### TWO DOLLARS A YEAR.

SIXTH YEAR.-NO. 26.

CITY COUNCIL MEETING.

Money By-Laws will be Submitted to Rate payers on June 9th. At the meeting of the city council held

Monday afternoon a communication was read from A. H. Buchanan, president of the Nelson Boating Club, and others, asking the council to make a cut through the small hill at the foot of Josephine street, so that an approach may be had to the club's float at the foot of that street. The communication was referred to the publicworks committee with power to look into the question of water front rights.

A. Ferland and other property owners had a petition before the council asking for a three-foot sidewalk from lot 5 in. block 35 to lot 12 in block 36 on Carbonate street. It went to the public works com-

The four money by-laws, Waterworks Extension, Cemetery, Electric Light and Sewerage Extension were put through their final stages, and will be submitted to the ratepayers for their approval or rejection on Thursday, June 9th. Copies of these by-laws may be seen on the third page of this issue.

On motion of alderman Hillyer, seconded by alderman Malone, the council recommended George Luther Lennex as district registrar for the land registry office to be opened in this city.

The city clerk was appointed returning officer and J. Keith Reid deputy returning officer for the voting upon the four money by-laws on Thursday, June 9th. The ratepayers in the east ward will vote at the city hall, and those of the west ward at the office of J. Keith Reid.

The following accounts were passed:

THE LONG WILL	accor		.,		1000		
Bedford Thompson, w	ork on	street	Ls		s		25
D. E. McEachern Steve Hawkins	•	. "				15	JW
Steve Hawkins	••	**				16	25
Michael Stanton II. Flanagan	4.	**		/ .		1	
H. Flanagan	••	**	5		1.2.	- 1	-25
Walter Wyatt						. 13	75
Walter Wyatt A. W. Maxwell John Munro, work on	<b>*</b> **	. ** .			:	16	
John Munro, work on	sewers					20	38
C. Burton John Ellis	• •					. 8	
John Ellis "		ودائدا		المات والإيماء		3	58
J. Kerr. Work on	reserv	oir				.Lk	25
A. Wilmorest	1. Sec. 15.7						UQ.
John Miles, pound			ومتراضين		a tarahari		ŲΟ
J. J. Malone, refund fo							
Lawrence Hardware C	o., wat	er cor	nnect	ions.		35	93
Fred J. Squire, police?	miforn	1,		Section.	المراجع والمراجع	31	00
Fred J. Squire, police Nelson Planing Mills, 1	umber					317	73
						· .	

Alderman Hillyer drew the attention of the council to the fact that admittance to the Kootenay Lake hospital had been refused to William Smith, and the council authorized the acting mayor to care for

On motion of alderman Hillyer the city clerk was instructed to correspond with the several hospitals and scoure a rate per week for the care of at least ten patients during a period of twelve months.

The council authorized the acting mayor to purchase a railway ticket to Calgary for a man named Pitman who was in destitute circumstances.

### The Opposition's Railway Policy.

The members of the opposition made a great record in railway legislation this session. They made a fairly successful fight against the Turner government's policy of granting purely speculative railway charters, by which different sections of the province were placed at the mercy of hungry charter speculators. As the result of their fight they cut down the time limit in all railway charters to something like a reasonable time for the censtruction of the roads, and in each and every instance inserted a security clause in the charters for the performance of a certain amount of work at once, as a guarantee of good faith on the part of the charterers. They also caused the anti-Ohinese and Japanese clause to be inserted into all railway charters, and forced the government to insert a similar clause into the \$5,000,000 railway loan act, by which any company receiving financial aid from the government shall be debarred from employing Chinese or Japanese upon their construction work. Is there an elector who will not say that this is a change for the better?

### The Troubles of Provincial Officials.

Police magistrate Crease spent the greater part of Wednesday afternoon in endeavoring to ascertain whether W. P. Robinson, deputy sheriff, was guilty of swearing at E. T. H. Simpkins, deputy registrar. The evidence of E. T. H. Simpkins, deputy registrar, was that the deputy sheriff had called him a damned little swindler and other objectionable names with a profane emphasis. This evidence was supported to a certain extent by one credible witness. The accused admitted that he said that the deputy registrar was swindling people, but he denied having made use of the profane emphasis complained of, and also of calling the other objectionable names. John Miles, the official dog-catcher, also gave evidence to the effect that the deputy sheriff had made use of no profane language. For the privilege of having eased his mind, by expressing his opinion of the deputy registrar publicly, the magistrate assessed the deputy sheriff \$10. It is said that the case will be appealed.

### The Case of "Boss" Smith.

The refusal of A. H. Clements to admit old Boss Smith into the Kootenay Lake General Hospital has created considerable stir among the subscribers to the funds of the hospital society. When alderman Hillyer heard of the helpless condition of old man Smith he interviewed treasurer Clements upon the subject of his admission to the hospital. Clements is reported | to have said that he would not consent to being a colored man. That he would not have him reported to the House.

ask the attendants of the hospital to wait on such a patient as Smith. The result of this was that the city council was obliged

to take some steps for the relief of Smith. When Dr. G. A. B. Hall, medical superintendent, was seen upon the matter he disclaimed any sympathy with the position taken by treasurer Clements. Hesaid that it had been decided between himself and the president of the society to admit Smith, and that the patient would have been admitted had not the friends of Smith, rebuffed by the reply of the treasurer, made other arrangements.

The statement of Dr. Hall may absolve the management of the hospital from: blame in the matter, but it does not help the case of treasurer Clements. The hospital society is supported by grants from the provincial revenue and by public subscriptions. It should therefore be open to: the public, and it is not for any director to draw the color line with respect to patients. The director who lays down the proposition that no colored man shall be admitted into a hospital supported by public funds should be fired.

### Chinese Martin's Troubles.

Hon. G. B. Martin is having no end of trouble in attempting to deny the remarkable Chinese speech which he made in the legislature during the recent session. Since Martin has been in the legislature made by members of the opposition to legislate against the employment of Chinese and Japanese. This session he went further and announced that he had employed all kinds of men on his ranch, including men from Ontario, and that the best man he ever had was a Chinaman who worked for \$15 per month. Since making this ill-advised speech, Martin has been writing letters to all parts of the province in the endeavor to make the electors believe that he never made it. In the legislature Martin was given the lie direct by Mr. Kellie, who said he had heard the commissioner make the remarks attributed to him, and on top of this Mr. Semlin has since taken an affidavit that he also heard the commissioner make the remarks. There is therefore no escape for Martin.

### The Tax on Working Miners.

Just how the Turner government stands upon the question of imposing a tax upon the men who work in the metalliferous mines for wages is shown by the vote recorded in the legislature on March 17th. Mr. Cotton moved the following resolution: "That in the opinion of this house, laborers in mines should nov, as such, be required to take out free miners' Incenses. This resolution was negatived upon the following division: Yeas-Sword, Kennedy, Hume, Forster, McPher-Vedder, Semlin, Cotton, Graham, Kellie and Higgins-11. Navs-Huff. Smith, Mutter, Turner, Martin, Rithet, Adams, Stoddart, Walkem, Pooley, Eberts, Bryden, Rogers, Hunter, Braden and McGregor-16. The excuse offered by the government for imposing this tax is that the miners like to pay it. The miners will have a chance to be heard from when they get their ballot papers.

### Rock Drilling Contest at Rossland. Burns and Tallon won the rock drilling contest at Rossland on the 21th, driving

381 inches. Their competitors, Stephenson and Ericson, drilled 343 inches. Burns was the first hammersman, and drilled for a straight minute, after which he and Tallon changed every half minute. Tal lon proved an adept at changing drills and his work in that direction could hardly be surpassed. Not a single stroke was lost while he exchanged steel, and his drills never froze far an instant.

### Canadian Parliament to Prorogue.

In the house of commons on Wednesday, sir Wilfrid Laurier stated that there would be no new bills of any consequence introduced, and consequently prorogation may be looked for about the end of next This may be taken to mean that the government will pay Mackenzie & Mann an indemnity instead of trying to put a new bill through the house. It is said that the indemnity which the railway contractors may claim runs from \$300,000 to

### McQueen Declines With Thanks.

The government supporters in Richmond are having a difficulty in securing a candidate to contest that riding with Thomas Kidd, the present member. They thought they had James McQueen slated for the position, but he has declined. This may be taken to mean that James Mc-Queen, of Vancouver, does not consider that a government candidate has any chance of success in Richmond riding. In this James McQueen's head is no doubt

### Lead Bonus was Never Paid.

In the house of commons on Wednesday sir Richard Cartright, in reply to a question, stated that it was not the intention to amend the regulations framed under the act of 1895 for the encouragement of lead smelting as no change would make them more effective. No money had been paid out under the regulations because required returns had not been received from the several smelters.

Lawyer Howell Failed to Appear. H. C. Howell, Q. C., of Winnipeg, summoned to appear before the committee of the Commons in connection with the Manitoba election prosecutions, was called three times on Wednesday, and no reply the admission of Smith on account of his | being given, Sir Hibbert Tupper asked to

KELLIE'S TRUCK ACT.

If the Miners want it Enforced they Should Return Opposition Candidates

It will be the duty of the miners who desire to see Kellie's Truck Act enforced to return opposition members to the next legislature. The Turner government is at heart hostile to any such legislation, which, in its protection to the working miners, cuts off possible profits to the wealthy companies employing them.

That the Turner government was op-posed to the passage of the Truck Act was evidenced by the action of the attorney-general on April 15th in moving that the order for the second reading of the bill be discharged, and that the bill be referred to a committee of five members, in which committee it could be conveniently strangled without any record of the same appearing upon the journals of the house. It is worthy of note that this amendment of the attorney-general's was supported only by the members of the cabinet, and by six of the most subservient of the gov ernment's supporters in the house. No less than four government supporters voted with the opposition in defeating this scheme to defeat the bill.

The object of this truck act is to require the full payment of workmen's wages in noney, and thus protect them from being cinched through being compelled to board Since Martin has been in the legislature in company boarding houses, or through he has consistently opposed all attempts being obliged to make purchases of goods in their employer's stores. The main clauses of the act apply to workmen employed in any incoporated city or within three miles thereof.

The vote upon attorney-general Ebert's motion to refer the bill to a committee was supported by Messrs. Huff, Smith, Baker, Turner, Martin, Adams, Walkem,

Pooley, Eberts, Bryden and Rogers. If the miners of Kootenay wish to see this act enforced they must return candidates who are friendly to the miners, rather than those who are friendly to the Turner government. It is safe to say that under another Turner administration the act would become a dead letter, and the interests of the miners would be sacrificed to increase the profits of the employing companies, whose representatives pay frequent visits to the capital and extend the glad hand to the ministers.

### That Economical Administration.

The supplementary estimates of the federal government bring the total national expenditure provided for the current year up to \$40,569,491. This expenditure is the largest in the history of the Dominion. Lest year's expenditure was 18 feet, 1 inch: running hop, step and about \$2,500,000 less, and the country's lump, won by Geo. McLeod, or Sandon, 39 heaviest annual bill previous to this year feet, 4 inches; Kennedy, of Nelson, secwas only \$39,011,612-and that was in 1886, when the expense of the Northwest rebellion had to be provided for. For the year ending June 30th, 1896, the last year of Tory rule, the expenditure was \$36,949.142 -and Liberal economists then railed against Tory extravagance.

### More Canadian Knights.

The royal birthday honors are characterized by innumerable military rewards for service in the campaign against the rebellious Afridis on the Indian frontier. No fewer than six Victoria Crosses are awarded. Several honors are bestowed upon distinguished Canadians. The Hon. Chas. Alphonse P. Pelletier, speaker of the senate of Canada, the Hon. Jas. David Edgar, speaker of the Canadian house of commons, and Mr. John George Bourinot, clerk of the house, are made Knight Commanders of the order of the order of St. Michael and St. George.

### Delayed for Another Month.

The West Kootenay Power & Light Company is proceeding with the erection of its poles and lines from the transforming station by the Virginia to the War Eagle and also to the British Columbia Bullion Extracting Company's plant at Silica, near the O. K., on Little Sheep creek. Owing to delays in some electrical machinery, it will probably be a month before the company commences to transmit power.

### Killed at the Silver King Mine.

the Silver King mine, was killed Wednesfrom the No. 4 tunnel. It is supposed that the deceased thought that he was stepping into the cage and instead stepped into the open shaft. A coroner's jury returned a verdict of accidental death and exonerated the mine management from any blame. The Nelson Undertaking Company will ship the remains to Negannee, Michigan, for burial.

### Convention Failed to Nominate.

The opposition delegates from the several divisions of the Rossland riding failed to nominate a candidate on Wednesday, in the convention which met at Rossland. It is reported that there was some feeling that the Boundary Creek section of the district was not accorded a sufficient number of delegates to the convention. Another convention will be held in Rossland on June 8th. James Martin, of Rossland, is the strongest candidate in some half-dozen aspirants.

### The Family of Martins.

The circumstance that there are three Martins mentioned as candidates in the approaching elections is leading to some confusion. The Martins may be classified as follows: Joseph Martin, whom the people of Vancouver want; James Martin, whom the people of Rossland riding want; and Chinese Martin, whom nobody wants, save the Chinese.

TROUBLE FOR SOMEONE.

### Prosecutions for Perjury Will Probably Result From that Investigation.

NELSON, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SATURDAY, MAY 28, 1898.

If one can believe the press dispatches the Turner government has struck a snag in the investigation into the manner in which the lands and works department is run in Victoria. It will be remembered that the Times, of Victoria, intimated that in order to get the officials of the lands and works department to facilitate public business they had to be tipped. .

Justice Walkem was appointed a commissioner to investigate the matter during the last days of the session, and on Wednesday he completed the taking of evidence. From the government's point of view the investigation ran along as nicely as could be desired. The officials of the lands and works department were examined from the top to the bottom, and none of them had ever heard of anyone receiving a tip. It was different when R. F. Tolmie, of Nelson, started to give evi dence. This is "what" the press dispatch says concerning his evidence: "The gov ernment employe, R. F. Tolmie, of Nelson, was severely cross-examined, and admitted the correspondence regarding crown grants having been issued for an improper consideration. The evidence will be submitted to the government and prosecutions for perjury will probably

### Prize Winners at Kaslo.

The Nelson boys succeeded in carrying off a considerable number of the prizes offered at Kaslo on Tuesday. In the hose team race Nelson made a tie with Kaslo. and divided the \$150 purse. The ball game between the Nelson and Sandon teams was called at the end of the sixth inning, the score standing 11 to 9 in favor of the Sandou team. The winners in the Caledonian sports were: Fifty yard boot race, won by Fred Spiers, Gus Miller, second; One hundred yard race for boys in der 15. won by Louis Turk, Clair Mabee, second; seventy-five yard egg and spoon race, won by Clair Mabee, Louis Turk, second; seventy-five yard three-legged race, won by Dill and Keith, Smith and Houston, of Nelson, second; One hundred yard open footrace, won by Dill, Thompson, of Nelson, second; two hundred and twenty yard open footrace, won by Thompson, of Nelson, Dill second; four hundred and forty yard open footrace, won by Jeffs, Stutter second, both of Nelson; running broad jump, won by Campbell, 19 feet, 3 inches; Dill, second, ond, 39 feet, 2 inches; running high jump, won by A. C. McKinnon, 5 feet, 31 inches; Kennedy, of Nelson, second, 5 feet, 2 inches; standing high jump, won by A. C. McKinnon, 4 feet, 3 inches; Dill second, 4 feet 2 inches.

### Some Puzzling Questions Settled.

Judgment was given by the imperial privy council on Thursday, on the questions submitted by the Dominion and provincial governments of Canada. The judgment is considered there as being in favor of the provinces. The case was argued July 28, 1897. The following is a decision on the points submitted: 1. That the beds of rivers and lakes are the property of the provinces. 2. That the public harbors are vested in the Dominion, but in respect of harbors generally it is dependent on facts whether or not the harbors become Dominion property. 3. Fishing regulations seem to be divided among the provinces, and the Dominion has power to make regulations regarding open and closed seasons, the size of meshes in nets, etc.. but the ownership of the fishing privileges rests in the provinces. The Dominion has the power to issue licenses to parties acquiring fishing rights from the provinces, but cannot grant monopolies. 4. The right of the Dominion to prevent or permit the erection of works in navigable waters is confirmed.

### A New Tax for Slaughter Sales.

While the Municipal Clauses Amending Bill was before the legislature last week Stephen Jeffrey, a miner employed at | Mr. Hume secured an amendment to the act which will be welcomed by the bona day afternoon by falling down the shaft | fide merchants of Nelson. Mr. Hume inserted a new clause in section 474, giving municipalities the power to collect from any transient trader or other person who occupies premises in the municipality for temporary periods, and who may offer goods or merchandise of any description for sale by auction, or in any other manner, conducted by himself or a licensed auctioneer, or otherwise, in addition to any other license before mentioned, a sum not exceeding one hundred dollars for every six months or part thereof.

### The Government's Mortgage Tax Problem.

The political campaign has opened in earnest on Vancouver Island, and Hon. C. E. Pooley is now endeavoring to explain his position on the mortgage tax to the farmers in Esquimalt district. The members of the opposition have for years been fighting to secure an amendment to the assessment act by which this tax upon a man's poverty would be removed. However, like the tax upon men working in the metalliferous mines, the mortgage tax vielded considerable revenue, and the government refused to abolish it, no matter how unjust it might be. A resolution came before the legislature on February 28, dealing with this question. It was moved by Mr. Cotton, and read: "That in the opinion of this house the double "taxation involved in the present system

"of taxing mortgages is an injustice." The man who led the fight against the passage of this resolution was Hon. C. E. Pooley. He said that although the borrower of money under a mortgage might pay taxes upon the full value of his property, and additional taxes upon the mortgaged indebtedness of the same property that such was not double taxation. And the government, which at present is so very much interested in the farmers negatived the Cotton resolution by carry

ing the following amendment: "To strike out all the words after house and in-the following: The personal tax on moneys included in mortgages and taxed to the mortgagee is not double taxation." The government members who thus killed Cotton's resolution were: Messrs. Huff, Smith, Mutter, Baker. Tur ner, Martin, Rithet, Adams, Booth, Stoddart, Pooley, Eberts, Bryden, Rogers, Hunter and McGregor-16. It is safe to say that Pooley's definition of the legal meaning of double taxation will not satisfy the farmers who are now paying taxes on what they own and on what they owe.

### Decision in Rubenstein Case.

The appeal in the case of Merryweather vs. Aspinwall was argued before the full court at Victoria last week, when the plaintiff's contention at the trial was sustained and the defendant's appeal dismissed. This case was an adverse claim action, in which the plaintiff, Merry-weather, as the owner of the Rubenstein, a prior location, adversed the Lofty claim, owned by Phil Aspinwall. The ground in dispute adjoins the O. K. at Rossland. he case was tried before Justice McColl. The plaintiff's contention was that as the Rubenstein was the prior location, all he had to do to establish his location was to put in his record, and that the defendant had to show that the plaintiff's location was bad, the defendant, holding the subsequent record. In the opinion of the trial judge the Rubenstein was a valid location, and the defendant failed to show that it was not. This opinion was affirmed by the full court. John Elliot appeared for the plaintiff, Merry weather, and Hamilton, of Rossland, for the defen-

Tax on Lawyers Remains. It does not matter how lawyers differ politically, they can always be counted upon sticking together whenever the interests of the profession are at stake. the legislature last week Hon. C. E. Pooley moved that the clause in the Municipal Clauses Act, giving the municipalities possento impose a tax of \$25 per an- and the provincial government that, in num upon the lawyers be struck out. He | the event of the park reserve yeing subdi-.v. was one that had never been collected, and he did not think it ever would. He pointed out already that the members of the bar each paid \$20 a year towards the keeping up of law libraries throughout the province, and these libraries were not only for the benefit of the bar but of the public as well. But there are other places than Victoria, and the members of the house are not all lawyers, and the result was that the amendment of Mr. Pooley was defeated.

The Government's Plight in Cariboo. Mr. Adams, one of the Turner government's supporters from Caribo, has decided that he will not seek re-election. The electors of Cariboo will attend to the case of his colleague, Mr. Rogers. It is said that the government will be forced to accept Joseph Hunter as one of its Cariboo candidates, as no one clse has the slightest chance of winning as a government candidate. Hunter is the government supporter who denounced the \$5,000,000 land bill's Yukon railway clause as an attempt to swindle the province out of \$1,000,000. Good candidate.

### They Keep Dropping Out.

Arthur Wellington Smith has, it is announced, decided to quit politics. Mr. Smith has sat in the legislature for several years, representing one of the Lilpoets. He was a faithful supporter of the Turner government. He is said to have voted for the Turner government's \$5.-000,000 railway loan bill against his own melinations, and it may be that the pressure which was put upon all government members to induce them to support this bill has had the effect of driving Mr. Smith out of politics.

### Nest Egg Company Got Damages.

Justice Walkem has given judgment in Nest Egg vs. Canadian Rand Drill Co. for plaintiff in accordance with the findings of the jury for \$1011.11, reimbursement for the machinery removed and \$3500 for damages. In this case the Rand Drill Co. removed certain machinery from the Nest Egg property, which had been purchased by the mining company from the defendant company. The mining company had made certain payments upon the machinery, and were not in default when the machinery was removed.

### Sons of England Incorporation.

When the Sons of England Incorporation Bill came up in the commons on Wednesday it was opposed by members of the government. The motion to go into committee on it was carried by a vote of 85 to 41, a large number of Liberals voting for it.

### Green will Accept.

The friends of Robert Green, of Kaslo. say that they have persuaded him to accept their nomination as a candidate for the Slocan riding in opposition to John L. Retallack, who is said to be in perfect acleord with the Turner cabinets

CHINESE TO MOVE OFF VERNON STREET,

The Canadian Pacific will Lease them Land In the Flat on Lake Street:

Acting mayor Teetzel had a conference on Friday with L. A. Hamilton, C. P. R. land commissioner, respecting several matters at issue between the city of Nelson and the railway company's land de-

The Chinese matter was speedily disposed of The trouble in this instance was caused by the railway company leasing a number of lots to the Chinese on Vernon street in the vicinity of the soda water works. The effect of this would be to make a regular Chinese quarter of what is at present a very desirable residence portion of the city. To meet the views of the city in this respect the com-missioner agreed to lease the Chinese land on Lake street in blocks 61 and 71. These blocks lie in the flat and the presence of the Chinese would not interfere with

anyone. With respect to the purchase of the cemetery site, the railway company agreed to sell a choice of two pieces of land for cemetery purposes at \$20 per acre. The land picked out by the city in the first instance adjoins the Innes addition, but this land the railway company considered too valuable for cemetery purposes in view of its proximity to the city. The railway company's proposition was that the city should go back about 1000 feet from the limits of the Innes addition before taking up its cemetery land.. This land would be distant from the lake front about 11 miles. The other land offered by the railway company was a section on the Hall Mines road, near McLeod's milk ranch, which the company is willing to sell at about the same figure. This land is about one mile from the town. The members of the council will look over the two pieces of land and probably make a

Some difficulty was experienced in securing a new location for the residents of East Baker street. It was thought that they could be located close to the new Chinese section to be started in the flats, but the railway company was opposed to this. With respect to the other portions of the flat the company said that the demand for warehouse accommodation was so great that it would take all the available space along the water front. When it was hinted that a piece of the park reserve at the head of Victoria street should be divided into lots and sold for this purpose, Frank Fletcher, the company's resident agent, said that there was an understanding between the railway company should have one-half of it. In the end no decision was arrived at.

Upon the subject of giving the city titles to the lots upon which the city buildings stand, and the lots devoted to recreation purposes, the railway officials replied that the government had not deeded to the company the property which it was to receive in exchange, and that as soon as the government gave the company its lots the matter would be

Why the Mining Inspector is not Appointed.

Three mining fatalities were recorded during the past week. It is immaterial whether the coroner's jury exonerates the mine management or not, these accidents emphasize the necessity for the immediate appointment of a mining inspector. The spectacle which is presented to the miners is this: The Turner government recognizes the necessity of the appointment of an inspector. It has a very capable man picked out for the job. The appointment is not filled because the government requires the political influence of James McGregor in Nanaimo. That noble and humane government at Victoria holds a slight political advantage of more consequence than the lives of the men working in the precious metal mines of Kootenay.

### The Chain Gang for Hoboes.

For the past week the city has been so nfested with able-bodied beggars that the city authorities have decided to run them out of town. The police have received instructions to arrest all men caught begging on the streets, and the citizens are requested to report all such cases. When two or three of these ablebodied loafers are arrested it is the purpose of the city council to organize a chain gang and put them to work on the streets. The police have reason to believe that the city has become the dumping ground for professional hoboes from Spo-

### The Deal Will Go Through.

Colonel Ridpath, with Senator Turner, is opposed to the sale of the Le Roi, and has worked hard to secure a negative vote in the board of directors, but a remark that he made to a friend in Spokane on Thursday indicates that he has very little hope of being able to prevent the sale. He told his friend that he would vote against the sale, but that he did not think there were votes enough to prevent the sale. Three million dollars looked too oig to a majority of the stockholders.

### It Happened After the Dinner.

Sir Adolphe Caron was seriously injured in New York city early Wednesday morning by falling against an iron spiked railing on West 27th street. One of the spikes cut a great gash in his left check and ran from the chin to the ear. He was on his way to the Gerlach hotel, after having attended the Canadian Society's

### PUBLISHERS' NOTICE.

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LODGE MEETINGS.

NELSON LODGE, NO. 23, A. F. & A. M. Meets second Wednesday in each month. Sojourning brethren invited.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS—Nelson Lodge, No. 25.
Knights of Pythias, meets in Castle hall, Macdonald block, corner of Josephine and Vernon streets, every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. All visiting knights are cordially invited to attend.

JOHN J. MALONE, C. C.
GEORGE PARTICIPAE, K. of R. & S.

The Tribune.

SATURDAY MORNING ...... MAY 28, 1898

Ir is announced that premier Turner and attorney-general Eberts will hold a political meeting in Nelson shortly. Should they do so they will have a chance of explaining to the people of southwest Kootenny why they sought to disfranchise the electors of this district. They will be afforded an opportunity of explaining why they considered that 200 prospective voters in Cassiar should have two representatives in the next legislature while 1960 prospective voters in southwest Kootenay should have but one. The people have a right to know why the premier of the province considered that one elector in Cassiar should have a greater voice in the management of the affairs of this province than ten electors in Kootenay. It would interest the people of the old riding of southwest Kootenay to know why premier Turner formed his redistribution bill so that 296 prospective voters in Cassiar should be able to negative the votes of 3522 voters in southwest Koocenay and Rossland ridings. Premier Turner and attorney-general Eberts had these figures before them bill, and when they submitted such a bill they said it was the best which could be expected under the circumstances. What were those circumstances? Was Kootenay denied its proper representation because Kootenay could not be depended upon to return government supporters? Has politics so blunted the sensibilities of premier Turner that he could not see the rank injustice of such a measure? Is the franchise a thing which can be extended to the electors or withheld at the will of the party in power? Is the right of the subject to participate in the government willingness or unwillingnes to vote for government candidates? These are a few questions which may fairly be put to premier Turner.

THE government supporters around Revelstoke will go into convention for the purpose of nominating a candidate the approaching elections. The opposition candidate may be said to be in the field already in the person of J. M. Kellie. He put up a great fight in the house this session and should win in a walk.

D. M. CARLEY has got a government job in Victoria. He is making labels for the government candidates. This is what he has designed for the government's Stocan sacrifice: "John L. Retallack is spoken of as the government candidate in the Slocan riding. Mr. Retallack stands | railway is a case in point. It was out of well in his own city and would be a tower of strength to the Turner government."

"THE Nelson TRIBUNE'S statement that "the opposition forced the redistribu-"tion bill, as it finally passed, upon the "government, is quite too ridiculous to "be considered seriously." The above is from the Kootenaian. The files of the Victoria Colonist and the Vancouver World will show that the government's redistribution bill, as it passed its second seading, gave southwest Kootenay with 1960 prospective voters one member, and Cassiar with 200 voters two members. And the members of the government assured the legislature that the bill was as could expected under the circumstances. When the bill reached the committee stage the members of the opposition fought for twenty-three consecutive hours after this fight the government members held a cancus and it was decided to in- They have a common interest and a com- that occasion.

crease the representation of southwest Kootenay. These are the facts. The determined light of the opposition had the effect of improving a bill which the govwhich sought to deprive the electors of Slocan of their proper voice in the councils of the province. Its readers can probably guess the why.

MR. WILLIAMS, of Vancouver, has de cided to drop out of provincial politics. This action on his part will no doubt simplify the situation in the opposition party in Vancouver. There are now three prospective candidates in the field with a fourth one to be named. Messrs. Cotton. Martin and Macpherson should be able to pull the fourth man in and make a solid opposition from the terminal city.

W. C. Wells has been nominated a the opposition candidate for the north riding of East Kootenay.

Ir is now definitely announced that Joseph Martin will make the race in Vancouver as an opposition candidate. The Province of Vancouver has been instrumental in bringing Martin out, and it announces that any attempt to introduce federal politics into the campaign will be discouraged. There is some talk in Victoria of an understanding having been arrived at between Martin and premier Turner, but this is stoutly denied by Martin's friends. Martin may be marked down as the next attorney-general of British Columbia.

THE council of the city of Niagara Falls, N. Y., declared a public holiday on Tuesday in honor of the queen's birthday, and the city officials spent the day in assisting the Canadians to celebrate on the Canadian side of the line. One-half of the tolls taken on both bridges across the river were devoted to the fund raised for the support of the families of the American soldiers who left last week for the seat of war. The compliment paid by the Americans to their Canadian neighbors was in the nature of a return for one paid by the Canadians during the previous week. When the company of volunteers left Niagara, N. Y., for the front, four Canadian fire companies went across the river headed by the Union Jack and a brass band and joined in wishing the Yanks God speed and victory.

THERE will be more railway construction carried on in British Columbia during the present and ensuing year than has been attempted since the construction of when they so framed their redistribution | the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company through the province. The construction of these railways wil cost the province and Dominion several millions of dollars, and when they are completed the people of British Columbia will be more hopelessly at the mercy of the railway monopoly of the Canadian Pacific Railway Company than ever before. While other countries are reaping the benefits of state ownership of railways, the politicians of British Columbia are virtually building railways for the Canadian Pacific Company out of the funds of the province. The province reof this province to be determined by his | ceives no direct return, and the people in the districts served are called upon to pay the maximum charges for transportation. This is the railway policy which the premier of "my government" asks the electors of this province to endorse. He has no idea of a policy of state ownership of railways which does not include the purchase of the Canadian Pacific Company's lines throughout the province; He will confidently assert that the province is not in a position to carry out a policy of state ownership of railways, and in the same session of the legislature he will obligate the province to pay \$5,000,000 in bonuses to the railway projects of shrewd promoters, in return for which the people of the province have the privilege of paying fares over railways built with their money. The case of the Nakusp & Slocan the question for the government to build this as a government road. Instead the government chartered a company company composed of its intimate friends, and they built the road, and the government merely guaranteed the capital amount required to build the road and the interest upon the same for twenty-five years. And premier Turner and his colleagues never tire of telling how their wonderful railway policy has opened up Kootenay and made it the district that it is.

THE policy advocated by some newspapers in Kootenay is that the electors of this district should support certain independent candidates, who in return for their support of the Turner government shall exact liberal appropriations for the district. Such a policy would be dishonest. If it were successfully carried out it | a policy been in vogue in the case of the to secure additional representation for would create in Kootenay the same consouthwest Kootenay, and finally quit the | dition of things which obtains in the govhouse in a body as a protest against the | ernment's pocket horoughs on Vancouver unfair manner in which the government | Island. The electors of Kootenay have a | takes considerable strength for a man to allowed the debate to be conducted. And | duty to perform to the province as a | denonnce his party's measure and vote whole as well as to their own district. against it as did Joseph Hunter upon

mon responsibility with the other electors of the province in the general policy of the government. When the elections. come around every elector is called upon ernment said, when it was introduced, to record his opinion as to whether the was as good as could be expected under Turner government has wisely administhe circumstances. The Kootennian is tered the affairs of this province or acting as the apologist for a government, whether it has not. If an elector is of the opinion that the Turner government has not administered the affairs of this province in the interests of the people of the province, it is his duty to record his vote against the government's candidate. If this course is not adopted the province of British Columbia can never hope to secure the advantages of good government. That the Turner government is ashamed of its own policy is attested by the fact that in many constituencies the government is afraid to put up straight government candidates. In districts where the government's policy upon local issues is in disfavor, the scheme of the government party is to put up independents, who announce that they agree with the general policy of the government, but who condemn it upon certain local matters which affect their own particular district. If this trick were tolerated the electors could never bring an incapable admisstration to book. The first duty of the electors is to dismiss men who have been unable to satisfactorily administer the affairs of the province. The only way to do this is to refuse support to all candidates who will not pledge themselves to oppose the Turner government.

DURING the recent session premier Turner paid considerable attention to some of the comments which appeared in the Victoria Times concerning his government. There was, however, one set of interrogations which the editor of the Times put to the government which were ignored by the first minister. The Times man desired to know whether premier Turner kept his mechanical majority in the house by promises of public offices when the session was over. The question was asked whether the government received the support of three members who had promises of public offices. The cases cited were: that of James McGregor, the member for Nanaimo, who was reported to be the government's nominee for the position of inspector of mines; that of Major Mutter, one of the Cowichan-Alberni members, who, it was said, was slated for gold commissionership or some such office; and that of Mr. Huff, the other Cowichan-Alberni member who, it was reported, was to be made a stipendiary magistrate. another case? It looks that way.

SINCE 1889 the press of Kootenay has been urging the Turner government and its predecessors to repeal the tax which it collects from every man who earns his living by working in or around the metalliferous mines of Kootenay. There is no reason why the working miners should be thus singled out for exceptional treatment, in being obliged to pay what is practically a trade tax. The government cannot justify such a tax, but it has persistently refused to repeal it. Year after year it offers some different excuse for its retention. The latest which was offered was that it was retained because the miners liked to pay it. How many electors are there in Kootenay who will say that the Turner government was honest in making such an assertion? Will it not be apparent to them that the tax is retained simply because it produced a certain amount of revenue? What confidence can they have in a government which, after nine years urging, persists in refusing to do a plain act of justice?

SENATOR TEMPLEMAN and Hewitt Bostock have left Ottawa to stand their trial at the approaching assizes at Victoria upon the charge of criminally libelling the honorable J. H. Turner and the equally honorable C. E. Pooley. The suit is the result of a criticism upon the connection of Turner, Pooley & Co., with speculative Klondyke mining companies. The outcome of the action will be awaited with considerable interest. The general opinion is that the proceedings were started for the sole purpose of checking any discussion in the legislature of the unique connection; of the ministers with the company. In this respect the ministers were successful, and the province witnessed the spectacle of a legislature being muzzled so that it could not discuss the actions of the ministers of the crown, in what was generally regarded by the members of the opposition as an abuse of their official titles.

THE Province in a recent issue suggested that votes in the legislature be by ballot instead of in the open manner as at present, which admits of a record being taken of every member's vote. Had such governments railway loan bill there would have been at least three votes less recorded in favor of the measure. It

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Rossland and Trail, in Trail Creek District Three Forks and Sandon, in Slocan District Kaslo in Ainsworth District

Prepared to supply consumers with everything in the way of fresh and cured meats. Orders by mail carefully filled and promptly forwarded.

SPANISH GOVERNMENT IN CUBA.

It Left the Cubans Nothing but a Choice Between Revellion or Starvation.

Those who condemn the government of the United States for its interference with the Spanish administration of Cuba are evidently not acquainted with the hardships which have been imposed upon the natives of that island. Spanish cruelties in Cuba are not new to the Cubans. The butcheries which have attended the revolt of the Cubans are but an incident in the long reign of Spanish misrule. To arrive at an idea of the injustice to which the Cubaus have been subjected, one has to consider how the Spaniards managed the affairs of the people of Cuba. What would the people of British Columbia say were they burdened with a debt of \$180, 000,000, and were called upon to raise \$9,000,000 per annum for interest charges alone. Such is the case in Cuba, and the Cubans have no voice in the incurring of this debt. How would the people of any Canadian province like to be called upon to raise \$24,000,000 per annum for provincial purposes. In 18904 the estimated revenue of Cuba was just under \$25,700,000, and the estimated expenditure a little short of this amount. In 1892-3 the revenue was not quite 21,956,000 pesos the peso being equal to about 93 cents. Of this sum 10,550,000 pesos came from the customs, the imports being worth 50,000,-000 pesos, of which 18,500,000 pesos' worth came from Spain, and were nearly all duty free; direct and indirect taxes realized over 5,900,000 pesos, or about three and a quarter dollars per head. A state lottery brought in 3,500,000 pesos, stamps (another form of indirect taxation) 1,650,000 pesos. and government property 250,000 pesos. In 1893-1 the revenue was estimated at

23,440,000 pesos and the expenditure at a few thousands short of 26,000,000 pesos. The sums raised by this monstrous burden of taxation were apportioned in 1893-4 as follows: Debt, over 12,500,000 pesos; Is the government's silence in this matter military, 5,000,000 pesos; interior, 4,000,000 to be taken as meaning that it dared not pesos; marine, 1,000,000 pesos. In the year previous the general debt absorbed 10,300,000 pesos, the army 5,300,000 pesos, the interior 3,100,000 pesos, the marine 1,000,000 pesos, justice and worship 715,000 pesos, financial purposes 508,000 pesos, and the construction and maintenance of public works the magnificent sum of 469, 000 pesos. How would the people of any province like budgets like that, supplied by taxes raised from them and expended by men imported from another country.

The item of military purposes deserves attention. The island was required to support in peace time an army of 20,000 men, backen by a militia of 63,000. Then, in addition, there was the further burden of municipal taxation of \$10,000,000 or \$11,000,000 a year. All this great public revenue was handled by Spaniards. Native-born Cubans were not allowed access to posts of emolument. All accounts unite in describing the administration by these Spanish officials as corrupt in the extreme. Then, this taxation was levied upon a country whose commercial interests were not in a flourishing condition. The decline in the price of sugar hit Cuba very hard. The Spanish government, without consulting the Cubans, refused to renew the reciprocity treaty with the United States and thus added to the depression by helping to close to Cuba a natural market of great importance. Then Spain imposed in her own ports high duties upon sugar, alcohol, coffee, cação and tobacco, while nearly all Spanish goods entered the island free. The Cubans assert that no less a sum, than \$350,000,000 was taken from the island between [879] and 1893 for the benefit of Spain.

The Bankers and Ballet Girls.

By the war tax bill of the United States bankers are expected to contribute \$2,390,-000 in special taxation, and theatres and other exhibitions \$1,820,000. It is quite apparent that the banker has more friends at Washington than the bailet girl. Congress seems to be following the example of the Sultan who, when his grand vizier told him that the money chest was empty, isked: "How do you tax the people?" "By the head, Light of Earth," replied the vizier. "Then tax them by the lingers," said the Sultan.

Changes in Britain's Navy.

Several changes in the Esquimalt squadron are about to take place. The secondclass twin-screw battleship Temperiare is 1 shortly to leave Portsmouth for Esquimalt. She will be the first battleship ever stationed on the coast, and is a vessel of 8540 tons and 6500 L. H. P., N. D. Another vessel reported to be under way to E-quimalt is the Arethusa, a second-class cruiser of 4500 tons and 5000 L. H. P., N. D. She is coming out to relieve the learns.

Stabbing Scrape at Kaslo.

Tuesday morning Walker Beatty, colored, the city dog catcher of Kasio, stabbed Gus Lofstedt, one of the proprietors of the Slocan Beer Hall of the same city. Beatty is now in the Kslo lockup. The victim, who was well known in Kaslo. was not fatally but very seriously hurt.

# Groceries, Teas and Coffees

OUR STOCK OF

Is new and fresh, and added to every week by arrivals direct from the wholesale houses, west and east. We buy for Cash in large quantities, and can give our customers the benefit of good buying. We make a specialty of Fresh Fruits and Vegetables, and everything in these lines kept in season. We also carry a large line of

### All Kinds of Glassware and Crockery

Which includes a full line of Stoneware, Cooking Vessels, Crocks, jugs, flowerpots, milk and cake pans, etc., chamber sets, plain white and fancy decorated. Elegant dinner, tea and five o'clock tea sets. Glass water sets, latest importations and patterns of fine Austrian-made ware in comports, water and flower sets. Bar glassware in full stock—in fact, everything in the line of Queensware, Crockery and Glassware.

For First-Class Goods and Low Prices Call on

Spring is here and the house requires renovating. Your walls would look better if nicely tinted. Nothing like alabastine. We keep all colors.

your house is in need of paint Sherwin, Williams and Acme Paints are always good. We have a nice assortment.

Your floors would look decidedly better and save you a lot of work if covered with a coat of Granite Floor Paint. Good colors, hard and durable.

### Vancouver Hardware Cordova Street, Vancouver, and Baker Street, Nelson,

# Charles A. Waterman &

AUCTIONEERS AND FINANCIAL

West Baker Street, Nelson

CUSTOMS BROKERS

## Special Notice.

We have just received our ladies' SPRING CAPES AND IACKETS, and as there has been delay in their reaching here, we will sell them at a very small margin.

A nice lot of CHIFFON and VEILING has arrived with this consignment. The very latest designs in DRESS GOODS

Also some of the new and latest designs and colors in SILK Suitable for blouses. Prices to suit the times. Call and inspect our stock.

FERLAND

West Baker Street NELSON, B. C.

# Hazlewood Ice (ream Received Daily from Spokane at the

### TROPICAL FRUIT STORE

THE CHEAPEST PLACE IF THE CITY FOR FRUITS OF ALL KINDS.

MILLS & LOTT, Cor. Baker and Ward Sts., Nelson.

Capital, all paid \$12,000,000 Rest. - - 6.000,000

LORD STRATHCONA AND MIL ROYAL, Presiden 

NELSON BRANCH N. W. Cor. Baker and Stanley Streets.

--- BRANCHES IN ----LONDON (England), NEW YORK, CHICAGO and in the principal cities in Canada.

Il cy and soil Sterling Exchange and Cable Transfers GRANT COMMERCIAL AND TRAVELLERS' OREDITS. available in any part of the world.

DUAFTS ISSUED , COLLECTIONS MADE: ETC.

### SAVINGS BANK BRANCH. RATE OF INTEREST (at present) 3 Per Cent.

### THAT PRINTERS' SUGGESTION.

Watson & Wilson, printers and publishers, were very much in need of a man. There was the new tax list, just awarded them by the populist county commissioners they had helped to elect, and they did not know a thing about the insanitybreeding problem of rule and figure work. They "had learned the trade" like many another man in the country, and could set straight composition with anybody. Watson, indeed, had developed a talent for display lines, and could satisfy all the demands of Watertown merchants for envelopes and letter heads, and, by following the general form of ancient, wall-borne specimens, could "do" sale bills to your heart's delight.

But who should save them from the pit-

fall of rules and figures.

As they stood at the buttom of the stairway thinking of these things, they saw a stranger on the street-Watertown always looked twice at a stranger. This man was of medium height, slender, with the appearance of one who had flourished in cities, catching the style and the garments that are unusual in the country. His hands were slender, and there was something about the right thumb and forelinger which proclaimed his craft at

"He's a printer," said Watson.
"He's seen the sign and is coming over,"

The new man paused at the entrance way, read the cardboard office signs on the stairway, looked at the two men critically, and inquired:

Any chance for work?" "How did you know we were the publishers?" asked Watson. How did you know I was a printer?"

asked the man. In the afternoon he took, charge of the delinquent list, and in half an hour they knew they were secure. He was a craftsman. He knew everything from bending

rule to casting rollers. But he would not pull the hand press, and he would not work Saturday afternoon. They labored with him on these points; but he laughed and said he was past it. He was given to jesting; and one of his

happiest thoughts was to shoot a spray of water into the eve of an inquisitive citizen who wanted to see purple stars in a galley of dead type, wetted for distribu-tion. He taught Watson & Wilson how to double their income from foreign advertisers by taking twice as much business as the paper could carry, and stop the press in time to lift out one line, and set in the other. It troubled their consciences-attributes which, he assured them, the foreign advertisers did not

In a good many ways he enjoyed himself. It was clear to everyone that he held the town and all its belongings in something like contempt; but he was so amiable about it, so suave in his treatment of people that punishment was unthought of and antipathy was disarmed.

When Watson & Wilson began advertising for the Fourth of July celebration, the printer was ready to move. He had worked three mouths in one town, and was hungry for the city. They wanted him to stay. They sat down one day in June, when the "paper was off," and tried to argue it. He told them be must make a confession. There was a young woman in the town, sweetheart-affianced he feared-of a man whom he regarded as his friend; and she had smiled upon him. She was very fair, and he feared he might forget himself, prove disloyal and court a girl to his friend's undoing. They applauded the chivalric sentiment and went away-Watson assured it was Wilson's young lady; Wilson convinced it was Watson's girl.

The Fourth of July had come. Wilson was master of ceremonies. Watson was leader of the band. People came in delegations from the country. There was a cannon on the bluff, and a float on the river. Wilson wanted something with which to load that 20-pounder. Cramming down wet paper was good in its way, but it didn't make noise enough. The printer suggested old roller composition. There were loads of it in the big box on

the landing. The country delegations were formed at the south of town, and must march through to the north-a pageant to delight the natives, and fill all rival towns

"Ram down that roller composition," said the printer, "and they will hear your old cannon for fourteen counties every time she speaks.

Wilson did as directed. Watson came by with the band. Wilson pulled a very long rod of iron from the fire, ran across the open space and whipped the red-hot torch upon the powder-sprinkled touch-

hole of the twenty-pounder. The powder flamed into a geyser of fire;

### MEDCHANTS' BANK OF HALIFAX

\$1,500,000

A SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

has been established in connection with the Nelson

DEPOSITS OF \$1 AND UPWARDS received, and current rate of interest allowed (at pres-

Branch of this Bank.

ent 3 per cent. per annum). GEORGE KYDD, Manager.

there was a flash, a pause-and then a shock which stopped the current of the river. The roller composition had clung to the gan's interior, refusing ejectment, and the cannon was shattered in a hundred pieces.

The noise was terrible. The concussion shot Watson from his feet and hurled half of the band in a pile above him. It lifted the ambitious Watson, and set him down in the leading wagon of a passing delegation. How the crowd escaped unharmed was a narvel no man could solve.

Watson excused himself while the

crowd was making inquiries, and started up town for the printer.
Wilson climbed out of the countryman's

wagon and joined his partner in the A messenger boy from the telegraph office met then at the bottom of the

stairs, with the regulation yellow en-Watson opened it, and Wilson read over his shoulder. The date was in a

county seat twenty miles away. "I beard your cannon."

### The Climate Claimed More, Victims than the Spanish Arms.

WHAT CUBA COST BRITAIN.

The island of Cuba was once in the possession of England. The great Drake tried to storm Havana, but was repulsed. Twohundred years later George Keppel, earl of Albermarle, won Cuba from Spain after a terrible struggle. This dearly won victory, in which thousands of British lives were sacrificed, was afterwards thrown away by a weak home government under lord Bute.

In the spring of 1702 a fleet left Falmouth for the West Indies. George, third earl of Albermarle, commanded the expedition, while under him served his two brothers. On June 6th, 1762, the fleet cast anchor before Havana harbor with

an army of 11,000 men on board. At daybreak on the 7th the siege com-

menced. The art of waging war in hot climates s to choose the cool season of the year. Unfortunately for the B. Conba was extremely hot and unher the month of June, and it was the consthe very worst season that the siege of Havana could have been attempted. After Havana had fallen, the earl of Albermarie wrote home to the secretary of state: "We are now better acquainted with the climate than we were when the present expedition was undertaken, and it is certain that the only season in the year for troops to act in is from the beginning of November to the latter end of March.

The Morro Fort was the chief point of resistance; it guarded the entrance to Havana harbor. Supporting the guns of the fort were eleven Spanish men-of-war. Six of these carried seventy guns, one carried ninety-four, and the remainder were sixty-gun ships. It took three weeks to get the siege guns landed and in position. The Spaniards fought bravely, and did great damage to the attacking fleet.

By the middle of July the defence was practically at an end. On August 12th articles of capitulation were signed, and the victors proudly set up the British flag in Havana, after a splendid fight for the richest city in the Indies.

At the assault of Morro 706 Spaniards were killed, wounded and taken prisoners. The Spanish loss altogether was not less than 5000 men. The British lost 560 during the light, and by the end of October (the men had been dying off like flies from sickness owing to the climate) the death roll rose to the enormous num-

Although Albermarle sent off a lot of the survivors to New York to recruit their health, the mortality was very great there, and he eventually found himself in command of 2000 men. It is interesting to note that in passing that his estimate of the force necessary to hold Cuba was 6000 men. Spain today has more than

80.000 men in Cuba. Thus was won Cuba, one of the fairest islands in the world, an island which under British rule would have been one of its most treasured possessions.

It seems almost incredible that, after a most costly war, Cuba should bave been given up for the asking. On February 10th, 1763, the treaty of Paris was concluded between England, France and Spain. And thus Cuba passed again under Spanish rule.

Why the South Dislikes Miles. General Miles, who will have charge of the United States army of invasion in Cuba, is not in high favor in the south. General Miles was in command of the troops to whom Jefferson Davis surrendered, and the great secessionist and apostle of state rights was by his command put in irons. This was in striking contrast to terest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed the treatment extended by general Grant to Robert E. Lee, who was surely as big a rebel as Jeff Davis. Lee, as is well known, great soldier though he was, never wore a sword, and the army was so destitute of everything that a pocket handkerchief had to be employed as the emblem of truce, and the sword of one of the staff was the weapon passed from conquered to conqueror as a token of submission. It

THEBANK

# NELSON

Are now prepared to issue Drafts and Letters of Credit on Dawson City, Yukon District.

general Miles loaded the head of the con-lederacy. The general, it is said, has stated that he did so in obedience to orders from Washington, but everyone acquits Lincoln of advising so signal an insult to the fallen foe.

### CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF NELSON

BY-LAW NO. 34.

Where, a polition has been presented to the municipal council of the corporation of the City of Nelson; signed by the owners of at least one-tenth of the value of the real property in the said city, as shown by the last revised assessment roll, requesting the said council to introduce a by-law to raise the sum of forty thousand dollars (\$10,000), for the purpose of purchasing and taking over the plant, and franchise of the Nelson Electric Light Company, limited.

And whereas it is deemed expedient on behalf of the said municipal council to purchase and take over the said plant and franchise. And whereas for the purposes aforesaid it will be neces-sary to borrow the sum of forty thousand dollars (\$40,000). And whereas the whole amount of the rateable land of

the said city, according to the last revised assessment roll, is eight hundred and six thousand eight hun-dred and seventy dollars (\$506,870). And whereas it will be requisite to raise annually by rate the sum of three thousand four lundred and forty dollars (\$340) for paying the said dobt and interest.

Now, therefore, the municipal council of the corporation of the City of Nelson enacts as follows: 1. It shall and may be lawful for the mayor of the corporation of the City of Nelson to borrow, upon the credit of the said corporation, by way of the debentures hereinather mentioned from any person or persons, but or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same as a loah, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole, the sum of forty thousand dollars (\$40,000, and to cause all such sums as a load, where the said to be maid into whole, the sum of forty thousand dollars (\$40,000), and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the treasurer of the said corporation, for the purpose and with the object hereinbefore recited.

2. It shall be lawful for the mayor of the said corporation to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed and issued for such sum or sums as may be required for the purpose and object aforesaid, not exceeding, however, the sum of forty thousand dollars (\$40,000), each of the said debentures being of the denomination of one thousand dollars (\$1000), and all such debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the corporation and signed by the mayor thereof.

sain be said with the scal of the corporation and signed by the mayor thereof.

3. The said debentures shall bear date the first day of August, A. D. 1898, and shall be made payable in twenty years from the said date, in lawful money of Canada, at the office of the Bank of Montreal in Nelson aforesaid, which said place of payment shall be designated by the said debenture; and shall have attached to them componstant the recommend of interest and the signature.

said debentures, and shall have attached to their components to the interest components of interest, and the signatures to the interest components by either written, stamped, printed, or lithographed.

The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of five per centum per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable semi-annually at said office of the Bank of Montreal in Nelson aforesaid, in havful money of Canada, on the first day of August and first day of February respectively, in each year during the currency thereof; and it shall be expressed in said debentures and components been payable. during the currency thereof; and it shall be expressed in said debentures and coupons to be so payable.

5. It shall be lawful for the mayor of said corporation to negotiate and sell the said debentures or any of them for less than par, but in no case shall the said debentures or any of them be negotiated or sold for less than albeightop execution of their face value, including the cost of negotiating and sale, broket age and sale other incidental expenses.

6. There shall be raised and levied in each year during the currency of said debentures the sum of two thousand dolars (\$2000), for the payment of interest, and the sum

dollars (\$2000), for the payment of interest, and the sum of fourteen hundred and forty dollars (\$110) for the payment of the said debentures by a rate sufficient therefor on all the rateable land in the said municipality.

7. It shall be lawful for the said municipal council to repurchase any of the said debentures upon such terms as may be agreed upon with the legal holder or holders thereof, or any part thereof either at the time of said or any subsequent time or times, and all debentures so repurchased shall forthwith be cancelled and destroyed and no recissue of debentures so repurchased shall be made in consequence of such repurchase.

8. This by-law shall take effect on or after the fifteenth day of June, A. D. 1898. teenth day of June, A. D. 1898.

9. This by-law may be cited for all purposes as the "City of Nelson Electric Light Loan By-law, No. 31, 1898." Itead first time May 9th, 1898.

Read second time May 9th, 1898.

Read third time May 23rd, 1898.

REID, on the SOUTH SIDE OF BAKER STREET, between Stanley and Kootenay streets, on THURSDAY. THE NINTH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, between the

NOTICE.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the pro-

posed by-law upon which the vote of the municipality

will be taken for EAST WARD of the city at the CITY

OFFICES, for WEST WARD at the office of J. KEITH

### J. K. STRACHAN, City Clerk. CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF NELSON.

BY-LAW NO. 35.

hours of 8 o'clock a. m. and 4 p. m.

Whereas a petition signed by the owners of at least onetenth of the value of the real property in the City of Nelson (as shown by the last revised assessment roll), has been presented to the municipal council of the corporation of the City of Nelson, requesting the said comporation or the City of Nelson, requesting the said conneil to introduce a by-law to raise the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), for the purpose of extend-ing and completing the sewerage system of the said City:

And whereas it is deemed expedient to horrow the said sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for the purposes aforesaid:

And whereas the whole amount of the ratable land of the said City, according to the last revised assessment roll, is eight hundred and six (bousand eight hun-dred and seventy dollars (\$806,870)):

And whereas it will be necessary to raise annually by rate the sum of eight hundred and sixty dollars (\$80%) for paying the said debt and interest: Now, therefore, the municipal council of the corporation of the City of Nelson enacts as follows:

1. It shall and may be lawful for the mayor of the corof the same and of the same as a loan of the same as a loan, a sum of the whole, the same as a loan, a sum of the willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding, in the whole, the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$19,000), and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hardest flux treatment of the sum of the su cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the treasurer of the said corporation, for the purpose and with the object hereinbefore recited.

2. It shall be havint for the mayor of the said corporation to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed and issued for such sum or sums as may be required for the purpose and object aforesaid, not exceeding, however, the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000); each of the said debentures being of the denomination of one thousand dollars (\$1,000), and all such debentures shall be sealed with the soal of the corporation and signed by the mayor thereof.

bentures shall be scaled with the scal of the corporation and signed by the mayor thereof.

3. The said debentures shall bear date the first day of August. A. D. 1898, and shall be made payable in twenty years from the said date, in lawful money of Canada, at the office of the Bank of Montreal in Nelson aforesaid, which said place of payment shall be designated by the said debentures, and shall have attached to the meonipous for the payment of interest, and the signatures to the interest compons may be either written, stamped, printed

or lithographed.

1. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of five per centum per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable semi-cannually at said office of the Bank of Montreal in Nelson aforesaid, in lawful of the Bank of Montreal in Netson aforestin, in lawful money of Canada en the first day of August and first day of February, respectively, in each year during the currency thereof, and it shall be expressed in said dehentures and coupons to be so payable.

5. It shall be lawful for the mayor of said corporation to negotiate and sell the said debentures or any of them for less than par; but in no case shall the said debentures or each of them, he consolided to each five less than ninety. any of them he negotiated or sold for less than ninety-five per centum of their face value, including the cost of negotiating and sale, brokerage and all other incidental

was sufficient to secure from the great federal captain the treatment that one generous foe extends to another. This is contrasted with the chains with which three hundred and sixty dollars 63300 for the payment of

the said debentures by a rate sufficient therefor on all the ratuable had in the said manicipality.

7. It shall be lawful for the said manicipal council to re-puremate any of the said debentures upon such terms as may be agreed upon with the legal hobber or holders. Thereof, or any part thereof, either at the time of take or may subsequent lime or tunes and all debentures so re-purchased shall forthwith be cancelled and destroyed, and no rivisme of debentures so re-purchased shall be made inconsequence of such re-purchase.

8. This by-law shall take effect on or after the fifteenth day of June, A. D. 1898.

9. This by-law may be cited for all purposes as the City of Nelson Sewerage Extension By-Lew, No. 35, 1898.

1995. Read tirst time May 9, 1898. Read third time May 9, 1898. Read-third time May 23rd, 1898.

Take octice that the above is a true copy of the prolosed by law upon which the vote of the municipality will be taken for EAST WARD of the City at the CITY OFFICES, for WEST WARD, at the office of J. KEITH REID, on the SOUTH SIDE OF BAKER STREET, be tween Stabley and Kootenay streets, on THURSDAY, THE NINTH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, between the figurs of 8 o'clock, a. m., and 4 o'clock, p. m.
J. K. STRACHAN, City Clock.

NOTICE.

### CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF NELSON. BY-LAW NO. 32.

Whereas a petition has been presented to the municipal council of the Corporation of the City of Nelson, signed by the owners of at least one-tenth of the value of the real property in the said city has shown by the last assessment roll, requesting the said council to introduce a by-law to raise the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), for the purpose of extending the water works system of the said city.

nd whereas it is deemed necessary and expedient to extend the waterworks system of the City of Nelson for the convenience of the citizens and for fire pro-And whereas it is expedient to borrow the said sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) for the purposes afore-said.

And whereas the whole amount of the rateable land of the said city, according to the last revised assessment roll, is eight hundred and six thousand eight hundred and seventy dollars (\$506,570).

And whereas it will be requisite to raise annually by rate the sum of eight hundred and sixty dollars (\$860) for paying the said dobt and interest.

for paying the said debt and interest.

Now, therefore, the municipal council of the corporation of the City of Nelson enacts as follows:

1. It shall and may be lawful for the mayor of the corporation of the City of Nelson to borrow, upon the corporation of the Said corporation, by way of the debentures bereinafter mentioned, from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the saine as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$40,000), and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the treasurer of the said corporation, for the purposes and with the objects hereinbefore recited.

2. It shall be lawful for the mayor of the said corporation to cause any number of debantures to be made, executed and issued for such sum or sums as may be required for the purpose and object aforesaid, not exceeding, bowever, the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000), each of the said debentures being of the denomination of one thousand dollars (\$10,000), each of the said debentures shall be scaled with the seal of the corporation and signed by the mayor thereof.

one thousand dollars (\$1000), and all such dependings shall be scaled with the seal of the corporation and signed by the mayor thereof.

3. The said debentures shall bear date the lst day of August. A. D. 1898, and shall be made payable in twenty years from the said date, in lawful money of Canada, at the office of the Bank of Montreal in Nelson aforesaid, which said place of payment shall be designated by the said debentures, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest and the signatures to the interest coupons may be either written, stamped, printed, or lithographed.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of five per centum per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable semi-annually at said office of the Bank of Montreal in Nelson aforesaid, in lawful money of Canada, on the first day of February and the first day of August respectively, in each year during the currency thereof, and it shall be expressed in said debentures and coupons to be so payable.

5. It shall be lawful for the mayor of said corporation to negotiate and self the said debentures or any of them for less than par; but in no case shall the said debentures for less than par; but in no case shall the said debentures or any of them be negotiated or sold for less than ninety; five per centum of their face value, including the cost of

extonses.

There shall be raised and levied in each year during the currency of said debentures the sum of five hundred dollars (\$300) for the payment of interest and the sum of three hundred and sixty dollars (\$360) for the payment of the said debentures by a rate sufficient therefor on all the rate and in the said municipality.
7. It shall be lawful for the said municipal council to repurchase any of the said debatures upon such terms as may be agreed upon with the legal bodter or holders thereof, or any part thereof either at the time of sale or any subsequent time or times, and all debentures so repurchased shall forthwith be cancelled and destroyed, and no subsequent of debatures as a second no subsequent.

and no re-issue of debentures so re-purchased shall be made in consequence of such re-purchase. S. This by-law shall take effect on or after the aftecath lay of June, A. D. 1898.

9. This by lay may be cited for all purposes as the This by law may be enou for an purp.
 Waterworks Extension By-law, No. 32, 1898, itead first time May 9th, 1898.
 Read second time May 9th, 1898, itead third time May 23rd, 1898.

NOTICE. Take notice that the above is a true copy of the proposed by law upon which the vote of the municipality will be taken for EAST WARD of the city at the CITY OFFICES, for WEST WARD at the office of J. KEITH REID on the SOUTH SIDE OF BAKER STREET bes tween Stanley and Kootenny streets, on THURSDAY, THE NINTH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, between the iours of 8 o'clock a, m. and 4 o'clock p. m.

### J. K. STRACHAN, City Clerk. CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF NELSON

BY-LAW NO. 33.

Whereas a petition signed by the owners of at least one-tenth of the value of the real property in the City of Nelson (as shown by the last revised assessment roll) has been presented to the nunicipal council of the corporation of the City of Nelson, requesting the said council to introduce a by-law to raise the sam of five thousand dollars (\$5.000) for the purpose of acquiring and holding lands either within or without the nunicipality of the said City of Nelson, and laying out the same as and for a cometery for the burial of the

And whereas it is deemed expedient to borrow the said sum of five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for the purposes aforesaid:

and whereas the whole amount of the ratable land of the said City, according to the last revised assessment roll, is eight hundred and six thousand, eight bundred and seventy dollars (\$806.870);

ord whereas it will be necessary to raise annually by rate the sum of four bundred and thirty dellars (\$130) for paying the said debt and interest: Now therefore the number of the corporation of the City of Nelson emets as follows:

1. It shall and may be lawful for the mayor of the corporation of the City of Nelson to borrow, upon the credit of the said corporation, by way of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, from any person or prevents, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same as a loan, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole, the sum of five thousand dollars (5,000, and to cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into cause all such sums so raised or received to be paid into the hands of the treasurer of the said corporation, for the purpose and with the object hereinbefore excited,

2. It shall be lawful for the mayor of the said corporation to cause any number of debentures to be made, executed and issued for such sum or some as may be required for the purpose and object aforesaid, not exic eding, however, the sum of five themsand dollars (Signat; each of the said debentures being of the denomination of one thousand dollars (Signat), and all such debentures shall be scaled with the scal of the corporation and signed by the mayor thereof.

mayor thereof.

3. The said debentures shall bear date the first day, of August A. D., 1828, and shall be made payable in twenty years from the said date, in lawful money of Canada, at the office of the Bank of Montreal in Nelson, aforesaid, which said place of payment shall be designated by the said debentures, and shall have attached to them compone for the payment of interest, and the signatures to the interest compone may be either written, strapped, printed or lithographed. a lithographed. 4. The said debuttures shall bear interest at the rate

The said debigatives sind near interest at the rate of five pair cent, per annum from the dote thereof, which interest shall be payable semi-annually at said office of the flank of Montreif in Nelson aforesaid, in lawful money of Canada, on the first day of August and first day of February respectively in each year during the currency thereof, and it shall be expressed in said debendaries and convert takes as recently. (ures and coupons to be so payable.

5. It shall be lawful for the mayor of said corporation to negotiate and sell the said debentures of any of them for loss than pay: but in no case shall the said debentures or any of them be negotiated or sold for less than ninety-five per cent, of their face value, including the cost of negotiating and sale, brokerage and all other cost of negotiating and sale, procerage and an other incidental expenses.

6. There shall be raised and levied in each year during the currency of said debentures the sum of two hundred and fifty dollars (\$250) for the payment of interest, and the sum of one hundred and eighty dollars (\$180) for the

## Nelson Planing Will.

T. W. GRAY, Proprietor.

Doors, Sash, Band Sawing, Turned Work, and Office littings. Just arrived and in stock, a carload of Chance's English Rolled Glass; all sizes up to 4 by 6 feet

## The Kootenay Lake Sawmill

C. O. BUCHANAN, Proprietor, Kaslo, B. C.

Yard and office foot of Hendryx Street, | Everything in the building line on hand Nelson. John Bell Agent.

or made at short notice

# CIGARS HERALDO, MONOGRAM, SCHILLAR

Manufactured by The George E. Tuckett & Son Co., Ltd. UNION MADE CIGARS

SOLE AGENT.

E AGENT, NELSON, B. C. S. J. MIGHTON

### LONDON AND BRITISH COLUMBIA COLDFIELDS. Ltd.

HEAD OFFICE, LONDON, ENGLAND.

All communications relating to British Columbia business to be addressed to P.O. Drawer 505. Nelson, British Columbia

J. RODERICK ROBERTSON, General Manager ( NELSON, B. C. S. S. FOWLER, E.M., Mining Engineer

# Dawson Hotel

Headquarters for miners and mining

KOOTENAY

VICTORIA, B. C. MAHONEY & TAYLOR, Proprietors

### MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE!

Applications will be considered by the undersigned for the purchase of the assets of the Nelson Saymill Company, in liquidation, consisting of MILL MACHINERY, BUILDINGS, TIMBER LIMITS and BOOK DEBTS.

The applications may be for entire property or any portion. H. R. CAMERON, Liquidator.

payment of the said debentures by a rate sufficient therefor on all the ratable land in the said municipality.

7. It shall be lawful for the said municipal council to re-purchase any of the said debentures upon such terms as may be agreed upon with the legal holder of holders thereof, or any part thereof either at the time of sale or any subsequent time or times; and all debentures so repurchased shall forthwith be cauciled and destroyed and probase of debentures so remurchased shall be made in consequence of such re-purchase. S. This by-law shall take effect on or after the diffeouth

day of June. A. D. 1898.
9. This by-law may be cited for all purposes as the clift of Nelson Cemetary By-Law, No. 33, 1898.
Read first time, May 9, 1898.
Read second time, May 9, 1898.
Read third time, May 27d, 1898.

Take notice that the above is a true copy of the pro posed by law upon which the vote of the municipality will be taken for EAST WARD of the city at the CITY OFFICES, for WEST WARD at the office of J. KEITH REID, on the SOUTH SIDE OF BAKER STREET, between Stanley and Kootenay streets, on THURSDAY. THE NINTH DAY OF JUNE NEXT, between the

J. K. STRACHAN, City Clerk.

## CLARKE HOTEL

hours of 8 o'clock, a.m., and 1 o'clock, p.m.

On and after Monday, May 16th, the rates of this hatel will be reduced to \$1.50 per day for transients, and to \$7 and \$8 per week for regular boarders according to room. Table board \$6 per week

## Mrs. E. C. Clarke

### Queen's Hotel BAKER STREET

Having secured the more commodious and convenient quarters of the above hotel, Mrs. E. C. Clarke takes this opportunity of thanking her former patrons at the Clarke Hotel for their patronage in the past, and for soliciting a continuance of the same.

Rates \$2 per Day Mrs. E. C. Clarke, Proprietor THE TREMONT

MELSON

MALONE & TRÉGILLUS, Proprietors. some of the best hotels in Total Mountain district, and

BAKE OVEN FOR SALE.

is the headquarters, or prospectors and miners

sale. For particulars address P. O. Box 49 Nelson.

HOTEL BUSINESS FOR SALE.

Twenty-six well furnished well lighted rooms. For serticulars apply at Clarke Hotel, Nelson, B. C.

# BLACKSMITHING AND

EXPERT HORSESHOEING Wagon Repairing Promptly Attended to

Special attention given to all kinds of repairing and custom work from cutside points

by a First-Class Wheelwright

SHOP: Cor. Baker and Hall Sts. Nelson.

Spokane Falls & Northern, Nelson & Fort Sheppard, Red Mountain Railways.

The only all rail route without change of cars between Nelson and Rossland, and Spokane and Rossland.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAYS.

Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage daily.

### Home Work for Families

We want a number of families to do work for us at home, whole or spare time. The work we send our workers is quickly and easily done, and re-turned by parcel post as fini-hed, Goed money made at home, for particular ready to con-mence, send name and address. The Standard Supply Co., Dopt. B., London, Ont.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF KELSON

NOTICE

TO OWNERS, POSSESSORS, AND HARDOURES OF DOGS Every person residing within the limits of two City of Nelson owning, possessing, or herboring a dog is required under by law No. 5 of the City of Nolson to take out and pay the sum of two dollars for a liver, so for each dog. Licenses and lugs for the current year may be obtained from the city poundkeeper. from the city poundkeeper.

All persons owning, possessing, or harboring dogs and neglecting to take out licenses therefor, after the publication of this notice will be possecuted under the provisions of the said by law. By order of council.

J. K. STRACHAN, City Clerk.

Nelson, B. C., May 18th, 1898.

Notice of Dissolution of Co-partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore subsisting between as, the under-igned, as partners in the hotel business known as the "Queen's Hotel," has been tids day dissolved by mutual consent, Witness: FREDERICK RICHARDSON, R. S. LENNIE, WILLIAM PERDUE, Dated this 27th day of April, A. D. 188.

NOTICE.

BAKE OVEN FOR SALE.

All debts owing to the said partnership are to be paid to William Perline, at Nelson, afore evid, and all claims against the said partnership are to be presented to the said will be said by the partnership are to be presented to the said will be said whom the same will be settled, if found correct.

FIGURATIONSON,

### NOTICE!

Hollbrook & Chass having dissolved partnership as eity servengers. I will stort an independent seavenger business on May 1st, having bought out the servenger linsures of Mathew Nelson. I will try to give entire satisfaction to all who wish to patronize me. Yours truly,

**SPECIAL** 

UP-TO-DATE.

**VEILINGS** 

# Fred Irvine & Co.

HIGH-CLASS DRY GOODS

DRESS COODS AND SILKS

Black and colored in every weave in vogue of the latest novelties for spring and summer wear.

### NEW WASH FABRIC

Fabrics in endless profusion, including organdies, bultistes, linens, zephyr, cambries, lawns and new grenadine muslins.

LADIES' PARASOLS We are now showing a complete range in

### everything the market allords.

Gold commissioner Dennis this week received a requisition from the residents of Kuskonook asking for an investigation into the conduct of provincial constable Forrester. Last week a squib appeared in the Kuskonook paper at which the constable took offence, and in connection with this he is accused of assaulting and

beating R. M. Nisbet, the editor. There are also other charges made against the

LOCAL NEWS AND GOSSIP.

The meeting of the board of trade on Thursday evening was devoted to a consideration of the by-laws of the board. The new by-laws will be printed so that every member can be armed with them. The board passed a resolution asking the provincial government to make an appropriation for the Kokanee creek wagon

Frank Tamblyn has secured a stock of desirable house plants, which he is offering for sale at the office of the Nelson Wine Company, on Baker street. A considerable demand for house plants has sprung up in Nelson, and Mr. Tamblyn is endeavoring to meet all requirements of

Mrs. E. C. Clarke entertained a large number of the patrons of the Clarke House and Queen's Hotel together with their friends at the Queen's last evening. Dancing was indulged in till an early hour this morning, and all thoroughly enjoyed themselves. The occasion partook of the nature of an opening of the Queen's Hotel under Mrs. Clarke's management.

A man named William McKinnon is reported to have been drowned in the rapids of Telegraph Creek, near Glenora. It is believed by some that the unfortunate was William McKinnon, one of the Slocan pioneers, and a former partner of William Hunter, the pioneer steamboat man of

J. J. Keller arrived in town this week from the St. Mary's river section known as Petty's camp. He says that there is so much snow in the neighborhood that nothing will be done until the middle of He reports eight feet of snow on the range between St. Mary's and Koote-

George Luther Lennox delivered a patriotic address at the Ymir celebration on May 21th, and the school kids in their best frocks sang themselves hoarse on "The Maple Leaf" and "God Save the Queen." An excellent program of sports marked the day's celebration.

The bodies of Napoleon Morris and John Dohlman, the victims of the Ymir explosion, were buried in Nelson on Monday, the services being conducted by Rev. Robert Frew. Morris and Dohlman were employed at the Wren mine on the south fork of Wild Horse creek. They were killed by the unexpected explosion of a shot which had missed fire.

A shed will be erected at the city pound for the retention of dogs upon which the city taxes have not been paid. Dogs that are not claimed by owners and taxes paid will be destroyed.

Alderman Hillyer has received the contract for the erection on Baker street of a three-story brick building for the Lawrence Hardware Company. The entire building will be used by the hardware company. It will be the first three-story brick on Baker street, and will serve as a good fire wall for the frame buildings on either side of it.

F. W. Swannell entered upon his duties this week as deputy collector of inland revenue for the Nelson district. Swannell's appointment will be satisfactory to everyone in Nelson save those who were after the job themselves.

"Bob" McLeod made an easy winning in the pole vaulting contest at Silverton on Tuesday. He glided over the stick at 8 feet as easily as at five. His nearest competitors fell out at 7g feet.

The body of Charles K. Burritt was recovered from the waters of Kootenay river Friday afternoon about nine miles below Nelson. The body was discovered by George Manhart, bridge foreman for the Canadian Pacific railway. Burritt was drowned on April 11th while out fish-ing with W. McMorris, of the Miner staff. The funeral will take place Sunday afternoon at 2 o'clock, J. W. Thompson, chief of the fire department, of which Burritt was a member, having charge of the arrangements.

Rev. George Morden will preach his farewell sermon in the Methodist church tomorrow evening, when he will close a four year's pastorate. Mr. Morden has been assigned to the Rossland congrega-

Chief Justice Bigelow had the Nesbitt vs. Forrester assault case before him at Kuskonook this week, and enlarged it for one week.

A meeting of the citizens of Nelson will Brigham Young. His liabilities are be held in the fire half Monday evening at 1 \$1,069,410.

### LADIES' DRESS SKIRTS

Black and navy serge, plain and figured alpaca, brocade silk and satin shirts, duck pique and denham skirts and suits for

### LADIES' SHIRT WAISTS

Special sale of waists in organdie, grenading and Lafayette muslins, sizes 32 to 42, ranging from 50 cents to \$5 each. Shirt waist forms in all sizes and colors at 50 cents each.

### MENS' COLORED RECATTA AND **NECLICE SHIRTS**

Very latest and most swagger effects in checks, stripes and plaids.

### MENS' NEW NECKWARE COLLARS AND CUFFS

See our special lines of ready-made cloth ing. Write for samples.

### Prepared Kalsomine and Ready Mixed Paints OIL WOOD STAINS, Etc.

Full line now in stock of White Lead, Boiled and Raw Linseed Oil, Varnishes, Etc. Paint and Varnish Brushes.

# awrence Hardware (o.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, APRIL HTH, 1898, MEALS WILL BE SERVED AT

### 25 cents at the Glub Hotel

General Rates, \$1 per day.

attend Monday evening's meeting. Nelson will have the field pretty much to

itself on dominion day, and an effort should

A Frenchman named Louis Bogart, was

be made to arrange such a celebration as will be remembered by every visitor.

brought to Nelson on Friday by constable

Forrester. Bogart is supposed to be iusane. In his possession was a letter from

a Paris attorney, informing him that he

A change has been made in the running

On Tuesday, June 9th, the votes of the

ratepayers of the city will be taken upon

four money by-laws. The people will

make no mistake in recording their appro-

val of all four by-laws. In the east ward the voting will take place in the city hall, and in the west ward at the office of J. Keith Reid, on Baker street.

has another meat deal on hand in connec-

Rev. Robert Frew will preach upon the

subject of War in the Presbyterian

When Gladstone's Tongue Failed Him.

respondence of the late archbishop Megee.

Father Healey was once breakfasting

with Mr. Gladstone, when the latter, ever

ready for the usual argument, broke out

with: "Father Healey, I went into a church in Rome once, and was offered a plenary indulgence for lifty francs. On

what principle does your church grant such things?" But Father Healey was not to be drawn. He replied: "Well,

Mr. Gladstone, I don't want to go into

theology with you, but all I can say is that if any church offered you plenary in-dulgence for fifty francs she let you off

The Canadian Pacific Flyers.

If the proposed new C. P. R. time table

goes into effect on the main line, some of

the "flyers" on the U.S. roads will not

be in it with the Pacific and Atlantic ex-

presses. The C. P. R. will have transcon-

tinental "flyers" which will make a flight

from ocean to ocean. It is proposed to

reduce the time across the continent to about 100 hours, a fraction over four days. The adoption of the new time table is

contingent upon the settlement of certain

questions now at issue between the C.P.R.

The Railway Pass Trouble.

The Toronto World draws attention to

the fact that while the sum of \$11,900 is

appropriated by parliament for the mile-

age of members, all but a few hundred

dollars of this sum will stay in the

pockets of the members, nearly all of

whom travel on railway passes. Members

may somehow manage to square this

state of things with their consciences, but

on the surface it seems to be very little

better than obtaining public money by

Brigham's Son is Broke.

Thursday a receiving order was issued

against J. W. Young, son of the late

In the bankruptcy court in London on

A good story is told in the Life and Cor-

tion with P. Burns & Co., of this city.

church tomorrow evening.

very cheaply."

and other roads.

false pretences.

"Billy" Perdue will make another trip

time of the Kaslo & Slocan railway trains.

The train now leaves Kaslo at 8 a. m. and

arrives in Sandon at 10.50 o'clock. Returning train leaves Sandon at 1 o'clock,

had fallen heir to some \$17,000.

and arrives at Kaslo at 3.50 p.m.

Schooner Beer 10c.

### C. P. R. Traffic Receipts. So'clock, for the purpose of making arrangements for the celebration of dominion day. It is desirable that everyone should take an interest in this matter and

Montreal, May 25.—The Canadian Pacific railway company's traffic receipts for the week ending May 21st were \$511,000. For the same week of last year they were

Conditional. As Molly pedalled her flying bike, While the breezes her tresses blew, She turned to Dolly and said: "I like A drooping mustache, don't you?"

## Fair Dolly emitted a longing sigh, And her wheel gave a tremulous sway. As she straight proceeded to make roply: "Yes, indeed; if it droops my way."

Dewey. Oh. Dewey was the morning
Upon the first of May:
And Dewey was the admiral
Down in Manila bay:
And Dewey were the regent's eyes.
Them orbs of royal blue;
And Dewey feel discouraged?
I Dew not think we Dew.

WANTED-A woman to take care of a two months old baby. References required. Apply Box 77, postoffice.

### The Corporation of the City of Nelson.

### NOTICE

Public notice is hereby given that the votes of the electors of the municipality on the folto Dawson City. It is presumed that he lowing by-laws of the City of Nelson, will be taken on Thursday, the 9th day of June, A. D. 1898, between the hours of 8 o'clock a. in. and 4 o'clock p. m., viz:

By-law No. 32, "Waterworks Extension

By-law No. 33, "City of Nelson Cemetery

By-law No. 34, "City of Nelson Electric Light Loan By-law." By-law No. 35, "City of Nelson Sewerage

The votes in the East Ward will be taken at the city offices, and votes in West Ward at the office of J. K. Reid, on south side of Baker street, between Stanley and Kootenay streets. Any male or female being of the full age of twenty-one years who is the assessed owner of land or of real property within the municipality, shall have a vote either confirming or negativing the said by-laws in each ward in

Given under my hand at the City of Nelson, B. C., this 27th day of May, A. D. 1898. J. K. STRACHAN, Returning Officer.

which he or she may be assessed for land or

### LO a friend for advice

Extension By-law."

real property.

a woman for sympathy

### strangers for charity.

Good Boots and Shoes

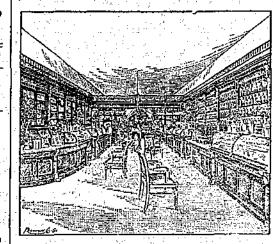
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# NOTICE

The general business hereto carried on under the firm name of John A. Turner & Company, and owned solely by the undersigned, has been discontinued. I have sold the Hardware stock to Mr. H. Byers, who will continue in the old stand with Hardware only. I have sold the Grocery and Glassware stock to Messrs. Kirkpatrick & Wilson, and bespeak for the above named firms the same liberal patronage that we have enjoyed. All accounts due the said John A. Turner & Co. are payable to me at my office, room 8, Turner & Boeckh Block, corner Baker and Ward Streets. All overdue accounts not paid on the 1st of June next will be placed with my solicitor for collection.

# John A. Turner



## High-class Perfumes

## Toilet Waters and Toilet Soaps

Our stock of these is large and varied

Perscriptions Carefully Compounded Baker Street, Nelson

# Money Saved

When you require a Stylish Suit of Clothes call and examine my stock of Worsteds and Sergs.

West Baker Street, Nelson

16, reduced to

## Clearing Sale of Ready Made Clothing

For the next thirty days only we will offer the whole of our large stock of

Ready-made Clothing at greatly reduced prices. Men's Tweed Suits, former price \$8, reduced to \$6 Men's Tweed Suits. 10, reduced to Men's Tweed Suits, 12, reduced to 660 - 500 . . .

Boys and Children's Clothing at corresponding reductions. This is a genuine clearing sale and bargains equal to these have never before been offered in Nelson.

# Next door to Bank of British Columbia, Baker street, Nelson

Men's Serge Suits,

Baker Street

Are offering special bargains in Fine Furniture, Carpets, Linoleums

## RNITU

Ladies' and Gents' Umbrellas and Canes, Blouse Sets, Belts, Card Cases, and Purses

COMBS AND HAT PINS

WE WOULD LIKE TO MEN-TION THE FACT THAT WE ARE THE

GET YOUR MONEY BACK IF EVERYTHING IS NOT AS REPRESENTED

IN TOWN, BAR NONE

A Glance at our Range and Prices will do no Harm WE CLOSE AT SIX P. M. EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SATURDAY

STORE

18 and 20 BAKER STREET J. A. GILKER