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REVELSTOKE HERALD.

ISSUED TWICE-A-WEEK—WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS

Vol V. No. 23. REVELSTOKE, B. C. WEDNESDAY, MARCH 20, 1901. $2 00 a Year in Advance.

C. B. HUME & CO.

SPRING GOODS

NOW OPENING

Lace Curtains
from $1 to $9 per pair.

TAPESTRY CURTAINS,
LATEST PATTERNS.

TABLE CLOTHS
CHENILE AND TAPESTRY

Carpet Squares

We are now showing some very fine lines in these goods, in Unions, All Wools and Tapestry —Special attention is called to our Tapestry Carpet Squares, with the advantage that they are easily cleared.

COME AND SEE US BEFORE PURCHASING ELSEWHERE. WE CAN SAVE YOU MONEY

Boots and Shoes

We are now opening the finest line of Ladies' Goods ever shown by us.

J. and T. Bell & Co. are known to make the best fine boots in Canada.

These are the goods we are selling in FINE LINES, And an inspection of them will please you we are certain.

Union Goods

We are handling J. D. KING & CO.'S GOODS in

Ladies',
Misses',
and Childrens';

Hats!
Hats!!
Hats!!!

A big lot of UNION MADE GOODS just in.

COME AND SEE THEM.

C. B. HUME & CO

NOTE AND COMMENT.

The action of the Kaslo ratepayers in endorsing the proposition of their town council to bonus a smelter in that city with $50,000 and exemption from taxation for a number of years proves them to be a far seeing and broad minded people. In the infant state of mining, which exists in Kootenay both that industry and all others connected with it require every kind of governmental and municipal assistance and protection possible. They cannot possibly get on their feet without it. But it is not only this consideration doubtless which supplied the motive, which caused the good citizens of Kaslo to come forward in this striking manner. They no doubt recognize the fact, which must be apparent to every one, who takes the trouble to consider the situation, that the question of the future commercial capital of Kootenay has not yet been by any means settled. It is by no means certain that the places now leading in the race, will come out on top at the finish. The prize is one which is going to be well worth having. In making their decision in favor of the smelter bonus, Kaslo has proved that she at all events possesses one factor, which makes for ultimate success and that is—the right kind of citizens.

The HERALD hopes to see a good attendance at the public meeting to be held in the council chamber tomorrow evening to receive the report of the hospital delegation to Victoria and for the transaction of other business. At this meeting the hospital association will be finally formed and every one should make a point of being present in order to swell the ranks of the association, which should be strong and representative in character from the start. One point which will doubtless come up tomorrow is the advisability of the association getting right down to work at once and renting some building for use as a temporary hospital till we get our permanent building erected. The recent case of the Le Terrenoir boy shews us the pressing need which exists for a hospital here right now. It is costing forty dollars a week to keep him under the hand to mouth arrangements which are the only ones possible here now. Any day, any train may bring us in not one, but several cases of serious injuries, to whom it might mean death to send them on the long trip to either Golden or Kamloops and who would perforce have to be treated here. The HERALD hopes to see this matter taken hold of tomorrow night and brought to a substantial conclusion.

The Benefit Concert.

The benefit concert for the sufferers from the recent explosion in the Cumberland coal mines took place on Monday night at the opera house under the management of C. E. Shaw. The house was fairly well filled by a very appreciative audience and the bill of fare was made up of high class numbers and excellently rendered throughout. The following was the programme of the evening's entertainment:

PROGRAMME.

1. Mandolin Club.....
Messrs. Williams, Taylor, Kincaid & Barber.
2. Song—"Eilleen Allanna".....Mr. J. Taylor
3. Song—"The Carnival".....J. L. Molloy.
Miss SHEPPARD, (Soprano)
4. Violin Solo—"Sonata".....F. M. Veranci.
Miss SPURLING.
5. Song—"Neptune".....Mr. Sullivan.
6. Recitation.....Miss Edgar.
7. Song—"Children's Home".....Mrs. Dent, (Alto).
8. 'Cello Solo—"Nocturne".....Sullivan
Mr. J. TAYLOR.
9. Song—"Out With the Tide".....Walter Pregg.
Mrs. LAWRENCE, (Soprano)
10. Mandolin Club.....
11. Song—"Good-bye Mavourneen".....Mr. Cook.
12. Duet—"Hear Me Norma".....
.....Mrs. Dent and Mr. Taylor.
13. Song—"Connemara".....H. Lane Wilson.
Mrs. WILKES.
14. Recitation—
"The Last Days of Herculaneum".....
Mr. LAWSON.
15. Duet.....Mr. Taylor and Mr. Allum.
16. Mandolin Club.....
"GOD SAVE THE KING."

The Mining Province.

As the output of coal in British Columbia is rapidly increasing and attention is now being directed to its iron deposits, it appears as though it will not be long before the mineral production of the province will be greater, not only in the total, as at present, but as well in all the individual minerals (excepting nickel and platinum), than that of the far larger area of the Dominion lying east of the Rocky mountains.—Western Mining World.

—Save money by buying your White Undervests at M. K. Lawson's.

The Two Per Cent Royalty.

The HERALD is informed on good authority that the effects of the two per cent royalty on ore are likely to be of a most disastrous character in the near future. If the government refuses to accede to the demands of the mine owners for a modification of this tax, they intend it is stated to cut wages down to three dollars a day, a step which would lead to a strike of miners all over Kootenay, which would affect the Lardeau and other camps not included in the strike of a year ago.

There was an informal meeting of the city council held last night to consider a communication from Smith Curtis, M. P. P., with regard to the proposed amendments to the School Act. No action was taken in the matter by the aldermen present.

FROM THE INSIDE.

The Conspiracy Between the Crow's Nest Coal Co. and the American Smelting Trust Disclosed.

William Blakemore, who for some time was prominently identified with the management of the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Company, and who is doubtless well informed as to the known resources of the company's collieries and the probable extent of the coal fields, has contributed to the Montreal Witness an excellent article on the controversy now being carried on with respect to the granting of the Hill railway charter in East Kootenay. From his personal knowledge of the ground Mr. Blakemore says he regards the present move as nothing short of a combination between the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Company and the United States trusts, represented by Hill, to effect a complete corner on the coal supply of East Kootenay, and he gives a very good reason for such belief. After dealing with the purely railway phase of the question, in which he shows that Hill has an eastern as well as a western entrance into the coal fields at present, Mr. Blakemore says:

"For many years it has been known that the Crow's Nest Pass coal areas extend southerly through the North Kootenay Pass and for some unascertained distance into what is known as the Wigwam country, and the Great Northern Railway Company has had engineers and prospectors at work trying to find the extension of this coal field south of the line. They have not been successful and among the best judges it is now concluded that the termination of the coal measures in this direction is well within Canadian territory. But, whilst this is so it is now pretty well understood that the coal extends further than the limits of the reserve of 250,000 acres granted to the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Company.

"The conclusion is obvious and is certainly no straining of the probabilities of the situation, namely that the coal company, which was among the first to determine this fact, relying upon the same political 'pull' which enabled it five years ago to secure control of a property which was then supposed to corner all the available coal areas, are now seeking to place their newly found allies in possession of the areas which lie outside their domain to the exclusion of Canadians, who do not enjoy the good fortune to be identified with their interests. In other words, finding that what they hoped was a monopoly is not really so they are seeking by this method to remedy the defect. The scheme is an admirable one from the standpoint of the coal company, and the Great Northern and the more so because it is entirely independent of the concession of 50,000 acres to the government, because the latter is to come out of the 250,000 acres actually held by the coal company, and if, as they claim, this 50,000 acres is not to be leased, sold or worked except in default of their ability to furnish the necessary coal required for consumption in Canada at a price not exceeding $2 per ton, it would only remain for them to live up to their charter, and the 50,000 acres would be practically locked up in perpetuity and would leave them and the Great Northern Company in absolute control of the supplies.

"This is undoubtedly the true inwardness of the situation and the moral is easily drawn. It is that whilst the application for the railway charter should be considered entirely upon its merits as a transportation question and as affecting the mining and smelting industries of the province, the obvious intention of the move should lead the government at once to make their selection of the 50,000 acres to which they are entitled, and to see that these areas are secured in exact accordance with the wording of the charter, which specifies that they should be 'of equal value, as coal lands, with the residue of the coal lands.' It should also be made clear, as indeed it is from the wording of the clause referred to, that the government is under no compulsion whatever to lock up these areas and simply to keep them as a card up their sleeves, but that they have absolute freedom to deal with them at any time as they may see fit in the interests of the country, and are perfectly at liberty to allow them to be developed just as and when they like."

—Childrens' Summer Suits. M. K. Lawson's.

—Provincial manager Allenburg of the Equitable Life Insurance Co., of which F. B. Lewis is the local representative is in town.

—A few more pairs of Ladies' Kid Gloves at 95 cts. M. K. Lawson's.

A report has come up from the south that small pox is rife in Nelson. It is has been prevalent for some time past in the towns along the Crow's Nest railway.

The Strathconas appear to have broken up into small parties and it is no longer likely that any large detachment of them will go through Revelstoke. So far none of the Revelstoke members of the corps have returned.

A feeling prevails in the Lardeau that the prospects of railway construction into the district this year are still very uncertain and considerable apprehension exists over the probable effect of the extension asked for on the Arrowhead & Kootenay charter if granted.

PRINCE MINING and DEVELOPMENT CO.

The Secretary Makes the Annual Report of the Progress of the Company During the Past Year.—Encouraging Shewing

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF THE PRINCE MINING AND DEVELOPMENT CO., LIMITED. LIABILITY:

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN:

Your Directors desire to welcome you as Shareholders in the Company and of congratulating you upon the very satisfactory progress the Company has made during the past few months.

The Company is on a sound financial basis and the Treasury shares find ready sales at twenty-five cents per share. Your Directors feel safe in predicting that before the end of the approaching season the shares will have increased in value. It is the intention to at once increase the force of men which has been working all winter on the property, and to push the development with all speed, the object being to prove up as much ore by next summer as possible.

As the development work proceeded the indications were of such magnitude that your Directors deemed it advisable to secure the land lying below the present tunnels with the object of providing a suitable tunnel site for future operations. This land thus acquired adjoins the "Commander" and carries a fine ledge of copper ore, which would be cut in running a tunnel to tap the present leads on the "Commander" and "Standard."

The Company is now the owner of ten mineral claims containing five hundred acres of valuable mineral land as follows: The "Standard," "Monitor," "Black Bear," "Criterion," "Iron Hill," "Iron Chest," "Contractor," "Winnebago," "Commander," and "Downie Fraction" mineral claims.

A large amount of work has been done on the Company's properties. The development work done this winter has been eminently satisfactory. In running No. 3 crosscut tunnel it became apparent that the ledge was one of immense width, so much so that it was deemed advisable to cut it at an angle to keep working more towards a point below the bottom of shaft in No. 2 tunnel. This necessitated running very nearly parallel with the lead, but so as to gradually crosscut it, and while this of necessity takes a longer time to get through the ledge yet the management deemed that this was more than counterbalanced by the depth obtained. This tunnel has now been run 365 feet, the last ninety feet being through altered diorite and blocky black clay slate and serpentine, heavily mineralized with iron and copper, certain signs of a large ore body ahead. From the surface indications it is expected that another forty or fifty feet will uncover the ore body. The indications could not be better and your Directors again feel that you have cause for congratulation on the magnificent showings of your properties.

We are pleased to state that the Government has given us every assurance that a steamboat will be put on the Columbia River as soon as navigation reopens, and that the road up Five Mile will be completed, thus making the trip from Revelstoke to the mine a very pleasant day's outing. Your Directors would feel gratified if as many Shareholders as possible would avail themselves of this and make a point of visiting the properties this summer.

There has now been expended on the properties upwards of $17,000, which money has been advantageously expended. There are commodious buildings erected on the properties capable of accommodating thirty or forty men. The property is well equipped with blacksmith shops, and all necessary tools, implements, cars, etc. There has been over eight hundred feet of work done on the property besides a large amount of prospecting work.

The Company has to its credit at the Bank a sufficient balance for prosecuting work for some time to come.

Dated at Revelstoke, B. C., this 13th day of March, A. D., 1901.

H. A. BROWN,
President.

J. M. SCOTT,
Secretary.

CORRESPONDENCE.

The Chairman Drops Into Alleged Poetry.

Editor of HERALD.

Dear Sir: If you will allow me space to reply to "Carrie's" letter, published in your last issue, I would like to state that I thought the sidewalk question was too addle for anyone to "hatchet." But since "she" knows of my goings on I must confess that I can carry a good deal but that I cannot Carrie Nation.

There was a man in our town
Who was so wondrous wise
He wrote a letter to the press
And signed it otherwise.

No sooner was the letter in
Than the chairman's plough got out.
And concerning the practical utility of
ploughing as a sensible method for
removing snow and consequently
improving walking
He hasn't any doubt.

T. E. L. T.

MINERAL EXHIBIT

British Columbia will Make an Imposing Display at the Toronto Fair.

VICTORIA, March 15.—It has been practically decided that the province will be represented by a mineral exhibit at Toronto exhibition this year. The minister of mines is impressed with the special advertising medium which the Toronto fair will be this year, owing to its proximity to Buffalo and the large number of visitors who would be sure to attend the fair. It has been suggested that the exhibit should be shown at both places, his recent visit to New York state having convinced him that investors in this province in the near future will be from south of the international boundary, rather than from England.

Reduction in Passengers Rates.

The assistant general passsenger agent for the C. P. R. Mr. E. J. Coyle announces that on the first of April the local passenger rates on the Pacific division will be reduced 20 per cent from five to four cents a mile. With this reduction in local rates there will be placed on sale local round trip tickets at a still further reduction.

Dainty New Wash Fabrics

They come even before the first Robin these fascinating goods, and long before the snow leaves the ground the shrewdest women have made their choice, knowing full well that choosing early give them a chance not enjoyed by later comers. Put off buying if you will—we'll serve you well whenever you come, but if you come now we can give you a grand selection from exclusive novelties of more than usual attractiveness.

Prominent in excellence are the exquisitely beautiful productions from Alsace with the choicest fabrics from France, Switzerland, Scotland, England and the United States, following in short order.

This Store has the reputation for exclusiveness and novelty in Cotton Dress Fabrics and this season can abundantly uphold it. We promise you a charming treat in our immense showing.

Great Bargains in Black Goods

No one who would like a nice new Black Dress or Skirt should miss the bargains offered here. There's a grand choice of fine materials here for knowing shoppers.

All-Wool Black Fancies.
Mohair and Wool Fancies.
Plain Black Lustres.
Figured Black Lustres.
Silk and Wool Black Fancies.

A great variety of choice patterns to choose from, very desirable for full dresses or separate skirts, perfect dye. On sale Thursday morning.

IF YOU WANT A SKIRT,
MAKE A NOTE OF THIS BARGAIN.

Twelve Splendid Separate Skirts. The lot includes Navy Blue Serges. Former prices $2.50 and $3.00. Your choice for $2.00.

BLACK SATEEN SHIRT WAISTS

The last time we offered these Waists we had not more than half enough to go around —Thursday there will be an extra supply, but prompt comers will fare the best. Samples sent to those out of town, who will write us for them. Be explicit when writing and state clearly the COLOR, QUALITY AND PRICE you wish to have.

MAIL ORDERS FILLED PROMPTLY

REID & YOUNG.
REVELSTOKE STATION.

A STRONG COMPANY.

Formed in Pittsburg to Take Hold of Placer Leases on Smith Creek,—The Prospects of the Canoe River District.—Interview With E. A. Bradley.

E. A. Bradley returned from Pittsburg, Pa. on Tuesday and is registered at the Victoria. Speaking to a HERALD reporter Mr. Bradley expressed himself as well satisfied with the result of his visit to Pittsburg. A strong and influential company has been formed to work the placer leases on Smith Creek above the Revelstoke, for which he is now taking steps to obtain registration as a foreign company. As soon as ever the river is open enough for a boat to get up Mr. Bradley intends to take some men and supplies up to the scene of action and commence operations at once. Mr. Bradley is quite in accord with the idea of the proposed steamer on the upper river. He has visited the Canoe River country and been up as far as the Tete Jaune Cache district. He noticed the extreme fertility of the soil on the banks of the Canoe River, along which flat follows flat of rich black soil. With regard to the mineral indications of the district he said that the country is practically not prospected at all. There are trails all over it made by trappers and Indians but no signs of the prospector at all. He saw some cinnabar float which had been found on one of the tributaries of the upper Fraser and judges from the appearance of the country in that section that it has been subject within a comparatively recent period to volcanic action, a condition of things favorable to the prospects for cinnabar. The climate is very favorable, stock belonging to some Edmonton peospectors having wintered on the Canoe and come out in good condition.

Mr. Bradley describes the financial conditions in Pennsylvania and other eastern states as very favorable to mining investments as the recent formation of the Iron and Steel Trust has created a feeling of uncertainty among investors, who though of excellent financial standing are too small to get on the inside of the gigantic combinations now being formed and who look to mining for investment, as being one province which the combines can scarcely invade. Stability of conditions is the main requisite for attracting a fair share of the capital thus seeking investment to the British Columbia camp.

A SPLENDID SHOW.

Queen's Funeral Procession Pictures Draw a Big House.

The Daily Nelson Miner of March 12th says: The first production in British Columbia of the cinematograph pictures showing the late Queen's funeral procession was greeted by the largest audience seen at the Nelson opera house for a twelvemonth. Half an hour before the curtain rose, every seat in the house was disposed of and within a few minutes all the available standing room had been occupied. As a result fully two hundred people failed to witness the exhibition, and for the benefit of these and others the management has been urged to repeat the performance tonight, which will be done.

Of the 725 people who crowded the theatre last night it is safe to state that 90 per cent. were not only pleased with the manner in which the performance was conducted, but impressed beyond measure by the pictures. The magnificence of the greatest funeral procession of the past decade has been described in volumes but the real import of the descriptions is not understood or appreciated until the spectacle is re-enacted before the spectator's eyes. This is accomplished in the cinematograph where every feature of the procession is reproduced as though the spectator has actually been an eye witness. The instrument which caught the thousands of photographs that make up the exhibition was located in Hyde Park, a point where nothing interfered with perfect results. Seated in the audience one saw the various units of the great parade pass by for 55 minutes, notability after notability, regiment after regiment, horse, foot and artillery, until the magnificence of the actual spectacle was borne in never to be forgotten.

Among the first of the great actors in the scene was Lord Roberts followed by a gigantic guardsman. At the sight of the veteran general the audience applauded heartily. Later on came the massed bands of the massed bands of the guard regiment, 200 strong, and close behind the gun carriage drawn by eight cream-colored horses and bearing the casket with the royal crown. Following the gun carriage were a remarkable gathering of royalties, headed by King Edward VII., the Kaiser and including no fewer than forty sovereigns or members of royal families. Toward the end was depicted the touching scene at Windsor when the naval contingent drew the gun carriage after it had been decided that the unruly gun team provided could not be entrusted with the carriage and its sacred burden.

At the conclusion of the funeral pictures, the audience was entertained with a series of stirring war views. These proved to be new and decidedly interesting.

Revelstoke Herald

Published in the interests of Revelstoke, Lardeau, Big Bend, Trout Lake, Illecillewaet, Albert Canyon, Jordan Pass and Eagle Pass Districts.

A. JOHNSON.....PROPRIETOR

A Semi-Weekly Journal, published in the interests of Revelstoke and the surrounding districts, Tuesdays and Fridays, making closest connections with all trains.

Advertising Rates: Display ads., $1.50 per inch, single column, $2.00 per inch when inserted on title page. Legal ads., 10 cents per inch (nonpariel) line for first insertion; 5 cents for each additional insertion. Reading notices, 10 cents per line each issue. Birth, Marriage and Death notices, free.

Subscription Rates: By mail or carrier, $2.00 per annum; $1.25 for six months, strictly in advance.

Our Job Department. THE HERALD Job Department is one of the best equipped printing offices in West Kootenay, and is prepared to execute all kinds of printing in first-class style at honest prices. One price to all. No job too large—none too small—for us. Mail orders promptly attended to. Give us a trial on your next order.

To Correspondents: We invite correspondence on any subject of interest to the general public, and desire a reliable correspondent in every locality surrounding Revelstoke. In all cases the bona fide name of the writer must accompany manuscript, but not necessarily for publication.

Address all communications

REVELSTOKE HERALD.

Notice to Correspondents.

1. All correspondence must be legibly written on one side of the paper only.

2. Correspondence containing personal matter must be signed with the proper name of the writer.

3. Correspondence with reference to anything that has appeared in another paper must first be offered for publication to that paper before it can appear in THE HERALD.

THE COOK CHARGES

The senate are to be congratulated on taking the initiative in investigating the "Cook" charges. During the last election Mr. Cook, a life long Liberal and a wealthy man, declared that he had been offered a seat in the senate on payment of a large sum of money. This statement was denied by the government and the investigation now obtained is the outcome. Dr. Landerkin, the newly appointed senator, opposed the granting of the investigation on the ground of it being beneath the dignity of the senate to take cognizance of the utterances of Mr. Cook in the matter, and accused Sir Mackenzie Bowell of partizanship in moving for an enquiry. It certainly appears from Dr. Landerkin's objections as if there were something in the affair after all. It is hard to see how Mackenzie Bowell could make partizan capital out of the affair unless something discreditable to the government were proved. And if that is so the sooner the charges are probed to the bottom the better.

The leaders of the Boxer movement in China who are now under the ban of the powers might find it convenient to belong to suicide societies.

We may now expect Henri Bourassa, M.P., to dilate upon the wrongs suffered by the rowdies who were forcibly removed from the British house of commons a few days ago.

The United States treasury department has issued a warrant in favor of Admiral George Dewey for $9750 on account of the prize money found to be due him by the court of claims, for the destruction of the Spanish fleet in Manila harbor, on May 1, 1898

The Free Press says: The Canadian North West Irrigation company last week received a telegram from Bishop Brandley, of Stirling, Alberta, stating that Mr. Romerill sowed 10 acres of wheat on February 28 on land prepared in the fall, at that place.

Three British warships were launched a few days ago whose combined measurement totals 42,000 tons. The heavy expenditure on the army of the past two years has not reduced the activity of the naval branch of the nation's defensive force. The tonnage of the three ships would have represented that of a fair sized fleet not very long ago.

Herr Von Buelo has made in the reichstag a long defence of Kaiser Wilhelm's actions during his recent visit to England. The parliamentary idea is growing in the fatherland. The acknowledgement that the reichstag has a right to explanation in regard to the emperor's actions carries with it the principle that it also has a right to censure them, if necessary.

If the Canadian government were to follow out the example set by the British government in appointing Captain Lambton a political opponent to an honorable and lucrative position in reward for his services to the country; we might expect to see Hugh John Macdonald elevated to the bench for his services during the first rebellion, and N. F. Davin made a senator for securing free seed grain for the farmers.

The Duke of Cornwall and York has received authority from the King to confer the order of Knighthood in Australia. Perhaps that fact may have something to do with Hon. William Mulock's visit to the Antipodes. It would be too bad if another Canadian were to exchange his questionable democracy for a very tangible title. There is no doubt Mr. Mulock would be quite content with the change.

The bill affecting usury recently brought into parliament is a step in the right direction. It is time that a stop should be put to the methods of those harpies who, all through, Canada, but particularly in the rural districts are building up great fortunes by taking advantage of the necessities of those in unfortunate circumstances. It will be bad news to some of the moneylenders to learn that when this bill becomes law they will only be able to charge 20 per cent for advances made.

A HEATHEN CUSTOM.

AN INCIDENT OF THE FAR NORTH.

A Gruesome Story. Strange Tale of Indian Superstition.

Reports keep constantly coming from the north of the presence of Weet-i-gows among the Indians and their consequent terror.

Weetigow is the name bestowed by the tribes of Athabaska and Peace river on those of their number who become violently mad and who are supposed to develop cannibal tendencies.

The rumor of the presence of a Weetigow will cause the Indians to remove permanent villages and make "treks" of hundreds of miles.

Harmless lunatics are often murdered with awful Pagan rites by the Indians under the influence of superstitious terror. The misisonaries and Hudson's Bay traders do all in their power to allay this strange superstition and doubtless by their influence save many poor demented Indians from a barbarous death at the hands of their fellows.

A few years ago a suspected Weetigow was put to death in a most barbarous manner.

In the spring of the year the medicine man of a tribe of Indians living near Wabiscow prophesied that in the early winter a Weetigow would arrive at their village traveling by a certain trail and he exhorted his tribesmen to be on the outlook and immediately put him to death.

Always superstitious the Indians were affected by this warning and as the time when the Weetigow was supposed to appear approached the little community watched fearfully for each new arrival. It happened that a young Indian who had been deeply impressed by the warnings of the medicine man had in the early fall accompanied by his wife and two young children left the village on a trip to a trading point. In new environments and away from his tribe the Indian apparently forgot all about the Weetigow until one day in winter on his homeward journey he suddenly exclaimed to his squaw that they were on the trail that the Weetigow was supposed to travel, and this was the time of the arrival. After saying this he sank into silence and all through the winter day he trudged along behind the dog sleigh containing his children and his baggage. When darkness fell they camped, but the man sat apart in a dejected attitude, while the woman bustled around and made the camp, nor when the travelers' meal was cooked would he eat any food. The poor woman put the two infants to sleep and as the shadows darkened crouched by the fire and ever and again fed it anew casting from time to time furtive glances in the direction of her husband, who shrouded in his blanket, impervious alike to cold and fatigue, sat apart a solitary figure. And so the long night wore on the silence all unbroken save by the surging and sighing of the wind in the pine trees and the crackle of the fire, fed from time to time with dry sticks. The night had worn half through in this manner when all at once from away over a hill came the howl of a coyote beginning in a series of sharp yelps and ending with a prolonged cadence inexpressibly hideous and horrible. Accustomed as she was to the sounds of the wilds the watching woman by the fire shuddered and threw on fresh fuel trying to get out of the flare comfort and company. The effect of the ghasty cry of the coyote on the Indian was startling in the extreme. As if galvanized into action he bounded to his feet, cast aside his blanket and leaping into the circle of light shed by the fire he seized one of the sleeping children shouting that it was moose and he was a wolf and must devour it. There is no doubt the poor child would have been killed there and then had it not been for the devotion of the mother who sprang upon her husband and took the little one from him. All night long she stood watch over the children fighting off with desperate energy the attacks of her husband. Towards morning the attack of mania wore off and by the time the sun came creaping over the pine trees the unhappy couple were sitting side by side at the fire. The man declared that he was the Weetigow spoken of by the medicine man and urged his wife to go and leave him lest the devil which had possessed him should return and he would devour his children. With heroic fortitude, however, she determined to remain with him. They were yet two days journey from home and while the man was perfectly well during the day each night the terrible experiences were enacted over again. When the Indian village was reached the poor squaw did everything in her power to keep all knowledge of her husband's mania from the other Indians. The mania only affected him at night and he was perfectly sane and lucid during the day and talked freely about his unhappy condition.

It happened that the unhappy man's father was a headman of the village and somehow or other he found out that his son was a Weetigow and as in duty bound according to usage he called a council of the men to deliberate what was to be done. It was unanimously decided to kill the man. "else," said the Indians, "the evil spirit which possesses him will surely attack us all."

There was a little trading post near the Indian village in charge of a young Scotchman and the affrighted Indians decided to ask him to kill the Weetigow.

The white man not unnaturally declined the office and strange to relate seemed to contract the contagion of fear from the Indians and did little or nothing to stay them in their barbarous proceedings. On failing to get the white man to act as executioner the medicine man agreed to undertake the job and the Indians in a body repaired to the hut of the unfortunate sufferer. The man was in bed and asleep, his wife being absent in the woods. Softly the medicine man stole into the hut axe in hand followed by the frightened crowd of Indians. The sleeper in the bed never waked or stirred. The medicine man lifted his axe and struck the prostrate figure on the bed a blow which inflicted a ghastly but not mortal wound. The Indian sat up with the blood streaming from his neck and begged for mercy, and at that moment the poor man's wife returned breaking through the crowd, threw her arms around her husband as if to protect him from further violence. The unfortunate pair were dragged apart and the medicine man completed his murderous work.

THE CROW'S NEST COAL CO.

Added Expenditure—A Line to the Boundary—The Address of the President.

The following is the full text of the address of Senator Cox, the president of the Crow's Nest Coal company, at the annual meeting which took place at Toronto on March 1st:

"In congratulating you upon the success of the last year's operations, it may be worth while to refer to the erroneous ideas that have gone abroad with regard to the management and control of the Crow's Nest Pass Coal company. We are, in every respect, a Canadian enterprise, with a large majority of Canadian stockholders, under Canadian control and management, and are giving employment to a great force of labor on Canadian soil. We are developing Canada's natural resources in one of the most important economic minerals, and are building up an immense Canadian industry, which is bringing wealth to the Dominion, and which, we feel assured, will constitute a most important factor in the Canadian industrial development of the future, unless our operations are restricted by a limited market and inadequate railway facilities.

"It affords me great pleasure to announce that we are prevared to proceed at once with construction and development work involving an immediate expenditure of $835,000, and we already have the money in the treasury of the company for this purpose. This large sum does not include the railway project, to which I will refer later, but will be devoted exclusively to development work, the building of coke ovens, dwellings, offices, and other works in connection with the coal and coke industry of the company. We intend to build at Fernie, Michel, and at another suitable point, 720 coke ovens, which will involve an expenditure of $540,000 under this head alone. We will then have 1,032 ovens, which will increase our capacity for coke production from over 450 tons a day as at present, to more than 1,500 tons per day. Our expenditure will also include more than a quarter of a million dollars on mine improvements, offices and miners' dwellings.

"These expenditures and the extensive mining and coke-producing operations that are to follow will create and maintain two new towns in the coal district as large as Fernie, which now owes its existence to the works carried on by this company.

"There is a prospective demand, provided we obtain access to the American market, as I hereafter shall mention, for 4,500 tons of coal per day within a year, and in three years, we expect to increase our output to about 6,000 tons of coal per day, a large portion of which will be converted into coke in our ovens, and within five years we expect to have a pay roll of fully $10,000 per day, which will be sufficient to maintain three important industrial centres in the coal district.

"All business men will at once realize how important such a development will be to the country at large, as mining camps are invariably extensive consumers of supplies. Not only will there be the direct employment for several thousand additional Canadian working men, but a new and most extensive demand will be created for the products of Canadian factories in the east, and the food supplies from the western farms and cattle ranches.

"It is only fair to you, however, to state that the present demand of British Columbia for coal and coke would not justify any such expenditures as we propose to make. This is self evident when I state that the present demand of British Columbia does not exceed 1,000 tons of coke and coal per day, and we cannot expect this demand to increase in the near future, even under the most favorable conditions, so as to justify such expenditures.

"In order that we may proceed with this development it will be absolutely necessary to secure access to the American markets by a route that will put us in a position to successfully compete with the coal and coke producers already in the field. If denied access to the American markets except by roundabout routes; if delayed in our operations by legislative obstructions; if prevented in any way from cutting down the cost of production to the narrowest possible margin, our success in the field will be proportionately cramped, and it will be quite impossible to undertake the development now proposed.

"Recognizing, therefore, the necessity of obtaining direct access to the adjacent markets of the United States an application has been made to parliament by five of your directors for a charter to build a railway from the coal fields to the boundary, where it is intended to connect with a spur line from Jennings, on the Great Northern railway. This is simply an effort to secure an entrance by the best possible route to an almost unlimited market for coal and coke, where we must meet the keenest competition, and without this market any large development of these British Columbia coal fields will be practically impossible.

"The fear has been expressed in some quarters that the establishment of railway connection between the Crow's Nest coal fields and the Great Northern railway system will deprive the Canadian mining and smelting industries of a suply of coke and coal, and that the company may create a shortage in the Canadian supply to benefit American smelting industries. These fears are groundless. From geological reports it appears that there are over 250,000 acres of coal lands in the Crow's Nest country containing a supply of coal which is conceded by all authorities to be practically exhaustless, it being estimated that there are in this area 20,000,000,000 tons of coal. This would admit of an average output of 20,000 tons per day, allowing 300 working days per year, for 6,000 years. This is entirely independent of the immense coal areas in Alberta and in other parts of British Columbia.

We are at present prepared to enter into time contracts with the smelters of British Columbia to supply any quantities of coal or coke they may require, but so far as the local supply is concerned its safety can be best assured by such development of the Crow's Nest mines as will be made possible by the building of the proposed line of railway.

"Successful operation of the mines on a large scale would be impossible if our market were limited to British Columbia, and it were subject to the fluctuations we have experienced last year.

"With an immense coal and coke industry in operation, turning out from six to ten thousand tons of coal a day, the British Columbia smelters now in operation could close down or open up without notice as often as they may feel inclined, and the change would not be felt. The smelters now in operation on the Canadian side only require about 300 tons of coke per day. If we are restricted as to markets, there will be higher initial cost, risk of suspension through accidents, difficulty in securing labor, and in meeting any variation in the demand.

"Although there is an immense area of coal in the Crow's Nest country that is of the best quality for coking, we should not harbor the delusion that the district has all the coking coal on the continent. There will be competition from the existing sources of supply—from Cokedale, on Puget Sound, Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Utah and Colorado. There are also immense coal deposits in Montana, Washington, and other places, which may prove, when tested, to be of good coking quality.

"To enter and hold this market, which means from 5,000 to 6,000 tons of coal per day, the Crow's Nest Pass Coal company must have the necessary railway facilities available, and that is why it is absolutely necessary to build the proposed spur.

"There is hardly an industry so universaly beneficial to a country as coal mining and coke making for export trade. The coal and coke are both brought to the last stage of perfection before being shipped out. All labor is expended on them in the country, and there is nothing further to be done with them except to consume them. Not so with logs, not so with lumber, not so with pulp, with wheat, with wool, and many other products exported. Every dollar that comes in to the country for coal or coke exports makes the country just that much richer. The farmer, the rancher, the miller, the merchant and the maufacturers, will all profit. There will also be an enormous direct revenue to the British Columbia government from the royalty. That government is now deriving a revenue of about $100 a day from our present operations.

"In addition to the development of the coal and coke industry, the proposed railway will open up a prospect, and an assured prospect, of smelting development, which will prove, from a public standpoint, of the very greatest importance.

"The success of the smelting industry depends upon the ability to assemble the various materials essential to profitable smelting at the lowest possible cost, and if the proposed line of railway is built, connecting the Crow's Nest fields with the American railway systems, the balance of advantage will be decidedly in favor of the Canadian side as the place for establishing a large and profitable smelting industry. The Canadian people have but to improve their opportunity to stand out of the way, and let the good fortune in.

"In order to illustrate what I have said, permit me to point out how suitable a place Fernie, or some point adjacent thereto, would be for the establishment of a smelting industry. There we have the coke without any charge for hauling, while, to carry it to any smelting point south of the line would involve a hauling charge, as well as an American duty of 60c per ton. The limestone required is to be found at Fernie, with no expense except the cost of quarrying.

"The lead ores of Southern British Columbia are now seeking a market which is almost impossible for them to find, and those adjacent to the coal field could, at a trifling cost for transportation, be laid down at Fernie, or some other convenient point. The dry ores necessary to make workable and profitable mixtures and blends are not at present to be found in British Columbia, but are found through the adjacent mining states along the lines and connections of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific railways; and the ore cars taking the coal and coke from the mines at Fernie to supply the railways and established industries in these states, instead of coming back empty, would at a low cost for transportation, bring back these dry ores to such a smelter. There is no point south of the boundary line where a smelting industry could so easily or so profitably be established.

"If a smelting industry for Canadian ores were established south of the line, there will be, as above mentioned, the cost of transportation of the coke to the site of the proposed smelter, and the American duty on the lead ores entering the United States, which, upon the quality of ore found in some of the best mines in British Columbia, would probably be about $9 per ton.

"Simply on the items of transportation there would be the serious handicap of the ore cars bringing down the coke and the ore from British Columbia to a smelter on the American side being compelled to return empty, and this would necessarily entail a proportionately higher freight rate.

"Not the least important factor in the situation is the fear in the minds of American capialists interested in the mining industry of the West that an export duty may be put upon ores by the Canadian government, and this would cripple any smelting industry established on the American side dependent upon Canadian ores as its source of supply.

"That this is not simple theory, but the mature judgment of practical smelting men, is evidenced by the fact that we have the most positive assurances from a smelting man of large capital and experience that if we obtain the proposed railway connection he will at once commence the erection of a large smelting plant in British Columbia adjacent to the coal fields; and we have assurances scarcely less definite from others of the establishment of three or four more smleting industries at other suitable points in Southern British Columbia, provided the proposed road is built.

"The prospect therefore, for Southern British Columbia, appears to be exceedingly bright. Once the charter for the railway is assured, the construction of the coke ovens, building of the homes for the miners, and the virtual establishment of two new towns in Southern British Columbia will await only the opening of the season. Scarce more time will elapse, from the assurances we now have, before more than one large smleting industry will be put under way, and hundreds of thousands of dollars will be invested in developing this important industry in that country.

"With improved transportation facilities, as well as the improved smelting facilities which would be secured, a smelter could secure freight charges and give rates for treatment that are now impossible.

"It is hardly necessary to dwell at length on the resultant benefits to mining and other enterprises in British Columbia. These benefits are self-evident.

"In every lead mine there are masses of ore that will not pay at the present rate for treatment, in every camp there are propositions and mines just too lean to tempt operators and investors. Every dollar taken off the charge for treatment means thousands of tons more of ore available and proportionately swells the pay roll of every camp. Every dollar reduction in smelter charges widens the paystreak of every mine, and brings new mines into the paying class.

"It would be a great misfortune to British Columbia and to the Dominion at large if this opportunity should be lost through the failure to secure adequate means of transportation. There are rival projects south of the boundary. Immense coal areas in the states of Washington and Montana are in the process of development, and if the parties interested in these properties once secure possession of and control of the market in these states for coal and coke, I fear the coal and coke of British Columbia will stand a very poor chance of ever taking it from them.

"The promoters of this railway ask no cash bonus or land grant of any kind; they simply desire the opportunity of expending their own money to construct a railway which will be of great public benefit.

"We now have a prospect of building up a city as large as Butte in the Crow's Nest coal district; and I cannot think it possible that either the parliament of Canada or the legislature of British Columbia will place any barrier in the way of the industrial development of our country, or will adopt a course which may delay that development half a century. I therefore look forward with confidence to a charter being granted; and this being done, the development which I have outlined will be at once proceded with; but unless the charter is granted, the development outlined cannot be undertaken."

TRIED TO BREAK JAIL

The Scheme, However, Was Frustrated

A cleverly concocted scheme for a jail delivery at the state prison at Stillwater, Minn., was frustrated by Warden Wolfer, and one of the guards at the prison whose name the warden chooses not to give out until after arrests have been made, languishes in Washington county jail.

It is said a notorious woman has been apprehended as an accomplice.

The prisoner who was to be aided in an attempt to escape is Edward Leland, sent from Minneapolis in October, 1899, to serve 10 years for robbery.

The guard received $435 for his share in the work and became associated with another guard, who has since left prison. Leland's sweetheart's plan was formed in December. The money was paid in January and the scheme would probably have carried, but for a mistake in manufacturing a key which would not fit the cell room door, where Leland was to pass out early in the morning, when he left his cell to go to work in the dining room.

A confederate was to lower a rope ladder over the south wall and the woman was to be in waiting with a team, which was to spirit Leland away.

All plans of the affair were discovered by pasting together bits of letters found in a waste basket in the twine shop office, where Leland was employed, and when the guard left for St. Paul Thursday he was watched and was arrested Saturday. He had obtained permission to leave the prison after presenting a fake telegram stating that his sister was on her deathbed.

Warden Wolfer says all of the persons implicated will be arrested. The guard now in jail has borne a good reputation.

HONORS FOR COLONEL STEELE

He Has Been Appointed to the Fourth Class Victorian Order

London, March 11.—Lieutenant-Colonel Steele, of Strathcona's Horse, has been appointed to the fourth class of the Victoran order.

The King of Greece and the Crown Prince of Denmark have received the honorary grand cross of the Victorian order.

Sir Thomas Lipton has been gazetted a knight commander of the Victorian order.

Indianapolis, March 9.—Ex-President Benjamin Harrison is very ill. His condition is more serious than is generally believed.

Dr. Henry Jamieson, the family physicion, who has sole charge of the case, said last night there was no immediate danger.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

Head Office, Toronto.

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Savings Bank Department—Deposits of $1 and upwards received and interest allowed.

Debentures—Provincial, Municipal, and other debentures purchased.

Drafts and Letters of Credit—Available at all points of Canada United Kingdom, United States, Europe, India, China Japan Australia, New Zealand etc.

Gold purchased.

This bank issues Special Receipts which will be accounted for at any of the Hudson's Bay Co's Posts in the Yukon and Northern districts.

A. R. B. HEARN,
Manager Revelstoke Branch.

Ottawa, March 11.—G. R. Maxwell, M.P., received a telegram from Andrew Carnegie, the steel king, saying that he would give $50,000 for a free library to the city of Vancouver, providing that the city gave a site for a building and $5000 a year for maintenance.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and perseverance in its use will work wonders for the most hopeless woman. If Mrs. Newton, whose letter is given below, had not persisted in its use, she might never have known the happiness of perfect health. Perhaps the reason for her persistence was because she used "Favorite Prescription" as a "last resort." Physicians had failed. If "Favorite Prescription" could not help there was nothing to hope for. It did help. It always helps and almost always cures. It establishes regularity, dries weakening drains, heals inflammation and ulceration and cures female weakness. It imparts strength and elasticity to the organs of maternity and makes the baby's advent practically painless.

"When I consulted you in April, 1899, I was in poor health," writes Mrs. E. H. Newton, of Vanburen, Aroostook Co., Maine. "Had been sick all winter, and, to add to my trouble, was on the road to maternity, which the doctor said would end my days. I was almost discouraged did not expect any help, but thought the end was only a matter of time, and—oh! my two poor, little, motherless children.

"It was in this condition that I began the use of your valuable medicine. On receipt of your letter of April 6th my husband purchased six bottles of 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Golden Medical Discovery,'" and I used it as you directed. When you wrote me words of encouragement on April 29th I had received no benefit from the medicine, but determined as a last resort to give it a fair trial. I am now taking the thirteenth and last bottle. I have a lovely baby girl three weeks old, that weighed 11½ pounds at birth. My baby and I are enjoying perfect health, thanks to your wonderful medicine, to which I believe I owe my life."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets stimulate the liver.

J. M. SCOTT, B.A., LL.B

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McKenzie Avenue, Revelstoke Station.
Money to Loan

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Solicitors for Imperial Bank of Canada
Company funds to loan at 8 per cent.
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First Street, Revelstoke Station, B.C.

J. W. CROSS

Office: Mackenzie Avenue, Revelstoke
Surgeon to the C. P. R.
Health Officer, City of Revelstoke

Methodist Church, Revelstoke

Preaching services at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p.m. Class meeting at the close of the morning service. Sabbath school and Bible class at 2:30. Weekly prayer meeting every Wednesday evening at 7:30. The public are cordially invited. Seats free.

REV. S.J. THOMPSON, Pastor.

St. Peter's Church (Anglican)

Right a.m., Holy Eucharist; 11 a.m., matins, litany and sermon (Holy Eucharist, first Sunday in the month); 2:30 Sunday school, or childrens' service; 7:30 evensong (choral) and sermon. Holy Days—The Holy Eucharist is celebrated at 7 a.m. or 8 a.m., as announced. Holy Baptism after Sunday school at 3:15.

C. A. PROCUNIER, Vicar.

Presbyterian Church

Service every Sunday at 11 a.m and 7.30 p.m. Bible Class at 2:30 p. m. to which all are welcome. Prayer meeting at 8 p.m. every Wednesday.

REV. W. C. CALDER, Pastor.

Roman Catholic Church

Mass first and third Sundays in month at 10:30 a.m.

REV. FATHER THAYER.

Salvation Army

Meeting every night in their hall on front street.

The Revelstoke Herald

(SEMI-WEEKLY)

Is the leading newspaper of the great mining districts of West Kootenay. It gives all the latest mining, telegraphic and local news, written up in authentic, reliable and readable articles from unquestionable information. It enjoys a large circulation and is consequently unequalled as an advertising medium in the field in which it is published.

Subscription $2.00 Per Annum
$1.25 For Six Months,
Strictly in Advance.

It takes a foremost place in the race for prominence and popularity with business houses and as a consequence does more business with those requring printed stationery and office supplies than any other printing establishment in Eastern British Columbia. The class of work turned out has been pronounced equal to any thing of the kind executed in the large cities by much larger printeries.

Job Printing Department

Is equipped with the latest faces in type designs and all work entrusted to The Herald is handled by exprienced workmen who thoroughly understand the proper use of the material at their disposal. The Herald does not claim to be the only printing house in the district but it does claim to be

Thoroughly Up-To-Date In Every Particular

And in a position to give as good value for the money expended, either for advertising space in its publication or for job printing, as can be given by any other house of the kind in British Columbia. Write for estimates and samples of printing. All work turned out promptly and satisfactorily. One price to all. No job can be too large or too small for The Herald's consideration. Special attention given to orders by mail.

A. JOHNSON, Proprietor.

PUBLICATION DAYS: Tuesdays and Fridays

THE YUKON MINING ROYALTY REDUCED

J. B. SOMERSET, A WELL KNOWN JOURNALIST, DEAD.

A Boer Commando Makes a Serious Mistake.—Attack an Armoed Train and Many Boers are Killed or Captured.—The Manitoba Railway Bill.

New York, March 10.—Among the pasengers who arrived on the Germanic today was Captain M. H. Ogilvie, of the Canadian Mounted Rifles, on his way home to Canada.

Captain Ogilvie has received a commission in the famous Gordon Highlanders and will return to the front after a brief stay at home.

Captain Ogilvie was major in the Royal Canadian Artillery and served in the North West rebellion of 1885.

Halifax, N. S., March 9.—The belated Allan line steamer Numidian, with the Strathcona's Horse on board, was sighted off the harbor at an early hour this morning. The steamer left Liverpool on February 28rd and therefore has been 14 days out. The Numidian arrived in the harbor at 8 o'clock and anchored in the stream. She docked at 3.30 yesterday afternoon, after which the men all went on board a waiting train and proceeded westward. The ship experienced heavy weather. Private Robertson took sick the day after leaving Liverpool with pneumonia. He is seriously ill and will go into the hospital here otherwise the voyage was an uneventful one. The men expresed great pleasure at being home again. Major Cameron, C. squadron, was presented with a silver cigar box manufactured in England by C. squadron. Regarding the statement in an English paper that they played havoc in Cape Town the Strathcona men say that they were there only an hour or two and no trouble took place. One of the men said that they heard of some mischief at Cape Town previous to their arrival, but they, were not in it. He said the Strathcona's seemed to be blamed for everything.

Liverpool, March 9.—The Dominion steamship Dominion, Captain Mendics, outward bound from Liverpool to Portland, Maine, with 200 passengers, grounded this afternoon near the lightship on the bar at the entrance to the Mersey. She signalled for assistance and the New Brighton life boat went to her.

Winnipeg, March 9.—Word was received in the city yesterday announcing the death at Peachland, B. C., of J. B. Somerset, until recently manager of the Free Press, Winnipeg.

Ottawa, March 9.—Sir Wilfrid Laurier announced his alien labor bill Thursday afternoon. It was read a first time. The minister of finance will deliver his budget speech next Thursday.

London, March 8.—"The United States government has addressed a note to the Danish government almost threatening in tone, says the Copenhagen correspondent of the Daily Mail, "to the effect that it will not permit any transfer of the Danish West Indies to any foreign power and that, in the event of Denmark refusing to sell the United States will require that inland and mainland neutrality shall be properly guaranteed and the United States sphere of influence be respected.

Bloemfontein, Orange River Colony, March 8.—The educational department of the Orange River Colony is drawing up an educational system based on the Canadian school system.

London, March 8.—According to a despatch to the Daily Express from Odessa, a pilgrim steamer was caught in a storm in the Black sea and 72 pilgrims were washed overboard and drowned.

London, March 11.—It is understood here that the nature of the British government's reply has already been communicated informally to Secretary Hay. Great Britain has no intention of modifying or abrogating the Clayton-Bulwer treaty without a semiquid pro quo. That treaty, according to the foreign office view of the case, remains as much in force now as the day it was signed. The speeches made in the senate disturb Downing street. They are dismissed with the remark: "That treaties cannot be abrogated without the consent of both the contracting parties." There is, however, an apparently genuine belief here that a satisfactory arrangement eventually will be arrived at though it is scarcely thought it can be got into requisite shape in time for discussion at the extra session of the senate. Moreover there is a freely expressed disinclination on the part of the British officials to commit themselves to any further treaties until they shall be thoroughly satisfied of the views of the senate in the matter.

Buffalo, March 11.—The foundation for the Canadian building at the exposition grounds was laid Friday. The Dominion government will expend $13,000 on the structure which judging from the plan, promises to be one of sterling beauty.

Ottawa, March 11.—An order in council was passed at yesterday's cabinet meeting reducing the royalty on gold from ten to five per cent. When the Yukon gold fields were discovered a high royalty was necessary to meet the heavy expenditure for preserving law and order in that mining camp.

Ottawa, March 11.—The Strathcona's about 70 in all, arrived here by special train about 2:30 Saturday. They were met at the station by a large crowd, among whom were the leading citizens of Ottawa, ministers of the Crwon and officers of the militia department. They have all been paid off, after getting tickets to their destination and have got two months leave of absence. Captain Mackie, of Winnipeg, and Lieutenant Irvine Snyder, of Portage la Prairie, are staying at the Russell. Lieutenant Snyder will leave for the west in a couple of days and Captain Mackie will remain over some time. Some of the western men are still in Montreal. A number will go home now, and the others will follow at their leisure. Colonel Steele is in Montreal.

Capetown, March 9.—Three hundred Boers surrounded 50 of Dryscoll's scouts on March 2 at a kraal near Doonberg. The scouts held out for a day and a night before the Boers reached them. The Boers captured 17.

London, March 10.—A special despatch from Cape Town dated March 8, says:

"The Boers last 40 men killed in an engagement with an armored train, near Roonogoote. They mistook the train for one loaded with horses and allowed it to come within range, whereupon fire was opened from the train and the Boers fled abandoning their rifles.

Barrie Ont., March 10.—Mrs. S. M. Foster received a message from the war office in England recently, stating that her husband, Major Foster was dangerously ill with enteric fever at Krugersdorp.

Mrs. Foster today received another message announcing his death at Krugersdorp on February 5.

Players—Three Thousand Present

Winnipeg, March 12.—The hockey match between the Shamrocks of Montreal and the Victorias of Winnipeg at the Auditorium rink last night, drew a crowd of 3000 people. The big rink being packed to the doors.

It was undoubtedly the fastest and most scientific game of hockey ever played in the West and resulted in favor of the Victorias by four goals to nothing. The wonderful science of the Victorias was too much for the Shamrock forwards and they were unable to score.

Ottawa, March 11.—Mayor Morris, of Ottawa, received a letter from Andrew Carnegie this morning stating that he would give $100,000 to the city of Ottawa for a public library, providing that the city gave a site and $5000 a year for maintenance. Mayor Morris is delighted with the offer which he will promptly accept.

Pine Bluff, Ark., March 10.—W. H. Langford, president of the Citizens' bank of this city, has made public a letter which he received Sunday demanding that he deposit in an alley near his home $50,000 in cash, under penalty of losing his 7 year old son.

He was threatened with death should he undertake to apprehend the authors of the communication.

Regardless of the threat, Mr. Langford at once placed the matter in the hands of the authorities and every effort has been made to run down the plotters. No clue has been obtained, however.

London, March 9.—Reports from St. Petersburg represent the recent shooting of M. Bogoliepoff, minister of public instruction, to have been the result of a revolutionary plot connected with the unrest among the students. Many arrests have been made in connection with the affair. It is variously declared that M. Bogoliepoff has recovered, that he is in a serious condition and that he is dying.

Peter Karpivich, the would-be assassin, was expelled from the Moscow university in 1896, for taking part in the students' riots there. He was also expelled from the Dorpat university for the same reasons in 1898, and studied at the Berlin university in 1900.

It was under the pretext of handing to the minister a petition to be readmitted to Dorpat universtiy that he entered the ministry. He was in civilian attire. M. Bogoliepoff passed around the room, receiving petitions.

Karpovich, who assumed an air of exaltation, gazing dramatically at the ceiling while waiting for the ministers' entrance, drew a revolver from his breats pocket and while the ministers were talking with Mayor Chermogiff, fired within two steps at M. Bogoliepoff's heart; but the hand of the assassin trembled, and the bullet pased into the right side of the minister's neck, lodging near the spinal column, whence it has not yet been extracted.

M. Bogoliepoff fell unconscious. Karpovich, thinking him dead, did not fire again. He tried to slip the revolver into his breast pocket, but fumbled and let it fall to the floor. He then remained pale and motionless, making no attempt at flight.

N. V. Mouraviefi, minister of justice, interrogated Karpovich as to his motives, but he would give no answer save that he had nothing personally against the minister. According to one account, he admitted subsequently having been selected by lot to kill M. Bogoliepoff. It is not believed that he had conferences with St. Petersburg students.

M. Bogoliepoff was 58 years old. He served 25 years as privat-docent and professor at Moscow university, and three years ago he was appointed minister of public instruction upon the recomemndation of the Grand Duke Sergius, governor general of Moscow. He married Countess Lisven, having been a tutor to the Lisven family. He is credited with old fashioned ideas on the subject of popular education, and with the declaration that reading, writing and arithmetic are all the masses need. Consequently he is not popular with the advanced classes in Russia.

Berlin, March 8.—The following bulletin regarding Emperor William's condition was issued this morning: "The Kaiser's condition yesterday was satisfactory. His Majesty slept well last night and when the bandage was changed the wound presented no inflammatory symptoms. Slight swelling of the right eyelid and cheek. He has no fever. (Signed): Leutliold Berg."

Emperor William wired today to Prince Henry of Prussia: "I look as if I had just come from China."

Pretoria, March 6.—General Kitchener, Sir Alfred Milner and General Botha are here discussing terms for a complete settlement of the war and an agreement is expected within three days.

General Botha demands the following terms for the Boers:

No Boer shall be sent to St. Helena.

The prisoners now at St. Helena shall be returned.

Rebels in Cape Colony shall not be punished.

Private property shall be protected.

A form of future government shall be assured.

It is believed the British will grant these terms if all the Boers lay down their arms.

WELL DONE STRATHCONAS

SIR REDVERS BULLER PRAISES STRATHCONAS

They Have Been of Great Value to the Natal Force in the Field.

Among the South African despatches just published in the London Gazette is the following from General Sir Redvers Buller, of the Natal field force, to Field Marshal Roberts:

Lord Strathcona's force joined the force in June, and from the moment of their arrival they have served with marked success. I can hardly speak too highly of the value Strathcona"s Horse have been to the Natal field force.

Lieutenant Colonel S. B. Steele, commanding, has great influence with all ranks of his regiment. Having a thorough knowledge of frontier work, his services have been most valuable.

Major A. M. Jarvis, Major R. Belcher, Captain and Adjutant E. F. Mackie, and Lieutenant R. H. B. Magee have done excellent service throughout, and proved themselves most useful soldiers in every duty they were called upon to perform.

The following warrant and noncommissioned officers and men have been brought to my notice as having specially distinguished themselves:

Regimental Sergeant Major J. Hynes, No. 517 Sergeant W. H. Nelles, No. 87 Armr.-Sergeant J. R. Brigham, No. 457 Corporal A.K.McLelland, No. 35 Private C. W. Rooke, No. 476 Private G. Gamsby, No. 362 Private W. F. Graham, No. 98 Private A. C. Garner.

The remark I have made about the South African Light Horse applies equally in ths case, and I subjoin a list of names.

Major A. E. Snyder.
Captain G. W. Cameron.
Captain F. L. Cartwright.
Lieutenant F. Harper.
Lieutenant J. A. Benyon.
Lieutenant P. Fall.
Lieutenant J. F. Macdonald.
Lieutenant J. E. Leckie.
Lieutenant T. E. Pooley.
Lieutenant A. E. Christie.
Surgeon-Lieutenant C. B. Keenan.
Lieutenant W. Parker (quartermaster.)
Lieutenant J. R. Snider (transport officer.
Lieutenant E. J. Steele (paymaster.)
Lieutenant A. McMillan (veterinary officer.)
Lieutenant A.H.L.Kyle, (attached.)
Civil Surgeon A. E. Houseman.

No. 459 Squad, Sergeant Major Richards, No. 462 Sergeant Trumpeter J.Farmer, No. 49 Sergeant R. H. Moir, No. 260 Farrier Sergeant A. Gillis, No. 458 Sergeant J. S. Lambert, No. 49 Sergeant G. Clarke, No. 699 Sergeant C. A. W. Whitehead, No. 315 Sergeant S. A. Kelly, No. 314 Sergeant P. G. Routh, No. 15 Corporal E. H. No. 102 Corporal Alex. Norquay, No. 207 Corporal W. M. Lafferty, No. 492 Corporal F. Mulligan, No.337 Corporal C. R. McDonald, No. 328 Corporal R. N. Grogan, No. 457 Corporal Read, No 85 Private J. E. V. Carpenter, No. 204 Private C. E. Kendrew, No. 292 Private R. Hammond, No. 155 Private H. D. Saxby, No. 135 Private A. W. Stewart, No. 490 Private J. T. Waite, No. 506 Private J. Devine, No. 264 Private S. A. White, No. 286 Private R. Dearing, No. 346 Private T. M. L. Pym.

The remarks regarding the south African Light Horse alluded to above are as follows:

In a corps like the South African Light Horse, it will be difficult to reward good work except by special public notice. I do not know know whether it may be found possible to do so, but in case it should be, I append a list of those officers and men who, during the 12 months' work have performed special acts of bravery, or have been selected for, and successfully carried out, arduous reconnaisances or dangerous duties.

A FAKE DUEL

He Died Officially to Break Off His Betrothal

Paris, March 10.—Mr. Durant and his mother were found last evening at the Euston hotel. When interrogated on the subject of the report of his death in a duel at Ostend he was greatly taken aback and exhibited extreme agitation at the revelation of his scheme.

Finally, resolving on a frank statement, he explained that he had had a serious quarrel with Mlle Mangin, his betrothed, and had determined to break off relations with her.

He said he considered the best exit from the difficulty would be to die, at least officially, and that his trouble with the Russian, which was real, offered the easiest solution of his entanglement. Therefore he took advantage of this method of announcing his death. He admitted that he enlisted the services of a trusted friend in Paris to secure the insertion of the death notice, and he expressed the greatest chagrin and surprise that the story had leaked out. When pressed regarding the alleged duel he declined to discuss the matter, saying:

"I received the kindest treatment at the hands of the Russian, and I don't wish to cause pain. I had hoped the plan would succeed, intending to remain officially dead for three or four months, thus giving my betrothed a plausible reason for believing it."

A BOYISH FEUD

Murder Was the Outcome—Beneath the Portals of a Sacred Building the Crime Took Place

Chicago, March 12.—Murder ended a boyish feud last night under the shadows of St. Stanislaus church, at the corner of Noble and Bradley streets.

Fifteen year old Thomas Laczows was shot through the heart by a lifelong playmate, Frank Wisniewski. A moment before the shooting Father Balsczinki espied Wisniewski in the hallway in the act of loading a revolver.

"Stop," cried the priest, "stop, I command you." While the priest in his flowing robes ran towards Wisniewski, imploring with uplifted hands for peace, the boy fired.

Half a hundred boys and girls also witnessed the tragedy and saw the murderer escape, which he did by by flourishing his smoking pistol freely and keeping the crowd at bay.

The crime occurred at the close of a meeting of the Mother of Poland society, of which the boys of St Stanislaus have a branch.

BOURASSA STILL TALKING FOOLISHLY.

THE PREMIER ATTACKS THE MEMBER FOR LABELLE.

The South African War Practically Over.—Officially Reported That the Last Shots Have Been Fired. More Canadians for South Africa.

London, March 9.—The Daily Chronicle, referring to the armistice of Pretoria, says:

"We learn that the untiring agent in bringing about the negotiations was Mrs. Botha, who was deeply affected by the hopeless plight of the Boers and did her utmost to induce her husband to accept the British terms. Unfortunatly, the meeting of February 27 was limited to Botha's request to know Kitchener's terms.

"Lord Kitchener replied that an armistice would be granted to all who surrendered as well as to all prisoners, except those Cape Dutch who, being British subjects, had actively followed Boer resistance. General De Wet and Mr. Steyn were, however, expressly excluded from the amnesty."

"Lord Kitchener further promised that if peace were concluded the government would assst in rebuilding the farmhouses and other buildings destroyed under military exigencies and reinstate the lawful owners and would help them stock their farms. Those guilty of acts of treachery would be excluded from the benefits.

"General Botha appeared satisfied with the condition and an armistce being arranged, he promised to consult his officers, a vast majority of whom accepted the terms.

"De Wet any Steyn both remained irreconcilable. They declined any terms. De Wet adding that on his part the war had become one of revenge and he intended to do all the mischief he could.

"It is probable that the original armistice of a week has been extended. It is believed that the remainder of General Botha's officers have now been won around and that he is formally to submit to Lord Kitchener on March 11, when his force will surrender to General French.

"According to information Lord Kitchener's dispositions had made the speedy capture of General Botha's force quite certain. General Botha frankly accepted the situation and was treated by Lord Ktchener at both interviews with the greatest consideration."

Ottawa, March 12.—The debate on Mr. Bourassa's motion on the war in South Africa was listened today by filled galleries. Although few, if any, sympathized with the utterances of Mr. Bourassa, they nevertheless enjoyed his elocutionary powers and eloquence. Mr. Bourassa spoke for about two hours and a half and Sir Wilfrid Laurier, who followed, completely disposed of every contention that Mr. Bourassa had set up. In fact he showed the member for Labelle to be in a ridiculous position.

The premier added this brilliant speech to those he had already made on the subject of th war. The premier concluded his speech by calling on the house to vote the resolution down.

Messrs Charlton, Hughes and Robinson (West Elgin), followed and opposed the motion.

R. L. Borden regretted that the ability and talent which all must concede to Mr. Bourassa, had not been used to a better purpose. As the leader of the house pointed out, Mr. Bourassa's speech had no relevancy to the motion. Mr. Borden said he was ready to vote against the question even before hearing the eloquent speech of the prime minister.

The house then divided on the motion, which was lost: 3 for, and 144 against.

Those who voted for the motion:
Bourassa.
Monte.
Angers.

Little Rock, Ark., March 13.—Reports from over the state show that the storm of Saturday and Sunday was far greater than yesterday reports indicated. Thus far there are 16 deaths reported.

Ottawa, March 13.—It is understood that it was decided at a meeting in Sir Richard Cartwright's office yesterday morning to give the contract for carrying the British mails to the Allan Steamship company. The contract begins in May.

The Allans' say they will use the Tunisian and Bavarian and what other steamers they can spare for carrying the Canadian mails to Britain.

Ottawa, March 12.—Professor Robertson has distributed another portion of the $10,000 which Sir William C. Macdonald, of Montreal, donated to be distributed in cash prizes to encourage and stimulate Canadian boys and girls who live on farms to observe closely and select carefully seed grain according to a scientific and practical system. The names of those who have been successful in winning prizes with 100 selected heads of oats, are as follows:

Manitoba.

John Wells, Roland, $25.
Rene Gordon, Lorette, $20.
Marrion Sherris, Rapid City, $15.
Fritz Lundgren, Scandinavia, $12.
Ragnhild Lundgren, Scandinavia, $10.

North West Territories.

Annie H. Bourne, Innisfail, $25.
Talbot E. Steuck, Abernethy, $20.
Floyd M. Strong, Olds, $15.
S. Kirkham, Saltcoats, $12.
Jessie M. Guthrie, Adair, $10.
Hubert Anslow, Wascada, $8.
Melonise Provost, Flett Springs, $5.
Walter Strong, Olds, $5.
Arthur Mitchell, Grenfell, $5.

London, March 13.—(4:40 a. m.)—Friction has arisen at Tien Tsin between the Russians and British over a piece of land alleged to belong to he railway company and to have been in possession of the company for some years.

According to the despatches from Tien Tsin the Russians assert that this land is part of their new concession and therefor part of their property.

Mr. Kinder, manager of the railway, had begun to make a siding, but was stopped by the Russian authorities. He appealed to Colonel McDonald, who referred the matter to General Barrow. British chief of staff in Pekin, who replied:

"Carry on the siding with armed force if necessary."

Guards were put on the line by the British and work was continued.

General Wagasak, the Russian commander, protested and said the work would not have been done if the Russians had had as many troops as the British, and that in such matters action should be left to diplomacy.

Colonel McDonald again communicated with General Barrow, who recated with General Barrow, who telegraphed:

"Continue the siding."

General Wagasak very indignantly appealed to the Russian minister at Pekin, M. de Gier.

Ottawa, March 12.—Major W. Hamilton Merritt of Toronto, who has been with Brabant's horse in South Africa for the last two years, was in Ottawa today interviewing the ministers with reference to the raising by him of another regiment of 1000 mounted men for service in South Africa. The government declined to take any further action in the matter.

Pretoria, March 12.—An armistice was proclaimed between the British and Boers until they have had a conference. De Wet is en route from Orange River Colony to join the conference, which is to be held near Pretoria. It is believed the last shot has been fired.

London, March 12.—A report is current today that the government expects a speedy announcement of the surrender of General Botha. Inquiries at the war office show that the officials there have no recent news of the surrender negotiations. They think the armistice expires on March 14 and are inclined to believe that General Botha will surrender.

Amsterdam, March 12.—Persons on terms of association with Kruger say the Boer chieftain expects General Botha will yield tomorrow to General Kitchener. Kruger, however, remains unreconciled.

Pittsburg, Pa., March 12.—Two men were killed at the building wrecked by the exposion of the "cooker" at the McKeesport brewery, McKeesport, Pa., about 9 o'clock this morning. The victims were William Cinkelew, night watchman, and Matthew Marr, brewer.

The cause of the exposion is not known. The building was a large brick structure and was almost completely wrecked.

The roof of the residence of Wm. Spencer adjoining was torn off but the occupants were not injured.

The loss is estimated at about $25,000.

Indianapolis, March 12.—General Harrison can live but a few hours. His condition up to an early hour this (Tuesday) morning was encouraging to his physicians, but at that time he became restless and an hour or later Dr. Jamison, who had left the ex-president's sick bed at midnight for his home was hastily summoned by Dr. Dorsey, who has remained in the sick room for several days past.

Warren, Ohio, March 12.—The Mahoning river reached its highest point of the season last night and is still rising.

The Miller & Neal flour mill and the bar department of the American Steel Hoop company are flooded and work stopped in the flats.

Many houses are surrounded by water and the occupants are being taken out in boats.

Winnipeg, March 12.—A meeting of prominent citizens and military officers to arrange a reception to returning Strathcona's, was held yesterday.

A telegram was read from Captain Mackie saying that the Strathconas were returning indepedently and in small parties. Only four return by today's train. It was decided that in view of this no action would be taken.

Winnipeg, March 13.—The adjourned special general meeting of the Winnipeg board of trade to consider the committee reports and the railway question, was held last night in the grain exchange board room. The attendance was large.

Mr. Brock's resolution disapproving of the railway deal and advising delay and further consideration, was carried by a vote of 36 to 12.

Munich, March 12.—Emperor Francis Joseph arrived here this morning to participate in the celebration of the birth of Prince Luitpold, regent of Bavaria.

Prince Luitpold welcomed the emperor at the station and large crowds lined the route to the palace and heartily cheered the royalties as they passed.

London, March 9.—Whatever negotiations are proceeding in Pretoria Mr. Kruger declares that they can only be for an armistice. The government evidently has no idea of sickening reinforcements. The war office issued a detailed statement last evening of transports that are to sail for South Afraica within the coming week with 12,000 troops. The casualty list reveals the fact that two officers were killed at Litchenburg on March 3rd. Lord Kitchener's telegram: "Am sending reinforcements" was dated March 6th. Evidently the fighting continued for some days and further advices are awaited with anxiety.

According to the Daily Mail's despatches General De Wet and Mr. Steyn have separated, the former being at Peterburg, west of Bloemfontein, and the latter at Smithfield.

New York, March 6.—The Red Star liner Southward, which passed quarantine at 5:25 o'clock this evening bound to Antwerp ran arround off Sandy Hook near the junction of the west and main channels.

Paris, March 4.—At the Seine assizes today Emile Batain, a bigamist, gained the sympathy of the jury by a novel and original defence. He declared that he was unable to live alone, and therefore married whenever he loved, although his conscience objected to these irregular unions. He was acquitted.

Postmaster General Mulock has left for Australia.

New Zealand will vote as to the desirability of joining the commonwealth.

Emperor William was slightly injured by a piece of iron thrown into his carriage by an epileptic.

The official programme of the Duke of York's visit has been issued. He will go through to the Pacific coast.

E. Lepage & Co., Montreal, have failed for a large amount.

THE MOLSONS BANK
INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT, 1855.
HEAD OFFICE MONTREAL

Paid up Capital - - - - - $2,500,000
Rest Fund - - - - - 2,050,000

DIRECTORS: WM. MOLSON MACPHERSON, President; S. H. EWING, Vice-President W. M. RAMSAY, SAMUEL FINLEY, J. P. CLEGHORN, H. MARKLAND MOLSON, LT. COL. F. C. HENSHAW.
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RATE $1.00 PER DAY
The Columbia House.
Good accommodation. A good bar well supplied with choice wines liquors and cigars.
Free Bus Meets All Trains
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P. BURNS & CO.
Wholesale and Retail Dealers
Prime Beef, Pork, Mutton, Sausage
Fish and Game in season.

THE PIONEER LIVERY
eed and Sale Stable of the Lardeau and Trout Lake

Saddle and Pack Horses Always for Hire.
Freighting and Teaming a Specialty.
Daily Stage leaves Thomson's Landing every morning at 9 o'clock for Trout Lake City. For particulars write
CRAIG & HILLMAN, THOMSON'S LANDING

Oriental Hotel
J. Albert Stone, Propr.
ably furnished with the choicest the market affords. Best Wines Liquors and Cigars. Large, light bedrooms. Rates $1 a day. Monthly rate.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
AND SOO LINE.
FIRST CLASS SLEEPERS ON ALL TRAINS.
TOURIST CARS TO
St. Paul - - - Daily
Montreal and Boston Fridays
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Trains for
KOOTENAY POINTS
leave Revelstoke at 8.10.
Main Line Trains leave Revelstoke: eastbound 8.20 westbound 17.30.
For all information, pamphlets, etc. apply to
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Draying and delivery work a specialty. Teams always ready on shortest notice. Contracts for jobbing taken.

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Blacksmithing, Jobbing, Plumbing, Pipe Fitting, Tinsmithing Sheet Iron Work, Machinery Repaired.
Mining Work a Specialty
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Undertaking and Embalming.
R. Howson & Co.,
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Retail Dealers in Furniture

Nobody
SHOULD SUFFER

From that terrible Hacking Cough when they can get a bottle of

Compound Syrup of White Pine for 25c a bottle

CANADA DRUG & BOOK
REVELSTOKE

Night Bell on Door.

Try to say this quickly
"When blue brew
Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea."

TAYLOR & GEORGE
THE LEADING STORE
LATE JAMES GILL & CO.

To the Ladies:

We have just opened up a large choice stock of DRY GOODS, which is the best and only new stock in the City.

The latest Styles and newest patterns that can be purchased. Call and see us. It is a pleasure to show such excellent goods and it will be a pleasure for you to buy them.

TAYLOR & GEORGE
THE WIDE-AWAKE BUSINESSMEN : MACKENZIE AVE.

FERGUSON, B. C.

THE COMMERCIAL CENTRE OF THE

LARDEAU MINING COUNTRY...

Business Lots from $150 Up

Residence Lots $75 and $100

SOLE AGENT **HENRY FLOYD** REVELSTOKE B. C.

BIRTHS.

LEE—On the 19th inst. to Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Lee a daughter.

HYLAND—On the 18th inst. to Mr. and Mrs. R. Hyland a daughter.

Local and General News

R. P. Pettipiece of the Ferguson Eagle came up from the Lardeau last night.

F. T. Griffin, the C. P. R. Land Commissioner, did not arrive last Sunday as expected, and will not be here for a couple of weeks.

—For strictly fresh laid eggs, go to Mrs. R. Tapping.

The ladies of the Presbyterian church intend giving a musical evening on Tuesday 26th inst. Further particulars will be published later.

Mrs. Jas. Trimble and her son Ormie Trimble came in on Sunday and are visiting for a few days at her sister's, Mrs. Pettipiece's, residence, before proceeding to Edmonton.

—New laid eggs, the best in the market for sale. Mrs. R. Tapping.

H. McDonald, accompanied by his wife and child, arrived from Revelstoke Thursday. He is employed as fireman on engine No. 734, running between here and Rossland.—Trail News.

Young man, if you are in the home of your sweetheart at 12, midnight, of Sunday, March, 31st, the census will put you down as a steady boarder in the house. This is no "April fool" either.

—Thoroughbred white Leghorn eggs for hatching, apply to Mrs. R. Tapping.

—Our spring and summer goods for Ladies and Gent's. Suits are to hand, in fancy suitings and trowserings, new stylish and exclusive designs are being constantly developed and shown by us. Cressman, McKenzie Ave.

Voting on the bylaw for the purchase of the waterworks and electric light plant began at 8 a. m. today and closes at 4 p. m. To judge by the opinions generally expressed round town the bylaw has an excellent chance of passing by a good majority.

Monday afternoon gave each fire brigade a run. No. 1 went to the rescue at Della Power's house on Front St. and No. 2 were called out to J. W. McCallum's residence on First St. Very little damage was done in either case, the brigades being promptly on the spot and getting the flames under control before they had gained any headway.

Work commenced on the river bank on Monday with Ham Donelly in charge. Between 30 and 40 men were engaged that day and as many more will be put on as there is room for. About 800 feet of fresh mattrassing is to be put in as an upper tier at the lower end of the work. Messrs. F. C. Gamble and S. Smith left for the coast on Monday, after laying out the work.

William Ridley, brother of Mrs. J. Simmons of this place, died at the Trail hospital last Friday morning. Death resulted from hemorrhage and perforation of the bowels during typhoid fever. Mr. Ridley had been sick about three weeks, two of which were spent in the hospital. His sister, Mrs. Simmons was with him, having arrived from Revelstoke the night before.

Manager Annabel, of the Nelson opera house, who was in town on Monday as advance agent for the Queen's Funeral Procession, stated that he was making arrangements to establish an operatic circuit. He will book companies in Seattle and San Francisco to play in Nelson, Rossland, Kaslo, Greenwood, Phoenix, Sandon and Revelstoke, making the return trip to the coast by the main line. Mr. Annabel left on Tuesday last for Calgary and Edmonton.

Rev. J. S. A. Bastin of the Anglican mission at Lytton is leaving British Columbia. The reverend gentleman, who was well known here, having officiated in St. Peter's on more than one occasion, was highly esteemed in the district, where he has worked for the last seven years. The congregation of St. Mary's, Lillooet, presented him with a beautiful album, filled with local views and a pocket prayer book and hymnal, on the occasion of his preaching his farewell sermon there a week ago last Sunday.

A most enthusiastic mass meeting of the local Orangemen was held last night in the Orange hall, Albert St. The meeting was called at the request of Grand Organizer James Duff, who addressed the meeting at considerable length on the benefits of the Orange Mutual Benefit Fund, which is the insurance branch of the order. Among the others who spoke, were Worshipful Grand Master Clarke Wallace, Past Master Edward Adair, of Revelstoke, B. C., J. W. Bell, M. P., Dr. Sproule, M. P., District Master G. S. Howard, Carleton Place. Among the other prominent members present were Messrs. A. E. Stitt, James Gillespie, Geo. Forde, Fred. Forde, Country Master Carscadden of Russell, John Carleton, James McElroy and many others.—Ottawa Journal.

The medical health officer is making preparations for going on the warpath.

A. W. Sharp of Golden has been transferred to the C. P. R. telegraph department here.

Timber Inspector McDonald passed through this morning on a visit to East Kootenay points.

The court of revision of the municipal assessment roll met this morning at 10 a. m. and adjourned till 7 p. m.

Manager McNeill of the Silver Cup came back from Oregon on Monday and went south next morning, in company with J. V. Armstrong.

Sydney Pearce, son of Sanitary Inspector Pearce of New Westminster, arrived in town this morning to take a position in the C. P. R. service.

R. S. Wilson is having his tailor shop on Station Road enlarged and the windows brought flush with the sidewalk. L. A. Fretz has the job.

All communication between Arrowhead and the Lardeau is now conducted on foot and there is very little prospect of anything else for the next ten days at least.

The rehearsals have commenced of Milky White, a two act drama by the author of the Chimney Corner, which T. H. Dunne intends to put on after Easter. The play contains several good parts and is made up of plenty of mingled fun and pathos.

The reports of the condition of little Emile Le Terrenoir continue to be most favorable. As soon as he is sufficiently recovered to be moved it is the intention of the medical men attending the case to send him to Kamloops and place him in the hospital there.

The survey of the proposed line to connect the Great Northern with the Crow's Nest coal fields in East Kootenay has begun in earnest. A party of Great Northern engineers from St. Paul, with assistants and supplies, arrived at Kalispell recently and are now at work running a line from Jennings, Mont., to the international boundary.

Just a Spoonful

OF DR. MACKENZIE'S ENGLISH COUGH BALSAM

will give instant relief, and a bottle will usually cure two or three bad colds.

We know all about the ingredients of this remedy; that's the reason we guarantee its purity and effectiveness.—25c

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THE.....
CITY EXPRESS
E. W. B. PAGET, Prop.

Prompt delivery of parcels, baggage, etc., to an part of the City.

Any Kind of Transferring Undertaken

All orders left at R. M. Smythe's Tobacco Store, or by Telephone No. 7 will receive prompt attention.

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BUTCHER

Retail Dealer in—
Beef, Pork, Mutton, Etc.

Fish and Game in Season:...

All orders promptly filled.
Corner Douglas and King Streets. REVELSTOKE, B.C.

FIRST CLASS
STOVE COAL
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Call on JAS. C. HUTCHISON and get prices.

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AGENT FOR
REAL ESTATE—{C. P. R. TOWNSITE. MARA TOWNSITE.
FINANCIAL—{Canada Permanent & Western Canada Mortgage Corporation. Equitable Savings Loan and Building Association.
INSURANCE! {Imperial Fire, Guardian Fire, Mercantile Fire. Canadian Fire, Caledonian Fire. Confederation Life, Atlas Fire.
COAL FOR SALE, HOUSES FOR SALE AND RENT.

Address Revelstoke Station.

A Dainty Timepiece

The long, delicate chain is the correct adjunct for a Dainty Time Piece, and is useful in so many other ways you can't afford to be without one.

We offer special bargains in these fashionable chains either with or without the watch.

GUY BARBER, Watchmaker and Jeweller
Mackenzie Avenue.

We Repair.....
WATCHES
CLOCKS,
and all kinds of Jewellery

If the work is not satisfactory, we refund your money.

WE GUARANTEE OUR WORK and stand by our guarantee.

We also carry a good line of Watches and Jewellery, which we dispose of at moderate prices.

E.M. ALLUM,
The Leading Watchmaker and Jeweler.

Large and Well Lighted Sample Rooms.....
Heated by Hot Air and Electric Bells and Light in every room

Free Bus Meets All Trains
Reasonable Rates

HOTEL VICTORIA
JOHN V. PERKS, PROPRIETOR
Night Grill Room in Connection for the Convenience of Guests

Hourly Street Car Between Hotel and Station

Revelstoke, B.C.

PATRONIZE HOME INDUSTRY
AND SMOKE
Our Special and Union Cigars
UNION LABOR
REVELSTOKE CIGAR M'F'G. COMPANY,
Revelstoke Station.

Baker and Confectioner

CAKES OF ALL KINDS A SPECIALTY

BREAD DELIVERED DAILY

STARTING RIGHT

At the beginning of the year and for the beginning of the century—remember it's better to begin right.

A step in the right direction is Good Clothes—that fit and wear. Our tailoring is the sort that induces comfort and durability. Not expensive, even though superior.

Ladies Tailored Suits to Order.

J. B. CRESSMAN, MACKENZIE AVENUE.

H.G. PARSON

WHOLESALE
Wine and Liquor Merchant

REVELSTOKE, B. C.

An Elegant
Finest Bristle Hair Brush
Guaranteed for years.

May be obtained at
FIELD & BEWS,
Druggists and Stationers,
Night Bell. Brown Block.

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R. H. Mayne,
SOLE AGENT

From 5th Jan. to the 25th Jan., 1901, a reduction will be offered on all lots in Smelter Townsite prior to the closing of annual books on 1st Feb.

Intending purchasers should take advantage of this offer before the new price lists for 1901-2 are in force.

R. H. MAYNE,
Notary Public and Insurance Agent.

SPRING AND SUMMER
Millinery
—has arrived and is being placed—for inspection.

The ladies are respectfully requested to call and see the newest fashions.

Our Spring Millinery Opening will be announced in a few days.

Misses Shepard & Bell
McKenzie Avenue ...23

...To the Public...

Having disposed of our Dry Goods Business, our attention is chiefly directed to the Grocery Department, in which a complete and fresh line of goods will always be found at our counters at the west prices.

We still retain our Hardware Department, where purchasers will find a large selection in every line at right prices.

BOURNE BROS.

ALL GOODS
AT A
Great Reduction
M. K. LAWSON'S
Mackenzie Ave.

Certificate of Improvements

NOTICE.

LAST CHANCE mineral claim, situate in the Lardeau Mining Division of West Kootenay District.

Where located: On Lexington Mountain.

TAKE NOTICE that I, F. C. Green, of Nelson, acting as agent for J. A. Magee, F. M. C. B 15,636; James Tweedie, F. M. C., B 15,512, and E. B. Hutchinson Free Miner's Certificate No. B, 15,513, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 16th day of March, 1901.

F. C. GREEN,
mar 20-2 m-w P. L. S.

Certificate of Improvements

NOTICE.

HIGHLAND MARY mineral claim, situate in the Lardeau Mining Division of West Kootenay District.

Where located: On Lexington Mountain.

TAKE NOTICE that I, F. C. Green, of Nelson, acting as agent for James Tweedie, F. M. C. B 15,512, and J. A. Magee, Free Miner's Certificate, No. B, 15,636, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under Section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 16th day of March 1901

F. C. GREEN,
P. L. S.

Certificate of Improvements

NOTICE.

EVA Mineral Claim, situate in the Lardeau Mining Division of West Kootenay District.

Where located: On Lexington Mountain.

TAKE NOTICE that I, F. C. Green, of Nelson, acting as agent for Edgar Benjamin Hutchinson, Free Miner's Certificate No. B, 15,513, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under Section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 16th day of March 1901.

F. C. GREEN,
P. L. S.

Certificate of Improvements

NOTICE.

WEDGE (Fractional) and H M (Fractional) Mineral Claims, situate in the Lardeau Mining Division of West Kootenay District.

Where located: On Lexington Mountain.

TAKE NOTICE that I, F. C. Green, of Nelson, acting as agent for the Imperial Development Syndicate, Limited, Free Miner's Certificate, No. B, 37,210, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificates of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining Crown grants of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under Section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificates of improvements.

Dated this 16th day of March, 1901.

F. C. GREEN,
P. L. S.

Certificate of Improvements

NOTICE.

IRON DOLLAR Mineral Claim, situate in the Lardeau Mining Division of West Kootenay District.

Where located: On Lexington Mountain.

TAKE NOTICE that I, F. C. Green, of Nelson, acting as agent for James Tweedie, Free Miner's Certificate No. B, 15,512, intend, sixty days from the date hereof to apply to the Mining Recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a Crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under Section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 16th day of March, 1901.

F. C. GREEN,
P. L. S.

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F. W. MACKINROT, K. of R. & S.

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THOS. SPEED, W.M.
W. G. BIRNEY, Rec.-Sec.

A. H. HOLDICH
ANALYTICAL CHEMIST AND ASSAYER.

Royal School of Mines, London. Seven years at Morfa Works, Swansea. 17 years Chief Chemist to Wigan Coal and Iron Co., Eng. Late Chemist and Assayer, Hall Mines, Ltd. Claims examined and reported upon.

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IN ACCORDANCE with Section 12 of the "Bureau Mines Act," examinations for efficiency in the practice of assaying will be held at Nelson, B. C., on the 15th April, 1901, and following days.

Entrance for the examination must be made in writing to the Secretary of the Board of Examiners at least ten days before the date set for beginning of examination, and must be accompanied by the prescribed fee ($10).

Any additional information desired may be obtained from H. Carmichael, Secretary Board of Examiners, Victoria.

RICHARD McBRIDE,
Minister of Mines.

Department of Mines,
Victoria, B. C., 12th March, 1901.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE HERALD.