries and there become citizens.

To keep her children within her fold she must have other lands under her flag and government. To do this there are only two plans that can be adopted. She must use diplomacy as in the Agadir case, or fight as in the case of France in 1870. But in diplomacy she is forced to have both naval and martial preparedness, or her attempts at diplomacy would be derided. Now, wisely, and of necessity, she builds dreadnoughts, cruisers, torpedo boats, destroyers and air ships, and does every other thing which she deems necessary to enable her to extend her dominions. This, then, is the real struggle. Let Mr. Carnegie show that there is a way by which Germany can extend her territories and not go to war sooner or later, and he will accomplish something of value. But any scheme that he and his peace coworkers propose must absolutely make provision for the steady and rapid expansion of Germany.

But this is not all. In twenty-five of fifty years, both the BritishEmpire and the United States will be forced to plan for much greater areas. Already the United States people are migrating by scores of thousands annually because of internal, increasing home-pressure. Long since, this has come to England, Scotland, Wales and Ireland; and is very close at hand with New Zealand and Tasmania.

Now we know, or ought to know, that nations will not die voluntarily. Necessity knows no law, not even the law of peace. Hence when the pinch of international pressure comes, then there is only one plan of settlement left. And that is war, bloody war, hellish war

I say then, that this is the prospect, and never can or will be evaded **until a new vision comes to mankind,** until a new plan be adopted, until other than the present economies prevail, and until there is **but one and only one supreme ruling power** on this earth.

In this connection I would urge the peace-lovers to read the statements of Victor Hugo, of Vernadsky, of Dr. Geffcken, and the prophetic Scriptures on this question.

CATHOLICISM.

(Rev. Owen Bulkeley, A.K.C., Lond.)

Prof. E. Odlum's article on Romanizing practices in extreme high church circles of the Church of England, betrays the usual want of comprehension of high church doctrine and ritual to which we are accustomed, when persons competent to deal with secular matters appertaining to Protestantism wade out beyond their depth. To put the Archbishop of Canterbury after His Grace of York, and to write of the Bishop of Lambeth (a prelate who is non-existent) is to betray want of knowledge of things familiar to most persons, and cause feelings of scepticism as to the accuracy of the many wild statements contained in the article generally.

The professor is strong on the church of his forefathers, and yet runs a tilt against the high church party because they conform to their said forefathers' usuage, and refuse to dub themselves Protestants, adhering to the time-honored name of Catholics. Now, it is notorious that the Second Prayer Book of Edward VI. was a compromise to extreme Puritan susceptibilities, and yet although the low church party had the virtual control of this revision and had the term Protestant buzzing in their ears, they excluded it entirely from the Prayer Book, recognizing that they were true Catholics, and reciting daily their belief, "I believe in the holy Catholic church."

Protestant is a German word used on a particular occasion and refers to members of the Lutheran church. So far from the high church party playing into the hands of Roman Catholicism, it is time that your readers realized that it is those who glory in the name—political in origin—of Protestants, who are really helping Rome all along the line; for the Roman church loves to appropriate the title of Catholic all to herself, and in all the newspapers throughout the Dominion heads her news columns with "Catholic," not "Roman Catholic Matters."

Catholic means universal. Protestant means the dissent of a minority from the proceedings of a majority, and is the most sectarian term in existence.

It would be interesting to have chapter and verse from Professor Odlum as to the acceptance of those belonging to what he terms "the High Anglican church" of the Pope of Rome as their spiritual father; such charges should not appear in print without means of verification.

Finally, why "the grand, old, national, apostolic Anglican church?" I am afraid I do not understand, for if it is old and national, it must be Catholic!

NOTE.—The Portestant party were so called from protesting against a decree of Charles V. and the Diet of Spires, and is distinctly a German name, rightly pertaining to the members of the Lutheran church.

A BIRD'S GRIEF.

Dogs have been known to die of grief at the grave of their master; and it was supposed that such affection was possible only to this faithful companion of man. It would seem, however, that birds are capable of a similar attachment. A little child in Jacksonville, Fla., formed a friendship with a mocking bird. The bird had built a nest in an orange grove near the piazza where the child was accustomed to play. The child discovered the nest, and soon began to throw crumbs on the piazza for the bird, which, growing fearless, would come to her feet to pick up the crumbs.

At length the child sickened and died. The bird missed his benefactor, and when the corpse was lying in the coffin, was seen to light on the window sill of the room, and sing one of his sweetest songs.

Soon after, he was found dead on the piazza, whether from grief, or from loss of his accustomed food, no one could say. But he was laid tenderly on the coffin of the child, and they were buried in one grave.

Boys who have been apprenticed to no trade and who want to make a career for themselves invent their occupations. The knocker cleaner has been knocking at the door. But two boys of Charlton appear to be starting a new industry. They called up the housemaid.

"Do your missus want any kittens or cats drownded today? Penny each, or four for thrippence."—London Chronicle.

SCIENCE AND PROGRESS.

The world supply of rubber is soon expected to come from the cultivated plant, or tree, as the supply of wild rubber is constantly decreasing.

The opening of the Grand T8runk Pacific railroad to Prince Rupert will cut 500 miles off the route from Chicago to the Orient.

A new process of making flour or meal has been patented, in which steam is injected into a mass of cereal to disrupt the starch cells, after which the mass is dried by passing it through blasts of air, and is then ground into flour or meal of any fineness.

A consular report from Japan states that the city of Tokio will install a complete system of modern sanitary sewerage before the opening of the world's exposition, which is to commemorate the fiftieth anniversary of the crowning of the mikado. Tokio has a very large area in proportion to its population, viz., about 100 square miles; hence the installation of sewers will be an immense undertaking. The cost is estimated at from 17 to 20 million dollars.

"RELIGIOUS FREEDOM" IN JAPAN.

Fifty years ago there was no such expression as "religious freedom" in the entire range of Nippon literature. To-day the phrase has been written into the constitution of the land. Less than fifty years ago, if you wished to have a free fight on the spot, without loss of time, all that you had to do was to call a gentleman a "Yaso"—that is to say, "Jesus." And to-day? Admiral Urin, who battered the fine Russian cruiser Variag in the harbor of Chemulpo, is a Christian; and many other officers of the navy and army of Japan are proud to be called Yaso. The editors of some of the leading metropolitan dailies are Christian. In 1890, when the imperial diet was convened for the first time in the history of Japan, the house of representatives had a Christian for its president. His majesty the emperor contributes regularly to the funds of the Y.M.C.A. To-day no one can irritate a Japanese by calling him Yaso. These are some of the fruits of the missionary work in Japan. Not the fruits, however.—Adachi Kinnosuke, in the September Century.

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CHRISTMAS AT THE CENTRAL CITY MISSION.

"Inasmuch as ye have done it unto one of the least of these my brethren, ye have done it unto Me."

To those who had the good fortune to visit the Central City Mission in Vancouver on Christmas Day, a visible manifestation was presented of the right kind of practical Christianity and Xmas cheer, presented in such a way that made the onlookers feel that God ceased to seem "a God afar off," but became a living reality At this time of the year there are in the city of Vancouver many in destitute circumstances who through no fault of their own are down and out; others who have fallen in the social scale through intemperance and its associated vices; but be it from any one cause they are here—hungry, cold and miserable. The first step in the raising and uplifting of this class of unhappy humanity is to feed them, and yesterday morning (Dec. 25th) at 12 o'clock, without any discrimination of class, creed or color, six hundred of the homeless were seeking admission to the auditorium of the Central Mission.

Never will the writer of this article have the sight blotted from the tablets of his memory, as he saw them file into the hall in relays and take their places at the tables which were loaded down with the good things that had been provided by many of the Christian workers and the wholesale and retail merchants from all parts of the city who had known of the good work done hithertofore, and had given of their substance to carry to a successful issue the task undertaken by the members of the Mission; and right nobly did the band of faithful workers tackle what seemed a super-human task. With the regularity of clockwork, table after table was filled by the committee and cleared by those who eagerly and thankfully partook of the host of good things that were abundantly supplied.

The dinner lasted from 12 o'clock until six, and we are sure by the remarks we heard, fully appreciated. The auditorium was beautifully decorated with holly and other garlands suggestive of the season, and in fact everything was done as far as possible to make the Christmas for those partaking of the hospitality truly happy. While the dinner was in progress the people of the Mission who were in attendance gave several selections, music and solos, recitations, speeches and songs. The singing was well rendered by Messrs. J. M. Logan and W. B. Robinson, the sweet singers of the Mission, and was well received. While the music played by Miss Kinley and the two Misses James brought to the thoughts of many memories of home. The remarks by Mr. F. Willie and Mr. Walker were listened to with much interest, and a recitation or two by R. Snyth brought the entertainment to a close, an entertainment and dinner that will long be remembered.

At this time a few words relative to the Central City Mission, its aims and objects, may not be out of place, and we have gathered the few notes herein set down, hoping they may be of interest to the readers of The Western Call.

In our rogress in every walk of life there is a problem which we meet face to face. What shall we do for the poor, the homeless, friendless and destitute? This problem can only be solved by those who devote their time regularly to solving this question. A mere giving from time to time will not solve the difficulty; it must be pushed to a logical and a demonstrable conclusion by men of intelligence, ability and faith, who are vitally interested in a matter that is of such deep concern to every citizen in any city, town or country; men to whom the "still small voice" comes; men who have discernment, who instinctively know the honest from the dishonest when they come to him for help, whether the story is told frankly and fully or a part is withheld, one who undertakes such a task as a life's mission, who has set himself apart and with the help of Divine power will do that and that alone—such men and such men only can solve the problem. And here in Vancouver there are many such. One I now mention is the manager of the Central City Mission, P. G. Drost, one of the founders of the same.

Four years ago he, with a few others, formed the old Mission, known as the City Mission, on Harris street. From its earliest inception, backed up by the Spirit of God, it grew apace, until this building was found inadequate, it being too small to accommodate those for which it was intended. A removal was made just opposite to where the new Central Mission Hall now stands.

After the consolidation of a strong Christian organization it was decided to branch out still further in the great work of uplifting and helping fallen humanity, and at a meeting of the committee it was recommended that a large rooming house should be fitted up for the accommodation of the homeless. This was done, and the good work went on; many souls were saved and brought to a knowledge of Christ and are today living testimonies of the good work done in the old days.

At that time a restaurant was also one of the features of the old Mission, and no one went away hungry. Work was found for the unemployed, and with faith and prayers the good work went on. Again the accommodation was found insufficient, and those who had been in the work from the earliest inception along with others who had joined the faithful band, decided to build the present Central City Mission. With little means at their command, but with an abiding faith in the power of the living God, they undertook the task. Citizens of Vancouver became interested in the work which was promulgated, and in the month of May of this present year the Mission was thrown open to the public.

Since the opening, and up to the present time of writing, the building has accommodated over sixty thousand, and many at the present time are turned away nightly.

The building is quiet, clean and comfortable. Lights are out at eleven o'clock, and since the Mission has been opened it has been only necessary on three occasions to have three persons incarcerated in the city jail. Least my readers may form a wrong impression relative to the aims and objects of the Mission, I may state that one of the main features is as follows: To provide cheap rooms for young men who are in this city and far from home and who wish to be away from the many temptations that are so often lurking in other places, and to be near and surrounded by godly influences. Another feature is the providing night after night, for those who drift in and out, a cheap, clean and comfortable bed, also to provide for those who are without means, and truly THEIR numbers are many.

This part of the work is looked after by Mr. Alexander, and from what I have seen relative to that department, Mr. Alexander has no cinch. Mr. Walker, the caretaker and general supervisor of the building, with a small staff looks after the building, canitation, heating, lighting, etc., and must be busy from morning to night to keep the building in such a tidy condition.

Each evening in the large auditorium there is a religious meeting held from eight o'clock until nine, which is addressed from time to time by the different ministers from the several churches in the city, along with the missionary, Mr. F. Willie.

We cannot close without a strong appeal to the Christian citizens of Vancouver to aid this good work. We believe there are many who if they will only take the time to visit the Mission, will go away saying, "The half was never told." The management feel that there is much work to be done in the upbuilding of the unfortunate ones. And yet their hands are tied. The building is still in debt; could that be once lifted, then more of the real true mission work could be accomplished. More of the poor could be fed, clothed and their incoming and outgoing be assured.

The city of Vancouver owes a debt of gratitude to the Central City Mission. Night after night they are sheltering from one to two hundred souls without money and without food; giving freely to deserving cases; assisting them when possible to find work, and that with a debt on the building that can be wiped out by a few of the Christian citizens of this city helping to hold up their hands. All honor to those who have and are still aiding and standing by the noble efforts put forward by those in charge. May they reap abundant blessings and benefits, and may these few lines reach some of those who have intended to assist but who are dilatory, and be an incentive to quick substantial activity, and great shall be the reward.

Thanking you in advance for the insertion of this letter,

Yours,
ROBT. SMYTH.

YOUR NICHE.

There's a niche for you in the world, my boy,
A corner for you to fill,
And it waits today
Along life's way
For the boy with a frank "I will."
So, lad, be true;
The world wants you
In the corner that you may fill.

There's a niche in the world for you, my girl,
A corner for you to fill;
For a girl that is kind,
With a pure, sweet mind,
A place that is waiting still.
So, lass, be true;
The world wants you
In the corner that you may fill.

There's a niche for you both in the world, my dears,
A corner for you to fill,
And a work to do
Which no one but you
In God's great plan can fulfill.
So, dears, be true;
The world wants you,
And your place is waiting still.
—Lutheran Woman's Work.

An interview with an engineer given recently in a western paper to the effect that there is abundant timber on the line of the Hudson Bay Railway is an illustration of the misapprehension in regard to this matter that exists in the public mind. Because there are large areas of land in the north on which there is timber of some kind, the conclusion is reached that it is all of present value and that the country has an unlimited supply. As a matter of fact a careful inspection of the timber along the line of the Hudson Bay Railway made in the years 1910 and 1911, by the Forestry Branch of the Department of the Interior, shows that there is not enough mature timber along the line of that railway to build the road. There are no prairie districts of any extent along the route, there are trees everywhere, but owing to repeated fires the forest is, except on the merest fraction of the area, too small for commercial purposes and unless it can be protected from fire until it reaches maturity, will never be of any use to the country. Explorations in other parts of the northern forested districts tell the same tale. Everywhere fire has worked havoc, and the forest is a mere wreck of what it might have been if fires could be prevented. And unless adequate measures are taken now to protect the young and immature forests which form the major part of the stand, the outlook for the future is none too good.

If the northern forests are to continue to be a permanent source of wealth to the country, it is absolutely necessary that the fire ranging system should be extended and that proper methods of management of the forest should be applied, and public education to the value of the forest is even more necessary.

In Sweden, which has large extents of northern forest, practically uninhabited, similar to those in northern Canada, has about eliminated the fire danger in such districts mainly by educating her people to the value of the forests.

SOME UGLY LITTLE IMPS.

If you don't believe in fairies, and the elves are not your friends,
And you have no faith in brownies or in gnomes,
Let me give you just a glimpse of the ugly little IMPS
That invade today so many happy homes.

IMPoliteness is an IMP whom every child should try to shun,
And older people, too, without a doubt.
IMPatience is another
Who will cause you lots of bother
'Less you send him quickly to the right-about.

IMPertinence and IMPudence are naughty little twins,
And, oh, it is astonishing to see
The mischief that they do!
And, my dear, if I were you,
Their comrade I would never, never be.

One little IMP will sit astride a pencil or a pen
Whene'er there is a problem hard in view,
And draw his mouth 'way down.
And whine out, with a frown:
"IMPossible, IMPossible to do!"

IMPrudence and IMPenitence and IMPulse are three more
(Though the latter is not always under ban);
And there are more, no doubt,
Who are hovering about
To get us into mischief if they can.

Of little foxes you have heard, who spoil the lovely vines.
These ugly IMPS are dangerous, too, you see.
Let us raise a battle-shout!
We may put them all to rout.
Oh, what glorious victory that would be!
—Pauline Frances Camp, in St. Nicholas.

His Truth Paid.

"The half has never been told me," said the Queen of Sheba to Solomon.

Whereat Solomon was greatly pleased, for he realized that the visitor was truly impressed by the many wonders of his kingdom.

"But," he smiled afterward, "even if she had not been completely surprised I had one trick up my sleeve. I was going to inaugurate some Monday bargain sales in the bazaars if necessary. Happily, we may allow them to wait until some future age."
—Woman's World.

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First Class Ladies' and Gents' Tailor
Best Workmanship Guaranteed
Repairing a Specialty
J. SCOTT, Prop. Cor. Commercial St. and 16th Ave., Cedar Cottage
Send a Card and Our Representative will Call

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Exhibition By-law
and Western Progress

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CORD WOOD
If you once cook a Christmas Dinner with DRY WOOD you'll never rest content with any other. Our Wood is Dry Wood. $6.00 per Cord, delivered.
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103 Lee Blk., Cr. Hastings & Abbott St.
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Adela Grocery Store
This Week's Special
TEA
Scotch Short-bread. Try our Teas and you will be pleased.
WEBSTER BROS.
Cor. Fraser Ave. W. & Westminster Rd.

BROADWAY CAFE
B. Pope, Prop.
519 BROADWAY W.
The Best EAT in the City.
A Good Square Meal always guaranteed, otherwise money returned.
Meals 6 to 10; 11:30 to 2; 5 to 8. Short orders at all hours.
Meal Tickets, $4.50

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Drugs or Prescriptions
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Fairmont 514
Always Prompt, Always Accurate
J. R. DARLING, 11th Ave. & Main St.

WE Thank You for Your Patronage During 1911, and Wish You a Happy and Prosperous New Year.

Broadway Table Supply
518 BROADWAY, E.

H. HARFORD

Vote for FINDLAY and Aldermen who will give him Support in a Fair, Clean, Progressive Administration of Public Affairs

Collingwood Fire Brigade.

Members of No. 1 fire hall, Collingwood, met in a social way on Friday last to honor Mr. F. W. Wright, secretary of the brigade. Captain Almas presided, and during the evening Mr. R. Flack was called upon to present Mr. Wright with a beautiful ring.

South Vancouver Trade Licenses.

The trade licenses issued in South Vancouver during 1911 amounted to $962.50, made up as follows: Merchandise, $107; laundries, $60; hawkers, $284; expressmen, $82.50; livery stables, $10; auctioneers, $30; pool rooms, $280; and theatres, $65.

Another Cougar Story.

Last Friday evening, the 6 o'clock Burnaby Lake car struck and killed a cougar which was standing in the center of the track on the bridge which spans Still Creek. It is said that the passengers knew nothing of the incident until the car reached New Westminster.

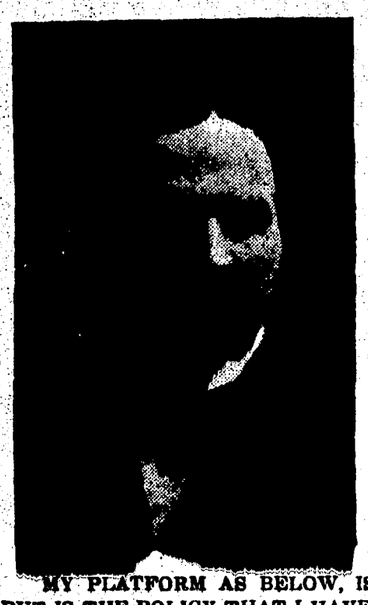
Election of School Trustee

Your Vote and Influence is Solicited for the Election of

JAMES EADIE
"The People's Candidate"
as **SCHOOL TRUSTEE**

Mr. Eadie has been Endorsed by Five Rate Payers' Associations

South Vancouver Election



R. C. HODGSON
The People's Candidate
For Reeve

MY PLATFORM AS BELOW, IS NOT BASED ON PROMISES, BUT IS THE POLICY THAT I HAVE CONSISTENTLY ADVOCATED AND WHICH I WILL, IF ELECTED, USE MY BEST ENDEAVORS TO CARRY TO A SUCCESSFUL CONCLUSION.

The carrying out of a "Greater Vancouver" joint sewerage scheme at the earliest possible date.

The permanent improvement of Trunk and Main roads.

Extension and Improvement of transportation facilities throughout our Municipality.

To retain all street ends on the Fraser River for the people of South Vancouver.

To make the best possible annexation arrangement with the City of Vancouver and submit same to the people.

The employment of a thoroughly competent Engineer and holding him, as well as the heads of all other departments, responsible for the efficient management of their respective offices.

To provide Park and Fire Hall sites and more efficient means of fire protection for South Vancouver.

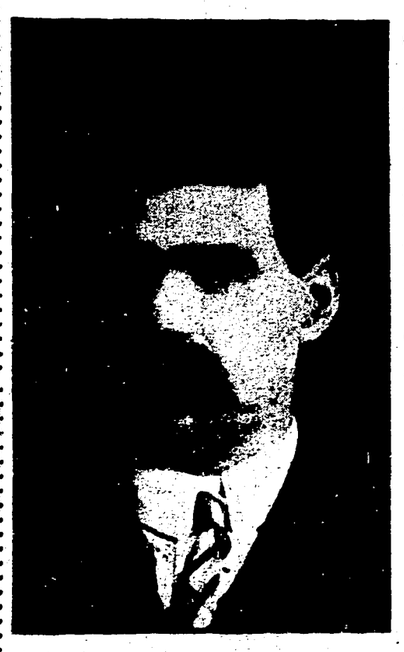
To induce the Provincial Government to take over the present Telephone system.

To impress upon the Federal Government the necessity of a free mail delivery, also better postal facilities for South Vancouver.

To endorse the formation of a district council.

To press for the deepening and development of the North Arm of the Fraser River as well as a general harbor improvement scheme for "Greater Vancouver."

Vote for Hodgson and a Clean, Progressive and Business-like Administration.



TO THE ELECTORS:

Ladies and Gentlemen:

I thank you for your kind support during the past year and trust that my representation on the Council will merit your vote and influence as Alderman for 1912.

At your service,

Geo. E. Williamson

THE YEARS 1911 AND 1912.

Nineteen Hundred Eleven has come and gone with its golden opportunities and rare possibilities, with its favors, pains, pleasures and disappointments. There remain with us the fruits of labor or the seeds of a harvest yet to be, and the memory of experiences, past as history, but ever present in effect and productive power. Dreams of success or failure, with fancies beautiful, grotesque or singularly extravagant have entertained us for a time, only to vanish as mist at Nature's silent but effective command,—

"They come, the shapes of joy and woe,
The airy crowds of long ago,
The dreams and fancies known of yore,
That have been, and shall be no more."

Departing Year, we heartily thank you for your twelve months' visit. We have enjoyed your company and now reluctantly say, "Farewell!"

Into the year entering we will carry a sweet and grateful memory of you and the many mercies you served us from a liberal hand. Your name will remain as fragrance and your offerings will reappear developed and transformed. Spirit memory never loses its possessions.,—

"Long, long be my heart with such memories filled,
Like the vase in which roses have once been distilled:
You may break, you may shatter the vase if you will,
But the scent of the roses will cling to it still."

Enter Nineteen Hundred Twelve! We extend to you our hand in most cordial welcome! Come into our homes and our places of business or pleasure assured that every avenue is thrown wide open to you for your critical inspection and magic presence. We believe in you most thoroughly. Your ancestors present a long unbroken line of unparalleled trustworthiness and improvement. Each successive generation has been an advance upon the preceding one. Some reverses have occurred but out of them your fathers have come with victory upon their banners and a clean record. Your sire, Nineteen Hundred Eleven, excelled all that went before, thus leaving us to expect still greater things of you. Company with your most worthy predecessor has given us larger knowledge and stronger hope so that you may reasonably look for improvement in us. Doubtless at times we will, by our failures, cause you disappointment and sorrow, but we pledge you our best.

May we, The Western Call, and our thousands of readers prove ourselves worthy your presence and blessing so that when called to part company with you we may carry into the succeeding year unmistakable evidences of general improvement commensurate with our opportunities.

Prosper us and our contemporaries, with all citizens of Vancouver and environs. Yea, more; give true prosperity to our nation, enable us to fulfil our calling, bless all men and hurry to a consummation the elimination of evil and the triumph of the Prince of Peace,—

"Change the cloisters of the night,
Into a garden of delight!
Make the dark and dreary hours
Unfold and blossom into flowers."

Vote for FINDLAY and Aldermen who will give him Support in a Fair, Clean, Progressive Administration of Public Affairs

Vote for FINDLAY and Aldermen who will give him Support in a Fair, Clean, Progressive Administration of Public Affairs

LICENSE COMMISSIONER.

For the information of any electors in Vancouver who are not thoroughly conversant with the proceedings of the License Board during the past year, nor acquainted with the personel of the Board, we wish to point out that in our opinion, with all due respect to preceding boards, the board of 1911 was probably the most satisfactory to the great majority of citizens.

Two members of that board are candidates for election on January 11th, namely, R. S. Pyke and Dr. Patterson, and their work on the board last year entitles them to the strong support of the electors of the city.

While they have been just and fair toward all parties having dealings with the board, they have succeeded in improving very materially the regulations governing the liquor traffic. The number of licenses have not been increased, and although several licenses were available according to our by-laws, and numerous applications for licenses were made, backed by much influence, not one shop license was issued during the year, and the number of hotel licenses now in operation are less than when these men took their seats on the board.

Several of the hotel buildings have been improved during the year, and some licenses transferred to new and up-to-date premises in suitable parts of the less congested business area of the city. The licenses have been strictly confined to the business district, as the only hotel license south of False Creek has been forced to move to new premises in the centre of the city.

Through the efforts of these Commissioners the all-night drinking of liquors and wines in cafes and restaurants has been stopped, and this action should receive the approval of the great majority of our citizens.

We believe it advisable that men who have had practical experience on the board and who have given general satisfaction, should be elected to represent the city during the present year, especially as they have under consideration at the present time the establishment of a strictly defined license area for hotels, and the securing of proper inspection of the liquors offered for sale to the public; and as the new board will have to deal with the changing of the by-laws in order to carry out the proposed amendments to the city charter dealing with the restaurant question, and we therefore ask of our readers their support in securing the election of License Commissioners Pyke and Patterson.

Vote for Findlay and Non-Partizan Administration of City Affairs

Vote for Findlay and Non-Partizan Administration of City Affairs

TO THE ELECTORS OF WARD VIII, D. L. 301:

Your vote and influence solicited for

Frank Trimble

as Aldermanic Candidate for Ward 8, (D. L. 301)

Having represented this district on the Civic Board during the last year, and being fully alive to the requirements of the District, fully qualifies me to carry on the work pertaining to the office, not only in the Ward, but in the City at large.

Your obedient servant,
F. TRIMBLE.

Park Commissioner
FOR 1912-1913.

My record for the past two years is before the electors in the amount of the improvements that have been accomplished.

As candidate for the next term I stand for still greater progress in all things that enhance the value of our parks and add to their accommodations and attractiveness, such as **Free Bathing Beaches, Improved Transportation for Stanley Park, More and Better Equipped Playgrounds and Good, Clean, Progressive Government for the Parks.**

I solicit your vote and influence. Thanking you in anticipation I am,

Yours truly,

W. R. Owen

C. N. Haney, M. A.

Respectfully solicits your vote and influence for

School Trustee

PLATFORM

1. Extended and improved manual training.
2. Introduction of technical training and the teaching of applied science.
3. Increased efficiency of staff with adequate remuneration and proper school equipment.
4. Cultivation of general knowledge, broad-minded patriotism and efficient citizenship.
5. Free or Supervising Principals.
6. Proper supervision of all school contracts.
7. Encouragement of analytical training, with more practical education.

School Trustee Election

Your Vote and Influence is Solicited for My Re-Election as

School Trustee

W. H. P. CLUBB

Not having the time at my disposal to call on you personally, I wish to draw your attention to the following, which I am in favor of:

A clean, progressive civic government.

Exemption of improvements from taxation.

Better street car service.

Permanent improvements.

Definite and permanent street grades.

The operating of motor 'buses by the City in Stanley Park.

A car line on Sixteenth Avenue from Commercial Drive to Oak Street.

Extension of the Broadway car line from Commercial Drive to to Nanaimo St.

The sewerage system of Greater Vancouver.

The car line on Scott Street from Broadway to Fraser Avenue.

The majority of people trust the men they elect and expect them to be men of integrity.

Yours sincerely,

G. C. JONES

Aldermanic Candidate for Ward 5

ELECTION OF ALDERMAN

T. S. BAXTER

Solicits Your Vote and Influence as

Alderman of Ward V for 1912

All Fifth Ward candidates are invited to a meeting to be held in ODDFELLOWS' HALL, Mt. Pleasant, JANUARY 5th, at 8 p. m. This is everybody s meeting. Come and welcome.

T. S. BAXTER.

James White

REQUESTS YOUR

Vote and Influence

FOR ELECTION AS

Alderman

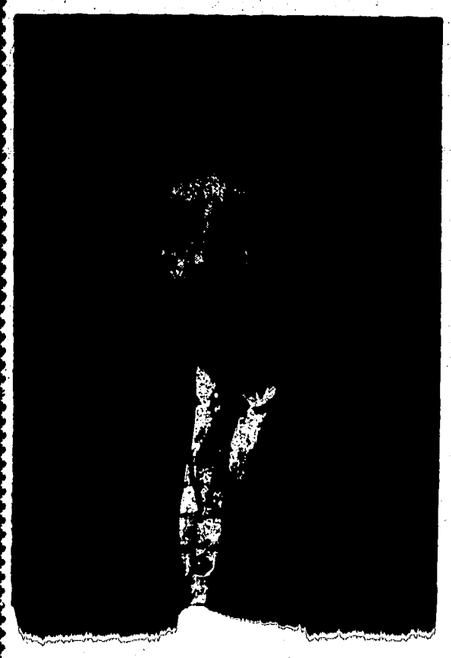
—OF—

Ward 6 for 1912

Mr. White is known as "The Man That Does Things"

Over Three-quarters of a Million Dollars passed for Improvements in Ward VI during Mr. White's term of office as Alderman

To the Electors of Ward Five



Ladies and Gentlemen:

Acceding to the request of many of the electors and strengthened by the hearty endorsment of the East End of Ward Five Ratepayers' Association, I am offering myself as a candidate for Aldermanic honors at the coming municipal election.

Yours respectfully,

R. J. McLean

E. S. Knowlton

Candidate for

Park Commissioner

Solicits your Vote and Influence

And will endeavor to serve you to the best of his ability.

South Vancouver School Board.

Several important items were included in the agenda for the meeting held last Thursday in the offices at Cedar Cottage. The question of the action of the Vancouver School Board in taking over the instruction of the children of D. L. 301, was again brought forward, and Superintendent Graham reported that it will not now be necessary for the board to ask the city to take over the teachers who were engaged by South Vancouver for D. L. 301. It was, however, decided after a short discussion, to forward to the city school trustees a claim for $1000, this being a portion of the cost of providing educational facilities for the children of D. L. 301 over the monthly grant of the government, which amounts to $260.

W. A. Bray was appointed janitor of the General Wolfe School at a salary of $60 a month. The question of fencing the grounds around this school was also discussed, and a sub-committee was appointed to go through the tenders and award the contract for this work. The offer of Mr. J. D. Marsden to assemble desks at 18c each, was accepted.

The South Vancouver Football League were given permission to use the grounds of the General Wolfe School again on condition that the previous conditions would be rigidly observed, the grounds being laid out in conjunction with the principal and the association making good any damage they may cause.

The wings of the Lord Selkirk brick school were insured for $20,000, with an additional $5,000 on the furniture and equipment.

Trustee Pleming gave notice that he intended to resign from the board, such resignation to come into effect on Jan. 12.

Owing to lack of time, the subject of teachers' salaries could not be discussed.

Notice of Removal

E. SHAW, D. C., Graduate of Palmer School, has given up his office in Bower Building. His consulting room and adjustory at 250 Twenty-second Avenue East is now open for Spinal Adjustments morning and afternoon. Call in and consult him if you suffer from any chronic ailment, such as dropsy, goitre, sciatica, headaches, paralysis, etc., etc. He removes the cause without medicine or operation. Adjustments also clear the complexion and make the hair grow long and silky. No charge for consultation.

Hours: 1:30 to 5:30 p. m. Morning or evening by appointment

Ernest Shaw, D.C.

(Doctor of Chiropractic.)

250 Twenty-second Avenue East. Close to Main.

Take Davie car to Twenty-second.

MAYOR TAYLOR AND THE GREAT NORTHERN

Pretends to Bargain for the City—Advances Private Interests of the Railway Co.

It is nearly two years ago since the "False Creek Flats" deal with the Great Northern Company was under negotiation between the City and the Railway Company, and in spite of the frequent notices given in the World newspaper "That work was about to commence," little or nothing has been done towards the extension scheme of development by the Railway.

Mayor Taylor has stated that the Provincial Government was responsible for the delay. This cannot be the cause as the Provincial Government and the Railway Company completed their arrangements eleven months ago, which removed that subterfuge.

As a matter of fact there is positively no excuse whatever why the Great Northern should not have had the work well under way long ago. This Company is notorious for its disregard of public convenience or public demands, and will seldom make a move until forced to do so.

That the City has been deceived in the bargain made, is generally accepted to be the case. The vote on the agreement was carried, largely on the assurances of Mayor Taylor and Mr. Howard, the Great Northern special representative, that work would commence at once.

All through the negotiations between the City and the Railway Company there was a familiarity between the Mayor and the Company which justifies the conclusion that His Worship was not entirely impartial in dealing with this question, in fact, he acted more like a special envoy of the Company's rather than as Mayor of the City.

While the agreement was under consideration by the Council, he, the Mayor, wrote a letter to the Seagraves Company of Walkerville, Ontario, asking them to ship a couple of carloads of fire apparatus through the States via the Great Northern. Now the Great Northern does not go near Walkerville, a fact of which the Mayor was well aware, *then why these instructions?* Again, it cost a great deal more to ship it through the States, then *why patronize this American Road?* The Mayor boasts of his loyalty to Canada, yet he would pay a larger freight rate if only he could favor an American road. Or *was it his personal interest in the Great Northern which led him to urge this course should be followed?* It is assuredly *odd* to see a Mayor make such a request on behalf of a Railway Company, especially so when the City, whose interests he is supposed to protect, is negotiating with the Company.

Another rather remarkable co-incidence occurred early this year. His Worship and Ald. Stevens were appointed by the Council to go to Victoria to meet the Provincial Government re charter amendments. It was arranged that they should leave Vancouver on Sunday's boat and keep the appointment at 10 a.m. Monday. His Worship, however, left Vancouver on Thursday and proceeded to Seattle, where he remained until Sunday. The peculiar part of the situation is that Messrs. Hill and Gilman of the Great Northern left Victoria on the same Thursday and they, too, remained in Seattle until Sunday. This was immediately after completing the agreement with the Provincial Government.

Now what passed between Mayor Taylor and the officials of the Great Northern while in Seattle? His Worship may say that it is no business of the public what passed at that conference and that he has the right to meet railway officials in private if he so wishes. Or he may reply that, as manager of the World newspaper, he has important business transactions with the Great Northern which are *private*. All this is, no doubt, perfectly true and we do not claim the right to demand any statement of private business, but we do contend, however, that when the City is making a very important bargain with a Railway Company that its chief magistrate shall be impartial and *if he has private business with that Company he shall be neutral during negotiations and not act as though he were its special representative.*

We also contend that the average man would find it difficult to be fair and unbiased in a transaction in which his private affairs played so important a part as to demand *frequent* conferences during the period of negotiation.

We bitterly opposed this Great Northern agreement from the first and subsequent events have proven that we are right. If the public wish a few more such bargains then they should support Mayor Taylor, as he is now prepared to turn the City, body and soul, over to the B. C. Electric, and would have done so this year, only for the opposition of the Council.

Election of Alderman for Ward VI

Your Vote and Influence respectfully solicited for

Wm. W. Winn

Who is endorsed by a majority vote in two Ratepayers' Meetings and whose nomination sheet has been signed over TWO HUNDRED VOTERS.

Think of this when selecting an Alderman for Ward VI

HE STANDS FOR:

The Efficient Spending of Civic Moneys; Better Transportation; Permanent Street Grades; Adequate Permanent Sewers; Present System of Taxation, etc.

Electors of Ward V:

William Davis

Solicits your Vote and Influence as

ALDERMAN FOR 1912

PLATFORM:

The long delayed Improvement of Clark Drive to be carried to completion this season.

Sewers in the East End to be pushed to completion with all possible speed.

The Improvement and Extension of car line on Broadway to Nanaimo Street.

Scott Street and vicinity to receive its share of Improvements at once.

Bridge Street car line and Improvements to be carried out.

Older Settled Districts to receive attention.

A Clean, Moral and Economic Method of handling Civic Affairs.

If you favor any of the above planks, vote for WILLIAM DAVIS at ODDFELLOWS' HALL

THURSDAY, JANUARY 11th, 1912

ELECTORS

WARD VIII D. L. 301

S. MILLER

Your representative on the City Council, respectfully solicits your vote and influence towards his election as your

Alderman for the Year 1912

Having had eight months' experience on the Board of Works and other Civic Committees, my continuance in office will expedite the greater improvements projected for Ward 8

N. B.---Vote for the By-laws

Clocks

Every household and office need a reliable timepiece. Our selection of clocks covers a wide range from the **Useful Alarm** to the **Beautiful Chime Clocks.** We are selling agents for the famous BIG BEN ALARM.

Geo. G. Bigger

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The Turkey Raw! The Pudding Soggy!

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A REVOLUTION IN RELIGION.

For centuries men have been taught both consciously and unconsciously, that their spiritual self was so separate from their material, social or moral self that when the one was expressing itself, the other must be pushed to the background. We have used our religious nature like our Sunday garment—wearing it but once a week. After attending our church we have allowed our religion to pass away with the Sabbath day.

We have, however, been terribly in earnest in an industrial way. In our business management we have studied every detail diligently and success has followed. In our churches we have gone blindly on, trusting the management to Providence. In a business way we have co-operated with every kindred business, and mutual benefit has resulted. Religious organizations have gone on fighting alone, or worse still, sometimes in opposition to agencies whose motives were identical with the church's. The relationship between ourselves and our business customer has been one of constant watchfulnss. We try to satisfy his every need. Spiritually we have forgotten that we are "our brother's keeper."

But the old order changeth! Today arises in our midst a mighty movement, which says that business methods must be applied to religion; preachers must not only be expounders of the Gospel, but they must be organizers and leaders of men. Religious organizations must study the details of the business; they must find out why there are three million men in America who are lost to the church; religion must be made masculine enough to appeal to the present standard of American manhood, churches, brotherhoods, associations must co-operate with every other influence, whether religious, social, moral, political or intellectual and work together for the betterment of mankind. Religion must cease being meek and become militant.

This new movement which has aims and aspirations exceeding that of any organization of a religious nature in modern times is called "The Men and Religion Forward Movement." The initial steps for this great campaign, which is expected to revolutionize the religious atmosphere of North America were taken in New York City on May 18, 1910. The growth of this movement appears to have been almost spontaneous. Upon further thought, however, we are forced to admit that the "Men and Religion Forward Movement" is but the crystallization of the past twenty years of religious unrest. Thinking men have long recognized that there was something hindering the progress of religion. Various causes have been attributed, but few have ventured to lay the blame to lack of organizations. The reluctuance along this line of attack has undoubtedly been due to the fact that so many regard the church as a God-made institution, the sanctity of which should not be disturbed by material agencies. This reasoning cannot hold in the face of the finances which are found necessary to keep up the modern church. Materialism must enter, and why should it not? Christ lauded the woman who gave up her mite, advised the rich young man to share his wealth for a good cause, and told parables about the use of money, wherein those who did not use their money for profit were chastised. The religious campaign of Christ and his disciples was not secret or meek, and he left an eternal message, which has been turned over to us that we may give it to the needy world. If our industrial and social conditions are such that we must conduct our duty towards him on a business basis, is it not our obligation to do so?

This is precisely the task which the "Men and Religion Forward Movement" has set for itself: to extend the message of Christ to the male population of North America, through business methods. In ninety-six of the largest cities of the United States and Canada there are central bureaus, whose business it is to study the social, moral and religious conditions of their city. From this central bureau, organized on the most complete plan, there radiates agencies which touch every surrounding city and town. The auxiliary towns committees further reach out to the rural communities. No teritory will escape the influence of this mighty effort to bring men everywhere back to the church.

In the face of this, the mightiest of human efforts yet put forth to place Christianity within the reach of every man, who will say that the kingdom of God is not nigh?

A Dead Shot on Livers.

"I hear, doctor, that my friend Brown, whom you have been treating so long for liver trouble, has died of stomach trouble," said one of the physician's patients.

"Don't you believe all you hear," replied the doctor. "When I treat a man for liver trouble, he dies of liver trouble."—Everybody's.

OLD MEN TO THE FRONT.

A gradual change seems to be coming over the world as to the value of old men in practical every-day life.

Weston's recent walks across the continent sered to demonstrate the power of endurance in well-kept men of age.

In a recent English swimming match the palm was borne off by an athlete of seventy-five.

The new lord mayor of London is an octogenarian.

Many of the chauffeurs of the country are men in advanced years. Indeed a great host of elderly men guide their own motor cars.

A writer says:

"Ten years ago the automobile was associated with extreme youth. Today witness the gay old boys swishing along the highway. The increasing age of the taxicab drivers is one of the marked phenomena in the streets of London. In every line of life the aged one is resuming his rightful preminence."

It is true that in the Gospel ministry age still seems to be against a man. At the recent session of the British Wesleyan conference fifty-five elderly preachers were laid off, but it is thaought that many of them had become unduly sensitive because invitations to prominent pulpits had not come to them.

It is a weakness of the itinerants that they shrink from accepting work in the lower "grades," and some of them will retire before they will do it.

"Greens" are good for a relish, but not for a permanent diet.

It is reported of Bishop Candler that when a committtee from a leading congregation waited on him to tell him that what they needed in their pastor was "young blood," he replied: "O no, brethren! You are in error about that. Half the pulpits in this state are suffering from cholera infantum."

The one thing most needed to make preachers of advancing years more acceptable is a studious, cheery, resolute spirit that can be heartfully young in any field with the best of them.

Spiritual maturity combined with intellectual vigor is a better qualification for pulpit efficiency than mere physical energy yoked up with mental callowness.

Manly character is a desideratum whether in young or old. The winning pastor in the long run is he who convinces the church by his words and deeds that in his heart and life "the salt has not lost its savor."

The original "Dixie" was a simple refrain that originated among negro emigrants to the south about one century ago. On the island of Manhattan (New York) a man named Dixy owned slaves, and the growth of abolition sentiment made them unprofitable to him. He therefore sold them to southern planters, who made their life a burden, and they sighed for Dixy's. The sighings ere long took form in a refrain, which, by additions and adaptations, became elevated into the dignity of a song, and was chanted during war time all over the south. This is how the south came to be called the Land of Dixie."

The New Orleans Picayune vouches for the following as the correct original of the famous "Dixie," as sung in war times:

I wish I was in de land of cotton,
Old times dar am not forgotten;
In Dixie land whar I was bawn in,
Early on a frosty mawin'.

Ole missus marry Will de weaber,
Will he was a gay deceaber;
When he put his arm around her
He looked as fierce as a forty-pounder.

His face was sharp as a butcher's cleaber,
But dat didn't seem a bit to grieb'er;
Will run away, missus took a decline,
Her face was de color ob bacon rine,

While missus libbed she libbed in clober,
When she died she died all ober;
How could she act the foolish part
And marry a man to broke her heart?

Buckwheat cake and cawnmeal batter
Makes you fat, or little fatter;
Here's a health to de nex' old missus,
And all do gals dat wants to kiss us.

Now if you want to dribe away sorrow,
Come and hear dis song tomorrow;
Den hoe it down and scratch de grabble,
To Dixie land I'm bound to trabble.

Chorus—

I wish I was in Dixie, hooray, hooray!
In Dixie's land
We'll take our stand,
To live and die in Dixie;
Away, away, away down souf in Dixie;
Away, away, away down souf in Dixie!

Modern Strategy.

"Do you think airships could be used effectively in warfare?"

"They might," replied the skeptical person, "if we could provide the airships and induce the enemy to go up in them."—Washington Star.

Young & Thompson

Cash Grocers and Provision Merchants

Apples

Extra Choice Eating Apples 3 lbs. 25c
Extra Choice Eating Apples 4 lbs. 25c
Good Cooking Apples, 6 lbs. 25c
Per Box $1.50, $1.75, $1.85, $2.00, $2.25, $2.50

Evaporated Fruit

New Prunes, - 3 lbs. 25c
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Extra Choice Eating Figs, 2 lbs. 25c
Extra large, per lb. - 15c
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Extra Large Can Peaches, regular 35c for 25c
Apricots, " 35c for 25c
Pears, per tin - 25c
Strawberries, per tin 25c
Red Pitted Cherries, tin 25c
Lombard Plums, 3 tins 25c

Fruits in Glass

J. A. Sharwood & Co., London, Eng
Fruit Salads, per glass 60c
Macedoines in Syrup, per bottle 60c
Pure Calves-foot Jelly, wine flavors, per bottle 25c
Raspberry Jelly, bottle 25c
Orange Jelly, per bottle 25c

Raisins and Currants

Extra Choice Seeded Raisins, 3 pkts. 25c
Valencia Raisins, 2 lbs. 25c
Sultana Raisins, per lb. 15c
Table Raisins, extra fancy, per lb. 25c
Currants, recleaned, lb. 10c
2 pkts. 25c

New Peels

Citron Peel, per lb. - 15c
Lemon and Orange mixed, 2 lbs. 25c

Leave Your Order Now for Turkeys, Geese, Ducks and Chickens.

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We Live to Serve

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

TAKE NOTICE that Frederick Wills, Painter, 441 Hastings Street East, Vancouver, B. C., on the 19th day of October assigned all his estate of R. L. Maitland, Clerk, 415 Winch Building, Vancouver, B. C., for the benefit of his creditors.

A meeting of creditors will be held at 415 Winch Building, Vancouver, B. C., on the 7th day of November, 1911, at 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

Creditors are requested to send in their claims duly verified to the Assignee, 415 Winch Building, Vancouver, on or before the 1st day of December, 1911, and the Assignee will then proceed to distribute the estate, having regard only to claims filed.

Dated this 24th day of October, 1911.

BURNS & WALKER,
Solicitors for the Assignee.

LAND ACT.

New Westminster Land District.
New Westminster District.

TAKE NOTICE, that F. T. Piercy Cond, of Vancouver, surveyor, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands: Commencing at the northwest corner of Lot 1410; thence east 27 chains to the west boundary of lot 2522 G. 1; thence north 40 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence north 40 chains; thence west 20 chains; thence north 40 chains more or less to the south boundary of Lot 2524, G. 1; thence west 30 chains, more or less, to the shore of Sechelt Inlet; thence southeasterly along the shore line to point of commencement, containing 200 acres more or less.

Located on the 12th day of October, 1911.

Dated 31st October, 1911.

F. T. PIERCY COND.
W. J. PASCOE, Agent.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia at its next session for an act to incorporate an Educational Institution and being the Theological College in connection with and under the authority of the General Conference of the Methodist Church of Canada, with power to hold, possess and enjoy real and personal property within the Province, and to lease, mortgage, sell and transfer the same; also with power to borrow or loan money and to give or receive security therefor; also with power to organize and teach classes in Theological and allied subjects; to affiliate with other educational institutions, confer degrees in Divinity and generally to exercise and enjoy such other rights, powers and privileges as are usually possessed by Theological Colleges.

Dated this 29th day of November, A. D. 1911.

TAYLOR, HARVEY, BAIRD & GRANT,
Solicitors for Applicants.

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Branch

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New Stock of Pictures and Frames suitable for Xmas Presents. Compare our prices with city prices.

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The Latest Novelties in Candies.

Watch Our Window Display.

Ladies' Bakery

Thanking our patrons for their past favors, we wish them the Compliments of the Season.

MRS. S. A. GLAZEBROOK

Cor. 25th Ave. & Main St.

THE Pillar of Light

BY Louis Tracey

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Mrs. Sheppard and the servant had retired to rest, worn out with the anxious uncertainties of events reported from the lighthouse.

So Brand went to the door, and the girls listened in nervous foreboding.

They heard their father say:

"Hello, Jenkins, what is the matter now?"

Jenkins was a sergeant of police whom they knew.

"Sorry to trouble you, Mr. Brand, but an odd thing has happened. A lady, a stranger, met me ten minutes ago and asked me to direct her to your house. I did so. She appeared to be in great trouble, so I strolled slowly after her. I was surprised to see her looking in through the window of your sitting-room. As far as I could make out she was crying fit to break her heart, and I imagined she meant to knock at the door but was afraid."

"Where is she? What has become of her?"

Brand stepped out into the moonlight. The g.r.s, white and trembling, followed.

"Well, she ran off down the garden path and tumbled in a dead faint near the gate. I was too late to save her. I picked her up and placed her on a seat. She is there now. I thought it best, before carrying her here—to tell you—"

Before Brand moved, Constance ran out, followed by Enid. In a whirl of pain, the lighthouse-keeper strode after them. He saw Constance stooping over a motionless figure lying prone on the garden seat. To those strong young arms the slight graceful form offered an easy task.

Brand heard Enid's whisper:

"Oh, Connie, it is she!"

But the daughter, clasping her mother to her breast, said quietly:

"Dad, she has come home, and she may be dying. We must take her in."

He made no direct answer. What could he say? The girl's fearless words admitted of neither "Yes" nor "No."

He turned to the policeman.

"I am much obliged to you, Jenkins," he said; "w know the lady. Unless—unless there are serious consequences, will you oblige me by saying nothing about her? But stay. When you pass the Mount's Bay Hotel, please call and say that Mrs. Vansittart has been seized with sudden illness and is being cared for at my house."

"Yes, sir," said the sergeant, saluting.

As he walked away down the garden path he wondered who Mrs. Vansittart could be, and why Miss Brand said she had "come home."

Then he glanced back at the house, into which the others had vanished. He laughed.

"Just fancy it," he said; "I treated him as if he was a bloomin' lord. And I suppose my position is a better one than his. Anyhow he is a splendid chap. I'm glad now I did it for his sake and the sake of those two girls. How nicely they were dressed. It has always been a puzzle to me how they can afford to live in that style on the pay of a lighthouse-keeper. Well, it's none of my business."

CHAPTER XVIII.

ENID WEARS AN OLD ORNAMENT

Lady Margaret took her departure from the hotel at an early hour. Her son went with her. Their house was situated on the outskirts of the town, and, although Stanhope would gladly have remained with the two men to discuss the events of this night of surprises, he felt that his mother demanded his present attention.

Indeed, her ladyship had much to say to him. She, like the others, had been impressed by Mrs. Vansittart's appearance, even under the extraordinary difficult circumstances of the occasion. The feminine mind judges its peers with the utmost precision. Its analytical methods are pitilessly simple. It calculates with mathematical nicety those details of toilette, those delicate nuances of manner, which distinguish the woman habituated to refinement and good society from the interloper or mere copyist.

It had always been a matter of mild wonder in Penzance how Constance Brand had acquired her French trick of wearing her clothes. Some women are not properly dressed after they have been an hour posing in front of a full-length mirror; others can give one glance at a costume, twist and pull it into the one correct position, and walk out, perfectly gowned, with a happy consciousness that all is well.

Every Parisienne, some Americans, a few English women, possess this gift. Constance had it, and Lady Margaret knew now that it was a lineal acquisition from her mother. The discovery enhanced the belief, always prevalent locally, that Brand was a gentleman born, and her ladyship was now eager for her son's assistance in looking up the "Landed Gentry" and other works of reference which define and glorify the upper ten thousand of the United Kingdom. Perhaps, that way, light would be vouchsafed.

Being a little narrow-minded, the excellent creature believed that a scandal among "good" people was not half so scandalous as an affair in which the principals were tradesmen, "or worse."

She confided something of this to her son as they drove homewards, and was very wroth with him when he treated the idea with unbecoming levity.

"My dear boy," she cried vehemently, "you dont understand the value of such credentials. You always speak and act as if you were on board one of your hectoring warships, where the best metal and the heaviest guns are all-important. It is not so in society, even the society of a small Cornish town. Although I am an earl's daughter I cannot afford to be quietly sneered at by some who would dispute my social supremacy."

As each complaisant sentence rolled forth he laughed quietly in the darkness.

"Mother," said he suddenly, "Mr. Traill and I have had a lot of talk about Enid during the past two days. I have not seen you until this evening before dinner, so I have not had an opportunity to tell you all that has occurred."

"Some new embroglio, I suppose," she said, not at all appeased by his seeming carelessness as to what the Dowager Lady Tregarthen or Mrs. Taylor-Smith might say when gossip started.

"Well it is, in a sense," he admitted. "You see, we are jolly hard up. It's a squeeze for you to double my pay, and, as I happened to inform Mr. Traill that I was going to marry Enid, long before he knew she was his daughter, it came as a bit of a shock afterwards to hear that he intends to endow her with two hundred thousand pounds on her wedding-day. Now the question to be discussed is not whether the adopted daughter of a poor lighthouse-keeper who may be Lord This-and-That in disguise is a good match for me, but whether an impecunious lieutenant in the Royal Navy is such a tremendous catch for a girl with a great fortune."

Lady Margaret was stunned. She began to breathe quickly. Her utmost expectations were surpassed. Before she could utter a word her son pretended to misunderstand her agitation.

"Of course it was fortunate that Enid and I had jolly well made up our minds somewhat in advance, but it was a near thing, a matter of flag signals—otherwise I should have been compelled to consider myself ruled out of the game. Therefore, during your tea-table tactics, if the Dowager, or that old spit-fire, Mrs. Taylor-Smith, says a word to you about Brand, just give 'em a rib-roaster with Enid's two hundred thou', will you? Whilst they are reeling under the blow throw out a gentle hint that Constance may ensnare Traill's nephew. 'Ensnare' is the right word, isn't it? The best of it is, I know they have been worrying you for months about my friendship with 'girls of their class.' Oh, the joy of the encounter! It must be like blowing up a battle-ship with a tuppenny hapenny torpedo-boat."

So her ladyship—not without pondering over certain entries in the Books of the Proudly-born, which recorded the birth and marriage of Sir Stephen Brand, ninth baronet, "present whereabouts unknown"—went to bed, but not to sleep, whereas Jack Stanhope never afterwards remembered undressing, so thoroughly tired was he, and so absurdly happy, notwithstanding the awkward situation divulged at the dinner.

Pyne, left with his uncle, set himself to divert the other man's thoughts from the embarrassing topic of Mrs. Vansittart.

He knew that Brand was not likely to leave them in dubiety as to the past. Discussion now was useless, a mere idle guessing at probabilities, so he boldly plunged into the mystery as yet surrounding Enid's first year of existence.

Mr. Traill, glad enough to discuss a more congenial subject, marshalled the ascertained facts. It was easy to see that here, at least, he stood on firm ground.

"Your father, as you know, was a noted yachtsman, Charlie," he said. "Indeed, he was one of the first men to cross the Atlantic in his own boat under steam and sail. Twenty years ago, in this very month, he took my wife and me, with your mother, you, and our little Edith, then six months' old, on a delightful trip along the Florida coast and the Gulf of Mexico. It was then arranged that we should pass the summer among the Norwegian fiords, but the two ladies were nervous about the ocean voyage east in April, so your father brought the Esmeralda across, and we followed by mail steamer. During the last week of May and the whole of June we cruised from Christiana almost to the North Cape. The fine keen air restored my wife's somewhat delicate health, and you and Edith throve amazingly. Do you remember the voyage?"

"It is a dim memory, helped a good deal I imagine, by what I have heard since."

"Well, on the fourth of July, putting into Hardanger to celebrate the day with some fellow-countrymen, I received a cable which rendered my presence in New York absolutely imperative. There was a big development scheme just being engineered in connection with our property. In fact, the event which had such a tragic sequel practically quadrupled your fortune and mine. By that time, the ladies were so enthusiastic about the sea-going qualities of the yacht that they would have sailed around the world in her, and poor Pyne had no difficulty in persuading them to take the leisurely way home, whilst I raced off via Newcastle and Liverpool to the other side. I received my last cable from them dated Southampton, July 30th, and they were due in New York somewhere about August 5th or 6th, allowing for ordinary winds and weather. During the night of July 21st, when midway between the Scilly Isles and the Fastnet, they ran into dense fog. Within five minutes, without the least warning, the Esmeralda was struck amidships by a big Nova Scotian barque. The little vessel sank almost like a stone. Nevertheless, your father, backed by his skipper and a splendid crew, lowered two boats, and all hands were saved, for the moment. It was Pyne's boast that his boats were always stored with food and water against any kind of emergency, but, of course, they made every effort to reach the ship which had sunk them, rather than endeavor to sail back to this coast. As the Esmeralda was under steam at the time, her boilers exploded as she went down, and this undoubtedly caused the second catastrophe. The captain noticed that the strange ship went off close hauled to the wind, which blew steadily from the west, so he, in the leading boat, with your father and mother, you and my wife and child, followed in that direction. He shouted to four men in the second boat to keep close, as the fog was terrific. The barque, the John S., hearing the noise of bursting boilers, promptly swung round, and in the effort to render assistance caused the second and far more serious catastrophe. The captain's boat encountered her just as the two crafts were getting way on them. Someone in the boat shouted, they heard an answering hail, and instantly crashed into the barque's bows. The sail became entangled in the martingale of the bowsprit, the boat was driven under and filled, and the second boat crashed into her. All the occupants of the captain's boat were thrown into the sea. You were grasped by a negro, a powerful swimmer. He, with yourself and two sailors, were rescued, and that was all. Your father was a strong man and he could swim well. He must have been stunned or injured in some way. The two sailors jumped from the second boat and clung to the barque's bobstays. The whole thing was over in a few seconds."

(Continued Next Week.)

The health inspector reports that all diphtheria cases have recovered, and although there are several cases of a mild type of measles there are only three cases of infectious disease quarantined in the municipality.

The large lumber drying warehouses of the Coast Lumber and Fuel Co., now in course of erection on Bodwell Road, are rapidly nearing completion and will soon be ready to receive the first instalment of green lumber, which will be conveyed by the B. C. E. Ry. from the Fraser River on their new extension.

The city authorities having declined to reciprocate by acknowledging South Vancouver licenses to teamsters and expressmen, it will now be necessary for such to take out double licenses to enable them to avoid being fined when crossing the boundary.

The old municipal hall, which has done so many years' good service, has now been moved to its new site near the recreation grounds on Wilson Park.

A SERIOUS JAR.

If Jem is the same as Jim,
And G sounds the same as J,
Then between a Gem, and Jim, and Jem,
What is the difference, eh?

We read about Gem Jars,—
Jars made for holding jam.
Then, are these Gem jars jim jam jars?
(Be calm, my mind, be calm.).

Jim-jams is a modified way
Of saying delirium trem;
And the jars of a fit of the "blues,"
Why, nothing can equal them.

So alter the name at once,
Lest discussion should wax hot;
And call the Gem Jam Jar, instead,
The James Preserving Pot.

But if folks are opposed to this,
As many doubtless are,
Then let the jar have its name in full,—
As the Jim-Jem Gem Jam Jar.

WHAT THE COAL SAYS.

I am as black as black can be,
But yet I shine.
My home is deep within the earth,
In a dark mine.
Ages ago I was buried there,
And yet I hold
The sunshine and heat that warmed
That world of old.
Though black and cold I seem to be,
Yet I can glow.
Just put me in a blazing fire,
Then you will know.

—Kindergarten Review.

SCEPTICS.

When your old dad was as little as you
Was he likely to do
What they wanted him to?
Why, certainly so! And as quick as a wink
He did as they bid him before you could think.
Hey! Hey?
What did you say?
What makes you keep winking and grinning that way?
Your uncle's been "tellin' you sumthin'"?
You mustn't believe all the stories you hear.

When dad and his playmates were nice little boys,
The first of their joys
Was giving their toys
To poor little children who needed them more;
Your dad was so good he gave all of his store.

A Knickerbocker Poet Revised.

Woodman, spare that tree,
Touch not a single bough!
I'm out for politics
And conservation now.

—New York Sun.

TAKE NOTICE, that, 30 days from date, we, Kenneth P. Matheson, miner, and John M. Baker, agent, both of Vancouver, B. C., intend to apply for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the vacant ground, both foreshore and submarine, in the following described area: 1. Commencing at a post planted on the foreshore of the SW¼ of section 9, Gabriola Island, Nanaimo Dist.; thence 80 chains south; thence 80 chains west; thence 80 chains north; thence 80 chains east, to point of commencement.

Dated December 4th, 1911.

KENNETH P. MATHESON.
JOHN M. BAKER.
Western Call, 1st insertion, Dec. 29, 1911.

TAKE NOTICE, that, 30 days from date, we, Kenneth P. Matheson, miner, and John M. Baker, agent, both of Vancouver, B. C., intend to apply for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the vacant ground, both foreshore and submarine, in the following described area: 2. Commencing at a post planted on the foreshore of the SW¼ of section 9, Gabriola Island, Nanaimo Dist.; thence 80 chains south; thence east 80 chains; thence north to the shore line of Gabriola Island; thence westerly, following the shore line to point of commencement.

Dated December 4th, 1911.

KENNETH P. MATHESON.
JOHN M. BAKER.
Western Call, 1st insertion, Dec. 29, 1911.

TAKE NOTICE, that, 30 days from date, we, Kenneth P. Matheson, miner, and John M. Baker, agent, both of Vancouver, B. C., intend to apply for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the vacant ground, both foreshore and submarine, in the following described area: 3. Commencing at a post planted on the foreshore of Gabriola Island, and one mile west of a post planted on the foreshore of the SW¼ of section 9, Gabriola Island, Nanaimo Dist.; thence 80 chains south; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains, to point of commencement.

Dated December 4th, 1911.

KENNETH P. MATHESON.
JOHN M. BAKER.
Western Call, 1st insertion Dec. 29, 1911.

TAKE NOTICE, that, 30 days from date, we, Kenneth P. Matheson, miner, and John M. Baker, agent, both of Vancouver, B. C., intend to apply for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the vacant ground, both foreshore and submarine in the following described area: 4. Commencing at a post planted on the foreshore of Gabriola Island, and 2 miles west of a post planted on the foreshore of the SW¼ of section 9, Gabriola Island, Nanaimo Dist; thence south 80 chains; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains, to point of commencement.

Dated December 4th, 1911.

KENNETH P. MATHESON.
JOHN M. BAKER.
Western Call, 1st insertion, Dec. 29, 1911.

TAKE NOTICE, that, 30 days from date, we Kenneth P. Matheson, miner, and John M. Baker, agent, both of Vancouver, B. C., intend to apply for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the vacant ground, both foreshore and submarine in the following described area: 5. Commencing at a post planted on the foreshore of Gabriola Island, and 3 miles west of a post planted on the foreshore of the SW¼ of section 9, Gabriola Island, Nanaimo Dist; thence 80 chains south; thence west 80 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence east 80 chains to point of commencement.

Dated December 4th, 1911.

KENNETH P. MATHESON.
JOHN M. BAKER.
Western Call, 1st insertion, Dec. 29, 1911.

TAKE NOTICE, that, 30 days from date, we, Kenneth P. Matheson, miner, and John M. Baker, agent, both of Vancouver, B. C., intend to apply for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the vacant ground, both foreshore and submarine, in the following described area: 6. Commencing at a post planted on the foreshore of Gabriola Island, and 2 miles west of a post planted on the foreshore of the SW¼ of section 9, Gabriola Island, Nanaimo Dist.; thence 80 chains west; thence north to the shore line; thence following the shore line southerly to point of commencement.

Dated December 4th, 1911.

KENNETH P. MATHESON.
JOHN M. BAKER.
Western Call, 1st insertion Dec. 29, 1911.

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Dated December 4th, 1911.

KENNETH P. MATHESON.
JOHN M. BAKER.
Western Call, 1st insertion, Dec. 29, 1911.

TAKE NOTICE, that, 30 days from date, we, Kenneth P. Matheson, miner, and John M. Baker, agent, both of Vancouver, B. C., intend to apply for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following submarine ground: 8. Commencing at a point 4 miles west and 1½ miles north of a post planted on the foreshore of the SW¼ of section 9, Gabriola Island, Nanaimo Dist.; thence 60 chains west; thence 80 chains north; thence 60 chains east; thence 80 chains south, to point of commencement.

Dated December 4th, 1911.

KENNETH P. MATHESON.
JOHN M. BAKER.
Western Call, 1st insertion, Dec. 29, 1911.

TAKE NOTICE, that, 30 days from date, we, Kenneth P. Matheson, miner, and John M. Baker, agent, both of Vancouver, B. C., intend to apply for a license to prospect for coal and petroleum on the following submarine ground: 9. Commencing at a point 4 miles west and 2½ miles north of a post planted on the foreshore of the SW¼ of section 9, Gabriola Island, Nanaimo Dist.; thence 80 chains west; thence 80 chains north; thence 80 chains east; thence 80 chains south, to point of commencement.

Dated December 4th, 1911.

KENNETH P. MATHESON.
JOHN M. BAKER.
Western Call, 1st insertion, Dec. 29, 1911.

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Dated December 4th, 1911.

KENNETH P. MATHESON.
JOHN M. BAKER.
Western Call, 1st insertion, Dec. 29, 1911.

January Clean-up Sale

Starts Friday, Jan. 5, 1912, at 9 a.m.

Entire Stock Sacrificed without mercy. It is the policy of this store never to carry goods from one season to the next—hence these prices:

Big Bargains in Flannelettes 8½c yd.

20 pieces only Blouse Flannelettes in Polka dots, Stripes, Dresden Designs, Black and White Checks, etc., also 15 pieces Plain, White and Pink, Pink, Grey, Faun and Blue Stripes. All good quality and width, exceptional value, at per yard - 8½c

Heavy Komona Cloths in Dark Red, Pale-blue and Green. Regular 25c, cut to - - - 17½c

Fancy Handkerchiefs at Cost

White Bed Spreads, full size, reg. $1.50 to $2.00, slightly soiled, cut to - - 75c

12/4 Flannelette Blankets cut to $1.75 pair

Balance of Christmas Neckwear and Jabots done up in fancy boxes. Regular 75c, cut to - - - 50c

Fancy Jabots and Collars in Net Lace, etc. Regular 35c, cut to - - 25c

Ladies' Hemstitched Handkerchiefs, while they last per doz. - - 35c

Ladies' Fine Cashmere Hose, including Llama and Angora makes. Regular 50c, cut to - - - - 25c

Ladies' Kid Gloves, Black, Tan and White, cut to - - - 75c pair

Men's Dept.

Lined Working Gloves, Ryan make, every pair guaranteed. Reg. $1.00, cut to 50c

Men's Worsted Sox, reg. 35c to 50c, cut to 25c

Sweater Coats, reg. $5.00, cut to $3.35; reg. $3.75, cut to $2.65.

Dress Shirts cut to - - 45c

Pen Angle Fleece Lined Vests and Drawers. Regular 75c, cut to - - 45c

All Underwear Greatly Reduced

Toys 1-2 Price

Horse and Cart, Rocking Horses, Kid Body Dolls. Regular 25c, cut to - 15c

Dressed Sleeping Dolls. Reg. 75c, cut to 50c

Highland Laddie Dolls. Reg. 65c, cut to 40c

Shooting Games. Reg. 50c, cut to - 25c

Animals. Reg. 50c, cut to - 25c

Children's Coats

We have secured a line of travellers' samples in Bearskin and Cloth Coats which we are offering at Half Price.

Remember Sale Starts Friday, Jan. 5th, 1912, at 9 A. M.

MARK C. GILCHRIST, 1744 Park Drive Grandview

The people living in the vicinity of D. L. 186 are experiencing much anxiety on account of a large quantity of blasting powder which is being stored in a rough lumber shed, the door of which is insecurely fastened by a padlock. Chief of Police Parkinson reported the matter fully to the council, and steps will be taken immediately to have the explosive removed or destroyed.

Vote for FINDLAY and Aldermen who will give him Support in a Fair, Clean, Progressive Administration of Public Affairs.

Sanitary Market

2613 MAIN STREET, Near Broadway

Why Go Down Town?

Do your shopping at the Sanitary Market. We handle everything in Meat, Fish and Fresh Dressed Poultry.

Special for Saturday Only—Good Lard 2 lbs. 25c

A satisfied customer our greatest advertisement for we have the goods at prices you like.

No Credit. No Delivery. Strictly Cash.

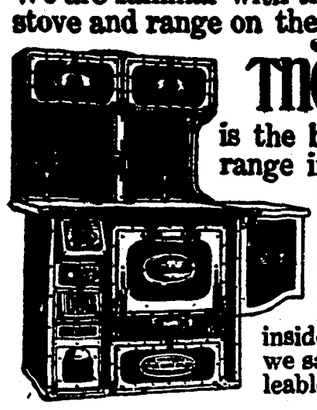
We give you the benefit of all expense of delivery and book-keeping

This is an INDEPENDENT Market

Our Opinion on the Range Question

We know we have your confidence and we have made ourselves worthy of it by handling the very best merchandise in our line.

We are familiar with the good qualities of every stove and range on the market. In our opinion



The South Bend Malleable Range is the best of them all and the range in service will back us up in every good thing we can say of it. If there was a better range made, we would advise you to buy it. Will you not come and see it? We are sure we can convince you inside of five minutes that what we say about the South Bend Malleable is true.

W. R. OWEN

2337 Main Street - Phone Fairmont 447

Important negotiations between the Board of Trade and the Western Canada Power Company, relative to the conditions on which the company would be prepared to introduce power to the Municipality of South Vancouver, may be looked for early in 1912.

Vote for Findlay and Non-Partizan Administration of City Affairs

The plans for the laying of the proposed cable service in South Vancouver have been completed, and the work will be proceeded with as soon as the plans have passed the municipal council.

In connection with Court Lakeview of the Independent Order of Foresters, a grand banquet will be held on Tuesday, January 9th, when the installation of officers will take place.

The work of extending the Main street car line from Rosenburg road to the Eburne line, is being rushed forward, and it has been announced that it will be ready for service by the middle of January.

The Little Mountain reservoir has now been completed at a total cost of $95,000. Its capacity when filled to the overflow level of the waste pipe is 25,000,000 gallons, and the total cost to the city figures out at $3.80 per 1000 gallons capacity.

Police Chief Jackson, of South Vancouver, has issued his report for 1911. The total informations sworn before Magistrate McArthur were 260, and the total fines imposed amounted to $1,019. Highway offences totalled 43; violations of the Health Act, 35; disorderly conduct, 24; cases of theft, 22; cases of cruelty to animals, 20; cases under the blasting by-law, 19; charges of assault, 17. Six boys were brought before the magistrate on various charges and released on suspended sentence, and one pool room license was forfeited.

Fire Chief Jordan, of South Vancouver, reports that since his appointment on August 11th the brigade has responded to 45 calls. Of these, 36 were to bush fires; 6 in connection with dwellings or stores; and 3 were false alarms. The damage caused by the outbreaks amounted to about $6,000. There are now 5 fire halls, 6 regular firemen, and about 50 volunteers.

Vote for Findlay and Non-Partizan Administration of City Affairs

Constable Bramwell's annual report shows that sixty head of cattle were impounded at a cost to their respective owners of $145.

A boys' brigade is being formed in connection with St. Mary's Church, and it is confidently expected that a large number of lads will become members at the first meeting.

The church members last Thursday gave a tea party and Christmas tree to the children. The new church hall in which the social was held was tastefully decorated, and the tree was a mass of lights and presents. After tea the tree was quickly cleared of its load by the Rev. Owen Buckley, and then the hall being cleared, numerous games were indulged in.

The Fraser Avenue Improvement Association will meet in the near future to consider the appointment of a paid secretary to more effectively carry out the work in connection with the Fraser avenue improvement scheme. According to a statement made by Councillor J. B. Martin, secretary of the association, the scheme is making good progress, and a large number of owners have been approached and have consented to deed over the seven feet of land necessary on both sides of the avenue for widening purposes.

LOUGHEED & CO.

Home Specialists.

2343 Main Street

PHONE: FAIRMONT 497

READ LOUGHEED & CO.'S LIST

$750 CASH MAKES FIRST PAYment on a fine seven-room home on Eighteenth avenue in the choice C. P. R. property near Ontario street; seven rooms and basement, cement foundation, furnace, laundry tubs, large kitchen and pantry, with outside air shaft; den off diningroom; fireplace in dining-room; large bay window in parlor archway between parlor and hall; hidden staircase; three large bedrooms and the very best bath and toilet separate. You must see this home in order to appreciate it. Price is only $5500; $700 cash, balance arranged to suit purchaser. This is good for a few days only. Make an appointment for to-day. Keys at our office. 85-5

NINETEENTH AVENUE CORNER—A fine eight-room residence in the best part of the C. P. R. property. This house must be seen to be appreciated. It has many advantages and conveniences you will find in more expensive homes, hot water heat. The price is extremely low for such a fine home. Only $6300; $1000 cash, balance arranged to suit purchaser. Owner has deed and will trade for good building lot. We would like to show you this house. 97-3

D. L. 301—$700 CASH FOR A MODern 7-room semi-bungalow on 20th ave., half block from Main St.; this is just completed and is a beauty; furnace, fireplace and modern in every way. Price $4950; $700 cash; balance about $35 per month. Call at 262 26th Ave. east.

EIGHTH AVENUE—33 FEET NEAR Bridge with a fully modern 6-room house, besides attic. This is cheap at $5500, but it can be bought for $5000; $1000 cash, balance easy.

SIXTEENTH AVENUE—50 FEET near Columbia for $5000. This is cheap. Buy now and make a big profit before spring.

$200 CASH AND $17 PER MONTH will buy a fine 33-foot lot on Twenty-second avenue and John street. Call on us about it right away.

$250 CASH WILL MAKE FIRST payment on a 5-room bungalow near Main street; 2 bedrooms; full size basement; lot 39x100 ft. to lane; lot is fenced; lawn and flowers; chicken house and barn for horse. Price $3500; $250 cash, balance $25 per month, interest at 6 per cent. This is a snap. Will trade for a good building lot. B97-1

$700 CASH MAKES FIRST PAYment on a strictly modern 5-room bungalow on 49th avenue, near Fraser avenue car line; basement, with cement floor. Price $2,800; $400 cash, balance $25 per month, including interest. B210-1

$3300—LARGE DOUBLE CORNER on Nineteenth avenue and John street. Third cash, balance arranged. This is the cheapest double corner in D. L. 301. B179-5

$1600—50-FOOT CORNER ON 17TH avenue, one block from car. This is the cheapest 50-foot corner in the city; $700 cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months. B209-4

100 FEET—Corner on 17TH AVENUE, two blocks from car; all cleared. This is cheap; price $3300; one-third cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months. B186-1

$500 CASH PAYMENT WILL PURchase a strictly modern 5-room bungalow on Thomas street, near Westminster road. This is a dandy place; basement, with furnace and trays; 2 bedrooms, bath and toilet; a light kitchen, with cooling cabinet, paneled dining room, fireplace, with electric connections; a swell parlor; fine view from front verandah. This is cheap. Price cut to $3100 from $3500; $500 cash, balance monthly payments. Call at once for this one. B146-1

$750 CASH WILL PURCHASE A fine six-room residence on Seventeenth avenue, in the swell part of the C. P. R. property. This home must be sold at once. Think of a fine modern home with all the latest conveniences for $4,750. $750 cash, balance 6, 12, 18 and 24 months and $2,000 mortgage for three years; full lot 33 by 122 feet to 20-foot lane; one block from Sixteenth avenue carline when completed. Please see us at once. 175-1

SEE OUR SIGN AT MAIN ST. AND 8th avenue. We are open evenings until 9 p. m.

Lougheed

& CO.

Real Estate—Loans.

General Agents, Bulaview. Eburne Heights.

2343 Main Street

Phone: Fairmont 497

MAYOR TAYLOR'S SUBTERFUGE

(Continued from page 1)

a single fact to show where he has been sincere in this matter.

In every one of the foregoing cases we are sure of our ground and know that our statements are accurate and it will not do for Mayor Taylor to simply deny the statements. They are all statements of fact and he knows that they are true in every detail.

They are also strictly criticisms of Mayor Taylor and not Mr. Taylor, and it is the legitimate business of every ratepayer to consider them, and all we can say is this—if you like the policy outlined above, a policy of subterfuge and deceit, then support Taylor. If, on the other hand, you wish to be free from such duplicity, then support Findlay and a clean administration.

ELECTION OF ALDERMEN.

R. J. McLean has been selected as a candidate for Aldermanic honors and responsibilities in Ward V. He has in his favor good Scotch blood, sterling character, above average intelligence and six years' experience as road master in Manitoba. Trustworthiness is written on his features and demonstrated in his life. He is a member of the Improvement Committee of Ward V. East End Ratepayers' Association, and also secretary of the Mount Pleasant Presbyterian church and of its board of managers.

He stands squarely for temperance, moral reform and progressive government. He is an enthusiast on annexation of adjacent municipalities, permanent high class improvements and rocking outlying districts with rock crushed by portable rock crushers on the ground to be improved.

He is solidly against granting long term franchises to corporations, including the B. C. Electric.

T. S. Baxter: Few men in Vancouver are as well acquainted with the Fifth Ward as Mr. T. S. Baxter, who is now an aldermanic candidate for its duties and honors. He has been three times alderman of this ward during his nineteen years' residence within its bounds.

His platform may be stated thus in brief: "I believe in the Fifth Ward and Greater Vancouver; in a clean, progressive government for the city; in good roads, better transportation, and a line of auto omnibuses to meet the emergency confronting us today; in improved harbors and the things that provide for the multitudes coming from every land to make Vancouver their permanent home."

Mr. Baxter has been in this city twenty-one years, during which time he was for seven years first assistant teacher in the Mount Pleasant public schools. The remainder of his time has been spent in study, business and the practice of law. He is a lawyer by profession and a business man by choice.

Mr. Baxter has engaged the Oddfellows' hall, Mount Pleasant, for a meeting on the evening of Jan. 5, to which he cordially invites all Fifth Ward candidates.

If you want a Mayor who will Represent the City, and not Individuals and Corporations, Vote for FINDLAY

ALDERMAN WILLIAMSON.

With the exception of six weeks that Alderman Williamson was in the hospital, he has been a most energetic worker for Ward V, and richly deserves to be returned to the council for another year.

You may always know where Mr. Williamson is at on any question. He knows nothing about equivocation or subterfuge. He is always plain spoken and honest in his convictions and we admire him for it.

He is a practical man and is a good type of citizen to have on the council.

We have no hesitancy in urging our readers to support him as one of the aldermen for Ward V.

If you want a Mayor who will Represent the City, and not Individuals and Corporations, Vote for FINDLAY

Mr. Wm. Davis, candidate as alderman for Ward V, whose platform appears in another part of the paper, has lived in Mount Pleasant for nearly fourteen years. Mr. Davis has property in the east end, the west end and the centre of the ward, making him thoroughly interested in the whole ward. Mr. Davis has always taken an active part in civic affairs. In 1907 he served as License Commissioner, during which term he successfully opposed the granting of licenses to cafes.

On account of ill health Mr. Davis has given up his profession and so will be able to devote all his time to civic matters if elected as alderman of Ward V. Mr. Davis promises to stand for the things which the citizens of this ward favor.

Mr. Wm. Winn of 1075 Tenth avenue west, candidate for aldermanic honors and duties in Ward VI, stands for the moral uplift of the city; the efficient spending of civic moneys; the laying of all sewer and water connections to the lot line before permanent pavement is laid; better transportation, prmanent street grades, adequate and permanent sewers, the present system of taxation and other matters that make for the prosperity of the Sixth Ward and Greater Vancouver.

Mr. Winn has been endorsed by a majority vote in two ratepayers' meetings and two hundred voters.

As a citizen he has aimed to do his duty and now pledges himself to serve the public to the best of his ability.

PARK COMMISSIONERS.

E. S. Knowlton, one of the Park Commissioner candidates, is well and favorably known in Vancouver, where he has resided for sixteen years, during which time he has been thoroughly identified with public interests. He was four years a member of the Exhibition Association Board; director of the Vancouver Horse Show Association two years; president of the Pharmaceutical Association one year; representative of the British Columbia Pharmaceutical Association conventions in Toronto, Ont.; Banff, Alberta, and Halifax, Nova Scotia. He is a director in the Vancouver British Empire Fire Insurance Association.

Mr. Knowlton is devoted in the improvement of the public parks of the city and stands for good, permanent roads in the parks and the everlasting exclusion of trams. He believes in the preservation of choice natural parks in and adjacent to the city as breathing places for men, women and children in years to come.