The Mining Review.

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IMMENSE COAL FIELDS.

Exist In South Eastern Kootenay.

The Richest Seams in the World--How They Were Discovered.

If we except the Pennsylvanian coa fields, the coal deposits in South East Kootenay are the largest and richest in the whole known world. There may be larger areas of coal lands, but none so wealthy. This immense coal land is in Southeast Kootenay, in the Fort Steele mining division, and its deposits are sometimes known as the Crow's Nest Pass coal fields from their close proximity to that celebrated pass in the Rocky Mountains through which the C. P. R. is now constructing the Crow's Nest Pass railway to open up the Southern district in East and West Kootenay. The coal lands lie in close proximity to the western slope of the Rocky Mountains and are mainly between that range of mountains and the Kootenay river. They extend southward from the Bull river down to near the Tobacco plains close on to the international boundary. Some of the richest seams are in the base of the Elk river and its tributaries. Coal deposits however, exist west of the Kootenay in sections near the St. Mary's and Moyle rivers, and prospecting for coal is now going on in that neighborhood.

The great coal deposits of which so much has been written and said, belonged to a syndicate of men who were the discoverers, and were instrumental in obtaining the construction of the railway through Southeast Kootenay into West Kootenay, and thus opening up this immense territory. The coal lands are now controlled by the C.P.R. and certain companies who will work the coal deposits as soon as railway communication will permit. The discovery of these was the result, as a great many discoveries are, of chance. They were dis covered while Mr. Wm. Fernie, one of the original syndicate, was gold commissioner in the Wild Horse Creek district. There was no Fort Steele in those days, and Mr. Fernie's jurisdiction extended over both of the Kootenays. He held the post in 1881, '82 and '83 and during his regime a trail was constructed from the Wild Horse to McLeod through the Crow's Nest Pass. The trail took some 3 or 4 years to construct. The excitement for placer mining had not then quite died away and a little prospecting was occasionally done. In the bed of one of the creeks, one of the trail constructors found what was thought to be black sand, a sand supposed to be rich in gold. There was a disappointment when it was found that this sand contained no gold, but it was a rich sand nevertheless. It was erosions or rubbings from coal washed down by the stream, which meant there were coal seams somewhere. As the construction of the trail proceeded, outcroppings of coal were found. These discoveries were reported to the gold commissioner, but nothing was done for some years. It was not until the year 1887 that Mr. Fernie, along with associates, commenced prospecting for coal. The result of their labors were that they discovered immense coal field, extending from the Crow's Nest Pass right down the Elk river, a d covering an area of not less than 144 square miles. These coal fields have been visited and reported upon by Dr. Selwyn, C. M. G., late director of the Geological Survey of Canada, who makes the calculation that there are 49,952,000 tons per squre mile. Even if one half of this is available there are in each square mile 24,976,000 tons. In reality inexhaustible. These coal lands are about the same altitude as the Canmore and Banff coal fields in Alberta on the eastern side of the Rockies, namely between four and five thousand feet. The first great series of coal seams are not far from the west end of the Crow's Nest Pass and are between Martin creek and Michael creek, northern tributaries of the Elk river. Here there are no less than twenty seams of coal. They are seen one above the other, the outcrops being quite visible, stretching through gulches and along ridges right up to the summit. Fourteen of the seams are cannel coal. Three of them, the Peter seam, the William's seam and the Jubilee seam, so named from having been discovered on the 22nd of June, 1887, the first jubilee of Her Majesty, are respectively 15, 20 and 30 feet wide. The total width of the seams is 132 feet. After leaving these seams, and some distance away, there is another seam about four miles up Coar creek, another tributary of the Elk river, near the mouth of a steep rock gulley. This is a fine seam and is seven feet thick. The next great series of seams are in the Elk river valley, about seven miles from Coal creek. The first seam is about 1500 feet up the mountain upon the top of a broken down cliff of massive sand stone. This seam is from 25 to 30 feet thick with a slate parting about two feet. Higher up, about 130 feet, on a similar broken down cliff of massive sandstone, is another erect seam of 30 feet thick. Then in close succession, not more than 100 feet apart, are ten other seams, three of which are 10, 15 and 30 feet thick. The total thickness of the twelve seams is 148 feet of coal as against 132 in Martin creek area.

The immensity of these coal fields is scarcely known. The foregoing is a very rough and general description of the deposits, near the Crow's Nest Pass in the basin of the Elk river. Many of the seams are first class coking coals and others are good gas coal, but none of them so far as known are anthracites. The coal has been analyszed by Mr. G. C. Hoffman, F. I. C., chemist and mineralogist of the Geological Survey of Canada. The sum and conclusion of his report is:

"It yields by slow coking, a bulky, coherent, highly vesicular coke, by fast coking, a firm and lustrous coke in concentric layers, in which the form of the particles of coal from which it has been derived is entirely obliterated, and of about the same, or if anything less, bulk than the original coal. When heated in a crucible, it produces a very large amount of gases which burn with a yellow, luminous, very smoky flame. Color of the ash, pale reddish-white, when exposed to a bright red heat it remains unaffected, at a most intense red heat it becomes slightly sintered.

This material constitutes an excellent gas coal, not only by reason of the large amount of volatile combustible matter it is capable of affording, in which respect it is superior to a very large number of cannal coals, which are employed for gas-making, but also from the fact that this would appear to be of superior quality for illuminating purposes."

It will thus be seen that an excellent coke, very low in ash can be produced, a coke not excelled by any other made on the continent. When large smelting works are erected in East Kootenay this fuel supply will be a valuable factor in the smelting of the ore not only for East Kootenay but for her sister district, West Kootenay.—East Kootenay Miner.

GERMANY IS UNEASY.

Does Not Half Like the Franco-Russian Alliance.

Berlin, Aug. 28.—The visit of President Faure to Russia has been very calmly commented on in Berlin, though there is a distinct undercurrent of uneasiness, which tends to show that the newspapers do not believe what they are printing on the subject. The opinion is expressed, however, that the czar has again made it plain to France that Russia cannot be dragged into following the policy of Revanche, and the conviction becomes all the more widespread, as it is understood that, pressed in every quarter, France will relinquish the idea of revenge upon Germany and the re-conquest of Alsace-Lorraine, and will gradually become more friendly to Germany. Doubtless, however, the wish in this case is father to the thought.

There is a decided coolness between the emperor and the king of Saxony. The emperor blames King Albert for the latter's recent decision in the Schoumberg-Lippe succession case as calculated to destroy the belief in the divine-right theory. Because of this coolness King Albert has refused to be present at the army manoeuvers next month, and has accepted the invitation of Francis Joseph of Austria to witness the army manoeuvers in Hungary.

Terrible Condition of White Pass.

SanFrancisco, Cal. Aug. 28.—Thomas McGee, sr., who is en route to the Klondyke Gold Fields with a party of San Franciscans, writes to the Associated Press from Lake Bennett under date of Aug. 15, confirming the previous reports of the terrible condition of the White pass trail from Skagway and telling of the almost insurmountable difficulties to be encountered by the gold hunters, who prefer that route to the more formidable Chilcott pass route. McGee thinks that the majority of the crowd now at Skagway and Dyea will have to abandon all hope of getting into the Yukon country this year and is certain that late comers will have no chance of doing so. He also deplores the fact that so many would-be prospectors seem to overlook the fact that once started from Dyea or Skagway food and other supplies are not to be purchased for love or money, as no one has any more than he needs for himself. He thinks that 75 pounds is about the right amount for each man, but says that hundreds are starting out with less than half of that amount, and predicts disaster.

A GIGANTIC SCHEME.

Promoted by J. M. Harris.

The Spokesman Review: "The most gigantic scheme of development yet contemplated in the Slocan it is about decided to defer getting under way until a more propitious change of prices occurs, although the capitalists who were to come out from the east and review the proposition have not signified their intention of postponing the trip. The project has been worked out by J. M. Harris, president of the Reco company. It is to be a double—track crosscut tunnel, 12 feet high, the lower four feet of which is to be chambered the entire length; one chamber for the outflow of water, and the other for the inrush or air, so as to insure natural ventilation. This tunnel will tap at a great depth, thousands of feet in some instances, and within a distance of two miles the following rich leads, all of which parallel through the main Slocan belt lying between the Seaton and south (or main) forks of Carpenter creek: The Payne, Washington, Reco, Noble Five, Goodenough, Slocan Boy, Robert E. Lee, American Boy, Ajax, Last Chance, Deadman, Antoine and Ruby Silver, Best, Rambler-Cariboo, Dardanelles, Texas, Omega, Blue Bird and Gray Copper, not to mention the blind leads supposed to exist in this phenomenal mineral zone. The exit of the tunnel will be below Sandon, near the Canadian pacific tracks.

Scot McDonald Talks.

He Says the Slocan is Alright in Any Event.

Scot McDonald, manager of the Payne mine has been talking on the silver situation and its bearing on this part of the Kootenay. The Spokesman-Review has the following based on Mr. McDonald's remark's:

"The decline of silver naturally makes the silver miners of the Slocan feel a little blue," said a mining man from that district yesterday, "but they are keeping a stiff upper lip, as a rule, and fortunately there are many mines in that district that can afford to ship even though silver go much lower. Some of them are quite cheerful over the outlook, and do not seem to be downcast on account of the rapid slums in the price of the white metal. Scot McDonald, of the Payne mine, is one of these. Of course he deprecates the loss which the decline necessarily causes, but he says the Payne will continue to ship without a thought of stopping until silver reaches 25 cents, and will make a profit at any price above that figure. The conditions are better in the district than they were last year. Freight is less and treatment charges are reduced, together making a saving which may safely be estimated at $2 over last year. Improved wagon roads to most of the mines as well as the establishment of concentrators on some of the big ones tend to add to the profit of the miner, and make up in some degree for the rapid decline of the product. Lead is now quoted above $3.60, and deducting the duty of $1.50, the net price to the Canadian mine operator is $2.10. It will be seen that the miner is better off with the high tariff at the advanced price than with low duty and low market. The Slocan mine owners may get the blues and complain about the loss of profit under existing conditions, but it is safe to say that they will go ahead mining and shipping their ore unless conditions arise that are not not apprehended."

WORLD'S PRECIOUS METALS.

Director of French Mint Has Made Exhaustive Research.

M. de Foville, director of the French mint, has published a report of the world's production of gold and silver. Like preceding investigators he divides the history into four unequal periods. The first ends with the middle ages, and is of purely historical interest. In fifteenth century Europe possessed a slender stock of gold and silver, whose total has been usually estimated at one thousand millions of francs—$200,000,000. The second period begins with the discovery of America and closes in the middle of the present century; the third extends from 1850 to 1875, comprising the third quarter of the century, in the fourth, beginning in 1875, extends to the present time. In constructing an approximately accurate table of the production of gold and silver during the 402 years which have elapsed between the date of discovery of America and the last year of complete returns—1896—it is evidently necessary that some uniform terms should be used both of quantity and value. The director of the French mint favors the usual standard of comparison of 15½ to 1, estimating the value of each kilogramme of gold at 3,444 fr. 44 cent., and of each kilogramme of silver at 222 fr. 22 cent. A kilogramme, it may be noted, is equal to 2.6803 pounds, or 32.16 ounces troy.

Beginning with the period between 1493 and 1850, comprising 358 years, he finds that the total production of gold was 4,752,070 kilogrammes, valued at 16,363,200,000 francs, and of silver 149,826,750 kilos, valued at 33,294,800,000 francs. The average annual production of gold, which begins with 2,800 kilos, reaches at the end of the period 54,759 kilos, while the annual production of siyler, which begins with 47,000 kilos, closes with 780,315 kilogrammes. But, while at the beginning of the period, the average annual value of the production of gold is double that of silver product would have been very much the greater. In the second period—1851 to 1875—is reached a time in which the gold production greatly exceeded in value that of silver, except as to the one or two years with which it closes. Between 1856 1850 the average annual of gold production was 201,750 kilos; valued at 694,900,000 rancs, and of silver 904,990 kilos, valued at 201,106,000 francs. For the entire period, the production of gold was 4,775,625 kilos, valued at 16,449,400,000 francs, or a little over the entire value of the 358 years. Of the 73,000,000,000 francs of gold and silver produced 1493 and 1875, South America yielded 26,000,000,000. Mexico 18,000,000,000 and the United States 8,000,000,000; the contribution of the New World amounting in all to 53i000,000,000 francs.

In the period between 1876 and 1895 there is a steady increase in the production of silver, accompanied by a temporary decrease of the gold product from its highest point, which was followed by a rapid increase to figures greatly in excess even of those reached during the early days of the Australian and California discoveries. As compared with 1876, the production of gold in 1895 was twice as great, while that of silver had increased in times. In the 402 years over which this review extends, it appears that there have been produced 45,000,000,000 francs in gold and 55,000,000,000 francs in silver, making for the whole period an average of our time, as compared with those of previous centuries, show an extraordinary rate of progression. For example, the average annual product of the sixteenth century was 80,000,000 francs, that of the seventeenth 115,000,000, and of the eighteenth 198,000,000 francs. For the first half of the nineteenth century the annual production of both metals averaged about 227,000,000 francs, but for the twenty-five years following, between 1851 and 1875, there is a leap to the annual average of 930,000,000 francs, two-thirds of which was in gold. But even the average is exceeded between 1876 and 1885, in which ten years, however, the production of silver reaches a nominal value about equal to that of gold. Since 1896 the increase in the annual production of the precious metals has been still more rapid than in the ten years preceding. The average between 1886 and 1890 was 1,340,000,000 francs, and during these five years the course of progression has been so rapid that we pass from a gold product in 1891 of 677,000,000 francs to one of 1,030,000,000 francs in 1895, while of silver the annual production has advanced from 939'000,000 francs of nominal value in 1891 to 1,144,000,000 francs in 1895, the production of the precious metals between 1851 and 1895 being almost exactly equal to that of the whole preceding period since the discovery of America.

EARTHQUAKES IN JAPAN.

Tacoma, Wash., Aug. 30.—The Japanese steamer just brings news verifying the reports cabled to the Associated Press of the severe earthquakes in Japan on August 5, followed by a tidal wave and great floods. Thousands of houses were inundated and 200 persons killed and injured. Seventy-five Chinese villages were inundated.

The Shanghai Chepoo contains a letter from its Foo Chow correspondent, who reports bubonic plague in that large city and suburbs is most serious and people are dying very rapidly. The center of the plague is in the vicinity of the tartar guild house.

The proclamation of the governor of the Phillipine islands, offering free pardon to penitent rebels who surrendered, has now been abrogated.

A terrible danger threatens the sugar planters of Japan from a widespread disease which attacks the roots of the cane. The roots rot and the cane dies. The plants stand helpless before the disease.

MINING BRIEFS.

R.C. Campbell-Johnson has a force of men on the I. C. mine near whitewater.

Four men are at work on the Crown Point, Jackson basin, owned by Dan Bongard and partners.

The Monitor, near Three Forks will resume operations in a short time with a large force of men.

Pete McNicholl is said to have made a big find of free milling gold on the north fork of Lemon creek.

The Currie, near Silverton, have laid off their force of men pending the arrival of new machinery.

T. G. Proctor has just received word from the Sindon informing him of a big improvement in that property's ore showing.

The Great Western is building a waggon road to the Washington. It is the intention to handle a large amount of concentrating ore through the Washington mill.

The Northern Belle No. 2, in the McGuigan basin, has eight men sinking two shafts on the vein. The force will be increased and work on a crosscut started in the near future.

Joe McNaught came over from Slocan Lake yesterday, accompanied by Mrs. McNaught. They are enroute to Spokane. Mr. McNaught is using crutches as the result of a severe ankle sprain sustained some weeks ago.

Chas. Scheel and his brother, while doing some work on the Porcupine claim, situated below the Whitewater, opened up some very rich shipping ore in a surface cut. The width of the ledge has not yet been determined.

The Reed and Tenderfoot, Slocan Lake, upon which an English syndicate with headquarters at Vancouver has spent $25,070, was closed down Sunday by the company's expert. It is not likely to resume operations for some time.

An important bit has been made by Swan and Wright on the divide between Slocan lake and Cariboo creek, the vein being about ten feet in width with three feet of solid clean ore worth $150 per ton and four feet of splendid concentrating ore.

The Howard Fraction, according to a recent visitor, is bringing down ore steadily, notwithstanding that it costs $15 per ton to deliver it on Slocan lake. The same party is responsible for the statement that the owners are putting $65 ore over the dump and double sorting all ore shipped.

All the timbers for the Montezuma mine have been framed and are awaiting the completion of the wagon road to the mine. Everything is ready for the superstructure at the mill site. The machinery is now enroute from the east, and Superintendent Mitchell expects to be able to carry out his plan to start the mine on November 1st.

G. O. Foss came down Wednesday from the scenes of his contract operations in the upper country. His firm is building six miles of wagon road from Silverton up to Four Mile creek. They are also building the Three Forks-New Denver wagon road, besides which they are putting in 6200 feet of ground tram at the Payne. All their work is progressing nicely.

The Spokesman-Review says: Colonel W. W. D. Turner has returned from a trip through the Slocan country, during which he visited the property of the Wonderful group, of which company he is president. "The property is looking well," said he last evening, "but so far we have not got the ledge. Things are booming in Slocan despite the fact that everyone feels more or less depressed over the low price of silver."

The Scottish company, of Edinburgh, who purchased the Slocan Milling company's concentrator and tramway, and the Idaho, Almo, Cumberland and other properties amounting to 18 in all, made the last payment on the deal this week, although it was not due until the middle of next month. The total amount of the deal could not be learned, although it has been reported as high as $400,000. It does not quite reach those figures. Work is being pushed on the Idaho and during the last month 20 carloads of its ore have been run through the mill. The ore gives 270 ounces of silver and 40 per cent. lead.

Since last March the Slocan Boy has shipped 11 cars of ore and has now more ore in sight on the 100-foot level than ever before. The ore body is two feet wide and the ore averages 125 ounces in silver and 67 per cent. in lead. About 300 feet southeast of the main vein some development has been done lately on a small parallel vein. Two carloads of ore have been shipped from this ledge another carload is just about made up. The ore is very high grade, the last car shipped having netted over $7,000. Assays from ore now on the dump run as high as 700 ounces in silver per ton. The owners anticipate working the property by tunnels run in on the small vein.

C. Klopfer, M. P. from South Wellington, and Messrs. J. C. Kelcher and Geo. Newton, of Guelph, Ont., were in Silverton last Monday visiting old-time friends and acquaintances—Messrs. W.H. and D. Brandon. They are heavily interested in the Canadian group, which lies contiguously on the Sandon and Silverton slopes of the summit between the two places. They had examined their properties and were so well pleased with the outlook for them that they decided upon more expensive development work, looking to future operation of the mines—as they do not look upon the fall in the price of silver as fatal to the mining interest of the the silvery Slocan. These gentlemen also made a flying trip through other other sections of the Kootenay and British Columbia, and were favorably impressed with all that they saw of it.

SOLDIERS FOR COIN.

Two Hundred American Mercenaries Bound For Cuba.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 30.—Two hundred Americans and three carloads of ammunition are supposed to leave Chicago tomorrow night for Jacksonville, Florida, there to board the steamer Soledad for some point in Cuba. The date of Sleland's sailing is fixed for Saturday. The Americans composing the Chicago-Cuba contingent consist mostly of the unemployed. They are enlisted for twelve months and are to receive a salary of $20 per month. In the event of Cuba's receiving her freedom from Spain each soldier is promised a large tract of land and a sum of money.

Unless Spanish Consul Ferando Standy Gimilex, who will ask the federal court for an injunction prohibiting the moving of these men and ammunition, is successful, the men are to meet to-day with knapsacks and rifles, ready to join the forces of Gomez in the Pinar de Rio district. The Spanish council, acting under orders from Minister DeLome, now at Lennox, Massachusetts, has sent out a notice to all lines running south, warning them not to carry any material counterband of war or any material that may be subsequently used for, or by, Cuban insurgents. Minister DeLome wired Secretary Sherman at Washington, calling attention to the fact that a party of insurgents had engaged passage from Chicago to Jacksonville, and calling on the secretary to take measures to prevent the departure of these men and to seize what ammunition is found billed for Cuba.

YANKEE DEPREDATORS.

They Make Raids and Steal Growing Crops From Indians.

Victoria, Aug. 27.—James Dean, from Queen Charlotte island, reports depredations by American smugglers there. At one of the Indian villages, when the people were away for the season's fishing, the Yankees landed and stole the whole of the growing crop of potatoes and sold them in Juneau. These smugglers, on an other occasion, boldly opened a store among the Indians of another part of the island and sold them goods smuggled in from the United States. Cattle killing and other depredations having been done the Indian and customs department here are being asked for protection to put down the troubles.

From Edmonton to Yukon.

Mr. C. N. Bell, secretary of the Winnipeg board of trade, received a telegram from the deputy minister of the interior informing him officially of the government's intention to send a small detachment of police northward from Edmonton to Yukon, for the purpose of investigating the feasibility of a pack trail or wagon road overland. The police will be accompanied by two representatives of the Edmonton Board of Trade. The telegram does not make any reference to the government's intention to bear a share of these civilians; but in the meantime they are receiving financial aid from the merchants of Edmonton and some of the wholesale merchants of Winnipeg. The party will return during the winter and report to the minister of the interior.

ARRESTED FOR MURDER.

John Taylor, Cook at the Selkirk Mine in the Toils.

An "eye that never sleeps" from the Western States has been hovering around Sandon for some time past, and the arrest of John Taylor, cook in the Selkirk mine about two miles from town appears to offer a clue to his business. Like the Arab, he folded his tent and departed hurriedly without anyone knowing "whence he cometh or whether he goeth," but the arrest on Thursday last isan apparent explanation for the mystery surrounding the visit of the mysterious man. Taylor is a man about 35 years of age, with rather a light complexion but black moustache and grey eyes. He stands about 5 feet 7 inches high and weighs probably 145 pounds. He has worked around Sandon for some months past, the latter four being cook at the Selkirk mine where he was when arrested by Constables Mountain and Callin about noon on Thursday.

Constable Mountain was away to Kamloops with a prisoner for some days and on his return Thursday among his mail matter was a warrant endorsed by Judge McAdam, of Nelson, asking him to arrest John Taylor for shooting a sheriff in Arkansas some four years ago who was going to arrest him for cattle stealing. But very little was learned of Taylor's history while here. He put in his time the same as other men of his class, and said but little about himself, but generally gave out he was the owner of a ranch in Idaho, and on one occasion said he had been in Arkansas.

Coming down, however, he made the damaging admission he expected to be arrested but not for murder. Another damaging feature in his case is he is alleged to have several aliases, the last one being "John Taylor." He took his arrest very coolly, however, and went with the officers without a murmur. He was taken to Nelson, Friday, where we understand, the American Sheriff is waiting for him. Whether he will resist removal without extradition papers we know not. If he goes cross without a contest, very little more will be known about him until he has his trial over there.

The detective sent here to locate his man had about given up the job after a most diligent search, when he was advised from headquarters Taylor had written a letter on one of the letter heads of the Selkirk mine. This was the clue that led to his location and arrest. But for this the detective would have gone home satisfied Taylor was not in the vicinty of Sandon.

Klondyke Swindles.

A correspondent writes to the Engineering and Mining Journal asking it to vigorously raise its voice against the numerous swindles being worked with the aid of the Klondyke excitement. The New York papers of Sunday contained numerous invitations to subscribe to the stock of companies and syndicates formed and forming for the alleged purpose of doing something or other in the Klondyke. Thousands and millions are promised investors. The columns of Chicago papers contain dozens of similar advertisements. All over the Central, West and East the same thing is observable, and there is good reason to believe the general public is pouring in its money, in individual driblets, that aggregate a large whole. Probably not one in a hundred of these companies, so called, has any intention of sending anybody to Alaska. The purpose of the promoters is simply to gather a few thousands by means of a cheap, vulgar swindle. Getting as much money as possible, they will vanish.

The "stockholders" in the concern, actuated by better faith, will fare no better. The ground is placer ground and rich. If a new comer should in the brief period of possible prospecting locate anything good human nature will have to change, and history is a lie if stockholders ever get their share. Rich placer bars always were and always will be an individual mining proposition. No one has found the source of the Alaska gold. No one will hunt very hard for it until the bars are washed out.

Sandon Ore Shipments.

The following is a list of ore shipments over the K. & S. from Sandon from Aug. 27 to Sept. 2:

MINE.	TONS.
Payne	316
Ruth	210
Noble Five	31
Slocan Star	105
Slocan Boy	15
Saphire	10

The Mining Review

SANDON, BRITISH COLUMBIA,

SATURDAY.....SEPTEMBER 4, 1897.

SUBSCRIPTION $2.00 PER YEAR

STRICTLY IN ADVANCE.

ANNEXATION OR INDEPENDENCE.

There are still a few American papers that will have it there is a growing sentiment in Canada for annexation or independence. Nothing is further from the truth. In the political tangles of the past 60 years, occasionally would-be political leaders expressed themselves as favorable to one or other, not that they saw Canadians' freedom or liberty in anyway tied or jeopardised by our connection with the mother country, but merely because they—the politicians themselves—could not secure the hold on the people their ambitions desired. It is quite possible, nay, it is more, it is an actual fact, that Canadian interests could be improved by somewhat better trade relations with brother Jonathan—that amended commercial ties would better serve both countries, but closer political relations could serve no useful purpose to Canada, at least. At the present time the mother country selects our governor-general instead of his being chosen by our own people, and that is all the control she exerts over our political or other institutions, and in return for this we have the assured military protection of the most powerful and most enlightened nation on the face of the globe.

In the interpretation given to the late tariff of the Canadian government by the imperial authorities, it has been settled that England can make no trade or other treaties that can in any way affect our political or commercial interests that—may in any way affect us prejudicially, so that in these, the most important of all material respects, we are declared the architects of our own fortunes.

Some people are disposed to declare that with annexation and the adoption of a Republican form of government, we would have more freedom—the laboring man would become the equal of the millionaire, but in the only instance in which this is possible across the lines, in the ballot booth, it is a question if that liberty is not cultivating serious injury to financial and general industrial interests.

There are in every quarter across the lines, complaints that capital is crushing labor and that labor is tying up capital, even in a Republic of such universal liberty and such advaneed intelligence. These complaints in these channels, are not louder where anarchy prevails.

In the judiciary and probity of the courts too there is no comparison between the conditions of things on both sides of the line. In most cases in the States the popular vote selects the judiciary, and many officials in high positions, subject then to the political caprice of the people, are disposed to make the best use possible of their short-lived incumbency. It will be acknowledged that our commercial interests are too much hampered by tariffs. The remodeling of which, however, rests in the hands of the people themselves; but, outside of that aspect of the situation, a full consideration of the whole question could suggest but few improvements to accrue from changed political relations with the mother country.

CLEAN UP YOUR BACK YARDS.

The wisdom of Mr. Harris' design, in the early days of the town, to give the place a full supply of as pure water as is to be found in the world, is now apparent to all who give the matter even a passing thought. While many towns in the country have traces of contagious diseases, Sandon is entirely free from them, fever being almost unheard of. The soil of this country is very porous, and water readily percolates through it, and as readily picks up any impurities in the soil met with in its way. This is the cause of the fever at Slocan City, which we are happy to say is now well under control. There the privies are all sunk in the ground and nearly in the same strata as the water supply got from wells. Nothing but disease need ever be expected under such circumstances. Some clergymen and other persons, more devout than wise, will say under such circumstances the deaths are the visitation of God for some wise purpose, that man cannot understand, forgetting altogether that they are from natural causes. Deaths must come and will come, but, when prematurely, they are in ninety-nine cases out of every hundred, the result of man's ignorance, through conflict with the laws of nature.

We have now as good a water supply for domestic purposes as is to be had in the world, and ample for fire protection in the hands of a disciplined brigade and a careful community, so that if the people want to avert what are called the "visitations of God" for special purposes, by persons more devout than wise; all that is necessary is to look well after the cleanliness of privies, back yards and other premises where waste matter finds room for collection. Let the people, one and all, do this, and half the doctors will have to turn their swords into pruning hooks and study war on disease no more, and many an aching heart for a departed friend will be spared its deep remorse.

A RECORD OFFICE.

In conversation with a REVIEW reporter last week Col. Baker incidentally remarked, "We may have to remove the Denver office to Sandon." So far as our interests are concerned. The REVIEW has no desire to see anything taken from any place that is locally serviceable, but we have a strong desire to see the imperative needs of our own town fairly met. Every man who knows anything of the situation is fully aware that to the present two-thirds of the silver mining of the country is done within three miles of Sandon, and seven-eights of the whole shipping, if we except the Hall Mines at Nelson. Of course what the future MAY develop in other sections we know not—it is all uncertainty and governments should not legislate for uncertainties when there are certainties that imperatively call for prompt attention. It is an also acknowledgedfact that the hills round about Sandon are literally full of ore, which will call for untold entries, transfers, development, improvement, etc., all of which call for official records from time to time. Then why should those interested be forced to trudge distances away—even if but short ones—to make those registrations, when they could just as readily be made at home. Of course, The REVIEW is not in the shoes of the government, and will not; therefore, in public interest be called on to say whether or not the removal of the office from New Denver would be better than the establishment of a new one here. This is a point on which the government must express its own opinion, after considering local needs and administrative economy. All we have to deal with is the facts as we find them, and they are that Sandon demands a Record office, and if the the government is impelled by a desire to properly serve the public interests, as we think it is, it will not longer withhold a Record office from us.

Our good brother Lowry has gotten deep into the "ignoramus" business, a berth that fits him admirably. He can find no one "ignoramus" enough to give him $3,500 for his penny-whistle here, though he is scouring the country for a purchaser.

CONFLICT WITH STRIKERS.

Scab Miners Attacked by a Mob of Women at McDonald, Pa.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 27.—The first attempt to start any of the coal mines in this district has been made at the Champion mines of Robbins & Co., near McDonald, Pa., of the Panhandle railroad. Two carloads of foreigners, gathered up from about Pittsburg, were sent to the Champion mines about daylight and put to work loading slack into cars. The miners heard of the arrival of the new men, and 500 women march d on the mine. The new men were attacked with stones and clubs and driven from the cars. The women followed them up and the foreigners, without r sisting, fled to Noblestown.

The women then returned to McDonald, and dumped the slack that had been loaded, from the cars. They were met by 1,000 strikers, and, headed by a band, they marched a short distance from the mine, where they are now encamped, watching for the return of the non-union miners. The company says it is determined to load the slack and a conflict is expected if the new men are brought back to the mine.

Bright's Disease.

"They have done me any amount of good," were the words of Mr. Nelson Green, Galt, Ont., in speaking of his rescue from kidney and uninary difficulty by the use of Doan's Kidney Pills. Mr. Green says that he only tried them out of curiosity, but it was a lucky experiment, for Doan's Pills made a complete cure in his case. He is now a cured man, feeling strong, well and in good spirits.

NEW K. & S. ROLLING STOCK.

Supt. Copeland Has Gone to Bonner's Ferry to Meet It.

The Kaslo and Slocan railway, to keep abreast of the growing business of the Kaslo-Slocan country, recently ordered fifteen new freight cars and two new passenger coaches. The shipment is now at Bonner's Ferry. Thursday evening Superintendent Copeland left to engage a tug to tow the shipment home. He was unable to obtain one and returned to-day. The shipment is expected in early next week. The travelling public will no doubt appreciate the new coaches, and in the future ore shippers and others will find no difficulty in being supplied with freight cars. These last owing to heavily increased ore shipments were absolutely necessary. The K. & S. people deserve great praise for the enterprise.—Kootenaian.

Slocan City.

M. L. Grimmett as agent for H. C. Holden, James Gray and John Thomas, has applied for a certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining a crown grant to the Caturdin mineral claim, adjoining the Two Friends.

Work will shortly begin on the Lone Dutchman group, located on Alpine mountain on Lemon creek, about one mile from the Alpine group; assays from the surface give $14 gold, 70 ounces silver; $82 gold, $24.50 gold and 25 ounces of silver. There is a clean three feet of quartz, nearly all in iron. The group consists of the Lone Dutchman, North Star, Charming Widow and Rawhide, owned by T. Henderson, J. Radcliffe, E. B. Dunlap and Henry Reichart.

Assurances have been given by those in a position to know whereof they speak that ample capital is ready and waiting to erect a custom mill on Lemon creek for the reduction of the free gold ores of that district as soon as satisfactory proof is furnished that a continuous supply of ore can be furnished. The mine owners of that locality would have no difficulty in furnishing the desired proof, and serve their own best intersts by doing this at once. The completion of the Lemon creek trail before snow flies now being practically a foregone conclusion, no opportunities should be lost to interest waiting capital.—News.

More Klondyke Companies.

New York, Aug. 27.—The Joseph Ladue Gold Mining & Development company of Yukon has been organized under the laws of the State of New Jersey, with a capital stock of $5,000,000. Ladue is founder of Dawson City. The directory of the company contains such well known names as those of Eli A. Gage, son of the secretary of the treasury; Chauncey M. Depew and ex-Postmaster General Thomas J. James. Ladue will be manager and the sum of $1,000,000, it is said, will be spent developing his large holdings.

Trenton, N. J., Aug 27.—Articles of incorporation were filed to-day by the United States, British Columbia & Klondyke Mining & Development company, capital $2,000,000, all of which is paid in. The incorporators are: E. Arden Noblitt, of New York; H. Elbert Barrett and Edwin L. Loomers, of Syracuse; Henry C. Percy and William J. Wassmutch, of Brooklyn.

Slocan Railway News.

Engineer C. E. Perry, of the C. P. R., states that the manager is soon expected to be on the ground to look over the work of the Slocan branch from the crossing to Slocan City.

The passenger and the transfer dock at Slocan City is 900 feet in length, 30 feet wide, and all planked. Steamer passengers may step from the platform to the cars. The wharf is all on piles and the end of it is in 40 feet of water. A track is being laid parallel to the wharf to the station, waiting rooms, etc. All along the front of the wharf, cribbing is being put in and the inside filled in for station grounds. It will be available at all stages of water. The freight shed is 30x60 feet.

100 Per Cent. Better.

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pils are curing heart and nerve troubles in every city, town and village in Canada. Mrs. F. Abbey, Toronto, says, "Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills cured my husband who had for fifteen years suffered with weak nerves caused by heart trouble. He was subject to pains in the head, dizziness, fainting spells, sleeplessness, etc. He is now free from these troubles, and feels 100 per cent. better than when he began using the pills."

News in General.

The new wagon road between Denver and Three Forks is going right along, and it will not be many moons ere it will be navigable by craft of the four-wheeled sort. With widening of the trail between Silverton and Denver, which is only a matter of time, Silvertonians can drive into all the interior camps, which will be a vast improvement on the present method of getting there the best way you can.

The sanitory inspector finished his work at Slocan City last week, and as a result he closed down all the wells there. He found wells and closets in the same strata of gravel, and held that the prevalence of malaria was due to the use of the water which he found infected with seepage from vaults. He also ordered hotel backyards and other places where rubbish had been allowed to accumulate, thoroughly cleaned up, and the sanitary condition otherwise improved.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS TRADE MARK

IF YOU HAVE WEAK BACK, LAME BACK, BACKACHE, LUMBAGO OR RHEUMATISM,

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS WILL CURE YOU.

DO YOUR HANDS OR FEET SWELL? IF SO YOU HAVE WEAK KIDNEYS. DOAN'S PILLS WILL STRENGTHEN THEM.

HAVE YOU DROPSY, KIDNEY OR URINARY TROUBLES OF ANY KIND? IF SO, DOAN'S PILLS WILL CURE YOU.

SOMETHING WORTH KNOWING.

HEADACHES, DIZZINESS, FRIGHTFUL DREAMS, DISTURBED SLEEP, DROWSINESS, FORGETFULNESS, COLD CHILLS, NERVOUSNESS, ETC., ARE OFTEN CAUSED BY DISORDERED KIDNEYS.

EVEN IF YOUR MEMORY IS DEFECTIVE YOU SHOULD ALWAYS REMEMBER THAT DOAN'S PILLS CURE ALL KIDNEY TROUBLES, AND EVERY DOSE HELPS THE CURE.

SOLD AT ALL DRUG STORES.

MINING STOCKS AND OTHER INVESTMENTS.

Every Representation Guaranteed.

J. M. Harris

SANDON, B. C.

THE... GOODENOUGH

SANDON, B. C.

American Plan, $3.50 per day.
European Plan, $2.00 per day.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS.

MRS. M. A. SMITH, Prop.

NEW GOODS JUST IN

A full line of

Ladies' Underwear

The Newest Blouses

Just in, also Ladies' and Children's Sailors at the lowest prices.

MISS E. WILSON

Cody Avenue.

M. J. HENRY

NURSERYMAN AND FLORIST

VANCOUVER, B. C.

Greenhouse, Nursery, Apiary and Post-office Address, 604 Westminster Road.

Large stock of flowering bulbs for fall planting, at eastern prices or less.

Finest stock of transplanted three or four-year-old fruit trees I ever offered.

An extra choice assortment of small fruit plants and brushes, roses, ornamentals, etc., at the lowest cash prices.

NO AGENTS! Send for a catalogue before placing your orders, it will pay you.

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Carries a complete line of Clothing, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, and in fact every thing in the Gents' Furnishing line.

E. S. TOPPING

TRAIL, B. C.

Has mines and mining stocks for sale; will try to protect investors.

LOTS FOR SALE IN TRAIL AND DEER PARK.

Will examine and report on mines. Twenty-eight years' experience in mining. Come or write.

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Incorporated by Royal Charter 1862.

Capital (with power to increase).....$2,920,000
Reserve.....486,666

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CANADA:—Canadian Bank of Commerce. Merchants Bank of Canada, the Molsons Bank. Imperial Bank of Canada and Bank of Nova Scotia. UNITED STATES:—Canadian Bank of Commerce (Agency), New York; Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago. The London and San Francisco Bank, Limited, Tacoma. The Puget Sound National Bank, Seattle. The Exchange National Bank, Spokane. AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND:—Bank of Australasia. HONOLULU:—Bishop & Co.

HENRY F. MYTTON, Manager
Sandon Branch.

H. C. Holden. F. M. Gray.

...HOLDEN & GRAY...

HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS

PAPER-HANGERS, &c., &c.

A large stock of Wall Paper, &c., constantly on hand.

We get our paints from the East at reduced figures and give our customers the benefit.

Can be found at Black's hotel or the Balmoral.

GIVE US A CALL.

All Smokers Like

A Well-finished Pipe, the best sample of Tobacco, Cigars and Cigarettes procurable—and JACOB KELSEN has them. He has also the latest arrival of Fruits, and Billiard Tables for recreation. Give him a call.

Something New.

In buying largely dealers are enabled to get the best in the wholesale markets. They have bought in the best markets, for cash, a

A COMPLETE STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES

Specially adapted for a mining camp. In addition to stock—in ladies,' gents' children's goods—for town wear they have a complete assortment for miners' purposes, selected with the greatest care. We are open now, and invite the inspection of all in need of foot wear. Our prices are moderate and variety unequalled.

We has just bought a complete stock

Gents' Furnishings.

Bargains for you, if you buy from us.

GOLDEN BROS.

Opposite Black's Hotel.

CLIFFE'S BOOKSTORE

is headquarters in the Slocan country for the following goods:

WALL PAPER

100 varities

Novels—endless variety

CHURCH BOOKS

for all denominations

Cloth Bound Books—including Poets

Blank Books for all purposes

Inks—all makes

STATIONERY

in great variety

School Supplies for all

Musical Merchandise

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Toys, Games

In fact everything in our lines use or fancy can suggest.

Lowest Prices

in the

Kootenay Country.

CLIFFE & CO.

Opposite Sandon Hotel, Sandon.

DEADLY CRIPPLE CREEK.

The Toughest Town in America.

Cripple Creek, Col., awakes to find itself famous with a grim and ghastly fame. According to the official figures of Coroner Marlo, of St. Pasco county, Cripple Creek is the deadliest spot on earth. It is a place where men die with their boots on more numerously than anywhere else within the limits of civilization. Human life is cheap indeed out there. Mining is commonly called its leading industry, but the undertaking business must run it pretty close. The total population of Cripple Creek is not over 5,000. At the unusual ratio of one adult man to three minors and women there are not over 1,250 men in this death ridden town. One adult man out of every six and a half, then, in Cripple Creek is booked for a violent death within three years and a half. Isn't this the toughest town in the United States? A few comparisons will prove that it is. Murder is a commonplace and suicide a conventional there. To rival the lethal record of this wild western town there would have to be 200,000 persons murdered, self killed or otherwise violently put to death every three and a half years in New York state. Comparing the murder and suicide figures given by Coroner Marlow with those of the United States the result is even more startling. There were about 8,000 murders in the country last year. The total population of the United States is about 75,000,000. The murder rate, therefore, is about 8.125 of the population per annum. Cripple Creek's murder rate is 11 in 5,000 annually. At the killing pace set in this American slaughter-house there would be 154,000 murders every year in the United States instead of 8,000. In other words, Cripple Creek is scoring at least 16 times as many murders every year as the average score of the whole country. Coroner Marlow says nobody has been hanged either judicially or extra-judicially for any of the 38 murders committed in Cripple Creek since January, 1894. The suicide returns of this bad town compare with those of the whole country with equally startling effect. The number of suicides reported in the United States averages about 1,400 per year. At the Cripple Creek rate of 13 suicides per year in a population of 5,000 the annual number of suicides in the United States would be about 169,000. In other words, the suicide ratio of Cripple Creek to the rest of the country is 120 to 1. It was far safer to be in the ranks of the Union armies during the great civil war than to live in Cripple Creek to-day. In the bloody battle of that four years' strife fewer men were killed relatively to the number engaged than have died by some form of violence or other in Cripple Creek in the past three and a half years. The total number of Union soldiers engaged in those battles was 2,326,330. The ratio of men killed on the field, therefore, to the total number engaged was about one in every 34 in four years. The Cripple Creek ratio of killed is 20 to 5,000 every three and a half years, which is nearly one in every 25. The roar of artillery, rattle of musketry and clash of cold steel are less deadly than the conditions of every-day, peaceful civilization at Cripple Creek, Col.

A CANYON CREEK FIND.

Five Claims Which are Said to Run High in Value.

News of a find, which appears to be of considerable importance, comes from Canyon creek. There are five claims in the group recorded under the names of Silver Hill, Simcoe, North Fork, Green Crown, and S.&N. Fraction. The main lead, running through the Silver Hill is said to show a width of 20 inches and a paystreak of 16 inches. An assay from it gave a result of 410 ounces of silver; $1.10 in gold; 30 per cent. lead and 11½ per cent. copper. The ledge is in slate, dips to the west, and is said to be uncovered for a distance of 1900 feet. The claims were located on June 19th by E. Todd, Mike Johnson, G. C. Sprig, L. L. Workman and Rand McDonald.

They Do Good Work.

The following letter tells what people think about Laxa Liver Pills:

DEAR SIRS,—I gladly testify to the virtues of Laxa's Liver Pills. I used to be troubled with severe headaches and constipation for a long time, and took these pills hoping for a cure, and my hopes were rapidly fulfilled. I have found them a never failing remedy and heartly recommend them.

Signed, MISS S. LAWSON,
Moncton, N. B.

Proper Co-Operation.

The New York Mail says: President McKinley's determination to establish a military post in Alaska and garrison it with a company of regular troops as soon as actual conditions make it necessary, is altogether praisworthy. The troops will serve simply as an auxiliary to the civil authorities in upholding the law and providing protection for life and property, and their functions will be practically the same as those of the Canadian Mounted police, now on duty in the Klondyke district. The Canadian mounted police, it is well to point out, were assigned to service by the Dominion Government in 1894, on the request of American citizens who were then engaged in mining operations close to the boundary line between British and American territory. They had appealed to President Cleveland for a military police, and generally they besought the Canadian authorities, who promptly sent a mounted force to the district where it has remained on duty over since, receiving additions from time to time, as its work has increased. Now, however, the sudden influx of population into our own territory is causing conditions which the Canadian police are powerless to deal with, and it becomes the duty of this government to co-operate with Canada in guaranteeing peace, security and due regard for property rights in the territory as a whole.

The Right Man.

Only from a strong sense of duty and desire to serve the Dominion Government, in giving the newgold mining territory a great start, did Major Walsh consent to become administrator of the Yukon, says the London Advertiser. It is a most appropriate appointment. Major Walsh served the Dominion as head of the Northwest Mounted Police at the time when Hon. David Mills was Minister of the Interior. Senator Mills informs us that he proved a most capable officer, and did splendid service for the Dominion at a critical time in the history of our Northwest Territories. Sitting Bull, it will be remembered, led a large body of his Sioux braves into the Northwest, and the incursion did a great deal towards decreasing the means of subsistence on the plains available for Canadian tribes. In dealing with Sitting Bull and his followers, Major Walsh exhibited great pluck and skill, and prevented this country from drifting into an Indian war. The intrepid Major, was in fact, the chief instrument in ridding Canadian territory of Sitting Bull and his troublesome retinue. His courage, prudence and good sense secured peace for the Northwest and saved the country very large expenditures that would have been necessary had hostilities spread. A man with the experience of Major Walsh will be of great value in preserving order at Klondyke. If anyone foolisly attempts to evade the laws of the land or causes disorder, he will find that he will have to reckon with "a firm administrator, backed by the whole people. For this reason, we believe that the Klondyke will be a model camp.

Bogus American Notes.

There was presented at the Treasury Department at Washington a few days since for redemption two $1,000 7-30 notes of the issue of June 15, 1865. The presentation was made by a business firm of Louisville Ky. Upon examination the notes were found to be counterfeit notes which appeared in the principal bond markets about 1865 and 1867. The imitation of the genuine is so complete that many of the principal dealers in United States securities purchased them freely and only discovered that they had been victimized when the notes were thrown out by the authorities at Washington. The loss to bankers and dealers through this counterfeit amounted probably to several thousand dollars. The only marked difference between the original and counterfeit is found in the red seal, the points surrounding the seal in the genuine being broader, more clearly defined and not so long. There is also a small spot just below the bar between the baskets of the balance which the figure of America hold suspended. At the secret service bureau it is said that the plate from which these notes were printed was captured November 21, 1867, from William A. Brockway, who is now serving a term of ten years in Trenton, N J., penitentiary, for counterfeiting $500 gold certificates.

AUTONOMY FOR CUBA.

Senor Sagasta, the Liberal Leader, Is In Favor of Granting It.

Madrid, Aug. 27.—Senor Sagasta, the Liberal leader, has made a fresh declaration on the political situation. He says it is daily growing worse in Cuba and continues serious in the Philippine islands. Senor Sagasta is ready to apply autonomy to Cuba, and expresses the belief that the Liberals will assume power earlier than expected. Senor Sagasta asserts that the Carlists are already prepared for a rising, and are only awaiting a false step upon the part of the government, or a favorable opportunity, to take up arms.

The Wonder of the Age.

DEAR SIRS,—I must honestly say I have tried your valuable medicine B.B.B. for the disease called the prairie itch, and have found this remedy to be the wonder of the age. I took only three bottles and to my great satisfaction was completely cured. I can highly recommend it to all who suffer from any skin disease or impurity of the blood.

HAROLD DIX,
Rat Portage, Ont.

Laurier's Return.

Quebec, Aug. 27.—There has been great excitement in town since the Labrador was signalled. The steamer is due here 7 o'clock to-morrow morning. The government boat, the Druid, will go out and meet the Labrador at St. Lawrence island. Sir Wilfred and Lady Laurier will board the Druid there, which will arrive here at 10 o'clock. Sir Wilfred and party will drive to the Chateau Frontenac at 2 p. m. The mayor of Quebec, in the name of the citizens, will read an address to Sir Wilfred at Victoria park. In the evening, at the city hall, an address and a piano will be presented to Lady Laurier. There will also be an illumination and a day of fireworks in Victoria park.

Retaliatory Measures.

The Mail's Ottawa correspondent says the policy which the lumbermen of the Liberal shade of politics expect the government to pursue regarding the United States timber duties, is to negotiate at Washington with politicians there for lower duties. The task will in all probability be allotted to John Charlton M.P., and not till this trial has been exhausted is it likely the proposal to adopt an export duty on logs will be adopted. Levi Cannell, president of the Ottawa Liberal Association, who is largely interested in the lumber trade, discussed the subject to an interviewer as follows: "If we are going to approach the American government to negotiate for a lower duty is it right that we should retaliate now or should we not wait until we see what negotiations can be made before hitting so hard. Of course there are two ways of looking at it. We may look at it from a patriotic standpoint we will see that we have to go slow in order to keep the trade of that country, and the trade of the United States is of no small consideration to Canadian lumbermen. We did not say we opposed the export duty on logs but we must first find what the effect will be and what can be done before we act too strongly in this matter."

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething, if disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child, suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth. Send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the gums and reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE

18th August, 1897.

His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to appoint William Sinclair Gore, Esquire, of the City of Victoria, to be Water Commissioner under the provisions of the "Water Clauses Consolidation Act, 1897.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE,
18th August, 1897.

His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor in Council has been pleased to direct the publication of the undermentioned Scale of Fees, payable under the provisions of the "Water Clauses Consolidation Act, 1897."

By Command,
JAMES BAKER,
Provincial Secretary.

SCHEDULE ONE.

Records of Water for Domestic, Agricultural, Industrial and Mining Purposes.

For every record or interim record of 100 inches of water or less	$ 5 00
For every additional 100 inches up to 300 inches	5 00
For every additional 50 inches above 300 inches	5 00
For apportioning the water authorised to be used under any record	5 00
In respect of every record or interim record (except in respect of water recorded and actually used for agricultural) an annual fee up to the first 300 inches of	3 00
For every additional 50 inches an annual fee of	1 00
Inspection or search of any record in any record of water rates	0 25
Filing any notice or document with a Commissioner or a Gold Commissioner	0 50
For certified copies of any record or or document per folio of 100 words	0 25
Publication in the Gazette according to the scale of charges as defined in Schedule A of the "Statutes and Journals Act."	
Annual fees to be paid to the Commissioner for the District on or before the 30th day of June in each year.	

SCHEDULE TWO.

The Supplying of Water by Water-Works Systems to Cities, Towns and Incorporated Localities.

Every Municipality or specially incorporated company shall pay in respect of each of the several matters Schedule One of this Schedule mentioned the fees in respect of such matter by Schedule One prescribed:

For the presenting by a specially incorporated company on petition under section 53 of the Act and the filing of the documents by section 52 prescribed, a fee of	$ 25 00
For every Certificate issued under section 55 of the Act, a fee (to be paid to and for the use of a Judge of the Supreme Court granting such a petition) of	100 00

SCHEDULE THREE.

The Acquisition of Water and Water Power for Industrial or Manufacturing Purposes by Power Companies.

Every power company shall pay in respect of each of the several matters in Schedule One of this Schedule mentioned the fees in respect of such matter by said Schedule One prescribed:

For the filing of the documents mentioned in section 85 of the Act, a fee of	$ 25 00
For every Certificate under section 88 or section 90 of the Act, a fee of	100 00
For the examination and approval of every schedule or proceeding fixing tolls, rates, fares, rents or charges a fee of	10 00

au 19.

SANDON SAW, SHINGLE & PLANING MILL

Have in stock or cut to order on short notice, all kinds of Rough and Dressed Lumber. Dimension stuff up to 40 feet long.

KILN DRIED LUMBER AND MOULDINGS, EQUAL TO ANY IMPORTED.

A large stock of all kinds of BUILDERS' SUPPLIES suitable to the local trade now on hand, including KILN DRIED Flooring, Rustic Shiplap, Rebated Door Jambs, Plowed Pulley Styles, Square and Moulded Casing, Plain and Moulded Base, V Joint Ceiling, Beaded Wainscoting; also a great variety of Mouldings, including Crown, Bed, Boelection, Wainscote Caping, Cornice and Sprung Moulds, as well as a variety of Cove, Quarter and Half Rounds, O.G. and Square Stops, Parting Beads, Square and Beaded Balusters, Roof Rolls—Grounds, and all kinds of finishing materials.

HAVING LATELY RECEIVED A CAR LOAD OF

DOORS AND WINDOWS

IN A GREAT VARIETY OF STYLES AND SIZES.

I am now able to supply the public without delay, with anything in this line, of a first-class quality, and at rock bottom prices.

ALSO A VARIETY OF TURNINGS, BRACKETS, &C.

Newel Posts, Turned Balusters, Verandah Truss and other Fancy Brackets, Table Legs (morticed), Corner and Plinth Blocks, Turned Stool Tops, &c.
Also in stock some of the best Shingles manufactured.
An inspection of my stock is requested.

Geo. Lovatt, Prop.

Don't forget our CHEAP FUEL. Short Slabs $1.25, cart load, delivered.

KILN DRIED COAST LUMBER

Flooring, Siding, Wide Clear Fir and Cedar, Wainscoting, Ceilings, Mouldings, Moulded Casings, Finishing Lumber, Brackets, Lath, Shingles, etc., etc.

Entire bills of Finishing Lumber furnished.

Orders taken for Sash, Store Fronts, Bars, Refrigerators, Store and Office Fixtures, and Fire-proof Safes.

D. J. McLachlan.

FACTORY AND YARD NEXT TO ELECTRIC POWER-HOUSE, SANDON.

NEW STORE

The undersigned begs to inform the ladies of Sandon and vicinity that she has opened a new Ladies Furnishing Store in Sandon.

NEW GOODS
NOW ARRIVING

will make her stock most complete in all departments. Styles in every line the very latest; goods the very best, and prices the very lowest.
Shop three doors west from Sandon Hotel.

MISS N. DRYDEN.

Job Printing

We have every facility for turning out the best Mining and Commercial Work that can be executed.

The Mining Review.

Orders taken for Printing at Cliffe's Bookstore will receive prompt attention.

R. E. Palmer, B.A., Sc.
PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR,
Sandon.
Agents—Rand & Wallbridge.

M. L. Grimmett, L.L.B.
BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, ETC.
Sandon, B. C.

J. J. Godfrey. W. J. Bowser, L.L.B.
F. L. Christie, L. L. B.
Bowser, Godfrey & Christie,
BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.
Sandon, B. C. Vancouver, B. C.

THE NEW YORK BREWING CO.

on the Cody road are now preparing for business; and in a few days will be ready to fill all orders for

EXTA FINE LAGER BEER,
PORTER AND BOTTLED BEER.

Dreyer & Hoffmeier.

THE 'FILBERT'

Are you in poor health?

Is your blood sluggish, impure and poisoned from the effects of bad blood? While the life stream is reeking with impurities. You cannot be healthy, good looking and strong without dining at the Filbert Hotel.

—Rooms furnished most elegantly.

—Rates $3.00 per day.

Opposite postoffice.

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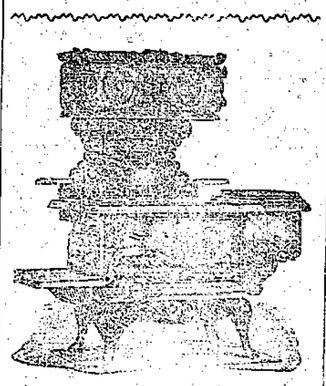

Hardware and Granite Ware, and all kinds of Household Furnishing Goods.

Workers in Sheet-Iron and Copper work of all kinds.

THE HOTEL VANCOUVER

Strictly first-class.

CAPT. M. A. MORRISON, Manager.
MORRISON & MCDONALD, Proprietors.

Good Sample Rooms and all other essentials of a first-class house.

Subscribe for The Mining Review

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Manufacturers and Dealers in
STOVES
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PIECED TINWARE
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AIR PIPES
FANS

Mining Work a Specialty.

SANDON, B. C.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

ESTABLISHED IN 1836.
INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER IN 1894.

Paid-up Capital.....$4,866,666
Reserve Fund.....$1,386,333

LONDON OFFICE—3 Clements Lane, Lombard Street, E. C.

COURT OF DIRECTORS.

J. H. Brodie — E. A Hoare
John James Cater — H. J. B. Kendall
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Richard H. Glyn — Geo. D. Whatman
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SPOKANE FALLS & NORTHERN
NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.
RED MOUNTAIN RAILWAY

THE ONLY ROUTE TO TRAIL CREEK

and the mineral districts of the Colvile Reservation, Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan points.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY, BETWEEN

SPOKANE, ROSSLAND AND NELSON

LEAVE		ARRIVE	
10.00 a.m.	Rossland	3.40	p.m.
8.10 a.m.	Nelson	6.00	p.m.
8.00 a.m.	Spokane	6.00	p.m.

No change of cars between Spokane and Rossland.

Close connections at Nelson with steamers for Kaslo and all Kootenay lake points.

Passengers for Kettle river and Boundary creek connect at Marcus with stage daily.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

SOLID VESTIBULE TRAINS.
MODERN EQUIPMENT.

THROUGH TICKETS

to Tacoma, Seattle, Victoria, Vancouver, Portland, and California Points.

St. Paul, St. Louis, Chicago, New York, Boston, and all Points East, also European S. S. tickets.

TIME SCHEDULE.

No. 1. West	Depart	10.55 p.m.
No. 2. East	Depart	7.09 a.m.

For information, time-cards, maps and tickets, call on or write F. D. GIBBS, general agent, Spokane, Wash.; or A. D. Charlton, assistant passenger agent, No. 255 Morrison street, corner Third, Portland, Oregon.

KASLO AND SLOCAN RAILWAY.

TIME CARD.

Leave	8.00	a.m.	Kaslo	Arrive 3.50	p.m.
"	8.36	"	South Fork	" 3.15	"
"	9.35	"	Spoutes	" 2.15	"
"	9.51	"	Whitewater	" 2.00	"
"	10.03	"	Bear Lake	" 1.48	"
"	10.18	"	McGulgan	" 1.33	"
"	10.38	"	Cody Junction	" 1.12	"
Arrive	10.50	"	Sandon	Leave 1.00	"

CODY LINE.

Leave	11.00 a.m.	Sandon	Arrive 11.45 a.m.
"	11.20 "	Cody	Leave 11.25 "

Subject to change without notice.
Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

ROBERT IRVING, G. F. & P. A. — GEO. F. COPELAND, Superintendent.

Canadian Pacific Railway And Soo Pacific.

The Most Direct Route to all Points in Canada, United States and Europe.

DAILY SERVICE.

Baggage checked through to destination without change.

The Only Line

Operating tourist cars to Toronto, Montreal and Boston without change, also through cars to St. Paul daily.

Luxurious Sleepers and Magnificent Dining Cars on all Trains.

Trains leave Sandon 14 o'clock, daily, connections with steamers for the north, except Monday; and south daily, except Sundays.

Call on nearest C. P. R. agent for further particulars, it will save you time and money.

A. C. MCARTHUR, agent, Sandon; H. M. Macgregor, traveling passenger agent, Nelson; Geo. McL. Brown, district passenger agent, Vancouver.

MOUNTAIN ECHOES.

All the latest novels at Cli fe's book store.

Wall paper at Cliffe's book store, cheap.

Services at the Methodist church tomorrow at 11 a.m. and 7 45 p.m.—Rev. A. M. Sanford.

Regan Bros. have opened a new livery stable on Slocan Star street, where they will be ever ready to turn out a good saddle outfit.

P. F. Delaney and Wm. Kennedy, miners who have been working in the Ajax mine, left Sandon last Tuesday for Klondyke via Seattle.

Miss Kate Kelliher, of Kaslo, has been visiting all the principal mines around Sandon. She saw more here than Kaslo papers allege exists.

Justice Lilly fined 7 parties $5.00 a piece the other day for violation of the sanitary regulations, on complaint. Two other charges were dismissed.

The machinery for the new steam laundry on Slocan Star street is all in and is rapidly being placed in position for business. The concern will be in operation in a few days.

D. Cameron and J. Fontaine, D. D's, were fined $1.00 each th other day, and Justice Lilly dismissed Jas. Connor with a caution. Let us see how the "caution" will work.

Silverton has 15 children of school age and will shortly have a school. Whitewater has but three available children, and must therefore wait awhile. The law calls for eight.

Development work is being pushed on the Palmita mine with very satisfactory results A new vein was struck this week in the tunnel. The Palmita is destined to be one of the big mines of this camp.

We do not advise any one to drink liquor, but to those who buy, we have to say a visit to Main Bros.'s wholesale store is interesting. They have now an immense stock in bond and on sale, which in variety is equal to any assortment in the largest eastern cities.

Mr. Coynie, late of the Pays'reak, has the Klondyke fever and left yesterday for that region. Mr. C. is a fine fellow and a good writer; but, on account of the difficulties in getting to Klondyke and the privations and hardships to be endured while there, we have grave fears as to his success.

It is said the treasurer of the Mount Mabel mine, near Silverton, had skipped with the funds of the company; but we do not give it as a fact. The mine was under development and promised well, but if the treasurer has gone, as stated, it is on the belief that "A bird in the hand is worth two in the bush."

The Kootenaian again reports Kaslo's shipments of ore for August as 4,000 tons, the heaviest on record, and coolly puts it down as the production of Kaslo's mines, without telling the public that one of Sandon's five best shippers exports more ore in a week than all of the real Kaslo mines ship together in a month.

Lillian Myers has a case of her own on hands. The other day she had a man named Taggart working for her, and in a dispute about payment he struck her, stole a ring from her and threatened to use a knife. He then fled, and a warrant is now out for his arrest, but so far he is non est comatibus though Constable Lloyd is reaching after him.

It was thought by some that an interesting police case and, perhaps, litigation in the higher courts, was likely to grow out of the tearing down of that log building on Slocan Star street last week, from the vigor of the commencement, with arrests and rumors of more. The case came before Justices McArthur and Sandilands on Monday, and was dismissed by them for the want of evidence to make a case.

The first car load of ore, under the new management, is now being packed down from the Ajax mine and will be shipped Monday next. This car load has been taken out from development work only. Considerable work is being done. The mine is improving rapidly and has every appearance of soon being one of the leading mines in the camp. Mr. E. Wallace deserves credit for his push and energy. We predict a bright future for the Ajax under his management.

Eli Sutcliffe had a bold adventure the other day he will not soon forget. He and Mr. J. A. Smith were out in the hills hunting for the filthy lucre when he felt his feet going from under him. Like the proverbial drowning man, he grasped at a straw, and hung on to a slender branch till Mr. Smith caught him by the hair as the branch caught Absalom of old, and pulled him up on terra firma. It was a case of "Git there Eli," and he got there.

The coast papers are not doing their own province justice. At the present time they are saying ten words for the Klondyke for one they are saying for the Kootenay, merely because their business men are selling outfits to Klondykers. This is hardly fair. Apart from the gold, in mining, there are other matters to remember—the safety of the miner from destruction in many ways. In the Kootenay miners have as good law and order as are to be found anywhere and as good a climate as there is under the sun, with chances for wealth well up here; then there is every manner of hardship and privation, with success in mining limited to but a few out there.

J. K. McInnes, journalist of Regina, and brother of the Messrs. McInnes, hotel keepers of this town, spent some days visiting, on a trip through the Kootenay. He was surprised at the size of the place and the number of first-class buildings here in contradiction of the reports he had heard. Mr. McInnis was Davin's last opponent in their constituency, for the Commons, and after a recount they were declared equal at the polls by the judge, the returning officer giving the seat to Davin. A protest followed and then the government arranged a saw-off of protests by which McInnes is debarred from further proceedings, his petitioner being bought off with a government job. Mr. McInnes feels very sore over the turn of events and naturally declares—what all sensible men know—that politics are rotten.

"Paris Belle Jerry" has left for the Klondyke.

A rich strike is reported from Trout Lake City, running 500 in gold, located by Lede Bros.

James Young Claux was killed in a ditch he was excavating at Rossland this week by the siding caving in and smothering him.

The Reco shipped two cars of ore the past week and have still a lot on the C. P. R. platform. The Star sent three cars over the C. P. R. also.

The Water Works company are putting in a large main to supply the residents of Sunnyside with a supply of pure water for domestic purposes and fire protection.

The following are points and number of tickets issued from the K. and S. depot, for the week ending yesterday: 6 to Seattle, 2 to Vancouver, 1 to Victoria and 1 to San Francisco.

B. and S. Jones have secured the contract for clearing the right of way for the Reco tram, and they are hard at work at their undertaking. When cleared construction of the tram will be commenced.

Nearly all the rooms of the new Virginia block are rented. The building is fitted up with all the latest appliances for heating, lighting and fire protection. The upstairs is provided with two exits to meet any and all emergencies

The Kootenaian says that more than three-fourths of the business that comes before the courts at Nelson are from Kaslo and the upper country. Well done, Kaslo! It has all the law business and all the shipping mines of the country, according to its newspapers.

The Reco people are now issuing one of the most extensive and at the same time artistic prospectuses ever issued by a mining company. It will be a chromatic finish in two colors, contain 66 pages and historical of the mine and surroundings in all essential details. Every other page of the pamphlet will be cuts of the physical features of the properties, expressive and illustrative. It will be a gem of its kind in history, literature and finish.

The Kootenaian alleges that The MINING REVIEW is silly for exposing the effort of the Kootenaian to credit Kaslo with all the ore shipments that go over the K. & S. road and asserts that a little effort on our part would get all the figures for The MINING REVIEW. The odly effort the Kootenaian has to put forth is to copy the records in the Customs House. We cannot afford to send over a man to Kaslo every week to get information that would be for the most part recorded here, if we only had our due—a custom's house.

An important discovery has recently been made at the Selkirk mine Some time ago a vein of what was considered much consequence was discovered on that mine and traced across to the Omega Fraction close by. The Selkirk Co, or rather Messrs. J. A. Smith, M.L. Grimmett, F. Golden and others, then bought the latter and under development they have struck a vein of two feet of solid ore, which assays 150 ozs. of silver and 70 per cent. lead. The Co. have now a good force of men at work on the property and will be shipping within a month. A more extended notice of the mine will appear in our next issue.

Silver had an upward tendency yesterday and was quoted at 52 cents with lead at $3.85. All this anxiety that is occassioning dull time is merely sentimental. There are to-day more miners at work in mines around Sandon than there was ever before at this season of the year with a correspondingly large pay roll. One man says on account of the drop in silver, "I will hold my money if I do not know where it is going to end, another takes up the cautious cry and so on along the line. This is why money does not circulate as briskly as it did. There is no need of this, as considering the purity of our ore, the facilities for shipment, etc. Sandon's mines can be worked at 40 cents and even less, and they will be. If the over timid would only drop their excitement things would soon get into normal shape and business would go on better than ever. We repeat again there is no ground for any alarm about the safety of business here.

PERSONAL MENTION.

The Rev. Sanford went to New Denver, Monday.

Mr. P. Burns, of Nelson, is in town looking after his interests here.

Miss Crawford left on Monday to take a course in the Conservatory of Music at Toronto.

Mr. J. H. Thompson, of Chicago, one of the owners of the new steam laundry is in town, superintending work on his enterprise.

The Rev. T. Menzies left Monday for a meeting of the Presbytery near Vernon on Monday. He will be absent several days, visiting among other things.

FOUR KLONDYKERS DROWNED.

Victoria, B. C., Aug. 30.—On the way from Skagway the Islander picked up four men who were clinging to a capsized sailboat. They were Frank A. Brown and W. Gragmire, of Juneau, and W. McMurdo and J. Dudley, of Nanaimo. They with four other men, Jas. Armstrong, of Seattle, Thos. Trevylan, W. McDonald and Hugh McLean of Nanaimo, left Juneau for Skagway in a sail boat with their outfits. On the morning of Aug. 23rd, while jibing, the boat capsized and Armstrong, Trevylan, McDonald and McLean were drowned. The other men were nearly exhausted when picked up.

Hagyard's Yellow Oil.

The great pain cure. Used externally cures rheumatism, swellings, sprains, bruises, stiffness, pain and soreness of every description. Internally used it cures croup, colds, sore throat, hoarseness, asthma, bronchitis, quinsy, etc. Price 25c., all druggists.

WILL PREVENT ACCIDENTS.

A System Invented for Telegraphing From Moving Trains.

Chicago, Aug. 28.—George V. Trott, a former telegrapher, has devised a system of telegraphing from a moving train, which will shortly be given a practical test by the Pennsylvania road. By this system Trott claims that every train on the line will be in constant communication with the train dispatcher.

Proof From the People.

Mr. Geo. Buskin, missionary for the International Mission in Algoma and Northwest. He writes:—"I wish to say that Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry has been to me a wonderful, soothing, speedy and effectual remedy. It has been my companion for several years during the labors and exposures of my missionary work in Algoma. Well it is for old and young to have it in store against the time of need, which so often comes without warning.

GEO. BUSKIN, Missionary,
Toronto, Ont.

A MILE PACED IN 1.59 1-4.

Star Pointer Breaks the World's Record Yesterday at Readville.

Readville, Mass., Aug. 28.—Star Pointer, the famous pacing horse, broke the world's record for one mile to-day, pacing an exhibition mile in 1.59¼. The track was in excellent condition and Star Pointer made the record with hardly an effort. When he started it was not thought he would do better than 2.02. When he passed the quarter post in 30 seconds, flat, however, there was intense excitement. The half mile was turned in 59½, and the third quarter in 1.29. On the stretch the horse seemed to fly and crossed the tape in the wonderful time of 1.59¼. He was paced by a running horse. Star Pointer was driven by McLaren.

AT THE HOTELS.

Balmoral—L. Ernest, Neilson; C. P. McLachlin, Winnipeg; C. M. Arnold, J. W. Browning, F. Walker, T. H. Lemon, Kaslo; D. Tolmie, Vancouver; Miss Pollard, Banff; C. H. Torans, Slocan City.

Hotel Sandon—J. M. Evay, Ottawa; J. R. Wood, Lunenburg; A. G. Brown, Inverness; J. Stewart, Moncton; R. McDonald, Bedick; P. Armstrong, Bonner's Ferry; J. McRae, M. Rathburn, Nelson; J.G. Rosenbaun, F.B. Gibbons, Spokane.

Goodenough—R. S. Hearne, Revelstoke, Mrs. Callahan, Omaha; E. M. Wilson, Fairhaven; J. R. Parker, H. M. Adams, Rossland; Mrs. Geigrich, C. P. Wolley, Ainsworth; J. J. Browne and wife, G. C. Browne, J. S. Browne, Miss A. M. Browne, Hazel Browne, Carrie Mayer, Helen Hooker, J. H. Thompson, Chicago; C. Doering, W. A. Bauer, Vancouver, J. F. Callan, Wellesbury; A. Bishop, Kaslo; P. Armstrong, Bonner's Ferry; E. J. Langmier, D. R. Wilkie, Toronto; A. Sproat, New Denver.

Black's—R. Rogers, C. McFarlane, Montreal; S. Greesman, Victoria; N. S. Ferguson, C. C. Ferguson, S. Browse and wife, Prince Edward Island; E. Ferguson, Nelson; N. K. Graham, Spokane; A. H. Hampton, St. Johns; C. E. Perry, W. B. Moore, W. Boultbee, J. J. Sullivan, J. Stapleton, C. P. R.; J. F. Fleshman, J. Jones, J. D. Breeze, W. J. Murphy, S. F. Downing, A. M. Beattie, Vancouver; J. Henderson, Seattle; M. H. Merrill, Enterprise; N Cochrane, Portland; G. Doyle, Washington; R. Wood, London; J. F. Schooley, Winnipeg; J.L. Parker, Bradford.

MINING RECORDS.

Recorded at New Denver.

LOCATIONS.

Aug 25—Silver Casket, Carpenter, M M Cord; Albion Fraction and Currie Fraction, Galena Farm; Kenneth L Burnett.

Aug 26—Ida Campbell, Napoleon and Hyak, Wilson creek, Norman McMillan and T G Rollins, Parmer, same, Norman McMillan; Argyle, Trout J G Millar and James McHough; C O D, opposite New Denver, C M Nesbitt and M Murchison; Mineral Hill Fraction, near Slocan Star, Oscar V White.

Aug 27—Red Mountain, Wilson, M Benoy; Auburn, same, Walter Smith; Olga, same, John Winquist; Mascot, Cody, L H McLean, W H McLean and R W Miller; Jubilee, Eight Mile, John McRobbie and T A Bryden.

Aug 28—State Fraction, near Sandon, M S McDowell; Boatswain Fraction, near New Denver, Jos C Harris.

Aug 30—Jubilee, Four Mile, Jas Ray and Frank McCauley; Silver Glenn, Wilson, G M Lightbray; Rosebery Bell, same, A Clathbert; Carshlton, Eight Mile, Chas M Hitch and C D McGregor; Province, Carpenter, Robt Taylor and James D Ryan.

Aug 31—Pocahontas Fraction, Great Western slide, James N Carey and Thos W Lister; Silver Joe Fraction, Sandon creek, W H Brandon.

ASSESSMENTS.

Aug 25—Daybreak, Bloomer Fraction, Toronto, Soulx Falls, Wasa, Consolation.

Aug 26—Bristol No 2, Sunrise No 4, Adela.

Aug 27—Chancery, Los Vegas No 2.

Aug 28—Oakland, Crossell, Joker Fraction, Homestake, Milton.

Aug 29—Blake, Greenhorn, A E Laesle, Peterboro, Black Knat.

TRANSFERS.

Aug 29—Shareholder, 7-21, Wm Ryan to T Stone.

Sweeden, 1-2, August O Ostby to Edwin Wallace.

Florence, E C Musgrove to C A Holland.

Aug 26—North Star, Atlanta, Heather Bell, Atcheson Fraction, Arthur Stullen and Patrick Owens to Heather Bell Milling & Mining Co.

Aug 27—Twilight, 1-2, Alex McPhee to Fred T Kelly,

Twilight—, 1-2, Alex McPhee to John Morgan Harris.

Mary Durham, 1-2, H A Hicks to W Hicks.

Great Eastern, W C Price to Price Eaton Co.

PRICES OF MAGAZINES.

The following monthly magazines are always kept in stock at Cliffe's Bookstore:

MAGAZINE.	PRICE.
The Young Ladies' Journal	35 cents
" Cosmopolitan	15 "
" Arena	30 "
" Ladies' Home Journal	15 "
" Canadian	15 "
Munsey's	15 "

Land Surveyed.

The undersigned is making a Survey of the Kaslo and Slocan Railway Land Grant and will be ready to make Survey of any Mining Claims along Slocan lake.

A. R. HEYLAND.

Application for Liquor License

Notice is hereby given that 30 days from date, the undersigned will apply to the Stipendiary Magistrate of West Kootenay, for a license to sell liquor by retail, at hotel at Ten Mile, about 10 miles from Kaslo on the K. & S. Railway.

August 1st.

R. A. CAMERON.

Transfer of Liquor License.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned at the expiration of 30 days from date will apply for a transfer liquor license, for the Waldorf Hotel, at Sandon, from myself to Katie Barger.

To the Stipendiary Magistrate of West Kootenay.

M. C. WILLIAMS.

Dissolution of Partnership.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as the proprietors and keepers of the White House Hotel, in Sandon, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, William Kleinberg and Joseph Levinson retiring from said partnership.

Edward Ross will carry on the business, and will collect all debts owing said partnership and pay all accounts owing by said partnership.

Dated this 16th day of August, 1897.

WM. KLEINBERG.
E. ROSS.
JOSEPH LEVINSON.

Wanted.

Position as Bookkeeper or Saleswoman by a young lady, having a good education and best recommendations.

Apply B. S., CLIFFE'S BOOKSTORE.

Man Wanted.

For every unoccupied district in Canada to sell our High Grade Canadian Grown Nursery Stock. Every free and lush guaranteed free from San Jose Scale. Liberal terms to part time men, and good wages to those giving their entire time to the work. The demand for good grown and acclimated Nursery Stock is on the increase.

Apply now and secure good ground. All our stock guaranteed true to name or purchase price refunded.

E. P. BLACKFORD & CO., Toronto, Can.

Wanted.

Men to sell for the Fonthill Nurseries. Over 700 acres of Canadian Grown Stock. We import no stock from the States. Farmers, farmers' sons, implement agents, students, teachers, retired ministers, energetic clerks who wish to make advancement—find the work of selling our Hardy, Home Grown Nursery Stock, pleasant as well as profitable. We want more such men this season as the demand for our goods is increasing owing to the fact that we guarantee all our stock free from San Jose Scale. We make contracts with whole or part time men. Employment the year round. We pay both commission and salary. Write us for our terms. Outfit free.

STONE & WELLINGTON, Toronto, Ont.

NEW GOODS

Just Arrived

Watches

I am in a better position than ever to meet your wants.

Do You Want a Timepiece?

Then take a Hampden, Waltham or Elgin—solid nickel case—stem wind and stem set—

$8.00 EACH.

Beautiful Opal Rings from $4.00 up, see them and you will buy.

Fine Watch Repairing a specialty.

All custom work kept in a fire-proof safe.

G. W. GRIMMETT,

JEWELLER AND OPTICIAN.

WHEN IN SANDON STOP AT THE

HOTEL SANDON

SANDON, B. C. Headquarters for Mining and Commercial Men. Rates $2.50 to $4.00 per day.

R. CUNNING, PROPRIETOR.

Nothing Like Brick!

PROCTOR & MCMILLAN BROS.

OF BALFOUR

Manufacture a first-class article in Pressed Brick; they are selling at low figures. Any sized order attended to promptly. Full particulars from any of our agents.

Kaslo H. BYERS. | Sandon E. M. SANDILANDS. | Nelson E. TRAVIS.

KOOTENAY MERCANTILE TAILORING CO.

Everything Up-to-date in our line. A fine selection of Worsteds, Tweeds and Fancy Vestings.

Agents for the Dominion Piano and Organ Co.

J. R. & D. CAMERON

American Boy..

Mining and Milling Co.

RAND & WALLBRIDGE

Mining and Stock Brokers.

SOLE AGENTS FOR SALE OF TREASURY STOCK.

Hunter Bros.

Groceries, Hardware, Tinware.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes.

WE CARRY A COMPLETE LINE OF EVERYTHING.

SANDON AND ROSSLAND.

P. BURNS

Dealer in Meats

At Sandon, Rossland, Nelson, Kaslo, Pilot Bay and Three Forks.

Sandon. Slocan City.

WM. K. LEIGHTON. A. D. WILLIAMS

LEIGHTON & WILLIAMS

MINING OPERATORS AND BROKERS.

Offices: SANDON, B.C. NANAIMO, B.C.

OFFICIAL BROKERS.

The Argo Mines of Sandon, Ltd. Lty.
The Kokanee Creek Mining and Milling Co., Ltd. Lty.

We have a fine list of Prospects and Mines for sale; also several Fractional Interests in Developed Properties close to Sandon.

CORRESPONDENCE SOLICITED.

MAIN BROS.

DIRECT IMPORTERS

AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

THE BEST BRANDS

OF

Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

Are now receiving their stock at their warerooms, opposite the C.P.R. depot. In a few days they will be ready for orders at rock bottom prices.