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The Mining Review.

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WEST KOOTENAY.

A Visitor's Impressions of West Kootenay.

(By W. M. Brewer, M. E., late of the Alabama State Geological Survey.)

During the recent flying trip which I made through the Slocan and West Kootenay districts I was very strongly impressed with the magnitude of the superficial area which is known to be mineral-bearing in the Province of British Columbia. I use the expression "known to be," although large portions of the province are to-day comparatively unexplored, because when the main rivers which drain the entire territory west of Calgary are to-day producing placer gold in paying quantities, after having been, many of them, mined for upwards of thirty years, it is a very safe conclusion to arrive at, that with in the confines of this territory occur the source from whence all this placer gold has come. The magnitude is also determined by the fact that nearly every range of mountains which has received the attention of prospectors, mineral-bearing ore has been found, both in paying quantity and grade.

Another feature with regard to the mineral resources of the province which cannot fail to create a most profound impression on the mind of a visitor who gives the question serious thought, is the fact that such a large area of the province is practically unknown to any except the Indians. Not only does this apply to districts remote from railroad transportation, but it is true of localities in the immediate vicinity of many of the railroad towns, and capecially, also of the richest mining camps.

A WEAK POINT IN THE MINERAL ACT.

I do not mean by this that around the mineral camps the ground has not been covered by prospectors, but that even these prospectors who have staked locations themselves know practically little with regard to occurrence, extent or permanancy of the ore in the claims they have recorded. That such a condition exists is the only weak point in my opinion of the mining laws of the province, because prior to recording a claim no definite work, even to show the "rock in place" is required of the discoverer. And by this omission the custom has resulted not only of staking and recording claims without previously having determined the actual occurrence of ore—"rock in place"—beyond the finding of a few surface out-croppings or float which may have been carried for miles, but also of relocating year after year these same claims through collusion with friends.

The answer of one prominent mining man to my criticism on this subject a few days since was:—"You see we have so many brokers who are engaged in floating mining companies and who are perfectly willing to pay a prospector a few hundred dollars merely for the acreage of the location, caring nothing at all whether there is any value attached to it beyond that. By these promoters the prospector is urged to stake claims and rush through the country from one district to another with only one aim or ambition ahead of him; that of recording as many locations during the year as possible to turn in to the promoter at the price of one, two or three hundred dollars apiece."

Of course many locations made in this manner are eventually developed to a more or less extent, but usually not until the broker had transferred the "location" to some corporation capitalized at six or seven figures, the shareholders of which are rarely local residents. According to the old maxim "All is well that ends well," it would make but very little difference if all of the locations were developed or thoroughly exploited, whether the work was done by prospectors themselves or by corporation, but only a very small proportion of such locations up to the present time have received any attention further than the recording and the relocating.

To remedy such a condition of things is not so easy but your provincial mineralogist, Mr. Carlyle, has offered a suggestion which I find mining men in the country endorse. This is the passage of a law compelling the performance of a certain amount of work within ninety days after recording the claim.

Of course it may be urged that a stranger has little right to criticize the law or regulations under which the people of the province have lived and prospered for many years, but in this and the articles to follow I propose to comply with the request of the editor of the Record and relate my first impressions of the mineral producing districts of the province exactly as they occurred to myself during my travels.

Of course the fact of snow being on the ground in all of the mining camps south of the Canadian Pacific railroad to depths ranging from three to twelve or fifteen feet reduced my opportunities of observation to a minimum so far as the surface indications were concerned. But through the courtesy of several of the superintendents of mining companies in the districts I was enabled to take advantage of other men's experience by seeing several mines which had been developed quite extensively through their underground workings,—many of them dividend payers.

THE PREMATURE PAYMENT OF DIVIDENDS.

The policy of paying dividends is certainly a most praiseworthy one, but the idea occurs to me that sometimes the greed for dividends is satisfied at the expense of the mine, and really eventually to the cost or sorrow of the shareholders themselves. Because when the ore is in sight it is mined, and treated from hand to mouth as it were, instead of development work being carried ahead so that at all times there is blocked out in the underground workings sufficient ore to guarantee a steady output for months or even years to come; some contingency may arise at any moment through "faulting" or some freak of nature which causes a cessation of shipments, and not only are dividends then out of the question, but by want of funds the mine operations themselves stop. It occurs to me that all shareholders in British Columbia companies would in the future be very much better satisfied if a policy were adopted which compelled the directors o not only keep at all times a proportion of the laborers in the mines engaged in prospecting or development work for future stoping, but also a certain percentage of the earnings in the treasury as surplus to be used in case of such a contingency as I have mentioned occurring.

NATURE'S HIGHWAYS.

The bounty of Nature in providing the highways which the waterways of the province really constitute, is another feature which cannot fail to impress the mind of the observant visitor. The system of lakes reaching southerly from the Canadian Pacific main line, has afforded a means of ingress and egress to the Slocan and Kootenay districts, without which their development would have been impracticable because of the enormous investment which would have been necessary in the construction of railroads.

Although the outside world has heard of the Kootenay mines since their discovery, yet but comparatively few of the people residing beyond the boundary have any intelligent idea of the routes by which these mining districts are reached. And even those few who know through information gathered from reports and maps the best route by which to travel have no conception of the grandeur and picturesqueness of the trip from Victoria by the C. P. R. I doubt if the beauty of the scenery even can be equalled anywhere else in the world. Of course there are many grand and beautiful spots which stand unsurpassed for beauty and grandeur, such as Royal George, of the Arkansas river, in Colorado, spots in the Yellowstone park in Wyoming, to say nothing of scenes in the Alps and mountainous sections in other foreign countries. But by the route I have mentioned, one is travelling through scenery which for the entire distance keeps one's attention absorbed.

The mining districts can now be conveniently reached from the north or the south, because from Revelstoke, on the Canadian Pacific, there is being operated a direct system which connects the main line with the various camps, the trip being made partly by rail and partly by water. From the south the mines can be reached by railroad from Spokane Falls, in the State of Washington.

The trip by Canadian Pacific system is divided as follows; Rail from Revelstoke to Arrow Head, distance 27 miles down the Columbia river. Here the head of the lake known as the Upper Arrow is reached, and thence to Nakusp, at the foot of the lake, the traveller is transported by steamer. From Nakusp to Sandon, in the heart of the Slocan, the railway is used; but between Sandon and Nelson Slocan lake is traversed its entire distance by steamer, and at Slocan City one again takes to the cars. This branch of the railway follows for a long distance down the Slocan river, then crosses a narrow divide to the Kootenay rives, along the south bank of which it ascends to the southern extremity of the west arm of the Kootenay lake, which it crosses almost within the city limits of Nelson. In the return trip it is not even necessary to travel over the same route, but instead, the cars are used from Nelson to Robson, where transfer is made to steamer, and the entire length of both the Lower and Upper Arrow lakes, as well as the portion of the Columbia which connects them, is traversed, the only portion of the round trip which is necessarily repeated is that from Nakusp to Revelstoke. I have volunteered this information for the sake of the many from the States and elsewhere who now propose visiting this section.

THE QUEEN BESS.

Sandon was the first mining camp I visited. Owing to the extreme depth of snow it was impossible to obtain any information from observation as to the surface outcroppings here, but through the courtesy of Mr. Rathbone, superintendent of the "Queen Bess," which is located about four miles west of the town, I was afforded an opportunity to see the underground workings in this mine. The system of working by tunnel, which is almost universally adopted throughout the Slocan and Kootenay districts, has been followed at the Queen Bess. Of the advantages of mining by this system I will refer to later. The ore body in the Queen Bess is found usually in the metamorphosed argillites, but at some points the vein has cut across the eruptive phorphyrites, which as dykes are intrusions and have cut off the slates. The trend of the argillites is northwesterly, while the strike of the vein is north-easterly. Some idea of the complicated structure can readily be conceived when these facts are considered, as well as that of the ore body in some places is exposed at the contact between these different rocks, and at others 15 or 20 feet distant from the contact and the eruptive. But with all this irregularity, which would be very puzzling to a man not thoroughly acquainted with formations in the district, yet the experienced miner finds a certain regularity has been demonstrated when he thoroughly exploits the underground workings. In these it has been demonstrated that the highest grade ore and largest pockets are found in the argillites, rather than the eruptive rock, which evidently resisted fracture with a much greater force than in the case of the slates.

The thickness of the ore body varies from a few inches to about four feet. At the points where it is thickest the mineral occurs as solid galena, carrying silver and lead, or as carbonates. The proportion of the matter mined up to the present time is probably 25 per cent, of the entire product of the mine. There shows in the workings a smaller vein parallel with the main ore body to which I have been referring.

Five drifts at different levels have been run, which have developed the main ore body to a vertical depth of about 400 feet, and two have been run on the smaller vein. In the aggregate the length of the various openings, including cross-cutting, is about 3,000 feet. But comparatively little stoping has been done. In fact, at the time of my visit, only one man was employed at that work, because no effort was being made to ship ore in greater quantities than sufficient to meet current expenses. The purpose of the management is to thoroughly develop the mine, and determine the quantity of ore "in sight" and the probable permanency of the veins.

(Continued next week.)

City Council.

The council met Monday evening. Present the mayor and Ald. Cunning, Switzer and Hunter.

A communication was received from O. G. Dennis, Assistant Commissioner of Lands and works wanting to know how much the clearing of Cody creek would cost.

The clerk was authorized to reply saying $600 would clear Carpenter creek.

The following accounts were paid:

D.J. Robertson, gaol furniture	$23.75
G. Lloyd, lumber	13.25
Salaries	319.50
Telegrams, etc	2.49
D. J. McLaughlan	25.50
Total	$384.55

The formal reports of Police Magistrate, Chief of Police and Chief of Fire Brigade were for the past month presented.

Newspaper Men Coming.

The members of the Wisconsin State Press Association have received invitations from the Canadian government and the Canadian Pacific railway company to make their annual excursion this year over Canada's great highway and visit the cities and mining districts of British Columbia. The excursion will leave St. Paul on July 21, and after visiting the Rainy river and Lake of the Woods mining districts, will come west to have a look at the mines and cities of Kootenay.

TO CURE COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25 cents.

ANOTHER SLIDE.

This Time A Land Slide Occurring in the Star Gulch.

A smashing, crashing noise, and the gradual subsidance of the electric lights Saturday evening at 8.30 assured the people that something unusual had happened, but it was some little time before many knew what it was. It was soon told, however, that a land slide had occurred up the gulch toward the Star mine and that it had broken one of the pipes feeding the electric light system.

A visit to the spot shows that some 250 feet up the side of the south hill just above the large stable of the Star company, the earth gave way through the action of the water in the soil and came tumbling down, taking trees nearly three feet through, logs, rocks everything else on the side hill in the locality. The avalanche completely filled the valley the entire width and for a length of over 200 feet. Some of the larger of the trees were broken like pipe-stems in the crash.

Two or three wagons and other effects around the stable were smashed to atoms. One log some two feet in diameter ran endways into the stable, but fortunately no injury befell either man or animal, though the Lafavor family and others close by had too close a call to feel very comfortable ever since. Had anyone been on the road in the way of the slide at the time, he would have met instant death as escape, on account of the unevenness of the ground and the width taken up by the debris, was impossible.

To make the road passable again means considerable work for many men for some days.

The Electric Light company, however, got their repairs made in a very short time.

A few days before another slide came down from the opposite side of the hill and vented its furry on Squire Lovatt's stable, shifting it several feet off its foundation, breaking a wagon and so blocking the road that it took several days to clear it.

Nakusp Items.

Although general business at this town is not the very briskest, considerable is turned over in the course of the year. Several boats call there and transhipment as a consequence is very considerable. There used to be loud complaints against the lack of hotel accommodations, but there is no ground for it now as the Leland and the Grand are quite fit for a place of many thousand inhabitants

The saw mills here are amongst the largest in the whole country and certainly the most extensive in the whole of West Kootenay, and their shipments cover the entire country. As they have a large field from which to draw logs—the entire lake system and up the Columbia river—they get the best timber to be had in the interior. With the two large boilers they have in use and the third which is being put in, they have immense power, and they require it. As much boat building and repairing are done here they have to produce some of the largest timber on the shortest notice, and they are always equal to any and every emergency. For the best of house material such as flooring and finishing lumber, they adopted a new course—they kiln dry all their lumber in the rough before planing and dressing. This enables them to produce all pieces true, and entirely free of warps. In a word they have machinery of the most improved patterns for doing all kinds of work in their line including turning, scroll sawing, brackets, etc., etc., for making everything required in finishing a costly building from beginning to end, a complete institution. The managers say they have not lumber equal to the best on the coast, as the logs are not to be had, but they approach them as closely as possible and are always pleased to make prices and terms to meet their customers as far as possible. They do an extensive business and are making every preparation to keep fully abreast of all requirements.

Time to Act.

As the Provincial elections are to take place in July, it is none too early for the electors to be making up their minds as to the future representative of this constituency. If we are to believe reports Kaslo has already two candidates in the field, one each for and against the government and possibly a third, an independent. This constituency extends from lake to lake, that is it takes in Slocan City, Silverton, New Denver, Sandon, Kaslo, the Duncan River section and all intermediate points. The representative should be the choice of the people of this whole district and not alone of any one section of it. To secure such a man the whole district should be consulted. The only way to do it, is to select delegates from each town and district in proportion to the voting power of such district and have all meet at some central point, and there is none more central than Sandon, and there by a majority vote select the man. If all parties can agree on an independent man any there is no reason why they should not as there are no party politics in the Local House so much better. If, however, it is thought advisable to bring out government, opposition and even independent candidates, each one of the three should be chosen in this way, and if so, in the final choice by the electors, the choice of the greatest number regardless of section will be obtained. While as a matter of fact, each section has more or less sectional interests, that will have their influence, most of the questions affecting this whole constituency have matters in common, so that any fair-minded, level-headed, capable liberal man could easily represent the whole division without aiding or encouraging the clashing of sections.

As we see matters no man unreservedly committed to either government or opposition, could represent this district with justice to all interests. As the constituency will be looking for many a day for absolute justice in governmental recognition, which some call favors, but which is not such in reality, the representative ought to be at least friendly and on workable terms with whoever may be in power, and at the same time at liberty to oppose ill advised drains on the treasury, favoritism nepotism, extravagance, etc., in any administration. The representative should be a man of experience, grasp and foresight, three elements in which the present House seems woefully lacking. It is not at all necessary that he should be a talking machine, as there appear to be plenty of these in the House already, but with judgement, experience, foresight, and grasp he should have language enough to express himself forcibly, clearly and to the purpose. If with these essentials he has what is equally necessary, principle, he should well represent the Slocan division. Our only desire is to see the whole constituency properly represented in making the choice of such a candidate, and if it is the man so chosen, will have our warmest support. If he is the choice of a section only, or is in any way forced on the division by unworthy influences be cannot properly represent the division or secure the support of the electorate.

Vancouver to Have a Smelter.

The Vancouver city council has accepted the offer made by the Anglo-Continental Public Works company of London, Eng., and that city is to have a smelter. The proposition in brief was as follows: It is stipulated that the city shall give the company a bonus of 50 cents per ton on the ore treated not exceeding 30,000 tons in any one year in return for which the company shall give the city $50,000 in preference 10 per cent shares. The promoters said the works would yield a profit of £39,000 a year, paying all interest on debentures and preference shares, and leaving £31,000 for the shareholders. The city would get £3,000 interest more than the bonus it would pay. The capacity of the smelter would be 350 tons a day.

HALIFAX HAPPENINGS.

Every sufferer from Sick Headache and Constipation should know that Laxa-Liver Pills are a perfect cure. Margaret Brennan, 5 Granville Street, Halifax, N. S., says:—"I have used Laxa-Liver Pills for Constipation and Sick Headache and found them excellent."

Refused the Office of Mineralogist.

Upon the retirement of W. A. Carlyle, provincial mineralogist, the position was offered to R. G. McConnell, of the Dominion Geological Survey. Mr. McConnell has, however, declined the office, preferring to remain with the Federal government. He and J. B. Tyrell have left for the Yukon and will spend the entire season in that district.

CRICK IN THE BACK.

Doan's Kidney Pills will take it out quicker than anything you know of. Mr. George Durand, Hamilton, Ont., says:—"Doan's Kidney Pills have made me stronger, removed the tired feeling and cured my weak kidneys and aching back."

A BIG BOOM COMING.

The World's Next Mining Rush Will Be to Kootenay.

English Prejudice Disappearing—Operators Becoming Interested.

"Six months ago English mining operators would scarcely so much as listen to a proposition including a British Columbia property, but now they are anxious to get a hold of any meritorious Kootenay mining interest." This concise epitome of the English market was given yesterday by G. F. Whiteman, of the late firm of Smith & Whiteman, who returned Sunday night from a stay of nine months in Great Britain on mining business. Mr. Whiteman, by the way, was seriously ill while in the old country but is now all right again, and will remain in the country all summer directing work on his properties, although he expects to return to England next winter to avoid the cold weather.

"When I arrived in England last August," continued Mr. Whiteman, "the mining market was practically dead. The collapses in West Australia and South Africa had completely taken away the appetite of the public for investments in even the most widely known mines, and as for properties in British Columbia, which to a large part of the public was hardly even a name, it was impossible to get so much as a hearing when they were to be presented.

"With the Klondyke boom, however, all this was changed. The tales of the phenominal strikes on the Yukon attracted the attention of the entire world to Western Canada, and people who before couldn't have told you whether British Columbia was in South Africa or next to British Guina, suddenly began turning their attention this way with the result that their eyes were suddenly opened to the vast mineral resources of the province. The Klondyke boom is deader than a salt mackerel in London, but the big operators are looking to Kootenay as the scene of the world's next great mining excitement. They do not expect, however, that the boom will come this year. Confidence in mining is not yet fully restored, and it will take time for it to recover from the shock received in the West Australian failures, but 1899 should see the attention of the whole English mining market focussed on this district, and when the market does take up the Kootenays, all the money now accumulating in the safe deposit vaults for lack of field for investment will be thrown into the mining interests in the district.

"The English operators who are now taking hold in Trail Creek want at least partially developed properties with some ore in sight. Unopened prospects are useless, and it is impossible to place them. As it was undeveloped properties that I took over with me, I did not succeed in placing them, but I am here now to open them this summer, and next winter I shall offer them again in England, with, I hope, better success.

"On Sullivan creek, I shall work the Washington and Marydale, but I shall spend most of my time in operating the Imperial and Porcupine fraction, on Porcupine creek, near Ymir, where I shall have four men at work."

"What about the affect of the Hispano-American war on local mining interests?" Mr. Whiteman was asked.

"While the war will undoubtedly make money tighter, yet I think that it will help Kootenay by diverting hither English money, which would otherwise be spent in American industrial stocks."
—Rossland Miner.

THE RECO OPENING.

A Decided Success and a Merry Time.

As was announced the formal opening of the Hotel Reco took place on Thursday evening by a Ball in the Virginia hall and a supper at the hotel. The building was formerly a large structure, large enough many think for a place two or three times the size of Sandon, and lately it has added to it a kitchen and belongings large enough for an ordinary hotel in themselves.

The entire structure has recently been repointed, painted inside and out and fitted up internally with all the latest designs in furniture and other fittings until the whole presents a most imposing appearance. On account of the size of all the rooms and all apartments there is an air of cheerfulness and healthiness about the place that command the admiration of all guests, and nothing is being left undone by Mr. McDonagh the new manager, a gentleman of most extensive experience, to have everything the best that can be procured for the guests of the establishments so far as bar and tables are concerned.

As we stated at the outset, the formal opening was introduced by a grand ball attended by about fifty couples of the "youth and beauty" of the city and surroundings, several being present from a distance, under invitations. The music by the Sandon orchestra was, as usual, quite up to the standard. Dancing commenced shortly after 9 o'clock and was continued until 12 when supper was announced. The spacious dining hall of hotel seated nearly the entire assembly at the first table. The spread was choice, tastily gotten up and attended by most courteous and attentive waiters, which left nothing to be desired in this line. After supper dancing was resuming by the younger portion of the assembly and continued till nearly 3 a.m. All present vote the entertainment in all respects a decided hit, and conclude that Mr. Harris, the proprietor, and Mr. McDonagh, the manager, are to be congratulated on the equipment of this palatial hostelry, and the completness of every detail of the arrangements for its formal opening, which gave so much enjoyment to all who attended the social entertainment.

MINING RECORDS.

Recorded at New Denver.

LOCATIONS.

May 3—Ripon, Carpenter, Frank A Wells.
May 4—Creole, opp Mountain Chief, Walter Bragg and Frank Radcliffe.
May 6—Lemolo, Fennel creek, Brun Thomas
Dagman, same, C M Larsen.
Gezina, same, Bruno Thomas.
Tena, same, C M Larsen.
Delmonte, same, B Thomas.
Emilie, same, C M Larsen.
Trista, same, same.
Lillimos, same, B Thomas.
Selma Fractional, same, C M Larsen.
Baby Jean, Four Mile, J A McKinnon.
Ellis, Three Forks, P W Ellis.
May 7—Keno, Carpenter, Malcolm B Merritt
May 9—Agnes, Cody creek, J A Lade.
Arthur, Slocan Lake, Near New Denver, Nels Krohn.
Dewery, New Denver, Geo Crawford.
Hidden Treasure, Wilson creek, W Smith.
Jumbo, Three Forks, John Dockstreader.
May 10—Joaquin, Wilson, A J Smith.
Harvest Queen, Three Forks, G H Muirhead and E H Siden.
Fenchwick Fraction, New Denver, M E Bragdon, Thos Avison, Henry Sherrin and Herman Clever.

ASSESSMENTS.

May 3—Silver Star
May 4—Prince Alexander, May Queen, Elnathan, Abigail.
May 6—William, Mammoth.
May 7—Northern Pacific, Soho, Red Cross, Thisile, Republican.
May 9—Silver Crown, Calleopa, Clarence, Silver Blossom, Apex, Kaslo, Alma No 2, Ore.
May 10—Dora.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

May 7—Elkhorn, Humboldt.

TRANSFERS.

May 4—Denmark, S Glatzburger to Peter A McDougall, May 27, '97.
Same ¼, P A McDougall to Albert Haller, Oct 18, '97.
Baltic ¼, Robt Nellson to David Arnot, April 25.
May 6—Hartney ½, D D McGillivray to Edward Shannon, April 25.
Bessie ½, Herbert H Knox to P W Ellis April 10.
May 7—Viola ¼, Wm H Todd to Chas P McCluskey, Sep 16.
Viola ¼, same to John W Switzer, Sep 16
May 7—Fairhaven ½ N F McNaubr to Joseph Brandon, March 1
Corneracker ¼, F H Bartlett to same, April 25
May 9—Sandow and Lone Star No 3, Shire Mines, Ltd. to The British Columbia Gold Trust, Ltd, Feb 14.
Boss of the Mountain ¼, Henry Fitzgerald to H D Bretzius, April 11
R A M, John Carraher and H D Bretzius to John McRobbie, May 2, $100
Hartney ¼, Ed Shannon to John Goettsche, May 6, $74
Lorna Doon Fraction, Francis J O'Reilly to M R W Rathborne and Frank Culver, April 30
Lady Jane and Derby, Jas M Dunn to Arthur H Buchanan, March 22
Adirondack 1-9, Hugh Niven to Wm Hunter April 1.

Recorded at Slocan City.

LOCATIONS.

May 5—Violet, Henry Salt; Carydon, J H Cary; Cubs Libre, Isadore Beaupre
May 6—Edith, Harry Atcheson

ASSESSMENTS.

April 20—Panther
April 30—North Star
May 2—Lucky George, Innisfail, Beaver, Columbia No 7 Ada, Q B
May 3—White Sparraw, Creole, Canadian Star, Red Wing, Round O, Missing Link

TRANSFERS.

April 29—Medina Fraction and Brighton, M C Hillery to Elmer J Feit, $1,000
April 30—Boissevain ½, Jno O Todd to Edward Shannon
Frederick and Copper Cliff ½, Stephen Powers to Harry Lowe
May 4—Rother Fraction, E Parris to Wm Harris

TEETHING TIME

Is hard on the babies. There're apt to have Diarrhœa, and mothers know how dangerous that is. Mrs. Chas. Bott, Harlow, Ont., says:—"I can highly recommend Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. It cured my baby of Diarrhœa after all other means failed."

GREAT MUSIC OFFER.

Send us the names and addresses of three or more performers on the piano or organ, together with ten cents in silver or postage, and we will mail you five pieces full sheet music size, consisting of popular songs, waltzes, marches, etc., arranged for the piano and organ. Address,

CHICAGO BOOK & NEWS CO.,
215-221 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.

Sandon Ore Shipments.

The following is a list of ore shipments over the K. & S. from Sandon for the week ending May 13:

MINE.	TONS
Ruth	15
Slocan Star	20
Total	35

The Mining Review

SANDON, BRITISH COLUMBIA,
SATURDAY.....MAY 14, 1898.

SUBSCRIPTION $2.00 PER YEAR
STRICTLY IN ADVNACE.

MINES AND MINING.

In our last issue we gave the ore shipments of this district as 10,160, realising for the owners a gross value of well on to one and a quarter million dollars, and this from properties that a few years ago cost less than a quarter of a million dollars altogether. As mining goes in this section, about one-third of this gross value, or say $400,000 should go in wages to miners and other employees, who in the ordinary course of things spend the most of their earnings in the city, a third more goes in mining requisites and the remaining one third in dividends; that is in the first four months of this year the owners of the shipping mines in this district receive more than their properties cost them altogether at the outset. There is nothing of the speculative in this statement, nothing of what the properties will do by and by, but all of what they have done and are doing right along.

It is true, as some will assert, that it would take a sum of money beyond the reach of the ordinary business man to purchase a substantial interest in most of these properties; but for equally profitable investments they need not do it, though even small investment, in any of them on the share or stock principle bring in larger profits than can be made in most commercial enterprises, and larger investments accordingly.

What we desire here, however, more particularly to impress upon those in search of investments is, that the limit here is in no way exhausted, if indeed it is fairly begun. From the very nature of things the reasonable inference is that there are scores of properties here on which some development has been done, and scores of others yet undiscovered that are likely to turn out as profitable under a moderate expenditure on development, as the best of those that are now yielding such handsome returns to their owners. This is what we would like all to fully understand.

The money to make these purchases and extend development on the properties when purchased is not to be had in these parts—it must come from elsewhere, and one great pity is that a little of what has been foolishly squandered on the Klondyke had not been expended in development here, where the chances are reduced to a minimum. We say "chances" because minining in all ages and in all countries has been attended by more or less chances. Every surface indication of minerals is not always a guarantee of a certain, profitable mine; but so far as human experience goes the chances here, we repeat, are reduced to a minimum.

After the prospector locates what he believes to be a vein of ore it costs less in this district to prosecute work until assurances, one way or the other, are realized—until it is ascertained that the vein is either profitable or profitless—than it costs in any other portion of any mining country ever yet heard of, taking travelling, living expenses, etc. into full consideration, which is the only basis on which to make calculations.

Of course men with large means can buy any properties, in any condition of development and can do as they like with them; but a very satisfactory way is for a few men who have a little means among them and are willing to work, to locate or purchase the whole or part interests in properties already located and unitedly push work until a proper conclusion can be reached. Every such effort cannot, of course, be successful in exposing a valuable discovery; but the chances of failure here are less than they are, as we have said above, in any other district of the mining world.

THE OPPOSITION FLOUNDERING.

It is much to be regretted that the finances of this province are not in a more satisfactory shape, and the opposition appears to be much responsible for their undesirable condition, in that their policy appears to be more of the carping than grappling with subjects of moment and magnitude. We have a bonded debt now of about seven millions with a yearly revenue the envy of all the other provinces of Confederation, and it is proposed to pile some four or five millions more on the back of these, to please a few speculators. Here is where an opposition should show its usefulness instead of carping at the cost of a 6 d inkstand.

In all well-regulated oppositions the members are classified for attack, the leaders never speaking except when the most important matters are before the House. The smaller matters of criticism are always left to the smaller men. In the B. C. House, however, everything seems at heads and tails, no system being followed beyond bodily fault finding with every government measure as it comes up. Now as a matter of fact there can be no government so bad or so corrupt as to have all of its measures worthy of unlimited censure.

We are convinced that an opposition on the suggestive plan could accomplish more for the country than one grounded in indiscriminate demolition. The government deserved unqualified condemnation for expending as much money as they spent on parliament buildings, so far removed from the centre of the province, but that act is passed and that question is removed from the arena of to-day. It is also blamable for advancing as much money as it has advanced on irrigation, railway and similar enterprises without, at least, absolute security for repayment, which in many advances it has not got; but the present proposition to bonus railways, because of its magnitude, is one of the most faulty yet advanced. No monies of a government or corporation should ever be voted on the "log-rolling" system, that is, "you help me to get this and I'll help you to get that," and the late railway proposition appears to be built on that altogether. If a provincial demand for aid cannot stand on its own merits without being tacked on to some other kind of support, it ought to be discarded altogether. The government should have matured, ere this some well defined scheme for railway aid, and adhere to this altogether. This principle in the B. C. House appears to be entirely wanting, and mortgaging our resources for all time appears to be the unqualified result.

Rossland is not satisfied with the redistribution lately given by the government. Nothing short of three members for the city, two of them cabinet ministers and one of the latter the premier will be at all in line with the importance and ambition of Rossland.

A MOUNTAIN TRAGEDY.

The Skeleton of an Unknown Man Found on Revelstoke Mountain.

Last week a prospector named Ed. White informed the police at Revelstoke that he had found on the mountain back of the town and about a mile from the Revelstoke hotel, the skeletons of a man and a dog. A party consisting of Coroner McLean, Constable McRae and about a dozen citizens was at once organized and went out to look up the skeleton. When found the skull was missing and the weight of the snows had crushed and disconnected the frame until it lay flat and broken on the ground. Examination proved that it was dressed in a coat once black, and near by were found part of a hat, boots and a big open knife. The skeleton is supposed to be that of a Chinaman who disappeared from the town about two years ago, but the affair is wrapped in mystery, which in all probability will never be unravelled.

NEWS FROM PORT HOPE.

Word has been recieved, from Port Hope, Ont., that Mr. W. A. Carson, the well-known grocer, has been cured of Shortness of Breath, Nervousness, Dizziness and Debility by Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. Mr. Carson recommends this remedy to all troubled with heart or nerve weakness.

THE NEW YORK WORLD,
THRICE-A-WEEK EDITION.

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The Thrice-a-Week Edition of The New York World is first among all "weekly papers in size, frequency of publication, and the freshness, accuracy and variety of its contents. It has all the merits of a great $6 daily at the price of a dollar weekly. Its political news is prompt, complete, accurate and impartial as all its readers will testify. It is against the monopolies and for the people.

It prints the news of all the world, having special correspondence from all important news points on the globe. It has brilliant illustrations, stories by great authors, a capital humor page, complete markets, departments for the household, and women's work and other special departments of unusual interest.

We offer this unequaled newspaper and The MINING REVIEW together one year for $3.00.

DAD'S OLD BREECHES.

When dad has worn his trousers out,
They pass to brother John.
Then mother trims them round about,
And William puts them on.

When William's legs too long have grown,
The trousers fail to hide 'em.
So Walter claims them for his own
And stows himself inside 'em.

Next Sam's fat legs they close invest,
And, when they won't stretch tighter,
They're turned and shortened, washed and pressed,
And fixed on me—the writer.

Ma works them into rugs and caps
When I have burst the stitches.
At doomsday we shall see (perhaps)
The last of dad's old breeches.

—New York Weekly

SUSPICIONS.

The train from Namur lumbered heavily into the station at Melreux and wakened into momentary life its sleepy stagnation. About half a dozen passengers alighted, among whom was a tall, bronzed Englishman. His searching glance warmed into a smile of pleasure as he strode hastily toward a Belgian gentleman who rushed to greet him with outstretched arms. With a string of questions the Belgian led the way into the station yard, where an English dogcart was waiting. They got in and away they dashed in a cloud of white dust toward the little village of Durbuy. After half an hour's brisk run they rattled noisily through the village and drew up before a pair of massive wrought iron gates. The house lay at the farther end of a short avenue of elms, along which they drove smartly. As the Belgian alighted a clock chimed musically.

"A quarter to 12," said he. "You will just have time to get rid of your travel stains before lunch."

"Yes, M. Barvaux, I should like to make myself rather more presentable before meeting the ladies," replied his friend, Jack Hague. In less than ten minutes he was once more spick and span, and as he went down stairs he found M. Barvaux awaiting him. As they entered the morning room in which lunch was to be served they were greeted by a couple of ladies, whom M. Barvaux introduced as his wife and niece, Mlle. Richert.

The charming manner of his host soon made Jack perfectly at home. M. Barvaux spoke English quite fluently, and was rather proud of his accomplishment, but Jack was rather shy with his French at first, although the kind way in which the girl helped him over his difficulties enabled him to get along smoothly enough. But he found it much more pleasant to listen than to talk, and when Mlle. Richert began to speak of her love for the moonlight he instantly became all eyes and ears.

It was quite a jolly little luncheon party, but amid the pleasantness there was something which Jack could not understand. Ever and anon the girl appeared abstracted and seemed to be watching M. Barvaux with a look of deep anxiety, and once when his wife placed her arm round the girl's neck affectionately Jack thought he perceived an expression of mingled hate and fear on the face of the Belgian as he gazed under his heavy eyebrows at the girl. At first Jack put it down as merely his fancy, but further observation convinced him that there was something wrong.

The days sped by all too quickly. Fishing in the Ourthe, which ran close by, or long rambles in the woods, gathering bilberries, occupied the hours of daylight, and in the evenings Jack sat as though under a spell while Mlle. Richert sang dainty old French love songs or extemporized dreamy melodies on the piano.

But still the jarring note which had struck Jack disturbed the pleasant harmony, and as day followed day his first suspicions were confirmed and intensified. However, he could discover no intelligible explanation of the numberless trivial incidents which, had not his attention been roused, would have entirely escaped him. All he could be certain about was that his host unmistakably manifested a strange antipathy toward his niece. This, however, did not prevent Jack and the girl from becoming close friends, and it seemed, at least to M. Barvaux, that their friendship was rapidly ripening into a much stronger feeling. Jack felt that his host was displeased at the turn of affairs, and he was therefore not very much surprised when M. Barvaux, seizing a suitable opportunity, asked him point blank what were his feelings toward the young lady. He replied with perfect frankness that he was over head and ears in love with her.

"Ah, my friend," replied M. Barvaux, "I am very sorry for you. I should have warned you earlier." Sinking his voice to a hoarse whisper he continued, "She is a murderess."

Jack stared at him in amazement. Had he suddenly taken leave of his senses? No, he seemed perfectly rational, although very agitated. In an excited voice he went on to describe how the girl was trying to poison him. Jack came to the conclusion that his friend was the victim of a hallucination and resolved to humor him.

"But she is so devoted to your wife," said he.

"Yes, and that is why I dare not speak. My wife thinks Angeline is an angel, and I am afraid to say anything."

On the next evening, the last one of Jack's stay, he was sitting in an easy chair among the window curtains when suddenly he heard the soft sweep of a woman's dress in the room. He turned and saw a figure in white.

"Angeline," was on his lips, and he was about to spring to his feet when he saw something which turned him to stone. She was standing at the sideboard with a thick green glass vial, the contents of which she was pouring into the decanter of wine specially reserved for M. Barvaux.

His host's suspicions were, then, correct. Oh, the horror of it! The girl he loved a poisoner! He could scarcely believe his senses, but after what M. Barvaux had told him doubt seemed no longer possible. The girl left the room as quietly as she had entered, closing the door as though afraid of being heard. Jack rushed to the sideboard. He unstoppered the decanter. Yes, there was certainly a strange smell, which was not that of wine. What should he do—call Angeline and accuse her on the spot? He could not. Should he tell his host? Should he pour away the poisoned wine? Should he— But before he could make up his mind M. Barvaux, looking rather pale and disturbed, walked in from the garden, and as he did so his wife and Angeline entered the room, and dinner was served. The girl was dressed in white, and a couple of glorious red roses gleamed in her black hair. Never before had she seemed so beautiful to Jack. He asked himself if it were possible that so divine a creature could nurse thoughts of murder in her soul. But he could not forget what he had just witnessed, and he resolved to be on his guard and prevent M. Barvaux drinking the wine.

Supposing, after all, he were to be wrong, how could he face the girl he loved after accusing her of such a foul and unnatural deed? He was too agitated to eat, and he observed that both M. Barvaux and Angeline seemed also preoccupied and ill at ease. At length he managed to make his host understand that he was not to touch the wine. The Belgian smiled with an almost sardonic expression and eyed Angeline curiously. Presently he raised the decanter and leaned over the table, looking at her the while with his deep set black eyes.

"Allow me, Angeline," he said, "to pour you out a glass of wine."

"No—no thank you," stammered the girl in an agitated manner.

"Come—I insist. I will take no refusal," he cried, springing to his feet and filling her glass. The girl turned pale as death and seemed to lose her power of self will. Half mechanically she took the glass of wine and raised it to her lips. She emptied it at one gulp, and then sank back in her chair, where she lay still and white. With a cry of terror Mme. Barvaux rushed to her assistance, but her husband commanded her not to touch the girl. Jack was on his feet in an instant, but was too bewildered to know how to act. With a sickening sense of the confirmation of his worst suspicions he concluded that the girl was poisoned, and off he rushed for the doctor. By good fortune he ran across the very person he was seeking. In a few words he told him his errand and implored him to return with him at all haste.

"It is a matter of life and death," he cried. "Let us run."

"Certainly, if you wish it," replied the doctor, "although I may tell you matters are not so serious as you imagine."

"But"—

"Permit me to explain, monsieur. The young lady is not poisoned at all, as you will see. The wine she drank was intended for M. Barvaux, was it not?"

"Yes, I believe so."

"Well, you must know that he is subject to periodical fits of homicidal madness, and when these attacks are coming on it becomes necessary to administer powerful opiates to him without his knowledge. The paroxysm passed, he is once more the calm and cultured gentleman you know, but at times he is very dangerous, and but for my treatment it would probably become necessary to put him under restraint. I was just about to pay my customary visit tonight when you met me, for I was expecting an outbreak."

Jack was relieved beyond measure on hearing the doctor's story, but the thought that he had left the girl he loved with a man subject to homicidal mania moderated his feelings of satisfaction, and, anxious to get back to assure himself of her safety, he tore away from the doctor, for he felt that, if an attack suddenly manifested itself in M. Barvaux, Angeline, as being the person who had raised his suspicions, would probably be the first victim of his mad rage.

Indeed he arrived none too soon. Mme. Barvaux was crouching in an agony of terror at the feet of the unconscious girl, while her husband was standing over them, gesticulating wildly. Jack speedily overpowered him, and a few minutes afterward the doctor arrived, whose presence had a wonderfully soothing effect on the unfortunate gentleman. Under the doctor's care Angeline soon recovered, but both she and Mme. Barvaux were very much upset and were glad when Jack decided to stay a few days longer. They were days of infinite happiness for both him and Angeline, and when at length his stay came to its end the Brussels express bore away a reluctant but very happy man, to whose ears the rhythmic rumble of the wheels seemed to say, "Angeline, Angeline, Angeline!"—London Sun.

A Minister's Invention.

The Very Rev. Dean H. Martyn Hart of St. John's cathedral, Denver, is said to have perfected an invention which is calculated to revolutionize the rubber trade. Napier Ford discovered a method of oxidizing oils, and when he died in London two years ago he handed his invention to Charles Griest, who made some improvements in it and then turned it over to Dean Hart. The dean, who is an expert chemist, worked on it for months, and finally made it valuable commercially. The business end of the process was turned over to Dr. John Gower, who went to London and organized a company for its manufacture. The new substance is called perchoid. It will cost only about 5 or 6 cents a pound. Dean Hart will go to Washington to see about the patents.—Exchange.

A Paradox.

"Her entire fortune was spent educating her."

"Yes?"

"Yes, she cost so much that she was finally worth nothing, you see."—Detroit Journal.

Clean Mistaken.

"This watch"— began the man.

"Yes," interrupted the watchmaker, seizing it and rapidly opening it. "I see. It wants thorough cleaning, and"—

"Why," roared the man, "that's the new watch my wife bought here yesterday, and I want to exchange it for a larger size!"

"Oh—ah—um—yes. Certainly, sir," mumbled the watchmaker.—London Fun.

Utilizing the Pigs.

A coasting steamer was wrecked near Sydney. The captain tied life lines to some pigs which formed part of the cargo. These, on being thrown overboard, quickly swam ashore, taking the lines with them. Communication being thus established, every person on board was rescued.

Not Up to Date.

"What is little Dick bellowing about?"

"Well, his grandpa gave him a gingerbread horse, and he is mad because it isn't a gingerbread wheel."—Detroit Free Press.

A LITTLE LIGHT.

Every young woman needs a little light upon the subject of health. There is far too much new-fashioned prudery among mothers. Every young woman should have explained to her the supreme necessity of keeping herself pure and wholesome and free from weakness and disease in a womanly way. Her general health, her future happiness, her good looks, her physical strength, her capability as a wife and mother, and the health and strength of generations to come are dependent upon this.

Nothing in the world will destroy the good looks, wholesomeness, the amiability, and the usefulness of a woman quicker than disorders of the delicate and important organs that bear the burdens of maternity. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best of all medicines for women who are ailing in this way. It makes a woman strong and healthy where a woman most needs health and strength. It relieves pain, soothes inflammation, heals ulceration and gives rest and tone to the tortured nerves. It cures all the ills and pains too commonly considered an uncomfortable inheritance of womankind. It has been used for over thirty years with an unbroken record of success. More of it has been sold than of all the other medicines for women combined. It is the discovery of Dr. R. V. Pierce, for thirty years chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. He will cheerfully answer, without charge, all letters from ailing women.

"Three years ago," writes Mrs. J. N. Messler, of 174 Vanderbilt Avenue, New York, N. Y., "the best physicians in this city said there was no cure for me—unless I would go to a hospital and have an operation performed. I could not walk across the room. I took Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and after three bottles I could work, walk and ride."

Torpid liver and constipation are surely and speedily cured by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They never gripe. They regulate, tone up and invigorate the liver, stomach and bowels. No substitute urged by mercenary dealers is as good.

Old People's Troubles.

Hard for the old folks to move about—constant backaches to bother them in the daytime—urinary weakness to disturb their rest at night.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Strengthen the Kidneys and help to make the declining years comfortable.

Mr. W. G. Mugford, Chestnut Street, Charlottetown, P. E. I., writes:

"For the past two years I have had much trouble with disease of the kidneys and non-retention of urine, was dropsical and suffered a great deal with pain in my back. I have been greatly benefited by the use of Doan's Kidney Pills."

A FORTUNE.

In the event of a stroke of good fortune you can win	The payment of the prizes is guaranteed by Govt. 1st drawing:
5000,000 Marks.	June 16th.

You are invited to participate in the

chances of winning

in the grand drawings of prizes guaranteed by the State of Hamburg in which

11 MILLIONS 349,325 MARKS

surely have to be won.

In the course of THREE ADVANTAGEOUS DRAWINGS, which contain according to the Prospectus only 185,000 tickets, the following PRIZES will be forthcoming, viz:

The HIGHEST PRIZE will be event.

500,000 MARKS.

Premium of		30,0000 Marks
1 Prize	of	200,000 Marks
1 Prize	of	100,000 Marks
2 Prizes	of	75,000 Marks
1 Prize	of	70,000 Marks
1 Prize	of	65,000 Marks
1 Prize	of	60,000 Marks
1 Prize	of	55,000 Marks
2 Prizes	of	50,000 Marks
1 Prize	of	40,000 Marks
1 Prize	of	30,000 Marks
2 Prizes	of	20,000 Marks
26 Prizes	of	10,000 Marks
56 Prizes	of	5,000 Marks
106 Prizes	of	3,000 Marks
206 Prizes	of	2,000 Marks
812 Prizes	of	1,000 Marks
1518 Prizes	of	400 Marks
40 Prizes	of	300 Marks
140 Prizes	of	200 Marks
36952 Prizes	of	155 Marks
9959 Prizes	of	134,104,100 Marks
9351 Prizes	of	73,45,21 Marks

in all 59,180 prizes which must be surely won in 7 drawings within the space of a few months.

The highest prize of 1st drawing amounts to Mark 50,000, increase in 2nd drawing to Mark 55,000 in 3rd Mark 60,000, in 4th Mark 65,000, in 5th Mark 70,000, in 6th Mark 75,000, in 7th Mark 200,000, and together with the premium of Mark 300,000, in the most fortunate case to Mark 500,000.

The official cost for participation in the first two drawings amounts to

Dollar 4.50 for a full ticket.
Dollar 2.25 for half a ticket.
Dollar 1.13 for one-quarter of a ticket.

Half resp. quarter tickets will entitle to one-half resp. one-quarter of the amount, won by the respective number, named on the ticket.

The stakes for participation in the following drawings as well as the exact prize-table, are indicated in the OFFICIAL PROSPECTUS, which I send on demand gratis in advance. The prospectus is also sent gratis, with every order. After the drawing I shall forward to every ticket-holder the official list of the winning numbers.

The payment and forwarding of the amounts won

to those concerned will have my special and prompt attention, and with the most absolute secrecy.

☞ Remittance of money can be made by American Bank-notes by registered letter or Postoffice Orders. Small amounts can also be sent by postage stamps.

☞ On account of the approaching drawing of the prizes, please address the orders immediately in all confidence direct to

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Forgotten Cuban History.

The Spanish government is making great pretensions as to its purpose to hold on to Cuba and is rejecting with apparent scorn every proposal that looks to the sale of the islan", says the Philadelphia Press. It might be inferred from this that Spain never entertained any proposition that would alienate Cuba. History, however, speaks otherwise. About 60 years ago when Maria Christina of Naples was Queen Regent of Spain she offered to sell not only Cuba, but Porto Rico and the Phillipine Islands also to Louis Phillipe, who then sat on the throne France. Senor Campuzano was the Spanish diplomat delegated to conduct the negotiations for the sale, while a Spanish banker residing in Paris, by the name of Augado, was to look after the financial part. The price agreed was 30,000,000 Spanish reals for Cuba, and 10,000,000 reals for Porto Rico and the Phillipines. This would have been equal to a total of about $2,000,000 at the present time, a sum which looks ridiculously small when the value of these islands is considered. The bar gain was made on this basis, however, and the papers relating to Cuba were signed, notwithstanding som controversy over the manner and method of paying the money. But when the negotiations reached Porto Rico and the Phillipines, Louis Phillipe began to haggle about the price. He could not gorget that he was a tradesman before he was a king, and his propensity to "beat down" asserted itself. He claimed that 10,000,000 reals was an ample sum to pay for them. This amount he declared was all he would pay for the islands, and said that if not acceptable "the contracts must be thrown into the fire." The Spanish diplomat, angered by what he considered royal meanness, suiting his actions to Louis Phillipe's words, seized both the Cuban and Porto Rico-Phillipine contracts and threw them into the fire, and ended the negociations. What the subsequent fate of Cuba might have been had this bargain bee carred out, it is useless to conjecture. But the transaction shows that the value Spain set upon Cuba was once only nominal and that the claim that the "ever faithful isle" will never be surrendered is of recent growth.

The Deepest Mine.

The deepest mining shaft in the world is what is known as the Red Jacket, Michigan. It is 4,900 feet deep, but 380 feet less than a statute mile. Compared with it the deep silver mines of the Comstock lode in Nevada, or the wonderful mines of Austria, worked for many centuries past, are but shallow pits. At the bottom of this shaft the temperture is 87 6 10 degrees Fah. The miners are supplied with compressed air, which has a wonderful cooling effect on expansion. The water leeching through the copper rock acquires an acid tone. Miners must protect themselves, as this water on reaching the skin produces ulcers, which in time eat to the bone. The shaft elevators ascend and descend at the rate of about eight miles an hour when carrying passengers, but when lifting ore the speed is increased to 25 and as high as 30 miles per hour. This great speed is never used when hoisting human freight, as flesh and blood could scarcely stand the strain of such rapid transit perpendicularly.

EDUCATION.

Notice is hereby given that the annual examination of candidates for certificates of qualification to teach in the Public Schools of the Province will be held as follows, commencing on Monday, July 4th, 1898, at 8.45 a. m:—

Victoria.....In South Park School Building.

Vancouver.....In High School Building.

Kamloops.....In Public School Building.

Each applicant must forward a notice, thirty days before the examination, stating the class and grade of certificate for which he will be a candidate, the optional subjects selected, and at which of the abovenamed places he will attend.

Every notice of intention to be an applicant must be accompained with satisfactory testimonial of moral character.

Candidates are notified that all of the above requirements must be fulfilled before their applications can be filed.

All candidates for Frst Class, Grade A, Certificates, including Graduates, must attend in Victoria to take the subjects prescribed for July 13th and 14th instants, and to undergo required oral examination.

S. D. POPE.
Superintendent of Education.
Education Office,
Victoria, May 4th, 1898. my5.

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Be sure and address your letter, 184, OXFORD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.

Make money order payable to H. H. Idle, cashier.

A NURSE'S STORY.

Tells how she was cured of Heart and Nerve Troubles.

The onerous duties that fall to the lot of a nurse, the worry, care, loss of sleep, irregularity of meals soon tell on the nervous system and undermine the health. Mrs. H. L. Menzies, a professional nurse living at the Corner of Wellington and King Streets, Brantford, Ont., states her

case as follows: "For the past three years I have suffered from weakness, shortness of breath and palpitation of the heart. The least excitement would make my heart flutter, and at night I even found it difficult to sleep. After I got Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills I experienced great relief, and on continuing their use the improvement has been marked until now all the old symptoms are gone and I am completely cured."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills cure Anaemia, Nervousness, Weakness, Sleeplessness, Palpitation, Throbbing, Faint Spells, Dizziness or any condition arising from Impoverished Blood, Disordered Nerves or Weak Heart.

Laxa-Liver Pills clean Coated Tongue.

DR WOOD'S

NORWAY PINE SYRUP.

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The healing anti-consumptive virtues of the **Norway Pine** are combined in this medicine with **Wild Cherry** and other pectoral **Herbs** and **Balsams** to make a true specific for all forms of disease originating from colds.

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FROM THREE FORKS TO CODY.

Morning—leaving Three Forks at 8 o'clock.

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THE ONLY ROUTE to TRAIL CREEK

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LEAVE		ARRIVE
10.00 a.m.	Rossland	3.40 p.m.
8.10 a.m.	Nelson	6 00 p.m.
8.00 a.m.	Spokane	6.00 p.m.

No change of cars between Spokane and Rossland.

Close connections at Nelson with steamers for Kaslo and all Kootenay lake points.

Passengers for Kettle river and Boundary creek connect at Marcus with stage daily.

Canadian Pacific Railway
And Soo Pacific Line.

THE FAST AND SUPERIOR ROUTE

TO EASTERN AND EUROPEAN POINTS.
TO PACIFIC COAST AND FAR EAST POINTS.
TO RICH GOLDFIELDS OF KLONDYDE, YUKON.

TOURIST CAR SERVICE daily to St. Paul.

Daily except Tuesday to Eastern, Canadian and U. S. points.

Baggage checked to destination and through tickets issued.

DAILY CONNECTION to the main line points, excepting Sunday—to and from Nelson.

Train leaves Sandon daily at 7.45 p. m.

Train arrives Sandon daily at 4.55 p. m.

Ascertain present reduced rates and full information by addressing nearest local agent or

A. C. McARTHUR, Agent, Sandon
W. F. Anderson, Trav. Pass. Agt., Nelson
E. J. Coyle, Dist. Pass. Agt., Vancouver.

BE SURE YOUR TICKET READS VIA C. P. R.

KASLO AND SLOCAN RAILWAY.

TIME CARD.

Leave 8.00 a.m.	Kaslo	Arrive 3.50 p.m.
" 8.36 "	South Fork	" 3.15 "
" 9.36 "	Sproules	" 2.15 "
" 9.51 "	Whitewater	" 2.00 "
" 10.03 "	Bear Lake	" 1.48 "
" 10.18 "	McGuigan	" 1.33 "
" 10.33 "	Cody Junction	" 1.12 "
Arrive 10.50 "	Sandon	Leave 1.00 "

Subject to change without notice.
Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

ROBERT IRVING, G. F. & P. A. — GEO. F. COPELAND, Superintendent.

For cheap Railroad and Steamship Tickets to and from all points, apply to S. CAMPBELL, Agent, Sandon, B. C.

When Going East

Use a first-class line in travelling between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago, and the principal towns in Central Wisconsin.

Pullman Palace Sleeping and Chair Cars in service.

The Dining Cars are operated in the interest of its patrons, the most elegant service ever inaugurated. Meals are served a la Carte.

To obtain first-class service your ticket should read via.

THE WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES

Direct connection at Chicago ann Milwaukee for Eastern points.

For full information call on your nearest ticket agent, or write

JAS. POND, Gen. Pas. Agt., Milwaukee, Wis. — or JAS. A. CLOCK, General Agent, 246 Stark St., Portland, Or.

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PROCTOR & McMILLAN BROS.

OF BALFOUR

Manufacture a first-class article in Pressed Brick; they are selling at low figures. Any sized order attended to promptly. Full particulars from any of our agents.

Kaslo H. BYERS. | Sandon E. M. SANDILANDS. | Nelson E. TRAVIS.

COAST LUMBER. COAST LUMBER.

Flooring, Siding, Ceiling, Mouldings,
Laths, Shingles, Doors and Windows,
Glass. Store and Office Fixtures.

D. J. McLachlan.

FACTORY AND YARD NEXT TO ELECTRIC POWER-HOUSE, SANDON.

Job Printing

We have every facility for turning out the best Mining and Commercial Work that can be executed.

The Mining Review.

Orders taken for Printing at Cliffe's Bookstore will receive prompt attention.

Do you see this package?

keep it in your mind

and when you ask for "Athlete"

See that this is what you get.

Rosebery Townsite.

The many advantages enjoyed by Rosebery put before the public, CLAIMED WITHOUT OPPOSITION.

Its Advantages as a Distributing Center.

Rosebery is the only town in Kootenay having both railroad and steamboat connection that can ship goods daily to ten different towns, whereby the shipper can see his wares leave his hands and that they will be received by the consignee within two hours.

Its Advantages as a Railroad Center.

Rosebery enjoys the position of king of the funnell as it were, for the railroad business of the whole of the Kootenays. All ore and matter for shipment from Nelson, Trail Creek and the Slocan must, and is now passing out this way to the main line of the C. P. R., as well as all goods coming in from Revelstoke to the Kootenay country.

NOTE. To substantiate this: The C. P. R. are now putting in track weigh scales at Rosebery, the first and only scales that has been put in on any of the C. P. R. branches in Kootenay—which goes to show the importance of this point by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's actions.

Its Advantages as a Steamboat Point.

Rosebery claims, without opposition, of being the only junction on the lake, unlike Slocan City, where you can step off the steamer to a waiting train and continue your journey. You can take either a north or south train at this terminus; consequently Rosebery is the best transient town in the race. Nervertheless we claim Slocan City second in importance, and would say watch the head and foot of Slocan Lake, viz.—

ROSEBERY AND SLOCAN CITY.

Its Advantages as a Manufacturing Center.

As a manufacturing center Rosebery claims to have demonstrated the fact that after the careful observation of the Denver (Colorado) Ore Coy's manager, as the natural advantages of all points in Kootenay for the treatment of ores the cheapest, Rosebery was selected, and they now are erecting works, with a capacity of 250 tons per day, which will be in operation within 90 days; and it is their intention to pay out monthly in the vicinity of $100,000. I might also add Rosebery has the largest water power from Wilson river flowing into Slocan Lake.

AS TO CLIMATE.

Rosebery claims the mildest climate on Slocan Lake, from its admirable southern exposure and absolute shelter from the north; snow always leaves the place about the 15th of March.

AS A TOWNSITE.

As a townsite, Rosebery is without a peer. It is possessed of all the flat land available at the mouth of the Wilson river leading to the valley—mining region—consequently there is no danger of any contagion. The title is a Crown Grant and is perfect. All purchasers of lots are safe in this respect. The only safe speculative townsite in the Slocan is Rosebery.

Why should I say the only safe speculative townsite in the Slocan? Because Rosebery business lots to-day are only $150 to $200 each and are bound to increase rapidly this summer. These figures can, and will, double before long. The time to buy is now. Don't wait till they are from $700 to $1,000, as you did in Slocan City last May; go in on the ground floor and make a few dollars in speculation; if you want to invest go to Vancouver or Winnipeg; if you want to speculate and and clean up money go quick to Rosebery before lots are out of sight.

What's Wanted in Rosebery.

We want a restaurant.
We want a good hotel right away.
We want a first-class general store.
We want a butcher shop.

Anyone looking for an opening spy out this place at once.

Maps and price-lists on application; prices run from $75 to $200.

TERMS: One-third cash, balance 3 and 6 months. For actual builders special terms can be arranged for a few lots by applying to

A. M. BEATTIE, General Agent, Rosebery.

MOUNTAIN ECHOES.

Miners' time checks at Clifle's bookstore.

The vags of the city are growing beautifully less every day.

Mr. C. M. Wilson is fixing up the grounds around his residence tastily.

The Mollie Hughes mine, near New Denver, is making wonderful promises under development.

We hear of a number of mining prospects around changing hands, which looks like business.

Every train now takes out a number of people with heavy packs to do development work or skirmish for prospects.

Dewey stands in the front rank of successful generals, in that he won his victory without the loss of a single life on his side.

The hotel people say travel is increasing which means that the worst of the hard times is over, and that the revival has set in.

Mr. Hutchison, of the Fruit Growers Association of New Westminster, was in the city Wednesday working up business for his firm.

Gardening to some small extent is prosecuted this spring in town for the first. We suppose tree planting will follow next year and later.

By the way Mr. Bostock, what about that Custom's office Sandon was to have this coming summer. It is time something was heard of it.

Stop that Cough! Take warning. It may lead to consumption. A 25c. bottle of Shiloh's Cure may save your life. Sold at McQueen's Drug Store.

In the absence of the pastor, at Conference, Mr. G W. Grimmett will occupy the pulpit of the Methodist church to-morrow at the usual hours, 11 a.m. and 7.30 p.m.

Catarrh cured. A clear head and sweet breath secured with Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. We sell six bottles for $3 and guarantee an absolute cure. Sold at McQueen's Drug Store.

R. Hammond returned the other day from a western trip with a band of mules his firm had wintering out there. The animals are required for packing ore, which work will shortly begin.

For Constipation take Karl's Clover Root Tea, the great Blood Purifier. Cures Headache, Nervousness, Eruptions on the skin, and makes the head clear as a bell. Sold at McQueen's Drug Store.

The LeRoi mine has at length been sold to the British American company, the price being $3,000,000. With the exception of the War Eagle, that company owns nearly every thing in and around Rossland.

The Mayor has called a public meeting for Tuesday evening next at 8 o'clock, to consider the advisability of holding some public holiday in town. If one is decided on to name it and the proceedings to be adopted.

Mike Ryan and a comrade, equally under the influence of bad benzine, created no end of ructions on the C. P. R. train coming in on Tuesday evening. The conductor came within an ace of putting both off at Three Forks.

There is more joy in a printing office over one subscriber who pays in advance and abuses the editor on every occasion than over ninety and nine who borrow the paper and sing its praises without contributing a solitary cent to keep it out of the poor house.

Mr. G. M. Spencer, who went to the alleged miners' paradise where everything is booming, writes home that republic is very dull—plenty of men, but nothing doing. He intended to start in business there but is likely to try some other point where business is better.

On Monday morning two men who wanted a bit of exercise had a set to on the west end of Reco ave., and when they got through one could hardly recognize the face of either. It is hard work to account for the workings of whiskey under any and all circumstances.

Frank Cameron and Albert McDougall, two section men on the K. and S. at Kaslo are in trouble over an old grudge. Cameron struck McDougall on the head with a crowbar, while the latter was at a disadvantage. The latter will recover, but he had a close call. Cameron is now in the hands of the law.

The Miner says that over 100,000 tons of ore have been shipped from the Rossland camp since the 1st of January, 1897. Only about 33,000 tons, or one third of the amount have been shipped from Sandon is that time, and yet the profits to the Sandon mine owners are in the aggregate much greater than those of the Rossland people. Sandon ships ore; it never ships rock.

Sandon cannot boast of being "prettily situated on the lake" as some places; but, nevertheless, in time it will not be without many pleasing features, as it now has its superior mineral surroundings. The rapid stream running through the centre of the place, at probably 15 miles an hour, affords all the facilities necessary for effectual drainage from the hillsides. The side hills, residential lots in turn, if laid out by a competent engineer might be made very regular, and the frontage built up by stone terraces would leave sufficient soil for the growth of small fruits, ornamental trees and flowering shrubs, which with our copious supply of the best water on earth would grow luxuriantly: When the people of the place get down to permanency they will find but little difficulty in making suitable residence grounds, and enjoy a health that the people of many so-called beautiful places might easily envy.

WHAT DR. A. E. SALTER SAYS.

Buffalo, N. Y.—Gents :—From my personal knowledge, gained in observing the effect of your Shiloh's Cure in cases of advanced consumption, I am prepared to say it is the most reliable remedy that has ever been brought to my attentention. It has certainly saved many from consumption. Sold at McQueen's Drug Store.

The Kaslo fire brigade threaten annihilation to all visitors on the 24th, but they may not annihilate for all that.

The grain elevator at Chicago of the Chicago & Burlington road was destroyed by fire yesterday, at a loss of $1,200,000.

D'Alton McCarthy, the great Independent leader died in Toronto, Thursday, from the effects of a fall from a carriage.

The farmers of Manitoba will have no cause to complain of the high price of binding twine the coming summer, because manilla has fallen.

Karl's Clover Root Tea, for constipation it is the best, and if after using it you don't say so, return the package and get your money. Sold at McQueen's Drug Store.

H. D. McKay, Dom. and P. L. S., C. E., has surveyed for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant to the following mineral claims:—Soho, Red Cross and Northern Pacific, situated in the Best basin.

Shiloh's Consumption Cure cures where others fail. It is the leading Cough Cure and no home should be without it. Pleasant to take and goes right to the spot. Sold at McQueen's Drug Store.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mrs. Ribl tt has returned after a pleasant visit of several weeks in Spokane.

The Misses Hammond, of Slocan City, were visitors in the city this week.

Ald. Cunning and A. E. Cameron left on Tuesday for Harrison Springs to be absent some days.

The Rev. A. M. Sanford left Monday morning for the Methodist conference at Victoria. He will be away nearly two weeks.

Mr. Henry McDonald, who had resided here for the past year and lately worked at the Payne, left on Tuesday with his wife for Seattle, their former home, to reside their in the future.

Mrs. Crandall and family left for San Francisco Thursday, where they will join Mr Crandall, and reside in the future. Mr. C. saw the elephant as far north as Skagway and farther, and decided there was nothing that way for him.

AT THE HOTELS.

Sandon—G. B. Dean, Spokane; J. E. Allan, Whitewater; R. Watts, Silverton; D. H. Donaldson, J. M. Fairbourn, E. H. Reppeto, Kaslo; G. L. Mattick, Qu'Appelle; C. Dillman, Milwaukee.

Balmoral—J. C. Blandy, Balfour; C. H. Yates, W. J. Snooks, D. Dorsey, New Denver; D. Carlquist, Elkhorn; W. J. Twiss, Kaslo; A. C. McDougall, San Francisco.

Hotel Reco—J. D. Brock, F. C. Jones, W. W. Armstrong, Toronto; A. W. Wright, Rossland; L. G. Henderson, Victoria; A. M. Beattie, Rosebery; F. J. Curran, E. A. Ferguson, Nelson; R. J. Hamilton, Kaslo; W. G Pennington, Montreal; S. Wurson, Hamilton; E. Hutchison, Ladner; A. W. Simpson, Nakusp; S. Singer, Spokane.

Goodenough—A. R. Tufts, Vancouver; G. Tilford, Kaslo; R. T. Cooper, R. H. Carley, G. C. Tunstall, Nelson; J. M. Price, L. W. Howe, London, Eng.; W. Sutherland, Republic; Misses Hammond, Slocan City; H. J. Scott, W. W. Brewer, Victoria; J. E Jackson, Spokane; G. B. McDonald, Cody; Mr. and Mrs T. C. Maisard, S. Vineburg, Montreal; W. Blakemore, Crow's Nest Pass; R. Jaffray, P. E. McMillan, Toronto; F. T. Fianicune, A. Sproat, New Denver; C. J. Lawson, Three Forks.

ERYSIPELAS CURED.

"I wish to state that I use Burdock Blood Bitters for Erysipelas in my face and a general run down state of health. The use of a few bottles cured me completely."

MRS. CHAS. COOK,
Belleville, Ont.

Office of the Travelling Pass. Agent of the C. P. R. West of Superior.

To the Editor of The Mining Review:

RESUMING OF SERVICE ON ARGENTA LINE.

Commencing to-day, the Steamer "Kokanee" leaves Kaslo at 9.15 p.m. for round trip to Lardo and Argenta, and will continue making regular trips on such route, Tuesdays and Fridays of each week until further advised.

Yours truly,
W. ANDERSON,
Travelling Passenger Agent.

Nelson, B. C., May 6th, 1898.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. If disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child, suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth. Send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediatly. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the gums and reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

Notice.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facia issued out of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, at Nelson, in the suit of E. G. Schmidt, plaintiff against the Phoenix Consolidated Mining Company, Limited Liability, defendants for the sum of $504.05 and $3.50 costs, I have seized the property of the aforesaid company, situated on the North Fork of Carpenter Creek, 3½ miles from Three Forks, Slocan district, West Kootenay, and recorded in the Recorder's books at New Denver, consisting of three mineral claims, respectively named Phoenix, Libby R. and Alhambra, together with buildings thereon and everything belonging thereto, and shall on Saturday, the 14th day of May, 1898, at the hour of 11 o'clock a. m., at the Court House, Nelson, sell the same by Public Auction, or so much thereof as to cover the aforesaid sums together with the sheriff's fees, poundage and all expenses attending thereto, unless the said sum be sooner paid to me.

S. REDGRAVE, Sheriff of Kootenay.

Sandon, B. C., April 23rd, 1898.

Purchasers must satisfy themselves as to title.

BOVRIL

Is a pure concentrated food; a delicious strength-giving specific for the invalid or the victim of a weak stomach, and a refreshing and invigorating beverage to the healthy. Like other preparations possessing genuine merit, it is followed by

NUMEROUS INFERIOR IMITATIONS.

All of which are dependent for their sale mainly upon

Pilfering Its Merits and Reputation.

Do not be deceived when you purchase prepared condensed foods, either animal or vegetable, but take only those prepared by

30 FARRINGDON STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND. BOVRIL, Limited 27 ST. PETER STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA.

This company can claim many years of experience in the preparation of condensed foods, having supplied such for nearly all

THE ARCTIC EXPLORATION EXPEDITIONS

of the past ten years, and for the campaigns of the British Army in Africa and Asia during the same period.

The Blue-Noses Heard From.

The following excerpt with accompanying note was handed in, which will no doubt speak for itself:

For your Easter dinner call on Thos. Meagher. His show of Easter beef has never been surpassed in Pictou, and consists of two choice young steers purchased in Prince Edward Island. Call and see the beef, and you will certainly want "a cut." He also has excellent mutton, lamb and other meats.—t. f.

MR. CLIFF,—The attached ad. was clipped from the Pictou Advocate (N. S.). Please print it in order to inform the Nova Scotians in town that they are getting quite civilized in Nova Scotia, and are beginning to understand that beef is good to eat.

Fat is absolutely necessary as an article of diet. If it is not of the right kind it may not be digested. Then the body will not get enough of it. In this event there is fat-starvation.

Scott's Emulsion supplies this needed fat, of the right kind, in the right quantity, and in the form already partly digested.

As a result all the organs and tissues take on activity.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

MRS. THOS. MCCANN, Mooresville, Ont., writes: "I was troubled with biliousness, headache, and lost appetite. I could not rest at night, and was very weak, but after using three bottles of B.B.B. my appetite has returned, and I am better than I have been for years. I would not be without Burdock Blood Bitters. It is such a safe and good remedy that I am giving it to my children."

$100 Reward.

One Hundred Dollars will be cheerfully and promptly paid for any case of drunkenness (the Liquor Habit) or Tobacco Habit that "Ryan's Alcholic and Tobacco Cure" will not cure in two weeks. The same remedy cures both the liquor habit and Tobacco Habit at the same time. Send to-day; you either get cured or make one hundred dollars. Sent by mail postage paid to any part of the world for One Dollar. Address all orders to

R. RYAN, R.A.C.
Gower Point, Ont.

AGENTS.—Book business is better than for years past; also have better and faster selling books. Agents clearing from $10,000 to $40,000 weekly. A few leaders are: "Queen Victoria," "Life of Mr. Gladstone," "My Mother's Bible Stories," "Progressive Speaker," "Klondyke Gold Fields," "Woman," "Glimpses of the Unseen," Breakfast, Dinner and Supper," "Canada: an Encyclopedia." Books on time. Outfits free to canvassers. THE BRADLEY-GARRETSON CO., Limited, Toronto.

Found $100.

More or less, picked up in front of my office. Owner can get same by proving ownership and pay for this advertisement.—J. M. HARRIS.

For Sale Cheap.

Parties wishing to purchase a high grade bicycle cheap can do so by communicating with this office. Reasons for selling is that it cannot be used in Sandon.

Notice.

The Sandon Transfer Company has dissolved the partnership heretofore existing between A. H. Stirritt and E A. Cameron, A. H. Stirritt retiring from the business and E. A. Cameron continuing the transfer business in his own name. E. A. Cameron will collect all outstanding accounts of the Company, and pay off its liabilities.

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Randon Mineral Claim situate in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: Joining the east side line of the Bluebird Claim on Carpenter creek.

Take notice that I, Charles A. Stoess, of Kaslo, B. C., acting as agent for James L. Montgomery F. M. C. No. 4650 A. and Daniel C. Corbin, F. M. C. No. 1404A. and George D. Potter, F. M. C. No. 4750 A. Free Miner's Certificate, intend, sixty days from the date hereof to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 30th day of April, 1898.

CHARLES A. STOESS.

WANTED By Old Established House—High Grade Man or Woman, of good church standing, to act as Manager here and do office work and correspondence at their home. Business already built up and established here. Salary $900. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope for our terms to A. P. T. Elder, General Manager, 189 Mich. ave., Chicago, Ill.

The Hotel Vancouver

Strictly First-class.

PORTMANN BROS. & CO., PROPS.

Good Sample Rooms.

Good Table.

The best Brands of Liquors and Cigars.

RECO AVENUE, SANDON.

I. O. O. F.

Silver City Lodge, No. 39, meets every Friday evening, at 7.30 o'clock, in Crawford's hall.

F. C. SEWELL, N. G.
M. L. GRIMMETT, V. G. Grand.
G. W. WAITE, Rec. Sec.

All sojourning brothers cordially invited to attend.

To Whom It May Concern.

W. FURNIVAL

"THE" Mercantile Auctioneer, is now prepared to handle all kinds of merchandise, mining stocks, &c.

Parties wishing to consult him, please address W. FURNIVAL, P. O. Box 117, Sandon, B. C.

Licensed Auctioneer for the province.

THE....

GOODENOUGH

SANDON, B. C.

American Plan, $3.50 per day.
European Plan, $2.00 per day.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS.

MRS. M. A. SMITH, Prop.

READ THIS.

WANTED a man desires to fill a steady, paying position and earn good wages! If you are at present employed that need not prevent you from sending us a postal-card to learn what we can do for you. We have the largest, most complete and thoroughly up-to-date nurseries in the Dominion. There is a largely increasing demand for Home-grown Nursery Stock.

ALL SUPPLIES SENT FREE.
THE TRIAL COSTS YOU NOTHING
YOU GET YOUR PAY EVERY SATURDAY.

If you cannot give full time to our interests we can arrange liberal terms with you for part time. We grow a full line of Fruit Trees, Berry Bushes, Flowering Shrubs, Ornamental Trees, Hedging, Bulbs, Roses and Seed Potatoes. All our stock guaranteed and warranted to live.

Write and tell us you are open for an offer and we will make you a proposition you will want to accept.

E. P. BLACKFORD & CO.,
Toronto, Ont.

M. L. Grimmett, L.L.B.

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, ETC.

Sandon, B. C.

HOME WORK FOR FAMILIES.

We want a number of families to do work for us at home, whole or spare time. The work we send our workers is quickly and easily done, and returned by parcel post as finished. Good money made at home. For particulars ready to commence send name and address. THE STANDARD SUPPLY CO., Dept. B., London, Ont.

AGENTS.—"The best Life of Her Majesty I have seen," writes Lord Lorne about "Queen Victoria." Agents make five dollars daily. Outfit free. BRADLEY-GARRETSON CO., Limited, Toronto.

FREE BOOK FOR WEAK MEN.

My little book 'Three Classes of Men,' sent sealed free, upon request. It tells of my thirty years' practice and success in treating Drains, Losses, Impotency, Varicocele and Undevelopment by nature's own gift to man—Electricity. My Electric Belt with Supporting Supensory is known and used the world over. Drop in and consult me free of charge or write for book to-day. Address,

DR. R. SANDEN, 156 St. James Street, Montreal, Que.

YOU SHIP TO HEADQUARTERS WHEN YOU SHIP TO US.

Full Prices. Correct Sel-ction Ropes & Tags Furnished Free

FURS

Hides, Pelts, Wool,

TALLOW, GINSENG, SENECA.

Write for Circular giving Latest Market Prices.

IMMEDIATE REMITTANCES.

NO COMMISSION CHARGED.

JAS. McMILLAN & CO. INC.

200 FIRST AVE., NORTH,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

Watch Repairing

At Lowest Living Prices.

Cleaning Watch $1.50.

Mainspring $1.50.

No one can give satisfactory work at lower rates and guarantee the same. What does a guarantee mean? It means that when I clean a watch it runs 12 months. Should dirt be the cause of stoppage, I clean it again free of charge. Should a mainspring break inside of 12 months, a new one will be put in; your watch kept with a mainspring during that time. All other repairs guaranteed in the same way.

Orders by mail promptly attended to.

G. W. GRIMMETT,

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN.

Bruce White. N. J. Cavanaugh.

WHITE & CAVANAUGH

Manufacturers of and dealers in Rough and Dressed Lumber a specialty.

Estimates furnished.

Contractors and Builders.

OFFICE AND MILL, CODY, B. C.

MINING STOCKS

AND OTHER INVESTMENTS.

Every Representation Guaranteed.

J. M. Harris

SANDON, B. C.

Dr. Milloy,

DENTIST.

VIRGINIA BLOCK, SANDON.

All work promptly executed.

WHEN IN SANDON STOP AT THE

HOTEL SANDON

SANDON, B. C. Headquarters for Mining and Commercial Men. Rates $2.50 to $4.00 per day. R. CUNNING, PROPRIETOR.

P. BURNS & CO.

Dealers in Meats

At Sandon, Rossland, Nelson, Kaslo, Pilot Bay and Three Forks.

Sandon. Slocan City.

KOOTENAY MERCANTILE TAILORING CO.

Everything Up-to-date in our line. A fine selection of Worsteds, Tweeds and Fancy Vestings.

Agents for the Dominion Piano and Organ Co.

J. R. & D. CAMERON

WHEN YOU ARE AT BEAR LAKE STOP AT THE

Miners' Exchange.

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

RATES—$2.00 PER DAY; $10.50 PER WEEK.

H. I. McDonald, Proprietor.