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VICTORIA, B. C.

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NO! WHY?

The Western Call

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IN ADVANCE

Vancouver City, Mount Pleasant, South Vancouver and The Province

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STATE AID TO THE PRODUCERS

South Australia has passed what is known as the "Advances to Settlers' Act," which provides that advances up to $3,000 may be made to settlers on Crown lands for "ring-barking," "clearing," "grubbing," "fencing," "the erection of permanent water improvement," "permanent buildings," "purchase of stock," etc. The repayment of the loans extend over a period of thirty years, with interest at 5 per cent., payable half-yearly. During the first five years only the payment of the interest is asked, but from that date forward a regular half-yearly instalment of principal will be paid.

There has been 136 applicants for loans, of which 74 were approved, showing that care is exercised to see that only proper persons can secure this help.

We have frequently advocated just such a principle for British Columbia. Is there no member of the local house who is public-spirited enough to introduce such a measure.

The cry of "back to the soil" is vain as long as we give our land over to the speculator and refuse help to the settler. It costs money to settle on the land, and every possible assistance should be given.

Then, again, it would be a mighty good investment for the Government. They would receive 5 per cent. interest and the loan could be granted only as a "progressive loan," or payable only on improvements as they were made. For instance, a settler wishes to build a house; he would submit his plans to the Government official in the same way as to a loan Company, and upon his approval would proceed to construct and receive his loan at certain stages of construction. Or, perhaps, he wishes to fence, clear and break fifty acres, an estimate would be made and payments advanced on the loan as the work progressed. Thus it would be seen the Government would run no risks as the improvements would be equivalent security for the amount advanced, besides they also would have the land as additional security.

It is not only feasible and good business, but it is imperative that some such scheme be instigated, otherwise we run grave risks of dissipating the greatest public heritage a people ever had.

IRRESPONSIBLE OFFICIALS.

Provincial Mineralogist Robinson, who recently made such an absurd statement regarding Portland Canal, has been the recipient of several very pointed letters regarding his ill-advised attack, and justly so. We have recently learned from a gentleman who was with Mr. Robinson during his visit in that district, that he only spent five days in the whole district, and only visited two properties. One morning, because of a little flurry of snow, he would not go out at all. In comparison to this, we have the record of Mr. McConnel, the Dominion Mineralogist, that he spent about four months in the district and then stated that it was only about half enough to do the work properly. Mr. McConnel had quite a number of men with him and they worked in all sorts of weather.

The citizens of British Columbia are deeply interested in the natural resources of the country, and an official who will go off at half-cock like Robinson should receive his walking ticket at once, for the longer he is retained the more harm he will do, and the harm he does cannot be counteracted except by years of toil. This is not his first offence, **but it should be his last.**

GREATER VANCOUVER.

"I do not want to see the older wards of this city forced to pay for the improvement of the outlying districts." Such was the sentiment expressed by Ald. Hepburn in offering his initial objection to the scheme of a "Greater Vancouver."

If an argument were wanted to support the claims made for a commission form of government, the foregoing remark should be absolutely convincing. It is this narrow ward spirit which is responsible for many of the serious mistakes made in the past, for which we are now suffering, and for which generations yet unborn will also suffer. This practice of setting "ward" against "ward," "business section" against "residential sections," etc., is what retards expansion and is the greatest obstacle in the way of a "Greater Vancouver" that exists. Could Ward I. or Ward II. exist and property values increase if it were not for the business brought in from the outlying districts? Would the business section be a "business section" if it were not supported by a large residential district? According to Ald. Hepburn's reiterated argument, only the taxes paid into the treasury by a given district should be spent in that district. He would deny to outlying sections the expenditure of money for improvements because the taxes of the district was not equal to the expenditure.

Let us banish such sentiments from our minds, and as citizens of a city with a future which is unrivalled by that of any other on the continent, let us assume a broader position and grapple with the tremendous problems facing us, with a united front and a single motive—**the advancement and establishment of a Greater Vancouver.**

PARK DRIVE BRIDGE.

About a month ago Ald. Stevens made a strong protest before the Board of Works and the City Council anent the Park Drive bridge over the G. N. R. cut, claiming it was unsafe. At that time City Engineer Clements stated it was **"safe."**

The Mayor paid a visit to the bridge and ordered it repaired, also thinking it unsafe. Again Mr. Clement said "safe."

It will be noted that both of the afore-mentioned gentlemen are opposed to the City Engineer.

Ald. McBride last week paid his respects to the said bridge, and in his wisdom also decided it was unsafe. This time, be it noted, the Alderman was the City Engineer's chief champion, so, lo and behold! our worthy Engineer decides that the bridge is "unsafe," and the City Council order the B. C. Electric to have its passengers walk across the bridge.

Then along comes Mr. Cambie of the C. P. R., and Mr. Vorse of the B. C. Electric, who decide it is **"safe,"** and again we witness a sudden change in the City Engineer, and he religiously echoes **"safe."**

From these facts it would appear that Mr. Clement based his judgment and decision upon three distinct sentiments:

First—Personal enmity to those who complained;

Second—Subserviency, at any cost, to the chief champion of his cause, the chairman of Board of Works;

Third—A desire to agree with two eminent fellow engineers.

This may be good politics, but it is questionable ability.

It is a shame that the Province news boys are allowed to carry on the way they do every day, at the corner of 7th and Westminster Ave. They make use of a small shack in the alley, back of the Union Bank, where the boys receive their papers for delivery. Complaints of foul language of a Billingsgate quality is the common thing.

DO THE "TRADE" CONTROL THE LICENSE COMMISSION

Is the Position Used for Personal Ends?

As the end of the year draws nearer, it is natural that the citizens should scan carefully the record of those who have been representing them during the past year.

It is not our intention to discuss here the merits or demerits of the Council Board, but only that of the **License Commission.** This body is in absolute control of the liquor licenses of the city, and hence it is very important that it should be constituted of men above reproach. Unfortunately the citizens only elect two members of this commission, and the Provincial Government appoint two, who, with the Mayor as chairman, constitute the board.

Last year the people elected Jas. Findlay and H. A. Edgett, and the government appointed Messrs. Crehan and Williamson. The work of the board on the whole has been fairly satisfactory. There was a determined effort on the part of Messrs. Findlay, Crehan and Williamson to keep the standard of hotels up to a very high level, and many times licenses were cancelled or dealt with in a very strict manner; but it has been noted by many close observers that through some subtle influence these actions have been reversed at a subsequent meeting of the board, thus undoing what had previously been accomplished. A careful sifting of the matter to discover the source of this influence points strongly to the one member of the board who is in a peculiar position to profit because of his connection and who by his experience is best fitted to accomplish these subtle moves, that is to H. A. Edgett, the well-known grocer.

It is an open secret that Mr. Edgett is viewed as the **"representative of the License Victuallers' Association,"** and is lovingly spoken of by them as **"our man,"** or, when speaking of the provision end of the hotel business it has often been remarked that **"we cannot afford to pass up Edgett; he is a good friend of ours."**

Of course it is a well-known fact that nearly every hotel in the city buys exclusively from the Hastings Street store; this, of course, is not illegal, as a License Commissioner is allowed to canvass the hotels (which he is elected to control) for trade, while the Mayor and Aldermen are not permitted to sell anything whatever to the city directly or indirectly. This does not seem fair, and it is possible that in the past, or even now, the position of **License Commissioner** has been used as a means to boost certain private interests.

What seems to be a remarkable coincident is the fact that, prior to entering the field as a candidate for License Commissioner, Mr. Edgett had never been known to interest himself in public affairs in any respect whatsoever, and when he did come forward to serve the public (?) it was as a candidate for the only position which could directly benefit his business as a grocery man and provision merchant.

Mr. Edgett is only human, and it is quite natural that he should accept all the hotel trade which was offered him, and we cannot question his right to do so; but we do question the wisdom of the citizens in electing to such an office one who must necessarily have personal interests so intricately interwoven with those of his public office that it would take a person of extremely strong temperament to discriminate equitably between the two, that is of course, providing the only motive was the public interest; but it is nothing short of madness on the part of the electors to elect as a License Commissioner any one who should seek the position only as a means to supplement his own trade.

As already stated, there has been some very questionable actions on the part of the board during the past year, one in particular, on which we made some very strong comments at the time, was the case of the Atlantic Hotel. The proprietors of this house were convicted of illicit sale of liquor on Sundays, and the license cancelled; at a subsequent meeting the one of the partners who claimed ignorance received the license again, and the most active spirit in reissuing the license was Commissioner Edgett. A pertinent and, we think, a fair question would be: "Did this house purchase extensively from Edgett prior to the cancelling of the license?" and "Do they purchase from him now?"

Another very interesting case was that of a hotel on Main St. which was about to be transferred, and one of the stipulations in the transfer was that the transferee should buy his groceries from Edgett. Of course, as already stated, this is not illegal, but is it advisable to have such intimate relations existing between Commissioner and licensee?

Would it not be in the best interests of the city to have the charter amended so that it **would** be illegal for a Commissioner to sell goods to a holder of a license?

We purpose dealing at length with this problem, and are convinced that sufficient data can be obtained to persuade the most skeptical reader that it is high time this pernicious practice was stopped. Watch these columns next week for some **interesting facts.**

DEMOCRATS GET AN INNINGS.

The remarkable victory of the Democrats in the recent congressional elections in the U. S. came as a surprise to many. It was not expected, but now that it is over, we can record this event as another evidence of the wonderful strength and influence of the "great silent vote."

The people will stand just so much "jolly" and no more. The Republicans have been giving the American people a "jolly" for the last eight or ten years, and the people decided it was time for a change so—exit Republicans.

The tarrif question was the paramount issue and the chief cause of the turn over. The tariff wall in America has resulted in advancing the interests of the favored few, but not in relieving the position of the masses, and they were tiring of it.

There is no doubt but that election results will have considerable effect on the negotiations now going on at Ottawa regarding "reciprocity," it may make it somewhat easier to arrange a tarrif which will meet the interests of both nations more equitably.

COST OF RADIUM.

Sir William Ramsay recently announced that radium now costs $2,100,000 an ounce, which price is slightly less than the value given by him about a year ago, as $2,500,000. A year ago there was said to be about one-quarter of a pound of radium in the world. As a matter of fact, the actual quantity is not now much greater. Radium banks have been established in Paris and London for the purpose of lending radium at a price. As much as $200 has been charged for the use of 100 milligrammes for a single day.

A WARNING TO BRITISH COLUMBIA

The following despatch from Australia is a strong comment upon the wasteful policy of the Provincial Government as regards the "Land Department." We do not make this statement simply to attack the Government, but because we realize that in many ways the McBride administration has been admirable, but in respect of the land policy, we would not be doing our duty were we not, on all possible occasions, to sound a note of warning against the wasteful policy of our government as regards the public domain. The land is rapidly passing into the hands of unscrupulous speculators, and the day is not far distant when we will be called upon to either purchase it back at enormous cost, or else to suffer the unutterable burden of carrying a host of "land sharks." Let us take warning from the experience of others. The article referred to is as follows:

Encouraging Small Farmers.

Though a very large proportion of the land in Queensland is still Crown property, in the most favoured districts it has been found necessary from time to time to buy back large areas alienated in earlier years. To some extent that policy continues to be pursued, and with highly beneficial results so far as settlement and agricultural development are concerned. Up to June 30 last the Government had acquired in this way 497,095 acres at a total cost of £1,349,250.

The bulk of that land passed into the original owners' hands either as free selections or selections taken up at 2s. 6d. an acre or less. The progress of the State had enormously increased its value, and a strong demand had arisen for it to be cut up into comparatively small holdings. The Government, as it took possession, endeavoured to meet the demand and to encourage small farmers—small as they are counted in Queensland, where a farm may mean anything from 20 or 30 acres up to as many as ????? copy jagged .....

THE LAW AND THE LAW-BREAKERS.

"Standard of Empire."

In so far as that we need progress in the carrying out of our present code—as in all other matters—we may be grateful for Mr. John Galsworthy's play, "Justice," because it has stirred up the public mind. The stirring brings a lot of muddy sentiment to the surface, of course; but it may also bring some knowledge, and desire for betterment must, in any case, preface betterment. There was some solemn nonsense in Mr. Galsworthy's play. So there was in "It's Never Too Late to Mend." But Reade's book did good, by making people think for themselves. People as a whole are kindly, and not over and above wise. So their first thought with regard to prison reform is that things should be made more materially comfortable for the prisoner. Now it may be said with every imaginable emphasis and without fear of contradiction, that a thrice-convicted burglar in a modern English penal establishment is materially better off than the poorest class of worker outside the prison. In matters of food, lodging, clothing, hygiene, leisure, access to books, and the like, he is better off. It is mathematically true to say that, in Dartmoor, fo rinstance, the health average is much higher than in Bethnal Green. The *kindly, generous, sentimental* public is hopelessly wrong in its vague desire to make prisons more comfortable places than they are. But that is not to say that our prison system stands in no need of reform. So long as punishment fails, as our present prison system fails, to make criminals turn away from crime, it is in need of reform. But it is being reformed all the time; and in the right direction; not in silly, coddling, sentimental ways, but by the development, for example, of the Borstal system, and the segregation of "juvenile adults." What is required is recognition of the fact that punishment—imprisonment—must, to be just and helpful, be varied not only in severity or duration, but in kind. The difference between one month and one year is not adequate.

RECIPROCITY.

That there is room for readjustment of our tariff relations with the United States will be disputed by few, but when it comes to advocating reciprocity, it is simply advocating something which will be of distinct advantage to the United States and would result in throwing open the vast natural resources of Canada for exploitation of the Americans.

The following figures quoted from the "Monetary Times" are interesting:

According to the official figures, we purchased from the United States during the year ended March, 1909, goods to the value of $239,070,549. Of that total nearly half, or $106,044,412, came into Canada free of duty. In other words, imports from the United States, valued at approximately $239,000,000, were subjected to less than $30,000,000 duty. Canada's exports to the neighboring republic in the same period were valued at $110,614,327, of which more than $6,000,000 represented foreign goods. Even including that amount, Canada's total exports to the United States were only $4,000,000 less than the imports which came in from that country free of duty, still leaving a balance of dutiable trade to the amount of $133,000,000 in favor of our neighbors. Contrasted with these figures are those of another big customer, Great Britain, from whom we purchased only $95,000,000 worth of merchandise, $23,000,000 of which came in free of duty. Despite these small purchases, Canada sold to Great Britain goods valued at $149,630,488, of which $10,000,000 represented foreign articles.

From these figures one thing must impress the reader very forcibly, viz.: that the field of trade within the Empire is worthy 2 WEESTERN CALL ....a..... .... pw of very grave consideration, and that it is **absolutely essential that heavy export duty be placed on all our raw materials,** whatever we may do with the import duty.

Uncle Sam wishes "reciprocity" because it is to the advantage of American trade to have it. Their own natural resources are **dissipated.** They want the handling of ours. Let us beware or else our heritage will slip from our control. Our distinct duty lies toward the Empire rather than to our cousins to the South.

OIL AS FUEL.

(Scientific American.)

Apparently, engineer officers of our navy are most favorably impressed with oil fuel, and this as the result of their practical experience on ships that are equipped for its use. Lieut. Com. Allen, of the "Nebraska," estimates that weight for weight, fuel oil will carry his ship one-third farther than coal and at much less expense, the saving of course varying with the local market price of the oil. In that ship, one thousand tons of oil can be carried in the double bottom, over and above that which could be stowed in the bunker spaces, and this one thousand tons would be sufficient to carry the vessel about five thousand miles.

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The Cause of Revolutions

REV. MERTON SMITH

Read Acts xvii:15-34.

Why were the Jesuits in Lisbon saved from the fury of the mob by the display of the British flag?

Text: "God hath made of one blood all nations of men, for to dwell on all the face of the earth—that they should seek the Lord."—Acts xvii:26-27.

This is the charter of human liberties. Paul's declaration finds its root in the first eleven chapters of Genesis, the authority of which, as inspired of God, the higher critics in college, pulpit and press, are doing their best to uproot in the minds of men.

And that is why I have to oppose their work.

They can never destroy the truth nor ever hurt it. But they can destroy its power over human life—by persuading men to believe a lie.

The Bible record shows that in pre-Xian days this occurred several times and always spelled disaster to those involved:—

1. When Adam believed the devil's lie instead of God's Word—

The devil is the real author of the higher criticism, and though many really good men have been and are still involved in it, its origin and its consequences both stand revealed.

Notice.—Adam and Eve were not bad people when they believed the devil's lie. They were wrapped in a life of innocence and surrounded by every blessing God's good hand could provide.

The devil's lie did not hurt God's truth.

But the believing it did bring awful injury to Adam and Eve and those dependent on them.

2. When Cain believed that the offering he brought ought to be as acceptable to God as was the bloody offering that Abel had brought and found acceptance in.

Cain's believing that lie did not hurt the truth, not even when he murdered Abel, "For He being dead yet speaketh"—and Abel's sacrifice, glorified now by the Cross of Christ, is still at hand for any penitent sinner to bring to God.

But it did hurt Cain and all his dependents, and that Cainite lie, eventually prevailing, dragged the whole human race, save eight persons, into its maelstrom of horrors

3. When the world, after the flood, listened to the voices of—

It's college professors
It's theologians
It's daily papers
It's novelists

Instead of to the reverend Word of God.

The Apostle Paul describes the situation thus in Rom. 1: "Men are without excuse—

"Because that, when they knew God, they glorified Him not as God, neither were thankful; but because vain in their imaginations, and their foolish heart was darkened; professing themselves to be wise, they became fools, and changed the glory of the incorruptible God into an image made like to corruptible man, and to birds, and four-footed beasts and creeping things. Wherefore God also gave them up to uncleanness through the lusts of their own hearts, to dishonor their own bodies between themselves. Who changed the truth of God into a lie, and worshipped and served the creature more than the Creator, who is blessed forever, Amen. For this cause God gave them up unto vile affections.

For even their women did change the natural use into that which is against nature. And likewise also the men, leaving the natural use of the woman, burned in their lust, one toward another; men with men working that which is unseemly, and receiving in themselves that recompense of their error which was meet. And even as they did not like to retain God in their knowledge, God gave them over to a reprobate mind, to do those things which are not convenient. Being filled with all unrighteousness, fornication, wickedness, covetousness, maliciousness, full of envy, murder, debate, deceit, malignity, whisperers, backbiters, haters of God, despiteful, proud, boasters, inventors of evil things, disobedient to parents without understanding, covenant breakers, without natural affection, implacable, unmerciful, who, knowing the judgment of God, that they who commit such things are worthy of death, not only do the same, but have pleasure in them that do them."

The forsaking by the ancient world of the Truth of God, revealed to them through Noah, did not hurt the truth of God.—That remains with us to this day, for all who will to believe or to reject.

But it did hurt the ancients, and the above is Paul's indictment of the outcome. Needless to say, history confirms Paul's awful picture.

Into this putrid mess of human frenzy God sent His Son. Christ came to His own chosen people, but they, too, were in a sad plight. Their college professors and theologians had "made void the Word of God by their traditions."

Thus did Jesus arraign the theologians of His day—Mark 7-9:

"Full well ye reject the Commandment of God, that ye may keep your own tradition, making the Word of God of none effect through your tradition which ye have delivered."

Notice.—They did not hurt the truth. That remained untouched and is with us today, absolutely as Jesus found it and left it.

But they made the Word of God of non-effect. That is, it did not have the effect it would have had if the teachers "had not turned the truth of God into a lie."

As a consequence, Israel "was scattered and lost," as sheep without a shepherd."

With infinite patience and tenderness, Jesus won to Himself a devoted little band. Those He instructed in the Mind of God. His constant companion and source of authority and inspiration was the Word of God—the Old Testament, to which He set His seal (as we have it), as the Word of God.

That Jesus, according to N. T. Record, placed this value on the Old Testament Scriptures, is not denied by the sane critic.

That, according to the New Testament, Jesus taught His Disciples that the authority and sanction and inspiration of God was behind every jot and tittle of the low, is not denied by any honest critic.

What they say is simply that Jesus did not know.

That they, the critics, have access to sources of information that Jesus did not have.

Once more, no one can honestly deny that the Disciples, taught by Christ, went out into that old pagan hell, produced by man's rejecting God's Word and believing their professors' and theologians' and philosophers' lies.

With but one weapon in their hands, the Word of God, as the God in breathed message and revelation and command of God to men.

This message God sealed with the mighty miracle of Christ's resurrection from the dead.

That this weapon was effective is witnessed by the critics themselves.

Stead puts it as "The story that transforms the world." The title is not altogether true, but there was truth enough in it to make the very angels weep for joy.

It is not easy for us who have grown up in Christendom, to comprehend the darkness into which the Gospel message went. Seneca, one of the most fascinating of the Pagan philosophers, writes of the then conditions thus:

"The world is filled with crimes and vices. Things are too far gone to be healed by any regimen. Men are battling for the palm of reprobate manners. Each day lust waxes and shame wanes. Trampling down all that is good and sacred, lust hies it whithersoever it will. Vices no longer shun the light. So barefaced is wickedness become, and so wildly does it blaze up in all bosoms, that innocence is not to say rare, but is nowhere to be found."

These scorching words of Seneca are generally supposed to have been written during the reign of Caligula—just twenty years before Paul penned the indictment of the heathen world. In Romans I. and just about the time that Peter opened the kingdom of heaven to the Gentiles in the home of Cornelius at Cesareh.

Notice.—Every educational institution in the then known world was against the Gospel message—every professor and teacher, every priest and preacher of every religion, and more than all together the Jewish professors and preachers, the custodians of God's word, of whom Jesus said:

"Making the Word of God of none effect through your tradition, which ye have delivered." Mark vii:1-3.

These men first, most bitterly and most continuously, struck at the men who promulgated the simple truths of the Gospel.

It was not the rabble who crucified XT. but the college-bred men who had evolved a system of religion superimposed upon the word of God, but which made it void to all who accepted their tradition.

The same fate awaited the Gospel Church as had overtaken the Jewish Church. The Gospel was spread with healing on its wings by the same simple men as had accompanied Christ.

John resided in Asia Minor.

Thomas preached in Parthia and later in India.

Andrew in Scythia and possibly in Scotland.

Bartholomew in India, whilst Mark founded the church in Alexandria.

Peter we lose sight of in Babylon and Paul in Rome.

Of all these the only parchment scholar was Paul, whose open confession was:

"I, brethren, when I came to you, came not with excellency of speech as wisdom, declaring unto you the Testimony of God. For I determined not to know anything among you save Jesus Christ and Him crucified." "Not with wisdom of words, lest the Cross of Christ should be made of no effect.'

What these few unlettered men accomplished is a matter of history. I need not refer to it here.

How their work was undone and the word of God again made of none effect is also a matter of history.

Christ, in removing the barrier which separated men from God, removed also the barrier which had hitherto divided men from one another. There was now the One High Priest and Mediator for all, through Whom all men, once reconciled to God, are themselves made a priestly and spiritual race—one Heavenly King, Guide and Teacher, through whom all are taught of God.

Gradually, however, the notion of a priesthood of a sacred order of men found its way into the new society.

Gradually the congregations were willing to relieve themselves of the onus of maintaining a thoroughly Christian life and to commit their spiritual concerns to the care of their bishops or presbyters.

These, on their part, began to assume a certain superiority in rank, and to restrict to themselves the title of the cleri or clergy (heritage of God), a title which hitherto had comprehended the whole body of believers.

It was the "Mystery of Iniquity" that was already working in Paul's day.

"The "leaven" that was to work until all was leavened.

Thus, little by little, the visible Church became altered until that wonderful humble, human instrument, through which God had played the water of His Word upon the old pagan world until the fires of hell began to die down, that white soul-conquering band of martyrs became altered, until in her stead the proud, murdering Roman Basileia, "arrayed in purple and scarlet colour, decked with gold and precious stones and pearls, drunken with the blood of the saints, and with the blood of the martyrs of Jesus," sat triumphant upon the prostrate liberties of the world and ruled, with ever deepening tyranny and horror, for a thousand years.

Rejecting the claim of Rome, as to the early Papal succession, as unhistorical, we may place the beginning of the Papacy in the year 399 A.D., and the first Pope Anastasius I.

From this point the power and magnificence of the Papal office rapidly rose, attaining its zenith between the years 1054-1305.

In 1294 A.D., Boniface VIII., erstwhile Benedetto Caetani, the ablest of the Cardinals, gained the Papal throne. It was in his day that Edward I. of England enforced the taxation of the clergy. Seeing Edward's success, Philip the Fair of France made a similar attempt. Against this revolt on the part of these two kings, Boniface issued the Bull "Clericus Laicos," excommunicating kings who should tax the clergy.

In the fight that followed, several Bulls were issued, culminating in that entitled "Unam Sanctam," wherein the Pope asserted his power by declaring that it is necessary to salvation to believe that "every human being is subject to the Pontiff of Rome."

If Rome is right and the Pope is infallible, that Bull forever settles the question for you and me.

We must now lift the curtain our Canadian school books have so carefully let drop and view the life of this man who claims such dues.

The quarrel between Philip the Fair and Boniface VIII. became a mortal one.

The King appealed to "a general council and a legitimate Pope."

The States General of France, under Philip's suggestion, entertained four propositions:—

1. That Boniface was not the true Pope.
2. That he was a heretic.
3. That he was a Simoniac.
4. That he was a man weighted down with crimes!

Amongst a long list of charges preferred against Boniface before the States-General were these:

That Boniface neither believed in the immortality or incorruptibility of the soul. Nor in a life to come.

That he did not observe the fasts of the church, nor even Lent.

That he spoke of the Cardinals, Monks and Friars as hypocrites.

That the Holy Land had been lost through his fault.

That the subsidies for its relief had been embezzled by him.

That his predecessor, Celestine, through his inhumanity, had been brought to death.

That he had said that fornication and other obscene practices are no sin.

That he was a sodomite and had caused clerks to be murdered in his presence.

That he had enriched himself by simony.

That his nephew's wife had borne him two illegitimate children.

These, with other and even more revolting charges, were sworn to upon the holy Gospels.

But Boniface did not live to face the trial. He was arrested and thrown into prison in Rome, where he died.

His successor, Benedict XI., reigned but a short year and died poisoned by a basket of figs, presented to him by a veiled woman.

Philip of France now made terms with Bernard de Goth, archbishop of Bordeaux, and controlling with the aid of the Colonnas, the College of Cardinals, Bernard became Clement V. and the residence of the Pope was moved from Rome to Avignon in France, where it remained for 73 years.

One of the conditions stipulated by Philip with Bernard was "the condemnation of the memory of Boniface."

The trial of the dead Boniface was

(Continued on Page 3)

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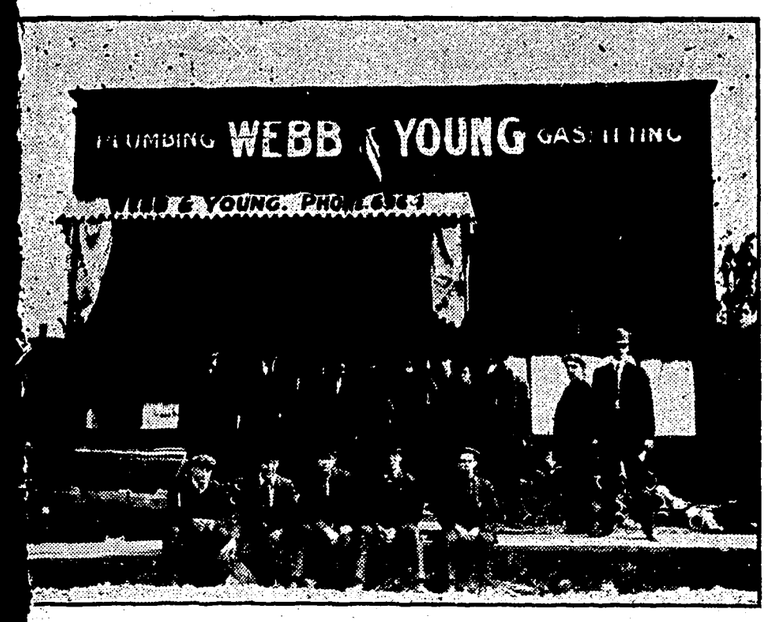

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THE CAUSE OF REVOLUTIONS.

Coutinued from Page 2)

entered upon, in 1310 A.D. The consistory was opened at Avignon, 18th March. The proceedings occupied many months. Many witnesses were examined. The main points witnessed to were these:

Boniface had declared his belief that there was no such thing as Divine law.

What was reputed as such was merely the invention of men to keep the vulgar in awe by the terrors of eternal punishment.

That it was a falsehood to assert the Trinity and fatuous to believe it.

That it was falsehood to say that a virgin had brought forth, for it was an impossibility.

That Xianity is false, because it asserts a future life, of which there is no evidence save that of visionary people.

That Boniface had been heard to declare: "God may do the worst with me that He pleases in the future life; I believe, as every educated man believes, the vulgar believe otherwise. "We have to speak as they do," but we must believe and think with the few."

That Boniface in disputing had maintained that "Neither body or soul rise again."

As far as his views are concerned, Boniface would have made a first-class higher critic had he lived today.

The Primocerio of St. John's, Naples, deposed that when a Cardinal, Boniface had said, in his presence, "So that God gives me the good things of this life, I care not a bean for that to come. A man has no more soul than a beast. Did you ever see anyone that has risen from the dead?"

A multitude of witnesses testified to such immoralities and lewdness in his private life, that I can not even name.

The trial was never finished. Compromise secured that—

Clement issued a Bull exalting Philip of France, attributing his actions to piety, exempting him from all blame, and annulling past Bulls prejudicial to him.

Philip abandoned all further action.

In 1312 three Cardinals appeared before the Council of Venice to defend the orthodoxy and holy life of Pope Boniface VIII. Two knights threw down their gauntlets to maintain his innocence by wager of battle. There was no accuser! No one took up the gage! And so Boniface VIII. passed on into cannonization and the system of the Papacy was saved. But never again to possess the unquestioned power of former days.

The evidence given was published far and wide, and the appalling fact that such charges had been made in the presence of Pope Clement and that he had by Papal Bull attributed intentions of piety to the accuser, could never be forgot.

Philip the Fair, King of France, had driven the first nail in the coffin of Papacy. From that day to this its power has declined.

The stay of the Papal court at Avignon was marked by a cynically voluptuous and licentious life. When Benedict XII greeted the Cardinals who had just elected him, it was in these words: "You have chosen an ass."

Tradition ascribes to his life the origin of the saying, "As drunk as a Pope."

Petrarch speaks of Avignon as a vast brothel. He lived there. His own sister was ruined by Pope John XXII.

Lower and lower sank the Papacy until just one generation before the Reformation.

Rodriga Borgia bought his way to the Papal throne. Publicly driving four mules, ladened with silver, into the palace of Sforza, the most influential of the Cardinals, Borgia ascended the Papal throne under the name of Alexander VI. I need not describe to you conditions under the Borgias. Nothing pagan Rome ever saw equalled that reign in lust, rapine and bloodshed.

Pope Borgia died poisoned by sweetmeats prepared by his own hand, for a wealthy Cardinal, who, learning of the Pope's design, bribed the attendant to place the poisoned candy before the Pope.

This, then, was the outcome of the departure from the Word of God.

Do not misunderstand me. Rome was not wholly bad. It had then and still has the Word of God. But it had hidden that precious Word of Truth under so many traditions that few ever reached. Such names as Peter Waldo of Lyons Wickliffe in England, John Huss in Bohemia, Anselm of Canterbury, Jerome Savonarola in Florence, John Knox in Scotland, John Calvin in Switzerland, Martin Luther in Germany, the Huguenots in France.

Tell us—there must have been multitudes in the Roman fold who earnestly desired the blessing of God and the good of their fellow man. But with singular unanimity these all appealed from the Pope and all his system to the Word of God.

Listen to Savanarola as he thunders forth the Word of God in Florence:—

"God remits the sin of man and justifies Him by His Grace. Count the number of saved ones upon earth, and I will tell you the number of compassions in Heaven—for not one is saved by works! No man can boast of himself, and if, in the presence of God, the Saints were asked, "Were you saved by any strength of your own?" all with one voice would reply, "Not to us, O Lord, but to thy name be the glory! Therefore, O! God, I seek Thy mercy and bring not unto Thee any righteousness of mine. When Thy grace has justified me, then shall Thy righteousness be mine. For Grace is their righteousness of God. O! Man! so long as Thou hast not believed, Thou art destitute of grace by reason of sin. O! God! save me by Thy righteousness. That is to say, by Thy Son, the alone, righteousness One among men."

It was the infamous Pope Borgia that in 1497 issued a brief against Savonarola, and in 1498 torture and the faggot took the Saint, whilst the hellhound Pope continued to claim that in true Apostolic succession from Peter, He was the only dispenser of the grace of God on earth.

And this brings me to the cause of revolutions. The Bible is the one great efficient cause of revolutions.

The Bible declares men to be of one origin—blood brothers all.

The Bible declares every man a sinner before God.

The Bible declares every soul of man equally precious to God.

The Bible alone of all Books on earth declares the way a sinner may take to find God.

The free, untrammelled circulation of the Bible does more to ensure the liberties of man, than all the acts of human council since the world began.

The introduction of the Bible in any land has always spelled either reformation or revolution.

Reformation, if the hearts of the leaders were possessed and held by the grace of God.

Revolution, if this was not the case, and this is why in Germany and Switzerland and Sweden and Denmark and Holland and France (Huguenots) and Britain, it was called the reformation, whilst in France (Roman Catholic), in Spanish America, inRussia, and now, last of all, in Portugal it is called the revolution.

In every land on earth the Bible principles of equal rights for man, both in heaven and on earth, are surging. No power can stay them now.

Last year 500,000 copies of the Gospel of Mark were sold in Korea and the church there, whose first member dates from 1886, scarce quarter of a century back, now numbers 250,000, and is calling to God for one million converts.

For 1910 a greater reformation is taking place in Korea today than took place in Germany under Martin Luther. And it is doubtful if any such revival has been seen since the days of Pentecost.

Dr. Moffett, at the recent World Missionary Conference in Edinburgh, declared that "the Word of God has played a supremely important part in the Korean revival."

He describes the Korean church as "a Bible-loving church, a Bible-studying church, receiving the Scriptures as the Word of God and resting in simple faith upon His promise of salvation from sin through His Son, Jesus Christ."

And says: "I do not hesitate to state my conviction that the chief factor in the transformation of the spiritual life of the Koreans has been the great system of Bible-training classes. In these classes the whole church, young and old, literate and illiterate, is given systematic education and training. Such classes become regular "power-houses" generating spiritual electricity which goes through the whole church."

NO WONDER! NO WONDER! Korea is undergoing an unparallelled reformation!

On the other hand, Portugal has just passed through a revolution. The leaders there care nothing for the grace of God.

The pretended custodians of "The grace of God" have proven so false to all the Bible claims of equal rights for man that the first use the revolutionists in Portugal made of their victory was to pledge the new government—

1. To separation of Church and State.

2. Expulsion of Jesuits, Monks and Nuns.

3. Development of public instruction without interference or help of priest.

4. Obligatory civil registration.

The cable has told us of some of the scenes in Lisbon: "Images and statues were wrenched from the niches in the chapel, altars were wrecked, furniture broken and the priests' vestments carried off by the rioters."

It was not done by Protestant hands. Those who have known no other form of religion than that which Rome teaches, did it.

I have tried to show you the reason why Lisbon had a revolution and not a reformation. What a contrast! In Korea—multitudes receiving the messengers who bear the Word of God with gladness and with honor.

In Lisbon—Awakened by the principles of Bible liberty reverberating through the world, chasing those who claim to be its only true interpreters from their midst!!

But the story is not all told yet. The Republican troops are passing through the streets of Lisbon. Suddenly a bomb is fired at them from a Jesuit convent. The dispatch says the attack upon the soldiers proceeded under the direction of the municipal guards. Perhaps!. In any case the soldiers draw around the convent and the attack begins in fury. Suddenly the British flag is hung from the window, and the instant it is seen the fighting ceases and the lives of all under it's folds are safe.

Why? Because the revolutionists recognize it as the flag that best represents equal rights for all—on earth.

But why the British flag? Why not the flag of the Sacred Heart?

Because the British flag represents a power whose people, through good report, all have stood for the real rights of man.

Whilst the flag of the Sacred Heart stands for an organization that has backed with all its spleen and desperate energy the falling power of a system that has proven itself to be the greatest tyranny and curse that earth has ever known.

Now, let me close with my text: "God hath made of one blood all nations of men, for to dwell on all the face of the earth—that they should seek the Lord."

In other words, if you have followed the underlying argument of this address, God's Word seeks to set men free from every earthly lord, that they may seek the Lord and crown Him Master of their hearts and lives.

LANGUAGE OF THE EYES.

Grey eyes which turn green with anger or excitement show that their possessor has a choleric temperament.

The white of the eyes showing beneath the iris denotes cool deliberation, while those in which the upper lid passes horizontally across the pupil tell of decided mental ability.

Eyes with long sharp corners indicate the possession of great discernment and penetration.

A melancholy temperament and blue eyes are a conjunction scarcely ever to be met with.

Brown eyes are said to be the strongest, though, again, those having very pale blue eyes are the ones having mesmeric power.

Never trust a person who looks at you out of the sides of his eyes. Of course habitually is here meant, and not once in a while.

Upturned eyes are typical of devotion, and wide open orbs tell us that their owner is of rash disposition.

Perhaps the most beautiful color for eyes is violet, a tint seen fairly often in the eyes of young children and kittens, but seldom preserved in mature years, though Irish people have more than their share of this especial beauty.

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Gems of Wisdom

My good madam, you polish your tables, you scour your kettles, but the most valuable piece of furniture in the whole house you are letting go to rack and ruin for want of a little pains. You will find it in your own room, in front of your own mirror."—Jerome K. Jerome.

Christianity is the root of all Democracy, the highest fact in the Rights of Man.

Its origin is with the common people. It inspires the great majority of the limited in this earth.

—Novalis

He who finds a God in the physical world will also find one in the moral.
—Jean Paul Richter.

"As the advocate of society, therefore—of peace—of domestic liberty—I conjure you to guard the liberty of the press, that great sentinel of the state, that grand detector of public imposture; guard it, because, when it sinks, there sinks with it, in one common grave, the liberty of the subject and the security of the crown."

(From a speech by J. P. Curran, be-the Court of the King's bench, 1794.)

Give me instead of beauty's bust,
A tender heart, a loyal mind,
Which with temptation I would trust,
Yet never linked with error find.
—George Darley.

Parliament is a delibertive assembly of one nation, with one interest, that of the whole; where, not local purposes, not local prejudices, ought to guide, but the general good—Edmund Burke.

APHORISM FROM SHAKESPEARE.

Two stars keep not their motion in one sphere.

* * *

Small curs are not regarded when they grin, but great men tremble when the lion roars.

* * *

All that glistens is not gold.

* * *

Wake not a sleeping wolf.

* * *

Kindness is nobler ever than revenge.

They would be free as Nature first made man,
Ere the base laws of servitude began,
When wild in the woods the noble savage ran.
—Dryden.

O bless'd with temper, whose unclouded ray
Can make to-morrow cheerful as to-day;
She who can own a sister's charms, or hear
Sighs for a daughter with unwounded ear;
She who ne'er answers till a husband cools,
Or, if she rules him, never shows she rules.
—Pope.

REMEMBRANCE.

'Tis Done; I saw it in my dreams;
No more with Hope the future beams;
My days of happiness are few;
Chilled by misfortune's wintry blast,
My dawn of life is overcast;
Love, hope, and joy, alike adieu!
Would I could add remembrance too!
—Byron.

Our grand business undoubtedly is, not to see what lies dimly at a distance, but to do what lies clearly at hand.—Carlyle.

Not what we give, but what we share,
For the gift without the giver is bare;
Who gives himself with his alms feeds three—
Himself, his hungering neighbor, and me.
—Lowell.

Again and again men have seen their noblest descend into the grave, and have thought it enough to garland the tombstone when they had not crowned the brow, and to pay the honor to the ashes, which they had denied to the spirit.—Ruskin.

Victoria, B. C.—The Provincial Government wil inaugurate a system of trunk roads throughout the Province at a cost of over $1,000,000.

HAVE YOU SEEN OUR WINDOWS ?

This week we have received a large shipment of DAIRY BUTTER direct from Alberta. This Butter is very choice and real good value at the price of - - - 28c lb.
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Creamery

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The Bacon that is making this store famous.

Honey

Pure Chilliwack Honey in glass jars per jar 25c
This is the finest strained honey we have ever handled.

Honey

Pure Comb honey, new seasons - - 25c

Cranberries

Large fresh cranberries 2 lbs. for - - 25c

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CANADA'S TRADE PERCENTAGE.

Imports into Canada From:—

	Per Cent.
United States	59.47
Great Britain	25.47
France	2.69
Germany	2.11
West Indies	1.95
South Africa	1.65
Holland and Belgium	1.74
Other countries	4.92
Total	100.00

Exports from Canada to:—

	Per Cent.
Great Britain	49.65
United States	37.54
West Indies	1.97
South America	1.57
Newfoundland	1.31
Australia	1.12
France, Germany, Holland and Belgium	3.31
Other Countries	3.53
Total	100.00

CANADA'S NICKEL.

Canada's nickel production is increasing very rapidly, over 26,000,000 pounds having been obtained in the year 1909. The production for the past seven months has amounted to nearly 17,000,000 pounds of nickel. The market value of the production of this metal at the present time is about a million dollars per month.

TELEPHONE DESPATCHING.

The Grand Trunk Railway has installed a telephonic system of train despatching and control on two divisions of its Ontario system, one with a length of 145 miles and one with 75 miles. The change from telegraphing has been made after considerable experimenting, which has been of a satisfactory character.

NEW BANK BUILDING.

The Canadian Bank of Commerce has started the erection of a three-story brick and stone structure in New Westminster, to cost $100,000. This will be the finest building in the city and will be used as bank quarters.

MONTREAL.

The valuation of Montreal property is now estimated at $450,000,000 an increase og $120,000,000 over the previous year.

VICTORIA.

The corner of Government Street, Pounce avenue, Victoria, B. C., has been purchased by the Union Bank of Canada. The price paid was $145,000.

COTTON SUPPLIES.

The annual supplies of cotton from India have risen from 3 1-2 bales ten years ago to nearly 5 million bales per annum at the present time. At the present moment, however, considerably less than one-holf of the world's cotton supplies somes from within the Empire, the yield from the United States of America being nearly 14,0000000 bales per annum, and unquestionably there is no direction in which British capital can be more patriotically applied at the present moment than in assisting the schemes for increasing the production of cotton within the Empire. Fortunately, however, it is not necessary to lay entire stress upon the "patriotic" aspect of the question, for it is already becoming sufficiently clear that conditions in the Soudan and also in Nyasaland are sufficiently encouraging to warrant the belief that ere long any outlays of capital for stimulating cotton production should prove to be of a remunerative character.

RAILWAYS.

The Queensland railway traffic earnings for August amounted to £250,418, showing a total increase on the corresponding month in the previous year of £55,667.

CANADIAN NORTHERN LAND SALES.

The company's land sales during the year were 246,996 acres for $2,561,072 an average of $10.36 per acre, compared with 116,662 acres for $1,091,722.37, an average of $9.36 per acre last year.

THE LAKE OF THE WOODS MILLING COMPANY.

The Lake of the Woods Milling Co., of Montreal, has a stock capital of $3,600,000, and a bond issue of $1,000,000. The annual report to August 31 showed the assets to be valued at $5,914,000. The profit for the year was $475,000. After paying interest on the bond issue and other preferred charges, a dividend of 6 per cent. and a bonus of 5 per cent. was paid on the Common stock, and it was decided to increase the Common stock dividend to 8 per cent. The company has a surplus of $1,074,000.

GOVERNMENT BANKS.

The excess of deposits over withdrawals in the Queensland Government Savings Bank for the three months ending August last was £553,279. There were 117,681 depositors, equal to in every five of the population.

ONTARIO MINERALS.

Reports issued by the Ontario Government show that the mineral output of the Province will amount to nearly thirty-three million dollars, an increase of 28 per cent. over the figures of last year.

HOMESTEADING.

During the past twelve months 41,568 parties of settlers, representing an aggregate of 101,286 persons, took up 6,650,880 acres for homesteading purposes.

The land sales by the great railway companies and the Hudson Bay Company aggregated 1,184,790 acres, for which the average price realized was $13.36 cents per acre, as compared with $11 last year.

TORONTO MONEY BY-LAWS.

On January 1st the ratepayers of Toronto will vote on municipal improvement by-laws aggregating nearly $3,000,000. The items include harbour, sewer, and highway improvements.

LONDON BANK'S DOORS CLOSED.

The Charing Cross Bank, which has forty-one branches situate in almost every important city in the United Kingdom, has closed its doors, and its affairs are in the hands of the Official Receiver. The bank was established in 1870, and in its advertisements it was declared that its asets were £1,607,949, and it liabilities £1,236,571, leaving a surplus of £371,078. Loans were made, stocks and shares bought and sold, deposits were received, interest being given at the rate of 5, 6, and 7per cent., according to the length of time the money was deposited. One of the bank officials was called as a witness during the police court proceedings at Bow-street in the Crippen case, and stated that Mr. and Mrs. Crippen had £600 on deposit, the amount being payable next December.

The Market.

Stocks have all been quiet during the past two weeks. Portland Canal dropped to about 24 but during the latter part of the week has been more active with greater demand. Other mining stocks continue weak. Cobalt has suffered a relapse and is practically at a standstill.

Financial and commercial stocks are firm with but little demand.

Trade in the mercantile line continues good and very encouraging reports come from abroad. It is expected that now the U. S. elections are over that the trade interests will settle down again and some degree of activity can be expected.

NEWS.

VANCOUVER, B. C.

The first Canadian apple show has been a great success.

Brandon, Man.—The asylum here was destroyed by fire on the 4th inst. The building is a total loss. The inmates all escaped it is believed, but experienced great suffering.

Ottawa.—It is reported that a German firm are likely to get the contract for the Quebec bridge.

London.—Leaders of the various self-governing colonies will meet shortly and discuss the great subject of "Imperial Federation."

Capetown, S. A.—The first parliament of United South Africa was opened on the 4th inst, by the Duke of Connaught.

Winnipeg.—There is considerable activity in real estate here just now. Prices are rapidly advancing.

Ottawa.—Sir Wilfred Laurier and Hon. Mackenzie King received a delegation of labor representatives who presented the resolutions recently passed at the great labor congress.

Montreal.—Mr. Frank W. Morse has resigned the vice-presidency of the G. T. P., to take the position of General Manager of the Chicago & Alton & Clover Leaf lines.

Paris, France.—The cabinet of the French Government resigned as a result of the difference of opinion regarding the measures adopted to prevent the recent great railroad strike.

London—The folowing appointments aproved by the king were made:

Viscount Morley to be lord president of the Privy Council, vice the Earl of Beauchamp.

The Earl of Crewe, secretary of state for India.

Lewis V. Harcourt, secretary of state for the colonies, vice the Earl of Crewe.

The Earl of Beauchamp, first commissioner or works, vice Lewis Harcourt.

Washington, D. C.—The U. S. general elections resulted in a sweeping victory for the Democrats in almost every state.

Vancouver, B. C.—Three men have been poisoned by drinking wine which was charged with strychnine. It is thought that another man named Jean Dumas knows something of the affair the police are looking for this individual.

London.—The two great parties in England are about to hold a conference to discuss Home Rule.

New Westminster.—Efforts are being made to get the Dominion Government to dredge the North Arm of the Fraser.

Trinidad, Colo.—About sixty men were entombed in a coal mine here as a result of an explosion.

Victoria, B. C.—Esquimalt Navy Station has been handed over to the Dominion authorities.

Black Diamond, Wash.—Five men were entombed in a mine here and all hope of rescue is abandoned.

Bellingham, Wash.—Harry McCue, one of the oldest residents of this district died after an illness of only a few days at the age of 88 years.

New Yor.—The teamsters strike is spreading with alarming rapidity and assuming national proportions.

Revelstoke.—The board of trade are pressing for better mail service between Revelstoke and Robson.

Ottawa.—The negotiations between Canada and the United States re reciprocity is proceeding very slowly. Great interest is being taken by the English Press.

Mexico City.—A mob in this city made an anti-American demonstration on Wednesday last, tearing down the stars and stripes and openly assaulting Americans.

Ottawa.—Following the recent scandalous exposures re the Public Printing Bureau at Ottawa, a complete reorganization has been commenced.

Victoria.—Gunner Allen's friends are seeking for a new trial for him on grounds of insanity and other technicalities.

Melbourne.—The Immigration Department here is under temporary surveillance because of the large number of Chinese who are coming into the country in spite of stringent legislation.

New York.—Mayor Gaynor promises to have the express drivers' strike settled in a day or so.

St. Johns.—The Federal Government are contemplating new navy docks at this point.

AN EXPENSIVE BANK BUILDING.

The Bank of Toronto has let the contract for a new head office building to be located at the corner of King and Bay streets, Toronto, to be finished in Tennessee marble, and to cost $1,000,000.00.

HALL FOR RENT.

I. O. O. F., Mount Pleasant.—All applications for use of this Hall to be made to J. Haddon and all rents for same to be paid only to me.

J. HADDON,
Phone L3184 Care Trimble & Norris.
2503 Westminster Road.

The new South Vancouver P. O. is said to be located at 25th and Main.

The Royal Standard Investment Co. are about to erect a number of new houses in South Vancouver.

St. John's Church, South Vancouver, young men are forming a club.

South Vancouver is to have a new Public Hall.

MT. PLEASANT METHODIST EPWORTH LEAGUE.

The Mount Pleasant Methodist Epworth League held its monthly consecration service last Monday night. The topic was "Our Lord's Teachings About Service." Mrs. L. Reamy proved herself an interesting and impressive leader. A piano duet was pleasingly rendered by the Misses James before the topic was taken up. Among those who assisted with the same were Mrs. J. Antle, Mrs. V. Dowiney, Messrs. B. Saint, R. Perry, H. Shurhaspi and Bert Stafford. After intermission the President took the chair to conduct the regular monthly business and roll call. There were present about 75 members and quite a number strangers. Next Monday night there will be a Local Union Rally in St. Andrew's Presbyterian Church.

MISSIONARY MEETING.

The union missionary meeting of all the city Presbyterian churches was held in the Mt. Pleasant Presbyterian church on Wednesday evening, and was largely attended. The large audience listened to an inspiring address by Mr. Jas. Beveridge upon home missions. The work of the Presbyterian church in Central India was exhaustively presented by Rev. Dr. Fraser Campbell, Presbyterian missionary from there. The audience was also pleased to listen to a most interesting address from Rev. Dr. Kilburn, of the Canadian Methodist church, resident in West China. A pleasing duet was rendered by Messrs. McDonald and Nanson, also a solo by Mr McDonald.

Look in at the Mount Pleasant Pharmacy. See the big change.

THE LITTLE ONES.

The little ones are pests, we sigh,
And lots of trouble make us;
Ere golden morning opes her eye
They from our slumbers wake us.

Nay, oft ere half the night is o'er
They start us from our dreaming
And we must rise and walk the oor
Until they case their screaming.

Perhaps our rashness we deplore;
Indulge in wishing, maybe,
We had remained a bachelor
While singing, "Sleep, my baby."

We wonder why we took a wife,
While wrath within us nursed is,
And think of all the ills of life
A squaling babe the worst is.

But when grim death is hovering night
(Far distant may that day be)
"Take all we own, O lord!" we cry,
"But spare to us the baby."

—Boston Courier.

Mayonnaise Sauce.

Put the yolks of two eggs in a cold soup dish or bowl; beat slightly, add a saltspoonful of salt, and slowly, drop by drop, six tablesponfuls of olive oil; add a few drops of lemon juice and it will be ready to use.

Where a large quantity of dressing is needed add more oil. Two eggs will hold a pint of oil, providing you add a little vinegar now and then.

THE PLACE TO BUY YOUR GROCERIES

YOUNG & THOMPSON'S SPECIALS

For

FRIDAY & SATURDAY

HAMS.

Extra Fancy Sugar Cured Hams, in whole or halves, per lb...25c

BACON.

Nice Sweet, Streaky Bacon, per lb. 30c

TEAS.

Young & Thompson's famous Old Country Blend, which for quality and flavor cannot be surpassed, per lb.....50c

Try our Ceylon Tea at 40c per lb. It is good tea.

COFFEES.

Fresh ground Mocha and Java Coffee, per lb. 40c

Braid's best Coffee, per lb...40c
Chase & Sanborn's, per 1-lb. cans 45c
Daddy's Coffee, per glass....40c
Ridgeway's After Dinner Coffee, per tin 50c

SOAPS.

Ivory Bar Soap, 8 cakes for..25c
Per box of 144 bars.....$4.35
Oatmeal Toilet Soap, 10 cakes for 25c
Klero Glycerin Soap, 6 cakes for 25c

WASHING POWDERS.

Gold Dust, 3-lb. package.....25c
Golden West Wash Powder, 3-lb. package 25c

Pearline, 2 large packages for 25c
Royal Crown Cleanser, 3 tins.25c

APPLES.

Extra Fancy Jonathans, the apple that won the sweepstakes at the Apple Show, per box..$3.00
Extra Fancy Table Apples, per box $1.60
Extra Fancy Table Apples, per box $1.50
Good Cooking Apples.....$1.10

CANNED PINEAPPLES.

1-lb. cans, 3 cans for.....25c
Large cans, 2 for 25c

CANNED CHERRIES.

2 cans for 25c

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Phone 7032 - - - Cor. 26th & Westminster Ave

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Already making pictures for Xmas for our customers. Don't put off till the last few weeks. And don't think you must have fine suuny weather. We can make photographs any day—rain or shine.

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and make an appointment with

WELFORD

MT. PLEASANT PHOTOGRAPHER

COR. WESTMINSTER AVE. and BROADWAY

PHONE 5484 Mount Pleasant

Save the Pieces

If you have the misfortune to break your glasses and we will be able to fit another lens exactly the same or if you happen to lose them

Our Expert Optician

by the aid of the latest scientific method of eye testing will fit you another pair as good, if not better than the old ones.

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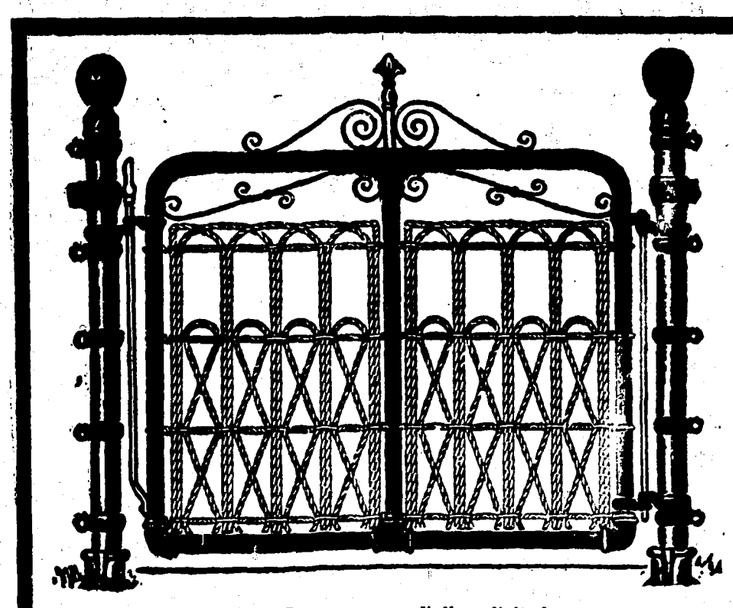

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Phone 4607 = = McGowen & Salter

THE DON

NOTICE

Owing to alterations at our old store, we have moved our stock temporarily to

2638 WESTMINSTER AVE. (BETWEEN 10th & 11th)

MILK, CREAM & BUTTER FRESH DAILY AS USUAL.

THE JUNGLE

WE ASSUME NO RESPONSIBILITY FOR THE UNTRUTHS WHICH LIE HERE.

THE FIRST MAGNITUDE.

Twinkle, twinkle little star!
How I wonder if you are,
Up above the footlights' sheen,
Forty-nine or seventeen.

THE LARGESS.

"What is a largesse papa?"

"A $, my boy.—Harvard Lampoon.

THE TENDER SPOT.

"Nellie," said the teacher, "you may tell me how to make a Maltese cross."

"Step on its tail," answered Nellie promptly.

LITERARY.

The Literary boarder fastened his eyes upon the hash.

"Kindly pass the Review of Reviews," he said.

PROMPT ACTION.

"When a man has a rip in his coat and only three buttons on his vest," writes a Western sage, "he should do one of two things: "either get married or get divorced."

A HOG.

"Say, Pop, what's a pessimist?"

"A pessimist, my son, is one who, of two evils chooses them both.

AMERICAN SKILL.

Confidentially, we don't believe it.

A German, a Frenchman, and an American were shipwrecked and cast upon an island inhabited by semi-savages. The chief potentate of the place informed the involuntary visitors that the post of Lord High Executioner was vacant and would be awarded to that one of them who could fill it with most credit. Three condemned men were brought for the trials. trials.

The German steped forward, swung the great two-handed sword and performed the decapitation with considerable success, although he required two strokes in which to hack off the victim's head.

The Frenchman took his place and, with debonair grace, despatched his victim with one stroke.

The American went to bat. After gently feeling the edge of the big sword, he drew it back, held it poised an instant, and—swish!—a flash, a hiss The Yankee wiped the sword with complacency and stepped back.

"Go ahead," said the condemned man. "This suspense is terrible."

"Cough!" commanded the American. The criminal coughed—and his head rolled upon the ground.

EXCESS BAGGAGE.

Johnnie Poe, one of the famous Princeton football family, and incidentally a great-nephew of Edgar Allen Poe, was a general in the army of Honduras in one of their recent wars. Finally, when things began to look black with peace and the American general discovered that ...s worship general discovered that his princely pay when translated into United States currency was about sixty cents a day, he struck for the Coast. There he found a United States warship and asked for transportation home.

"Sure," the commander told him. "We'll be glad to have you. Come abord whenever you like and bring your luggage."

"Thanks," said Poe warmly. "I'll sure do that. I only have fifty-four pieces."

"What!" exclaimed the commander. "What do you think I'm running? A freighter?"

"Oh, well, you needn't yet excited about it," purred Poe. "My fifty-four pieces consists of one pair of socks and a pack of playing cards."

AVOIDING TEMPTATION.

Henrietta K., age six years old, is very fond of ham, altho it is not good for her. But her father puts it on her plate—and Henrietta likes ham.

"Henrietta, ham is not good for you," said her mother one day, "you oughtn't to eat it even if papa puts it on your plate."

That night her mother overheard her saying her prayers. "Dear God," she said. "Keep my papa from putting any more ham on my plate," then quite cheerfully she added, "for if he does, I'll eat it."

SISTER'S BEAU.

When sister's beau comes Sunday nights
We always turn on all the lights;
And Pa and Ma and Sis, and me
We entertain the company.
He sits across from sis.
Like this.
Our bedtime's nine o'clock you know
(I just pretend, but do not go);
The lights they seem too strong for him,
And so they turn 'em awful dim,
And he sits on the couch with sis.
Likethis.

A THREAT.

Immature Conductor (to clarinet player—"Se here, Herr Schlag, why don't you follow my beat?"

Veteran Clarinet (solemnly)—"If you don't lood owid, I will!"—Puck.

HIS BEST ORDER.

It had been a dull season, and the two young travelling salesmen were comparing notes. "I had just five good orders in the month of July," said one.

"You beat me, anyway," said his friend, "I got only three orders, and the third one was from the firm telling me to come home."

NOT NICE FRENCH.

In the dining-room of a hotel at Nice, on a large placard posted over the mantelpiece, you can read the following:

"Our English visitors are kindly requested to address the waiters and servants in English, as their French is not generally understood."—Tit-Bits.

THE BEST HE COULD DO.

Up in Minnesota Mr. Olsen had a cow killed by a railroad train. In due season the claim agent for the railroad called.

"We understand, of course, that the deceased was a very docile and valuable animal," said the claim agent in his most persuasive claim-gentlemanly manner, "and we sympathize with you and your family in your loss. But, Mr. Olsen, you must remember this: Your cow had no business being upon our tracks. Those tracks are our private property and when she invaded them she became a trespaser. Technically speaking, you as her owner, became a trespasser also. But we have no desire to carry the issue into court, and possibly give you trouble. Now then, what would you regard as a fair settlement between you and the railroad company?"

"Vall," said Mr. Olsen slowly, "Ay bane poor Swede farmer, but Ay shall give you two dollars."—Everybody's

A GOLFING YARN.

A visitor to a Scotch course, where one of the hazards was a stream, asked his caddie what the members thought of this as a hazard. The caddie replied—"Well, ye ken, we've an old Scotch major here. When ge goes ower the stream he says, "Well ower the bonnie wee burn, ma laddie;" but when he gets in he says, "Pick ma ball oot o' that beastly sewer."

Years ago, when there were only wooden sidewalks in the city of Winnipeg, holes were bored in the planks to let the water run through. In the morning twilight a policeman found a man with the tip of his wooden leg in one of these holes and hurriedly walking around it.

'What are ye doin' here?' asked the policeman.

"G'way, offsher," said the man. "Got to get home before ol' lady wakes up."

AT THE NAVAL AND MILITARY.

Unbelieving Spectator (who, having seen Naval field-guns lifted over walls etc., is inspecting them after the performance): There! Iknew there was some trickery. These guns are hollow!

A HARD TASK.

A young man visited his doctor and described in detail the symptoms of his illness. "The thing for you to do," said the physician, "is to drink hot water an hour before breakfast every morning." "Well, how are you feeling?" the doctor asked a week later. "Did you follow my directions and drink hot water an hour before breakfast?" "I did my best, doctor, but I couldn't keep it up more'n ten minutes at a stretch."

Yes!

This is the place for Groceries, if you want what you ask for and want it delivered when you say. Phone

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and you will not be disappointed.

We do not carry any cheap specials, but we guarantee what we handle and think that when it comes to the food question the best is none too good.

YOU CAN ALSO GET THE BEST OF MEAT NEXT DOOR.

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We guarantee our work to be as good as any in the city.

The best stock of ARMS, AMMUNITION, CUTLERY, and SPORTING GOODS can be found at the store of

Chas. E. Tisdall

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Westminster Ave.

Cakes, Pastry Bread, Confectionery, Etc. Wedding and Birthday Cakes a specialty

South Vancouver Bakery

GEO. HERRING, Prop.

westminster Ave.

New Westminster.—When a 5,000-pound hammehr drove a 40-feet pile completely out of sight in soft ground a few days ago. the contracting firm of C. J. Johnsaon decided to suspend operations on the construction of the 1,000 feet of docks for the Canadian Northen Railway at Bon Acord in the vicinity of Port Mann, before they had well comenced. As a consequence. there is nothing doing at present in the construction of the large docks for this company on the south bank of the Fraser River.

CHURCHES

Baptist

MT. PLEASANT Baptist Church
Cor. 10th Ave. and Quebec St.
S. EVERTON, B.A., Pastor.
250 13th Avenue, East.
Preaching Services—11 a. m. and 7:3 p. m. Sunday School at 2:30 p.
B. Y. P. U.—Monday, 8 p.m.

Methodist

MT. PLEASANT CHRCH.—
Corner Tenth ave. and Ontario
SERVICES—Preaching at 11 a. m and 7:00 p. m. Sunday School and Bible Class at 2:30 p. m.
REV. W. LASHLEY HALL, B.A.B D Pastor.
Parsonage 123 Eleventh avenue, west. Telephone 3624.

Presbyterian

MT. PLEASANT Church—
Corner Ninth ave. and Quebec st.
SUNDAY SERVICES—Public worship a 11 a. m and 7:00 p.m ; Sunday schoo and Bible Class at 2:30 p. m.; MONDAY—Christian Endeavor at 8:00p. m WEDNESDAY—Prayer Meeting at 8:0 p. m. FRIDAY—Choir practice.
REV. J. W. WOODSIDE, M. A.,
Res. 170 Ninth ave. W. Tel. B3948. Pastor

WESTMINSTER Church—
Cor. Welton and 26th. One block east of Westminster Ave.
SERVICES—Sunday 11:00 a. m. and 7:3 p. m. Sunday School 2:30.
Wednesday—Prayer meeting 8:00 p. m.
REV. J. H. CAMERON, B. A.,
Residence Cor. Quebec and 21st. Pastor

Anglican

ST. MICHAELS—
Corner 9th ave. and Prince Edward st.
SERVICES—Morning Prayer at 11 a. m and Evensong at 7:30 p. m. each Sunday. Holy Communion on first and third Sundays in each month after Morning Prayer, and on second and fourth Sundays at 8:00 p. m. Sunday School at 2:30 p.m.
REV. G. H. WILSON, Rector
Rectory, Cor. Ave. 8th and Prince Edward St. Telephone L3543.

CENTRAL BAPTIST CHURCH—
Corner Tenth Ave. and Laurel St.
SERVICES—Preaching at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m Sunday School at 2.30 p.m
REV. P. CLIFTON PARKER, M. A, Pastor
11th Ave. W

Latter Day Saints

REORGANIZED Church of Christ—
837 Ninth avenue east.
SERVICES—Every Sunday evening at o'clock. Sunday school at 7 o'clock Prayer Meeting Wednesday at 8 p. m.
J. S. RAINEY, Elder.

LODGES

Independent Order of Oddfellows

MT. PLEASANT Lodge No. 19.
Meets every Tuesday at 8 p. m in I. O. O. F. Hall Westminster ave Mt. Pleasant. Sojourning brethren cordially invited to attend.
J. Douglas, Noble Grand, 26th & Main
T. Matthews, Vice Grand,
THOS. SEWELL, Rec. Sec. 481 7th ave. E.

Loyal Orange Lodge

MT. PLEASANT L. O. L. No. 184
Meets the 1st and 3d Thursday each month at 8 p. m, in the K. of P Hall.
All visiting Brethren cordially welcome.
JOHN COVILLE, W. M.
30 13th ave. W.
N. E. LOUGHEED, Secy
725 17th ave., W.

Independent Order Foresters

COURT VANCOUVER No. 1328
Meets 2d and 4th Mondays of each month at 8 p. m., in the Oddfellows Hall, Mt. Pleasant. Visiting brethern always welcome.
H. HANKINS, Chief Ranger
M. J. CREHAN, Rec. Sec.
337 Princess street, City
A. PENGELLY, Financial Secretary.
237 Eleventh avenue east

Piano Tuning

Expert Repair Work.

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Leave your orders at the Western Call

FLOUR

Try our

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The Best Bread Flour.

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Best quality of HAY, GRAIN, CHOP and POTLTRY SUPPLIES.

Pratt's Poultry Food

The wonderful egg producer.

TRY A BOX. 25c and 50c.

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Beds, Bed Springs and Mattresses Dressers and Stands, Extension and Kitchen Tables, Carpet Squares, Linoleums, Oil Cloth with leather seats, Easy Chairs, Sofas, Crockeryware, Japanese Squares, all sizes, Rugs, Lace Curtains and Poles.

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. ersons now having listed property as follows: Lots 28, 29:224, 526 take notice that the same is hereby with-

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MACK BROS. Undertakers

Open Day and Night

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KEELER'S NURSERY
For a fine assortment of
DUTCH BULBS
just imported from Holland
PRICES REASONABLE
COR. 16th & WESTMINSTER AVE

WOMAN'S REALM.

HINTS FOR THE KITCHEN.

The pleasures of the table are greatly increased by a variety of carefully made sauces and homely dishes made sightly by their use. While many sauces may seem elaborate and mysterious to the unitiated they are all quite simple when once understood. They may be, however, divided into two classes—the simple, everyday ones, as brown sauce, cream or white sauce, English drawn butter, sauce Bechamel with a host of others; and the more elaborate sauces, such as mayonnaise, Bearnaise, sauce tartar, and those savory dish sauces which heighten the flavor of fish, flesh and game. These elaborate sauces are not in the least complicated, but require materials and seasonings not usually found in the every-day American kitchen, and, moreover, require the delicate taste and trained hand of an intelligent cook.

The chief causes of failure in even the more simple sauces are the use of inferior materials, and the lack of constant stirring and careful attention while the sauce is heating. Lard or suet cannot be substituted for good sweet butter; cornstarch or coarse flour will not take the place of fine flour. Ingredients must be carefully measured.

TO EXTINGUISH GASOLINE FLAMES.

Everyone knows the difficulty of extinguishing burning gasoline, owing to the rapidity with which it "spreads" and its volatile nature. Ordinary household ammonia is an excellent thing for putting out a gasoline flame. Some receptacle holding half a gallon (say, a fragile bottle that could be hurled from a safe distance) should be kept within easy reach in every household where gasoline is used. It would also be a good thing to add to the list of necessities when fitting out the automobile.

Oakley Heating & Sheet Metal Co.

Hot Water Heating a Specialty.
Hot Air Furnaces. All Kinds of
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IN
Men's and Boy's Furnishings go to
ARTHUR FRITH'S NEW STORE
150 Broadway, East.

Any article purchased and found unsatisfactory can be returned and your money will be cheerfully refunded.

ONE DOLLAR OVERALLS A SPECIALTY.

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY

Men's Working Gloves - - - 35c; 3 pr. for $1.00

THE DEACONESS WORK.

Deaconess Home and Training School 257 Jarvis St., Toronto; Miss Ora McElhenie, Superintendent.

A COURAGEOUS ENGLISHWOMAN

The words of Thomas Hood, "Stitch, stitch, stitch, in poverty, hunger and dirt," kept coursing through the brain of the deaconess as she left the little house in the back alley where the hum of the factory and unhealthy odors from the adjacent stables made life almost unbearable. And yet she felt that the quotation was not entirely applicable. Poverty and hunger were truly there, but the home, with its two little rooms was as clean as the frail, busy woman could take time to make it, for was she not the one who stood between her loved ones and starvation, and who endeavored by her needle to eke out a bare existence for herself, an invalid husband and their three children, Phyllis, Charlie, and little Fred, only a year and a half old?

They were living on a little garden farm in England when the trouble in the Transvaal broke out, and all the soldiers were called into service. The young husband was among the first who enlisted, for he was strong and brave, of splendid physique, and eager to fight for his country. He had gone some weeks when their first child was born, and the days that had been so long for the lonely little woman were filled with happiness, until one day word came that her husband had been wounded by a gunshot in the thigh. He was in the hospital for months and owing to his splendid vitality recovered sufficiently to return to his place in the army, and was able to finish 12 years of service, but, retiring then he thus debarred himself of a pension.

He and his little family came to Canada and found employment on a farm. His strength, however, was not sufficient for the work, and his health giving way, they came to Toronto. Gradually the muscles of his thigh wasted away, and with the additional misfortune of a tumor in his back, he is now an invalid, depending upon the efforts of his wife for maintenance. She, with the courage born of desperation, took up the burden of the breadwinner, and with the independence of one who would rather starve than beg, she has been able to pay house rent, and provide the bare necessities for her family by taking in sewing from a factory. She is obliged to sew from morning till night, as she is paid the beggarly pittance of fifty-five cents a dozen for overalls, seven cents for a pair of pants, and twelve cents for a coat, and pays for the thread she uses. The deaconess marvelled that she was able to make enough to provide food for her family, not to mention the additional expense of clothing.

Now, when the season is slack, no work was forthcoming from the factory, she had to endure the agony of seeing the children pine for want of proper food. She was too proud to let her wants be known until she was discovered by the deaconess, whose offers of assistance the brave woman accepted only on condition that she would sew for all she received. The deaconess was able to secure remnants of heavy material, the kind gift of a merchant, and it is marvellous how by planning and piecing what beautiful little garments this woman makes for the Deaconess Homes, to be given out to children in some other poor family who are not sufficiently clothed for winter. In return for all this a kind friend of the deaconess packs a basket of food from her own table each day, which finds it way in the evening to the home in the alley. Then, too, a Sunday School class of High School girls from Bethsada have provided milk tickets, so that little Fred is able to have a pint of milk each day for the next two months.

The pathetic but happy smile of the mother lingers in the memory of the deaconess, and she seems to hear again the mother's words: "The children are so glad now, they have enough to eat. We are all glad, everything is different." Yet when we think of the winter before them we sigh. Have we numbered our blessings in comparison with theirs, and are we thankful?

Sauce Hollandaise.

Heat in a saucepan a slice of onion, a bay leaf, a little chopped celery or a saltspoonful of celery seed, a clove of garlic mashed, and four tablespoonfuls of tarragon vinegar. When reduced one-half strain and cool. Rub together one tablespoonful of butter and one of flour; add half a pint of boiling water and stir until boiling. Take from the fire; add the yolks of two eggs beaten; reheat: add a tablesponful of butter cut in blocks, half a teaspoonful of salt, a dash of pepper and the vinegar. Press through a fine seive.

This is one of the best of fish sauces.

A plain sauce Hollandaise may be made by adding the yolks of two eggs slightly beaten and two tablespoonfuls of tarragon vinegar to English drawn butter.

Revelstoke.—The new twenty-four hour light and power service will be started in the course of a day or two.

Northern Pine Syrup
Cannot be equalled for
Coughs and Colds

¶ The only way to cure a cough or bronchial troubles is to medicate the throat and lungs with a medicine which will not *DRY UP* the trouble but *CURE IT* by *LOOSENING* the cause of the cough or hoarseness thereby allowing it to be expectorated and the trouble completely eradicated from the system.

¶ Therefore extracts from Balm of Gilead, Spikenard Root, White Pine Bark, Wild Cherry Bark, Ipecac Root and Sassafras Root, well known to be the best remedies for this purpose, were put in combination with Syrup and the resultant product called

Northern Pine Syrup
Sold in 6 oz. bottles at 50c by
INDEPENDENT DRUG STORE
(LEPATOUREL & MCRAE)
Cor. 7th & Westminster Ave. - Phone 2236

The Store where your Prescriptions are dispensed by MEN WHO KNOW.

Announcement

A New Grocery Stock, Fresh and of the best, has been placed on the shelves of the refitted building at the corner of Westminster Road and 9th Ave. We are experienced men and will meet your every need with the most courteous treatment. Try us and be convinced. Prompt and speedy delivery service.

KEEP YOUR EYE ON THIS SPACE
FOR THE FUTURE AND YOU
WILL PROFIT THEREBY

The Mt. Pleasant Grocery Co.
Cor. Westminster Road and 9th Ave.

Phone 790 .. Mt. Pleasant .. Phone 790

Pharmacy Again

Ready For Business

We are now through with our decorating and readjusting and ready for your inspection.

The NEW MANAGMENT

Wish to announce that everything possible will be done to make our service the best in the city.

Mt. Pleasant Pharmacy

2419 WESTMINSTER AVE. - - - F. A. WILSON, Prop.

Local and Otherwise

Have you noticed the great big change in the Mount Pleasant Pharmacy?

The new suit of clothes given to the Mount Pleasant Pharmacy has entirely changed the appearance of the old stand.

Send the Children to the Mount Pleasant Pharmacy. Special care given to the orders sent by the litle ones.

Mrs. J. E. Merryfield and son, Master Basil, left for Prince Rupert, B. C., on Monday, after two months visit with Mrs. Merryfield's sister, Mrs. D. McCall Stitt, 116 Sixth avenue west.

The Mount Pleasant Pharmacy has changed owners The new proprietor is now a permanent resident of the hill and is on the job every day.

The new two-room school which is to be built in the Mountain View School grounds will be built by Messrs. Harrison and Wall. Work will be started at once. The school will cost some $1600.

S. H. Scrapp's humor was so aroused over a horse deal that he laughed for a straight twelve hours. About two minutes is the usual limit for an ordinary individual.

No more than one wife for each man is the mandate of the leader of the Mormon Church. Won't that be fine? No more than one woman to tease your digestion to the point of indigestion.

Mrs. H. J. Jeavons, No. 5 Tenth avenue, east, will receive on Friday, and on the second Friday of each month following.

The St. Paul's Presbyterian Church are holding a lecture and concert on Friday, the 18th. The subject of the lecture is "A Holiday in Japan," by Rev. Alex. Kenmure. A treat is in store, as this lecturer knows his subject and is a fine speaker.

The Mount Pleasant Grocery Company is the name of the new grocery firm on the Hill, at the corner of Westminster Road and Ninth Avenue, and is looked after by men who are well versed in catering to the public in this line. Mr. E. R. Redlich is in control, and will handle your orders with despatch. None too small and none too large. Try them.

Another new business has opened up on the Hill, the spot upon which the eyes of all progressive men who wish to further their business are turned. It is gents' furnishings, the only one of its kind in Mount Pleasant, and is run by Arthur Frith. This gentleman is thoroughly experienced, and with a courteous treatment and right prices we bespeak a splendid business connection for Mr. Frith.

The plumbing business of Webb & Young is decidedly on the boom, and this increase has made necessary the addition of more men. Good service and proper mention of the same to the people always brings results.

For a well-cooked and tasty meal you should try the B. C. Cafe on Westminster Avenue. They make a specialty of short orders, and a quick service is their motto. A trial will convince you.

Five-room, modern house for sale Kitsilano. Apply office.

Mrs. Alex. Aitken of Boston, Mass., is visiting her brother, Mr. T. D. Croston, 137 Lansdowne avenue east.

J. H. Grant has returned from an extended stay in Manitoba, and is renewing old acquaintances in Mt. Pleasant.

Captain O. C. and Mrs. McMorrin of Nelson, are in the city visiting their niece, Mrs. James A. Beaton, 497 Tenth avenue east.

J. L. Lougheed & Co. have opened an office at 612 Hastings St. Mr. Lougheed is going after the business on a large scale.

Mr. A. Campbell, 2456 Main street, had the misfortune to break his ankle Saturday night while boarding a street car down town, and is now in the General Hospital.

South Vancouver has asked for a postal delivery but according to Mr. C. Harrison, secretary of the board of trade, there is little chance of getting it until South Vancouver becomes a city or is joined to the City of Vancouver.

The ladies of the Maccabees of South Hill gave a concert in the school house on Tuesday evening, at which over one hundred were present. A splendid programme was successfully carried through. Progressive whist was the feature of the evening, and much pleasure was given in the distribution of the prizes. A dainty lunch was thoroughly appreciated. This is the first entertainment given by the lady Maccabees, and it is sincerely hoped it is not to be the last.

Mr. Ball, manager of the Vernon News, was visiting friends in Mt. Pleasant on Sunday.

Jas. L. Lougheed & Co. have opened up an office at 2343 Main St. Will be pleased to meet all friends.

Miss Kate McDonald, of the B. X., Vernon, B. C., was the guest of Miss Pearl O'Leary, 289 Eleventh avenue, this week.

Mrs. J. Macken, Quebec street, expects to leave in a few days for Troy, N. Y., where she will reside with her sons.

HOSPITAL CONCERT.

A concert in aid of the Hospital Flower Mission Work will be held in the Mount Pleasant Church on Tuesday, Nov 15th, at 8 o'clock p. m. A first-class programe. Free will offering. All are cordially invited.

Signed on behalf of W. C. T U.,
MRS L. MALL.

been appointed to St. Patrick's Catholic Parish by Archbishop McNeill, with Father Bruker as his assistant. When the archbishop first came he notified the various priests that they would be given their permanent places as soon as possible, and this announcement takes Rev. Father McCullough from Mount Pleasant, where he has been most successful and highly esteemed. His successor comes with highest credentials, and no doubt will be quite as successful. Father Campbell studied three years under Archbishop McNeill, and also took a theological course at the Theological Propaganda College at Rome. He came to Vancouver with the archbishop last summer. Father McCullough and Father Madden have been assigned to the Holy Rosary parish. St. Patrick's parish is now under the secular priesthood.

Galloway-Cook.

On Monday evening a pretty home wedding was celebrated at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Galloway, Seventeenth avenue and Valentine street, when the Rev. Alex. Kenmure united in matrimony Miss Wilson Galloway and Mr. Arthur R. Cook. The bride was attended by Miss Mabel Millington and the groom was supported by Mr. John Cook. Mr. and Mrs. Cook will reside on Twenty-second avenue, east.

Tose-Vines.

On Tuesday evening at 270 Broadway east, the Rev. J. W. Woodside, M.A., united in matrimony Miss Nellie Tose and Mr. Charles Vines, in the presence of the immediate friends of the couple.

Davie-Barraclough.

On Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock at 36 Tenth avenue east, Mrs. Elizabeth Davie and Mr. Alfred Barraclough were united in marriage by the Rev. J. W. Woodside, M.A., in the presence of a large number of friends of the couple who are well known in Mt. Pleasant.

A happy events took place on the second inst. at the home of Mr. and Mrs M. B. Vandervoort, 523 Eleventh avenue east, when Mr. Christopher Morrow of Amherst, Ontario, was married to Miss Jennie McMillan of Belfast Ireland. Rev. Dr. Fraser performed the ceremony. The bride, who was unattended, wore a gown of cream lace over silk, and carried a shower bouquet of white roses.

Obituary

KATHLEEN ELIZABETH McKINNON.

The death occured on Sunday of Kathleen, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. J. McKinnon, of 327 Tenth avenue east, aged six years and eight months. The funeral was held on Wednesday morning from the family residence.

FREDERICK MCINTOSH.

The funeral of the late Frederick McIntosh was held from the family residence, 1743 Fourth avenue east, at 2 o'clock yesterday afternon. Rev. Dr. Fraser conducted the services.

News was received this week by Mrs. Burnett, of 2810 Ontario St., of the sad accident which befell her brother in law, Dr. Young of Jackson, Mich. He was leaving his office in the evening intending to descend from the 4th floor by the freight elevator, but by some unknown way he fell the entire distance. He spoke a few words then became unconscious, remaining in that state until the following evening when he died. He leaves a widow but no children. Dr. and Mrs. Young had planned a trip to Vancouver this summer, but attended the S.S. Convention in Washington instead. He intended visiting our city in the near future.

FRIDAY SATURDAY BARGAIN DAYS

H. Macartneys

Grand Prize Jonathon Apples
$3.75 per Box

First Prize Grimes Golden Apples
$2.50 per box

First Prize Newdton Pippon Apples
$2.50 per box

First Prize Greening Apples
$2.50 per box

You have undoubetdly seen these apples displayed at the Apple Show. These are the finest apples ever grown and you should not miss the opportunity to secure some of them.

P. S.—DON'T FORGET THE ADDRESS.

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2343 Main St. - Phone 7192

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This means that property will advance at least 25 per cent after actual annexation. Here is a proposition worth your consideration. We are offering for sale in D. L. 301, 8 inside lots at $850 each and two double corners at $2100 each. They are situate on 21st Ave., only two blocks from car and are all cleared and in grass. Good open roads on either side. Terms, one quarter cash, balance in six, twelve and eighteen months. Buy one of these and make some money quick.

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is conceded by the stove trade to be the *Leading Range of America*—handsome as a picture. Strength, durability, economy and convenience combine an ornament to the kitchen; made of malleable iron and Bessemer steel in combination, riveted together like a boiler. It will last a life time. Saves repairs—saves the cook—saves time and labor—and does more and better work on *less than half the fuel* of cast stoves. No cracking, no warping, no polishing, and no open seams. Burns wood, cobs, hard or soft coal.

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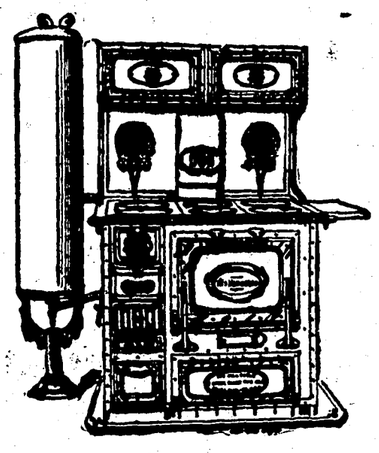

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