

RATHBONE'S PLOT

AFFIRMS THAT HE HAD AN ACCOMPLICE.

PART OF THE SCHEME WAS TO BURN THE HOTEL AT JEFFERSONVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, Kentucky, November 12.—A thorough investigation is being made into the details of the alleged attempt of Newell C. Rathbone to defraud the Metropolitan Insurance Company. Rathbone admits that he proposed to secure the body of a dead man, dress it in his own clothes, place it in a Jeffersonville, Indiana, hotel and then burn the hotel in the belief that the body would be identified as his own and the insurance money paid. The police believe that the body of the man found was that of a murdered man. Having, as they believe, established the identity of the supposed murdered man, the detectives are now busy developing the case against Rathbone. He has told several stories, but the one that he stuck to the longest and which he still insists is true, is that he formed the conspiracy in conjunction with a deserter of the regular army by the name of Blanchard. He states that he and Blanchard met here by agreement and formed the details of the plot. Blanchard agreed to provide the corpse if Rathbone would set fire to the hotel after the corpse was prepared. "Blanchard brought the body here," said Rathbone. "I had nothing to do with the killing of the man and doubt if he was killed. The man may have died accidentally, but I do not know anything about this. Blanchard, however, acted too quick in finishing the game before the hotel could be set on fire."

Rathbone today admitted, according to the authorities, that the man who accompanied him to the hotel in Jeffersonville, Indiana, and was found dead the next day, was Charles Goodman, who is said to have come from Evansville, Indiana. Chief of detectives Sullivan, and chief Apgate and coroner Coats of Jeffersonville, interviewed Rathbone today. Rathbone listened as one by one the circumstances which the police regard as proofs of his guilt were laid before him by chief Sullivan. According to the officers Rathbone suddenly sprang up and walking hastily to a window, looked out for a few minutes. Then turning like an animal at bay he freed the crowd in the room and asked in a shaking voice:

"What is the punishment for offenses of this kind in Indiana? Does the death penalty exist there?"

"Never mind about the death penalty Rathbone," said captain Sullivan. "What we are interested in is the name of the dead man."

"For a moment Rathbone looked at the group of faces before him and then said:

"You are on the right track. Goodman is the name of the dead man. I met him in front of the house and intended to keep him drunk for several days and then fix him."

When questioned further Rathbone denied having given the dead man laudanum, and said he would have made use of chloroform. He then refused to go back to Indiana without requisition papers.

Governor Made Prisoner.

COLUMBIA, South Carolina, November 12.—Governor McSweeney had a unique experience as the result of the confetti and rubber ball throwing that marked the close of Columbia's fair. About five hundred young fellows, mostly boys, formed in double line in front of the leading hotel and the stream of pedestrians were yelting and caned. Finally a squad of police was telephoned for. They charged in and each policeman grabbed a boy. One was the son of a prominent citizen. Just then governor McSweeney, hurrying to meet an important engagement at the hotel, came up the street. The little prisoner seized and begged to be relieved from the guard house. The governor offered to deposit the fine. The policeman started off with the boy and the boy pulled the governor. A great crowd gathered and the confetti throwers planned a rescue, but the patrol wagon came up and the governor and the boy were taken to the lock-up. Hundreds followed and surrounded the station house, where the governor was kept for half an hour until the captain of police permitted relatives to put up a forfeit for the prisoner.

Can Be Seen Forty Miles.

BALTIMORE, November 12.—Ships that pass in the night to and from our waters will, with the coming of the new year, be guided by a shaft of light which proclaims a great evolution in marine signaling, straight into the dome of night a mighty radiance will be thrown that, it is estimated, will be visible for thirty or forty miles at sea. Diamond Shoal Lightship, No. 71, which is commanded by captain Tawes,

will be the first to exploit the new electrical apparatus. She arrived Wednesday to have the necessary fittings installed and will commence operations January 1st.

Commodore Albert Ross, who is responsible for the latest device, is the inspector of the Fifth Lighthouse District. His improvement on the present system will be as enormous as that of the big electric beacons over the old oil lamps. Hitherto the clusters of light at the top of masts of lightships have been discernible at thirteen miles distance. While these will not be abolished, the main points along the coast will shortly be equipped with the new light, which is a 13-inch electric beam and, in the words of the inventor, "a regular skyscraper." Fire Island, Sandy Hook and Nantucket Shoals will probably be equipped with the apparatus at an early date. For three months and seventeen days Lightship No. 71 has stood at the Hatteras station. Her shooting for the long vigil over the safety of those at sea is a dry goods box of old periodicals sent aboard by passing steamers. Her captain and crew are enthusiastic over the new responsibility she will assume.

A REMARKABLE COINCIDENCE

Is "Rathbone" Rathom?

A dispatch from Louisville, Kentucky, which appeared in The Tribune yesterday morning concerning the arrest of a man named Newell C. Rathbone upon a charge of attempting to obtain money from insurance companies under false pretenses, was read with considerable interest by the newspaper men of Nelson. From the dispatch it appears that very little is known of the prisoner, Rathbone, but at the time of his arrest he was carrying a gold watch upon which was engraved the name of "W. H. Ellis."

The singular coincidence in connection with the dispatch is that at one time there was a man named John R. Rathom employed on the Victoria Colonist, and that at the same time the manager of the paper was named W. H. Ellis. Rathom was one of the most interesting personalities connected with the press of the province ten years ago. He was a bright newspaper man and a veritable soldier of fortune. He first made his appearance in Victoria about 1889, at the time when newspaper men were scarce. He was wearing army clothing at the time, and as there was a big sham battle taking place at Victoria, Rathom got an assignment. There is not much in a sham battle for the ordinary newspaper man, but Rathom was right in his element, and he turned in five columns of a report containing a technical review of the fight which had never before been equaled at Victoria. Rathom in consequence got a steady job, and in a short time, as the result of charges on the staff, he became city editor. He had a faculty for getting into trouble and was reduced to local work and virtually let out.

From Victoria he went to Astoria and became editor of the Daily Astorian. From Astoria he went over to China during the trouble with Japan and upon his return secured work on the San Francisco press. He was credited with being the first newspaper man to get an interview with Butler, the celebrated Australian criminal who was arrested upon his arrival at San Francisco for a number of murders which had been traced home to him. When the war with Spain broke out in Cuba Rathom enlisted and served with the United States troops, but after this he appeared to drop out of sight. While in Victoria he claimed to have had several years' experience in the Chinese army with the rank of lieutenant, and he could make himself fairly well understood with most of the Chinese in Victoria. He also claimed to have seen service with the British troops in the Egyptian campaign of 1885, his statement being that he was one of the volunteers from Australia.

A Deal That Didn't Develop.

All the mining deals that are knocked in the country cannot be charged up to the greed of the men who work for wages nor to the burdens imposed upon the mining industry by the well-meaning members of the legislature who have been commissioned to take the present shift in the molding of the laws of the province. If the story told by a prominent mining man be true there are other factors which do knocking quite as effectively as the miners' union or the misguided members of the legislature. His story is that a few weeks ago one of the owners of a silver-lead property made a trip to London for the purpose of disposing of a developed mine. He had his deal all framed up with a mining promoter who was to put it before the London investors. The consideration agreed on was \$5,000,000. The vendor and the middleman were to meet at New York and the passage together for London. The middleman missed his connection and the vendor continued his way across the continent. After his arrival the vendor found that he would have several days before the promoter could arrive and he decided to fill in a portion of the time in revisiting his old home in Ireland. While the vendor was in Ireland the promoter fixed things up with his company and everything was in shape for the transfer, but just here the hitch occurred. The purchase price was to be \$5,000,000 but the vendor's property if it should be found as represented, but when it came to notifying the vendor he raised his price just \$50,000, a small amount compared

with the total of the bond, but just sufficient to cause the intending purchasers to withdraw and the property remains unsold.

Novel Marriage Ceremony.

LERROY, New York, November 12.—Miss Sarah Hoskins and Rev. Elaezer Hathaway are seventy-three years old and have known each other since they were children attending the same school. They were married a few weeks ago. The bride is a member of the Methodist church and the bridegroom is a Universalist pastor. To satisfy the religious scruples of both they had the ceremony performed at the bride's home by the Rev. F. S. Parkhurst, a Methodist minister, and the Rev. C. Palmantier, a Universalist. The questions in the marriage ceremony addressed to the bride, were asked by the Methodist minister, and those to the bridegroom by the Universalist.

Must Elevate Railroad Tracks.

CHICAGO, November 12.—After a year's fight the city council has passed an ordinance requiring the Illinois Central, the Lake Shore & Michigan, Southern, the Pittsburg, Fort Wayne & Chicago, the Pennsylvania, the Nickel Plate and the Baltimore & Ohio railroads to elevate their tracks. The measure provides for the elevation of sixteen miles of tracks within six years at an estimated cost of \$23,000,000.

Crooked Banker Captured.

CHICAGO, November 12.—John H. Joyce, president of the Sloughington National Bank of Sloughington, Wisconsin, has just been arrested here charged with defaulting \$49,000. His pursuers have followed him since May 15th, 1899, their expenses being paid by the bank's depositors, mostly farmers, who allege that Joyce knew his bank was insolvent and that he went away leaving many of them penniless and in some cases causing them to mortgage their farms.

Winnipeg News Items.

WINNIPEG, November 12.—It is officially announced today that W. F. Luxton has been appointed inspector of public institutions and public buildings at Manitoba. The office was abolished by the Roblin government one year ago no the ground of economy.

W. Garland, a member of the Manitoba legislature for Portage La Prairie, died yesterday in Arizona, where he had gone for his health.

RICH STRIKES IN ARIZONA

Two Important Discoveries.

FORT WORTH, November 12.—Two great mineral discoveries have been made in the Rich Hill district, in Arizona, almost simultaneously. The finds are only a few miles apart, and each has created a sensation. The first, a discovery of large lumps of native silver in the Suhuara mine near Wickenburg, was followed by the uncovering of the mother lode of the ledge of the Octave mine. The silver discovery is one of the most remarkable on record. Nicholas Miller and Joe Brennan, who had operated the Suhuara for some time without hope of striking a bonanza, accidentally thrust picks into the surface between two shafts and encountered native silver. Digging revealed a 20 foot ledge of the richest of silver ores and experts now declare there are millions of dollars' worth of silver in sight. Many cuttings have equipped and are locating in the vicinity of the sensational discovery. What will develop next and given cause for belief is a record, according to the latest reports, is the locating of the extension of the Octave ledge at Rich Hill, where in the early days \$1,000,000 worth of nuggets were removed from the crevices on the mountains by miners merely armed with tuteh knives. They had been directed into that wild and remote region by Indians, who for years had found great nuggets there. Many times the wealth of the nuggets is centered in the mother lode, which is probably the source of supply for all the gold ledges of the region including those of the famous Congress mine, the newly developed but rich Octave lode, and many minor ledges. The discovery was made by Frank Czarnowski about two months ago, but not until the other day was the massive ledge, varying from 200 to 400 feet in width, clearly defined between two walls. He has located 75-foot along the lode.

Scoring Salisbury's Speech.

LONDON, November 12.—Referring to lord Salisbury's speech last Saturday night at the Guild Hall, Truth says: "The careless composition of the speech of the premier, which contained some singularly obscure sentences, has revived the talk of his impending retirement and given cause for believing at least that he no longer takes an earnest interest in political life."

Arrests of Filipinos.

CATALOGNA, Island of Samar, November 12.—Dias, the president of Tacloban, island of Leyte, who has been proposed to be an agent of the Filipino Junta at Hong Kong, has been arrested. Many incriminating papers implicating numerous officials were secured at the time of his arrest. The gunboat Leyte has discovered a signal station working on the island of Leyte and communicating with insurgents on the island of Samar by the flash light system. The men confessed that many recruits have been sent from Leyte to Samar.

LITTLE EXPECTED

FROM LABOR COMMISSIONER'S VISIT.

DRUNKEN FISHERMAN NEARLY CAUSES SERIOUS ACCIDENT AT VANCOUVER.

ROSSLAND, November 12.—[Special to The Tribune.]—Mackenzie King has gone off for a trip to Spokane. He will resume his investigation into the strike situation on his return on Thursday, but beyond reporting the result of his inquiry to the department at Ottawa, it is not expected that his visit will have any practical bearing on the matters in dispute.

Archie Mackenzie, the popular C. P. R. man has been elected president of the St. Andrew's society and grand preparations are being made for a festive ball by the Scotchmen of Rossland on St. Andrew's eve, November 29th.

The examination of the union officers in the Lo Roi damage suit was in progress all day. Acting under the advice of counsel, much of the information asked has been refused and the right to obtain it will probably be argued before the court later on.

E. C. Acland of the Toronto Globe has come out west and is expected here shortly.

Vancouver Local News.

VANCOUVER, November 12.—[Special to The Tribune.]—A dispatch from Nanaimo says the drunken freak of one man last night endangered the lives of at least 500 miners who were at work in Number One mine. A fisherman, who was wandering homeward after a Jeboach, shut off the steam in the engine which drives the big fan supplying air to all parts of the mine. Fortunately the fact was discovered a few minutes later by the engineer; otherwise the men below would have been suffocated in a short time. The fisherman has been arrested and his case will come up tomorrow.

The steamer City of Tonka has arrived from Seattle having collided with an iceberg near where the islander went down. She stove a big hole in her bow and was otherwise badly injured. Her passengers were transferred to other steamers and she returned to Seattle at half speed.

Greenwood Local News.

GREENWOOD, November 12.—[Special to The Tribune.]—The Nelson arrivals: E. Ferguson, George C. Tunstall, W. J. Wilson, and B. H. McIntyre.

The ore bins at the Sunset mine are about completed, and a commencement has been made to erect a new bunkhouse.

W. H. Thomas, consulting engineer of the British Columbia Copper Company, arrived from New York today.

T. A. Smith, a merchant has gone to Spokane to secure the services of a specialist.

It is stated a four-drill compressor has been purchased at Rossland for the Ruby mine near Boundary Falls.

Prospectors Have Rough Trip.

VICTORIA, November 12.—George Alcock, John Hatch and Alex Hatch of Vancouver, a trio of prospectors, who left here on Tuesday last to go up the west coast in a sailing boat, returned tonight famished, tired out and drunched from head to foot after having narrowly escaped death when their boat was wrecked about 40 miles up the island coast during the heavy storm of Thursday last. Waves rose to a height of fifteen feet, and when the unfortunate prospectors attempted to land, their boat and three hundred yards to the breakers and they fought their way to shore, swimming for between two hundred and three hundred yards to the rocks. They walked over sixty miles along the telegraph trail to Victoria, arriving tonight.

Arrested for Fraud.

PARIS, November 12.—Next Saturday has been fixed for hearing of the charge against the American woman, giving her name as Falconer and describing herself as the wife of a wealthy Florida planter, who was arrested Saturday last at Cherbourg as the American liner St. Paul was about to sail, owing to her attempt to leave France with baggage which had been legally attached in an action brought by a well known Paris dressmaker to recover for dresses purchased by her. The amount of the claim is 1700 francs. Mrs. Falconer is liable to a long term of imprisonment, but the dressmaker continues indisposed to press the case against her.

Incompatibility of Temper.

BERLIN, November 12.—There appears to be foundation for the renewed report that the divorce of the grand duke and duchess of Hesse is impending. Incompatibility of temper, long existing, appears to have reached the point where a separation is inevitable. They are both grandchildren of the late queen Victoria, who with the czar and an extraordinary assemblage of other sovereigns were present at the wedding, which took place at Coburg, April 19th, 1894. The grand duchess is regarded as one of

the most beautiful princesses of Europe. She and the grand duke were estranged during the first year of their married life. She left him and went to stay with her elder sister, the crown princess of Roumania. Queen Victoria invited her and her husband to visit England and managed to restore a semblance of peace, but that soon disappeared. The grand duke is reported to be a man of sullen, querulous temper, while the duchess is high spirited.

Jamaica Suffers From Bad Weather.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, November 12.—The northern and eastern portions of the island are cut off from Kingston by heavy weather. Rivers have overflowed their banks and are doing considerable damage to the railroad line to Port Antonio and the north side towns. The extent of the damage is not known. Owing to the interruption of telegraph communication, no loss of life is reported. The American mails which arrived by the steamer Admiral Dewey remain at Port Antonio.

Opposed to American Competition.

VIENNA, November 12.—At a mass meeting of Austrian shoemakers held last night at the People's Hall, the burgomaster, Dr. Lueger, spoke against the establishment of American shoe shops in Vienna. Several delegates, after referring to the distress that exists among shoemakers, declared themselves vigorously against American competition. A resolution in accordance with the views of speakers was adopted. After the meeting most of those who attended proceeded to the reichsrath, but were scattered by the police.

Anarchists Dispersed.

LONDON, November 12.—An anarchist meeting "to commemorate the legal murder of the Chicago anarchists," which had been called for tonight, was prohibited by the police, who were in the hall in Clerkenwell, London, and sent away hundreds that came to attend the proceedings.

Fatal Powder Explosion.

BLOOMFIELD, West Virginia, November 12.—Thomas Sikes, Sam Davis, and William Woodson met a terrible death in the coal fields near here today. The men were engaged in opening a keg of powder when a spark from a miner's lamp worn by one of them fell to the powder and the men were blown to atoms. The explosion was felt for miles.

WATCHED WITH INTEREST

Irish Delegates in America.

DUBLIN, November 12.—The progress of John Redmond's mission in the United States is watched here with keen interest, while the English politicians are following it with keen anxiety. The anti-Irish press in Great Britain freely predicts that Redmond and his associates will meet with little encouragement because of the strength of the Anglo-American sympathies. E. W. Russell, M.P., a member of lord Salisbury's previous government and the most effective of all the Irish opponents of Gladstone's home rule, has written a book on Ireland confessing: "I have changed my standpoint. Having read Irish history over again, I see things in a wholly different light. I understand men like Dillon, Redmond, and O'Brien for the first time. I do not agree with all their aims and aspirations, but I can feel something of what they feel."

Irish secretary Wyndham, alarmed at the growth of the United Irish League throughout Ireland, is resorting to desperate measures to terrorize the people and prevent them from supporting it. At a meeting at Kilomine this week, to which no objection was intimated by the authorities, a large force of constabulary rushed on the platform and the police officers arbitrarily proposed to prevent one member of parliament from speaking, while according permission to do so to William Redmond.

This distinction being made, all went without warning and at a signal from an officer, set upon the peaceful crowd, clubbing them right and left, old men, women and children being pursued and beaten mercilessly. William Redmond says that in all his experience of police brutality in Ireland, he never saw anything so unprovoked and cowardly. Mr. Wyndham refuses to look into the matter, grant redress or explain.

Found Guilty of Murder.

SKOWHEGAN, Maine, November 12.—A jury this afternoon found Alexander Thereault, a woodsman, guilty of murder in the first degree in causing the death of Mathias Pare, a young Canadian logger. The penalty is life imprisonment. Pare's body was found beside a trail in the woods after the snows under which it had been buried, melted. Thereault was convicted on circumstantial evidence. He had always been a steady, hard working woodsman. He lived in the woods with his family.

Hill Will Prosecute Mollineux.

NEW YORK, November 12.—David Bennett Hill will appear on behalf of the district attorney on Thursday morning before judge Newburger in department 1 of the general sessions when the argument over the motion to quash the indictment against Roland B. Mollineux takes place. Ex-governor Black will appear for Mollineux. The recent decision of the court of appeals ruling out the "Barnett" evidence in the case will be the basis of the motion to be argued. It

is alleged that the Barnett evidence was laid before the grand jury that found the indictment against Mollineux, and that as this evidence has been declared illegal "Barnett" evidence in the case will be dictum. Since the decision by the court of appeals Mollineux has been in the Tombs prison.

Boer Casualties During November.

LONDON, November 12.—Lord Kitchener, in a dispatch from Pretoria dated Monday, November 11th, presents his weekly report and incidentally locates general Dewet in the northeastern part of the Orange River Colony. He says the Boers have recently been collecting under his leadership and that the British are now moving to disperse them. Lord Kitchener gives the Boer casualties since November 4th as 63 killed, 105 wounded, 104 captured and 45 surrendered.

Three More Convicts Captured.

KANSAS CITY, November 12.—Three convicts who escaped from Fort Leavenworth prison last week were captured by the prison guards at Cottonwood, Kansas, today.

THE DOMINION OF CANADA

Happenings in Brief.

KINGSTON, Ontario, November 12.—The postmaster general has given a decision that lawyers' typewritten briefs must pay letter postage.

HALIFAX, November 12.—The Furness liner Evangeline arrived this morning from London bringing about 50 marines for Esquimaut.

ST. JOHN, New Brunswick, November 12.—The common council of this city has decided to accept the offer of \$50,000 from Andrew Carnegie for a public library.

MONTREAL, November 12.—Fire this afternoon did \$20,000 damage to the factory and the stock of the Dominion Tobacco Company. The loss is fully covered by insurance.

SYDNEY, Cape Breton, November 12.—H. F. MacDonnell, ex-M.P.P., was today awarded \$10,000 damages in his action against the Dominion Iron & Steel Company for breach of contract.

TORONTO, November 12.—Alfred Walsh has been placed under arrest in connection with the mysterious disappearance of gold from the custom house. He is charged with having received the gold part of the gold alleged to have been stolen by Joseph Larkin, who is also under arrest.

MONTREAL, November 12.—The semi-annual report of the Bank of Montreal, issued today, indicates business still flourishing. Profits for the half year were \$71,000, compared with \$68,000 during same period last year. Note circulation was increased half a million.

PETERBORO, Ontario, November 12.—The body of an unknown man was found in a well on the farm of Charles Long of Ovanabee township. It had evidently been in the well a month. It is thought to be that of an old man named Hopper, who worked around the neighborhood and has been missing for some time.

QUEBEC, November 12.—At the annual meeting of the Great Northern railway held here today Joseph McKnight and W. Bull of New York, H. H. Melville and John Joyce of Boston, E. H. Mitchell of Philadelphia, and Hon. P. Gervanau, V. Chateauver, John T. Ross, Hon. J. Tossier, J. G. Scott and Hon. S. N. Parent of Quebec were elected as directors. The read was stated to be doing a good business, having loaded up to October 31st 170 steamships at this port.

TORONTO, November 12.—J. C. Fraser of Port Elizabeth, Cape Colony, South Africa, who has been many years in that country is here on his first visit to Canada. He urges Canadians to advertise themselves and their resources by having a direct line of steamships between the Dominion and South Africa. Goods for South Africa now go via New York and consequently are not known as Canadian goods when they reach that country.

Disastrous Fire in Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, November 12.—Fire broke out late this afternoon in the large six-story brick store and office building at 48 Euclid avenue, and fanned by a strong gale the flames and smoke quickly enveloped the entire structure. Notwithstanding the deluge of water thrown upon the building by a score of engines, the flames spread rapidly and it soon became evident that the entire building would be destroyed. Some eight or ten persons who jumped from windows have been taken from the scene in ambulances. Several of these clung to window sills until they were scorched by the flames and then dropped into the nets held by the firemen. Whether any met death within the building is as yet unknown.

Notified the Sultan.

PARIS, November 12.—President Loubet presided at the cabinet council today. The foreign minister, M. Delcasse, announced that he had notified the porte that diplomatic relations between France and Turkey had been resumed and that admiral Cailliars' squadron had left the island of Mitylene.

Berlin Matters of State.

BERLIN, November 12.—The financial council has approved the bill appropriating the proposed new tariff with the exception of slight modifications. The bill is identical with the one originally published.

Count Wolf Von Metternich will succeed count Von Hatfeldt-Wildenburg.

STORM DISASTERS

GALES RAGE ALONG ENGLISH COAST.

MANY MARINE DISASTERS REPORTED AND GREAT DAMAGE BY FLOODS.

LONDON, November 12.—Violent winds, rain and snow storms are reported from all the coasts of the United Kingdom. A fierce gale is blowing in the channel and mountainous seas are running. No less than half a dozen small vessels in sight of Dover are flying signals of distress and the life boats are vainly trying to go to their rescue. A rocket apparatus has been sent to the south foreland, where an admiralty vessel is on the rocks with the crew clinging to her rigging. Several vessels have been dismasted and tugs are rescuing craft which were driven ashore. At other channel ports there have been similar exciting scenes. Ships everywhere are running for shelter.

The steamer Cato Cato collided with the British ship Loch Vennacher, captain Bennet, at the mouth of the Thames. The latter foundered, but the crew were saved. Mild weather prevails over the lake district. The first snow is falling on the Westmoreland hills. The seas are so high off the Tyne that shipping has been stopped. Even river traffic is partially suspended and hundreds of men are idle. There have been a number of wrecks on the Sunderland shore.

The armored cruiser Monmouth, which was to have been launched on the Clyde today, but the storm obliged a postponement of the ceremony. This is the first time in history that the launching of a warship has been postponed on the Clyde.

There have been serious floods in Yorkshire and in Ireland great damage has been done by floods. Several fatal accidents have been reported. In some parts of the country the rain has continued for 36 hours. The gale is still raging unabated tonight along the coast. Reports continually arrive of shipping casualties. Altogether nine persons were drowned in these disasters. The vessels have been wrecked in Kingstown harbor, which is strewn with wreckage. The mail boat Nord, which started from Dover for Calais at half past eleven last night, ran down the Lighthouse of Dover pier. The crew of the lightsight were drowned.

1.15 a. m.—It is reported in Dover that 16 persons went down with the lightsight. The Nord has gone ashore at the foreland but her passengers are said to be safe.

Honoring a Diplomat.

BERLIN, November 12.—Emperor William has acceded to the oft-repeated request of count Paul Von Hatfeldt-Wildenburg, the German ambassador to Great Britain, that he be allowed to retire from the diplomatic service on the grounds of ill-health. Emperor William in an autograph letter expressed his deep regret for the necessity of the ambassador's retirement. "I feel impelled," says the emperor, "to express my imperial thanks for the services which during the 44 years of your official life you have rendered to my predecessors on the throne, to myself and to the whole fatherland." Accompanying the letter emperor William sent the insignia of the order of merit of the Prussian crown, bestowed on the retiring ambassador as "a token of my good will."

Pope's Health Excellent.

ROME, Italy, November 12.—"You may tell your readers that Leo XIII. is in excellent health," said Prof. Lapponi, the pope's physician to a Rome correspondent yesterday. "I am confident he will outlive many of those who are now so confidently prophesying that his end is approaching."

The pope has just conferred a coveted honor on archbishop Chapelle, the apostolic delegate to the Philippine islands, whom he has appointed bishop assistant to the papal throne. In the course of his stay in Rome, extending over several months, Mgr. Chapelle has created a favorable impression in the highest Vatican circles, where he is now a great favorite with cardinals Serafini, Vanuoli and Rampolla, both of whom are mentioned for the papacy and are his special friends. Before leaving Rome Mgr. Chapelle will have a farewell audience with the pope.

Kicked Into Court.

LYONS, New York, November 12.—In the supreme court Charles Kaupp of Newark, is going to test the right of a brass band to give concerts in the public streets without permission from the village corporation and their responsibility for any damages which may arise from such performances. Mr. Kaupp was walking along the street one evening last summer when a horse, scared by the music of the Newark band, ran away, knocking Mr. Kaupp down and kicking him. He was seriously injured and brought a suit against the band for \$10,000.

HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY

GROCERY AND LIQUOR DEPARTMENTS

The following goods are now in stock, or will arrive in the course of a few days: Two carloads of Ontario Canned Goods. One carload assorted Groceries from the East. One carload assorted Groceries from the West. A direct shipment from England of Peek, Freen & Co's Fancy Biscuits, of Pascal's Sweets, and of Rowntree's Confections. New Evaporated Fruits direct from California. One carload of Canadian Whiskies. One carload of Imported Liquors from Victoria. A direct shipment of the Celebrated Kilmarnock Whiskey straight from Glasgow. A direct shipment of Sherry and Claret from France. A direct shipment of Port Wine direct from Spain. One Carload of the Celebrated Hudson's Bay Flour. Half a carload of choice fall-made Creamery Butter. One carload of Timothy Hay. One carload of Upland Prairie Hay. Three carloads of Ashcroft Potatoes. One carload of Oats.

THE HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY BAKER STREET, NELSON, B. C.

WALL PAPER Perhaps it's a bedroom you're going to have papered, the hall or parlor. It really makes no difference which it is, we have paper to suit all rooms. Papers were never so pretty as they are this season. Just now we are opening our new fall stock and having a clearance sale of the short lots left over from the summer's business, all good papers, too, and many of them are in quantity sufficient for any room. Ceilings and borders to match in most cases.

THOMSON STATIONERY CO. Ltd NELSON, B. C.

The Tribune

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS BY CARRIER

On Saturday next, subscribers whose Tribunes are delivered by carrier will be expected to pay the carrier TWENTY CENTS, the subscription price for the current week.

There has been no slouching and no truer adherent of the Liberal party in British Columbia than senator William Templeman of Victoria. He stood up for the party when the party had few adherents in Victoria, and none anywhere else in the province. He repeatedly bore the brunt of election contests in Victoria, when he knew he was up against the worst of it. He did this at great personal sacrifice of both time and money, and the average working newspaperman has little of either to spare. The party is now in power. Senator Templeman is looked on as the party's chief in this province. The senator is envied by men who are Liberals now that the battle has been fought and won, and they are doing their best to discredit and take to themselves the fruits of his years of labor and sacrifice. There is a little coterie of lawyers at the Coast, with agents scattered throughout the province, that is planning to oust Templeman from the leadership of the party. The rank and file should stand behind Templeman as one man, and show these self-seekers that the one man in this province that has been true to the Liberal party without sacrificing either his political principles or besmirching his personal honesty is entitled to the honors he has fairly earned.

The Tribune is not posted as to the nativity of Donald A. Smith, now lord Strathcona and Mount-Royal. He may be a Canadian by birth; and he may have been born in Scotland. If he has been named as the successor of the present governor-general, why should he not accept the office? Why should he decline it because of his being a Canadian? If Canadians are good enough to fight for the preservation of the empire in South Africa, they are good enough to be installed at Rideau Hall in the suburbs of Ottawa. Canadians should not take a back seat from sons of other portions of the empire. If to be governor-general of Canada is a political honor, then Canadians who have distinguished themselves are worthy of the honor. If the office is merely one of the political stopping-places for titled old countrymen, the sooner the office is abolished the better it will be for that Imperial "fad"—Imperial Federation.

The Fernie Free Press says Fort Steele would not be the chief town of a riding made up of that portion of Southeast Kootenay lying east of Kootenay river, which is a point which only concerns the people of the proposed riding. It would be difficult to form a riding out of any portion of Kootenay or Yale in which there would not be rivalry between towns. But this rivalry should not stand in the way of securing for Kootenay and Yale fair representation in the legislative assembly, apportioned to ridings fairly constituted. The first aim of the newspapers of Kootenay and Yale should be to get fair representation. If there is any squabbling to be done between rival towns, let it be done after a redistribution measure has been passed. Before the common enemy—rotten and pocket boroughs and their members—let a united front be presented.

Yesterday The Tribune showed by figures that the dividend-paying precious metal mines of Colorado have only paid 6.3 per cent on their share capital this year, as compared with 5 per cent paid by the dividend-paying precious metal mines of British Columbia. Today another comparison is made. This time the dividend-paying precious metal mines of Utah are taken for comparison. Utah has been a mining country for over twenty years, and some of the

FRED IRVINE & CO.

SPECIAL SALE FOR THIS WEEK ONLY OF LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S FURS.

We will offer our complete stock of Furs at prices never before equalled in this city. Ladies' Fur Capes, Collars, Muffs, Boas, Fur Lined Capes, Fur Ruffs, Persian Lamb Jackets, Grey Lamb Jackets, Electric Seal and Mink Coats. No. 1 South Seal Jackets in 24 and 26 inch lengths, extra quality. As these coats have been carefully selected from the large firm of J. Arthur Paquet of Quebec, the largest and one of the most reliable firms of fur manufacturers in Canada, we can safely recommend each and every garment sold by us. Children's Grey Lamb Collars, Caps, Muffs, Boas, and Coats. Now is the time to make selections for suitable Xmas presents, during this special sale of furs.

FRED IRVINE & CO.

36 Baker Street, Nelson.

If you want the finest coffee, ask your Grocer for Blue Ribbon of 1901.

WHOLESALE DIRECTORY

ASSAYERS' SUPPLIES. W. F. TEEZEL & CO.—CORNER OF Baker and Josephine streets, Nelson, wholesale dealers in assayer's supplies. Agents for Denver Fire Clay Company, Denver, Colorado. ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES. KOOTENAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY & CONSTRUCTION COMPANY—Wholesale dealers in telephones, annunciators, bells, batteries, electric fixtures and appliances. Houston Block, Nelson. FRESH AND SALT MEATS. BURNS & CO.—BAKER STREET, Nelson, wholesale dealers in fresh and cured meats. Cold storage. GROCERIES. KOOTENAY SUPPLY COMPANY, Limited—Vernon street, Nelson, wholesale grocers. JOHN CHOLDITCH & CO.—FRONT street, Nelson, wholesale grocers. A. MACDONALD & CO.—CORNER OF Front and Hall streets, Nelson, wholesale grocers and jobbers in blankets, gloves, mitts, boots, rubbers, mackinaws and miners' sundries. J. Y. GRIFFIN & CO.—FRONT STREET, Nelson, wholesale dealers in provisions, cured meats, butter and eggs. LIQUORS AND DRY GOODS. TURNER, BEETON & CO.—CORNER Vernon and Josephine streets, Nelson, wholesale dealers in liquors, cigars and dry goods. Agents for Calgary Brewing Company of Calgary.

BUSINESS DIRECTORY

ARCHITECTS. A. C. EWART—ARCHITECT, ROOM 3, Aberdeen Block, Baker Street, Nelson. CHOP HOUSE. PIONEER CHOP HOUSE, JOHN Spear, proprietor, opposite Queen's Hotel, Baker street, Nelson. Open day and night. Lunches a specialty. Picnic and traveling parties supplied on shortest notice. DRAYAGE. FURNITURE, PIANOS, SAFES, ETC., moved carefully at reasonable rates. Apply J. T. Wilson, Phone 20, Frosser's second hand store, Ward street. FURNITURE. D. J. ROBERTSON & CO., FURNITURE dealers, undertakers and embalmers, Day phone No. 22, night phone No. 20, Next postoffice building, Vernon street, Nelson. WANTED—MINING PROPERTIES. FREE MILLING GOLD PROPERTIES. We are anxious to secure a few free milling gold properties at once. The Prospector's Exchange, Nelson, B. C., Room 4, K. W. C. Block. GOLD, COPPER, SILVER, LEAD mines and prospects wanted. Send report and samples to the Prospector's Exchange, Nelson, B. C., Room 4, K. W. C. Block.

NOTICES OF MEETINGS

FRATERNAL SOCIETIES. NELSON ROYAL ARCH CHAPTER NO. 123, G. R. C. Meets third Wednesday. Sojourning companions invited. Chas. G. Mills, 2; Thos. J. Sims, B. E. NELSON LODGE NO. 22, A. F. & A. M. Meets second Wednesday in each month. Sojourning brethren invited. NELSON ARIE, NO. 22, F. O. E. Meets second Thursday in each month at Fraternity Hall, George Bartlett, president; J. V. Morrison, secretary. KOOTENAY TENT NO. 7, K. O. T. M. Regular meetings first and third Thursdays of each month. Visiting Sir Knights are cordially invited to attend. Dr. W. M. B. Brown, A. W. Purdy, Com.; G. A. Brown, P. C. TRADES AND LABOR UNIONS. MINERS' UNION, NO. 96, W. F. O. M. Meets in Miners' Union Hall, northwest corner of Baker and Stanley streets, every Saturday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting members welcome. M. B. Moyer, president; James Wilks, secretary. Union scale of wages for Nelson district per shift: Machine men \$3.50, hammermen \$2.50, muckers, carmen, shovellers, and other underground laborers \$3. BARBERS' UNION, NO. 196, OF THE International Journeymen Barbers' Union of America, meets first and third Mondays of each month in Miners' Union Hall at 8:30 p.m. M. B. Moyer, president; J. H. Matheson, secretary; J. C. Gardner, recording secretary. LAUNDRY WORKERS' UNION. Meets at Miners' Union Hall on fourth Monday in every month at 7:30 o'clock p.m. E. Pape, president; A. W. McFee, secretary. CARPENTERS' UNION MEETS WEDNESDAY evening of each week at 7 o'clock in Miners' Union Hall, C. J. Clayton, president; Alex. B. Murray, secretary. PAINTERS' UNION MEET THE FIRST Monday evening in the Elliot Block, at 8 o'clock. J. D. Moyer, president; William Vice, secretary. P. O. Box 161. COOKS AND WAITERS UNION NO. 111, W. L. U. Meets at Miners' Union Hall on second and last Tuesdays in every month at 8:30 p.m. sharp. A. B. Sloan, president; J. P. F. Fennell, secretary. H. M. Fortier, financial secretary. PLASTERERS' UNION MEETS EVERY Monday evening in the Elliot Block, at 8 o'clock. J. D. Moyer, president; William Vice, secretary. P. O. Box 161. CLASSIFIED ADS. ARTICLES FOR SALE. SEWING MACHINES OF ALL KINDS for sale or re at the Old Curiosity Shop. FOR SALE. FOR SALE—30 HENS AND PULLETS; also placed to rent, Enquire Mrs. J. P. Kelly, Fairview, or address P. O. Box 663, Nelson. FOR SALE—DINING ROOM FITFIT AT Imperial Hotel, Nelson. HELP WANTED. WANTED—COOK, DISHWASHER, SECOND COOK, handmaid. Nelson Employment Agency. Phone 278. WANTED—LADY COMPANION OR BOARD, for winter months; comfortable home. Address Box 73, Nelson. SITUATIONS WANTED. WANTED—THE CARE OF OFFICES OR rooms. Will go out to housework by the hour or day. Orders left at The Tribune office, addressed to Mrs. Curry, will have prompt attention. LOST. LOST—BRINDLE HULL TERRIER PUP answering to name of Fuller. Reward for return to F. L. Wilson, Victoria street. PIANO TUNING. I. S. OTIS, NELSON'S PIANO TUNER, has returned from his vacation trip and is again ready for business.

WANTED

500 Day and Station Men Eight months' work. All rock. Wages \$2.25 per day. J. G. McLEAN, Elko, B. C. H. H. PLAYFORD & CO. MADDEN BLOCK, NELSON. TOBACCO AND CIGAR MERCHANTS. P. O. Box 637. Telephone 117. W. P. TIERNEY, Telephone 285. AGENT FOR GALT COAL. Office: Two Doors West C. P. R. Office.

THEO MADSON

MANUFACTURER OF TENTS AND AWNINGS. P. O. Box 76, NELSON, B. C. OF COURSE YOU WANT THE BEST—THEN GO TO ARTHUR GEE in Tremont Block. He will suit you. Large stock of imported season's goods.

NEWLING & CO.

AUCTIONEERS, VALUERS, ETC. Kootenay Street, next door to Oddfellows' Hall P. O. Box 633, NELSON, B. C.

NOTICE

The undersigned has resumed proprietorship of the blacksmith business formerly carried on by me and lately carried on by R. B. Reiley, in the premises on Hall street near corner of Baker street. All accounts due R. B. Reiley are payable to me. H. D. ASHCROFT, Nelson, B. C., October 15th, 1901. WEST TRANSFER CO. N. T. MACLEOD, Manager. All Kinds of Teaming and Transfer Work. Agents for Hard and Soft Coal, Imperial Oil Company, Washington Brick, Lime & Manufacturing Company. General commercial agents and brokers. All coal and wood strictly cash on delivery. TELEPHONE 117, Office 184 Baker St.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF NELSON

Public notice is hereby given that the vote of the electors of the Municipality of the City of Nelson will be taken on by-law No. 101, "A by-law in regard to purchasing certain power from the West Kootenay Power & Light Company," on Tuesday, the 19th day of November, instant, between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m. and 10 o'clock p.m. For the East Ward, at the City Police Court on Josephine Street, and for the West Ward at the office of Ward Brothers, on the north side of Baker Street, between Stanley and Kootenay Streets, in the City of Nelson. Any male or female being of the full age of twenty-one years who is the assessed owner of land or of real estate property within the municipality shall have a vote either confirming or negating the said by-law in each ward in which he or she may be assessed for land or real property. Dated at Nelson, B. C., this 8th day of November, 1901. J. K. STRACHAN, Returning Officer.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF NELSON

Notice to Municipal Voters. NOTICE is hereby given that under the provisions of the "Municipal Elections Act" the following are entitled to vote for Mayor and Aldermen at the City Municipal Election, viz.: Any male or female, being a British subject of the full age of twenty-one years, who has paid or is assessed for land or real property, or municipal rates, taxes, assessments, and license fees payable by him or her, and who is the assessed owner of lands, or improvements, or the assessed occupier of lands within the municipality, or who carries on business within the municipality, or who is the holder of a trades licence in the municipality, or who is a household within the municipality. Household-ers are required on or before the first day of December to enter with the undersigned their names, as voter, and deliver at the same time a statutory declaration in the form provided by the statute. J. K. STRACHAN, City Clerk, Nelson, B. C., October 18th, 1901.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF NELSON

BY-LAW NO. 101. A by-law in regard to purchasing certain power from the West Kootenay Power & Light Company. The Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Nelson, in council assembled enacts as follows: 1. Subject to the terms, conditions and provisions hereinafter contained it is agreed that the corporation shall take and the company shall supply electric power at the sub-station of the company in the City of Nelson for the power and lighting purposes of the corporation. 2. The quantity of power to be taken by the corporation from the company will not be less than 100 horse-power, such horse-power to be delivered at a pressure of 2200 volts. 3. The company will supply all the regulating apparatus in their sub-station for regulating the power necessary for properly operating incandescent lights. 4. The company shall supply power from 100 horse-power to 150 horse-power as required by the corporation at the same rate as hereinafter agreed upon, without further notice, the excess of power over 100 horse-power to be charged for according to the horse-power used. In case of the corporation requiring further power the company will agree to supply the same upon thirty days notice upon the following basis: In case 150 to 200 horse-power is required by the corporation the company will agree to supply the same up to 200 horse-power as required charging for a minimum of 150 horse-power; and for the excess of horse-power over 150 according to the horse-power used. In case 200 to 250 horse-power is required by the corporation the company will agree to supply the same, charging for a minimum of 200 horse-power and from that up to 250 horse-power according to the horse-power used. In case 300 to 350 horse-power is required by the corporation the company will agree to supply the same charging for a minimum of 300 horse-power and from that up to 350 horse-power according to the horse-power used. In case 350 to 400 horse-power is required by the corporation the company will agree to supply the same charging for a minimum of 350 horse-power and from that up to 400 horse-power according to the horse-power used. In case 400 to 450 horse-power is required by the corporation the company will agree to supply the same charging for a minimum of 400 horse-power and from that up to 450 horse-power according to the horse-power used. In case 450 to 500 horse-power is required by the corporation the company will agree to supply the same charging for a minimum of 450 horse-power and from that up to 500 horse-power according to the horse-power used. It being the intention that the company will always keep in reserve 50 horse-power over and above the minimum stated by the corporation to be required and shall charge for the said 50 horse-power according only to the horse-power used. And it is understood that the highest minimum load for any month during the contract hereunder shall be the minimum load for each of the ensuing months during the contract, unless the minimum is increased by the corporation. 5. Calculations of the quantity of power used by the corporation are to be based upon the daily average peak load, such peak load to be arrived at by taking volt-ampere readings, and the calculations made from such readings. Such readings shall be taken after the power has passed through the regulators. 6. The corporation will pay to the company monthly on the 20th day of each month for the power used (not being less than 100 horse-power) during the preceding month at the following rates: For all horse-power up to 300 horse-power at the rate of \$3.75 per horse-power per month; and for all horse-power in excess of 300 horse-power

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF NELSON

at the rate of \$3.33 1-3 per horse-power per month. 7. The power supplied by the company shall be continuous as required during the whole twenty-four hours of each day. 8. If by reason of any accident or any cause whatsoever over which the company shall have no control, a stoppage in the supply of power shall at any time occur, the corporation shall be allowed a rebate from the price in the agreement provided proportionate to the actual time of the said stoppage. 9. The duration of the agreement hereunder shall be for the period of one year from the date the company shall commence the delivery of power to the corporation, which date shall not be later than December 1st, 1901. 10. In the event of any dispute or difference arising between the company and the corporation in regard to the construction to be placed on this by-law or the contract, to be executed embodying the provisions hereof or the administration thereof or any details of business between the corporation and the company in respect thereof, the same shall be referred to the arbitration of three arbitrators, one to be chosen by the company and one by the corporation and these two arbitrators so selected shall select a third, and any decision upon the point or points arrived at by the majority of such arbitrators shall be final and binding upon both the corporation and the company. Such arbitration otherwise shall be governed by the provisions of the Arbitration Act, being Chapter 9 of the Revised Statutes of British Columbia, and any amendments thereto now or hereafter made. 11. A contract embodying the provisions hereof and covenants on the part of the company to conform to and fulfill all matters and provisions hereby required of it shall be drawn and shall be executed by the corporation and the company within one month after the date on which this by-law shall take effect. 12. It is understood that nothing in this by-law contained shall be construed as conferring upon the company any right or privilege to generate or distribute or dispose of electric light or electric power within the limits of the City of Nelson except to the corporation. 13. In this by-law the expression "the corporation" wherever used shall refer to and mean the Corporation of the City of Nelson, and the expression "the company" wherever used shall refer to and mean the West Kootenay Power & Light Company, Limited, its successors and assigns. 14. This by-law shall take effect and be in force on and after the 26th day of November, 1901. 15. This by-law may be cited as "the Power By-Law No. 101." Done and passed in council assembled this day of 1901. Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed by-law upon which the vote of the municipality will be taken on Tuesday, the 19th day of November instant, between the hours of 10 o'clock a.m. and 10 o'clock p.m., for the East Ward at the city police court on the east side of Josephine street, and for the West Ward at the office of Ward Brothers on the north side of Baker street, between Stanley and Kootenay streets, in the City of Nelson. J. K. STRACHAN, Clerk of the Council, Nelson, B. C., November 5th, 1901.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF NELSON

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BANK OF MONTREAL

CAPITAL, all paid up...\$12,000,000.00
RESERVE FUND 7,000,000.00
UNDIVIDED PROFITS 427,180.80

Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal... President
Hon. George A. Drummond... Vice President
E. S. Clouston... General Manager

NELSON BRANCH
Corner Baker and Kootenay Streets.
A. E. BUCHANAN, Manager.

Branches in London (England) New York,
Chicago, and all the principal cities in Canada.

Buy and sell Sterling Exchange and Cable
Transfers.
Grant Commercial and Travelers' Credits,
available in any part of the world.

Savings Bank Branch
CURRENT RATE OF INTEREST PAID.

HIS BACK TO THE WALL

Martin Dooner's Supreme Effort.

The time came, as it was sure to come
at last, when Martin Dooner had to stand
with his back to the wall and fight for
his political prestige. Not that in his
twenty-five years of power had he met
with no obstacles. There had been times,
especially at first, when he had to fight
with all the fervor of a Donegal stranger
at the Donnybrook Fair; but he had won,
and had got so in the habit of
winning that for many years he considered
himself entitled to his power almost
by prescriptive right. He had been
alderman for a quarter of a century. He
kept a saloon. He knew every man in
his ward, and he introduced into it many
strangers on election day to exercise the
freeman's right of voting without legal
permission. He had been in fights innumerable, both physical and political. He
had been called every name imaginable,
except those applied to saints, and had
the reputation of being a bad man to
run up against. His picture appeared in
public print very often, and not always
accompanied by eulogy. None of these
things moved him. He carried his
ward in his vest pocket. He was a
power that the bosses had to reckon
with. He got his share of appointments,
his proportion of the "rake-offs" in
contracts, and paid his assessments or carried
his ward in a most masterly manner.
When one thought of the Sixth
Ward, it was to think first of Dooner.
He was the ward. He gloried in it to
the extent that he went to any length
to maintain his position. He was not
rich. His saloon paid well, and he was
not in politics "for his health," but he
was not avaricious. Beneath a rough
exterior and behind an almost brutal
mask there beat as kindly a Celtic heart
as ever reached America on the threshold
of manhood.

Dooner was a type, a development of
"politics." One of his ancestors had been
hanged in '98. His own father had been
shot in an election riot. He had been
through this long before the "Plan of
Campaign." Martin came to America
alone and fought out his career on his
own feet. As a youth he had gone into
a brewery, and had soon distanced all
his competitors in ability to swing kegs
high up on the old-fashioned darts. He
fought his dearest friends to prove that
he could not be slighted with impunity.
Becoming collector for the brewery, he
showed his fitness by returning a smaller
percentage of bad debts than any of his
predecessors. This was accomplished
partly by blarney, partly by a shrewd
calculation of the debtors' ability, and
partly by the use of a pair of fists that
looked like iron. He did not get much
the same at the point of impact. It was
natural that before long he should have
his own saloon in a neighborhood that
was not well known for its intellectual
ability, but one where the spiritual longings
of the neighborhood required frequent
assuaging. At twenty-five he went into
politics, and in this direction he had the
majority of 432 where the total legal
registered vote was about 359. This
showed a capacity for leadership, a
fundamental understanding of democracy
as it was practiced and above all, a
perception of the undeniable fact that
the longest pole knocked the permission.
He was good at making political capital.
At thirty he made the first big fight
of his life, and carried his ward for
alderman with the generous assistance
of men who had been imported for the
purpose. His opponent contested the
election, but as he had too many glass
windows in his own house, the matter
was dropped for a consideration. Dooner
developed rather early in life his
limitations, and did not seek for power at
once. He looked after his fences and
prepared for better things in future
latrognage was his weapon of offense and
defense, and his constituency was such
that he did not care for the more lucrative
offices, but would trade off a good
clerkship that was due to him for two
street-sweepers and a woman. In this
way he built up a little machine of his
own that ultimately became well-nigh
invincible. But he had to fight for a
time. No one but he knows what
schemes he carried out to win, and he is
not telling anyone. Out of the nettle
danger he always managed to pluck the
flower safely, until at last resistance
seemed almost useless, and for years he
lived, not only supreme in political power,
but looked upon as a sort of patron
of the ward to whom every man in
trouble went for aid. The widow without
coal and the "drunk and disorderly" at
the police station sent for him with un-
failing regularity. He was a man whose
name had no position in this country
so unique as that of a ward leader in
the so-called slum district of our cities.
His leadership is not all brutish, and if it
is to be replaced, it will require some-
thing different from the ordinary con-
ception of theoretical reformers. Dooner
had grown with his ward, which had
become metropolitan in race, language
and habits. He alone kept in touch
with the constantly shifting population.
When he opened his saloon, there were
a few Irish and Germans in the ward,
and the rest were native born. Now the
latter scarcely amounted to a handful,
but there were gathered together men
and women and children (particularly
children) from every quarter of the globe
and from almost every nation. Indeed, Dooner
used to say, with a grim smile, that he

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

WITH WHICH IS AMALGAMATED
THE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.
HEAD OFFICE: TORONTO.

Paid-up Capital, \$8,000,000
Reserve Fund, \$8,000,000
ACCRETIVE RESOURCES OVER \$65,000,000.

Hon. Geo. A. Cox, President.
B. E. Walker, General Manager.

London Office, 60 Lombard Street, E. O.
New York Office, 10 Exchange Place,
and 68 Branches in Canada and the
United States.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT:
Interest allowed on deposits. Present rate
three per cent.

GRANGE V. HOLT,
Manager Nelson Branch.

could furnish the foreign missionaries
of a large denomination with enough
subjects for spiritual aid to keep them
busy without crossing the water, and in
all the discomforts they could expect
in the jungles of Africa. There were
Italians who dug ditches, Jews who
made cheap garments in miserable gar-
rets, Swedish longshoremen, Greek sail-
ors, Syrian peddlers, Chinese laundry-
men, and a long list of others who spoke
no English, and, if they lived in squalor,
looked on their condition as heavenly
compared with what they had left be-
hind. To all these Dooner was a lord of
the manor, a political boss at elections,
and an ever-present help in time of
trouble.

It was not pure selfishness. Dooner was
above the average in shrewdness, even
if of little culture. He took pride in
maintaining his prestige, and looked up
on his retainers with joy and compas-
sion. He could have done less without
concerning his prestige, but half-heart-
edness is not one of his characteristics.
In manner he was gruff; in language
sententious; in conduct kind. He could
"swear the iron bars off the cage at the
station-house," according to report, but
he promptly bailed the transgressor. He
could berate a trembling Italian who
asked the loan of fifty cents until he
shrank visibly before the political boss.
Time had not dealt kindly with him.
He looked ten years more than his age.
Besides his own troubles he had helped
carry those of others under circum-
stances that were not health-giving. He
was grim, grizzled, and morose. His wife
was dead, and he had no children but
his constituents. Life had left him but
negotiations to him as on that September
morning, even before he heard the news.
When the blow came, he was crushed for
a time. He would have given anything
to be back in the green fields of Ireland
without responsibilities and without
care.

It came about on this wise. The mayor
of the city, who was the head of the
machine with whose fortunes Dooner's
were so closely bound up, died suddenly
of apoplexy, and under the law the pres-
ident of the Board of Aldermen suc-
ceeded him. This simple statement is
luminous only when explained. The new
mayor, Hartsorn, was a deadly enemy
of Dooner's, though they were both of
the same party. There had been some
wishes betwixt them on the floor of
council concerning a contract. Who
was in the right matters little. It led
to recriminations, and finally to Dooner's
offer to settle the matter outside the
chamber. This was rejected with a con-
temptuous remark that rankled in
Dooner's breast. Each had threatened
to do the other, but the occasion had
never arisen until now. By a stroke of
fate, Hartsorn was in a position to
deal his enemy hard blows.

Dooner knew this only too well. He
spent little time in mourning for the late
mayor—his mind was fixed on his own
future. He could do one of three things
—set out of politics, which on many
accounts would have suited him best;
make peace with the new mayor, but
his pride would not allow; or fight. He
said nothing and waited. It was not for
long. Three days after the funeral word
was sent out by the "old man," as the
mayor is always known, to "break"
Dooner, who most unfortunately was up
for re-election in November.

At the first announcement Dooner's
friends rushed to his support. They pro-
mised him everything and threatened
dire evil to his opponents. Dooner said
nothing. He knew the worth of such
promises. He might have got out alto-
gether, but the death of the mayor was
read the occasion of another sporadic
attempt to reform councils, concerning
which Dooner would not touch. He
said that which was true, and nothing
bad that was wholly false. A Committee
of One Hundred Best Citizens was orga-
nized to carry out a campaign to purify
councils in the coming elections, and it
was generally understood that they
would fight nearly every sitting member.
When this was known, Dooner made up
his mind to fight. He could stand up
as against machine men, but against
organized opposition of murgumps he
would not quail. His coat came off and
he stood with his back to the wall.

The situation looked desperate enough.
Orders went out that every office-holder
in the ward should turn in against him.
There were lots of them, every one of
whom owed their job to Dooner, but
they owed their future to the mayor,
who could cut off their heads instantly,
and would do so without the slightest
compunction. Many of these came with
tears in their eyes to Dooner and be-
moaned their fate. To them Dooner
gave the advice that they obey orders
and save their jobs, but to do no more
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IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

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HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO, ONTARIO.
Branches in Northwest Territories, Provinces of
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H. S. HOWLAND, President.
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A general banking business transacted.
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and he set his jaws together in a way
that made his auditor squirm. Nothing
under heaven, after this, would have
kept Dooner from making the fight.
It was hard work. Deprived of the ser-
vices of his office-holding lieutenants, he
had to organize the entire ward anew.
Just what he did and how he did it is too
long a story to tell; but from the mo-
ment the fight began there was little
sleep on either side. Of course Dooner's
long leadership had created rivalries,
which from time to time had to be sup-
pressed with money, with office, or by
means of an overwhelming defeat at the
polls. There was one man whom he had
befriended, not only in politics, but
whom he had kept from serving a de-
served term in the penitentiary. Thomas
Mallon had received favors enough.
But no man believes he is the creature
of others, or that he succeeds other than
on his own merit. Mallon was made
leader of the opposition, but was also
gather too shrewd to run himself. He
discovered a lawyer of ancient lineage
and wealth who had a constructive resi-
dence in the ward, and set his sails to
catch the wind of reform that seemed
to be blowing a gale. Edward Murchi-
son was a surprised man indeed when
he found that he had been selected by Mallon
and the gang to lead the force of re-
form. He would have declined, but most
of the committee of One Hundred were
his friends, and they urged him to stand.
Murchison knew much more about Eng-
lish politics than about the politics of
the ward he was to lead in this contest.
He was a cultured man of leisure and
retirement. The political he did not
sting at first. But when Murchison got
into the fight, he was warmed to an en-
thusiasm that was not exactly suited to
the situation, and it was made the ex-
cuse for many and large drafts on his
purse by Mallon, "for legitimate pur-
poses only."

The crisis came in the middle of Octo-
ber, when all candidates for office were
asked to appear before the Committee
of One Hundred to present their claims
for endorsement. Dooner's first impul-
sion was to decline; but when he considered
that this would be considered a sign of
weakness, he determined to go and fight
it out. He would have faced a crowd of
hyenas rather than seem to admit any-
thing but a political defeat. He appeared
at the appointed time before the com-
mittee, of whom at least thirty had
found time to leave their own affairs
and be present. The chairman was a
business man of standing in the commu-
nity, but the chief inquisitor was a lawyer
who had joined the movement for
reform. He had his eye on the chief
district-attorneyship. There were
business men, lawyers, clergymen, phy-
sicians, and men of many callings on
the committee. Most of them were hon-
est and earnest. Few had practical ex-
perience in affairs, but each felt that
the safety of the nation rested on his should-
ers. The colloquy was in part on this
wise:

The Chairman.—"Mr. Dooner, you are
a saloon keeper. I believe."
Dooner.—"I am."

The Chairman.—"Do you consider that
a calling fit a man to administer the
affairs of this city?"
Dooner.—"As much so as the fact that
one member of this committee is living
in idleness off the money his grandfather
made as a distiller."

The Chairman.—"That is not to the
point."

Dooner.—"It is to the point that I
work for a living under a license granted
by the judges of this city, and that no
complaint has ever been made that I
violated the law. As to whether it is a
good job to fit a man to serve his con-
stituents, I say it is better than doing
nothing."

The Chairman.—"Don't lose your tem-
per, but come to the point at issue. I
believe that you keep a low groggery
where the worst of liquor is sold."

Dooner.—"I believe there is less drunk-
ness in my place than in the swellest
restaurant in this city, where wine and
beer are served until after midnight
Saturday. I close when the law directs.
Some of you gentlemen have drunk
champagne at three o'clock Sunday
morning."

This was not a fortunate beginning,
so after a hurried consultation in whis-
pers the lawyer undertook the cross-
examination.

The Attorney.—"Mr. Dooner, it is re-
ported and believed that you are inter-
ested in the street paving contracts
of this city, and that you have made
much money out of them."

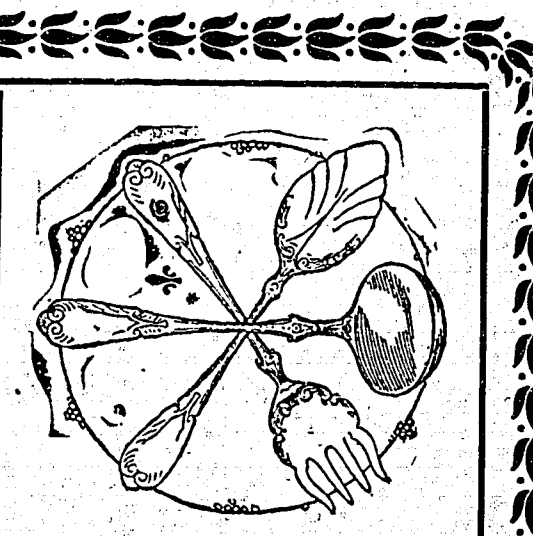


Mail order receive our prompt
and careful attention.

MORE LIGHT ON AN IMPORTANT SUBJECT.
DID YOU KNOW

THAT our goods from the manufacturers are
here and it is worth your while to inspect
them? I guarantee all goods bought here for
quality, and prices as reasonable as in the
East. Send in your orders. We sell wholesale
or retail, and want your money, for which you
will get the latest up-to-date goods.

JACOB DOVER, The Jeweler
C. P. R. Time Inspector NELSON, B. C.



Our Jewelry, Watchmaking and
Engraving departments have
no equal in B. C. All work
guaranteed.

It's a lie! One of my employees had
without my knowledge sent some infer-
ior goods, but he was discharged for the
offense.

"You're a liar," roared Dooner, "he
is now employed by you as your New
York agent. Don't be a snook."

At this there was such a prospect of
a row that a large number of the com-
mittee rose and begged that the pro-
ceedings be directed properly, and that
the members not be insulted. It took
some time to quiet things down, and
then the chairman took the helm again.
The Chairman.—"It is reported and
believed that you have taken commis-
sions on important public contracts."

Dooner.—"There is a member of this
committee who personally came to me
and offered me what was, in effect, a
bribe if I, as chairman on the committee
on schools, would vote to purchase a site
he owned for a school-house, and I
threatened to throw him out of my sal-
oon."

At this a pale-faced gentleman arose
in anger, and denounced Dooner as a
liar. Said he:

"I saw this man and asked him to con-
sider this site. I did not own it, and
had not a dollar's interest in it. I acted
as the trustee of an estate, and was
bound to protect the interests of my
clients."

There was a murmur of applause at
this, but Dooner cut the ground from
under their feet by yelling at the top
of his voice:

"Yes, you were the attorney for the
estate of your father-in-law, and your
children are the sole heirs to that prop-
erty. I defy you to deny it."

"Mr. Dooner, you are not answering
the questions of this committee, and are
not helping your cause. Will you please
answer categorically a few questions?
Did you not vote for the gas-works that
robbed this city of millions?"

"I will answer that," yelled Dooner,
"if every man on this committee who
profited by that sale will rise and tell
how much he made."

"Mr. Chairman, Mr. Murchison is all
right. I can vouch for him. He has
played golf with him many a time." He
sat down with a feeling that he had cov-
ered the entire situation. This roused
Dooner's ire once more, and he burst
forth in a tirade which closed the sit-
ting. Only when angry did he drop into
the vernacular.

"Gentlemen, youse may think that a
golf player is the kind of a man to make
laws for this city, but I tell you there's
isn't a man on this committee who
knows what he is talking about. I live
among the people who work and sweat
and eat but little, but what they do eat
is earned honestly. They don't live on
the gains of their forefathers, nor wear
fine clothes at the theater. There isn't a
man here who could run my ward a
day without getting himself into trouble.
I'm not a learned man. I don't know
furrin' languages, nor do I pretend to be
more honest than I am. I never cheated
a man in my life. I have taken care of
men and women and children for years
who would be turned away as beggars
from the doors of any one of youse at
any time. I know my people. They suffer,
and I help them. They hunger, and I
feed them. They get in jail for drink,
and I help them out so they can earn
bread for their little ones. The law
works queer. There are men on this com-
mittee who have committed worse
crimes than have sent men from my
ward to jail, and yet they set here in
judgment on one who has never sent one
hungry from his door."

He stopped for a moment, and a hush
fell over the assembly. He was no orator,
but he felt that he was making his
last stand, and was resolved to say what
was within him, even if it cost his elec-
tion. His pride was up, and nothing
now could daunt him.

"Gentlemen, I didn't come here for an
endorsement. I came here to show that
Martin Dooner is not afraid to meet any
man. I don't want this committee to be
lost to me. You're not my kind of a
man. You know no more about my ward than you
do about Choctaw. I have led these
people for years. In good times and bad
times I have been their friend. I have
helped widows and children that have
been driven from institutions conduct-
ed by members of this committee. I
have been a stockholder in the
company that got the works without a
cent. Dooner was at bay, and he did
not propose to lose a single
advantage, and so far he had "made
good."

It would be wrong to say that he en-
joyed even the temporary advantage he
had so far gained. This committee was
composed of men who worked without
honor or heed of for years. They were
the "silk-stocking" element. They sel-
dom interested themselves in public af-
fairs, except at presidential elections,
and not six of them had ever attended
a primary. They were theorists for the
most part, and had great faith in their
own academic views. Few of them
knew how the other side lived, and
few of them cared. They were not had
at heart, but they were ignorant of the
great pulse of the people. They had cer-
tain views which they suddenly found
themselves divinely called upon to pro-
mulate. They were to save the com-
munity, and they looked on Dooner as
a worm, perhaps as a viper, on whom
they were sucking out the vitals of the
public. To say that Dooner despised
them would not be to tell the truth. In
his inner heart he knew that these men
had what was denied him. They had ed-
ucation and refinement, but, more than
all, the respect of the community. They
were looked upon by the best people in
the city even as he was looked upon by
his own constituents. He would have
liked to be one of them. He knew he
was not logical in his answers, and yet
he knew enough of the facts and of hu-
man nature to find the weak spot in their
armor and pierce it. The questioning
now took a new turn.

"Mr. Dooner," said the chairman,
"have you any statement to make before
this committee as to why you should be
endorsed for re-election? It is hardly
wise to continue this form of investiga-
tion, as we shall get nothing but ques-
tions in reply to our own. Let me ask
you as to your opinion of your opponent."

Dooner.—"I have seen his name in the
papers as being in the city in connec-
tion with an account at the expense of the
taxpayers of the nation."

At this the chairman grew warm, and
attempted an explanation, but the dis-
creet attorney waved him off and said:

"Answer my question. Have you or
have you not made money out of con-
tracts by your influence as a council-
man?"

At this Dooner's ire began to rise and
he blurted out:

been the last man to take advantage
of his former generosity. He was a
trustee, but he had not been accustomed
to the quid pro quo policy of benefac-
tion. Now with his back to the wall he
had to take advantage of every straw
which would help. It was not he who
went about the ward proclaiming his
many virtues—he was too shrewd for
that; but there were a number of men
of some standing among their fellows
who had felt his generosity, and who,
not without some hope of future gain,
but really, to tell the truth, in genuine
gratitude, spent days and nights in talk-
ing to the men and women who had
done good cause to remember that Dooner
had been their friend. Every basket of
coal he had sent to the freezing, every
square meal to the hungry, and every
bad job kept from jail, were expected
to pay dividends in the shape of votes.
It cannot be said that Dooner was com-
fortable under this situation. He was
not. In the inner depth of his consci-
ence he hated himself for allow-
ing the results of the instincts of his
better nature at times when he was un-
trammelled to be used as clubs for his
benefit when he was in trouble. But like
most men in difficulty, he could not re-
fuse to avail himself of his resources.
To lose was to give up all he counted
dear.

If this were the only side of the story,
Dooner might appear in a most unpal-
atable light. Unfortunately, for him, he
was "up against" a situation where to
his own notion, he must fight the devil
with fire. Mallon was not so able in his
way as Dooner, but he was shrewd and
energetic, and he started in with almost
all in his favor that counts for anything
in the way of practical politicians. He
had policemen, firemen, silversmiths,
garbage-collectors, scrub-women, clerks,
pavers, and what not under his control,
and every one was threatened with dis-
charge if he did not vote for Murchison,
and make all his friends do the same.
Every contractor interested in the ward
was told to turn in under pain of their
work being declined by the city inspec-
tors and no further contracts being
awarded. Even the poor school teachers
were told that they would not be re-
appointed unless all their relatives to
the last degree turned in for the reform
candidate. There was some corporation
large assemblage of cash, and the office
holders, who groaned at this outrage. If
all the lies and threats in this cam-
paign on both sides were consolidated,
and all the liars and threat-makers sent
with them, there would needs be another
chamber in Dante's "Inferno." Bulldoz-
ing, pleading, appeals to cupidity, prom-
ises of places, there were in the
whole city, offers of cash, ap-
peals to both the highest and lowest in
human nature were used on both sides.
Every Commandment was shattered in
the contest.

Meanwhile, where was Murchison?
That estimable gentleman was no sooner
in the thick of the fight than he wished
he was out of it. He was made to do
some handshaking among people who
were not aware that such a thing as a
bath-tub existed. He insisted on a rally,
and made a speech one night to about
700 people, not one half of whom could
understand ten words of English. He
came out strong for civil-service reform,
and made a reputation with allusions to
that degenerate in politics which brought
about the downfall of Rome. It was a
flat failure; and Mallon, who had op-
posed the meeting, was furious, and told
the City Committee to send the candi-
date out to the residence wards and give
money instead. Dooner dug up the fact
that one of his newspaper friends that
Murchison, whose estate in Indiana had
been the center of hostility to the "Plan
of Campaign." He spread about the re-
port that Murchison had once believed
Dreyfus was guilty. He plastered the
ward with pictures of Murchison clad in
a gold suit, under which were the words:
CITIZENS, VOTE FOR MURCHISON,
THE GOLFERS' CANDIDATE.

In fact there was no trick known to
policies on either side that was not play-
ed to the limit. One week before the
election it looked as if Dooner could not
could live. There were hourly confer-
ences in the back room of the saloon, in
haunts the public knew nothing of, on
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groceries. One advantage Dooner had, the
election officers were his friends, and as
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for their jobs, they were not afraid to
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"stood them up" with the threat that
he could and would send every one of
them to jail if they did not "play fair"
with him. This expression needs no ex-
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with the workings of elections in the
slums of the cities. The Australian ball-
lot system has accomplished many
things, but it has not yet purified elec-
tions to the extent intended. After all
the votes were cast, including many
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trammelled to be used as clubs for his
benefit when he was in trouble. But like
most men in difficulty, he could not re-
fuse to avail himself of his resources.
To lose was to give up all he counted
dear.

If this were the only side of the story,
Dooner might appear in a most unpal-
atable light. Unfortunately, for him, he
was "up against" a situation where to
his own notion, he must fight the devil
with fire. Mallon was not so able in his
way as Dooner, but he was shrewd and
energetic, and he started in with almost
all in his favor that counts for anything
in the way of practical politicians. He
had policemen, firemen, silversmiths,
garbage-collectors, scrub-women, clerks,
pavers, and what not under his control,
and every one was threatened with dis-
charge if he did not vote for

PERUNA

Reduced to one dollar per bottle.
Six bottles for \$5.00.

W. F. TEETZEL & CO.

For the Boys

Having added to my stock a large range of Youth's Boy's and Children's clothing, I am now prepared to offer to the public the best variety of these goods ever shown in Nelson.

Everything is new and up-to-date and are selling at the very lowest prices. Intending purchasers will do well to examine my stock and get prices before purchasing elsewhere.

217 and 219 Baker Street **J. A. GILKER**

PUT US DOWN

In your note book as having the best bargains in

FURNITURE

and you'll make no mistake. The bargains we are now showing are the best we ever offered. New and handsome Furniture in the latest styles. Early buyers have the largest choice.

J. G. BUNYAN & CO.

BAKER STREET, NELSON.

"GOOD CHEER" STOVES AND RANGES

We are in the market again this season with this line of Stoves. After handling them for a number of years we are convinced that they are the only Stoves that give ABSOLUTE SATISFACTION.

Call and see our large and complete line.

LAWRENCE HARDWARE CO.

Importers and Dealers in Shelf and Heavy Hardware.

SHAMROCK II

Did not win the yacht race, but

LIPTON'S TEAS ARE SURE WINNERS

WE HAVE THEM

Red Label Ceylon, 50c pound package.
Yellow Label Ceylon, 75c pound package.
People who drink green tea ought to try our Regal Brand uncolored Japan. It is the best on the market. Pound package 50c.
We also carry Spider Leg and Gunpowder Tea.

Telephone 134 Nelson, B. C. **Morrison & Caldwell**

ROSSLAND ENGINEERING WORKS

CUNLIFFE & McMILLAN

Founders, Boilermakers and Machinists.

ONE CASE, skips, cages, ore bin doors, chutes and general wrought iron work. Our ore cars are the best on the market. Write us for references and full particulars.

SECOND HAND MACHINERY FOR SALE.—One 5-foot Polton waterwheel, width 60 feet, "B to 16" spiral riveted pipe. One 10x13 outside packed plunger sinking pump. Hook drills, stoping bars, etc., etc.

AGENTS NORTHEY PUMPS. STOCK CARRIED. P. O. Box 198. THIRD AVENUE, ROSSLAND.

HONDI TEA

The best in the market, in 1-2 pound and 1 pound packages.

J. A. IRVING & CO.

50c a Pound

GROCERS AND PROVISION DEALERS. Houston Block, Baker Street.

THE BINDERY DEPARTMENT OF THE TRIBUNE ASSOCIATION, LIMITED, BURNS BLOCK, NELSON.

BOOK BINDING SPECIAL RULED BLANK BOOKS SPECIAL RULED FORMS

RAILWAY TIME TABLE

CANADIAN PACIFIC SYSTEM

LEAVE	CROW'S NEST RAILWAY	ARRIVE
5 a. m.	Kuskonook, Creston, Moyie, Cranbrook, Marysville, Fort Steele, E. L. P. R. main line, Blairmore, Frank, Mackay, Lethbridge, Winnipeg, and all Eastern points.	4 p. m.
Daily.		Daily.

LEAVE	COLUMBIA & KOOTENAY RAILWAY	ARRIVE
6:10 p. m.	Robson, Nakusp, Arrowhead, Revelstoke, and all points east and west on C.P.R. main line.	10:10 p. m.
Daily.		Daily.
6:40 p. m.	Robson, Trail and Rossland.	10:10 p. m.
Daily.		Daily.
8 a. m.	Robson, Cascade, Grand Forks, Phoenix, Greenwood, and Midway (Daily except Sunday).	10:10 p. m.
Daily.		Daily.
8 a. m.	Robson, Trail and Rossland (Daily except Sunday).	11:35 a. m.
Daily.		Daily.

LEAVE	SLOCAN RIVER RAILWAY	ARRIVE
10 a. m.	Slocan City, Silverton, New Denver, Three Forks, Sandon (Daily except Sunday).	3:40 p. m.
Daily.		Daily.

LEAVE	KOOTENAY LAKE STEAMBOATS	ARRIVE
4 p. m.	Balfour, Pilot Bay, Ainsworth, Kaslo and all Way Landings (Daily except Sunday).	11 a. m.
Daily.		Daily.
4 p. m.	Lardo and all points on the Lardo & Trout Lake Branch (Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays).	11 a. m.
Daily.		Daily.

GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM.

LEAVE	NELSON & FORT SHEP-PARD RAILWAY	ARRIVE
Depot 6:30 a. m.	Ymir, Salmo, Erie, Waneta, Northport, Rossland, Colville, and Spokane.	Depot 10:30 a. m.
Daily.		Daily.

LEAVE	KOOTENAY LAKE STEAMBOATS	ARRIVE
Depot 6:00 a. m.	Balfour, Pilot Bay, Ainsworth, Kaslo and all Way Landings.	Depot 10:30 a. m.
Daily.		Daily.

CITY AND DISTRICT.

"More Light on an Important Subject." are the words Jacob Dover uses to call attention to what he tells. What he tells is described on the third page of today's Tribune.

A meeting of the license commissioners for the Nelson license district will be held in the court house on Tuesday the 26th instant, for the purpose of considering the application of William Lynch for a license for the Kootenay hotel at Ymir.

Constable McMullin of Grand Forks returned John Thompson from Grand Forks. Thompson was moved out by the city police some time ago. He went to Grand Forks, where he was rounded up as a vag and sentenced to six months' imprisonment at hard labor.

The interest of the Noonday-Curley Mining Company in the Noonday and Curley mineral claims will be offered for sale by Charles A. Waterman in front of the court house on Tuesday, December 3rd. Practical notice is in favor of the Bank of Montreal for \$600 and costs.

A sketch, true to life, is printed on the third page of today's Tribune. It treats of practical politics in a slum ward in New York City. Practical politics in New York City is much the same as practical politics everywhere else. The sketch is well worth reading by the practical politicians of Nelson and other towns in Kootenay.

At the mortgage sale which was held in the office of Charles A. Waterman & Company yesterday afternoon C. W. Busk became the purchaser of the three lots on the corner of Ward and Hoover streets. The lots were put up subject to a reserve bid of \$640, and were bought in by Mr. Busk at \$5 above the upset.

There is some talk of the erection of a small smelter at Ferguson. It is not known whether the proposed smelter will differ in any respect from the ordinary blast furnace, but the merchants of Ferguson are said to be firmly of the opinion that the smelter will be built within the next few weeks. Its capacity is stated at 30 tons per day.

Chauncey Boyington, the man who was brought to Nelson by constable Barnes of Fernie upon a charge of bringing a stolen horse into the country, will be brought before Judge Forin on Thursday for election. The horse in the case was the property of Frank Kinrear, and was hired by the defendant in the United States and ridden across the boundary.

There is but one case of smallpox in Kimberley. For a while it was feared that there would be a general outbreak of the disease, as the patient who introduced it from Idaho was in daily contact with the people of Kimberley for some time after the disease had broken out upon him. Three weeks have now elapsed since the patient was placed in quarantine and no new cases have developed.

In the case of Manley vs the Arlington Mines an order was made yesterday for the inspection of certain tunnels and workings of the defendant company by the plaintiff with a view to ascertaining how far the same have encroached upon the Native Silver Fraction, of which the plaintiff Manley is a half owner. The order was made by Mr. Justice Irving at Vancouver yesterday upon the application of W. A. Gallier. A similar order with respect to the inspection of other tunnels was made some time ago.

A. B. Sloan, who has been cook at the Ymir mine for nearly three years, was called to Nelson yesterday by illness in his family. Mr. Sloan is president of the Cooks' and Waiters' Union of Nelson, and he desires it made known that the membership of the union is now made up of men who are steady and responsible, and that under the rules of the organization no member is permitted to leave work without giving his employer six days' notice of such intention. This is as it should be. Members of labor organizations, if they would have

themselves and their organization respected must prove that they are good workmen; second, that they can be relied upon to do their full duty to their employers at all times.

Yesterday afternoon at a meeting of the hospital board Dr. Doherty was re-engaged to fill another term as superintendent of the Kootenay Lake General Hospital. The board was unanimous in their selection.

Pedro Cherbo, the only hotel keeper at Kuskonook, was in Nelson yesterday. He said the future of his town now depended on the mineral that is in the hills back of it, seeing that the mining recorder's office had been moved to Creston.

PERSONALS.

James Cronin, of the St. Eugene mine, arrived in Nelson yesterday. He is accompanied by his wife and family.

Vernon W. Smith, who was interested in the railway construction now going on in New Ontario, arrived in Nelson yesterday. He is on his way to the Lardo branch.

R. B. Porter, the railway contractor who is interested with G. A. Carlson in the construction of the Lardo branch, arrived in Nelson yesterday from Spokane.

A. McAllister, who represents the Sanford Manufacturing Company in the west, arrived in Nelson yesterday from the Slocan. He says he is making a record trip this time, his sales being better than on any former occasion. This is the best possible evidence of the approach of better times, as clothing dealers do not lay in large stocks unless they think they see good times ahead.



NELSON LICENSE DISTRICT.

NOTICE is hereby given that William Lynch has made application under the provisions of the Liquor License Act, 1894, for a hotel license for the premises described as the Kootenay hotel at Ymir and that a meeting of the Board of License Commissioners of the Nelson License District will be held to consider such application at the Court House at the City of Nelson on Tuesday, the twenty-sixth day of November, 1901, at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon.

W. H. BULLOCK-WEBSTER, Chief License Inspector.

Chief Constable's Office, Nelson, B.C., 12th November, 1901.

NOTICE.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia. Between the Bank of Montreal, plaintiffs, and the Noonday-Curley Mines, Limited, non-personal liability.

Pursuant to an order of His Honor J. A. Forin, local judge, in chambers made in the above action on the 4th day of November, A.D. 1901, there will be offered for sale, with the approval of the District Registrar at Nelson by Charles A. Waterman, esq., auctioneer, at the Court House, Nelson, B.C., on Tuesday, the 3rd day of December, A.D. 1901, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon the undivided quarter (1/4) part, share or interest of the defendant Company in the "Noonday" and "Curley" mineral claims, being lots 1333 and 1334, group one (1), Kootenay District of British Columbia, situate near the Town of Silverton, on Slocan Lake, for the purpose of satisfying the plaintiff's judgment in this action for the sum of \$600.88 and costs taxed at \$18.00.

The highest bidder shall be the purchaser. The purchaser will be required to make payment in cash at the close of the sale. The purchaser will also be required to satisfy himself as to the defendant Company's title. Further particulars may be obtained from the plaintiff's solicitors or from the auctioneer.

Dated November 11th, 1901.

E. T. H. SIMPKINS, District Registrar.

Elliot & Lennie, Plaintiffs' Solicitors.

THE OYSTER

Will be at home to his many friends from 7 a. m. till 10 p. m. every day at

THE PALM

You can have me fried, stewed, or take me as

I AM

The best Baltimore Selects. Tea and Coffee at all hours.

THE PALM

K. W. C. BLOOK WARD ST.

A COMPLETE LINE OF

- Front Doors
- Inside Doors
- Screen Doors
- Windows
- Inside Finish
- Flooring
- Newel Posts
- Stair Rail
- Mouldings
- Shingles
- Rough and Dressed Lumber
- of all kinds.

IF WHAT YOU WANT IS NOT IN STOCK WE WILL MAKE IT FOR YOU

CALL AND GET PRICES.

J. A. Sayward

HALL AND LAKE STREETS, NELSON

NELSON, B.C. KASLO, B.C. SANDON, B.C. ESTABLISHED 1892

H. BYERS & CO.

TO SPORTSMEN: We have the finest assortment of Guns and most complete stock of Ammunition ever received in Kootenay. Mauser, Winchester, Marlin, Savage, and Stevens Rifles. Winchester Smokeless and Savage Carabines. Ask to see the Winchester Carbine and Bouchardt Automatic Pistol, unequaled for simplicity, accuracy and effect.

MINE SUPPLIES AND HEAVY HARDWARE

Blowers, Exhausters, Hand Shaft Pumps, Pipe and Fittings Steam Packing, Leather and Rubber Belting, Hose, Etc. Agents for Giant Powder Co., Truax Ore Cars, Canton Steel.

TELEPHONE 39. P. O. BOX 527.

Nelson Saw & Planing Mills

LIMITED. CHARLES HILLYER, President. HARRY HOUSTON, Secretary.

Have just received 3,000,000 feet of logs from Idaho, and we are prepared to cut the largest bill of lumber of any dimensions or lengths. Estimates given at any time. The largest stock of sash, doors, and mouldings in Kootenay.

COAST LUMBER OF ALL KINDS ON HAND

OFFICE AND YARDS: CORNER HALL AND FRONT STREETS.

THE PROSPECTORS EXCHANGE

No. 4, K. W. C. Block, NELSON, B. C. Gold, Silver-Lead and Copper Mines wanted at the Exchange. Free Milling Gold Properties wanted at once for Eastern Investors. Parties having mining property for sale are requested to send samples of their ore to the Exchange for exhibition. We desire to hear from all prospectors who have promising mineral claims in British Columbia. Prospectors and mining men are requested to make the Exchange their headquarters when in Nelson. All samples should be sent by express, prepaid. Correspondence solicited. Address all communications to Telephone 104 ANDREW F. ROSENBERGER, Nelson, B. C. P. O. Box 700

KOOTENAY COFFEE CO.

Coffee Roasters Dealers in Tea and Coffee. We are offering at lowest prices the best grades of Ceylon, India, China and Japan Teas. Our Best, Mocha and Java Coffee, per pound 40c. Mocha and Java Blend, 3 pounds, 1.00. Choice Blend Coffee, pounds, 1.00. Special Blend Coffee, 6 pounds, 1.00. Rio Blend Coffee, 6 pounds, 1.00. Special Blend Ceylon Tea, per pound 30c. A TRIAL ORDER SOLICITED. KOOTENAY COFFEE CO. Telephone 177. P. O. Box 182. WEST BAKER STREET, NELSON.

BEWARE OF IMITATIONS

Our Compound Syrup of White Pine and Tar CURES COUGHS AND COLDS. Beware of the "Just as Good" kind. Insist on getting the Genuine C. D. & B. Compound Syrup of White Pine and Tar.

CANADA DRUG & BOOK CO. K. W. C. Block, Corner Ward and Baker Sts.

REAL ESTATE AND INSURANCE BROKERS

Agents for Trout Lake Addition, (Bogustown) Fairview Addition, Acreage property adjoining the park, and J. & J. Taylor safes. These safes can be bought from us on two year's time without interest.

Ward Bros.

333 West Baker Street, Nelson.

FOR SALE.

- \$2500—Furnished house containing 5 rooms, bathroom, etc. Pleasantly situated. Two lots. Part cash, balance easy terms.
- \$1000—House and lot. House contains 3 rooms, bathroom, etc. Centrally situated. \$500 cash, balance monthly payments.
- \$1725—Five-room cottage. Hall, bathroom and pantry. One and a half lots, fenced and laid down in clover. Very easy terms.
- \$3225—House containing 15 rooms, hall, bathroom, etc. Suitable for boarding house. Close to Baker street. \$1500 cash, balance easy payments.
- \$340—Three-room cottage and lot in Slocan City. Free title. \$200 cash, balance on easy terms.
- \$250—Good cabin and lot in Howe Addition, \$150 cash, balance in three months.

REGINALD J. STEEL, Official Broker, Phone 278.

IMPERIAL BREWING COMPANY

BREWERS OF THE BEST LAGER BEER STEAM BEER AND PORTER

When you want the Best, ask for IMPERIAL BEER.

R. REISTERER & CO.

BREWERS AND BOTTLERS OF FINE LAGER BEER, ALE AND PORTER. Prompt and regular delivery to the trade, BREWERY AT NELSON

OYSTER COCKTAILS OYSTER COCKTAILS OYSTER COCKTAILS AT THE MANHATTAN. OYSTER COCKTAILS OYSTER COCKTAILS OYSTER COCKTAILS AT THE MANHATTAN. OYSTER COCKTAILS OYSTER COCKTAILS OYSTER COCKTAILS AT THE MANHATTAN.

The Manhattan

JOSPHINE STREET. ALL THE BEST BRANDS LIQUORS AND CIGARS.

When you purchase

E. A. SMALL & CO.'S



with this label attached to the left hand pocket of the coat, rest assured you are getting Garments, Tailor made, ready to wear, unequalled in the Dominion of Canada for

Style, Fit, Finish and Value.

Small's Royal Brand Clothing is sold in every large centre from the Atlantic to the Pacific.

P. Burns & Co.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Meats

Markets at Nelson, Rossland, Trail, Kaslo, Ymir, Sandon, Silverton, New Denver, Revelstoke, Ferguson Grand Forks, Greenwood, Cascade City, Midway, and Vancouver.

Mail Orders Promptly Forwarded

West Kootenay Butcher Co.

FRESH AND SALTED MEATS FISH AND POULTRY IN SEASON

E. C. TRAVES, Manager

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

NOTICE—Imo mineral claim, situate in the Nelson Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On the east slope of Wild Horse Mountain, about one mile southwest of the Elise. TAKE NOTICE that I, N. F. Townsend, acting as agent for Edward Baillie, free miner's certificate No. 35613, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim. And further take notice that action, under section 27, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements. Dated this 26th day of August, A. D. 1901. N. F. TOWNSEND.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

NOTICE—Vermont mineral claim, situate in the Nelson Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On the west fork of Ruvor Creek, three and one-half miles south of Kootenay River. TAKE NOTICE that I, N. F. Townsend, acting as agent for Albert L. Keller, 355783; Homer L. Keller, 357788; and Frederick S. Algiers, 3426 37, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim. And further take notice that action, under section 27, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements. Dated this 26th day of August, A. D. 1901. N. F. TOWNSEND.