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SLOGAN NEWS

Camp Gossip Concentrated for the Benefit of the Paid-Up Subscriber.

LOCAL CONCENTRATES

The lake water has been impure this week—for drinking.

Twenty tons of ore went out from the Enterprise last week.

The Miners' Union of Whitewater will give a ball to-night.

A. B. Dorsey, of Port Angeles, Wash., is spending a few days in New Denver.

A trial shipment of five tons is being made from the Peoria, near McGuigan.

Mrs. Ada Brown, of Spokane, is visiting her mother, Mrs. Bolander, of the Lucerne.

Service will be held in the Presbyterian church on Sunday at 11 a. m. All cordially invited.

The Nelson base ball team won two games from the Eagles of Spokane last Saturday and Sunday.

Work was commenced this week on a 300-foot tunnel to be run on the Eureka, in the Blue Ridge camp.

Services will be held in the Methodist church next Sunday, both morning and evening. A. E. Roberts, pastor.

C. Browning, of Slocan City, is acting provincial police constable and mining recorder for Slocan during the absence on leave of H. P. Christie.

The Noble Five mill is working. It will be kept busy a few weeks running through the ore that has accumulated from the development work.

The Payne shipped 210 tons last week, the Star 50 tons, Ruth 16 tons, American Boy 21 tons, Trade Dollar 21 tons, and the Whitewater 318 tons for the present month.

The Emily Edith is now employing a large force of men. Manager Rammelmeyer has large bodies of ore blocked out and is getting things in shape for the erection of a concentrator.

E. E. Chipman, of Kaslo, has been appointed mining recorder for Ainsworth, assessor and collector, collector of revenue tax for Slocan, registrar for Kootenay county, vice D. C. Kurtz.

E. P. Bremner, Dominion labor commissioner for B. C., who so successfully settled the Fraser river fishermen's strike, was in New Denver Tuesday, en route to other fields of prospective trouble.

Development work at the Bosun is being pushed ahead rapidly. The property is sustaining its weekly shipments and has a record for regularity in this respect that few properties in the Slocan can boast of.

The best ore that was ever found in the Star is being taken out of the winze, recently started to open up the ledge down to where it will be tapped by the projected long tunnel. A force of 55 men are employed.

The final payment was made this week on the Violet mineral claim by the Warner-Miller people. The property adjoins the Kilo group and was bonded some months ago for $10,000. B. Robertson, F. Dick and J. Tattersall are the sellers.

W. C. E. Koch, of New Denver, will build the new ore bins and chutes for the Arlington mine at Slocan City. Mr. Koch has also secured the contract for doing all the hauling for the mine and is erecting stables there for the accommodation of his stock.

With the building of the wagon roads up Silver Mountain and Red Mountain this fall, and the increasing of the forces at the mines, together with the opening up of new properties, there will be employment for every able-bodied working man in the Slocan.

The body of N. Gerrish, a Russian Pole, was found in the Slocan river last Wednesday in an advanced state of decomposition. The deceased was well known in the Slocan, and especially in Slocan City, where he made his residence. He was last seen alive on the 30th of July. An inquest was held, but no evidence was adduced showing the cause of death.

The collection for the India relief fund taken up by the Sunday school last Sunday amounted to $1.45.

The Neepawa deal with the Warner-Miller people was declared off on Monday, they failing to take up the option.

Government agents are to be appointed with offices at Kaslo and New Denver. Alex. Sproat is favorably spoken of for the office here. He faithfully performed the duties of the office under the Turner administration.

Nelson is growing more Metropolitan every day. Saturday evening it narrowly escaped inundation, a la the famous Johnstown, by the giving way of the electric light dam. As it was many residences were damaged by the flood and several persons barely escaped drowning.

The C.P.R. engineering department has awarded the contract for the Sandon and New Denver depots to D. J. Macgregor, of Kaslo. The building at Sandon will accommodate passengers and freight, and is to cost $2,500. The New Denver station is for passengers only, and will cost $500.

It is not probable that more than a month will elapse before work is in full swing on the Silver Mountain road. It should begin at once, for the road is greatly needed. At the Hartney mine five or six carloads of ore is sacked and waiting shipment; at the Marion also several carloads await shipment.

The town of Columbia had a narrow escape from being wiped out by fire last week. As it was, Escall's hotel and half a dozen other buildings were destroyed. The timely use of dynamite in blowing up the Presbyterian church alone saved the situation. The loss will exceed $25,000, insurance only partial.

Now in Full Control.

The Great Northern Railway Co. now actually instead of nominally, owns the Kootenay Railway and Navigation Co. It has acquired the majority of the shares of the company, and, in the words of a circular recently issued, it "has, in consideration of such acquisition, and the benefit which will accrue to it by reason of the maintenance and operation of such continuous line of communication from Bonner's Ferry to Sandon, agreed to guarantee the payment" of both principal and interest of the existing debenture bonds of the Kootenay Railway & Navigation Co., and of such additional debenture bonds as may lawfully be issued subject to the consent of the Great Northern Co.

Examining the Wakefield.

J. D. Kendall, upon whose report the Enterprise mine was sold to English capital, and whose success in dealing with Slocan mining properties has won for him the confidence of all classes here and in England, went up to the Wakefield on Monday to examine that property. His report will decide what action will be taken by the Wakefield company, whether the mine will be abandoned, as suggested recently by Manager Patterson, or will be reopened and work continued.

New Company Organized.

"The Conder Claims, Ltd.," is the title of the new company registered in London, July 19th, which will operate the Conder group of claims owned by the Northwest Mining Syndicate, situated on Four Mile creek, and of which Mr. Sandiford, jr., has taken the management. The capital of the company is £20,000, in £1 shares, and its objects are "to acquire any lands, mines and rights, and to carry on the business of miners and workers of copper and other ores."

VAST DEPOSIT OF IRON ORE.

The Algoma Central Co. is shipping its first cargoes of iron ore from its Helen mine, 125 miles north of Sault Ste. Marie, Ont. The Helen mine is an outcrop lying between characteristic rocks of the Lake Superior iron-bearing region. It is 12 miles from and 840 feet above the lake at Michipicoten Harbor, and the exposed portion of the deposit is about 100 feet wide and 700 feet long. In this distance it rises 120 feet. At the foot of the bluff, tunnels have been driven into the bluff 240 feet, reaching the counter rock. At the west end the ore body extends under the lake to its deepest point, 125 feet below water level. This lake can be drained by a short tunnel. The company estimates that it has 15,000,000 tons in sight by measurements and diamond drill borings, with 200 feet of ore below the lake level, and when borings were discontinued, the coves were still ore. The full extent of the deposit is therefore unknown. Its width of 400 feet does not include a strip nearly half as wide of a lower grade of soft hematite, economically valuable only when transportation costs are not great. The company expects to utilize this at its works at Sault Ste. Marie. The Helen mine, being an open quarry on a side hill, with an earth covering varying from nothing to a few feet, will be at first worked cheaply. The company has installed a No. 8 Gates' crusher, capable of breaking at least 5,000 tons per day, and will at once erect a duplicate plant. The crushers will be fed by Lidgerwood cableways from the mine faces. The company has received two 2200-ton English built ore skips and will install two more at once. It will build four more of 3,000 tons each next year. It is receiving a heavy equipment of locomotives and cars and dumped its first 50-ton cars into its dock July 14.—Canadian Engineer.

ORGANIZED LABOR NOTES.

The United States department of labor estimated that there were 1,808,300 organized wage earners in that country on May 1st.

Japanese laborers on the sugar plantations in Hawaii are giving the authorities considerable trouble in regard to their strikes and demands for increased wages.

It is proposed to make street railway strikes impossible in Chicago, Ill., by inserting a clause in all railway franchises providing for compulsory arbitration.

According to Bradstreet's report, wages have advanced from 12 to 15 per cent. in the United States during the last two years, while the cost of living has increased from 25 to 33 per cent.

The Milmen's union of San Francisco, backed by the building trades council, has begun in earnest its fight for an eight-hour day. A strike has been ordered, and the strength of the movement will soon be known. The union men ask for the same pay for eight hours as they are now given for nine hours work.

CHANGE IN BUSINESS.

We understand that the firms of McMillan & Hamilton, of Vancouver, and John Cholditch & Co., of Nelson, and consisting of W. J. McMillan, R. J. McMillan, R. L. Hamilton and John Cholditch, have dissolved partnership. The two former, under the style of W. J. McMillan & Co., will continue to do business at the old stand in Vancouver, while the two latter, as John Cholditch & Co., will continue to do all in their power to supply the needs in their particular line of the Kootenays, both east and west.

Genuine Cut-Price Sale.

Bourne Bros. have prepared a big cut-price sale for Saturday next, Aug. 25, in such lines as these: Ladies' shirt waists, print wrappers, skirts, silk and linen handkerchiefs, lace collars, underwear, night gowns, etc. The goods will be stacked in the centre of the store where they can be inspected at pleasure. Prices will be low enough to clean out the stock. Nothing reserved. Everything must go.

MISSOURI'S ZINC DEPOSITS.

From a paper read before the Applied Science Society of McGill University, by F. W. Draper, B.Sc., the following extract is taken:

"The great lead and zinc-producing district of south-west Missouri occupies the extreme south-western part of that State, and extends across into south-eastern Kansas. The bulk of the mining has been done up to the present time in a comparatively small area, probably 45 to 50 miles in length from east to west, and 20 to 25 miles in width. In this district the towns of Joplin, Aurora and Granby, in Missouri, and Galena, in Kansas, are the centres of the mining industry. In this comparatively small area are found the greatest zinc blende deposits known to exist in the world. While both zinc blende and galena are found, the production of blende is far in excess of that of galena.

"The distribution of blende is not uniform over this whole area, but deposits of some value may be reasonably expected at any point. From the nature of the deposits, as will be shown, the distribution is necessarily very uneven.

"Rocks belonging to the lower carboniferous series form the bulk of the area under consideration: limestone, cherts, shales and sandstones are all represented, but limestones are by far the most abundant. And it is in the limestones that the ore deposits are found. The cherts are important only because the ore is almost invariably found in connection with them. The shales are important as a source of natural gas for use in the smelting industry.

"The country is a great undulating prairie with no marked eminences. The strata are nearly horizontal, having only a slight dip toward the west. The ore occurs in great bodies of irregular shape, generally lenticular masses, sometimes as pipes and again as sheets. The width and thickness vary widely within distances of a few meters. Previous to the discovery of minerals of value in 1870-71, it was an excellent farming country, being well suited for raising fruit and grains.

"The deposits almost invariably occur in irregular masses of chert. The chert is in form of angular fragments with zinc blende and galena in the spaces between the fragments, and crystalized on their faces. In some places the amount of chert is so small that the deposits assume the form of a solid mass of ore. In other places the chert is packed in such a manner as to leave very small spaces for the ores. At times stringers of ore are found extending out into limestone, which is free from chert, but a careful inspection failed to bring to my notice more than a few such cases, and it is quite certain that they are limited in number. The ore is found at depths varying from grass roots to 175 feet, and although the diamond drill has shown ore in paying quantities at depths below this very little systematic prospecting has been done. This is undoubtedly due to the large amounts of ore yet remaining in the shallower deposits.

"At the surface much oxidized ore is found, but as depth is gained, the sulphide appears, and it is blende which constitutes the great part of the ore produced. The galena is found mostly nearer the surface, and then only in certain deposits. In the eastern end of the field the oxidized ores are much more persistent. Thus at Aurora silicate is abundant, while at Granby the Smithsonite is very commonly found. The local term for oxidized zinc ores is "silicate." The term "dry-bone," which is used in the Wisconsin field to designate zinc carbonate, is used here for cerrussite ($PbCO_3$). This latter mineral is not of very common occurrence. Associated with the ores of zinc and lead are other minerals, the most abundant being calcite, marcasite, dolomite and bitumen. The deposits are characterized by magnificent crystals of the various minerals. The arrangement of the crystalline aggregates has raised very interesting questions as to the deposition of the various minerals. Thus some specimens show crystals of blende on galena, and again pyrite or marcasite on the blende. Then, in other but rarer instances blende has been found crystallized on marcasite."

THE SLOGAN

Mr. Green Holds Up His End in the House and Forces this Division to the Front.

Victoria, Aug. 18.—The mining divisions of the interior certainly cannot complain that their necessities and importance have not been brought prominently before the attention of the house and the Government this week. The consideration of the estimates furnished a pretext for the member for Rossland to emphasize what he termed the neglect of the mining districts in general and of West Kootenay in particular. He had fortified his position by an exhaustive examination of the public accounts and from these he made the deduction that the interior of the province was discriminated against in the matter of expenditure on roads, trails and bridges. Taking up the ridings of the province one by one, he pointed out that the expenditure on island and lower mainland constituencies amounted in almost every instance to two-thirds that derived from these same districts in revenue. In comparison with this liberal treatment he drew attention to the very small appropriations made for the mining ridings, notwithstanding the enormous sum which they furnished yearly to the provincial exchequer. So far the member for Rossland was fully supported by the representatives of other mining constituencies, but when he undertook to say that the Rossland camp had accomplished more in the way of advertising the mineral resources of the country than all other districts combined he was met with interruptions of dissent from those who to that time had approved his representations. Needless to say Mr. Green did not allow these statements to go unchallenged. Following Mr. Curtis in a brief speech he insisted that the riding of Nelson primarily and afterwards of the Slocan had arrested the attention of investors before the Rossland camp became known. In this he was supported by Mayor Houston, of Nelson, although both gentlemen assented to the general argument advanced by their colleague from Rossland.

The Minister of Finance, while regretting that larger appropriations had not been possible for all the districts, disputed the contention that Rossland had not had its due. The large sums expended for railways for that district and the $30,000 item for a new court house for the Gold City he considered a sufficient argument to dispute Mr. Curtis' statement.

Mr. Green, the member for Slocan, has been the recipient of numerous congratulations upon the liberal sum which he has secured for his district. The fact that he and Mr. Ellison, who are amongst the least frequently heard statesmen of the house, managed to secure the premier appropriations, is not without its lesson to those members who regard it as their duty to air their views on every subject which engages the attention of the legislature. The members aforesaid are old parliamentarians and have long since learned to keep their weightiest arguments for the private ear of the Minister.

Otherwise the passage of the estimates was attended by little that was noteworthy. Mr. Martin did not even grace the house with his presence upon the delivery of the budget speech and the remainder of the Opposition made little objection. Mr. McInnes delivered one of his sensational speeches, but it is doubtful if he himself designed it to be taken seriously. Even the Opposition members admit that the appropriations are as fair as can be expected under a system of party government.

Opposite the item for the office of agent general in London the sum of $10,000 has been placed. Mr. Turner feels that he has the best claim on the party for this sinecure and there will be little opposition should he be appointed to the post. While his policy has been frequently criticized, his personal probity has never been questioned, and he enjoys the respect of every member of the legislature.

The supplimentary estimates will almost certainly contain a sum for the erection of the new Government House. The general satisfaction with the appropriations and the personal popularity of Sir Henri Joly combine to disarm opposition to this proposal, and some of the interior members have expressed their hearty approval of it.

Another measure which met with general approval was the bill presented by the Minister of Mines to relieve the miners in the British Columbia contingent in South Africa from assessment duties and similar obligations under the Mineral Act. On the suggestion of Mr. Helmcken, the Minister promised to go even farther and to entertain favorably a proposal to issue crown grants to these volunteers free of charge or fees.

STIRRING UP TROUBLE.

A despatch from Victoria to the Nelson Tribune says:—J. Roderick Robertson and the federal board of trade delegates are here doing everything possible to have the eight-hour law agitation reopened. To-day petitions signed by the companies included in the mine owners' association were presented in the House praying that a commission be appointed to inquire into the working of all the laws now in force relating to mining. The members from the mining districts are free in denouncing this attempt to keep alive a question that is practically dead.

MINE MANAGERS' PETITION.

A petition was read in the house on Monday, signed by the mine owners of West Kootenay, reciting the fact that by Dominion Commissioner Clute's report at least $30,000,000 was invested in West Kootenay mines, and the petitioners pointed out that recent legislation had interfered with the successful working of the mines, and had been responsible for disturbing the harmony between capital and labor, as well as proving in general detrimental to the mining interests. The petitioners asked that under the circumstances a special investigation should be made by a committee to remove all grievances and place the mining laws in a satisfactory condition. The petition was objected to by Joseph Martin, but the speaker ruled it in order and it was received.

An amendment to the license law provides that pack trains of six or more animals shall pay a license of $5 every six months, and under six animals half that amount.

A bill was brought in on Monday to amend the Mineral Act. It provides a penalty of $25 for mining without a license, provides for issuing crown grants to the administrator of a deceased claim owner, raises the crown grant fee from $10 to $25, and, as advised by the committee, makes provision for a man to advertise a delinquent co-owner out of his claim, instead of proceeding through the court.

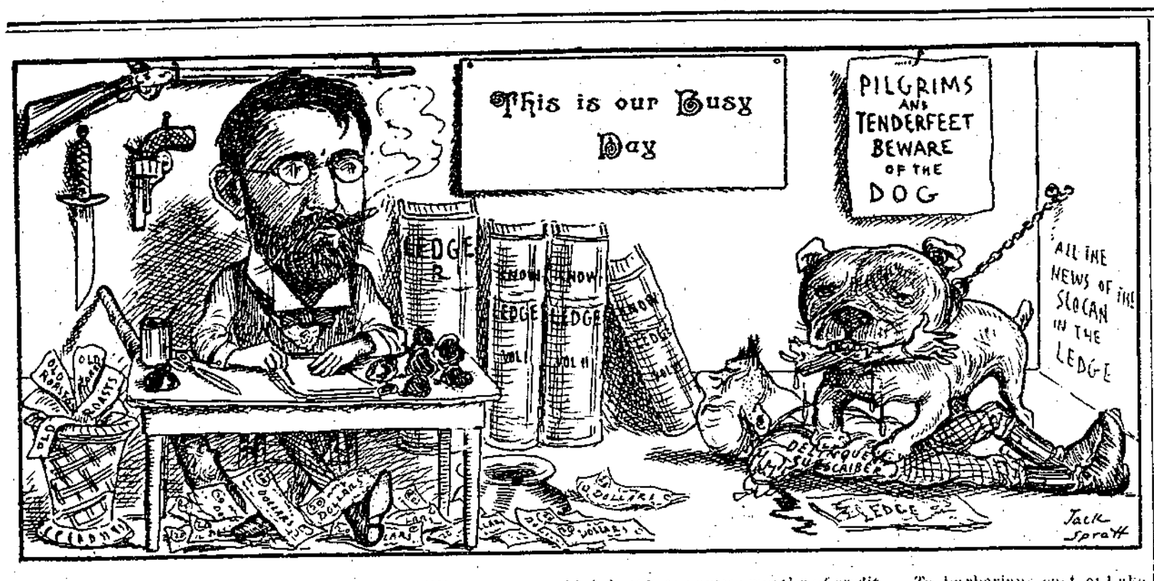
Mining Amendments.

The report of the mining committee was made to the House last week. This advocated, amongst other things, the allowing of the costs of survey at whatever date made to go on the value of the assessment work, also that delinquent co-owners might be advertised out rather than by the action now required to be brought in the law courts.

FOR SALE.

Grand square piano, $150. American make—Yale & Co., New York. Slightly used. Just the instrument for public hall or music teacher. Better than any Heintzman. JNO. F. DELANEY, New Denver.

WANTED.—Nurse girl at the Slocan hospital.



THE LEDGE is two dollars a year in advance. When not so paid it is $2.50 to parties worthy of credit. To barbarians east of Lake Superior it is $1 a year. Legal advertising 10 cents a nonpareil line first insertion, and 5 cents a line each subsequent insertion. Reading notices 25 cents a line, and commercial advertising graded in prices according to circumstances.

FELLOW PILGRIMS: THE LEDGE is located at New Denver, B. C., and can be traced to many parts of the earth. It comes to the front every Thursday and has never been railroaded by the sheriff, snowslided by cheap silver, or subdued by the fear of man. It works for the trail blazer as well as the bay-windowed and champagne-flavored capitalist. It aims to be on the right side of everything and believes that hell should be administered to the wicked in large doses. It has stood the test of time, and an ever-increasing paystreak is proof that it is better to tell the truth, even if the heavens do occasionally hit our smokestack. A chute of job work is worked occasionally for the benefit of humanity and the financier. Come in and see us, but do not pat the bull dog on the cranium, or chase the black cow from our water barrel: one is savage and the other a victim of thirst. One of the noblest works of creation is the man who always pays the printer: he is sure of a bunk in paradise, with thornless roses for a pillow by night, and nothing but gold to look at by day.

R. T. LOWERY, Editor and Financier.

Work by Contract

Now that the government has given $3,000 for the building of the Silver Mountain trunk road, the cry is heard that the road should be built by day labor. It is impossible to state at this time what position the government will take on the question as to how the road shall be built, but it is probable the question will be left open as was that of the road to Three Forks, and the matter left entirely in the hands of the officials whose duty it is to pay out the money granted by the government. If such is to be the case, then New Denver should have a voice as to how the money is to be expended, and there should be no quibbling about it. If the road is to be built by day labor, as was the Three Forks road and the Lemon creek road, then a good trail should be built instead. There should be no more "day labor" business in connection with the building of these roads, unless they are built under the direct supervision of the government. The Three Forks road is an example of how thousands of dollars can be wasted under the "day labor" system, whereas a road that could be used permanently might have been made for the same money under the contract system. The road up Silver Mountain should be one that can be used. Cheap work will not do. Whoever does the building of the road should be bound by contract, and the government should see that the contract is lived up to in every detail. Three thousand dollars may be sufficient for the purpose, and it may not. But if a good road cannot be built for this amount, then let the sum be increased a thousand or so before the work begins. Let the people know before the work starts what kind of a road they are going to get for the money and, then, see that they get it.

Human selfishness is found in every quarter of the globe—in the mining camps of B.C., the prairie homes, the city homes, in business, social and religious life. It was never better illustrated than in the following story of a little boy: Some rich plum pudding of which the children were very fond was upon the lunch table, and the mother divided it between Willie and his sister Elsie. Willie looked at his piece with hungry eyes and then at his mother's empty plate. "Mamma," said he feelingly, "I can't enjoy my pudding when you haven't any. Take Elsie's."

Let Mind Rule Matter

Worry kills. It is a surprising thing then, that the grave yards of the mining camps of the silvery Slocan are so sparcely settled. If the people that go to make up the population of this favored-by-nature-but-damned-by-man mineral belt, were made up with faint hearts and weak hopes, the cemeteries would not be large enough to hold the dead. But such is not the case. British Columbians, as a rule, are long on all things but worry. Especially is this so in the mining camp, where life is one continual round of disappointment and flowery hope. It may be hope against fate, but it is so deep seated, so far reaching, so firm and unimpressionable it has become the mainstay of the people, the life of the camp—the one thing needful to surmount the disappointing obstacles that obstruct the way of life, and make men light hearted and contented in the face of sorrows that would send a fainter hearted race to the grave yard or fill the insane asylums.

It is well that it is so. Worry kills. Work gives new life and contentment. Therefore, take a good dose of the latter. Guard against worry as you would a contagious disease. It wears upon the brain as dropping water wears away a stone. Ada C. Sweet, in Woman's Home Companion, says the habit must be killed by eternal vigilance, resolution and good sense. Worry, like bad air or an obnoxious person, must be driven out, and the best way to drive either out is by the introduction of the good. You can fill your mind with comforting, calming thoughts, leaving no room for the harrassing ones. You can flood out the enemy, just as by pouring a stream of clear water into a tumbler filled with discolored liquid you can soon force out the muddy contents of the glass and leave it filled with liquid crystal. Don't let events depress you. Maintain your equilibrium, and let mind rule matter and good sense judge events. The emotional nature is always watching for a chance to exploit itself. Keep it in reserve, ready for every touch of human feeling, responsive to goodness, honor, cheerfulness and all healthy feeling, but do not allow it to tinge your understanding or in any way affect your sane view of business or the affairs of life. Check expression when bitter or somber feeling has the best of you. To say how sad or perplexed you feel when your heart sinks for the moment deepens your inward troubles, and at the same time spreads it to outside people. You would not spread disease: do not spread mental distress. Your desponding words, bursting impulsively from a full heart in the presence of a friend, add to the burdens of another human being—one, perhaps, already weighed down by cares and anxieties. To so speak is to allow yourself to be overborne by "things" ruled by the natural course of the world. You cannot rule the world, it is true, but you have the power to rule your part of it—that is, yourself. Don't hate and don't worry. This is the advice given by a hale and beneficent old man to those who asked him for the secret of length of days. He might have added, Don't get angry.

Collis P. Huntington, the railroad magnate of California, and president of about every company operating in that state, passed away last week. Huntington's advance from poverty to affluence was the result of his personal ambition and quick business perception. His boyhood days were spent in Harwinton, Litchfield county, Conn., where he was born October 22, 1821, in an old-fashioned, dilapidated house in the "Poverty Hill" district. His mother was a hard-working Christian woman, but the father was a man in whose makeup ambition had no part. He was a tinker and traveled about the country mending umbrellas, sharpening razors, etc. The income of the elder Huntington was far too meagre to supply the wants of his large family, and when Collis was ten years old his parents seperated, Mrs. Huntington going to make her home with friends and the children being placed with different families. Collis made his home with the family of Orza Barbier. Mrs. Barbier was an unusually intelligent woman, and to her training, as Mr. Huntington in the days of his success always admitted, was due the fire of ambition which was early kindled in his breast.

Should be Segregated

With seating capacity for 40 pupils, and an actual daily attendance of 45 to 50, the school accommodations of New Denver are anything but complimentary. Under the able tuition of Mr. Irwin the school has been brought forward in a remarkable measure and could be made to rank first in West Kootenay, if the accommodations were provided for the proper care and teaching of the children. But under existing conditions neither the teacher nor pupils can do themselves justice. The school room is crowded, the boys and girls are thrown together promiscuously; all grades, all sizes and all dispositions. There is no chance for either the little ones or those farther advanced to give the attention that is necessary to their proper advancement. The hubbub that must arise in the teaching of this number of children, of all sizes and grades, crowded into one small room, would drive anyone but an amiable dispositioned school teacher crazy. The school should be cut in two; a separate room provided for the junior classes, and an assistant teacher given for the little ones. So long as the present accommodations are not improved the school children must suffer, morally, educationally and physically.

Say, pardner, do you appreciate this paper? How do you show your appreciation?

We find that many jackleg editors while they profess to run newspapers are raising whiskers or hair on the side, and the really significant thing they do is raising whiskers or hair, or both.

An eminent authority has said: "If we fulfil faithfully all the little duties that be near us we may feel confident that our lives will be a success." This is the main thing in life, though some people appear to believe that the great aim is to attend to the business of others, allowing their own to go by default.

Free from the annual expense of $100,000,000 which it was costing to retain the Philipine Islands, Spain is prospering. The government asks for a loan of $200,000,000, and the Spanish people subscribe $600,000,000. New factories are being built, even electric cable works; electric traction is being introduced in the Spanish cities, and at Madrid, such is the increased activity in business and travel, two fine new hotels are to be built. Since the United States took the islands from Spain it has cost that country many millions to hold them and many more millions will yet be spent to keep them pacified. Uncle Sam has taken up "the white man's burden."

Mr. Green, M.P.P., has redeemed himself. He has done himself and the Slocan proud in securing such good appropriations for public work in this division. The Slocan is pleased with Mr. Green and the Government.

NOT SO EASY.

Ah, my boy, I forgot that in a history called the New Testament we read of a young ruler who "was very rich" and had every material assistance toward righteousness, found it so hard as to be well nigh impossible to be as good as "Little Mary Ann," and the only thing under the heavens that hindered him was the wealth that you and I, my boy, sometimes wish we had. We would do so much good with it, for other people, after we had used the most of it, all that we could, upon ourselves. Ah, son, it isn't a bit easy to be good, all the way. There are lions on the road, and until we know they are chained they frighten us just as fearfully as though they were loose and rampant. It's hard to be "good" when all the rest of the crowd, fellows of your own age and social class are being the jolliest kind of bad; seeing it all; looking at the "seamy side," just to see how the world is made; whooping it up with rollicking choruses, watching things mix themselves aright and helping to mix them; ordering champagne as common men might call up beer; swearing eternal friendships that don't outlast the sparkles in the glass; piling the chips up till the stack reaches the ceiling, and just as hilariously happy to lose as to win—every fellow for himself, luck for us all, and the devil take the hindmost—my boy, when you set out to be just plain, quiet, ordinary Quaker "good" against such a maelstrom current of good fellowship—which is another sort of good—good humor, good spirit, good heart, and good companionship—and it is all that, my boy, in its way; the best hearts on earth get into it—ah, when you set out to be "good" against all that, you have such a task cut out for you as Dewey met in Manila Bay. The "Little Mary Ann" kind of goodness is usually rated as a weak, effeminate, milk-and-water sort of morality. Well, you try it some time when the current sets the other way. And the next time some fellow who has learned a few swimming tricks shows you what he can do in the way of fancy diving and paddling in a steam-heated natatorium, your lip will curl at his puerile prowess as you remember the time you swam against Hell-gate current with the tide setting dead against you and running like a millrace. Try it, son, just once; and you'll glory in it so long as you live. And you'll know then what it cost "Little Mary Ann" to be "good." And you will appreciate Riley's little hymn, "Just to be good." 'Tisn't easy to be good, son. But it's glorious. And it's worth all it costs.—Robert J. Burdett.

An Interesting Room

Visitors always welcome.

Our Reception Room is filled with a choice collection of Photographs, which are works of art and cannot fail to interest you. Carbon, English Platinotypes, Platinos, Enameled Sepias, and Tinted Photographs cover our walls.

T. H. COWMAN, Maker of Artistic Portraits.

112 Columbia Ave., East, Rossland, B. C. First stairway east of Lincoln St.

JOHN WILLIAMS

Dealer in

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC CIGARS AND TOBACCOES, PIPES, &C.

Van Camp Lunch Goods, Confectionery and Fruit.

BATHS IN CONNECTION.

Newmarket Block. New Denver

One Day Cut-Price Sale!!

Saturday, Aug. 25th

On this date we will throw open our store at sunrise and close at the usual Saturday night hour. Throughout the day and evening we expect to keep things humming. If we do not it will not be our fault for we are preparing a stack of goods in the centre of our store room that will be sold at prices way below anything ever heard of in the mountains. The sale will embrace such lines as these—Ladies' Shirt Waists—Print Wrappers—all kinds and styles of Skirts—Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs—Lace Collars—Underwear—Nightgowns—and numerous other articles of this character. Nothing shoddy in the stack. The goods are of the best makes and materials, and are taken from our counters to make room for our Fall shipments. This is your chance; the goods MUST be sold; we will not carry any of the stock over; if you are looking for bargains you can get them here; we reserve nothing in the stack; everything from the ceiling to the floor goes: remember: ONE DAY ONLY.

BOURNE BROS., New Denver, B. C.

STEPPING STONES TO HAPPINESS.

There is nothing like keeping a quiet heart within our breasts, for with that, no matter how the world about us rages and storms, we shall always be at peace.

If a person does you a wrong, try and discover some noble trait in his character, and if you can find it, forget and forgive the wrong in him, not less for your own sake than for his.

Do not worry about to-morrow, for when it is here it will be only another to-day. Look up and you will have strength given you to endure whatever it may bring. God never intended that we should carry to-morrow's burdens to-day.

It is never all darkness, for when the sun goes down we have the stars. And so in life, if we will look beyond the clouds of disappointment and trial, we shall see the stars of hope and promise shining still, and remember that the night will not always last.

When grippe or other epidemics are prevailing wear a little crude sulphur in your boots or shoes.

Williams has a line of fruit that cannot be surpassed in the Slocan.

KNOWLEDGE isn't wisdom, but without knowledge it would be difficult to make a man wise. If we would act wisely in anything we must first gain the knowledge to know how to act and then with wisdom put our knowledge into practical use. When a man is casting about, looking for a location where he can make his home with the assurance that, if he "attends to his knitting" and honestly strives to make the best of his opportunities, his efforts will be crowned with success, he wants to know the merits and demerits of the locality and the conditions existing, so as to act with wisdom.

It is because men act without wisdom, on very little knowledge that so many make failures of life. They are led by impulse and flirt with Dame Fortune like a giddy school girl. The result: is always the same. They fail; and when they go down they take some body with them, and the community at large suffers in some measure with every failure. It is not failures, but successes, that go to build up a community. One strong, energetic, successful man in a town, who has won through sheer "stick-to-itiveness" and merit, is worth a dozen hangers-on, who, without wisdom or worth, attempt to win by pot luck.

It is the former class that are wanted in this part of British Columbia. If any such are seeking an opening, they can come this way. There are openings for every one. Success will be their's as sure as they work for it. New Denver makes the first bid for this class of men. We have some here but there is room for more. The inducements offered are many. We will state a few, as briefly as possible:

New Denver's location, on a plateau sloping to the shore of Slocan lake, makes it an ideal spot for a residential centre, which it is fast being made. Its homes are far above the average found in most mining camps, and its public halls and buildings and business blocks are commodious, substantial, and built with a view to permanency. There is nothing shoddy about them. Like the men who built them, they are here to stay.

It is but natural that this feeling of confidence in New Denver's stability should prevail. Aside from the advantages that the town has as a residential centre, it is fast becoming the headquarters for some of the strongest mining companies operating in the Slocan. The Silver mountain, Goat mountain and Fidelity-Bosun mines, carrying big gold, silver and lead values, are rapidly developing into heavy shippers. Their payrolls at present will not aggregate more than 100 men, but this number will be more than tripled in a short time.

New Denver is the banking and commercial centre, as well as the residential town on the beautiful Slocan lake. The business done by the Bank of Montreal is surprisingly large and ever increasing. All the local mines and those of Four Mile, Ten Mile and Springer and Lemon creeks pay through the local bank.

New Denver's school facilities are good; its churches are neat, well-constructed and well attended. Its streets are sidewalked in all directions. The town is not laid out with one street and a back yard, but covers fully a mile square and is without doubt the prettiest spot for a home in the mining section of British Columbia.

New Denver's citizens are the pioneers of the Slocan. They have made money in the camp, and re-invested it. They own their homes and are continually improving them, confident that they will be amply repaid for the expenditure in the comfort and enjoyment of them.

There are openings in New Denver for several lines of business.

New Denver's scenic beauty is unparalled in North America; its climate is temperate, and the health of its citizens marvelously good; sickness from local causes is seldom experienced.

Bank of Montreal.

Established 1817.

Capital (all paid up) $12,000,000.00
Reserved fund : : 7,000,000.00
Undivided profits : : 1,102,732.72

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Branches in all parts of Canada, Newfoundland, Great Britain, and the United States.

New Denver branch

A NARROW ESCAPE.

Newspaper Man Came Near Going to Heaven by the Dynamite Route.

"Talking about narrow escapes," said Campbell Hardy, who has experienced the ups and downs of 12 years of newspaper life, to a Galveston News man, "reminds me of an experience I underwent while running a little country newspaper up in Illinois, chasing the festive advertisement and the elusive news item. My office and plant, where I molded public opinion and sold a limited number of subscribers what to do in order to be saved, was located in a harness shop. One bright spring morning, while engaged in writing an editorial I was interrupted in my intellectual reverie by the sound of scurrying feet below, and the next instant by a terrific explosion, which shook the building.

"All was a blank for the next minute, when I found myself lying up against a broken sash. Gathering myself together, after wondering whether it was the falling of a brick wall or the kick of an energetic mule that had struck me, I surveyed the ruins. There was a hole in the floor beside me and one in the roof above, through which you could have driven a government ox team, and a 'pied' and wrecked newspaper office. It appears that the occupant below had sprung the combination of his safe, and, being desirous of recovering the princely sum of $1.70, along with some valuable papers, had in a moment of temporary insanity engaged a party to blow open the safe door with dynamite. The safe was placed on its back, charged with the explosive, and the fuse touched off.

"The bright, intellectual engineer of the job neglected to notify me when the services began, and the results were as above stated. It was a miracle that I was not blown to pieces, but, as luck would have it, I was just outside of the dead line, for had I met the safe in its upward flight the chances are my friends would be still looking for my remains with a rake. Though I was somewhat bruised and disfigured, I am pleased to note that I remained in the ring. Gentlemen, I have been jumbled up in a railroad accident, mingled with the tail of a Dakota blizzard, been wrecked at sea and storm tossed, but this was my narrowest escape from sudden death that I have to chronicle. It was decidedly a case of being blown up, but not out. I am destined to die a natural death, otherwise I would have crossed the great divide long ago, for I've been on the brink several times. Like the tonsorial artist, I stand ready to cry, 'Next!'"

Two Women In This Case.

There are two brothers in Detroit who now look the other way when they pass by. This is all the more to be noticed because two boys more affectionate towards each other never grew up together. It is not very long since there was a double wedding in which they participated as principals. They did not take the same wedding trip and did not see much of each other till each was settled under his own vine and fig tree.

"Prince," said Charley when they made their first visit as benedicts, "I congratulate you with all my heart. You have a charming little wife."

"That's right, old man. Same to you. It's a great luck, getting the sweetest, prettiest, smartest woman in the world."

"I'll acknowledge that she's a good second in the race, Prince, a splendid second, but the superlatives you have used belong to my wife. She is a trade or two the best of any other woman on earth."

"All right. You keep right on thinking that way, but in figure, feature, mind and all the graces of her sex I married the nonpareil. I'm not trying to dispel any of your delusions, but facts are facts."

"You make me weary. I know a great deal of women that will compare very favorably with your wife, and I'll give you the whole human family in which to find one like mine."

"I don't care to find one like her. Fortunately for me I have the pick of the lot. I know. Some men have no sense, anyhow, where there is a woman concerned."

Then the argument descended into the calling of names, the saying of much more than was meant and a final agreement that they were eternally done with each other. After awhile the wives will come out of the clouds and make it up.—Detroit Free Press.

The Secret of Success.

"I have never forgotten," said Mr. Noggleby, "the wise remark that a young man once made to me, years ago. It was this. 'One thing leads to another.' This was apropos of a further advantage that I had brought into view by a step I had just taken. The moral of this is—it has been set forth often (I may have mentioned it myself), but it will bear endless repetition—that if we would succeed we must keep stirring!"—New York Sun.

His Decision.

A Missouri justice of the peace at the close of a case announced with great dignity, "I will hold this case under advisement until next Monday morning, at which time I will render judgment for the plaintiff."—Case and Comment.

SAYINGS OF RAMAKRISHNA.

If a steel sword is touched with the philosopher's stone it is turned into gold and, although it retains its former shape, it can no longer do hurt to any one. It is the same with a man who has touched the foot of the almighty God; outwardly he is in no way changed but he afterward does no more evil.

So long as a man continues to shout aloud, "Oh, God! oh, God!" then may-est rely on it that he has not found God. He who has found God remains silent.

A woman who has a king for a lover will not care for the homage of a street beggar. So is it with the soul which has once found the Godhead; it has no further need of the miserable things of this world.

Only a sage can recognize a sage. It is only a cotton yarn merchant who can say of what number and of what quality any particular yarn is.

Be not like the frog who sits in the well. The frog there does not know anything greater or more important than the well. So it is with all superstitious devotees—they see nothing but their own narrow faith.

The washerman has a large warehouse with all its purses full of clothes—but they do not belong to him. When they are ready washed, the purses are emptied. Men who have no thoughts of their own are like this washerman.

After a man had practiced penance for fourteen years in a lonely forest he succeeded at length in acquiring the power of walking on water. Beside himself with joy, he hastened to his teacher and related his wonderful feat. The teacher answered: "My poor boy, what you acquired by the strenuous and continuous labor of fourteen years ordinary men accomplish when they pay the ferryman a penny."—Minneapolis Journal.

COULDN'T NAME ALL THE APOSTLES

At a dinner party in Washington, composed of prominent men, one of them remarked that he once sat in the Union League Club at New York with Roscoe Conkling, Chester A. Arthur and several other distinguished gentlemen who had been carefully educated in religious families, and that none of them was able to name the twelve apostles.

"That's easy," said a Senator, brashly, beginning, "Matthew, Mark, Luke and John, bless the bed that I lie on, Paul, the two Jameses, Jude, Barnabas—" And there he stopped, with some embarrassment.

"Timothy," suggested a major-general, who is a vestry-man in an Episcopal church.

"Nonsense," answered a Senator. "Timothy was a disciple of Paul's. He wasn't one of the twelve apostles."

"Nicodemus," suggested one of the company.

"Jeremiah," suggested the third.

"Judas was one of the apostles," meekly came from a voice in the corner.

"I'll be blamed if he was. He was a disciple," came the curt reply.

"Weren't the disciples and the apostles the same thing?" inquired the meek voice, getting a little bolder.

Bartholomew was suggested and accepted by several.

"What's the matter with Peter?" exclaimed a modest young member of the diplomatic corps, who had hitherto been silent.

"How many does that make?" somebody asked, and they counted up ten for sure, with as many more doubtful.

"Let's look in the Bible," somebody suggested, and the Good Book was overhauled in vain. Then an encyclopedia was appealed to, but it was not entirely satisfactory, for it included Thomas and Andrew in the list, and the Justice of the Supreme Court and two of the Senators were positive that Andrew was not an apostle. All of which teaches the great usefulness and need of Sunday schools.—Chicago Record.

READY FOR EXPANSION.

A little girl on Madison street had just finished a new house dress and called in one of her friends to admire it, as is customary even among girls of a larger growth.

By way of explanation to her friends she pointed out that the waistband had three buttonholes at intervals of about an inch, so that the skirt could be let out or taken up at pleasure.

"What on earth is that for?" asked her friend.

"The first hole is to be used in the morning, the second after dinner, and the third after watermelons," promptly replied the owner of the dress.—Memphis Scimetar.

The Chinese are rapidly leaving Greenwood. This is the result of the combined action of the business men and labor unions. No violence has been offered the Chinks, but they are being simply starved out.

If you want something that is juicy and refreshing, get a slice of Williams' watermelons.

Williams is handling Empire tobaccos.

To Builders:

If you want Dimension Lumber, Rough and Dressed Lumber, Coast and Kootenay Ceiling and Flooring, Double and Dressed Coast Cedar, Rustic, Shiplap, Stepping, Door Jambs, Pine and Cedar Casings, Window Stiles, Turned Work, Brackets, Newel Posts, Band-sawing, Turned Veranda Posts, Store Fronts, Doors, Windows or Glass, write to—

Nelson Saw & Planing Mills, Limited
Nelson, B. C.

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Advises on mines, mining properties and their workings. Claims, Prospects, and Mines stocked: Companies organized. Capital furnished.

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Staple and Fancy
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GOODWIN CANDLES
GIANT POWDER
KASLO AINSWORTH SANDON

FRUIT AND ORNAMENTAL TREES, ROSES, SHRUBS, VINES, BULBS,
For Fall Planting
Greenhouse plants, Seeds, Agricultural Implements, &c. Largest and most complete stock in the Province. Send for catalogue before placing your orders.
Address— M. J. HENRY, Vancouver, B. C.
Fruit in Season.

IF YOU SMOKE
Smoke our
Royal Seal Cigars
UNION MADE
They are made in your midst, of the finest Havana Tobacco. Where good Cigars are sold they can be bought.
Kootenay Cigar Mfg Co., Nelson

J. E. ANGRIGNON
The Leading
HAIRDRESSER
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General Draying: Mining Supplies and Heavy Transportation a Specialty.

Our Baggage wagons meet all Sunday trains.

Saddle Horses and Pack Animals. Feed Stables at New Denver.

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To and from European points via Canadian and American lines. Apply for sailing dates rates, tickets and full information to any C. Ry agent or—
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Cabins or Homes
Residence lots in NEW DENVER
from **$15 to $200**
Outlying Blocks suitable for small Homesteads
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Workers in Tin, Copper and Sheet Iron.
Air Piping and Mining Work a Specialty
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Hauling and Packing to Mines, and general local business.
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MINES AND MINING
Reports, Examinations and Management.
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EYES ARE WORKERS
Sight is the only special sense which we use constantly except during sleep. Perfect eyes see without effort. The imperfect ones are constantly under muscular strain. Is it any wonder eye strain is so hurtful? I am the first optician in the Kootenay. My reputation is known in every Kootenay town. Eyes tested night or day.....
G. W. GRIMMETT, Graduate Optician.
SANDON, B. C.

Hill Bros.
Manufacturers of
Lumber and Shingles
Orders shipped to all parts of the Country. Mill at head of —Slocan Lake.—
Postoffice address, Rosebery.

Ready-made Spring Suits
AUSTRALIAN LAMBS' WOOL UNDERWEAR FOR GENTLEMEN.
NECK WEAR A SPECIALTY AT
D. McLachlan's
New Denver.

RELIABLE ASSAYS
Gold..... $ .70 | Gold and Silver.. $ .75
Lead..... .50 | Gold, silv'r, copp'r 1.50
Samples by mail receive prompt attention.
Rich Ores and Bullion Bought.
OGDEN ASSAY CO.
1429 16th St., Denver, Colo.

THE WM. HAMILTON MANUFACTURING CO., LIMITED
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PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO,
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H. WALKER & SON'S Canadian Whiskies — Bottlers of *KILMARNOCK Scotch Whiskey*
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Wholesale Dealers in Wines, Liquors and Cigars

The Clifton House,
Sandon.
Is ample accommodation for a large number of people. The rooms are large and airy, and the Dining Room is supplied with everything in the market. Sample Rooms for Commercial Travelers.
John Buckley, Prop.

The Newmarket Hotel,
NEW DENVER, B. C.
Provides ample and pleasant accommodation for the traveling public. Telegrams for rooms promptly attended to.
HENRY STEGE, - - - - - Proprietor.

SMOKE
KELOWNA CIGARS
UNION MADE

St. James HOTEL
New Denver, B.C.
A. JACOBSON & CO. Props.
Best meals in the city—Comfortable rooms—Bar replete with the best of Liquors and Cigars—Best service throughout.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS

THURSDAY FRACTIONAL Mineral Claim

Situate in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay district. Where located: North of the Payne mine.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Herbert T. Twigg, as agent for the Payne Consolidated Mining Company, Limited, Free Miner's Certificate No. B 39967, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvement, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificates of Improvements.

Dated this 23d day of August, 1900.
HERBERT T. TWIGG, Agent.

MOUNTAIN CHIEF NO. 3, and SARNIA Mineral Claims.

Situate in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: About four miles up Four Mile creek, and adjoining the Essex and Ottawa.

TAKE NOTICE That I, D. A. McDonnell, F. M. C. 38978; acting for myself and as agent for Alfred Hill, F. M. C. 38972; Joseph Sturgon, F. M. C. 36282, and Florence Lawrence McInnes, F. M. C 38916, intend, 60 days from the date hereof to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of each of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 2nd day of August, 1900. 8-9

SUNRISE Mineral Claim.

Situate in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On West side of Climax Mineral Claim, north of Carpenter Creek.

TAKE NOTICE That I, F. S. Clements of Nelson, B. C., acting as agent for Johanna Erp, Brockhausen, F. M. C. No. B. 27266, and Sidney H. Nichols, F. M. C. No. B. 36216, intend, sixty days from the date hereof to apply to the Mining Recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a Crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action under section 37 must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 22nd day of June, A. D., 1900. 7-5

SANDOW and LONE STAR, No. 3, Mineral Claims.

Situate in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On Silver Mountain, 1½ miles southwest of New Denver, B. C.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Charles S. Rashdall, of New Denver, B. C., acting as agent for Robert B. Skinner, F. M. C. No. B 15973, and Dalziel Gordon Smith, F.M.C No. B 15012, intend, 60 days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of each of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 28th day of June, A. D. 1900.
7-5 CHARLES S. RASHDALL

BUCK FRACTION Mineral Claim.

Situate in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: About two miles east of Silverton, adjoining the Silverton Boy.

TAKE NOTICE That I, E. Rammelmeyer, free miner's certificate No. B 38866, acting as agent for Mary E. Rammelmeyer, free miner's certificate No. B 38858, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 5th day of July, A. D., 1900.

STORMOUNT Mineral Claim.

Situate in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: Ten miles east of Slocan Lake and about one and one-half miles east of Seaton Creek, and being a northerly extension of the Washington.

TAKE NOTICE That I Chas. Moore, acting as agent for S. K. Green, F. M. C. No. B.27826 and W. A. Jowett, F. M. C. No. 779 (special) intend sixty days from the date hereof to apply to the Mining Recorder for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a Crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action under section 37 must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 15th day of June, 1900.
6-21 CHAS. MOORE.

ROSE MARIE Mineral Claim.

Situate in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: South of Mowich claim, Carpenter Creek.

TAKE NOTICE That I, Herbert T. Twigg, agent for James H. Morin, Free Miner's Certificate No. 57932, and Charles W. Greenlee, F. M. C. No. 38240, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action under Sec. 37 must be commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 7th day of June, 1900.
HERBERT T. TWIGG.

DAYTON NO. 2, ALTOONA, BONNY OT REUBEN, and TAWANDA Mineral Claims

Situate in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On Payne Mountain, about 1½ miles from the town of Sandon, B. C.

TAKE NOTICE That I, Alexander Stroat, agent for the Sandon Mining and Milling Company, Limited Free Miner's Certificate No. 1853, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificates of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of each of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificates of Improvements.

Dated this 25th day of April, A. D. 1900.
5-7 ALEX STROAT.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

"Imperial Limited"

Service for the year 1900 will be commenced JUNE 10TH. The "Imperial Limited" takes you across the Continent in four days without change. It is a solid vestibuled train, luxuriously equipped with every possible essential for the comfort and convenience of passengers. Ask your friends who have travelled on it, or address

G. B. GARRETT, Agent, New Denver.
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E. J. Coyle, A. G. P. Agt., Vancouver.

THE FAMILY BIOGRAPH ALBUM.

A new art is being practiced at the offices of the American Mutoscope and Biograph Company. The dull, staring, unconvincing single photograph has, say the enthusiasts in this new direction, had its day. A series of likenesses, 1800 of which can be taken in a minute, and every one of which represents the subject in a different attitude—for there is no "posing" in the new photography—has come to take its place.

In this New York studio 1800 photographs of the subject will be made at every sitting instead of a single one, as heretofore. The exposures will be of a minute duration, thirty distinct photographs being taken of the poser each second, and 360 feet of film used in the process. In these 1800 photographs every movement of the body, every twitch of the eye, every expression of the face, will be faithfully reproduced.

It will be the biograph or mutoscope process applied to ordinary photography. As a result of much experimenting devices have been perfected by which the series of photographs may be mounted on reels and revolved within handy cabinets which will be ornaments in any parlor. By looking into the cabinet the subject will appear to be animated, just like the familiar moving pictures thrown on screens by the biograph.

Think of a kicking, squirming baby being photographed as he plays with his toes; then, when he becomes a man, looking upon himself exactly as he was in those babyhood days.

A photograph of the wedding ceremony itself might be made, for these cameras can be taken anywhere.—New York World.

LION IN RAILWAY CARRIAGE.

The full story of the remarkable adventure in which Mr. Ryall, a well-known district superintendent of police, was killed by a lion in a railway carriage while journeying in East Africa, is told in the East African and Uganda Mail, by a fellow passenger.

The train had come from Mombasa to Kima. Here Mr. Ryall was told there was a lion within 200 yards, and he, therefore, detached his corridor carriage, walked up the train to another compartment, in which were Mr. Heubner, Mr. Parenti, and the narrator of the story, and suggested a search for the beast.

The three men joined Ryall, but the hunt was unsuccessful. As, however, the station-master told them two lions prowled about the station every night, Parenti, Heubner and Ryall decided to remain on watch in the detached carriage, which was shunted on to a siding.

About midnight Parenti went to sleep on the floor, while Heubner occupied a bed above, and Ryall sat on his seat and kept first watch.

At 1:30 Parenti woke with a start and found a lion treading on him. He saw the beast's fore paws on Ryall's body, and heard Ryall utter a cry. He tried to reach his gun, but failed, and then he managed to crawl through a window. He ran for the station-master, and on returning they found Heubner in the kitchen at the back of the carriage.

"Ryall! Ryall!" they called, but there was no answer. Then the station-master and his men went back with burning brands to the carriage.

They found it drenched with blood, but empty. Ryall could not be seen.

Day dawned, and outside they found more blood and many footmarks, both of a lion and a lion's cubs.

Ryall they never found.

HOW TO DRINK MILK.

Many who complain that they cannot use milk would be able to do so if they would drink it in the proper way. An exchange says:

"Do not swallow milk fast and in big gulps. Sip it slowly. Take four minutes at least to finish a glassful and do not take more than a good teaspoonful at one sip. When milk goes into the stomach it is instantly curdled. If a large quantity is drunk at once it is curdled in one big mass, on the outside of which only the juices of the stomach can work. If we drink it in little sips each little sip is curdled up by itself, and the whole glassful finally finds itself in a loose lump made up of little lumps through, round and among which the stomach's juices percolate, and dissolve the whole speedily and simultaneously."

SUCCESSFUL TREATMENT.

One of Philadelphia's bright young surgeons recently demonstrated in a rather ridiculous manner the fact that imagination plays an important part in both ailment and cure. The president of a financial institution had for one time been laboring under the delusion that hair was growing in his throat. He visited doctor after doctor, and they all laughed at him. "The thing is preposterous," they said, after careful examination. But still the man insisted that they were wrong, and worked himself into a condition bordering on nervous prostration. Finally he went to the young surgeon in question, who at once decided upon a plan of action. "I'll fix you all right in a jiffy," he said. Then he went into an anteroom, snipped a couple of hairs from his wrist, and fastened them to the end of an instrument. Returning to the patient, he inserted the instrument down the man's throat, gave a little jab and pulled it out again. There were the hairs, sure enough. It was a stroke of genius, sure enough, for the man with an imaginary complaint at once resumed his normal condition, and the young surgeon was rewarded with a fat fee.—Kansas City Journal.

WHERE THE MALAYS GROW.

In spite of the fact that the Federal constitution states that all men are equal, yet many fashionable restaurants of Washington, D. C., refuse to entertain colored people. The Columbus Despatch tells this amusing story in this connection:

A light colored mulatto wandered into one of the restaurants the other day, and when a waiter intimated to him in the gentlest way that he could not be served there, this conversation ensued:

"Wha' can't Ih be surved heah?"

"It is against the rules."

"Guess you tek me foh a colored man."

"Aren't you?"

"Me colored? No, suh, I'se uh Malay."

"Malay, eh. Let's see; where do the Malays come from?"

"Why, uh, from Malaria, ob course."

Let the East Have Some.

Eastern Canadians think British Columbia has no grievance against the Chinese or Japanese. They love the poor heathen, they would take them to their hearths and hearts: teach them the way of civilization and to give up their brass gods. Well, let the easterners have them, suggests the Industrial World. We have more than we want of the slant-eyed devils and can spare a few. It is proposed to ship a few of them east. The World will give a few dollars to the scheme. Dump a few thousand of them in Toronto, fill Montreal with them, turn ten thousand of them loose in the timber regions of North Ontario, ready and willing to work for $10 a month; man the railways with them, shut out the whites in every avenue of industry or compel them to work for and subsist on Chinese wages. Wouldn't there be a howl floating up to heaven?

Halcyon Hot Springs Sanitarium.

The most complete health resort on the continent of North America, situated midst scenery unrivalled for grandeur. Boating, fishing and excursions. Resident physician and nurse. In telegraphic communication with all parts of the world. Two mails arrive and depart every day. Terms, $15 to $18 per week, according to residence in hotel or villas. Its baths cure all nervous and muscular diseases; its waters heal all kidney, liver and stomach ailments. The price of a round ticket between New Denver and Halcyon, obtainable all the year round, and good for 30 days, is $3.35.

The workingmen of Manitoba are agitated over a report that 1,000 Japs will be sent there to assist in harvesting the crops. It looks as if this plague of Oriental labor will spread itself all over Canada before our legislators will have foresight enough to put a stop to it.

NELSON, B. C.

PATENAUDE BROS.

Manufacturing Jewelers and Engravers.

We are prepared to make up anything in the line of Jewelery, such as rings, pins, chains, lockets, seals, etc. Send us your old jewelery, and we will remodel or make it up in new and up-to-date styles. We buy old gold and silver. . . . .

PATENAUDE BROS.

NELSON, B. C.

NEW DENVER BRICK YARD

BRICK FOR SALE.

JOHN GOETTSCHE, NEW DENVER.

MIDWAY'S SMELTER.

The Midway Advance has the following to say relating to the proposed smelter to be erected there: "Andrew Laidlaw, general manager of the Standard Copper Co., accompanied by his solicitor, A. M. Whiteside, drove down on Wednesday of last week to look over the site for the smelter which is shortly to be constructed between Boundary Falls and Midway. The site which has been selected is on Kerr's ranch. It is an ideal location for a smelter and in Mr. Laidlaw's opinion is the most suitable location to be found any place in the district. The capital of the company is $500,000, assessable to par, and the registered office of the company is at Greenwood. A few days ago the company paid J. P. Harlan and Dr. McMartin, New York, $11,250, the final payment on the Marguerite. The order for the pyritic smelting plant was on June 21 placed with the Denver Engineering Works. The plant has a guaranteed capacity of 200 tons daily, but Mr. Laidlaw has made arrangements for a power plant of double that capacity and the building will be erected for a 400-ton smelter."

THE ESTIMATES.

The summary in the estimates for the current fiscal year, brought down last week in the house, shows the following figures:

Public debt, $372,790.31; Civil government (salaries), $223,815; Administration of justice (salaries), $118,870; Legislation, $67,350; Public institutions, (maintenance) $118,700; Hospitals and charities, $70,650; Administration of justice (other than salaries), $110,600; Education, $326,470; Transport, $16,000; Revenue service, $13,000; Public works, $665,323; Miscellaneous, $116,820. Total, $2,220,388.31.

The mineral tax is to be increased to two per cent. on all mines whose output amounts to more than two carloads a month.

The estimated receipts and expenditures for the year are: Revenue, $1,759,239, an increase of a quarter of a million; Expenditure, $2,220,388, also a large increase. Among the votes are $17,400 for schools in East Kootenay, and $48,760 for schools in West Kootenay.

Silverware

If you want something really good in silver it will pay you to examine our stock. We have none of the cheap, trashy plated ware, which so soon wears out. We have several beautiful pieces in STERLING SILVER.

T. H. BROWN,

Agent for Stanley's Pianos. NELSON, B. C.

The Enterprise Hotel, Aylwin

This hotel is near the Enterprise, on Ten Mile creek, and convenient to travelers to and from Camp Mansfield and Smuggler mine.

George Aylwin.

DR. MILLOY,

DENTIST

ROSSLAND.

WADDS BROS.

PHOTOGRAPHERS

VANCOUVER AND NELSON, B.C.

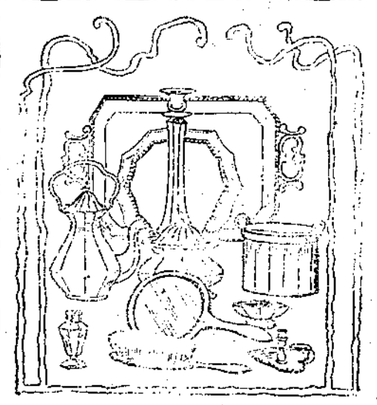
When in NELSON see our

$25 Suits

E. SKINNER, Tailor

Fred. J. Squire,

Manager.



To my Friends in the

::Slocan

As I have just returned from a Purchasing Trip in the East, I am prepared to show you all the latest Up-to-Date goods. Quality and Prices guaranteed to be right, and

20%

Cheaper than any place in Canada.

All the Latest Diamond Jewelery

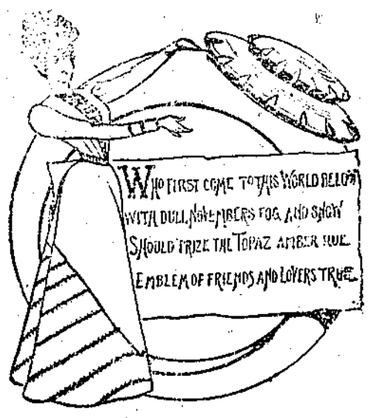
The Famous KARN PIANO. The STEARNS BICYCLES. The RAYMOND SEWING MACHINE. The DOMESTIC, WHITE, STANDARD, and WHEELER & WILSON SEWING MACHINES. **Brooches, Earings, Bracelets, Cuff Links, Watches, Chains, Necklets, Scarf Pins, Rings.** Latest Sterling Silver Novelties, Brushes, Combs, Mirrors, Manicure Sets, Toilet Bottles, Powder Boxes, Shoe Horns, Button Hooks, Darning Balls, Etc.

We are head quarters for Meriden Silver Plate Ware, and Roger's "1847" Flat Ware. We also carry a full line of Piano and Table Lamps, Brass Goods, Fire-place fixtures, Bar Supplies, and other things too numerous to mention. Call and inspect my stock. No trouble to show goods at

JACOB DOVER'S,

"THE JEWELER," Nelson, B. C.

All mail orders receive prompt and careful attention. All watch repairing guaranteed.



CONDENSED ADS.

[Condensed advertisements, such as For Sale, Wanted, Lost, Strayed, Stolen, Births, Deaths, Marriages, Personal, Hotels, Legal, Medical, etc., are inserted when not exceeding 20 words for 25 cents each insertion. Each five words or less over 20 words are five cents additional.]

PHYSICIAN.

PRIVATE HOSPITAL FOR LADIES. Best of care. Dr. Bertha Wardrum, No. 2 Brown St.; Phone, North 771; Spokane, Wash.

SURVEYORS.

J. M. M'GREGOR, B. A. Sc., Provincial Land Surveyor and Mining Engineer. Slocan, B. C. Correspondence solicited.

A. R. HEYLAND, Engineer and Provincial Land Surveyor. Sandon.

DRUGS.

W. F. TEETZEL & CO., Nelson, B. C., Dealers in all Drugs and Assayers' Supplies.

Mineral Waters.

FIRST-CLASS AERATED WATERS. Thorpe & Co., Ltd., sole agents for Halcyon Water, Nelson.

TAILORS.

J. R. CAMERON, Sandon, Manufactures Clothing to order; and solicits patronage from all classes.

Fruits & Confectionery.

J. A. McDONALD, Madden Block, Nelson; Fruits, Ice Cream, G. B. Chocolates, High Grade Confectionery. Finest Ice Cream Parlor in Kootenay.

BOOTS & SHOES.

LILLIE BROS., Nelson, are ever in the front with the best line of goods obtainable in their line of business.

Wholesale Merchants.

J. Y. GRIFFIN & CO., Front St., Nelson, wholesale dealers in provisions, cured meats, butter and eggs.

TURNER, BEETON & CO., Wholesale Merchants and Importers: Liquors, Cigars and Dry Goods. Nelson, Vancouver, Victoria, and London, Eng.

JOHN CHOLDITCH & CO., Nelson, Importers, Wholesale Grocers and Provision Merchants.

LEGAL.

F. L. CHRISTIE, L. L. B., Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public. Sandon, B. C., Every Friday at Silverton. tf

M. L. GRIMMETT, L. L. B., Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public. Sandon, B. C. Branch Office at New Denver every Saturday.

HOTELS.

THE LELAND HOUSE, Nakusp, B. C., provides good accommodations for travelers. MRS. McDOUGALD.

THE ARLINGTON HOTEL, Slocan City, is headquarters for Mining and Commercial Men. GETHING & HENDERSON.

FOR SALE.

A DWELLING AND TWO LOTS in New Denver. Apply at THE LEDGE Office. tf

THE 'PAYSTREAK' BUILDING and lot in Sandon. Address, THE LEDGE, New Denver.

SEVERAL THOUSAND old newspapers, at THE LEDGE.

PRINTING.

50 ENVELOPES, with your name and address printed thereon, sent to any address for 30 cents. THE LEDGE, New Denver.

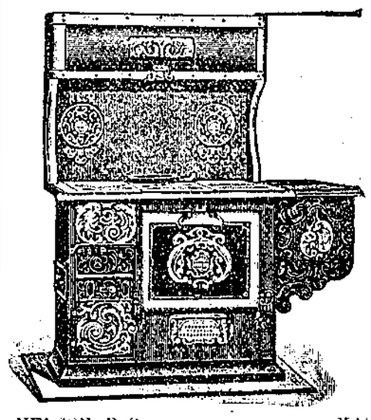
The Nelson Brewing Co.

Brewers of Fine Lager Beer and Porter—the best in the land. Correspondence solicited. Address—

R. REISTERER & CO., Nelson, B.C.

H. BYERS & CO.,

HEAVY AND SHELF HARDWARE



Coal, Iron, Steel, Blowers, Water Motors, Truax Ore Cars, Ore Buckets, Rails, Belting, Packing, Wire Rope. Tin and Sheet Iron Workers

NELSON, B. C. KASLO, B. C. SANDON, B. C.

P. BURNS & CO.

Are household words in Kootenay. They have retail shops in nearly every camp of Boundary and Kootenay, and wholesale shops at Nelson, Rossland, Vancouver and other favorable points. They are now showing at their many shops the finest line of steaks and other meat productions ever exhibited in this land of mountains. By buying from them you will always have food that will appease your gastronomical desires and render unto your physical anatomy the strength so necessasy to keep in the front wherever force and power are essential.

California Wine Co.,

NELSON, B.C.

Wholesale dealers in

Choice Wines and Fragrant Cigars

Write for prices. Our stock is the largest in Kootenay.

THE KASLO HOTEL

Family & Commercial.

Large And Comfortable Rooms

Fitted with every modern convenience. Special protection against fire. Rates $2.50 and $3 per day.

COCKLE & PAPWORTH, Proprietors.

NOTICE TO

KODAK FIENDS!

I will now sell Solio Films, Kodaks at American prices. Send for prices on anything you want.

O. STRATHEARN, Kaslo, B. C.

OUR CORSET DEPARTMENT IS UP-TO-DATE IN ALL STYLES AND PRICES.

Fred. Irvine & Co., NELSON, B. C.

MILLINERY—ALL THE LATEST STYLES AT LOWEST PRICES.

Dry Goods and Millinery

Why send East for your Dry Goods when you can purchase from us and have them by next day's mail, at prices AS LOW, IF NOT LOWER, than the Departmental Stores of the East? We have one of the largest stocks in all departments in the West—Buttons, Sheetings, Linens, Dress Goods, Silks, Whitewear, Corsets, Gloves, Ready-made Shirts, Costumes, Carpets, Floor Oilcloths, Linoleums, Curtains, Window Shades, Etc. Write for Samples and Our Prices.

SOLE AGENTS FOR BUTTERICK PATERNS, THE ONLY RELIABLE.

Fred. Irvine & Co., NELSON, B. C.

MEN'S FURNISHINGS A SPECIALTY.