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VOL. 13 NO. 23. MOYIE, B. C., FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1910. $2 A YEAR

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GENERAL FLOAT

Fernie is to have an armory.

An Odd Fellows' lodge will soon be instituted at Corbin.

The Eureka mine near Sandon is shipping three cars of ore a week.

Creston, Fernie and Hosmer had big celebrations on Labor Day.

Travel on the C. P. R. lake steamers has been exceptionally heavy this season.

The printing plant of the Rossland Miner has been moved to new quarters.

Wm. Claffy, an old time Kootenay prospector, died at Salmo Wednesday.

A special edition of the Nelson Daily News will be issued within the next few weeks.

An ambulance class has been formed at Hosmer. Dr. C. P. Higgins is the instructor.

Hugh Stewart has sold his business in Cranbrook to W. J. Atchison and C. J. Little.

Jack Daly, although blind, easily won the putting of the 16 pound shot on Labor Day at Ymir.

The city of Trail now owns its waterworks system. It was purchased from R. T. Daniel for $7,000.

A car of machinery from the Centre Star has been shipped to the Mollie Gibson mine, near Kokanee Creek.

John Gancho, a Slav, was stabbed by an Italian named John Serino at Fernie on Labor Day. Gancho's condition is serious.

Actual construction work has begun on the C. P. R. hotel at Balfour. The hotel will cost over $140,000 and will accommodate 120 guests.

Fire destroyed the office at the sawmill at Proctor Monday morning. The mill is owned by A. E Watts. The loss is about $500, with no insurance.

Sir Wm. Macdonald of Montreal, has given $1,200 more to the Kingston Consolidated school, originally built and maintained for three years by him.

Work on the Kootenay Central railway in the vicinity of Fort Steele is going right ahead. The right of way has been cleared for a considerable distance below and above town, and the ground for the passenger station and freight shed has been laid out.

The Nelson Fair

All transportation lines will give reduced rates for the great Nelson fair which is held Wednesday, Thursday, Friday, September 28th, 29th, 30th. This year's fair promises to exceed, both in exhibits and attendance, any previous year and visitors are guaranteed as good exhibits and free attractions as it has been possible to procure.

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The leading Business College of the Northwest, where young people can receive a thorough business training. Shorthand---typewriting---bookkeeping-commercial law, etc. Board and rooms at very reasonable rates. We secure positions for our students. Our new beautifully illustrated catalog sent free upon request. Write for it NOW.

H. C. Blair
Principal.

Found Watery Grave

The waters of Moyie lake have claimed another victim. Last Wednesday evening Thomas Hudgeon was drowned in the upper Moyie lake, and no trace has yet been found of his body, although every effort has been made to recover it. John Taylor who was with Hudgeon, had a hairbreadth escape from drowning.

Wednesday evening Hudgeon and Taylor took a canoe and went up on the upper Moyie lake duck shooting. The lake was quite rough, but there was no apparent danger. A bunch of ducks were located about the middle of the lake and about opposite the log chute of the Porto Rico Lumber Company. The two set out after these and got within shooting distance. Taylor fired, but brought nothing down. Then he set the gun down back of him and picked up the paddle again. Just at this time the canoe went over. Taylor, who was in front, does not know just what caused the accident, unless that Hudgeon saw an opportunity to shoot and in reaching for Taylor's gun lost his balance. After the canoe capsized the two struggled in the water for some time, each hanging on to the boat. Hudgeon seemed to lose his head and slipped off, going down almost head first. Taylor was more fortunate and succeeded in keeping his grip even though almost completely exhausted. Dunc McLean, who is camped at the Clark place, caught sight of the situation and went in Arthur Ward's motor boat to the rescue with all possible speed. He brought Taylor to town and the news of the accident was given out.

Yesterday and today men have been dragging for the body, but without success. The water where the accident happened is about 100 feet deep.

Thos. Hudgeon was about 25 years of age, and had lived in Moyie about a year and a half. He worked steadily at the St. Eugene mine, and was very steady in his habits. He was a member of the Moyie Miners' Union, the Knights of Pythias of Moyie and the Odd Fellows' at Rossland. His parents live on a farm near Stettler, Alberta, and he has a brother living at Calgary and a sister at Wallace, Idaho.

Studying Zinc Ores

With a view to studying refractory zinc ores in the Kootenay and with the idea of constructing an experimental smelter somewhere in the district, A. Gordon French, a well known consulting metallurgical chemist, has reached Nelson, says the News.

Mr. French is a native of Glasgow where he was engaged in experiment work in connection with refractory ores for many years. Later he constructed one of the largest smelters for the reduction of silver-lead-zinc ores in Swansea, Wales.

Mr. French for some time managed a similar enterprise at Sheffield, England, and has to his credit the reorganization of the famous Broken Hill mines, New South Wales, and the building of the first copper smelter in New Foundland, at a place called Notre Dame. Mr. French will make a thorough investigation into the nature of the low grade zinc ores in the Kootenays. He is optimistic as to results, having already made some experiments at the coast with ores from the Slocan country.

Hunting and Fishing

E. A. Hill, Jack McTavish, Jack O'Donnell, Mike Bonner, Percy McAlpine and Jack Sherman spent several days of this week hunting and fishing on Meadow creek south of Moyie.

LOCAL ASSAYS

The fishing season is open till November 15th.

F. B. Attwood and family left Sunday for their home in Chicago.

Graham Cruickshank, W. H. Swan and K. B. Carruthers spent Labor Day at Spokane.

Work on the C. P. R. freight shed is well advanced, and a few more days will finish the job.

D. G. McPhail, of the Porto Rico Lumber company, came home yesterday from Nelson.

Domenico Vetti killed a large black bear and a cub near the head of the upper flume Tuesday.

Tomorrow will be payday at the St. Eugene mine, and the bank will be open until 6 o'clock.

Moyie's juvenile ball team played at Creston on Labor Day. The Moyie boys beat the Creston boys by a score of 13 to 8.

Mrs. Irene Rice left Wednesday for Vancouver and Seattle. After a short stay on the coast she will return to her home at Sioux City, Iowa.

Harold Chapman was in Cranbrook several days during the week writing on his examination for second class papers for stationary engineer.

There was a pleasant little party over at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Dimock on the west side of the lake Wednesday evening.

Geo. McClelland is back to Moyie after an absence of several weeks in Nelson and Spokane. In a few days he intends going back to the Sullivan mine to work.

Constable Unbalanced

Constable Andy Morris at Michel a few days ago suddenly became unbalanced mentally, and for a time had the whole town holding its breath. He had a gun mania and terrorized the people until Chief Constable Sampson went down from Fernie and brought him back and placed him in a cell. Morris took part in the capture and killing of Martin Haller at Krag three weeks ago, and the excitement of this and the fact that he was drinking heavily probably accounted for his condition. Morris is well known in Moyie.

Laing to Serve Time.

Walter B. Laing, a barber well known in Moyie, Cranbrook and other East Kootenay towns, was arrested at Macleod last week charged with having received stolen goods. For the past two weeks merchandise had been missing from several of the cars loaded with freight and standing in the yards at Macleod. A search warrant for the house and premises of Laing was procured. Laing keeps a pool room and lives in a house adjoining. After searching his holdings the following stuff was found in his possession: 10 pairs of boots, a quantity of ladies' and children's clothing, 2 boiled hams, one 50-pound tin of lard, 1 case of eggs, together with other goods. The Leader is informed that Laing was tried and sentenced to three years in the penitentiary at Stony Mountain.

Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is today the best known medicine in use for the relief and cure of bowel complaints. It cures griping, diarrhoea, dysentery, and should be taken at the first unnatural looseness of the bowels. It is equally valuable for children and adults. Sold by the Moyie Drug & Stationery Co.

The Royal Seal cigar has been before the smoking public for a dozen years. It is made in Nelson and can be bought in nearly every mountain town.

DON'T MISS IT. THE 8th ANNUAL

NELSON FRUIT FAIR

AT NELSON, B. C.

3 DAYS 3

Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, Sept. 28, 29, 30.

FULL OF SURPRISES IN

Fruit, Vegetables, Poultry, Mineral, Lumber and District Exhibits.

$3,000 PRIZE MONEY $3,000

See The Free Attractions

PROF. DARNELL—

The fearless aeronaut, will make a balloon ascension and parachute leap daily.

THE LEOJOE TROUP—

Three ladies and two men, in their unparalled and refined bicycle act.

FIVE FLYING BANVARDS—

Engaged at enormous expense, lately featured with Ringling Bros. The Aerial marvels in long leaping and casting act 50 feet in the air.

Numerous other attractions. Excursion rates on all lines.

J. E. ANNABLE, PRES. G. HORSTEAD, SECRY. Box 392, Nelson, B. C.

Leaving for Nevada

E. O. Kamm, who has held the position of head accountant at the St. Eugene mine for several years, will leave Moyie in about two weeks' time for Mason, Nevada, where he has accepted a lucrative position with Jules Labarthe, who is building and will operate a big smelter in that camp.

Nelson's Company Good.

"Pierre of the Plains" is certainly Harold Nelson's masterpiece. He has been here before on two occasions, but never appeared to better advantage than he did Tuesday evening. Th audience was not large, but it was thoroughly appreciative. Pierre is a breed who makes his living by cards, and all the mannerisms, the dialect and habits of his class of individual were perfectly characterised by Mr. Nelson.

End of Sawing Season

The season's cutting at the sawmill of the Porto Rico Lumber company was finished a few days ago. The services of most of the men will be retained by the company. Some 70 or 80 men will be employed all fall and winter getting out timber on the Lamb creek limits. The mill had a good run this year, with no trouble in getting rid of the output.

Farewell Social.

There will be a social held in the Methodist church this evening at 7:30 p. m. in honor of Rev. S. Cook, who is leaving for college. Everyone welcome. Price 25 cents. Don't forget the date. Friday, September 9th.

Gerald Desmond will deliver an address in the Miners' Union hall, Sunday evening at 7 o'clock. He will be here under the auspices of the local Socialist society. His subject will be "Revolution."

Died Together

Two brothers, named Walter and Robert Hoag, were taken in by the police at Cranbrook on Sunday suffering from severe alcoholism. They had been in town for a week and were known to be drinking heavily, and on Sunday their condition was such as to call for interference, if only to save their lives. Accordingly, they were taken to the police lockup and Dr. Leos was communicated with at once. The doctor prescribed for them and the police saw that the medical directions were carefully carried out. During Monday they showed signs of betterment and at about 2 o'clock they were resting fairly quietly when the jailor attended to their wants His surprise was great when at 7 o'clock in the morning he found both of them dead in their cell.

It is said that the Hoags came from a place called Travellers Rest, near Huntington, Prince Edward Island. They were well known as first class sawyers, who always worked together. It was their boast that if one were found at one end of a saw the other brother was sure to be in charge of the other side. They were inseperable and intensely devoted to each other. A short time since one of them was injured in the woods and the other nearly lost his life through anxiety at the occurrence.

At the inquest on the bodies of the Hoag brothers, Dr. J. H. King stated that he had made a post mortem examination of both bodies in accordance with the coroner's directions. He found that death in each case resulted from heart failure, accelerated by excessive or acute alcoholism.

The K and H cigar has jumped to prominence through the excellent flavor of the tobacco out of which it is made.

The Cranbrook Co-operative Stores

is selling dressers and stand at $11; iron beds at $3.50; spring, $3.25; mattresses, $3.25 and

Felt Mattresses, $9.75

It will pay you to get in touch with them when you want

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Doomed to Suffering

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CHARLES BARRETT, Esq.

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"I suffered terribly from Biliousness and Dyspepsia for fifteen years, was treated by physicians and took many remedies but got no relief. Then I took "Fruit-a-tives", and this medicine completely cured me when everything else failed. To all sufferers from Indigestion, Biliousness and Constipation, I strongly advise them to try this fruit medicine". Charles Barrett.

50c a box, 6 for $2.50—or trial box, 25c. At all dealers or from Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

THE DUNSMUIR INTERESTS ON VANCOUVER ISLAND

Mines to be Extended

THE Hon. James Dunsmuir, who has sold the entire coal holdings on Vancouver Island to Mr. William Mackenzie, President of the Canadian Northern Railway, has been describing to an interviewer how his father built the Esquimalt and Nanaimo Railway. He himself, he said, often worked fourteen or fifteen hours a day in the mines. "Since father's death," he proceeded, "I have opened out the Comox Mines, built coke ovens, opened the Unions Mine, started before his death, opened the Extension Mines, and developed them to what they are today. I also opened the Alexandra Mine. The shipping mine at Wellington was putting out 1,000 tons a day at the death of my father. The mines today are putting out 3,500 tons of coal a day. There has been more development since 1889 than there was prior to it.

"Since the death of my brother in 1900 I have had charge of the entire interests. My first action was to buy out the four San Francisco shareholders who had a half-interest in the railway and the Comox Mines. I paid them $1,500,000 for their share. This crippled me for cash for the business for a time, but I did not regret the step. I sold the E. and N. Railway to the C.P.R., three years ago, for $3,000,000, the land going with it, reserving the coal rights. I have finally sold these to Mr. Mackenzie. I have done my part and helped to build up British Columbia, and especially Vancouver Island. Now I'm going to enjoy myself."

Extensions and improvements costing between $3,000,000 and $4,000,000, which will quadruple the present capacity, and when complete give employment to 5,000 additional men, are to be carried out at the Comox and Extension Mines. The present output of the mines is about 600,000 tons a year. When the improvements and additions in question are effected close upon 2,500,000 tons will be produced yearly. According to the present determination of the company, four new mines will shortly be opened, two at Comox and two at Extension. The shipping facilities will be increased as the business demands their growth, new wharves being constructed to ship the products.

THE NEW QUEBEC BRIDGE

THE enormous caisson built by Messrs. M. P. and J. T. Davis for enlarging the foundations of the deep water pier of the Quebec Bridge, recently launched at Sillery, weighs 1,700 tons, and is 180 feet long and 54 feet wide. When completed it will have a height of 68 feet. It is built of southern pitch pine of 12 inch by 12 inch, and its cutting edge, which is to sink into the bed of the river is shaped like an equilateral triangle, with a 30-in. side.

A despatch from Ottawa states that there have been, of course, differences of professional opinion among the three engineers as to the best plans to adopt; but a final agreement was reached as to the plans and specifications, and tenders have been called for.

Recently Mr. Fitzmaurice, C.E., the British engineer appointed to advise as to the plans, returned to the Dominion Government a cheque for $6,000, on the ground that owing to his absence in Europe he did not feel that he had properly earned that amount.

WHERE THE OLD CANS GO

THE raw material of a number of large establishments in this country consists of empty fruit and vegetable cans, rescued from the dumps. The principal products of these manufactories are window-sash weights, elevator weights, and ballast for boats. After delivery at the foundry the cans are piled into a large iron grating, under a sheet iron hood, which terminates in a smokestack. They are sprinkled with crude oil, which is then set on fire. The process consumes the labels, loosens the dirt, and melts the solder, which falls through the grating, and is collected, cast into ingots, and sold to be used again.

Some of the cans, which have simply lapped and soldered joints, melt apart completely. These are sorted out, and the sheets straightened and bound into bundles, to be sold to trunk-makers for protecting corners. They are also bought by button manufacturers, who stamp from them the disks used in cloth-covered buttons.

The machine-made cans do not come apart, and they are loaded into large carts, taken on an elevator to the charging floor, and dumped into the cupola, which is fed alternately with cans and coke. The cans are so light that some of them are carried out at the top of the stack by the force of the blast, and a large screen is arranged to prevent the pieces from falling on the roof.

HOUSEKEEPERS' HANDS

IF the hands are thoroughly greased with vaseline before using dyes it will prevent the stain penetrating deeply into the skin.

After washing clothes the hands are generally disagreeably rough. If a little olive oil is rubbed well into the skin with a cut lemon and well washed with hot water and soap, the hands will become smooth and white again.

Needle's Journey—A needle which entered the left knee of a dressmaker at Schroda, Posen, emerged some days later from the sole of her right foot.

Countless have been the cures worked by Holloway's Corn Cure. It has a power of its own not found in other preparations.

A New Head In 30 Minutes

Exchange that aching, throbbing, suffering, muddled head for a clear, cool, comfortable one by taking a

NA-DRU-CO Headache Wafer

25c. a box at your druggists' or by mail from National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada, Limited, Montreal. 28

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For Steam Traction Engines and Steam Plants

THE IMPERIAL OIL CO. Limited. CAPITOL CYLINDER OIL

Delivers more power, and makes the engine run better and longer with less wear and tear, because its friction-reducing properties are exactly fitted to the requirements of steam traction engines and steam plants.

Mica Axle Grease

Traction Engines, Wagons, Etc.

makes the wheel as nearly frictionless as possible and reduces the wear on axle and box. It ends axle troubles, saves energy in the horse, and when used on axles of traction engines economizes fuel and power.

Granite Harvester Oil

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insures better work from the new machine and lengthens the life of the old. Wherever bearings are loose or boxes worn it takes up the play and acts like a cushion. Changes of weather do not affect it.

Standard Gas Engine Oil

Gasolene and Kerosene Engines

is the only oil you need. It provides perfect lubrication under high temperatures without appreciable carbon deposits on rings or cylinders, and is equally good for the external bearings.

Every dealer everywhere. If not at yours, write for descriptive circulars to

The Imperial Oil Company, Limited

Storyettes

THERE is a sermon for "children who have grown tall" in the words of a little tot who was told by her mother not to play in the front yard on Sunday.

"But, mamma, isn't it Sunday in the backyard, too?"

* * *

JAMES ALBERY, the dramatist, was descending the steps of his club, when a stranger addressed him thus: "I beg your pardon, but is there a gentleman in this club with one eye of the name of X——?" Albery answered the question at once by another: "Stop a moment. What's the name of his other eye?"

* * *

MAKART, the great Viennese painter, was taciturn to a fault. It is related of him that once at a dinner party he sat next to Mme. Gallmeyer for a whole hour without uttering a syllable, when his fair neighbor playfully nudged him with her elbow and said: "Come, Herr von Makart, let us change the conversation."

* * *

A FAMOUS North Caroline clergyman, while preaching from the text, "He giveth his beloved sleep," stopped in the middle of his discourse, gazed upon his slumbering congregation, and said: "Brethren, it is hard to realize the unbounded love which the Lord appears to have for a portion of my auditory."

* * *

A WOMAN was upbraiding her husband on his drunken habits and saying he was ruining his health.

"Don't be alarmed about me, my dear," he said. "The doctor says I'm 'in the pink of condition.'"

"You should have asked the doctor to look at your tongue, and not your nose," retorted his wife.

* * *

I WANT some cloth to make my dolly a dress," announced a little girl of seven as she entered a store the other day.

"How much is it?" she asked when the merchant handed her the package.

"Just one kiss," was the reply.

"All right," she said; "Grandma said she would pay you when she came in tomorrow."

* * *

A BLIND man in Khoota (a Caucasian village) came back from the river one night, bringing a pitcher of water and carrying in his hand a lighted lantern. Some one, meeting him, said: "You're blind; it's all the same to you whether it's day or night. Of what use to you is a lantern?" "I don't carry the lantern in order to see the road," replied the blind man, "but to keep some fool like you from running against me and breaking my pitcher."

* * *

SO, Belinda, I hear you and 'Doc' have parted company. Couldn't you get along?"

"No'um, we couldn't. Least, I couldn't. D'ye know that low-down nigger just ma'ied me fo' my money?"

"No?" I said.

"Yas'm. He saw all dem things in my pahlor, silber butter dishes and crayon portraits that you and the othe' white ladies gi' me, and he just though he was goin' to set in there and smoke while I washed and i'ned. And I had a big burial insurance, too, and he knowed that. So I jes' natchully tu'ned him out.

"Yes," I said. "But I thought I saw him going in your back gate last week."

"Oh, to be sure! He's 'round, but he's jes' boa'din' wif me now."

* * *

THE late Colonel Bob Taylor of Bonham, Texas, once met a woman in the road as he was riding on horseback to hold court in Delta County, he being then district judge. The woman had a jug of water and the judge was thirsty. Being a man with a cheery word for everyone the colonel stopped her. "My dear madam," he said, smiling, "if you will give me a drink of cool water from yonder jug, when you want a divorce from your husband I will see that it costs you nothing." "Are you a lawyer?" inquired the woman, handing him the jug. The colonel explained who he was, and waving a farewell departed, leaving the woman gazing at him. The very next morning the woman showed up in the courtroom and asked for him. She explained that she wanted a divorce. She had been separated from her husband for a long time, and the colonel was game, however. He procured a lawyer at his own expense and in due course of law the woman was given a divorce.

The Horseman

THE veteran breeder R. S. Veach was over at Lexington the other day, to see his three two-year-olds work out. Now it so happens that they are in different stables. The brown colt Weindell, by Walnut Hall, is being educated by John Splan; Coolidge by Cochato is with H. S. Moody, and the brown colt Esko by Moko, is with John Hussey. Mr. Veach saw them all trialed out and then ventured the opinion that Weindell would yet prove the best of the party.

"Well, it's too early to tell about that," said Splan, "but when Moody and Hussey and I hook up in that race for a hundred bushels of oats, we'll know who's training the racehorse of the party."

"When are you going to have that race, John?" asked Mr. Veach.

"Thanksgiving Day," promptly responded Splan. "Yes sir, Thanksgiving Day, just after we've had our turkey and when we'll be feeling prime for sport."

"Look here," said Mr. Veach with a smile. "If you're going to put it off that long, I expect it would be cheaper for me to send each of you a hundred bushels of oats and not have any race."

When the American continent was unknown, and England an obscure province of the mighty Roman Empire, over two thousand years ago, there were horse races in Italy. The Romans were the first of the great nations to appreciate the value of the horse and the knights of the equestrian order were the elite of the army. In times of peace the chariot races were favorite amusements of the vast crowds at the coliseums.

Today the trotter is decidedly to the fore in that classic land and though they have imported a few Russian Orloffs, the tendency is to the American trotter. They have in a few years imported quite a few good sires, such as Elwood Medium, 2:24¾, by Happy Medium, Atlantic, 2:21. Later on Onward Silver, 2.05¼, Col. Kuser, 2:11¼, and Codero, 2:09½, and others followed. These have been bred in many instances to native mares, Orloff or American mares, and a trotting breed is being gradually developed. The champion three-year-old trotter in Italy last season was Glisner Kuser, who took a record of 2:15. She was by Col. Kuser, 2:11¼, out of a mare by Joktan, 2:19¼. This young champion started in thirty races, winning twenty-four, was second in one, fourth in two and unplaced in three.

Breeders should adopt an aggressive policy and they should not be content with the home market. The manufacturers of all classes of machinery invade all parts of the globe and sell their goods. The American sewing machine is on every continent and agricultural implements are a close second.

WALTER WINANS, the well known American who lives in England and keeps a large stable of trotters for his own amusement, was recently interviewed by a reporter of the London Evening News on the American trotter and here is what he says:

"Do I think that American trotters are suited to this country?" said Mr. Walter Winans. "I think they are the only animals worth driving in any country that has roads fit to drive on, and the reason that almost all Englishmen, so to speak fight shy of them is a mystery to me. I can attribute it only to our intense conservatism and to the rooted objection to what English people call 'making a new departure.' Personally, I think that American trotters are infinitely preferable to English.

"Certainly American trotters can be driven in comparatively heavy carriages, though a belief is prevalent that they are suited only to very light two-wheeled vehicles. Until a man has driven trotters of this stamp he doesn't really know what driving is, and comparatively few men who have driven such animals regularly for a little while have ever gone back to the ordinary slow movers—if I may call them so without giving offense to anybody.

"Yet it is a fact that hardly any interest is taken in this country in trotting races with American trotters. I am inclined to think that many Englishmen confuse the American trotter, properly so called, with the American horse that 'paces.'

"The 'pacer' is not a trotter at all, also his action is ugly to look at and he is not a pleasant beast to drive. My trotters are all true American trotters; they look magnificent as they literally sweep over the ground; and to their every stride there is grace combined with strength and suppleness. To sit behind them is a pleasure; to drive them is a joy."

"The popularity of cars has had one good effect, I mean from my point of view, for I believe that people have now become so accustomed to rapid locomotion that when they again take to driving horses—as I feel convinced the men who drive for pleasure will do before long—they will not be content with the slow motion of what I call the old-fashioned carriage horse, but will finally adopt the fast American trotter, to whom the ordinary undulations of a high road make no difference, so far as his speed is concerned."

Asked if the climate of England suited these animals, he replied that though all the trotters that he owns are American bred, they are seldom or never sick or sorry. Care, however, has to be exercised when they are being shod, some needing heavier shoes than others, and shoes of different shape.

The one drawback to driving these extraordinarily fast animals is that in wet weather mud flies up so thickly that to avoid being splashed is almost an impossibility, no matter how carefully adjusted the dashboards may be. For this reason Mr. Winans usually wears motor goggles when sitting behind his trotters.

I inquired if he had any remark in particular to make about the International Show, and he replied at once:

"Yes, you can draw attention to the grotesque way in which the tails of many of the horses are docked. It is no exaggeration to say that the tails of some of the horses are to all intents cut clean off, for not more than four or five inches of the stump are left, and these scraggy stumps are made to look still more absurd by being either shaved or else heavily singed, so that literally they are no longer tails at all, but hat pegs.

"This remark applies more particularly to some of the English horses that have been seen in the ring in several classes, and I could give you the name of a French buyer of horses who came over to last year's show at Olympia for the express purpose of buying a number of animals, for which he was prepared to pay big prices, but who didn't complete a single deal.

"This buyer himself told me there were six splendid animals which would have suited his requirements to perfection but that none of his clients would look at horses with tails cut off like that, and that therefore he couldn't buy."

REPAIRING SUBMARINE CABLES

UPWARD of fifty ships are constantly employed in the work of repairing the submarine cables in the various oceans of the globe; but these differ as much in appearance and equipment as a small rowboat differs from the big steam yacht. The up-to-date cable repairing ship is a model of scientific invention and equipment, and repairs of a difficule nature can be made in short order; but far out on the Pacific and Orient many of the cable lines are repaired by native divers, who sometimes remain under the water for remarkably long periods.

The "trouble finders" of the sea have as unique experiences as their brothers on land who face blizzards, storms, floods and other dangers to repair telegraph and telephone lines. In many respects the latter have the advantage of the former. The "trouble finders" of the sea must often work at great depths in the water to locate and repair breaks, and in the tropical seas they must encounter man-eating sharks. A break or interruption in a submarine cable is determined today by mechanical devices or detectors, but when located the cable must first be inspected by divers. If the break is serious enough it must be grappled and drawn to the surface for repairs. One of the most curious of these breaks was found in the Indian Ocean a number of years back. The cable, though a short one, was important, and when it refused to work the repair ship was sent out to hunt for the trouble. When the location of the break was made a native diver was sent down. After an absence of a minute he returned to the surface and reported a very curious phenomenon. A sunken ship was resting directly across the line of the cable. Divers in rubber suits were then sent down, and they discovered that the native diver was right. A derelict had floated along and sunk directly over the cable. The sharp keel of the ship had cut the cable in half, or at least damaged it so that it was put out of commission. It was impossible to raise the derelict ship, and so the cable had to be spliced and carried around one side of her. The divers made a cursory examination of the sunken ship, and found, to their surprise, that it was a rich prize. It was the old Lahore, a tramp ship which had disappeared some time before in a storm. All traces of her had been lost, and her disappearance had seemed destined to remain one of those untold mysteries of the sea.

The ship was laden with a rich and valuable cargo, much of which was still intact and undamaged by the water. When the cable repairing ship returned to port, a wrecking ship was despatched to the scene and the cargo raised. The salvage from this gave to each member of the crew of the submarine repairing boat a handsome little sum. They had not been looking for salvage, but that little experience demonstrated to them that they had one advantage over their brother "trouble hunters" on land. The latter do not pick up salvage money, even if they do freeze and starve to death in their efforts to clear the lines so that the throbbing of the world's messages may go on uninterruptedly.

OVERPAID POSTAGE

A CONSIDERABLE gain accrues to the government every year from wasted postage stamps. The government profits in two ways from the carelessness and ignorance of the public. In the first place, many stamps are destroyed, a circumstance that means a profit to the Post-office Department of thousands of dollars annually. Just how much this gain is cannot be correctly estimated, seeing that there is no way of obtaining the statistics except by elaborate and untrustworthy calculations. One may carry stamps in his pockets until they have become so worn that he does not like to use them. As a matter of fact, however, anything that fairly resembles a stamp, though it be somewhat mutilated, is passed by the clerks, just as a dilapidated bank note is good if there be enough of it to show what it is. Wear and dirt cannot, without almost destroying the stamp, give it the look of one that has been cancelled. Yet few persons will put a damaged stamp on a letter.

The second source of loss to the individual whereby the government profits is in the number of stamps that are wasted in excess postage. In the case of foreign letters to countries where with this country has reached no two-cent agreement, persons who have not a five-cent stamp put three two-cent stamps on the letter, thus making the department a present of one cent. Domestic mail also is frequently overstamped. Enough money is wasted in this way to provide thousands of inexpensive letter-scales.

Then, too, people have false estimates of weight. Many entertain the notion that should they forward anything in a large envelope they should affix there to two two-cent stamps. It takes a fat letter to weigh more than a half-ounce.

Furthermore, most people know nothing about the rate for newspapers and think that because a newspaper rolls into such a solid bundle it costs a great deal to send. So they continue to overpay the postage.

There is, however, a great deal of mail matter that is underpaid, but here the government loses nothing, for the shortage is collected from the receiver, who must pay the stamp due. Knowing this, and being anxious not to seem niggardly to the friend who must make up the deficiency in postage, a person in doubt often puts too many stamps on fourth-rate matter and on extra-big letters, and the government gets the difference.

The Oil of the People—Many oils have come and gone, but Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil continues to maintain its position and increase its sphere of usefulness each year. Its sterling qualities have brought it to the front and kept it there, and it can truly be called the oil of the people. Thousands have benefited by it and would use no other preparation.

A Pill for All Seasons—Winter and summer, in any latitude, whether in torrid zone or Arctic temperature, Parmelee's Vegetable Pills can be depended upon to do their work. The dyspeptic will find them a friend always and should carry them with him everywhere. They are made to withstand any climate and are warranted to keep their freshness and strength. They do not grow stale, a quality not possessed in many pills now on the market.

Through indiscretion in eating green fruit in summer many children become subject to cholera morbus caused by irritating acids that act violently on the lining of the intestines. Pains and dangerous purgings ensue and the delicate system of the child suffers under the drain. In such cases the safest and surest medicine is Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial. It will check the inflammation and save the child's life.

A LOCUST PLAGUE

Swarms of locusts recently invaded Athens, rendering the streets slippery with their crushed bodies. The market gardens of the surrounding districts were seriously affected.

AFTER having wrestled with about thirty dishes at a dinner, and after all this being called upon to speak, Horace Porter declared that he felt a great sympathy with that woman in Ireland who had had something of a field-day on hand. She began by knocking down two somewhat unpopular agents of her absentee landlord, and was seen later in the day dancing a jig on the stomach of the prostrate form of the Presbyterian minister. One of her friends admired her prowess in this direction and invited her in and gave her a good stiff glass of whisky. Her friend said, "Shall I pour some water in your whisky?" and the woman replied, "For God's sake, haven't I had trouble enought already today?"

SAFE CLEANSERS

THE practice of using dangerous explosives, such as benzine, as innocent cleaning agents is resulting in scores of accidents. Notwithstanding the precautions which are repeated by professional experts who use them, people continue to clean the contents of their wardrobes with explosives as they would do with soapsuds. Even the fatal cases which occur every now and then from the use of spirits in toilet preparations do not prevent them from celaning and tonicking their hair and wearing celluloid combs.

The risk is always doubled in the hot weather. Gloves, lace, net, lawn, silk, are all cleaned with benzine instead of using the innocuous dry cleansers, such as fuller's earth, baked flour and salt, bread crumbs, cornflour, and cloth balls.

The crumb of a stale loaf is one of the most economical cleaners. It has excellent effects on white silk, lace, ribbon, and net, as well as on light gloves in suede and kid. To clean the gloves, they should be drawn on the hands and each finger rubbed in turn with a piece of bread. To clean a lace or net skirt, the bread must be crumbled over the fabric and rubbed into it lightly with the palms of the hand, discarding the soiled crumb for fresh when necessary.

Hot salt and flour is another good substitute for dangerous spirits. It may appear extravagant at the outset, but it is less costly in the end. If a shirt is to be dry washed, a quartern of flour and a pound of salt are placed in a large enamel basin in the oven, or on the top of the stove, where the contents may become very hot without scorching them. When very hot, the lace of net shirt, jabot, plastron, frills, or collars should be dropped into it as into soapsuds, and kneaded with the knuckles until the dirt is loosened.

Garments which are being washed in flour must be treated exactly as if they were in the washtub, but instead of rinsing them in fresh flour and shaking them well, they must be lifted out with as much flour in the folds as possible and rolled in a clean towel. Here they must rest for a day. A good shaking and ironing will then restore them. The same flour can be used again and again.

Worms in children, if they be not attended to, cause convulsions; and often death. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will protect the children from these distressing afflictions.

ZAM-BUK CURES SUNBURN

Neglect of a sunburn on face, arm or neck often leads to the after growth of skin which is freckled or coarse, and this is particularly distressing to ladies. Timely applications of Zam-Buk will prevent this. Zam-Buk is a herbal balm, which soothes and cools the burned skin, and assists nature to replace the damaged tissue with soft, velvety skin.

Zam-Buk is also good for stings, scratches, heat sores, blisters on hands or feet, and all skin injuries. Applied to these it quickly stops the smarting and ensures quick healing. As it is free from animal fat, and mineral coloring matter, it is particularly suited to the delicate skin of babies, suffering from heat rashes, chafed places, etc. Sold everywhere by druggists and store-keepers. Beware of harmful imitations, and see the name "Zam-Buk" on the box before buying.

HOW OLD IS MAN?

APROPOS the suggestion that there has been a succession of deluges, Mr. G. Beauchamp writes as follows in Science Sittings: "Mr. A. Hold says: 'It is admitted that man has had his place on earth for about two million years, from the time of the Pleistocene period. Such a comprehensive statement seems to imply that all admit that "fact"! But I would suggest that there is no evidence in support of such statements, except in the easily influenced minds of those dominated by so-called authorities and by those who have read somewhat but not enough. I would further mention there is no evidence at all for man having existed upon this earth for a longer period than 10,000 years up to date. If there is any evidence for a contrary view I for one of many should be glad to know where one can see it or read it."

PROFESSOR HUGH W. RANSOM, of Harvard, has been working as a laborer in the Cambridge subway in order to compile certain statistics at first hand. "To do our work well," said Professor Ransom to a reporter, "we must use enterprise. We must ignore the minor conventions. But we mustn't go as far as—But listen: A Boston doctor sat in a front seat in a Tremont Street theatre the other night. In the breathless silence, as the third act neared its climax, there was a commotion near the door, and then a grave voice said: 'Is Dr. Blank in the audience?' Dr. Blank rose calmly. He passed down the aisle with the serious, self-contained air of one on whom the life of a fellow-creature depends. A young man awaited him at the door. 'Well,' said the doctor. 'Well, sir, what is it?' 'Doctor,' said the young man, as he drew a large wallet from his breast pocket, 'I'm Cash & Payup's new collector. Would it be convenient for you to settle that small account this evening?'"

They Soothe Excited Nerves—Nervous affections are usually attributable to defective digestion, as the stomach dominates the nerve centres. A course of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills will still all disturbances of this character, and by restoring the stomach to normal action relieve the nerves from irritation. There is no sedative like them and in the correction of irregularities of the digestive process, no preparation has done so effective work, as can be testified to by thousands.

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THE BUCK-EYE

VOL. 1 WEEKLY EDITION NO. 40

SIR WILFRID, THE TARIFF AND THE BUCK-EYE

SIR WILFRID: The gentleman at the back of the hall has asked me about the tariff. I shall be very pleased to answer the gentleman's query. I notice that my friend in the back of the hall is smoking a cigar. That, as we all know, is an evidence of prosperity. Such has been the marvelous progress of this great and glorious west, since my government came into power, that any men may, at will, smoke cigars, instead of the home-grown pipe tobacco, the fragrance of which lingers in my boyhood's memory.

The gentleman at the back of the hall is even more than ordinarily blessed, for I perceive that the cigar he is smoking is a BUCK-EYE. It is one of those extraordinary dispensations of Providence that you, my fellow Canadians in this great and glorious country, are enabled to enjoy the privilege of obtaining the BUCK-EYE at the ordinary price. And if I needed proof of the discernment of my able friend at the back of the hall, if I needed an illustration of his ability to pick out the salient points of any subject under discussion, if I were to ask for the reason why he has become so prosperous, so independent, so far-sighted, so clear of vision—I should point to his choice of the BUCK-EYE. Such keenness of perception, such admirable judgment, warrant me in the expression of the belief that so long as my government shall be in power, so long as I shall be spared to direct the destiny of this glorious young nation, so long as the sturdy pioneers of these vast western provinces display such splendid qualities of judgment as are evinced by my friend in the back of the hall, I look forward to the time when the teeming population of these illimitable prairies shall be as prosperous, as happy, as independent and as fortunate as my favored friend in the back of the hall—when, under the guidance of Providence and the stimulation of my government, every man, woman, and child throughout these vast regions will be in a position, if they so wish, to choose the BUCK-EYE for their after-dinner cigar.

P.S.--Not only Sir Wilfrid, but every visitor to the West cannot but notice the remarkable popularity of the BUCK-EYE, the best ten-cent cigar on sale to-day.

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Owing to the great heat this season a great deal of grain will have very short straw, making it hard to handle. If you want a machine which will save you money and labor, get the new and improved

GLEANER AND SHOCKER

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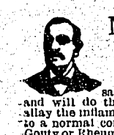

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and will do the same for you in a pleasant manner; allay the inflammation, kill pain, heal and restore them to a normal condition; reduces Goitre, Tumors, Wens, Gouty or Rheumatic Deposits, Synovitis, Varicocele, Hydrocele, Sprains of the muscles or ligaments. Heals cuts, old sores, wounds, etc. Costs only $1.00-4 oz., $2.00-12 oz. bottle at your druggists or delivered. Book 2F Free.
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SEVENTEEN YEARS THE STANDARD

Prescribed and recommended for women's ailments, a scientifically prepared remedy of proven worth. The result from their use is quick and permanent. For sale at all drug stores.

THE WIND IN THE LEAVES

The wind that moves among the leaves
Is some slim maiden none perceives,
Who evermore her magic weaves,
And dances;
You hear her feet, as soft as thieves';
And then the silken swish of sleeves,
Flutter along the forest's eaves,
Entrances.

She leans and whispers in the ear
Of every wild flower something dear—
How to protect their hearts from fear
Of dying;
Then takes the thistle's feathery sphere
And glimmers it across the mere,
Or on a cobweb, trailing clear,
Goes flying.

The butterfly, that comes and goes,
She tosses on the wild wood rose;
And, standing sly on elfin toes,
She teases
The calyxed bee that whines; then blows
Into each bud till wide it grows;
And swift the musk that in it glows
She seizes.

Then, faery-fair, away she trips,
Wild perfume on her wildwood lips,
To where, with tinkling finger-tips,
Day's daughter,
Dusk, waits her where the silence drips;
There from her gown of light she slips,
And with the star of twilight dips
The water.

* * *

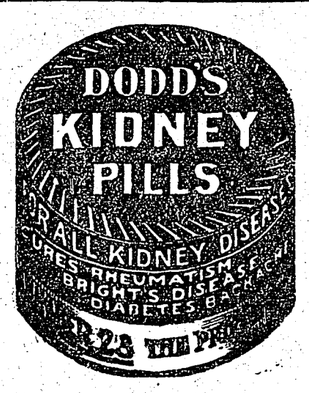
HOME COMING

As I rode North, as I rode North,
My heart came out of prison.
I saw the hills go shaking forth
Like strong men newly risen.
Oh, the South is soft and merry, but she
touches lighter strings
Than the fury of the battle when the
North wind pipes and sings.

As I neared home, as I neared home,
My heart was like a lover's.
I heard across the windy gloam
The harsh voice of the plovers.
Oh, the South is wide and kindly, and
its hearth is warm and bright,
But the North born needs the welcome
of a rough and windy night.

As I rode in, as I rode in,
The wind roved wide of prison.
I was a free man, near of kin
To strong winds newly risen.
Oh, the South is soft and merry and the
South is good to see,
But the stubborn land and thrifty are
the garden soil for me.

Cyclists' Paradise—Denmark is described, in the report of the American Consul at Copenhagen, as a wheelman's paradise, with an abundance of good roads, good inns, and special tracks in cities, and few gradients. In Copenhagen, he says, there are 60,000 cyclists—probably a larger proportion to the population than will be found in any other city.



DAME FASHIONS DECREES

PERHAPS it was the long, cold spring which influenced the designers of smart millinery this summer, or it may have been only the unquenchable desire for novelty which has caused the utilization of the various materials from which the newest midsummer hats are made up, textures which hitherto have been seen only in the models intended for the height of the winter season. An all velvet toque trimmed with quills or even ostrich feathers was, for example, never before considered appropriate until almost after the first snowfall, yet such is worn now with a lingerie gown, as though the combination were the most consistent imaginable. Even fur is used as a trimming on one of the very smartest French models, formed of lace and chiffon, but it is not likely that fur will ever have a place in the summer outfit for an American resort. Moth, if not rust, does corrupt too quickly in our zone.

The most charming of all summer hats, however, are bound to be the wide brimmed leghorns, adorned with great French roses, lace and ribbons. There is a suggestion of the cloche, or bell shape, still evident in nearly all the large hats, but the brims are much more spread out than was the case a year ago, giving the effect of not quite so high a hat. This is but an optical illusion, however, as will be seen as soon as the attempt is made to pack the hat of the present season in last year's hat box. The greater width of the crown makes it appear not so high as before, but it is in reality somewhat deeper if anything. The exaggeratedly wide crown—larger than the top of the head could possibly be—is disappearing, and the smartest hats all have now an effect of fitting the shape of the head peculiarly well. The crown, in other words, must never seem to stand out beyond the sides of the head, so that were it not for a bandeau or halo within the hat would fall down and at once smother the wearer.

There are some few quite flat hats also. These are the hats that are unusually wide, the brim curved down slightly all around, but the hat tilted slightly on one side, so that while part of the face is almost completely hidden the wearer shall still be recognizable from the view point on the other side. The brim is wide and bent up slightly on the side. In the large hats the crown is generally curved or rounded, seldom flat.

While there is considerable adornment on many of the smartest models, others again of the costliest hats are delightfully plain. A wide brimmed black crin shape which bent down slightly both back and front, but not at the sides, had for its sole trimming an enormous cream colored rose. The medium sized crown was softened by a soft fold of black satin. Carried out in leghorn, with a great pink rose and with tulle instead of ribbon about the crown, this hat was also exceptionally pretty.

Italian Straw Veiled with Black Tulle

White and Blue Hat

Many of the most attractive midsummer hats are veiled in softly shirred net or lace. The crown is left plain, while the brim is softened with either black, white or colored maline.

Most often it is the yellow straws which are veiled, but the white and the black crins, leghorns and chips are also treated in the same manner. About the crown will be a wreath of green leaves, with three or four great roses or peonies and grass or wheat standing up from the wreath to give height to the hat. Wheat in all colors, even black, is much used in trimming at the moment, and grass of all kinds is cleverly imitated in silk and cotton. The great silk peonies and poppies are also most effective, two or three such flowers often being quite sufficient trimming on one hat.

* * *

There is a return to the idea of the lingerie hat in the morning hats of English embroidery, trimmed only with a wide flaring bow of bright colored ribbon. These embroidery hats, however, are unlike those of former years in that they are attached to a stiff wired frame and there is no soft ruffle edge to fall down becomingly over the brim. Silk and even foulard hats are also seen for morning wear, but it is doubtful if these will ever receive hearty approval from Dame Fashion.

Most desirable of all for morning wear, however, are the perfectly plain hats of black satin trimmed only with a wide bowknot of the same. They are flat, wide brimmed, really shade hats, and so cleverly made that they are no heavier than the thinnest of straw. It is a novel idea for midsummer, but with a simple waist and skirt costume these black satin hats are wonderfully smart.

The all black satin models have also invaded the realm of afternoon dress. With a black and white costume of silk or voile, of lace or lingerie, a really small black satin hat made with narrow brim and high crown, adorned only with a stiff wired bow of the same satin, gives a most perfect finish to the effect of the whole.

Large flower bedecked hats are most worn by young girls, but for older women there is nothing more in vogue than the quite small satin hats.

To American eyes the black velvet hats may seem strange just now, and perhaps while the weather remains at its hottest, black velvet toques will not be worn, but at the first breath of autumn velvet is destined to be put on for most formal afternoon wear. It is not necessary, however, to have the entire hat of velvet. Perhaps the brim may be faced with straw or the crown and facing may be of velvet, while the upper part of the brim is of yellow, white or colored crin. Flowers relieve the larger velvet hats. Lace is also used to soften the black velvet and to make it look lighter. Fortunately, the velvet hats are fashioned in some miraculous manner which makes them really no heavier than the thinnest straw.

Sheerest lawn combined either with straw or satin is another unusual effect noticeable in some of the new models. A larger crown composed apparently of layers of folded white mousseline de soie bordered with a band of softly folded black satin made up one charming little toque. Again, the white mousseline is seen next the face, while the crown is of satin. The different combinations of textures and the different methods of combining are almost innumerable. When fur is seen on the summer models it is generally as part of the trimming on a mousseline or lace hat.

Cornflower blue is a favorite shade of the moment and is introduced with every color that will admit of the combination. This is another favorite trimming and a touch of cornflower blue velvet on a white hat veiled in black tulle with a great cluster of full blown thistles as trimming was most attractive.

* * *

There is no real limit for the size of the hats of the present moment—no limit in any direction, it might be said. When large they are so large as to make the widest Gainsborough look like a Scotch cap. When small they are very small and rapidly growing narrower. At the same time a hat of medium size does not necessarily look out of date. Some hats are very high, others apparently quite low and nat, yet if the proportions and lines are correct they will look smart. A high bandeau instead of a flat "halo" is worn in some of the newest hats when it is desired to keep the sloping brim from entirely enveloping the face. The height of the bandeau must depend entirely upon the individual. This means largely the way in which the hair is worn, for upon this depends almost entirely the adjustment of the hat.

No summer costume is perfect without its sunshade, even though the hat is itself wider than the parasol, for a parasol must be carried to give a finished effect to the whole. There are many novelties in the parasols of the present year, but chief among them is the sunshade of black velvet lined with softly shirred white chiffon. Somewhat incongruous, perhaps, a velvet parasol is nevertheless exceedingly effective, and a black velvet is more effective than any other. It must have a very long handle, almost a shepherd's crook, of course without the crook, and it must not be too wide when open, for then it might be heavy. It is absolutely plain save for the lining, but the sticks and the handle may be as costly as desired. As yet a velvet sunshade is by no means cheap, even in its simplest form.

Brocade parasols are also smart this year and the silk sunshades so covered, or, to speak more strictly, so cut by open English embroidery as to be not shades at all, are also much in demand. The shapes of many of the newest parasols are strange and curious to behold, every possible design being attempted, even the Japanese umbrella with its numerous sticks being carried out in silk and linon.

The handle, too, is an all important part of the parasol of today. Tortoise shell and amber, with monogram or initials in gold, are always in fashion, but now the craze is for the different kinds of costly enamel ware in exquisite shades of mauve and blue. There are curiously carved wooden handles also, and the utility or vanity handles, with tiny powder box and mirror at the top, are approved by all followers of fashion.

Another complement to a costume for late summer or early autumn is one of the new satin scarfs. Black, faced with white, about half a yard in width and two and a half yards long, is the most popular combination, but there are also black scarfs seen lined with cornflower blue, and even raspberry pink, according to the costume itself.

* * *

Not for many years has there been an occasion when the home dressmaker could use short ends of material so effectively as at present. In fact, for a long time there was so little combining of material that it was necessary to have a full pattern of one fabric for every costume turned out. Almost all women who have a weakness for bargains have stored away from time to time most attractive short lengths of material which, after buying, they found quite impossible for utilization in a satisfactory gown. Happy the woman who has such store of fine fabrics today, for if they are beautiful of their kind there is almost sure to be a way by which they may be combined with another material to make an attractive costume.

One of the new designs for foulard has the upper part of the skirt and the bodice of green and black foulard and the lower half of the skirt of black satin. Another charming foulard of green and white check has the upper part of the bodice in plain green embroidered in cashmere design and the entire front of the skirt in black silk mousseline. A toilet of rose satin has the skirt and upper part of the bodice of the satin, while the overskirt and the lower part of the bodice are of embroidered voile de soie.

PROVING HIM

HERE is a quaint little Turkish fable:

As a woman was strolling along a road a man started to follow her.

"Why," said she, "do you follow me?"

"Because," he replied, "I have fallen in love with you."

"My sister," said she, "who is coming after me is much handsomer than I. Go and make love to her."

The man turned back and saw a woman with an ugly face, and, being greatly displeased, returned and said:

"Why did you tell me a falsehood?"

The woman replied:

"To discover if you were telling me the truth. If you were in love with me why did you go back for another woman?"

THE ESCAPED HIPPO

MANY of the little dramas enacted at the London Zoo are never divulged to the public.

Sometimes the animals get out without the consent of their keepers. One which did so was Obash, the hippopotamus. He proved a savage indeed when the attempt was made to deprive him of his liberty. Happily, the Gardens were closed at the time.

Try as they would, the keepers could not entice or coerce the monster in the direction of his den. At last the superintendent called up an assistant whom the hippopotamus hated.

The chief put a banknote into the man's hand.

"Scott," he said, "throw open the paddock gate, show yourself to Obash, then run for it!" Scott did. The animal went for him raging, along the path, and after him into the paddock.

Scott climbed the railings just in time, and the hippopotamus, on turning, found the gate secured behind it.

Presently a Press representative arrived to investigate the story, which had somehow become known.

"Hippopotamus escaped? Oh, dear no! Come and see him in his den," he was answered as they led him to where the monster was re-caged.

TALK No. 5

MAGIC BAKING POWDER

Does not contain Alum

ALUM is put into inferior baking powders because it is *cheap*. You cannot detect it, because *all* baking powders *look* alike. Alum is a dangerous mineral acid condemned by food experts as unfit for use in any food preparation, because it works havoc with the stomach and digestive organs and causes certain harm to the entire system.

Your baking results will be the best with MAGIC and you have the certain knowledge that your bread, biscuits and pastry will be light, healthful and delicious. There is no substitute for MAGIC and it is a medium priced baking powder and the only well-known one made in Canada that does NOT contain alum.

NO ALUM

Made in Canada

Full Pound Cans, 25c.

E. W. Gillett Co. Ltd. Toronto, Ont.

FREE COOK BOOK If you have not received a copy of Magic Cook Book, send name and address on postal card and this valuable little book will be mailed free of charge.

No. 284

DOG'S FIGHT WITH A LION

How a Stray Fox Terrier Won a Lion's Skin—A Naturalist's Adventures With a Cinematograph Camera in Africa

SIMBA, the pluckiest fox-terrier in the world, and the only dog of its breed which has ever tackled a full-grown lion "single-handed," has returned to London, her birthplace, from British East Africa.

The story of how Simba fought the lion was told to a representative of the Daily Mail by Mr. Cherry Kearton, the dog's master, who has just returned from the Kenia district of British East Africa with a number of cinematograph pictures of wild animals.

Simba is an ordinary fox-terrier, of no special value from a breeder's point of view, and was, in fact, taken out of the Battersea Dog's Home by "Buffalo" Jones, of lion-lassoing fame, who gave her to Mr. Kearton.

Simba's fight with the lion took place when Mr. Kearton was trying to obtain pictures of the killing of a lion by native spearmen. Two lions had been located in some scrub, and twenty Masai warriors, with spears, were ready to attack. The lioness, however, escaped, and the male lion, after appearing for a moment, bolted into a dried river bed and refused to budge.

"Simba," said Mr. Kearton, "darted into the donga, and within a few seconds we heard a tremendous roar which seemed to shake the ground, and the bushes within twelve yards of us were violently agitated. The lion roared again and again, and in the brief intervals we heard the weak but very furious yapping of the dog. The Masai stood, every nerve tingling, with spears poised.

"Suddenly the lion dashed through a little clearing, and we were amazed to see Simba hanging on with her teeth embedded in its tail. Three spears were hurled at the escaping beast, with such accuracy that they all transfixed the heart, and the lion fell dead. You must know that the skin of the lion belongs, according to local custom, not to the warrior whose spear inflicts the fatal wound, but to the man who first rushes in and cuts off the black tip from the tail.

"Two of the three spearmen dashed into the donga, but they found Simba with the black tip still between her teeth, resolutely determined to oppose any hostile claim. The spearmen, who were lost in admiration, agreed that the skin belonged by right of seizure to Simba, and they handed it over to my wife as trustee for the dog."

Mr. Kearton also related the following stories of his adventures, during a very adventurous journey.

"While I was in the Kenia district getting cinematograph pictures I was attacked by fever, and for some days my temperature ranged from 102 to 103 degrees.

"It was while I was in this state that the Somali horsemen told me that they had rounded up four lions. What would I do? I told them that at all costs we would have the fight, and that I and my machine must be carried to the spot, some fifteen miles distant. By the time I arrived three of the lions had escaped, but the fourth was still held up.

"We had with us six Somali horsemen (unarmed) and eighteen Masai spearmen, who were to do the killing, while, as I was unarmed, two spearmen stood guard over me and the camera. The lion made a running fight for about a mile, and again and again charged the horsemen. Then he made a stand.

"The spearmen rushed forward, and at a distance of ten yards six spears were hurled into his body. I was within thirty yards of the beast with my hand on the handle of the machine, but just as the charge was made I fell forward unconscious through weakness. I have no films of that fight."

"On another occasion we rounded up a lioness on the plain. After a running fight she made a stand. I advanced with my machine within thirty yards of the beast and at right angles to the spearmen, who were sixty yards distant, waiting for me to get the camera ready.

"Suddenly the lioness dashed at me roaring, with mouth open and tail up.

"The Hon. Berkeley Cole, the leader of the expedition to which I was attached, shouted, 'Put your camera down; she is coming for you.'

"But my business was to get pictures, and I relied upon my two spearmen guardians, in whom I had great confidence. So I went on turning the handle. The lioness then seemed to realize that I was not the danger, and she darted back and lay down, awaiting the attack of the advancing Masai.

"Then her heart failed her, but as she turned to bolt one of the men hurled a short sword which transfixed her mouth. Turning again she charged the Masai, bit through three of the shields which the warriors carry and wounded three of the men before she fell under the spear thrusts. That was a successful hunt with satisfactory results."

Mr. Kearton then related particulars of a "close shave" with a rhinoceros which he had last year in the same district. On this occasion he did not succeed in obtaining any pictures.

"One morning my friend Clark, of the New York Natural History Museum, and I went to look for a troupe of fourteen lions of which we had heard. We both carried rifles, and two spearmen and some porters accompanied us. Suddenly my camera boy shouted something which I did not catch and bolted past me.

"Sharply turning, I saw the two spearmen and Clark making with all haste for the only tree in sight. I thought the troupe of lions was on us, but in a second or two I heard the unmistakable puffing noise made by the rhinoceros, and then I saw two coming toward me at full speed. I, too, made a dash for the tree.

"But the tree was too thick to climb. The Masai hid behind the trunk. Clark was five yards away with rifle levelled. The two rhinoceroses came on in a cloud of dust at a speed of about twenty miles an hour.

"When they were within four yards Clark, whose rifle had jammed, shouted, 'Fire, Kearton.' I fired and dropped one. His head as he fell almost touched my feet. Within a few seconds he rose, made as though he would charge Clark, and then bolted.

"I thought the second rhinoceros had followed the wounded animal, but it had gone in another direction, and as I dashed round the tree I ran shoulder to shoulder into it. I suffered most in the collision.

"This rhinoceros escaped, but the one I had shot dropped dead within a hundred yards."

WHEN A MAN DON'T MARRY

Friends all around him he sees—
Follies forgot—
Married and settled, while he's
Going to pot.
Happy are they with their wives and
their progenies;
He in his rooms, vainly trying to lodge
in ease,
Gloomily sits, an unwilling Diogenes—
Pity his lot!

There in those homes of the Blessed
Fain would he sit,
Welcomed by all as a guest,
Famed for his wit.
But the young wives view his schemes
with anxiety,
Fearing lest, in his unhallowed society,
John may be lured from his newly found
piety
Back to the Pit.

Plainly his clothing reveals
Needs of a wife—
Socks that are lacking in heels!
Burden his life—
Frayed are his cuffs, and his collars are
tastily
Garnished with spikes, and they grow
in disgrace till he
Burns them, and shirts with new button-
holes hastily
Bored with a knife.

What though, to banish Despair,
Clubward he wends?
Lonely his heart even there—
Gone are his friends.
So by the fire, in the gloom of his garret, he
Muses, till, sent by the gods of their
charity,
Thoughts unaccustomed arise, and bilarity
On him attends—
Thoughts of the men he knows
Bound for their sins,
Deep in connubial woes,
Up to their chins;
Bliss in perfection they sought, and, in
quest of it,
Bartered *their* souls, and their friends
make a jest of it;
That's when he feels that he still has
the best of it—
That's when he grins!

Your Druggist Will Tell You Murine Eye Remedy Relieves Sore Eyes, Strengthens Weak Eyes. Doesn't Smart, Soothes Eye Pain, and Sells for 50c. Try Murine in Your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes for Scaly Eyelids and Granulation.

Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes. Relieved By Murine Eye Remedy. Try Murine For Your Eye Troubles. You Will Like Murine. It Soothes. 50c At Your Druggists. Write For Eye Books. Free. Murine Eye Remedy Co., Toronto.

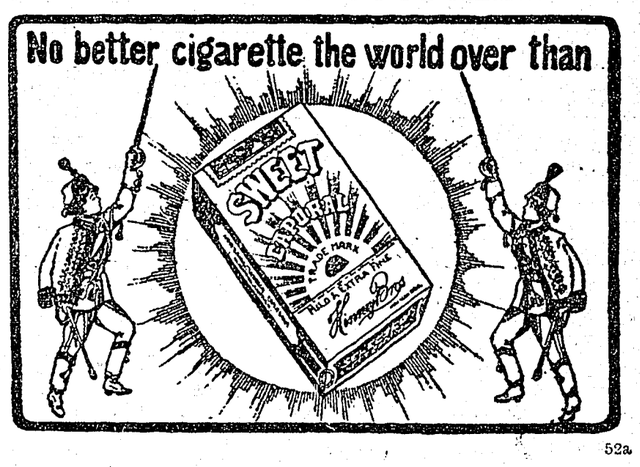
Like Mother Used to Make—At the Blackpool Agricultural Society Show recently, was a class in which six prizes were offered for the best loaves of white bread made by girls attending the local elementary schools. Ninety-five girls entered.

Educating Caddies—Middlesex County Council has decided to contribute $125 a year towards the cost of educating caddies employed at Fulwell Golf Club, the members of which are to provide a class-room and instructor.

Married by Proxy—Miss Johanno Renses, of Utrecht, Holland, has just been married in Holland by proxy. Her bridegroom, Mr. H. Vrolyk, holds an important position in Java, and in the absence of both bride and bridegroom, the couple were represented by their fathers, and a pair of gloves were exchanged, the ceremony being completed by the signing by the parents of the requisite registers and documents.

Profits of Flying—It is officially announced by the Lancashire Aero Club that Mr. Grahame White has been engaged at a fee of $10,000 to give exhibition flights daily during the period of the Blackpool aeroplane exhibition. The retaining fee is the largest which has ever been paid to any aviator.

The August meteors are believed to originate from a large cluster or zone of meteoric bodies, which revolves around the sun in an elliptical orbit, extending far beyond the orbit of the remote planet Neptune, and through which the earth plunges annually. It is also believed by most astronomers that these bodies are scattered over the entire path of the cluster to which they belong, but not in equal numbers throughout. The earth is about ten days in passing through the entire cluster, which, from our velocity in space, indicates that the thickness of the cluster is about 16,000,000 miles. The annual August display usually lasts about six hours, and it is always an event of peculiar interest to astronomers.



THE MOYIE LEADER.

Published in the interest of the people of Moyie and East Kootenay.

F. J. SMYTH, PUBLISHER.

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION LABEL No. 588

RATE OF SUBSCRIPTION

One Year $2.00

FRIDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1910.

Look not upon the wine when it is red. Take gin.

The Salvation Army band is the best band in Fernie. It's a dandy.

The "Man to Man" magazine published at Vancouver is a credit to western Canada.

Regardless of the game law there are people who "shoot snipes" during any old season.

Advertising is an insurance policy against forgetfulness. It compels people to think of you.

Montreal Star: When a man buys an automobile everybody wonders where he got the money, until he calls around to take them out for a ride.

The drowning accident in Moyie lake Wednesday again points out the danger of using a canoe for anything aside from racing and for pleasure purposes.

Some new system should be tried in placing the game law regulations before the public, for the present method is a failure. The blocks of black and white printed on cotton and tacked in conspicuous plares show the open and closed season, but besides these there are additional regulations which in many instances conflict with the original ones. A better plan, and one by which no mistake could occur, would be to have notices posted each month and also printed in the newspapers of the districts effected by the law. Then at a glance a hunter would know the game that was open to kill and that protected for the month.

When Sir Wilfrid Laurier was at Cranbrook recently he took occasion to place his approval upon M. A. Macdonald for the Dominion house, and at Nelson his name was mentioned for the Provincial house. Of course as Sir Wilfrid and his party confined themselves solely to party politics it is not to be wondered at that a little campaign work was done. In fact if a stranger had attended the Cranbrook meeting his thought would have been that the country was in the heat of a political campaign and an election would be held the following day. There is no denying the fact that M. A. Macdonald is a bright, clean cut lawyer, and some day he may occupy an important political position. But so far as the Kootenays are concerned his chances are mighty slim. Mr. Caven has made good at Victoria, and the same can be said of Mr. Goodeve at Ottawa. Each occupies a solid Conservative seat. The placing of a man in nomination by Sir. Wilfrid Laurier will not elect him. It is the ballots of the voters that count, and Mr. Macdonald well knows what it means to be shy of ballots on election day.

Church Meeting

At the request of Father John, a general meeting of the Catholics of Moyie was held in St. Peter's church on Sunday last. The object of the meeting was to make known certain decisions recently arrived at by the Oblate Order regarding Catholic missions in East Kootenay. These missions are now so numerous that the priest in charge will in future be able to hold services in Moyie only on one Sunday, the third, in each month. In order, however, that semi-monthly services may still be had, Father John will arrive here the afternoon of the first Thursday of each month, remaining until the following night, and holding morning and evening services on the first Friday. Satisfactory arrangements for the teaching of regular Sunday school classes were also concluded, and for the efficient management of minor church affairs. Below is the order of services:

First Fridays. Morning prayer, communion at 6 a. m. Mass and instruction at 8:30 a. m. Rosary, instruction and benediction of the blessed sacrament at 7:30 p. m.

Third Sundays. Mass and sermon 10 a. m. Sunday school at 2:30 p. m. Rosary, sermon and benediction of the blessed sacrament 7:30 p. m.

Dance Is Postponed

The dance in aid of the Moyie Fire Brigade, which was advertised to be held next Monday, has been postponed for the present. The dance will probably be given within the next two or three weeks.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

FOR RENT—Small furnished house. Apply to C. F. Bothamley.

Mrs. L. Macdonald, North Tavistock street, is prepared to trim and make hats, also fur and velvet toques.

Miss L. M. Scott, trained nurse of Rathwell Hospital, Winnipeg, is ready for engagements of any kind. Maternity a specialty. Moyie.

Singer Sewing Machines cost very little more than cheap machines. Do the best work and last a life time. Sold on small monthly payments by Geo. B. Powell, Cranbrook. In Moyie on 10th of each month.

Your complexion as well as your temper is rendered miserable by a disordered liver. By taking Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets you can improve both. Sold by the Moyie Drug & Stationery Co.

"Can be depended upon" is an expression we all like to hear, and when it is used in connection with Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy it means that it never fails to cure diarrhoea, dysentery or bowel complaints. It is pleasant to take and equally valuable for children and adults. Sold by the Moyie Drug & Stationery Co.

Don't waste your money buying plasters when you can buy a bottle of Chamberlain's Liniment for twenty-five cents. A piece of flannel dampened with this liniment is superior to any plaster for lame back, pains in the side or chest, and much cheaper. Sold by the Moyie Drug and Stationery Co.

Not a minute should be lost when a child shows symptoms of croup. Chamberlain's Cough Remedy given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, or even after the croupy cough appears, will prevent the attack. Sold by the Moyie Drug & Stationery Co.

At the Churches.

METHODIST CHURCH

Morning service at 11 a. m. Sunday School, 3 p. m. Evening service, 7:30 p. m. A hearty welcome extended to all.

REV. S. COOK, (Pastor)

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.

Morning Service 11 a. m. Sunday school and Bible class at 10 a. m. Evening Service at 7:30 p. m. A hearty welcome to all.

REV. G. A. HACKNEY, B. A. (Pastor)

METAL MARKET.

NEW YORK—Bar silver, 53 cts. Lead $4 50.

LONDON—Lead, £12, 10s

Stock Quotations.

FURNISHED BY BEALE & ELWELL.

	Bid	Asked
Aurora		25
Consolidated Smelters	60.00	72.00
Can. Goldfields	4.	5
North Star	6	10
Society Girl		25

Certificate of Improvements

NOTICE

Delta Fraction Mineral Claim, situated in the Fort Steele Mining Division of East Kootenay District.

Where Located: On the East side of Lower Moyie Lake.

TAKE NOTICE, that I, Selwyn G. Blaylock, F. M. C. No. B24036, acting as Agent for the Consolidated Mining & Smelting Co., of Canada, Limited, Free Miners Certificate No. B24042, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificate of Improvement for the purpose of obtaining Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under Section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvement.

Dated this 1st day of August, A. D., 1910.

LIQUOR ACT, 1910
(Section 19)

NOTICE is hereby given that, on the 20th day of August next, application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police for the grant of a licence for the sale of liquor by wholesale in and upon the premises known as The Moyie Brewery situate at Moyie, B. C., upon the lands described as Lots 4 and 5, Block 1, Moyie townsite.

Dated this 16th day of August, 1910.

MUELLER & HESSE, Applicants.

Thos. Summers

Cigars, Candy, Fruit and Confectionery.
TOYS, NOTIONS ETC.

South Victoria St.

Notice to Gentlemen

If you want anything in the line of clothing or men's furnishings, try

C. A. FOOTE

THE TAILOR

We carry in stock the goods to make an up-to-date suit made in town, or we can get you a special ordered suit made to your measure. We have ready-to-wear Campbell's clothing, the best made and fitting clothing in Canada.

Underwear, shirts, collars, ties, belts, summer hats and nearly everything in the line of furnishings at reasonable prices.

All our goods and work guaranteed. Cleaning, pressing and repairing done.

C. A. Foote

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STOMACH LIVER LUNGS

Each of the chief organs of the body is a link in the Chain of Life. A chain is no stronger than its weakest link, the body no stronger than its weakest organ. If there is weakness of stomach, liver or lungs, there is a weak link in the chain of life which may snap at any time. Often this so-called "weakness" is caused by lack of nutrition, the result of weakness or disease of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. Diseases and weaknesses of the stomach and its allied organs are cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. When the weak or diseased stomach is cured, diseases of other organs which *seem* remote from the stomach but which have their origin in a diseased condition of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, are cured also.

The strong man has a strong stomach. Take the above recommended "Discovery" and you may have a strong stomach and a strong body.

GIVEN AWAY.—Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, new revised Edition, is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the book in paper covers, or 50 stamps for the cloth-bound volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Moyie Hotel

P. F. JOHNSTON Prop.

This hotel is new and well finished. The tables are supplied with the best the market affords. The bar is filled with the best brands of liquors and cigars.

Headquarters for Commercial and Mining Men

MOYIE - - - - - - - B. C.

—THE—

Central Hotel.

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Large sample room in connection with house for commercial men. Best of accommodation.

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KOOTENAY STEAM LAUNDRY.

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All White Labor.

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Leave Orders at Gwynne's Store.

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NELSON, B. C.

Boarding and Day School conducted by Sisters of St. Joseph, Nelson, B. C. Commercial and business courses a specialty. Excellence and swift progress characterize each department. Parents should write for particulars. One month assures the public of the thoroughness of the Sisters' methods of teaching. Terms commence January, April and Sept Pupils are admitted during term.

I. O. O. F.

Wildey Lodge No. 44.

Meets Tuesday evenings in the Miners' Union hall. Sojourning Odd Fellows cordially invited.

N. W. BURDETT, Noble Grand. F. J. SMYTH, Scr'y.

St. Eugene Lodge No. 37

K. of P.

Meets every Thursday evening in McGregor hall at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren welcome

ALBERT GILL, Chancellor Com. E. A. HILL, K. R. & S

Selkirk Lodge, No. 55 A. F. & A. M.

Regular meetings on the first Wednesday of each month.

Visiting brethren welcome.

H. Chapman, W. M.
N. W. Burdett, Secretary

Moyie Miners' Union No. 71 W. F. of M.

Meets in Miners' Union Hall every Saturday evening. Sojourning members are cordially invited to attend.

Joe McLaren, President. James Roberts, Secretary

Harvey, McCarter & Macdonald.

Barristers, Solicitors, Notaries, Etc

Cranbrook, - - B. C.

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BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

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Soft Drinks Bottled are superior to most others Why? It's because we know the art of how to bottle

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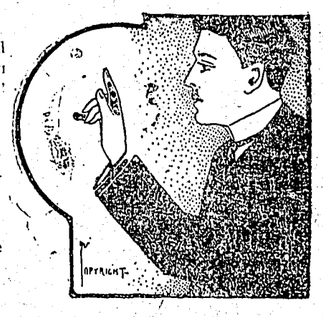

East Kootenay Botting Co.

P. O. BOX 810 PHONE 73

Cranbrook, B. C.

Moyie Beer

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BOTTLED AND DRAFT BEER

MOYIE BREWING CO.

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MORE WELCOME

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THE MILITARY INDIAN BATTLE NIGHT SHOW "CHIEF JOSEPH AND THE BATTLE OF THE CLEARWATER"

A $20,000.00 RACE PROGRAM

$100,000.00 WILL BE SPENT FOR THIS FAIR AND EVERY DEPARTMENT WILL EXCEL.

REDUCED RAILWAY RATES.

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If you are a sick man, suffering from any disorder, we can cure you—PERMANENTLY. You do not have to linger along suffering from disease, because we are medical specialists with many years' experience treating and curing successfully all men's diseases.

HONEST TREATMENT

A sure and permanent cure in all diseases of men—Nervous Weakness, Varicose Veins, Hydrocele, Nervous Ailments, Blood and Skin Disorders, Sores, Ulcers, Kidney, Bladder and Rectal disorders, and all special ailments common to men.

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