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REVELSTOKE HERALD.

ISSUED TWICE-A-WEEK—TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

Vol. IV. No. 63 | REVELSTOKE, B. C., TUESDAY, AUGUST 7, 1900. | $2.00 a Year in Advance.

C. B. HUME & CO.

Direct from Ceylon—

30 Cases Ceylon Tea

15 Cases celebrated 5 o'clock Tea

This is the first lot we have had direct from the plantation and it is much superior to the 5 o'clock we have had before.

15 Cases BEN HUR 40c. per lb.

This can ot be equalled for the money.

Just in another shipment of **Lipton's 40c and 50c** PER LB.

10 Cases THE FAMOUS **Ram Lal's** The best Package Tea on the Market.

Coffee ! Coffee !!

Five barrels Java and Mocha—the best that can be procured in Canada. Also five barrels of Santos.

JUST ARRIVED

Jars THAT ARE **Jars**

Two Hundred Dozen Preserving Jars just arrived. Everybody is in great need of them at this time of year Come and look at this large assortment before boiling down your berries. In this shipment we have jars in all sizes. Anyone wanting anything in this line should make a special effort of looking this shipment over.

GLASSWARE

We have to draw your attention to our glassware department—it is brim full of new goods.

RAM LAL'S TEA as a Package Tea cannot be beat. It has no equal in the Market, as a sample package will convince all lovers of good Tea.

C. B. Hume & Co.

THE MACHINISTS STRIKE

The Causes of the Strike as Given By the Unions in Winnipeg.—The Official Side of the Story Stated by General Manager Whyte.

According to despatches from Winnipeg the cause of the machinists' strike in the C.P.R. shops was as follows:

At a meeting held Wednesday night of a committee of boiler makers, machinists, blacksmiths and allied mechanics, it was resolved: "That the reduction of the staff was a direct blow by the company against the union under false pretences of a decrease in business; that the company ignored whatever overtures were made to them regarding better conditions; in the reduction of the staff the company practically aimed at the active members of the union; that preference was given to non-union men; that efficiency and length of service was totally ignored." These resolutions were endorsed by each of the unions and it was on these grounds that the strike was declared.

The Winnipeg Telegram of Saturday says:

The striking boiler makers and machinists held a private meeting in the Albert hall yesterday afternoon to sum up the situation. It occupied considerable time, and though they would not say what transpired, it was hinted that the commencement of a very serious strike had just been inaugurated. In ordinary strikes the men take the actions of a company as a matter of course, but in this case it is very different; the men seem to be almost furious in their desire to get what they claim to be their rights. They claim that notice was given to Master Mechanic, Mr. Ord, that the schedule of agreement between the men and the company was not being acted up to by the latter, and asked that it might be respected. A settlement was asked to be made by August 1 or the men would go out. No settlement was made, and the head men who waited on Mr. Ord were laid off as well as nearly 400 others, and then the men struck.

A boiler maker, when seen by a Telegram reporter, stated that the strike was due almost entirely to the company not acting up to the agreement with the men, but was hastened by the company laying off such a number of its employees during the past few days.

Some of the chief complaints of the men, as stated by a prominent union man, are, that it was chiefly union men and especially the more prominent members of the union who were discharged, having probably been specially marked for dismissal, that the company had repeatedly violated its agreement with the men, made at the conclusion of last year's strike, that there is no scarcity of work, and that the railway company had not granted representatives of the unions transportation to Winnipeg to discuss the matters at issue between the company and the men.

The Unions involved are the machinists, blacksmiths' helpers, boilermakers and allied mechanics.

W. Whyte, Gen. Mgr. of the C. P. R., when interrogated by a Telegram reporter last night said that up to that time he had received no communication whatever from the strikers nor had any of their representatives waited upon him to lay their supposed grievances before him. Ordinarily when any of the unions considered that they had a grievance they stated their case to the general superintendent, and if the decision of the general superintendent was not satisfactory to them they had the right to lay a statement of their complaint before him for a final answer. Sometime ago the men had asked Mr. Oborne for certain advances in wages which the company, owing to the slackness of business, was unable to grant. The men had not brought their case before him and the matter was considered ended. The next development was the strike. As to the truth of the charge made by the men that members, and, especially leaders, of the unions had been discriminated against in the laying off of men, Mr. Whyte said that he had received orders from Montreal that the expenses of the western division had to be reduced by a certain amount and he had accordingly given order for the laying off of a certain number of men at the various shops in the west. The orders given by him were that the unmarried men and indifferent workmen were to be laid off. Their had been no discrimination against union men, as the officials did not know who were union men and who were not.

Porto Rico Cigars, 5 for 50c. at Brown's Tobacco Store.

Way Back in Kingston.

Well, Sir, there's no use talking, they do have all sorts of funny things in Kingston. The Times says a grocer there got an order from a customer, which read as follows: "Send me a sack of flour, 5 lbs. of cofe and 1 lb. of tee. My wife gave birth to a large baby girl last night, also 5 lbs. starch and a fly trap. It weighed ten pounds and a straw hat.—Belleville Intelligencer.

GREAT DEPARTMENTAL STORE

HOT WEATHER BREVITY

The LAST TWO DAYS OF OUR JULY SALE

Monday and Tuesday mark the close of the biggest Midsummer Sale of Dress Goods, Boots and Shoes, Etc., we ever had. Of course we feel pleased with the results, and this pleasing satisfaction is shared by thousands of buyers who took advantage of our July Sale prices. As a fitting climax we are going to make values of greater interest than ever for the month of August. On Wednesday morning we commence by selling—

Blouse Waists $1.00

The manufacturer said it would be a sin to sell any of these elegant Summer Shirt Waists, for less than one dollar. They are an assorted lot; ranging in price up to Twenty-One Dollars a dozen. Take your pick on Wednesday WHILE THEY LAST AT 1 DOLLAR—not more than two to any one customer.

A Record Season in Summer Fabrics

In doing the business we increase our ability and capacity to do it. Everything good in Wash Fabrics comes to us. Here are the latest.

CHOICE 20c. MUSLINS—15c.

250 Yards 30 inch Princess Baptiste, one of the leading Wash Fabrics of the season—white grounds with figured designs of Red, Light Blue, Navy Blue, Pink, Heliotrope and Purple, excellent wearing and good washing goods. Regular 20c. Wednesday.....15c

Mail orders reaching us any time on Wednesday will be filled at these prices Thursday.

15c SILK FINISHED PRINTS FOR 12½c.

150 Yards Finest Silk Finished American Prints; white grounds, with narrow stripes of Blue Hair Lines, Pin Stripes, positively fast colors, regular 15c. goods for.....12½c

20c BORDERED APRON LAWN 15c

100 Yards 40 inch White Victoria Lawn, with imitation hemstitching, best 20c. quality for.....15c

A Clearing of Millinery

A few dozen Ready-to-Wear and pretty "Outing Hats" left, including some of Satin Jumbo Braids, as well as Pressed and Milan Straws, in Sailor Shapes—also children's pretty trimmed hats in white and other good colors. Regular $1.50 to $2.25. The lot at.....$1.00

25 Sailors of superior quality, or children's, in Rustic or Mixed Straws, that sell at 75c or $1. To clear at.....50c

Children's Straw Sailors, in white and colored. Regular 75c and 50c. Now for.....25c

Save Money on Furnishings

SHIRTS

Men's Black Sateen Shirts, made with collar attached and pocket. All Sizes. Regular price 85c.—for 65c

Men's Black Sateen Shirts, heavy quality; made with collar and pocket. Regular $1.25. Sale price—$1.00

Five dozen Men's Silk and Satin Neckwear in four-in hands, string and bow shapes, light, dark and medium shades, in a well assorted range of patterns, silk lined. Regular price 50c. and 75c. Sale price—25c

Five dozen Men's Summer Weight Underwear in Balbriggan, Blue, Grey and Fawn Shades. Regular sizes—at 50c each.

Carpet Sale To-Day and Wednesday

We have enquiries from all quarters respecting Our Special Sale of Carpets announced for this morning and now in progress. To satisfy everybody we shall have to continue it tomorrow. Here is a summary of Wednesday's values—

$1 00 Tapestry Carpets are Reduced to 75c	55c Union Carpets are Reducee to 40c.
75c Tapestry Carpets are Reduced to 55c.	$6.00 3x3 1-2 Union Art Squares are Reduced to $4.85.
75c Hemp Brussels are Reduced to 60c.	$9.00 3x4 Union Art Squares are Reduced to $7.75
65c Hemp Brussels are Reduced to 45c.	
65c Union Carpets are Reduced to 50c.	

Ladies' Silk Summer Gloves

Ladies' 14-inch Heavy Milanese Silk Taffeta Gloves, in Fawn, Tan and Black—a stylish and good wearing glove. Our regular 50c for.....35c

Hosiery at Half Price

Ladies' finest quality of Plain Black Cotton Hose, Hermsdorf Dye, high spliced heels, full fashioned, all sizes. Regular price 35c per pair—at.....25c

Pearl Hats and Straw Sailors

Men's Plain White Canton Braid Straw Boaters, with straight crown and flat brim, plain black or navy blue silk bands and good leather sweats. Regular price $1.25 and $1.00. Sale price.....50c

Children's Plain White or Fancy Mixed Straw Sailors. Regular price 50c. To sell at.....25c

Ladies' capes

Six Ladies' Chiffon Capes. These capes up till now have been selling for $5.50. Special.....$4.25

Odd Sample Curtains at 75c

Twenty Five Odd Sample Curtains. This lot comprises a splendid range of Fine Nottingham Lace Curtains, 51 inches wide and 3 yards long. This is the best lot of Sample Curtains we have ever put on sale. Regular value $1.00 to $1.50 each—on sale at.....75c

$1.25 White Quilts for $1

White Crochet Quilts, soft finish, double bed size. Regular $1.25 each. On sale at.....$1.00

12½ Fruit of the Loom Cotton for 10c

36 inch Bleached Cotton. Our regular price 12½c. On Sale at.....10c

Special on Wednesday Full Bleached Cotton Huckaback Towels with colored borders. Our regular price 40c per pair. Special for.....20c per pair

Busy Wednesday! That is why we have planned such an extra day for Saturday. Extra offers and price inducements, bargain hints and suggestions of economy that should make the day's shopping most pleasant and helpful. By considering well this list of special items you'll be able to plan your purchasing to far better advantage financially than you expected. Will be ready for you at eight o'clock with all these Wednesday specials and many other good things we have not space to mention.

BOURNE BROS.

General Merchants Revelstoke, B. C

THE CITY COUNCIL

Bruce Lawson Reports on the Affairs of the Revelstoke W. P. & L. Co.

The City Council met as usual on Friday evening. Present the mayor, Ald. Kilpatrick, Gordon, Newman.

COMMUNICATIONS

Were read from Chief of Police Bain, suggesting that a curfew law should be passed preventing children being on the street at night, referred to Bylaw committee; Assist. Sec. of Interior with reference to the Farwell townsite, on which the city clerk was requested to write asking the department to issue patents to all parties whose claims had been adjusted in order that taxes might be collected from them forthwith; Bank of Hamilton, offering to buy the issue of debentures for improvements this year at par, which offer was accepted.

REPORTS

The committee on licenses reported in favor of granting a sole license to Frank Saunders as scavenger on condition of his complying with the regulations of Bylaw No. 1. The report was referred back to committee to report on condition of wagon boxes in use by scavenger.

Bruce Lawson read his report on the affairs on the Revelstoke Water, Power & Light Co. as follows:

REPORT ON AFFAIRS OF R.W. L. & P. CO.

1. Amount of capital actually paid in for stock, $25,750.

2. Interest at 15 per cent. on amount of actual paid-up capital: $15,257.81.

3. Amount borrowed by company, $29.000, all of which was largely used in construction.

4. Amount of scrip issued as stock dividends, $13,030.41.

5. Amount of earnings spent on capital account, $13,030.41.

6. Cost of repairs and yearly maintenance: 1897-98, $199; 1898-99, $6,550.-05; 1899-1900, $6,012.62. Total $12,752.-67.

7. Annual gross revenue:
Dec. '99—May 31, '97—$529.07.
May 31, '97—May 31, '98—$3,719.40.
May 31, '98—May 31, '99—$7,558.76.
May 31, '99—May 31, 1900—$13,915.85.
Total: $25,753.08.

8. Amount of cash dividends paid: $510 on Sept. 1st, 1897.

9. Amount of supplies on hand not charged to construction or repair account.

$2,000 as per inventory taken by Col. Tracy.

10. Book accounts and liabilities at May 31, 1900.

Liabilities, exclusive of bank loan, $4,343.83.

Amounts due company, $4,304.60.

11. Cost of construction of entire water system, exclusive of repairs and maintenance, $17,015.30.

12. Actual cost of construction of entire light system exclusive of repairs and maintenance: $38,499.63.

The report was referred to the whole council to meet at their convenience.

A bylaw was put through to borrow $1,000 from the Molsons Bank to meet current expenditure.

Dr. McKechnie was appointed health officer in the absence of Dr. Cross for the city.

The chairman of Public Works committee was instructed to make an estimate of the amount of lumber required for sidewalks and the clerk to advertise for tenders for delivery of same.

The council then adjourned.

Billiard Room in Connection with Brown's Tobacco Store.

A Cricket Novelty.

A very interesting game of cricket was played on the Gun Club Ground last Saturday; owing to a very few fellows turning up, two Captains had to be chosen for the same team, the first innings scoring for one captain, the second innings for the other. The scoring was as follows:

J. E. TAYLOR'S SIDE.

Taylor 9, b. Simmons.
Simmons 0, b. Maly.
Maly 0, b. Simmons.
Robson 5, c. Maly, b. Simmons.
Field, 5, c. Taylor, b. Maly.
Morris 6, b. Simmons.
Winsor 0, b. Simmons.
Fraser 2, b. Maly.
Smyth 2, b. Simmons.
Varnes 2, b. Maly.
Edwards 4, not out.
Extras 10, total 45.

W. H. SIMMONS SIDE.

Simmons 15, c. Field, b. Taylor.
Morris 2, c. Field, b. Taylor.
Taylor 18, not out.
Maly 13, b. Simmons.
Robson 1, b. Simmons.
Field 1, b. Simmons.
Winsor 7, b. Maly.
Fraser 3, b. Simmons, c. Field.
Smythe 3, b. Maly.
Varnes 13, not out.
Edwards 1, c. Simmons, b. Taylor.
Extras 8, total 85.

Consolation

Perry Leake came in from the Consolation, on French Creek on Saturday. He has five men working on the claim drifting and reports having taken out some gold.

El Presidente Cigar at Brown's.

FOUGHT SUNDAY MORNING.

Sixteen Thousand Allies Engage the Chinese at Pietsang, a few Miles North of Tien Tsin.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 6—The following cablegrams has been received at the navy department: "Che Foo, Aug. 6—British unofficial reports tell of an engagement at Pietsang on Sunday morning, from 3 to 10:30. The allied loss in killed and wounded was 1,200, chiefly Russians and Japanese. Chinese are retreating.

"Chee Foo, Aug. 6—The unofficial report is believed to be reliable. About 16,000 allies heavily engaged the Chinese at Pietsang at daybreak of the 5th.

LONDON, August 6—A special despatch from Pretoria, dated August 3rd, says: General Lord Kitchener has narrowed the circle around Dewet and Steyn by driving out the enemy from one of the flank positions which he held.

THE STANDARD GROUP

A Mining Manager's Report On This Great Gold-Copper Property—Prepared for Something Good, But the Reality Beyond All Expectations.

I. T. Brewster, manager of the Carnes Creek, Consolidated, came in on Sunday from a trip to the Rosebery. He accompanied C. J. Runnens to the Standard group, making his first visit to that property. Mr. Brewster told the HERALD that while quite prepared to find something pretty good on the Standard, the reality far exceeded his expectations. The surface indications and the shewings of the Standard mine under development appear to him to point out the Standard basin as something ahead of anything in the way of a gold-copper camp in the province. He considers that if the Standard mine with its present shewings was near Rossland there would have been a deal on for it before now taking rank with the Centre Star deal in magnitude and he thinks the stock of the Prince Mining Co., which owns the Standard is a good buy just at present. The lower tunnel is now through the talc and into the diorite, and small bunches of ore are shewing on the face, pointing to the fact that the first lead is not very far off, in fact another 10 feet ought to cut it. It will take quite a bit more work, however, before the lower tunnel is under the main ledge on the surface, which is however dipping towards it. Mr. Brewster also reports a very nice shewing of copper on H. Morris' claim near the Standard.

CUT-WORMS.

Some Valuable Advice Given by Mr. F. W. Foster.

Since all opinions and experiences regarding the extirpation of cut-worms are of interest at the present juncture, the following letter from Mr. F. W. Foster, a gentlemen whose opinion is well worth considering, is published, with the advice to try the simple and inexpensive remedy he recommends and which has the additional merit of being non-poisonous:

Clinton, B. C., July 30, 1900.

J. R. Anderson, Esq., Deputy Minister of Agriculture, Victoria:

Dear Sir—I have your favor re destruction of cut-worms, and for your own information and that of the public I may say that many years ago I tried the fine dry ashes of wood, sprinkling the same around where these cut-worms infested fields and gardens, and found it a dead shot every time. I do not know how it acts if it gets wet, but directly a worm touches it on the surface he wriggles and dies. It is easily tried by your getting a few of them and let them touch the white ashes. As poultry and other farm and house creatures roam around where arsenical sweetened bran is put, it is well to avoid it if possible, and paris green is arsenic in one of its strongest forms.

Yours very truly,
F. W. FOSTER.

What Is Turnerism?

What Turnerism was or is no one has yet explained, not even those who were down on Turnerism. As far as the man Mr. Turner is concerned, the events of the past two years have proved that he thoroughly understood the needs of the Province and how to encourage prosperity. He carefully guarded the credit of the Province, and honestly, with the help of others, governed it, and no greater guarantee of the proper handling of the finances of this young Province can be given to the world, than by making Mr. Turner Minister of Finance.—Rossland Record.

Cannot Be Delayed.

The general elections cannot be much longer delayed. The final selection of candidates in the various constituencies will soon be imperative. A number of nominations have already been made. Sitting members will be renominated, as a matter of course in not a few cases. But many constituencies remain in which the question of nominees is still undecided.—Halifax Chronicle (Fielding's organ) July 23.

Revelstoke Herald

Published in the interests of Revelstoke, Lardeau, Big Bend, Trout Lake, Illicillewaet, Albert Canyon, Jordan Pass and Eagle Pass Districts.

A. JOHNSON.....PROPRIETOR

A Semi-Weekly Journal, published in the interests of Revelstoke and the surrounding districts, Tuesdays and Fridays, making closest connections with all trains.

Advertising Rates: Display ads., $1.50 per inch, single column, $2.00 per inch when inserted on title page. Legal ads., 10 cents per inch (nonpariel) line for first insertion; 5 cents for each additional insertion. Reading notices, 10 cents per line each issue. Birth, Marriage and Death notices, free.

Subscription Rates: By mail or carrier, $2.00 per annum; $1.25 for six months, strictly in advance.

Our Job Depariment. THE HERALD Job Department is one of the best equipped printing offices in West Kootenay, and is prepared to execute all kinds of printing in first-class style at honest prices. One price to all. No job too large—none too small—for us. Mail orders promptly attended to. Give us a trial on your next order.

To Correspondents: We invite correspondence on any subject of interest to the general public, and desire a reliable correspondent in every locality surrounding Revelstoke. In all cases the bona fide name of the writer must accompany manuscript, but not necessarily for publication.

Address all communications
REVELSTOKE HERALD.

Notice to Correspondents.

1. All correspondence must be legibly written on one side of the paper only.
2. Correspondence containing personal matter must be signed with the proper name of the writer.
3. Correspondence with reference to anything that has appeared in another paper must first be offered for publication to that paper before it can appear in THE HERALD.

THE FAST ATLANTIC SERVICE

Our readers will not yet have forgotten that in the campaign of 1896, one of the most urgent needs of the country, according to the Liberal press and platform speakers, was a fast Atlantic service. The Tories were derided because they had failed to carry out a project which was said to be simplicity itself. If the Liberals were only once placed in power, this crying need should be supplied without a moment's delay.

The Liberals got into power in due course owing partly to dissentions and antipathies among their opponents, and owing also to their solemn pledges. Duties should be removed at once; barbed wire, binder twine and coal oil should be made free and the fast Atlantic service an assured fact.

Our Western farmers know already the result of the barbed wire, binder twine and coal oil pledges, and they will be interested to know that Hon. R. R. Dobell sails for England next week, that is in the month of August in the year of grace 1900, more than four years after the accession of the Liberals to power to look into this question which has taken up all his spare time from June, 1896, which has involved many journeys to England, which has involved so many untruthful newspaper reports as to the closing of the deal, which has immortalized Dobell's "Bottle nosed" mythical vessels, and which has made the Dominion government ridiculous in the eyes of the world.

Mr. Dobell's approaching trip is said by his friends to be due to the fact that reports from Paris state that the lack of fast transport hinders the development of trade in the finished and semi-finished wood products of Canada.

Now, Mr. Dobell is personally interested in the development of trade, as he is said to be largely engaged in the shipping business himself, so that there is still hope that his looking into the matter once more may produce something and if he will only get his brain to work he will undoubtedly assist the semi-finished wood product of the country.

CONCERNING THE SURPLUS

Almost at the last hour of the session the minister of customs held up the proceedings while he volunteered a sort of budget speech of his own. There was nothing especially new in it, but it started the government press boasting of an eight million dollar surplus for the year that ended on the 30th of June. It may be worth while to enquire for a little into this surplus. The books for the year will not be closed for a month yet, so the exact amount of surplus on current account is not known. Mr. Fielding has estimated it at seven and a half millions. If this figure is reached the surplus will be the largest in the history of the country, though in 1882 it passed seven millions and in 1882 it exceeded six millions. Mr. Foster had handsome surpluses in 1890 and 1891, and would have had still larger balances in 1892 and 1893 if he had not abolished duties equal to the previous surpluses.

These surpluses refer only to what is called current account or consolidated fund. There is no real surplus of receipts over expenditure. The outlay on capital account is usually more than the surplus, so that while the government claims a surplus it is really borrowing money to pay for the services of the year. This has happened very year since the change of government, so that while Mr. Fielding claims surpluses of fourteen millions in four years, the accounts for the fiscal year just closed will show that the debt has increased more than seven millions since Mr. Fielding took office. It is also claimed on behalf of the ministers that during the last 12 months there has been no increase in the debt. Whether this is so remains to be seen. If it is the finance minister cannot boast over his predecessor, for the late government has reduced the debt as much as $1,700,000 in one year.

Under the Canadian system surpluses may be made by high customs and excise taxes, by large imports without increased duties, by advance in the prices of dutiable articles, or by reduced expenditure. An alleged surplus may also be created by failing to charge all the expenditure into the account. All these sources, except one, have contributed to Mr. Fielding's surplus. He has not reduced the expenditure. The current expenditure in 1896 was less than $37,000,000. In the year just closed it was considerably over $43,000,000. The capital expenditure in 1896 was less than four millions. According to Mr. Fielding's estimate the capital expenditure for the year just ended will more than double that sum. We must therefore look elsewhere for the reason of the surplus.

The chief source is the increased imports and this increase is more marked in price than in quatity. The advance in price in the last fiscal year over the year before was in some articles, notably heavy iron goods, fully one hundred per cent. It will be seen that, applying the same percentage of duty, the government would get twice as much revenue out of the same quantity of goods as would have been received in the period of low prices. Even if the advance in price was 20 per cent all round the gain in customs revenue alone would be five millions. The consumer of course pays it all—both the increased price and the extra duty caused by the increased price. Undoubtedly also there has been some increase in the quantity of dutiable imports and this has put money into the Dominion treasury. Again, while the government claims to have reduced the duty on goods imported from Great Britain the reduction has so far been smaller than would appear at the first glance, for while a quarter of the general duty was previously increased on the particular goods most largely imported from the mother country. Lastly, a large addition was made to the revenues by the increase in excise duties, which are one-fifth higher than they were in 1896. Tobacco alone gives the government a million dollars more than would have been paid under the scale of duties which prevailed in 1896. Every smoker who pays 15 or 20 cents per pound extra for his tobacco knows something of Mr. Fielding's additional revenue.

It remains to deal with the surplus by false accounts. The finance minister's surplus will be made up in some such way as this:

Revenue.....	$51,500,000
Current expenditure.....	43,500,000
Surplus.....	$ 8,000,000

But there will be another bill of not less than eight millions and probably nine millions to be paid on capital account. This is supposed to be money expended on permanent investments such as railways and canals, supposed to be represented by assets. We shall find, however, on enquiry that one and a half millions of this capital expenditure is the outlay for the South African war. Some ministers have been explaining that the taxes are high because of this outlay, while as a matter of fact not a dollar of the expenditure has been charged to current account. Even the cost of maintaining the garrison at Halifax appears as a capital charge, though it is hard to see why it should be so regarded.

The cost of suppressing the Canadian North West rebellion in 1885 was over five millions, of which less than a third of a million was charged to capital, and $4,900,000 was paid out of the ordinary current account. This was sound financing, but it was not so good a way to produce a surplus as Mr. Fielding's method. The ministers now in office are actually making their balance larger by the war in South Africa, for while they charge the whole outlay to capital, the militia department is relieved of the charge of maintaining that part of the permanent force and mounted police that is now abroad.

Again, the Intercolonial railway offers a great field for financing a surplus. In the year just ended some two millions of the Intercolonial expenditure was charged to capital. It was shown by Mr. Powell that a large part of this outlay went to buy freight cars purchased to replace old ones worn out and thrown aside. Another large part was for strengthening steel bridges. Still more was used for the purchase of rails to replace lighter ones taken up. These expenditures under the late government were charged as working expenses of the railway. They then increased the deficit or reduced the surplus in the railway statement and in the public accounts generally. Under Mr. Blair and Mr. Fielding they do not appear in the running expenses. The result is that Mr. Blair works out a surplus on the railways, and Mr. Fielding adds to his general surplus. So far has Mr. Blair carried this process that in the estimates of last session a small item for fitting up the top storey of the railway offices at Moncton was charged to capital, though the late government had erected and fitted up the whole building without charging a dollar of it to construction. The whole cost, nearly $100,000 was charged to the working expenses of the road, while Mr. Blair could not expend a few hundred on furniture without increasing the public debt account.

These illustrations may be taken as examples of modern methods in making surpluses. By following out the receipt any party in any condition of financial misfortune can figure out a surplus of greater or less amount, and in good times may make a great showing.

WARNING VOICES FROM THE WEST

Warning voices are heard in the West that bode ill for the government, says the Montreal Star.

The Grenfell Sun, a Liberal newspaper, whose editor is an officer of the local Liberal Association, frankly confesses that "in view of the economy plank in the Ottawa Liberal platform, the Dominion estimates for next year nearly take away our breath," and intimates that this extravagant expenditure "utterly flabbergasts the old fashioned Liberals."

The conduct of the government seems to have also "flabbergasted" the McGregor Herald, another staunch Liberal organ, which demands a convention of Manitoba Liberals. The Herald wants to know from its fellow partymen—and it puts the question boldly: "Are we to go to the polls with nothing but the record of the government?" And the editor frankly answers his own question in the following significant words: "An election cry of 'Laurier and the great Liberal party,' with nothing to back it, is useless. To go before the electors with that alone is to court defeat."

This is pretty plain language for a friendly party organ to indulge in. It signifies that the people cannot again be humbugged by the specious cries that once befooled them; and that the record of the government is so outrageously bad that, without something to counteract the impression it leaves on the public mind, disaster is inevitable. But there is very little time left in which to make a new record, and the calling of another party convention would not set matters right.

HOW TO BE HAPPY THOUGH ON A VACATION

When we speak of the army of the discontented we generally refer to the visionaries who want to turn the earth upside down and establish a new order on the ruins of the old civilization. But there is another army larger, richer and more interesting than any band of radical reformers, an army composed of the legions of the summer excursionists, summer travelers and the frequenters of summer resorts. It sends out a few scouts and companies just as soon as spring begins to put a touch of laziness in the atmosphere, and then day by day, week by week, its size grows until in Aug. it reaches its climax. A half century ago its parade grounds and battlefields on this continent scarcely exceeded a hundred. Today they are nearer one hundred thousand, and the section or district with a hill or a vale, or a clump of trees that does not have either "delightful summer board" or scenery that entitles it to be called the Switzerland of America is simply lagging behind the times and missing precious opportunities. Perhaps the Emperor Augustus, when he stole a day from February and added it to August and named the month in his own honor, foresaw the part it was to play thousands of years later.

One of the most contented men in history was our old friend Diogenes. "A tub was large enough for Diogenes, but a world was too little for Alexander." On one historic day Alexander called on Diogenes and asked him what he could do for him. "Only stand a little out of my sunshine," was the reply. The summer boarder has comfort and luxuries beyond anything which either Diogenes or Alexander ever knew, but he is as discontented as both of them put together. He gets tired of the table and wants other things. The weather does not suit him, his room is not exactly what he wants and thus it goes. The man in the old story who complained that he had no shoes for his feet became contented when he saw a man without any feet, but the summer traveler with all the conveniences of modern life at his beck and call does not seem to be able to learn the lessons of patience and appreciation. Perhaps it is because the more we have the more we expect, and it is hard for us to learn the wisdom of the Spanish proverb: "Since we cannot get what we like, let us like what we can get."

But there is a remedy for much of this dissatisfaction. If the summer traveler would strive to get more information from excursions and outings he would drill himself into a happier frame of mind. Toward the close of his life, Sir Isaac Newton said: "I do not know what I may appear in the world, but to myself I seem to have been only like a boy playing on the seashore diverting myself in now and then finding a smoother peble or a prettier shell than ordinary, whilst the great ocean of truth lay all undiscovered before me." There are more smooth pebles and pretty shells to be found, and the great ocean of truth still has its mysteries. Mere physical comforts will never bring happiness or contentment, but in interest in things and sympathy with people, and the desire to learn and to know more about life, and to find a wider appreciation of all that is true and beautiful, the summer traveler may find happiness and contentment whether he be camping in the wilderness or occupying the front second story suite at the highest priced hotel.

AN EXTENSIVE TRAVELLER

Rev. James Graham Paterson is visiting Alberta. He is an extensive missionary traveller. Twenty years ago he preached in Battleford and Winnipeg, and went from the North Saskatchewan to Florida. He held meetings in Cuba in the early 80's till the Spanish power interdicted him, also in Mexico. He has twice visited Australasia and travelled extensively even in the interior of these colonies. He knows India well and its great northwest. He has scattered copies of the scriptures amongst the people that live around the famous ancient cities of Babylon and Nineveh. He has traversed from the Black sea to the White and held services among the sailors in Archangel. Cape Colony, Johannesburg, Pretoria, Port Elizabeth, Durban and Kimberley have in large audiences heard his voice. On this tour he landed at Buenos Aires crossing the Argentine plains to Mendoza then over the Andes up the coast till he went over the rails some 14,000 feet above the level of the sea. Since he has gone up the coast to Mazatlan and up the Gulf of California to Guaymas taking the rail there for Los Angeles and 'Frisco on to Portland and Seattle. Then steamer to Vancouver and Victoria where he preached. Since he has visited Revelstoke and Nelson, latterly Edmonton and now Calgary. Sunday he delivered an impressive address and gave an interesting account of his world wide travels in the Calagry Presbyterian church. Having seen our district Mr. Paterson goes away inspired deeply with its great future. The reverend gentleman is east bound and leaves for Winnipeg where he was 20 years ago.

St. Paul, July 27.—A terribly destructive hailstorm swept across the Red river valley in Northern Dakota this afternoon. It was five miles wide. The commencement was at Cummings, Trail county, where crops were wiped out clean, window glass broken and buildings damaged. Portland and Mayville suffered as severely as Cummings.

"HE SAID D——N."

Edmonton Post: Our dear old friend the Plaindealer, always staid and proper in its deportment, in a recent issue took exception to the profanity which the dramatic critic of that paper detected in the dialogue of "My Friend From India," recently performed in that town by amateurs from Edmonton. The usually placid soul of the Plaindealer was stirred by what it heard and in many vigorous sentences it puts on record its uncompromising and unalterable attitude towards anything approaching levity in speech or act. We have examined the text of "My Friend From India" and, although its literary merit is not of the first order, yet we do not find in it the irreverence the Plaindealer would imply. There is a d——n or two interspersed throughout the acts, but these are so artlessly introduced that they would not, in the language of the side-show "barker," offend the most fastidious or bring the blush to the cheek of modesty. We must confess that, unlike Democritus, the Greek, whose pleasure it was to frequent the quays of seaports to listen to and laugh at the length of the oaths of sailormen, we see nothing amusing in profanity, and believe that the Cowperian aphorism "To swear is neither brave, polite nor wise" enfolds a principle of manly rectitude; yet many have ceased to look upon damn as reprehensible profanity, but rather as a harmless ejaculation of such common usage that it has benome a part of the vernacular. Speaking on this subject, that eminent virtuoso, negro minstrel and stump orator, Mr. Bill Rice, used to say: "Bruddern, I takes mah text where it says: 'An dey shall flee into de mountains of Hepsidam, where de lion roareth and de whangdoodle mourneth for his first born.' Now, brudders, dar is seberal kinds of dam. Dar is Amsterdam, Rotterdam, wouldn't give a dam, and just plain dam." In the same way we would draw the Plaindealer's attention to the fact that there are several kinds of dam. Savants who have looked into the origin and derivation of certain expressions tell us that there is a very small piece of currency in use in India called a "dam," and that when one says in that part of the world "I wouldn't give a dam" for anything he does not indulge in denunciatory profanity, but merely expresses an estimate of value. This explanation clears away the meaningless character of the expression used in the play "I'll be damned if I do." In the abstract this seems a most reprehensible use of expressive English, but in the concrete, when considered in its negative quality, the usage is sound and defensible. Asked to do an act which suggests something dishonorable and, therfore, is repugnant to an upright mind, one of the players says "I'll be damned if I do." Proceeding by deduction the thesis yields to this analysis: The suggestion to do a certain thing appeals to the actor's mentality as a request to him to engage in a wrongful act. Wrong, inasmuch as it inflicts injury upon another, is sin; sin is death, and death in sin is damnation; ergo, when the actor recoils from the suggestion with "I'll be damned if I do," he but expresses in a picturesque way a finality, the ways of wrong on his part. Do you follow us, Mr. Plaindealer? The actor by speaking the line flippantly and without due regard to its gravity may have wished to interject more sprightliness into it than it possesses. If this be so, he is in the wrong and is deserving of the censure of the Plaindealer. But what surpises us is that while agitated over the discovery that one of the company said "d——n" the Plaindealer overlooked altogether the osculatory conclusions to which the young lady and gentleman actors finally came. We believe that the prudential regulations that govern our first families preclude as bad form attentions so tender between amateurs. But probably realism demanded that the conventionalities be suspended for this occasion only. 'Tis well that the Plaindealer looked not upon this phase of a vexed question.

MILITIA CALLED OUT

Magog, Quebec, August 1.—Great excitement prevails today over the first arrival of two companies of the Fifty-third battalion from Sherbrooke, under command of Colonel Worthington. There has been great excitement since yesterday afternoon and considerable drinking among the striking employees of the Dominion Cotton mills and it was feared that the company's property was in danger. Up to the present, however, no serious attempts at damaging property have been made. The company is arranging with sufficient men to start up the print works in connection with the mill and it is feared that riots will occur when the mill starts. The soldiers will be kept here until things quiet down.

DUKE OF EDINBURG DEAD

Coburg, August 1.—Prince Albert Duke of Saxe Cobourg, died at 10 o'clock Monday evening at Rosenau Castle from paralysis of the heart. Recently at a consultation of specialists in Vienna it was discovered that there was a cancerous growth at the root of the tongue. By his sudden death he escaped a painful lingering death. During the minority of his heir the Duke of Albany, the government of the Duchy will be conducted by the hereditary Prince of Hohenlohe Langenberg, the guardian of the young duke.

NEWS SUMMARY

Winnipeg, August 1:

Dynamite was again used to damage St. Louis street cars and property.

The Dominion revenue for July increased $461,098 over the same month last year.

A petition is in circulation asking for the pardon of James Baxter of the defunct Ville Marie bank.

An Indian up the Gatineau river murdered his family and other relatives. He is still at large.

Troops have arrived at Magog, Quebec, to preserve order amongst the Cotton company's employees.

The Duke of Edinburg, second son of Queen Victoria, died at Cobourg of paralysis of the heart.

The Prince of Wales has replied to a congratulatory letter addressed to him by the Manitoba Masons.

Owing to the death of the Duke of Edinburg the reception to Lord and Lady Minto was cancelled at Victoria.

The assassination of King Humbert was due to a plot. The new King, Victor Emmanuel III. has arrived in Italy.

It appears that the surrender of Free Staters under Prensiao and Villiers to General Hunter was somewhat less than 1,000 burghers. The others are still in the hills refusing to come in. Private Ball, who enlisted at Edmonton, a member of the Mounted Rifles, has died of fever.

A message was received from the United States legation at Pekin, dated July 23, showing the anxiety manifested waiting for the relief army. Sixty Europeans were killed since June 20th, and the legations were attacked constantly day and night. The advance on Pekin has started. The Chinese are entrenched at Wang Teum. The Shaon mission at Fort Chow was destroyed and the Christians plundered. The Chinese again bombarded the capital of Amur.

Winnipeg, August 2:

Lethbridge, N. W. T., had a narrow escape from destruction by fire.

Roger Walcotte has been appointed United States ambasador to Italy.

Encouraging crop news from western points have been received by the C. P. R. authorities.

The Ontario government will give a grant of land to each of the Fenian raid veterans.

The first division of the new British Columbia legislature resulted in a majority for the government of 11.

The King and Queen of Italy have reached Manza going via Rome. Many accomplices of the assassin, Braci, have been arrested.

The funeral of the late Duke of Edinburgh will be held Saturday. The remains were removed from the castle to the church, where service will be held.

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CALGARY, Alta.

AN ALLEGED SCANDAL

Implicating British M. P.'s as Pro-Boer Plotters.

London, August 2.—The Daily Telegraph on the authority of its Cape Town correspondent asserts today that documents of the highest importance emanating from England have been discovered in Pretoria implicating members of the house of commons and other prominent persons in England who have agitated in favor of the Boers. It says that startling developments may be expected shortly.

The following is from the Country Gentleman, the well known agricultural journal: The fifth edition of The North West Brand Book, (Calgary Herald Co., Calgary, Alberta, N. W. T., publishers, for the North West Territories department of agriculture) contains more brands than any of the previous volumes—a sign doubtless of the prosperity of the range cattle owners of that British territory. It makes, in so far as it is perfect—and the greatest care has been taken to secure accuracy—a complete directory of those range cattle, each brand being followed by the name and address of the owner who uses it. These lists cover 316 pages, then there are ranche cards to page 522, and last a complete index to owners, which carries the volume to nearly 600 pages.

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Has more readers in North Kootenay than any other paper; has more advertisers in Revelstoke than any other paper; does more job printing in the city than any other paper; it's news is more spicy and up-to-date; its influence is greater; its advertising rates are lowest circulation considered; its subscription rate is only $2.00 per annum; it covers the field. Try it and be with the crowd.

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Eight a.m., Holy Eucharist; 11 a.m., matins, litany and sermon (Holy Eucharist, first Sunday in the month); 2:30 Sunday school, or childrens' service; 7:30 evensong (choral) and sermon. Holy Days—The Holy Eucharist is celebrated at 7 a.m. or 8 a.m., as announced. Holy Baptism after Sunday school at 3:15.
E. C. Paget, D.D., Pastor.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Revelstoke Service every Sunday at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. Bible Class at 2:30 p.m., to which all are welcome. Prayer meeting at 8 p.m. every Wednesday.
REV. T. MENZIES, Pastor.

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH—Revelstoke Mass first and third Sundays in month at 10:30 a.m.
REV. FATHER THAYER.

SALVATION ARMY—Meeting every night in their hall on Front Street.

The Revelstoke Herald

(SEMI-WEEKLY)

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PUBLICATION DAYS: Tuesdays and Fridays.

Authentic News From Pekin

BASE DUPLICITY OF THE CHINESE GOVERNMENT EXPOSED.

BOXERS ENCOURAGED IN THEIR BLOODY WORK BY IMPERIAL EDICTS.

MORE BOER PRISONERS CAPTURED BY GEN. HUNTER.

London, July 30.—(4:15 a.m.)—The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Telegraph says: "The general situation is steadily becoming darker and a crisis is said to be fast approaching. It is rumored in Shanghai that 10,000 Chinese troops have been secretly moved into that vicinity and that the commander of the Kingyu forts has been ordered to fire if any further addition is made to the number of foreign ships ascending the river."

Rioting has already occurred at Killkiang the mobs threatening death to foreigners. On the arrival of the second Japanese division the allied forces at Taku and Tien Tsin will number 70,000.

The river floods near Tien Tsin are diminishing. It is reported that the Russian force from Harbin have arrived at a vint 150 miles north of Pekin after severe fighting.

A special despatch from Shanghai dated yesterday says that the English mission station north of Ningpo has been destroyed and 12 missionaries have been murdered. The Canton correspondent of the Daily Telegraph in a despatch dated Saturday says: "The triads have become numerous and threatening in Honan.

"The Taoti and the local mandarins are terror stricken and decline to protect the foreigners. All the missionaries except three have left with their wives and families. The natives of the Nodoa district of the island were so frightened that they all joined the ranks of the Triads. Serious disturbances are expected between August 1st and 15th, during the festival to be held to appease the shades of the dead. The Boxers are charging large sums to the Chinese for passports from Pekin to Tien Tsin.

Lac Yunn Fu, the black flag chief, has refused to march on Pekin unless viceroy Tak Su will furnish him with 20,000 soldiers.

The Shanghai correspondent of the Daily Express telegraphs yesterday, saying, The new imperial edict promulgated this evening urgently ordered all the viceroys and provincial gvernors to endeavor to negotiate peace with the powers whose ministers are held as hostages pending the results of the overtures for the abandonment of hostilities against China. The viceroys are also against attacks and to prevent by all means in their power the advance of the foreign troops, especially the Yang Tse Kiang. The decree says the officials will answer with their lives for any failure to execute these orders. Commands are also given that not a single foreigner shall be allowed to escape from the interior where there are fully 2000 still connected with the missionary work in isolated situations. When the governor of Shang Tung communicated to the consuls the imperial decree of July 24th he omitted important passages addressed to Li Hung Chang: It is inadvisable to kill all the ministers, but it is equally inadvisable to send them to Tien Tsin. It will be wiser to keep the survivors at Pekin as hostages. You are incurring imperial displeasure by delay. You have been apponted viceroy of the Cheli because, with your military experience you will successfully lead the imperial army aganst the foreigners in Cheli, which Lu Lu, the present viceroy is unable to do, owing to his ignorance of military affairs.

London, July 31.—(10:15 a.m.)—The admiralty has made public the following despatch from Rear Admiral Bruce at Tien Tsin: The following message has been received from Pekin: "The British legation at Pekin from June 20th to July 16th was repeatedly attacked by Chinese troops on all sides with both rifle and artillery fire. Since July 16th there has been an armistice but the cordon is strictly drawn on both sides of the position. The Chinese barricades are close to ours. All British, including the children, are in the British legation. Casualtes were, 62 killed and included Captain Stronts. A number of wounded are in the hospital, including Captain Halliday. The rest of the legation are all well except Iliphant and Warren, who were killed on July 12th.

(Signed) "MACDONALD."

London, July 31. — (4:50) — Sir Claude Macdonald's welcome despatch dated Pekin, July, and received in cipher, is accepted on all sides as dispelling any doubts that might have existed regarding the genuineness of the despatches. Owing to an error in transmission the message fails to show the number of wounded. David Iliphant and Warren were two student interpreters. The message fails to mention the other legations and other matters of pressing importance but it should be borne in mind that the British minister may not be aware that all his previous despatches have been suppressed. He may be under the impression that the government is fully posted regarding recent occurrences. Apart from these despatches there is practically no fresh news although the aspect from Tien Tsin assert that the British and American forces are getting ready to advance within 48 hours.

Li Hung Chang remains at Shanghai. He says that the great heat has prevented him continuing his journey to Pekin.

London, July 31.—The brevity of the news from Pekin, leaving so much of importance unexplained, gives plenty of scope for speculation but there is no further talk of memorial services at St. Paul for the massacred diplomatists. There is nothing to show why the attacks on the legations ceased on July 16th, or the state of the supplies, except a Japanese message which mentions the end of the month (today) as the limit of resistance. There is no reason given why the messages have not been allowed to come freely. Probably the Chinese contention will be that the government has not yet been able to gain the upper hand of the imperial troops who rebelled.

The latest news seems to demonstrate that General Yung Lu and the moderates, who were unable to suppress the rioing were at least able to interpose between the ministers and the Tuanites, so as to prevent the threatened destruction of the foreign colony. Should the existence of some such strong nucleus of orderly government be found there it will enormously simplify the problem

Telegrams from Shanghai reiterate that the empress left Pekin a week ago and that she will proclaim Si Ngang Fu the capital when Pekin falls. The Chinese profess confidence that the jealousy of the powers will prevent them reaching the capital and scoff at the idea of a punitive force, and brag of their ability to ultimately recover all leased territory and compel a revision of the treaties to their advantage.

Japanese sources report that the Russians captured the forts of New Chwang on Thursday, July 26th.

According to a Chee Foo despatch Admiral Alexieff has returned to Port Arthur.

London, August 1.—Today's despatches show that the allies, notably the Japanese, are pushing preparations with a feverish haste, organizing a service of pack carts, trains and junks.

It is reported from Berlin that Lieutenant Von Lesel, commanding the German forces in China, whom Emperor William has just promoted to the rank of a general commanding an army corps, has been selected as commander in chief of the allied forces.

To Advance on Pekin

London, July 31.—In the house of commons today the Hon. Wm. St. John Broderick, announced the receipt of a despatch from General Sir Alfred Gazlee, commanding the British forces in China, stating he contemplated an immediate advance on Pekin and hoped to have the cooperation of the allied forces.

Chinese Trickery

Washington, July 31.—The state department officially admitted today that the Chinese had offered a safe escort of the ministers to Tien Tsin if the government will agree not to advance upon Pekin. Similar propositions will be made to all the powers. The United Stated declined.

Further announcement was made today that the policy of the government, looking to an immediate advance upon Pekin, is still adhered to. The threat of killing the ministers or holding them as hostages will not deter the United States. This conclusion was again reiterated to Minister Wu this morning.

The diplomatic aspect of the Chinese trouble is today said to be graver than ever. China is simply playing with the powers.

Legations Safe, July 21

London, August 1.—Important additional confirmation of the safety of the legations was received in London last evening by Duncan Campbell, representative in Europe of the Chinese customs service, from the commissioner of customs at Cheefoo, in the shape of a Pekin despatch, not dated, but believed to have been written on July 21st, and signed by Hart and Robert Bredon, deputy inspector general, to the following effect: "Staff and family still safe." This is confirmed by the commissioner of customs at Shanghai, who telegraphed last evening: "Authentic; inspector general safe on 22nd."

A despatch received here says: "The Chinese government is detaining 600 European hostages, including the ministers and their families and members of the letgatioss." It is believed here that when war s officially declared these will be ordered to leave Pekin within 24 hours. They will then be at the mercy of the Boxers.

Canton Is Restive

Hong Kong, August 1.—The acting viceroy of Canton, it is reported, is becoming more active and adopting a more vigorous policy. It is announced that he has authorized the execution of 40 pirates. Tomorrow he will pay a visit to the foreign warships and consuls. He says Li Hung Chang is not returning to Canton where quiet prevails. The British naval and military officials have taken careful observations of the Canton and Bogue defences. The Bogue forts are crowded with troops and the parapets are lined upon the approach of steamers.

London, August 2.—At last Dr. George Ernest Morrison, the famous Pekin correspondent of the Times, has been heard from direct. The Times this morning prints the following despatch from him, dated July 21: "There has been a cessation of hostilities here, Pekin, since July 18, but for fear of treachery there has been no relaxation of vigilance. The Chinese soldiers continue to strengthen the barricade around the besieged area, and also the batteries on top of the Imperial city wall, but in the meantime they have discontinued firing, probably because they are short of ammunition. The main bodies of the Imperial soldiers have left Pekin in order to meet the relief forces. Supplies are beginning to come in and the condition of the besieged is improving. Our hospital arrangements are admirable and 150 cases have passed through the hospitals."

The Tsung Li Yamen has forwarded to Sir Claude Macdonald a copy of the despatch telegraphed by the Emperor to Queen Victoria attributing all deeds of violence to bandits and requesting Her Majesty's assistance to extricate the Chinese government from its difficulties. The nature of the Queen's reply is not stated, but the Chinese minister in Washington telegraphs that the United States government would gladly assist the Chinese authorities.

"This despatch to the Queen was sent to the Tsung Li Yamen by the grand council of July 3rd, the day before an Imperial edict had been issued calling on the Boxers to continue to render loyal and patriotic services in exterminating the Christians and compel them to renounce their faith. Other decrees applauding the Boxers speak approvingly of their burning out and slaying converts. Their leaders are stated in a decree to be princes and ministers.

On July 18 another decree made a complete volte face due to the victory of the foreign troops at Tien Tsin. In this decree, for the first time, and one month after the occurrence, an allusion was made to the death of Baron Von Kettler, the German minister, which was attributed to the action of local brigands, although there is no doubt it was premeditated and that the assassination was committed by an Imperial officer, as a survivor, Herr Coreds, can testify.

"The force besieging the legations consists of the Imperial troops under Generals Lung Lu and Lien Tung Fuh Siang, whose gallantry is applauded in Imperial decrees, although it has consisted in bombarding for one month defenceless women and children cooped up in the legation compound, by the use of shell, shrapnel, round shot and expanding bullets. They posted proclamations assuring us of protection and the same night they made a general attack in the hope of surprising us. There is still no news of Pei Taug cathedral.

"The wounded number 138, including an American surgeon, Dr. Lippitt, who is severely wounded, and Captain Myers, who is doing well. Several Americans have been killed. All the ministers and members of the legations and their families are in good health. The general health of the community is excellent and we are continually awaiting relief."

"After enumerating the casualties already reported and giving the total of deaths, including 56 Americans, Mr. Morrison proceeds as follows:

"The Chinese undermined the French legation, which is now a ruin, but the French minister, M. Plechon, was not present, having fled for protection to the British legation on the first day of the siege. The greatest peril suffered during the siege was from a determination to destroy the adjoining Han Lin Tsen national college, one of the most sacred buildings in China, sacrificing the unique library. The Chinese throughout acted with characteristic treachery."

Commenting on Mr. Morrison's despatch the Times says: "It is now beyond doubt that the frequent assertions of the different Chinese representatives that for a month past the legations have been enjoying the protection of the throne, are one and all unqualified falsehoods. The cumulative evidence is overwhelming that the whole affair has been throughout in the control and direction of the Chinese government. It now rests with the powers to make the Chinese government understand that it will be held fully responsible for whatever happens in Pekin."

THE SOUTH AFRICAN WAR

Capetown, July 30.—General Prinsloo with 5000 men has surrendered unconditionally to the British.

London, July 30.—A later despatch from Lord Roberts, dated July 29, confirms the surrender of General Prinsloo with 5000 Boers.

Bloemfontein, July 30.—General Hunter had received a written, unconditional surrender of all the Boers in Canyon Valley, attended to accept the surrender. General Prinsloo, lately elected to the chief command, arrived and tried to repudiate the unconditional surrender. General Hunter however refused any concession except to allow the Boers to keep one riding horse. About 11 o'clock the troops were drawn up in two long lines on the hills and over the valley and the Boers rode between them throwing down their rifles together with a motley collection of clothing, blankets and gear such as was found in General Cronje's laager.

The Ficksburg commando was the first to lay down their arms consisting of about 550 men.

Then came the Ladybrand commando with about 450, 15 horses, two guns and 50 wagons were driven up.

General Prinsloo and Commandant Crowther were received by General Hunter in his tent, where they were well treated and accorded every courtesy.

Many of the Boers have gone to Naawpoort and will surrender to General Macdonald. Others are still arriving here. The Harrismith and Frere commandoes are yet at large as well as some Boers who got out of the valley at night, but the prisoners say that those outside will surrender and that this will practically end the Free State army. The Boers say they would not have surrendered had they not been surrounded. The prisoners have been placed in a laager under guard and will be kept there until all arrive.

The Morning Leader asserts that Lord Kitchener has been despatched from Pretoria to Krugersdorp to organize a column to relieve General Baden-Powel, now besieged by General Delarey at Rustenburg, in Western Transvaal.

Ottawa, July 30.—It is stated here tonight that Commissioner Herchmer is to be retired from the commissionership of the North West Mounted Police. Although no official confirmation of the report can be obtained, it is understood that there is a movement in that direction if it has not already taken place. Sir Richard Cartwright came in from Kingston today when the matter was said to be up at the meeting of the treasury board. Commissioner Herchmer is now in the city. If Commissioner Herchmer is retired then Superintendent Perry will likely take his place as commissioner of the North West Mounted Police.

FURTHER DETAILS

Of the Surrender of General Prinsloo's Boers.

London, August 1.—Lord Roberts telegraphs the war office as follows: "General Hunter reports that Prinsloo, Villiers and Crowther, each 986 men and horses and rifles surrendered yesterday. The rest of the men, who are in the hills, hesitate about surrendering. They claim they are independent of Prinsloo. General Hunter was ordered to resume hostilities immediately and to hold Prinsloo personally responsible to see that every rifle is given up. General French has occupied Pan Station. The number in the various commandoes to the north is rapidly dwindling. The total number in Botha's under-commandoes is not believed to be more than 600. These are scattered about at several points. The Boers still have one long tom fit for service, the other one is damaged. Delarey with one thousand men now occupies a difficult position on the Crocodile river. General Grobler with 500 men is north of Bush Veld. The residents of Middleburg received the British troops with expressions of satisfaction. They expressed the hope that the war would soon be over. Burghers in that vicinity are turning in their arms."

BOERS STILL SURRENDERING

Twelve Hundred More Hand in Their Arms.

London, August 2.—Lord Roberts has telegraphed to the war office as follows: "Pretoria, August 1.—General Hunter reports 1,200 more prisoners surrendered yesterday, with Commandants Rouse and Fontevele, whilst Commandants Deploy, Potgieter and Joubert surrendered to Bruce Hamilton, who collected 1,200 rifles, 650 ponies and an Armstrong gun. Lieut. Anderson, a Danish officer in the Free States artillery, also surrendered. General Oliver with five guns and a number of burghers broke away in the Harrismith district, but General Hunter expects the total number of prisoners will amount to 4,000.

"An unfortunate accident occurred near Frederickstadt on Krugersdorp Fontein railway. The enemy had torn up the railsl, and a supply train escorted by the Shropshires was derailed, 13 being killed and 39 injured, although a special patrol was ordered to prevent trains from passing. A special enquiry has been ordered to ascertain why the order was disobeyed."

SUPERANNUATED NOW

Ottawa, July 31.—It is learned officially that Commissioner Herchmer of the North West Mounted Police has been superannuated and that Major Perry has been appointed to the commissionership, succeeding Colonel Herchmer.

Owing to the many enquiries from relatives of members of the Canadian special service force in South Africa caused by their not receiving letters for an unusually long period, the officer commanding the militia telegraphed to Lieutenant Colonel Otter, on the 20th inst, inquiring as to the cause of the delay. The reply from Colonel Otter says that he can only attribute the delay to failure of the mail service.

IMPERIAL BANK OF CANADA

Head Office, Toronto.

Capital Authorized, - $2,500,000.00
Capital Paid Up, - $2,458,603.00
Rest, - - $1,700,000.00

DIRECTORS:

H. S. Howland, President
T.R.Merritt, Vice-Pres, St. Catherines
William Ramsay, Robert Jaffray
Hugh Ryan, T Sutherland, Stayner
Elias Rodgers
D. R. Wilkie, General Manager

BRANCHES

North West and British Columbia:
Brandon, Calgary, Edmonton, Golden, Nelson, Portage la Prairie Prince Albert, Strathcona, Vancouver, Winnipeg, Revelstoke.

Ontario:
Essex, Fergus, Galt, Ingersoll, Listowel, Niagara Falls, Port Colborne, Rat Portage, Sault Ste. Marie, St. Catherines, St.Thomas, Toronto, Welland, Woodstock, Hamilton.

Quebec:
Montreal.

Savings Bank Department—Deposits of $1 and upwards received and interest allowed.

Debentures—Provincial, Municipal, and other debentures purchased.

Drafts and Letters of Credit—Available at all points of Canada, United Kingdom, United States, Europe, India, China, Japan Australia, New Zealand etc.

Gold purchased.

This bank issues Special Receipts which will be accounted for at any of the Hudson's Bay Co's Posts in the Yukon and Northern districts.

A. R. B. HEARN,
Manager Revelstoke Branch.

INSULT TO INJURY

The Government's Thin Pretext For Shelving Col. Herchmer.

Ottawa, August 2.—The order in council superanuating Colonel Herchmer as commissioner of the North West Mounted police was promulgated today. It says that he was superanuated on account of age and inefficiency in service. His superanuation dates from yesterday, when Superintendent Perry took charge.

THE ITALIAN TRAGEDY

Rome, August 1.—The Tribuna says the killing of King Humbert is believed to have been the result of a plot. A non militant anarchist recently declared so, the Tribuna asserts, that a meeting was held in Paris at which lots were drawn and several persons were selected to kill the king. The paper announces that King Victor Emmanuel III. will reach Brindisi today and will go direct to Menza.

Geneva, August 1.—As soon as the news of the assassination of the king became known, the detective department set to work to try and discover if there were any connection between the murders of President Carnot of France, Empress Elizabeth of Austria, and King Humbert in view of the declaration of Luigi Lucchenni, the assassin of the Austrian empress, that his crime was only the first episode in the general execution of several European soverigns. The police discovered that a certain Angelo Brissi lived here two years ago and was closely watched as an anarchist. The description of this man is almost the same as that sent by the Italian detectives. Lucchenni when questioned regarding the matter declined to be interviewed. Mrs. Brissi declared she was without means, but her husband has always been kind to her and said if my husband was connected with any band or organized body of socialists or anarchists I know nothing of it. I have heard him tell of this young man, Sperando, who murdered the foreman of Wildeman's dye works, in Paterson, and then killed himself a few days ago, but as my husband never brought him to the house I do not think they were intimate.

ITALY'S NEW KING

Hears With Emotion of the Death of His Father.

Rome, August 1.—King Emmanuel III. arrived at Brindisi on the royal yacht today. He heard for the first time of the assassination of his father. He was overcome with emotion and wept bitterly. The new King at once sent a message of sympathy and condolence to his mother, Queen Marguerita. The King and Queen started for Monza immediately after reaching Brindisi.

HOME AGAIN

The Heroine of Mafeking Returns to London.

London, July 28.—Among the arrivals from South Africa today were the Duke of Marlborough and Lady Sarah Wilson. They were met at the docks at Southampton by the Duchess of Marlborough and Lady Georgina Curzon. A large crowd awaited the party at Waterloo station and heartily cheered the heroine of Mafeking.

THE MOLSONS BANK

INCORPORATED BY ACT OF PARLIAMENT, 1855.

HEAD OFFICE MONTREAL

Authorized Capital - - - - - $2,500,000
Paid up Capital - - - - - - 2,170,000
Rest Fund - - - - - - - 1,850,000

DIRECTORS: WM. MOLSON MACPHERSON, President; S. H. EWING, Vice-President; W. M. RAMSAY, SAMUEL FINLEY, HENRY ARCHIBALD, J. P. CLEGHORN, H. MARKLAND MOLSON.

JAMES ELLIOT, General Manager.

A general banking business transacted. Interest allowed at current rates.

J. D. MOLSON,
MANAGER, REVELSTOKE, B.C.

J. D. Sibbald

REAL ESTATE
MINING
AND
INSURANCE
AGENT

McKenzie Ave.

P. BURNS & CO.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

Prime Beef, Pork, Mutton, Sausage

Fish and Game in season.

Oriental Hote

Table furuished with the choicest the market affords. Best Wines Liquors and Cigars. Large, light bedrooms. Rates $1 a day. Monthly rate.

J. Albert Ston. Propr.

RATE $1 00 PER DAY

The Columbia House.

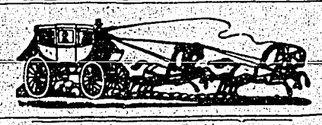
Good accommodation. A good bar well supplied with choice wine liquors and cigars.

Free Bus Meets All Train

Brown & Pool
Proppietors

THE PIONEER LIVERY

and Sale Stable of the Lardeau and Trout Lake



Saddle and Pack Horses always for hire.

Freighting and Teaming a specialty.

Daily Stage leaves Thomson's Landing every morning at 7 o'clock for Trout Lake City. For particulars write

CRAIG & HILLMAN, THOMSON'S LANDING

ROBERT SAMSON

Wood Dealer and Drayman.

Draying and delivery work a specialty. Teams always ready on shortest notice. Contracts for jobbing taken.

REVELSTOKE IRON WORKS

Blacksmithing, Jobbing, Plumbing, Pipe Fitting, Tinsmithing Sheet Iron Work, Machinery Repaired.

Mining Work a Specialty

ROBT. GORDON
Revelstoke.

Undertaking and Embalming

R. Howson & Co.,
MACKENZIE AVE.
Retail Dealers in Furniture.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

"Imperial Limited"

Daily Tourist Cars to St. Paul.

Wednesday and Sunday to Toronto.

Fridays to Montreal and Boston.

Passing Revelstoke as follows:

East bound.	West bound.
4.45	IMPERIAL LIMITED 21.35

Pamphlets furnished free.

E. J. COYLE, A.G.P.A. Vancouver, B.C.
T. W. BRADSHAW, Agent, Revelstoke

Brushes..

We have just received a large shipment of all kinds.

- BATH BRUSHES.
- NAIL BRUSHES.
- TOOTH BRUSHES.
- POLISHING BRUSHES.
- CLOTH BRUSHES.

If you are requiring any Brushes, come and see our large assortment.

CANADA DRUG & BOOK CO.
REVELSTOKE

No doubt there are other good teas, but for strength, richness and real quality Blue Ribbon Ceylon stands alone.

MARRIED

POLOK—CSERVAK—At Twin Butte, on Monday July 30th, 1900, by Rev. S. J. Thompson, Mr. Steven Polok, C. P. R. Section Foreman, to Miss Melena Cservak, both of Twin Butte.

Local and General News

Ask for El Presidente Cigar.
Smoke the famous El Presidente

Capt. Taylor is away on a holiday visit to the coast.

L. H. Buck returned from the Lardeau on Saturday night.

J. J. Langstaffe of the Trout Lake Topic was in town yesterday.

—Dr. Burgess, dentist, is permanently located in Revelstoke.

F. C. Elliott of the Trout Lake City bar was in town on Friday last.

Miss A. Berger left on Sunday morning on a holiday trip to Golden.

Miss Fraser, of Vancouver, is in town on a visit to her sister, Mrs. Risteen.

The next sittings of the County Court will be held on September 12th.

A. Johnson, of the HERALD, went into the Lardeau on a business trip yesterday.

Rev. G. B. Gregg, of Barry, Ont., took the services in the Presbyterian church on Sunday.

The attention of the ladies is called to M. K. Lawson's announcement in our advt columns.

The Toronto Mail understands that the general elections will take place on or about Oct. 16th.

Mrs. W. H. Lee arrived in town on Saturday on a visit to her sister-in-law, Mrs. Geo. Sutherland.

H. V. Scott and Mrs. Scott returned on Sunday morning from a week's holiday in the Okanagan.

Rev. Dr. Paget left on Monday morning on a short visit to the scene of his future work in Calgary.

G. R. Blockberger of Rossland, who is interested in mining on Fish River, registered at the Central yesterday.

Miss Nisely of Greenwood, is visiting at Mrs. Ed. Jackson's. Miss Nisely is a trained nurse by profession.

Miss Austin, head dressmaker at the Cash Bazaar, left on Sunday morning's train for Toronto to select the fall stock.

Rev. S. J. Thompson, Mrs. Thompson and family returned on Saturday from their holiday at Okanagan Landing.

The council will meet at 9:30 tonight to discuss the question of purchasing the plant of the Revelstoke Water, Power & Light Co.

Mrs. Willoughby Cummings, secretary of the Womens' Council, spent Sunday in town on a visit to her cousin, Mrs. Muckleson.

Principal Sullivan of the public school returned from his holiday on Saturday. The school reopens on Monday next, Aug. 13th.

A. N. Smith is overhauling and rebuilding his oven, and will have when it is finished a thoroughly up-to-date baking apparatus.

F. F. Rosenberger of Nelson, who is interested in the well known Duncan property near Illecillewaet, paid a visit to the claim yesterday.

J. P. Kennedy of Illecillewaet, Ole Sandberg of Albert Canyon and Chas. Hillman of Thomson's Landing registered at the Central on Sunday.

—TO—RENT—A cottage on Second street, all modern conveniences. A block from the Imperial Bank. Apply for particulars at the HERALD office.

F. McCarty left Sunday with a train load of supplies and 11 men to do work on a number of claims, in which he is interested, in Ground Hog Basin.

Lady Taylor, of Toronto, President of the Womens' Council, which has been in session at Victoria, spent Sunday at the Revelstoke and went south next morning.

The union pic-nic of the Presbyterian and Methodist Sunday schools will take place on the gun club grounds on Thursday. Lunch will be served at 12 noon on the grounds.

Sam Needham jr. won the handsome carving set given by Roy Smythe for top score in his shooting gallery on Saturday evening. He made 4 bulls and an inner, 24 out of a possible 25.

A meeting of the Liberal Conservative Association is called for Friday evening the 10th. inst., at 8 p. m. All members are particularly invited to attend as important business is to be transacted.

Aug. 24th and 25th have been definitely adopted as the dates for the Revelstoke Gun Club Tournament. An excellent programme of events has been arranged and the tournament will no doubt attract a considerable number of visitors.

Next Sunday will be Dr. Paget's last Sunday in St. Peter's church, as he and Miss Paget intend leaving for Calgary about the middle of next week. On the following Sunday, Aug. 19th, the Bishop of New Westminster will visit the parish and take the services.

Among recent registrations at the Revelstoke are:
Saturday—J. A. Magee, Comaplix; W. N. Brayton, Kaslo; A. J. Fraser, Thomson's Landing; Norman Carmichael, Laurie, Sunday—W. J. Dean, Kamloops; Lady Taylor, Toronto; P. Burns, Calgary; J. Fleisman, Vancouver.

Noble Three.

Geo. MacArthur, F. Guerin, L. McDonald and D. McRae came in from the Noble Three on Friday, having run completely out of supplies. They have run through five feet of nice carbonates, but have still 10 or 12 feet to run to cut the lead, which they expected to tap this season. The country rock is a very hard limestone. Operations on the claim will be renewed after awhile.

FRANK OLIVER, M. P.

On the Chinese Annexation of the Province of British Columbia.

Leaving aside all questions of politics and all theories of political economy, it is now perfectly plain that we are within measurable distance of the industrial annexation of the vast and valuable area of Canada which lies between the Rocky Mountains and the Pacific Ocean by the Chinese and Japanese. Is this in the general interest of Canada or is it not? Let us face the question squarely and take sides on it one way or the other. The Bulletin believes that such a result would be to the stupendous injury of the country at large, both east and west, believing that, it supports a policy of exclusion of oriental immigration such as has been adopted by other British Colonies, notably Natal and the Australias when similarly endangered.—Edmonton Bulletin.

NOTE AND COMMENT

It is quite obvious that the municipality has got to take some immediate step towards curtailing its current expenditure. The estimated amount of taxation available this year for current expenses is rather over $5,000. There are now still five months of 1900 to run and we have already borrowed $4,000 out of our $5,000 to meet the ordinary running expenses of the municipality. It is true that out of the $4,000 which has been borrowed, and the licenses and other sources of revenue which have been collected and which are nearly all in and spent in addition to the said $4,000, we have paid interest on debentures to the amount of $750 and $200 in doing some clearing in the streets and lanes. These sums will be repaid out of the special debenture rate and sum derived from the sale of the new debentures. Still the fact remains that this city has expended in seven months almost the whole of its available revenue, except about $2,000, or, say, $2,500 on the running of the machine, without having spent any money on anything of anything permanent value to the city at all.

Chief Bain's suggestion with regard to a curfew law in this city opens up a question which needs prompt and decided handling. Although out of consideration for their relatives, no notice was taken by the local press at the time it is no particular secret that batches of juvenile offenders have had to be dealt with by the stipendiary magistrate on more than one occasion very recently. Petty larcenies have been frequent and have been actually brought home by the police to the youthful offenders, but here again the same feeling of consideration has deterred the sufferers from coming forward as prosecutors. All that these juvenile criminals get is a warning, which appears to be entirely without effect. It is obviously time therefore that some weapon should be put into the hands of the police, which will enable them effectually to cope with this growing evil and a curfew law will to some extent meet the situation. It is a very severe reflection on the criminal neglect of their most sacred responsibilities by some of the parents of Revelstoke that it should actually be found necessary to enact such an ordinance. It is almost incredible that there are people so careless of the welfare of their children as to allow them to be wandering about the streets up till one and two o'clock in the morning, but according to the report of the chief of police to the council it is true.

A Revelstoke Rifleman.

Private T. D. Pickard of the Revelstoke company of the R.M.R. greatly distinguished himself at the annual shoot of the B. C. Rifle Association, which occurred on Thursday and Friday of last week. He made top score in the New Westminster Cup match, making the possible 50 in 10 shots at 500 yards. At first he tied with Private Boult of Vancouver and in the shoot-off, scored three bulls to Boult's two bulls and an inner. In the Nanaimo match he took second place with 61 out of a possible 70, 7 shots, at 600 yards, any position, and 7 at 200 standing. The winner, W. H. Forrest, of Vancouver, beat him by one point only.

Sponges

Large Consignment Just Arrived

INCLUDING

Carriage Sponges 25c to 75c

Wool Sponges, 10c to 75c

Mediterranean Sponges 10c to $1.50

Manruka Sponges $1.50 to $5.00

Red Cross DRUGSTORE

Geo. F. Curtis,
TAYLOR BLOCK. McKenzie Ave

Gold Range Lodge K. of P., No. 26, Revelstoke, B. C.

Meets every Wednesday in Oddfellows' Hall at 8 o'clock. Visiting Knights invited.

WM. MATHEWS, C. C.
J. SAVAGE, K. of R. & S.

TIME TABLE.

STEAMSHIP "LARDEAU"
Running Between Arrowhead and Thomson's Landing.

Commencing June 10th, 1900, will sail as follows (weather permitting).

Leave Arrowhead for Thomson's Landing and Comaplix at 7 o'clock daily.

Leave Thomson's Landing and Comaplix for Arrowhead at 17 o'clock daily

Connecting With All C.P.R. Trains and Boats.

The owners reserve the right to change times of sailings without notice.

FRED. ROBINSON,
Managing Director.

NOTICE

Notice is hereby given to purchasers of lots in Block "A," Town of Revelstoke, otherwise known as the "Mara Townsite Property," that all instalments on account of purchase are to be paid to John D. Cribbald, Mara Townsite Agent, and to no other person.

J. A. MARA,

Teacher Wanted.

For Comaplix School; lady preferred, holding certificate. Duties to commence August 13th. Salary $50 per month. Apply, stating qualifications, to J. W. FAIRHALL, Secretary-Treasurer, Comaplix, B. C.

To Rent.

Furnished Rooms to let—all convenience. J. B. CRESSMAN, Mackenzie Ave.

To Rent.

Store on Front Street, in block west of Imperial Bank; dimensions 24x60, plate glass front; ready for occupancy after the 10th of August. Apply at this office.

For Sale.

Chatham Wagons—3 inch double tires—at $70
Sleigh—3 inch runners—$30.
Harness—per set—$16.
Aperajoes, complete—$15.
Pack Saddles—at $3.50.
The above, although second hand, are in first-class condition.
Apply to
T. GRAHAM,
Albert Canyon, B. C.

For Sale.

Piano to rent or for sale cheap; also two well situated Lots on Third Street. Apply to J. M. Scott.

CLOSING OUT SALE

GOODS AT YOUR OWN PRICES

EVERYTHING MUST GO

NOW ON AT
M. K. LAWSON'S
Mackenzie Ave.

LEWIS BROS.

SUCCESSORS TO FAYETTE BUKER

FINANCIAL, REAL ESTATE
GENERAL INSURANCE AGENTS

..FIRE, LIFE AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE..
Money to Loan on Easy Terms.
Rents Collected.

One door east of Molson's Bank

TAYLOR & GEORGE
"THE LEADING STORE"
LATE JAMES GILL & CO.

We offer a Special Sale of CLOTHING All..... Wool Suits

Tweed, Worsted and Serge Suits—
Regular Prices—$6 50—$8—$10—$12—$14—$16 and $18 50
Selling Now for—$4—$6—$8—$10—$12—$13 and $14

Pants! Pants! Pants!!

Latest Styles and Patterns, from $1 00 to $7 00

Underwear !!!

Balbriggan Underwear at $1 00 per Suit.
Men's Cotton and Cashmere Hose from 10c to 75c.

Carpets !!!

Beautiful Velvet Carpets—worth $2 00 and $2 25 per yard—
Selling now for $1 40 and $1 60 per yard
Brussels and Tapestry Carpets—
Regular Prices—60c—75c—90c—$1 00—$1 25—$1 50 and $1 75
Selling now for—45c—60c—70c—80c—95c—$1 15 and $1 25
We cut and lay Linoleums free of charge

Boots and Shoes

We have the largest and most select stock of perfect fitting Boots and Shoes in the City which we offer for 20 per cent. less than you can buy them elsewhere.

"Don't forget that money saved is money made."

CALL AND SEE US. NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS

TAYLOR & GEORGE
The Wide-Awake Business Men, - McKenzie Avenue.

THE LATEST WAR NEWS
Is not in it with our prices on
Watches and Clocks
CALL AND SEE
GUY BARBER, Jeweller,
C. P. R. WATCH INSPECTOR.

THE FRED ROBINSON LUMBER COMPANY, LIMITED.

On and after this date our prices for Cut Firewood will be as follows:—

$1.00 Per Cord at Mill
$2.00 Per Cord Delivered

PRICES CUT FOR CASH.

FRED ROBINSON. — — — Managing Director.

Large and Well Lighted Sample Rooms..... Heated by Hot Air and Electric Bells and Light in every room
Free Bus Meets All Trains
Reasonable Rates .....

HOTEL VICTORIA
JOHN V. PERKS, PROPRIETOR.
Night Grill Room in Connection for the Convenience of Guests.
Hourly Street Car Between Hotel and Station
Revelstoke, B. C.

We Repair.....
WATCHES
CLOCKS,
and all kinds of Jewellery

If the work is not satisfactory we refund your money.

WE GUARANTEE OUR WORK and stand by our guarantee.

We also carry a good line of Watches and Jewellery, which we dispose of at moderate prices.

E. M. ALLUM,
The Leading Watchmaker and Jeweler.
First Street, next door to HERALD office.

Cleanliness

Is Next to Godliness . . .

If you want your scavengering work done in a clean and economical way send a card to

F. SAUNDERS,
REVELSTOKE STATION.

REVELSTOKE SMELTER TOWNSITE

R. H. MAYNE,
SOLE AGENT

..LOTS FROM $150 UP..

--ON EASY TERMS--

R. H. MAYNE,
Notary Public and Insurance Agent.

JAS. I. WOODROW
BUTCHER

Retail Dealer in—
Beef, Pork,
Mutton, Etc.

Fish and Game in Season....

All orders promptly filled.

Corner Douglas and King Streets. REVELSTOKE, B.C.

FOR
SINGER SEWING MACHINES
and supplies for all best makes
CALL UPON
J. W. Bennett
MACKENZIE AVE.

A. N. SMITH

Baker AND Confectioner

Bread - Delivered - Daily

CALL AND INSPECT OUR STOCK OF
NEW GROCERIES

EDISON'S STANDARD PHONOGRAPH

With all the latest improvements—will take and reproduce records. Price $25 complete, including Recorder, Reproducer, Brass Horn, Sapphire Shaving Knife, Ear Tube, Camels Hair Brush, Oil Can—also half a dozen records and books of instruction.

C. J. AMAN

SCHOOL OPENS

MONDAY, Aug. 13th....

ALL SCHOOL BOOKS AND SCHOOL SUPPLIES

all new lines to be had at
FIELD & REWS
Druggists and Stationers :: Brown Block
NIGHT BELL

YOUR ....
Spring Suit

Now is the time to call and arrange for a SPRING SUIT and an OVERCOAT—Splendid line of Suitings, Newest Fashion Plates, good workmanship.

R. S. WILSON
Next the McCarty Block.

25 Per Cent Reduction
ON ALL SUMMER GOODS
which includes—
LAWN SPRINKLERS
ICE CREAM FREEZERS
Only TWO REFRIGERATORS
WATER COOLERS
WATER FILTERS
COAL OIL STOVES

Don't forget to ask for the discount.
This offer is open to the end of the month.

W. M. Lawrence
Hardware. Tinware. Stoves.
Paints. Oils and Glass.
Agent for Hamilton Powder Co.

BUY
A GOOD ARTICLE FOR YOUR MONEY.
ON
RECEIVING IT, PAY FOR IT AND ASK NO
CREDIT
YOU WILL FIND OUR GOODS FIRST-CLASS:
WE
NEVER
KEEP OLD STOCK.
IN ORDER TO DO THIS YOU MUST BEAR IN
MIND
THAT, WELL, IT IS NEEDLESS TO SAY,
THE
ONLY WAY TO DO IT IS TO SELL FOR
CASH

Savage Bros.
FAMILY GROCERS. Second Street

FIDELITY S.O.E.

Red Rose Degree meets second and fourth Fridays of each month; White Rose Degree meets first Friday of each month, in Oddfellows' Hall. Visiting brethren welcome.

WM. MATHERS, Secretary.

LOYAL ORANGE LODGE No. 1658.

Regular meetings are held in the Oddfellow's Hall on the Third Friday of each month, at 8 p.m. sharp. Visiting brethren cordially invited.

THOS. STEED, W.M.

Court Mt. Begbie I. O. F., No. 3461.

Meets in the Oddfellows' Hall, on the second and fourth Mondays of each month. Visiting brethren invited to attend.

R. R. ATKINS, Chief Ranger. C. W. MITCHELL, Rec.-Sec.

A. H. HOLDICH
ANALYTICAL CHEMIST AND ASSAYER.
Royal School of Mines, London; Seven years at Morfa Works, Swansea. 17 years Chief Chemist to Wigan Coal and Iron Co., Eng. Late Chemist and Assayer, Hall Mines, Ltd. Claims examined and reported upon.
Revelstoke, B.C.

HARRY EDWARDS
Taxidermist
Deer Heads, Birds, Animals, Etc., preserved and mounted.
THIRD STREET, EAST OF SCHOOLHOUSE

Dr. Burgess,
Dentist,
Taylor Block.

When they first need it, before they give you pain; thereby avoiding needless suffering and assuring more satisfactory and permanent work, and at less cost, than if left until the latter stages of decay.

THE.....
CITY EXPRESS
E. W. B. PAGET, Prop.

Prompt delivery of parcels, baggage, etc., to any part of the City.

Any Kind of Transferring Undertaken

All orders left at R. M. Smythe's Tobacco Store, or by Telephone No. 7—217 will receive prompt attention.

HANDSOME TAILORING...
BY EXPERT DESIGNERS

When thinking of your Summer Suit you naturally dwell on the smartest and most effective to be had. Hardly a thought occurs of having a commonplace suit or trousers, no matter how indifferent you may be about other things. When you want the best, it is wise to place your order where you're likely to get the correct thing. If we make your Suit we promise you a distinctly exclusive style with all the earmarks of the finest imported confections.
In the matter of price, we can rely on ease by saying that you'll be agreeably surprised at the moderateness.
Better let us design your suit or trousers; we promise you all the satisfaction you can possibly get from having a Suit with the air of the New York or Paris creations, and at prices which will appeal to you as being astonishingly low.

J. B. Cressman....

BELMONT HOUSE

Located at the famous Canyon of the Columbia.

MEALS AT ALL HOURS.
CIGARS AND SOFT DRINKS.
SPLENDID GROUNDS FOR PICNICS.
EXQUISITE VIEW OF THE CANYON.
SWINGS, ETC., ON THE GROUND.

J. F. MACLEOD, - - . PROP.

WE hereby notify the smoking public that the Cigar Makers' Union have resolved to permit members of the Union to work in our Factory, and UNION CIGAR MAKERS are now at work with us.

Western Cigar Factory.
THOS. LEE, Proprietor.

"A LOCAL INDUSTRY.....
.....OF PUBLIC BENEFIT

THE REVELSTOKE STEAM LAUNDRY..
IS BOTH

The Proprietor requests your patronage on the above facts. First Class Machinery and First Class White Help, ensures First Class Work. A trial order is solicited from outside points, or from residents of Revelstoke who are not already on our list of patrons.

F. BUKER,
Proprietor.
TELEPHONE NO. 43.