#### KOOTENAY

Has Mines that are Paying Dividends and Hundreds of Properties that can be Made Dividend Paying Mines.

# INP

# aribane

**COOTENAY** 

Smelters in Successful Operation.

hough Ore in Sight to Run Several More.

TWO PELARS A YEAR.

FIFTH YEAR.-NO. 17.

'NELSON, BRITISH COLUMBIA, SATURDAY, MARCH 20, 1897.

THE GOLD COMMISSIONERSHIP,

Although no Vacancy, Several are Working for the Position.

Advices from Victoria regarding the gold commissionership of the southern portion of West Kootenay district are as amusing as they are conflicting. The present gold commissioner is Napoleon Fitzstubbs, who was invalided about six weeks ago, and who is now in Victoria. It is reported that the government is disposed to shelve Mr. Fitzstubbs, but he is unwilling to be shelved unless he is given an office of equal importance. At present no such office is vacant. Notwithstanding the office is not vacant, several gentlemen are after the job. The more prominent names mentioned are captain Clive Phillips-Wolley of Victoria and Harold Selous of Nelson. The former is provincial sanitary inspector, and it is claimed that the record he has made while in office indicates what he could do if given a position requiring business capacity, judgment, and backbone. The latter has been a resident of Nelson for seven years and is backed by the friendship of Gilbert Malcolm Sproat and A. S. Farwell. Both may have qualifications for the office, but the people of the district are not hankering after either of them. In fact, were either to be appointed the government would be roundly damned, not only by the opposition, but by its supporters. It is claimed that sanitary inspector Wolley has the best of Mr. Selous, now that he has "kissed and made up" with W. A. Jowett. As that gentleman is editor and owner of the only government organ in Kootenay, the Nelson Miner, he is not without influence. As he is in Victoria, it would not be a surprise if he managed to shelve captain Fitzstubbs and have installed in his place captain Wolley. This would be amusing to those who were present in the courtroom at Nelson last fall during the celebrated case, Jowett against Wolley, for

If the government cares aught for the interests of the district and for the opinions of the who live within its boundaries it will pigeon-hole the applications of both these aspirants and appoint W. J. Goepel to the position, should captain Fitzstubbs. be retired. Mr. Goepel has every qualification; has acted as gold commissioner twice when captain Fitzstubbs has been invalided; and his appointment would give satisfaction to ninety-nine out of a people who have ousines to transact at the government office.

MINERAL EXPORTS GROW STEADILY.

The Month of March Will Show Exports Valned at Over \$800,000.

The entries of ore and matte for export during the first three weeks of the present month, indicate that March will be the heaviest shipping month in the history of West Kootenay. During the past week there was entered for export at the port of Nelson ore and matte to the value of \$172,278, which, added to the exports of the first two weeks, gives a total exported through the port of Nelson, of \$565,654. to this amount may be added \$45,792, which represents the value of the Slocan ore exported through the outport of Revelstoke during the first seventeen days of the present month. The exports for the past week bring the grand total for 1897, to \$2,022,359. The shipments for the ling thirty days; and any member, manpast week were:

BULLION AND MAT	PTE. Ounds.		
Trail smelter	243,237		
ORE.	Ar	pproximate	
	Tons.	Value.	
Le Roi mine, Rossland	173		
O K mine, Rossland, concentrates	34		
Giant mine, Rossland	21		
Payne mine, Slocan	·· 33(M)		
Kootenny Ore Company, Kaslo	264		
Noble Five mines, Slocan		1.00	
Recomine, Slocan	36		
Rambler mine Slocan			
Whitewater mine, Slocan	77		
Surprise mine, Slocan	18	-	
No. 1 mine, Ainsworth			
Tariff mine, Ainsworth	11		
		<u> </u>	
Total for week		\$175,278	
Total so far for March		\$55 (651	
Total for February	5,201	\$562,853	
Total for January		\$675,509	
Total via Revelstoke, Jan and Feb.		\$172,551	
Fotal via Revelstoke to March 17.	355	\$ 45,792	
Total so far for 1897	16.591	\$2,622,359	

Cuthbert Gets the Howard Fraction.

The Howard Fraction group of five claims, on Springer creek, has been bonded for \$50,000, 10 per cent of which was paid down, \$17,000 to be paid October 1st. The property is owned by J. M. M. Benedum. A. E. Feter, V. C. Ratcliffe, H. L. Curtiss, W. L. Price and O. Lorenson. Herbert Cuthbert made the deal for the buyers, the British Canadian Gold Fields Exploration company, of British Columbia. The Aoward Fraction group is looked upon as one of the best properties on Springer creek. It shipped last year 30 tons of ore, running 200 ounces silver and \$20 gold per

Ore Struck on the Sovereign at Trail.

A strike is reported from the Sovereign on Lookout mountain at Trail. The crosscut in the tunnel at the 90-foot station has opened up a fine ore body, the full size of which is not yet known. Assays from stringers encountered in the tunnel ran \$45, but no assays have been secured from the new strike. The tunnel was run in country rock parallel to the foot-wall, and on crosscutting at 90 feet ore was at once encountered.

#### The Gold Fields of Klondyke.

Captains Carroll, Goodall and Maloney, Alaska, certify to the truth of the report | being for a like amount.

that the mining fever is still spreading in the north, with every indication that the rush to Klondyke will this year put in the shade the Yukon pilgrimage of any former year. Men are going into Juneau, Sitka, and other Alaskan towns daily in order to pack back provisions. Supplies promise to be scarce until the spring boats are able to ascend the river. From \$1 to \$10 a pan is the average on Bonanza creek: The Treadwell and Mexicana are putting 1400 tons a day through the stamps—their last report was \$2.40 to the ton.

#### NO CHINESE NEED APPLY.

The Alien Labor Bill Passes Its Second Read ing in the Legislature.

The alien labor bill, introduced by Adams, of Cariboo, which prohibits the employment of Chinese, was given its second reading in the legislature on Thursday. The decision upon the second reading shows that the majority of the members of the legislature are alive to the necessity for passing anti-Chinese legislation. The house should follow up its alien labor bill with an amendment to the mineral and placer mining acts, taking away all privileges which Chinese may at present enjoy under them. The Adams bill, which received its second reading upon a division of 21 to 8, reads:

1. This Act may be cited as the "Alien Labour Act, 1897. 2. In case of any Act hereafter passed giving, granting, or confirming to any person or body corporate the right of erecting a bridge, making a railway, tramway, turnpike road, telegraph or telephone line, the construction or improvement of a harbour, canal, loch, dam, slide, or other like work, the right of ferry, the right of carrying on any trade, business, occupation or calling, the giving, granting, or confirming to such person or body corporate any property, rights, or privileges whatsoever, or for he amendment to a former Act of a like nature which has not already similar provisions, no Chinese shall be employed in connection with or in relation to any of the works, rights, trade, business, occupation, or property given, granted, confirmed, authorized, or affected by the Act. In the event of any Chinese being so employed, the person by whom the same shall be employed shall be liable, upon summary conviction before any two justices of the peace, or functionary having the power of two justices of the peace, upon the oath or affirmation of one or more credible witness or witnesses, to a penalty not exceeding twenty-five dollars. nor less than tendollars, for every Chinese employed; and in default of immediate payment of the penalty, the same may be levied by distress and the sale of the goods and chattels of the person; and in the event of any Chinese being employed by any contractor or sub-contractor contrary to the provisions of this Act, then any such contractor or sub-contractor shall be hable, on summary conviction as aforesaid, to a penalty not exceeding twentyfive dollars, nor less than ten dollars, for every Chinese employed; and in case of default in immediate payment of such last-mentioned penalty, the same may be recovered by distress and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender; and in default of sufficient distress, the offender

employment, shall be liable, upon summary conviction as aforesaid, to the like penalties as hereinbefore in this section provided, recoverable in manner secondly hereinbefore mentioned. The offender shall be liable to separate and successive penalties for each and every day during which any Chinese shall

may be committed to any gaol or place of

confinement situate within the territorial

jurisdiction of the convicting justices, and

there imprisoned for any term not exceed-

ager, director, officer or agent of a corpor-

ation who causes or procures any Chinese

to be employed, contrary to the provisions

of this Act, or permits or connives at such

be employed. The term "Chinese," wherever used in this Act, shall mean any native of the Chinese Empire or its dependencies not born of British parents, and shall include any person of the Chuese race.

#### Ore Shipments via. Revelstoke. The following are the shipments of ore

	through Revelstoke since the first:	
	Tons	Value
ŀ	Slocan Star	\$ 15,20
i	lilaho 100	11,85
ŀ	Slocan Star	10.39
1	Mountain Chief	1.81
ļ	Monifor, 10	1.78
1	Buby 13	1.71

### The Route of the Crow's Nest.

If the Crow's Nest Pass road is constructed along the route favored by the surveyors and engineers who have been over the ground, it will not touch either Lethbridge, McLeod, Pincher Creek or Fort Steele. It would leave the Lethbridge branch at Woodbecker, cross the Calgary and Edmonton railway at Leavings, pass close by the Porcupine hills and then make straight for the Crow's Nest Pass. West of the mountains it would turn north along the river, and before reaching Steele would bend straight still again twist northward, following the south again along the Moyea lakes, and lake shore and river to Nelson.

#### The Rambler's Second Dividend.

The directors of the Rambler-Cariboo Gold & Silver Mining company held a meeting on Friday and declared a dividend of 2 cents per share, or \$20,000, pay-Captains Carroll, Goodall and Maloney, able April 15th. This is the second divi-who have just returned to Victoria from dend declared by this company, the first AFTER HEINZE FOR DAMAGES.

A Tangle Which will Doubtless Use Up Thou sands in Litigation.

One of the biggest mining suits ever filed in Silver Bow county, Montana, was commenced last week in the United States district court. The Boston & Montana Consolidated Copper and Silver Mining Company is the plaintiff in the case, and F. Aug. Heinze, A. P. Heinze and the Montana Ore Purchasing Company are dollars is asked for as damages for ore alfrom the Pennsylvania mine. The basis of the suit is that the Rarus, Johnstone trary to the United States statutes in

The Rarus, Little Ida and Johnstone claims adjoin the Pennsylvania on the north, the first mentioned three claims overlapping each other. The defendants it is alleged, claim the right to enter and work the Pennsylvania on account of the fact that certain veins have their apexes. on the claims owned by them, and they claim the right to follow those veins down on an angle even though they entered the side lines of the Pennsylvania, which it is said the veins did enter.

It is alleged by the Boston & Montana people that the veins followed by Heinze are not continuous or such veins that could be properly followed inside the Pennsylvania. The veins, it is alleged by the plaintiff, are broken and intersected by faults in such a way as to break up the veins, and it is also alleged that there are several veins which the defendants claim the right to follow beyond the side lines and into the property of the plaintiff, but that neither of the said veins in their courses depart from the end lines. It is alleged that the claims owned by the defendants are so located that they have the part of the locators to mark the same with end lines or to locate the same along he defendants' veins, but on the contrary having located the same across the veins, the defendants are left without extra lateral rights and are not entitled to follow the lines into the plaintiff's ground.

A suit in equity was also filed asking that defendants be enjoined from moving any ore from the Pennsylvania until the hearing of the application.

SHORT BITS OF NEWS FROM KASLO.

There was a meeting of the Kootenay Mining Protective Association last Saturday evening, at which H. E. Croasdaile of the Hall Mines, was chosen president; George Alexander and Scott McDonald, vice-presidents of the Ainsworth mining division: John McGuigan and W. E. Mann. for the Slocan mining division; T. G. Proctor for the Goat River division, and Frank Fletcher for the Nelson division. The election of officers was not completed, As it was deemed especially desirable that the Trail Creek division should be represented in the association as well as the other divisions of the district. Messrs. Croasdaile, Proctor and Mann were named as a committee to visit Rossland, Trail and other mining centers in the interest of the association and its objects. The names selected by a committee appointed by the chair to nominate a committee of management were Bruce White, G. W. Hughes, J. C. Eaton, J. M. Harris, J. A Whittier, E. J. Mathews, J. F. Cutler, H. Selous, A. Fletcher, R. F. Green, H. Byers, T. J. Lendrum, J. L. Retallack, Alexander Smith and H. Giegerich. An earnest effort will be made to unite the mining men of the district for the protection of mining interests. John Keen was appointed secretary, and his enthusiasm will doubtless give much life to the management.

A dividend of two and a half per cent will be declared on March 31st by the Two Friends mine.

Cameron Brothers will no longer be connected with the transportation business after the beginning of next month. They have sold their entire outfit to Alexander and Johnson Lucas, the one of Calgary and the other of Toronto. The new firm will add materially to the extensive plant which they acquire from the Camerons. Few residents of Kaslo are better known than the Camerons, and none are more popular. It is satisfactory to know, therefore, that while disposing of their transportation business, they have no intention of leaving the town.

At the meeting of the city council on Thursday evening a letter was read from H. Giegerich, complaining of the flooding of his cellar by water from the city's mains, carelessly turned on from a hyd rant by one of the city's officials.

There are constant visitors to the city in search of mining and other investments. One of the latest was F. W. Godsal, of Pincher Creek, who is already a large stockholder in the Ibex Mining & Development company of Slocan.

On Monday the police magistrate had before him a prisoner charged with the theft of money from the trunk of one of the waiting girls at the Adams House. He was caught in the room and shortly afterward the money was missed. But the evidence was hardly sufficient to bring the theft home to him and he was discharged with a caution. He was penniless when arrested, and said he was looking for work as a machinist. The city is filled with wandering characters who are destitute and solicit aid upon the streets.

WATER COURSES ACT.

The Government Decides to Collect a Revenue From the Users of Water Power.

Attorney-General Eberts made a very good move on Friday, when he introduced the Water Clauses Consolidation Act of 1807 in the legislature. The act, if it becomes law, will have an important bearing upon the mining industry of this district. It will no doubt tend to simplify the acquisition of water by bona-fide mindefendants. The sum of half a million ling companies, and should obviate the necessity of their having to apply to the leged to have been taken by defendants legislature for special acts in order to secure water for the running of concentrators. It may also be expected that and Little Ida claims have been so located | the users of water in future will be that they have no end lines at all, con- required to pay a toll for the use of such water. There can be no injustice in this. There is no reason why the crown should not treat the water courses of the province in the same manner as it does the timber. In sections where water power is not available and companies are obliged to use steam, the government charges a tax upon the cord wood consumed, despite the fact that the use of steam is much more expensive than the use of water power. The cordwood once used is lost to the crown, but the power in water courses is a permanent asset. Men using water for power purposes have no more right to expect the free use of the same than have men using steam to expect free cordwood. Heretofore the provincial government has overlooked a very important source of revenue, and now that an attempt is made to correct an oversight, the government should be commended

According to the preamble the act is comprehensive in its scope, confirming to the crown all unrecorded and unappropriated water and water power in the province, consolidating and amending the law relating to the acquiring of water rights and privileges for ordinary, doinestic, mining, and agricultural purposes, no end lines whatever, and the failure on and making adequate provision for municipal water supply, and for the application of water power to industrial and mechanical purposes. The act if passed will come into force on June 1st, 1897. It repeals the different sections in the mining and land acts and water privileges act dealing with water power, but such apneals shall not affect any rights acquired or any liabilities or penalties incurred, or act done under the acts affected by such

repeals. All unrecorded water is declared to be vested in the crown, and save in the exercise of any legal right existing at the time of such diversion or appropriation, no person shall divert or appropriate any water from any river, water course, lake or stream, excepting under the provisions of this act, or except in the exercise of the general right of all persons to use water for domestic and stock supply from any river, lake or stream vested in the crown, and to which there is access by a public road or reserve. No right to the permanent diversion or the exclusive use of water shall be acquired by any riparian owner or any other person, by length of use or otherwise than as the same may be acquired or conferred under the provisions of this act, or some other existing or

future act of parliament. The lieutenant-governor in council may from time to time impose and reserve to the crown, in the right of the province, such rents, royalties, tolls and charges in respect of the waters, or of the lands of the crown and of the powers, rights and privileges, which are conferred by this act, as by the lieutenant-governor in council shall be deemed to be just and proper, and may likewise make and pass such regulations and rules as may be deemed necessary and advisable for the collection and enforcement of such rents, royalties, tolls and charges, or any of them: Provided, that where by order in council such rents, royalties, tolls and charges are fixed in respect of any power, right or privilege, the same shall be permanent for the space of five years next succeeding the passing of such order in council lixing the same, and thereafter shall be subject to quinquennial adjustment, increase or decrease.

The second part of the act deals with the acquisition of water by record for ordinary, domestic, agricultural and mining purposes. Every owner of land may secure the right to divert unrecorded water for agricultural or for mechanical or industrial purposes to any amount reasonably necessary therefor upon obtaining a record in the manner provided by the act. Every owner of a mine may secure similar rights for any mining purlose whatsoever upon obtaining a record. The holders of such records are given the right of entry on and through the mines and lands of others for carrying water, but they must make full compensation for any loss or damage which may be caused by reason of such entry. Every holder of a record shall take all reasonable means for utilizing the water granted to him; and if he wilfully waste any water, or take a quantity in excess of his actual requirements, the commissioner, or gold commissioner, may, upon notice, cancel or reduce the record or impose all necessary conditions.

Provisions are made to appeal from the

decisions of the chief commissioner. The third part makes provision for the supplying of water by water works systime to time, obtain one or more records of the unrecorded water in any streams or lakes as a source or source of supply for a l system, or branch of such system, in manpality shall, from time to time, where a reach is a principal character.

sufficient supply of unrecorded water is not available within reasonable limits of distance and expenditure, have, subject to the approval of the lieutenant-governor in council, the right of exprepriation over recorded water and all works in connection therewith to the extend deemed necessary by the municipality to obtain a proper and sufficient source of water supply for ordinary household purposes.

Any company incorporated under the Companies Act, 1807, shall, under certain conditions named, have all the rights powers and privileges conferred upon mu nicipalities, and shall, subject to the conditions, if any, upon which the consent of the municipality is given, have exclusive rights in this behalf within the munici-

If in any year during the operation within a municipality of a system of water works by a company, under and by virtue of the provisions of the two next preceding sections of this Act, the net profits earned by and divided from the said water works system shall exceed twenty per centum per annum on the paid up stock of the company, the rates charged by the company for water shall when required by the municipality by notice in writing, and within thirty days after service of such notice on the company, be reduced so that the said profits shall not exceed the aforesaid rate of twenty per centum per annum on the paid up stock of the company.

The bill has received its second reading, Dr. Walkem alone voting against it. It is expected that some amendments will be made in committee.

SHORT BITS OF NEWS FROM KASLO.

Judge Forin has authority after all to try the case of city clerk Chipman, who is charged by alderman Buchanan with an offense against the city by-laws. The supreme court has so decided in the argument for a writ of prohibition. The case will now doubtless be heard upon its merits, as the alderman seems determined to push the complaint to a finish. He is also after the city solicitor for appearing on behalf of the clerk, but the council does not appear to second him in his undertaking, having laid both charge and answer on the table at a recent meeting.

The city has had a number of social entertainments during the week which have been unusually successful: The fancy dress carnival on Monday evening, was well attended and some very pretty costumes were exhibited, and characters well represented. The tug of war with the contestants on skates afforded no end of amusement to the spectators.

On Wednesday evening the members of the society of Sons of Erin, gave their first concert, ball and supper. It was attended by a large crowd and afforded an opportunity for enjoyment rarely had. There were about fifty couples on the floor. The concert, with which the evening's entertainment opened, was the occasion for some good singing.

The big fight on Wednesday, between the notorious sluggers at Carson City, seemed to create a great deal of excitement in Kaslo, and crowds were at both places of resort which had private wires run into their establishments.

There is a new phase in the trouble which has rent the Church of England congregation in this city for some time. The bishop of New Westminster, has had an injunction served upon John Keen, restraining him from interfering with any of his elergymen, or with the holding of services in the church until May next. The bishop has also sent the Rev. Mr. Yates, a newly ordained deacon, who in connection with Mr. Akehurst, will hold weekly services. It remains to be seen whether he will be successful in re-uniting the congregation. It will require a good deal of skillful diplomacy and no end of good, sound "horse sense.

C. L. Webb and H. McMicken of Seattle, who are largely interested in the Montezuma mine on the south fork of Kaslo creek, were in the city on Sunday and Monday, and after visiting the mine, took into consideration the construction of a concentrator for the property. There will also be a tramway to convey the ore to the south fork, upon which stream the mill will be erected.

Angus Campbell, formerly of the steamer Red Star, not long ago bought two finely situated lots on Front street. It is now said he will utilize them by building a large hotel upon them. He has been negotiating for suitable plans for the structure.

F. C. Gamble, the resident engineer for the public work department, was in the city on Tuesday, and on Wednesday he went to the Lardo to make an inspection of the work which is being done there and captain F. P. Armstrong of Golden, for give directions for its further prosecution. He was accompanied from Kaslo by alderman Buchanan. They went up on the Angerona, of Mr. Busk's fleet. All is not harmonious amongst the local Liberals. and there is in some quarters complaint over the dispensation of the small modicum of patronage which has come this way. There is a murmured annoyance because the older war horses of the party whose entire manhood has been devoted to its interests throughout the long period tems to cities, towns and unincorporated | of adversity are passed over, and pap and localities. Any municipality may, from patronage are given to the younger fry whose connection with Liberalism is as of yesterday compared with the life long devotion of the neglected ones. There are projected water works system, or a branch | other charges about the discharge of preof a system, or to augment any existing vious incurred obligations made by these non-contents, which suggest the title of ner hereinafter provided. Any munici- the old drama, in which sir Giles Over- preparing to commence work as soon as

LADY ABERDEEN'S SCHEME FAILS. The Ladies of Kaslo Show Their Good Sense

By Receiving It Coolly.

The committee of ladies appointed to canvass Kaslo on behalf of the Countess of Aberdeen's projected Victorian order of home helpers was instructed to report at a meeting to be held last Sunday afternoon. But at the appointed time only one lady put in an appearance, and her story was briefly told. The ladies had solicited subscriptions with considerable success, but they had failed to awaken any great enthusiasm of the ladies themselves sufficient to induce them to forego the pleasure of a Sunday afternoon's chat with husbands, or gentlemen friends. They will be given another opportunity.

to report the result of their efforts. Speaking of this scheme of Lady Aberleen's the Toronto Telegram says: "The Royal Victoria Home Helpers scheme which proposes to scatter ministering angels' throughout the northwest, is being sized up by the press of the Dominion. The impression seems to be that the scheme is impracticable, in fact unworkable. All those interested in the management of the leading hospitals of Toronto are opposed to the scheme and in eastern and western cities a like opinion obtains. The scheme has many weak points in it. and not one strong one. It would materially interfere with the work of the trained nurses that are turned out every year by the great hospitals of Toronto. Hamilton, Montreal and other cities, and would be the means of flooding the country with a regiment of useless women, whose imperfect knowledge would do a lot of harm. The medical men to whom the scheme has been submitted, and who have approved of it, seem to have been hasty in forming an opinion. No medical man who reviews the scheme, and who has the slightest knowledge of hospital work, could endorse it, for, as a correspondent of the Hamilton Spectator puts the case, 'it would be a refuge for useless women and old maids, or a resort for ambitious girls, who, once a spattering of midwifery was obtained, would hang out their shingles and display their certificates in every hamlet in the country, a rival of the village doctor and a menace to human life.' No, the scheme should be withdrawn. The public will stand the floating of a great many fads, but this home helper scheme is unwise, and has

#### not a single good point to commend it." SLOCAN MINING NEWS.

The owners of the Goodenough and Grey Copper mineral claims have organized a joint stock company to take over their properties. The incorporators of the new company are J. A. Whittier, J. H. Thompson, J. M. Martin, A. Goodenough, and D. W. Moore. The capital stock is \$800,000, divided into as many shares of the par value of \$1 each. The treasury stock will consist of 200,000 shares. The officers of the company, provisionally, are: J. A. Whittier, president and manager; J. H. Thompson, vice-president, and D. W. Moore, secretary-treasurer. The official name of the company is "The Goodenough Mines."

Peter Hall Deschant has sold his undivided one-half interest in the Nansen mineral claim, situated in the Whitewater basin, to Henry Alexander Barton. agent for the Gresham Gold Exploring Syndicate of London. The consideration was \$750.

The Echo Mining Company, recently organized, is sending out a force of men to begin development work at once. The claims are situated in Jackson basin, and are said to be promising. Henry Cody will have charge at the mine.

A deal has been made on the Bolander, situated on Cody creek, adjoining the Noonday. A company has been incorporated under the laws of Washington, to stock and work the property. The promoters of the deal are all monied men of Findley, Ohio, who are intent upon investing their capital in Slocan properties.

John Savage fell down a 20-foot stope at the Noble Five mine, splintering one of the small bones of the leg. He was removed to the hospital at New Denver for treatment.

J. M. McCallum, who has been acting as clerk at the Hotel Sandon, left last Monday for Slocan City, where he will establish a branch butcher shop for P. Burns. & Co., of Nelson.

#### EAST KOOTENAY DEALS.

J. C. Durick and A. Doyle of Fort Steele, have bonded the Alberta mineral claim to \$10,000. The Alberta is situate on Perry creek, and is a gold proposition. Very little work has been done on the claim.

E. C. Smith, J. Cleaver and O. S. Frizzell of Fort Steele, have bonded the Gem and Stoney mineral claims to Messrs, Smith, Harris and Williams of Spokane, for \$20,000. The Gem is the northern extension of the Hamlet, one of the famous Sullivan group, and the Stoney lies north of the Gem. The claims are silver-lead propositions, and are considered good properties.

The East Kootenay Mining and Developing Company has acquired by bond and purchase, several valuable properties on Perry creek, Bull and Elk rivers. D. W. Jackson, representing the company, is possible on the Perry creek properties.

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Ask Your Shoe Dealer for the Famous **CRANBY RUBBER COODS** 

#### The Tribune.

SATURDAY MORNING MARCH 20, 1897

ATTORNEY - GENERAL EBERTS brought down last week the return asked for by J. Fred Hume, showing the number of land transfers in West Kootenay during the year 1806, and the amount of fees collected on such transfers. The return submitted to the house showed that 688 transfers were made, upon which \$3.758.35 were collected in fees. It is therefore apparent that a land registry office for West Kootenay would be self-supporting. Even if it were not, the people of the district have a right to demand a district registry office, as the present system of doing West Kootenay's business through the Victoria office is behind the times. The government cannot establish a land registry office in Nelson a day too soon.

THE men who compose the cabinet of things in their attempts to administer the affairs of the province of British Columbia. Several of them have been members of three successive governments, and in each have contributed to the making discreditable history. Under one cover or another they have permitted all kinds of jobbing, but it may well be questioned if any British Columbian legislature ever made so gigantic a mistake as was made by the Ontario legislature when it gave the African General Development Syndicate the exclusive right for three years to prospect over 64,000 acres of the Rainy River section. The only condition which the Ontario legislature exacts from this syndicate is that it shall spend \$30,000 the first year of the lease, \$40,000 during the second year, and \$50,060 during the last year. In return for this, the government with a view to encouraging the development of the mineral resources of the province, locks up about 100 square miles of country from all save the servants of the corporation.

THE railway committee of the Toronto board of trade has prepared its report upon the subject of the Crow's Nest railway, and the same has been accepted by the board. As the finding of the Toronto board of trade upon this matter will no doubt carry considerable weight throughout eastern Canada, the first two clauses of the committee's report may with propriety be called to the attention of the provincial government. They are appended: "(1.) That if assistance is gran-"ted by the government of Canada to " the building of such a railway, or if the " government undertake the construction " of such a railway, to a point at or near " Nelson, the province of British Columbia "should be asked to make an equitable " contribution from its treasury. (2) That " as the immense and rich deposits of coal " in the vicinity of the Crow's Nest Pass " are the legitimate heritage of the peo-" ple, the government should, consistent " with the protection of capital, take such "steps as shall make the construction of "the Crow's Nest Pass railway dependent " upon the retention of these coal deposits " from all monopoly, thus securing for the " people of the Northwest and British " Columbia cheap fuel supplies, and thus "aiding in the development of the min-"eral resources of that section of the "Dominion." So far as the province of British Columbia is concerned, it is generally known that it has already pledged a fabulous amount in provincial assets to secure the building of the road. The trouble has been that the aid has gone to charter speculators and not to railroad

the work. This is the fruit of a policy absorbed by the present crisis in his which has characterized the provincial own affairs, joins in the expressed government for many years. Under the affirmation that Dreyfus is innocent. the work. This is the fruit of a policy pretence of opening up the province, private individuals have been granted valuable concessions without the slightest consideration as to their ability to carry out the work for which the concessions were presumably granted. What was done in the case of the British Columbia Southern railway will be done again in the case of the British Pacific railway if the" Rithet 'faction' of the government party can intimidate the cabinet into granting the demands of the new batch of speculators. Premier Turner on Monday announced that he would present the government's railway policy during the present week. In view of the Crow's Nest developments, it will be interesting to note what changes will be made in the government's railway policy.

THE new tariff bill was introduced in the United States congress on Monday, fixing the duty upon the lead contents of ore at one cent per pound. The duties are to be estimated at ports of entry, bonds being required in double the amount, and the duties will be liquidated after government assay.

may have the ability requisite for the office, but it is difficult to understand why the government would consent to make so unpopular an appointment. A feature of the contemplated vacancy in this office is the number of undesirable men who have appeared as candidates. Napoleon Fitzstubbs, with all his shortcomings, is preferable to any of the known applicants for the office.

Ir is reported that the Laurier government will withhold the writ for the Champlain election in Quebec until the meeting of parliament, when a bill will be introduced making it a crime for any priest or clergyman to interfere with the free expression of the will of the people at the the polls. This action is deemed necessary by reason of the spiritual terrorism For over one hundred years they have most disgraceful events in the history of In any measures which Wilfred Laurier may take to check the influence of the church of Rome in Dominion politics, he should receive the unanimous support of patriotic Canadians.

In an article on the Corliss bill the Boston Transcript is frank enough to say this: "It was conceived in the folly that however hostile our attitude toward our neighbors might be, they would play the spaniel's part and cringe before our kicks and insults. But the Canadiaus are not that kind of people."

#### That Kaslo Squabble in Victoria.

In Buchanan vs. Chipman a motion for prohibition was made to justice Drake Monday morning at Victoria. During the municipal election in Kaslo, alderman is city clerk, and also police magistrate of Kaslo, used obscene and blasphemous language concerning him, and he wrote the city council, requesting the city to institute proceedings against their clerk. This they refused to do, and he then laid an information against Chipman before justice of the peace Stone and had the summons made returnable before judge Forin in his capacity as stipendiary magistrate. Police magistrate Chipman then, as is provided by the municipal act, offered Buchanan to request two instices of Kaslo to try the case, but Buchanan wanted the trial before judge Forin, as otherwise the accused would be enabled to choose his own judges before whom he would be tried. Judge Forin adjourned the hearing over eight days to allow the present application to be disposed of, and Mr. Belyea, who appears for Buchanan, takes the preliminary objection that the information is already dead, having been adjourned for eight days, being longer than the time allowed for a remand and that therefore the motion for prohibition must fail. Judgment was reserved. R. Cassidy appeared in support of the motion.

#### He May be Innocent.

It is announced in diplomatic circles that a collective inquiry has been made at all the military bureaus of the powers, the result being an opinion that conviction in the case of captain Alfred Droyfus, who was sentenced to transportation for life for treason in 1891, was one of the most terrible judicial errors in modern history.

The influence of the pope is believed to be the main spring of the present

upon to pay a proportion of the cost of the NIII., not only friends, but from Austrian archduchesses. Even King George of Greece, though sufficiently It will be remembered that captain Drey fus was found guilty by a military tribunal after a secret trial. The specific charge was that he sold to Germany for 500,000 francs information regarding the French army. The proof offered was a letter, without date or signature, and said to be in the handwriting of the accused, containing a list of five other documents relating to secret details of the French service, and said to have been sent with it. The letter was alleged to have been found in a waste basket at the German embassy, torn in four pieces. Of five experts in chirography, only two would swear absolutely that the writing was that of captain Dreyfus. One reason why doubt of captain Dreyfus's guilt is so widespread lies in the fact that no military bureau, German or otherwise, has any such sum as 500,000 francs unaccounted for.

#### LAURIER'S GREAT MISTAKE.

How He Could Have Handled the Railway Question with Safety.

Toronto Telegram: Delay in building the Crow's Nest Pass railway is not as good either for the country or for the Liberal party as the haste which could have offered to build the road without the risk of loss to the public treasury or cost to the taxpayers of the Dominion. It is reported that Harold Selous is a The Laurier government would have been likely candidate for the office of gold com- on the safe side if it had introduced a bill missioner and government agent for West | offering to take over the land grants of Kootenay. That he will be appointed to the British Columbia Southern, and to the office does not follow. If the people | build and operate the road made out in of West Kootenay were consulted, he its charter. Not content with misreprewould not stand the slightest chance. In senting the motives of advocates of govthe opinion of most people, Harold Selous | ernment construction, the Globe has wholly ignored the truth that no one has seriously proposed that the Dominion government should build and operate the road unless the Dominion government acquired the coal and oil lands of British Columbia just as the British Columbia Southern would have acquired these

valuable properties.
It is true that, even with these coal and oil lands granted by their charter, the British Columbia Southern has so far been unable to raise money for the rail way. Its efforts were made when British Columbia was in the experimental stage. British Columbia is rapidly going beyond the experimental stage, and it would be an absolutely safe venture for the Dominion government to advance money to build the railway, and take the coal and oil lands which would probably pay the whole cost of building a road which would be a paying enterprise from the start. It would have paid the Laurier government to bring in a bill pledging the country to which the Roman Catholic bishops are practising against supporters of the Laurier government. It is time that the land, which will more than pay for the road if any private corporation builds it. premier Turner have done many foolish political bishops of Quebec were checked. | country could not have lost a cent by its acceptance, and the government would have gained prestige through the scuate's buildozed the members of their congrega- interference with its efforts to serve the tions and have dictated their politics. nation. The Canadian Pacific railway Their latest attempt at coercion through- has strength enough in the Dominion sen out the province of Quebec, is one of the ate to balk the government's efforts to serve the country at the expense of its privileges. But it would have been good the Dominion, and something which no politics for the Laurier government to self-respecting government could ignore. | make the attempt, and then let the country realize exactly what sort of an institution the Dominion senate is.

#### Goldwin Smith's Liberalism.

Goldwin Smith in a recent issue of the Toronto Weekly Sun sums up his political views. He is a Liberal of the old school, he says, "believing in liberty and justice: trusting human nature and wishing to give it fair play, looking for the main sources of prosperity not to the action of government but to individual industry and frugality; having faith in the gradual improvement of society, but not in its sudden transformation. He is ready to put everything into the hands of the state as soon as he can be made to see that the state is anything but the government, and that the government is anything but a set of fallible and peccable, sometimes highly fallible and highly peccable, mortals. To the extension of the functions Buchanan alleges that Mr. Chipman, who of government in its present s; here, wherever common action is better than individual, he has no objection on principal, and if people choose to call government ownership of railways or municipal ownership of street cars socialistic, he may lay claim to the title of a socialist. That which he regards with misgiving is the proposal to extend the sphere of government beyond its present phere to industrial, commercial, social, or even domestic life. Mr. Bellamy has laid it down that children are not to be dependent upon their parents, but on the state for means of support. To this, as it would apparently cast upon governments the duty of holding the pap-boat, the bystander is compelled at present to demur. Against any scheme of confiscation or of public plunder of any kind he, as a believer in justice, frankly protests; and as judicial murder is the worst murder, so he holds that of all robbery, legislative robbery is the worst.

#### The War Scare in the East.

CANEA, March 17 .- The admirals of the combined fleet in Cretan waters today made a formal resolution of the intention of the powers to confer upon the island an autonomous government under the suzerainty of the sultan. The situation at Canca is daily becoming more serious. Owing to the influx of thousands of penniless refugees, the local government is unable to supply each with a couple of rounds of bread daily. A similar deplorable condition is beginning to exist in Retime and Candia. During six hours' fighting outside the latter town yesterday, six Turkish soldiers were killed and twenty five wounded.

Constantinople, March 47. - In imperial charter speculators and not to railroad agitation. Petitions have been considered circles here the opinion prevails that the builders. If the province is now called by the czar, the German emperor and blockade of Crete by the fleets of the for-

# Reduction Sale...

To make space for new goods we will sell all goods now in stock at cost for spot cash, beginning Monday, March 15th and ending Wednesday, March 31st. Toilet Soaps, Perfumery, Brushes, Combs, Sponges, Mirrors, Rubber Goods, Toilet Preparations, Purses, Spectacles, Playing Cards, Office Supplie, Note Paper, Envelopes, School Supplies, Memorandum Books, Etc.

Painters' supplies of all kinds, including White Lead, Boiled Oil, Raw Oil, Hard Oil, Turpentine, Mixed Paints, Wood Stains, Enamels, Varnishes, Etc., Etc.

Our large stock of the renowned Tonic Wine, Vin Mariani, will be sold at \$1 per Bottle. Inspect our stock and see what you need.

32 WEST BAKER ST. ... Nelson Drug Store

## Canadian General Electric Company, Ltd.

Capital \$1,500,000. Head Offices Toronto, Ontario.

MINERS! You can make use of water power 50 miles from your mines with our system We can also sell you complete telephone outfits and install them

British Columbia Branch Offices Granville Street-VANCOUVER Frank Darling, Kootenay Agent

### The Warren Webster Vacumn Boiler Feed Water Heater AND WATER PURIFIER

Guaranteed 7 per cent better than any other make of heater. The Webster System of Heating with Exhaust Steam relieves back pressure on engine. The Morse Valve Reseater will reseat any style of valve without removing valve.

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Street Hydrants, Gate Valves, Pipe, Crescent Drill Steel: Wire Rope | Freight and Passenger Elevators

Office, Hodgins building, next Phair Hotel, Nelson Write FRANK DARLING, Sole Agent for British Columbia

eign powers would drive the Greeks to This is how the press dispatches describe desperate acts on the frontiers of Mace- her conduct at the ring-side: "As the donin and Epirus, whence news of a con- | battle went on, she became more and flict is hourly expected. The naval offi- more demonstrative, sometimes breaking cers were summoned by telegraph yesterday to rejoin their ships immediately, creating a belief that the departure of the lanky spouse received from his antagonist doubted whether the warships are really she screamed. The hound. "The puppy." ready for sea:

#### A Predicament.

There is great news from France,
I can telt at a glance.
Yes, hoopskirts, my dear, will be worn in dance:
But, pray do you know
How a latter-day beau
Can dance with a girl who is hedged about so! My Caroline

With an odor of scent
And a smile of content
Each maid will appear like a small circus tent,
Where's an old heat to teach?
Bring him here. I bescech,
To explain how you waltz with a girl you can't reach
My Caroline
In crinoline?
Oh, no!

#### The Rate of Interest in Montreal.

There was a time when Nelson had private bank which discounted the American gold paid in by its depositors. This was considered a hardship, but the people of Nelson were fortunate that they did not have to deal with Montreal moneychangers. On Thursday of last week a remarkable case came up before judge Fill in Montreal. On November 30th, 1894, J. L. Michaud signed a note payable in a month and a half from the date for \$250, and in default of payment at maturity, interest was to be charged at the rate of 5 per cent per day. The note was made to the order of Ambroise Lafortune. It was not paid at maturity, but July 7th. 1896, \$100 was paid on account, and February 26th last, the holder of the note took action, claiming \$150 with interest as stipulated. Principal and interest now amount to an enormous sum. Judgment for that amount was given for plaintiff by judge McGill.

#### An Example Set by Cleveland.

It is charged that president Cleveland, though poor on entering politics, retires owning more than \$1,000,000. The amount could not have been saved from salary, and must be regarded as among the mysteries now so common as to awaken little or no interest. Unlike the usual run of such cases, he has set the republic an example worth more than the entire surplus.

#### The Slocan's Outlook.

The Ledge: The Slocan is filling up with hobos, tramps, chair warmers, grafters, sure thing gamblers and other members of the human leech family. They are evidently welcome, as the government has not yet provided any police protection for the Slocan lake country.

#### A Very Womanly Woman.

The most disgraceful performance at the great prize fight in Carson City on Wednesday, was that of Mrs. Fitzsimmons, wife of the victorious pugilist.

Parties having lots in Silverton, and wishing to sell may find a buyer by addressing or calling on

Cor. Vernon and Ward Sts., Nelson.

forth with exclamations which bordered Panch him, Bob.' Kill him.'

## The Crow's Nest Pass Railway and The Slocan River Railway

are to be built during the year 1897. Construction work has already commenced on the last named. These two roads with the two already having terminals at Nelson will make Nelson the railway center of Southern British Columbia. Real estate in railway centers rapidly increases in value-often more rapidly than stocks in undeveloped mines-and Nelson will be no exception. The following described property is choice and the prices such as to insure purchasers against making a losing:

### **NELSON PROPERTY**

50x120 feet on Vernon street, with 2-story business block, Terms..... 25x120 feet on Vernou street (a corner) with improvements. Terms 100x120 feet on Vernon street (a corner) with 25x120 feet on Victoria street, with 2-story dwelling. Terms 625x120 feet on Victoria street, with cottage 

#### OUTSIDE PROPERTY

An undivided one-third interest in the town-site of Silverton, on Slocan lake. Terms. \$4,00 An undivided one-fourth interest in Trout Lake City townsite, in Lardeau district.

Notice of Application for Certificate of Improvements.

Improvements.

Florian Fractional Mineral Claim, situate in the lifecille-wast Mining Division of West Kootenay District, and located about three and a quarter miles east of Illecillewant Station, and immediately east of Mair's tunnel on the Canadian Paclife Railway.

Take notice that I, Frank Stillman Barnard, acting on behalf of the Lillonet, Fraser River & Cariboo Gold Fields, Limited, free miner's certificate No. 89.018, issued at New Westminster on Detober 31st, 1896, intend sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above chaim. And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

F. S. BARNARD, Dated, this 12th day of January, 1897.

[Jan. 23rd] provements. F. : Dated, this 12th day of January, 1897.

## The Kootenay Lake Sawmill Kaslo, B. C.

Will start about March 15th with about double its former capacity in all departments. 7,000,000 feet of logs under contract for early delivery.

### The Planing Mill and Factory

Is now running full time under the management of C. E. Dory, a compotent draughtsman and mechanic who will furnish special drawings free

### New Designs

In house interiors, office and store fixtures, dado work, mantles, brackets, mouldings, book cases, furniture, turnings, carving, grill work, and band sawing. Orders for all such work executed in an artistic manner.

#### One Car Glass

Direct from Belgium expected this month: Bough and dressed lumber, laths, etc., always in stock.

### Two Cars Sash and Doors

Yard and branch office foot of Hendryx Street

G. O. BUCHANAN

# Slocan City....

The business centre for the rich mines on Springer Creek and Slocan Lake. This is one of the richest districts in British Columbia.

## ots \$100 to \$500 each

FRANK FLETCHER, Trustee.

## Nelson Sawmill Company, Limited

Kiln-dried and other Lumber can now be obtained at the vard; also Sashes, Doors, Veranda and Newel Posts, Base and Corner Blocks, Brackets, Balusters, Mouldings, Etc., Etc., at lowest prices.

### SITUATION WANTED

By an experienced housekeeper, Good manager and willing worker. Hotel preferred. Address, MRS, MYRIE HILL, Nelson, B. C.

Capital, all paid \$12,000,000

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M'CONNELL'S OPINION OF TRAIL CREEK And Some of the Leads in the Vicinity of

The report of Mr. McConnell upon the mineral formation of the Nelson and Trail Creek districts appears in the summary report of the geological survey department for the year 1896, just issued. From it the following extracts are taken:

"The classification of the Trail Creek ore bodies, and the sulphide deposits generally of the igneous rocks of the district, is a difficult problem and one which has given rise to considerable differences of opinion. They may be original segregaions from a cooling magma, like the Sudbury pyrrotite ores, secondary segregations from the basic rocks which inclose them, replacement veins along lines of lissuring, or, as the majority of miners are inclined to believe, true fissure veins. Isolated examples might be cited in support of any of these views, but taking the deposits as a whole, the theory which lits in best with the prevailing conditions is undoubtedly the third. The blunt, irregular outlines of some of the ore bodies, and their fissure-like regularity in others, the presence in most cases of a single wall which is often meaningless as a confining line, and the occasional lack of any wall. the gradual blending of the ore with the country rock, and the presence of the latter as the principal gangue, are all characters consistent with the deposition of the ore from ascending heated waters, which have eaten away portions of the country rock along lines of fracturing, and replaced it by the minerals held in solution. The definite and approximately parallel direction and dip of the majority of calespar in seams and irregular pockets. tell against the theory of original segregation, which has of late years been applied to somewhat similar deposits in different parts of the world, while the ordinary ear-marks of lissure veins, as usually

understood, are seldom observable. "The miners of the district are generally prejudiced in davor of lissure veins, under the belief that they are the only ones which are ant to be continuous in depth. There is no reason, however, why replacement veins following lines of lissuring, and filled with material derived from below, though subject to greater variation in volume, should not be equally

mermanent.

Besides the pyrrhotite and associated sulphide ores characteristic of the basic volcanics, an important system of siliceous ore-bearing fissure veins has a wide distribution in the district. The quartz leads are not confined to one formation, but occur indiscriminately in all. The O. K. occurs in an altered and partly serpentinized basic volcanic rock, the Fern in massive porphyrite, the Poorman, Mand S. and Clearwater in granite, the Exchequer in schistose eruptives, the Elise in slates, and the Gold Hill and Helen in eruptive rocks later than the granite. The quartz leads vary greatly in size, but seldom exceed six to eight feet in width, and usually average less. They contain free gold auriferous pyrites, chalcopyrite and galena. Stamp mills have been erected at the Poorman, O. K. and Fern, and a number of the other leads are being prospected.

"A third class of gold leads includes the Starlight, Golden King and others in the vicinity of Toad mountain, and consists of pyritized belts, often a hundred feet and more in width, traversing the schistose eruptives. These leads are simply more or less mineralized portions of the schistose country rock, carrying occasional ribs and stringers of quartz. They are low grade, the Starlight, which has been prospected during the past summer by Mr. Francis for an English company, averaging about \$3 in gold per ton, but owing to the practically unlimited amount of material available, they may possibly in some instances be profitably worked.

Mining has made satisfactory advances on all sides in West Kootenay during the past season. Prospectors, the pioneers of the industry, swarmed over the country making numberless locations everywhere. A fair percentage of the prospects of previous years on which development work has been done, promise to become mines, and the older mines show no signs of deterioration as developed.

#### To Wear Helmets.

The New York fire department recently tested, with pronounced success, a smokeproof helmet, and an electric lantern. In a smoke-filled building, the smoke-proof masks were found exceedingly useful. They are made of leather, and have openings for the eyes, mouth and nostrils. The fireman wearing the mask can hear plainly and can see distinctly, the aperature for the eyes being covered with mica. Previous to the adjustment of the mask to the head of the wearer, a sponge i saturated with some exhibitating liquid | either case.

is fixed firmly in the opening for the mouth and nostrils, thus permitting the wearer to breathe freely, yet excluding the smoke. The lantern does not differ in appearance from the lanterns which have heretofore been in use. It contains, how-ever; a powerful incandescent lamp, which is operated by a small but powerful storage battery in the base of the lantern. The helmet is made of aluminum, and, while exceedingly light is very durable.

Only One Break at Monte Carlo.

Sixty-five new graves were filled in the Suicides' Cemetery at Monaco last winter. The cemetery is in barren, uncultivated land, and within it are buiried any who have taken their lives through losses at the Casino. Four blank walls enclose the square of earth; at the head of the grave of each unfortunate there is only a plain, unpainted piece of wood, with a number on it. Under several of these mounds is the original of "the man who broke the bank at Monte Carlo." Nobody ever did, of course, "break the bank." Each table starts with a certain amount of money, and when that is exhausted the play is stopped only until a fresh supply can be taken from the strong room. The actual reserve of the bank, ready for emergency, is one and a half million dollars. Recently Monte Carlo obtained a new lease, one which will insure it the gambling privilege until 1913. Monaco is a small principality under the rule of Albert Charles Honore, sovereign prince of Monaco, and he it is who lets out the privilege of running a gambling house at Monte Carlo. He charges five hundred thousand dollars a year for that privilege.

#### May Rush the Work Without Subsidies.

The Montreal Gazette: Things are pretty lively just now in the chief engineer's department of the Canadian Pacific railway, and, as menare being sent west, and other preparations for the summer's work in the Crow's Nest Pass, it looks as if sir William Van Horne's suggestion to go ahead with the work and look out for the subsidy later on, was being carried out. The rumored purchased of sixty-five thousand tons of steel rails from the Carnegie company by the Canadian Pacific is confirmed, and, although the sum paid for these rails reaches a little over \$1,000,000, the price is looked upon by railway men as exceedingly reasonable and about \$2 per ton less than the present rate. These rails are said to be 72 pounds to the yard, and will steel from 500 to 600 miles of road, 300 miles being no doubt for the Crow's Nest Pass, as it is understood that the Canadian Pacific will, with their usual energy, put on a number of men and complete the line right. through to Nelson within eighteen months.

#### Circle City's First Beefsteak.

The first beefsteak that ever reached Circle City, Alaska, sold for \$18 per pound of the Rossland leads, the siliceous char- a few weeks ago. The steak consisted of actor of many of the ores and the presence a ten pound piece of beef slaughtered at 40-Mile creek, packed and shipped 250 miles to Circle City by Thomas O'Brien When O Brien reached camp, the miners turned out in a body to see the steak. It was placed on exhibition and attracted as naich attention as an eight-legged calf. Everybody wanted a piece of fresh meat, and the prices offered were such they would have caused a mining camp quarrel or bloodshed, if it had not been decided to raffle the steak off for the benefit of the hospital, which B. H. Rowe is trying to establish for miners of Circle City. At first \$5 a pound was offered for a slice of of steak, but the bidding became brisker and as the meat was sliced as high as \$35 per pound was offered. Finally, in order to avoid complications, it was decided to sell tickets at from 50 cents to \$2,50 for the privilege of drawing for a slice. After \$480 worth of tickets were sold the drawing began.

#### British Columbia Stock Raisers Suffer.

The stock raisers of the upper country will have good cause to remember the winter of 1896-97. If a thaw does not set in quickly fully 50 per cent of of the cattle on the ranges will be dead from starvation. Hardly a rancher has a ton of feed left owing to the exceptionally long spell of cold weather and heavy snowfall. Reports justify the statement that many of the small stock raisers will be ruined, and even the big ranchers and cattle companies will be heavily hit. Abundance of cheap hay is required at once if the stockmen are to save a small proportion of their cattle. The Canadian Pacific railway has come to the assistance of the stockmen with an offer of reduced rates on hay shipments from the coast and the Northwest. A rate of \$70 a car is offered from Northwest Territory points, and of \$10 a car from the coast.

#### Canada's Strong Suit.

In the matter of liquor licenses Canada compares well with the neighboring states. Enlightened Massachusetts gives one license to every 368 of its population; Michigan gives one to every 239; Iowa, that a few years ago was prohibition, gives one to every 289; Ohio one to 203; Minnesota one to 301; Illinois one to 183; New York one to 134. In Ontario the proportion is one to every 632, and in Quebec one to 635. The figures for the other provinces are not at hand, but they are certainly not doing less than Ontario and

#### The Cost of Keeping Armies.

4t costs Great Britain \$88,500,000 a year to maintain her army: France spends \$101,000,000 on hers, and Germany \$118. 320,000 on hers; while the United States pays out \$144,000,000 in pensions on account of a war that ended thirty-two years ago, and her present military estabisluments costs \$55,000,000 a year. The United States expends at the rate of \$2000 per man under arms; Great Britain, \$640 per man; Germany, \$195 per man, and France \$176, not including pensions in

JAPAN AFFECTS THE MARKET.

Silver Goes Down to 62 Conts in New York This Week.

Considerable weakness has been apparent in the silver market recently on heavy liquidations. Bar silver declined I per cent, to 62 cents on Tuesday, on reports that the London market was disorganized, owing to the sentimental effects of the efforts made by the Japanese government to adopt the gold standard. Buyers have withdrawn temporarily from the market, and in the absence of support prices sagged sharply. London quotations touched 28\( d.\) Considerable apprehension is felt as to the effect on the market in the event of the Japanese bid becoming a law, as the government has immense stores of silver which may be thrown on the market. The bill introduced is a ministerial measure, and has already passed the lower house and is now in the upper house, or house of lords.

The bill now before the Japanese parliament embodies the finding of a commission appointed by the emperor to investigate the following questions: (1) The cause and effects of the recent change of ratio between gold and silver. (2) The effects of the change upon Japan. (3) Whether such change necessitated a reform of our present current system, and if so, to determine what new standard of currency shall be adopted, and how it shall be done.

Concerning the work of this commission the Salt Lake Tribune says: A special committee was appointed to investigate the first two questions. They finished their work in 1895. They agreed generally to the statements contained in chapters I and 2 affixed thereto, but could not could not come to an understanding upon the questions covered by section 3. Hence there was a majority and a minority report submitted. Then the full commission met and endorsed chapters I and 2. It, however, divided on chapter 3, and at last, after a lengthy discussion, reported the chapter by a majority of 10 against 5. Excepting one member, the commission was of the opinion that the change of the ratio between gold and silver was so far beneficial to Japan, and that therefore there is for the present no necessity to change the currency system. They differed on the point of whether in the future necessity for such change would arise; eight took the affirmative, seven the negative. Then six out of the eight agreed that if the change was to be made it should be to gold. They differed about the method of going to work. Some urged an immediate change, while others preferred to make only necessary preparations for the future. Some proposed to wait an international arrangement, while others wished to establish bimetallism in-

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	of Kootenay, Perry's	1.00
	of Slocan, Keith-Reid's	1.00
	of Wild Horse Creek	1.50

MAILED FREE ON RECEIPT OF PRICE

Thomson Stationery Co., Ltd. NELSON, B. C.

## Better Than Ever

Are the meals and lunches served at the Vienna Bakery and Restaurant. Chicken, Baked Ham, Boston Baked Beans, Cakes, Pies, Rolls, and all kinds of Soft Drinks constantly on hand. Picnic Lunches put up to order. A variety of Cigars and Candies always on hand.

## John Humer, Prop. THE TREMONT

NELSON

Is one of the best hotels in Toad Mountain district, and is the headquarters for prospectors and miners.

MALONE & TREGILLUS, Proprietors.

## GRAND VIEW HOTEL

FREDERICTON

TOAD MOUNTAIN

D. T. MORICE, Proprietor.

Excellent accommodation furnished the traveling public Prospector's and miner's supplies kept on hand.

## Star Bakery.

The undersigned beg to aumounce that they have opened a bakery at the corner of Josephine and Latimer streets, and will be pleased to coure a portion of the patronage of the people of Nelson. SUTTER & JOV.

#### Eugene B. Frankel GRADUATE OPTICIAN

If you have trouble with your eyes, or your glasses don't suit you perfectly, call upon him. No eases too difficult. Examination free. Nelson office in Jacob Dover's jewelery store. Kaslo office, Front street.

#### MUSIC LESSONS

Mrs. Morley is prepared to receive pupils for piano, violin or organ. For terms

Apply to Thomson Stationery Co., Ltd., Nelson

Certificate of the Incorporation of a Foreign Company.

COMPANIES ACT" PART IV: AND AMENDING ACTS. THE GRESSIAM GOLD EXPLORING SYNDICATE LTD.," FOREIGN

Registered the 14th day of January, 1897. I HERBBY CERTIFY. That I have this day registered the "Greshan Gold Exploring Syndicate, Limited," (Foreign,) under the "Companies Act Lart IV, "registration of Foreign Companies" and Amending Acts. The head office of the said company is situate at 13 and 11, Abeburch Lane, in the City of London, England.

The objects for which the company is established are:
(a.) To acquire options for the purchase or acquisition of mines, and to sell, dispose of, or deal with such property, and for any of the above purposes, or otherwise to exercise any of the hereinafter, mentioned powers and objects of the Company, which powers and objects of the Company.

and objects of the Company, which powers and objects may be exercised independently of the primary object stated in this clause: To search for, examine, prospect and explore farms, search for and obtain information as to mines, mining districts, mining and water chains, water and a y-other rights, claims and property; to examine, invest-gate, and secure the titles to farms, lands, mines, min-

erals, ores, and mining and other rights or claims in Western Australia, and any other part of the world; to employ and send to Western Australia, or elsewhere, and to pay the fees, costs, charges and expenses of agents, including persons and corporations, mining ex-ports, legal counsel, and all persons useful or supposed to be useful in examining, investigating, and exploring farms, lands, mines, minerals, mining and other right and claims in Western Australia of elsewhere, or in examining, investigating, and securing the titles to furms, lands, mines, minerals, mining or other rights and claims in Western Australia and elsewhere; to print, publish, advertise; and circulate reports, maps, plans, prospectuses, and documents of every kind what-soever, directly or indirectly relating, or supposed to rotate, to farms, lands, mines, inherits, mining or other rights, concessions and claims in Western Aus-traha and elsewhere, to the title thereto, or to the or-

ganization, operations, and objects of this Company or any other company: (c.) To acquire from time to time, by purchase or other wise; concessions, grants, freeholds, leases, rights, claims, and interests in lands or other properties of every description, whether in Western Australia elsewhere, including mines; works, railways, transways, lands, wharves, docks, canals, water rights and ways, pits, quarries, forests, mills, buildings, machinery, stock, plant and things, upon such terms and in such manner as may be deemed advisable:

(d.) To develop the resources of said lands by building, planting, clearing, mining, and otherwise dealing with To sell, improve, manage, develop, lease, mortgage

dispose of, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property of the Company;

(L) To work or carry on all or any mines, works and properties from time to time in the possession of the Company, in such manner as may be determined; to erect all necessary mids, workshops, dwelling-houses, and other buildings construct maintain and after and other buildings; construct, maintain, and after canals, railways, water courses, telegraph wires, reser-voirs, wells, aqueducts and water-works, and supply electric power and other works of every nature and de scription, purchase, rent, hire, or charter engines

(g.) To enter into and carrry out such contracts and g.) To enter into and carrry out sites contracts and arrangements as may be deemed necessary to enable the Company to carry on its business, and for the general conduct and management of its affairs, and the doing of all such other things as may be found incidental or conductive to the attainment of the objects of the Company, whether in Western Australia, Great Britain, or eigenberg.

b.) To deal in, purchase, make merchantable, sell, and dispose of ores, minerals, goods, and merchandise generally in Western Australia, Great Britain, or else I To carry on the business of a mining, smelting

tracing, and metallurgical Company in all its branches in Western Australia, Great Britain, or elsewhere: j.) To acquire by grant, purchase, or otherwise, con-cessions of any property or privileges from any govern-ment, British, colonial or foreign, and perform and ful-fill the terms and conditions thereof, and to obtain any Act of Parliament, or law or order, of any colonial or foreign government to enable the Company to carry

any of its objects into effect: (1) To sell, exchange, morigago, lease, or otherwise deal in the property or undertaking of the Company, or any part thereof, for such consideration as the Com-pany may think it, and in particular for shares, dobentures or securities of any other company having object altogether or in part similar to those of this Company and to distribute any of the property of the Company ong the members in specie, but so that no distribu

among the members in specie, but so that no distribu-tion amounting to a reduction of capital be made with-out the sanction of the court where necessary; (1) To promote, organize and register, and to aid and assist in the promotion, organization, registration operations and objects of any company or companies, either in Great Britain, Ireland, or elsewhere, for the purpose of acquiring any of the property of this Company or any other, purpose, and to been and pay any costs and expenses which may be expedient or useful, or supposed to be expedient or useful, in and arout the or supposed to be expedient or useful, in and about the promotion, organization, registration, operations, and carrying into effect the objects, or supposed objects, of any company or companies, and to remanerate any person or corporation for promoting, organizing, or registering any company, or for introducing business to this Company, or for obtaining subscriptions to, or company to the subscription of or placing or assisting guaranteeing the subscription of, or placing or assisting in placing the shares or securities of any company promoted by this Company, or in which it is interested, or otherwise assisting or rendering services to this

Company;
(m.) To borrow and raise money by the issue of debentures, debenture stock, or other obligations, or by morigage or charge over all or any part of the property of the Company, including its capital, as may seem

expedienc:

n.) To establish and maintain agencies of the Company
in any colony or foreign slate, and to procure the Com-pany to be registered, or incorporated, or recognized

pany to be registered, or incorporated, or recognized in any colony or foreign state:

10.1 To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects. The capital stock of the said company is \$50.001, divided into 50.000 shares, of one pound each.

The divided into a triple and and seal of office at Victoria, province of British Columbia, this 11th day of January, isw.

S. Y. WOOTTON.

Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

Notice of Application for Certificate of Improvements.

STAR OF THE EAST AND STAR OF THE WEST MINERAL CLAIMS, SPICATE IN THE NELSON MINING DIVISION OF WEST ROOTENAY DISTRICT, AND LOCATED ABOUT

OF WEST KOOTENAY DISTRICT, AND LOCATED ABOUT THREE MILES SOUTH OF NELSON.

Take notice that I, A. S. Farwell, agent for Thomas A. Brassey, free miner's certificate No. 80,191, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for certificates of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining crown grants of the above claims. And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be taken before the issuance of such certificates of improvements.

A. S. FARWELL.

Dated, this 4th day of February, 1897. [Feb. 20th.]

Notice of Application for Certificate of Improvements.

TREKA, CHICORA, AND HIDDEN TREASURE MINERAL CLAIMS, SITUATE IN THE NELSON MINING DIVISION OF WEST KOOTENAY DISTRICT, AND LOCATED ON HALL

WEST ROOTENAY DISTRICT, AND LOCATED ON HALL CREEK.

Take notice that I, Frank Fletcher, free miner's certificate No. 73,921, on behalf of myself and other owners, intend 60 days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for certificates of improvements for the purpose of obtaining crown grants of the above claims. And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificates of improvements,

FRANK FLETCHEST.

Dated, this 26th day of February, 1897.

[Mar. 6th]

Private Bill Notice. Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the province of British Columbia at its next session for an act to amend the Consumers (Neison) Water Works Act. 1802, by increasing the horrowing powers of the Company and by amending the tariff of charges authorized by section 11 of the said act, to enable the company to charge consumers a rate proportionate to the nature of the butiness of the consumers and the purpose for which such water is consumed, and to enforce payment of such rates.

McPHILLIPS, WOOTTON, & BARNARD, Solicitors for the Amblicants.

Solicitors for the Applicants. Dated this 25th day of January, 1897. [Jan. 39]

Notice of Application for Certificate of Improvements.

Improvements.

Anne Mineral Claim, situate in the Illecillewaet Mining Division of West Kootenay District, and Located about three and a half miles east of Illecillewaet, and about 150 feet from the railway track north.

Take notice that I. Frank Stillman Barnard, acting on behalf of the Lillooet Fraser River & Cariboo Gold Fields, Limited, free miner's certificate No. 89,018, is sued at New Westminster on October 31st, 1896, intend sixly days from the date hereof, to apply to the mining recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim. And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be forther take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Pated, this 12th day of January, 1897.

[Jun. 23rd]

Application for Liquor License. Notice is hereby given that the undersigned will, at the expiration of thirly days, apply to the stipendiary magistrate of West Kootenay district, for a license to sell liquor by retail at his hotel on kn 15, block C, of the town-site of Salmo, in the said district of West Kootenay,

Dated this 16th day of March, 1897. [March 20th]

Dated this 16th day of March, 1897.

Certificate of the Registration of a Foreign

"COMPANIES ACT." PART IN, AND AMENDING ACTS "HALL EXPLORATION" OF BRITISH COLUMNIA, LIMITED"

Registered the 23rd day of January, 1897, THEREBY CERTIFY that I have this day registered the "Hall Exploration of British Columbia, Limited," (Foreign), under the "Companies Act, Part IV." "Registration of Foreign Companies, and Amending Acts."

The Head Office of the said Company is situated in Encland. England.
The objects for which the Company is established

(a) To institute, enter into, carry on, assist or partici-pare in financial, commercial, mercantile, industrial, manufacturing, mining, and other businesses, works, contracts, and undertakings; and financial operations of all kinds in British Columbia or elsewhere... b). To undertake and carry on any business transaction b) To undertake and carry on any business transaction or operation commonly undertaken or carried on by financiers, promoters of companies, bankers, underwriters, concessioneires, contractors for public and other works, capitalists or merchants, and to carry on any other business which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any of the objects of the Company, or which may be thought calculated directly or indirectly to enhance the value of or reader profitable any if the Company's property or rights:

property or rights: c) To promote, acquire, construct, equip, maintain, im prove, work, manage, or control, or aid in or subscribe towards the promotion, acquisition, construction, equipment, maintenance, improvement, working, management or control of works, undertukings and opera-tions of all kinds, both public and private, and in partic-ular roads, tramways, railways, telegraphs, telephones, cables, ships, lighters, harbors, piers, decks, quays, wharves, warehouses, bridges, viaduets, acqueducts. wherves, warehouses, pringes, vinduces, acqueaucis, reservoirs, embankments, waterworks, water-courses, canals, flumes, irrigations, drainage, sawanils, crushing-mills, smelting works, iron; steel, ordnance, engineering and implement works, hydraulic works, gas neering and implement works, hydraulic works, gas and electric lighting, electrical works, power supply, quarries, collieries, coke ovens, foundries, furnaces, factories, carrying undertakings by hand and water, fortifications, markets, exchanges, mins, public and private buildings, newspapers and publication establishments, breweries, wineries, distilleries, hotels, residences, stores, shops, and places of amusement, recreation or instruction, whether for the purpose of the Company, or for sule or hire to, or in relaru for any consideration from, any other companies or persons:

eration from, any other companies or persons or transfer, prospect, examine and explore mines and ground supposed to contain minerals or precions stones, and to search for and obtain information with regard, to mines, mining claims, mining districts and localities; to purchase, take on lease or concession, or otherwise acquire, for any interest, therein, and to hold, sell, dispose of and deal with lands or heredita. hold, sell, dispose of and deal with lands or heredita-ments of any tenure, gold, silver, copper, lead, tin, quicksilver, iron, stone, coat, or other mines, mining, water, timber, and other rights, and generally and property supposed to contain minerals or precious stones of any kind, and undertakings connected there-with; to explore, work, exercise, develop, finance, and turn to account the same; to search for, win, quarry, nesses creath wash, dress; reduce, amalgamate, smelt. asay, crash, wash, dress, reduce, analganate, smelt, refine, and prepare for market, metalliferous quartz and ore, and other mineral and metal substances and precious stones, and for this purpose to buy, or otherwise acquire, buildings, plant, machinery, implements, appliances, and tools; to buy, sell, manipulate, export, and deal in ores, uninerals, and metals of all kinds, and deal in ores, uninerals, and metals of all kinds, and precious stones, and generally to institute, enter into carry on, assist, or participate in any mining, and metallurgical operations and undertakings connected

To purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, sell, exchange, turn to account, dispose of and doal in real and personal property of all kinds, and in particular lands, buildings, hereditaments, business concerns and undertakings, morrgages, charges, annutics, patents, patent, rights, copyrights, licenses, securities, grants, charters, concessions, leases, contracts, options, policies, book debts and claims, and any interest in real or personal property, and any claims against such property, or against any persons or company, and to imance and business concern or undertaking so ac

To purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, sell, manipu (f) To purchase or otherwise acquire, bold, sell, manipulate, exchange, turn to account, dispose of and deal in agricultural, plantation, forestal, fishing, and trading rights; and in all or any products of farms, plantations, forests, fisheries, and the earth, including animals, grain, provisions, fruits, wines, spirits, cotton, wool, silk, fibres, tobacco, coffee, tea, sugar, timber, rubber, office-themicals, explosives, drügs, dye-staffs, nitrates, oggretoum, bullion, copper, lead, lin, quicksiver, iron, coal, stone, and merchandise and commodities of all kinds, either for immediate or future delivery, and whether in a grade state or manufactured or party whether in a crude state or manufactured, or partly manuscrined or otherwise; and to advance money at interest upon the scourity of all or any such products, merchandise and commodities; and to carry on busiuess as morchants, importers and exporters

or To transact and earry on all kinds of agency and commission business, and in particular to collect moneys, royalties, revenue, interest, rents and debts; to moneys, revenue, interest, rents and debis; to negotiate loans; to find investments; and to issue and place shares, stocks, bonds, debentures, debenture stocks or scentities; in To subscribe for, purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, sell, exchange, dispose of and deal in shares, stock, bonds, debentures, debenture stock or obligations of any company, whether British, colonial, or foreign, or of any authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise;

otherwise:

To guarantee the payment of money secured by or payable under or in respect of bonds, debentures, debenture stock, contracts, mortgages, charges, obligations and securities of any company, whether British, colonial, or foreign, or of any authority, supreme, municipal statements of the securities of any authority, supreme, municipal securities of the securiti cooling, or otherwise, or of any persons whomsoever, whether corporate or unincorporate;

1) To guarantee the title to or quiet enjoyment of property either absolutely or subject to any qualifications or conditions, and to guarantee companies or persons interested or about to become interested in any property against any loss actions, proceedings, chains, or de-

terested or about to become interested in any property against any loss, actions, proceedings, claims, or demands in respect of any insufficiency or imperfection or deficiency of title, or in respect of any incumbranees, burdens, or outstanding rights:

(k) To furnish and provide deposits and guarantee funds required in relation to any tender or application for any contract, concession, decree, enactment, property or privilege, or in relation to the carrying out of any contract, concession, decree, or enactment:

privilege, or in relation to the carrying out of any contract, concession, decree, or emactment:

(d) Generally to carry on and transact every kind of guarantee business, and to undertake obligations of every kind and description, and also to undertake and execute trusts of all kinds:

(m) To receive moneys, securities and valuables of all kinds on denosit, at interest or otherwise, or for safe custody, and, generally to carry on the business of a Safe Deposit Company:

(n) To lead money to such parties and on such terms, with or without security, as may seem expedient, and in particular to customers of and persons having dealings with the Company; and to guarantee the performance of contracts by members of, or companies or per-

ance of contracts by members of, or companies or per sons having dealings with, the Company; and to draw sons having dealings with, the Company; and to draw, accept, endorse, discount, issue, buy, sell and deal in bills of exchange, promissory notes, drafts, bills of lading cupons, warrants and other negotiable instru-ments, and buy, sell, and deal in bullion, specie and

coin:

(o) To borrow or raise money for the purposes of the Company in such manner and upon such terms as may seem expedient and to secure the repayment thereof by redeemable or irredeemable bonds, debentures, or debenture stock, such bonds, debentures and debenture stock being made payable to bearer or otherwise, and issuable or payable either at par or at a premium or dependent or we marteness seem certificates bills of issuable or payable either at par or at a premium or discount), or by mortgages, scrip certificates, bills of exchange or promissory notes, or by any other instrument or in such other manner as may be determined, and for any such purposes to charge all or any part of the the property of the Company, both present and future, including its tar-alled capital; and to allot the Stares of the Company, credited as fully or partly paid up, or bonds, debentures, or debenture stock issued by the Company, as the whole or part of the purchase price for any property purchased by the Company, or for any valuable consideration, (i) To make domations to such persons and in such cases, and either of each or other assets, as may be thought directly or indirectly conductive to any of the Company, or slicets, or otherwise expedient; and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevolent objects, or for any exhibition, or any public, general or other object.

or defer to the any arrangement with any government or authorities supreme, municipal, local or otherwise,

and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, concessions, charters, and privileges which may be thought conducive to the Company's objects, or any of them: (r) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all

or any part of the business, property or goodwill and liabilities of any company, corporation, society, part liabilities of any company, corporation, society, partnership or persons carrying on or about to carry on, any business which this Company is authorized to carry on, or which is in any respect similar to the objects of this Company, or which is capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this Company, or possessed of property deemed suitable for the purposes of this Company, and to enter into partnership or into any arrangement with respect to the sharing of predist, union of interests or annalignmentary reciprocal concession or cooperation, either in whole or by part, with any such company, corporation, society, partnership or persons:

or in part, with any such company, corporation, society, partnership or persons; so it is dispose of by sale, lease, underlease, exchange, surrender, morigage, or otherwise, absolutely, conditionally, or for any finded interest, allocately part of the undertaking, property, rights, or privileges of the company as a going concern, or otherwise, to any public body, company, society, or association, or to any person or persons, for such consideration as the Company may think the und in particular for any stock, shares, debentures, scentilies, or other property of any other debentures, securities, or other property of any other

company; (I) To promote or form, or assist in the promotion or for-mation of any other company or companies, either for the purpose of acquiring, working, or otherwise dealing with all or any of the property, rights, and liabilities of

this Company, or any property in which this Company is interested, or for any other purpose, with power to assist such company or companies by paying or con-tributing towards the preliminary expenses, or providing the whole or part of the capital thereof, or by taking or subscribing for shares; preferred, ordinary or defer-or subscribing for shares; preferred, ordinary or defer-red, therein, or by ledding money thereto upon deben-tures, securities, property or otherwise; and further to-pay out of the funds of the Company all expenses of and incident to the formation, registration, advertising, and establishment of this or any other company; and to the issue and subscription of the share or loan capital, including limbergy and commissions for other interesting. the issue and subscription of the share of loan capital, including brokerage and commissions for obtaining applications for, or placing or guaranteeing the placing of the shares or any dehentures, debenture stock, or other securities, of this or any other company; and also all expenses attending the issue of any circular or notice, or the printing, stamping and circulating of proxies or forms to be filled up by the members of this, or connected with this course of the printing. ed with this or any other company; and to undertake the management and secretarial or other work, duties and business of any company on such terms as may be s of any company on such terms as may be

determined.

(a) To obtain, or in any way assist in obtaining, any provisional order, or act of parliament, or other necessary authority for 'enabling this or any other company to carry any or its objects into effect, or for effecting any modification of this or any other company to be legalized, registered, or incorporated, if necessary, in accordance with the laws of any country or state in which it may or may propose to carry on operations; to open and keep a colonial or foreign register, or registers of this or any other company in any British colony or dependency, or 'in any foreign country, and to allo or dependency, or "in any foreign country, and to allo-cate any number of shares in this or any other company o such register or registers.

To distribute any of the property or assets of the Company among the members in specie or otherwise. Y To do all or any of the above things in any part of the globe, either as principals, agents, contractors, trustees, or otherwise, and either alone, or in conjunction with others, and either by or through agents, subcontractors, trustees or otherwise; with power to appoint a trustee or trustees, personal or corporate to hold any property on behalf of the company, and to allow any property to remain outstanding in such

trustee or trustees.

Yo do all such other things as are incidental or may be thought conducive to the attributent of the above objects or any of them, and so that the word "Company" in this Memorandum, when applied otherwise than to this Company shall be deemed to include my partnership or other body of persons, whether corporate or unincorporate, and whether domiciled in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, and the objects specified in each of the paragraphs of this Memorandum shall be regarded as independent, objects and accordingly shall be in an wise limited or restricted (except where otherwise no wise limited or restricted (except where otherwise expressed in such paragraph) by reference to the officients indigated in any other paragraph or the name of the Company, but may be carried out in as full and mindle a manner, and construed in as wide a sense as if

ample a manner, and construed in as wide a sense as its each of the said paragraphs defined the objects of a senarate, distinct, and independent company.

The capital stock of the said Company is £150,000 divided into 150,000 shares of one poind each.

Given under my hand and seel of office, at Victoria, Province of British Columbia, this 23rd day of January, 1897.

Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

The time of the existence of the Company is unlimited. The registered office of the Company in British Columbia is in the town of Nelson, B. C., which town is also the principal place of business of the Company in the province.

#### Spokane Falls & Northern. Nelson & Fort Sheppard, Red Mountain Railways.

The only all rail route without change of cars between Nelson and Rossland, and Spokane and Rossland.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAYS.

Leave	1 Ta 10 pg 2 1 1 1 1 1	٠		100	rive
7:00 a. m	SPOKANE			7:00	D. MI.
10:30 a. m	. ROSSLAND			3:25i	Ď. 115.
9:00 a. m	NELSON	• • •		5:20	p. m.
			445	· ' · · · '	ī

Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek con-nect at Marcus with stage daily.

#### Columbia & Kootenay Branch CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Trains Nos. 1, 2, 3, and 1 run Tuedays, Thursdays, and Saturdays.
No. 1 connects with steamer for Trail Creek. No. 3 connects with steamer for Arrowhead. No. 2 awaits arrival of steamer from Arrowhead.

No. I awaits arrival of steamers from Trail Creek. Close connection at Nelson with steamers to and from ake points. J. HAMILTON, Trainmaster and Agent.

## Kaslo & Slocan Railway.

DAILY SERVICE. 8:36 a. m. South Fork ... 9:36 a. m. Sproule's ... 9:51 a. m. Whitewater ... . 3:15 p. m. 2:15 p. m. 2:00 p. m. 1:18 p. m. " 1939 a. m. Junction " 1:12 p. m.
Arrive 19:59 a. m. Sandon Leave 1:00 p. m.
R. W. BRYAN, Superintendent.
ROBERT HVING, Traffic Manager.

## International Navigation & Trading Co.,

STEAMERS INTERNATIONAL AND ALBERTA

ON ROOTENAY LAKE AND RIVER Time Card in effect February 1st, 1897. Daily except Sunday. Subject to change without notice. Leave Kaslo for Nelson, Ainsworth, Pilot Bay.
Ballour and way points. 5:30 a.m.
Leave Nelson for Kaslo, Pilot Bay, Ballour and
way points 5:46 p.m.
Close connection at Five-mile Point with all passenger
trains of the N. & F. S. R. R. to and from Northport.
Rossland and Spokane.

Through tickets sold at lowest rates and language checked to all United States points.

GEORGE ALEXANDER, General Manager,
Kaslo, January 30th, 1887. Head Office at Kaslo, B.C.

### W. J. G. DICKSON

REAL ESTATE AND COMMISSION AGENT MINING BROKER

BEALEY BLOCK, BAKER STREET, NELSON.

### FOR SALE

Several valuable business sites on Baker St. Business block--two stores--Baker street. Business block-three stores all rented-on wo 30-foot lots, with offices above. Residence lots, 50 teet frontage, Vernon St. Apply to W. J. G. DICKSON.

#### BUILDING LOTS.

NOTICE.

Having appointed W. J. G. Dickson local agent for Addition A to the townsite of Nelson, intending purchasers of lots, or persons wishing information, plans, or price-lists of the addition, will please apply to him.
F. D. INNES.

### VICTORIA ASSAY OFFICE

28 Broud Street, Victoria, B. C. \$1 00; Gold and Silver ... \$1 70 1 00; Lead and Silver ... 1 20 1 00; Copper, Silver, Gold ... 3 09

Other metals on application. All samples to be sent carriage paid and clearly marked, and to be advised by letter enclosing charges.

#### LOCAL NEWS AND GOSSIP.

R. I. Kirkwood, one of the locators of the Enterprise on Ten-mile, is on his way back to New Denver. He returned from the east by way of San Francisco and

The question of custodianship of the Hanna children at Truil, was before the full court at Victoria last week. An appeal was taken from an order of judge Bole, who gave the father the custody of the three eldest children, and the mother three youngest. The full court or dered vacated the order appealed from, and ordered that the children must notbe removed out of the jurisdiction without the leave of the court. The whole matter will be heard before a supreme court judge at the Nelson sittings on March 30th.

Captain Armstrong, of East Kootenay, and James F. Wardner have just completed the organization of the International Transportation company, which is to operate a line of steamers between Fort Steele and Jennings on the Kootenay river. A steamer will be run every day between Fort Steele and Jennings, and will have a capacity of 100 tons.

To the wife of A. E. Lott there was born a son, on Tuesday.

On Saturday the organization of the Kootenay miners' union was perfected at Kaslo. H. E. Croasdaile of the Hall Mines was made president of the union with the following vice-presidents: George Alexander and Scott McDonald for the Ainsworth mining division: John G. McGuigan and W. E. Mann, for the Slocan mining division; T. G. Procter, for the Goat river division, and Frank Fletcher for the Nelson division; J. R. Robertson of Nelson, treasurer, and John Keen, secretary.

The option held by the London Gold Fields syndicate of Nelson on the Jumbo mine at Rossland expires at the end of the present month. The option calls for \$500,000 for the property. The property has been favorably reported upon and there appears to be every chance of the deal going through.

The British Columbia Association of Mining Engineers at its meeting in Vanconver on Saturday, elected the following officers: President, S. M. Robins; vice-president, A. H. Floldich; council, Messrs. Howard, A. R. S. M., of New Denver; A. J. Colquboun, M. E.; R. C. Campbell-Johnston, manager of the Bondholder, J. F. Bledsoe, J. B. Hobson, and J. F. Warner of Cariboo; W. A. Carlyle, provincial mineralogist; and W. McGregor, Nanaimo; treasurer. colonel Tracy, M. A. E.; secretary, G. F. Monckton, F. G. S. The next meeting of the association will be held in New Denver during the first week in June.

The Echo Mining and Milling company has let a contract to Henry Cody to run 200 feet of tunnel upon its property at the head of Jackson basin, and he has forwarded a crew with tools and provisions to begin the work. He will join them in

The Nelson hockey team will play the Sandon team in Sandon this evening. The Sandon team were the winners in the Kaslo Rossland-Sandon tournament, but the Nelson boys think they can best them.

George Johnstone, collector for the portof Nelson, has moved into his new quarters on the corner of Stanley and Victoria streets. The new offices are a great inprovement over the old and will no doubt fill the bill until the federal government puts up a building of its own.

There is considerable uneasiness felt in Pilot Bay concerning the fate of Henry Rose, an old time prospector of that place. Rose and his partner, Stephen Brook, went on a trip to the St. Mary's country last November. Brook did not stay very long and returned to Pilot Bay. Since he left Rose nothing has been heard concerning him. On the fourth instant a dog which accompanied Rose returned to Pilot Bay and fears are entertained that Rose has met with some accident. There was plenty of food in the cabin at which Rose was stopping.

Ira W. Black has sold his Sandon hotel, together with the furnishings, for \$20. 000. The purchaser was G. B. Leslie, of Toronto. The deal calls for \$10,000 eash. with the balance in six, nine and twelve months.

William Bryan, a prospector, was killed by the incoming train on the N. & F. S. railway Wednesday evening. The man was lying with his feet across the rail near the Forth Fork, and was struck by the snow plow of the locomotive. 11was tossed in the air and in falling, frac-tured his skull. The coroner's jury found a verdict of accidental death, and the body was buried on Thursday.

Silver has been on the mend since Tues. day's drop. It advanced one-eighth on Wednesday and made a similar advance on Thursday. Yesterday the New York quotation was 623, with lead at \$3,30,

#### How the Powers Love Peace.

CANEA, March 18 .- The Austrian gunboat Zebenico, fired upon and sunk' near Candia a Greek vessel loaded with provisions and munitions intended for the Greek forces in Crete. The Zebenico, while watching the Greek ships, was fired upon by insurgents. The Austrian warship replied by sinking the Greek craft, and driving off the insurgents. It is feared this news will greatly irritate the populace at Athens, and have the influence of precipitating the crisis the powers are striving in every way possible to a vert.

#### To Widen the Gauge.

The Great Falls & Canada railway, which extends from Lethbridge, N. W. T., to Great Palls, Montana, is to be widened to standard gauge during the coming summer. The bed of the Canadian portion of the line has already been prepired to widen the gauge. For the ast two years the road has been working to this ultimate end, and during the past summer about concluded the work. Culverts and bridges are all ready to receive the broad gauge rails, and by those who are in a position to know, it is said the work of widening the gauge will be begun as : oon as the weather permits,

C. H. DOTY KASLO, B.C.

Views of all parts of Kootenay MPS. Johnson. Photographs in the latest styles. MPS. Johnson. Guarantee satisfaction

First arrival of Spring Goods, including Dress Goods, Prints, Laces, Hoisery and Ribbons, Lace Curtains, Curtain Muslin, both Spot and Fancy. Oilcloths, both for table and floor, Carpets, and Blankets and a nice assortment of Ladies' Muslin Underwear, ready made Top Skirts, and Wrappers and Blouses.

# Slocan City Townsite

The terminus of the Slocan River Railway, the business center for Springer and Lemon creek mines, which are already shipping ore. Lots in this the most promising and beautifully situated town in West Kootenay.

SLOCAN CITY ROSSLAND TORONTO

Suckling

# 26 Baker St. West

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## 4-CARLOADS ASSORTED HARDWARE-4

We are now prepared to fill all orders for Miners' Builders' Blacksmiths' and General Hardware. Prices quoted on application. Prompt Attention to letter orders.

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Office: Bealey Block, Baker Street, Nelson.

AUGTIONEERS, REAL ESTATE, AND **GENERAL COMMISSION AGENTS.** 

Town property for sale in Slocan City, New Denver, Nelson

There's a Big Difference

Between cheap Underwear and Underwear cheap. The former is false economy—the latter true. The motto of some stores is "Not how cheap but how good." The motto of some others is "Not how good but how cheap." Our motto is "Good and cheap." Canadian made Underwear, like Canadian made Whisky, are admittedly the best in the world. We handle nothing else.

Williamson, the Clothier

Baker Street,

## Nelson Planing

FOOT OF HALL STREET, NELSON. T. W. GRAY, Proprietor.

Doors, Sash, Band Sawing, Turned Work, and Office Fittings. Just arrived and in stock, a carload of Chance's English Rolled

Cars of Bedroom Suits and Dining Room Furniture

Car of Mattresses and UPHOLSTERED

THESE GOOGS WILL BE OFFERED AT ADVANTAGEOUS PRICES FOR CASH SPECIAL RATES TO HOTELS

Glass: all sizes up to 4 by 6 feet.

LARCE CONSIGNMENT OF WALL PAPERS . . . D. McArthur & Co. . . . KEPT IN STOCK AT ALL TIMES

Whole Codfish Quail on Toast Labrador Herrings Kippered Herrings Salt Mackerel Salt Salmon Oolachans A complete line of Staple and Fancy Groceries We also carry a full line of Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Miners' Supplies. We make a specialty of Tea and Coffee. Agents for the Giant Powder Company

# John A. Turner &

CORNER BAKER AND JOSEPHINE STREETS, NELSON.

# Fred Irvine & Co., Nelson : Write for All kinds of Soap

W. F. Teetzel & Co.

# New Year New Goods

Nothing succeeds like success; but success cannot be had unless the people in the town help each other. Those who were in business in Nelson in the

Years 1893 and 1894

and escaped a debtors' prison,

deserve success

TWEEDS SERGES

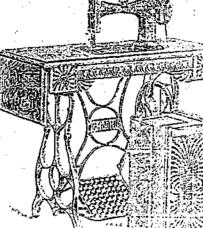
It might be well to add that of late "drummers" for eastern clothing firms have given this section of Kootenay the go-by No better evidence could be wanting that we are giving our patrons the

best of satisfaction

## Squire, Merchant

A fine line of Ladies' Whitewear in the latest designs just opened. Print Wrappers and Blouses in choice patterns.

Our new Dress Goods comprises a fine assortment of the choicest goods to be found in the eastern markets exclusive designs and only one dress length in each pattern. A full range of Brussels and Tapestry Carpets in stock.



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Wheeler & Wilson, New Raymond New Williams and Zenith

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Our Heavy Etoffe and Tweed PANTS Worth \$3 Cut to \$2

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