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The Lardeau-Slocan.

Vancouver World.

The Slocan country lying between Arrowhead and Kootenay lakes has forged ahead absolutely on the merits of its rich silver deposits, the output and development demonstrating that this is one of the richest silver and lead producing regions in the world. Considerable development is proceeding and there are over 20 shipping mines, which number will be increased at an early date.

A very rich district in West Kootenay that bids fair to become one of the large producers of British Columbia is known as Cariboo Creek, situated between Nakusp and Robson, with easy access to the C.P.R. Company's splendid line of steamers running between Arrowhead and Trail daily and calling at Burton City, the outlet and inlet of all mines in the district. The new discoveries are attracting much attention and it is a wonder that the promising locality has not long since come into the prominence its merits deserve. The advantages of the Cariboo Creek appear to have been overlooked by experts and speculators. The entire country is of a solid formation, the ledges wide, carrying high values in both gold and silver with a heavy percentage of lead. There is no indication of pinching in the ledges, no difficulties occur in tracing them wherever discovered and from the very surface results are phenomenal. The formation is well defined and unbroken. There are many properties now working and others will shortly follow. Amongst those showing up well are the Columbia, Cariboo, Black Bess, Ocean Wave, Trio, Silver Queen, Hailstorm, Gibraltar, Promitora, Eureka, Winnipeg and many others. The Columbia-Cariboo is about seven miles from Burton, a wagon road is nearly completed all the way and the rest of the distance is over a good trail. This property consists of three claims, a well-defined lead of rose quartz is traceable a distance of over 3,000 feet, carrying galena and carbonates and running high in gold from the surface. A shaft has been sunk a considerable depth on the ledge, the width being maintained, but at a depth the gold values improve. Open cuts have been made along the outcrop, proving the vein very regular. This is a fine fissure and a very strong one at that. Crossing the country stratification at right angels a tunnel now being driven will intersect the ledge at a considerable depth. When this is accomplished drifting on the ledge both east and west will be commenced and a connection made with the shaft. This property is one of the best in West Kootenay. The wealth, permanency and values in so large a body of ore will enable the company to win large quantities of ore at a nominal cost. When the tunnel connects with the shaft, every ton taken out will be pay rock. The stratification of the country rock which is lime and shale runs north and south and the ledge east and west.

On the Black Bess very little work has been done so far, although the vein matter shows in considerable bodies in various parts of the claims. The vein is composed of iron and steel galena, the assays showing high results in gold and silver.

The Trio consists of three claims and a quartz ledge has been uncovered traversing through two claims showing a width of four feet carrying galena and gold, assaying from $10 to $400. A good number of men are pushing work by sinking and tunnelling and ore will be shipped at an early date. The vein is strong and shows permanency.

The Silver Queen, better known as the Maxwell group, consists of six claims. Tunnelling and sinking are being energetically pushed. On the surface the main lode shows a width of 14 feet consisting of iron impregnated with steel galena assaying from $50 to $400, principally in silver, but carrying from $10 to $12 in gold. Development shows a complete change and as depth is attained the iron runs out and the vein matter carries considerable calcite. This ore can be smelted at a very low rate and is a desirable commodity for the Trail smelter to mix with Rossland and other ores. Drifting shows the ledge to average eight feet, of which three are solid ore. The lode is well defined between two permanent walls with every appearance of continuance. Another parallel vein has been discovered three feet wide assaying from $30 to $260 in silver and gold. Drifting and sinking show this to be strong and well defined. Several other discoveries have been made which go to show that several parallel ledges travers the property, all of high grade ore, a considerable quantity of which is now ready for shipping.

The Hailstorm is situated on the summit of a mountain at an elevation of 8,000 feet. It has a very fine body of quartz exposed, showing galena and giving good results in gold. The vein outcrops for 400 feet. A shaft is down nearly 100 feet, which gives improved values in the ore, the width of the body being six feet. The Gibraltar is close to the Hailstorm.

The Promitora, which is now shipping ore going over $50 per ton, nett, principally gold, has a very fine showing and as the opening up progresses indications warrant extensive workings and heavy shipments of ore.

The Great Western, four miles from Mineral City, adjoining the Milly Mac, has a fine showing of quartz, 12 feet wide and continuous through this claim the quartz is similar to the Columbia Cariboo and contains much galena. The average assays return $60 per ton, half of which is in gold.

The Milly Mac is a group of 12 claims. The ore carries carbonates, chlorides and native silver. The main lode is quartz of great width, and development proves that gold is largely prevalent in the general assay value.

An important discovery has been made on the divide between Slocan Lake and Cariboo Creek, the vein being 10 feet wide, with three feet of clean ore going $100 to the ton and four feet of good concentrating ore. There is no question of doubt that the great Slocan silver lodes with their varying values all pass through the Cariboo Creek, yet carrying all the values of the Slocan, with a large increase of gold.

On the western side of Arrow Lake a trail of six miles has been made, Pringston creek being half way. Three miles from Pringston creek a valuable mineral belt was discovered some time since consisting of a hugh outcrop, heavily mineralized, traceable without a break for 12 miles and showing a width from 20 to 100 feet. This body of ore is pyritite, carrying values in gold, silver and copper equal to $20 per ton. The ore resembles that on the Le Roi and other Rossland mines; for two or three claims on the trend the outcrop shows out in places through the moss, but after the timber is passed the ledge has been exposed by nature. The whole width of the vein matter is composed of pyritite, quartz and solid galena in seams carrying values in gold, silver and copper, the galena giving heavy percentages of lead up to 60 per cent. A shaft is being sunk and is in solid ore and is indicative of improvement. Transportation will be easy to deep water by aerial tram, which can be constructed at a moderate cost. Timber is plentiful and the facilities are excellent for all purposes. The ore can be won and shipped from the very surface and all work done will be in pay ore. No dead work need be anticipated, excepting making tram for transit. With this complete ore can be shipped from the mine at a cost not exceeding 10 cents per ton. An enormous quantity of ore can be won at little cost and shipped continuously.

Ten miles from Arrowhead is Thompson's Landing, reached by the C. P. R. boats, this being the quickest route to Trout Lake City. This is one of the latest camps, but at the same time one of the most promising. Although but little of the district has been prospected sufficient has been done to prove the existence of very rich leads of gold, silver, copper and lead. From Thompson's Landing to Trout lake a good wagon road has been made, a distance of 12 miles. The country traversed is one very favorable to the existence of mineral deposits, being a splendid slate formation, solid and in place, although nothing so far has been discovered of any intrinsic value between the two places. On arriving at Trout Lake City one is surprised at the rapid advance made in building a substantial town. There are several good hotels and others in course of erection. The town has the appearance of being full of business. From Trout Lake City the Horne Payne syndicate has built a wagon road through the town of Ferguson, a distance of four miles and thence on the well-kown Silver Cup Mining Company's property, or in all eight miles with good bridges were necessary.

Ferguson is a town with several hotels and stores, so too, private residences. This town has also sprung up within the last few months. The Horne Payne Company have erected a saw mill, offices, and other buildings. Development work is being pushed and ore is being shipped continuously. The vein matter is largely impregnated with grey copper, carrying high values in silver. Although much money has been expended the results are not so encouraging as they might have been under more effective management. Claims in the immediate vicinity have been bonded by the company, but some of these have been abandoned.

Four miles out of Ferguson a trail begins where the wagon road ends. This leads to the Ten-Mile, up Gaynor creek. At a further distance of four miles some fine showings occur, a ledge showing galena going high in silver and lead is traceable throughout several claims. Very little work has been done on any of these, but assessment shows the ledges as very promising. Further on two miles a discovery has been mode by the Lade Bros., consisting of a mixture of iron and quarts. Two tons of this was shipped as a test and resulted in the phenomenal return of $1,100 to the ton in gold. The work done so far applies only to the two tons taken out. The gold occurs in several stringers, but, notwithstanding, gold is visible all through the stone. Without further development the value of the property cannot be determined as evidently this is only a pocket and the ledge is anything but defined and has no indication of permanency. Several other locations have been made on this line but as yet the lode has not been met. From the Ten Mile in another direction a trail has been made for 19 miles to the Abbott group, consisting of five claims, viz., Heckla, Abbott, King William, Union and Kamloops. This was built at a cost of $300 to bring supplies in, but is impracticable for transportation. So far not much prospecting has been done within this 19 miles, however, a good trail can and should be made to the foot of Trout Lake, up Hailey creek where a gradual rise can be ensured for a distance of 12 miles, which would complete the road to the head of Hailey creek, at the foot of Abbott Hill. This could be constructed at a cost not exceeding $15,000, and would open up much unexplored but valuable country. Another feasible route could be made traversing Hall creek to the Duncan river, a distance of four miles, thence down the Duncan where steamer transportation can be secured at the Big Jam.

The Abbott mine has a very fine showing at an elevation of 6,500 feet. On the Abbott claim a tunnel has been driven 328 feet to intersect at a depth of 400 ft. The main ledge is being exposed higher up and in width is from 12 to 15 feet trending N. W. and S. E., with four feet of clean galena, carrying carbonates and grey copper. The remainder of the ledge is concentrating. Results give over $100 in silver and 75 per cent. in lead. This ledge is traceable through the Heckla, Abbott, King William and Union. The vein occurs in a contact of lime and slate. The general formation of the country is a fine, soft brown slate. A belt of limestone, a mile in width, intrudes through the slate and is continuous right along the country for miles. This intrusion is the very foundation of the country. On the King William, in a direct line with the Abbott, the lode outcrops 30 feet high, and is 20 feet wide, the ledge being a fine laminated quartz, carrying grey copper and galena. The country being bare of undergrowth and timber the outcrop is so distinct that it can be seen for miles with the naked eye running as true and straight as a die. Four hundred feet lower down on the King William an outcrop of quartz three feet wide is exposed and cut by a creek. About one foot of this is solid galena, carrying high values. A tunnel has been driven, cutting the vein at 30 feet. This is a true fissure, cutting the slate at right angles, N. E. and S. W. When this junctions with the main lode the possibilities are great. On the Abbott claims 400 feet higher up another parallel vein is exposed in the lime belt, which is regular and well defined right through the country 10 feet wide, half of which is solid galena. One hundred feet higher another ledge is exposed from six inches to a foot in width of galena impregnated with grey ore. These lodes are all strong, passing through the four claims of the Abbott group into the Wagner group, viz., Lucile, Francis Jewel, Emma Fraction, Queen Mary, Princess Marie, Lardeau Fraction, Lardeau, McCartney Fraction, Duncan and Ella. All these claims are on the same line. A tunnel has been driven on the Francis Jewel, cutting the lode at 40 feet. On the Queen Mary and Princess Marie open cuts expose the continuation of the ledge, carrying identical values. On the Lardeau the solid galena is exposed on the surface and traceable right through the Heckla into the Duncan. In all there are four claims on the main ledge. The outcrop on the Duncan is composed of iron rose quartz and seams of solid galena standing out of the ground 50 feet and being 50 feet wide. A tunnel has been driven 100 feet and a crosscut towards the dip has been completed 45 feet, cutting the same continuous body of ore 60 feet from the mouth of the tunnel. A good working winze has been sunk following down the vein at an angle of 55 degrees. At this depth a crosscut has been driven 10 feet towards the hanging wall. A fine body of ore has been met with, carrying the same mineral of solid galena and grey copper.

Another property running parallel with the Duncan and known as the Merry has a very fine showing of galena going 70 per cent in lead and 180 ounces in silver. This occurs in the lime belt, is four feet wide and continues through the claim into another location known as the Bannockburn, also carrying identical values in a lode exposed on the surface. For permanency and vast bodies of valuable ore the Lardeau will be a very large shipper as soon as railway transportation is open and as it is now almost settled that the construction of a railway is to commence very shortly and that it will be built to within a few miles of the Abbott hill the future of this vast producing country is assured.

KNOX JEWELRY STORE ROBBED.

Burglars Help Themselves to all the Time Pieces in Sight.

Monday night while Mr. Knox was absent in Sandon and Mr. Brindle was attending the K. of P. lodge meeting, burglars entered the jewelery store of Knox Bros., and carried away watches and jewelery to the value of several hundred dollars. The burglary was committed early in the evening it is believed, as someone was heard moving about the store by other occupants of the building about 8 o'clock. An entrance was affected through the store door, a skeleton key evidently being used. All the trays in the show case containing watches, lockets, rings and articles of much value were emptied and no clue was left by the burglars. There is absolutely no evidence by which the crime may be traced to the perpetrators, but they are believed to be three in number, strangers in the town who visited the store Monday on pretense of making a purchase.

Mr. Knox was shortly to leave New Denver and the loss he has sustained is deeply felt by him.

The goods taken embrace about 12-18 size cases and watch movements, three lady's size watches, four diamond rings, 16 or 18 set and plain rings, 35 watch chains, 40 lockets and charms, four 14-k gold bracelets, half-dozen rolled plate bracelets, half-dozen gold brooches, four silver thimbles, lady's charms, cuff buttons, silver manicure sets, gold scarf pins, etc.

ROSEBERY RIPLETS.

Mr. Christie's house is now finished.

The C.P.R. have their ice house nearly completed.

The travelling public are now making Rosebery a stopping point more and more every day.

The B. C. Ore Sampling Co. are calling for tenders for the ore works at Rosebery, plans and specifications to be seen now at A. M. Beattie's office.

Rumor says Mr. Matheson will build a hotel here, which is badly wanted as the present Rosebery House is often over-crowded. It is fully expected the boom will be at Rosebery this spring.

The item in this paper last week saying two C.P.R. cars had gone into the lake at Rosebery was incorrect, so says Agent Taylor. A. M. Beattie also has been measuring the shallow water referred to and says it is only 75 feet at the end of slip, and that Rosebery can not only boast of having the only safe winter harbor on the Slocan lake, but also has the best constructed wharf, which so far has not cost a dollar for repairs or settled an inch since it was built.

MINING LAW CHANGED.

Deadwood, S. D.—A circular letter issued by the department of the interior has created general consternation among the mining men of the Black Hills. It pertains to the mining laws with regard to patented claims and is a radical change from what has been in practice heretofore. It provides that the applicant must file in the land office, at the time of entering the application, a certificate from the surveyor general that no less than $500 worth of improvements have been made on each claim for which patent is made and if more than one claim is applied for, the same amount of improvements must be done on each. It has been possible, heretofore, to get patents on a group of claims, often 50 or more, by simply performing the $500 worth of improvements on the group.

New Prospecting Device.

E. S. Glover, of Tacoma, Wash., has invented a prospecting device, says the Ledger, which he has tested very thoroughly. It consists of a boring and drilling device adapted to bringing to the surface the material through which the hole is made. It will work through earth, hardpan, ice or frozen soil and will pierce rock or frozen gravel to any desired depth. It can be used to prospect the sands and gravels at the bottom of streams, lakes, marsh or bog through water or any soft material. It can be worked by any one man and carried anywhere together with his other outfit and provisions. It weighs complete thirty pounds. It will enable the miner to ascertain in a few hours or days, the value of a claim that would require many days or weeks to prospect without its use. Arrangements have been made to manufacture it in Tacoma.—DeLamar Nugget.

East Canadian News.

Feb. 3

A young lady, Miss McCarthur, of Brockville, took a dose of Paris green on Monday, and died from the effects of it.

John McCann, a farmer of the township of Belmont, aged 50 years, committed suicide this week, by cutting his throat.

W. J. Withall, vice-president of the Quebec Bank, died at his home in Montreal on the 24th of Jan. He was in his 83rd year.

A retired Anglican clergyman, Rev. H G. Burrage, committed suicide by hanging himself in his barn on Sunday last, at Sherbrooke, Que.

The engagement of Miss Pauline Johnson, the Indian poetess, to Mr. R. L. Drayton, formerly of Toronto, now of Winnipeg City, has been announced.

The Royal Canadian Bicycle Club, of Toronto, held their annual ball on Friday night, at which about 200 of the bicyclists and their friends had a delightful time.

Word has been received at Ottawa that the 20 coroporations controlling the fisheries of the Great lakes have combined to form one gigantic trust, with a capital of $5,000,000.

A detachment of the Salvation Army is going to the Klondike gold fields to work among the gold-diggers. It is proposed to establish barracks at Dawson City, with outposts at other points

The catch of salmon trout on Lake Ontario last year was better than for many years. Fish up to 20 pounds in weight were caught. The catch of white fish was also very good, but the herring seems to be on the decrease.

Clayton Bennett, a well-known English journalist, who came to Canada but six weeks ago en route to the Klondike died at the General Hospital, Montreal, on Monday evening. Mr. Bennett was one of the best known authorities on South Africa.

Madame Nordica sang on Tuesday night in Massey Hall, Toronto. Despite the fact that a terrible snowstorm was raging, about 4,000 people turned out to hear this beautiful vocalist, and they were amply rewarded, for never before was this gifted singer heard to better advantage in Toronto.

Toronto is considering seriously the feasibility of building a railroad to James Bay, and five of the most prominent and most capable men of the city have been appointed to inquire into the project. $5,000 has been granted by the Board of Control to cover the expenses of the inquiry.

Some amateur highwaymen help up a couple of men a few miles out of Stratford, Ont., on Saturday last, and demanded their money. Nelson Monteith, the warden of the county, who was one of the victims, handed them 35 cents and drove on. Had they searched him they would have found quite a large amount in bills.

A young Canadian lawyer, Mr. Edward Knowles, spent a night in a prison cell at Buffalo this week. He was visiting in the city and had made a call at a friend's house, leaving about 10 o'clock. About 2 o'clock he was arrested as a tramp and locked up. However, on proving his identity the next morning he was released.

Lieut. E. R. Street, of the Royal Grenadiers, Toronto, a son of Mr. Justice Street, sailed for England this week, on his way to join his new regiment, the 1st Battalion of the Hampshire Regiment, in Multan, in the Punjab, India. A farewell dinner was given in the mess room of the Armories on Saturday night, by his brother officers of the Royal Grenadiers.

The Independent Order of Foresters announce through their official organ, the Forester, that contributions will be received for the building and furnishing of a six-room cottage at the Muskoka Home for Consumptives. The cottage is to be for the use of members of the order, who are victims of this dred disease. Many courts have already responded to the call.

Joseph Smith, the 66-year-old son of the Mormon prophet, Joseph Smith, who was murdered some 54 years ago at Carthage, Mo., went on a visit recently to the members of the sect in Toronto, and there met, fell in love with and married Miss Rachel Clark, of Walemar village, Dufferin County, a 22-year-old girl, weighing 200 pounds. It was evidentally a case of "veni, vidi, vice." Elder R. C. Evans, of London, Ont., performed the marriage ceremony.

The Dominion Parliament will soon be in session. Lord Aberbeen will deliver the speech from the throne on Feb. 3rd, in the red chamber. Ottawa is expecting a very gay season, as the Governor-General and Countess of Aberdeen will reside at Government House all winter and will give the usual round of state dinners, balls, skating and tobogganing parties at Rideau Hall. In addition to this it is expected that the cabinet ministers and their wives will do a great deal of entertaining also.

Mr. Henry Creswicke, P. L. S., of Barrie, while walking along the double track between Allandale and Barrie, was killed by the mail train. When the train whistled for the semaphore, he, probably thinking the whistle was intended for him, immediately stepped over to the other track right in front of the moving train. When picked up a few minutes later, he was quite dead. The deceased gentleman was about 55 years of age and unmarried.

A French-Canadian physician in Montreal, Dr. Brunelle, saw the ghost of a friend, Dr. T. Garceru, of Boston, about half an hour before he received a message acquainting him of the death of Dr. Garceau. Although Dr. Brunelle told the story to only a few intimates, it has leaked out and caused quite a sensation. There have been several manifestations of this sort in Quebec at different times. The French-Canadian temperment is evidently peculiarly adapted for such visitions.

A deputation of bicycle manufacturers waited on the Minister of Finance and Customs this week, and asked for a specific duty of $9 each on bicycles, with a provision that in no case should it be less than the equivalent of 25 per cent., ad valorem. The deputation pointed out that about a million dollars' worth of bicycles and parts of bicycles are imported from the United States annually. If this importation was stopped and American manufacturers were prevented from selling their wheels at slaughter prices, many Canadian artisans, who now suffer from the competition, would be greatly benefited.

LAST CHANCE BOND TAKEN UP.

The bond on the Last Chance group, on Toad mountain, one and a half miles from Cottonwood lake, has been taken up by Messrs. Wilson Bros., who secured an option on it last fall for $5,000. The purchasers have recently returned from England, where they organized a company to develop this and other properties. The Last Chance group consists of three claims and a fraction. It is a copper-gold proposition, running high in copper and is known to be a rich property. There has already been over $3,000 worth of work done on the claims and it is the intention of the new company to push development work energetically.

ON HIDDEN CREEK.

This week Messrs. Reisterer and Clements of Nelson became owners of the Bismuth, Squire and Leading claims. The claims are located on Hidden creek four and a half miles east of the Nelson & Fort Sheppard railway and one mile from the Union Jack claim near Salmo. The price was $5,000. The Bismuth shows six veins varying in width from two to seven feet, carrying iron pyrites and galena. The Squire shows four veins, 10 to 20 feet in width, carrying iron pyrites and galena. The Leading shows one vein four feet in width, carrying iron pyrites and arsenic.

A Toad Mountain Claim.

The Winnipeg and Eureka Gold Mining Company, of which D. D. Berks, of Rossland, is treasurer, sent out men this week with a large quantity of supplies to their claim on Toad mountain about two miles from the Silvery King. It is the intention of the company to open up the claim and drive a tunnel to strike the lead.

Waiting for Silver King Ore.

The big blast furnace at the Nelson smelter which is used exclusively for the ore from the Silver King mine, has been closed down for a week in order that sufficient ore may be got out to keep it running continuously when it starts up again.

Bought the Lalla Rookh.

The British America Corporation is making preparations for extensive work on the Lalla Rookh group of claims near Cascade City, which the syndicate has recently acquired.

THE LEDGE.

Published every Thursday.

R. T. LOWERY, Editor and Financier.

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TO CONTRIBUTORS.

Correspondence from every part of the Kootenay District and communications upon live topics always acceptable. Write on both sides of the paper if you wish. Always send something good no matter how crude. Get your copy in while it is hot, and we will do the rest.

A pencil cross in this square indicates that your subscription is due, and that the editor wishes once again to look at your collateral.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1898.

AN ECONOMIC FACT.

THE Canadian Trade Review in a recent issue criticises Mr. Bryan's position on bimetallism in the following language.

"When Mr. Bryan stated that the free coinage of silver, by increasing the demand for silver bullion, would increase the value of silver dollars he doubtless believed that he was stating an economic fact. But the experience of India shows us that by closing the mints to silver the scarcity of silver coin thus produced increases the demand and consequently the value of them, in no slight degree. It was in June, 1893, that the Indian mints were closed to silver and the Crime of '93, was consumated. The rupee was then worth in purchasing power eleven pence. Two years after, and the gold value of the rupee was 13:10 pence; in 1896 it was 13:64 pence; in 1897, 14:45 pence, and for the last few weeks 16½ pence."

The position taken by the Review is a peculiar one. It attempts to put the coined rupee in the scales as bullion, and imputes the arguement that since its coinage has ceased its value had increased, hence by stopping silver coinage India, for example, had increased the value of silver instead of decreasing it. This view is entirely wrong. To say that to decrease the demand for an article adds to its value is contrary to all reason. When Mr. Bryan, speaking for all bimetallists, said the opening of the mints to silver would create a demand for that metal, and force its bullion value to its natural place with gold, he uttered an economic fact that has never been controverted. The closing of the Indian mints to silver has caused the price of bullion to fall in all about 20 cents an ounce. The fact that the rupee of India has risen in value is not strange. The rupee is India's standard coin. It is the money that settles all balances with other countries, and, since its coinage has been cut off and the money becomes more scarce in the markets it is natural that it should appreciate in value. It is the same with gold in England or the United States. Gold has appreciated in value in all single gold standard countries, because it is so scarce in comparison with all other forms of money circulated, and because all other moneys are based on it. The rupee has appreciated in value in India because it is the only acknowledged money that will pass as standard coin there. The natives will take nothing else and India settles all her trade balances in that kind of money.

Money coined and money metal are very different quantities. For example, right in Canada, we take silver coin at their face value, when their real value as coin metal is not one-half what is stamped on it. It the mints of America were opened to silver at the ratio with gold that is in vogue the world over, and silver were coined without restriction the same as gold is to-day, a demand would at once be created for the full supply and the bullion value would be the same as the coin value, because no man would sell his silver for less than the mint would give him.

PROFESSOR EMMENS claims he can make gold out of silver. If he can it will only be a short time until the price of silver will advance to $10 an ounce and the Slocan will be the richest piece of country on earth.

AS HENRY CLEWS SEES IT.

IN the weekly financial review of January 29th, issued by the banking house of Henry Clews & Co., Wall Street's head institution, we are given an insight into the financial policy of the McKinley administration as mapped out by the money trust of Wall Street. Speaking of the introduction of the Teller resolution in Congress Mr. Clews says:

"The revival of the silver agitation in Congress, in connection with the resolution of Senator Teller, has for its purpose making it imperative on the part of the government to recognize the word "coin," contained in the United States bonds, as meaning either gold or silver as the money in which both principal and interest shall be payable. It is not at all likely, however, that this new attack upon the government credit will pass into law. As a matter of fact, it is absolutely impossible during the present administration.

"President McKinley's pronounced stand, as expressed in his address to the National Manufacturers' Association for the maintenance of the world's best money as the standard for this country, was bravely and brilliantly uttered. There can be no doubt hereafter as to where our level-headed executive stands on that question. The only position for Republicans and sound-money Democrats to take now and henceforth is to back up the President in his determination to maintain national honor and integrity."

It will be remembered that McKinley was elected to the presidency of the United States on a platform pledging the Republican party to secure, if possible, bimetallism for that republic. It will be remembered also that McKinley as president appointed a commission to secure for that country bimetallism, and in compliance with his first message Congress set apart $100,000 to defray the expenses of said commission in its undertaking. It will again be remembered that McKinley as president pledged himself before the bimetallists of his party to use every effort to carry out the platform on which he was elected. Later this same McKinley as president went before the National Manufacturer's Association and declared himself unequivocably opposed to anything but the single gold standard.

Certainly the people of the United States are in a hard row of stumps, if, as Henry Clews states, they have to depend upon a man like President McKinley to "maintain national honor and integrity"—a man who has deliberately broken his party's pledge on which he was elected to office, and one who is bound to serve the interest of the financial sharks of the land at the peril of all other classes.

THE people of Canada should do something to restrain the generosity of our legislators at Ottawa when making railway contracts. In a short time if no change is made the ordinary Canuck will have nothing left of his country except the ozone he breathes.

DOUBLE the wealth will be taken out this year in Kootenay in comparison with Klondike, a fact that few people in the world are cognizant of.

LAST month the mineral production of Southern Kootenay was only exceeded by three States in the Union, and not a brass band played.

HOW THEY GO.

The Halifax Mail has the following "record to date of our gad-about ministers:"

Laurier—Three months of travel in Great Britain and the continent of Europe, taking in Paris and Rome. And a trip to Washington.

Davis—Two trips to Washington, and one each to Great Britain and British Columbia.

Blair—Six weeks sojourn in private car with Domville and Pugsley, all over and around the State of Washington, British Columbia and North-West, a trip to Europe and a jaunt to New York to see the presidential election.

Dobell—Three trips to Great Britain.

Fielding—Several months of travel in private car with Cartwright and Paterson from Winnipeg to Halifax; a trip to New York to watch the presidental election, a tour of England and France.

Tarte—Several months of almost continuous travel in private car all over the Dominion, including a trip to British Columbia, and a tour of inspection of all the principal harbors of Europe, in prospect.

Joly—Trip to British Columbia with Li Hung Chang.

Cartwright—Trip to Washington.

Fitzpatrick—A trip to London and Rome.

Sifton—A trip to Alaska just to see Major Walsh set out for the Klondike.

Broden—Prolonged visit to the United States and a trip to London.

Altogether they have made nine trips to London, four to Washington, two to Rome and five to British Columbia. And all within sixteen months. The Wandering Jew doesn't seem to be in it with these chaps.

COL. DOMVILLE'S VIEWS.

Lieut.-Col. Domille, M. P., a leading supporter of the Laurier Government, has come out strongly against the Government's bargain for the Yukon Railway. Col. Domville, who is also manager of the Klondike Yukon Stewart Pioneers, in an interview, said he did not believe in the Stickine-Lake Teslin all Canadian route to the Klondike, as the River is not open till the 20th of May, it is necessary to discharge from a deep water vessel at Wrangel to flat bottom boats, and, if the steamers draw more than 26 inches, they are liabel to stick at any moment before reaching Glenora. Col. Domville adds, if he were not a Canadian, he would favor the White Pass, as it is only 36 miles from the Skagway, which is an ocean point, to Lake Bennett, and just as near Dawson City and the Klondike as the end of the 150-mile portage at Teslin Lake. Col. Domville added, if a Canadian route is necessary, he favored the Edmonton route, and the railway should be built from Edmonton to Athabasca Landing a distance of about 70 miles. This could be done in less time than it would take to push a railway through from Telegraph Creek to Teslin Lake. From Athabasca Landing, Col. Domville declared that there was water communication by the Mackenzie River to where the portage of 150 miles to Porcupine River began, and, if the Dominion Government would spend $500 per mile on these 150 miles, they would have a first rate wagon road. Col. Domville also expressed doubts as to the contractors' ability to complete the Teslin Railway during the season of 1898. In fact, he did not believe it would be done before the summer of 1899.

THE CROW'S NEST MINES.

Wm. Blakemore, General manager of the Crow's Nest Pass Coal Company, Limited, in an interview with a representative of the News-Advertiser last week stated that he had just returned from a trip to England and Scotland, where he had been for the purpose of ordering material for the mines. The directors had decided to adopt the policy of purchasing everything possible in the way of supplies in Canada, but a large amount of the material required cannot be obtained in this country, and consequently has to be obtained elsewhere.

Mr. Blakemore has also recently made a close inspection of the most modern mining plants in the United States, especially with regard to the use of electricity, and on his advice the directors have decided to put in such a plant. Electricity will be used for mining the coal, hauling it, driving the ventilating fans, and lighting, and, later on, water power may be used.

When asked about the progress being made on the Crow's Nest Pass Railway, Mr. Blakemore said that Mr. M. J. Haney, the Superintendent of Construction, expected to have the line completed to the coal mines in March or April next. Until this is done the materials cannot, of course, be taken in, but as soon as the road is completed the company expects to have its coal on the market. The principal supplies purchased abroad were the fire-bricks for the coke ovens. These constitute a very important and expensive item, and will be brought nearly 7,000 miles.

RAINY LAKE MINES.

Rainy Lake City, Minn.—The Foley mine is working steadily night and day. On the 300-foot level the true vein was struck again. It is six feet wide, with well defined walls. This is the Bonanza vein. It seems that in some way they got off the track and were following a feeder. A drift led them back to the real ore body. When its size and richness were discovered, the management were so encouraged that they will shortly have about 100 miners at work. Eight drills are now working and as soon as possible the others in the plant will be put to work. Sinking is to be resumed on the Daisy and Lucky Joe vein. The stamp mill is now running night and day, and there is now so much ore blocked out ready for stoping that the mill need not stop running for want of ore. The result of last week's mill run is a little lump of gold valued at $6,000, and the one obtained for this week will probably be larger than this.

The Randolph mine is looking as fine as ever. The shaft is down over 150 feet and the rock coming out is wonderfully rich. It is said that a stamp mill will be put on the mine after the 200-foot level has been reached. There is some fine ore on the dump and a great deal of drifting has been done.

The stamp mill on the Independence mine, at Sturgeon Falls, is nearly completed. It is thought that the mill will be ready to run by March 1.

YUKON WHISKEY.

If the statements contained in the Ottawa despatch prove to be correct Sir Charles Tupper will certainly a occupy curious position before the people of Canada. But it is improbable that he has committed himself in any such manner. In the first place he is far too astute a man not to see what the consequences of such an act on his part would be: and in the second place the trade-mark of the pure canard is carried in the statement that the British Columbia government has granted the Klondike Trading and Transportation Co. a permit for the sale of 50,000 gallons of whiskey. That is nonsense and, as the common phrase is, "gives the whole thing away." Of course there must be some foundation for the report, and no doubt there is very keen competition among the companies for the privilege of selling whiskey in the Yukon district, but what authority the writer of the telegram had for using Sir Charles Tupper's name as he has done will not be clear until further reports arrive. It is probable either a joke or a mistake.

MR. JEFFERSON'S WEAK POINT.

Joseph Jefferson's weak point is his forgetfulness of names, and that failing has cost him a good many embarrassments. In this relation these stories are told: He had been introduced to General Grant at a time when that distinguished soldier was the lion of the social world, and the popular actor was much impressed with the personality of the hero. A few hours later, as he went up in his hotel elevator a rugged-looking man, with a military bearing bowed pleasantly to him and made an observation regarding the speed of the elevator, when Jefferson said:

"I beg pardon. Your face is very familiar, but I cannot recall your name."

"Grant," was the laconic, but perfectly courteous reply.

"I got off at the wrong floor," said Jefferson, "for fear I would ask him next if he had been in the war."

Mr. Jefferson has been known to forget his own name. He tells us how, in one of the cities where he played a few years ago he called at the post office and inquired at the general delivery: "Any mail for me?"

"What name?"

"Name? Gooduess gracious! I don't know. Let me think. Why, I'm to play Rip Van Winkle in this town tonight."

"Jefferson?" suggested the clerk.

"Yes. Jefferson, certainly. Thanks.

Bank of Montreal.

Established 1817.

Capital (all paid up) $12,000,000.00
Reserved fund : : 6,000,000.00
Undivided profits : : 896,850.04

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RT. HON. LORD STRATHCONA and MOUNT ROYAL, G.C.M.G. President.
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E. S. CLOUSTON, General Manager,

Branches in all parts of Canada, Newfoundland, Great Britain, and the United States.

New Denver branch

F. J. FINUCANE, Manager.

CUSTOMS.

Summary statement of the goods imported and the revenue collected at the Port of Nelson, B.C., during the month of January, 1898:

IMPORTS.

Dutiable Goods	$ 73,812 00
Free	8,793 00
Total Imports	$ 82,605 00
Duty Collected	$ 21,125 98
Other Revenues	850 50
Total Revenues	21,976 48

EXPORTS.

8740 tons Ore	$ 407,688 00
760 tons Matte	690,501 00
Gold Bullion	6,300 00
Total, The Mine	$1,107,489 00
The Forest	$ 36 00
Animals and Produce	60 00
Manufactures	5,084 00
Total Exports	$1,202,669 00
Nelson	$ 10,375 53
Kaslo	4,723 04
Rossland	3,773 74
Trail	922 77
Nakusp	736 38
Waneta	492 66
Rykert's	100 02
Sheep Creek	1,84

A. DRISCOLL, C. E.,
Dominion & Provincial Land Surveyor.
Slocan City, B.C

DR. A. S. MARSHALL.
Dentist.
Kaslo, B C
Graduate of American College of Dental Surgery Chicago

W. S. DREWRY, Kaslo, B.C. H. T. TWIGG, New Denver, B.C.
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Dominion and Provincial Land Surveyors.
Civil and Mining Engineers.
Bedford, McNeil Code.
Rashdall & Fauquier, Agents.

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CONVEYANCER, Etc.,
MINES and REAL ESTATE
Slocan City, B.C.

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Nakusp, B.C.

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PROVINCIAL LAND and MINE SURVEYOR.
P.O. Box 214. Sandon, B.C

GWILLIM & JOHNSON, (McGill)
Mining Engineers & Analy-Chemists.
Slocan City, - - - - - - B C

HOTELS OF KOOTENAY
THE MINERS EXCHANGE.
Three Forks, E. C. Weaver

ASSAYERS OF B. C.

HOWARD WEST,
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MINING ENGINEER, ANALYTICAL CHEMIST, & ASSAYER.
Properties examined and reported on for intending purchasers.
Assay office and Chemical Laboratory, Bellevue ave. New Denver, B C.

J. M. M. BENEDUM,
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F. W. GROVES,
CIVIL and MINING ENGINEER, Provincial Land Surveyor.
Underground Surveys. Surface and Aerial Tramways. Mineral claims surveyed and reported upon. Kaslo, B.C

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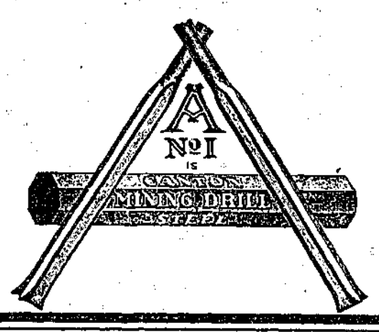

Heavy and Shelf Hardware,
Mine and Mill Supplies,
Pipe and Fittings,
Paints and Oils,
Builders' and Contractors' Supplies,
Stoves and Kitchen Ware,
Agents for Canton Steel.

I carry one of the largest and best assorted stocks of Hardware in West Kootenay, and shall be pleased to quote prices upon anything required in my line.

SLOCAN HOTEL

Newly opened in New Denver, is one of comfort, luxury and ease. The rooms are elegantly furnished, the building hard-finished, the dining-room warm, light and tastefully decorated, and the tables laden with all the viands fit to eat. It isn't necessary to talk about Henry Stege's bar. It is too well known.

HENRY STEGE, Prop'r

The Clifton House,
Sandon.
Has ample accommodations for a large number of people. The rooms are large and airy, and the Dining Room is provided with everything in the market. Sample Rooms for Commercial Travelers.
John Buckley, Prop.

THE SELKIRK HOTEL
SILVERTON, B.C.
Is a new three-story hotel situated near the wharf. The house is plastered and the rooms are furnished in a manner calculated to make travelers call again. Mining and Commercial men will appreciate the home comforts of this hotel.
BRANDON & BARRETT

For Assay Supplies
of all kinds, call on or write
W. F. Teetzel & Co,
DRUGGISTS, Nelson, B.C.

WANTED—
Industrious Men of Character.
THE LINSCOTT COMPANY, TORONTO.

The Prospectors' Assay Office
Brandon, B. C,

Assay Price List:

Gold, Silver, or Lead, each	$1.50
Gold, Silver and Lead, combined	3 00
Gold and Silver	2 00
Silver and Lead	2 00
Copper (by Electrolysis)	2 00
Gold, Silver, Copper and Lead	4 00
Gold and Copper	2 50
Silver and Copper	2 50
Gold, Silver and Copper	3 00
Platinum	5 00
Mercury	2 00
Iron or Manganese	2 00
Lime, Magnesium, Barium, Silica, Sulphur, each	2 00
Bismuth, Tin, Cobalt, Nickel, Antimony, Zinc, and Arsenic, each	4 00
Coal (Fixed Carbon, Volatile Matter, Ash, and percentage of Coke, if Coking Coal)	0

Terms: Cash With Sample.
June 20th, 1895.

FRANK DICK,
Assayer and Analyst

FRED J. SQUIRE
Nelson, B. C.
Merchant Tailor.
Full Line of Suitings and Trouserings always on hand.

Travelers
Will find the
Arlington Hotel
a pleasant place to stop at when in
Slocan City.
GETHING & HENDERSON, Proprietors.

THE CATTLE THIEF.

They were coming across the prairie, they were galloping hard and fast,
For the eyes of those desperate riders had sighted their man at last,
Sighted him off to eastward, where the Cree encampment lay,
Where the cottonwoods lined the river, miles and miles away.
Mistake him? Never. Mistake? that man known as Eagle Chief,
The terror of all settlers, that murderous cattle thief—
That monstrous, fearless Indian, who lorded it over the lain,
Who thieved, and raided, and scouted, who rode like a hurricane,
But they've tracked him across the prairie, they've followed him hard and fast,
For those desperate English settlers have sighted their man at last.

Up they wheeled to the tepees, all their British blood aflame,
(They were bent on bullets and bloodshed as a hunter bent on game),
But they searched in vain for the cattle thief—that lion had left his lair,
And they cursed like a troop of demonds, for the women alone were there.
"The sneaking Indian coward," they hissed. "He hides while yet he can,
He'll come in the night for cattle, but he's scared to face a man."
"Never!" And up from the cotton woods rang the voice of the Eagle Chief,
And right out into the open, stepped unarmed—the cattle thief.

Was that the game they coveted? Scarce fifty years had rolled
Over that fleshless, hungry frame, starved to the bone, and old,
Over that wrinkled, tawny skin, unfed by the warmth of blood,
Over those hungry, hollow eyes, that glared for the sight of food.
He turned like a hunted lion, "I know no fear," said he,
And the words out-leapt from his shrunken lips in the language of the Cree,
"I'll fight you white skins one by one, till I kill you all," he said,
But the threat was scarcely uttered e'er a dozen balls of lead
Whizzed thro' the air about him like a shower of leaden rain,
And the gaunt old Indian cattle thief dropped dead on the open plain.
And that band of cursing settlers gave one triumphant yell,
And rushed, like a pack of demons, on the body that wreathed and fell,
"Cut the fiend up into inches, throw his carcass on the plain,
Let the wolves eat the cursed Indian, he'd have treated us the same,"
A dozen hands responded, a dozen knives gleamed high,
But the first stroke was arrested by a woman's strange, wild cry,
And out into the open with a courage past belief
She dashed, and spread out her blanket o'er the corpse of the cattle thief,
And the words outleapt from her hungry lips in the language of the Cree—
"If you mean to touch that body you must cut your way through me."
And that band of cursing settlers fell backward, one by one,
For they knew that an Indian woman aroused, was a woman to let alone.
And she? She raved in a frenzy that scarcely understood,
Raved of the wrongs she had suffered since earliest babyhood.

"Stand back, stand back, you white skins, touch that dead man to your shame,
You have stolen my father's spirit, but his body I only can claim.
You have killed him, but you shall not dare to touch him now he's dead.
You have cursed him, called him a cattle thief, tho' you robbed him first of bread,
Robbed him, and robbed my people; look there at that shrunken face,
Starved with a hollow hunger we owe to you and your race.
What have you left to us of land? what have you left of game?
What have you brought but evil, and but curses since you came?
How have you paid us for our game? How paid paid us for this land?
By a Book—to save our soul from the sins you brought in by your other hand.

Go back with your new religion, we have never understood.
Your robbing an Indian body, and mocking his soul with food;
Go back with your new religion, and find—if find you can
The honest Indian you ever have made from out a starving man.
You say your cattle are not ours, your meat is not our meat,
When you pay for the land you live in, we'll pay for the meat we eat.
Give back our land and our country, give back herds of game,
Give back the furs, the forests, that were ours before you came,
Give back the peace and plenty, then come with your new belief,
And blame if you dare the hunger that drove him to be a thief."

E. Paulsne Johnson.

NO MORE COAL.

In 346 years there will not be a pound of coal or a gallon of petroleum left in the whole earth, according to the statement made by Lord Kelvin before the Methematical and Physical Section of the British Association at its recent meeting in Toronto. Lord Kelvin, with his unrivailed power of applying his mathematical knowledge to the solution of practical questions, has made this startling calulation very carefully.

A fair average of the growth of coal in the earth, Lord Kelvin said, was two tons for each square metre in a thousand years. Dividing the figures already obtained, would give the age of the earth since plant life began as 50,000,000 years. Turning to Great Britain, Lord Kelvin said that there was still available in that country 146,000,000 tons of coal, or about six-tenths of a ton per square metre of area. Judging from the present rate of consumption this supply might last 100 years or less.

Sir Henry Bessemer, the great steel manufacturer, has made some calculations about coal which will make these figures better understood. One million tons of coal would represent a bed of coal one mile square by one foot thick. The coal mined in Great Britain in 1881 would make 55 great pyramids, or would rebuild the great wall of China, with one-quarter to spare. The British output of coal in 1883 would form a pillar one mile high by 164 feet square.

Edward Hull, a famous English geologist, has calculated that the amount of coal in Great Britain which exists at depths at which it can be mined is 800,000,000 tons. W. Stanley Jevons, reasoning from these figures, calculated that the British coal supply would be exhausted in 1975. Sydney Lupton, reasoning from another set of figures, set down the consumption of the last pound of British coal for 1990. Mr. Lupton, replying to a suggestion that Great Britain might import its supply from North America, which now has 40 times as much as the United Kingdom, after its own stores were exhausted, figured out that it would take 2,100 steamships, each making 13 trips a year and each carrying 6,000 tons of coal as cargo, to make up England's deficiency.

Huxley pointed out in a carefully written article that, "wanting coal, all the great towns of Lancashire and Yorkshire would vanish like a dream. Manufactures would everywhere give place to agriculture and pasture, and not 10 men could live where 10,000 are now amply supported."

Richard P. Rothwell, who was the mining expert in the eleventh United States census, gives the coal production of the United States for 1896 at 186,241,271 short tons, and adds that the anthracite mines of Pennsylvania are being rapidly worked out.

Lord Kelvin says that when the world's supply of coal is exhaused at the end of 346 years, mankind will only have wood left for fuel. Meanwhile, he advocates the use of all the power of Niagara Falls which he calculates at 4,000,000 horsepower. While this power could be distributed by electricity over a radius of 300 miles at a pressure of 80,000 volts, with a loss of only 20 per cent., Lord Kelvin thinks that all the factories which want to take advantage of Niagara's power should be gathered within a radius of 40 miles.

OFFICIAL REPORT.

Showing the True Condition of Things in the Frigid North.

Washington, Feb. 9.—Captain P. H. Ray, of the regular army, who was sent to the Yukon valley to ascertian conditions there, including particulars of the food supply, has made his report, a brief synopsis of which has been telegraphed by General Marriam from Vancouver barracks.

To intending gold seekers the most important statement the captain makes is that there have been no new discoveries for eight months prior to November 3, the date of the report.

Captain Ray declares that the situation along the Yukon is most serious. The food supply is practically exhausted and starving miners are robbing caches to satisfy their hunger. There is not only no food, says Captain Ray, but money is scarce, and government supplies will have to be donated to prevent absolute famine.

Captain Ray recommends that steps be taken to restrict immigration to the Yukon country, and prevent all persons from entering the mining regions unless they have food sufficient to last them two years.

There is no way to earn a living in the Yukon region, he says, and he thinks that only a very small portion of those going to Alaska in the past year have really earned their living since their arrival.

Hundreds are scattered along the Yukon without food, money or clothing and the lawless element is banded together for robbery.

Captain Ray urges that a survey be made from Cook Inlet to the Yukon for an all-American land route to the mines.

E. H. Wells is now on his way to this city to deliver the dispatches in person

Pickings From The Mother Lode of Wit

Explaining His Smallnes.—"How is it your Tommy is so small of his age, Mrs. Briggs?" "Oh, the little dear always was a shrinking child," explained its mother.

Exploded Theory.—What do you think of the Baconian theory, Mr. Noodles? I—ah—weally, Miss Vassar, I nevah could see any sense in those Baconian's a—and vegetarians y—knaw.

"I want the library," said Mr. Gaswell to the architect, "to be the largest and airiest room in the house." "I don't see what you want a library," interposed Mrs. Gaswell; "you know very well you don't smoke."

Extenuating Circumstance.—Judge—Prisoner, what have you to say in your defence?

Prisoner—Your Lordship sees that I have engaged no lawyer to defend me, and I trust this mitigating circumstance will be taken into account.

Rehearsing for Charades—Freddy—Now, Charlie, you must propose to Angeline (in her sixth season), and Angie, you must refuse him. It shall be "Paradise Lost." See?

Charley (thoughtlessly)—They'll never guess it in the world."

A little knot of gentlemen seated in front of the Arlington in Washington recently, were discussing literary matters. "By the way Senator," said one, "what book do you think has helped you most?" "Um—so—well, I guess maybe the pocket-book."

Protecting Her Rights.—Alfred (rapturously—Now, darling, please name the happy day.

Minnie (blushing)—Three weeks from next Thursday, Alfred.

Norah (through the keyhole)—Av you plaze, Miss, that's me reg'lar day out. Yez'll have to get married in the early part of the wake.

What's in a name? Most of the alphabet, in Russia.

A minister one day said in his pulpit: We pursue a shadow—the bubble bursts and leaves ashes in our hands.

Ed. (to Ada in her ball costume)—What a lovely girl you are!

Ada (simply)—You ought to see me when I am dressed!

When a modern youth becomes esconced in a street car, the ladies discover that he doesn't belong to the rising generation.

"However could you think of falling in love with such a homely fellow? His figure is something awful." "Yes, but he has a lovely one at the bank."

Popular Preaching.—First Preacher—How do you manage to succeed so well among the cowboys out West? There were 600 present at my first sermon, and I said: "Gentlemen, I'm going to tell you about a man five feet high who floored a giant eleven feet high." Then I spoke of Goliath and David. When I finished they gave three cheers for David.

IF YOU ARE ENERGETIC & STRONG

If you are above foolish prejudice against canvassing for a good book, write and get my proposition. The information will cost nothing.
I have put hundreds of men in the way of making money; some of whom are now rich.
I can do good things for you, if you are honorable and will work hard.
T. S. LINSCOTT, Toronto.

AGENTS Sell "KLONDIKE GOLD FIELDS" like a whirlwind. Prospectus 25 cents, worth $1. Big pay. Capital unnecessary.
BRADLEY-GARRETSON COMPANY, Limited, Toronto.

The Windsor
RESTAURANT

In NEW DENVER is always ready to do business. It has never closed its doors on account of the little financial breezes that blow adversely occasionally in the Silvery Slocan. The weary and hungry pilgrim has always been able to get his wants, and in consequence they call again when in town. Keep your eye on the Sunday dinners.

JACOBSON & CO.

HOTEL SANDON,
Sandon, B.C.

THIS NEW HOUSE, with the old name, is well equipped to accommodate a large number of Guests. The building is plastered and the rooms are unsurpassed for comfort in the Slocan, while in the Dining Room can be found the best food in the market.

Robert Cunning, Proprietor.

Black's Hotel
Sandon, B.C.

Has Steam Heat, Electric Light and every convenience for the comfort of guests. The house is . . . . .

First-class in every respect

and has few equals in the mountains of the West. The rates are

$2.50 TO $4.00 a day

Its Central Location and proximity to all railroad depots make it the headquarters for . . . . . .

Mining and Commercial Men

during their visits to the silver metropolis of Canada.

IRA W. BLACK, PROPRIETOR.

C.O.D LAUNDRY Goods called for & Delivered

We are now in a position to give thoroughly satisfactory service and solicit your patronage. We make a specialty of the finer lines of Cambrics and Linens, etc. All business cash on delivery.

Work Done on Short Notice.

C. M. NESBITT, Prop.

Rates furnished Hotels, Steamboat Companies, etc, on application. El Dorada Ave.

HOTEL VEVEY

Dining Room and Bar. First-class in every respect. Rooms well furnished. Trail open to Ten and Twelve Mile creeks. Pack and Saddle Animals to hire.
ALLEN & CORY, Proprietors.
Vevey, Slocan Lake, B.C.

BOURNE BROS.

GROCERIES,
DRY GOODS,
CLOTHING,
BOOTS & SHOES,
BUILDERS' SUPPLIES,
STOVES,
ENAMEL AND TINWARE,
PAINTS, OILS, GLASS,
POWDER, FUSE, CAPS,
JESSOP & BLACK DIAMOND STEEL
CHATHAM WAGONS, ETC.,

AT LOWEST PRICES.

New Denver, B. C

I am offering special inducements to my patrons in

Suitings

Do not miss this opportunity for our Worsteds, Serges, Tweeds, Trouserings and Overcoatings are the newest and best in the Slocan country. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.

A. M. Wilson,
The Reliable Slocan Tailor.
Williamson Block, New Denver.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS

Comiskey Mineral Claim.

Situate in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On the Galena Farm, adjoining the Peerless mineral claim on the north.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Francis J. O'Reilly of Silverton, B. C., as agent for the Galena Mines Ld, (Foreign) Free Miner's Certificate No. 7295 A., intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 1st day of February, 1898.
FRANCIS J. O'REILLY.

Humbolt Mineral Claim.

Situate in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay district. Where located: On Four Mile Creek, an extension of the Vancouver No. 2.

TAKE NOTICE that I, F. S. Andrews, agent for W. H. Hellyar, Free Miner's Certificate No. 4158 A, intend sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action under Sec. 37 must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 5th day of November, 1897.
F. S. ANDREWS,
Agent for W. H. Hellyar.

Mammoth Mineral Claim.

Situate in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: Adjoining the Mountain Chief, Carpenter Creek.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Herbert T. Twigg, agent for John A. Finch, Free Miner's Certificate No. 1674 A., Alfred W. McCune, Free Miner's Certificate No. 61727 and George W. Hughes, Free Miner's Certificate No. 64975, intend sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements

Dated this 13th day of January, 1898.
HERBERT T. TWIGG.

Badger State Mineral Claim.

Situated in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: Near the town of Sandon.

TAKE NOTICE That I, George Alexander, free miner's certificate No. 74000, intend 60 days from the date hereof to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action under section 37 must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 4th day of January, 1898.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that 90 days after date I intend to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following parcel of land situated on the east side of Slocan Lake, Slocan Mining Division, West Kootenay District, commencing at the southwest post of A. M. Wilson's pre-emption, thence running north 40 chains, thence running west to the Nakusp & Slocan Railway right of way, thence running south along the line of the Nakusp & Slocan Railway right of way to the northwest corner of the townsite of Rosebery, thence east to the point of commencement, containing 80 acres, more or less.

Dated, Nov. 28th, 1897.
A. M. BEATTIE.

COLUMBIA & WESTERN Ry

SCHEDULE.

Effective Nov. 22, 1897.

WESTBOUND.				EASTBOUND.		
P.M.	P.M.	P.M.		P.M.	P.M.	P.M.
No.5	No.3	No.1		No.2	No.4	No.6
3:45		9:00	....ROBSON....	8:00		2:30
5:00	2:00	10:00	....TRAIL....	7:00	12:55	1:15
	3:15	11:15	..ROSSLAND...	6:00	12:00m	

Nos. 1 and 2 connect with C.P.R. main line steamers, and trains to and from Nelson at Robson.

Nos. 3 and 4 are local trains between Trail and Rossland.

Nos. 5 and 6 are local trains between Trail and Robson. No. 6 connects with train No. 4 from Rossland.

All trains daily.

F. P. GUTELIUS, Gen. Supt.

KASLO & SLOCAN RY

TIME CARD

Subject to change without notice
Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

Leave 8 00	A.M.	Kaslo	Arrive,	3 50	P.M
" 8 36	"	South Fork	"	3 15	"
" 9 36	"	Sproule's	"	2 15	"
" 9 51	"	Whitewater	"	2 00	"
" 10 03	"	Bear Lake	"	1 48	"
" 10 18	"	McGuigan	"	1 33	"
" 10 38	"	Cody Junction	"	1 12	"
Arr. 10 50	"	Sandon	Leave	1 00	"

ROBT. IRVING,
Traffic Mngr.
GEO. F. COPELAND,
Superintendent

For cheap railroad and steamship tickets to and from all points, apply to
S. CAMPBELL, Agent, Sandon.

Atlantic Steamship Lines.

From Montreal
California, Allan Line
Parisian, "
Carthaginian "
Labrador, Dominion Line
Vancouver, "

From New York
Umbria, Cunard Line
Etruria "
Campania, "
Majestic, White Star Line
Teutonic "
St. Paul, American Line
St. Louis, "
State of Nebraska, Allan State Line
Southwark, Red Star Line
Noordland, "

Cabin $45, $50, $60, $70 $80 and upwards.
Intermediate $30 and upwards.
Steerage $25.50 and upwards.

Passengers Ticketed through to all points in Great Britain or Ireland, and at Specially low rates to all parts of the European Continent.

Prepaid Passages arranged from all points.

Apply to A. C. McARTHUR, C.P.R. Agent Sandon, or
WILLIAM STITT,
General Agent,
C. P. R. Offices, Winnipeg

Klondike

Start from VANCOUVER

Because

1. VANCOUVER is the best outfitting point on the Coast; goods considerably cheaper than in the United States.
2. VANCOUVER is the nearest port of departure to the Yukon District.
3. VANCOUVER is the terminus of the C. P. Railway, whose steamers will start from Vancouver this spring.
4. All north-bound steamers call at VANCOUVER.
5. Direct steamers to Yukon ports have now commenced to run from VANCOUVER.
6. VANCOUVER is the only Canadian port where passengers transfer direct from train to steamer.
7. KLONDIKE is in Canada. Outfit in VANCOUVER and save 30 per cent. Customs Duty.

W. GODFREY,
President Board of Trade, Vancouver, B. C.

Rosebery

The northern connecting point of the C. P. R. on Slocan Lake.

Rosebery

Has the only safe harbor north of Slocan City.

Rosebery

It is at Rosebery where the beautiful Slocan steamer ties up over night and where the employees can bring their families.

Rosebery

Lots were put on the market June 28 and are selling fast. You cannot afford to wait if you want a lot. They are going up.

Rosebery

Men are now grading and clearing the townsite, and several buildings are about to be erected.

Rosebery

Is destined to be the distributing centre for the Slocan.

Rosebery

Will become the great Concentrating City of the Slocan, having abundance of water and being easy of access to the Mining Centre. Watch this.

Rosebery

Terms, ⅓ cash; balance three and six months.

For full particulars apply to
A. M. BEATTIE,
General Agen

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

The Quickest and Cheapest Route East or West.

Steamer leaves Nakusp every morning, making close connection at Revelstoke with trains or all points East or West.

Before you travel get information from C.P.R. Agents as to time and rates. It will save you money Apply to nearest Railway Agent or to
H. DOUGLAS, Agent.
H. M. MACGREGOR, Trav. Pass Agt, Nelson, or to E. J. Coyle, Dist. Pass. Agt, Vancouver, B. C.

Spokane Falls & Northern

Nelson & Ft. Sheppard

Red Mountain RAILWAYS

The only all rail route without change of cars between Nelson and Rossland and Spokane and Rossland.

Only Route to Trail Creek and Mineral District of the Colville Reservation, Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

Daily, Except Sunday.

LEAVE.		ARRIVE.
9:20 a.m.	NELSON	5:35 p.m
12:00 "	ROSSLAND	2:50 "
8:00 a.m.	SPOKANE	6:40 p.m

Close connection with Steamers for Kaslo and all Kootenay lake points.

Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek connect at Marcus with stage daily.

INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION & TRADING CO., LTD.

Strs International and Alberta

On Kootenay Lake and River.

Time Card in Effect Oct. 1st, 1897. Daily Except Sunday. Subject to Change without notice

Close connection at Five Mile Point with all passenger trains of the N. & F.S.R.R. to and from Northport, Rossland and Spokane.

Through tickets sold at Lowest Rates and Baggage checked to all United States Points.

Lv. Kaslo for Nelson and way points, 5:45 a.m Ar. Northport 12:15 p.m.; Rossland 3:40 p m.; Spokane, 6 p.m.

Lv. Nelson for Kaslo and way points, 4.45 p.m. Lv. Spokane 8 a.m: Rossland, 10:20 a.m.; Northport, 1:50 a.m.

BONNER'S FERRY AND KOOTENAY RIVER SERVICE.

The Alberta awaits the arrival of the International before leaving for Bonner's Ferry.

Lv. Kaslo, Sat., 4.00 p. m; Ar. Boundary, Sun. midnight; Ar. Bonner's Ferry, Sun., 10.30 a.m. Lv Bonner's Ferry, Sun., 1 p.m.; Ar. Boundary, Sun., 5 p.m.; Ar. Kaslo, Sun., 10 p.m.

Close connecton at Bonner's Ferry with trains East bound, leaving Spokane 7.40 a.m., and West bound, arriving Spokane 7 p.m.

The last trip this season on the Bonner's Ferry route will be on the 6th and 7th November after which date the Bonner's Ferry service will be discontinued.

GEORGE ALEXANDER, Gen'l Mgr
Head Office at Kaslo, B.C.
Kaslo, B.C., Oct. 1, 1897

THE SILVERTON MINER'S UNION
No. 71,
W. F. M.

Meets every Saturday night.

C. McNICHOLLS, President
CHAS. BRAND, Secretary.

MINING RECORDS.

The following is a complete list of the mining transactions recorded during the week in the several mining divisions of the Slocan. Those of New Denver were as follows:

LOCATIONS.

FEB 4—Guelph, Fair Mile, W H Brandon.

ASSESSMENTS.

Hecla—Cinderella, Medford.

TRANSFERS.

FEB 3—Little Dick—Joseph Strong and Albert Cane to James Sexton, Dec 9.

FEB 4—Day Dawn 2, Altona, Reuben, Bow Knot, Tawanda, A B Raillon to The Sandon M & M Co, Dec 28, 1897.

Okanagan Chief, Thos Hurteau to Frank Jobsed 3/4 int, $100.

O'Brien 1, Frank F Fraction ½, John Carraher to Joseph Brandon, Jan 17, $800.

FEB 5—Silver Star ½, Martin Knight to Rose Laier, Dec 7.

Dawdon, The Blue Bird Mining Co to D C Corbin, G D Potter and Jas Lynch, Dec 20, $1,000.

FEB 7—Cinderella ½, Alexander McPhaden to A B Docksteader, Jan 31, $800.

Medford, Cinderella ½, Jas Ryan to A B Docksteader, Jan 31, $1,200.

Cinderella ½, Ronald McLachlan to same, Jan 31, $800.

SLOCAN CITY DIVISION.

TRANSFERS.

JAN 29—U and I, Three Guardsmen and Clipper Nos 1 and 2, Joseph Franz, Harry Wright and B V Fladoe to Peter Larsen.

FEB 1—Crossette 5/10, Albert Crossette to A Finnigan.

Baltic 1/32, Herman Clever to Robt McGregor.

FEB 3—Silverton Boy, J I C and Golden Crown ½, Lee Coombs to W E Yearsley.

Golden Crown ½, Lee Coombs to Chas E Hope.

NEWS IN PLACE

Al Hoyt is looking for an hotel location in East Kootenay.

Henry Stege is calculating to start an hotel at Teslin lake in the spring.

The Pyman block is nearing completion, and a fine looking building it is.

Thirty men will be put to work on the California as early as the snow will permit.

R. K. Neill was in town last week and says that this is the best mining country on earth.

Some nobby suits have been imported from the coast to be used in the K. of P. mask ball.

Divine service in the Presbyterian church on Sunday, Feb. 13, at 7:15 p.m. All are invited. W. J. Booth, preacher.

Services will be held in the Methodist church on Sunday next. Morning at 11 and evening 7:15. Preacher R. N. Powell.

Silverton has taken the lead. A meeting was held there this week and preparations made to celebrate the 24th of May. Who's next?

Work is to be commenced on the Ivanhoe in April. A three drill compressor will be put in and a shaft sunk several hundred feet.

Prof. Millward's orchestra has earned for itself a reputation throughout the Kootenay, and is frequently called to the sister cities to play.

A. B. Docksteader, of Cody, has purchased the mineral claims Cinderella and Medford, situated near Three Forks, $2,800 being the price paid.

A social was given Tuesday evening at the Methodist parsonage by the Ladies Aid. The attendance was large and a most enjoyable evening spent.

Rev. Powell has received a call from Rossland and has accepted it subject to the action of the station committee. During his stay in New Denver Rev. Powell has won many friends and has been very successful in his church work.

The editor was dying, but when the doctor bent over him, he placed his ear to his breast and remarked: "Poor man, circulation almost gone!" The dying man arose and said: "You are a liar, we got the largest circulation in the county."

A settlement has been reached and the suit withdrawn in the matter of G. B. D. Turner vs. West-Kootenay (B.C.) Exploring Co., in which the Wakefield and other properties were tied up. Now that these properties are free from litigation it is the intention to commence work on them in the near future.

It would not take a great sum of money, economically expended, to put the government reserve and streets of New Denver in a respectable appearance Will the government do one-half as much for New Denver as its citizens have done for the government? "Nit," unless our people do some loud thinking.

The marriage of Mr. Chas. E. Smitheringale and Miss E. D. A. Kirkwood was an event of more than passing interest in social circles in this locality. The young couple are widely known and highly esteemed, and enter on their new life with the best wishes of their large circle of friends. Mr. and Mrs. Smitheringale will spend some weeks in Nelson where Mr. Smitheringale has accepted a position on the Tribune.

AYLARD-AYLWIN NUPTIALS.

Monday evening at 8 o'clock, at the bride's home, in the presence of the near relatives of the contracting parties, Geo. H. Aylard and Miss M. E. Aylwin were united in marriage by the Vicar of Revelstoke, Frank A. Ford. The wedding was a private affair and Mr. and Mrs. Aylard left the following morning for the coast. They will spend some time in Vancouver and Victoria, thence will go to Seattle, Tacoma and on to Los Angeles, Cal., where they will spend the greater part of their honeymoon. Mr. and Mrs. Aylard take with them the best wishes of their host of friends here, where they are esteemed highly by all who know them, and the hope that their path will be ever strewn with roses.

Carlyle Will Soon Resigne.

W. A. Carlyle is about to resign his position as provincial mineralogist to accept the position of general superintendent and consulting mineralogist of the British American corporation, which has recently acquired properties in British Columbia and of which Hon. C. H. Mackintosh is the head in this province.

MARRIED.

In New Denver, B. C., on Wednesday, Feb. 2nd, 1898, at the residence of the bride's brother, R. I. Kirkwood, by Rev. Robt. Frew, of Nelson, B.C., C. E. Smitheringale to Miss E. D. A. Kirkwood, both of this town.

A NICKEL REFINERY.

Proposal to Establish a Big Smelter in Toronto.

Assessment Commissioner Fleming is considering a proposal for the establishment of nickel smelting works in Toronto. The scheme is being promoted by Messrs. George Faulkner and William Parsons, who represent Mr. R. J. Tough, a capitalist with extensive interests in the nickel district around Sudbury. Mr. Fleming has been asked to name the inducements that Toronto will be prepared to give in return for the establishment of large nickel refineries in Toronto. It has been pointed out to him that the annual output of the Sudbury district exceeds $6,000,000, and at present it is refined in the United States. It was also pointed out that if an export duty were placed upon ore and matte the nickel would be refined in Canada. The co-operation of the city was also solicited to bring pressure to bear on the government to place an export duty on crude ore. The plan outlined embraces the erection of a smelter to cost $500,000 to commence with, with possibilities of auxiliary plants for the treatment of lead, copper and silver ores subsequently, giving employment to a large number of hands.

Assessment Commissioner Fleming promised to give the matter every consideration, and will await the receipt of a formal proposal from Mr. Tough.

CROW'S NEST RAILWAY.

Since the construction of the C.P.R. was finished there has been in British Columbia no such activity as is now witnessed all along the line of the Crow's Nest Pass Railway. From Goat River Landing on Kootenay Lake, the present western terminus of the Crow's Nest line, to MacLeod, the eastern terminus, is one crowded panoramic scene of busy men, horses and machinery, engaged in pushing forwarding the work of construction.

The scene of the greatest activity at present is on the eastern division of the survey between MacLeod and Fort Steele Junction, a distance of 172 miles. At MacLeod are situated the headquarters of the line, from where all operations are directed. At this point between 300 and 100 men are continually at work—in the offices, stores, yards, machine shops, saw mill, and constructing new buildings. At least one construction train a day leaves MacLeod for the end of the steel, which is now laid to the South Fork of Old Man's River, about 40 miles from Mac Leod, where a bridge over 900 feet long and 137 feet high is being built. A siding is constructed here, where mountains of hay and foothills of oats and great warehouses of provisions and clothing for the thousands of men and teams employed in construction are stored until they are freighted to the different camps along the line of survey. The bridge at the South Fork is expected to be completed by February 1st. By the assistance of powerful headlights night shifts are at work as well as day shifts, and the timbers are sent from the mill numbered and ready to be put into position, so that 125 men with the assistance of chutes, hoists and other modern machinery are now handling 150,000 feet of bridge timber every 24 hours. When the bridge is completed there is nothing to prevent tracklaying, the grade being completed for that distance.

RICH STRIKE NEAR COLVILLE.

A rich strike is reported to have been made at the bottom of the 90-foot shaft in the Little Gem mine about three miles east of Rock Cut and about one mile from the well-known Giant claim. Almost a month ago a vague report gained currency that a rich strike had been made in the Little Gem in the Pierre's lake district, but nothing definite could be gained. Some of the ore samples show malleable free gold, and it is stated that they will assay all the way from $25,000 to $40,000 to the ton. These samples were not mere chips, but they were chunks of rock six inches long, which would weigh from five to 10 pounds.

It is said that the vein runs transversely across the bottom of the shaft describing nearly a perpendicular dip, and is full 10 inches in width, with free gold sparsely scattered through the rock outside the vein. This property is owned by the Federal Mining Company of Spokane, Dr. Valentine being one of the principal and original stockholders There is a big ruch to the Pierre's lake district in consequence of the new strike.

RICH ORE FOUND.

Butte, Mont.—One of the most important strikes made in a mine in Butte for a long time was made in the Nippur last week by the Montana Ore Purchasing company when a 40-foot lead of copper ore was cut through on the south cross-cut at the 550-foot level.

The lead, which is 40 feet wide, has some high grade ore which runs 13 per cent. copper and high in silver, the balance of the ore being second-grade, but the whole width of the lead is commercial ore and will be reduced in the Heinze smelter. Montana Ore Purchasing company people are very much elated over the strike, and as the mine is in the centre of the richest portion of the copper belt, it is thought that the lead will become richer as the greater depths are attained, in common with the other mines in this vicinity.

IN BOULDER DISTRICT.

W. M. Davis, a prospector who has spent a great deal of time in Fort Steele district, has lately been operating in Boulder district, Idaho, and has brought in samples of copper-gold ore from the King Solomon and Mastodon claims, which he is developing. The properties are located a short distance south of Bonner's Ferry, and it is the belief of mining men that the ledges there are a continuation of the great Yahk leads across the line in Montana. The Sunday Mining Company is operating a claim adjoining the King Solomon.

Go to Bourne Bros. for fresh butter, eggs, ham, bacon and fish of all kinds.

LONGS FOR HOME.

Joaquin Miller, the Poet of the Sierras, Tells of the Northern Hardships.

Joaquin Miller the rugged, brainy, big-hearted newspaper man and poet of California, concludes a length letter from Dawson to his paper, the San Francisco Examiner, with the following pen picture of the distressing awfulness of a Klondike winter:

"The days here have now dwindled to a dim little ray of light; the sun is sulking away back yonder somewhere behind the broken Klondike steeps, and the huge, bare, white back of Quartz mountain. We have not seen his cheery face for days and days, and do not hope to see it again for weeks to come. But the moon, the great white melancholy moon, lorn and large and cold, walks in solemn widowhood right up overhead, and around and around; we see her all the vast night long and nearly all the narrow strip of day. She is so cold and white and solemn that she is literally blue, and looks in her desolate widowhood as if she had just buried her lordly spouse, the sun, out of sight forever. I see so much of her and so continuously that I have learned to dread the sight of her solemn blue-white face, and try to forget to look up at the great cathedral of stars of gold—to get away from the sight of her death-like visage. Oh! but to sit on my little doorstep in the warm night weather, above San Francisco bay, and see the twin-horned lump of a new-born baby moon light up the Golden Gate and then go timidly and restfully to bed, in the warm, wide billow! Let me but live to see this again and I will not go far away—at least, not in this desolate neighborhood of the North Pole. For I was born to roses, sunlands, song birds, modest moons and warm south weather. Let me not be caught here again, for caught I am like a wary old rat in a trap. The whiteness and silence are of a kind that I abhor, and the thought of my warm Contra Costa steps and my little familiar moon lighting up the Golden Gate, makes me homesick. I would not be tied up in this lorn, desolate largeness another winter for all the Klondike gold you could point to me with a dozen North poles in a thousand years. True the summers are superb—as glorious in colors and sweet odors as they are brief; alive with water fowl, fishes and insect life. And these mighty winters, too, are thrilling and inspiring in their terrible glory for a time; but when you have lived down three months of this vast white silence, as if all earth lay still and stark dead in her white shroud, waiting the judgment day, and then find five months still fronting you, why, then you want to go home."

HORR'S NEW SMELTER.

Livingston, Mont.—J. H. Conrad, of the Montana Coal and Coke company, at Horr, is arranging for the erection of a stupendous smelter to be constructed at Horr during the coming season. The plan for the new smelter as prepared by Mr. Conrad is an elaborate one and when completed will revolutionize the smelting of ores in Montana. It is proposed to run the smelter in connection with the cokeing plant now in operation at Horr. The coal gas which is generated in manufacturing the coke is now allowed to go to waste and it is the intention of the builders to utilize this gas in the smelting of ores. There are now 101 coke ovens in constant operation and as the demand for the product is rapidly increasing, the company will double the capacity of the present plant which will give an abundance of gas to operate the smelter. The management is confident that the new plant will reduce ores at a much cheaper rate than ever before attempted in Montana. This economical handling of ores will make it possible to reduce low grade ore which under the present system it does not pay to handle. Mr. Conrad states that $150,000 will be expended on the plant this season and that work on the same will begin at an early date.

Just received, a large consignment of Men's, Youth's and Boys' Ready Made Clothing. Prices compatible with the present financial depression.

The Ladies say

That they will send no more to the T. Eaton Co for Dry Goods and Furnishings; as the goods cost much more when landed in New Denver; besides, they are often old and shelf-worn and they seldom get what they order. But—

Different Here

Our goods are new and of the best quality; the patterns are of the latest designs, and, above all,

Our Prices are Right.

N B.—We are offering a fine line of Ladies' Jackets, Boys' and Men's Overcoats and Pea-Jackets below anything ever before offered in the Slocan. Call and examine our goods and satisfy yourselves.

McLachlan & McKay,
New Denver.

NOTICE

PITTS BROS., of Silverton, Three Forks and Sandon, having assigned for the benefit of their creditors, all accounts due the estate and not paid forthwith will be proceeded against in the courts for recovery of same.

Signed— HOWARD CHAPMAN, Assignee.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days from date we will apply to the Stipendiary Magistrate of West Kootenay for a license to sell liquor at retail at our hotel in Cariboo City, West Kootenay, B. C. CLEMENS & McDOUGALD.

Cariboo City, B. C., Feb. 5th, 1898.

Increase Your Business and Make Money

Full Prices. Correct Selection

HANDLING

FURS

Hides, Pelts, Wool,

TALLOW, GINSENG, SENECA.

Write for Circular giving Latest Market Prices

Ropes and Tags Furnished Free

IMMEDIATE REMITTANCES. NO COMMISSIO CHARGE.

JAS. McMILLAN & CO., Inc. 200-212 IRST AVE. NORTH. MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Not Lax But Fax

Evidently THE LEDGE'S "ad" compositor has not yet recovered from his New Year's feast of turkey and— to judge from the way he mixes his letters. Everybody knows that NELSON sells

Fax' Sarsaparilla

and everybody SHOULD know that it is the BEST Blood Purifier. Take a little y urself.

It's Funny

To hear some people talk about furniture — it's not strange, though, when the quality of that talked about is taken into consideration.

We like to have our goods talked about.
We're not afraid of criticism.
We give you your money's worth.
We know what your criticism will be.
We want always to merit it.

The ONLY practical
UNDERTAKERS AND EMBALMERS
Doing business on Slocan Lake.

WALKER BROS. & BAKER,
New Furniture Dealers and Repairers
Denver's Undertakers and Embalmers.
N. B.—We have the only practical Undertaker and Embalmer doing business in the Slocan.

T. H. HOBEN

Has an Immense Stock of .....

READY-MADE CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES

No necessity for freezing to death if you have a few dollars to invest in this kind of stock.

Call in.
The prices will astonish you.

K. OF P.
Masquerade
St. Valentine's Day, Feb. 14

Will be celebrated by the Knights of Pythias of New Denver, by a Grand Masquerade Ball in

CLEVER'S HALL.

All maskers will be required to raise their masks at the door, where a competent committee will be stationed. Tickets for Ball, including Supper, $2.00. Ladies Free.

P. BURNS & CO.

Wholesale and Retail

MEAT DEALERS

NEW DENVER and SILVERTON.

Fresh and Salt Meats
Poultry, Eggs, Etc

SHOPS AT ALL IMPORTANT POINTS IN KOOTENAY.

Port of Nakusp.

THOS. ABRIEL
CUSTOMS BROKER,
Real Estate, Mines & Insurance. Nakusp, B. C.

J.R.&D.Cameron
Formerly of Winnipeg.
Furnish Clothing
—: in the :—
Latest Style
—: of the :—
Tailors Art.
SANDON, B. C.

John Cholditch & Co.
NAKUSP, B.C.
WHOLESALE GROCERS
Agents for B. C. Sugar Refinery and Royal City Planing Mills.

M'CALLUM & MILLSPAUGH
—— Dealers in ——
Hardware, Tin and Graniteware
Miners' Supplies, Paints, Oils, Glass and Putty, Doors & Windows.
SLOCAN CITY, B.C.

Silverton Drug Store
Drugs and Stationery, Toilet Articles, Sundries, Trail Blazer Cigars.
R. O Matheson,
Proprietor,
Silverton, B. C.

The Best Rooms

Offered to the public of New Denver are to be found in the

Columbia House

Warm, quiet and hard-finished throughout.
Board by the day, week or month,
No Bar in connection.
Sixth St., New Denver.
N. C. DINGMAN.

AMOS THOMPSON, Manager. W. D. MITCHELL Secretary.
R. B. THOMPSON, Notary Public.
Thompson, Mitchell and Thompson
NEW DENVER, B.C.
Mines and Mining Properties for sale. Abstracts, &c.
Correspondence solicited.
Agents for Phœnix Insurance Co. of London, Eng.

Slocan Hospital
NEW DENVER, B.C.

An office of the Slocan Hospital has been opened at Sandon under the medical superintendence of DR. P. H. POWERS. Subscribers on presentation of their orders or tickets at the Sandon office will receive medical or surgical treatment and the necessary medicines free of charge.
All serious cases will be admitted to the Hospital for treatment.
Miners in regular employ, subscribing through their payroll, can secure all the privileges of the above.
For further information apply to—
J. E. BROUSE, M.D.,
New Denver, B.C.

THE KASLO HOTEL
Family & Commercial.
Large And Comfortable Rooms
Fitted with every modern convenience. Special protection against fire. Rates $2.50 and $3 per day.
COCKLE & PAPWORTH, Proprietors.

The Leland House, Nakusp,
Is a comfortable hotel for travellers to stop at.
Mrs. McDougald.