THE NELSON ECONOMIST.

VOL. I. NELSON, B. C., WEDNESDAY, MARCH 9, 1898. NO. 35.

THE NELSON ECONOMIST.

Issued every Wednesday at the city of Nelson, B. C.

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SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Year to Canada and United States	$2.00
If paid in advance	1.50
One Year to Great Britain	2.50
If paid in advance	2 00

Remit by Express, Money Order, Draft, P. O. Order, or Registered Letter.

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EDITORIAL COMMENT.

There will be a special court of assize held in Nelson on the 21st inst., at which the man Sullivan or Doyle, now confined in the provincial jail, will be tried for the murder of Dennis Connors, at Kuskonook on the night of Sunday, February 13th. The particulars of the case have already appeared in the columns of THE ECONOMIST, and in commenting on them we expressed the hope that some arrangements would be made by which the fate of the prisoner would be decided before the time at which the summer assizes are usually held. That a person charged with crime should be detained in custody pending the sitting of "the next court of competent jurisdiction," is acknowledged a hardship, especially in the case of a prisoner not guilty of the charge preferred against him. Hence, in ordinary cases the provisions of the Speedy Trials Act may be availed of—the prisoner may elect to be tried before a competent judge or await the ordinary scheduled time of court and go before a jury. This option, however, does not apply when the capital offense is charged, as in this instance. Realizing the danger that would follow by delaying justice in the case of Doyle, the authorities have very wisely decided upon the holding of an early assize. The prisoner does not deny that he fired the shot which caused the death of Dennis Connors. There are three eye-witnesses to the occurrence, and that drunkenness can not be pleaded in extenuation of the crime, is evident from the fact that Doyle, while yet his gun was smoking, realized his guilt, and endeavored to make good his escape, evading arrest for a couple of days. The only plea he puts forth is that the shot was fired in self-defence. It is not our province to prosecute nor yet defend the unhappy man. His case will be fully gone into by a jury composed of impartial men, and if there be a doubt the prisoner will get the benefit of it. Whether the verdict be one of murder or manslaughter, it is important in the interests of the community that it be rendered with as little delay as possible. In this young and sparsely populated country it is all-important that justice be swift. During railway construction it is unfortunately the case that many undesirable characters flock in—men who do not intend to become permanent settlers, who have no interest in the country, who merely follow the line as long as there is work to be done, and then scatter. They are strangers to the community, strangers to one another—birds of passage. Under the circumstances it is evident that no camp is likely to be without its rough element. Law and order, therefore, must be enforced for the general good—strictly, promptly enforced—otherwise no man's life or property would be safe. This is not a case in which anything can possibly be gained in the prisoner's favor by delay. The jury can found their verdict on direct testimony: they will not be called upon to express an opinion based upon circumstantial evidence. Unfortunately Doyle is not the only prisoner charged with murder in this province and now awaiting trial. George Newlove will have to answer a similar charge. He is confined at Kamloops Jail accused of causing the death of an Indian named Hughie, employed on the Garden Ranch. Here again whiskey was at the bottom of the crime. Newlove and the Indian were drinking heavily; they quarrelled, and during the quarrel the Indian was stabbed several times, and then thrown out to die. He lived, however, to tell of how he came by his wounds. In this instance there were no witnesses to the crime—the two men were the only occupants of the cabin in which the fatal wounds were inflicted. As in the case of Doyle, Newlove admits the killing, but pleads that it was done in self-defence.

The annual report of the Canadian Pacific Railway Co. announces that the Crow's Nest line will be completed to Kootenay lake before the end of August. A temporary connection will be made with Nelson by means of a train ferry, whereby a thorough train service may be established pending the completion of the railway along the shore of the lake to this point, a distance of 60 miles. It is also announced that authority will be asked to build westward from the Columbia River to Robson, so as to reach the Boundary Creek district. This is good news for the country. While other corporations are wrangling over charters, the C. P. R. are extending their system, and taking in every district the prospects of which justify the introduction of the "iron horse." Commenting editorially on the annual report of the company the Montreal Gazette calls attention to the fact that the Canadian Pacific Railway Company is only 18 years old, and adds: "When its project was published people thought it would never be executed. The system to-day comprises 7,676 miles of road owned and operated, and two steamship lines on the Pacific. It has assets representing a value of $245,000,000, earns $24,000,000 a year, and is paying dividends where some thought it would not earn axle grease. Its story is one of the most wonderful in the annals of modern business enterprise."

At a meeting of the local bar last week it was decided to petition the legislature in favor of establishing the land registry office in Nelson. The many advantages possessed by this city were set forth, and that these are fully realized by the legal fraternity throughout the district is evident from the fact that Kaslo, Slocan City, New Denver, Sandon and other populous centres are adopting a similar course—all hold up their hands and raise their voices in favor of Nelson. As a matter of public convenience, the office should be opened here, and no doubt will. The people of Rossland, of course, want it there, because they are at an altitude of some four thousand feet above sea-level and have no land to register. They want so much up there that we should not be surprised to hear them ask that the provincial capital be shifted from Vancouver Island to Rossland, and claim that their mountain home is the only proper site for the experimental farm now unfortunately at Agassiz, or the hatchery of the fisheries department. The "claim" in either case would be as reasonable as that put forth in favor of having a land registry office perched on some of the iron capping in the Rossland camp.

The Kootenaian has fired what Bro. King says is "the first gun in a campaign of work looking towards the fostering of the lead mining, smelting, and manufacturing industries of Canada." We hope the shot will take effect. We are entirely in sympathy with any practical undertaking having for its object the building up of home industries, but as we pointed out last week, it is desirable to secure a market for our surplus lead products before we can declare war with our present customers. To encourage home smelting of lead the Kooten-

aian offers nothing new. That so much of our ore should be sent out of the country for treatment is to be regretted: we would like to see it all handled at this side of the boundary line; but are increased duties on lead and lead products the only means of accomplishing this desirable end? The Kootenaian courts an expression of opinion on the point, and we trust the subject will be freely debated, regretting that our space will not permit of publishing in full the case as presented by our Kaslo contemporary.

The number of applications for railway charters now before the provincial and dominion legislatures, having this province as their proposed field of operation, is significant of the importance attached to British Columbia If anything like a fair percentage of these charters are granted and acted upon we will have an era of railway construction that will surprise the world. There is scarcely a section of the country for which a railroad is not mapped out, and in many districts the competition is keen for the right to build and operate. Dr. G. L. Milne has stated positively that actual work on the Victoria, Vancouver & Eastern railway will commence on April 1, if not sooner. The C. P. R. have also an eye on the Boundary country, while Mr. Corbin declares that he will be the first in there with his line. The more the merrier.

The Ontario elections are now over. The result will be a surprise to many who have not closely watched the political tendencies of the province of late. As long as Oliver Mowat was at the helm he managed to steer the ship of state through the various storms which she encountered during her long and perilous voyage, but no sooner had he left the wheel than fresh troubles arose which the new pilots were unable to cope with. The government has been returned—but not to power; a majority of two is not a working majority. That the Conservatives of Ontario should be able to achieve so much, shows clearly that a great change has come over the people. No doubt Premier Hardy will have to go to the country again, if not at once, in the very near future, and when that appeal is made, the tables will in all probability be turned. Ontario is dissatisfied with the Liberal policy and demands a change. That the Conservatives should have polled within two of the Liberal vote, with all the inflence of the Liberal government at Ottawa thrown into the contest, is a very significant fact. If the powers that be at the dominion capital cannot influence the electorate of Ontario, how will they stand when they come to fight their own battle?

"The New Woman and the Old," was the subject of a lecture recently delivered in a neighboring city. The lecturer, an elderly but robust individual, declared: "Woman is no longer a sentiment, she is a problem, and it is now our unhappy mission to grapple with her or surrender, as I have done." This is somewhat indefinite. On reading the report of the lecture one is at a loss to know whether the lecturer "grappled with her" or "surrendered." If he grappled, it would be very interesting to know whether it was with the new woman or what is affectionately known as the old woman, he grappled. To grapple with the old woman would not be necessary for she is, or was, according to the lecturer, a sentiment; while to grapple with an up-to-date new woman would, we imagine, be an undertaking which few men would care to face. What a pity the lecturer was not explicit on a subject of such importance.

The Klondyke fever appears to be bad in the Old Country. Several steamships from the British Isles are expected on the Pacific Coast within a couple of weeks, all carrying passengers bound for the Klondyke. We are pleased to find the press of the Old Country using its influence to stem the tide of foolish fortune seekers. Dealing with this subject, the Financial Bulletin, (London, Eng.,) says:

"That many thousands of those yielding to the impulse to be in the rush will suffer hardships and disappointments unutterable, the history of all such booms in much more genial regions than the ice-bound Yukon teaches us to expect. That any words of ours, however earnestly uttered, will serve to allay the gold fever in one man, experience leads us to doubt, but if there be those hesitating on the verge of that delerium, with whom our words carry any influence, we advise them, unless already equipped with wealth enough to render failure of no great consequence, to await the report of a new season, and the fuller exploration of the more easily attained goldfields, reported to have been discovered on the Eastern water-sheds of the Rockies."

A correspondent of the Vancouver World, writing from Fort Wrangle, has this to say,—and such tales are being told every day, and are fully verified by men returning from the north:

"The tales of suffering and death at Skaguay and Dyea are something awful. The people are fleeing for their lives from some mysterious disease that has broken out up there. The undertakers are taking out to sea from twelve to fifteen bodies a day. Every steamer coming south is bringing men to this place, glad to escape with their lives, and trying to dispose of their outfits. A man with money here could buy an outfit cheaper than he could in Vancouver."

If in the face of such facts and advice men will persist in rushing into danger, they can only blame themselves and the steamship companies booming the Klondyke for the trade it brings them, if they share the fate of many of those who have gone before. The death roll in the Yukon country this year will undoubtedly be heavy. We should not be surprised to see the Coast cities inundated with desperate men returning from the gold fields next winter—men made desperate by disappointment and want. It is positively criminal, we hold, to encourage men to rush into that inhospitable region, already overcrowded.

A German sevant has discovered how to slay mice and rats by means of a bacillus, which he has named after himself—Loffer's patent mouse typhus bacillus, and which is claimed to be far more fatal than the household cat. The good people of Rossland were complaining some months ago that their city was infested with the troublesome little rodents, and that there were not cats enough in the country to cope with the intruders. A trial of Loffer's bacillus might prove as successful in Rossland as it does in Germany. Fortunately we want no Loffer's pateut or patent loafers in Nelson.

It looks as if the Trail smelter will be blown in again in full blast, and kept busy as a customs concern. Now that all the Le Roi ore goes to Northport, the Trail smelter has lost its best customer. But then the prices charged for freight and treatment were such as to keep all but the higher grade ores on the dump of the other mines operating in the Rossland camp. The War Eagle has been adopting this policy almost from the time it fell into the hands of the Gooderham syndicate, until there is now an accumulation of some 100,000 tons on the ground. In last week's ECOMOMIST appeared the statement of Vice-President O'Shaughnessy of the C. P. R. to the effect that the company having taken over the smelter and the narrow gauge line leading thereto, did not intend to run it as a money-making business but would treat the ores of the district practically at cost. The figure mentioned—not by the vice-president, however—was $7.50 per ton. At this price the smelter will doubtless secure all the rock it can handle. The War Eagle will commence to ship forthwith, averaging probably 100 tons per day, and this with the contributions of the various other mines in the district ought to keep the smelter at Trail in full blast. It is said that the LeRoi smelter—which we were told at the time of its erection was not a competitor for the ores of the Rossland camp, and would handle the ores of the Le Roi only—showed their anxiety to secure the work of the War Eagle, by cutting somewhat closer than the bid made by Trail for the business. The War Eagle people displayed a patriotic spirit in keeping the work in the province. There has been a too liberal patronage of outside smelters to the detriment of home industry in the past, but let us hope that a new era has dawned and that in future the great bulk of our Canadian ore will be treated in Canada.

The great relief expedition undertaken by the government of the United States, ostensibly with the object of providing food for the famine-stricken miners of the Klondyke country, has been abandoned after a great blowing of the national trumpet. The proposition was to send in a million pounds of provisions—nothing small about this—and to get the supply in despite every obstacle. The provisions are said to have been purchased—certainly the reindeer to carry them were, and now all are to be disposed of to the highest bidder and the expedition abandoned. The fact is that there was no necessity whatever for such an expedition, and this fact was so clearly shown that even our Yankee friends could not brazen out their little scheme of getting in a couple of million dollars worth of stuff free of duty.

The number of applications for railway

The Crow's Nest Pass railway will materially alter the geography of the country, calling into existence new towns and connecting many of those already established. No section of the country will derive greater benefits from the new line than the Kootenays. Already the good effects of the undertaking are being felt, but as soon as the coal fields are opened up and the various industries following in their trail are established, increased prosperity may be looked for. With this increased trade various changes will be necessary to facilitate the conduct of public business. In the customs department it has been deemed advisable to make Rossland, Trail and Kaslo ports of entry. This arrangement comes into operation on the 1st of next month. At present the sub-ports of Fort Steele, Nakusp, Moyie City, Wardner, etc., send their returns to New Westminster. Why it should be so it is difficult to say. This is business which might with advantage be transacted in Nelson.

A petition, practically favoring Mr. Corbin's sought-for railway charter, to entitle him to build his proposed line into the Boundary country, was endorsed by the Mayor and Board of Aldermen at their meeting on Monday, Ald. Teetzel alone protesting. In matters of this sort the City Council would do well to keep silent. They are entitled to their private opinions, but they should remember that they are there to represent the interests of the city of Nelson, and that they have no right to speak for the citizens on other than municipal matters. That is what they were elected for—nothing more. The people of the Boundary country ought to know their own business and be able to look after it. If our Board of Aldermen undertake to meddle in every topic that may be intruded upon them, they may be asked to express an opinion on the political situation in Newfoundland for instance. There are already three distinct railway charters being applied for having the Boundary country as their scene of operation. Many citizens of Nelson favor the proposal to carry the line clear through to Vancouver and Victoria—making the undertaking a purely Canadian affair. Others hail with satisfaction the announcement that the C.P.R. have practically made arrangements to extend their system into the coveted country; and there are those who even go the length of saying that if Mr. Corbin gets the charter it will divert the trade of the district to the American side, instead of securing it for our own people. This is a matter of opinion—but people are entitled to their opinions. As individuals the mayor and aldermen are welcome to their opinions, but what we object to is that as a representative body they should take upon themselves to bind the public to their views as expressed on a subject having nothing whatever to do with the municipal affairs of Nelson.

It is authentically announced that the Governor-General-in-Council will not take any further action in the charges made against Judge Spinks, as the accusations were not substantiated, although ample opportunity was given to the parties making them to do so. This refers to the investigation which Mr. Justice McColl held, in December, and which arose out of certain charges made to the Minister of Justice concerning Judge Spinks. These charges were proved to be founded on hearsay reports, and when it came to a matter of substantiating them the prime movers were conspicious by their absence. It is to be regretted that the matter has not been pushed further, and that those designing, malicious individuals, should be allowed to escape scott-free, after putting the country to the expense of instituting an investigation.

The British Columbian Review, London, Eng., calls attention to what it calls "Absolutely the most impudent proposal we have ever seen issued to the public." It is the prospectus of the Klondyke Gold Syndicate, with a capital of £25,000 "on which interest at the rate of 50 per cent will be paid monthly until the first distribution of profits in the spring of 1898." The hand bill accompanying this so-called prospectus reads:

MILLIONS OF GOLD

Do you want some?
Then obtain a prospectus of the
KLONDYKE GOLD SYNDICATE
18A, London Street, City, E. C.
Shares - £1 each.
Bearing guaranteed dividends.
How to obtain a
Free passage to Dawson City.

The English public are cautioned to have nothing to do with the syndicate, or Davenport & Co. from whom the prospectus emanates.

The Hon. Theodore Davie, Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, died on Monday at Victoria. His death was not altogether unexpected, as the hon. gentleman has been failing in health for a long time, although attending to the duties of his office. He was raised to the bench in 1895, upon the death of the late Sir Matthew Bailie Begbie, and being congratulated on his well-deserved elevation, the new chief justice declared to his friends "I wont live long to enjoy a seat on the bench." He knew his weakness and predicted his early demise. Deceased was born in England in March 1852, and at the age of fifteen years came to this province, in which he has played a prominent part. He was elected to the local legislature in 1882, and during the Robson government was made attorney general, and afterwards became premier. In 1895 he resigned the premiership to take the position of chief justice. Theodore Davie was a man of wonderful nerve and perseverance, and one who attained eminence by his stern ability and determination. During the Cassiar excitement of 1864 he went into that country and worked as hard as any man in it. Returning to Victoria he entered politics, and has since figured conspicuously as a politician. The new parliamentary buildings at Victoria owe their existence to his foresight and energy—he anchored the capital at Vancouver island. His life has been a busy one, and his memory will be cherished by all who knew him as a friend and an honorable opponent, whether at the bar or on the hustings.

The United States appears to be preparing for a war with Spain, and if the newspaper press of the country have any influence war there will be. All sorts of sensational rumors are afloat as to the cause of the blowing up of the Maine, and while the press insist that the act was maliciously and designedly done, the United States officials do not share in the view and are trying hard to curb the warlike agitators until the commission investigating the catastrophy report. The Spaniards indignantly repudiate the theory that the good ship was destroyed by any hidden mine in the harbor, and contend that it was purely an accident or want of care on the part of the officers of the Maine. This is the general opinion. The incident will cause a general stir in shipbuilding, recruiting, etc., and will give the people an opportunity of blowing off a lot of patriotic puff, but that there will be a shot fired in anger over the unfortunate occurrence we very much doubt.

At a meeting of the City Council on Monday afternoon Ald. Hillyer succeeded, to the satisfaction of the board at least, in establishing his charge against the contractors for the grading of Josephine street and the building of the retaining wall at Ward street. At the previous meeting he accused the contractors of not paying in every instance the amount ($2.50 per day) stipulated in their contract, to the men employed on the works; also that the contractors compelled their employes to board at a certain hotel and in the case of married men deducted $1.50 per week from them as an equivalent of the "rake off" secured by the boarding arrangement. The city engineer spoke to the contractors on the subject, and, he states, they admitted that such a rule prevails. The contractors try to justify their action by asserting that such an arrangement is usual. If their statement be correct, the practise is one that should be put down with a strong hand. When they tendered on the job, they should have figured, as others who tendered doubtless did, on paying their men $2.50 per day. They got the contract because their bid was the lowest, and taking it, with their eyes open and fully understanding the conditions, they should be compelled to live up to it. If such a system as that here inaugurated be countenanced, there is no use whatever in trying to uphold the principle of a fair day's wage for a fair day's work—nothing to prevent contractors from charging their men $10 or $12 per week for board that costs but $5 or $6, and paying the unfortunates in boarding house receipts. Why not arrange for supplying the employes with clothes, tobacco or rum and force them to take it in lieu of cash? The council was very lenient in dealing with the case as they did—ordering that the conditions of the contract so far as payment is concerned, be printed and posted at the works, so that the men may see what they are entitled to.

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A LIFE SENTENCE.

They had come out together on the lawn from the room that was too small to hold two men and their anger.

Mildenhall's sudden rage had kept him as yet from realizing the full meaning of the torn letter which had fallen from the lace of his wife's bosom as she left the dinner-table three minutes before. She had swept away, trailing her silks after her, unconscious. Every fresh thought flushed his face anew, and his fingers convulsively crumbled or rolled the scraps of paper that he clung to with both hands.

"Oh you scoundrel! Oh, you d—d scoundrel!"

The half light from the drawn blinds fell on the letter—the foolish letter, in Kingsmark's handwriting—and fell, too, on Kingsmark's white, hardened face, that seemed to peer with a piteous curiosity at what so little time ago was the face of his friend. His friend, his dear old friend, whom he had so basely betrayed—and that not for love sake, but in the climax of a series of weak concessions to the foolish passion of his friend's wife.

The broken voice went on, sounding wearily, like the voice of one who has not spoken for a long time.

"And if any one had told me, Jack—only five minutes back—before I ——that you—— Oh, you d—n scoundrel!"

At the fresh blaze of wrath, Kingsmark put up his arm instinctively.

"Keep off," he said, speaking for the first time.

The action put a new thought into Mildenhall's madness. With a scream like an animal in pain, the big yellow bearded man threw himself upon Kingsmark, and hurled him to the ground. As they rolled over together, Kingsmark felt hands at his throat. His eyes swam in his head—the clutch released for an instant, and before it tightened again his fingers found what they sought in his breast pocket.

Mildenhall was kneeling on him and laughing hysterically; speech was impossible to Kingsmark—he tried it. Then, forgetting everything but that life and senses were leaving him, he struck upward with all his ebbing force.

A tremor ran through the fingers at his throat, and their clasp was loosened. He staggered to his knees.

Evelyn Mildenhall seemed to be sitting against the tulip bank, with his head thrown back and his beard pointing upward, just as it used to do when he let off a great peel of laughter at some jest of his friend's.

"Evelyn!" No answer. Then the blood rushed into the forehead of the man who realized now what he had done. He stepped back into the house and threw on his hat and inverness. When he returned he leaned over Mildenhall and stroked his hair with his hand. The man was dead, but the man who had killed him could not think of that now. All his senses were strangely alive to trifles.

Through the open window he could see the dining room as they had left it—the chairs thrust back, the open cigar box on the table, the wine still in the glasses. One of the two who had sat there was dead—the one who was alive hardly knew which. The turf was wet. Had a shower fallen? At dinner she had complained of the heat and languidly predicted rain. Mildenhall's head, lying back like that must be crushing one of the tulips. Naturally an unobservant man; Kingsmark noticed for the first time that tulip-cups shut at night.

Something was shining in Mildenhall's breast—the silver figure of a contadino hafting the stiletto that slew him. Why was there not more blood? Kingsmark had bought that stiletto and the silver candlesticks now on the table within, the day the two came away from Pisa, at the end of that long holiday in the sun. He could leave it there safely. No man had looked at it since but he and the dead man who now had it in his heart. He took his eyes from the hilt, shut them, and turned away his head. When he opened them again he stooped to pick up something white from the turf—a torn letter—on whose turned-up corner he read "Darling Hetty."

Thrusting this into his waistcoat pocket, he went down the avenue with head bent, his boots crunching the moist gravel on the path, now lit up and spangled by the moonlight.

His old friend—

Long ago they had sworn that the one who died first should return to meet and greet the other on his way. Kingsmark wished that this could be, for then his last memory of his friend would be a reproachful face—better memory than the white throat thrown back in the moonlight.

He shuddered, and reached out his hands as he walked, as one does struggling to break a nightmare.

Some one was speaking. He had walked into the lane of light cast by a policeman's lantern.

"Good night," he answered in his dream.

"Looks like more rain, sir."

"I fear so," said Kingsmark, and hurried on to escape the coming shower.

His old friend! He almost felt the accustomed arm thrown across his shoulder.

No thought of flight; he was tired, and tomorrow showed dimly at the end of the long sleep awaiting him. Mildenhall had always walked this road with him, and now Mildenhall was dead. Kingsmark wished he was dead, too—but perhaps that was only part of the craving for sleep which oppressed him. But it was his first definite thought since Mildenhall, cigar in mouth, had picked the torn letter from the floor upon the empty chair at the table head.

Another policeman was standing at his gate when Kingsmark fitted his latch-key to the lock. Kingsmark wondered at the strange voice with which he gave good-night to this man.

When he had lighted a candel in his bedroom, he leaned his hands on the dressing table and looked long and curiously at the white face that stared at him out of the mirror's dark depths It was interesting to see the face of a man who had . . . . He threw himself on the bed at the last pitch of exhaustion.

* * * * *

Knock—knock—knock! What was it—some one making a coffin? Hammer—hammer—hammer! No; it was some one at the front door, a bell was clanging loudly in the empty kitchen.

Kingsmark instinctively tore of his coat and put on a dressing-gown before he went down.

As he shot back the heavy bolts of the front door he was conscious of a light through the ground glass and the voices without.

"Well, what's up?" he was surprised to hear himself say as he saw two policemen standing on the doorstep. The night smelled sweet of wet earth and leaves.

"Mr. Mildenhall, sir—he's dead, sir—murdered."

"Good God!" Kingsmark leaned against the door post, fighting for breath to say, "I killed him."

"Yes, sir. In his front garden—a knife in his heart, sir," put in another policeman.

Kingsmark rubbed his hand across his eyes and looked at it as if he expected to see something on it.

"I was asleep," he said.

"You see," went on the policeman, apologetically, "we came to you through you being so well known to be his best friend—and having been seen with him last of all."

"What?" said Kingsmark.

"Why, sir, sure you're heavy with sleep, or you'd remember meeting us as usual, and us giving you good-night, sir—don't you recollect?"

"You saw me walking with Mr. Mildenhall to-night?"

"Yes sir, of course I did. Come, sir, rouse yourself."

Kingsmark held his two hands over his head and said:

"Tell me again."

"Again and again, sir," answered the man, with some temper. "I saw him and you as usual, and I saw him leave you at your door; and I saw him go back home and I said good night and he never answered. And then we saw the light and the window open, and went in and found the poor gentleman stone dead on his own lawn with his head among the tulips."

Kingsmark's hands tightened their clasp. The dead man had kept his promise then, and had walked with him that night. A ghost had paced by his side—a ghost's arm had lain on his shoulder—a ghost had come back—the murdered man had saved the murderer. How curious!

Kingsmark burst out laughing and fell at the policeman's feet.

They roused him—or what was left of him. The best part of him lay on the lawn among the tulips.

A stupid sense of clinging to life with both hands possessed him. Mildenhall had saved his life: he dared not throw it away. He

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was condemned to live. He went through an inquest—or dreamed he did—answering questions mechanically with a growing wonder to find his answers believed. What fools people were! And he the greatest fool of all. His old friend.

Kingsmark thinks he went mad a little after this. They called it brain fever. When he got better he tried to tell himself that Mildenhall was not dead—had gone to a far country. But even that last rag—the one thing that let any meaning remain to life—was torn from him, for Mildenhall's widow came to see him.

"My darling," she cried, throwing her amrs around him, "how terrible all this has been, but I am now all your own."

He did not answer, but she felt the repulsion of denial in the contact of him.

The commonplace, pretty face, framed in the yellow hair and the widow's bonnet, darkened. Then she spoke reasonably, softly, with the little lisp Mildenhall had loved to hear.

"Jack, dear, of course it's very shocking and all that. But really it ought to bring us together. Why should it part us?"

He drew himself up and laid his dry lips against her little red mouth. This, too, was part of his life sentence.

"Why, indeed?" he said, with a shiver. and sat with his head bowed in the shadow of the night coming.

PEOPLE'S PARK.

To the Editor of The Economist:

Sir,—Now that the summer weather is at hand, might I suggest that something be done towards making the park, so-called, more worthy of the name? I understand that the ground has been handed over to the city by the provincial government. Now that there can be no dispute as to title, there is no reason why the city council should not take the matter in hand, see that there are no encroachments made on the property, and proceed without delay to make the plot more park-like. In other municipalities there is a well-recognized body known as the Park Committee, whose duties are those suggested by the name. It would be well that Mayor Houston, who certainly takes a lively interest in all that affects the well-being of Nelson, should select such a committee from among the aldermen, and I have no doubt the council would as willingly invest them with the necessary powers as the citizens would second their efforts. There is no more beautiful park site that I know of than that we have here. It may be small, but what it lacks in size is more than compensated for by position. There is, unhappily, no very attractive promenade in Nelson, but we need no longer be without one, if the Mayor and Board of Aldermen will but do what ought to be to them a pleasing work—put the park in order. The cost could not be much, while the benefits that would accrue would be inestimable When Nature hemmed us in on all sides by mountains, she gave us a beautiful lake to relieve what would otherwise be a monotonous scene, and on the shores of that lake she provided a park site, leaving it in the hands of people themselves to furnish the walks, the flower beds, the seats and fencing. Let us do our share of the work.

Aunt Eliza.

Trunks, Valises, Grips at Thomson Stationery Co., L'td.

LARRY'S LETTER.

Hogan's Alley, March 7.

Deer Tim—I haven't seen me frend Jim, the mistarious fellow that I was telling ye about last week, an' I haven't heard anything about him either. They tell me that a man is missing all right, but whether tis Jim or the other fellow meself dosen't know. 'Twas a quare thing entoirely, Tim, but we'll be hearing more about it.

You'll be glad to hear that Billy Herring is around agin, but he's not looking well yet. Billy tells me that he had a bad week ov it, an' was as mad as anything bekase none ov us went to see him. We didn't know he was bad or we'd all be up to him. I missed Billy, an' when I'd ask for him they'd tell me he was up at the Star getting his goatee trimmed, down at the Bon Ton ateing oysters, or some place else. When I axed Billy what was his truble he towld me the doctors couldn't agree. Meself towld him that that needn't keep him in bed. "But I wasn't able to get up," says Billy says he. "Won ov the doctors diagnosed me an' called me complaint vacuannosis, brought on be spasmotic convulshuns ov the stomack." "An' what might thim be, Billy," says I. "Hec-cups," says Billy says he, "but he had to give it a name, an' the bigger the name the bigger the bill I suppose. Another of the doctors said me truble was erotomania." "An' what might that be?" says I. "Well, ye see I was raving a trifle, an' when I come to, he towld me to put out me tongue. Then he shook his hed, and says he, 'I'm afeerd there's a woman at the bottom of it.' 'What are ye giving us, says I to the doctor. 'Yer moind an' yer hart is effected,' says he 'all the same Larry Finn's after the valentine saison.' But that wasn't the worst ov it, for another doctor towld me that moine was a well-developt case ov erythema." "Arrah what's that, Billy?" "I axed the same thing meself," says Billy, an' this is what he towld me—an affexion ov the skin showing slight, superficial, irregularly defined red patches ov variable form an' extent." "Howly smoke," says I, "pimples." "Right ye are," says Billy, says he. "Me blood was over haited be the anti-Klondyke coorse ov dietary I've been obsarving. I just took two doses of ipecacuanha, a little sperits deluted wid water, consulted me sphygmometer, an' doctored meself." "What's that ye consulted, Billy?" says I. "Me sphygmometer," says Billy, "that I carries around wid me to regulate pulsation." Meself thought it might be something to trim his chin whisker. Billy Herring is loike a fish out ov water when there's anything wrong wid him.

I was telling ye, Tim, that we had a phrenologist in town, an' that all the boys is having there heads read. He's a powerful smart man, an' can tell ye by the shape ov the head what's in it. He rowld his fingers gintly over me own dome ov knowledge, an' towld me twas like the direct route to the Klondyke (but he didn't say which ov thim—won ov the overland routes I suppose)—very hilly an' holloway, an' that there be silver threads among the goold from the frontal bone to the spinal cord. He located the bumps of caution, philoprogenitiveness, combativeness, veneration, an' a lot ov others, an' towld meself that the action ov the brane as developt be the external undulations ov the cranium (or words to that effect) demonstrated a Hibernian tindincy to phlebotomy. "What's that, professor?" says I to him. "Blood-letting," says the professor, says he, an' wid that me Irish got up and the professor got out or I'd ov phlebotomized him so quick that he wouldn't know what struck him.

I'm towld that the Chief ov Police had his head red, too, an' that the professor admitted that in his expariance he had written charts of craniums that came nearer his idea of perfection than the won the chief wears. He towld Mac that he was a born disciplanarian, an' that caution an' aggressiveness took a place in the geography ov his head an' the natural history ov his composition that was testudineous." "What!" says Mac. "Testudineous," says the professor, "resimbling the shape ov the shell ov the tortise." Begorra, Tim, this was too much for the chief, an' he began to think larning such as this ought to be taxed, an' up he goes an' takes out a summons agin the professor for practising widout a licence.

As soon as I see the charts ov the other boys I'll be telling ye about them.

Whoile me hand was in, Tim, meself had me fortune towld, by an anshunt yung lady fortune teller that's now in town. She axed me how I wanted it done. "The right way, ov coorse," says I. "Will I cast yer horoscope, dail the cards, delienate the life-lines ov the hand, or do ye want me to go into a trance an' commune wid the mystic spiritland," says she. "I'm nothing ov a star-gazer meself," says I, "so ye needn't mind the what-ye-may-call-it. As for dailing the cards, its too much ov that I've had to me sorrow. I've got a bealing on me finger, that makes the line ov destiny a quare-looking affair. I guess ye may as well do the trance movement. If ye can connect wid the sperits, they'll loikely tell the truth. Just tell thim that its Larry Finn that's here." Wid that Tim the madium sat down in a big arm-chair fornint me, throws up her arms, closes her eyes, heaves and sigh or two, an' thin there was a few mystarious knocks on the table, as much as to say, "We're ready. Go it now!" Then some music began to play under the table, an' the madium began to work round in her chair, an' then she started loike this:

I see a fish. No, tis a man, with whiskers on the chin,
He says a kindred spirits sick, and calls for Larry Finn;
The name begins with —— Yes, an H; and teen there is an e,
Two r's, and then an i-n-g if such a man there be.

"That's Billy Herring," says I, "an' ye moight tell that chap that I seen Billy last noight, an' that he's all roight now."

Another form yet I see. Tis comely, bright and fair,
Upon the upper lip there's red—no, ginger-colored hair.
The name of heat 's suggestive—there's something in the scent.
There's a broken resolution, that was made before the Lent.

"That's Mickey Barns," says I.

Then I observe a lady fair, that's frowning now on you,
And should she find your whereabouts, that hour you'll surely rue,
She has a ——

And just here there was a knock at the doore that roused her out of the trance, an' she towld me I'd have to come agin.

Larry Finn.

The Nelson Wine Co. sell only liquors which they can recommend.

THE CITY COUNCIL.

Mayor Houston presided over the weekly meeting of the City Council on Monday. Ald. Hillyer, Gilker, Malone and Teetzel were also present.

On motion of Ald. Malone it was decided to advertise for tenders for the laying of a drain at the foot of Hall street, the district now being flooded.

The special committee appointed to confer with the Hall Mines Co. re water supply, recommended that a 6-inch pipe be lain to the works, that the charge be $50 per month to Jan. 1st 1899 and $100 per month thereafter, and that six months' notice be given of a discontinuance of the agreement.

The report was adopted.

The city assessor reported the completion of his work, and submitted the following figures:

Lot.	Lands.	Improvements.
95	$689,255	$271,450
150	96,800	43,845
Total	$786,055	$315,295

Monday, April 18, was fixed for the holding of a court of revision.

A progress certificate amounting to $878 75, in favor of contractors Noel & Thomson, was handed in by the city engineer.

Ald. Hillyer asked if anything had been done towards compelling the contractors to live up to the terms of their contract. They had admitted that they were compelling their workmen to board at a certain hotel.

The Mayor replied that he had done nothing in the matter.

Ald. Hillyer: The contractors admitted the charge to the city engineer.

Mayor: Then it is the duty of the engineer to lay those men off.

Ald. Hillyer: He owned up to you, didn't he?

City Engineer: So I understood.

Mayor: Is he going to continue the practice?

The City Engineer said the contractors claimed that such was the practice.

Ald Hillyer: It may be on the other side of the line, but not here. The men should be allowed to board where they please.

The Mayor said that it was the intention of the council when the contract was let that the men should get $2 50 per day, and if the contractors, who figured on this rate, did not live up to it, the council would know the reason why. He read the terms of the contract.

Ald. Malone thought that it would be necessary for the men aggrieved to lodge a complaint.

Ald. Hillyer said that some of the men had complained to him. A married man had told him that he had been docked $1 50 because he did not board at the place of the contractors' selection, the explanation being that they were entitled to this rake-off.

After some further discussion it was decided to have the clauses of the contract bearing on the point printed and posted at the works.

T. M. Ward was appointed collector and water commissioner. He got three votes, H. Wright one, and G. Macfarlane one.

Presentation Goods at Thomson Stationery Co., L'td.

The fixing of the salary to be paid this officer was held over.

The City Clerk's salary was fixed at $85 per and he was called upon to enter into bonds of $1,000.

Ald. Hillyer introduced a by-law fixing the rates for the current year. The general rate was struck at 6 mills on the dollar with ⅙ off for prompt payment; 2 mills for the sinking fund and 3 mills for interest on the municipal loan of $50,000. These figures were considered satisfactory. The by-laws were read a first and second time and passed through committee of the whole, and will be brought up for ratification at the next meeting of the council.

The mayor announced he had a resolution which he wished to submit to the council. It was in favor of the Corbin charter for the Boundary creek railway. Mr. Corbin, he said asked no land grant and in helping him out Nelson would be doing for that section what they asked to be done for themselves six years ago—secure railway competition.

Ald Teetzel thought that if the resolution emanated from the people of Grand Forks or the Boundary creek country, they might entertain it, but as it come from Mr. Corbin, he did not see that that gentleman was entitled to much of their sympathy.

Ald. Hillyer thought that as it cost nothing they might adopt the petition.

Ald Teetzel was of the opinion that the Boundary creek people understood their needs and as they did not ask Nelson to back them up in this matter, the council should not interfere on Mr. Corbin's behalf—whose interests were those of Mr. Corbin every turn.

The council resolved to adopt the petition, the Mayor remarking that Mr, Corbin did not ask any land grant.

The subject of introducing permanent pavements was introduced by Ald. Teetzel, who moved that the City Engineer be called upon to estimate the cost of putting down such a pavement on Baker street, from Kootenay to Hall streets—the work to be done on the local improvement plan.

Ald. Teetzel gave notice that he would introduce a resolution fiqing a date for sewerage connections to be made.

Ald. Malone called attention to the fact that the roadway at the hospital had been closed to traffic.

The subject was discussed, and the Board of Works will look into the matter.

Ald. Hillyer brought up the question of school aocommodation. He contended that there should be a schoolhouse in the east end of the town.

The Mayor pointed out that the council had no control over the schools, and suggested that steps should be taken to give them a voice in the matter.

Ald. Hillyer said that the present schools were overcrowded.

It was decided to call upon Mr. Hume, the local M PP. to use his influence to have Nelson created a school district, and the board adjourned.

The Nelson Wine Co. caters for high-class family trade. *

BOARD OF TRADE.

The meeting of the Board of Trade on Thursday last was numerously attended, and in the absence of the Secretary, Mr. Thompson, Mr. Frank Fletcher took the place.

President Turner started the discussion as to the steps being taken to secure for Nelson the promised land registry office, which is to be established in the Kootenays. He stated that Dr. LaBau, the medical health officer, now in Victoria consulting with the Provincial Board of Health as to the disposal of sewerage, would assist Mr. Thompson and Mr. Hume in urging the claims of Nelson for the land registry office.

W. A. Macdonald, Q. C., stated that the members of the legal profession had taken the matter in hand and were doing all in their power to have Nelson selected as the location of the office. The lawyers throughout the Slocan country were also working in favor of Nelson, and already petitions were in circulation and were being very numerously signed. These would be presented to the provincial legislature, and would no doubt have a good effect. The petition set forth that Nelson would be the most convenient point for the offices, enjoying as it does better railway facilities, and steamboat connection; that were the office to be opened at Rossland it would take three days to make the round trip from most of the Slocan towns, whereas one day would suffice in the case of Nelson. These petitions were in circulation at Slocan City, Sandon, New Denver, Kaslo and other places throughout Kootenay. While believing that the land registry office would be opened in Nelson, Mr. Macdonald counselled continued activity on the part of the Board of Trade, until the question be definitely settled.

The special committee appointed to enquire into the matter of freight rates on railways connected with Nelson, handed in a detailed statement, setting forth the charges on the Nelson & Fort Sheppard, Kaslo & Slocan, and Canadian Pacific lines on ores to Nelson, and a comparative statement of rates to Northport. From the report it appears that the rate from Hall Siding, near which the Fern mine is situated, to Nelson, a distance of 18 miles, is $2.25, whereas to Northport, a distance of 52 miles, $1 is the charge. The rates on the Kaslo & Slocan are $5 per ton for ore from Sandon to Pilot Bay or Nelson and but $3 per ton for the same ore consigned to the United States smelters. The charges on the C.P.R. are $1 per ton from Robson to Nelson (28 miles) and $3 per ton from Slocan City to Nelson (45 miles).

The report was very freely discussed, and laid over for a week for further consideration.

Mr. Peters was present on the part of the C.P.R., and Mr. Martin represented the N & F.S. Both gentlemen disclaimed any intention on the part of their respective companies to discriminate against Nelson.

The board adjourned until Thursday next.

Pocket Diaries for 1898 at Thomson Stationery Co., L'td.

By all means give the Nelson Wine Co. a call—if you want good liquor. *

LOCAL NEWS.

Tenders are invited for the drainage of Hall street—before the fishing season opens.

A gang of men is employed widening Stanley street, between Victoria and Silica. This will be a great improvement.

P. B. Stoes has been appointed attorney for the British Columbia Development company with headquarters at Nelson, B. C.

The customs returns for the week ending yesterday shows that $40,492 worth of ore and bullion have passed through the local office.

T. M. Ward was on Monday appointed collector and water commissioner. The salary was not fixed. There were fourteen candidates for the office.

A case of delirium tremens was arrested early on Sunday morning by Chief McKinnon. The case was in its pants—only this and nothing more. It was discharged with a caution by the police magistrate.

A party of gold-seekers left Nelson the other night for Klondyke via Spokane. They had heard of the "direct route" from Spokane, and if they find it, it will be a discovery which no one has made up to date.

The merchants of Baker street are anxious to have a permanent pavement put down on that thoroughfare, and are willing to pay for it. The City Engineer is preparing an estimate of the cost of the various pavements in general use in other cities.

There were but three cases before the police magistrate during the week, all of a trivial nature. A fine of $10 and costs was imposed in the case of Noel Neilson, charged with assault. He made things pretty lively on Baker street the other evening while settling up matters with Ed Enstead.

Messrs. Appleton, Dujois and Pedley, the commissioners appointed to investigate certain charges preferred against the contractors for the Crow's Nest Pass railway in respect to the treatment of the men on the contract, held a sitting in the Phair Hotel on Monday and examined a few witnesses. The commissioners left town in the evening.

The first copy of the Nation, a weekly paper just started in Victoria by Mr. D. M. Carley, late of THE ECONOMIST, is to hand, and a highly creditable production it is. It is a sixteen page paper, every line of which is sparkling. The Nation has not started to fill "a long felt want," but upon its merits it will live and thrive. There is no weekly in the province its superior.

Mr. Frank Smith, well and favorably known in connection with the Nelson branch of the Hudson's Bay Co., leaves town on Thursday to take a position with Messrs. Turner, Beeton & Co., at Victoria. Frank's many friends will regret his departure, as he played a prominent part in athletics and aquatics while here, and is an all-round good fellow. He will be entertained at the Clarke Hotel tonight by his more intimate friends.

Presentation Goods at Thomson Stationery Co., L'td.

The residents of Stanley street are complaining that street crossings in their locality are so few and far between.

The clearing of the street crossings, a work carried on assiduously during the past few days, has made pedestrianism comparatively easy in Nelson.

A snow slide on the sleigh road to the Comstock, near Silverton, buried three men the other day. Two were rescued, but the third, Wm. Ladie, was dead when shovelled out

The Los Angrles Review is a newly established paper devoted to the mining, financial and other interests of the great southwest. It is pleasing to note that the Review gives due prominence to the news of the Kootenays. Mr A. Richardson is the editor, which is a sufficient guarantee that the Review is all it professes to be.

The Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway company has, it is claimed, received a title to all its land grant in Rossland, except a portion of the Paris Belle ground that is overlapped by the Zenith. It has therefore issued a notice to all trespassers to vacate and to remove all buildings and other obstructions under penalty of the law.

The Odd Fellows of Nelson are about to erect a very fine hall, which will cost somewhere in the neighborhood of $15,000. The site selected is the corner of Baker and Kootenay streets. The building will be three stories, with basement, and of stone and pressed brick. On the ground floor will be store and office accommodation. The chief room on the first flat will be 60x27 feet, and above will be the lodge room.

Edward McCardia, popularly known as Mac, left for Victoria on Thursday last, to take a position on the Nation similar to that which he held on THE ECONOMIST. Mac's familiar voice and figure will be missed in Nelson, and although the boys of the city are very good fellows, there are none of them better than Mac, or none more popular. Though only a lad, Mac always laid claim to be one of Nelson's old-timers.

YMIR.

(Special correspondence to THE ECONOMIST.)

I understand that another weekly paper is to be started here in the near future.

A. B. Buckworth, J.P., has returned from his trip east, looking as hale and hearty as ever.

The Tamarac has 14 men at work on their property. The shaft has been sunk to a depth of 140 feet through a very rich ore, composed of oxide, which is easily panned, and showing plenty of colors; also a fine sample of iron pyrites with very little silica. From appearances this property will soon become a mine.

The Morning Star mineral claim, situated on Bear Creek, and nearly opposite the Dundee, has changed hands. This property adjoins the Evening Star, and was bonded during the past season to Messrs. Danbey and Parker, of Rossland, for $10,000. The bond has been taken up and the last payment made on the 5th. J. H. Nolan, of H. M. Customs, Waneta, receives two thirds, while J. H. Elliott, a Nelson barrister, gets the balance.

MINING NOTES.

Work on the Noble Five, near Sandon, will be resumed at once.

The Jubilee mine near Ymir, owned by Rossland parties, has been bonded for $60,000.

W. J. Robinson, of Rossland, has bonded the Baldwin, Harper and Holten claims in Ymir district, for $35,000

A rich strike of free-milling ore has been made on the Jewel claim, in Long Lake camp. The ore assays $700 per ton.

The North East Kootenay Miners' Association have endorsed the action of the Rossland Mining Bureau in taking steps to have Chinese excluded from work in all mines.

On the Grand Junction group, situated about a mile east of the Columbia River and a half mile from Champion Creek, a promising body of ore has been encountered, assaying from $6 to $29 per ton.

The Dardanelles mine, which has been under course of development since last fall, got in on the list of shippers this week with a couple of cars of high grade ore taken out in developing.

F. W. Chadborn, of Nelson, has closed a deal for the purchase by a London syndicate of the control of the Matterhorn group of mines in the Windermere mining division, in upper East Kootenay.

R. G. McConnell, of the geological survey, has accepted the position of provincial mineralogist of British Columbia, as successor to W. A. Carlyle, who is to become the mining manager of the Mackintosh syndicate.

A rich strike has been made on the 100 foot level on the shaft of the Tamarac, on Wild Horse Creek, near Ymir. The ledge is about six feet wide, with from two to three feet of pay streak assaying from $60 to $120 per ton.

The owners of the Jubilee mine are feeling elated over the success attending development work on the property, which is situated at Ymir. The bottom of the shaft at a depth of 70 feet is in ore, the last assay of which gave $588 in gold and $10 in silver.

The smelter returns from the carload of ore shipped to the Tacoma smelter by the Canada Mutual Mining & Development company, limited, from their Gladstone mine, shows the ore to contain 66.7 per cent lead, imparting a value of $43.88 per ton.

The Trail smelter has made a contract with the War Eagle Mining company for the treatment of 100,000 tons of ore, the cost of smelting and freight being stated at $7.50 per ton. This is about $3.50 per ton cheaper than was formerly charged under the regime of F. Aug. Heinze.

A special meeting of the Pathfinder Mining, Reduction & Investment company, limited liability, has been called for the 4th of April at Grand Forks, at the office of company there. The object of the meeting is to consider the advisability of passing a resolution authorizing the sale of the whole or a portion of the property and assets of the company.

The Nelson Wine Co. caters for high-class family trade. *

WOMAN'S KINGDOM.

One of the innovations in Cairo, which is now among the most popular winter resorts in the world, consists in the introduction of the bicycle for general locomotion about the city, and even where practicable for trips in the interior. It is a curious sight to see the end-of-the-century wheelwoman pedaling through the ancient city, preceded by such a native courier as always makes way for European visitors and citizens of distinction through the crowded street.

In the course of paper on the diversity of interest and occupations which characterize modern woman of society and their husbands, Harriet Monroe draws attention to a fact which may not be without interest for some of these wives. She declars that social intercourse is impossible without common interest. Because the wife and daughters of a man of the world know nothing of affairs, have never felt that thrill which follows one's touch upon "the pulse of the machine," it often happens that he is on terms of more confidential comradeship with his stenographer then with them. The stenographer, like her employer, has felt the fascination of business. She knows her employer on the side of his real life, appreciates his worth, and understands his slightest refrence to it. Thus the women of his family, absorbed in their own pleasures, charities, or fads, gradually become to the husband and father mere household pets, decorations—sometimes even buderns of his life, while his stenographer becomes his confidential and helpful friend.

The kindliness of intercourse found among men does not characterize the attitude of woman toward woman. A man on a long journey will do his best to make himself comfortable in every way, and at its conclusion will have made an acquaintance, and perhaps even a friend, of his neighbor. But for a woman to speak to a fellow-traveler of her own sex, without the conventional introduction, is to invite a snub. Should she inform her neighbor at a dry-goods counter that she has found a certain material most satisfactory, she would probably be greeted with a haughty stare, plainly indicating the suspicion that the informer gets a percentage on the sales. Steamers in passing each other display a white flutter of handkerchiefs from the human freight aboard, but the wayfaring woman is considered a fool if she inclines to that sort of graciousness on land. And yet a woman is not necessarily either designing or disreputable simply because she speaks to another woman without introduction.

In Harper's Bazar there is a recent reference to the fact that "women with really refined instincts would far rather spend their money on fine linen and laces for underwear than on more showy and expensive undergarments." The journal goes on to say that fashions in underwear are not less fickle than in any other article of dress, but that the refined woman can always be told by the quality of her underwear. This is reminiscent of the fact that in old English novels there is frequently reference to the new governess who, when her trunk is unpacked, betrays the secret that she has been trying to hide—to wit, that she comes of a once wealthy family, by the exquisite fineness of her linen. According to these old English novels, gentlewoman always spent more money on their underwear than on their growns.

Cowes' famous yachting serge, in black and indigo, warranted to stand the sun and sea, at Ross's.

MILLINERY!

Fresh Spring Goods have just arrived at Mrs. McLaughlin's and will be opened for inspection during the coming week.

Drop in and see our stock, and you will find just what you want, and at the right price.

Mrs. McLaughlin,
Josephine St. - - Nelson.

The Manhattan

The only first-class saloon in the city.

The Choicest Liquors always in stock.

Mixed drinks of all kinds a specialty.

All the best brands of cigars are to be had at

The Manhattan

D. A. McBEATH, Proprietor.
Josephine St., - Between Baker and Victoria.

Parsons' Produce Company,

WINNIPEG, MANITOBA.

Wholesale Dealers in Butter, Eggs, Cheese, Apples, Poultry and Cured Meats.

The largest handlers of these goods in Western Canada. All warehouses under perfect system of cold storage. Full stock carried at Nelson, B.C. For prices write or wire

P. J. RUSSELL, Mgr Nelson Branch Parsons Produce Co.

QUEENSWARE GLASSWARE AND CROCKERY

constantly arriving and on hand. The latest in Foreign patterns of Tableware in China and Glass.

WINE, SHERRY, CHAMPAGNE AND BEER GLASSES

Decanters, Bitters Bottles, in cut, blown and pressed glass. Groceries including Canned Goods, Fresh Creamery Butter, Eggs, Fruit and Vegetables, Choice Smoked Meats, Salt Fish, Dried Fruits and Meats.

KIRKPATRICK & WILSON.

FRED. J. SQUIRE,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

High Class Suits Made in the Latest Styles.

A Magnificent Line of Scotch Tweeds and Worsted, and West of England Trouserings, Suitable for Spring wear. A special feature of Fancy Worsted Suitings.....

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Baker St., Nelson, B. C.

PIPES

A large stock of all grades from the best makers. We can sell you any kind of a pipe

S. J. MIGHTON,

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HORSE SHOEING

Wagon work and Blacksmithing in all its Branches.

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H. A. PROSSER, Manager. Lake St., Opp. Court House. NELSON, B. C

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WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Meat Merchants

HEAD OFFICE: Nelson, B. C.

. . BRANCHES AT . .

ROSSLAND TRAIL NELSON KASLO
SANDON THREE FORKS SLOCAN CITY

SHORT STORIES.

At last after many dangers, she had braved the terrors of the Chilcoot Pass and had rejoined her lover on the Klondyke. "Are you still glad to see me?" she asked. "Do you still think I am worth my weight in gold?" "In gold?" he cried, contemptuously, as he folded her to his frozen bosom. "My darling, you are worth your weight in fat pork and beans."

The other day a young minister invited a fellow student to a church hall to hear him preach a sermon on "Light" The minister began by holding up his right hand and with a violent gesture said, "blow out the sun." With a similarly frantic movement of the left hand he roared, "blow out the moon." Then with a combined gesture of both he bellowed out, "blow out the stars." Whereupon the student arose to leave and with hoarse whisper cried, "turn off the gas."

Once upon a time a printer brought to Booth for inspection the proof of a new poster which, after the manner of its kind, announced the actor as "the eminent tragedian, Edwin Booth." Mr. Booth did not fully approve of it. "I wish you'd leave out that 'eminent tragedian' business. I'd much rather have it simple 'Edwin Booth,'" he said. "Very good sir." The next week the actor saw the first of the new bills in position. His request had been carried out to the letter. The poster announced the coming engagement of "Simple Edwin Booth."

Telegrams not unfrequently get somewhat mixed before delivery and sometimes give rise to queer complications. A fascinating but frisky young lady had a valuable collie dog, named Shep, given her by her brother, who lived some 20 miles off. Soon after she went on a visit and gave stringent directions that her new pet should be looked after. The day following her departure, however, the dog disappeared, and the following telegram was sent to her brother, thinking the collie had bolted back to its old home, "Shep has bolted. Make instant inquiries and wire news." The form in which it arrived was, "She has bolted," etc., and the panic created by the omission of that one letter was great.

A good story is being told of a Glasgow medical man He was attending one old woman whom he knew well to be a confirmed hypochondriac. She haunted him; heavy bills terrified her not; she looked upon him as the incarnation of medical wisdom. He resolved to get rid of her. He was stepping into his gig one day when she ran up. "Oh, doctor," she said, "bide a wee! What am I to dae wi' that neuralgy? Every nicht as sune as I gang to my bed it begins. What wull I dae for't ?" "My dear woman," replied the doctor, scrambling into the vehicle, "there's only one thing you can do; don't go to bed—sit up!" He lost his patient.

Lord Carrington tells a story of his experiences while Governor of New South Wales. His first public appearance was as the Mayor's dinner at Sydney. Having committed a few words to paper, he delivered them in reply to the toast of his health, and then sat down, feeling very much satisfied with himself. Opposite to him there sat a fat man. He was an M. P. who had suffered long from the abudant eloquence of the new Governor's predecessor. When Lord Carrington sat down the fat man filled his glass to the brim and said: "Thank the Lord, he can't speak."

Spring goods have arrived comprising all the latest novelties in tweed suitings, fancy worsteds and panting at Koss's.

Boarding House For Sale or Rent.

FOR sale or rent a nine-room boarding house, well furnished and doing a good business. Terms very reasonable. Must be sold, as owner is going to Alaska. Address, T. Q., ECONOMIST office.
Furniture will be sold at a bargain.

NELSON FISH AND POULTRY MARKET

Fresh goods from the best markets always on hand.

Special arrangements made for the Lenten season.

Fresh Fish, Prime Poultry, Reasonable Rates, Worthy Weight.

Try those tempting things and trust us with your trade.

Mills & Lott, props.

BAKER STREET, NELSON.

Hebden & Hebden

TINNERS AND PLUMBERS

McClare's Famous Stoves and Ranges, Tin and Enamelware, Heating and Gasfitting, Roofing and Cornice, Sheet Metal Work.

NELSON, B. C.

Photographs...

A thoroughly equipped Photographic Studio is that of Wadds Brothers. Inspection Solicited

Compare Our Work and Prices, and You Consult Your Own Interest and Ours.

Samples may be seen at the Studio or at the stores of J. O. Patenaude, watchmaker; J. Dover, watchmaker and jeweller; Messrs. Kirkpatrick and Wilson, grocers and provision merchants.

WADDS BROTHERS,
PHOTOGRAPHERS.

Amateur Finishing Done.

Cor. Victoria and Stanley Streets, NELSON.

WALL PAPER! WALL PAPER!

Large NEW stock direct from the factories.
No old stock.

Canada Drug and Book Co., L'td.
Corner Baker and Stanley Sts., Nelson.

DO YOU WEAR CLOTHES?

If so it will pay you to inspect our new arrivals at $6.50 and $10.00 per suit. They are immense values.

J. A. GILKER, Post Office Store

Nelson Planing Mill.

Doors, Sashes and Turned Work, Brackets and Office Fittings.

Satisfaction Guaranteed. Prices Reasonable.

THOS. GRAY, Nelson, B. C.

GENERAL NOTES.

Victor Guillaume, a well-known old-timer died suddenly near Kamloops on Tuesday.

The steam tug Vixen, for the Kootenay Contracting & Machinery Co., has been launched at Kaslo.

Reports from Ashcroft say that burg is at present bothered by the genus "hobo," and the local constable has his hands full.

Ex-Mayor, R. F. Green, of Kaslo, accompanied by Mrs. Green, have left for the coast, from whence they depart for Honolulu on a vacation.

The Rev. David Richards has arrived from St. Paul, Minn., and will make his future home in Kaslo having accepted a call to the pastorate of the Church of England.

A mass meeting of Chinese was held in Victoria, the other evening, to protest against the proposal of Mr. Maxwell, M.P., to increase the poll tax on Chinamen entering Canada from $50 to $500.

Major Perry, who raised the British flag at Summit Lake, claimed as American territory, says Summit Lake is indisputably British territory and the government will collect customs there.

Hon. Mr. Blair has stated that the Government will survey a road from some B.C. point, probably Fort Simpson, to Telegraph Creek, for the purpose of building a sleigh road and subsequently a railway.

The outlook for Cariboo has not been so bright for many years, says the B. C. Mining Journal, as for the ensuing season. The reports of sales of properties, bonding of others, and the work that will be carried on in consequence of such sales will add most materially to the prosperity of Ashcroft and all in business of any kind along the road, including ranchers and stockmen.

At a public meeting in Golden the other night it was decided that a memorial be presented to the Dominion Government asking that the dredge be taken from the Columbia river and placed on the Kicking Horse, for the purpose of dredging the river from its mouth up to the town, the object being to confine the river to one channel.

Office Diaries for 1898 at Thomson Stationery o., L'td. *

NOTICE.

A Court of Assize, Nisi Prius, Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery will be holden at the City of Nelson, on Monday, the 21st day of March, instant.

By Command.
JAMES BAKER,
Provincial Secretary.

Provincial Secretary's Office,
1st March, 1898.

CAUTION.

All persons are hereby cautioned against using any of the following Marriage Licenses, viz: Numbers 8681 to 8710, both inclusive, the said licenses having been stolen in the recent mail robbery at Rossland.

R. F. TOLMIE,
Registrar.

Nelson, B.C., 28th February, 1898.

Assessment Act and Provincial Revenue Tax.

WEST KOOTENAY DISTRICT.

NOTICE is hereby given, in accordance with the Statutes, that Provincial Revenue Tax and all taxes levied under the Assessment Act are now due for the year 1898. All of the above-named taxes collectible within the West Kootenay District, are payable at my office, Kaslo, B. C.

Provincial Revenue Tax, $3.00 per capita.

Assessed taxes are collectible at the following rates, viz.:—

If paid on or before June 30th, 1898:—

Three-fifths of one per cent. on real property. Two and one-half per cent. on the assessed value of wild land.

One-half of one per cent. on personal property. On so much of the income of any person as exceeds one thousand dollars the following rates, namely, upon such excess, when the same is not more than ten thousand dollars, one per cent.; when such excess is over ten thousand dollars and not more than twenty thousand dollars, one and one-quarter of one per cent.; when such excess is over twenty thousand dollars, one and one-half of one per cent.

If paid on or after tee 1st of July, 1898:—

Four-fifths of one per cent. on real property. Three per cent. on the assessed value of wild land.

Three-quarters of one per cent. on personal property.

On so much of the income of any person as exceeds one thousand dollars, the following rates, namely, upon such excess, when the same is not more than ten thousand dollars, one and one-quarter of one per cent.; when such excess is over ten thousand dollars and not more than twenty thousand dollars, one and one-half of one per cent.; when such excess is over twenty thousand dollars, one and three-quarters of one per cent.

One per cent. on the assessed value of all ore or mineral bearing substances, payable quarterly on the last day of the months of March, June, September, and December in each year.

JOHN KEEN,
Assessor and Collector.

Kaslo, February 5, 1898.

NOTICE.

Take notice that I, J. M. Campbell, intend two months after date to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works of the Province of British Columbia for permission to purchase one hundred and sixty acres of land situated at Goat River Crossing (so called) in the county of Kootenay, in the province of British Columbia, described as follows:

Commencing at a post planted on the east bank of Goat River about three hundred yards below the crossing of the foot road, and marked Campbell's South West Corner Post, thence east forty chains, thence north forty chains, thence due west forty chains, thence south forty chains to the point of commencement, containing one hundred and sixty (160) acres more or less.

Dated at Nelson, January 31st, 1898.

J. M. CAMPBELL, locator.

NOTICE.

In the County Court of Kootenay, holden at Nelson, in the matter of Erick Nelson, alias Eric Nilssen Ullen deceased, intestate, and in the matter of the Official Administrators Act, dated the 24th day of January 1898. Upon reading the affidavits of James Ferguson Armstrong and William King, sworn respectively the 25th day of October 1897, and the 22nd day of January, A.D., 1898, and filed, it is ordered that James Ferguson Armstrong, Official Administrator for the County Court District of Kootenay, shall be administrator of all and singular the goods, chattels and credits of Erick Nelson alias Eric Nilssen Ullen, deceased, intestate, and that this order be published in the Nelson Economist newspaper for a period of three weeks.

(Signed) J. A. FORIN,
J.

[L. S.]

NOTICE.

I herby give notice that I intend to apply to the License Commissioners for the city of Nelson at their next sitting for a bottle license for the sale of liquor at my premises on Lot 1, Block 1, Nelson.

R. F. JAYNES.

Dated, February 26th 1898.

A thing of beauty is a joy forever. Eat Joy's bread and be beautiful. *

LILLIES' SHOE HOUSE

Up-to-date Spring Footwear in great variety at Lillies'.

LILLIES' SHOE HOUSE

OPPOSITE HUDSON'S BAY CO.

STERLING SILVER

Reliable Goods

PLATED SILVERWARE

In Jewelery of all kinds at right prices at

JACOB DOVER'S

KARN PIANOS

Jewellery Store.

SIX KINDS Sewing Machines

Vancouver Hardware Co.

Mara Block, Nelson.

GENEREL HARDWARE, STOVES, MINING SUPPLIES, LAMPS AND LAMP GOODS, PLAIN AND FANCY. Agents for Armstrong & Morrison's Ore cars—the best in the market.

Send or Call and get Prices.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that sixty days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following tract of land:

Commencing at the north west corner of lot 207, Kootenay district, thence east twenty chains, thence north eighty chains, thence west ten chains more or less, thence following the lake shore to place of comencement, and containing one hundred and twenty acres, more or less.

WILLIAM ROSS MACLEAN.

February 8th, 1898.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia.

In the matter of the Winding Up Act and in the matter of the Nelson Sawmill Company, Limited.

The Honorable Mr. Justice Drake has by an order dated the twenty-seventh day of September, 1897, appointed Hugh R. Cameron, of the city of Nelson, British Columbia, to be Official Liquidator to the above named Company.

Dated this 6th day of October, 1897.

E. T. H. SIMPKINS,
Deputy District Registrar at Nelson, British Columbia.

NOTICE.

ADDITION "A" NELSON TOWNSITE.

Notice is hereby given that I have appointed Messrs. Gamble & O'Reilly, real estate agents, my sole agents for the above property. Any person wishing to purchase lots in said Addition "A" can get full particulars from them.

F. C. INNES.

January 18, 1898.

W. J. QUINLAN, D. D. S.

DENTIST

Mara Block. - Baker Street, Nelson

Special attention given to crown and bridge work and the painless extraction of teeth by local anesthetics.

The latest patterns in English, Scotch, Irish and Canadian tweeds, at Ross's, opposite Queen's hotel.

PERSONAL.

J. H. Ashdown, of Winnipeg, is in town.

Jacob Dover has returned from a month's trip to the Coast.

Mrs. W. A. Clarke, Ainsworth, is registered at the Phair.

G. F. Upham and D. Burns were over from Rossland on Friday.

A. R. Cuthbert, of Pincher Creek, was in Nelson on Sunday.

J. R. Costigan, of McLeod, N.W.T., is paying Nelson a visit.

G. H. Martin, of the Spokane & Northern Railway, is in town.

Howard Chapman, of Victoria, was in town during the week.

John A. Retallack and James A. McDonell, are over from Kaslo.

A. H. Wallbridge, of Vancouver, was a visitor to Nelson this week.

Judge Forin has returned from Rossland, where he has been holding court.

Editor King of the Kootenaian was in town on Monday, and left for Victoria.

Mrs. G. O. Ross and family left yesterday on a visit to their old home in Ontario.

J. F. Ritchie and wife were over from Rossland yesterday, as was also J. W. Astley.

John McMahon, P. J. McMahon and W. J. Treway were down from Moyie City during the week.

Hundreds of people are arriving in Victoria and Vancouver every day bound for the Klondyke.

It is reported that Russia is preparing for war, as a conflict with Japan is considered inevitable.

The United States Congress has been asked to vote $50,000,000 to strengthen the army and navy.

Spain is preparing for any emergency that may arise in view of the warlike preparations of America.

The supreme court has decided that no corporation, the majority of the capital stock of which is owned by aliens, can become the owner of land in the state of Washington.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that Geo. H. Keefer and George Paquin, carrying on the business known as the Nelson Cafe, have this day dissolved partnership by mutual consent.

GEO. H. KEEFER,
GEO. PAQUIN.

Dated, the 28th day of February, 1898.

Money to Loan.

The Canadian Mutual Loan & Investment Co., of Toronto, Ont., advance money on reasonable terms for building or on improved property in Nelson. For full information apply to

STEWART & LENNOX,
Agents.

Turner & Boeckh block.

LICENSE AUTHORIZING AN EXTRA-PROVINCIAL COMPANY TO CARRY ON BUSINESS.

"COMPANIES ACT, 1897."

CANADA:
PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.
No. 42.

This is to certify that the "Canada Drug and Book Company, Limited," is authorised and licensed to carry on business within the Province of British Columbia, and to carry out or effect all or any of the objects hereinafter set forth to which the legislative authority of the Legislature of British Columbia extends.

The head office of the Company is situate at the Town of Regina, North-West Territories.

The amount of the capital of the Company is thirty thousand dollars, divided into six thousand shares of five dollars each.

The head office of the Company in this Province is situate in the Town of Nelson, and Peter Lamont, merchant, whose address is Nelson aforesaid, is the attorney for the Company.

The objects for which the Company has been established are:—

For the purpose of buying and selling drugs, toilet goods, books, stationery, tobacco, fancy goods and general merchandise by wholesale and retail; the compounding of prescriptions of legally authorised medical practitioners, and generally to carry on the wholesale and retail business of druggists, dispensing chemists, and dealers in books, stationery and general merchandise.

Given under my hand and seal of office at Victoria, Province of British Columbia, this third day of January, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-eight.

[L.S.] S. Y. WOOTTON
Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

A NEW THING

TEETH EXTRACTED WITHOUT PAIN by the use of a local anesthetic. SAFE AND SURE. For reliable dentistry go to

DR. H. E. HALL

Corner Ward and Baker streets, Nelson, B.C.

Premo Cameras
Eastman Kodaks

Seeds Dry Plates

Solio Paper and Photographic supplies.

Thomson Stationery Company ltd.

Baker St. - Nelson.

FOR A

GOOD BATH
SMOOTH SHAVE
AND HAIRCUT
AS YOU LIKE IT, GO
TO THE

STAR SHAVING PARLORS

Two doors east of Post Office.

W. J. MORRISON, prop.

Music Lessons.

Mrs. Morley is prepared to receive pupils for piano, violin or organ. For terms apply at residence, Silica street, or

Thomson Stationery Co., L'td, Nelson.

FRED IRVINE & CO.

Spring Opening

Dry Goods **Boots and Shoes**

We have just received direct a large stock of English goods in the following lines:

Black Lustres, Alpacias Cashmeres, Henriettas, Crepons, Dress and Blouse Silks, and latest novelties in Fancy Dress Goods, Prints, Cambrics, Lawns, Muslins, Percales, Organdies, Gelitias, Shirtings, Table Damask, Napkins and towels. Also latest styles in Ladies' Blouse and Shirt Waists, White Pique and Colored Denham Wash Skirts, Navy Black Serge and Alpacia Dress Skirts.

We invite an early inspection of above lines while our stock is complete.

Write for samples.

FRED IRVINE & CO.

Baker Street - - - - Nelson

NELSON CAFE.

GEO. H. KEEFER, PROPRIETOR.

First-class in every particular. Merchants' Lunch a Specialty from 11:30 to 2 o'clock. Dinner 5 to 8 o'clock.

OPPOSITE POST OFFICE, - - - BAKER ST.

STAR BAKERY.

Corner Josephine and Latimer Streets. R. G. JOY, Prop

Bread Delivered to any Part of Town.

And can be obtained from Kirkpatrick & Wilson, Baker Street; C G. Davis, Ward Street; T. J. Scanlan, Stanley Street; and Maurine Grocery, Hume Addition.

Ask Your Grocer for Joy's Bread.

NOTICE.

A Court of Assize, Nisi Prius, Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery will be holden at the City of Nelson, on Monday, the 21st day of March, instant.

By Command,
JAMES BAKER,
Provincial Secretary.

Provincial Secretary's Office,
1st March, 1898.

BIDS WANTED.

Up to the 11th day of MARCH, at 2 o'clock p.m. for Excavation and Foundation of the new Odd Fellows' Hall at Nelson. Plans and specifications to be seen at my office.

H. HOEPPNER, Architect.

Boarding House For Sale or Rent.

FOR sale or rent a nine-room boarding house, well furnished and doing a good business. Terms very reasonable. Must be sold, as owner is going to Alaska. Address, T. Q., ECONOMIST office.

Furniture will be sold at a bargain.

Nelson Hardware Company.

LINSEED OIL
TURPENTINE
HARD OILS
VARNISHES

STAINS
LIQUID FILLERS
MIXED PAINTS
ENAMELS
WHITE LEAD

Nelson Hardware Company.

P. O. BOX 63. Telephone 9

BLANKETS, MACKINAWS, OVERALLS, RUBBERS.

TURNER, BEETON & CO.

London, Eng., Victoria, B. C.

Kootenay Branch :

NELSON.

Wholesale Merchants,

Shippers and Importers

Liquors, Cigars, Dry Goods,

Etc., Etc., Etc.

SEATTLE FISH AND POULTRY MARKET

Fresh Salmon, Halibut,
Rock Cod, Smelt, Perch,
Fresh and Canned Oysters,
Poultry (dressed and alive)

C. W. SMITH, - Prop.

Opposite Thomson's Bookstore.

T. S. GORE. H. BURNET. J. H. McGREGOR

GORE, BURNET & CO.,

Provincial and Dominion Land Surveyors and Civil Engineers.

Agents for Obtaining Crown Grants and Abstract of Title to Mineral Claims, &c.

NELSON, - - - British Columbia

JOHN McLATCHIE

Dominion and Provincial Land Surveyor,

Opp. Custom House, Nelson, B. C.

J. O. PATENAUDE,

Optician and Watchmaker,

McKillop Block, Baker street.

All work guaranteed.

LOTS FOR SALE.

A large number of business lots for sale. Also business blocks on Baker, Vernon and other streets. Residential lots and houses for sale in addition A and other parts of the city.

W. J. G. DICKSON,

Baker Street, Nelson.

The Nelson Wine Co. carry only the best liquors. *

AS THE SUN WENT DOWN.

Two soldiers lay on the battlefield
At night as the sun went down,
One held a lock of thin gray hair
And one held a lock of brown.

One thought of his sweetheart back at home
Happy and young and gay,
And one of his mother left alone,
Feeble and old and gray.

Each in the thought that a woman cared
Murmured a prayer to God,
Lifting his gaze to the blue above
There on the battle sod.

Each in the joy of a woman's love
Smiled through the pain of death,
Murmured the sound of a woman's name,
Though with his parting breath.

Pale grew the dying lips of each,
Then as the sun went down,
One kissed a lock of thin gray hair,
And one kissed a lock of brown.

The Manitoba provincial elections will be brought off in July.

The Hon. Robt. Watson, Manitoba Minister of Public Works, is the prospective Lieut. Governor of the North West Territories.

Dr. Philpot, of Vancouver, has interested $100,000 of capital in England for the purpose of erecting factory on the Fraser to treat salmon offal.

A petition is being prepared for circulation asking the provincial government for ten thousand dollars to build a wagon road up the north fork of the Lardeau.

The Canadian government railway, covering the territory between Montreal and Halifax, has announced a cut in rates to all points reached by the Grand Trunk and Canadian Pacific.

A petition has been presented to the local legislature from a number of Vancouver people protesting against the proposed amendment to the Vancouver city charter to exempt the Canadian Pacific railroad from taxation on condition that the company build a fine station building and make other impovements

Whittaker's Almanack 1898. Cloth and Paper Editions, at Thomson Stationery Co, L'td.

COAL.

Hard and Soft Coal for Domestic Purposes.

Blacksmith Coal and Coke Contracts made on application to

GAMBLE & O'REILLY, Baker St., or WILSON & HARSHAW, Vernon St.

Telephone No 35.

House-cleaning will soon be here

WE HAVE MANY AIDS TO IT, SUCH AS

PREPARED KALSOMINE,

READY MIXED PAINTS,

OIL WOOD STAINS, ETC.

FULL LINE OF PAINTS, OILS and VARNISHES.

PAINT and VARNISH BRUSHES . . .

LAWRENCE HARDWARE CO.

Telephone 21 Baker St., Nelson.

A BRITISH COLUMBIA PRODUCT.

Okanagan Flour

Hungarian,	Economy,	Shorts,
XXXX	Superfine,	Chicken Feed,
Strong Bakers,	Bran,	Chop.

The Okanagan Flour Mills Company, Lt'd, Armstrong, B. C.

TURNER, BEETON & CO., AGENTS, NELSON, B. C.

Give this Flour a Trial before passing an opinion.

CARLEY & PEEL,

Brokers and Manufacturers' Agents.

Agents for Manitoba Produce Company, Gold Drop Flour, Wheat Manna, W. J. Pendray's Soaps, M. R. Smith & Co's Biscuits, Etc.

NELSON, B. C. P. O. Box 498.