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VICTORIA, B.C.

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THE MOYIE LEADER

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VOL. 13 NO. 25. MOYIE, B. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1910. $2 A YEAR

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Please send me one of your illustrated catalogues.
These few words will bring to you the finest jewellery catalogue in Canada, from which you may choose at lowest prices, Jewellery, Silverware, Cut Glass, Cutlery, Leather Goods, Art Goods and Novelties.
All goods sold through our Mail Order Department will be sent prepaid, by express or post.
Money refunded if not entirely satisfactory.
Henry Birks & Sons, Limited.
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Your Attention, Gentlemen
We carry the largest stock of Guns and Amunition in town. See us before buying anything in this line.
E. G. GWYNNE.

Cape Cod Cranberries ..... per lb 20c
Sweet Potatoes ..... 3 lbs for 25c
Fresh Celery ..... a bunch 10c
Leave your order for preserving fruits, green tomatoes, etc.
Get the habit. Go to
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Shoes - Shoes - Shoes
Most of the leading makes and all of the leading leathers to be had at popular prices.
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Hotel Kootenay
The best of accommodations for the Traveling Public.
Large and Commodious Sample Rooms. Billiard Rooms.
McTAVISH & CAMERON Proprietors.

For the most fastidious dresser we have the
Nicest Assortment of Mens' Shoes
in the newest American lasts. Oxford shoes in all colors from $4.50 to $5. See our new 20th CENTURY SUITS. Buy one and be well dressed.
E. A. HILL.

Imperial Bank of Canada.
Capital Authorized $10,000,000.00
Capital Subscribed $5,575,000.00
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BRANCHES IN BRITISH COLUMBIA-
Cranbrook, Arrowhead, Golden, Kamloops, Michel, New Michel Fernie, Nelson, Revelstoke, Victoria, and Vancouver.
Drafts and Money Orders sold avaible in any part of the World
Savings Bank Department.
Interest allowed on deposits from date of deposit.
MOYIE BRANCH. H. W. SUPPLE, Manager.

GENERAL FLOAT

James J. Hill is 72 years of age.

Winnipeg has an epidemic of scarlet fever.

A. A. Paull of Rossland has opened a photo tent at Blairmore.

A Chinaman in Victoria was fined $2 for offering tubercular beef for sale.

An automobile now runs between Salmo and Sheep Creek. The car carries eight passengers.

Rev. Alex. Dunn is returning to Canada owing to ill health. He will return by way of Vancouver.

The new Sanitarium hotel at the sulphur springs near Blairmore will be open for business in a couple of weeks.

There are now eight C. P. R. hotels on the main line in the west, in addition to the hotels in Winnipeg and Victoria.

Nelson's eight annual fruit fair will be held on September 28th, 29th and 30th. The return fare from Moyie will be $6.20.

The convention of British Columbia Fire Chiefs at Cranbrook has been postponed from this month to October 18 and 19.

Smith Curtis, has just sold 1600 acres of land forming part of the original Deadman's creek Indian reserve, near Savonas, for $100,000.

Things look good for Nelson. A new business block is to be erected, the depot offices are to be enlarged and dwelling houses are at a premium.

Stamp collecting rapidly is coming into vogue again. And all because the public has ascertained that it for years has been one of King George's hobbies.

J. F. Armstrong, government agent at Cranbrook, is taking a two weeks' vacation in and around Golden. A. C. Nelson is the acting government agent in his absence.

The Odd Fellows' sovereign grand lodge is in session at Atlanta Georgia. This is the 86th session of the order Buffalo, Toronto and Los Angeles are trying to secure the 1911 convention.

An enterprising concern is erecting two lime kilns on the Frank slide, There is no immediate prospect of running out of raw material as all the rock there is suitable for the manufacture of lime.

C. W. Sharp & Son are the successful tenderers for the construction of the new C. P. R. summer hotel at Balfour, on Kootenay lake. The contract figure is $150,000, and the hotel is to be completed by May 1, 1911, so as to be ready for the opening one month later.

BLAIR BUSINESS COLLEGE
OF SPOKANE, WASH.
The leading Business College of the Northwest, where young people can receive a thorough business training. Shorthand---typewriting---bookkeeping---commercial law, etc. Board and rooms at very reasonable rates. We secure positions for our students. Our new beautifully illustrated catalog sent free upon request. Write for it NOW.
Principal.

Cranbrook's Fall Fair

The Fall Fair held at Cranbrook this week was a decided improvement over the one held last year. There was a splendid display of fruit and vegetables. The best fruit seemed to come from Creston and the best vegetables from the St. Eugene mission. R. A. Webster and Wm. Tipper, who have ranches in the Moyie valley below Curzon, had some splendid looking potatoes and other vegetables there, and was ample proof of the fertility of the soil in that locality. Several of the Cranbrook merchants had good displays of their stocks. The association needs a larger and better exhibition building, and no doubt this will be arranged for before another year. It is to be regretted that some of the excellent fruit and vegetables grown around Moyie were not exhibited. Little or no advertising for the fair was done around Moyie, which probably accounts for the small attendance from here. The Leader received no press matter for publication, as upon former occasions, and the customary complimentary pass to the publisher was not granted.

Presentation to Kamm

Last Monday evening a bunch of E. O. Kamm's many friends gathered at the International hotel to say farewell to him. Graham Cruickshank was chairman, and throughout the evening there was no lacking of music, singing, speech making and story telling. Mr. Kamm was presented with a handsome suit case by his friends at the Sullivan mine, a silver tray by the men in the office, the mill and the St. Eugene mine, and a watch fob and locket by the citizens of the town. Mr. and Mrs. Kamm left Tuesday for Nelson and Trail, where they will remain for a few days before leaving for Mason, Nevada.

Helped Fire Brigade

W. J. Uren, superintendent of the Cranbrook division of the C. P. R., was in Moyie Monday looking after some matters in connection with his department. While here he met some of the members of the local fire brigade and discussed with them the fire at the C. P. R. station on July 24th, when the company's property was saved by the hard work of Moyie's fire fighters. Mr. Uren fully realized the good work done and on behalf of the company gave a cheque for a substantial sum in aid of the brigade. It is needless to say that the donation was fully appreciated.

Consolidated Annual Meeting

The annual meeting of the Consolidated Mining & Smelting Company will be held in Toronto about the 27th of September. W. H. Aldridge, general manager of the company, is on his way east to be in attendance. There is considerable speculation as to whether or not a dividend will be paid.

Sunday Morning Fire

Fire broke out in the residence occupied by Thos. Miller last Sunday morning. The building being out of the range of any hydrant, the bucket brigade was pressed into service and soon had the fire out. The damage done was not very heavy. The building is the property of Donald Peddy.

The Royal Seal cigar has been before the smoking public for a dozen years. It is made in Nelson and can be bought in nearly every mountain town.

LOCAL ASSAYS

James McNeill has gone to Colorado.

D. M. Ferguson left for Rossland Monday.

F. J. Tanner, the jeweler, is up at Stettler for a few days.

Constable Browning and wife were in Cranbrook Wednesday.

Jack Sherman was hurt while working on the government road yesterday.

Miss Flora Deagon and little brother Harry spent the first of the week up at Kimberley.

Frank Cryderman, who is in the hospital at Cranbrook, is improving nicely.

John Cannon came down from the Sullivan mine Monday to attend the Kamm farewell smoker.

D. Campbell, a mining engineer of Toronto, was in Moyie this week looking over the Aurora property.

C. A. Foote, the tailor, has taken the agency for the goods of Stone & Company of Toronto, high class tailors.

Wm. Jewell is arranging to move to Alberta, and will locate north of Medicine Hat, where he has taken up land.

V. R. Houghton is now running the barber shop in the Hotel Kootenay, having purchased the business from W. E. Miller.

Mrs. Wilfrid Cameron returned Tuesday from Grand Rapids, Michigan, where she spent the greater portion of the summer.

Herb Jackson, Moyie's celebrated cartoonist, is again in evidence this week, with some clever advertising for tonight's fire brigade dance.

F. B. Hawthorne and bride passed through Moyie Thursday on their way to their home in Nelson. The wedding took place in Regina a few days ago.

C. M. O'Brien, socialist orator and member of the Alberta legislature, made a talk on the street Monday evening. As usual, a soap box was his pulpit.

The Presbyterians propose holding their anniversary services on Sunday, October 9th. and their annual congregational social on Tuesday evening, October 11th.

D. J. Elmer of Cranbrook spent several days this week in town. Mr. Elmer is just back from Ontario, where he has been on business for the past month.

Joseph Ryan of Cranbrook will have charge of the South East Kootenay mineral exhibit at the Spokane fair. All samples will be shipped from Cranbrook next Tuesday.

Mrs. J. A. B. Macdonald received word a few days ago of the death of her sister, Miss Mary McDougall, which occurred at their old home at Dalkeith, Ont., on September 18th. She was 29 years of age.

Mr. Charles Riley McCalley, one of America's greatest versatile performers, will be at the Presbyterian church next Monday evening, September 26th. His humorous readings, impersonations, violin solos and imitations are said to be excellent. Tickets are 50 cents; children 25 cents.

Mrs. C. H. Sweetzer, Chairman of the Committee of the Woman's Club, Olympia, Wash., says: Mr. McCalley's humorous readings and violin solos of "old time melodies" was received with much applause, while his impersonations and imitations were irresistable. Mr. McCalley will be at the Presbyterian church Monday evening.

The Phoenix Pioneer is again being published after being out of commission for a month or more. The big fire in that city destroyed the Pioneer printing plant, and Mr. Love, the publisher, sustained a loss of over $3,000. The Pioneer is always a welcome exchange at the Leader office.

DON'T MISS IT. THE 8th ANNUAL
NELSON FRUIT FAIR
AT NELSON, B. C.
3 DAYS 3
Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, Sept. 28, 29, 30.
FULL OF SURPRISES IN
Fruit, Vegetables, Poultry, Mineral, Lumber and District Exhibits.
$3,000 PRIZE MONEY $3,000
See The Free Attractions
PROF. DARNELL—
The fearless aeronaut, will make a balloon ascension and parachute leap daily.
THE LEOJOE TROUP—
Three ladies and two men, in their unparalled and refined bicycle act.
FIVE FLYING BANVARDS—
Engaged at enormous expense, lately featured with Ringling Bros. The Aerial marvels in long leaping and casting act 50 feet in the air.
Numerous other attractions. Excursion rates o n all lines.
J. E. ANNABLE, PRES. G. HORSTEAD, SEC'R'Y.
Box 392, Nelson, B C.

Liberal Meeting

The Moyie Liberal Association held a reorganization meeting last Monday evening. A very good attendance is reported. The following officers were elected:

H. Chapman—president,
Dr. J. W. Coffin—vice-pres.
J. P. Farrell—secretary.

Executive committee—H. H. Dimock, H. J. Lowes, E. L. Hutt, Mike Regan, Aime Fortier, Chas. A. MacKay, C. A. Foote, J. Clarke.

Tonight's Dance

There should be a good attendance at the dance tonight in Morley hall in aid of the Moyie Fire Brigade. Dancing will start about 9 o'clock. The ladies are furnishing the lunch. Tickets are $1, and an invitation is extended to everyone. Turn out and help along a good cause.

Popular People Wedded.

Mr. Fred Haines of Corbin and Miss Clara Thorpe were united in married at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Martin Thorpe at the Porto Rico mill last Monday evening by Rev. G. A. Hackney of the Moyie Presbyterian church. The couple will leave on Monday for Corbin, where Mr. Haines is in the employ of the railway company. Before moving to Corbin, Mr. Haines was for several years employed in the Herald office at Cranbrook. The Leader extends congratulations.

Your complexion as well as your temper is rendered miserable by a disordered liver. By taking Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets you can improve both. Sold by the Moyie Drug & Stationery Co.

Andy Morris' Condition

On Saturday last, the day after he was released from custody, Ex-Constable Andy Morris of New Michel, was re-arrested by Constable Bulger and brought to Fernie. He was drinking heavily again and it was feared that he might go gunning again and get somebody next time. He is a victim of alcoholism.—Fernie Free Press.

Rod and Gun

With the opening of the bird shooting season the September number of Rod and Gun in Canada, published by W. J. Taylor, Limited, Woodstock, Ont., gives a number of delightful stories dealing with days amongst the ducks, geese, woodcock and prairie chickens—experiences which will cause many a thrill to sportsmen reading them.

Gambling Case Tomorrow

A gambling case will come up for trial at the court house tomorrow. Several Moyie gentlemen are involved, and they have retained the services of M. A. Macdonald of Cranbrook to defend them. They will be tried before Judge Ryan of Cranbrook.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is today the best known medicine in use for the relief and cure of bowel complaints. It cures griping, diarrhoea, dysentery, and should be taken at the first unnatural looseness of the bowels. It is equally valuable for children and adults. Sold by the Moyie Drug & Stationery Co.

The K and H cigar has jumped to prominence through the excellent flavor of the tobacco out of which it is made.

The Cranbrook Co-operative Stores
Is Offering Very Attractive Prices On All Their
Cloth Upholstered Furniture
25 per cent
discount will be given off every piece for the next month.
Here Is Your Chance.
CRANBROOK CO-OPERATIVE STORES, LTD.
Cranbrook

Doomed to Suffering

RESCUED BY "FRUIT-A-TIVES"

CHARLES BARRETT, Esq.

Harbor au Bouche, March 24, 1909.

"I suffered terribly from Biliousness and Dyspepsia for fifteen years, was treated by physicians and took many remedies but got no relief. Then I took "Fruit-a-tives", and this medicine completely cured me when everything else failed. To all sufferers from Indigestion, Biliousness and Constipation, I strongly advise them to try this fruit medicine". Charles Barrett.

50c a box, 6 for $2.50—or trial box, 25c. At all dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

NOVEL CURE FOR STOUTNESS

SOCIAL Washington is highly amused at a story at the expense of a man well known in club circles which has just leaked out. The victim of the joke is Mr. F. O. Horstmann, a very wealthy Washingtonian. Mr. Horstmann weighed 224 pounds, and was getting fatter, so his doctor prescribed work for him.

The chuoman got the job, after some difficulty, as a beer inspector at $1,000 a year. When he assumed his duties he found that they chiefly consisted in sampling beer. He kept the work for a week, but when he actually found he was putting on more flesh he gave it up, and begged his friends not to tell the doctor what kind of work he had procured.

THE BLAND CHINESE BOY

CHINESE schoolboys present a curious contrast to the schoolboys of the Occident. At least the observation holds with reference to the Oriental schoolboys of Queen's College, Hongkong, where, it is said, a sight to be seen any day is that of more than a thousand pupils, not one of them indulging in any boisterous conduct, or, indeed, even letting off his superfluous spirits by a run or a leap.

The Chinese boys of Queen's College, Hongkong, do not hurry, but walk sedately along with their books under their arms. The utmost exhibition of youthful feeling is a reserved smile lighting up the face of a boy here and there as he listens to the conversation of his companions. Boisterous behavior would be considered by these Chinese lads as undignified and quite contrary to all ideas of schoolboy good form. The more sedate a Chinese boy is in his behavior, the more he conducts himself like a little old man, the more aristocratic he is considered by his schoolfellows, and the more praise he receives from his schoolmasters and his parents.

In this country and in England parents and sons do not invariably agree as to what virtues are to be admired in a schoolboy. In China they always do. Strange as it may seem, Chinese youths go to school with the sole idea of acquiring knowledge. Hence the stolid, determined faces of the pupils of Queen's College in the Eastern city.

There is little variety in the color and cut of their dress. They wear no hats. Some brush all their hair straight back into their long queues; others have a fringe of stiff bristles dividing the shaven from the unshaven territory of their heads. All carry fans.

In age the boys vary from nine to twenty-three, and many of them have family cares in the shape of a wife and children at home. Every year, however, sees a decrease in the proportion of married schoolboys, and the average age becomes less each year. In the early history of the school boys of all ages were to be found in it, and it was not an unheard-of thing for father and son to be running a close race for the first prize.

MOTORING

A resolution is before the Milwaukee, Wis., county board of supervisors providing for the purchase of a motor ambulance for the county hospital. The county has already equipped the sheriff's office with a seven-passenger touring car for use of the deputies, and the saving in this respect makes it highly probable that the ambulance measure will be passed. The city of Milwaukee is also working out a plan for a motor ambulance for the city and emergency hospitals. The municipality already owns eleven cars and is well pleased with them.

Good roads is the first question that has been taken up by the newly-organized Nashville Automobile Club, of Nashville, Tenn., and in this connection the preparation of a road map of Tennessee is to begin at once. Secretary C. C. Gilbert says that he also is endeavoring to get the New York-Atlanta tour to pass through Nashville. There are many good roads in Tennessee, but there are too many places where stretches of only a mile or so, or in other instances a few miles, condemn a route that would otherwise be in splendid shape. From Nashville to Chattanooga is a good example. The distance is 151 miles, of which 143 miles is excellent road, but just one stretch of 8 miles of mountain road that has not been worked in 41 years makes it almost impossible for a motor car to make the trip. Attention has already been turned to this and it is probable this will be one of the first results of the organization of the club.

The Automobile Club of Twin Falls County is the name of the organization of owners of Twin Falls, Idaho, and vicinity, which has just been formed to promote the cause of good roads. There are nearly 100 motorists who have signified their intention of joining with this club. A state association is also under way, comprising the clubs at Twin Falls, Gooding, Boise and Idaho Falls. These will affiliate with the American Automobile Association. The officers of the Twin Falls club are: President, George S. Aldrich; vice-president, J. Benjamin Hall; secretary, Arthur J. Peavey; treasurer, W. W. Mickelwait; directors, P. H. Crow, F. C. Spencer, Carl E. Lind.

Worms in children, if they be not attended to, cause convulsions, and often death. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will protect the children from these distressing afflictions.

A New Head In 30 Minutes

Exchange that aching, throbbing, suffering, muddled head for a clear, cool, comfortable one by taking a

NA-DRU-CO Headache Wafer

25c. a box at your druggists' or by mail from National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Montreal. 26

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ACCOUNTANTS! Our courses in Higher Accounting and Chartered Accountancy were prepared by three chartered accountants and a lawyer.

The strongest ACCOUNTANCY SCHOOL in Canada.

Our lessons are authentic, up-to-date, the most complete on the market, and the only ones suitable for any province in the Dominion.

Why study courses which were only written for one province?

We had more successful students at the C. A. Examinations in 1910 than the total passes for Manitoba, Alberta and Saskatchewan in any one previous year.

Write for prospectus and full particulars.

P.O. Drawer 2929 D. A. Pender, C.A., President Winnipeg, Man.

Capitol Cylinder Oil

For Steam Traction Engines and Steam Plants

THE IMPERIAL OIL CO. Limited — CAPITOL — CYLINDER OILS

Delivers more power, and makes the engine run better and longer with less wear and tear, because its friction-reducing properties are exactly fitted to the requirements of steam traction engines and steam plants.

Mica Axle Grease

Traction Engines, Wagons, Etc.

makes the wheel as nearly frictionless as possible and reduces the wear on axle and box. It ends axle troubles, saves energy in the horse, and when used on axles of traction engines economizes fuel and power.

Granite Harvester Oil

Reapers, Threshers, Plows, Harrows

insures better work from the new machine and lengthens the life of the old. Wherever bearings are loose or boxes worn it takes up the play and acts like a cushion. Changes of weather do not affect it.

Standard Gas Engine Oil

Gasolene and Kerosene Engines

is the only oil you need. It provides perfect lubrication under high temperatures without appreciable carbon deposits on rings or cylinders, and is equally good for the external bearings.

Every dealer everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circulars to

The Imperial Oil Company, Limited

Ontario Agents: The Queen City Oil Co., Ltd.

Storyettes

SOME Federal officers in the Civil war once sought shelter for the night in an old tumble-down hut. About two o'clock a polecat announced its presence in its own peculiar way. A German sat up and looked helplessly about him. The others were all sleeping peacefully.

"Mein gracious!" he exclaimed, in tones of despair, "all the rest asleep and I've got to smell it all!"

* * *

LORD TOWNSEND, at the battle of Dettingen, was standing quite near a drummer boy whose brains were dashed out by a cannon ball. His Lordship gazed on the horrible spectacle for some moments in silence. At last an old officer spoke up and said: "Why is your lordship surprised? Such things must happen in war." "I know it," was the reply; "but what astonishes me is that a boy with so much brains should be here at all."

* * *

TWO of the gilded youth of Providence, Rhode Island, were in Newport and came upon a newsboy.

"Let me have a paper," said one of them, giving the boy fifty cents.

"I can't change that," said the boy.

"Lend me a nickel," the gilded youth asked his companion.

"Oh, bother, let him have the fifty cents."

"No, indeed! You let him have it if you like. My father-in-law is not dead and yours is."

* * *

THEY had reached the outer portals of the front door, and were there going through the process of parting, very lingeringly.

"When I say goodnight to you this evening," gurgled Mr. Youngslow, "do you think it would be proper for me to place one reverent kiss upon your fair hand?"

"Well," she sighed, softly, as she laid her head quietly on his shoulder, "I should consider it decidedly out of place."

* * *

GOV. MARSHALL has a story, says an Indianapolis paper, about the pastor of a country church who preached upon the theme, "You Can't Keep a Good Man Down." When the appointed Sunday arrived the church was crowded, not because he was an especially good preacher, but because he was a preacher who always took his text from "the Word," and the people were curious to know where he would find such a text in the Bible. He arose with deliberation, while the congregation waited breathlessly, opened his Bible, and read: "and on the third day the whale spewed up Jonah."

* * *

A HYPOCHONDRIAC friend of a Nantasket man, who was visiting the latter's place on the coast of Massachusetts, imagined that he was deriving some benefit by reason of the sea water he was drinking.

One day, as the two strolled along the beach, the hypochondriac said to his friend:

"Dick, this sea water is really helping my dyspepsia. I've already taken two glasses of it this morning. Do you think I might take a third?"

"Well," returned the friend, with a gravity equal to that of his friend, "I don't think a third would be missed, Tom."

* * *

LORD KITCHENER, at one of the dinners tendered him in New York, apologized for his want of eloquence.

"I can't speak; that is why I don't," he said. "I think it is better to keep silent than to put you to sleep.

"The officers of the British Army are noted for their inability to make a public speech. Whenever an officer is foolish enough to rise to answer a toast, the guests say to one another significantly, as he sits down:

"'Well, you know, the bigger the gun, the bigger the bore.'"

* * *

THE big bartender in the white apron told a good story the other day that smacks of the truth.

J. McGinnis, a contractor, met his friend Donovan on the pier the other day. Donovan had just landed from the old country and it was his first visit to America. Stopping at the hotel where the bartender in question holds forth, McGinnis said:

"Now, Donovan, my boy, I'll give you a taste of liquor that will make you think the ancient kings left ambrosia for ye. Bartender, give us a couple of drinks of that forty-year-old Bourbon ye have in the private bottle for me."

The bartender placed the "private bottle" on the bar with two very small glasses, which he had filled with the precious fluid.

Donovan lifted the pony daintly to the light, and turning to McGinnis, said:

"How old did you say this is, Mac?"

"Forty years, if it's a day."

"Be jabbers," said Donovan, with another critical look at the glass, "It's small for its age, ain't it?"

* * *

AMONG Senator Depew's Fourth of July stories there is one about a veteran on a street car.

This veteran, in all the panoply of his blue uniform, brass buttons and white cotton gloves, was on his way to a Fourth of July picnic on the outskirts of the village. A stranger boarded the car, and leaning across his wife, engaged the man in conversation.

The talk soon turned to warfare, and the veteran said:

"Yes, sir; I've seen fightin'. I got this gash across the cheek at Chicamauga. My stiff leg, by gosh, comes from a ball in the knee—Chancellorsville. This thumb nail here was shot off at Gettysburg. I lost the tip of my ear at Spottsylvania."

"Dear me," said the stranger, "how interesting! You have indeed, sir, seen hot fighting. But, tell me, how did you get that long, deep, murderous dent down the side of your nose? A cavalry charge—hand-to-hand engagement, eh?"

The veteran frowned and ignored the question. He began to talk about the heat. But his wife interrupted.

"Go on, Bill," she said, impatiently. "Tell the gentleman how you got the dent in your nose."

"You shut up, Hannah!" said the veteran.

"I won't, nuther," said the old woman. "For it just about riles the skin of me to hear you braggin' and braggin' about the marks you got in the war, whilst you won't never open your head about the finest and most noticeable mark of all—the one I give you with the fire shovel."

The Oil of the People—Many oils have come and gone, but Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil continues to maintain its position and increase its sphere of usefulness each year. Its sterling qualities have brought it to the front and kept it there, and it can truly be called the oil of the people. Thousands have benefited by it and would use no other preparation.

HIGH-POWER MICROSCOPY

THERE has been exhibitod before the Royal Society of London a form of microscope, the invention of Prof Gordon, by means of which enormous magnification of an object can, it is stated, be attained without the blemishes due to optical causes that formerly marred such images.

We may suppose that the enlarged image of an object is received from a microscope lens upon a ground-glass focussing screen, and that then another microscope is employed still further to enlarge the image so formed. This is of course, quite feasible, but the grain of the glass would be magnified together with the image and would vitiate the result. Prof. Gordon uses a translucent screen of the finest possible texture, and he causes it to be kept in continual motion while the object is being viewed or photographed. By this means the grain of the screen is eliminated and the greatly magnified image of the object alone seen. Specimens magnified to the extent of ten thousand diameters were shown as proofs of the efficacy of the method adopted.

The Horseman

Has any horse now in training a chance of lowering any of the seven world's records held by Dan Patch, 1.55?

This question has ben asked many times, and is of special interest, now that Dan Patch has been permanently retired, and at the beginning of a season that give spromise of some exceptionally fast work by the country's harness horses.

There are a large number of very fast horses in training, and in one stable alone, that of M. W. Savage, there are five pacers that have already shown ability to race around two minutes, and any one of them may be expected to do something sensational in the record-breaking line before the end of 1910.

In the discussion aroused by the above question, however, one horse stands out pre-eminently. That horse is Minor Heir, 1.59 1-4, admitted by most experts to have the greatest flight of speed of any horse ever trained with the possible exception of Dan Patch. Whether or not he will be able to win world championships this year is, of course, problematical; but the chances seem to favor his doing so.

Two years ago Minor Heir was practically unknown. With the opening of the Grand Circuit races the little brown son of Heir-at-Law paced himself into prominence, and before the season was well advanced well advanced he occupied a similar position in the horse firmament, and was as much talked about as has ben Halley's comet recently. Minor Heir's terrific brush was the talk of the circuits, and his qualifications as an all-round horse put him in a class by himself.

From early until late during 1908 Minor Heir was raced, and started in speed exhibitions, and altogether went through one of the hardest campaigns to which a race-horse was ever subjected. He emerged from it with all the world's records for green pacers, a tie for the world's pacing record and admittedly the fastest pacer developed for some years. He was heralded, and with some justice, as the successor to the champion Dan Patch. By some people he was announced superior to the unbeaten son of Joe Patchen.

In December, 1908, he was purchased by M. W. Savage, and made the stable mate and travelling companion of the champion. During 1909 Minor Heir was seen in exhibition races with Dan Patch in various parts of the country.

Unusually bad weather and track conditions made extreme speed impossible. Notwithstanding this fact, Minor Heir continued to show improved form, and gradually but completely overcome the effects of the gruelling campaign in 1908. This was proved at Phoenix, Arizona, where, in spite of cold weather, he tied the world's unpaced mile record of 1.59 1-4.

A large majority of the timers caught the time of the mile at 1.59 flat. The official timers, however, thought differently, and 1.59 7-8 stands as his record, and he shares the honor of this mark with Jos. Patchen and Audubon Boy.

There are a number of trainers whose judgment is very highly considered throughout the horse world who believe there is one horse now in training that has a chance to lower Dan Patch's record.

Charlie Dean, who developed Minor Heir, is more enthusiastic than ever about the horse's prospects. In reply to questions, Mr. Dean writes: "I think some of Dan Patch's records will be lowered as soon as Minor Heir gets into condition.

WOODEN pipes for the conveyance of water are in use today not only on the Pacific slope of the United States, but in England as well These pipes in America, some of which are many feet in diameter, are made of Californian redwood and are constructed with staves and hoops like an ordinary barrel. Where sharp turns are necessary an elbow joint of cast iron or of steel in the case of the larger pipes is introduced. These pipes serve many important industries and one of their most valued features is that they can be transported piecemeal and put together when they reach their destination. The wood is of very light weight and is exceedingly durable.

It is by no means an uncommon sight in the city of London, when a street is "up," to see lying along the curb a few lengths of wooden water pipes that have been unearthed by the excavators These are simply trunks of trees generally about nine inches in external diameter. One end of each trunk is hollowed out, while the other is pointed, so that they can be fitted into one another in a continuous length. These pipes date back to the seventeenth century when a water supply was first brought to the British metropolis from Hertfordshire.

A LIVE PRESIDENT'S VIEWS

MT. WILLIAMS, president of the Woodlawn Farm Co., of Sterling, Ill., and also president of the fair association there for the last ten years, in a letter to The Horseman, strikes several good keynotes. He says:

"I am pleased to enclose you check for $2.00 to renew my subscription as I certainly feel that your paper is worthy of support. Your attitude at all times seems to make for progress and certainly deserves support of all those who are interested in the advancement of the harness horse.

"As president of our fair association for the last ten years, a breeder in a small way, and occasionally racing one, I have naturally had more or less opportunity to see the game from all its different angles. And if it were possible to convince the race track owners and managers, the horse owners and the breeders that their interests were mutual and that instead of each one trying to do the other fellow they should all work together and try to get the money from the box-office instead of out of each other, it would take but a few short years to make harness racing what it justly deserves to be, the most popular sport in America and a money maker for all concerned.

"The baseball managers long ago learned to cater to the people and to rely on the box-office for the money to finance the game. The same is true of the theatre owners, the nickel show owners; in fact every amusement except horse racing. Unfortunately the average secretary seems to regard the box-office as the last place to increase his receipts. Many of them sit up nights trying to devise some new kind of a payment plan that will catch horsemen enough that they will make entries enough to race for their own money trusting to the concessions, many of them doubtful as to character for the rest of his expenses and hoping that the few people that come through the gate will be left as a profit. The average horseman on the other hand is hoping that his owner is dead game or that he may hit the pool box at the right minute and the public who spend their money so liberally for entertainment in other lines and who may be induced to spend for a harness race are entirely lost sight of.

"When it finally dawns upon those connected with horse racing that what the public wants is clean, sharp, quick racing, with attractive surroundings, and that they are willing to pay for what they want, horse racing will then take its place as one of the most popular sports in America. The thing that most people connected with the horse racing game seem totally unable to realize is that the person who is not a horse crank sees absolutely nothing to attract or interest them in a harness race as conducted today. The average individual knows nothing about pedigrees, is not interested as to whether one family of horses can go 3 heats or 10; does not take any particular pleasure or enjoyment out of a bunch of hobble pacers going over the quarter pole in 30 seconds, where they cannot see how fast they are going and finish down the home stretch at a 4-mile gait with every driver yelling and batting his horse like an Indian; they get sick and tired and disgusted of a long drawn-out race with the last heats backing up from 5 to 10 seconds slower than the first heats; a dusty track, bare, brown buildings, a motley assortment of caretakers, half-drunk gamblers and touts, filling up the track, and an illy-dressed lot of drivers, to say nothing of a lot of other personal discomforts which do not make them very enthusiastic about coming back the next day. Horse races of this kind do not pay, and it is a case of dog-eat-dog between those interested.

"Theatre or any other amusement would not last for thirty days if conducted in the same manner. I sincerely trust that you people will keep hammering for progress. There is certainly plenty of room for improvement. In our small way we are trying in our circuit, and especially in our little association at Sterling, to get in line. We are offering a race this year all the way through Illinois-Iowa circuit for 2:30 pacers without hobbles. The circuit is also at their own expense going to furnish the drivers with appropriate suits, also neat suits for the caretakers, so that the casual race goers, and especially the feminine end of it can have a favorite in each race of for no other reason than that they like the color of the jacket the driver is wearing.

"Here at home in our own association we are trimming up our weeds, have let a contract for whitewashing every building we have on the place, which by the way we did two years ago. We have for years made it a practice to have the track sprinkled in front of the grand stand and to absolutely keep the track clear in front of the grand stand of caretakers and everybody else. In other words we are trying to interest the people. We adopted the same course last year and while we unfortunately had a soaking rain two days, we had the best prospects that we have ever had in our history and barring rain this year I believe that with good weather we will be able to interest the people. And if we are successful in our small way what could not be done by other associations more favorably situated than we are?

"So keep hammering through your paper for progress. Falling water finally wears a stone and results may come in time, even in harness racing."

A Pill for All Seasons—Winter and summer, in any latitude, whether in torrid zone or Arctic temperature, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills can be depended upon to do their work. The dyspeptic will find them a friend always and should carry them with him everywhere They are made to withstand any climate and are warranted to keep their freshness and strength. They do not grow stale, a quality not possessed in many pills now on the market.

CEREMONIAL ATTENDING BIRTH IN BURMA

THE birth of a Burmese baby is attended with a good deal of after-ceremonial.

The first important event is the special performance of a play, the child's horoscope is cast, and the name chosen. The Burmese baby's cradle is made of woven bamboo and leaves, and an old piece of blanket serves as the coverlet; the cradle is hung from the roof by vine tendrils, which in Burma are as strong as ropes, and swings low enough to allow children to sway it and sing the quaint Burmese lullabies.

The astrologer plays an important part in the early days of the Burmese baby. The auspicious naming-day is fixed on, and invitations sent to the child's relatives. The Burmese divide the letters of the alphabet among the days of the week, so a baby born on a Monday receives a name initialled by a letter peculiar to that day.

Each day is under the protection of a special animal. Gautauma, the tiger, patronises Monday; Tuesday is devoted to the lion; Wednesday to the elephant; Thursday is sacred to the rats; Friday to the guinea-pigs; the dragon owns Saturday, and a sort of griffin Sunday

Tattooing is the next process, and the baby is decorated with strange designs of animals and charms, and the baby becomes a sort of illustrated picture-book. As the baby grows he takes to smoking, and it is a funny sight to see the wee things contentedly smoking their cheroots.

When the boys are old enough they are sent to schoo lat the monasteries; the dunces are punished by being obliged to carry the industrious boys on their backs up and down the schoolyard.

The Burmese believe that a person's disposition accords with the attributes of the day of his birth. Monday children are jealous, Tuesday born are honest, Wednesday children are hasty tempered, but forgiving; Thursday's child is mild and happy in disposition, and Saturday children are pugnacious; but all babies born on a Sunday are miserly in after-life.

EARLY FLYING MACHINE

SOMETHING very like the present day flying machines was invented as far back as 1843 by a Mr. Henson. The principal feature was the great expanse of its sustaining planes The machine was to advance with its front edge a little raised, the effect of which would be to present its under surface to the air over which it was passing. Mr. Henson also invented a steam engine of surprising lightness to drive it, but he never trusted himself to this machine. Some of the features of his invention would, however, perhaps be worth digging out of the Patent Office.

Your Druggist Will Tell You Murine Eye Remedy Relieves Sore Eyes Murine Eye Remedy Relieves Sore Eyes. Murine For Eyes. Doesn't Smart, Burns or Blur. Try Murine for Your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes for Scaly Eyelids and Granulation

ZAM-BUK CURES SUNBURN

Neglect of a sunburn on face, arm or neck often leads to the after growth of skin which is freckled or coarse; and this is particularly distressing to ladies. Timely application of Zam-Buk will prevent this. Zam-Buk is a herbal balm, which soothes and cools the burned skin, and assists nature to replace the damaged tissue with soft, velvety skin.

Zam-Buk is also good for stings, scratches, heat sores, blisters on hands or feet, and all skin injuries. Applied to these it quickly stops the smarting and ensures quick healing. As it is free from animal fat, and mineral coloring matter, it is particularly suited to the delicate skin of babies, suffering from heat rashes, chafed places, etc. Sold everywhere by druggists and store-keepers. Beware of harmful imitations, and see the name "Zam-Buk" on the box before buying.

THE CANADIAN GOVERNMENT DOCKYARD

NOW that negotiations are in progress for the establishment by leading firms of an elaborate plant in Canada, it is opportune to point out that the Dominion Government now possesses at Sorel, on the River St. Lawrence, forty miles below Montreal, an extensive dockyard covering many acres, at which nearly 1,000 workmen are employed, and where a large number of steamships, dredgers, and other craft used in the service of the Canadian Department of Marine, are constructed. Prior to his recent appointment as Deputy Minister of Marine under the Hon. L. P. Brodeur, Mr. G. J. Desbarats acted for some years as superintendent of this dockyard. The latest large vessel built there was the steel s.s. Montmagny. Her length over all is 222 feet, with 34 ft. 8 in. beam, 15 ft. draught, and 2,064 tons displacement. She is built for a speed of eleven knots and a half per hour, but on her trial trip she developed a mean speed of fourteen and a half miles an hour. The Montmagny has three decks, and all the steel scantlings are up to Lloyd's highest class. Thus the Sorel shipbuilding yard, which over a century ago turned out the first steamship ever built on the continent of America, has now put the finishing touches to the first steel ocean-going steamship ever built in Canada. It was in 1809 that the Accommodation was built there; now the Montmagny, an up-to-date steamer built for the light service below Quebec, is ready for work.

Away down on the Beaujeu Banks, over thirty miles east of Quebec, on the St. Lawrence, the Beaujeu, which was also built in the Sorel shipyards, is working day and night, drawing load after load of clay and sand from the St. Lawrence ship channel, which already enables vessels drawing nearly 30 feet of water to come up to Montreal, a distance of over 300 miles from Father Point and Rimouski, where ocean-going steamships discharge or receive their pilots.

Through indiscretion in eating green fruit in summer many children become subject to cholera morbus caused by irritating acids that act violently on the lining of the intestines. Pains and dangerous purgings ensue and the delicate system of the child suffers under the drain. In such cases the safest and surest medicine is Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial. It will check the inflammation and save the child's life.

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WINNIPEG, MAN.

There's Quality in "CANAWELLA" TEA

THE BUCK-EYE

VOL. 1 WEEKLY EDITION No. 40

SIR WILFRID, THE TARIFF AND THE BUCK-EYE

SIR WILFRID: The gentleman at the back of the hall has asked me about the tariff. I shall be very pleased to answer the gentleman's query. I notice that my friend in the back of the hall is smoking a cigar. That, as we all know, is an evidence of prosperity. Such has been the marvelous progress of this great and glorious west, since my government came into power, that any men may, at will, smoke cigars, instead of the home-grown pipe tobacco, the fragrance of which lingers in my boyhood's memory.

The gentleman at the back of the hall is even more than ordinarily blessed, for I perceive that the cigar he is smoking is a BUCK-EYE. It is one of those extraordinary dispensations of Providence that you, my fellow Canadians in this great and glorious country, are enabled to enjoy the privilege of obtaining the BUCK-EYE at the ordinary price. And if I needed proof of the discernment of my able friend at the back of the hall, if I needed an illustration of his ability to pick out the salient points of any subject under discussion, if I were to ask for the reason why he has become so prosperous, so independent, so far-sighted, so clear of vision—I should point to his choice of the BUCK-EYE. Such keenness of perception, such admirable judgment, warrant me in the expression of the belief that so long as my government shall be in power, so long as I shall be spared to direct the destiny of this glorious young nation, so long as the sturdy pioneers of these vast western provinces display such splendid qualities of judgment as are evinced by my friend in the back of the hall, I look forward to the time when the teeming population of these illimitable prairies shall be as prosperous, as happy, as independent and as fortunate as my favored friend in the back of the hall—when, under the guidance of Providence and the stimulation of my government, every man, woman, and child throughout these vast regions will be in a position, if they so wish, to choose the BUCK-EYE for their after-dinner cigar.

P.S.--Not only Sir Wilfrid, but every visitor to the West cannot but notice the remarkable popularity of the BUCK-EYE, the best ten-cent cigar on sale to-day.

Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes Relieved By Murine Eye Remedy. Try Murine For Your Eye Troubles. You Will Like Murine. It Soothes. 50c At Your Druggists. Write For Eye Books Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Toronto

SAVE YOUR GRAIN

Owing to the great heat this season a great deal of grain will have very short straw, making it hard to handle. If you want a machine which will save you money and labor, get the new and improved

GLEANER AND SHOCKER

Saves all the Short Straws. Stooks the Sheaves. Operator Rides Machine. One Man Does the Work of Two.

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October 11th. 1909.

"I have used your Spavin Cure on a Sprung Tendon with good results and I can recommend it for Collar and Saddle Galls." J. H. Hazlett.

Kendall's Spavin Cure

is a blessing to farmers and stockmen. In the past 40 years, Kendall's Spavin Cure has literally saved millions of dollars for horse owners.

It is the one remedy that can always be depended upon to absolutely cure Spavin, Ringbone, Curb, Splint, Swellings and Lameness.

Never blisters, scars or turns the hair white. As good for man as for beast.

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DR. B. J. KENDALL CO., Enosburg Falls, Vt.

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WERE CURED completely by
ABSORBINE JR.
says WM. PRATT, SPRINGFIELD, MASS. and will do the same for you in a pleasant manner; allay the inflammation, kill pain, heal and restore them to a normal condition; reduces Goitre, Tumors, Wens, Gouty or Rheumatic Deposits, Synovitis, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Sprains of the muscles or ligaments. Heals cuts, old sores, wounds, etc. Costs only $1.00-4 oz., $2.00-12 oz. bottle at your druggists or delivered. Book 2F Free. W. F. YOUNG, P. D. F., 210 Temple St., Springfield, Mass.
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SEVENTEEN YEARS THE STANDARD

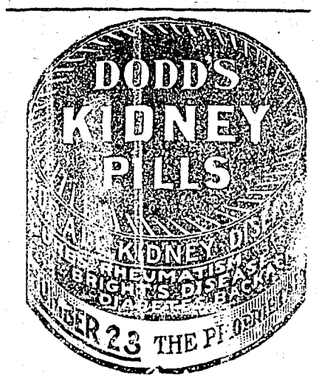
Prescribed and recommended for women's ailments, a scientifically prepared remedy of proven worth. The result from their use is quick and permanent. For sale at all drug stores.

OIL PAINTINGS

A DROP of oil on water shows some very peculiar and interesting developments when watched closely. Of course it spreads in all directions as a thin film, but later small holes appear in this film, and still later other figures. Each different kind of oil gives a characteristic figure or pattern. This is a very simple way of finding out what oil one is experimenting with, but the characteristic patterns must be known. This is a special department of science and is known as oleography, or the taking of oil pictures. A drop of pure sperm oil let fall into a vessel full of water quickly becomes an enlarged circular film of several inches in diameter and breaking at the edges into small round holes. This takes place in about fifty or sixty seconds if the oil be pure. The centre of the circle soon becomes filled with little holes that are, however, smaller than those at the edges. At the end of about two minutes the holes have expanded until the oil shows a delicate network resembling coarse veiling. This keeps up for several minutes until the expansion breaks up the pattern and the oil practically disappears.

As each oil gives a particular tracery it becomes necessary, or at least desirable, to secure the pattern permanently. After many experiments such a method was found. A sheet of any glazed paper is placed for a moment on the pattern. Of course, the paper absorbs the oil where there is oil, and water where there is water. Now take the paper and place it for a moment on the surface of a plate of black ink. The ink colors the water part, but only very faintly colors the oil tracery, so when the paper is dipped into water to wash off the excess ink and is dried the pattern of oil is seen in a relief effect. Any color ink may be used for these pictures, or two colors may be used in obtaining a variety of tints. Of course the data of the particular picture should be written at the bottom, such as the kind of oil, the time elapsing from the falling of the drop to the taking of the graph, the height from which the drop fell, and the purity of the water.

THE head of a manufacturing concern who built up his business from nothing by his own dogged and persistent toil, and who has never felt that he could spare the time for a vacation, not long ago, however, decided that he was getting along in years, and that he was entitled to a rest. Calling his son into the library, he said: "Tom I've worked pretty hard for quite a while now and have done very well, so I have decided to retire and turn the business over to you. What do you say?" The young man pondered the situation gravely. Then a bright idea seemed to strike him. "I say, dad," he suggested, "how would it do for you to work a few years longer and then the two of us retire together?"



FASHIONS AND FANCIES

THE French style specialists have much to say of the fashion future. There is no uncertainty about their edict for the fall. Like the general effect, it is straight up and down. They have drawn the line and it is a perpendicular line. To be fashionable, these French oracles say, one must have the silhouette of a sylph. Straight, straighter, straightest are the new lines for coats, skirts and sleeves. Simple designs are to be the most modish and richness will be expressed rather in the fabric itself than in its ornamentation.

Of course, what Paris says goes a long way, even as it has come a long way, with the American woman. For experience has taught her never to despise a good thing, even though she directly sets about making it a better one. So, whether she is short and undeniably fat, whether tall and athletic in build or whether from the time she first put up her hair and lengthened her skirts she has been proud of the pretty curves of her figure—no matter her type—she listens with interest to the description of the fashionable silhouette.

Whether or not she considers it practical or even views it in the light of a possibility for her own particular self, that, oh! that is quite another story.

* * *

No woman in the world cares more to be in style than the American woman; to know that in every detail she is au fait and mode de la mode. Why, the very consciousness of such correctness is worth the cost of a dozen modistes. She who is all right in her own sight has advanced very far toward being all right in the sight of others. She appreciates that the French couturieres have inherited taste, that they fairly breathe charm and that the leaders of style add a new beauty to each design with every added touch. She knows that the idea, the basic idea which comes from Paris, is, generally speaking, a good one. But if she is a sensible woman, she looks at these ideas as suggestions, not edicts. What is possible in style she will follow, but the American woman will think long and seriously of herself, her advantages and her limitations, before she will adopt a style which in any way will make her appear ridiculous.

More and more the American woman, in her striving for beauty and style in dress, is learning to give two impressions—one of the prevailing mode and the other of her own individuality. When these two are combined with judgment, then that harmonious blending of the best which is modish with the best that is personal has been achieved and this, in my opinion, is the acme of American dress.

Let it be remembered by those whose scant purses force them to study the little economies that it is always the first impression that counts in dress. Who is there that first picks a flower to pieces before exclaiming, "How beautiful!" In other words, it only detracts from a stylish, becoming frock to have its elaboration so conspicuous that its price is at once suggested.

* * *

The study of the silhouette is most important. Every woman who wishes to be smartly gowned should know each season just what Paris has to say about the new lines of the figure. In planning her own gowns, if she does not know this, she will be very apt to look woefully out of date.

Sometimes, you know, Paris just loves bouffant effects, many little outstanding ruffles and frills. She has been known to rave over this curve and that of the figure. Consequently, it is wise, oh! very wise indeed, to know her views on the subject of the silhouette at the beginninng of each new season.

Just now the perpendicular effects are the modish effects and the mode of the moment seems to be to have the hem of the skirt and the width of the shoulders measure up about the same. American manufacturers are bearing all this in mind, with the result that the new costumes for autumn, whether in the coat-and-skirt or the one-piece dresses, are being built on straighter lines than ever before.

Last fall it was the long coat for the tailored suit which was fashionable. This year it is the short coat that leads the mode. A year ago at this time the plaited skirts with the plaits running all the way around was the smartest model for the fall. This season the fulness has been banished and, where plaits are seen at all, they are banded in close to the figure to carry out the straight-up-and-down effect. The plain gored skirt will be good style for autumn and equally fashionable will be the skirt with a very flat box-plait back and front, showing plain, straight sides banded close to the figure below the knees. The skirt with a foot band will remain fashionable right through the fall and winter.

* * *

It is not so very long ago that the deep yoke of heavy lace was a feature of many of the most effective costumes. This season it is the shallow yoke, and that alone, which will be modish, and frequently this little yoke, to make it less conspicuous, will be veiled with chiffon. Many collarless waists will be worn all through the winter. Waists finished with a turn-down collar of satin or suede will be very fashionable. It is a great mistake, however, for a woman whose throat is not white and pretty to have the neck of her frock finished in this way. Net yokes and high stock collars are also fashionable and especially when they are cream white, finished with a piping of black or paisley satin. Sleeves are all more or less simple. The coat sleeves are long and straight, with the exception of the "more dressy" tailor-mades where the threequarter-length sleeve is seen, finished with a rather elaborate cuff.

* * *

No ripple of fulness will be visible anywhere in the tailored suits for autumn. Skirts will be short and very close cut. But Paris goes too far, she becomes very far off when she advocates a skirt a yard and a half around. If the American woman wore a skimpy skirt of this sort, she would never be able to walk gracefully, and hopping is not exactly in her line. Paris makes a mistake when she dictates to American women the absurd.

However, all the new skirts will have the long, narrow effect. Even the sleeves of the tailored suits will carry out this idea. They will be long and plain and put in at the shoulder without any fulness whatever. And it is quite noticeable that as they near the wrist they will widen out a trifle just to emphasize the straight-line effect.

The twenty-four-inch-length coat will be more fashionable than the thirty-inch, and the twenty-six-inch and the twenty-eight-inch lengths will undoubtedly be the most popular of all. A number of the new short coats suggest the box coat of other seasons. Since the coat of the tailored suit is to be short, this brings into fashion again the very long separate coat which is here and here to stay throughout the fall and winter, for in dress, as in very many other things, variety is always warmly welcomed by the American woman.

Each new season the fabrics in weave, design, and coloring are more beautiful than the season before. This is especially so at the present time. The fall materials are particularly rich and beautiful. Perhaps one reason may be that they will be used for such plain costumes.

For tailor-made suits there are two distinct classes of fabrics, both equally fashionable—the smooth-surfaced materials and those of a rough, more or less silky, texture. The mannish worsteds are specially modish and are most inconspicuous in design and coloring. Decided stripes and pronounced checks are not used, but broken diagonal effects are in high style, and many invisible checks will be worn. In the rough-surfaced materials, which Paris is specially advocating, are many zibilenes with a rough basket weave, also very rough cheviots and serges. Cheviots with a boucle finish, the raised effect being in an inconspicuous stripe, are very fashionable, and so are the basket weaves. Corduroy is another fabric which promises to be a favorite all through the coming season. Panne cloth, Theodora cloth, broadcloth and satin will all be used for one-piece costumes and the dressy tailor-mades.

For dinner and evening gowns the transparent materials are more in vogue than ever, many of them in black and white mixtures, mounted over satin foundations—for instance, black and white voiles, in a small inconspicuous check over emerald-green satin. The black velvet costume, with just a touch of fawn color, cameo pink or pale blue Theodora cloth introduced as a trimming, will be high style. Nets over satin foundations will be very much used, especially the grey net studded with sequins or beads of cut steel.

Silk crepon has come back to fashion again after being out of date for fifteen years or more. It is shown in very fascinating two-color combinations. The new silk poplin, with a jacquard figure in self-color, is also among the attractive new fabrics, as well as the mandarin crepes, with their lovely printed designs in color or in shimmering gold.

Toque of Rose Satin and Old Blue Velvet

White Straw Hat Trimmed with White Flowers

A DOMINO TRICK

ASK a friend to think of a domino, not necessarily a double. Tell him to multiply the spots on one half of it by five. Then ask him to add seven to the result and to double this result. He should then add the spots on the other half of the domino to the total.

Now ask your friend to tell you what the above arithmetical calculations come to.

No matter what domino your friend chooses—of course, excepting the double blank—you can tell what it is by simply subtracting fourteen from the amount your friend tells you.

This trick is not easy to explain, but the following example will help.

Say your friend thinks of the 6-4, and selects the half with six on it. Then five sixes are thirty; adding seven, he gets thirty-seven; double this is seventy-four. He adds in the other half of the domino—a four—and this makes the total seventy-eight.

He tells you seventy-eight.

You subtract fourteen from this amount and sixty-four remains. You then know that the domino he thought of was the 6-4.

PLEASING THE SULTAN

KAID BELTON tells the following story, which illustrates exactly the attitude of the Sultan of Morocco towards the French.

One day the Sultan asked a lady, the wife of his dentist, to play one of the pianos that was in the room of the Palace. She played several pieces, one of them at length catching the Sultan's fancy, whereupon the following little dialogue took place:

Sultan: "That piece is very nice. What is it called?"

Dentist: "It is the 'March on Cadiz.' It was written to commemorate the Spaniards driving the French out of Spain."

Sultan: "What, were the French in Spain?"

Dentist: "Yes."

Sultan: "How many of them?"

Dentist: "About two hundred thousand."

Sultan (in a surprised tone): "And the Spaniards drove them out?"

Dentist: "Yes, every one of them."

There was a slight pause while the Sultan was thinking hard, and then:

Sultan (quietly): "Play it again."

Aunt Anna asked her little nephew what he would like to give his cousin for his birthday.

"I know," he answered, "but I ain't big enough."

* * *

The hen returned to her nest, only to find it empty.

"Very funny!" said she; "I can't find things where I lay them."

Old Gentleman (to waiter): "Can you tell me if my wife is here?"

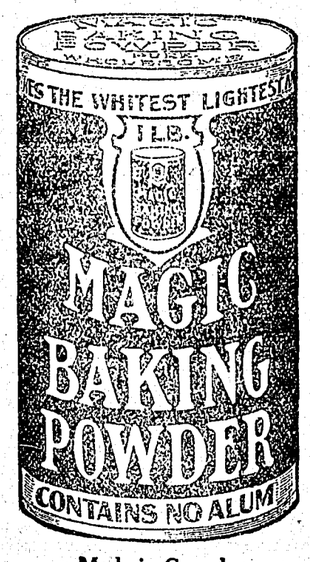
Waiter: "Yessir, eighth hat to the left."

TALK No. 5

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

Does not contain Alum

ALUM is put into inferior baking powders because it is *cheap*. You cannot detect it, because *all* baking powders *look* alike. Alum is a dangerous mineral acid condemned by food experts as unfit for use in any food preparation, because it works havoc with the stomach and digestive organs and causes certain harm to the entire system.



Your baking results will be the best with MAGIC and you have the certain knowledge that your bread, biscuits and pastry will be light, healthful and delicious. There is no substitute for MAGIC and it is a medium priced baking powder and the only well-known one made in Canada that does NOT contain alum.

NO ALUM

Full Pound Cans, 25c.

Made in Canada

E. W. Gillett Co. Ltd. Toronto, Ont.

FREE COOK BOOK If you have not received a copy of Magic Cook Book, send name and address on postal card and this valuable little book will be mailed free of charge.

No. 364

WATCH SCREWS AND JEWELS

PROBABLY the smallest screws are those turned out in a watch factory. They are cut from steel wire by a machine, but, as the chips fall from the knife, one is tempted to observe that the operator is amusing himself, inasmuch as no screws can be seen. Yet, at every third operation of the machine a screw is duly completed.

The fourth jewel-wheel screw is next to invisible, and to the naked eye it resembles a speck of dust. With a glass, it may be seen to be a small screw, and some calculation reveals the fact that it has two hundred and sixty threads to the inch. It takes a very powerful glass to observe these threads.

These screws are said to be but four one-thousandths of an inch in diameter, and the heads are double in size. It has been estimated that an ordinary thimble could contain one hundred thousand of them.

Quite a number of new jewel settings have been added to the movements of first-class watches during the last ten years. These new jewels have created an added demand for expert jewel-setters.

The term "jewel" in a watch movement is to be taken literally. The small precious stones are drilled to receive the pinions or axles of the wheels, the object being to provide a bearing that will not corrode and will not wear away easily.

The garnet is the least valuable of these jewel settings, but some of the minute sapphires and rubies employed in the bearings of a watch are quite good enough for the setting of a ring.

For the most part, however, these fragments of precious stones are off color, the sapphire especially pale to insignificance, but at the same time harder and better for watch-jewels because of this light color. Occasionally a ruby jewel burns red in one of the neat little envelopes in which they come from Switzerland, five hundred or one thousand in a lot.

Each stone is shaped to a circle and bored through the centre, each boring being just a little less than the diameter of the pinion used in the factory where it is finally to be placed in the upper or lower plate of a watch.

The immediate setting for the watch jewel is a minute cylinder, brassy in appearance, but really of soft gold composition. Before the jewel gets to the setter it has been put into a lathe, and by means of a minute steel point covered with diamond dust and oil the centre has been enlarged to fit the steel pinion which shall be housed in it. In the hands of the setter the cylinder is put into a lathe. With a moistened finger the jewel is picked up and placed inside the cylinder as it rests on the tip of the revolving lathe shaft. With a pointed tool the setter presses against the revolving cylinder edge, forcing the soft metal to overlap and close upon the sapphire or ruby till it is embedded firmly in the metal cushion; then a pressure upon a follower at the other end of the lathe brings a cutter to bear upon the metal circumference, turning it to the exact size of the jewel-hole in the plate of the watch, with the hole in the centre of the jewel exactly in the centre of the metal setting.

PROVING THE EARTH ROTATES

ONE of the simplest proofs of the rotation of the earth can be obtained by rolling up a piece of paper into a fine tube and taking a sight on a star. The tube must be held steadily or, better still, fastened to the side of a window. Pretty soon the star will move across the field of view and away so as not to be seen. This must be occasioned by the earth's rotating with the tube on it, for the stars are known to be practically fixed. To find the point about which it rotates—that is, the star end of the axis of rotation—several stars have to be examined. All to one side of the North Star will be found to move in a certain direction, while all on the opposite side go in the opposite direction. The North Star, Polaris, does not seem to move at all, and the reason for this is easy to see. Take an orange and point it toward one corner of the room, rotating it so that the same pole always points to that corner. Imagine an ant on the orange near its equator and the view it would obtain of the corner of the room and the other objects in the room. It will be at once seen that the corner will always be in the same relative position to ant, while everything else will seem to rotate, or rather revolve, around the corner. So it is with the stars—they all seem actually to revolve around the North Star, but this is solely due to the rotation of the earth. Of course the North Star can not be seen from the southern hemisphere, for the line of sight would pass through the earth's rotundity at the equator. For this same reason all the stars near the North Star are invisible in the southern hemisphere, while the Southern Cross and stars near it are never seen in the northern hemisphere.

They Soothe Excited Nerves—Nervous affections are usually attributable to defective digestion, as the stomach dominates the nerve centres. A course of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will still all disturbances of this character, and by restoring the stomach to normal action relieve the nerves from irritation. There is no sedative like them and in the correction of irregularities of the digestive process, no preparation has done so effective work, as can be testified to by thousands.

CANADA'S WHEAT CROP

Professor Leacock on the Dominion's Potentialities

IN the course of an article on "Canada and the World's Wheat Supply;" appearing in the Brantford Expositor, Professor Stephen Leacock, of McGill University, points out that at the present time, of course, Canada is not in the first rank of the great wheat producing countries. We have so often called ourselves the "granary of the Empire" and the "wheat belt of the world" (he remarks), that the ordinary Canadian may be pardoned if he is unaware that we are at best only just emerging from the second rank of wheat producing countries. Even our bumper crop of 160 million bushels of 1909 will not compare with the 737,000,000 bushels of the United States, or the 780,000,000 bushels of Russia, and looks small in a world production of 3,500,000,000 bushels. France, Austria-Hungary, under present conditions, overpass each year the Canadian output. But if we turn from the present to the future and think of the potential production of the North-West, it is clear that Canada is interested in the wheat supply more than any other country of the globe.

In our last year we raised a crop of 160,000,000 bushels of wheat and used for it some eight million acres. But our potential production is vastly greater than this, and the advance of agricultural science is improving our chances every year. By developing varieties of wheat that ripen quickly in the long sunlight we can carry our wheat production further and further north. Not long ago it was thought that 50 degrees north latitude was the limit of wheat culture. But we have since found in the North-West that the degree of latitude is not the controlling factor. The isothermal lines that hang low beneath the Hudson Bay and the frigid region of the north shore, sweep westward in a boldly ascending curve far up in the valleys of the Peace and the Mackenzie. Wheat is actually growing now between the parallels of 58 and 59 degrees.

Just what the extent of our agricultural heritage is in Canada, we do not yet know, but here is an estimate given out officially a month or two ago over the signature of Mr. Archibald Blue, the chief officer of the Census Department. Canadian land suitable for cultivation: Alberta, 96,453,000 acres; British Columbia, 28,692,000 acres; Manitoba, 24,700,000 acres; Nova Scotia, 8,764,000 acres; Ontario, 56,450,000 acres; Prince Edward Island, 1,258,000 acres; Quebec, 43,745,000 acres; Saskatchewan, 93,055,000 acres; New Brunswick and Territories, 10,718,190; total, 358,835,190 acres. According to the estimate there are 238 million acres of arable land in the west of Canada, of which, according to common computation, at least 50 million would be suited for growing wheat. This is the figure recently quoted, as a conservative estimate, by the Minister of Agriculture in an address at Montreal.

The estimate above places the arable land of the Eastern Provinces at 121 million acres. Of this only about one million acres is now under wheat, but no doubt the stimulus of rising prices would increase this average to at least three million. We see they have a total of 53 million acres still unused. At the rate of 20 bushels to the acre our potential crop is increased from its present 160 million to 1,060 million bushels.

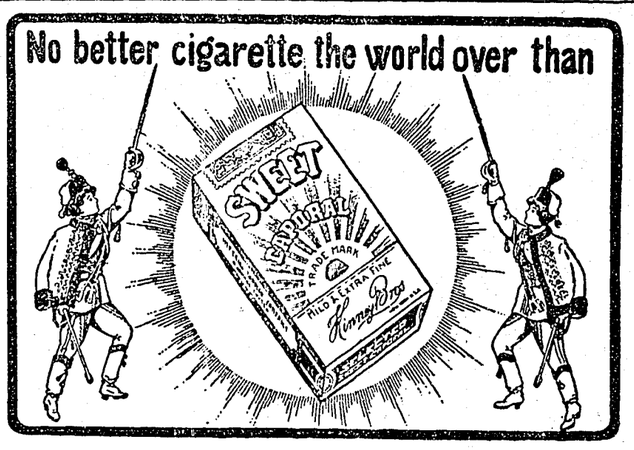
We find, then, that a general survey of the situation shows that we still possess in various quarters of the world a great reserve power for the production of wheat. Argentina, with 40 million acres in hand, can add from 500 to 800 million bushels. Canada can add nearly 1,000 millions and Manchuria at least 250 million bushels by the present output. More than this, the further application of intensive cultivation to the United States, to Russia, and to other areas of a low yield, will add perhaps one-third to the existing production of the land in use. Sir William Crookes has certainly under-estimated the expansion of the wheat crop. According to his calculation the world's crop in 1931 would reach 3,200,000,000 bushels. By 1909 it had already exceeded that figure by a quarter of a billion bushels. If we add together the production possible on new land and the increased production on the old, the figures given above will warrant the statement that the world's productions will reach 7,000,000,000 bushels per annum before we are at the end of our resources.

The wheat famine, then, is not at present to be dreaded, and even before its advent is due the further advance of science and the utilization of new forms of energy will find us a means of escape. This much, however, is undoubtedly true. The world's consumption of wheat is increasing so rapidly that we are forced constantly to new soils and more costly methods. The result is inevitable. The day of cheap wheat is past. The rise in price, which has been characteristic of the past few years, is not a mere fluctuation of the market. It corresponds to a genuine increase in the demand and increase in the cost of production. Wheat at $1 a bushel is destined to become a thing of the past, a fact at which Goodman Canada, whose trade is mainly that of a farmer may well permit himself a broad smile beneath his straw sombrero.

Countless have been the cures worked by Holloway's Corn Cure. It has a power of its own not found in other preparations.

A Near Neighbor—"Was your husband kind to you during your illness?"

"Kind, Oh, indade, mum, Mike was more loike a neighbor than a husband."



THE MOYIE LEADER.

Published in the interest of the people of Moyie and East Kootenay.

F. J. SMYTH, PUBLISHER.

RATE OF SUBSCRIPTION

One Year $2.00

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1910.

Already the curlers' club at Fernie has held a meeting. This is another indication of an early winter.

If motor cars can be taken as an indication of prosperity, then Cranbrook is certainly prosperous.

The New York girl who broke her jaw recently while chewing gum should serve as a warning to many Moyie and Cranbrook ladies.

The C. P. R. proposes to change the name of Balfour to Riverside, but the people in that locality declare they will not stand for it.

The Cranbrook Herald's Fall Fair edition was a very creditable issue, and had enough ads to make any newspaper man feel that life was worth living.

It is good news to know that Judge Ryan is to be in charge or the mineral exhibit from South East Kootenay at the Spokane fair, which runs from October 3rd to 9th. A better man could not have been selected.

It was scarcely known until after his death recently in Philadelphia that "Walt Mason" was a Canadian by birth. His right name was John Scanlan and his poems, short stories and epigrams have been published in many magazines and newspapers throughout the country. Scanlan was born in Columbus, Ontario county, Ont., in 1862, and in early life was a hardware clerk in the town of Port Hope. He went to the United States in 1880, and was connected with the editorial staffs of several leading United States papers.

Nelson Shields for Schools.

We are authorized to state that Rt. Hon. Lord Strathcona's Nelson Shield has been offered by Rev. Alfred Hall, of Toronto, to each of the schools in the B. C. inspectorate. There are no charges or conditions for these, only some voluntary contribution to reimburse them, and aid the British and Foreign Sailor's Society. Private colleges and schools are eligible to receive the Nelson Shield, and should apply for them.

Let Her Down Easy

Young Husband—Did you make those biscuits, dear?

His Wife—Yes darling.

Her Husband—Well, I'd rather you would not make any more, sweetheart.

His Wife—Why not, my love?

Her Husband—Because, angel mine, you are too light for such heavy work.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

Careless Shooting

Last Sunday while Alonzo Oxley and August Beckler were standing in front of the Conrad building a bullet whizzed by them within about three feet. The bullet struck the window, breaking the glass, and lodged in the window sash. It had evidently been fired from a rifle at considerable distance.

CHINOOKERS

(Spokesman-Review.)

Some women will find it difficult to enjoy heaven unless they can send home picture postals.

Heard in vaudeville;

"Thank you, but I prefer the single life."

"That' what they all say—and still we keep on building schoolhouses."

The taxi shot past a predestrian missing him by an inch. The sheriff blew his horn odiously.

"What tune was that?" demanded his friend.

"Nearer, My God to Thee!"

Modern politician axiom: How much do you suppose the people will stand for?

One of the most dangerous symptoms of absent-mindedness is forgetting to pay one's bills.

METAL MARKET.

NEW YORK—Bar silver, 53 cts. Lead $4.50.

LONDON—Lead, £12 12d 6s

Stock Quotations.

FURNISHED BY BEALE & ELWELL.

	Bid	Asked
Aurora		25
Consolidated Smelters	60.00	72.00
Can. Goldfields	4.	5
North Star	6	10
Society Girl		25

Coming Events

Victoria Fair and Horse Show, September 27th to October 1st.

Nelson Fair, September 28 to 30

New Westminster Fair, October 4th to 8th.

New Denver Fruit Fair, October 4.

Spokane Interstate Fair, October 3 to 9.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

FOR RENT—Small furnished house. Apply to C. F. Bothamley.

FOR RENT—One of the best cottages in town at $12 a month Apply to F. J. Smyth.

Mrs. L. Macdonald, North Tavistock street, is prepared to trim and make hats, also fur and velvet toques.

FOR SALE OR RENT. Three room house. Partly furnished. Apply to Mrs. Cook.

Miss L. M. Scott, trained nurse of Rathwell Hospital, Winnipeg, is ready for engagements of any kind. Maternity a specialty. Moyie.

Singer Sewing Machines cost very little more than cheap machines. Do the best work and last a life time. Sold on small monthly payments by Geo. B. Powell, Cranbrook. In Moyie on 10th of each month.

POSTAL PHOTOS.

I make a specialty of Postal Photo work. Prices, 4 for 50 cents, or $1.25 a dozen.

MISS FLORA DEAGON.

"Can be depended upon" is an expression we all like to hear, and when it is used in connection with Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy it means that it never fails to cure diarrhoea, dysentery or bowel complaints. It is pleasant to take and equally valuable for children and adults. Sold by the Moyie Drug & Stationery Co.

Don't waste your money buying plasters when you can buy a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment for twenty-five cents. A piece of flannel dampened with this liniment is superior to any plaster for lame back, pains in the side or chest, and much cheaper. Sold by the Moyie Drug and Stationery Co.

Not a minute should be lost when a child shows symptoms of croup. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough appears, will prevent the attack. Sold by the Moyie Drug & Stationery Co.

At the Churches.

CATHOLIC CHURCH

First Fridays. Morning prayer, communion at 6 a. m. Mass and instruction at 8:30 a. m. Rosary, instruction and benediction of the blessed sacrament at 7:30 p. m.

Third Sundays. Mass and sermon 10 a. m. Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Rosary, sermon and benediction of the blessed sacrament 7:30 p. m.

METHODIST CHURCH

Morning service at 11 a. m. Sunday School, 3 p. m. Evening service, 7:30 p. m. A hearty welcome extended to all.

REV. J. W. MILLER, B. A. (Pastor)

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Morning Service 11 a. m. Sunday school and Bible class at 2.30 p. m. Evening Service at 7:30 p. m. A hearty welcome to all.

REV. G. A. HACKNEY, B. A. (Pastor)

Certificate of Improvements

NOTICE

Delta Fraction Mineral Claim, situated in the Fort Steele Mining Division of East Kootenay District.

Where Located: On the East side of Lower Moyie Lake.

TAKE NOTICE, that I, Selwyn G. Blaylock, F. M. C. No. B24036, acting as Agent for the Consolidated Mining & Smelting Co., of Canada, Limited, Free Miners Certificate No. B24042, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificate of Improvement for the purpose of obtaining Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under Section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvement.

Dated this 1st day of August, A. D., 1910.

LIQUOR ACT, 1910

(Section 19)

NOTICE is hereby given that, on the 20th day of August next, application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police for the grant of a licence for the sale of liquor by wholesale in and upon the premises known as The Moyie Brewery situate at Moyie, B. C., upon the lands described as Lots 4 and 5, Block 1, Moyie townsite.

Dated this 16th day of August, 1910.

MUELLER & HESSE, Applicants.

Dr. H. E. HALL

DENTIST

The Expert Crown and Bridge Worker.

Office over Mr. Short's Wall Paper Store

Armstrong Ave., Cranbrook

Notice to Gentlemen

If you want anything in the line of clothing or men's furnishings, try

C. A. FOOTE

THE TAILOR

We carry in stock the goods to make an up-to-date suit made in town, or we can get you a special ordered suit made to your measure. We have ready-to-wear Campbell's clothing, the best made and fitting clothing in Canada.

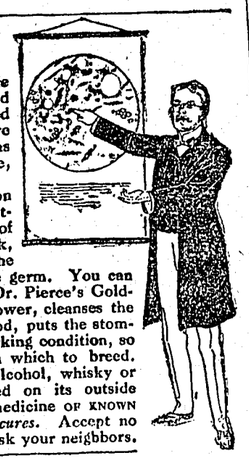
Underwear, shirts, collars, ties, belts, summer hats and nearly everything in the line of furnishings at reasonable prices.

All our goods and work guaranteed. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done.

C. A. Foote

Merchant Tailor

Afraid of Ghosts



Many people are afraid of ghosts. Few people are afraid of germs. Yet the ghost is a fancy and the germ is a fact. If the germ could be magnified to a size equal to its terrors it would appear more terrible than any fire-breathing dragon. Germs can't be avoided. They are in the air we breathe, the water we drink.

The germ can only prosper when the condition of the system gives it free scope to establish itself and develop. When there is a deficiency of vital force, languor, restlessness, a sallow cheek, a hollow eye, when the appetite is poor and the sleep is broken, it is time to guard against the germ. You can fortify the body against all germs by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It increases the vital power, cleanses the system of clogging impurities, enriches the blood, puts the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition in working condition, so that the germ finds no weak or tainted spot in which to breed. "Golden Medical Discovery" contains no alcohol, whisky or habit-forming drugs. All its ingredients printed on its outside wrapper. It is not a secret nostrum but a medicine OF KNOWN COMPOSITION and with a record of *40 years of cures.* Accept no substitute—there is nothing "just as good." Ask your neighbors.

Moyie Hotel

P. F. JOHNSTON Prop.

This hotel is new and well finished. The tables are supplied with the best the market affords. The bar is filled with the best brands of liquors and cigars.

Headquarters for Commercial and Mining Men

MOYIE - - - - - - - B. C.

—THE—

Central Hotel.

DESAULNIER BROS. Props.

Large sample room in connection with house for commercial men. Best of accommodation.

Headquarters for Commercial and Mining Men.

QUEENS AVE MOYIE

SEND YOUR WORK TO THE

KOOTENAY STEAM LAUNDRY.

NELSON

All White Labor.

Leave work with the local agent

A. B. STEWART

Thos. Summers

Cigars, Candy, Fruit and Confectionery.

TOYS, NOTIONS ETC.

South Victoria St.

O F. DESAULNIER.

DEALER IN

WOOD, COAL & FEED

PROMPT DELIVERY.

Queens' Ave. MOYIE

STOP AT THE

COSMOPOLITAN HOTEL

WHEN IN CRANBROOK

E. H. SMALL, Manager.

Good rooms, good tables and bar and first class sample rooms.

Wm. Jewell

Express and General Delivery Business. Livery and Feed Stable.

WOOD AND COAL For Sale

Leave Orders at Gwynne's Store.

Moyie British Columbia

St. Joseph's Convent.

NELSON, B. C.

Boarding and Day School conducted by Sisters of St. Joseph, Nelson, B. C. Commercial and business courses a specialty. Excellence and swift progress characterize each department. Parents should write for particulars. One month assures the public of the thoroughness of the Sisters' methods of teaching. Terms commence January, April and Sept - upils are admitted during term.

I. O. O. F.

Wildey Lodge No. 44.

Meets Tuesday evenings in the Miners' Union hall. Sojourning Odd Fellows cordially invited.

N. W. BURDETT, Noble Grand. F. J. SMYTH, Sec'y.

St. Eugene Lodge No. 37

K. of P.

Meets every Thursday evening in McGregor hall at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren welcome

ALBERT GILL, Chancellor Com. E. A. HILL, K. R. & S

Selkirk Lodge, No. 55 A. F. & A. M.

Regular meetings n the first Wednesday of each month.

Visiting brethren welcome.

H. Chapman, W. M.

N. W. Burdett, Secretary

Moyie Miners' Union

No. 71 W. F. of M.

Meets in Miners' Union Hall every Saturday evening. Sojourning members are cordially invited to attend.

Joe McLaren, President. James Roberts, Secretary

Harvey, McCarter & Macdonald.

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, Etc

Cranbrook, - - B. C.

W. F. GURD,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

CRANBROOK. B. C

DR. F. E. MILES

Dentist,

Cranbrook, B. C.

George H Thompson,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR

NOTARY PUBLIC, &c.

CRANBROOK, BRITISH COLUMBIA

W. R. BEATTY

Embalmer and Undertaker,

Phone 9. CRANBROOK

T. T. McVittie, C.E., P. L. S. H. Y. Parker, C. E.

McVITTIE & PARKER

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYING

RAILWAY & MINING ENGINEERING

Estimates Furnished.

OFFICES

Fort Steele P. O. Box 25.

Cranbrook P. O. Box 11.

FOR

ELECTRICAL SUPPLIES

of all descriptions, such as house fittings, lamps, shades or motor boat supplies, spark plugs, coils, batteries, go to or write.

J. H. RINGROSE

Stanley St. NELSON

INTERNATIONAL HOTEL.

This hotel is now under new management, and is first class in every respect

TAYLOR & BONNER, PROPRIETORS.

Victoria Street. MOYIE

YOU ARE SAFE

in buying soft drinks of any kind from us. Our business has been established long enough so that you will know that all the drinks put in our bottles are healthful and right in every way. Send us your order for a case of gingerale or any other kind of drink, or a mixed case and we will see that you get it promptly, and we know that you will be satisfied and come again.

East Kootenay Botting Co.

P O. BOX 810 PHONE 73

Cranbrook, B. C.

Moyie Beer

As made by the present brewer is admittedly the Best Beer in East Kootenay. With the Best Malt and the Purest Spring Water it is unexcelled for quality. Insist on having Moyie Beer.

BOTTLED AND DRAFT BEER

MOYIE BREWING CO.

MUELLER & HESSE, PROPS.

MOYIE, B. C.

CURTIS AEROPLANE FLYING AT ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

THIS SAME MACHINE WILL POSITIVELY APPEAR EVERY DAY AT THE SPOKANE INTERSTATE FAIR, OCTOBER 3 TO 9, 1910.

The star attraction of the Spokane Interstate Fair, the one big feature which the management expect will bring the largest crowds to Spokane the week of October 3d, is the Curtiss Aeroplane. This marvelous flying machine is the same one that won so many prizes in Los Angeles last winter, the one that made the successful flight from Albany to New York, and also from New York to Philadelphia and return.

The contract which the Spokane Interstate Fair management has made with the Curtiss Company of Hammondsport, N. Y., calls for a payment of approximately $1000 a flight, and under the terms of the agreement, the Curtiss Company are to send two complete machines and their most expert aviator. At least four or more flights are to be made every day of the Fair, October 3 to 9, and the machines will also be on exhibition on the ground at all times.

BE A WELL MAN

If you are sick, suffering from any disorder, we can cure you—Permanently You do not have to linger, suffering from disease, because we are medical specialists with many years' experience treating and curing successfully all men's diseases.

HONEST TREATMENT

A sure and permanent cure in all diseases of men-Nervous Weakness, Varicose Veins, Hydrocele, Nervous Ailments, Blood and Skin Disorders, Sores, Ulcers, Kidney, Bladder and Rectal disorders, and all special ailments common to men.

Best Anatomy Museum in the Northwest.

CONSULTATION FREE

If you cannot come to Spokane for free consultation now, write for our free booklet,

Dr. KELLEY'S MUSEUM

210 Howard St. SPOKANE, Wash.

Shamrock Creamery Butter
Shamrock Leaf Lard
Shamrock Hams
and
Imperator Bacon

For sale by all first class grocers and

P BURNS & CO Ltd

MOYIE, B. C.

BUY YOUR

Cigars
Tobaccos
Fruit and
Confectionery

FROM

A. B. Stewart