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The Mining Review.

VOL. 4.—NO. 41. SANDON, B. C., SATURDAY, MARCH 23, 1901. $2.00 PER YEAR.

City Council Meeting.

The regular council meeting did not take place on Monday night, as there was no quorum, but was held the following evening. Present, Mayor Pitts and Aldermen Gomm, Cameron and Folliott.

The city clerk introduced E. A. Cameron as an alderman, who took the oath of office and his seat in the council.

The following communications were read:—From Smith Curtis re school bill now before the legislature was filed.

From Sandon Water & Light Company re water supply, etc.

From E. M. Sandilands re poll tax collected by city in 1898, including an account for $159.

From Governor-General's secretary acknowledging receipt of telegram to His Majesty the King, conveying his thanks to the citizens of Sandon for same.

From J. B. Bennett, Cumberland, secretary of relief committee, thanking the city council for $150 sent as relief.

The resignations of C. D. Hunter and E. R. Atherton were accepted, and the city clerk was authorised to take the necessary proceedings for another civic election to fill the places vacated. Monday, April 1st, was selected as nomination day, and Thursday following for the election. W. H. Lilly, on motion, was appointed returning officer.

Hospital News.

There are nine patients in the hospital this week. Herbert Payzant, J. Black, Harry Payzant and — Winquest, all typhoid fever cases. The first two are recovering and the last are in an advanced stage of the disease.

John Erickson, a C.P.R. section hand, is recovering from the effects of a broken leg and will soon be ready for work. Jno. Hamilton suffering with a strained back, was taken to the hospital for treatment and rest. Thos. Siaris, Dan McKenzie, E. Kellett, R. Madden, H. Warren and Frank Allan were discharged as cured.

Another Civic Election.

There will be nominations on the first of April for vacancies at the council board. We have heard of the names of Squire Lovatt, ex-Ald. Crawford and J. Vallance, any two of whom would be acceptable. The affairs of the place are now in the shape that an aldermanship means a lot of hard work, and the more capable the occupants are the better for the people. Electors should not vote for men simply because they like them—it should be simply because they consider candidates able business men.

There are a great many wrongs of the past we intend to overhaul in future issues as safeguards for the future.

We understand the Mayor has satisfied himself on the point of water supply, and has now signed the contract for hydrant use. The next wrestle will be the ways and means to raise money to foot the bill.

PROCLAMATION.

Public notice is hereby given to the electors of the City of Sandon, that I require the presence of the said electors at the City hall, in the City of Sandon, on the first day of April, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing two persons to represent them in the Municipal Council as Aldermen made vacant by the resignations of Aldermen C. D. Hunter and E. R. Atherton, City of Sandon.

The mode of nomination of candidates shall be as follows:

The candidates shall be nominated in writing; the writing shall be subscribed by two voters of the municipality as proposer and seconder, and shall be delivered to the Returning Officer at any time between the date of the notice and 2 p. m. of the day of the nomination, and in the event of a poll being necessary, such poll will be opened on Thursday, the 4th day of April, at the council chambers, in the City of Sandon, from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m. of which every person is hereby required to take notice and govern himself accordingly.

Given under my hand at the council chamber, this 19th day of March, 1901.

W. H. LILLY,
Returning Officer.

THE LOCAL GRAFT.

New wall-paper at Cliffe's bookstore.

Another examination for assayers will be held in Nelson on April 15th.

The water was never lower in the flume and the creeks that it is now.

The B. C. Trade Budget gives the capacity of the Kaslo smelter as 100 tons. Ahem!

Geo. Creech has sold his stock of boots and shoes, and is going to clerk with the Hunter-Kendrick Co. at Phoenix.

The Kootenaian says Kaslo is the centre of the Kootenay. It might be the centre of heaven if no newspaper men were there.

It is thought about seventy delegates will visit Ottawa early in April, in the interest of a bonus to a refinery for silver lead bullion.

Ald. Hunter has also resigned his seat at the Council Board, so new elections to fill the places of Aldermen Atherton and Hunter are to be held.

Mr. A. Osborne returned on Monday evening from his trip to England. He gained 30 pounds in weight while away, and now looks like a new man.

The Slocan Cigar Factory has incread its staff and are turning out the best of cigars—the Slocan Belle, Sandon Favorite and other pure Havana brands.

Notices are posted up to the effect that refuse of any kind thrown into the flume is strictly prohibited. Parties doing so in future will be severely punished by law.

Ald. Atherton has tendered his resignation. The wrangling now in force continued, will prevent any man who values his good name from taking a seat at the council.

According to advices from Victoria, the application for a charter for the Sandon-Silverton Drain Tunnel Company will not come up before the Legislature this session.

A slide shoving a bridge near the Payne out of place on Sunday, prevented the K. & S. from coming in for a couple of days. The mail was brought in on a hand-car each day.

D. J. Robertson moved two cars of furniture to Nelson this week. He will supplement it with new goods from the east. The rest of the stock he will leave here in charge of Mr. Baker.

The hospital dance on Monday evening was a decided success in every way. A pleasant time was spent by all. Refreshments were served at midnight and dancing resumed till an early hour the next morning.

In our report of the City Council proceedings two weeks ago, a slight error occurred. W. Stubbs was credited with getting $16 for coal. It should have read "for coal, telegrams and other disbursements."

Messrs. Bernard McDonald and Edmund Kirby, of Rossland, are now in Victoria, on behalf of the Mine Owners' Association, of Kootenay, which is making an effort to have the law repealed which imposes a 2 per cent. tax on net shipment values of ore from British Columbia mines.

All in the city who have children of school age should send them to school regularly during the next three months, for on the attendance of that term will our government aid be based for the rest of the year. For every pupil that attends the next three months, we will get $20 from the government towards school maintenance.

On Tuesday morning fire broke out in the old Tyrrell hotel, Cody, and the building was burned to the ground. The only occupant was the old man Davis, who lost what traps he had in it. The building when erected cost about $2,500, but it is hard to put any value on it at present. A bucket brigade went up from Sandon, but they were too late to do anything.

Mrs. Wm. Wilson returned Tuesday evening from Nelson where she underwent a successful operation.

Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Warner were in the city yesterday on a visit. They will come here to reside in June.

Mrs. Funk, of Slocan City, played the accompaniments for Duffy's orchestra at the hospital ball Monday evening.

The C. P. R. have reduced the passenger rate between Sandon and Nelson from $7.70 to $6.45 for the round trip.

Apparently Tommy Brown has discontinued the Delmonico boarding house, as he has taken down the sign.

Wilkie McKenzie, who in the words of the immortal Bluestreak, was the only "fool Canadian" to go from Sandon to the Boer war, has reached Nelson on his return. No doubt he will be soundly greeted by the majority of Sandonites on his arrival here.

The following shipments of ore were shipped from here this week:

Mine.	Tons.
Payne	126
American Boy	63
Last Chance	62
Trade Dollar	22
Slocan Star	21
Goodenough	20

At a meeting of subscribers on Wednesday evening, Messrs. M. L. Grimmett and C. Cliffe were appointed the citizens delegates to go to Ottawa with the local delegation, and press for a bonus for a silver-lead refinery. Just the day the delegation will start we cannot say, but it will be within two weeks. Mr. F. L. Christie was chosen a third delegate, providing he can arrage his affairs to go with the delegation made up.

Payne, the hypnotist, phrenologist, &c., did a land office business in town this week, even to inducing men to eat raw onions, raw potatoes and fish on dry land. He hypnotised one man and left him all day in bed in McDonald & Ross' window. But this kind of thing should be stopped. As only the man who hypnotises can bring the subject to again, if anything should happen to the hypnotist in the interval, by which he lost his life, his victim too was also doomed. Pranks in audiences may be tolerated, but long term hypnotism should be stopped by law.

Some parties who were desirous of subscribing to the fund to send delegates to Ottawa in the interest of a refinery, had several conditions they desired to have embodied in the operation of the refinery, that in themselves were very desirable. It is felt, however, that as there may be great difficulty in getting even one company to put up their capital for the completion of the works, conditions in operation might be a means of knocking the scheme on the head altogether. The province in which it may be located and other circumstances must govern the scale of wages, &c. The government should have the control of refinery charges, but other restrictions at the present should not be insisted on.

Hotel Arrivals For the Week.

Denver—Wm. Foster, Fort McLeod; Mrs. Malette, Jos. Martin, Nelson; Jos. Furrier, Kelowna; S. Patterson, Pilot Bay; Miss Nelson, Miss Nora Black, Slocan City; R. L. Greene, Spokane; Mrs. Oraley, J. Oraley, Greenwood; A. Williams, Grand Forks; Isaac Hackey, Three Forks; L. Buckley, Revelstoke.

Reco—F. Thayer, R. C. Waterson, C. R. Gray, Toronto; R. L. Greene, Libby, Mont.; H. Sultrain, McGuigan; Mr. and Mrs. Gintzburger, Three Forks; A. D. Dodds, Miss Y. Beldon, Vancouver; D. H. Proudfoot, E. Ferguson, H. J. Moore, G. Stephen, G.N. Gilchrist, Nelson; H. P. Jackson, Rossland; E. E. Vincent, Calgary; F. W. Fraser, Kelowna; L. F. Terry, H. M. Fullerton, J. H. Freeman, Victoria; Prof. Payne, New York; M. R. Rathborne, Kaslo; Mr. and Mrs. Warner, Spokane; Percy E. Kellett, Winnipeg.

MINES AND MINING.

The ore shipments from Whitewater for last two weeks were Sunset 60 tons.

The value of the American Boy shipmets for February amounted to $10,000, and the returns from 76 tons brought in $5,640.

The value of the lead produced in British Columbia to the present is placed at $6,543,358. Last year's production was over $2,000,000.

It is reported that a rich strike has been made on the Rambler-Cariboo. Two carloads of ore are reported to have netted the company $7,500.

Thirty men are employed on the Hartney and six on the California. Both properties have made good showings lately and are shipping ore.

Wm. Letterick has a contract of sinking a drift of 25 feet in the Ruby at New Denver. The ore taken out last year was found to contain gold and silver.

Mr. Hughes went up to the Sunset, near Whitewater, on Saturday, and found everything very promising on that property. There are large bodies of high grade ore in all the stopes, and the mine is shipping regularly.

The strike recently made in the Noble Five is simply a continuance of one of the leads of the Last Chance across that property. It is a very large seam of high grade ore, and when being stoped will put the Noble Five in its old time activity again.

The Star will increase it force to about 110 early next month. This will be as large a force as the property ever employed. Ore of a high grade is showing up well in all the stopes. In some of them the quality is the best ever found on the property.

The present capacity and estimated increase for the smelters of Kootenay and Yale are as follows: Trail, from 800 to 1,500; Grand Forks, 600 to 1,200; Nelson 300 to 400; Greenwood, 200 to 1,000, and Boundary Falls from 250 to 500 tons.

The Star is making every arrangements for an extensive business as soon there is sufficient water for the mill. They have the disposal of their output provided for with the Everett smelter. As a lot of development work has been done, there will be nothing to do when the mill starts but mine and ship.

The Reco and the Goodenough have been working about 15 hands each for the past three months mining. The shipments during that time have been reported already. As rawhiding and shipping are now over, the forces are reduced to eight men each, who will do development work until the summer's businessopens. The mines are separate and distinct, though some of the tunnels of each find an outlet through the same crosscut.

A PURE GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR POWDER

·DR·
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER

Highest Honors, World's Fair
Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair

Avoid Baking Powders containing alum. They are injurious to health

CEYLON AND INDIA TEA,

GREEN OR BLACK,

Is Perfect Tea.

It Is Perfect, Because It Is Pure, Wholesome, Clean, Delicious.

It reaches you in its natural state. Prussian Blue, Soapstone, etc., are not used, as in other teas, to hide defects. It has none.

A free sample of delicious SALADA Tea sent on receipt of postal mentioning which you drink—Black, Mixed, or Green Tea. Address "SALADA," Toronto or Montreal

On the Farm.

BREEDING FOR AN OBJECT.

Thousands of horses are brought into existence without any definite idea on the part of the breeder as to the market requirements they are to meet. This conviction is based upon three considerations: First, the very evident fact that an inordinate proportion are fitted for no special market class, indicating that a large number of farmers are not acquainted with the market classes that have been established by the trade. Second, the glaring defects that are passed unnoticed by the owners. Third, the fact that the average horseman is vastly better acquainted with the blemishes of horses than he is with the proper type and characteristics that go with the different uses to which the horse is put. These three reasons are sufficient to account for the production of a mass of inferior animals which do not meet the eye of the critic until they are offered for sale.

Dealers by long experience and constant observation have learned to a nicety all the requirements of a horse, and in their minds clearcut ideas exist as to what he should or should not be. If these ideas could be clearly established in the minds of the raisers of horses, as they are in those of the dealers, we should have fewer scalawags produced to be held up at the markets and ultimately sold for a price that barely covers the price of growing. For one thing there is too much mixing of blood in this country. It is not at all an uncommon thing to detect in the same horse traces of three or four breeds representing as many distinct classes of horses.

The expense of growing a horse that nobody wants does not greatly differ from that of producing one that fills the real need, and fills it so wel that the prospective buyer is ready to pay good money for it. The difference is not so much in the added expense for the sire as it is in the minds of the men who do the breeding. As with cattle, or with any other farm stock, if the breeder has in advance a clear-cut idea of what he proposes to secure, and uses good judgment in the selection of his sire, in nine cases out of ten he will succeed. If, however, he undertakes to produce as highly organized an animal as the horse without definite plans in mind, in nine cases out of ten, he will fail.

CHILD TRAINING.

There is necessity for the display of fine discrimination in the treatment of different children. Scarcely any set of rules can be laid down which will not bear of some deviation. Children are very different in nature and continue so till the end of life and what is the very best mode of procedure in one case is very undesirable in another. There are certain well recognized principles, however, which mothers would do well to observe in all cases. How many women get excited when they notice a child getting angry and how often is it noticed that they resort to threats and shakes "to take it out of them" as they express it. The fact is that the child's anger is nothing more than the over-excitement of a nervous system by contagion. They gather this contagion at a very early age, reflecting surrounding conditions most faithfully. Terrorizing the child does no good; it has in some cases brought on idiocy. Our harshness may give us peace, but what does it accomplish for the child? In these moments of anger it may be noted that generally punishments and blows have little effect. It is a nervous hypertension which must run its course, once started. Raising a nervous child nervously is the worst of crimes. To calm an angry child'sories, menaces and blows are of little value, they only excite it further. Take the child before a mirror and show him how ugly he looks. Or throw a little cold water over him, either with a cup or from a siphon. If done calmly the shock of the cold may quiet him immediately. Put a towel around his shoulders first so as not to wet the clothing. Anger is really an attack of the nerves in which we are only half-conscious.

NITROGEN FROM CLOVER.

It will be well, in considering plans for the coming season looking to the greater producing capacity of the farm, to give much attention to the legumes. Nitrogen is the most expensive and necessary fertilizing element of the soil and yet it is in the air in measureless quantities. Only the legumes—the clovers, the cowpeas, the vetches, the beans, etc., can capture it for the farmer and store it in their leaves and stalk and roots. Take a crop of clover which weighs a ton; if the whole of this is plowed under it will return to the soil the phosphates and potash extracted, amounting to 42 pounds of potash and 12 pounds phosphoric acid, in addition, supplies about 50 pounds of nitrogen which was not in the soil before the clover crop was grown. To supply this amount of nitrogen by means of farmyard manure it would be necessary to spread from five to seven large loads according to the composition of the manure. Leguminious plants, such as clover, cow peas, soy beans, etc., are more suited to green manuring than such crops as oats, rye, etc., which later provide only humus by their decay within the soil, and do not enrich it with nitrogen derived from the air. For centuries the Romans kept up the fertility of their fields by planting clover without understanding its peculiar property of absorbing nitrogen from the air through the tubercules forming on the roots. The farmer who devotes himself largely to the legumes for feeding and plowing down will find an increasing productiveness in his soil.

STARTING A YOUNG CALF.

It pays to feed a calf three times a day for the first 10 days, writes Mr. H. Lyons. Give it new milk at the temperature when first milked, 98 deg., and use a thermometer to find when the temperature is right. As for the proper amount to feed, the suggestion by one of the experstas seems a good one to follow; 4 lbs night and morning and 2 lbs at noon, varying somewhat according to the calf. After two or three weeks it will do to begin feeding skimmilk or separator milk; 1 pt added at first and gradually increase till you use skimmilk entirely. At this point I feed a little grain after feeding the milk. Ground corn and oats are good, but other grains may be used. The important thing is to watch the calf closely, and not let it get off condition. Better starve it a little than let it get sick from overfeeding.

SOME GOOD RECIPES.

Asparagus—Cut the heads about four or five inches long; scrape them and throw them into cold water; tie them in bundles; put them into boiling water with plenty of salt in it; let them come quickly to a boil—they will take from a quarter of an hour to 20 minutes. When tender take them up with a slice; drain them well; remove the string, and lay the asparagus in a dish, heads inward, on slices of toast previously dipped in the liquor. Serve with melted butter. Sea kale is dressed in the same manner.

Potato Biscuit—Sweet potato biscuit, the delight of Georgia boys and girls, are considered equally toothsome by Northern lads and lassies. The recipe given by a Southern cook is as follows: Two cupfuls of flour, one cupful of boiled and mashed sweet potato, one tablespoonful of sugar, one teaspoonful of salt, one tablespoonful of butter, one quarter teaspoonful of soda and enough buttermilk to make a soft dough. Roll and cut with a biscuit cutter and bake in a quick oven.

Bean Croquettes—For bean croquettes soak two cupfuls of small white beans over night in tepid water. In the morning drain them, put them into cold water, boil for one hour and turn the water off. Then cover them with boiling water and cook slowly until tender. Press the beans through a colander and season with one half tablespoonful of molasses, one half tablespoonful of vinegar, one tablespoonful of butter and salt and paprika to taste. Let them get cold. Then form into balls, roll them in eggs and cracker crumbs and fry in deep, hot fat.

Baked Custard—Boil a pint of cream with mace and cinnamon; when cold, take four eggs, leaving out two of the whites, a little rose and orange-flower water, a little white wine, nutmeg and sugar to your taste; mix them well together, and bake them in china cups.

Apricot Pudding—Split a dozen large apricots, remove the stones, and scald till quite soft. Pour a pint of boiling cream upon the grated crumbs of a penny loaf; when nearly cold, add four ounces of sifted sugar, the yolks of four well beaten eggs, and a wine glassful of white wine. Pound the fruit in a mortar, with half of their kernels; mix the fruit and the other ingredients together. Line your dish with paste, put a layer round the edge, pour in the mixture, and bake for half an hour.

PLANT SHADE TREES.

Trees add much to the comfort and beauty of the home, whether it be located in the city or in the country. They should be set out in large holes that have been filled in to the proper depth with good, rich soil. Elm, soft maple, black locust, catalpa, box elder, ash, in the order named, are desirable trees. Every planting should include some elms because they are long-lived and more permanent than the others mentioned. Continuous, shallow cultivation is necessary for success, and if this is neglected, failure is almost certain.

A CONFESSION.

He—You don't care for botany?

Miss Vassar—No. It is the only thing about flowers that I dislike.

A Surgeon's Blunder

Artery Severed While Undergoing an Operation—No Longer Necessary to Use the Knife for Piles.

Saturday's paper contained the account of an accident whereby a young lady lost her life. While undergoing an operation the surgeon's knife slipped, an artery was severed, and, before the surgeon knew the result of his error the patient was in a dying condition.

Every surgical operation is attended with great risk to life as well as being a severe strain on the nervous system and an expensive method of treatment. Doctors formerly recommended an operation as the only cure for piles, but that day is past, since Dr. Chase's Ointment has proven its absolute control over every form of itching, bleeding and protruding piles.

Physicians who are considerate of the well-being of their patients do not hesitate to recommend Dr. Chase's Ointment, and only those having a mania for operations claim that cruel method as the proper treatment. By promptly stopping the distressing itching and burning Dr. Chase's Ointment brings quick and lasting relief.

Rev. S. A. Duprau, Methodist minister, Consecon, Prince Edward County, Ont., states:—"I was troubled with itching and bleeding piles for years, and they ultimately attained to a very violent form. Large lumps or abscesses formed so that it was with great difficulty and considerable pain that I was able to stool. At this very severe crisis I purchased a box of Dr. Chase's Ointment, but had little or no faith in it, as I had tried various remedies before and to no purpose.

"Now imagine how great and joyous was my surprise to find that just the one box cured me so that the lumps disappeared and also the external swelling. I feel like a different man to-day, and have not the least doubt that Dr. Chase's Ointment saved me from a very dangerous and painful operation and many years of suffering. It is with the greatest pleasure and with a thankful heart that I give this testimonial, knowing that Dr. Chase's Ointment has done so much for me. You are at perfect liberty to use this testimonial as you see fit for the benefit of others similarly afflicted."

Dr. Chase's Ointment has been endorsed by more people, including doctors and professional men, than any similar preparation the world has ever known. It is the standard ointment the world over, and positively the only actual cure for piles. 60 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

"MINE HOST" DAKE

Relates His Experience for the Benefit of Others.

Proprietor of the Dake House, St. Thomas, Loses an Enemy That Had Troubled Him for Over Five Years, and is Glad.

St. Thomas, March 4, (Special).—Mr. L. Dake, of the Dake House, in this city, is a proud man for he has at last forever disposed of a foe, which has given him a great deal of pain and annoyance during the last five or six years. That foe was Kidney Trouble and Lame Back. Dodd's Kidney Pills drove it out, never to return, and now Mr. Dake is happy. This is what he says:

"I have been troubled with my Kidneys and pains in my back for over five years. Nothing I could get helped me in the least. Finally, I was told by a friend who had tried them, that Dodd's Kidney Pills would cure me, and I decided to try. They relieved me from the first and eventually cured me completely. They are a wonderful medicine."

There are many people in St. Thomas and vicinity who have very kind things to say of Dodd's Kidney Pills. The local druggists report a very large sale, and this is not to be wondered at, as many very remarkable cures are reported in the city and county.

CANADIAN WOMEN'S LOYAL ADDRESS TO QUEEN ALEXANDRA.

The opportunities given for signing this address to Her Majesty, expressing the loyalty and appreciation of the women of Canada, have been largely taken advantage of in numerous places throughout the Dominion. As there must, however, be women here and there who have not yet learnt that they are all asked to join in this movement, it is now announced that there will still be time for those who have not had a chance of signing the signature sheets to send in an application to have their names added to the roll. The usual signature, without prefix or address, sent in an envelope with an authorisation to have it copied in fac-simile, and enclosing not less than a two cent stamp to cover expenses, will be in time if received by the Secretary, at the Central Office of the National Council of Women of Canada, 71 Brunswick Ave., Toronto, up to the 21st of March. After that date, the Address, which is being artistically and beautifully illuminated will be bound in a large volume, together with the signature sheets, in a manner worthy of the women who are so enthusiastically throwing themselves into this scheme.

Messrs C. C. RICHARDS & Co.,
Yarmouth, N.S.

Gentlemen,—In January last Francis Leclaire, one of the men employed by me working in the lumber woods, had a tree fall on him crushing him fearfully. He was, when found, placed on a sled and taken home, where grave fears were entertained for his recovery, his hips being badly bruised and his body turned black from his ribs to his feet. We used MINARD'S LINIMENT on him freely to deaden the pain, and with the use of three bottles he was completely cured and able to return to his work.

SAUVER DUVAL
Elgin Road, L'Islet Co., Que.
May 26th, 1893.

ODD VOTING LAW.

In Norway vaccination is not compulsory, but no unvaccinated person can vote at an election.

ENGLAND'S QUEER LIBEL LAW.

There are some remarkable peculiarities about the libel laws of England. If you call a man a thief and cannot prove your assertion, you are responsible for damages. But if you ornament the objectionable noun with an illustrative adjective, such as a "durned" thief, or a "blooming" thief, or a "grasping" rogue, the addition of the descriptive word shows that you have lost your temper, and you are not legally actionable.

PRUDENT WIFE.

Harry, I've made you two lovely sofa pillows.

Two?

Yes; one of them you can put your head on.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

It is noted that more society weddings take place in London on the Saturday than on any other day in the week.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c

NOW HE IS SORRY HE SPOKE.

He—I am not worthy of you dear!

She—Well, don't you suppose I know it?

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

TWO TREES WITH A HISTORY.

Forty years ago the prince of Wales planted an English oak and an American elm in Central park, New York. Both are strong and flourishing trees. The oak is two feet in diameter and the elm is one of the largest and most beautiful specimens in the park.

MONTREAL HOTEL DIRECTORY.

AVENUE HOUSE—Mount—College Avenue Family Hotel rates $1.50 per day.

QUICK CHANGE.

Ida—The fruits of marriage. What are they, dear?

May—The fruits of marriage are grapes, bananas and oranges during the honeymoon and specked apples afterward.

Minard's Liniment Relieves Neuralgia.

A COMPLETE SUCCESS.

Dr. Pills.—You say the operation was successful, but the patient died. What do you mean by that?

Dr. Squills—He lived long enough to pay his bill. What more could you ask?

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer one Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo O.
Sold by druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best

INKS OF THE ANCIENTS.

The inks of ancient days were were much like black paint, and, on account of the large quantity of gum used in their manufacture, the letters stood up in relief on the parchments as though embossed.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

PROSPECTS.

Her Father—What are your prospects?

Her Suitor—I've a rich uncle who is ailing.

From Tea Garden to Consumer.

LUDELLA

CEYLON TEA the same now as it always was and still the best.
Lead Packages 25, 30, 40, 50 and 60c.

HIGH GRADE PAINTS.

Every house should be painted, but it should be painted with high grade paints. If you paint with cheap paints, your time and money is lost. It is not paints that cost, it is the labor. Pure paints cost no more in labor than cheap paints.

Ramsay's Paints

are the highest grade pure paints at the lowest cost. Do you want to learn all about paints—how to paint your house and see some beautiful homes? Drop us a post card for Booklet "K" free.

A. RAMSAY & SON
PAINT MAKERS
MONTREAL.
Est'd 1842

The popularity of London's municipal bands has grown by leaps and bounds since they first started their performances in 1892. The modest £3,000 then granted has now had to be increased to nearly £10,000. The sum to set apart for music in 1901 is £9,500. Last season £3,000 was devoted to bands, and 1,045 performances were given.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS

MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by mothers for their children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colics and is the best remedy for diarrhoea. 25c a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

Only he can secure success who is willing to face failure.

W P C 1066

CALVERT'S CARBOLIC OINTMENT.
For all skin ailments.
J. C. Calvert & Co., Manchester, England

Metallic SKYLIGHTS DOUGLAS BROS., 121 Adelaide St., TORONTO, ONT

AGENTS ON SALARY OR COMMISSION.
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CORRESPONDENCE INVITED.

Office, Toronto St., Toronto

The Mining Review.

SATURDAY, MARCH 23, 1901.

THE NEW SCHOOL BILL.

If the School Bill before the House becomes law in its present form, it will work a great hardship on places like Sandon—it will, in short, force them to dispense with one teacher, which should not be the object of a well regulated government. The most of people will agree with the principle of making school boards responsible, and placing a portion of school liabilities in the hands of the people, as it will make them take a greater interest in school matters generally, which is badly needed in this province. The portion of taxation that may fall on the people for the maintenance of good schools should however, be made proportionate.

In places like Sandon, where the population is ever varying as mining matters fluctuate, the hardships will be numerous and severe. We have at times a school population of over 75, too many, of course, for one teacher, and in three months that population may fall to 40, or even less as at present. As the new law provide for $20 per capita of regular attendance, based on that of the previous month or quarter, our government allowance will be so uncertain and irregular, that no Board of Trustees can properly regulate a school under it, as they will never know how much or how little to ask from the council, to make up the balance of school expenses. The proposed law provides that at the first of the year, and only once in each year, the trustees are to make an estimate of what they will require from the council for that year, over and above the government appropriation, and ask the council to tax for it. As the school is running now it takes about $1,800 a year for maintenance for all purposes, and we get it all from the government. Under the new law—at our present attendance we will get less than $800, so that we would have to tax for $1,000, or if we dispensed with one teacher, for at least $350. If again good times set in before the year is out, we might have a school attendance of over 60, and would necessarily have to secure another teacher. With such attendance we would get $400 more from the government, not enough to pay the second teacher, and the trustees would have no power to ask the council to make a second levy. Anyone can see from this the situation must prove a most perplexing one. If the per capita allowance was paid by the government on the basis of our largest attendance during the year, the Board could always keep the second teacher, and readily provide for the expenditure.

One good feature of the proposed law is the compulsory clause, forcing all children of school age to attend under penalties, twelve months in the year. Parents will see from this the more regularly they send their children to school the lighter, will be their taxes.

We trust modifications will yet be made in the Bill to make it better suited to the requirements of the country.

WATER AND LIGHT.

It looks now as if the council and the Sandon Water & Light Company were going to come to some understanding over the water supply, at least that will considerably ease the minds of the citizens. The terrible lesson of May last should lead to an extra effort to secure a water supply at least, and a light supply as well if the means to procure it can be secured. We used to think that with the head of water the system had and a fire company with good appliances, the city was fairly safe in case of a fire; but our experience taught the contrary. No doubt the narrow streets and the uncovered flume at the rear of the main tier of buildings were responsible for the calamity to which we refer. Things, however, are different now. With a good supply as is available, our wide streets, and efficient fire company, there is an excellent chance to save the place in case another fire should break out, which, of course, is bound to be the case sooner or later. We think too that with a good water supply always at command, there would be a fair chance to secure reasonable insurance at rates the public could afford to pay. This is another matter of the gravest moment to the business community.

No doubt the finances of the place are in bad shape, not because of mismanagement of the council as some allege; but because of the exceptional demands on the treasury for many new supplies necessitated by the fire, and the loss of overdue taxes through the destruction in the fire of the city records. All combined makes the trouble nearly equivalent to meeting two years' liabilities out of one year's revenue. However, we hope the financial feature of the matter can be bridged in some way, and that we will have a supply of water henceforth.

Light is also required. From the peculiar lay of the city, lights are badly needed every night, with accidents that may cost the place some money and liable to occur at any time, but of course doubly so in the absence of a reasonable supply of street lights. We would like to see the whole matter fully canvassed from every point of view, to ascertain if means cannot be devised to provide a reasonalbe light supply as well as ample water protection.

THE WRONG TRACK.

The Silvertonian decries the idea of an export duty on ore, advocated in some quarters, and the Trade Budget of Vancouver, jumps on to it with both feet for its opinions, giving the export duty on logs as a defence for its contentions. It is surprising how lamentably blind even some journalists are in their comparisons. At the time the export duty was put on logs by the Federal Government, it was to prevent our lumber woods from being depleted by American lumbermen, so anxious were they to get our timber, in the face of the fact we had plenty of lumber industries at home to meet local demand. If the Trade Budget man can show we have ample smelting and refining facilities at home to handle all our ore, ample markets to consume the product when refined, and that the American smelter men are breaking their necks in a race to get our ore, its comparison will be applicable, but not otherwise. Everyone knows, however, it is because our production of ore is in excess of home demand, and that the American smelters refuse to take it off our hands at remunerative prices that the trouble has arisen—circumstances the exact reverse of those that surround the lumber problem of the eastern provinces, in whose interest the export duty was passed. An export duty on ore would only add the more embargo in the way of export, and it is export the country is clamoring for until we have suitable facilities for handling at home at proper prices, and a satisfactory market abroad for the excess of production. The Trade Budget must try and bark up another tree, as the Silvertonian is right in its conclusions.

It is really too bad that governments cannot look at matters from a practical standpoint. At the present moment our British Columbia government is considering the advisability of increasing the tax by $2.00 per capita on the working men, and at the same time voting away millions in subsidies to railways that could well be built and operated at a profit without them. The idea is simply scandalous.

There are large quantities of low grade silicious ores in the Rossland camp which are suitable for flux material in lead smelting and as four tons of these Rossland ores are used to one of lead it will be seen that the Rossland mine managements are interested in encouraging lead smelting at some point near to which ore can be conveyed at a small cost.

CONSUMPTION

begins and leaves off in thousands of people, who never suspect it. It isn't much more than a pimple—indeed it is a a pimple—lung pimple.

Health, all round it, stops it—just as a skin pimple gets stopped.

How to get that health all round it: take Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil and be careful

We'll send you a little to try if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

The fond mother dreams great dreams of baby's future as she holds the sleeping little one in her arms. But the dreams will never come true unless she has given him a strong body and a healthy mind. Children die in hosts, or live to struggle through life feeble of body and dull of mind because the mother was unfit physically and mentally for motherhood. Women who use Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription endow their children with strong bodies and bright minds. It is every mother's duty to give her child the advantages of a healthy body and mind. A weak or sickly woman cannot do this. "Favorite Prescription" makes weak women strong and sick women well.

Mrs. Orrin Stiles, of Downing, Dunn Co., Wis., writes: "I have been intending to write to you ever since my baby was born in regard to what your 'Favorite Prescription' has done for me. I cannot praise it enough, for I have not been as well for five years as I now am. In July last I had a baby boy, weight 11 pounds, and I was only sick a short time, and since I got up have not had one sick day. I have not had any womb trouble since I got up. I was not only surprised myself but all of my friends here are surprised to see me so well."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure biliousness.

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COAL!

Everybody Wants the Best Coal.

Try Lethbridge Coal, then you will have the best and cheapest. This coal will make the hottest and brightest fires, besides it is earily handled, as it is very clean. We have it for all kinds of grate

E. A. Cameron.

Warrants Consideration.

The Dominion government as well as the Provincial House should see that the mining industry in British Columbia receives the consideration it warrants. Assistance in regard to the smelter situation is now needed. The revenue derived from the mineral resources of this province is large, and the government should see that the interests of the mining industry are properly taken care of.—Exchange.

Mineral Exhibit.

Arrangements have been completed for a British Columbia mineral exhibit at the Glasgow exhibition. Now the government proposes to send a good display of minerals to the next exhibition in Toronto, and is considering the idea of exhibiting our precious minerals before the public at the Pan-American Exhibition in Buffalo, N. Y., this year. In New York State considerable capital is already invested in the Slocan, and such a display as is proposed ought to influence more investment of capital in this district.

Mineral at Slocan Junction.

Evidences are not wanting to show this district has iron and copper as well as other minerals. In strolling over the hills at Slocan Junction, Mr. McManus and others came across a wide ledge of iron, from which they shipped several tons to the Nelson smelter. The entire country rock in that district is fully impregnated with iron, copper, silver and gold, and we are fully convinced a moderate sum spent in exploiting there, would expose ledges of great value. Another advantage of the locality is its nearness to shipping and market, and the entire country easily accessible at all times. Here is a very promising field for a little venture.

The Kootenay-Coast Railway.

Three parties of surveyors are around Grand Forks, and it is said, on good authority, they are there for the purpose of surveying the proposed Kootenay-Coast railway. The western terminus of the line will be Vancouver, and either Cassiar or Midway, in the Boundary district, the eastern. The route will extend through the Fraser River valley, over the Hope mountains, through the Similkameen and Okanogan districts, and thence across country to Midway.

In the recent speech from the throne of the provincial legislature, a paragraph was inserted to the effect that the government will introduce a measure providing for a subsidy of $8,000 per mile to aid the proposed enterprise, and it is the intention of the promoters to ask additional aid from the Dominion parliament.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS

Mrs. Winslows Soothing Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children when teething. If disturbed at night and broken in your rest by a sick child, suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth. Send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the gums and reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the system "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25c. a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

A Change.

C.G.Baker a practical New Denver man, is assuming the management of D. J. Robertson's furniture business here. He will have with him an experienced

Painter and Paper-hanger.

Carpets sewed and laid. Furniture in all its branches repaired and a stock of

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Best Furniture

always on hand. Every department of the business will be managed in the best way possible, guaranteeing satisfaction to all new and old patrons.

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THE BIG STORE.

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We are Offering Special Values in Dress Goods, Carpets, Oilcloths, Tapestry, Squares, Curtains.

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Miners' Clothing
Gents' Furnishings

Our Boots and Shoes, Underclothing, and, in fact, all supplies—just what's wanted in the camp. Call and inspect them.

J. R. CAMERON.

IF YOU WANT ANYTHING IN

Cutlery
Stoves
Tinware
Slay Bells

We can show you some nice lines in these goods at reasonable prices.

HARRY NASH.

In the new stand, opposite C.P.R, depot.

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To and from European points via Canadian and American lines. Apply for sailing dates, rates and full information to any C. P.R. agent or H. W. Harbour, Agent, Sandon, W.P. F. Cummings, Gen.S.S. Agent, Winnipeg

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LIMITED.

Operating KASLO & SLOCAN RY.
INTERNATIONAL NAV. & TRAD. CO., Ltd.
BEDLINGTON & NELSON RY.
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Shortest and quickest route to the East and all points on the O. R. & N. and Northern Pacific Rys. in Washington, Oregon, and the Southern States.

KASLO & SLOCAN RY.

Passenger train for Sandon and way stations leaves Kaslo at 8 a. m., daily. Returning, leaves Sandon at 1.15 p. m., arriving at Kaslo at 3.55 p. m.

INTERNATIONAL NAV. & TRAD. CO.

Operating on Kootenay Lake and River.
S.S. Kaslo leaves Kaslo daily at 8 a. m. leaves Pilot Bay daily at 9:15 a. m.; arrives at Kuskonook daily at 11:15 a. m. Returning, leaves Kuskonook daily at 12:40 p. m.; leaves Pilot Bay daily at 2:30 p. m.; arrives at Kaslo daily at 4 p. m.
S.S. International leaves Nelson daily at 7 a.m., leaves Pilot Bay daily at 9:15 a.m., arrives at Kaslo daily at 10:45 a. m. Returning, leaves Kaslo daily at 1 p. m.; leaves Pilot Bay daily at 2.30 p. m.; arrives at Nelson daily at 4:30 p.m.

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Passenger train leaves Kuskonook for Spokane daily on the arrival of steamer Kaslo connection at Booner's Ferry with Great Northern flyer, east bound.
Leaves Spokane for Kuskonook daily at 6:25 a. m., making direct connection at Kuskonook with steamer Kaslo for Nelson and Kaslo.
Steamers call at principal landings in both directions, and at other points when signalled.
Tickets sold to all parts in Canaada and the United States.
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AGENTS WANTED—LIFE OF QUEEN VICTORIA. Authors—The Queen herself, Dr. John Coulter, from London, Eng., John A. Cooper, editor of Canadian Magazine, Toronto; about 700 pages; quality never equalled; price only $1.75. See other advt. in this paper also two reviews in this paper. World Publishing Co., Guelph, Ont.

TWENTIETH ANNUAL STATEMENT

—OF THE—

North American Life

Assurance Company.

HEAD OFFICE :—112-118 KING STREET WEST, TORONTO.

For the Year Ended December 31st, 1900.

Dec. 30, 1899.	To net Ledger Assets		$3,336,710 21

RECEIPTS.

Dec. 31, 1900.	To Cash for Premiums	$822,929 00	
" "	To Cash Income on Investments, etc.	183,041 55	
			1,005,970 55
			$4,342,680 76

DISBURSEMENTS.

Dec. 31, 1900.	By Payment for Death Claims, Profits, etc	$304,679 00	
" "	By all other Payments	264,493 35	
			569,172 68
			$3,773,508 08

ASSETS.

Dec. 31, 1900.	By Mortgages, etc	$1,282,389 92
	" Debentures (market value $739,199 47)	729,813 10
	" Stocks and Bonds (market value $1,031,680 00)	1,013,799 96
	" Real Estate, including Company's building	389,751 79
	" Loans on Policies, etc	239,719 38
	" Loans on Stocks, (nearly all on call)	91,580 00
	" Cash in Banks and on Hand	26,473 93
		$3,773,508 08
	" Premiums outstanding, etc. (less cost of collection)	163,071 16
	" Interest and rents due and accrued	40,684 59
		$3,977,263 83

LIABILITIES.

Dec. 31, 1900.	To Guarantee Fund	$ 60,000 00	
	" Assurance and Annuity Reserve Fund	3,362,709 000	
	" Death Losses awaiting proofs, etc.	54,362 44	
			3,477,071 44

Net Surplus **$500,192 39**

Audited and found correct.

J. N. LAKE, Auditor.

The financial position of the Company is unexcelled—its percentage of net surplus to liabilities exceeds that of any other Home Company.

New insurance issued during 1900 ..... $4,153,150 00
Exceeding the best previous year (except one) in the history of the Company.
Insurance in force at end of 1900 (net) 24,883,061 00

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SECRETARY
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MEDICAL DIRECTOR
A. THORBURN, M.D., Edin.

The Report containing the proceedings of the Annual Meeting, held on January 30th last, showing marked proofs of the continued progress and solid position of the Company, will be sent to policy-holders. Pamphlets explanatory of the attractive investment of plans of the Company, and a copy of the annual report, showing its unexcelled financial position, will be furnished on application to the Head Office, or any of the Company's agencies.

BY CHEMICAL MEANS.

Recent Experiments Show Possibility of Reproduction of Life Without Impregnation.

Dr. Jacques Loeb, of the University of Chicago, is attracting much attention in the scientific world by his experiments in artificial reproduction of life. In the first report of his investigations he showed that by a chemical process reproduction without impregnation might occur in the eggs of sea-urchins.

Later investigations show that the possibility of artificial reproduction is not confined to the sea-urchins. Star fishes and some higher forms of life have proved susceptible to external generative influences. These experiments are extremely interesting and seem to bring science to the very portals of the secret of existence. The possibility of artificial production and its extension opens up an enormous field for conjecture and research in this country.

LIGHT AS A CURE.

At a meeting of the Academy of Sciences in Paris on December 3d, Monsieur P. Garnault reported that in certain diseases light exercises a specific curative action. The most successful treatment under concentrated light occurred in cases of muscular and articular rheumatism, various kinds of ulcers and chronic catarrh of the nose and ear.

Three of the nurses at the Scarborough Hospital performed heroic actions in a fruitless endeavor to save the life of a little child named Arthur Harwood. They allowed skin to be flayed from their bodies and grafted on the boy, who was suffering from severe burns.

HIS PRIVILEGE.

Jasper—Young Rocky spends his money in lumps without enjoying it.

Jumpuppe—Well, that's all right. His father made it in lumps without earning it.

The Home

USES OF COLD WATER.

"I am beginning to think that cold water is more beneficial than drugs," a friend said to me recently. "When I am sleepless, as I frequently am, I wet a cloth with cold water and hold it alternately at the back of my neck, the pit of my stomach, on my wrists, and across my forehead. This lowers my temperature and leaves me so refreshed that I am usually sure of falling asleep very soon after the application.

"For constipation, I know of no better remedy than a couple of glasses of cold water taken upon retiring and also the first thing in the morning.

"Rheumatism also is said to flee from a persistent deluging of the system with this simple fluid. A gallon of water should be taken daily, two quarts in the morning, before breakfast, and the other two between meals during the day. Of course this quantity cannot be taken at first, but must be attained to gradually. Neither must it be bolted down as one gulps a glass of soda, but taken slowly, with intervals of rest.

"A chronic case came to my notice recently. The lady had been afflicted for a number of years, her finger joints were crooked and swollen, and she had been a great sufferer. Her physician prescribed a gallon of water daily. She explicitly followed the directions given her, until now she tells me she has been entirely free from pain for several years, and her fingers have attained nearly their original shape. Another patient was cured of a very severe attack of rheumatism in four weeks, by simply drinking cold water, and carefully regulating her diet, which consisted mostly in abstaining from sweets, and red blooded meat, beef in particular."

Rheumatism, constipation and sleeplessness are three formidable foes. If nature's beverage can successfully grapple with them, is it not well to avoid drugs, and to cleanse the system with pure water, free to all, and unfailing in its supply?

An excellent gargle for sore throat is listerine and water, in the proportion of one-third listerine to two-thirds water. It is very pleasnat to the taste, purifies the breath, and is a good disinfectant. Often a troublesome irritation will attack the throat, caused sometimes by a deranged stomach, often the forerunner of a serious cold. This listerine gargle, if taken in season, will prevent the cold from materializing to any great extent. It is an antiseptic which is largely used by the medical fraternity.

HAM DELICACIES.

Broiled Ham—Prepare the ham as for frying, but cut the slices thinner. Remove most of the fat. The fire must be clear or the ham will have a smoky flavor. Put on the gridiron and cook until nicely browned. Serve with poached eggs.

Potted Ham—Take the remains of cold boiled ham and mince very fine. To every 2 lbs lean meat allow 1-2 lb fat. Pound the ham, fat and lean, in a mortar to a fine paste, gradually adding 1-2 teaspoon pounded mace, 1-2 teaspoon cayenne, and a little allspice. Be particular to mix the ingredients well. Press the mixture into tiny jars, filling within an inch of the top, and pour over the ham enough clarified butter to fill the space.

To Devil Ham—Cut up fried ham in small pieces, not larger than peas, and add tomato catsup, 1 teaspoon Worcestershire sauce and a small quantity of flour, then heat to boiling. It is an appetizing delicacy.

Ham Sandwiches—Cut some thin slices of fresh bread, from which remove the crust. Chop some cold boiled ham very fine. To every teacup of the chopped meat, add 1-2 teaspoon made mustard and the yolk of a hard-boiled egg. Mix well together, butter the bread and spread with the prepared meat.

FANCY DESSERTS.

Chocolate Pudding—Ingredients, 1 1-2 qts, of milk, 1 1-2 cups sugar, 1-2 cake chocolate, 3 tablespoon cornstarch, 1 teaspoon vanilla and 1 qt. rich cream. Place milk in double cooker, heat to boiling point and add cornstarch mixed in a little cold milk. Melt chocolate and sugar together and add to milk and cornstarch. Cook all for 20 minutes and add a pinch of salt. Stir often, pour out into a deep dish, and when cold add vanilla. Before sending to the table, whip 1 qt, cream, sweeten with 1-2 cup powdered sugar and add 2 teaspoons vanilla. Pour this over the chocolate mixture and serve.

Tapioca and Peaches—Cook 1-2 box granulated tapioca in 1 qt, water and stir. It should be the consistency of soft custard. Sweeten with 1 cup sugar. Place in a deep saucer 1 preserved peach, pour around it the tapioca and over all pour rich cream. This makes a very delicious dessert.

Peach and Pear Shortcake—Make a short biscuit cake as for any strawberry shortcake. Cut up peaches and pears fine and put them on the ice with plenty of powdered sugar. When the cake is cold, pour over the top the fruit mixture and over all pour 1 qt, cream that has been whipped and sweetened.

Cottage Pudding with Strawberry Sauce—The recipe for cottage pudding is the same as for any ordinary cup cake, but the sauce makes the dessert. Cream together gradually 1 cup butter and 2 of sugar. But until very light, then add 2 qts, crushed fresh strawberries. Pour over the cake when hot. This sauce is also good poured over hot popovers.

Apricot Jelly—One pound of best dried apricots, stewed until rich and tender, with sugar enough to be very sweet. Strain out apricots and chop fine. Then add juice to chopped fruit. Add 1 box gelatine that has been soaked over night and place all in mold. When cold, serve with sweetened whipped cream.

HOW TO POLISH THE WINDOWS.

The action of the sun, moisture and the carbonic acid in the air, on the soda or potash in the glass produces an opaqueness more or less pronounced. To remove this wet the glass with dilute hydrochloric acid, and after a few minutes go over the glass with powdered whiting. Pour the acid slowly into the cold water, using four ounces of the acid to twelve ounces of water, one pint and a half. Polish with chamois or soft paper. It must be remembered that this acid will attack metals and should not be allowed to touch them, nor should the bottle be left open an instant longer than necessary, as the fumes are very destructive.

Sin is our only enemy.

He who makes light of the Bible will get no light from it.

If you do not flee from the devil you will be fleeced.

Giving love by the way is the way to getting love.

His heart of sympathy is behind His hand of strength.

VIGOROUS OLD AGE

OBTAINED THROUGH THE USE OF DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS.

Mr. William Gray, of Newmarket, Tells How He Became Hale and Hearty at the Advanced Age of Seventy, After Having Suffered Great Torture from Sciatica and Rheumatism.

From the Express, Newmarket, Ont.

Mr. William Gray, who is well and favorably known in the town of Newmarket and vicinity, is rejoicing over his release from the pains of sciatica, and rheumatism through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. A reporter of the Express called upon him for the purpose of obtaining particulars of the cure when Mr. Gray gave the following story for publication:—"About two and a half years ago I was seized with a very severe attack of rheumatism, The pain was simply torturing. At times the trouble was seated in my knees, then in my hips. For nearly a year I suffered along, working as best I could, in the hope of being able to overcome the disease. During the day the pain was less severe, but at night it was just as bad as ever. To increase my torture I caught a cold which resulted in an attack of sciatica in my right leg. If I walked a short distance I would be seized by sharp pains in the hip and in time I became a used up man; my appetite failed me, and I could not rest at night on account of the pain. I tried one medicine after another without avail. I also consulted doctors with no better result. I was beginning to think that I was doomed to suffer the rest of my life when one day a friend strongly advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I took his advice and procured a supply of the pills and began taking them according to directions. Before the third box was finished I noted a change for the better, so I continued the use of the pills till I had taken ten or twelve boxes when my trouble had entirely disappeared. To-day I am free from pain and feel that life is worth living, even at the ripe old age of seventy. I can now do a day's work with many men who are twenty years younger than I. I thank God for my restoration to health through the agency of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I trust other similar sufferers will give them a trial, for knowing what these pills have done for me I am sure that they cannot fail being as beneficial to others similarly afflicted.

If the blood is pure and wholesome disease cannot exist. The reason Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure so many forms of disease is that they act directly upon the blood and nerves, thus reaching the root of the trouble. Other medicines act only on the symptoms of the trouble, and that is the reason the trouble always returns when you cease those medicines. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills make permanent cures in kidney troubles, rheumatism, erysipelas, anaemia and kindred diseases. But be sure you the genuine which bear the full name Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People on the wrapper around every box.

James Carey, of Norwich, proprietor of the Dolphin Baths, may be described as the champion life-saver in the old cathedral city, for he has just been presented by the mayor with the Royal Humane Society's vellum certificate for saving a boy from drowning in July last, this being the twenty-fifth rescue he has achieved.

THE BRAVE CHESHIRES.

REPORT OF THEIR GALLANT DEFENCE OF KAALFONTEIN.

The Boers Make a Very Vigorous Attack on the British, But Were Beaten Off by the Defenders — Buried Ammunition in the Town.

The London Standard correspondent at Pretoria sends the following spirited account of the defence of Kaalfontein by a detachment of the Cheshire Regiment on January 12; The attack on Kaalfontein was most determined. It is rumored that the Boers had buried some ammunition there, and meant to get it. Only on some such hypothesis—the station having no strategic value—can one understand General Bever's waiting about there for six or seven hours at the risk of being rounded up. At any rate he did so, and his lieutenant was given two 12-pounders—one of them a captured British gun—and a Maxim to supplement the rifle attack. The captain in charge of the station had been taken ill the previous day, and the defence was left in the hands of Lieutenant Williams Freeman of the 2nd Cheshire Regiment, who, with ninety mounted infantry of his own and twenty-five details from various other battalions, got his chance that day.

A SOLDIERLY FORCE.

There is nothing like mounted infantry work to bring out soldierly qualities and resource, and the young commandant of Kaalfontein made a splendid defence. The enemy's guns opened fire a little before seven a.m., and as the Boers came up from Zuurfontein, they extended and proceeded to envelop the station from east, north and south. The station trenches are magnificently constructed, being deep and carefully loopholed and command the nearly level veldt all round the post. The men were directed to lie low, to fire steadily, and to waste no ammunition. On the appearance of the enemy, as every man of the hundred and fifteen was needed for the trenches, the horses and mules were hurried into a cutting that ran parallel with and alongside the line. An empty goods train reached the station from Pretoria just as the Boers appeared, and a lady passenger on board, with the stationmaster's wife and children, were placed in a bomb-proof shelter, already prepared without the lines. All was in readiness for a desperate defence by the time the Boers were within range.

THE GUNS OPEN FIRE.

Their guns opened at about 3,000 yards, about seven a.m. They fired fast and furiously, and as the riflemen opened out to envelop the post, their Maxim rattled almost incessantly. The absence of effective coven was in favor of the garrison, and doubtless had everything to do with the reluctance of the Boers to come to close quarters with the British soldiers. For the most part in front they kept a good thousand yards off, but on the north and south they took advantage of the dip of the line and a mealie field to press closer on the flanks.

When Lieut. Williams Freeman saw that the attack was developing in great force, he detailed Parks one of the Cheshire Mounted Infantry, to get out his horse and ride through to Olifantsfontein to wire for reinforcements. Parks had to run the gauntlet. He could not leave the station without being observed, and in a moment a number of Boers were thundering after him and firing as they tried to cut him off. But Parks rode hard and well, and got clear away to Olifantsfontein, where the wire soon let Lord Kitchener know what was going on.

DETERMINED ATTACK.

The attack was in the meantime being pressed with great determination, to the incessant rifle fire was added the shriek of the shells as they tore through the station or hurled harmlessly overhead. Had not the firing been generally too high, the overhead shrapnel must have caused a great deal of damage and some casualties.; For four hours the two guns continued to throw shells with hardly a moment's cessation. By eleven o'clock, however, the Boers had realized that the plucky garrison was not in the least alarmed, and meant to see it out until help came. After eleven the guns slackened, and the Boers in the mealie field fired on the left, while a small party on the right, close to the line, made a last attempt to get nearer. Some twenty Boers tried to rush across the line and get into she station from the south. The Cheshires, however, stood grimly firm, and the enemy were driven off, leaving one man lying close to the trenches with a bullet through his head. Previously to this several saddles had been emptied, while not a man amongst the defenders had received as much as a scratch. Towards one o'clock an armoured train carrying a number of infantry and an artillery detachment with a 15-pounder came up the line from Pretoria, and then Gen. W. G. Knox, with the 2nd Cavalry Brigade, appeared on the skyline from Elandsfontein. The Boers saw it was high time to retire. A few shells from Knox's guns expedited their movements, an din the partial pursuit their ments, and in the partial pursuit which followed 8 prisoners were taken. The Boers carried off most of their dead and wounded, so that their losses are not known, but it is safe to say that they did not by any means get away scathless.

GOLD PRODUCT OF CANADA.

It is estimated that the Canadian gold fields yielded last year 1,257,862 ounces of gold, valued at $26,000,000. Compared with the preceding year, 1899, this is an increase in ounces of about 250,000, and in value of $5,000,000.

BRITISH AMERICA ASSURANCE COMPANY.

The Sixty-seventh Annual Meeting of the Shareholders of this company was held at its offices, Toronto, on Thursday, 28th February, 1901.

The President, Hon. Geo. A. Cox, occupied the chair, and Mr. P. H. Sims, who was appointed to act as Secretary, read the annual report, of which the following is a summary:—

Your directors have the honor to present the annual report and financial statement of the company's sixty-seventh year, duly vouched for by its auditors.

It will be noted that there has been a considerable increase in the premium income for the year, this being mainly due to the business derived from the new fields in which the company has established business connections, and also to the improved conditions that have prevailed in the marine business.

Two half-yearly dividends have been declared at the rate of 7 per cent, per annum, amounting to $60,323.96, and the reserve fund has been increased to $581,457.22.

In view of the abnormal fire losses on this continent during the year 1900, including the disastrous conflagration in April last in the cities of Hull and Ottawa, which involved a loss of property to the value of about ten million dollars, your directors feel that the statements herewith submitted must be regarded as satisfactory by the shareholders.

The capital stock of the company has been increased to one million dollars, in accordance with the by-law passed at the last annual meeting, the $250,000.00 new stock authorized to be issued at a premium of 15 per cent. having been all taken up.

Summary or Financial Statement.

Total cash income.	$1,951,233.34
Total expenditure, including appropriation for losses under adjustment. .	1,890,347.57
	60.885.77
Dividend declared.	60.393.26
Total assets.	1.776,606.45
Cash capital.	1,000,000.00
Reserve fund.	581,457.22
Security to policyholders	$1,581,457.22

The President, who moved the adoption of the report, which was seconded by the Vice-President, referred to the exceptionally heavy losses by fire on this continent during the year under review, and said that, although the report just read did not present so favorable a showing, as far as the balance between income and expenditure for the year was concerned, as the preceding annual statements which he had had the honor during the past eight years of submitting to the shareholders, he felt that there was perhaps as much matter for congratulation in the figures embraced in the accounts for the year 1900 as in those of some preceding statements which have shown a more favorable balance sheet. It was gratifying to observe the continued increase in the volume of business transacted. While there had been a satisfactory growth of income from fields in which the company had for years past been carrying on operations, he was glad to be able to say, that, from the agencies recently established beyond the limits of this continent, very encouraging returns have been received. The predictions that the directors ventured to make a year ago as to a probable improvement in conditions of marine business had, he was pleased to say, been realized, and, as a result of the better rates which, speaking generally, had prevailed both upon inland lake and ocean risks there had been a fair margin of profit upon the business written in that branch during the year. But what in his estimation was more a matter of congratulation than any of the figures to whichl he had referred was the fact that at the close of a year in which the fire losses in Canada and the United States have been very largely in excess of those of average years they were able to present a balance sheet which showed a loss of less than one per cent. upon the premium income as the result of the year's underwriting transactions — that is, ignoring the income derived from interest and rent.

The report was, on motion, adopted, and the following gentlemen were re-elected to serve as directors during the ensuing year;—

Hon. Geo. A. Cox, J. J. Kenny, Hon. S. C. Wood, Thos. Long, John Hoskin K.C., LL.D., H. M. Pellatt, R. Jaffray, A. Myers and E. W. Cox.

At a meeting of the board held subsequently, the Hon. Geo. A. Cox was re-elected President and Mr. J. J. Kenny Vice-President.

CUISINE NOTES.

Vinegar sprinkled on the stove will keep odors of cooking from going through the house.

Meat should always be cooked with the fat downward.

Raw cabbage is more easily digested than when cooked.

After washing lettuce in cold water, wrap it lightly in cloth and put in the ice box until time to serve, when it will be very crisp.

Celery may be kept fresh for several days if, after it has been cleaned and washed, it is put in an ordinary fruit jar, covered tight and put in a cool place.

After boiling a tongue, and while it is still hot, remove the skin, then put the tongue in a bowl just large enough to hold it coiled and put a plate on top with a heavy weight over that. When cold the tongue will come out in fine shape for slicing around instead of across.

Cut crisp celery into inch pieces, then slit each piece quite fine, nearly through from end to end. Put in ice water for an hour, then use as a garnish.

The Harris vs. Pitts Case.

The plaintiff in the action of Harris vs. Pitts has been awarded a verdict, judgment in the matter having been handed down by Mr. Justice Irving, the trial judge. Mayor Pitts built a store which was alleged to occupy part of the street, and to militate against the value of property owned by Mr. Harris on the opposite side of the thoroughfare. In his suit Mr. Harris sought to have the portion of the building on the street removed. The judgment is as follows:

"To entitle a private person to maintain an action for damage caused by that which is a public nuisance (such as the erection by the defendant of a house in the middle of a street plainly is) the damages must be particular, direct and substantial. The rule is founded on public policy to prevent an indefinite multiplicating of suits. The only question in this case is. Has the damage sustained by the plaintiff brought him within the rule?

In Beckett vs. Midland Ry. Co. (1. r. 3 c. p.) as in this case, the thing complained of was the narrowing of the highway opposite the plaintiff's premises and thereby obstructing the free access thereto. This was held to be such a private and particular damage as would entitle to bring an action.

"The building is a pernament building and, if permitted to remain, will permanently narrow the roadway. It was established to my satisfaction that the erection of this obstruction substantially lessened the selling price or value of the plaintiff's property.

"I think he is entitled to the relief he prays with costs. (Signed)

P. Æ. IRVING, Judge."

As there is no order attached it is hard to tell just what the judgment means.—ED. REVIEW.

The North side hill, or Sunnyside, is getting bare again, to the delight of the residents.

New Denver Mining Records.

LOCATIONS.

Feb 27—Onyx, near New Denver, John Williams.

28—Four Mile No 6, Four Mile er, J C Butler.

ASSESSMENTS.

Feb 21—Smuggler. 25—Spokane, Evening Star fr, Arab, Black Eagle. March 4—Rover. 5—Freddy. 6—Flora Temple. 8—Four Mile No 3. 15—Isis, Carrick, Forum, Eral, Balmount.

TRANSFERS.

Feb 23—Lydia fr ½, A Sproat to J M Carrie and ¼ to E Shannon, Sept 14.

25—Crow fr, E F Lloyd to R Insinger, Jan 31.

26—St Helena and Troy, sold by sheriff to J S C Fraser for $15,000. Feb 16.

27—Star Spangled Banner, Balmoral, Richmond, Josephine, Pollard ⅓, J T Foley to A Fisher, Feb 11. Hustler fr. re bill of sale, Geo A Petty to M Gintzburger, Feb 15.

March 1—Brunswick ½, J A McKinnon to A S Reed, Feb 28. Brunswick ½, same to A Webb, Feb 28.

2—Stanley ½, J A Austen to J G McKay, Sept 18

4—Benbou, W S Drewry to P J Hickey, June 17 Seaton fr, all interest, F S Clements to P J Hickey, June 20. Benbou, Triumph, Triumph and Seaton frs, ½ in each, P J Hickey to W C Yawkey, Feb 13. Tom Bowling, Kanawha 1-6, W C Yawkey to P J Hickey, Jan 25. Bendigo 7-16, Bendigo fr ½, Morning 9-20, W H Yawkey to W C Yawkey, Nov 15. Ella B ½, J T Kelly to J T Carrol, Feb 1. Province ¾, A Mullen to J T Carrol, Feb 1. Province ¼, Ella B ½, F L Christie to J T Carrol, Feb 4.

8—Million ⅔, M J O'Brien to R McPherson, Jan 25.

9—J M Anderson declares he holds ½ interest in Ida, Marion and Eagle for J Cazazza. Republicon ¼, D Matheson to A McPherson, March 9. Arden ⅓, E Shannon to H J Byrnes, June 5.

11—Clara Moore, Storm ¼, A S Reed to C McNichol, March 9. Franklin fr, F Nelson to C A Anderson, March 9.

13—Miller Creek fr, notice of suit by Gus Fandrey against Emma L Warner.

15—Lake View 1-5, M A McDonald to D J Matheson, March 9. Royal Five 1-5, M A McDonald to D J Matheson.

CERTIFICATES OF IMPROVEMENTS.

March 9—Victor, Newport, Gone Batchelor, Dolly Varden, S D fr, Legal fr.

ABANDONMENTS.

Feb 22—G R Smith abandons Oversight, near New Denver.

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE:—Erie Mineral Claim, situate in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay District.

Where located: On R. E. Lee mountain, adjoining the Minneapolis claim.

Take notice that I, P. M. Hayes, acting as agent for the Erie Mining & Milling Company, Limited, of Sandon, Free Miner's Certificate No. B 21621, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 5th day of March, 1901.

P. M. HAYES.

H. Byers & Co.

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and

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'T' Rails and Track Iron,
Crow's Nest Coal,
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Theo. Madson

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Regular Communication of the lodge. Meets first Thursday in each month at 8 p. m. Visiting brethren cordially invited.

THOS. BROWN, Sec'y.

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Snow Glasses!

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From the blinding sunshine. Snow Glasses just to suit—25c., 50c., 75c., $1.00 and $1.25 — for LADIES and GENTLEMEN at

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HAKE'S Celebrated Stationery Just Arrived

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Gold Seal White Rubber Coats
Black and Yellow Oil Coats
Hip Rubber Boots, leather soles
Knee Rubber Boots, leather soles

Blankets, Pillows, Quilts, etc.

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RECO AVENUE.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD

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SLOCAN BELLE

Our Leading Brands. Special Brands Made to Order.

Slocan Cigar Factory,

J. P. Martin, Manager. SANDON, B. C.

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This Month It's Apples---Not Dried Apples,

But fresh Winter Apples—fresh from our farm in the Okanagon valley—Norther Spys, Bell Flowers, Kings, Baldwins, Spitzburg and all other varities.

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