

FORD'S REVIEW

NOW LONDON IS OPTIMISTIC ON WAR MATTERS.

GOOD REPORTS EXPECTED FROM KITCHENER THIS WEEK—GERMANY AND AMERICA.

NEW YORK, December 7.—I. N. Ford, cables as follows: "It is expected that Lord Kitchener will have a satisfactory 'bag' to report as a result of the week's work of the British columns in South Africa. Rightly or wrongly, the impression is again in the ascendancy that the war is nearing a close. With this view comes the revival of the anticipation that the position will be so far clear by the time the government wants more money than it will be found possible to raise a Transvaal 3 per cent loan guaranteed by the imperial government and that no further issue of consols will be necessary. Meanwhile an official dispatch from Calcutta reporting briefly the result of operations against the Mahhuds comes as a reminder to Englishmen that they are engaged in another little war on the Indian frontier. Reuter's dispatch reporting 25 British troops killed or wounded reads uncommonly like a 'regrettable incident.'"

IMPORTS AND EXPORTS.

The board of trade returns for November show further heavy declines in British trade. Imports have decreased £2,923,177 and exports £1,728,213. The increase in imports is distributed over almost every branch of trade and the result is that the aggregate for the year to date, which has hitherto kept ahead of the 1900 figures, has now fallen £1,770,000. Exports have this redeeming feature, that for the low price of the coal the decrease would have been much less, as, although the value of the coal shipped is down £1,360,000, there is only a diminution in quantity of 690,000 tons.

GERMANY AND AMERICA.

An article in the Saturday Review on Germany as an American power, is attracting some attention. The Review takes the view and not for the first time, that the immense growth of German population in Brazil implies inevitably German interference in that country and a conflict with the United States. The article goes on to say: "With friendly Germany seated in South America and loyal Canada in North America we could hold the United States in some kind of check. With Germany forever eliminated from the political chess board in the new world we should with our present policy of admitting the unbridled pretensions of the United States everywhere one day find ourselves elbowing out forever both from North and South America. Germany established in South America would not effect the development of Canada, but the empire of the United States commanding the inter-oceanic canal holding Central America in free and dominating the south with a Chinese wall of tariffs all round would ultimately force Canada in self defence to amalgamate with it."

BETTER PASSENGER SERVICE.

For some time past the Liverpool Atlantic passenger companies have been negotiating with the London and North-western Railway with a view to gaining more luxurious trains between Liverpool and London. The result of these negotiations, supported by the American consul, is satisfactory and yesterday the first train of luxury left Riverside station in Liverpool.

QUEEN'S CORONATION ROBES.

The designs for the queen's coronation robes have been finally decided on by her majesty. The task has been no easy one, as both the historical records and the precedents had to be consulted. A short time since, the king, hearing that the robes worn by queen Adelaide were in excellent state of preservation and were kept as heirlooms at Brodie castle, commanded that they should be brought to Marlborough house for the queen's inspection and guidance. The material of which they were made is of black velvet manufactured on hand looms and finished robes are elaborately embroidered and laced with gold trimmings. The king's cape, the most magnificent cape which will be worn at the ceremony, will be decorated with silver eagles and shamrocks and thistles will be worked into the general design. The fleur de lis has a notable historic significance as it points to the days when English kings were proclaimed rulers of France. The gown and jewels will be especially arranged for the occasion. The precious stones, which consist of diamonds, rubies, pearls, sapphires and emeralds, will number 6190, and includes the famous ruby which the king of Castile presented to the Black Prince in 1367 and was subsequently worn by Henry V at Agincourt. It is stated that queen Alexandra meditates signaling the coronation by indicating a scheme to help the hospital fund by her illustrious husband. This would take the form of a direct appeal to the women

of England. Certain hospital authorities, it is added, have been made aware of the queen's purpose, and they are naturally gratified at such further indication of royal sympathy with their cause.

ONE OF THE CEREMONIES

Not the least interesting of the many ceremonies that London will witness next J. N. will be the turning of the first soil for the queen Victoria memorial by king Edward in the presence of his guests gathered from all parts of the world. The happy idea of beginning this undertaking at the time of the coronation originated with his majesty, who considered that the presence in England of so many foreign notabilities would prove an opportunity that the nations of the world would gladly seize to pay tribute to the memory of the late queen. It is regarded as particularly settled that the presents accepted by the prince and princess of Wales in the course of the coronation through the colonies will exhibit, Little, however, has been arranged in the affair, and the exhibition will certainly not take place for several weeks. A precedent likely to be followed would point to the imperial institute as the first center at which the presents would be shown and their is a probability of a subsequent exhibition of the colonial gifts in the east and possibly in two or three of the leading provincial cities.

ANOTHER UNFAIR CRITICISM

By the Canadian Mining Review.

A few weeks ago the Tribune published a reply to certain strictures on the Granby company which appeared in the August number of the Canadian Mining Review. The November number of the same journal again deals with this subject, devoting to it nearly two of its pages. E. Jacobs of Greenwood, who is the regular staff correspondent of the Tribune in Boundary district, wrote the first reply to the Review article, and his reply to that journal's second article is as follows:

It appears to me, though, that there is exhibited such trickiness in attributing unreasonable delay in my previous reply and in other matters, and such a juggling of words and figures in the statements made in the latter number as compared with the former, that to fully expose these would require that I should occupy a space which would be reasonable to ask for. For instance, the Review's criticism was published in the October issue of the B. C. Mining Record and my reply in the November number. The Review says there was an unaccountable lapse of time, but how could I reply earlier to that monthly journal? Similarly, were it worth while, I could give satisfactory reasons for my letter not having appeared in your paper until early in October.

As to juggling of words and figures—the Review says in November, "Our August article commented upon a reported suggestion for the increase in the capital of the company," while the words actually used in August were, "the announcement that the Granby people contemplate an increase," etc.; also, "the stock the directors are apparently bent on increasing and which in any case they are offering the public as an attractive investment." Again, the August number stated that "the representatives of this company, Messrs. Graves and White, were in New York negotiating for the sale of the property," and that the Amalgamated Copper Company "could not be induced to give as much as two million dollars for the property" and there was no printer's error, for the "two millions" were printed in words, not in figures. The November number says "The Review has never contended that the directors, as a body, were trying to sell"—a seeming subterfuge, surely. In this connection I remark that the Review's informant, upon whom it has since placed the responsibility for the August statements, is now claiming that \$2,000,000 was the price mentioned in August, appears to be taking refuge in a misstatement, for we have the Review's editorial assurance that its correspondent made a mistake, hence its printing the words "two million dollars." Still again, in August the Review stated that the total expenditure in cash for the purchase and development of the mining properties and for the smelter, "does not exceed one million dollars." In November its words are "a property upon which one million and a half of dollars have been spent." Let me here anticipate a possible quibble by giving reminder that Mr. Miner's circular relative to the expenditure of \$200,000 during last summer ante-dated the Review's first noticed criticism, published at the close of August.

But getting away from the Review's juggling tactics, and making only this passing reference to what that journal is pleased to designate "the principles which governed it in publishing any comments upon this company," any two of these three were not even mentioned in its first criticism—I come to what I assume to be, in the opinion of the Review or its Nelson informant, the three main points to be considered. As to these I submit that in regard to:

- (1). Excessive capitalization. Neither the Review nor the stockholders seem to have made a vigorous protest, if indeed, any at all, at the proper time, viz., prior to the carrying out of the consolidation. This is a situation this district had no part in bringing about, so it is not greatly concerned whether the nominal capital be excessive, as alleged, or not.

(2). Publication of information as to costs, values and returns: This, too, is a matter about which this district has little or no complaint to make. If, as alleged, eastern stockholders are persistently denied information they are en-

titled to, they surely have a legal remedy.

- (3). The average value per ton of the ore treated. In this matter the district is interested, and deeply too. Mr. Miner has reiterated that the ore is yielding a profit and he, if anyone knows, in August the Review said: "If, as is currently believed by those in the best position to judge the average gross value of the ore treated does not exceed \$5, it is doubtful if operations are not being carried on at a positive loss." In November it said editorially: "On close inquiry we have ascertained that the average gross assay value of the ore has increased since the beginning of the year, and that for the last six months of the present year it may have reached the figure of \$7 per ton." Our correspondent claims that the average realized value of the ore is not over \$5 per ton. The correspondent himself says "the average realized value of the ore treated for the past three months is not more than \$4." Now, where are we at? First, the gross value does not exceed \$5; next, it may have reached \$7; then the correspondent is stated to claim that the average realized value is not over \$5; finally, the correspondent asserts that the average realized yield is not more than \$4, and to cap the lot comes the editorial dictum that "the question of whether the average assay value of the ore be \$5 or \$7 per ton is entirely beside the mark." And this last assertion, too, in regard to a mine in which, with enormous tonnage, a difference of even twenty-five cents a ton, not to say \$2, would largely determine whether or not it could be operated at a profit. Is this a fair sample of the criticism, put forth as authoritative, or a journal pretentiously claiming to be the "representative exponent of the mining industry of Canada." If so we may think the gods that its circulation in the Boundary district is extremely small, whatever it may be in the east where the existence of prejudice and ignorance of western mining conditions are not so easily detected as in the mining districts of British Columbia.

Just a few reflections in conclusion. The Review's later editorial utterances relative to the value of the Granby mines are so suggestive of similar "close inquiry" should have been made—and probably in the absence of prejudice would have been—before publishing the August allegations, so materially qualified, in November. Next, the query seems natural, how is it possible in the face of the Review's allegations, as to the "secrecy maintained about the working of the property" for the anonymous Nelson mining engineer to ascertain "both by inspection and inquiry" accurate and reliable information about values. We have his own word for it: "Does it obtain in any other industry?" If so, is it the custom of the Review to encourage mining engineers to spy about mines and smelters and to obtain by foul means information not accessible to those who soori all but fair means? Again, is this instance of "no case, so bully the witness," by insinuation and thinly veiled disparagement? Lastly, its references to "western boom sheets." My reply to the Review's first article was published successively in The Tribune, the Vancouver News-Advertiser, the B. C. Mining Record, and the New York Mining and Engineering Journal. Are these boom sheets, or what of the Canadian Mining Review, which to my knowledge in 1896-7 accepted 2500 shares of stock (no cash) for twelve months' advertising of a Boundary company's mining claims of then unknown value, which venture, afterwards proved a disappointment and loss to those who put money into it, comparatively little development work having—meanwhile—been done on the claims.

Give us fair criticism; well-informed and without prejudice; and, too, by men not afraid to disclose their identity. We may not relish hard hitting, but we at least respect the man who has the courage of his opinions and does not shrink us from ambush. As to stocks, Eastern people may manipulate them if opportunity be given and it suit them to do so, and squeal, too, as some of them are apt to do if they cannot get dividends in the growing time of our mining industry. But when it comes to the successful transformation of a surface cropping of minerals into a big mine, well, we in the Boundary can not whether success be attained by men who are simply well experienced and thoroughly practical miners or by professional mining engineers privileged to spread their yellow-encased legs under the somewhat exclusive mahogany of the Nelson club, so long as it be attained and we extend the glad right hand of appreciation to the one as readily as to the other.

Wandered Away While Delirious

WINNIPEG, December 7.—The bartender of the Royal hotel, who has been ill for some time, got up from his bed about midnight last night and putting on his clothes escaped from the house without being seen. Meeting a couple of acquaintances on the street he started to run after them, but they caught up before he had gone far and asked what was the matter. After hesitating for some time he replied that he was going of the river to drown himself. A little later he bolted from his friends and escaped towards the Red river. At an early hour this morning nothing had been heard of him.

This morning about 8:30 the dead body of the bartender was found behind Kemp Bros. manufactory, Lombard street with a gas on his right wrist. The unfortunate man's name is Pierre Lapierre and he came to Winnipeg from the city of Quebec about eighteen years ago.

Max O'Rell (Paul Bluet) the French writer and lecturer, is sick in New York.

BOND IS SECURED

NEW VICTOR GROUP WILL BE OPENED UP.

WILD HORSE FREE MILLING PROSPECT FROM WHICH BIG RETURNS ARE EXPECTED.

David Booth leaves for Ymir today to commence work upon the New Victor group of claims on Wild Horse creek upon which he has just secured a lease and working bond. There are three claims in this group—New Victor, Royal and Excelsior—which adjoin the well-known Wilcox property. There has been considerable prospecting work done upon this property and the indications are that the ledges upon it carry good values in free milling ore.

The bond secured by Mr. Booth upon the property calls for the payment of \$20,000. The first payment of \$5000 falls due on July 1st, the second of an equal amount three months later and the balance on January 1st, 1903. The bond is considered a very advantageous one, but it is not likely that it could have been secured by anyone else, as the holder of it—Mr. Booth—is one of the principal owners in the property. The work done upon the New Victor consists of a shaft sunk 95 feet on the hanging wall of one of the ledges. This work has developed three feet of gold ore which it is predicted will average \$10 to the ton in free milling values; in addition to which there is a pay streak of very rich ore from 8 to 10 inches wide. On the Royal claim a crosscut tunnel was started for a ledge which outcropped on the surface, contribute to its development. It is now in some 18 feet, but is as yet fully 50 feet from the ledge which it was started at.

The principal showing on the group, and the one which prompted Mr. Booth to take up its development was uncovered on the New Victor last fall. This occurs on a different ledge from that upon which the shaft was sunk and so far nothing but surface work has been done upon it. This consists of a number of open cuts, about 50 feet apart, for a total distance of 500 feet, throughout the whole of which the new ledge appears strong. The surface work done upon it indicates the presence of three feet of good paying quartz with a pay streak of 15 inches, the average of which gave assay returns of \$82 in gold and some eight ounces in silver. It is upon this showing that Mr. Booth will do his first work and he proposes to commence work with a crew of six men. To get any depth upon this ledge will necessitate driving a crosscut tunnel some 150 feet.

Work is going on in a quiet way upon a number of properties in the Ymir district. A small crew of men is still at work upon the Wilcox and considerable has been sacked at the property awaiting snow for shipping.

Above the New Victor group the Golden Monarch company of Spokane has a force of 20 men at work on the Foghorn. On this property a shaft has been sunk for 65 feet which has opened up 5 feet of quartz for which is claimed an assay value of over \$50 to the ton. This ledge is also being opened up by means of a short tunnel from which considerable ore has been taken out and will be shipped this winter. The management of the property is now driving a long crosscut to catch this ledge at depth and three shifts are at work upon it, the tunnel being now in a distance of 160 feet.

Among the other properties in the district upon which work is being carried on are the Union Jack on Porcupine creek, upon which 8 men are working, and the Shiloh. At the Dundee mines are virtually at a standstill awaiting the result of the report of Bernard McDonald upon it.

Optimism in London.

NEW YORK, December 7.—For a long time there has been much optimistic feeling with regard to the war, says a London dispatch to the Tribune. For days past rumors of peace negotiations have been current in various quarters and these have not dispersed by Lord Kitchener's official confirmation that the Boers have been captured in the Transvaal. This important work seems to have been the work of major Wools Sampson. This officer's admirable handling of the troops at Brackstag after Colonel Benson was mortally wounded rebounded very much to his credit and his capture of the Boer laager southwest.

Lynch Promises Fealty.

NEW YORK, December 7.—A telegram to the London Times from Dublin says that Colonel Arthur Lynch who fought for the Boers and who was recently returned to parliament for Galway city, has written to the electors of that constituency thanking them for his election. He promises to discharge his parliamentary duties with his eyes directed toward the welfare of Galway

and Ireland. The letter, however, does not contain any reference to Colonel Lynch's proposed action in the near future.

Episcopalians' New Bible.

NEW YORK, December 6.—A new bible authorized by the late general convention in San Francisco, to be read in all Episcopal churches in the United States, has been in process of completion by the committee on marginal readings, which has sat at the Episcopal general seminary in this city since last Tuesday and will conclude its work tomorrow, says the Times. It was stated that an English firm has promised to undertake the publication of this bible without expense to the committee. The new bible is to consist of the text and renderings of the king James' version, the renderings of the English revision and the renderings of the recent American revisions. The renderings of the Episcopal committee were ordered to be printed in an appendix for preservation. The late convention, while it praised the scholarship of its own commission, did not place their work upon the same footing as that of the revisers, who had included lay scholars, and had spent many years at the work, besides being far larger in numbers. The new bible insures the very late renderings, although the reading of them is permissive only, not obligatory.

THE LAND OF THE COLOSSAL

Max O'Rell on the United States

Here I am in the United States for the seventh time. My first visit was paid fourteen years ago, in 1887. Since that day, what changes, what fairylike transformations! It is like phantasmagoria. In 1887 the population of America was sixty millions; now it is over seventy. In fifty years' time it will be two hundred millions. Yea, the land of the colossal, the land of intelligence, the land of light. In Europe they will no longer receive the light from the East; they will have it from the West.

As before, I find all the Americans at the wheel, almost recovered from a tragedy that shocked the world and obtained for them the deepest sympathy of the most exalted in the land, as well as the lowest. But America cannot stop for the insane crime of a lunatic; she has her mission to fulfill; forward—she must go on. Rich and poor, young and old—yes, all, with the exception perhaps of a few Anglo-manics whom the Old World call gentlemen and the New One

On my first visit the Americans had all built monumental blocks of fifteen and sixteen stories; today I find some in New York with thirty and thirty-two. If they go a little higher up still the Americans will have only a step to walk into the sojourn of the Seraphim. For the things are explained. New York is built on a narrow island having the shape of a tongue from south to north. It is impossible to get extension toward the east or west, so in the business quarters, they spread in the only region of space which is disengaged, that is, toward the fragment. Then, fourteen years ago, I was holding men walking in Broadway frowning, careworn, tired looking. I remember that I exclaimed: "Poor devils, they are on a round of calls on friends who live at 538 East 125th street; 892 West 138th street, and, maybe, 254 West 162nd street. By George, so would I look frowning and careworn if I had to remember all these combinations of figures!"

That was an impression. Now, when I look at the same men, I say to myself: "So many men who do not know whether they will be ruined or will be millionaires today at four o'clock." And by the side of all those preoccupied faces I see pass, as before, cheerful, smiling, smart, women, regular Parisiennes in gait and elegance, wearing all the latest fashions of beautiful Paris, handsome, well-made, supple, with eyes dazzling with intelligence, beautifully corseted, gloved and shod, the whole crowned with magnificent hats, proudly planted on the top of the most beautiful heads in the world.

Was it not the other day that Andrew Carnegie gave ten millions to found scholarships in the four universities of Scotland? This great American millionaire philanthropist's hobby is to be found in free libraries. He establishes them everywhere in America and especially in his dear native land of Scotland.

"I have two hundred and fifty millions yet to distribute before my death," he said only the other day. He evidently intends to start the next world war, he started this one—with little or nothing.

The word millionaire, of course, cannot now convey an exact idea of the fortune of American plutocrats. We must invent a word and say billionaire. The Oil King of America possesses as much money as would have paid the

war indemnity imposed on France by Germany in 1870, and probably more.

The papers announce the amalgamation of two great railroad lines. In future the new company will control over 10,000 miles. The financier who brought about this amalgamation is a man who could buy, or they were on sale, the Louvre museum and the Arc de Triomphe.

IT SURPRISED HIM

GRANBY SMELTER PROVED A REVELATION.

REPRESENTATIVE OF THE AMERICAN METAL COMPANY VISITS THE BOUNDARY.

GRAND FORKS, December 8.—(Special to The Tribune.)—Mr. Sternfield of the American Metal Company of New York has left here for Phoenix. In an interview he said: "I came west with the object of making another tour of the Boundary country, of which we hear so much of in New York, but primarily to ascertain by personal observation the prospects of the Granby company in the way of quantity of output of matte or blister copper and to inspect its ore reserves at Phoenix. The company with which I am connected is one of the largest buyers of ores, matte and bullion on the continent."

Weighing my words, I must admit that the Granby smelter proved a revelation to me both in regard to equipment and methods of ore treatment, as well as in respect on the possibilities of tonnage. No improvement could be suggested. I believe the Granby plant is treating its ore more cheaply than any other copper matting plant in existence, largely because these ores are self-fluxing and on account of the cheap of power. This second consideration is a vital one in itself. I am looking forward with interest to my Phoenix trip. The inauguration of the use of steam shovels in quarrying ores on the Knobhill certainly mark a novel departure in gold-copper mining, and has merited all the attention it is receiving in the mining world."

No Chance of a Visitor From Mars

Unless you have a longer than ordinary lease of life there is little hope that you will live to shake hands with a visitor from Mars.

The fascinating possibility of communication with this much-talked-of planet has been given a solar plexus blow by the eminent astronomer, Sir Robert Ball, now lecturing in this country.

The likelihood of signalling to Mars has been so often discussed and intertwined with so much of a network of romance and speculation that Sir Robert Ball's plain statement that it is an impossibility is causing a popular sensation.

It is his array of figures that makes Sir Robert's statements impressive. Mars, he points out, is one hundred and fifty times as far away as the moon, and it is difficult enough to get accurate information about the surface of the moon. Any building on earth would have to be at least one hundred and fifty times as long and as broad as it is before an inhabitant of Mars, with as powerful as telescope as we have on earth today, might happen to see it even if he were looking in this direction and the atmosphere was unusually clear.

Using the modern methods of military signalling with flags, it would require a flag at least 300 miles long, 200 miles wide, attached to a pole 500 miles long, to be waved to and fro before an inhabitant of Mars looking through his spyglass would be impressed with the idea that there was anything unusual going on. Or, if the imagination could carry in about four seconds and to Mars in about eight minutes; but there are stars visible every night through the telescope so remote that even if a Marconi message had been sent to them at the moment of the crucifixion the news would not have reached there yet. There are other stars visible to the naked eye that could not yet have received the news of the battle of Waterloo if the message had been sent by Marconi at the time the engagement began.

The so-called "canals" on Mars, accredited as such of late years, are, according to Sir Robert, canals after all. He says that they are not the work of nature, because nature does not work on straight lines. These canals with the assured existence of arctic and tropical regions, Sir Robert said, are indications that human life is existent on Mars. No permanent water and no river can be discerned on Mars. What astronomers see are straight lines, or rather lines falling in circles around the globe. These are undoubtedly canals in a great state of development. It is not known that these canals carried off the ice and snow that melted during the summer season, but it is a fact that the observation of the canals is clearer at the season of the year when it may be assumed that the snow and ice are melting.

Won't Consent to Transfer.

NEW YORK, December 7.—The high court of justice, chancery division, has declined to consent to the proposed transfer of the life department of the Atlas Assurance Company to the Pelecan Life Insurance, says a dispatch to the Journal of Commerce, from London. The terms of the arrangement would have relieved the Atlas capital from all liability under the life policies of the Atlas. It is intimated that this complication may be a serious stumbling block in the way of the consummation of the Phoenix-Atlas amalgamation.

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Shipments From Molly Hughes Property

Harry Shera of New Denver was in Nelson yesterday on his way home from the Trail smelter, where he and his partners in the Molly Hughes property have just delivered another car of high grade ore. The returns from this shipment have not yet been received, but from three former cars it is expected that the 20 tons will net the owners something over \$1000 after deducting freight and treatment. The Molly Hughes output is a dry ore with silver and gold values. In all 62 tons have been shipped to the Trail smelter, which after deducting a freight and treatment rate of \$14.50 per ton netted the owners something over \$3000. It is understood that a reduction of \$5.50 has been made by Harry Shera of New Denver was in Nelson yesterday on way home from the Trail smelter, where he and his partners in the Molly Hughes property have just delivered another car of high grade ore. The returns from this shipment have not yet been received, but from the returns from three former cars it is expected that the 20 tons will net the owners something over \$1000 after deducting freight and treatment.

Misleading Maxims.

Perhaps no maxims are so misleading to the judgment of those who implicitly believe them as those which assert what is absolutely true actually and very often false metaphorically. For instance: "Where there's smoke there's fire" and "Straws show which way the wind blows." If by smoke we understand scandal and gossip, then there is often a good deal of very nasty smoke and no fire at all. Neither metaphorically speaking, do straws show which way the wind blows, for such are the cross-currents of character that you can seldom judge of its general trend by a trivial action. A man may throw away a pound without being generous or even habitually extravagant.

Take, for instance, the common Yorkshire saying, "When in doubt do nothing." How very seldom the principle therein contained can be applied with advantage. How many weak wills, we should like to know, has this pestilential little proverb contributed to paralyze? "All things happen to those who wait"—and so they do wait, till the only thing which is sure to happen to every one does happen, and they die. Could they but have realized that "he who hesitates is lost" contains far more truth than its opposite they might have done something in life. Not that this energetic assertion of an occasional fact is by any means a sure guide. Who is not familiar with the man who never hesitates before any decision and nearly always laments his precipitation, usually aloud? Who has not got tired of employing such a one to make the best of a bad job or of suppressing the obvious comment of "We told you so?" All the same, believers in a motto which spurs them into foolish action seems to do better in the race of life than those who rely upon one which preaches nothing but caution. And hasty people generally seem to arrive at their goal, in however bad condition,

BOOTS AND SHOES

We have lately received a large consignment of all the newest styles and makes of Ladies' and Gentlemen's Boots and Shoes, including the most up-to-date styles.

Special attention is drawn to a large assortment of Ladies' Fine Evening Slippers, one, two and three-strap with French leather heels. Ladies' Queen Slippers, the newest and naggiest. Ladies' pretty Felt Slippers made by the celebrated "Doige Felt Boot" makers.

We are sole agents for the Jenness Miller Hygienic Shoe. Our stock of Men's heavy and light Walking Boots second to none. Nor is our stock of Rubbers and Overshoes.

Women's and Misses Cardegans at the low price of \$1.75 and \$1.50 respectively.

A large assortment of Boys and Girls Boots, especially made neat and strong for school wear, to choose from.

WATCH OUR WINDOWS

E HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY

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We have not completed the extensive alterations to our store yet, but that does not prevent us from doing business. New books are continually being added, as the following list shows:

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Warwick of the Knobs.....Uri Lloyd
Young Barbarians.....Ian McLaren
Berjan Worth.....Wallace Lloyd
Firewell Nikola.....Jay Boothby
Strategems and Spoils.....W. A. White
Lurma Gordeeff.....Maxim Jorky
That Girl Montana.....Ryan
The Sensationalist.....Pier
The Right of Way.....Gilbert Parker
All in handsome cloth bindings.

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NELSON, B. C.

The Tribune

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Semi-weekly by mail, three months.....5.00
Semi-weekly by mail, six months.....10.00
Semi-weekly by mail, one year.....20.00
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If run less than a month.....2.00
Insertion......25
Classified Ads and Legal Notices, per word for first insertion, per word.....1-2
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Wholesale and Business Directory Ads (classified), per line per month.....50
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Address all letters—THE TRIBUNE ASSOCIATION, Ltd. John Houston, Manager, Nelson, B. C.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS BY CARRIER.

On Saturday next, subscribers whose Tribunes are delivered by carrier will be expected to pay the carrier TWENTY CENTS, the subscription price for the current week.

Owing to breakages and other mishaps in moving The Tribune plant from the Burns block on East Baker street to the McDonald building on West Baker street, there may be shortcomings for a day or two. The Tribune, however, will appear every day in some form, and within a week everything will be running in shipshape.

The assertion by the Canadian Mining Review of Ottawa that the reply to its strictures on the Granby company's methods of doing business was published in "boom sheets" will not hold water. There are no more conservative newspapers in the country than the Vancouver News-Advertiser and The Tribune, and the B. C. Mining Record of Victoria and the Mining and Engineering Journal of New York have never been classed as "boom" journals. So far as The Tribune is concerned, during the nine years it has been published, its owners and managers have never received directly or indirectly one dollar for the publication or suppression of news relating to mines or mining companies. It has printed hundreds of columns of mining news, and no prospector, miner, mine manager, mine owner, or company promoter was ever asked for money, either directly or indirectly, for either publishing or suppressing news. Undoubtedly, some of the news printed could be construed as "boom," and some of it, no doubt, was unreliable; but the intent was good as far as The Tribune was concerned. No special credit is deserved for adopting and adhering to such a policy; but no man has ever lost a dollar in mining in British

BANK OF MONTREAL

CAPITAL, all paid up.....\$12,000,000.00
RESERVE FUND.....7,000,000.00
UNDIVIDED PROFITS.....427,160.80

Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal.....President
Hon. George A. Drummond.....Vice-President
E. S. Clouston.....General Manager

NELSON BRANCH
Corner Baker and Kootenay Streets,
A. H. BUCHANAN, Manager.

Branches in LONDON (England) NEW YORK, CHICAGO, and all the principal cities in Canada.

Buy and sell Sterling Exchange and Cable Transfers.

Grant Commercial and Travelers' Credits, available in any part of the world.

Drafts Issued, Collections Made, Etc.

Savings Bank Branch

CURRENT RATE OF INTEREST PAID.

Columbia through wilful or paid-for misrepresentations appearing in The Tribune.

The Tribune is in possession of information that goes to show that the Fletcher-Selous combine have been a trifle hasty in asking the people to vote them \$10,000 purposes. No such sum is needed according to their own showing, and it is known that the government is disposed to treat Nelson at least not unfairly as compared with its more than fair treatment of Rossland. The \$10,000 for the public schools, the \$50,000 for the isolation hospital (the one thing that alderman Selous is "sweet" on), and the \$5000 for the fire alarm system were introduced for only one purpose, and that purpose was to try and defeat the endorsement of the \$150,000 for the electric power plant. It remains to be seen whether the property owners of Nelson will allow themselves to be "jobbed" in the interests of the West Kootenay Power & Light Company.

Mackenzie & Mann seem to have trouble with labor everywhere. The contractors who are building their roads through Ontario and Manitoba complain of the way in which they are treated, and they seem to be the only silver-lead mine operators in British Columbia who are not working their mines because of an unwillingness to pay the standard rate of wages. At one time "Bill" Mackenzie and "Dan" Mann were considered pretty decent men with which to do business, but, evidently, since becoming capitalists they are like nine out of ten capitalists in this respect: They dislike to see anyone make a dollar except themselves.

James M. Kellie of Revelstoke occupies a column and a half in the Nelson Miner of Sunday attempting to prove that The Tribune is in favor of disfranchising the people of Revelstoke and Golden. If the people of these two towns are all as foolish as Kellie is, they should be franchised.

Property owners, if you would see your real estate increase in value, vote FOR BY-LAW NO. 102.

Increase of Government Injunction.

The pointed comments of Judge Tuley before the Iroquois Club of Chicago upon the rapid development of government injunction cannot fail to arrest the attention of the thoughtful. With his past twelve months' judges in the United States and Canada have been particularly busy reading new theories into the law which they are supposed to interpret. In their eagerness to exercise authority at critical moments they have arrogated to themselves not only the right of the legislative power to make laws but the duty of the administrative branch of the government to enforce them. The fashion having once been set, there has grown a sort of rivalry between the courts of equity as to which one can go the farthest. The process of the usurpation of power by the judiciary is thus briefly described by Judge Tuley:

The judge, without hearing the defendant, decrees what he shall or shall not do in advance and without a hearing, enforces the performance of the commands of the writ, then brings the

defendant before him, tries him without a jury, adjudges him guilty of a violation of the commands of the writ formulated by the judge himself in the absence of the defendant, and sentences him to a punishment not defined by law, but resting in the breast of such judge. Is not such a proceeding by the judge government by injunction and a substitute for trial by jury?

If judges can create new offenses unknown to the statutes, prejudice defendants by anticipation, convict them without trial by jury and prescribe penalties out of hand for acts not prohibited by law, the guarantees contained in the constitution are of no avail. If the courts are correct in construing the right of injunction as they have done of late, there is nothing to prevent an autocratic judiciary from making still further encroachments upon the liberty of the individual.—Philadelphia North American.

The Tin horns Are Worse.

Nowadays we hear a lot of the cruel way in which the capitalist class puts the screws down on the thumbs of the poor man yet its mighty little we hear of the oppression exercised by the nimble fingered fraternity called "tin horns" on the same hapless creation. It is a fact that these gentry get away with more of the miner's hard earned dollars than capital squeezes out of him. Yet, it is rarely you hear him kicked at although there is not one in ten of the men who go up against him who do not know that he is not getting any more chances than is necessary to preserve the fitness of his graft.—Trout Lake Topic.

More Chinese Murders.

SAN FRANCISCO December 7.—Another Chinese has been murdered as a result of the Wong Chin family feud in Chinatown. While walking along the street Wong Get was approached from behind and shot four times in the back, the wound proving fatal in a short time. The murdered threw away his pistol and ran up the street to nearby house, where he was found by the police. He gave his name as Yee Loon.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

WITH WHICH IS AMALGAMATED THE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO.

Paid-up Capital.....\$8,000,000
Reserve Fund.....\$2,000,000
AGGREGATE RESOURCES OVER \$66,000,000.

Hon. Geo. A. Cox, President. B. E. Walker, General Manager

London Office, 60 Lombard Street, E. C. New York Office, 16 Exchange Place, and 28 Branches in Canada and the United States.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT:

Interest allowed on deposits. Present rate three per cent.

GRANGE V. HOLT,

Manager Nelson Branch.

The Panacea for Trust Evil.

WASHINGTON, December 8.—Publicity, which is president Roosevelt's theory of the legislation best adapted to restrict the trust evil, is provided for upon an elaborate scale in a bill introduced by representative Littlefield of Maine. It requires all corporations engaged in interstate commerce "to file returns with the secretary of the treasury disclosing their true financial condition, and of their capital stock, and imposing a tax upon such as have outstanding capital stock unpaid in whole or in part."

Before September 1st of each year all corporations engaged in interstate commerce must make reports, upon blanks which the government will provide for that purpose, giving their name and the place and date of their organization, and the same information respecting constituent companies. If there has been a reorganization of the name of the original corporation must be given with the same information as to all prior companies in the chain of organization. These reports must show the amount of capital stock, authorized number of shares, par value, whether common or preferred and distinction between each, the amount issued and outstanding, the amount paid in, and whether in cash or property, and if in property, describing in detail the kind and character, with the cash market value at the time paid in. The total indebtedness also must be shown, giving its nature and the purpose for which it was incurred. The reports also must set forth the assets at prevailing prices and the liabilities, with current assets and liabilities, operating expenses, interest, taxes, maintenance, permanent improvements, net earnings and dividends declared, with rate and date during preceding year, and the salaries of officers and wages of employees. Swearing to a false report is made perjury, punishable as such under the criminal statutes. Corporations engaged in interstate commerce whose capital is not fully paid in are required to pay an annual tax on their capital stock. The tax is made a first lien, and corporations failing to pay it shall be restricted from doing interstate business. The secretary of the treasury is required to publish for free distribution a list of all corporations thus reporting.

America's Credit Relations.

NEW YORK, December 8.—An article by the financial editor of the London Times on the credit relations of the United States and Great Britain has appeared. In the opinion of the editor the United States is in the position of a young, vigorous and honest manufacturer, who has also had great success as a farmer, and who is able to command first class credit at his bankers. He makes a great deal more net income than he needs, and employs all that he does not spend in extending his business. He has occasional fits of exuberant energy and enthusiasm, when he borrows largely to construct works

FRED IRVINE & CO.

ON THURSDAY OF THIS WEEK WE WILL SELL THE BALANCE OF OUR STOCK OF

LADIES' MANTLES AND COSTUMES AND CHILDREN'S COATS AT HALF PRICE

WE WILL ALSO SHOW EXCEPTIONAL BARGAINS IN LADIES' FLANELETTE-WEAR GOODS AND PRICES TO SUIT ALL

FRED IRVINE & CO.

36 Baker Street, Nelson.

which do not immediately produce a return. Thus, periodically, he locks up more than is wise in bricks and mortar and steel. Even in his prudent moods he does not keep much actual cash, but he likes to keep his capital growing. He does not believe in gut-edge security, except for insurance companies and savings banks, because capital does not increase fast enough in 3 per cent stuff. His admirers have been asserting that he is going to be a great banker, if he is not one already. Probably he will be, some time, but that time is distant.

Getting Rather Monotonous.

NEW YORK, December 6.—The Paris correspondent of the London Times quotes a dispatch from The Hague correspondent of the Temps in regard to the reports of a serious quarrel between queen Wilhelmina and her husband, prince Henry of the Netherlands. The Temps vouches for the correspondent as from a contributor who has the reputation of sending accurate information. The correspondent says the malicious rumors in regard to the queen and prince Henry are fabrications of cheap society papers in Holland. He adds: "It is a most happy thing that there is no domestic strife, the queen loves her husband and harmony has always prevailed."

LONDON, December 6.—A dispatch to the Evening News from The Hague published today says peace reigns at the palace, and the happiest man in Holland is mayor Van Rots who was wounded in defense of the queen by prince Henry, or as all the Dutchmen now contemptuously call him, "the German."

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

Capital (paid up) - \$2,500,000
Rest - \$1,850,000

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO, ONTARIO.

Branches in Northwest Territories, Provinces of British Columbia, Manitoba, Ontario and Quebec.

H. S. HOWLAND.....President.
W. WILKIE.....General Manager.
E. HAY.....Inspector.

NELSON BRANCH, BURNS BLOCK.

A general banking business transacted. Savings Department.—Deposits received and interest allowed. Drafts sold, available in all parts of Canada, United States and Europe. Special attention given to collections.

J. M. LAY, Manager.

CLASSIFIED ADS.

ARTICLES FOR SALE.

SEWING MACHINES OF ALL KINDS for sale or re-fit at the Old Curiosity Shop.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT—A PIANO; nearly new. Apply R. W. Day, Madden block.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—LADY COMPANION OR BOARDER for winter months; comfortable home. Address Box 79, Nelson.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—THE CARE OF OFFICES OR rooms. Will go out to do housework by the hour or day. Orders left at The Tribune office, addressed to Mrs. Curry, will have prompt attention.

LOST.

ABOUT 630 THURSDAY EVENING between William Hunter & Co.'s store, the post-office and the C. P. R. Land office on West Baker street, a silver open-faced watch with photo on face; gold chain and four charms; \$3 gold piece a gold locket, a gold heart and a moss-agate miniature ring. Finder will be handsomely rewarded by returning same to William Hunter & Co.'s store.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

CHOP HOUSE.

PIONEER CHOP HOUSE, JOHN Spear, proprietor, opposite Queen's Hotel, Baker street, Nelson. Open day and night. Lunches a specialty. Picnic and traveling parties supplied on shortest notice.

ARCHITECTS.

A. C. EWART—ARCHITECT, ROOM 3, Aberdeen Block, Baker Street, Nelson.

DRAVAGE.

FURNITURE, PIANOS, SAFES, ETC., moved carefully at reasonable rates. Apply J. T. Wilson, Phone 270, Prosser's second Hand store, Ward street.

FURNITURE.

D. J. ROBERTSON & CO., FURNITURE dealers, undertakers and embalmers. Day phone No. 292, night phone No. 207. Next new postoffice building, Vernon street, Nelson.

WHOLESALE DIRECTORY

ASSAYERS' SUPPLIES.

W. F. TRETZEL & CO.—CORNER OF Baker and Josephine streets, Nelson, wholesale dealers in assayer's supplies. Denver Fire Clay Company, Denver, Colorado.

ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES.

KOOTENAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & Construction Company—Wholesale dealers in telephones, annunciators, bells, batteries, electric fixtures and appliances. Houston Block, Nelson.

FRESH AND SALT MEATS.

P. BURNS & CO.—BAKER STREET, Nelson, wholesale dealers in fresh and cured meats. Cold storage.

GROCERIES.

KOOTENAY SUPPLY COMPANY, Limited—Vernon street, Nelson, wholesale grocers.

JOHN CHOLDITCH & CO.—FRONT street, Nelson, wholesale grocers.

A. MACDONALD & CO.—CORNER OF Front and Hall streets, Nelson, wholesale grocers and jobbers in blankets, gloves, mitts, boots, rubbers, mackinaws and miners' sundries.

J. Y. GRIFFIN & CO.—FRONT STREET, Nelson, wholesale dealers in provisions, cured meats, butter and eggs.

LIQUORS AND DRY GOODS.

TURNER, BEETON & CO.—CORNER Vernon and Josephine streets, Nelson, wholesale dealers in liquors, cigars and dry goods. Agents for Ebbett Brewing Company of Milwaukee and Calgary Brewing Company of Calgary.

NOTICES OF MEETINGS.

FRATERNAL SOCIETIES.

KOOTENAY TENT NO. 7, K. O. T. M. Regular meetings first and third Thursdays of each month, Visiting Sir Knights are cordially invited to attend. Dr. W. Rose, R. K.; A. W. Purdy, Com.; G. A. Brown, P. C.

NELSON LODGE, NO. 23, A. F. & A. M. Meets second and fourth Wednesdays of each month at Fraternal Hall, George Bartlett, president; J. V. Morrison, secretary.

NELSON ROYAL ARCH CHAPTER NO. 123, G. R. C.—Meets third Wednesdays of each month at Fraternal Hall, George Bartlett, president; J. V. Morrison, secretary.

MINERS UNION, NO. 96, W. F. O. M.—Meets in Miners' Union Hall, northwest corner of Baker and Stanley streets every Saturday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members welcome. M. R. Mowat, president; James Wilkes, secretary. Union scale of wages for Nelson district per shift: Machine men \$3.50, hammermen \$3.25, muckers, carmen, shovellers, and other underground laborers \$3.

BARBERS' UNION, NO. 196, OF THE international Journeymen Barbers' Union of America, meets first and third Mondays of each month in Miners' Union Hall at 8:30 sharp. Visiting members invited. R. McArthur, president; J. H. Matheson, secretary-treasurer; J. C. Gardner, recording secretary.

LAUNDRY WORKERS' UNION—Meets at Miners' Union Hall on fourth Monday in every month at 7:30 o'clock. M. B. Pape, president; A. W. McFee, secretary.

CARPENTERS' UNION MEETS WEDNESDAY evening of each week at 7 o'clock, in Miners' Union Hall. C. J. Clayton, president; Alex. B. Murray, secretary.

PAINTERS' UNION MEET THE FIRST and third Fridays in each month at Miners' Union Hall at 7:30 sharp. Walter B. Kees, president; Henry Bennett, secretary.

COOKS AND WAITERS UNION NO. 111, W. L. U., meets at Miners' Union Hall on second and last Tuesdays in every month at 8:30 p.m. sharp. A. B. Sloan, president; J. P. Forrestell, secretary; H. M. Fortier, financial secretary.

PLASTERERS' UNION MEETS EVERY Monday evening in the Elliot Block at 8 o'clock. J. D. Foster, president; William Vice, secretary. P. O. Box 18.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

Our Compound Syrup of White Pine and Tar

CURES COUGHS AND COLDS

Beware of the "Just as Good" kind. Insist on getting the Genuine C. D. & B. Compound Syrup of White Pine and Tar.

CANADA DRUG & BOOK CO.

K.-W.C. Block. Corner Ward and Baker Sts.

"SEAGRAM"

THE LEADING CANADIAN WHISKEY

TRY IT

IN BULK, 2, 4, and 7 years old. IN CASES, '83 and Star.

Delivered from the warehouse in Nelson

R. P. RITHEE & CO., LTD.

VICTORIA, B. C.

A. B. GRAY,

Kootenay Representative. P. O. BOX 521. NELSON, B. C.

IMPERIAL BREWING COMPANY

EMERSON & REISTERER.

BREWERS OF THE BEST

LAGER BEER

STEAM BEER

AND PORTER

When you want the Best, ask for IMPERIAL BEER.

R. REISTERER & CO.

BREWERS AND BOTTLERS OF FINE LAGER BEER, ALE AND PORTER

Prompt and regular delivery to the trade. BREWERY AT NELSON

OYSTER COCKTAILS

OYSTER COCKTAIL

Martin O'Reilly & Co.

CLEARING OUT SALE

Our Last Sale in Nelson

CLOSING OUT ANNOUNCEMENT

Martin O'Reilly & Co. in making their closing out announcement, beg to tender their thanks to their many friends and customers for past patronage during the time they have been in business in Nelson. We propose giving the public generally, a life's opportunity in buying Dry Goods at prices never before approached in the Kootenays or elsewhere. During the past week our store has presented a very lively appearance and we feel satisfied that our many customers went away highly pleased with their bargains. The startling reductions in every department has been the means of greatly reducing our stock, but we still have an enormous stock of goods to sell. And if price breaking can do it, another week will see our fixtures with considerably less goods on them.

HOSIERY AND KNIT UNDERWEAR.

17 dozen black wool Hose in sizes 8, 9 and 9½, were 35 cents, now 25. Children's plain and ribbed hose, just the thing for school wear, at 20 and 25 cents per pair.

Children's knit vests and drawers, in white and grey, all sizes, from 25 cents up.

A very special line in women's vests, in white only. A well finished garment. They were 85 cents, now 50 cents.

Our leader in grey and white

vests that were 90 cents, now 65 cents.

A limited number of ladies' combinations are out for this sale at 75 cents.

KID GLOVES.

We still have a fairly good assortment of shades in Perrin's Famous Gloves. Those that were \$1.25, now 90 cents. Our best made \$1.50, now \$1.10.

CORSETS, GIRELES AND CORSET WAISTS.

The 75c quality, now 40 cents.

The \$1.00 quality, now 60 cents.

The \$1.25 quality, now 85 cents.

The \$1.50 quality, now \$1.10.

A full line of D. & A. corsets in better grades are all reduced on a similar basis.

Children's corset waists that are sold everywhere at 75 and 90 cents, are now selling for 50 cents.

We have a snap in two or three dozen mens' boiled shirts, size 16, 16 1-2 and 17, worth from \$1 to \$1.25, now 25 cents.

Martin O'Reilly & Co.

CLEARING OUT SALE

DRESS SKIRTS IN BLACK AND NAVY.

Just two or three of these black and navy dressy skirts that were \$7.50, now \$4.75.

Our \$5.50 and \$6.50 black creponne skirts are now marked \$3.75 and \$4.50.

We have quite a few tailor made suits still left and as we have no intention of taking them with us we have remarked them as follows:

Skirts that were \$10 now \$5.

Skirts that were \$15 now \$8.

The better suits are marked away down

GO THEY MUST. WOMENS' RAIN COATS. ALL SIZES.

Rain coats that were \$7 now \$4.90.

Rain coats (Raglan) that were \$12 now \$7.

Here's a snap we came near missing.

A lot of children's jackets in navy and navy corded in cardinal and white that were \$5.50 going at \$2. Also four or five others that were \$4.50 are now \$1.50.

DRESS DEPARTMENT.

There are several dress patterns

in lengths of 6 yards that were \$4.50 are now \$2.25.

Every piece of dress goods is marked to sell.

A lot of figured black and fancy dress goods that were 75 cents now 40 cents.

DOMESTIC DEPARTMENT.

Towels, quilts prints, sheeting, pillow, cotton and comforters are away down to rock-bottom prices which will appeal to every thrifty housewife.

Ribbons, laces and embroideries have come in for their share of price cutting. And all kinds of small wares and trimmings will be given special attention.

Martin O'Reilly & Co.

CLEARING OUT SALE

DO NOT WAIT UNTIL IT IS TIME TO CUT THE XMAS TREE BEFORE YOU ORDER YOUR HOLIDAY GOODS AT JACOB DOVER'S, "THE JEWELER."



RECOGNIZING the demand for "A Better Class of Goods," we have decided to offer only such goods that we know are first quality and latest designs.

Prices have been figured very low, to tempt the closest buyers. In Pearl and Diamond Brooches we have the largest and best selected line in the country, and prices and styles to make them ready sellers.

Diamonds bought early and judiciously, consequently we can quote you very low prices and offer you exceptional values.

Our "Personal Guarantee" goes with every article, and should any article bought from us not prove satisfactory we are at all times glad to exchange same to the entire satisfaction of the customer.

Standard grades of Filled Chains and guards in all styles. Novelties in Leather. Latest Fads in Pocket Books, Card Cases and Cigar Cases. Novelties in Brass and Iron. Cut Glass, Silver Plate and Cutlery. Clocks, Candelabras, Jardinieres. Pianos and Sewing Machines. Statues, Lamps, Onyx Tables. Latest Creations in all Goods.

- DIAMONDS
- Loose or Mounted
- WATCHES
- Filled and Gold
- GOLD BROOCHES
- Latest designs
- GOLD SET RINGS
- Ladies and Gents.
- GOLD LOCKETS
- With and without stones
- GOLD CHAINS
- All weights
- GOLD CUFF PINS
- With and without stones
- GOLD GUARDS
- 10 and 14 karat
- GOLD NOVELTIES
- SILVER NOVELTIES
- Of all kinds

Jacob Dover, "The Jeweler."

C. P. R. Time Inspector

NELSON, B.C.

If you want the finest coffee, ask your Grocer for Blue Ribbon of 1901.

The Sea Serpent Officially Seen.

Henry N. Neligan, third officer of the steamship Irada and an official observer of marine events for the hydrographic office, makes the following official report:

October 26th, 1901.—At 11 a. m. today, in latitude 27 degrees 26 minutes north, and longitude 90 degrees 18 minutes west, passed a large sea serpent appearing about 100 feet long. The head was blunt, square nose, and was ejecting water to the height of two or three feet from its nostrils. The animal or fish had three distinct sets of fins and a tail lying across like a porpoise. On its back was a series of humps like a camel. It was heading about east (true) and moving slowly.

This seems to settle it—if there was any doubt about it. Since the dawn of history, since that first mariner whom Horace said must have had a heart twice bound round with triple brass to dare to adventure the unknown sea, there have been reports of sea serpents. They have ranged in size from the length of a giant boa-constrictor to the one described in the fo'castle song: From the tip of his nose to the tip of his tail.

It's just nine thousand mile. Scientific men have made due allowance for the vivid imaginations of seafaring men and have recognized that behind these tales there was a solid truth—a survival of those ancient monsters which peopled the sea when man was still a tailed arcturan, speaking the language which professor Garner makes a living and a stir by trying to recover.

It is not strange that none of these monsters has ever been captured. The sea is so vast both in surface and in depth. When they die they go to the bottom or are soon torn to pieces by other fish and sea birds. They avoid the haunts of man. It may be that some of the most terrible ones have now and then met and attacked a small ship. If so perhaps they destroyed the last witness of a combat so hideous that no imagination of possible horrors of the mysterious sea could conceive it.

Origin of Benevolent Institution.

One afternoon last year a Parisian lady saw a servant girl dissolved in tears seated on her knees. Inquiries elicited the naive confession that she had been spending the previous hour in fruitless efforts to arrange the infant's attire, and after hopelessly struggling with the mysteries of swaddling clothes had given up the attempt. How was she to face the mother, her mistress, with the child in this untrussed state? Despair at the thought had driven her to tears. Between the sobs she explained that she had that morning accepted an invitation as nursery maid without ever having held a baby in her arms before. The kind hearted lady dressed the hapless infant and determined there and then to start a school for servant girls. The institution is now a flourishing concern, and the lady who founded it has had the satisfaction of turning out several hundred domestic servants, fully equipped for the efficient discharge of their duties in various branches.

Wrecked a Railway Station.

FRANKFORT, Germany, December 6.—A large part of the handsome railway station precincts here was wrecked this morning by the Orient express, the air brakes on which failed to work. The train dashed into the station at full speed, jumped the platform and came to a standstill in the middle of the waiting room against the debris of a stone wall. A few of the passengers were badly bruised, but none was fatally injured. The people about the station and in the waiting room had remarkable escapes.

Mansfield Manufacturing COMPANY

OFFICE: [BAKER STREET WEST, NELSON, B. C. TELEPHONE NO. 218. P. O. BOX 688.

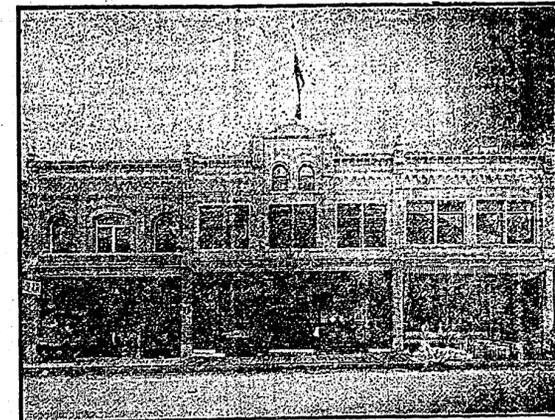
MARBLE, BUILDING STONE, BRICK AND LIME

The Mansfield Manufacturing Company have the above mentioned building materials for sale at reasonable prices. Special quotations to builders and contractors for large orders.

ORDERS BY MAIL ATTENDED TO PROMPTLY

Mansfield Manufacturing COMPANY

OFFICE: [BAKER STREET WEST, NELSON, B. C. TELEPHONE NO. 218. P. O. BOX 688.



TREMONT HOUSE

321 TO 331 BAKER STREET, NELSON

AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS

MEALS 25 CENTS

Rooms Lighted by Electricity and Heated by Steam 25 Cents to \$1

THE BINDERY DEPARTMENT OF THE TRIBUNE ASSOCIATION, LIMITED, BURNS BLOCK, NELSON.

BOOK BINDING SPECIAL RULED BLANK BOOKS SPECIAL RULED FORMS

Auction Sale

The undersigned will sell by auction at their sale room opposite the post-office a quantity of

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE AND OTHER EFFECTS.

ON SATURDAY, DEC. 7th, 7:30 p. m. On view morning of sale.

NEWLING & CO.

Office: Kootenay street, next to Odd-fellows' Hall, Nelson, B.C.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE BROKERS

Agents for Trout Lake Addition. (Bogus town) Fairview Addition. Average property adjoining the park. And J. & J. Fay's sales. These sales can be bought from us on two year's time without interest.

Ward Bros.

333 West Baker Street, Nelson.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS

NOTICE.—Vermont mineral claim, situate in the Nelson Mining Division of West Kootenay District.

Where located: On the east slope of Wild Horse Mountain, about one mile southwest of the Elise.

TAKE NOTICE that I, N. F. Townsend, acting as agent for Edward Baillic, free miner's certificate No. 156185, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim. And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements. Dated this 26th day of August, A. D. 1901. N. F. TOWNSEND.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS

NOTICE.—Vermont mineral claim, situate in the Nelson Mining Division of West Kootenay District.

Where located: On the west fork of Rover Creek, three and one-half miles south of Kootenay River.

TAKE NOTICE that I, N. F. Townsend, acting as agent for Albert L. Veller, 155789; Hermann L. Keller, 155788; and Frederick S. Algers, 152357, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim. And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements. Dated this 13th day of October, A. D. 1901. N. F. TOWNSEND.

NOTICE TO DELINQUENT CO-OWNER.

To John J. McAndrews or to any person or persons to whom he may have transferred his interest in the Black Diamond mineral claim, situate on the north side of Bear creek, about three miles from the town of Ymir, lying south of and adjoining the Evening Star mineral claim, Nelson mining division of West Kootenay district, and recorded in the recorder's office for the Nelson mining division.

You and each of you have hereby notified that I have expended two hundred and twelve dollars and twenty-five cents (\$212.25) in labor and improvements upon the above mentioned mineral claim in order to hold said mineral claim under the provisions of the Mineral Act, and if within ninety days from the date of this notice you fail or refuse to contribute your portion of all such expenditures together with all costs of advertising, your interests in the said claims will become the property of the subscriber under section 4 of an act entitled, "An Act to Amend the Mineral Act, 1901." Dated at Nelson this 11th day of September, 1901.

NOTICE.

In the matter of an application for a duplicate of a Certificate of Title to an undivided half of Lot 12, Block 11 in the Town of Nelson.

Notice is hereby given that it is my intention to issue at the expiration of one month from the first publication hereof a duplicate of the Certificate of Title to the above mentioned undivided half of Lot 12, Block 11 in the Town of Nelson, in the name of Joseph Hetherington Bows, which Certificate is dated the 5th day of November, 1897, and numbered 1016.

H. F. MACLEOD, District Registrar, Land Registry Office, Nelson, B.C., 3rd December, 1901.

OLD PAPERS Suitable for wrapping. Apply at TRIBUNE BINDERY DEPARTMENT

IN MAKING YOUR CHOICE OF CHRISTMAS PRESENTS DO NOT OVERLOOK THE FACT THAT WE CARRY THE LATEST LINES OF

PERFUMERY

From all the best makers, also Hair Brushes, Clothes Brushes, Hat Brushes, Military Hair Brushes and numerous other kinds, made with genuine bristle and with either Ebony, Wood or Ivory backs.
A fine line of Ebony backed Hand Mirrors which we are offering at very reasonable prices.

W. F. TEETZEL & CO.

For the Boys

Having added to my stock a large range of Youth's Boy's and Children's clothing, I am now prepared to offer to the public the best variety of these goods ever shown in Nelson.
Everything is new and up-to-date and are selling at the very lowest prices. Intending purchasers will do well to examine my stock and get prices before purchasing elsewhere.

217 and 219 Baker Street **J. A. GILKER**

OUR NEW STOCK

Offers Many Opportunities for Careful Buyers.

We have no rubbish, the accumulation of years, but are offering you NEW GOODS at

LOW PRICES

Our Xmas offers include:

- PARLOR SUITES
- BED ROOM SUITES
- COUCHES AND LOUNGES
- RATTAN GOODS
- CHIFFONIERS
- ROCKERS, CHAIRS
- CARPETS AND RUGS

J. G. BUNYAN & CO.

E. A. SMALL & CO.'S

Royal Brand
Tailor made Clothing

READY TO WEAR.

Is not made as ordinary ready made Clothing, nor are inferior cloths and trimmings employed. Clothing advertised as being sold cheap, when the material and workmanship are likewise cheap, is dear at any price.

In order to ensure your getting Tailor made Garments, with good trimmings, a perfect fit, value unsurpassed, see that this label is attached to the left hand coat pocket.



CHRISTMAS PUDDING

We have the best stock of peel and Christmas fruits in the city. Everything fresh. This season's lemon, orange and citron peel, cleaned currants and raisins.

Houston Block Nelson, B.C. **J. A. IRVING & CO.**

TELEPHONE 39. P. O. BOX 527.

Nelson Saw & Planing Mills

CHARLES HILLYER, President. HARRY HOUSTON, Secretary.

Have just received 3,000.0 feet of logs from Idaho, and we are prepared to cut the largest bill of timber of any dimensions or lengths. Estimates given at any time. The largest stock of sash, doors, and mouldings in Kootenay.

COAST LUMBER OF ALL KINDS ON HAND
OFFICE AND YARDS: CORNER HALL AND FRONT STREETS.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

CANADIAN PACIFIC SYSTEM

LEAVE	CROW'S NEST RAILWAY	ARRIVE
5 a. m. Daily	Kaslo, Creston, Moyle, Cranbrook, Marysville, Fort Steele, Kiko, Fernie, Michol, Harrison, Frank, Macleod, Lethbridge, Winnipeg, and all Eastern points.	4 p. m. Daily
LEAVE	COLUMBIA & KOOTENAY RAILWAY	ARRIVE
6:10 p. m. Daily	Robson, Nakusp, Arrowhead, Royalston, and all points east and west on C.P.R. main line.	10:10 p. m. Daily
6:40 p. m. Daily	Robson, Trail and Roseland.	10:10 p. m. Daily
8 a. m. Daily	Robson, Cascade, Grand Forks, Phenix, Greenwood, and Midway. (Daily except Sunday)	10:10 p. m. Daily
8 a. m. Daily	Robson, Trail and Roseland. (Daily except Sunday)	11:35 a. m. Daily
LEAVE	SLOCAN RIVER RAILWAY	ARRIVE
10 a. m. Daily	Slocan City, Silverton, New Denver, Three Forks, Soudon (Daily except Sunday)	3:40 p. m. Daily
LEAVE	KOOTENAY LAKE STEAMBOATS	ARRIVE
4 p. m. Daily	Balfour, Pilot Bay, Ainsworth, Kaslo and all Way Landings. (Daily except Sunday)	11 a. m. Daily
4 p. m. Daily	Lardo and all points on the Lardo & Trout Lake Branch. (Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays)	11 a. m. Daily

GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM

LEAVE	NELSON & FORT SHEPHERD RAILWAY	ARRIVE
Depot 8:40 a. m. Mount'n 10:30 a. m. Daily	Ymir, Salmon, Erie, Waneta, Northport, Roseland, Colville, and Spokane.	Depot 6:45 p. m. Mount'n 8:35 p. m. Daily
LEAVE	KOOTENAY LAKE STEAMBOATS	ARRIVE
7 a. m. Daily	Balfour, Pilot Bay, Ainsworth, Kaslo and all Way Landings.	9:30 p. m. Daily

CITY AND DISTRICT.

F. J. Fuincane, manager of the Greenwood branch of the Bank of Montreal, is in Nelson.

So far no recruiting officer has been appointed for Nelson in connection with recruiting of the Canadian contingent which the Dominion government has commissioned.

John Ayton Gibson, the recently appointed postmaster for Nelson, does not expect to enter upon the duties of his office until the beginning of the year, when the formal transfer of the office will take place.

A. Guthrie of St. Paul, head of the big contracting firm of Guthrie & Company which has the contract for the building of the Hill extension in East Kootenay, is in Nelson on his way to the scene of operations.

Mark Manley, who has charge of the development on the Iron Horse property on Ten-mile creek, for the Pittsburgh syndicate owning the same, leaves this evening on a four months' holiday trip. He will visit Boston, New York and other eastern ports, combining business with pleasure.

D. L. Kelly of St. Paul, who has been in Kootenay for the past few days looking after timber lands, left Nelson yesterday for Spokane. While in East Kootenay Mr. Kelly picked up 3500 acres of timber lands for \$10,000 cash. It is his intention to let the timber stand for five years, when he will turn his purchase to account.

Cutting Military Red Tape.

An army officer just back from the Philippines tells the following story of a callow young officer whose mistakes are a source of amusement to his comrades: Early in his military experience the lieutenant was awakened by a sentry at night, who passed by his tent calling out the hour and vouchsafing the information, "All's well." The youth turned over and settled down to another nap, but the next hour he was awakened by the unwelcome call. When this had been repeated for the third time he decided to endure it no longer; and going to the door of his tent called out, "Let me here, my good man, it's very kind of you to tell me the time, but I have a watch here by my bed, so please spare yourself further trouble."

Philippine Ports Closed.

MANILA, December 5. — General Chaffee has issued orders for the closing of all ports in the Batangas and Laguna provinces. The quartermasters there will cease paying rent to the Filipinos for buildings used for military purposes, as it is found that a large portion of the money so paid finds its way to the insurgents in the way of contributions, and general Chaffee intends that no more government money shall find its way into the hands of the enemy. The reason for closing the ports is that too many supplies are found to be getting into the possession of the insurgents. General Chaffee intends giving general Ball, commanding the troops in Batangas, every assistance he may require to subdue the insurgents. Governor Taft is improving rapidly and expects to return to the United States in the government transport Grant, which sails before Christmas.

Denver's Experiment in Consumption.

Enterprising physicians and citizens of Denver, Colorado, have undertaken an experiment of world-interest. They have formed a colony of consumptives on a ten-acre tract of land five miles from their city for the purpose of thoroughly testing what is known as "the open-air cure." The colonists are all in the early stages of the disease. They are compelled by the rules to live outdoors day and night, summer and winter. They are provided with warm clothing, blankets and roomy tents, warmed by small stoves. All the work of the colony is done by its members. No profits are

to be made by the enterprise. It is running on the co-operative basis, assisted by contributions of benevolent persons all over the country who take an interest in seeing the continuous-out-of-doors theory for the cure for consumption scientifically tried and, if it can be proved, in several states, Massachusetts particularly, the open-air-sanitarium idea has been more or less tested, and good results are claimed for it. Denver's colony, as its promoters expect, will become large enough to furnish conclusive proof of its value.

MONEY TALKS

BUT WHAT YOU GET FOR YOUR MONEY TALKS MORE.

Extra large gondola shape couch, very large, any color, from \$19.00 and up.

Morris chairs, mahogany finish and polished oak frame, nicely upholstered, from \$9 to \$16.

Parlor tables, highly polished, quartered oak, from \$2.50 to \$7.

See our new line of fine pictures.

Our values in leather goods can't be beat.

Carpets are going at cost.

Don't forget to call on us before purchasing elsewhere. Can furnish your home complete.

D. McARTHUR & Co'y



ROYAL SHOE STORE, Aberdeen Block QUEEN'S HOTEL

BAKER STREET, NELSON. Lighted by Electricity and Heated with Hot Air.

Large comfortable bedrooms and first-class dining room. Sample rooms for commercial men.

RATES \$2 PER DAY

Mrs. E. C. Clarke, Prop. Late of the Royal Hotel, Calgary

Madden House Baker and Ward Streets, Nelson.

The only hotel in Nelson that has remained under one management since 1850. The bed-rooms are well furnished and lighted by electricity. The bar is always stocked by the best domestic and imported liquors and cigars. THOMAS MADDEN, Proprietor.

Bartlett House

Formerly Clarke Hotel. The Best \$1 per Day House in Nelson. None but white help employed. The bar the best.

G. W. BARTLETT, Proprietor

Imperial Hotel, Nelson

(Formerly known as the Silver King)

This hotel, in the central part of the city, has been entirely renovated and improved. The commodious bar is supplied with all the best brands of liquors, wines and cigars and is under the personal management of Mr. J. O. Naismith. The dining room and restaurant are conducted on the European plan, and these and the hotel accommodation are under the management of Mrs. Gorman, whose large experience is a guarantee of the comforts of the hotel.

HOTEL ROSSLAND.

Third door from Grand Central Hotel on Vernon street. Best dollar a day house in town. House and furniture new and first class in every respect. Lighted by gas. Room and board \$5 to \$6 per week. No Chinese employed here. J. V. O'LAUGHLIN, Proprietor.

SLOCAN JUNCTION HOTEL

J. H. McMANUS, Manager. Bar stocked with best brands of wines, liquors, and cigars. Beer on draught. Large comfortable rooms. First class table board.

H. BYERS & CO.

ESTABLISHED 1892

HARDWARE AND IRON MERCHANTS

HEATING STOVES
COOKING STOVES
AND RANGES

- Portland Cement
- Fire Brick
- Fire Clay
- Sheet Iron
- T Rails
- Ore Cars
- Blowers
- Exhausters
- Pumps
- Graniteware
- Tinware

STORES AT NELSON, B. C. KASLO, B. C. SANDON, B. C.

BANKRUPT STOCK

We have purchased the Madson Stock at a low rate on the dollar. It consists of CLOTHING, GENT'S FURNISHINGS, BOOTS, SHOES, HAT, CAPS, RUBBERS AND BLANKETS.

ALL THESE GOODS TOGETHER WITH THE BALANCE OF OUR DRY GOODS WILL BE SOLD AT WHOLESALE COST OR UNDER THE

This is a rare opportunity at the right time of the year to get FALL AND WINTER GOODS at prices never before heard of in Nelson. We have a specially heavy and choice stock of Men's Suits, Boots and Shoes and Underwear. Our prices will talk. Come and see for yourselves.

A. FERLAND & CO.

.. FRESH GOODS WIN ..

Fresh, Reliable Shoes mean long wear and satisfaction. Old Shelf-worn Shoes do not. The Royal Shoe Store handles only the best. Everything fresh, strong, stylish reliable and satisfactory. The kind you want.

OUR PRICES ARE RIGHT. SOLE AGENTS FOR THE SLATER SHOE.

Royal Shoe Store

L GODBOLT, Proprietor THOS. LILLIE, Manager.

IF BROWN SOLD IT, IT'S GOOD

Neglected Eyes

Are always a source of regret in after years. Many people have been saved from blindness by the early use of proper glasses and testify daily as to their utility. If you are doubtful as to your eyes call and let our optician examine them. Glass prescribed only when needed.

BROWN BROS

Opticians and Jewelers.

BAKER STREET NELSON

IF BROWN SAID SO IT'S RIGHT

NOTICE

The undersigned has resumed proprietorship of the blacksmith business formerly carried on by me and lately carried on by R. B. Reiley, in the premises on Hall street near corner of Baker street. All accounts due R. B. Reiley are payable to me. H. D. ASHCROFT. Nelson, B. C., October 15th, 1901.

"GOOD CHEER" STOVES AND RANGES

We are in the market again this season with this line of Stoves. After handling them for a number of years we are convinced that they are the only Stoves that give ABSOLUTE SATISFACTION.

Call and see our large and complete line.

LAWRENCE HARDWARE CO.

Importers and Dealers in Shelf and Heavy Hardware.

P. Burns & Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Meats

Markets at Nelson, Roseland, Trail, Kaslo, Ymir, Sandon, Silverton, New Denver, Revelstoke, Ferguson Grand Forks, Greenwood, Cascade City, Midway, and Vancouver.

West Kootenay Butcher Co.

ALL KINDS OF FRESH AND SALTED MEATS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

FISH AND POULTRY IN SEASON

K. W. O BLOOM WARD STREET E. C. TRAVES, Manager