The Nelson Tribune

ESTABLISHED 1892 — MONDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 7, 1901 — DAILY EDITION

WILL NOT RESIGN

DUNSMUIR SURE OF THE SUPPORT OF 22.

M'BRIDE WILL JOIN OPPOSITION, AND DIVIDE THE HONORS WITH CURTIS.

VICTORIA, October 6.—[Special to The Tribune.]—Premier Dunsmuir states that he will not resign, and it is generally believed that he has made concessions to the wing of his supporters that have remained true to him as head of the government. This wing will be given the two vacant portfolios. By taking this course, Dunsmuir can rely on the support of Martin and at least three of his followers. These, together with Mounce, Dickie, Pooley, Hall, Booth, A. W. Smith, Hunter, Ellison, Rogers, Fulton, Kidd, Taylor, Green, Eberts, Wells, and Prentice will give him a working majority, notwithstanding the defection of McBride, Helmcken, McPhillips, Hayward, Murphy, Tatlow and Garden. These seven will have Curtis, E. C. Smith, Hawthornthwaite, Oliver, Gifford, and Munroe as coadjutors. Gilmour is classed as an independent and the government side believe they can win the vacait seat in Victoria. This arrangement may last the life of the present house, as the majority of the members know the people are heartily sick of elections. McBride and Curtis will lead the opposition.

TELEGRAMS IN BRIEF FORM.

SHANGHAI, October 6.—A dispatch from Sian Fu announces that the imperial court has started for Kai Feng Fu.

LISBON, October 6.—The parliamentary general elections were held today. It is believed they have resulted in a large majority for the present government.

LONDON, October 6.—Another Baptist mission has been destroyed in the Hsinw Ning district says a dispatch from Hong Kong to the Times. The movement resembles the Boxer rising.

ABERDEEN, October 6.—Notwithstanding the stormy weather and the fact that king Edward was indisposed last week, his majesty and queen Alexandra attended divine service today at Cradhie church. The king looked exceedingly well.

PARIS, October 6.—William C. Whitney's Kilmarnock II., ridden by Johnny Reiff the American jockey, won the Prix Auconseil Municipal of $20,000 at Longchamps today over a course of a mile and a half. Jacobite was second and La Camargo third.

ROME, October 6.—Glavinovitch, an anarchist who recently arrived here from Dalmatia, has been arrested. He had been heard to threaten the lives of the pope and cardinal Rampolla, pontificial secretary of state. Boschieri, another anarchist, has been arrested in Milan.

DUBLIN, October 6.—The Freeman's Journal says that king Edward and queen Alexandra will arrive in Dublin to attend the races and will remain a fortnight in Ireland, visiting lord Londonderry, and the duke of Abercorn and going to the city of Belfast. Their majesties, however, will not go into the south of Ireland.

LONDON, October 6.—A furious gale raged yesterday over Great Britain, the channel, the North Sea and Belgium. Several fatalities on land are reported as the result of falling trees. Slight casualties are also reported at sea. There was a waterspout near Calais. Telegraphic and telephonic communication was generally interrupted.

SCRANTON, Pennsylvania, October 6.—Patrick Gibbons, aged 65, early this morning killed his wife in a fiendish manner while she was in bed. He beat her into insensibility, then stabbed and gashed her breasts with a butcher knife. Relatives discovered the woman's body. Gibbons made no attempt to escape and is in jail. His mind has been disordered for several years.

Guilty of Murder.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., October 6.—Bud Taylor, who last March shot and killed Miss Ruth Taylor, a former sweetheart, in a sensational manner, was tonight found guilty of murder in the first degree. The jury was out but 55 minutes. The defense made a strong plea of insanity, and the evidence showed that Taylor suffered from epilepsy. Miss Nolard had jilted Taylor, and arming himself with a Winchester, he lay in wait for her. He secured a position in a second story window in West Ninth street, in a busy part of the city, and waited for several days for the girl to pass. When she finally appeared across the street, walking with her sister, Taylor rested his rifle on the window sill and took deliberate aim. He fired twice and both loads took effect, Miss Nolard falling dead while her sister was untouched. A mob threatened to lynch Taylor and he was only rescued by the prompt work of a squad of police.

A Stormy Passage.

NEW YORK, October 6.—Three of the big Atlantic liners, which have encountered very stormy weather and high head seas on the passage across, landed their passengers here today. They were the City of Rome of the Anchor line; Umbria, Cunard line; Calabria, which is in the Anchor line service from Mediterranean ports. All brought large numbers of passengers. Those of the Calabria, because of bubonic plague at Naples, were subjected to a careful examination at quarintine before they were allowed to come up to the city.

London Anarchists.

LONDON, October 6.—A fairly numerous meeting of anarchists was held yesterday in a hall at Totenham Court Road, London, to hear a lecture on the assassination of president McKinley by H. Kelly of New York. The audience, largely composed of foreigners, applauded all reference to "Saint" Czolgosz and his "meritorious" act. The speaker introduced Enrico Malatesta, the Italian anarchist, who described the assassination as "a deed of heroism." Kelly's lecture was a wild harangue in denunciation of Mr. McKinley's political career. He declared that they did not try to justify assassination, but rather to explain it as the outcome of "the oppression of workmen by capital." If the killing of McKinley opens the eyes of the capitalists and induces them to treat the working people better, cried the agitator, "then great good will have been done."

FROM CANADA'S CAPITAL

W. A. Galliher Returns.

W. A. Galliher, M. P. returned from Ottawa last evening, where he has been for the past few weeks on private and public business. He did not bring very much news with him concerning the rumored changes in the Laurier cabinet, in fact he is of the opinion that the cabinet makers on the outside are taking as much for granted with respect to the federal cabinet as they are with respect to premier Dunsmuir's cabinet. The retirement of sir Louis Davies from the department of marine and fisheries, will make one vacancy, but it is by no means certain that there will be any further changes in the cabinet. Even this will not make room for any new blood, as it is as good as settled that the portfolio of marine and fisheries or one of the others will go to James Sutherland, who at present is a member of the cabinet without a portfolio. In the eastern papers there have been all sorts of rumors flying about, but one after another they have been given their quietus. One peper had it that postmaster-general Mulock was to retire, but this had since been denied by Mr. Mulock himself. Respecting British Columbia's chance of securing representation in the cabinet Mr. Galliher said the prospects were good in the event of any changes other than the retirement of sir Louis Davies.

Among other matters to which he gave his attention while in Ottawa, was that respecting the changes in the plans for the federal government's building in this city. In an interview with minister Tarte, of the public works department, he urged upon him the desirability of having the examining wing of the building run up to the same height as the main portion of the building. This change would increase the cost of the building by about $18,000, and while he did not receive any definite promise that the desired change would be made, he has good hopes that it will be done. One change which the minister promised definitely was the making of an entrance to the postoffice on Ward street as well as on Vernon street. Minister Tarte also promised to have a dredge built at Nakusp for the dredging of the narrows in the Columbia river and Arrow lake. The machinery for the dredge will be shipped from the east. This dredge, when completed, will be available for use on the upper end of the water route into the Lardeau. He also pushed the matter of having captain Fraser of the C. P. R. fleet on Kootenay lake appointed as examining officer for masters and mates. He also had an interview with the secretary of state, and succeeded in having Nelson established as an examining point for the holding of civil service examinations. The establishment of postoffices at Camborn in the Lardeau and Hedley, a point between Princeton and Penticton, was also taken up, and the prospect of securing them he considers almost certain.

Fads of Aristocrats.

LONDON, October 6.—The theft of lord Angelesey's £40,000 worth of jewelry used in his personal adornment has brought out much talk in ultra-fashionable society regarding men who wear unseen jewels. Investigations among Westend jewelers disclose the fact that there is an extensive trade in curios and costly articles worn beneath ordinary clothing, such as snakes around waists, necks, and legs, bangles, chains, and amulets of various singular designs. Besides the extraordinary vogue, the fashion among men of wearing jewelry has increased enormously this year, many using two pairs of links in each cuff and jeweled buttons with evening waistcoats. It is recalled in this connection that king Edward occasionally wears a bangle on his wrist, that the late duke of Saxe-Coburg wore a heavy gold bracelet for years and that lord Brampton, better known as justice Hawkins of the King's Bench division of the high court of justice, even when sitting on the bench wore a number of such ornaments.

Postoffice in the Far North.

WASHINGTON, October 6.—Postoffice inspector John P. Clum has returned from a trip of inspection through Alaska. He has reported to the department that the service generally is in excellent condition more particularly in the Yukon valley, the various towns have a mail service of once a week in each direction. He established the northwest postoffice in the United States and what is probably the most northermost postoffice in the world. This is at Point Barrow, where Rev. Dr. H. Richmond Marsh, the missionary at the little settlement, was appointed postmaster. This place, where the most northermost newspaper in the world is published once a year, will receive the mails once a year by a United States revenue cutter. Heretofore the few natives in the vicinity have had to send for their mail about 700 miles and often much further.

An Archbishop's Proposal.

LONDON, October 6.—The archbishop of York's pastoral proposing a day of national humiliation because of the slow success of British arms and of penitence for national sins has been received with astonisment, especially as he openly suggests an imitation of the Boers, who proclaimed August 9th as a day of humiliation. The archbishop quotes the Boer proclamation in full for the edification of the British clergy. "It is easy," he says, "and not uncommon to denounce these people as hypocrites, to laugh to scorn their own bibles and meetings for prayer. If, without hypocrisy, we long ago had taken a similar course it might have fared better with us than it has done.

Raising the Wind.

LONDON, October 6.—Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, chancellor of the exchequer, denies that parliament will meet this autumn to provide money for the prosecution of the war in South Africa. Nevertheless, at the present rate of expenditure the deficit for the fiscal year will be £65,724,000, while the sixth million of new consols with which it was expected to meet the deficit realized at 94 1-2 £56,700,000, leaving a net deficit which must be provided for by a fresh appropriation of £13,000,000. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach doubtless considers that prompt action by parliament in January will take care of the deficit.

Speeders at Lexington.

LEXINGTON, Ky., October 6.—Boralma is suffering from a cold contracted on the trip to Lexington, and is under the care of a veterinary. Mr. Lawson's representative says that he hopes that the horse will be well enough to meet The Abbot in the $30,000 match on Wednesday.

Cresceus arrived tonight in good condition. The Abbott will try next week to beat Cresceus' world's record of 2:02 1-4. The meeting beginning Tuesday is rich in large purses, all events being filled beyond the numbers of previous years.

The $16,000 futurity for 3-year-olds, the greatest annual race for the harness racing world, is the feature of the opening day.

LIPTON'S FUTURE PLANS

Not Likely to Race Again.

NEW YORK, October 5.—Sir Thomas Lipton went on board the Shamrock this morning and ordering captain Sycamore to muster the crew he addressed them. He thanked them for their loyal work throughout the races and complimented them on their steady behavior. The mainsail was unbent and the yacht was towed to Erin basin this afternoon.

The Columbia was taken to City island today. Her trip up river was a continuous ovation. As to the rumor that the yachts' crews would be exchanged and a series of races sailed under those conditions, secretary Oldie said that he did not know of any such arrangement, and did not think there was one. There will be a reception at the yacht club on Tuesday in honor of sir Thomas Lipton.

NEW YORK, October 6.—Sir Thomas Lipton had the first day of rest today that he has had since he arrived. The Erin was at anchor, and her owner remained on board all day. There were very few visitors. Mr and Mrs. Jameson and Mr. Watson had gone to Glencove on a visit and the duke of Alba was at his hotel in New York, so sir Thomas had the ship to himself. When asked about his plans for the near future he said: "After the dinner at the New York Yacht Club on Tuesday night I have a number of invitations to various clubs, but I have not yet decided which I shall be able to accept, as my time is very limited. I shall go to Chicago to be the guest of the Chicago Athletic Club on Tuesday of next week, leaving here Monday for that place. It is not likely that the Shamrock will remain in commission. I am very sorry she did not win at least one race. However, I am going to give captain Sycamore and the crew of the Shamrock a banquet. It will probably be on Thursday night. I feel that they have done their very best to make the boat win."

From another source it is learned that there is a hope on board the Erin and Shamrock that another race for the America's cup may be arranged to be sailed next year. If this can be accomplished it is said that the Shamrock will be laid up in New York for the winter. She is at present in the Erie basin.

NEW YORK, October 6.—The London correspondent of the Tribune quotes a prominent English yachtsman as saying that a renewed attempt to capture the America's cup has been made improbable for a long time to come, owing to the general disappointment in Great Britain over the result of the last international yacht races. "Sir Thomas Lipton will not try again," he added, "and there is no other British yachtsman with money to spare for such an expensive enterprise, hence the cup will remain in America for another decade."

ALARM IS FELT

OVER THE CONDITION OF KING EDWARD.

FORD'S CABLEGRAMS ON ENGLISH AND GENERAL CONTINENTAL MATTERS.

NEW YORK October 6.—The London correspondent of the New York Tribune, I. N. Ford, in a special dispatch published today, says: The public apprehension respecting the king's health may not be groundless, but it is at least premature. He is in no immediate danger when a medical adviser has been summoned to treat him for lumbago or rheumatism. The court circulars when queen Victoria was living contained minute accounts of her daily drives and recreations and her subjects could always judge for themselves whether she was well or sick. The king has quietly changed this practice without exciting much comment. The court circular is now a record of functions of state and visitors of exceptional importance, and it is published intermittently and contains little personal intelligence of the king's daily life. He has not considered it necessary to take his subjects into his confidence respecting the minor details of daily exercises and amusements. For this reason royalty is more closely screened from observation than it was during the Victorian reign and rumor mongers have larger resources for starting alarm. The king is not believed to be seriously indisposed by those who have access to court or are in touch with diplomatic circles. At the same time it is probable that he has been nervous and apprehensive respecting his throat ailment and that the physicians have found it difficult to reassure him. I am also told that the insurance companies are not willing to take additional risks on his life. This is not an idle rumor, but a statement made by an insurance expert who has the best facilities for learning the facts in the case. There is much irresponsible talk about the king's failing health, but it may be attributed mainly to the despondency and pessimism prevailing in England since the outbreak of the Boer war. Diogenes with his lamp would find it easier to discover in the city of London an honest man than an optimistic one.

CRITICISM CONTINUES.

The resumption of Boer operations on a large scale in two remote fields has brought the government under the fire of political guerillas. The ministers are reproached for taking holidays, neglecting their work and accepting credulous facility assurances from their civil and military advisers that everything is going well in South Africa. Mr. Broderick has been constantly at the war office and he has a passion for work and red tape. He has not made a single sanguine or reassuring reference to the war since he shelved lord Lansdown. The croakers can hardly find fault with him for taking too favorable a view of the progress of the war, nor is it reasonable for them to aver that the ministers by holding weekly councils could have forestalled general Botha's raid into Zululand and commandant Delarey's return to the Western Transvaal after Megaliesberg had been repeatedly cleared. The two Boer generals have concealed their purposes and made demonstrations a fortnight after the expiration of the time limit of lord Kitchener's proclamation, and a similar raid by generals Dewet and Steyn may be expected daily as an ironical reminder that the war which the Aldershot tacticians imagined would be a holiday parade has entered upon its third year. Criticism of lord Kitchener, lord Milner and the ministers for lack of foresight in forecasting Boer activity is futile. The Boer remains at the end, as he was at the beginning of the war, a unique adversary with terrible persistence, who succeeds in revising every tradition of military experience and brings to naught every prediction and calculation. If the Liberals were united and not demoralized there would be destructive criticism in the place of guerilla attacks upon lord Kitchener, lord Milner, minister Broderick and Mr. Chamberlain. As it is there is ineffective faultfinding by the press, and nothing is accomplished. The military staff is reproached for not following up the shattered columns of Botha and Delarey after their defeats, and is bluntly told that what it is doing is neither war nor business.

A Spokane Holdup.

SPOKANE, October 6.—Three men held up a man named Darby at the Hotel Emery on Riverside avenue, near Bernard street, early yesterday morning about 3 o'clock and robbed him of $50. They also took a shot at the night clerk, W. M. Maynes, and had charge of the hotel for about two hours. The case was not reported to the police until 8 o'clock yesterday morning. It appears that the men were all under the influence of liquor. They brought Darby, who was pretty drunk, to the house with them and secured room 14, which has a double bed. Shortly after they went to the room the clerk heard a racket and went up to see what was wrong. He walked in and the men pulled revolvers on him. They made him throw up his hands, took a shot at him, and warned him to keep quiet, which he did. He says that when he went in they had Darby down on the bed, covered with revolvers while they were robbing him of $50. After this they took the clerk and went down into the office, leaving Darby drunk in the room. About this time Mr. Dopp of Bliss & Dopp, who run a candy store across the street, came over to see what was the trouble, and the toughs also took him in charge. Later they went across to the candy store, taking Dopp and the clerk with them. Here they sent one of their number out for beer, which they compelled their prisoners to drink. After this they took them back to the hotel and then walked out and went up Riverside avenue out of sight.

The Fire Fiend.

PITTSBURG, October 6.—Fire today in the Pittsburg clay pot works in Allegheny damaged the plant to the extent of $280,000, injured six men and enforced an idleness of several months on the force of 165 workmen. The injured men were firemen who were on the roof of the boiler house when the wall fell and they were carried with it. None of them will die. There is $186,000 insurance.

DETROIT, October 6.—The job printing plant of the Detroit Free Press Printing Company was damaged by fire early today to the extent of between $20,000 and $25,000.

Crooked Mine Promoters.

WASHINGTON, October 6.—United States consul McCook at Dawson has reported to the state department that fraudulent mining companies are being promoted at Dawson and that worthless stock is being sold in the United States. Consul McCook says prospectuses are being issued giving as references the government officials and others in Dawson without their authority. He adds that the promoters actually pay unearned dividends in order to sell stock, invariably getting together a lot of claims of very little value.

Victoria Notes.

VICTORIA, October 6.—The men of the Royal Horse Artillery, who have been resting here on their way home from China, resumed their journey to the east this morning. They sail from Montreal next week.

The provincial exhibition, which has been in full swing all week, closed last night. It was the most successful in the history of the city.

An Extraordinary Find.

REVELSTOKE, October 6.—[Special to The Tribune.]—Patsey Clark of Spokane is reported to have interested Butte mining men in an extraordinary find of galena on Fish river. Their expert is on the ground and has reported favorably. It is said there is 40 feet of ore exposed. The price is put at $300,000.

BRIGANDAGE IN AMERICA

A Philadelphia Crime.

PHILADELPHIA, October 6.—Charged with kidnaping a woman and holding her for four days, robbing her of jewels worth more than $20,000 and compelling her to sign bank checks for large sums of money, is the story the police unfolded here today when they announced the arrest of two newspaper men, a stenographer in another newspaper office and a barber, all of whom are charged with complicity in the crime. The victim is Mrs. Mabel Goodrich, proprietress of an establishment on North Tenth street. She said that for some time past a young man, who represented himself as a resident of Germantown, had been a frequent visitor at her establishment. He was well dressed and he spent money freely. Last Wednesday he proposed a drive through Fairmont park and she consented to go. At a lonely place in the park the carriage was stopped by a man whom she said represented himself as detective Gibbons, the secretary and attorney of the Law and Order Society of this city. The man, she went on to say, told her that he had a warrant for her arrest on the charge of keeping a disorderly house, but the matter could be fixed up. He was invited into the carriage, and the next moment she was gagged and blindfolded. She was driven somewhere, she did not know. She was kept a prisoner from Tuesday until Friday night and was then taken on another long drive, blindfolded, to another house, where she was kept from Friday until Monday. In the latter place the men, who were masked, stripped her of the jewelry and at the point of a revolver compelled her to sign bank checks for various sums of money she had deposited in the Third National Bank. They made her sign for more than she possessed, but made her promise that she would make up the deficiency when they released her. The men, she said, took her for another long drive and put her out at Tenth and Poplar streets, a good mile from her house.

Railroad Disasters

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., October 6.—A head-on collision occurred on the Midland division of the Pennsylvania railroad at Sterling, 36 miles west of Renova, early this morning between a passenger and a freight train, resulting in the death of Harry Snodgrass of Renova and the serious injury of four of the freight crew.

ATLANTA, Ga., October 6.—Two cars on the Consolidated street railway were in collision this afternoon, injuring 18 persons, both cars were crowded and were under considerable headway on a down grade when they met. Motorman W. H. Grady was seriously hurt.

LOGANSPORT, Ind., October 6.—Two Panhandle freights were wrecked in a rear-end collision. Four were killed and one cremated in the wreck.

A Startling Theory

TORONTO, October 5.—A. L. Elvans, a local astronomer of considerable repute, has startled his colleagues of the astronomical society by propounding the story that the moon was originally a primary planet revolving around the sun in an orbit like that of the earth. By disturbance it was attracted near enough to the earth to fall under its attraction and become a terrestrial satellite. Mr. Elvans further took away the breath of his fellow astronomers by expressing the belief that the moon would, if his theory were correct, break away from the earth and return to its place in the planetary system.

A Morman Conference

LONDON, October 6.—The semi-annual conference of Mormon missionaries in London came to a close today with three services in the Finsbury town hall, which was crowded at 3 o'clock. Mr. Lyman referred to the mission in London in an address as a great success and predicted that the Mormon cause would have increased prosperity in Great Britain next year.

VENEZUELA AND COLOMBIA

Conditions in the Two Republics.

WILLEMSTADT, Island of Curaco, October 6.—Today a representative of the Associated Press interviewed Dr. Alexandria Orbaneja, president of the executive committee of the Venezuela national revolutionary party, regarding the political situation. Dr. Orbaneja is the leader of the party and the personal representative of El Mocha, general Hernandez. He was a cabinet minister under president Crespo and is a prominent lawyer. Today he is an exile in Acuro. "The nationalists until the present time," said Dr. Orbaneja, "have passively witnessed president Castro's attitude and actions toward Colombia, but they are now compelled to protest against them. Neither the nationalists nor the country at large have ever sustained the actions of president Castro, which now promise an international war. The nationalists do not desire war with a sister republic nor would they follow Castro in such a war. On the contrary they as well as the country at large would refuse to participate. If Colombia had ever really offended Venezuela there would be no necessity for Castro's forcible recruiting as at present in order to obtain an army to punish the offenders. In such event all Venezuelans would join to punish the offender. I do not think president Castro will declare war against Colombia. In the first place, to do so legally he must obtain the consent of the Venezuelan congress, which will not convene before February next. In the second place I do not believe the members of the Venezuelan congress, although they are all partisans of president Castro, would consent to a ruinous war with Colombia in order to help Colombian revolutionists.

CARACAS, October 6.—An envoy of the Venezuelan government who has just arrived at Maracaibo from the Colombian frontier wires the correspondent of the Associated Press at Caracas as follows: "For two weeks prior to October 3rd, the Venezuelan troops concentrated between San Cristobal and Cucuta, estimated at 8000 men, had not discharged a single shot against the Colombians massed before them under command of general Valencia and estimated at 6000. Both sides await the answer of Colombia to the Venezuelan note.

EASTERN CANADIAN WIRINGS.

TORONTO, October 6.—The doctor reports a slight improvement in Clark Wallace's condition.

TORONTO, October 6—Homer Pringle, at one time well known in the telegraph business, was found dead in bed this morning. The gas was turned on, but death was believed to have been entirely accidental.

TORONTO, October 6.—Preaching before the Toronto military corps today Rev. H. Grassett Baldwin attacked lord Kitchener saying that he would have greater success in South Africa if he had not kept Christianity out of the Soudan.

TORONTO, October 6.—Allan Gibbons, son of C. C. Gibbons, K. C., of London, Ontario, a university student, shot himself in the head with a gun at his boarding house tonight. It is not known whether it was accidental or otherwise. He may recover.

WILLIAMSTOWN, Ontario, October 6.—A carriage in which were Mrs. George Symons and her young daughter was struck by a Grand Trunk westbound express Saturday and both were instantly killed. The bodies were horribly mangled.

OAKVILLE, Ontario, October 6—Frank Fisher, 12 years old, was accidentally shot and killed by Gilby Hardy, 25 years, old on Thursday. Young Fisher and Hardy were engaged in the pursuit of a mischievous cat which had been a nuisance to both families and was under Hardy' barn when the accident occurred. The supposition is that Fisher was either mistaken for the cat in the semi-darkness or the revolver was struck by some obsatcle and suddenly discharged. Hardy's mind has become unhinged with grief over the accident.

HE GOES GUNNING

ENGLAND'S FUTURE KING A SPORTSMAN.

MET AT POPLAR POINT BY LORD MINTO AND OTHER DIGNITARIES.

POPLAR POINT, Man., October 6.—The royal train, conveying his royal highness the duke of Cornwall and York and suite arrived here about 11 o'clock this morning and was received by senators Kirchoffer and lord Minto, governor-general of Canada, who had arrived to meet the party. The distinguished guests are in excellent spirits and looking forward with great anticipation to the enjoyment of the shooting at Lake Manitoba. The shooting party consists of his highness, the duke, prince Alexander of Teck, lord Crichton, commander Godfrey Fossett, sir Charles Cust and major Rand. After luncheon at the train senator Kirchoffer and his guests drove out to the lake, a distance of about 12 miles. On arrival at the landing a fleet of canoes were ready to convey the guests to the shooting lodge which is a few miles paddle across the marsh slough. The canoe conveying the duke of York was guided by John Atkinson, premier guide of Lake Manitoba shooting grounds, with lord Minto in the bow, the other boats forming a fleet of honor. The party reached the shooting lodge about 5 p. m. Elaborate preparations had been made for their entertainment there which highly delighted the guests. The country is wild in the extreme but the site selected for the shooting lodge is an ideal spot and the appearance of the shooting box, out buildings and tents made a very pretty picture. The weather is perfect and as game, particularly the ducks, are plentiful, there are prospects of a splendid outing. All the shooting will be done from canoes, and the sportsmen will be on hand in good time in the morning to catch the early flight of birds. Among those assisting senator Kirchoffer in the entertainment of his guests are the well known Winnipeggers, George J. Galt, Percy and Tip Hetwell of Brandon, all of whom are expert duck hunters and whose intimate knowledge of the country will be of great service to the party. Shortly after the arrival at the lodge dinne was served and the remainder of the day spent in a quiet inspection of the lodge and its surroundings. The party will remain at the shooting box until Tuesday and will in that time have plenty of opportunity of securing a large bag of game. They will entrain at Poplar Point at 3 o'clock on Tuesday, reaching Winnipeg about 4 p. m. Sir Wilfrid Laurier left the party here and will remain in Winnipeg until Tuesday as the guest of lieutenant-governor McMillan and senator Watson.

BANFF, N. W. T., October 6.—The duchess of Cornwall left here at 9 o'clock tonight for Poplar Point, Manitoba, where on Tuesday she will rejoin the duke. This morning, in company with the countess of Minto, she attended special service at St. George's Mission church and later drove to Devil's lake and the buffalo and elk paddock in the national park. She also visited the geyser caves and sulphur pools. She was so interested in the Selkirks and Rockies that she purchased a collection of paintings of them and also carried away a large number of souvenirs. The entire population were at the depot when the royal special pulled out to give the duchess a hearty cheer.

Scalded to Death.

HELENA, Montana, October 6.—A wreck on the Montana Central yesterday afternoon 30 miles north of Helena, wrecked an engine which left the track and turned over in a mud bank. Engineer Patrick J. Hussey was scalded to death, his body being badly mangled. He had been railroading for 35 years, and this was his first accident. Hussey's family lives in St. Paul. Two miles south of the place of the wreck, a train was wrecked just a day before and in the same unaccountable manner. It is presumed the rails spread in both cases. No one was killed in Friday's wreck, but three trainmen were injured.

Escaped Being Lynched.

PENDLETON, Ore., October 6.—A blacksmith named McWilliams, barely escaped being lynched by an infuriated mob at Pilot Rock yesterday. McWilliams attacked the late president McKinley, using vile language and saying that he was glad of his death and that he should have been murdered long ago. A mob of men and boys secured a rope and started to look for the blacksmith. McWilliams took alarm and fled toward Pendleton. He arrived here this morning after having run and walked during the entire night.

Rock Drillers to Meet.

LEADVILLE, Colorado, October 6.—Arrangements were completed today for the biggest rock drilling contest ever held in the west. The event is to take place on October 24, 25, and 26, and prizes of $1200 will be divided among the miners in the following amounts:

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NELSON, B. C.

FALL MILLINERY OPENING

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

We will hold our regular Fall Millinery Opening on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of this week, when we will show the finest collection of French and American model hats, toques, turbans and bonnets ever put on display in this city, having been selected by our Miss Darveau while attending the openings in New York, Montreal, Toronto and Chicago.

Some of our models are from Madame Louise Sullivan Drew, of New York, and Paul Virot and "Pouganne," of Paris.

We specially invite all the ladies of Nelson and other towns to call and inspect this magnificient collection.

FRED IRVINE & CO.

36 Baker Street, Nelson.

WHOLESALE DIRECTORY

ASSAYERS' SUPPLIES.

W. F. TEETZEL & CO.—CORNER OF Baker and Josephine streets, Nelson, wholesale dealers in assayer's supplies. Agents for Denver Fire Clay Company, Denver, Colorado.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

H. J. EVANS & CO.—BAKER STREET, Nelson, wholesale dealers in liquors, cigars, cement, fire brick and fire clay, water pipe and steel rails, and general commission merchants.

ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES.

KOOTENAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & Construction Company—Wholesale dealers in telephones, annunciators, bells, batteries, electric fixtures and appliances. Houston Block, Nelson.

FRESH AND SALT MEATS.

P. BURNS & CO.—BAKER STREET, Nelson, wholesale dealers in fresh and cured meats. Cold storage.

GROCERIES.

A. MACDONALD & CO.—CORNER OF Front and Hall streets, Nelson, wholesale grocers and jobbers in blankets, gloves, mitts, boots, rubbers, mackinaws and miners' sundries.

KOOTENAY SUPPLY COMPANY, LIMITED.—Vernon street, Nelson, wholesale grocers.

JOHN CHOLDITCH & CO.—FRONT street, Nelson, wholesale grocers.

J. Y. GRIFFIN & CO.—FRONT STREET, Nelson, wholesale dealers in provisions, cured meats, butter and eggs.

LIQUORS AND DRY GOODS.

TURNER, BEETON & CO.—CORNER Vernon and Josephine streets, Nelson, wholesale dealers in liquors, cigars and dry goods. Agents for Pabst Brewing Company of Milwaukee and Calgary Brewing Company of Calgary.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

ARCHITECTS.

A. C. EWART.—ARCHITECT, ROOM 3, Aberdeen Block, Baker Street, Nelson.

CHOP HOUSE.

PIONEER CHOP HOUSE, JOHN Spears, proprietor, opposite Queen's Hotel, Baker street, Nelson. Open day and night. Lunches a specialty. Picnic and traveling parties supplied on shortest notice.

DRAYAGE.

FURNITURE, PIANOS, SAFES, ETC., moved carefully at reasonable rates. Apply J. T. Wilson. Phone 270, Prosser's second Hand store, Ward street.

FURNITURE.

D. J. ROBERTSON & CO., FURNITURE dealers, undertakers and embalmers. Day phone No. 292, night phone No. 207. Next new postoffice building, Vernon street, Nelson.

WANTED—MINING PROPERTIES.

FREE MILLING GOLD PROPERTIES. We are anxious to secure a few free milling gold properties at once. The Prospectors' Exchange, Nelson, B. C., Room 4, K. W. C. Block.

GOLD, COPPER, SILVER, LEAD mines and prospects wanted. Send report and samples to the Prospectors' Exchange, Nelson, B. C., Room 4, K. W. C. Block.

NOTICES OF MEETINGS.

TRADES AND LABOR UNIONS.

MINERS' UNION, NO. 96, W. F. of M.—Meets in Miners' Union Hall, northwest corner of Baker and Stanley streets, every Saturday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members welcome. M. R. Mowat, president; James Wilks, secretary. Union scale of wages for Nelson district per shift: Machine men $3.50, hammersmen $3.25, muckers, carmen, shoveilers, and other underground laborers $3.

BARBERS' UNION, NO. 196, OF THE International Journeymen Barbers' Union of America, meets first and third Mondays of each month in Miners' Union Hall at 8:30 sharp. Visiting members invited. R. McMahon, president; J. H. Matheson, secretary-treasurer; J. C. Gardner, recording secretary.

PLASTERERS' UNION MEETS EVERY Monday evening in the Elliot Block, at 8 o'clock. J. D. Moyer, president; William Vice, secretary. P. O. Box 161.

CARPENTERS' UNION MEETS WEDnesday evening of each week at 7 o'clock, in Miners' Union Hall. C. J. Clayton, president; Alex. B. Murray, secretary.

PAINTERS' UNION MEET THE FIRST and third Fridays in each month at Miners' Union Hall at 7:30 sharp. Walter R. Kee, president; Henry Bennett, secretary.

LAUNDRY WORKERS' UNION.—Meets at Miners' Union Hall on fourth Monday in every month at 7:30 o'clock p. m. B. Pape, president; A. W. McFee, secretary.

FRATERNAL SOCIETIES.

NELSON LODGE, NO. 23, A. F. & A. M. meets second Wednesday in each month. Sojourning brethren invited.

NELSON ROYAL ARCH CHAPTER No. 123, G. R. C.—Meets third Wednesday. Sojourning companions invited. George Johnstone, Z.; E. W. Matthews, S. E.

NELSON AERIE, NO. 22 F. O. E.—Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month at Fraternity Hall. George Bartlett, president; J. V. Morrison, secretary.

KOOTENAY TENT NO. 7, K. O. T. M.—Regular meetings first and third Thursdays of each month. Visiting Sir Knights are cordially invited to attend. Dr. W. Rose, R. K.; A. W. Purdy, Com.; G. A. Brown, P. C.

CLASSIFIED ADS.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

SEWING MACHINES OF ALL KINDS for sale or rent at the Old Curiosity Shop.

FOR RENT.

TO LET—LARGE FRONT ROOM; HEATED; private family. Apply silica street, third door east of Stanley.

SIX ROOM COTTAGE AT BALFOUR to let by the month or for the season. Immediate possession. Good fishing. Apply C. W. Busk, Kokanee creek. Phone 66a. Or to R. H. Williams, Baker street, Nelson.

FOR RENT—PALACE SALOON, SANDON. For particulars apply Mrs. A. Kagan, Sandon, B.C.

FOR SALE.

CANARIES FOR SALE. SINGERS FROM $2; females $1. Address P. O. Erie, B.C.

FOR IMMEDIATE SALE—GROCERY BUSiness; good location; low rent; owner going out of business. For full particulars address C. K., Grand Forks, B. C.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—LABORERS, 25 CENTS PER hour, night cook, miners, railroad laborers for Lardo, cook, $75. Nelson Employment Agency. Phone 278.

LOST.

LOST—WHITE BULL TERRIER DOG answering to name of "Fitz." Any person harboring or detaining same after this notice will be prosecuted. D. Mackay.

LOST—ON WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 2nd, a bunch of keys, one of which is stamped A. K. 207. Finder please leave at C. P. R. Telegraph Office.

EMPLOYMENT AGENCIES.

HELP FURNISHED—WRITE, TELEphone, telegraph or inquire Western Canadian Employment Office, Nelson. Phone 270. Storage—I have a large warehouse for storing household or other goods. H. A. Prosser.

WANTED HELP OF ALL KINDS—Orders for help receive prompt and careful attention. R. Purdy, Employment Agent, Stanley street, Nelson. Telephone 44. P. O. Box 582.

The Tribune

SUBSCRIPTION RATES.

Daily by mail, one month	$ 50
Daily by mail, three months	1 25
Daily by mail, six months	2 50
Daily by mail, one year	5 00
Semi-weekly by mail, three months	50
Semi-weekly by mail, six months	1 00
Semi-weekly by mail, one year	2 00

Postage to Great Britain added.

ADVERTISING RATES.

Display Advertisements run regularly, per inch per month	$4 00
If run less than a month, per inch per insertion	25
Classified Ads and Legal Notices, per word for first insertion	1
For each additional insertion, per word	1-2
Wholesale and Business Directory Ads (classified), per line per month	50
Notices of meetings of Fraternal Societies and Trades Unions, per line per month	25

Address all letters—

THE TRIBUNE ASSOCIATION, Ltd.
John Houston, Manager. Nelson, B. C.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS BY CARRIER.

On Saturday next, subscribers whose Tribunes are delivered by carrier will be expected to pay the carrier TWENTY CENTS, the subscription price for the current week.

The Victoria Colonist, speaking of personal politics, says it has labored earnestly for the adoption of a policy, but that all its efforts have met with opposition from the machine politicians on both sides of the house. The Colonist, evidently, is referring to the difficulties that it and James Dunsmuir have had in governing the province of British Columbia. All politics are more or less personal. It is the personality of the leaders that keeps a party in power; a party name is merely the nucleus. It was not the party name that kept the Conservatives in power at Ottawa for a quarter of a century; and it is not the party name that is keeping the Liberals in power now. It was the personality of John A. Macdonald that held the Conservative party together, and it is the personality of Wilfrid Laurier that is holding the Liberals together today. Let the man but appear in British Columbia, and no matter which party he leads, that party will be in power. The man must be a leader; must absolutely rule the party. He cannot leave either the leadership of his party or the management of the affairs of the province in the hands of subordinates. He, as leader, will make the policy, and as leader will see that the policy is carried out. Can the Colonist say that it is the organ of a leader that has a party behind him? James Dunsmuir is not a leader; therefore he cannot well have a policy. Not being a leader and not having a policy he cannot have a party behind him. He was placed in office on the recommendation of Joseph Martin, much to the chagrin of James Herbert Turner and David MacEwan Eberts, both of whom believed they should have had the honor. He chose these two men as his chief advisers, and they selected the remainder of his cabinet. The actual result of this combination has been that James Dunsmuir has only been nominally a leader, and that the real leaders have been Turner and Eberts and Martin; the two first in evidence, the latter the power behind the throne. It would not be reasonable to expect that three such leaders could formulate a policy that would be acceptable to a party, and it would be just as unreasonable to expect that a government run by such a triumvir would last. A break-up was inevitable, and it came when James Herbert Turner was forced to accept an office (agent-general in London) specially created to shelve him. On Turner's resignation Joseph Martin insisted that one of his followers be taken into the cabinet, and James Dunsmuir went to the extreme in order that Martin's wish be complied with. Eberts's man in the cabinet (McBride) resigned, and declared he would accomplish the defeat of Martin's man (Brown); and he did. Since the day of that defeat, the government has been drifting, much like a rudderless ship in mid-ocean. Were James Dunsmuir a leader, he would not, after being over a year in office, be groping for a policy and for subordinates to carry out that policy. Were he a leader, he would have at least one man in his cabinet whom he could trust; had he a policy, it would be known; had he a party behind him, it would be in evidence now that he is in difficulties. A number of the members of the legislative assembly gave premier Dunsmuir unselfish support, for they believed the people were tired of the bickerings of the politicians who had long ruled the province; they believed that while the name of Dunsmuir was not a name to conjure by politically, yet it was one that would give confidence outside the province; they believed that James Dunsmuir was a practical and successful business man, and that he would give the province a practical and business-like government. James Dunsmuir, however, appeared unwilling from the beginning to neglect his personal affairs in order to attend to his public duties. The result was that the affairs of the public have been managed by men who were disgruntled because they had not been placed at the supreme head, and by men who are mere figureheads. Instead of a business government, the people have been given the worst kind of government — government by irresponsible deputies and their clerks. Premier Dunsmuir may yet be able to redeem himself, but he must take off his coat and go to work as he did when he was learning the business of coal mining.

Director Frecheville of the Le Roi Mining Company, who came all the way from London, England, to investigate the affairs of the company, says the men on strike at Northport and Rossland are obstinate and unreasonable, and that there will be no change in his company's attitude towards them. The men at Northport are obstinate in declining to surrender a right, that is, the right to belong to a labor union. The men at Rossland are unreasonable because they want to be paid for their work the same wages that are paid in all other mining camps in the interior of British Columbia. Director Frecheville may be misquoted, but the chances are he is not. He, like all other old country representatives of capital, has nothing in common with the people of Canada. He, no doubt, would rather see our mines worked by Chinese and Japanese than by white men, if the employment of the Orientals would result in increased dividends to the old country holders of the Le Roi shares. Canadians need expect little from men like Frecheville. Instead, they should give men like Frecheville to understand that this country is run for the benefit of the people who live in it, and not solely for the benefit of absentees.

The demonstration at the railway station in Rossland on the departure of Beamish and Colistro to serve a sentence in jail at hard labor and the demonstration at the railway depot on their arrival at Nelson may not appear significant to the magistrate and judge who tried these two men, probably no more significant than did the demonstration over Ellis in New Brunswick to the judge who sentenced him for contempt; but, the chances are, Beamish and Colistro will be the last men who will ever get jail sentences at hard labor in British Columbia for the offences for which they were committed, just as Ellis was the last man in New Brunswick ever committed for calling a political partisan judge by his right name. The next party that obtains power in British Columbia, will be a party that stands for the enforcement of all the laws of the country, without fear or without favor.

There is no need of a government agent at Revelstoke, no more than there is for one at Rossland. John Kirkup is mining recorder for the Trail Creek mining division and performs the duties of a government agent. So at Revelstoke, the mining recorder of the Revelstoke mining division can perform all the duties that a government agent would be called on to perform. There need not be more than one actual government agent in West Kootenay district, besides the mining recorders. This, of course, is not what the politicians want. Offices are created so as to give played-out politicians a soft berth, and once the office is created, it must be filled, if not by the political pack for which the office was created, then by some other political pack.

The Victoria Colonist says James Dunsmuir has a duty to perform as premier. Yes; and the people want James to perform it. They do not believe he should shirk the responsibilities of the high office he has undertaken to fill. One of the responsibilities is to call to his aid men who would be true to him as their official head. He has no such men in his cabinet. Let him "fire" the plotters and skulkers and hangerson that surround him, and install in their stead men who, if independent, are at least honest in their independence.

Inventor Dies in Poverty.

The inventor of the diamond drill, which has added millions to the mineral wealth of the world, Ashel J. Severance, died in poverty and was buried in Denver, Colorado, last week by friends. One hundred thousand dollars, a mere moiety of what the patent was really worth, was realized by Severance and his partners for the diamond drill some years ago. The money was lost in investments and dissipated by his partners, so the old man for several years had no property except his patents for making Damascus steel. Severance had several brothers and one daughter, who is the wife of ex-governor Knapp of Alaska, and who resides in Seattle, Washington.

It is poor economy to buy ordinary tea when Blue Ribbon Ceylon can be had at a reasonable price.

D. McARTHUR & Co'y

RALPH CLARK, Undertaker, Night Call 238. I. G. NELSON, Manager.

Furniture Dealers Funeral Directors and Embalmers

	Worth	For
Oak Center Tables	$3 50	$2 75
Oak Center Tables	6 00	4 50
Oak Center Tables	5 00	3 75
Oak Leather Seat Fancy Rocker	4 50	3 15
Elm Folding Table	5 00	3 75
Elm Folding Table	6 00	4 25
Cane Veranda Chairs	6 00	4 50
Cane Veranda Rockers	6 50	4 75

TO MAKE ROOM FOR OUR FALL STOCK OF CARPETS AND RUGS WILL GO AT COST.

TO CLEAR—BABY CARRIAGES AND GO-CARTS AT LESS THAN COST.

BRANDY

DE LAAGE FILS & CO., X X X COGNAC, possesses a delicious bouquet.

DE LAAGE FILS & CO. X X X X COGNAC is mellowed by its great age, and is recommended to connoiseurs, and for medicinal purposes.

SCOTCH WHISKIES

THE DISTILLERS' COMPANY, Ltd. Edinburg, the largest holders in the world of Scotch Whiskies.

THE CALEDONIAN LIQUEUR SCOTCH Whisky is one of the leaders—try it. Agency for full stock at Victoria for

R. P. RITHET & CO., LTD.
Victoria, B. C.

A. B. GRAY.
Kootenay Representative
P. O. Box 521, Nelson.

R. REISTERER & CO.

BREWERS AND BOTTLERS OF

FINE LAGER BEER, ALE AND PORTER

Prompt and regular delivery to the trade.
BREWERY AT NELSON

HENRY'S NURSERIES

APIARY AND GREENHOUSES

Greenhouse and Bedding out Plants.
Lowest Prices.

BEE SUPPLIES, SEEDS, FERTILIZERS

Agricultural Implements, fruit baskets and crates, fruit and ornamental trees, bulbs for fall planting.

Catalogues Free.
3009 Westminster Road. Vancouver

KOOTENAY COFFEE CO.

Coffee Roasters

Dealers in Tea and Coffee

We are offering at lowest prices the best grades of Ceylon, India, China and Japan Teas.

Our Best, Mocha and Java Coffee, per pound	$ 40
Mocha and Java Blend, 3 pounds	1 00
Choice Blend Coffee, 4 pounds	1 00
Special Blend Coffee, 6 pounds	1 00
Rio Blend Coffee, 6 pounds	1 00
Special Blend Ceylon Tea, per pound	30

A TRIAL ORDER SOLICITED.

KOOTENAY COFFEE CO.
Telephone 177.
P. O. Box 182.
WEST BAKER STREET, NELSON.

A COMPLETE LINE OF

Front Doors
Inside Doors
Screen Doors
Windows
Inside Finish
local and coast.
Flooring
local and coast.
Newel Posts
Stair Rail
Mouldings
Shingles
Rough and Dressed Lumber
of all kinds.

IF WHAT YOU WANT IS NOT IN STOCK WE WILL MAKE IT FOR YOU
CALL AND GET PRICES.

J. A. Sayward

HALL AND LAKE STREETS, NELSON.

R. B. REILEY

SUCCESSOR TO H. D. ASHCROFT.

BLACKSMITH AND WOOD WORKER

EXPERT HORSESHOEING.

Special attention given to all kinds of repairing and custom work from outside points. Heavy bolts made to order on short notice.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the board of license commissioners for the City of Nelson, to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date hereof, for a transfer of the retail liquor license now held by me as the representative of the John Johnson estate, for the premises known as the Silver King Hotel, situate on Baker street, in the said City of Nelson, on lots 7 and 8 in block 10, sub-division of lot 95, to M. A. Naismith of the said City of Nelson. CAROLINA THELIN.
Witness: G. A. THELIN.
Dated this 4th day of September, 1901.

500 MEN WANTED

On the construction of the Arrowhead Kootenay railway in the Lardo district.

HIGHEST WAGES PAID

In order to secure men without delay ordinary labor will be paid $2.25 per day and axemen $2.50 per day.

GOOD STATION WORK
CAN BE SECURED.

For further particulars apply to the Nelson Employment Agencies or to

CARLSON & PORTER
CONTRACTORS.

WANTED.

500 Day and Station Men.

Eight months' work. All rock.

Wages $2.25 per day.

J. G. McLEAN,
Elko, B. C.

A. R. BARROW, A.M.I.C.E.
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR
Corner of Victoria and Kootenay Streets.
P. O. Box 539. TELEPHONE NO. 95.

ARTHUR GEE
MERCHANT TAILOR
LADIES' TAILOR MADE SUITS. BAKER STREET EAST.

WEST TRANSFER CO.

N. T. MACLEOD, Manager.

All Kinds of Teaming and Transfer Work.

Agents for Hard and Soft Coal. Imperial Oil Company. Washington Brick, Lime & Manufacturing Company. General commercial agents and brokers.

All coal and wood strictly cash on delivery.

TELEPHONE 147. Office 184 Baker St.

THESE HOT DAYS QUENCH YOUR THIRST WITH Anheuser-Busch Beer, Pabst (Milwaukee Beer, Calgary Beer, Reisterer & Co. Beer, Gosnell Beer, and Double Jersey Buttermilk.

MANHATTAN SALOON

Double Jersey Buttermilk.

W. P. TIERNEY

Telephone 265.

AGENT FOR GALT COAL

Office: Two Doors West C. P. R. Office

BANK OF MONTREAL

CAPITAL, all paid up....$12,000,000.00
REST..... 7,000,000.00
UNDIVIDED PROFITS 427,180.80

Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal ...President
Hon. George A. Drummond.....Vice-President
E. S. Clouston .....General Manager

NELSON BRANCH
Corner Baker and Kootenay Streets.
A. H. BUCHANAN, Manager.

Branches in LONDON (England) NEW YORK, CHICAGO, and all the principal cities in Canada.

Buy and sell Sterling Exchange and Cable Transfers.
Grant Commercial and Travelers' Credits, available in any part of the world.
Drafts Issued, Collections Made, Etc.

Savings Bank Branch
CURRENT RATE OF INTEREST PAID.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

WITH WHICH IS AMALGAMATED
THE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.
HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO.

Paid-up Capital, - - - $8,000,000
Reserve Fund, - - - $2,000,000
AGGREGATE RESOURCES OVER $65,000,000.

Hon. Geo. A. Cox, President. B. E. Walker, General Manager
London Office, 60 Lombard Street, E. C.
New York Office, 16 Exchange Place, and 68 Branches in Canada and the United States.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT:
Interest allowed on deposits. Present rate three per cent.
GRANGE V. HOLT,
Manager Nelson Branch.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

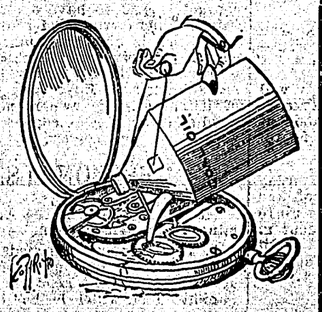
HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO.

Capital (paid up) - - $2,500,000
Rest - - - - $1,850,000

H. S. HOWLAND.....President.
D. R. WILKIE.....General Manager.
E. HAY.....Inspector.

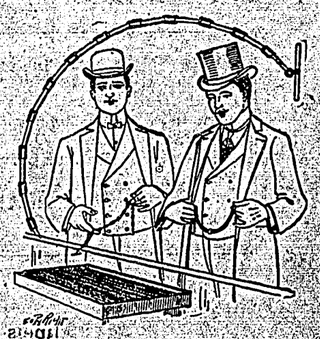
SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.
THE CURRENT RATE OF INTEREST ALLOWED.

Nelson Branch—Burns Block, 221 Baker Street.
J. M. LAY, Manager.



Established in Nelson 1890

MAY THE BEST BOAT WIN
strictly on its merits. In the same way
JACOB DOVER'S SYSTEM
Of Grading Diamonds.
Wins wherever it is given a fair trial. We are very glad to have our system tested alongside of any. All diamonds sold by us are under a guarantee that they are exactly as represented.



Mail orders receive our prompt and careful attention.

JACOB DOVER, "The Jeweler"
C. P. R. Watch Inspector Nelson, B.C.

As we only employ expert workmen, all repairs are guaranteed.

THE LAZY AND CRIMINAL

What Shall Be Done With Them?

The following address on the subject, "What Shall be Done With the Lazy and Criminal Classes?" was delivered by James Coxhead of Nelson before the Socialistic Club yesterday afternoon:

We know there are very many of this class in the community today, both male and female, and claim that this class of people has been bred and multiplied by our system of government by the way in which they have been dealt with. For instance, an individual commits a theft and is arrested, tried and committed to six months' imprisonment. Is that the end of it? No! at the end of the six months' term he is turned out into a far worse prison than the one he had left. He is turned out into a cold and pitiless world, without money and without bread. He had bread and shelter in the other prison, now he has none, neither is he able to procure employment. Without friends and an outcast upon society, and in want of bread, he has to make up his mind to steal or starve. Hunger compels him to decide, and arriving at the conclusion that there is no help for it he acts on the principle that "he might as well be hung for a sheep as a lamb," plans to rob a rich man or a bank, and so on to the end of the chapter, and, he may have learned the habit when he was young.

Take another illustration. There is a loving, beautiful girl, who has God-given passions. Under severe temptation her will power being too weak to stand the test, she, in a moment of weakness, yields to the temptation. Soon the world knows all about the lapse of morals, and all that was lovely and beautiful in her is cast to the winds. Now, no one will associate with her. No one will give her employment in their homes. She is branded for life and banished from society. What can she do? She is forced into the criminal class from whence there is no return.

I claim that our system is responsible for nine-tenths of this class of citizens. Nevertheless we must deal with them. To all intents and purposes they are dishumanized and are as dangerous as wild beasts. They are barely kept in restraint by an army of police and the weapons of criminal law. They are a permanent menace to law and order. At times unusual agitation and especially during revolutionary crises, they muster in alarming force and become aggressive. What shall we do with them? They are not reasonable beings. They prefer to live by lawless violence rather than orderly industry. No doubt we shall find this class hard to deal with, but not nearly so hard under socialism as under our present conditions.

In the first place, our society, being itself based on injustice, is wholly without moral prestige or ethical authority in dealing with the crminal and lawless classes. Society itself stands condemned in their presence for the injustice which has been the provocation and excuse for their revolt. This is a fact which makes the whole so-called machinery of criminal justice in our day a mockery. Every intelligent man knows in his heart that the criminal and vicious classes are, for the most part, what they are on account of neglect and injustice and the environments of depraving influences, for which our defective social order is responsible, and that if righteousness is done, society, instead of judging them, ought to stand with them in the dock before a higher justice and take upon themselves the heavier condemnation. This the criminals themselves feel in the bottom of their hearts, and that feeling forbids them to respect the law they fear. They think the society that bids them to reform stands in greater need of reformation.

Under Socialism we shall have reforms and shall be able to hold out clean hands to the outcast. Hands purged with guilt will be held out to them and admitting that they have suffered in the past invite them to a new life, under new conditions, on just and equal terms and their share of the social heritage.

Do you suppose that there was ever a human heart so base that it does not know the difference between justice and injustice and to some extent respond to it. A large number of cases which have proved to be failures under our present conditions, which are in fact proofs of the failure of our civilization, will respond with alacrity to the first fair opportunity to be decent men and women, which in the cases of many, would be the only opportunity of the kind ever held out to them. Of course there are a large number of people so deformed and debased that they have lost all power to lead good lives, however assisted. Towards these we must be strong in perfect justice, proceeding with merciful firmness. We must not tolerate in our midst, as the old society has done, a criminal class any more than a destitute class. Under our present system we have no moral right to forbid stealing or to punish others, as the whole economic system is based on the appropriation by force or fraud on the part of the few of the earth and its resources and the fruit of the toil of the poor. Still less right have we to forbid beggary or to punish violence, seeing the economic system upon which we maintain and depend necessarily operates to make beggars and provokes violence. But under the new order of things, when we offer equality of plenty to all there will be no plea for the thief and the robber. No excuse for the beggar, no provocation for the violent. By preferring their evil courses to the fair and honorable life offered them, such persons would henceforth pronounce sentence upon themselves as unfit for human intercourse. With a good conscience, therefore, we would proceed to deal with all vicious and criminal persons as morally insane or diseased, and proceed to place them in places of confinement, there to spend their lives. Not under punishment, or enduring hardship of any sort beyond enough labor for self support, but wholly secluded from the world and absolutely prevented from continuing their kind. By this means the race in the first generation after the new Socialist order is established will be able to leave behind itself forever a load of inherited depravity and base congenital instincts, and so go on purging from one generation to another until the community is purged of its uncleanliness.

AUSTRALIA'S RADICAL ACT.

Some of the laws enacted by the new Commonwealth of Australia have not been received with favor in Great Britain. The British newspapers, and probably the British public, too, do not seem able to appreciate the determination of the inhabitants of some of the colonies to maintain their possessions for people of Caucasian origin. Only the other day the chief organ of the Liberal party indulged in a sneer which betrayed not only ignorance, but something worse, in regard to Canada. It no doubt thinks all the colonies would be none the worse for a little discipline because, they have refused to be influenced by the small, contemptible issues which have been projected into the political life of the Mother Country. They desire to see the empire increase in power and grow in influence; they are even in hopes that some day Imperial Federation will be more than a dream. They believe that the success of Kruger and those who were abetting him in his designs would have dealt a blow at our imperial prestige which might have led to still greater disasters, and they determined to show the world that the military resources of the empire were not confined to the one little island in which the race originated. There was no consideration given to the possible effects of colonial action upon the future of the Liberal party. But while we have gone thus far to demonstrate the spirit which dominates us as a British people, we are not inclined to abate one jot of our legislative independence. The British people have possession of the British Isles with a grip which can never be loosened by an influx of undesirable immigrants. They cannot be driven out by Chinese, Japanese, or foreigners of any nationality. They are too conservative in their methods to employ Mongolians in their fields or their workshops, we believe, even if the presence of such were tolerated by the stolid British workingmen, which is extremely doubtful. In Canada and Australia it is different. These countries are new and thinly settled. The more desirable they are as spheres of labor the greater the rush from the Orient will be unless measures be taken to stem the torrent. A voice has been raised in some quarters proclaiming that if British people cannot compete in industry with any race that lives they should retire and not attempt to hold what they have by arbitrary exclusion laws. The great majority of us in this country and in Australia take a different view. The disallowance of the act passed by the legislature of British Columbia designed to restrict the influx of a certain class of immigrants and prevent their employment upon public works has not created much feeling here because the government chiefly concerned has taken restricting action on its own account. The disallowance of the laws passed by the federal parliament of Australia, which is hinted at in the London Times, may not be accepted so complaisantly. The labor element is strong in the colony, and is said to have forced the measures through the house in spite of the deprecation of the government. Some of the measures are very radical. It is provided that no contracts for the carriage of mails shall be entered into with steamship companies whose boats are manned by foreigners. It is difficult to understand why this should be objected to in view of the seeming consternation with which the disappearance of the British seamen has been noted in the Mother Country. An interstate commission has been appointed which will have power to regulate rates on all railway and steamship lines not only operating in the colony but which run to foreign countries. This has created a most vehement protest to go up, and it does seem to be traveling a trifle farther than is justifiable. The protectionist idea crops out in still more acute form in the act which provides that duties shall be charged on all foreign supplies consumed on vessels plying to Australia even after they have passed beyond the three-mile limit which is considered the bounds of national jurisdiction. All these matters will no doubt be adjusted amicably, but they indicate that united Australia is determined to maintain her legislative independence and that she has no present intention of following Canada's example in granting a fiscal preference to British goods.—Victoria Times.

GREENWOOD MINING AFFAIRS

General Developments.

GREENWOOD, October 6.—[Special to The Tribune.]—The equipment for the machine shop the British Columbia Copper Company is fitting up at its Mother Lode mine near Greenwood, has been received from the American Tool Works, Cincinnati, Ohio. It includes a 25-inch National drill press with a set of taper shank twist drills from one-eighth of an inch to one inch and a half, advancing by sirteenths, a 22x22x6 foot planer, a 14x10 foot Challenge lathe, an emery grinder, etc. John A. Crawford will have charge of the shop.

The Winnipeg Mines, Limited, has put in an assay office at its mine in Wellington camp. Mr. Widdowson, late of Nelson, has been engaged as assayer. There are 26 men employed at the mine. The Railway ledge, sinking on which discontinued some time ago at 20 feet depth, where it narrowed to one foot in width, and on which work was resumed last month, was at 45 feet depth seven feet wide. Two cars of ore from this ledge last month netted the company $1,288.26. Six cars have since been sent to the Trail smelter. The gross value of fifteen cars of ore from the Station ledge at the 300-foot level sent to the Granby smelter was about $10 per ton and this gave the company rather better than $5 per ton net. Five hundred cords of wood for winter supply have been bought at $2.60 per cord, a saving of $1.40 per cord as compared with the price the company had to pay last winter. To provide funds for this purpose and for contingencies 81,000 shares of stock that had been forfeited for non-payment of assessments were sold, the sale being considered as simply a realization of arrears of calls. There still remain in the treasury more than 450,000 shares, the total number being held by stockholders being not quite 800,000.

The Granby company is substituting electric power for steam in the machine shop at its smelter, and when this shall have been done there will not be any steam at all used in those works. The Jenckes Machine Company yesterday shipped from its Greenwood machinery warehouse an air receiver and fittings, the receiver being for compressed air to work the big hammer in the machine shop. An electric motor will compress the air for this purpose.

The quantity of ore treated by the single furnace of the British Columbia Copper Company's smelter at Greenwood during September was 11,823 tons, this giving a daily average of 394 1-10 tons. The largest tonnage of any single month was that of July, when 11,943 tons were smelted in 31 days, the daily average saving been 385 1-4 tons. The tonnage for September is larger than the other two 30-day months of the year, that of April having been 11,322 tons, or 377 1-3 per day, and that of June 11,206 tons, or 373 1-2 tons a day. The total tonnage of ore smelted during rather more than seven months since the smelter was started is 79,543 tons.

Given a Great Send Off.

ROSSLAND, October 6.—[Special to The Tribune.]—Joseph Colistro, one of the men sentenced to two months' imprisonment at hard labor in the provincial jail at Nelson, was escorted to the railway station by a large number of friends and sympathizers on Saturday morning. Thomas Beamish, the other desperate criminal who is under a like sentence, had a great send off when he left for Nelson jail in the afternoon. Between five and six hundred people gathered around the departing character, shaking hands with him and assuring him of sympathy. Beamish was never so popular here as on Saturday afternoon, when he left for durance vile. When the train left the crowd cheered him heartily. The petition for executive clemency for both Colistro and Beamish is being very largely signed and will be at once sent to Ottawa. Referring to Rossland's chief of police action in handcuffing Beamish and leading him along Columbia avenue in irons, a sworn statement has been put in evidence that the night before the event an enemy of Beamish's said to the chief of police in the Strand saloon, "I know a man who will put up three or four bottles of wine for you if you wil bring Tom through the street with the bracelets on," and the chief replied, "You will see him with the cuffs on." The commissioners have been asked to investigate the facts of the incident. R. J. Frecheville is back from Northport, where he has spent three days. He states he will remain in Rossland for a considerable length of time. He is no longer considered a factor in the dispute existing between the Le Roi company and the miners' union, as he is now looked on as merely an instrument that is being used by Bernard McDonald to pull his (McDonald's) roasted chestnuts out from among the coals.

Marquis Ito in Seattle.

SEATTLE, October 6.—An effort was made here to obtain from maquis Ito a statement regarding the announcement from London that Japan was about to procure a loan of fifty million yen, equal to about $25,000,000 in gold. Of this sum it was asserted that five million yen was to be expended in Formosa. Marquis Ito was asked point blank whether or not his visit to the United States was in connection with the proposed loan. To this secretary Todetuki, speaking for marquis Ito, replied: "This is the first I have heard concerning the alleged desire of Japan to float a loan in the United States. I am hardly prepared to credit the authenticity of the rumor, moreover, I can say with almost absolute assurance that marquis Ito is here for no purpose of this kind. Japan's necessities are merely temporary and no trouble whatever will be encountered in securing the loan spoken of. In fact I will be surprised if it is not placed with our own people. If the loan is made it will be for the purpose of internal developments. She wishes to improve her harbors, to foster shipping and commerce and to build railroads and other industrial enterprises. The expenditure of the sum named in the dispatch will undoubtedly be an incentive to future trade between the Pacific Coast and Japan. We need American supplies of every kind, including steel and iron, coaches, locomotives, etc."

Marquis Ito, Japan's political leader, leaves for the east today. He will remain several days in St. Paul. The rest of his itinirary is unsettled beyond the fact that he will pay his respects to president Roosevelt at Washington. A banquet was tendered the marquis at the Ranier Grand last evening. It was attended by prominent residents of this city. The local Japanese colony gave a magnificient reception to their distinguished countryman yesterday.

Profits of the Steel Combine.

NEW YORK, October 5.—The directors of the United States Steel Corporation have declared the regular quarterly dividends of 1¾ per cent on the preferred stock and 1 1 per cent on the common stock. According to the statement of the corporation for the six months ending September 30th, the total net earnings from operations were $54,954,871. After deducting $7,059,705 set aside for sinking funds and maintentnce and six months interest charges on bonds, $7,600,000, there remains a balance of $40,295,166. The balance applicable to surplus and new construction, as the board of directors may direct, after deducting the dividends for the two quarters, was $12,326,742.

Brigands Are Not in Bulgaria

SOPHIA, Bulgaria, October 6.—A semi-official denial was issued today of the statement that the kidnappers of the American missionary, Miss Helen Stone and her companion, Madame Tsitka, are in Bulgarit. The authorities declare that troops and police who have actively searched the frontier for ten days have not found any trace of the brigands, who demand that Miss Stone's ransom shall be paid in Turkey.

QUEEN'S HOTEL

BAKER STREET, NELSON.
Lighted by Electricity and Heated with Hot Air.
Large comfortable bedrooms and first-class dining room. Sample rooms for commercial men.
RATES $2 PER DAY
Mrs. E. C. Clarke, Prop.
Late of the Royal Hotel, Calgary

Madden House Baker and Ward Streets, Nelson.
The only hotel in Nelson that has remained under one management since 1890.
The bed-rooms are well furnished and lighted by electricity.
The bar is always stocked by the best domestic and imported liquors and cigars.
THOMAS MADDEN, Proprietor.

HOTEL ROSSLAND.
Third door from Grand Central Hotel on Vernon street. Best dollar a day house in town. House and furniture new and first class in every respect. Lighted by gas. Room and board $5 to $6 per week. No Chinese employed here.
J. V. O'LAUGHLIN, Proprietor.

SLOCAN JUNCTION HOTEL
J. H. McMANUS, Manager.
Bar stocked with best brands of wines, liquors, and cigars. Beer on draught. Large comfortable rooms. First class table board.

Mansfield Manufacturing COMPANY

OFFICE: BAKER STREET WEST, NELSON, B. C. TELEPHONE NO. 219. P. O. BOX 688.

MARBLE, BUILDING STONE, BRICK AND LIME . . . . .

The Mansfield Manufacturing Company have the above mentioned building materials for sale at reasonable prices. Special quotations to builders and contractors for large orders.

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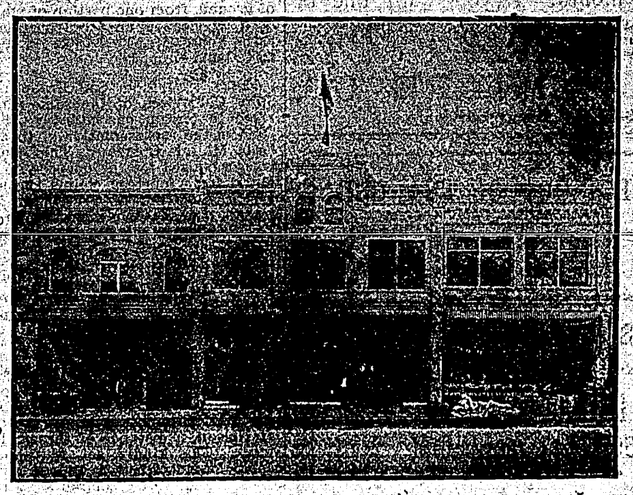

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321 TO 331 BAKER STREET, NELSON
AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS
MEALS 25 CENTS
Rooms Lighted by Electricity and Heated by Steam 25 Cents to $1

P. Burns & Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Meats
HEAD OFFICE AT NELSON, B. C.
Markets at Nelson, Rossland, Trail, Kaslo, Ymir, Sandon, Silverton, New Denver, Revelstoke, Ferguson Grand Forks, Greenwood, Cascade City, Midway, and Vancouver.
Mail Orders Promptly Forwarded

West Kootenay Butcher Co.

ALL KINDS OF
FRESH AND SALTED MEATS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
FISH AND POULTRY IN SEASON
K. W. C BLOCK WARD STREET
E. C. TRAVES, Manager
ORDERS BY MAIL RECEIVE PROMPT ATTENTION.

NOTICE

Courts of Assize, Nisi Prius, Oyer and Terminer and General Delivery will be holden in the Court House, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, at the places and on the dates following, namely:

City Victoria, 1st October, 1901. Civil only; to be adjourned to the 8th October.
Town of Barkerville, 1st October, 1901. Civil and criminal.
Town of Clinton, 8th October, 1901. Civil and criminal.
Town of Golden, 8th October, 1901. Civil and criminal.
City of Vancouver, 8th October, 1901. Civil and criminal.
City of Rossland, 8th October, 1901. Civil only.
City of Revelstoke, 12th October, 1901. Civil and criminal.
City of Nelson, 15th October, 1901. Civil and criminal.
City of Vernon, 17th October, 1901. Civil and criminal.
City of New Westminster, 21st October, 1901. Civil and criminal.
City of Vancouver, 22nd October, 1901. Civil only.
City of Greenwood, 22nd October, 1901. Civil and criminal.
City of Victoria, 22nd October, 1901. Criminal only.
City of Kamloops, 23rd October, 1901. Civil and criminal.
City of Nanaimo, 3rd December, 1901. Civil and criminal.

By command
J. D. PRENTICE,
Provincial Secretary.
Provincial Secretary's Department, 31st August, 1901.

NOTICE TO DELINQUENT CO-OWNER.

To John J. McAndrews or to any person or persons to whom he may have transferred his interest in the Black Diamond mineral claim, situate on the north side of Bear creek, about three miles from the town of Ymir, lying south of and adjoining the Evennig Star mineral claim, Nelson mining division of West Kootenay district, and recorded in the recorder's office for the Nelson mining division.

You and each of you are hereby notified that I have expended two hundred and twelve dollars and twenty-five cents ($212.25) in labor and improvements upon the above mentioned mineral claim in order to hold said mineral claim under the provisions of the Mineral Act, and if within ninety days from the date of this notice you fail or refuse to contribute your portion of all such expenditures together with all costs of advertising, your interests in the said claims will become the property of the subscriber, under section 4 of an act entitled "An Act to Amend the Mineral Act, 1900."

JOHN DEAN.

Dated at Nelson this 11th day of September, 1901.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS

NOTICE—CITY MINERAL CLAIM. Situate in the Nelson Mining Division of West Kootenay District.

Where located: About one mile south of Nelson.

Take notice that I, William John Goepel, Free Miner's Certificate No. 50,000, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 16th day of August, A. D. 1901. W. J. GOEPEL.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

NOTICE—NELSON MINERAL CLAIM, situate in the Nelson Mining Division of West Kootenay District.

Where located: About one mile south of Nelson.

Take notice that I, John Paterson, Free Miner's Certificate No. 50,727, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 16th day of August A. D. 1901. JOHN PATERSON.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

NOTICE. — MONUMENT MINERAL claim, situate in the Nelson mining division of West Kootenay district. Where located: At the head of Grohman creek on Grohman mountain. Take notice that I, J. M. McGregor, acting as agent for Steve Hawkins, free miner's certificate No. b50,435, and Louis Strand, free miner's certificate No. b37,293, intend sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant that action under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

J. M. McGREGOR.

Dated this 12th day of August, 1901.

NOTICE.

We beg to notify the merchants and business men of Nelson that we have purchased the business and good will of the Pacific Transfer Company, which it is our intention of incorporating with the business of the Nelson Freighting & Transfer Company, we remain yours

R. H. WILLIAMS,
Manager Nelson F. & T. Co

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of Licence Commissioners for the City of Nelson, to be held after the expiration of thirty days from the date hereof, for a transfer of the retail liquor licence now held by me for the premises situate on lot 1, block 12, Baker street, Nelson, and known as the "Athabasca" saloon, to Norman T. Wacleod, of Nelson. P. J. RUSSELL.

Witness: JAS. O'SHEA.
Dated this 27 h day or September, 1901.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that I intend to apply at the next sitting of the Board of License Commissioners for the City of Nelson to be held at the expiration of thirty days from the date hereof, for a transfer of the Retail Liquor License now held by me for the premisses known as the Bodega Saloon, situate on the east half of lot nine (9), in block one (1), in the said City of Nelson, to William Walmsley and Edward C. Davidson, both of the said City of Nelson.

Dated this 11th day of September, 1901.

W. G. ROBINSON.
WITNESS: E. C. DAVIDSON.

PURSES

THE dollar you "make" is no bigger or better than the dollar you "save" We do not MAKE dollars, but we can SAVE them for you by dealing with us. Begin the right way and invest in one of our fine PURSES. Our goods are all new and our prices the lowest. No trouble to show them.

W. F. Teetzel & Co.
VICTORIA BLOCK NELSON, B. C.

PURSES

For the Boys

Having added to my stock a large range of Youth's Boy's and Children's clothing, I am now prepared to offer to the public the best variety of these goods ever shown in Nelson.

Everything is new and up-to-date and are selling at the very lowest prices. Intending purchasers will do well to examine my stock and get prices before purchasing elsewher.

217 and 219 Baker Street J. A. GILKER

IT PAYS TO CALL ON US
WHEN YOU WANT ANYTHING IN
FURNITURE
WE ARE SHOWING THE FINEST STOCK OF RATTAN GOODS EVER SHOWN IN THE CITY
J. G. BUNYAN & CO.

REFRIGERATORS HAMMOCKS

Now is your time to get a bargain in these lines as we must dispose of them all this month. If you want one or both of these lines the price won't hinder you.

LAWRENCE HARDWARE CO.
Importers and Dealers in Shelf and Heavy Hardware.

IF YOU WANT A PERFECT CUP OF TEA USE
EXCELSIOR
THE FAMOUS CEYLON

For Purity and Flavor it is Unsurpassed
Retails at 40, 50 and 60 cents. per pound
Packed expressly for

Wm. Hunter & Co.
CONNECTING STORES AT
Silverton, Three Forks, Alamo and Phoenix

HONDI TEA
The best in the market, in 1-2 pound and 1 pound packages.
Telephone 161.
50c a Pound
J. A. IRVING & CO.
GROCERS AND PROVISION DEALERS, Houston Block, Baker Street.

TREASURY STOCK FOR SALE

20,000 shares ROYSTON GOLD MINES, Ltd. This is a good time to buy, as these shares will advance in the near future.

20,000 shares of IMPERIAL MINES, Limited, at 5 cents. For a few days only.

10,000 shares LADREAU VALLEY MINES, Ltd., at 15 cents. These shares advance 5 cents on the 1st of October.

For particulars of above apply to
REGINALD J. STEEL
Official Broker, Nelson.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE BROKERS

Agents for Trout Lake Addition, (Bogustown) Fairview Addition.
Acreage property adjoining the park, And J. & J. Taylor safes.
These safes can be bought from us on two year's time without interest.

Ward Bros.
333 West Baker Street, Nelson.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

"Tom" Beamish, Rossland's champion curler, is in Nelson, a guest at the hotel Lemon.

Mrs. Thomas Newitt, who has been for several months at Vancouver, returned to Nelson on Saturday.

The Ladies' Hospital Aid Society will meet in the vestry room of the Presbyterian church on Monday afternoon at 3 o'clock. A full attendance is requested.

Judgment was not given on Saturday in the case of Robitaille vs. Mason and Young. It is understood that judge Forin will hand down a written judgment in the case, and for this reason will await the transcription of the stenographer's notes.

Mike Keeley is said to have a good chance of making money on his placer mining scheme on Forty-nine creek. He has secured a lease from the old hydraulic company and will endeavor to work out a large pot-hole in the creek which has been overlooked by the former owners. Keeley has four or five men with him and will commence sluicing this week.

Henry M. Beamish and John Colistro, the two Rossland men sentenced to serve two months in the provincial jail for disorderly conduct in connection with the labor troubles of the Le Roi mine, arrived in Nelson on Saturday from Rossland. Beamish was met at the railway station by a number of union sympathizers and given quite an ovation.

A number of letters were received in Nelson yesterday from men who volunteered from this city for service on the South African constabulary. They state that troopers Calkin and Robinson are coming home, that troopers Thompson and Partridge are back on duty, and that all the boys who were wounded in the recent skirmishes are now well and back on duty.

In the case of Malone vs. Ferguson, an action for damages resulting from injury to a steam engine which was being moved by the defendant's transfer company, P. E. Wilson for the defendant, established the fact that an agent of the plaintiff was on the transfer wagon at the time of the accident, and that he had by his actions assumed responsibility in connection with the moving of the engine. Judgment was accordingly given for the defendant.

Angus McGillivray of New Denver is in Nelson for the purpose of securing a stock of liquors for his hotel. He says the owners of the Capella mine, situate on Goat mountain, back of New Denver, will shortly have another car of ore on the road for the Nelson smelter. The last car from this property gave returns of close upon $4000. This, however, was the result of very careful sorting, and is not likely to be equaled by the next shipment, as the sorting will not be so close.

J. McNeill, formerly of Ainsworth, arrived in Nelson on Saturday after having spent three years in Dawson and Cape Nome. McNeill is said to have made quite a clean-up in the north, but is very close-mouthed as to the amount of money he brought out. In speaking of his trip he said he did not strike anything of any account in Dawson, but at Nome he got hold of a very rich piece of ground, from one portion of which he says he cleaned up $1000 in less than three hours. Mr. McNeill is on his way to Ontario on a visit.

Frank McQuid of San Francisco and John Champion, of the same city, arrived in Nelson on Saturday. Mr. McQuid is the representative of the Maple Leaf Mining Company. This company was organized for the purpose of developing some fourteen claims throughout the province, and his present mission is to look over the Maple Leaf group which lies just above the Royal Canadian. He will spend a number of days on the property, and says it is altogether likely that considerable work will be performed this winter. Mr. Champion, who accompanied Mr. McQuid, is a mining expert who has had several years experience in California.

Old man Andrews, who committed suicide on Saturday, was taken down ill in 1895, and had to be carried from his cabin on Giveout creek to the hospital at Nelson, a distance of three miles or more. This kindly act was done by Jack Maginty, better known as "Keno Jack," and three comrades. Mr. Andrews, on being able to work, insisted on doing something to repay the hospital society for caring for him in his time of need. He had no money, but he was willing to work. The directors of the hospital, seeing that Andrews was very sensitive with regard to his personal obligations, gave him work cleaning up the hospital grounds, and, it is needless to say, the work was well done. Up to that time, Andrews was the only man taken into the hospital through charity who insisted on repaying the society for its care.

Development in Goat River.

Ed Murphy, mining recorder at Kuskonook, arrived in Nelson yesterday. He says there is considerable work going on in his district, and a number of more or less important strikes have been reported during the past few days. The effect of the sale of the big iron property near Kitchener is noticed in the attention which prospectors are now giving to other iron ledges throughout the section. On Eldrich gulch, a group of 21 claims have been staked by W. P. Sloan, John Dolan and W. S. Beaven. This group is about eight miles from Kitchener and is said to present a very fine showing of hematite iron. Another iron ledge between Moyie and Goat River is being developed by J. J. Campbell and A. Fenwick of Fort Steele. On this group the showing is of peculiar iron and the claims are being developed with a view to furnishing smelters with fluxing ore. Work was started last week with a crew of five men. A good strike is reported from the Waverly group on Boulder creek. This property is owned by William Moore of Nelson, and is said to have been under bond to the Imperial Development Syndicate. A crosscut was run in to tap the vein a short time ago and at a distance of 125 feet it cut the ledge, which at the point of contact is said to have a solid foot of galena which gives good returns in silver. Work is also going ahead on the copper property near Kitchener, which is owned by Charles Diamond and Robert Johnston of Moyie and C. P. Hill of Kitchener. The owners now have a good showing of grey copper ore, which goes 20 per cent copper.

PERSONALS.

Charles E. Hope, of the Emily Edith mine, is in Nelson from Vancouver.

A. L. Davenport returned from Spokane yesterday in connection with the development of the group of claims on Summit creek which he has in hand.

W. H. Bullock-Webster left Nelson yesterday morning for Golden where he will assist the crown in the conduct of the criminal cases at the approaching assize.

Mayor Carlson of Kaslo returned from Winnipeg yesterday accompanied by some fifty harvesters whom he secured in the east for work on the construction of the Lardo branch.

AT THE HOTELS.

NELSON—Joe Howson Lardo; James R. Smith, Kamloops.

MADDEN—H. E. McDougall, Grand Forks; J. J. McDonald, Erie.

GRAND CENTRAL—J. F. Benton, Sandon; John and E. J. Flahiff, Phoenix.

QUEEN'S—J. R. Edmonson, Ymir; A. C. Dempsey, T. G. Jones, captain Netterfeld and G. C. McKay, Rossland.

PHAIR—G. H. Miller, Owen Sound; George Alexander, Kaslo; P. Welch, Spokane; Chas. E. Hope, Vancouver; H. Findlay, Victoria.

HUME—E. C. Taylor Vancouver; R. C. Waterson, Toronto; Harry Cooper, Vancouver; Frank Vaughan, Rossland; W. C. Koch and family, New Denver; William Henderson, Victoria; Joseph Campbell, Erie George Harrison, Ymir; W. M. Manning, Spokane; A. L. Davenport, Spokane; W. A. Galliher, Nelson.

GEORGE ANDREWS' FUNERAL

Something of His History.

The funeral of the late George H. Andrews, who committed suicide on Friday, took place yesterday afternoon from the undertaking parlors of D. McArthur & Company to the Nelson cemetery, and was attended by a number of prominent citizens who had been friends of the deceased for several years.

George H. Andrews was well-known to all of the old timers in Nelson. He was a comparatively old man when he came to Nelson, nearly twelve years ago, in the hope of making a strike which would furnish him with sufficient funds for his declining years, but he was as cheerful and full of hope as one in the prime of his manhood. He located the Goodenough mineral claim in the vicinity of the property now owned by the Athabasca Mines. It was an unfortunate find for Andrews. It was just good enough to entice him into putting into it all the labor he could perform, and such money he could earn in Nelson over and above what he required for living expenses. He lived in a cabin on the claim for several years, spending long winters in it too weak to make his way to town, but hopeful almost to the last that he had a property of great value. Being remarkably industrious for his advanced years the old man made many friends, and so long as he could perform it had no difficulty in finding work. Two or three times during his solitary life on the hills he was almost at death's door but his wonderful vitality pulled him through. During these bad spells the old man never wanted for any of the necessaries of life, and he wanted none of the luxuries. There was always a friend or two who kept track of him. Last winter, however, he was stricken down with lagrippe and its complications left him very weak, so that he had to forego living in his cabin. He found a home on Innis street in the family of Mrs. Norman Stewart, but his strength did not return and he saw nothing in store for him but becoming a burden upon the charity of his friends. This was repugnant to him and he decided several months ago to end his life. About the end of July he had not only made up his mind to end his own life but also decided upon the means he would employ. Mayor Fletcher had very often befriended him and the old man singled him out as the one to whom he should explain his purpose after it had been accomplished. This he did on July 28th. His communication started with the request for the burial of a pauper, whom he described as himself. He asked for nothing more than that his remains be returned to the earth as they should be found. It recited that he did not wish to be a burden to his friends any longer, and that he had decided to use powder to end his life.

On Friday the old man was missing from his home on Innis street. The members of the family with whom he was staying became uneasy as the evening gathered and he did not return. The police were notified. He did not return and a search of his papers was made Saturday morning. The search disclosed the letter addressed to the mayor. Upon reading it the mayor surmised that Andrews had probably gone to his cabin on the claim to end his life. He had a man go down to the cabin from the Athabasca but there were no traces of anyone having been there for some time. The police then took up the search in the vicinity of the Stewart residence on Innis street. The discovery of the body was soon made by one of the searchers, Frank Clark. Near the end of Houston street, approaching the bluff overlooking the Cottonwood creek ravine, Clark came upon a trail through the brush which had been carefully marked out with pieces of rags. At one point there was a notice in the old man's handwriting that his death would be that of a suicide and that no necessity existed for an inquest, further along was a copy of the letter addressed to the mayor which had been found among his papers, and from another brush depended the well-worn note book in which Andrews kept his memorandas. It was an easy trail to follow and at the end of it, under a projecting boulder, the body was found. Mr. Clark at once notified the police.

The old man had carried out his intentions to the letter. He had blown his head completely off with dynamite. People in the neighborhood say they heard a report of an explosion shortly after 1 o'clock on Friday. It is supposed that Andrews placed the dynamite in his cap, and leaning his head against the boulder, lighted the fuse and waited for the end. He had a bucher knife in his hand, it is supposed for the purpose of completing the work of self-destruction, but it was not needed. Andrews was supposed to be 72 years old, and was a native of St. John, New Brunswick.

May He Long Be Spared.

All Canada will follow with anxious interest reports from the bedside of N. Clarke Wallace, who is seriously ill at Woodbridge. N. Clarke Wallace has a high place in the estimation of Canadians who know how to prize patriotism untainted with selfish desire or rabid party loyalty. From a personal and from a party standpoint Mr. Wallace has a record which must appeal to all fair-minded men. No man in Canadian politics has sacrificed more personal considerations for what he deemed the public good. He has been loyal to the Conservative party only when party loyalty could serve those public ideals which he has emphasized in his political career. When public interest was threatened in a great issue Mr. Wallace nobly renounced both party and personal interests. That act alone earned him the high respect of the best sentiment in Canada. The independence which the member for West York asserted in 1896 he consistently upheld in opposition. Mr. Wallace has had a long career of public usefulness, and it is to be hoped that he may be spared for many years to continue in the service of his country.—Toronto Telegram.

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