

Wired from London This Morning.

LONDON, November 25.—5 p. m.—Thus far the special dispatches describing the battle of Belmont bear a stereotyped character, proving that the hand of the censor has been at work on them. They are too incoherent to enable the reader to form an accurate idea of the event, or to place a proper estimate on the value of the victory. All the accounts agree respecting the splendid fighting qualities displayed on both sides. Nothing could have exceeded the steady courage and pluck of the British infantry in the face of terrible fire; while the Boer guns were splendidly served, the gunners standing to them with dogged determination, exposing themselves until the very last moment, and only becoming wild in the accuracy of their aim during the charge of the British infantry. All admit, however, that the victory could not be properly followed up and utilized owing to the want of sufficient cavalry. The pursuit of the defeated enemy by the Fifth Lancers was evidently not very effective, and curiously enough, while all the correspondents report the capture of the Boer guns, general Methuen's own report omits any mention of such an achievement. On the whole it seems safe to assume that the Boer guns were not captured.

The striking proof offered of the excellent material general Methuen has in his brigade has, however, been a matter of great satisfaction in London.

There is an unconfirmed rumor that the correspondence seized in the Boer camp contains evidence of treasonable communication between the Boers and the Dutch colonists.

The correspondent of the Times at Belmont says: "After the struggle the laager was burned and the ammunition destroyed. The cavalry and mounted infantry on both of the flanks pursued, but were unable to overtake the fleeing Boers, who got away with their transport. The Boer rout was complete and their losses are believed to equal ours. They used some dum-dum bullets. Everything was in their favor. It is rumored that there have been some threats to assassinate the burghers who are tired of war and are deserting."

General White's dispatch of Wednesday effectually disposes of all the rumors of another sortie from Ladysmith and of the defeat of the Boers. The situation in Natal remains unchanged, the sortie from Estcourt to Willow Grange having effected little. The position of Mafeking is beginning to be regarded with anxiety, in view of the impossibility of general Methuen being able to reach the town for some time to come.

Thousands of people were waiting at the war office last evening until a late hour for the list of the killed, wounded or missing in the battle of Belmont, but nothing was published in addition to general Methuen's first dispatch.

General Buller's destination is kept a strict secret at Cape Town. Some reports say that he has gone north, and others that he has gone to Durban, as already cabled.

A dispatch to the Times from Mooi river gives the British casualties in the Willow Grange affair as three killed and forty-four wounded. This is the first news of such a heavy loss, and if correct suggests a repetition of general White's action of October 30th.

The Pietermaritzburg correspondent of the Daily Mail, describing the same, says the British surprised the Boers, carried their position, captured all their equipment, and returned to Estcourt in safety. General Hildyard was well satisfied with their work.

The Daily Mail's correspondent at Naaupoort says: "An open, unsigned letter, smuggled through from Colesburg, says commandant Grobber has arrested two prominent Englishmen, and threatens to shoot them if any harm is done to Van Ranzenburg, ringleader of the Colesburg rebels, who was captured by the British and is to be tried for treason."

**The Battle of Belmont**

LONDON, November 25.—The Daily Mail publishes the following dispatch from Belmont describing the battle: "The Boers held a position which British troops would hold against almost any force. The Boers were routed completely, and many estimates of their loss is 50 killed and 150 wounded. Mr. Knight, correspondent of the London Morning Post, was wounded. The Boer prisoners are ignorant, dirty and wretched. They say that half their commando are tired of war and will refuse further service. The force of the fearful fight was borne by the infantry, who were obliged to climb 500 feet straight into a terrific stream of missiles. The Ninth Lancers pursued the enemy with great vigor, but the Boers, well mounted and familiar with the hills, melted before them. Possibly, however, the victory would have been more decisive had we possessed more cavalry."

After the battle of Belmont general Methuen, addressing his troops, said: "Comrades, I congratulate you on the complete success achieved by you this morning. The ground over which we had to fight presents exceptional difficulties, and we had as an enemy one who is a master in the tactics of mountain fighting. With troops, such as you, a com-

mander can have no fear of the result. There is a sad side to all this; indeed, you and I are thinking as much of those who have died for the honor of their country and of those who are suffering as we are thinking of our victory."

**Michael Davitt Injured.**

DUBLIN, November 24.—Michael Davitt was thrown from his carriage in a street accident in Dublin today and rendered unconscious by the fall. He revived soon after he had been taken to the residence of John Dillon. Although he complains of injuries to the back and head, his physicians do not consider his condition such as to cause alarm.

**Will Escape by Balloon.**

LONDON, November 25.—Nothing is known at Cape Town concerning the reports that United States consul Macrum has been refused permission to leave the Transvaal territory. It is said that Cecil Rhodes keeps a big balloon ready at Kimberley to escape if driven to that extremity.

**All Well at Ladysmith.**

DURBAN, November 24.—An official message from general White at Ladysmith, dated November 22nd, says: "Situation unchanged. Troops well and cheerful."

**Russian Troops Moving East.**

ODESSA, November 24.—It is reported that 10,000 troops will soon leave to reinforce Russian garrisons in the far east.

**THE SARDINIAN SHOULD ARRIVE**

**At Cape Town Today.**

The steamship Sardinian with the Canadian contingent aboard will arrive at Cape Town today if as good time is made between the Cape Verde Islands and Cape Town as was made between Quebec and the Islands. The distance from Quebec to Cape Town is approximately 7015 miles, 3447 miles of which were covered in thirteen days from the day of sailing from Quebec. This was a daily speed of 265 miles, or 13 knots an hour. As the Sardinian was at St. Vincent on the 12th, she should complete the trip by the 25th (today). From Cape Verde, the men were reported all well and in good spirits. There had been a good deal of sea sickness at first, but it was soon over. There were only two days of rough weather, on the first Wednesday and Thursday after sailing.

**The British Navy League.**

LONDON, November 24.—Rudyard Kipling, addressing a branch of the Navy League this evening at Rottendeau, Brighton, said the object of the league was to create a certain public opinion, which should announce its willingness to pay taxes in order that the British navy might be efficient and strong, and might not fall the British people in the hour of need. "We did not realize what our navy meant," said the speaker, "until we saw it taking away a small police detachment of 66,000 men, with mules, horses, and hundreds of tons of stores, to get at some people who have interfered with our idea of right and wrong at a distance of 6000 miles."

**United States Becomes Insistent.**

WASHINGTON, November 24.—Mr. Macrum, the United States consul at Pretoria, has been instructed by cable to impress upon president Kruger that, in the view of this government, the usages of all civilized nations sanction the ministrations of a neutral representative in the interest of the citizens and captives of one of the parties to a war, and he must further insist upon performing the sacred duties imposed by all considerations of humanity. This is practically an announcement of the insistence of the United States government upon the execution of the trust it has assumed in the interests of Britain in the South African Republic.

**Captured Counterfeit Canadian Money.**

BOSTON, Mass., November 24.—(Mangled in transmission.)—Davis says he has a wife and two children in Halifax, Nova Scotia, and that a woman who was with Williams in Guthrie, when he was arrested, was Annie Hobert of East Boston. The police went to Miss Hobert's house today and found plates for \$1, \$2 and \$5 Canadian bills, \$4800 in finished money and \$4800 unfinished. One lot was drawn on the Bank of British North America and the other lots were on other Canadian banks.

**On the Trail of Aguinaldo.**

MANILA, November 24.—Senor Buenacabino, a former member of the so-called cabinet of Aguinaldo, has been brought to general Otis a prisoner on board the transport Brutus. He had sought refuge in a village near San Fabian with Aguinaldo's mother and son. The natives disclosed his identity to major Cronin, who captured him. General Young is still in the mountains on the trail of Aguinaldo.

**BOERS TREATED THEM KINDLY**

**Winston Churchill Interviewed.**

PRETORIA, November 24.—Through the courtesy of the Transvaal authorities, the correspondent of the Associated Press here, in the company of Mr. Goebler, under secretary for foreign affairs, and Mr. Desouze, secretary of the war department, was enabled to visit Churchill today at the Model school, which serves as a prison and where he is with the captured officers. Beyond a slight bullet wound in the right hand, he seemed well and looked hearty, although naturally chafing under enforced idleness. In the course of the interview he said: "The Boers have treated us with much kindness. This was the case from the first. They praised our defence of the train and expressed surprise that the locomotive was saved from becoming a hopeless wreck, as they expected under their artillery fire. We were marched through a pouring rain to Colenso, proceeding the next morning to the Boer camp near Ladysmith, and then going by rail to Modderspruit, finally arriving here on November 18th. On the journey great numbers of burghers crowded to see us, but there was only one who made insulting remarks, the others offering us cigarettes or showing such marks of attention. Mr. Churchill said the confinement in the Model school was close and severe, but under all the conditions, he had no grounds to complain. When asked regarding his general impression, he said he had had many discussions with the Boers as to the rights of the war, and had been much impressed by the number who could speak English. He had found that most of them regretted the conflict, asserting that it had arisen as the result of misrepresentations. So far as he could learn, however, the spirit of the burghers in the field, despite the privations, was that of determination, and there was no chance of an early peace. "I fear," said Mr. Churchill, "that the struggle will be bloody and protracted."

**Explanation and Declaration.**

PARIS, November 24.—In the chamber of deputies today during the discussion of the foreign estimates, count Montagu, Conservative, asked for explanations as to the incident of the British cruiser stopping and boarding a French steamer, the Cordoba, in Delagoa Bay. M. Delcasse, the minister of foreign affairs, replied it was not an isolated case. Believers during a war, he explained, had the right to ascertain the nationality of any vessel, and he added, if the British cruisers only did this, they had acted within their rights. Referring to the Transvaal, the foreign minister said he favored mediation and arbitration, but he did not deem it opportune to take the initiative, as the powers had not yet signed the Hague protocol. Touching upon the lingering newspaper strictures as to the Pashoda settlement, the minister remarked: "Some papers make it a business of dwelling upon national humiliation. The government took a decision which it was quite justified in doing, and a subsequent treaty gave France vast territory and consolidated our African empire."

**Fire Destroys Dry Goods Houses.**

DETROIT, November 24.—Fire which started in the top floor of Krolick & Co's six-story dry goods store, 160 Jefferson avenue, has burned from end to end in the two upper floors and is still at 11:30 p. m., spreading. Their stock is worth about \$400,000 and is insured for \$250,000. At present the roof of Strong, Lee & Co's dry goods store adjoining is also on fire, and the store is in danger of being gutted. The latter's stock is valued at between \$300,000 and \$400,000, and is fully insured.

**The Result of a Stormy Interview.**

DETROIT, November 24.—George Brooks, this afternoon, shot his divorced wife three times at her home, 221 Sherman street. He then rushed on the Grand Trunk railway tracks adjacent and shot himself dead. The woman will recover, although wounded in the neck, shoulder and body. The shooting was done after a short, stormy interview between the couple.

**Fire in Montreal.**

MONTREAL, November 24.—Fire tonight did \$50,000 damage in a building on St. James street occupied by Wm. Agnew & Co., silk and dress goods importers, the branch of the Sanford Manufacturing Company of Hamilton, Ontario, and a number of manufacturers' agents. The loss is well covered by insurance.

**Given Severe Sentences.**

HALIFAX, November 24.—Edward West, charged with stealing from mail bags at the railway station here, has been sentenced to twelve years in the Dorchester penitentiary. James Pender, a young lad, an accomplice, was sent to St. Patrick's Home for two years.

**THE FOOLS ARE NOT ALL DEAD**

**A Swindling Concern Broke up.**

NEW YORK, November 24.—William F. Miller, head of the Franklin Syndicate, which has accepted deposits from thousands of persons in Brooklyn under promise of paying dividends of 10 per cent a week, or 520 per cent per annum, and Cecil Leslie, his secretary, were indicted by the King's county grand jury this afternoon. Warrants were issued for the arrest of these men, but up to a late hour tonight neither had been found, the police saying they disappeared in the afternoon. Tonight the police under captain Reynolds, chief of detectives in Brooklyn, and inspector Brannan and police captain Lee, raided the premises occupied by the Franklin Syndicate on Floyd street. There was a great crowd of people around the building as the police surrounded it. Inspector Brannan arrested Louis Miller, the head of the syndicate and proprietor of the concern. There were forty employees engaged at work in the offices and they were allowed to go. It was stated by Louis Miller to the police that the offices were then in the hands of ex-sheriff Daly of Richmond, to whom, he said, the concern had assigned.

Miller had been engaged for the past two years or so in offering his glittering inducements to the people to deposit their money with him to make use of, but it has been only within the last month that, by extensive advertising in one way or another, he has managed to attract to his offices hundreds of people daily, who gathered in a long line or fought with each other for the opportunity to hand over their savings. Miller began the Franklin Syndicate in a very small way, locating his office amongst the poorer classes in the borough of Brooklyn, and making one feature of his business the acceptance of very small sums of money and the alleged investment of them for the poor people. He claimed that by inside tips on the stock market he was able to reap large profits for his clients. Seemingly he paid the interest on the principal each week and his business increased. It is claimed that Miller was simply the representative of a syndicate of men who had been engaged in conducting blind pools for years. No syndicate has ever attempted to pay any such wonderful rates of interest as the Franklin Syndicate. The very fact that the newspapers and financial circles began to make investigations aroused public interest to such an extent, and at the same time public curiosity, that it is said that within the last week Miller has received deposits aggregating from \$30,000 to \$40,000.

One of Miller's trusted employees is responsible for the statement that the Franklin Syndicate man had taken in over \$400,000, and it is known that when the banks shut down on him yesterday and refused to accept his deposits any longer that he withdrew \$150,000 from the Wells-Fargo Bank. It is asserted tonight that Miller deposited \$100,000 with the German consul.

**The Father Has the Right.**

NEW YORK, November 24.—The suit of Rosa Cahm for \$35,000 damages, alleged to have been done here by her millionaire father, Isaac Cahm, has been decided by a jury in the supreme court in favor of the defendant. This ends a remarkable case, which was the first in the history of jurisprudence in which a child had sued a father, asking damages for assault. Counsel for defendant made a strong plea in his argument, contending that from the time of the Romans no one had questioned the right of a father to chastise his children.

**Hangings in Two Southern States.**

DARLINGTON, South Carolina, November 24.—Ed Luckey and Tom Mitchell were hanged here today for assault on Josephine Lafferty, a young white woman. This was the first instance of legal execution in this state for criminal assault.

AUSTIN, Texas, November 24.—James Davidson was hanged today for the murder of George W. Engburg, a merchant, and his wife at Manor, Texas, last June. Davidson confessed on the scaffold.

**Willing to Postpone the Fight.**

NEW YORK, November 24.—Peter Maher and "Kid" McCoy may fight after all. The statement was made today that Maher agrees to a postponement of three weeks on account of McCoy's illness, and will not claim the forfeit if the bout takes place then. This would make the date of the bout the first week in January.

**A Big Trust Company Formed.**

MONTREAL, November 24.—A big trust company has been formed here, to be known as the Royal Trust Company of Montreal, with capital subscribed of \$500,000, half of which has been paid. Authority will be asked of the Quebec legislature, at the next session, to be

allowed to increase the capital to \$5,000,000. The executive is composed of the prominent men in Canada. Among them are lord Strathcona, sir William Van Horne, C. M. Hays, C. R. Hosmer, W. W. Ogilvie, E. S. Clouston, T. G. Shaughnessy, R. B. Angus, senator Drummond, James Ross, and others.

**Ontario Crops up to the Average.**

TORONTO, November 24.—The Ontario fall crop report, issued by the government, on the whole is of the most encouraging nature. Average yields about the same as announced in the August report, with the exception of the potato crop, which is above August figures.

**May Last Six Months.**

TORONTO, November 24.—General G. E. Sanford, who has been in the British Indian service many years, is visiting here. He is not inclined to minimize the seriousness of the war in South Africa, and is of the opinion that it will last at least another six months.

**Reappointed to an Honorary Position.**

TORONTO, November 24.—Hon. David Mills, minister of justice, has been reappointed professor of constitutional law at Trinity university.

**Nova Scotia Hotelman Suicides.**

TRURO, Nova Scotia, November 24.—J. W. Walsh, proprietor of the Dominion house, shot himself dead yesterday afternoon.

**WAS GIVEN A LIGHT SENTENCE**

**For Passing Worthless Checks.**

The case against captain Wainwright, charged with obtaining money from Lillie Brothers by false pretenses with intent to defraud, was tried summarily by police magistrate Crease yesterday morning. The prosecution was conducted by chief Jarvis. The evidence of Thomas Lillie was taken to the effect that the defendant, Wainwright, came into Lillie Brothers' store and paid an amount which he owed with a check for five dollars. He also cashed a second check for five dollars. The checks were presented at the Bank of Montreal and were dishonored, there being no funds in the bank to the credit of Wainwright. J. A. Macrae, ledger keeper at the Bank of Montreal, testified that Wainwright never had an account at the bank but that several checks were issued and presented at the bank for payment, the checks given to Lillie Brothers being among the others.

W. A. Gallier, who appeared for the prisoner, took on objection that the case was not properly before the magistrate, in that the question of jurisdiction was not shown. The witness, Thomas Lillie, had stated that he resided in Nelson, but it had not been shown that the offence recited was committed either in Nelson or the county of Kootenay. The store of Lillie Brothers was not shown to be in Nelson. It might be in Greenwood or any other place, and the court could not take judicial notice of the fact that it was in Nelson.

Police magistrate Crease said that he had noticed the weak points in the evidence referred to by the defendant's counsel. The witness Lillie had stated however that he resided in Nelson and was engaged in the boot and shoe business, and from the general tenor of the evidence there was not the slightest doubt but that the offence recited took place in Nelson. Upon the evidence given he would find the defendant guilty.

Mr. Gallier then asked to be allowed to say something in mitigation of the offence. Prior to the issuing of the checks the prisoner had cabled to England for money and on the 20th of October such a cable had been sent and an answer which appeared favorable had been received. He also understood that restitution had been made and would be made in all cases, irrespective of the result of the present trial. He asked that the prisoner be allowed to go upon suspended sentence.

The magistrate in reply said that while it might be traveling outside the limits of the case, it had been shown that there were a number of checks issued by the defendant for which he had no funds in the bank to meet. The fact was also apparent that the merchants of Nelson seemed to be regarded as prey for such schemes and he could not be swayed by sentimental reasons. It was sworn that a crime had been committed and there only remained a duty for him to perform. The full limit for the offence committed was six months' imprisonment, but as restitution had been made he would commit the defendant to three months imprisonment at hard labor.

It is not unlikely that certiorari proceedings will be taken by the prisoner's counsel to have the conviction quashed upon the ground that the place where the offence was committed was not proven.

Not as Much as it Should Be.

John Keen, assessor and collector for the Slocan division, returned to Kaslo yesterday. He says that the revenue of the government under the one per cent tax upon the output of the mines will not exceed \$14,000 this year as compared with \$30,000 last year. The depreciation in the revenue is due entirely to the action of the mine owners in refusing to accept the changed conditions brought about by the enforcement of the eight-hour law. On the other hand, a considerable increase will be made in the revenue of the government upon account of the payment into the provincial treasury of assessments in lieu of the performance of work upon prospects. This year the receipts of the government from the Slocan riding under this head will be fully \$7000, which is an amount in excess of the amount received from the entire province in former years.

It is said upon good authority that the government is considering the advisability of readjusting the method of taxing mining companies. Under the present arrangement even when the mines are working to their fullest capacity, the revenue of the government from them does not equal the expenditure upon roads, trails and bridges. In short, the mining industry, instead of being a source of revenue to the province, is a drain upon the provincial exchequer. The change proposed is said to be the application of the income tax to the profits of the mining companies. It will probably be so arranged that the assessor will be given power to inspect the stock registers of the mining companies operating in the province, and have power to assess and collect from the companies through their office in this province, a tax equal to the income tax upon the earnings of their shares. It has been estimated that when the mines of the Slocan district are in operation the aggregate dividends of the year equal at least \$3,000,000, upon which no tax is paid, the money in most instances being taken out of the country altogether. If this earning was made liable to the income tax and provision made for its collection, the provincial exchequer would be enriched to the extent of \$45,000 per annum, and the tax would fall upon only such as are well able to pay.

**Five Thousand British Reconnoitre.**

DURBAN, November 24.—The Natal Advertiser confirms the report of fighting near Willow Grange. It says: "Five thousand British left Estcourt on Wednesday afternoon for a reconnaissance. They surprised the Boers at 3 o'clock Thursday morning and occupied their position, bayoneting sixty of the enemy. At daybreak the Boers opened with quick fire. The British artillery was unable to reach the Boers, and the captured position therefore became untenable and was evacuated. Subsequently the artillery was brought into action, and the Boers fell back. Their object having been attained, the British returned to Estcourt."

**The Mayor is Right.**

Mayor Neelands was interviewed yesterday upon the subject of improvements to the city wharf. As the result of the interview it was gathered that the mayor will not favor any action by the present council. He is of the opinion that the wharf is no more dangerous now than it has been for several months past, and that there is no reason why the next council should not be allowed to deal with the matter. In this the mayor is undoubtedly right, as the succeeding council will have money available for the work before it could be secured by debentures.

**The Opinion of a Practical Miner.**

A practical miner, who for the last four months has been working an eight-hour shift in a mine not a hundred miles from Nelson, was asked yesterday his opinion as to the amount of work that he did in eight hours as compared with what he did when working ten hours. He replied: "A good miner will average as much work in eight hours as in ten. When I say good miner, I mean a miner that knows his business." Asked what proportion of miners he considered good, he replied: "Well, three out of five can be depended on to do a good day's work."

**The Announcement was Premature.**

Alderman Moore of Kaslo is registered at the Home. He has just come from Sandon, and says that while the announcement of the settlement of the trouble between the mine owners and miners is premature, the prospect for an early adjustment of the difficulty is good. In any event, he says, the general opinion is that the Payne mine will resume work at once. A supply of beef has been taken up to the mine, and it is reported that the company has placed a large order for general supplies with H. Giegerich of Sandon.

**One of the Leaks.**

An inspection of the stores on Baker streets between Stanley and Josephine streets, last evening disclosed that 75 lamps of 16-candle power were being used for which no rate was being charged. This serves to illustrate one of the leaks which makes the city's electric light service unsatisfactory.

# I Buy Direct from the Factories and Sell at Wholesale Prices

## Jacob Dover, The Jeweler

BAKER STREET, NELSON

Buy now for your Xmas so you can have your purchase engraved free of charge and avoid the rush  
We are already working overtime.



I can satisfy everybody, from the old bachelor to the baby.



Match Safes, Flasks, Cigarette, and Cigar Cases, Pocket Books and Purses, both in Leather and Silver.

Silver Table Ware



Novelties of all Kinds

The quality of all our goods is guaranteed.

Suggestions for Gentlemen

Cigar Cases, Cigarette Cases, Pocket Books, Pocket Knives, Liquor Stands, Flasks, Rings, Watches, Chains, Charms, Lockets, Pencils, Cuff Links, Scarf Pins, Studs, Brushes, Grip Tags, Paper Weights, Stamp Boxes, Umbrella Straps, Match Safes.

Suggestions for Children

Baby Rings, Baby Pins, Child's Brushes, Child's Sets of Knife, Fork and Spoon, Child's Rings, Child's Necklace, and Watches.



The Art Room is now open containing a fine display of Grates, Fire Irons, Lamps, Onyx Tables, Austrian Bric-a-Brac, Etc.

Suggestions for Ladies

Purses, Fans, Manicure Sets, Toilet Sets, Puff Boxes, Whisks, Perfume Bottles, Writing Desks, Rings, Brooches, Necklaces, Bracelets, Combs, Dress Pins, Piano Lamps, Music Stands, Onyx Tables, Placques, Jewel Cases, Jardinieres, Celery Dishes, Tea Sets, Cut Glass Vases, Pearl Fish Sets, Pearl Dessert Sets, Biscuit Jars, Salad Bowls, Photo Frames, Candelabra, Mirrors, and Garters.

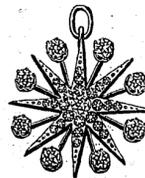
The New Bisque Ware

Makes a most pleasing and novel present, as it is artistic and serviceable.



Your eyes will dance when you see our immense stock of goods.

Diamond Stars and Pendants



Diamond Set Locket

Engagement Rings



Scissors Hair Ornaments

Manicure Sets

## A Few Suggestions For Shrewd Buyers

Twenty yards heavy striped flannel for \$1.00.  
Heavy bleached sheeting, plain or twilled at 24c per yard.  
Heavy bleached sheeting, 2 1/2 yards wide at 28c per yard.  
Pure linen towels at 20c per pair.  
Large bleached bath towels at 20c per pair.  
22 inch Japanese silk at 30c per yard.  
27 inch Japanese silk at 45c per yard.  
Ladies' corsets at 50c and 75c per pair. See them.  
Children's corset waists at 85c per pair.  
Ladies' Josephine kid gloves, black or colored, regular price \$1.50, our price \$1.10.  
A few ladies' wrappers, marked price \$2.50, will sell for \$1.40 each.  
Ladies' flannel night dresses from 50c each up to \$3.  
Ladies' white cambric night dresses from 75c up to \$3.50 each.  
Remember these goods are perfectly new, not the remnants of the past year's business.  
If goods not satisfactory money will be refunded.

**MARTIN O'REILLY & CO.**  
CORNER BAKER AND JOSEPHINE STREETS. TERMS CASH

## Handkerchiefs

Our Silk Handkerchiefs for Christmas trade are now to hand  
A large assortment to select from, 15c and up.

MEN'S OUTFITTER

**J. F. WEIR**

The Tribune.

NINETY-FIVE per cent of the people of the Slocan and Nelson districts would rejoice were the differences now existing between the mine owners and the mine workers amicably settled. The other five per cent are opposed to any settlement unless it be made on terms satisfactory to them. This class have two newspaper mouthpieces in Nelson. The one never loses an opportunity to discredit the miners and their organizations; the other is too cowardly to make more than vague and ambiguous statements. The one professes to believe that the miners are not

good citizens if they organize for self-protection; the other protests against everything that is being done, because it is not being done by the little clique of Victorian politicians that has fed it since its birth.

A CAREFUL inspection of the city wharf yesterday afternoon did not disclose any holes or any planks worn to the thinness of veneer. On the other hand, the wharf would be in very good condition were the mud washed off it, which could be done any night in a few hours with a fire hose attached to the hydrant at the corner of Front and Hall

streets. It is safe to say that the wharf can be kept in a good state of repair for the next four months for \$100. One thing might be done, however: A notice should be posted warning teamsters not to use the wharf as they would a turnpike road.

It was a cause of wonder why certain parties were so anxious to swap the present recreation ground, which is convenient for a piece of wild land outside the city limits. It is now becoming clear. The wild land is worthless, but it is to be made valuable by the city. Adjoining wild land will thus be made marketable, and to help make it marketable, the tramway company is given a half interest

**HUDSON'S BAY COMPANY.**



INCORPORATED 1870.

Hello!

Ring up Telephone No. 13  
If you want

BASS' Pale Ale  
GUINNESS' Foreign Stout  
DREWERY'S Golden Amber Ale  
SCHLITZ'S Milwaukee Beer  
DOMINION BREWERY Porter  
DOMINION BREWERY India Pale Ale

All the above goods in PINTS or QUARTS. Sold by the BOTTLE, DOZEN, CASE or BARREL.

**Hudson's Bay Co.**  
Telephone 13

in it. All interests, except the city, are to be benefited. Anyway, what right has city to spend money on a park outside the city limits?

This people of a town cannot be blamed for demanding what they are fairly entitled to. The people of Nelson are entitled to, as good mail facilities as are given neighboring towns. It appears, however, that the post office officials are not willing to do this. They should be made to do it.

## When It's Winter

With the sudden change in temperature, colds and coughs are almost certain to develop and the wise person always heeds these signals, and secures a remedy that quickly cures the trouble. It is well to have at hand—ready for immediate use—a remedy that's certain, whose use involves no risk. These bear the highest endorsements:

*Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil (with hypophosphites of lime and soda), pint bottles, 75c; 6 bottles for \$4.*

*Scott's Emulsion, \$1 per bottle; 6 for \$5.*

*Compound Syrup of White Pine and Tar, 50c and 25c.*

*Lazacold—stops a cold in one day, 25c.*

And all the standard cough preparations.

**Canada Book & Drug Co**  
NELSON, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

**PATRONIZE UNION SHOPS**

UNION SHOP

Barber Shops Without This Card in Window  
Are Non-Union.

**Nelson Barber's Union**  
For Sale Cheap

Everything in and about a hotel building at Creston, a station on the Crow's Nest Pass Railway. Will be sold either as a whole or separately. Apply to Charles P. Olson, Almsworth, B. C.

**A. R. Sherwood**  
Successor to Chas. A. Waterman & Co.

REAL ESTATE  
INSURANCE AND  
GENERAL AGENT

First floor west of Bank of British Columbia building, Baker St. Nelson

**Charles D. J. Christie**  
GENERAL BROKER

COLLECTIONS SOLICITED

FOR SALE

A 14-Room (new) House, rented at \$40 per month... \$3900

An 8-Room (new) House, two lots, corner... 2700

FOR RENT

A 5-Room House (unfurnished)... \$30.00

MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE OR SHORT TERMS.

OFFICES:

Four Doors West of Dominion Express Office

**A. R. BARROW, A.M.I.C.E.**

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR

Corner Victoria and Kootenay Streets, TELEPHONE NO. 65

**SQUIRE'S RANCH FOR SALE**

Containing 120 acres of land within one and a quarter miles of Nelson. For further particulars apply to

**FRED J. SQUIRE, Nelson, B. C.**

**H. D. Ashcroft**

BLACKSMITHING  
AND EXPERT  
HORSESHOEING

Wagon repairing promptly attended to by a first-class wheelwright.

Special attention given to all kinds of repairing and custom work from outside points.

Shop: Hall Street, between Baker and Vernon, Nelson

**Nelson Iron Works**

MANUFACTURERS OF

ENGINES, BOILERS, SHAFTING, IRON AND BRASS CASTINGS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION

Repairs promptly attended to. P. O. Box 175.

**ONE DOLLAR A LOAD**

The undersigned has a large quantity of fir, cedar, and laminated slabs, in 16-inch and 4-foot lengths, suitable for stove wood, which will be sold for \$1 a load at the mill yard.

NELSON SAW & PLANING MILLS, Limited, Nelson, August 19th, 1899.

**Big Schooner**  
Beer or Half-and-Half....

**10 Cts.**

Always Fresh  
Always Cool

THE BEST GLASS OF BEER IN NELSON IS

AT THE

**Club Hotel**

Corner Silken and Stanley Streets.

E. J. CURRAN, Prop.

**Halcyon Water**

WE HAVE APPOINTED

**THORPE & CO. SOLE BOTTLERS**

OF THIS WATER

Halcyon Hot Springs Sanitarium Co.

W. C. HUSBAND, Manager.

**R. REISTERER & CO.**

BREWERS AND BOTTLERS OF

**Fine Lager Beer, Ale and Porter**

Prompt and regular delivery to the trade. Brewery at Nelson.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

Notice is hereby given that Harry Howard Dunbar of Dunbar City, in the county of Kootenay, British Columbia, hotelkeeper, has by deed dated the 31st day of October, 1899, assigned all his personal estate, credits and effects which may be seized and held under execution and all his real estate to William Simpson of Dunbar City, afterwards merchant, in trust for the benefit of the creditors of the said Harry Howard Dunbar. The said deed was executed by the said Harry Howard Dunbar on the 31st day of October, 1899, and by the said William Simpson on the 6th day of November, 1899. All persons having claims against the said Harry Howard Dunbar are requested to forward particulars of the same, duly verified, and stating what security, if any, is held for the same, to the said William Simpson on or before the 14th day of December, 1899, after which date the said William Simpson will proceed to distribute the assets of the estate amongst those entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice. All persons indebted to the said Harry Howard Dunbar are required to pay such indebtedness forthwith to the said William Simpson.

A meeting of the creditors of the said Harry Howard Dunbar will be held at the offices of McAnn & Mackay, barristers, Front Street, Kootenay, B. C., on Wednesday the 22nd day of November, 1899, at 3 o'clock p.m.

WILLIAM SIMPSON, Trustee.  
McANN & MACKAY, Solicitors for the Trustee.  
Dated the 6th day of November, 1899.

**MATCH-MAKER'S CAMPAIGN.**

**What Could Not Win an American Heiress.**

At the end of last May my wife were about to rise from table—my in-law dines only once a week—when a letter bearing an American mark was put into my hands. "News from Georges!" said my opening the envelope with a hairpin. "This is my mother-in-law's nephew; years ago he married a Philadelphia girl who made him promise never to marry in America. We consider him a sacrificed being; yet, when we see his opulence with our modest means, we feel a certain admiration for which Mme. de Chauneville never underlines, holding him up to the model of cleverness. I read the letter while my wife served the coffee. The style, that showed the influence of his new country, her cousin

sails on the next steamer for Paris. She wants to stop a month in Paris. Will you meet her at the St. station and take her to a hotel where you will have already engaged a room for her? After that she will be off, and she is used to taking care of herself and besides has hundreds of dollars on the other side. Hold a New York in your hand at the station and Enid can recognize you. Kind regards to yourself and to my aunt, as to Jerome. Affectionately yours, GEORGES."

It was nothing difficult in the city with plenty of good hotels in and four or five louis a day to one's living, it would be a simple matter to install Enid Walton. We from Georges' rare letters that his in-law is twenty-five, not pretty, charming, adoring gayety, balls, and pleasure parties—everything in fact, that belongs to her calling an American girl.

My mother-in-law had not breathed a word during the reading of the letter, and I discussed hotels that suited Enid—and ourselves into the bargain. "The 'Washington,'" on Boulevard Haussmann, patronized by wealthy countrymen of hers, suggested itself. The only objection, it was really our own appartement.

The next day at lunch Mme. de Chauneville appeared—a breach of our modesty. I thought at first we were to have a scene—alas, it was somewhat worse. "I did not close my eyes last night," she complained, dropping on a chair. She pointed in health to a Tyrolean niece. "Surprised, I expressed an interest in her symptoms. 'I am not,' she exclaimed. 'You do not realize that concern for other people's happiness can keep one awake last night I have thought of nothing but Jerome and Miss Walton.'"

Mme. de Chauneville is quoted by his son on all occasions as a model son of an artillery lieutenant. He is contented to rebel against maternal tyranny. At all stages of his career he is a paragon—at the Polytechnic, at Cyr; he will be a paragon of a soldier when the competent authority finds him a wife. Left to himself, he would preserve the bloom of youth indefinitely. He neither smokes nor drinks coffee or wine. He is polished, exquisite, refined, and his generation.

"Gather that you wish Miss Walton her millions to enter the artillery?" "Not?" said my mother-in-law, off her gloves, the signal for an engagement. "Would you be jealous of Jerome's good luck?"

Capable of baser sentiments, as we believe. It is a little early for jealousy. Just now I am only recalling the disgust that filled Georges' marriage. What didn't she then about America and the money?"

given up the way to his clubs, it comes of not paying his dues. Two things about him excite my admiration, not my sympathy: he is the best-dressed and the wittiest man in Paris. I insist that in his situation he ought to flaunt fewer new coats and bons-mots.

He declares that he will die single—and no one doubts it. Hence he never compromises any one. He can be seen for twenty days with the same woman without calling forth comments. People chaff him on the subject, and he joins in the laugh. "Il codrait Dieu et le Diable." By good luck he has preserved his slim figure, and is younger than the youngest when he rides, skates, plays tennis, leads the cotillon, recites monologues, organizes charity bazaars, drawing-room comediettas, and country-house parties. His wit has the reputation of "making a dead man laugh."

When the express pulled into St. Lazare station, my wife and I were on hand flourishing New York Herald's as if we had them on sale. A tall girl, admirably made and graceful, stepped unhesitatingly toward us, held out her hand, and in the purest of French asked us how we were. We might have parted only the day before. She announced that she was ready to accompany us, expecting her maid to grapple with the customs officers. But the subrette did not understand the language of Racine any better than Racine himself would if he came back to the world today.

"You stupid thing! How provoking!" exclaimed Miss Walton, stamping her slim foot.

morning on her radiant face, when we went to lunch at her hotel. She had invited the marquis, of course. Fernand pronounced a single English sentence, and Enid at once expressed the wish of meeting my mother-in-law. I inferred that La Perade had put the idea into her head. What an invaluable friend!

The ill-effects of our proximity to the "Washington" were soon evident. Enid and my wife became inseparable. I must admit my personal duties were light. La Perade was their usual escort. I don't know how the man always manages to have his pockets stuffed with tickets for theatres, private views—all sorts of interesting places.

The American girl was continually lunching and dining with us. My wife insisted that it was out of the question to set our pot au feu before an heiress accustomed to the luxuries of the country of dollars, especially when the aim was to bring this heiress into our family. To judge from the cook's bills, it was an inheritance, not an heiress, that had dropped on us from America. But, after all, a rich brother-in-law is not a bad thing to have. And shall I add: the prospect of seeing my mother-in-law tackling an American girl dyed-in-the-wool would have reconciled me to greater sacrifices.

The introduction took place. Jerome dropped in on us accidentally one evening at dinner, in full uniform. The uniform was my mother-in-law's idea; she considered Jerome particularly fetching in his war-paint. A complete failure! Miss Walton, who sometimes indulged in the frankness of an enfant terrible, explained

amused me, an amusement largely due to my mother-in-law's convulsed, indignant face. Miss Walton had procured me other satisfactions of the same nature, and I am not a man to forget a turn done me.

It was one evening—at my house, of course—as we were leaving the table. Jerome, my mother-in-law, and the marquis were our guests. At some trifling jest of Enid, La Perade and Jerome placed their pocket-books in her keeping. On Jerome's was simply inscribed the initials "J. C.," his family being of old and excellent blood, but without a title. On the marquis's portfolio, on the contrary, was stamped a coronet that might have served for a napkin-ring.

Enid expressed great admiration for the heraldic attribute and his charming effect on one's lingerie, for La Perade, intoxicated by his success, had displayed his pocket-handkerchief. He went farther than that, luckily, in articles of clothing; but we were successively treated to a view of his porte-monnaie, his watch, his hat-band, his cuff-buttons, and the knob of his cane. At each fresh coronet, Miss Walton broke into cries of admiration, while Mme. de Chauneville's brows drew closer together.

Enid, seeing the old lady's marble face, inferred that she was condemning this enthusiasm as plebeian. "You must excuse me," she said, sweetly. "I am not used to marquises' coronets."

"Neither are the La Perades, mademoiselle," replied Mme. de Chauneville, disdainfully. "That is why they make an abuse of the ornament."

bitterness: "Perhaps you had better arrange something—a hop, for instance, to amuse the girl. She has told you how she adores dancing, and you know what a valseur Jerome is. This is what any truly affectionate brother-in-law would do. But—"

A sigh, an upward toss of the head finished the sentence. I retorted in a smothered rage:

"Very well, madame! You shall have your dance. Otherwise, till the end of time you will declare I was the one who prevented your son from marrying his American, if by chance she should not be touched by his true sentiment!"

For a few days the house enjoyed a treacherous, halcyon calm. We saw less of Enid than usual; Jerome was fearfully cut up about it, of course. If he complained to her—alas! in too discreet terms—that she was invisible for days together, "I live at Worth's," she would reply; "the horrid man is late with my frocks. And I am leaving soon!" "Alas!" sighed the artilleryman, with a sigh that blew away Enid like a rose-petal in a breeze.

"I said one day to my brother-in-law: 'Why don't you accompany Enid to Worth's?'"

"Oh!" protested my mother-in-law, with an outraged blush.

"Cher ami, you must really come to the front more. Before the soiree you must dine with us, au champagne; I forbid you a drop of water. This time you must not miss the opportunity. I expect you to conduct yourself like a hussar of the old school, do you hear?"

The morning of the great day the house

before us, looking extremely well in a fresh toilet. Standing before the hearth with my eyes planted on my mother-in-law's face, where I still read defiance, I improvised the following speech: "Madame, do you know why my life has been distraught for the last six weeks? Why my table has become that of a Rothschild? Why I lavish gold in fashionable restaurants? Do you know above all why I am giving this hop that will cost me two hundred louis? It is to prevent Miss Walton and her millions from going back to where they came from. Very well, madame, congratulate yourself; the thing is done; we have succeeded. The charming American girl is about to become an adorable Frenchwoman. We can soon wish her joy. Listen to what she has just written me:

"Cher Monsieur, you have always been so kind to me, you and yours, that I wish you to be the first to learn of my engagement with marquis de la Perade. Be good enough to announce it to your family. But my fiance and I would prefer the engagement not to be known for a little, so that we can be present at your ball, a pleasure to which we have long looked forward. Sincerely yours, 'ENID WALTON.'"

Poor Jerome had turned so pale that I could not but pity him from the bottom of my heart. As to my mother-in-law, I beheld her checkmated for the first time. But I soon caught the warlike flame beginning to glow in her eyes. Her lips moved; she was about to speak. God knows the sweet things I was going to hear! Fate was against her. Two hands encased in white cotton gloves opened the drawing-room door, and the stentorian voice of the announcer cried: "Miss Walton! M. le Marquis de la Perade!"

**INDIVIDUALITIES.**

Herr von Vollmar, the leader of the Bavarian Socialists, is the son of one of the oldest families of the Bavarian aristocracy. He entered the army at the age of fifteen and served through the Austrian war of 1866, and afterward as a volunteer in the army of the pope. When the war with France was declared he reentered the Bavarian army, and at the age of twenty-one received a wound so severe that he was left a cripple for life. Then he determined to study for the church, but suddenly, in the midst of his studies, announced his conversion to the doctrines of socialism. Since then, for more than twenty years, he has devoted his time to the spread of socialism among the Democrats of Bavaria.

President Steyn, who occupies the highest position in the Orange-Free State, has risen through his own determination of character and his untarnished honesty from the lowest to the highest position in the state. For six years he studied law in England and Holland, and returned to his native country in 1882, when he was twenty-five years of age. From that point he never looked back. Young Steyn was raised to a judgeship when he was only thirty-two years of age, and a year before that he had been appointed attorney-general, and a year before that he had declined the majority of Bloemfontein. He had a brilliant career on the bench, and when the president, Mr. Reitz, now the chief adviser of president Kruger, resigned, Mr. Steyn was elected by a large majority.

Next to queen Victoria, the prince of Wales has cost England more money than any other member of the royal family. Since 1863, the year in which he attained his majority, he has drawn from the country nearly \$15,000,000. When he became twenty-one he came into accumulated revenues of the duchy of Cornwall amounting to \$3,008,605. Since then, the average yearly payment to the prince of Wales from the duchy revenues has been \$300,160. In addition to this, the nation pays him the annual sum of \$81,080 as compensation for the abolition of certain ancient dues on the coinage. Altogether the rents and royalties of the duchy land exceed \$410,000 a year. In 1850, Marlborough House, was settled upon the prince by parliament, the public expenditure on which amounts to \$18,000 a year. His royal highness's military appointments are, of course, numerous; the majority of them bringing him in a respectable income. Then he draws an annual income of \$50,000 from his private landed property. On his marriage in 1863, \$117,275 was granted to pay expenses, while the princess, who brought no dowry, was granted a life annuity of \$50,000 a year from the Consolidated Fund, and should she survive her husband, this grant will be increased to \$150,000 per annum.

**Remanded for Stealing Rings.**

TORONTO, November 23.—William E. Dunn, clerk in the audit department at the parliament buildings, this morning pleaded guilty to stealing two diamond rings, valued, respectively, at \$375 and \$75, from Mrs. Nolan, a clerk in the department of neglected children. He was remanded for sentence.

**Funeral Was Strictly Private.**

MONTREAL, November 23.—The funeral of the late Hugh McLennan, president of the Montreal Transportation Company, who died suddenly on Tuesday night, took place this afternoon. Owing to the expressed wish of the deceased, the funeral was of a strictly private character.



At once a providential personage dropped as from the clouds. It took La Perade two minutes to shake hands with me—pretending he had run across us by chance—get an introduction to Enid, and conclude: "I was waiting for a friend who must have missed the train. I trust Miss Walton will allow me to come to the maid's assistance" (he knew English, the plotter!) "while she goes to her hotel to rest. By the way, where are you stopping?"—to Enid.

As the ladies turned to go, the clever dog whispered to me: "Mme. de Chauneville sent me to reconnoiter. Mazette! I can assure her she is going to have a charming daughter-in-law."

It had been decided that Miss Walton should dine with us en trio that evening. But she proved so desirous of showing her gratitude to La Perade for his kind offices that he had to be wired to make up the quartet. I must admit that, thanks to him, the new arrival passed the evening in a gale of laughter. The parasite showed himself a clever diplomat, too. He managed to praise my mother-in-law most naturally. He told touching anecdotes of Jerome's childhood and youth. A French boarding-school girl would have dreamed all night of the fascinating officer.

But Enid was neither French nor boarding-school girl. Not a sign of insomniac could be discovered the next

to us that the military career—at least in the lower grades—is looked down upon in her country. The conversation came to a standstill, and for a whole quarter of an hour—the first—I did not hear Enid laugh. I saw her eyes turned with amazement upon Jerome's glass of water. Latterly we had drunk nothing but champagne from one end of the meal to the other, following the American fashion.

The campaign against Enid's heart had begun feebly. The artillery, if not routed, had, at least, caused no ravages. We joyfully noted that Jerome was luckier at the next meeting, on the following Sunday. He had not been able to resist a lively admiration for the young American girl; Enid, with charming grace, gave the first signal for a flirtation, but Jerome, a Frenchman to the marrow, had not the faintest conception of this New World art. He heaved sighs, accompanied by long, tender glances, instead of going to laugh and chaff with Miss Walton in a certain cozy corner that the experienced marquis had prepared purposely by means of a screen and a palm. He himself made use of it more than once while Chauneville was kept in his garrison at Bourges.

The young foreigner's naivete infallibly caused one to pardon certain defects of education or taste. I recall an instance that others perhaps will condemn more harshly than I did. I admit that it

The original La Perade received his title—and his name too, for the matter of that—in 1829, in the person of Fernand's grandfather, a fact voluntarily forgotten by the ex-young man. Our marquis said nothing, having nothing to say; but the expression of his eyes suggested that he would not soon forget the scratch to his armor proper. The evening ended coldly. From that time on we saw far less of the man with the crest, though there was no absolute breach. Miss Walton began to know Paris like a book, and no longer troubled my wife to accompany her—nothing strange so far as an American girl is concerned.

It was June; Jerome had a fortnight's leave, and was making the most of it to accomplish Enid's conquest. Mme. de Chauneville was sanguine.

"Jerome is getting on," she repeated. "It is now only the question of the occasion for his declaration. With American girls everything depends on the occasion. Jerome had no opportunities."

"Not my opinion at all," I replied. "What more does he need? Not later than yesterday I sent the two of them off to the Eiffel Tower! Must I arrange a boating-party, so that Miss Walton can be rescued from a watery grave by your son's strong arms?"

Belle-mere detested my irony, and usually retreated at the first dose, but this time she merely returned with quiet

was given over to pillage. The carpets were removed, the floors waxed, chairs, music-racks, and platform were brought. While two major-domos turned my dining-room into a banquet-hall, sconces filled with innumerable candles appeared on the walls, and potted plants fell into groups as if at the touch of a magician's wand. I was giving neither a sauterie nor a soiree d'ausance, but a great ball.

I went for my wife, who, at the first words, dissolved into a flood of tears. But my bad humor was to no purpose. All I could do was to clap on my cap and rush to luncheon at the club. I spent the day out of the house and dined with a friend. But as after all I had to receive my wife's guests, about half-past nine I went home to dress. A letter delivered a few hours earlier was awaiting me. I read it, and immediately my room echoed with cries of savage, infernal joy. Then I got into my clothes as eagerly as a lover going to a rendezvous. By ten I was pacing up and down the ante-chamber, not with the resignation of a host awaiting his guests, but with the feline pad of a tiger watching the spring where the gazelle will come to drink. The gazelle was my mother-in-law.

At last she appeared, escorted by irresistible Jerome. With a smile she hardly seemed prepared for, I offered her my arm. The three of us entered the dazzling drawing room. My wife was there

36  
Baker  
Street

# FRED IRVINE & CO.

36  
Baker  
Street

Ladies' Sailor and and Walking Felt Hats and all Trimmed Millinery at Half Price  
Ladies' and Children's Mantles, Jackets and Costumes at Less Than Cost Price

FOR ONE WEEK WE WILL CONTINUE OUR

## Annual Clearance Sale

Of Dry Goods, Millinery, Men's Furnishings, Carpets, Etc.

Ladies' French Kid Gloves, \$1.50 Quality for \$1. Ladies' White Underwear

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN EVERY DEPARTMENT

36 Baker Street

# FRED IRVINE & CO.

36 Baker Street

### A FEW OF OUR PRICES

- Dress Goods in navy and black, all wool Storm Serges, sale price, 35c per yard.
- Fancy Novelties in Dress Pattern Linings Costumes, at half price.
- Ladies' Jackets and Mantles at less than cost.
- White Saxony Flannel at 20c per yard.
- White Canton Flannel at 5c per yard up.
- Eider Flannels, in all colors, 40c per yard.
- Children's Cashmere Hose from 15c a pair up.
- Ladies' Cashmere Hose 25c.
- Ladies' French Kid Gloves, every pair guaranteed; worth \$1.50, for \$1 a pair.
- Ladies' and Children's Hemmed Handkerchiefs, from 5c up.
- Linen Roller Traveling from 5c a yard up.
- Checked Linen Glass Toweling 5c a yard up.
- White Linen Table Damask, 35c a yard up.
- Turkey Red Table Damask, 35c a yard up.
- White Table Oil Cloth, 25c a yard.
- Carpets, in Tapestry, Brussels, Wilton, Velvet and Axminster, at extremely low prices.
- Chenille and Tapestry Curtains from \$2.75 a pair up.
- White Wool Blankets from \$2 a pair up.
- Large Size Wool Comforts, \$1.50 each.
- White Quilts, large size, worth \$1 for 65c each.
- All Carpets sewed and laid free of charge.
- Butterick Patterns

WRITE FOR SAMPLES

Moreover, it was to him that Jameson surrendered at Doornkop, and his ill-faith in the matter has been clearly demonstrated. Neither flag of truce nor armistice nor the usages of civilized warfare are respected by him. He is very popular among the more violent of the Boers because of his rabid anti-British sentiments.

#### COME WEST, GEORGE DEWEY.

Spokane Chronicle.  
Come west, George Dewey. Come to Spokane where folks know how to appreciate a man of brains and nerve. Shake off that gang of parasites at Washington, D. C.—tell them to take their old house and make a bonfire of it—come west, George; come west.

Come west, where the people are too busy to chase every bit of lying gossip; come west, where women, be they brides or widows, are honored, not defamed; come west, where the people are too generous to think the presence of a two-bit shuck gives them strings on a man for life; come west, where young fellows are expected to hustle for themselves instead of dreaming about the red-hot will contests they can have when daddy dies.

The east is too slow for you, George; it's too stingy; it's too fond of tattle; it's too envious of any man who makes a lucky stroke of fortune; it is too narrow in its horizon; too badly cramped in its opportunities for men to make headway; too desperately afraid that if it spends a dollar that it will never get another—that's the reason, George, why it can't invest 15 cents in glory and patriotism and sentiment without demanding its money back.

It's different out here, admiral. There are chances all around us for men to win fortunes instead of clerkships; there are stories all around us of discovery and adventure and wonderful progress, that are far more thrilling than the boarding-house scandals of the capital; there are men all around us, George, who have won success by coolness, brains and daring, just as truly as you won it at Manila bay—and we would swap them for all the cheap politicians you could crowd into the District of Columbia on inauguration day.

Come west, George, and brings Mrs. Dewey—come to Spokane and buy a house of your own on Cannon hill or Summit boulevard or Browne's addition; and so long as you mind your own business we guarantee the folks will treat you white.

#### ARCHITECTS.

EDWART & CARRIE—Architects, Rooms 7 and 8 Ab erdeen block, Baker street, Nelson.

### Kootenay Cigar Manufacturing Company

MANUFACTURERS OF UNION MADE CIGARS

DEAR SIR: As some Eastern made Royal Seal cigars are being sold in our city, reports are being circulated that they come from my factory, I have for the protection of yourselves and myself cured the Pacific Coast Union Label in addition to the International Union Label, and in future all cigars sent from this factory will be both labels.

This is only a fair protection to our home industry and I trust with your continued patronage I shall be able to keep a staff of twenty men employed during the winter. Hoping you will in future see that the two labels are all boxes you buy, I remain Yours truly,

Kootenay Cigar Manufacturing

THOMAS J. SIMS, Manager

#### PRINTING WITHOUT INK.

The English trade papers have within the past six months devoted considerable space to the discussion of printing without ink, a subject which has considerable interest to all who are engaged in making books, whether they be papermakers, printers or publishers. The basis of the scheme is an invention for printing by an electrical process, the patents covering which have been acquired by an English corporation.

From what can be gathered from the various printed accounts, the printing by this method is effected without the use of ink in any form, by simply bringing the plate in contact with chemically dampened paper, linen, silk, wood, or other material, the result being a good, clear impression, the density of which can be varied as desired. The print obtained by this process resembles in clearness a copper-plate or litho-engraving, and is obtained in a more simple manner than by letter-press printing. The ordinary printers' type blocks, forms, stereotypes or electrotypes, constitute in themselves a suitable printing surface, and may be used in a similar way, merely coming in contact with the dampened paper to form the print.

The chemical additions to the paper which make it susceptible to the electric current are to be added to the pulp, and are said to be so cheap as to cause no appreciable increase in cost. The paper does not depreciate by keeping in stock, and can be supplied to the printer in the usual form of flat reams and in reels. It is the intention of the patentees to grant licenses on moderate terms to papermakers, so that there will be no necessity for changing the usual source of supply. The saving to those who adopt electrical printing will be primarily in the cost of the ink and in time and labor.

It is claimed that all printing presses now in use can be adapted, at a small cost, for electrical inkless printing. The only changes will be to leave off the rollers and all movable parts of the inking arrangement, fit a thin sheet of fine rolled zinc around the cylinder as a conductor, connect the negative and positive poles from the electrical supply of the press, and it is ready to print. The same electric motor that drives the printing press will also supply the current for printing.

#### A Story of Kruger.

President Kruger is minus the thumb of his left hand. In his youth it was badly wounded, and rather than nurse the troublesome member he cut it off. Some time ago, in discussing the present

situation, and wishing to illustrate how he would do with sir Alfred Milner, as he had with his predecessors, he began with the little finger of his left hand. "I was too much for sir George Gray." Then, annotating with his third finger. "I was too much for sir Howard Berkeley." Passing to the middle finger: "I was too much for sir Bartle Frere." Next with the index finger: "I was too much for sir Hercules Robinson, and I shall be too much for sir—alle manget!" he exclaimed, for he had come to the place of the missing thumb. The incident is said to have depressed him not a little, as he is very superstitious.

#### RUINED BY SOLITAIRE.

Buffalo Express.

Patrolman Carr's beat took in the railway tracks and the strip of beach near the foot of Georgia street, so, yesterday morning about 3 o'clock, he walked down in that region to hear the waves wash up on the sand and see that such freight cars as stood about were not being looted. All was well. But to reassure himself he walked between two strings of cars. As he drew alongside one he was surprised to see a faint light shining through the door, which was partly open. He tiptoed to the door and peered in.

Sitting on the floor near one end of the car, his legs crossed, was a bearded man. On the floor two feet in front of him was a tallow candle, shedding the best light it could. Directly in front of him were three rows of cards, and in his hands were several more cards. His hair was long and it dangled down to his eyebrows. His beard was red, sprinkled with gray. He seemed wrapped in the profoundest thought. Exterior noises did not disturb him. He played on, slowly and deliberately. He was playing solitaire.

Patrolman Carr watched in silence several moments. At length he pushed the door wide open and crawled into the car. The stranger looked up for an instant, but went on with his play.

"What's the trouble here?"

"Just wait a few minutes, won't you?" returned the elderly man, keeping his gaze on the cards.

Carr paused to smile at the man's presumption.

"I know what you are," the stranger said; "you're a policeman and—jerk, that's it, now a queen, ah!—I say you're a policeman and you're after me an—seven, eight, good!—I say after me and I'll go—"

"How long have you been crazy?" interjected Carr.

"Not at all, sir, but you see this soli-

taire's a great game—now a ten, that's it—and once you're interested in it, well, it's a bad habit—there's an ace—

"Are you nearly through?"

"Through in a minute. Now, please don't disturb me. It looks as though it's coming out this time—now a king, ha-a-a—you know a man can play this years and—but wait a minute now and I'll be right through."

Carr stood idly by. The stranger slowly deposited several cards on several small heaps; at length paused, scowled, gathered up all the cards in sight and arose.

"All ready," he said, stepping beside the officer; "I'm at your pleasure. The thing fooled me. How long will I get?"

"Perhaps five days, and perhaps five months."

"Well, either'll do."

At the station house the prisoner said he was William Frawley, once of Baltimore, but more recently of the world at large. He admitted he was a tramp and said he owed his downfall to the game of solitaire. He had played it so much that

he had failed in business and lost a job. Finally, he took to the road and now he has all the time he wants to play the game. He was sent to the penitentiary yesterday for five days on a charge of being a tramp.

#### A Boer That Has Earned Ill-fame.

Pieter Arnoldus Cronje, commandant of the Boers besieging Mafeking, has earned considerable ill-fame. He was notorious first of all for his action in connection with the sale of Bezuidenhout's effects at Potchefstroom, when he rushed up to the sheriff, pulled him off a wagon and kicked him, saying, "Away with you, you government officials, we don't acknowledge you." It was his men who fired the first shot at Potchefstroom which brought on the last war. He is notorious for his treachery. Despite the fact that he knew of the armistice and that supplies had been sent for the beleaguered garrison at Potchefstroom, he neither gave the garrison notice thereof nor did he admit the supplies. The operations during this siege were conducted with unusual brutality, and the blame rested upon him.

BANK OF MONTREAL
Capital, all paid up, \$12,000,000
Rest, 6,000,000

LORD STRATHCONA AND MT ROYAL, President
Hon. GEO. A. DRUMMOND, Vice-President
E. S. CLOUSTON, General Manager

NELSON BRANCH
N. W. Cor. Baker and Stanley Streets.

BRANCHES IN
LONDON (England), NEW YORK, CHICAGO
and in the principal cities in Canada.

SAVINGS BANK BRANCH
CURRENT RATE OF INTEREST PAID

Two Minds Changed.

A young couple in a Lancashire village had been courting for several years. The young man one day said to the woman: "Sall, I canna marry thee."

"How's that?" asked she. "I've changed my mind," said he. "Well, I'll tell you what we'll do," said she.

The day came, and when the minister said: "Wilt thou have this woman to be thy wedded wife?" the man answered: "I will."

Then the parson said to the woman: "Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

"Wilt thou have this man to be thy wedded husband?" I shall say 'I willna.'"

THE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA NELSON

Is now prepared to issue Drafts and Letters of Credit on Skaguay, U. S., Atlin, B. C., and Dawson City, Yukon District.

wedded husband?" And she said: "I will."

"Why," said the young man furiously, you said you would say 'I willna.'"

"I know that," said the young woman, "but I've changed my mind since."

Queer, if True.

The town of Pelzer, South Carolina, is perhaps the queerest municipality in America. According to major Charles Smith, the author, who went to Pelzer on a lecturing tour, the town is one of 7000 inhabitants, and every foot of land is owned and controlled by a southern cotton-mill corporation.

Whereas, it has been agreed between the Corporation of the City of Nelson and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company that the said Corporation should convey such Streets and Alleys so stopped up and closed to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and also exempting said Railway Company from taxation.

Whereas, it has been agreed between the Corporation of the City of Nelson and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company that the said Corporation should convey such Streets and Alleys so stopped up and closed to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and also exempting said Railway Company from taxation.

Whereas, it has been agreed between the Corporation of the City of Nelson and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company that the said Corporation should convey such Streets and Alleys so stopped up and closed to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and also exempting said Railway Company from taxation.

Whereas, it has been agreed between the Corporation of the City of Nelson and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company that the said Corporation should convey such Streets and Alleys so stopped up and closed to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and also exempting said Railway Company from taxation.

Whereas, it has been agreed between the Corporation of the City of Nelson and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company that the said Corporation should convey such Streets and Alleys so stopped up and closed to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and also exempting said Railway Company from taxation.

Whereas, it has been agreed between the Corporation of the City of Nelson and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company that the said Corporation should convey such Streets and Alleys so stopped up and closed to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and also exempting said Railway Company from taxation.

Whereas, it has been agreed between the Corporation of the City of Nelson and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company that the said Corporation should convey such Streets and Alleys so stopped up and closed to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and also exempting said Railway Company from taxation.

Whereas, it has been agreed between the Corporation of the City of Nelson and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company that the said Corporation should convey such Streets and Alleys so stopped up and closed to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and also exempting said Railway Company from taxation.

Whereas, it has been agreed between the Corporation of the City of Nelson and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company that the said Corporation should convey such Streets and Alleys so stopped up and closed to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and also exempting said Railway Company from taxation.

Whereas, it has been agreed between the Corporation of the City of Nelson and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company that the said Corporation should convey such Streets and Alleys so stopped up and closed to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and also exempting said Railway Company from taxation.

Whereas, it has been agreed between the Corporation of the City of Nelson and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company that the said Corporation should convey such Streets and Alleys so stopped up and closed to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and also exempting said Railway Company from taxation.

Whereas, it has been agreed between the Corporation of the City of Nelson and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company that the said Corporation should convey such Streets and Alleys so stopped up and closed to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and also exempting said Railway Company from taxation.

Whereas, it has been agreed between the Corporation of the City of Nelson and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company that the said Corporation should convey such Streets and Alleys so stopped up and closed to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and also exempting said Railway Company from taxation.

Whereas, it has been agreed between the Corporation of the City of Nelson and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company that the said Corporation should convey such Streets and Alleys so stopped up and closed to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and also exempting said Railway Company from taxation.

Whereas, it has been agreed between the Corporation of the City of Nelson and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company that the said Corporation should convey such Streets and Alleys so stopped up and closed to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and also exempting said Railway Company from taxation.

Whereas, it has been agreed between the Corporation of the City of Nelson and the Canadian Pacific Railway Company that the said Corporation should convey such Streets and Alleys so stopped up and closed to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company, and also exempting said Railway Company from taxation.

currency thereof, and it shall be expressed in said Debentures and coupons to be so payable.
5. It shall be lawful for the Mayor of said Corporation to negotiate and sell the said Debentures or any of them for less than par; but in no case shall the said Debentures or any of them be negotiated or sold for less than ninety-five per centum of their face value, including the cost of negotiating and sale, brokerage and all incidental expenses.

There shall be raised and levied in each year during the currency of said Debentures the sum of three hundred and sixty dollars for the purpose of paying the interest and the sum of one hundred and forty dollars and sixty-five cents for the payment of the debt due under the said Debentures by a rate levied thereon on all the rateable land in the said Municipality.

7. It shall be lawful for the said Municipal Council to re-purchase any of the said Debentures upon such terms as may be agreed upon with the legal holder or holders thereof, or any part thereof, either at the time of sale or any subsequent time or times, and all Debentures so re-purchased shall forthwith be cancelled and destroyed, and no re-issues of Debentures so repurchased shall be made in consequence of such repurchase.

8. This By-law shall take effect on the seventh day of December A.D. 1899.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed By-law which has been presented to the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Nelson, signed by the Mayor of said Corporation, for the East Ward at the Fire Hall on Josephine street; for the West Ward at the office of the Excelsior Gold Mining Company on the north side of Baker street, between Stanley and Kootenay streets, in the City of Nelson, on Tuesday, the fifth day of December next, between the hours of 8 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m.

Nelson, B. C., November 22nd, 1899.

K. STRACHAN, City Clerk.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed By-law which has been presented to the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Nelson, signed by the Mayor of said Corporation, for the East Ward at the Fire Hall on Josephine street; for the West Ward at the office of the Excelsior Gold Mining Company on the north side of Baker street, between Stanley and Kootenay streets, in the City of Nelson, on Tuesday, the fifth day of December next, between the hours of 8 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m.

Nelson, B. C., November 22nd, 1899.

K. STRACHAN, City Clerk.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed By-law which has been presented to the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Nelson, signed by the Mayor of said Corporation, for the East Ward at the Fire Hall on Josephine street; for the West Ward at the office of the Excelsior Gold Mining Company on the north side of Baker street, between Stanley and Kootenay streets, in the City of Nelson, on Tuesday, the fifth day of December next, between the hours of 8 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m.

Nelson, B. C., November 22nd, 1899.

K. STRACHAN, City Clerk.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed By-law which has been presented to the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Nelson, signed by the Mayor of said Corporation, for the East Ward at the Fire Hall on Josephine street; for the West Ward at the office of the Excelsior Gold Mining Company on the north side of Baker street, between Stanley and Kootenay streets, in the City of Nelson, on Tuesday, the fifth day of December next, between the hours of 8 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m.

Nelson, B. C., November 22nd, 1899.

K. STRACHAN, City Clerk.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed By-law which has been presented to the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Nelson, signed by the Mayor of said Corporation, for the East Ward at the Fire Hall on Josephine street; for the West Ward at the office of the Excelsior Gold Mining Company on the north side of Baker street, between Stanley and Kootenay streets, in the City of Nelson, on Tuesday, the fifth day of December next, between the hours of 8 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m.

Nelson, B. C., November 22nd, 1899.

K. STRACHAN, City Clerk.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed By-law which has been presented to the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Nelson, signed by the Mayor of said Corporation, for the East Ward at the Fire Hall on Josephine street; for the West Ward at the office of the Excelsior Gold Mining Company on the north side of Baker street, between Stanley and Kootenay streets, in the City of Nelson, on Tuesday, the fifth day of December next, between the hours of 8 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m.

Nelson, B. C., November 22nd, 1899.

K. STRACHAN, City Clerk.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed By-law which has been presented to the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Nelson, signed by the Mayor of said Corporation, for the East Ward at the Fire Hall on Josephine street; for the West Ward at the office of the Excelsior Gold Mining Company on the north side of Baker street, between Stanley and Kootenay streets, in the City of Nelson, on Tuesday, the fifth day of December next, between the hours of 8 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m.

Nelson, B. C., November 22nd, 1899.

K. STRACHAN, City Clerk.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed By-law which has been presented to the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Nelson, signed by the Mayor of said Corporation, for the East Ward at the Fire Hall on Josephine street; for the West Ward at the office of the Excelsior Gold Mining Company on the north side of Baker street, between Stanley and Kootenay streets, in the City of Nelson, on Tuesday, the fifth day of December next, between the hours of 8 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m.

Nelson, B. C., November 22nd, 1899.

K. STRACHAN, City Clerk.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed By-law which has been presented to the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Nelson, signed by the Mayor of said Corporation, for the East Ward at the Fire Hall on Josephine street; for the West Ward at the office of the Excelsior Gold Mining Company on the north side of Baker street, between Stanley and Kootenay streets, in the City of Nelson, on Tuesday, the fifth day of December next, between the hours of 8 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m.

Nelson, B. C., November 22nd, 1899.

K. STRACHAN, City Clerk.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed By-law which has been presented to the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Nelson, signed by the Mayor of said Corporation, for the East Ward at the Fire Hall on Josephine street; for the West Ward at the office of the Excelsior Gold Mining Company on the north side of Baker street, between Stanley and Kootenay streets, in the City of Nelson, on Tuesday, the fifth day of December next, between the hours of 8 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m.

Nelson, B. C., November 22nd, 1899.

K. STRACHAN, City Clerk.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed By-law which has been presented to the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the City of Nelson, signed by the Mayor of said Corporation, for the East Ward at the Fire Hall on Josephine street; for the West Ward at the office of the Excelsior Gold Mining Company on the north side of Baker street, between Stanley and Kootenay streets, in the City of Nelson, on Tuesday, the fifth day of December next, between the hours of 8 o'clock a. m. and 4 o'clock p. m.

Nelson, B. C., November 22nd, 1899.

K. STRACHAN, City Clerk.

NOTICE.

The Tremont Hotel
MALONE & TREGILLUS
PROPRIETORS

Headquarters for Miners and Prospectors

THE BEST BRANDS OF

Liquors and Cigars

ALWAYS ON HAND

One of the best and most popular hotels in Nelson.

QUEEN'S HOTEL

BAKER STREET, NELSON.

Heated with Hot Air and Lighted by Electricity

Large comfortable bedrooms and first-class dining room. Sample rooms for commercial men.

RATES \$2 PER DAY

Mrs. E. C. CLARKE, Prop.

Late of the Royal Hotel, Calgary.

Hotel Hume

H. D. HUME, Manager.

The finest hotel in the interior. Large sample rooms. Steam heat and electric light.

CORNER OF WARD AND VERNON STS., NELSON

Madden House

BAKER AND WARD STREETS, NELSON

The only hotel in Nelson that has remained under one management since 1850.

The bar is always stocked by the best imported and imported liquors and cigars.

THOMAS MADDEN, Proprietor.

Large and well lighted. Heated by hot air. Reasonable rates. Sample rooms. Electric bells and light in every room. Renovated and refurnished throughout.

HOTEL VICTORIA

J. V. PERKS, Proprietor.

Free bus meets all trains. Revellstoke, B. C. Hourly street car station. Night Grill Room in connection, for the convenience of guests arriving and departing by night trains.

B. C. HOTEL

ERIE, B. C.

First-class in every respect. Choicest wines, liquors and cigars. Every comfort for transient and resident guests.

HEADQUARTERS FOR UNION MEN.

JOSEPH CAMPBELL, Proprietor.

GOAL! GOAL!

GREAT REDUCTION

HARD COAL \$9.65 CROW'S ANTHRACITE \$8.15

DELIVERED

TELEPHONE 33 C. W. West & Co.

WHOLESALE

Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Green, Fruits, Cured Meats, Vegetables

SHIPPERS OF THE EARLY BREAKFAST BRAND OF EGGS

Full stocks carried at Nelson and Rossland. Mail orders solicited.

LODGE MEETINGS.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS - Nelson Lodge, No. 25, Knights of Pythias, meets in I. O. O. F. Hall, corner Baker and Kootenay streets, every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting Knights cordially invited to attend. T. LILLIE, C. C. R. G. JOY, K. of R. S.

NELSON LODGE NO. 23, A. F. & A. M. Meets second Wednesday in each month. Sojourning brethren invited.

NELSON L. O. L. No. 1092, meets in I. O. O. F. Hall, corner Baker and Kootenay streets, 1st and 3rd Friday of each month. Visiting brethren cordially invited.

JOHN TOYE, W. M. F. J. BRADLEY, Rec. Sec.

NELSON ARIE, Number 22, Fraternal Order of Eagles, meets every second and fourth Wednesday in each month in Fraternity Hall. Visiting brethren welcome. J. IRVING, President. J. R. WRAY, Secretary.

NELSON MINERS' UNION NO. 95, W. F. of 31, meets in K. I. P. room, Fraternity Hall, the first and third Saturday evenings in each month at 8 o'clock. Visiting members welcome. JAMES WILKS, Secy. CHAS. A. MCKAY, Pres.

And I want to be in it. I have just received full samples of Suitings and Overcoatings representing a \$50,000 stock to choose from made to your order at a price never before heard of in Nelson. All the latest fashions in Fancy Vestings for Fall and winter. Ladies' tailoring in all its branches a specialty. Our Special Blend, 6 pounds, 1.00. Our Rio Roast, 6 pounds, 1.00. Lowest prices. Rooms 1 and 11, Hillier block.

A trial order solicited.

Salerooms 2 Doors East of Oddfellows Block, West Baker Street

HAVE YOU EVER SLEPT ON THE OSTERMOOR ELASTIC FELT MATTRESSES

IF NOT YOU HAVE MISSED HALF THE PLEASURE OF LIFE

D. McARTHUR & CO. BAKER ST. NELSON

WE HAVE THESE MATTRESSES IN STOCK

THE NELSON SAW & PLANING MILLS, Ltd.

We have a stock of one and a half million feet of logs at our mill and are prepared to cut all kinds of dimension timber and ship to all points on Kootenay Lake by scows or steamers, also by rail to all points on the Canadian Pacific or Nelson and Fort Sheppard railways. In stock rough and dressed lumber, shingles, mouldings, sash, doors, newels, turned verandah posts. Glass of all sizes. Factory work of all kinds done to order.

THE NELSON SAW & PLANING MILLS, Ltd.

OFFICE AND MILLS CORNER HALL AND FRONT STS., NELSON.

THE NELSON SAW & PLANING MILLS, Ltd.

OFFICE AND MILLS CORNER HALL AND FRONT STS., NELSON.

THE NELSON SAW & PLANING MILLS, Ltd.

OFFICE AND MILLS CORNER HALL AND FRONT STS., NELSON.

THE NELSON SAW & PLANING MILLS, Ltd.

OFFICE AND MILLS CORNER HALL AND FRONT STS., NELSON.

THE NELSON SAW

The only house in Kootenay carrying full lines of

W. F. Teetzel & Co. Wholesale Druggists Assayers' Supplies

SCALES FURNACES BRUNTONS TRANSITS SCORIFIERS

CRUCIBLES MUFFLES FLUXES OF ALL KINDS

Baker Street, Nelson, B. C.

Gentlemen

SEE GILKER FOR UNDERWEAR HE HAS SEVERAL LINES THAT ARE WORLD BEATERS

J. A. GILKER

THE OLD P. O. STORE

Headquarters

For all kinds of Rubber Goods and Winter Clothing

THEO MADSON Baker Street

One Price to all

COAL COAL COAL Who Wants Coal?

Best Roslyn Coal \$9.50 per Ton

Leave Orders With Cash Gamble & O'Reilly, Agents

Horses for Sale

The Rossland Warehouse and Transfer Company have just received a carload of young, well-matched teams...

Studebaker Wagons and Sensible Sleds For Sale

WARD BROS.

REAL ESTATE AND GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS

On application we will quote you rates on Fire, Life, Accident and Plate Glass Insurance.

Agents for J. and J. Taylor Safes. FOR SALE--Business and Residential Property.

25 by 120 with improvements, south side Vernon street... 70 by 120 corner of Baker and Hall streets...

For Residential Property you could not do better than invest in Fairview, commonly known as Bogustown...

For particulars apply to above firm, West Baker Street, Nelson.

Wanted--A situation by a hardware clerk in hardware store; six years experience...

Xmas Fruit Cake

NOW IN SHOW WINDOW AT VIENNA BAKERY

Leave your orders early and we will guarantee to supply you with the best article to be had in the city.

E. HURRY, PROPRIETOR

The "Wonder"

For trimmings just opened. Grebe skins, sable tails and beads for millinery purposes...

NOTICE The British Columbia Southern Railway Company will apply to the parliament of Canada at its next session...

By order of the board, H. CAMPBELL OSWALD, Secretary, Montreal, 17th November, 1899.

Wanted--Six boys to strip tobacco. 8 cents a pound. Apply Kootenay Cigar Factory.

To Let--Nicely furnished rooms; electric light; furnace heat; bath. Apply northeast corner Lake and Cedar streets.

Office boy wanted who can typewrite. Apply to Bowes & Wragge, Nelson.

THE CITY WHARF.

C. W. West is not content with the action of the city council in sidetracking the matter of repairing the city wharf...

BUSINESS MENTION.

Offices to Let--Two offices in Turner-Hoek block. Enquire room 7 in building.

Lost--On Tuesday, on Baker or Stanley streets, a purse containing nineteen odd dollars...

For Rent--A store on Vernon street, opposite The Tribune office. \$10 a month. Apply to E. Kilby.

The Ladies' Aid of the Presbyterian church will hold their annual sale the 29th and 30th of November...

Prepare for the winter by building up the system with Joy's Home-Made Bread.

For Sale--On easy terms the Royal Hotel, Stanley street. For particulars apply R. S. McLeod, P. O. box 88.

The latest thing out. Patent luminous gold glass signs, name plates and street numbers...

Furnished rooms to let. Apply to Mrs. L. M. Jameson, Carney Block, Baker street west.

Patenaude Bros.

ARTISTIC JEWELRY CHASTE AND BEAUTIFUL NOTHING BUT THE BEST

AT

PATENAUDE BROS.

BAKER STREET, NELSON

Wholesale Houses

NELSON B. C.

GROCERIES.

A. MACDONALD & CO.--Corner Vernon and Josephine streets, wholesale grocers and jobbers in blankets, crochets, boots, rubbers, mackinaws and miners' sundries.

KOOTENAY SUPPLY COMPANY, LIMITED--Vernon street, Nelson, wholesale grocers.

JOHN CHODITCH & CO.--Front street, Nelson, wholesale grocers.

FRESH AND SALT MEATS.

P. BURNS & CO.--Baker street, Nelson, wholesale dealers in fresh and cured meats. Cold storage.

HARDWARE AND MINING SUPPLIES.

H. BYERS & CO.--Corner Baker and Josephine streets, Nelson, wholesale dealers in hardware and mining supplies. Agents for...

LAWRENCE HARDWARE COMPANY--Baker St., Nelson, wholesale dealers in hardware and mining supplies, and water and plumbers' supplies.

VANCOUVER HARDWARE COMPANY, LIMITED--Baker street, Nelson, wholesale dealers in hardware and mining supplies, plumbers and tinmiths' supplies.

REFRIGERATED AND MINERAL WATERS.

THORPE & CO., LIMITED, Corner Vernon and Cedar streets, Nelson, manufacturers of and wholesale dealers in bottled waters and fruit syrups. Sole agents for Halcay Springs mineral water.

ASSAYERS' SUPPLIES.

W. F. TEETZEL & CO.--Corner Baker and Josephine streets, Nelson, wholesale dealers in assayers' supplies. Agents for Denver Fire Clay Co. of Denver, Colorado.

CIGARS.

KOOTENAY CIGAR MANUFACTURING CO.--Corner Baker and Hall streets, Nelson, manufacturers of "Royal Seal" and "Kootenay Belle" brands of cigars.

COAL.

CROW'S NEST PASS COAL COMPANY--Wholesale dealers in coal and coke. Charles St. Barbo, Agent, Baker street, Nelson.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

H. J. EVANS & CO.--Baker street, Nelson, wholesale dealers in liquors, cigars, cement, fire brick and fire clay, water pipe and steel rails, and general commission merchants.

FLOUR AND FEED.

BRACKMAN & KIRK MILLING COMPANY LTD., Front street, Nelson, wholesale dealers in flour, oatmeal, etc., and in hay and grain. Mills at Edmonton, Victoria, and New Westminster.

LIQUORS AND DRY GOODS.

TURNER, HERTON & CO.--Corner Vernon and Josephine streets, Nelson, wholesale dealers in liquors, cigars and dry goods. Agents for Babst Brewing Co. of Milwaukee and Calgary Brewing Co. of Calgary.

PAINTS AND OILS.

NELSON HARDWARE COMPANY--Baker Street--Wholesale dealers in paints, oils, and brushes of all kinds. Largest stock in Kootenay.

POWDER, CAPS AND FUSE.

HAMILTON POWDER COMPANY--Baker street, Nelson, manufacturers of dynamite, sporting, stumping and black blasting powders, wholesale dealers in caps and fuse, and electric blasting apparatus.

PROVISIONS, PRODUCE AND FRUITS.

PARSONS PRODUCE COMPANY--Vernon street, Nelson, wholesale dealers in provisions, produce, and fruits. Agents for Swift & Co. bacon and hams.

J. Y. GRIFFIN & CO.--Corner Vernon and Josephine streets, Nelson, wholesale dealers in provisions, cured meats, butter and eggs.

F. M. STEWART & CO.--Warehouses on C. P. R. track, E. end of Stanley street, Nelson, wholesale dealers in provisions, produce and fruits. Cold storage. Agents Armour & Co's bacon, hams, lard and other products.

MANITOBA PRODUCE AND COMMISSION CO., Ltd.--Nelson branch, Hall street. Wholesale dealers in butter, eggs and cheese.

SASH AND DOORS.

NELSON SAW AND PLANING MILLS, LIMITED--Corner Front and Hall streets, Nelson, manufacturers of and wholesale dealers in sash and doors; all kinds of factory work made to order.

WINES AND CIGARS.

CALIFORNIA WINE COMPANY, LIMITED--Corner Front and Hall streets, Nelson, wholesale dealers in wines (cassid and bulk) and domestic and imported cigars.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

AT THE HOME--E. Mansfield, Treadwell mine; R. McGuire and H. P. Sullivan, Molly Gibson mine; D. W. Moore, Trail; J. Frank Colwell, Wellesley, Mass; J. D. Moore, Kaslo; John D. Purdom, Hamilton; R. D. Turner, Montreal; W. W. Moyss, Toronto; Angus Allan, Calgary; F. M. O'Brien, Yellowstone mine; A. McKillop, St. Hyacinthe; George Strachan, Toronto.

AT THE PHAIR--Mrs. Robinson and Mrs. McCann, Spokane; W. S. Crone, Montreal; A. Macdonald, Winnipeg; J. B. Ferguson, Vancouver.

AT THE MADDEX--W. W. Browner, Ymir; W. J. Teneri, Greenwood.

AT THE TREMONT--M. George and R. A. Peterson, Greenwood.

AT THE QUEEN'S--A. S. Smith, Robson; Mrs. J. R. Hunnex, Erie; James Jones, Vancouver.

AT THE GRAND CENTRAL--W. N. Brayton, Kaslo; L. E. Collin Bronson and C. F. Smith, Galesburg, Illinois; P. E. Simpson, Slocan City; E. S. Hollinger, Kokanee creek; Thomas Egan and John Stuart, Molly Gibson mine; R. C. Fisher and wife, Fernie; E. Preston, London, England; Clara Chester, Duluth; A. P. Robinson, Indian Head.

Carpenters Organize.

A meeting of the carpenters of the city was held last evening for the purpose of perfecting their organization. There were upwards of forty present, and they elected the following officers: R. Robinson, president; G. J. Thorpe, vice-president; J. Colling, recording secretary; J. Martin, financial secretary; W. Calbeck, treasurer, and J. M. Lindgren, marshal. After considerable discussion of the scale of wages, it was decided to notify the contractors in the city that on and after December 1st the scale for carpenters would be fixed at \$3.50 per day of nine hours. Another meeting will be held in Mr. Fox's carpenter shop on Silica street, opposite the Club hotel, on Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock, at which all the carpenters in the city are requested to attend.

The C. P. R. is Becoming Liberal.

Assistant city engineer Dill has looked over the Columbia & Kootenay reserve with a view to selecting a 40-acre tract for the corporation in lieu of the present recreation grounds. It is said that he favors a location about a mile and a quarter from the center of the city, which will include McLeod's ranch and some Chinese gardens. The Canadian Pacific Railway Company has agreed to give the local tramway company a half interest in the remainder of the grant upon condition of the tramway company extending its line to the property and maintaining a service.

From and after today THE TRIBUNE will be delivered by carrier to any part of Nelson, the Home edition, and Bogustown. Rates: \$1 per month; \$3 for three months; \$5 for six months; \$10 for one year. One-half the above rates if delivered at the post office. Payable in advance.

WE ARE SCORING ANOTHER GREAT SUCCESS

in the sale of the stock of goods which we purchased from the stores of Messrs. Foley Brothers & Larsen at their construction camp at Creston. The reductions which we advertise are genuine. We can afford to make them because we purchased the greater part of the stock at

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS ON THE DOLLAR

The same is true in a measure with the bankrupt stock of Crawford & McMillan, which we have been working off for some time. This week we will add a new feature, offering

SPECIAL BARGAINS IN BOY'S SUITS

These values cannot be touched by any clothing house in Kootenay. We have cut the price fairly in two and are offering boy's suits at \$2.50, which were invoiced at \$5.

MEN'S HEAVY WEAR

we have still good bargains to offer. We have a few more pairs of men's heavy shoes at \$1.50, regular price \$3; Silver State overalls at 50 cents, regular price \$1; men's tweed suits at \$7, regular price \$12.50; men's heavy all-wool tweed pants at \$2, regular price \$3.50. In order to clear out our store of

LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S CAPES AND JACKETS

we have marked these goods down to cost. We have capes and jackets from \$3.50 up to \$10.

A. Ferland & Co.

ELLIOT BLOCK, BAKER STREET, NELSON.

Stoves! Stoves!

WE HAVE THE FINEST LINE OF

Coal Heaters

EVER DISPLAYED IN KOOTENAY DISTRICT

SOLE AGENTS FOR THE FAMOUS

Cole's Hot Blast Heater

Our claims for this heater is that it is adapted to any kind of coal, CROW'S NEST, LETH-



BRIDGE, or ANTHRACITE, burning all kinds equally well. Not requiring the attention of an ordinary coal heater. Economical, durable and simple in construction. See our Steel Ranges for hard and soft coal or wood.

H. Byers & Co.

NELSON KASLO SANDON

ARE YOU BURNING UP MONEY

Because Your Stove or Range Cannot be Regulated to Save Fuel?

IT WILL PAY YOU

TO EXAMINE OUR NEW STOCK OF STOVES AND RANGES

The saving in fuel effected will soon equal the cost of the range. It can be so quickly and easily regulated that there need be no waste of heat or fuel. New patented improvements offer you more convenience and comfort than you'll find in any other range.

TWO CAR LOADS TO SELECT FROM

LAWRENCE HARDWARE CO.

Christmas is Coming Have you your Supplies?

We have in and open all your Xmas wants?

What we ask is for you and your friends to come in and see us first. An oversight in this matter means simply your losing many dollars.

Headquarters for the famous Rosemary Mince-meat in 25 pound pails and 1 pound packages.

Fresh nuts, raisins, currants, candid peel, figs, fruit, and all the best that can be procured at rock bottom prices.

The leading house in Groceries, Crockery, and Glassware.

Kirkpatrick & Wilson

P. O. BOX K. & W. BAKER STREET TELEPHONE 10.

Ladies all Talk...

About Dominion Baking Powder. It is doing wonderful work for them. We have had it thoroughly tested and we are now in a position to guarantee it to be equally as good as any high-priced powder or money back. Put up in 1-2, 1, and 5 pound tins.

New Raisins, Currants, Peels, Figs, Nuts, and C. & C. for your Christmas cake will be here in a few days. Wait for them.

M. DesBrisay & Co.

An Appetizing Breakfast

FITS A MAN FOR WORK.

Try our Government Creamery Butter, J. Y. Griffin & Co's Hams and Bacon, Brackman & Ker's Rolled Oats and Cornmeal, Almonte Milling Co's Self Raising Buckwheat Flour.

John A. Irving & Co.

Baker Street West, Nelson

Strachan Bros.

PLUMBERS, ETC. OPERA HOUSE BLOCK