CENTRAL AND NORTHERN KOOTENAY
Have more silver-lead mines and prospects than any other mining country in the world.

Provincial Library 1 July 99

The Tribune

SOUTHERN KOOTENAY AND YALE
Have the largest gold-copper mines ever discovered, and their output will be millions for years.

DAILY EDITION:
FIRST YEAR---NO. 54.

NELSON, B. C., TUESDAY AFTERNOON, MARCH 7, 1899.

WEEKLY EDITION:
SEVENTH YEAR---NO. 15.

SITUATION IN THE PHILIPPINES

Remains About the Same.

Manilla, March 27—11.25 a. m.—At daylight this morning the enemy was discovered trying to mount a gun across the river from San Pedro, and the Sixth artillery promptly shelled the rebel battery, temporarily stopping work. The enemy poured a fusilade of musketry across the river, but a gunboat moved up and cleared the banks of the stream with rapid-fire guns. All was quiet during the night.

Postoffices have been established at Negros, Cebu and Iloilo, and the clerks left yesterday for their respective posts by the steamer Espana.

Manila, March 7—2 50 p.m.—While the rebels had concentrated their forces with the evident purpose of attacking the waterworks, no direct attempt was made to capture the American position there. The detachments from Hale's and Wheaton's brigades cleared the country today.

New York, March 7.—A despatch to the Tribune from Washington says: Renewed interest in the situation in the Philippines is awakened by the establishment at Manila of the civilian members of the commission which has been designated by the president to represent him in the archipelago. The speculation regarding the duties of this commission, and the authority it will have in the colonial government, are set at rest by the publication of the order issued by the president to the secretary of state. It will be noted that the military government of the islands under general Otis will be continued without interference until congress makes other provisions, and that the powers of the commission, while important, are largely advisory. The order says: In order to facilitate the most humane, specific and effective extension of authority throughout these islands, and to secure with the least possible delay the benefits of a wise and generous protection of life and property to the inhabitants, I have named Jacob G. Schurman, rear admiral George Dewey, major general Elwell S. Otis, Charles Denby and Dean C. Worcester to constitute a commission to aid in the accomplishment of these results. In the performance of this duty, the commissioners are enjoined to be at the earliest possible date, in the city of Manila, and to announce by a public proclamation their presence and the mission entrusted to them, carefully setting forth that, while the military government already proclaimed is to be maintained and continued so long as necessity may require, efforts will be made to alleviate the burdens of taxation, to establish industrial and commercial prosperity, and to provide for the safety of persons and property by such means as may be found conducive to these ends. The commissioners will endeavor, without interference with the military authorities of the United States, now in control of the Philippines, to ascertain what improvements in public order may be practicable, and for this purpose they will study attentively the existing social and political state of the various populations, particularly as regards the form of local government, the administration of justice, the collection of customs and other taxes, the means of transportation, and the public improvement. They will report through the state department the results of their observations and reflections, and will recommend such executive action as may from time to time seem to them wise and useful. The temporary government of the islands is intrusted, however, to the military authorities, and will so continue until congress shall determine otherwise. The desire of the president is, that in all their relations with the inhabitants of the islands, the commissioners are to exercise due respect for all the ideas, customs and institutions of the tribes and races which compose the population, emphasizing upon all occasions the just and beneficient intents of the government of the United States.

Speculating as to the Cause.

Paris, March 7.—The deaths resulting from the Toulon explosion of Sunday morning number fifty-four, and 130 persons were injured. The reports that the catastrophe was the result of a crime are renewed. It is asserted that a fuse five feet long has been found in the ruins of the magazine. M. Lockroy, minister of marine, in the course of an interview had with him, said that none of the theories advanced was admissable. "Imprudence on the part of the personnel," he added, "was impossible, as the explosions occurred several hours after the gates had been closed. The heating theory too is unsound, as the temperature of the building was always low and the air dry."

Had Two Motives.

Berlin, March 7.—Emperor William has received through Herr Von Holleben, the German ambassador at Washington, a message from Mrs. Rudyard Kipling, expressing her thanks for the despatches sent to her by his majesty yesterday, in which he expressed his solicitude for Mr. Kipling. His majesty's message is much commented on here. It is believed it was not only sent from the motives of sympathy and courtesy, but to create a pleasant political impression.

The Knit Goods Trust.

Utica, New York, March 7.—The knit goods manufacturers here and in the Mohawk valley have received an invitation to the meeting to be held at the Waldorf hotel, New York, on the 15th instant, for the purpose of forming a knit goods trust. Fifty-eight concerns are said to have signified their intention of sending representatives to the meeting. One of the largest manufacturers of knit goods in this section says he is very sorry to see this movement, as trade is in excellent condition and prices are good, and he does not believe that the combination will be as good for either the manufacturers or the public. The proposed trust will be capitalized at $50,000,000 if it is organized.

The Body on Board the Cruiser.

New York, March 7.—The body of lord Herschel reached Jersey City from Washington at 7.40 this morning, and was taken on board the British cruiser Talbot, which will convey it to England. The special train over the Pensylvania railroad bearing the remains was met at the station by the British consul-general, Percy Sanderson; commodore Philip, commandant of the New York navy yard; lieutenant-commander Kelly, United States navy, and detachments of American and British marines. The marines escorted the casket from the train to the navy yard tug Narkeeta, on which it was transferred to the Talbot. Noon had been set as the time for the sailing of the Talbot, but it was expected she would be delayed on account of the storm.

PERSONAL AND PERTINENT.

Great Britain Gets Succession Dues From the Estates of Dead Emperors and Empresses.

Dissension has arisen over a portion of the estate of the late empress of Austria between the Austro-Hungarian embassy at London, the British estate of administration and the Bank of England. It appears that the empress had $2,000,000 deposited in the bank. Last November, when the heirs were arranging the division of her property, they asked payment of this deposit, But the bank refused to pay the sum in its entirety, asserting its right to deduct a certain amount for succession fees, and in support of this claim quoted the law which was recently enacted, to the effect that all property of foreigners not living in Great Britein should be subject to taxation in the event of a settlement on the death of the foreign client. Count Franz Deym, the Austro-Hungarian ambassador, disputes the equity of this ruling, declaring that as the British government has never imposed succession taxes on property of foreign ambassadors who have died in London, the same privilege should be extended to foreign sovereigns. The question will be decided by the chancellor of the exchequer.

This dispute recalls the similar incident that occurred at the death of czar Alexander III., who invested $3,000,000 in English securities. Baron de Staal, ambassador of Russia, brought the matter before sir William Harcourt, then chancellor of the exchequer, and intimated that a part of the fortune was willed by the late emperor to his sister-in-law, the princess of Wales. This latter being exempt from any dues or taxes whatever, the chancellor decided to extend the same privilege to the other heirs, and so the entire sum was transmitted without any intervention of the estate administration. Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, has informed the Austrian ambassador that he is not inclined to accept the decision of 1894 as a precedent. The solution of this question may affect the future financial policy of three other crowned clients of the Bank of England—the king of Belgium, the queen regent of Spain and the queen of Italy, who all have large sums invested in England.

Everyone knows the story of a gentleman's asking lord North who "that frightful woman was," and his lordship answering, "That is my wife." The other, to repair his blunder, said: "I did not mean her, but that monster next to her." "Oh," said lord North, "that monster is my daughter!" With this story Frederick Robertson, in his usual absent, enthusiastic way, was one day entertaining a lady whom he sat next to at dinner, and lo! the lady was lady Charlotte Lindsay—the monster in question.

Herr Krupp, the gun king, of Essen, Prussia, has just made another gift of 500,000 marks to the pension fund of his workmen, thus raising it up to 1,500,000 marks ($363,750). To be employed at the Krupp gun works is to the highest goal of a German workman, for he is then not alone well treated and well paid—no such thing as a strike ever having threatened the works—but he is well provided for all his life. Krupp employs altogether, including the new shipyards he has started at Kiel, some 32,000 men. He is said to be worth $40,000,000.

A workhouse for the blue-blooded has just been founded at Charkoff, the capital of the Russian government of the same name south of Moscow. Backed by pedigrees and with no means of support, men and women of all ages are admitted to this unique asylum, which has the imperial protection, and is subsidized by the benevolent among the Russian aristocracy. The able-bodied inmates lead no idle lives, for work is apportioned to each according to his mental or physical ability, and it is marvelous to see what the good-for-nothing spendthrift and the decayed nobleman, who from infancy has been petted and served, can achieve when they are forced to work. Those reduced ladies and gentlemen are lodged, fed and clothed and receive 15 copecks (10 cents) a day for pocket money, with the promise of more for exemplary conduct and exceptional industry. Only aristocrats are allowed in.

HIGH WATER CAUSING DAMAGE

Along the Ohio and Other Rivers.

Cincinnati. March 7.—Notwithstanding the low temperature and the high winds of last night, the Ohio river continued steadily rising at the rate of two-tenths of a foot per hour. Newport is the earliest sufferer from high water, and already a considerable portion of her territory is flooded, and families have been compelled to either leave their houses or go to the upper stories.

Lexington, Kentucky, March 7.—An almost unprecedented loss follows the breaking up of booms in the Kentucky rivers. It is estimated that fully one million dollars worth of logs have been lost in this way at Jackson, Beattyville, Valleyview and other points. The Lexington & Eastern railway has been a heavy loser. Above Clay City its tracks were submerged in some places to a depth of five feet, while in other places the tracks were washed away.

Charleston, West Virginia, March 7.—The night was one of discomfort and actual suffering. The slow falling of the water, added to the low temptature, has made the situation a gloomy one. Many business men were compelled to use threats to those seeking provisons and fuel. The governor was forced to use a boat to go from the executive mansion to his office in the state house. Much drunkenness and disorder has prevailed. The loss to timbermen up Elk river will be heavy, as that river traverses the heaviest logging district in West Virginia. Immense rafts are thrown in loose and go into the Kanawha, sometimes doing heavy damage to coal docks, barges and tipples. The Winnifred coal docks are gone with several barges, and an expensive tipple between the east bank and Belmont was swept away.

A Wages Case Settled.

The first case taken up at the sitting of the county court this morning was that of Dixon vs. Lawr, an action brought to secure the collection of an alleged debt of $30. The plaintiff worked for the defendant upon a dwelling house erected for captain Howitt, and the amount was not in dispute. The defence entered was that the plaintiff had accepted an order upon captain Howitt for the amount, and had agreed to hold Howitt instead of Lawr. The defendant had since had occasion to sue Howitt for the balance of his account, and in doing so allowed Howitt credit for the order for $30 in favor of Dixon. R. W. Hannington appeared for Dixon and W. A. Galliher for the defendant. Judgment was given for the defendant, who in return undertook to give the plaintiff an assignment for the $30 as against the owner of the building.

Litigation is Expensive.

A year ago last August, the Nelson Electric Light Company sent a "rush" order for a taper length of riveted pipe to Wolff & Zwicker's iron works at Portland, Oregon. The order was duly acknowledged and shipment was to be made in a "day or so." Instead of being made in a day or so, it was made in twenty-one days. When the pipe arrived in Nelson, the electric light company refused to receive it. Wolff & Zwicker sued and got judgment, judge Forin giving judgment without hearing the case in open court. An appeal was taken, and the full court decided that judge Forin erred. This throws all the costs, $200 or $300, so far, on Wolff & Zwicker. The amount sued for was about $60.

Was Not Paid a Salary.

In commenting on the resignation of sheriff Robinson, the Miner, as usual, makes mistakes. Sheriff Robinson has never been under salary, either as sheriff or as a deputy. He served as a deputy under sheriff Redgrave for eight years, and his only compensation was one-half of certain fees. When made sheriff, Mr. Robinson certainly expected to get the salary that had been paid sheriff Redgrave, but he did not get it. More, he has not yet been paid for his own services for attendance on the last assize court, or repaid the disbursements he made for assistants at that time. The sheriff has had no communication from the attorney-general, other than the letter dated February 24th.

Transfer of Mineral Claims.

The transfer of the following mineral claims were recorded today at the Nelson office: Golden Crown, Florence W., situate on Morning mountain, two miles west of Nelson—George Wilson to John Norcross, one-half interest, consideration $500; Blue Bell, situate on the north fork of the Salmon river—Frank Flannery to Andrew Leander, one-eight interest, consideration $10.

The Largest Dry Goods Store in Kootenay.

Fred Irvine & Co. aim to have the largest dry goods store in Kootenay. They now occupy premises covering 3000 square feet of floor space, and in addition have rented in the same building the rooms recently occupied by THE TRIBUNE and by A. Enstead, which gives them 2000 square feet additional floor space. Five thousand feet of floor space is a pretty good-sized store.

Her Condition Better.

Brussels, March 7.—Queen Marie Henriette, who is suffering from bronchopneumonoia, passed a good night and her condition this morning shows a marked improvement.

REVELSTOKE ADDED TO THE LIST

Of Cities in West Kootenay District.

Revelstoke, the oldest town in West Kootenay, was made a city on the 1st instant by proclamation. Its limits embrace an area of 595 acres, and they are defined as follows: Commencing at a point where the southerly limit of the Canadian Pacific railway right-of-way intersects the Columbia river; thence following the left bank of the Columbia river down stream to the point where the easterly limit of Ford street intersects the Columbia river; thence northerly along the east side of Ford street to the center of Third street; thence easterly along the center line of Third street to its intersection with the west line of Rokeby avenue; thence southerly along the west line of Rokeby avenue to its intersection with the northerly limit of Fourth street; and thence along the northerly limit of Fourth street to the easterly limit of Boyle avenue; thence southerly along the easterly limit of Boyle avenue to its intersection with Sixth street; thence easterly along the northerly limit of Sixth street to its intersection with the westerly limit of Connaught avenue; thence southerly along the westerly side of Connaught avenue to its intersection with the northerly limit of Eighth street; thence easterly along the northerly limit of Eighth street to the westerly limit of the right of way of the Arrowhead branch of the Canadian Pacific railway; thence the same course for 700 feet to the easterly limit of the proposed townsite; thence at right angles with Eighth street to a point 800 feet north of the northerly limit of the Canadian Pacific railway main line right of way; thence in a westerly direction, and parallel to the Canadian Pacific railway right of way, to the bank of the Columbia river; thence down stream to the point of beginning.

The persons qualified to vote for mayor and aldermen are male British subjects, 21 years of age, whose names are on the last provincial assessment roll, and who are assessed on property within the city limits, or who are residents of and carry on business within the city limits and are the holders of a trader's license for which the annual fee is not less than $5, or who are householders and have resided within the limits of the city for at least six months prior to the date of nomination.

The persons qualified to be nominated for and elected mayor shall be such persons as are male British subjects, 21 years old, and are not disqualified under any law, and have been for the twelve months next preceding the day of nomination the assessed owners of land or real property in the city of the value of $1000, over and above registered incumbrance, and are otherwise qualified to vote at such election; or who have been for such twelve months the sole tenants in possession of land or real property in the city of the value of $2000 under lease in writing for not less than one year, and are otherwise qualified to vote at such election; or who have been for the twelve months next preceding the day of nomination the members of a partnership firm, which for such twelve months has been the assessed owner of land or real property in the city of the value of $2000, over and above any registered incumbrances, and whose individual interest in said partnership land is of not less value than $1000, and are otherwise qualified to vote at such election.

The persons qualified to be alderman must have the same qualifications as are required for mayor, only the amount of property is reduced one-half.

The nominations are to be made on Wednesday of next week, and the polling day is fixed for a week later, the 22nd instant. Frederick Fraser is the returning officer. There will be a contest for all the offices. One faction follows the lead of J. M. Kellie, M. P. P., and the other the lead of the man Kellie defeated. The Kellie people will win.

KASLO NEWS IN BRIEF.

Kaslo, March 6.—F. Alstrom of Kaslo has transferred to C. D. Rand of Spokane an undivided one-third interest in the mineral claim Standard, and an undivided one-sixth interest interest in the Total Wreck. Both claims are situated at the head of Ten-Mile creek, in the Blue Ridge camp, Slocan district.

It is Alexander Guthrie and Darius Miller who are interested in the purchase of the Bannockburn group. Mr. Guthrie is of the well-known railway contracting firm of Foley Bros. & Guthrie, and Mr. Miller is a prominent official of the Great Northern railway at St. Paul.

The members of the playing team of the Kaslo Hockey Club were photographed in a group on Sunday morning by D. P. Kane, city water commissioner, an amateur photographer of considerable skill.

R. F. Green, M.P.P., returned home on Saturday evening. Mr. Green looks well after the labors of the session, but was glad to find himself again at home and able to resnme his more immediate business.

Maurice A. Bucke, the mining engineer, recently returned from an absence of several weeks in Eastern Canada, has gone to the Yellowstone Park, Wyoming, on professional work.

Kaslo will have a school of cookery. At a meeting of the ladies held in the council chamber of the city hall on Saturday it was announced that the list of subscribing pupils had been filled and the services of Miss Livingstone secured. The lectures will probably be given in McGregor's building on the south side of Front street.

W. H. Adams, who has succeeded Dick Shea as manager of the Rambler-Cariboo properties, left for Spokane this morning, on a business trip in connection with the mine.

Arthur Brown, who represents an English smelter company, is arranging to make a large shipment of Slocan ores to his company's works in Manchester, England. The ore will go to the coast, either at Tacoma or Seattle, and thence by ship to England.

A BATTERY OF GENTLEMEN.

Not One of Them Was Ever Reprimanded—Tribute From Grant and Beauregard.

"I was a member of captain Hiram Bledsoe's famous Missouri battery," said a man who is living in Spokane. "His recent death removes about the last prominent figure in the Confederate ranks from Missouri. Except in the presence of his superior officers he preferred to have his men call him Hi. He went into the war right at the beginning. The men who first enlisted under him were his neighbors and acquaintances in Cass county, where he had lived since the Mexican war.

"There were five brothers in his first command. When they presented themselves for enlistment Hi asked them if they had not better divide, and added that he did not want to have the entire family. But the boys insisted, and it is a singular fact that they, with their commander, fought through the war. So far as I can now recall no member of the Bledsoe battery was ever reprimanded. It was a model organization. Its discipline was army talk. And when Bledsoe met general Beuregard for the first time Beuregard complimented him on the reputation of his command, and asked him the secret of it. Bledsoe's reply was that his command was composed of gentlemen, and that he treated them accordingly at all times. When this superb organization was decimated and it was proposed to recruit it with conscripts Bledsoe refused. He said that men who fought under him must be volunteers. He challenged the admiration of Grant by the way in which he fought Grant's command at Port Gibson in 1863. It was when Grant was closing in upon Vicksburg. Bledsoe held off the entire advance for one day, and Grant asked, so I have heard, who was in command, and said that if there was a few more as determined as Bledsoe, the war would have lasted longer.

"In 1864 a command of Federals moved up near Bledsoe's lines, and the boys in blue became very noisy and did some miscellaneous firing. Bledsoe was asleep. The noise awoke him. Turning to the nearest captain he asked what the noise was about. And when informed he said: 'Well, I must stop this, for I want to go to sleep.' And he shelled the Federals until they withdrew.

When the war was over Bledsoe returned to his farm in Cass county. He represented that county in the legislature for several terms. He was consulted by the leading men of his party, and if he had not checked his friends he might have had any office in the state. But he insisted on staying at home.

"In 1895 there was but one confederate monument in Chickamauga National Park. It was the gift of Missouri. On its sides was the story of Bledsoe's battery."

Pensions for Professors.

The system of retiring-pensions for professors, which is to be introduced at Harvard, has everything to commend it. Such pensions are not unknown in other countries, but here in America the men who have devoted their whole lives to learning are worse off when they retire than policemen or firemen. In the nature of things the work of an instructor at an institution of the kind, whether a large university or only a small college, is seldom well paid, and the nature of the work is such that it absorbs time and energy, and makes the earning of money by other means practically impossible. It is right and proper that years of faithful service should be recognized, and that one, who for love of the higher ideals of life, has turned his back on mere gain, should at least be freed from the fear of poverty in his old age.

A Twenty-Round Fight.

Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, March 7.—Jack Bennet and George Plante, both of this city, met last night for a 20-round fight in a large tent just outside the city limits. Nearly 3000 people witnessed the bout. Bennet won the decision, after a hard contest lasting the twenty rounds.

Rudyard Kipling Improving.

New York, March 7.—Rudyard Kipling's condition continues to improve. The patient, however, is as closely watched as ever to guard against a possible relapse, which is liable to occur at any time during a fortnight or more.

The Republicans of Spain are Agitators.

Madrid, March 7.—The republican deputies at a meeting just held decided upon a vigorous republican propoganda. Pais, the republican newspaper, has been seized.

Snow at Washington.

Washington, D. C., March 7.—After a balmy, spring-like day, the people of Washington and vicinity awakened this morning to find the city again clad in a mantle of snow.

THE MAYOR IS ON THE SICK LIST

And Alderman Fletcher Is Vested With all the Honor and Power of the Position.

Alderman Fletcher is a happy man this day. At the special meeting of the city council yesterday he was made acting mayor of the town. True, the span of his authority depends wholly upon the health of mayor Neelands, who is down with la grippe, but acting mayor Fletcher is happy just the same. As a stepping-stone to his promotion, alderman Fletcher was voted to the chair at yesterday's special meeting of the council, and for the space of a couple of hours he showed the other members of the council what an excellent presiding officer he would make should the electors at any future time make him a full-fledged mayor.

After disposing of the application for a gas company's franchise, by notifying the company that it could secure the franchise upon the same terms as offered to H. J. Evans, and by posing a deposit of £1000 as a guarantee of good faith, the council took up the case of the waif, Jimmie Waymouth, who has been a thankless burden upon the charitable people of Nelson for some time. Several months ago Jimmie was found by the chief of police sleeping under the boiler in Gray's sawmill. His story was that he had been left in Nelson by his father, who promised to send him money—but the money never came. As an experiment, Mrs. E. C. Clarke of the Queen's hotel took Jimmie in, with a view of making a bell-boy out of him. She learned that James was not the stuff of which good bell-boys are made. Having failed as a bell-boy, James was given a home in the boaading house at the Silver King mine, but the woman who took him in hand grew tired of her charge, and James was returned to this city. He then put up at the Queen's hotel as a guest and has remained there ever since.

Alderman Hillyer laid the matter before the council and expressed the opinion that the council should take some action with a view to relieving Mrs. Clarke. The matter was referred to the mayor to see what arrangements could be made by which the waif could be placed in one of the provincial homes.

The next matter to secure the attention of the council was the uniform of the chief of the fire brigade. The responsibility of securing a suitable uniform was placed upon the shoulders of the mayor and the city clerk.

The council then passed a resolution authorizing the public works committee and the city engineer to make such repairs on sidewalks and streets as they considered advisable. This resolution was moved by alderman Beer and seconded by alderman Hillyer.

On motion of alderman Beer, seconded by alderman Kirkpatrick, the council also decided to call for tenders (1) for all lumber necessary for sidewalks, etc.; (2) for pipes and all other supplies necessary for connecting the water mains with the houses of consumers; and (3) for the burial of paupers.

The council then retired into committee of the whole and further considered the revised bylaws. Just what they accomplished is not known, as it is not the wish of the men who constitute the present council that the ratepayers should know what transpires in committee until they are ready to railroad the committee's findings through the council.

When the council came out of the committee of the whole they discussed the police protection and decided that the present service is not satisfactory. They accordingly passed a resolution notifying the police commissioners that they are not satisfied with the present arrangement, and the same will be forwarded to the commissioners at their next meeting.

Whether the resolution of the council will lead to the appointment of another constable or to the retirement of chief McKinnon will depend upon what view the police commissioners take of the matter.

The Madhi's Body Thrown into the Nile.

A discussion in the house of commons brought out the fact that the Madhi's body was cast into the Nile. The sirdar defends this as necessary to destroy a barbarous and fanatical superstition, explaining that otherwise the Dervishes would believe that the British feared the Madhi's shade. This matter will be debated when the vote to grant the sirdar £30,000 comes up in parliament. It is thought that the sirdar in growing to understand the sentiments of the East lost touch with the sentiments of the West. It is recalled that after the Restoration Charles II. exhumed the bodies of Cromwell, Ireton and Bradshaw, and they were dragged to Tyburn. A leading London paper of that day adds: "The three carcasses were then pulled out of their coffins and hanged on a triple tree until sunset. They were then taken down, the heads cut off, and the loathesome trunks thrown into a deep hole under the gallows."

Wages Raised Ten Per Cent.

In one sweep, the Massey-Harris company of Toronto has added upwards of $10,000 a month to its pay roll. Notices have been posted up in the Massey-Harris factories in Toronto and Brantford, notifying the workmen that every employee will receive a 10 per cent increase in wages, dating from March 1st. There are 700 hands employed at Brantford and 1500 in Toronto. The steady advance of good times is responsible for the voluntary increase of wages.

PUBLISHERS' NOTICE.

THE DAILY TRIBUNE is published every afternoon (except Sunday), and will be delivered by carrier in any town in Kootenay for twenty-five cents a week; or will be mailed to subscribers for five dollars a year.

THE WEEKLY TRIBUNE is published every Wednesday and Saturday, and will be mailed to subscribers for two dollars a year.

REGULAR ADVERTISEMENTS printed in both the daily and weekly editions for $3 per inch per month. Twelve lines solid nonpariel to be counted as one inch.

LOCAL OR READING MATTER NOTICES 20 cents a line for each insertion.

JOB PRINTING at fair rates. All accounts for job printing and advertising payable on the first of every month; subscriptions payable in advance.

ADDRESS all communications to
THE TRIBUNE, Nelson, B. C.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

J. C. GWILLIM, B.A.Sc. & W. S. JOHNSON, B.A.Sc. —Mining Engineers and Analytical Chemists, Slocan City, B. C.

A. H. HOLDICH—Analytical Chemist and Assayer. Victoria street, Nelson.

LODGE MEETINGS.

NELSON LODGE, NO. 23, A. F. & A. M. Meets second Wednesday in each month. Sojourning brethren invited.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS—Nelson Lodge, No. 25, Knights of Pythias, meets in I. O. O. F. Hall, corner Baker and Kootenay streets, every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. All visiting Knights are cordially invited to attend.
C. FRENCH, C. C. GEORGE ROSS, K. of R. & S.

The Tribune.

TUESDAY.....MARCH 7, 1899

THE Canadian Pacific Railway Company does not confine itself to strangling towns that will not do its bidding. It strangles smelters that compete with smelters under its control. The Hall Mines smelter at Nelson is to be strangled because it comes into competition with the Canadian Pacific smelter at Trail. The Hall Mines smelter is not to get a pound of ore from any point on the Canadian Pacific railway. The reason therefor is tersely expressed by a high official of the railway company. He says: "We "would be blanked fools to allow smelters "and sampling works at Nelson to com-"pete with usfor ores that we need our-"selves."

THE opponents of the Semlin government are making a great cry because attorney-general Martin and finance-minister Cotton intend to look after their private business affairs at Vancouver. Well, did not attorney-general Eberts and finance-minister Turner, while in office, look after their private business affairs at Victoria? Where is the difference?

ALTHOUGH Nelson is one of the most orderly towns on the Pacific Coast, the police force is not satisfactory to the city council.

WHAT chance would the owners of mines at Rossland and in the Slocan have were they without competitive railway facilities? They would simply be bottled up as is the Hall Mines smelter at Nelson and at the mercy of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company. Yet this is the position that the Vancouver World and Nelson Miner want the mine owners of the Boundary Creek country to be placed in.

Oh, Lucky Pair.

[Toronto Telegram, March 2nd.]

Canada's senate has been blamed by the Globe for putting several million dollars into the pockets of McKenzie & Mann by taking the Yukon railway job off their hands. If the senate enriched these two poor, simple-minded contractors by knocking one deal on the head, how much more must the British Columbia government have enriched them by wiping out half a dozen deals which gave them a claim on the assets of the province? The senate was the sweet little cherub that sat up aloft and saved William and Dan from from being financially broken on the wheels from their inability to cope with Hon. Clifford Sifton. And now the Semlin-Martin government does the cherub act once more, and lo, McKenzie & Mann will not have to bankrupt themselves by carrying out the railway building jobs into which they were trapped by the surpassing genius of the Turner government.

Too Much for Belief.

One of the brethren went to Knoxville last August and fell by the wayside—he got drunk down there. After several months the news of his fall reached his rural home, and he was brought up before the church.

"Brethren," he said, "I admit I got drunk in Knoxville last August, but I didn't mean to do it. How I have suffered in my conscience and in my pride, God alone knows, and I trust He has forgiven me. Brethren, I want you to forgive me; I didn't go to get drunk. I took a glass or two of light wine with a friend, and later took a bottle of beer on ice, and then"—

"Brethren," interrupted a good old brother in the amen corner, "I would be willing to forgive the brother for his fall if he would make a clean breast of it and tell the truth. But I move we turn him out for lying. He has lied to us. Who ever heard of ice in August?"

And they turned him out because he dared to say that he had he had seen ice in August.

Not Enough to Pay for Coffee.

All the silver mined in the United States last year was not enough to pay for the coffee imported into the country. The coffee footed up $58,652,313. Of this amount 30,600,000 pounds came in from Mexico and cost 9.8 cents per pound. The Mexican Herald says that there is ample room for Mexican coffee planters to increase their sales in the United States. The Philippines could easily be made to supply this country with coffee after five or six years more, if there was only the patience to plant and tend the plants until they began to yield. The hillsides of Cuba and Porto Rico could likewise supply all that the country needs, and we are not certain that Hawaii might not do the same. The world, especially in hot countries, is drinking coffee as never before.

Not Growing on "Joe's" Grave.

[Toronto Telegram, March 2nd.]

Ontario's machine politicians who were predicting that Joseph Martin would speedily "plough himself under" may be able to notice that it is not on his grave that the daisies are growing.

New Spring Goods

WE are opening out new goods daily and can show you Ladies' New York Tailor Made Venetian and American Duck Suits, also a nice lot of Ladies' Wrappers. A full line of Swiss dotted and plain Muslins. New clothing and latest styles of Hats just received

A. Ferland & Co.

Elliot Block, Baker Street, Nelson, B.C.

COOKING LESSONS

ARE IN ORDER

That your food may by properly cooked, you must have good utensils. We carry a full stock of everything required. Call and inspect

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT

The Nelson Hardware Co.

VICTORIA BLOCK, BAKER STREET, NELSON.

J. Y. GRIFFIN & CO.

PORK PACKERS AND PROVISION MERCHANTS

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
CHOICE CREAMERY AND DAIRY BUTTER, CHEESE AND EGGS
SPECIALTY: "GRIFFIN BRAND" MILD CURED MEATS

NELSON, B. C.
VANCOUVER, B. C.
WINNIPEG, MANITOBA.

ROBERT ROBERTSON, Manager
Nelson office and warehouse: Corner Vernon and Josephine streets.

"We hold a Vaster Empire than has been"

When the poet wrote these lines and Postmaster Mulock had them endorsed on the new stamp, they could have referred only to the

EMPIRE TYPEWRITER

SOLD BY

Thomson Stationery Co., Ltd.

NELSON

CALL AND SEE IT

Patronize Home Industry

SMOKE UNION MADE CIGARS

OUR SPECIALTY

"ROYAL SEAL" CIGARS

MANUFACTURED BY THE

Kootenay Cigar Manufacturing Co. Nelson

KOOTENAY LAKE GENERAL HOSPITAL

The annual meeting of the Kootenay Lake General Hospital Society will be held on Tuesday, the 14th day of March, 1899, at 3 p. m., in the court house.

There will be a meeting of the directors at 2:30 p. m.

The membership fee is $10 per annum, and entitles the member to hospital benefits for one year.

Any person subscribing $1 a month will be entitled to the benefits of the hospital for that period.

Subscriptions are solicited and a full attendance of members and those desirous of becoming members is requested. A full statement of receipts and expenditures will be submitted and other important business will be transacted. F. W. SWANNELL, Secretary.

Spokane Falls & Northern,
Nelson & Fort Sheppard,
Red Mountain Railways.

The only all rail route without change of cars between Nelson and Rossland, and Spokane and Rossland.

DAILY TRAINS.

Leave		Arrive
9:10 a. m.	NELSON	5:30 p. m.
11:55 a. m.	ROSSLAND	3:10 p. m.
8:30 a. m.	SPOKANE	6:10 p. m.

The train that leaves Nelson at 6:20 a. m., makes close connections at Spokane with trains for all Pacific Coast points.

Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage daily.
G. G. DIXON, G. P. & T. A.

Seeds

GARDEN
FIELD and
FLOWER SEEDS

Fresh

In bulk and packages. We sell at eastern catalogue prices.

Canada Drug and Book Co.,
LIMITED.
Corner Baker and Stanley Streets, Nelson.

Costello's Express

Trunks and valises delivered to any part of the city.

All kinds of draying done at reasonable rates. Moving furniture a specialty.
Stand at corner Baker and Josephine Sts.

W. A. COSTELLO, PROPRIETOR

C. W. West & Co.

GENERAL TEAMSTERS

AGENTS FOR
The Imperial Oil Co. Standard Oil Co.
Washington Brick and Lime Co.
The H. W. McNiell Co., Ltd., Canadian Anthracite Coal (Hard)

Dealers in STOVEWOOD

Wilson & Harshaw

DRAYING and EXPRESS

Bus meets all trains and boats. Special attention given the transfer of baggage. Office and stables on Vernon street, opposite The Tribune office. Telephone No. 35.

EXPRESS and DRAYING

Having purchased the express and draying business of J. W. Cowan, we are prepared to do all kinds of work in this line, and solicit the patronage of the people of Nelson. Orders left at D. McArthur & Co's store, northwest corner Baker and Ward streets, will receive prompt attention. Telephone 85

GOMER DAVIS & Co.

Spring Decorations

It is now coming on the time when we begin to beautify our homes for the coming summer months. Recover your lounge or easy chair with nice creton or sateen, which we can give you in very pretty patterns at low prices. We are also showing cretons in double width both sides the same in pattern. These goods are suitable for inexpensive hangings, or to hide some corner that has always been an eye-sore to you. If you want something better, such as chenille or tapestry portiers, we have them, an endless variety, in colors and quality

SHADE ROLLERS This is a new department, and we can do them right. We have them in green, terra cotta, and light fawn, which we can furnish with or without fringe

SILKOLENE OR ART MUSLIN--SOMETHING NEW--WE HAVE A LARGE VARIETY OF PATTERNS AND COLORS

Fred Irvine & Co.

Victoria Block, Baker Street, Nelson, B.C.

AGENT FOR
DARLING BROS., Montreal,
Elevators and Machine Specialties.
DRUMMOND, McCALL CO., Montreal.
Bar Iron, Tool Steel, and Water Works Supplies.
SADDLER & HAWORTH, Montreal,
High-grade Leather Belting.
J. A. ROEBLING'S SONS CO., San Francisco,
Wire Rope.
OAKLAND IRON WORKS, Oakland, California,
Ice Machinery and Tutthill Water Wheels.

SPECIALTIES:
Hydraulic Steel Pipe
Flexible Steel Hose Armour

FRANK DARLING

322 Cambie Street,

Write for Catalogues and Prices. VANCOUVER, B.C.

SELBY SMELTING AND LEAD CO.

Refiners of Gold and Silver Bars, Gold Dust, Etc

BUYERS OF

Gold, Silver, Lead and Copper Ores, Gold Concentrates, Lead Bullion, Cyanide Product, Etc

ORE AND BULLION ASSAYERS

Works at Vallejo Junction, California Office, 416, Montgomery Street, San Francisco, California

C. F. ETTER

Coal and Wood Dealer

BEST DRY WOOD

Delivered to any part of the city. Full measurement guaranteed.

Office at Corner Baker and Ward Streets

Fruit and Ornamental Trees

Bulbs, Roses, Hollies, Rhododendrons, Fancy Evergreens, etc. Thousands are growing on my own grounds. Most complete stock in the province. Bees and bee supplies, agricultural implements, spray pumps, and cut flowers. New catalogue now ready.

M. J. HENRY

601 Westminster Road, Vancouver, B. C.

STEINWAY — The Standard Piano of the World.

NORDHEIMER — The Artistic Piano of Canada.

ART AND MUSIC CO., Nelson, Agents.

H. D. Ashcroft

BLACKSMITHING AND EXPERT HORSESHOEING

Wagon repairing promptly attended to by a first-class wheelwright.

Special attention given to all kinds of repairing and custom work from outside points.

SHOP: Hall Street, between Baker and Vernon, Nelson

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA—IN PROBATE.

In the matter of the estate and effects of Charles Van Ness, deceased, intestate.

Notice is hereby given that an order of this honourable court dated the 25th day of February, A. D. 1899, Alfred John Marks and Decatur Downing have been appointed administrators of the personal estate and effects of the said deceased, who died on or about the 12th day of January, A. D. 1899.

All persons having claims against the said deceased are required on or before the first day of April, A. D. 1899, to send full particulars of such claims, duly verified by statutory declaration, to Alfred John Marks, of Nelson, B. C., with their christian and surnames, addresses and descriptions and the value of the securities, if any, held by them.

And further take notice that after such last mentioned date, the said administrators will proceed to administer the said estate and distribute the proceeds thereof amongst the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have notice and will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof to any person or persons of whose claims notice shall not have been received by them at the date of such distribution.

ELLIOT & LENNIE,
Solicitors for the Administrators.
Dated this 28th day of February, A. D. 1899.

Notice of Application for Certificate of Improvements.

BERLIN L 3251 G. 1, EUREKA L 3255 G. 1, O. V. G. FRACTION L 3254 G. 1, BRITANNIA L 3253 G. 1, GRAND L. 1840 G. 1, MAC FRACTION L 3256 G. 1, MINERAL CLAIMS, SITUATE IN THE NELSON MINING DIVISION OF WEST KOOTENAY DISTRICT, AND LOCATED ON TOAD MOUNTAIN, ADJOINING THE HALL MINES.

Take notice that I, John Hirsch, as agent for the Hall Mines Company, Limited, free miner's certificate No. 2551A, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claims. And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements. JOHN HIRSCH.
Dated this 26th day of November, 1898. [Jan 25]

Notice of Application for Certificate of Improvements.

YELLOWSTONE MINERAL CLAIM, SITUATE IN THE NELSON MINING DIVISION OF WEST KOOTENAY DISTRICT, AND LOCATED SIX MILES EAST OF SALMON RIVER, ON FORKS OF WOLF AND SHEEP CREEKS.

Take notice that I, J. M. R. Fairbairn, acting as agent for Hugh M. Bilings, free miner's certificate No. 21,789A, and Thomas Bennet, free miner's certificate No. 13,625A, intend, sixty days from the datehereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim. And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be con menced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements. J. M. R. FAIRBAIRN.
Dated this 28th day of February, 1899.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that I will, thirty days from the date of this notice, apply to the government agent at Nelson for a license to sell liquor at retail at my hotel, known as the Florence Hotel, situate three miles east of Nelson, on the outlet of Kootenay lake, in West Kootenay district, British Columbia.
WILLIAM ROBERTS.
Dated February 3rd, 1899.

Application for Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that we will, thirty days from the date of this notice, apply to the government agent at Nelson for a license to sell liquor at retail at our hotel, known as the Majestic Hotel, situate on the government trail between Eagle and Forty-nine creeks, in West Kootenay district, British Columbia.
JOHN MILES,
E. BARRETT.
Dated March 1st, 1899.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Capital, all paid up, . . $12,000,000
Rest, - - - 6,000,000

LORD STRATHCONA AND MT. ROYAL, President
Hon. GEO. A. DRUMMOND, ... Vice-President
E. S. CLOUSTON ..... General Manager

NELSON BRANCH
N. W. Cor. Baker and Stanley Streets.

— BRANCHES IN —
LONDON (England), NEW YORK, CHICAGO
and in the principal cities in Canada.

Buy and sell Sterling Exchange and Cable Transfers
GRANT COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELLERS' CREDITS, available in any part of the world.
DRAFTS ISSUED COLLECTIONS MADE; ETC.

SAVINGS BANK BRANCH.
CURRENT RATE OF INTEREST PAID

SIENKIEWICZ'S NEW NOVEL.

A Powerful Story of Poland in the Fourteenth Century.

For more than a year Henryk Sienkiewicz, the author of "Quo Vadis," has been engaged in Warsaw writing the novel which is to follow that famous work. Months before he began to write he was shaping his story and fitting it to the period of Polish history with which it deals. Like all of Sienkiwicz's novels, the book is first appearing in installments in a Polish literary publication. The title of the new work is "Krzyzacy" (Teutonic Knights), and the installments have been appearing for over a year in the Warsaw Tygodnik Illustrowany (Illustrated Weekly). The distinguished novelist is not rapid in literary composition. His preparation is most minute and laborious. At times he is in the mood to write much and again the weekly product is small. Sometimes the regular instalment fails to appear and again it may be unusually short. The first three numbers of the Tygodnik Illustrowany this year did not contain a word of the story. The novelist was a member of the committee in charge of the ceremony of unveiling the monument to Adam Mickiewicz (1799-1855), the celebrated Polish poet, and he wrote this note to the publisher of the Tygodnik, which was made public:

Dear Sir: Owing to the pressure of various occupations incidental to the unveiling of the monument, I am unable to send you at present the manuscript of "Krzyzacy." Sincerely yours, H. SIENKIEWICZ.

He is writing the novel in the beautiful home where he and his two motherless children reside. The work deals with that period of Polish history when the marriage of the young and beautiful queen of Poland, Hedwiga (1386), to the prince of Lithuania brought the last heathen country in Europe into christianity and united the two countries. This event gave the deathblow to the Order of Teutonic Knights, which was then at the height of its power and prosperity. Many educated Poles say that the novels of Sienkiewicz dealing with Polish history give so accurate, philosophical and powerful a delineation of the tragic drama of the ill-fated kingdom, as wholly to commend them to the attention of historical students. The new novel, like its predecessors, is full of the atmosphere and color of the times which the author describes. The reader sees fourteenth century life on the borderland of civilization. Many of the incidents, such as that of a great boar hunt, the death of the queen, a terrific storm, in which men and horses perish under the snow, and others, show all the masterful descriptive power which has made this novelist famous. The fiction illumines the character and deeds of historic personages and the times in which they lived. Let us briefly recall the story of the Teutonic Knights with whose acts and final disaster the novel has much to do.

The Order of Teutonic Knights was one of the military and religious orders to which the crusades gave birth. The knights were required to be of noble parentage, to defend the Christian religion and promulgate it with all their might. They wore a white mantle with a black cross on the breast. The order rose to great power and influence and enjoyed the fullest confidence of both the Pope and the German emperor. It saw the hopelessness of further attempts to expel the Mohammedans from the Holy Land and eagerly hailed the opportunity to transfer its activity to another sphere, which was afforded by an invitation to make war upon the heathen Prussians and Lithuanians. The Knights conquered all of Polish Prussia, as it is now called, invaded the Polish territory and overran the greater part of Pomerania. They built fortified castles in all their territories. The grand-mastership of Weinrich von Kniprode (1351-82) was the most prosperous period in the history of the order. Knights from England, France and Burgundy enlisted in their ranks to fight the heathen. The union of Poland and Lithuania in 1386 struck at the root of the order's prosperity by depriving it of its mission, when there were no more heathens within reach to "convert" and despoil. The audacity of these armed monks was without limit. They converted souls by fire and sword. The bright and glorious era of Poland dawned only after the order had been crushed. The final blow was given in 1454, when Casimir IV. of Poland defeated three formidable enemies of his kingdom. The Prussians, also wearied by the oppression of these fanatical brigands, placed themselves under king Casimir's protection. The Knights were conquered after twelve years' struggle and finally submitted. They had to surrender Dantzig and Pomerania. At one time their possessions extended from the Oder on the west to Finland on the east, with a population of two to three millions, and for a period the order played the leading role in the political history of northern Europe.

It is not likely that over half of the novel has yet been published, but a summary of some of the incidents thus far related will give an idea of the dramatic material with which Sienkiewicz is dealing:

A young Polish knight, Zbyszko, accompanied by his uncle, Maciek, is on his way to Cracow, the capital of Poland. They stop at an inn for the night, and while there the princess of Mazowsze, sister of the king, arrives with her suite. The princess is on her way to Cracow as the guest of the king, to celebrate the festivities in honor of the expected arrival of an heir to the throne.

When the princess arrives, Zbyszko and his uncle wish to withdraw, but the princess graciously bids them to remain, and mingle with the gentlemen of her suite. Among the ladies accompanying the princess is a young girl, Danuska, the favorite of the princess. Zbyszko is struck with her beauty and learns her history. She is the daughter of a nobleman, Jurand de Spychowo. Jurand had a young and beautiful wife, and during his absence the Teutonic Knights invaded and pillaged his castle, and one of the Germans was about to take the young wife away on his horse when she died of fright. The grief-stricken husband took his little daughter to the court of the princess of Mazowsze and begged her to be a mother to Danuska, while he devoted his life to revenge. No German who fell into his hands received mercy. There were terrible dungeons in his castle, and in them the captive Teutonic Knights perished miserably. When Zbyszko hears how Danuska had become motherless he vows that he will slay no less than three knights in honorable fight.

The following morning the princess's court continues its journey toward Cracow and Zbyszko and his uncle go with them. Approaching the capital, they see a splendid knight on a fine horse and recognize him as a Teutonic Knight. The young and impetuous Zbyszko, spurring his horse, flies at the knight, draws his sword and tells him to defend himself. The German does not move or speak, but just as Zbyszko is about to thrust him through, his hand is stayed by one of the gentlemen of the princess's suite. All realize the serious offence the youth has committed through his stupidity. The knight, Von Loewe by name, is the ambassador from the grand master of the Teutonic Knights on his way to the festivities at the Polish court. One of the gentlemen tries to explain matters, and Loewe says he will forgive the youth if the latter begs his pardon on foot and without helmet. This Zbyszko indignantly refuses to do, saying he would not comply if he had three heads to lose. The princess tells Zbyszko to enlist as a gentleman of her court, so that she may more easily protect him and ask pardon in his behalf. He accepts with enthusiasm, especially as he wishes to remain near Danuska.

At dinner in the king's palace Zbyszko is standing behind the chairs of the princess and Danuska. He sees Von Loewe among the guests, but the knight did not seem to recognize him. Von Loewe remarks that Poland is a barbarous land, for a country cannot be civilized where the life of an ambassador from a friendly power is not safe. The king tells him this is not true, whereupon Von Loewe says that he was on the point of being murdered the previous day within sight of the capital. The king, in terrible anger, demands the name of the man, and says that even were he the first gentleman in the land he should die for having so disgraced his country. Zbyszko advances and says he is the man. The king orders his execution, but the great chancellor interposes with the remark that the king must prove his country to be civilized by giving the accused person a fair trial. This the king agrees to do, and orders that Zbyszko be taken to prison. Danuska, almost paralyzed during the scene, suddenly drops to her knees before the king and begs: "King, O merciful king, forgive Zbyszko." Everyone is moved except the ambassador. The king refused to forgive the youth unless Von Loewe first forgives him. The princess joins her prayers to those of others, begging the ambassador to forgive the young man. Von Loewe answers:

"As a monk and a servitor of Christ I forgive him from the bottom of my heart, but as the envoy of the Grand Master of my order I cannot and will not forgive him, for in my person he has insulted the whole order, and if he be not punished all civilized Europe will know how ambassadors are treated in this country."

A few days later a daughter is born to the queen, and soon after the child's death is announced to the anxious people. It is not long before a black flag from the highest turret of the castle and the ringing of bells in all the churches announces the sad news of the queen's death. The sorrow of the nation is unbounded. She was beloved by every one, venerated and worshipped as a saint. Queen Hedwiga had married Jagielle against her inclination, sacrificing herself and her love for the Austrian archduke for the good of her country and to christianize heathen Lithuania.

After the funeral of the queen Zbyszko is tried and condemned to death. As he is being conducted to the place of the execution a young woman springs towards the condemned man, covers his head with a veil, and screams: "He is mine!" Then all remembered the old law, that if a woman throws a veil over a condemned man's head, saying "He is mine," she is compelled to marry him, but his life is saved. It was Danuska who thus saved her lover's life.

The princess of Mazowsze returns home to Warsaw, with Zbyszko in her train. Three Teutonic Knights are guests of her husband, the prince of Warsaw. They are brother Godfryd, brother Rotgier and M. Fulke de Lorche, and they to get an assurance from that in their war with the Polish king he will remain neutral. A hunt is given is given in honor of the guests. The princess is in danger of being killed by a wild boar, and Zbyszko saves her life, but is himself dangerously wounded, and the princess and Danuska care for him.

Meanwhile Danuska's father, Jurand, imprisons a very prominent Teutonic Knight, Von Berger by name. Godfryd and Rotgier beg the prince to order Jurand to release Von Berger, but the prince refuses. The knights are determined to get Von Berger out of Jurand's dungeon, and Danvelt, one of the knights, hits upon the plan of kidnapping Danuska, taking her to the fortress of Szczecin, and then Jurand, who loves his daughter intensely, will give up his prisoner. One evening a message comes from Jurand, bidding his daughter to join him at his castle, as he is ill and lonely. As Zbyszko is too ill to accompany her, they decide to wed at once. They are wedded, and immediately after the ceremony Danuska starts home with an escort. Then Jurand suddenly arrives at the princess's court to see his daughter. He had sent no message to his daughter, and declares that she has been kidnapped. The despair of all is terrible, and the prince is beside himself with anger. That these monks had pushed their audacity so far as to kidnap a girl from his own court and one who was under his protection was monstrous, and he vows to help the Polish king fight the Teutons. Jurand and Zbyszko start for Jurand's castle to get men and search for the girl. Meanwhile Danuska is taken by the treacherous knights to Szczecin fortress; Danvelt, Rotgier and Godfryd are the guilty men, and as they know that complaint will be made to the Grand Master and the Pope, they contrive to plan to make it appear that they are not the kidnappers.

They send a messenger to Jurand with word:

"Your daughter is safe in the hands of the pious knights. She will be returned to you if you will release Von Berger; send a message to the prince telling him that the knights were not responsible for the disappearance of Danuska, and then come unarmed and alone to Szczecin, where the girl will be given to you."

Jurand agrees to all. He sends Zbyszko to the prince to say that the girl was kidnapped by robbers and not by knights, and that she will soon be home. Then he starts for the Knights' fortified castle, constantly praying that God will give him patience to endure the humiliation he will undergo for the sake of releasing his child. He arrives at the castle, but is not admitted until he spends twenty-four hours at the gate like a dog. Then the proud nobleman is taken before the assembled brothers in the large hall. When their lifelong enemy stands thus before them they glory in his humiliation, but Jurand with superhuman effort endures everything for the sake of his child. In a trembling voice he says he has fulfilled his part of the agreement and begs for Danuska. A woman is brought into his presence, but she is not his daughter. Only then does he realize the enormity of their treachery and their infamous scheme. Still controlling himself he asks Danvelt to stop his joking and give him his daughter. Danvelt whispers in his ear:

"If ever you get her back, it will be with my bastard."

Jurand seizes Danvelt, throws him high in the air, and the lifeless body of the knight falls to the stone floor, his brains spattering the white mantles of the Teutons. Then he snatches a sword a knight and begins a terrible slaughter right and left, killing many before he is overpowered, put in chains and thrown into a dungeon.

Here ends the published portion of the novel. No allusion has been made in this summary to some important threads of the narrative nor to the vivid descriptive passages relating to many phases of life in those days. But enough has been given to indicate the powerfully dramatic character of the story Sienkiewicz is now writing.

THE BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA
NELSON

Are now prepared to issue Drafts and Letters of Credit on Dawson City, Yukon District.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

Capital, Paid Up - - $2,000,000
Reserve . - - - - - 1,200,000

HEAD OFFICE, TORONTO
D. R. WILKIE, General Manager

NELSON BRANCH
A general banking business transacted.
Savings bank department.
Deposits of $1 and upwards received and interest allowed.
J. M. LAY, Manager.

The Tremont Hotel

MALONE & TRECILLUS
PROPRIETORS

Headquarters for Miners and Prospectors

THE BEST BRANDS OF
Liquors and Cigars
ALWAYS ON HAND

One of the best and most popular hotels in Nelson.

QUEEN'S HOTEL

BAKER STREET, NELSON.

Heated with Hot Air and Lighted by Electricity

Large comfortable bedrooms and first-class dining room. Sample rooms for commercial men.

RATES $2 PER DAY

Mrs. E. C. CLARKE, Prop.
Late of the Royal Hotel, Calgary,

Hotel Hume

H. D. HUME, Manager.

The finest hotel in the interior.
Large sample rooms. Steam heat and electric light.
CORNER OF WARD AND VERNON STS., NELSON

Madden House

BAKER AND WARD STREETS, NELSON

The only hotel in Nelson that has remained under one management since 1890.
The bed-rooms are well furnished and lighted by electricity.
The dining-room is not second to any in Kootenay.
The bar is always stocked by the best domestic and imported liquors and cigars.
THOMAS MADDEN, Proprietor.

Large and well lighted — Heated by hot air
Reasonable rates — Sample rooms
Electric bells and light in every room
Renovated and refurnished throughout

HOTEL VICTORIA
J. V. PERKS, Proprietor
Free bus meets all trains
Hourly street car to station
Revelstoke, B. C.

HEADQUARTERS, March 1st, 1899.

NELSON COMPANY KOOTENAY RIFLES.

The company will parade on Tuesdays and Saturdays at the Armory, at 7:45 p. m., until further orders. By order, ARTHUR E. HODGINS, Captain.

WILL BUY OLD RAGS — **THE TRIBUNE** — WILL SELL OLD PAPERS
Office: Vernon street, Nelson, B. C.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY
AND SOO LINE

Fast and Short Route to and From Kootenay Country.

First-class and Tourist Sleepers Operated from PACIFIC TO ATLANTIC
Tickets issued through and baggage checked to destination.

CONNECTIONS

Rossland, Trail and Robson.

Leave.	DAILY	Arrive.
6:40 p. m.	NELSON	10:30 p. m.

Main Line and Intermediate Points via Slocan Lake.

Leave.	DAILY	Arrive.
6:30 a. m.	NELSON	8:30 p. m.

Kootenay Lake--Kaslo Route--Steamer Kokanee.

Leave.	Daily Except Sunday	Arrive
4:00 p. m.	NELSON	11:00 a. m.

Kootenay River Route--Steamer Moyie.

Mon., Wed., Fri.		Tues., Thurs., Sat.
8:00 a. m. Leave	NELSON	Arrive 6:50 p. m.

Makes connection at Pilot Bay with steamer Kokanee in both directions.
Steamers on their respective routes call at principal landings in both directions, and at other points when signalled.
Ascertain Rates and full information by addressing nearest local agent or

C. E. BEASLEY, City Ticket Agent,
R. W. DREW, Agent. } Nelson, B. C.

W. F. ANDERSON, Traveling Passenger Agent, Nelson.
E. J. COYLE, Dist Passenger Agent, Vancouver.

Kootenay Railway & Navigation Co.

STR. INTERNATIONAL
Daily, except Sunday. Pacific standard time

KASLO TO NELSON

South bound	Read down			Read up	North bound
Leave	6:30 a.m.	Kaslo	8:30 p.m.		Arrive
Due	7:30 "	Ainsworth	7:10 "		Due
Due	8:00 "	Pilot Bay	6:30 "		Due
Due	8:15 "	Balfour	6:00 "		Due
Due	9:45 "	Five-mile Point	5:10 "		Due
Arrive	10:30 "	Nelson	4:30 "		Leave

Connects with N. & Ft. S. Ry. train for Spokane, leaving Five-mile Point at 10:05 a.m.
Steamers leave Kaslo city wharf at foot of Third street
ROBERT IRVING, Manager.

Kaslo & Slocan Railway

GOING WEST		DAILY		GOING EAST
Leave	8.00 a. m.	Kaslo		Arrive 3.55 p. m.
Arrive	10.40 "	Sandon		Leave 1.15 "

CODY BRANCH.

Leave	11.00 a. m.	Sandon		Arrive 11.40 a. m
Arrive	11.15 "	Cody		Leave 11.25 "

G. F. COPELAND, Superintendent.

ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP TICKETS.

To and from European points via Canadian and American lines. Apply for sailing dates, rates, tickets, and full information to any Canadian Pacific railway agent or C. P. R. City Agent, Nelson.
WILLIAM STITT, General S. S. Agent, Winnipeg.

P. Burns & Co.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
Meat Merchants

Wholesale Markets at Nelson, Rossland, Sandon and Greenwood.

RETAIL STORES AT
Nelson, Trail, Ymir, Kaslo, New Denver, Sandon, Silverton, Cascade City, Grand Forks, Midway, Greenwood and Sirdar.

ORDERS BY MAIL PROMPTLY FORWARDED — **Head Office, Nelson, B.C.**

West Kootenay Butcher Co.

ALL KINDS OF FRESH AND SALTED MEATS
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
FISH AND POULTRY IN SEASON

Baker Street, Nelson — E. C. TRAVES, Manager
ORDERS BY MAIL RECEIVE CAREFUL AND PROMPT ATTENTION.

James McPhee — PRACTICAL ELECTRICIAN

Will contract to supply and install any kind of electrical machinery

Will wire buildings for electric lighting, electric bells, electric burglar alarms, electric annunciators. | Will contract to install fire alarm systems in towns and cities. Full stock of wire and fixtures on hand.

WRITE FOR PRICES. Office and Storeroom: Josephine Street, Nelson.

LONDON AND BRITISH COLUMBIA GOLDFIELDS, Ltd.

HEAD OFFICE, LONDON, ENGLAND.

All communications relating to British Columbia business to be addressed to P. O. Drawer 505, Nelson, British Columbia

J. RODERICK ROBERTSON, General Manager
S. S. FOWLER, E.M., Mining Engineer } NELSON, B. C.

Goat River Lumber Company

CRESTON, B. C.

Situate on the Crow's Nest Railway is prepared to deliver lumber of any description in any quantity at any place within the district of Kootenay.

Tenders Solicited — GOAT RIVER LUMBER COMPANY, G. A. BIGELOW, Manager

Nelson Planing Mills

FLOORING, LINING, MOULDINGS, DOORS, AND SASHES IN STOCK.
EVERY DESCRIPTION OF JOINERY, DOORS AND WINDOWS MADE TO ORDER.

Office and Mills Corner Hall and Front Streets, Nelson

Lumber Lumber Lumber

Kootenay Lake Sawmill, G. O. Buchanan, Prop.

First class lumber at right prices Also a full line of Sash, Doors, Turned Work, etc., constantly on hand.

Yard: Foot Hendryx Street. JOHN RAE, Agent.

DYNAMITE AND EXPLOSIVES

For Miners, Pit Sinkesr, Quarrymen and Contractors

ONTARIO POWDER WORKS, Kingston, Ont.

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN
Electric Blasting Apparatus, Fuse, Caps, Etc.
WRITE FOR PRICE LISTS

Wire Rope — GEO. CRADOCK & CO. WAKEFIELD, ENGLAND.

Original Manufacturers and Introducers of Lang's Patent

WINN & HOLLAND, MONTREAL
SOLE AGENTS FOR CANADA

Druggists' Sundries

WE carry the most complete line of drug sundries in Kootenay and the quality of our goods is the best that money can buy. Our prices are no higher than our competitors charge for inferior goods.

See that your prescriptions are filled by us.

We use none but the best quality of drugs and chemicals
Special attention given to their compounding

W. F. Teetzel & Co.

CORNER BAKER AND JOSEPHINE STREETS, NELSON

Special this Week

Just arrived, a stock of the celebrated

Box Calf,
Heavy Goodyear Welt,
Chrome Tanned,
Leather Lined Shoes

Our price, $4.50
Regular price, $5.00

18 and 20, Baker Street,
(Postoffice Store) Nelson
Branch Store at YMIR.

James A. Gilker

You will save money

BY BUYING YOUR WATCH FROM

The largest stock in Kootenay

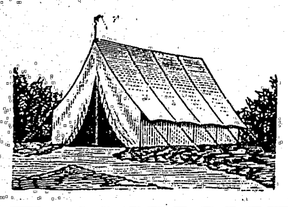
Gold, Gold Filled, Silver and Nickel Cases
Any grade movement from 7 to 21 Jewels
All guaranteed. Repairing a specialty

Jacob Dover, The Jeweler

P. O. BOX 34 NELSON, B. C.

NELSON TENT and AWNING MANUFACTORY

THE LARGEST IN BRITISH COLUMBIA



ALL KINDS OF
CANVASS GOODS TENTS AND AWNINGS
HORSE AND WAGON COVERS

THEO. MADSON

PROPRIETOR

Baker street, opposite the postoffice. NELSON, B. C.

THE BRACKMAN & KER MILLING CO., Ltd.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

HAY, GRAIN, FEED, ETC.

Write for quotations on car lots. NELSON, B. C.

Charles A. Waterman & Co.

CUSTOMS BROKERS
AUCTIONEERS

REAL ESTATE and GENERAL AGENTS

Baker Street, Nelson

FIRST DOOR WEST BANK B. C. BUILDING.

DOMINION PERMANENT LOAN CO.

CANADA LIFE ASSURANCE CO.

FOR SALE
4-Room House, Mines Road..... $ 750
4 Room House and 2 Lots, Victoria St 1200

FOR RENT
Three and Four Room Houses

C. J. D. CHRISTIE
GENERAL BROKER
Office in Aberdeen block, Baker St., Nelson

FIRE INSURANCE, REAL ESTATE

ONTARIO ACCIDENT INSURANCE CO

R. REISTERER & CO.

BREWERS AND BOTTLERS OF

Fine Lager Beer, Ale and Porter

Prompt and regular delivery to the trade. **Brewery at Nelson.**

Residence Lots for Sale!

Business corner on Vernon street . . $4000
House and two lots on Vernon street 1600
House and lot on Victoria street . . . 1650
House and lot on Victoria street . . . 1900
House and two lots on Carbonate St. 1800
Dairy Ranch, on Kootenay Lake near Nelson, offers received.
House to rent on Stanley St. $10 per month

Money to loan at lowest rates.

ALEX STEWART, Mining Broker.

Office: Turner & Boeckh block, Baker and Ward streets Nelson.

ALL OVER TWO DOLLARS.

A Tangle Which a Jury Will Try to Unravel.

The jury case of Cassell vs. Cockle occupied the greater part of the session of the county court today. This is the Kaslo case which originally involved $2, but which represents a good deal more now since it required the services of two Kaslo lawyers, a number of Kaslo witnesses, a Nelson jury of nine men and a judge of the county court to determine the question at issue.

The plaintiff in the action is a Miss Cassell, a good looking girl from Lindsay, Ontario, who came to Kaslo to accept employment and became involved in a law suit before she got out of the service. Her interests in the case were ably looked after by W. C. McAnn of Kaslo, while G. E. Martin also of Kaslo looked after the case for the defendant Cockle.

There were ten men drafted as jurors for the case, and all were present save J. H. Matheson, who is suffering from an attack of la grippe. W. A. Thurman, F. W. Swannell and John Miles were drawn for the jury, but were asked to stand aside; James McDonald was not drawn, and the jury was therefore composed of James Neelands, John Paterson, T. A. Mills, F. J. Squire and Harry Stutter. To them lawyer McAnn related the grievances of the pretty plaintiff. He said that while she was at Lindsay, Ontario, she was induced to come to Kaslo to accept employment in the hotel run by Messrs. Cockle & Papworth, an offer of $25 a month salary having been made. When she arrived at Kaslo there was no position, as intimated, vacant for her, and she went into the kitchen of the hotel as second cook. She worked from November 12th to January 18th in this capacity without any salary being fixed. When she asked to have her salary fixed Cockle said that he could not pay more than $25 per month. The plaintiff said she would not work for this amount and Cockle said he would see his partner. The partner in an interview with the plaintiff admitted that $25 was not sufficient payment for the work performed, and asked her to remain for a while and see if the matter could not be adjusted. On Thursday, the 19th of January, the matter was not adjusted and the plaintiff quit work. She remained in the hotel Thursday evening and had breakfast in the kitchen on the following morning and then left the house. When she applied to get her trunks they were refused her unless she paid a balance of $19.43, which Cockle claimed was owing him out of the $62.80 advanced to the plaintiff for transportation from Lindsay to Kaslo. An action was brought against the hotel proprietor and the plaintiff's trunks were recovered. This was where the case stood when it was brought up in the court this morning.

The case came before judge Forin and a jury this morning, as an action on the part of Cockle to recover the trunks under the Innkeepers Act, in which the contention was raised that after the cook refused to work she became a guest of the hotel and owed $2 for lodging. The defendant also asked for $50 damages for breach of contract and $19.43 representing the amount owing out of the sum advanced the cook for railway fare.

The plaintiff on the other hand asked the court to fix as a reasonable wage for a second cook a wage of $45 per month, this would enable the plaintiff to repay the advance for transportation and leave a balance of $27 coming to her as wages for the time she worked. With respect to the item of $2 the defendant denied that she was a guest of the house and was therefore not liable.

This is the tangle which the jury has to straighten out, and the case was still proceeding with all due solemnity when the TRIBUNE went to press.

Meeting of the Board of Trade Council.

A. E. Hodgins presided at the meeting of the council of the South Kootenay Board of Trade last evening, when the correspondence before the board was put in shape for the general meeting of the board, which takes place on Tuesday evening next. The council decided to make an addition to the committee which was appointed several months ago to prepare statistics for submission to the members of the house of commons. Those added to the committee were W. A. Macdonald, A. E. Hodgins and G. F. Beer, and a hint was canveyed to the committee that it would be desirable if it got to work and finished its work before the next general meeting of the board. Three applications for membership were considered by the council. They were from Robert Robertson, W. A. Galliher, and Thomas Morley. All were favorably considered and so recommended to the board.

Still Curling.

One of the best curling games of the season was played last night at the Crystal rink, between two rinks composed as follows: Dr. G. A. B. Hall, Thomas Houston, James Richardson, J. H. Wallace (skip); J. Porter, H. G. Goodeve, A. Carrie, Frank Tamblyn (skip). Twelve ends were played, the score being 10 points to 7 in favor of Wallace's rink.

All for Love of the Saviour.

The physical culture classes which meet every Monday and Thursday evenings for practice in the Hume hall have now a membership of over thirty. A public entertainment will be given in a few weeks in aid of the building fund of the Methodist parsonage.

LOCAL NEWS AND GOSSIP.

A practice drill of Nelson's company of Kootenay Rifles will be held tonight at the fire hall, at which a full attendance is requested by captain Hodgins.

The "Gunner from Galway," a local celebrity, fell in Sandon on Sunday and broke his leg.

The only sewer pipe and pressed brick works in the province are located at Victoria, and only white labor is employed. An advertisement of the company appears on this page.

Born, at Donald, a week ago Sunday, to the wife of Al Penzer, a son.

Strachan Brothers is the name of the latest addition to the business firms of Nelson. They will do general plumbing, their place of business being on Baker street, west of the office of the Hamilton Powder Company.

Business Mention.

THE TRIBUNE will print 2000 cards, same as an itinerant traveler offers to furnish, for $9, which will permit the party ordering same to use the whole of the card for his own advertisements.

Pianos tuned and violin bows re-haired. Leave orders at Art & Music Company, Baker street, Nelson.

Herr F. Steiner receives pupils in vocal culture, piano and cello. Address Art & Music Company, Baker street, Nelson.

FOR SALE.

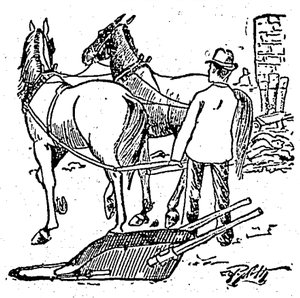
CORNER LOT—Northeast corner Baker and Josephine streets, Nelson, 50 by 120, with all improvements. Price $10,000 cash. Apply to John Houston.

SITUATION WANTED.

WANTED—By Canadian lady, situation as useful companion, housekeeper, or governess to small children; musical; experienced. Highest references. Address C., care postmaster, Nakusp, B. C.

GIRLS WANTED.

GIRLS wanting to learn dress making and millinery, apply at once to Fred Irvine & Co.



Contractors and Others

Who use picks, shovels, etc., should not fail to look at our line of goods, which for qualities and material cannot be beat.

Vancouver Hardware Co., Ltd

Importers of Shelf and Heavy Hardware.
MARA & BARNARD BLOCK, BAKER ST., NELSON

BRITISH COLUMBIA POTTERY CO., Ltd

VICTORIA, B. C.

MANUFACTURERS OF
PRESSED BRICKS FIRE BRICKS FIRE CLAY
VITRIFIED SALT GLAZED SEWER PIPES

All kinds of sanitary fittings, agricultural drain tile, flower pots, terra cotta, chimney pipe and flue lining, chimney tops, fire brick, fire clay, all kinds of fire clay goods, assayers' furnaces etc., made to order.

Ornamental Gaaden Border Tiles, Vases, Etc.

Cement, plaster of paris, lime, and all kinds of ornamental plaster work.

Vienna Restaurant

Baker street, between Josephine and Hall streets, Nelson.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS, DAY OR NIGHT
BAKERY IN CONNECTION
FAMILY AND PASTRY COOKING A SPECIALTY
ONLY WHITE HELP EMPLOYED

R. HURRY, Prop.

BON TON RESTAURANT.

OPEN DAY AND NIGHT

The only restaurant in the city employing only white cooks.

Merchants' lunch from 12 to 2 o'clock, 25 cents. Dinner from 5 to 8. Short orders at all hours.

Does the Eastern Tailor

SPEND HIS MONEY IN NELSON?

No; then buy your clothes from a Nelson tailor who does. We beg to announce that we have cut our prices so close this season that you will find no difference between them and any reputable house in the east. Then, all being equal, surely you will favor home industry. Our clothing is made in Nelson. All we ask is a trial. BAKER STREET WEST, NELSON, B. C.

WE HAVE NO AGENTS

H. M. VINCENT

MERCHANT TAILOR

LOTS OF MEN...

never have a moment to spare. Others never think of ordering clothes until they actually need them. Don't put it off. Take a look at my new samples. If you can't call yourself send a messenger boy to rooms 5 and 6, in the Clement block, or drop a line to P. O. box 391, and receive samples, and have your measure taken at your house or office. Get your black suit made now. Our samples for this suit are English bell warps. Fit and workmanship guaranteed.

Stevens, The Tailor

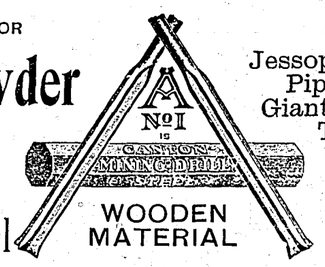
NELSON, B. C. KASLO, B. C. SANDON, B. C.

H. BYERS & CO.

DEALERS IN

Shelf and Heavy Hardware

SOLE AGENTS FOR
Giant Powder
TRUAX ORE CARS
Canton Drill Steel



CARRY IN STOCK
Jessop's Steel, Iron, Coal Pipes, and Fittings
Giant, Caps and Fuse
Tools, Cutlery, Tin and Woodenware
Stoves, Ranges, Iron, Steel, Sheet Iron, T-Rails
Paints, Oils, Glass

NELSON STORE AND OFFICE: Corner Baker and Josephine Sts.
NELSON WAREHOUSE: Corner Hall Street and City Wharf.

THE LAWRENCE HARDWARE CO.

Will be found in their new premises on Baker Street with a complete stock of

Shelf and Heavy **HARDWARE** Heavy and Shelf

ALL KINDS OF MINING SUPPLIES

You will find it to your advantage to consult us before placing your orders

Tinsmithing and Plumbing a Specialty
Estimates Cheerfully Furnished

PROSPECTORS, LOOK OUT!

As the snow is fast leaving and spring is at hand, a little advice on the question of buying your outfits may be of advantage. It will pay you to see the quality of our goods and get our quotations before purchasing elsewhere. We wish to inform families coming to Nelson that our chief aim is to keep up our well established family trade, which is now the largest in the city. When a family once deals with us they remain our customers and advise their friends to deal with

Kirkpatrick & Wilson

BAKER STREET WEST, NELSON, B. C.

Is it possible

THAT YOU ARE USING TEA THAT DOESN'T SUIT YOU?

Indeed we feel sorry for you when we know perfectly well we can suit you in any line of Tea, it matters not what kind, Green, Black, Young Hyson, Gunpowder, etc., etc. We have the largest and best assorted stock of teas in Nelson.

The very best indications that our teas are giving satisfaction is the fact that our sales are increasing daily.

Kindly bear in mind when we sell you a pound of tea we sell it to give satisfaction and if it doesn't suit you don't keep it, for we are satisfied we can please you. We have pleased the most fastidious.

Our stock of groceries is the largest in the city—always buying in car lots.

ABERDEEN BLOCK
NELSON, B. C. **M. DesBrisay & Co.**

John A. Irving & Co.

HAVE JUST RECEIVED A CONSIGNMENT OF

YANKEE HILL'S PURE MAPLE SYRUP

IN GALLON AND ONE-HALF GALLON TINS AND BOTTLES

Family orders a specialty and free daily delivery
Mail and telephone orders promptly attended to
Baker Street West, opposite Oddfellows' Block

TRY IT AND BE CONVINCED
THE FINEST ON THE MARKET
JUST THE THING FOR HOT CAKES

SPECIAL ATTENTION

Have just received a consignment of Harris home made tweeds from Talbot Harris, Scotland.

FRED J. SQUIRE, Baker St. Nelson

The supply is limited, so call early and examine this stock.