The Mining Review.

VOL. 5.—NO. 6. SANDON, B. C., SATURDAY, JULY 27, 1901. $2.00 PER YEAR.

THE LOCAL BUDGET.

J. Woods is building an addition to his store.

Archie McDonald spent a few days in Nelson this week.

Mrs. A. Brown is back from Spokane, and is visiting with Mrs. Platts.

H. L. Loyering, of Winnipeg, paid a visit to his brother here this week.

The great Pittsburg strike is being taken to the courts under an injunction.

Nathan Haas, a mining engineer of Nelson, was a visitor in the city on Tuesday.

Skales, the colored chappie, has gone to Nelson gaol for two months for striking an Italian.

The past ten days have seen more strangers and visitors in town than were here the previous month.

Mrs. Radcliffe is breaking up housekeeping in the Wilson house, and is going to Toronto for a trip.

The Last Chance, the Reco, the Goodenough, the Payne and some other properties are increasing their forces gradually.

The Rev. Mr. Ferguson is off on his holidays; and his pulpit will be filled morning and evening by the Rev. Mr. McKee, of Slocan.

There is a strike of labor in Toronto for the purpose of "putting down combines." This is a case of a pot fighting a kettle because it is black.

The C. P. R. freight shed at Three Forks and a car of merchandise were destroyed by fire on Tuesday last. The blaze originated in a sealed box car.

G. McLeod, a contractor at the Mountain Con, was fined $10 and costs by the Beak on Wednesday for striking "Josh" Peters, cook at that mine. This is no josh.

The mine owners held a meeting in Nelson this week. and we understand they had considerable smelter talk. Matters will never be right with them until they get control of one or more smelters.

J. A. Whittier and wife are home from a long visit to the western States. It is the intention of Mr. Whittier and Mr. Harris to push work extensively this summer on the Reco and Goodenough properties.

It is understood John Daly, late bookkeeper of the Payne, will take a similar position at the Rambler-Cariboo mine. John has a host of friends and but few enemies, which is more than any newspaper man can say.

It is rumored that R. F. Green is to become Minister of Mines, and J. D. Prentice is to be made Minister of Finance. At this the Nelson Tribune says Prentice is as fit for the job as a goat is for Premier. There will be wigs on the pavement if Houston is overlooked in a government shuffle.

Was it Lowery's? There has been so much talk in the Bluestreak about cows and barrels, that we wonder if it was Lowery's red bovine that came racing up street from the west on Thursday, bellowing her disappointment at finding the barrels empty. Probably McAdams could enlighten us in the matter.

It is understood Mr. J. S. Gusty, who has been in charge of P. Burns & Co's. establishment here for some time, is to be promoted to a more lucrative appointment at some point on the Crow's Nest line, and that a young man from Nelson is to take his place. Mr. Gusty is a popular young man and will no doubt succeed wherever he goes as he always attends to business.

Lorenzo Alexander and wife are visiting in Kaslo.

The C.P.R. is from one to three hours late coming in these times.

The Grand Forks sawmill has been destroyed by fire, with a loss of $40,000.

Sandon's hot wave was broken yesterday by a heavy shower of rain and hail.

The C. P. R. will sell 60 day tickets to Buffalo on Aug. 6th. The rate from Sandon is $78.80.

The Black Prince group near Sproules has shown up better under the last assessment work.

Clearing the ground of stumps and trees for the Payne compressor was begun on Wednesday.

A number of carpenters went up to the Washington mine this week to overhaul the concentrator.

Frank C. Sewell will leave in a few days for New Denver, where he will reside the rest of the summer.

The lumber for the new office at the American Boy has gone up to the mine and work will commence at once.

The Kelly Merrymakers gave an entertainment in the opera house to a small audience on Thursday evening.

If our city council had been out doors all yesterday, the shower of hail we had might have strightened them out a little.

A. Crawford is fitting up a wagon for Neil O'Donnell to bring down seven tons of concentrates at a load from the Star mine.

The C. P. R. are selling tickets to the Halcyon Hot Springs and return every day at $3.85, and on Friday and Saturday at $2.25.

A roaming Lyon and a tiger Lilly claim the City Clerk's nest in our city council, and strange to say so far the Lyon has come out second best.

Work is still being continued at the Mountain Con. When the property was first opened up this season it was expected to be only a month's run.

We are pleased to state that Miss M. English, lately assistant teacher in the school here, but now of Kaslo, has successfully passed the late teacher's examination in Nelson, and receives a first class B. A. certificate for life. More credit is due the young lady from the fact that she had to take up two courses at once, to procure a first class certificate, on account of her late arrival in British Columbia.

Death of Jas. Williamson.

The sad, but at the same time not unexpected announcement on Monday morning of the death of James Williamson is the cause of much regret. The deceased was one of Sandon's oldest inhabitants, having worked for E. R. Atherton early in 1886, though for the last two years or more carrying on business for himself. The event is all the more regretable as his wife and two children have been visiting with her people for several months, and were not present during his illness. This arose from the fact he intended to go to Boston, where she was as soon as the state of his health permitted, believing all the time he was soon to recover. His illness was a complication of complaints, which of course rendered prospects the more uncertain to his physician. Some days ago, however, Mrs. Williamson was telegraphed for and she left for Sandon on Saturday last, arriving here yesterday, Friday, four days after his death. The body was embalmed and otherwise preserved in good form. The funeral will take today from the residence of Mr. Dwyer, near the school house, the remains going to New Denver on the regular train for interment.

Council Notes.

Some of the aldermen want to know why the mayor refuses to install Mr. Lyons as clerk. He does it solely on the ground of economy. He cannot see why Sandon should pay $60 a month, when Slocan can hire a good union man for similar duties at $45.

Some of the aldermen support Mr. Lyons simply because it pleases the union to do so, and the taxpayers of the city have to be bled that some aldermen may personally make money out of the pleasing process. How do the taxpayers like it?

Three aldermen called a meeting of the council for Monday night illegally, and passed a resolution censuring the mayor for taking money out the bank to pay notes due and salaries, and not leaving it for Gomm's garnishee to gobble. Do the taxpayers endorse the mayor's act or do they approve of the three aldermen's resolution of censure? Which?

Three aldermen at that meeting passed a resolution saying the citizens of Sandon wanted the Mayór to resign. At one time three tailors on Tooley street, London, Eng., met and a passed a resolution commencing, "We, the people of England." We would like to hear from the citizens on this matter.

W. E. Gomm, M.D., says he is still an alderman, but he limits his official acts to parrot mouthing. He takes the best of care he does not take a seat at the Council Board. This same Gomm in May last endorsed a resolution of the council proposing to pay half his "smallpox" bill in July and the rest as soon after as possible. Before the middle of July he sues and garnishees for the whole amount. Won't he have a glorious time making his action stick even as well as some of his blisters.

Mr. Lyons acted as City Clerk Monday night without being sworn in. As the mayor has full power to suspend any official at will, fun will follow.

Ald. Duffy is haunting the city hall day and night, entering the city clerk's and other private offices by means of skeleton keys. As City Clerk Lilly is aware of his designs and takes the necessary precautions to cheat him in his plan, this Sneaking Moses has been baffled in the object of his research.

Maple Sugar vs. Rocks.

A certain man at the Star mine purchased about 40 lbs. of maple sugar at the boarding house there from the proprietor on Thursday. He procured a new ore sack, placed the sweetstuff inside, and hung it up in a cool place until he would take it home in the evening. In the meantime he was smacking his lips and telling the employees at the mill he was going to have hot cakes and maple syrup for breakfast on the morrow. The "boys" smelt something in the air and started to investigate. They came across the sack hung up in an out of the way place and out of curiosity took it down to examine it, when to their astonishment found it to contain a quantity of maple sugar. It suddenly dawned on them that this was the cause of the hot cakes and syrup they heard so much about, and thought it a good chance to play a joke. They took out the sugar and hid it, refilled the sack with about the same quantity of rocks, and hung it up in its former place. In the evening the owner came along, slung the sack over his shoulder and started for home, a distance of about half a mile; the "boys" mulching maple sugar and splitting their sides with laughter as he went proudly down the hill. His disgust can well be imagined, as after telling his worthy spouse the treat he had in store, he rolled a pile of rocks on the table instead of the sugar. He don't care for sugar these days, and at bare mention of the sweet stuff he strolls off in another direction.

The Joker and Cody Litigation.

The Joker and Cody mineral claims litigation came up for another hearing in the Supreme court at Vancouver on Monday last. The following judgement taken from the Vancouver Province is the result: "The only trial in the Supreme court this morning was Callahan vs. Bently, his lordship Justice Martin presiding. The plaintiffs sued to set aside a bill of sale, dated April 3rd, 1900, made by Sheriff Tuck, of Kootenay, to the defendant, and transferring to them the title of Charles Callahan as administrator of Wm. Callahan, of the Joker and Cody fractional mineral claims. After argument by Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, K. C., and Mr. Fred Peters, K. C., for the plaintiffs, and by Mr. Joseph Martin and Mr. E. J. Deacon for defendants, and Mr. Tiffin for defendant Tuck, judgement went to the plaintiffs and and injunction restraining the defendants from working the mines was granted."

The Circumstances in Mining.

There are a few circumtances connected with this mining business that the general public do not consider; and if properly considered by the entire community would do much to ease off the past and present troubles. In the first place mining is a hazardous and dangerous calling, rendering accidents liable at any time. This circumstance would seem to call for good remuneration. On the other hand, to the capitalist, the business is equally risky. It is not exaggerating to say the world over, not more than one out of every five ventures turns out profitable. Under such circumstances, when a success is reached, the owner must have large profits to pay for large losses on non paying properties. The miner is not disposed to properly look at this phase of the question. It is only by properly weighing all these conditions on both sides that a proper understanding can be arrived at. The agitator and the basswood politician never consider any of these conditions; they only act from the standpoint of their own interests, and as a result the country suffers whenever their ways bear fruit.

Sandon Ore Shipments.

The following are the ore shipments from here this week:

Mine.	Tons.
Slocan Star	189
American Boy	41
Last Chance	20
Total,	250

A PURE GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR POWDER

·DR·
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER

Highest Honors, World's Fair
Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair

Avoid Baking Powders containing alum. They are injurious to health

RUINED BY THEIR HOBBIES

AMUSEMENTS THAT WRECKED GREAT FORTUNES.

Passion for Golf Ruined Kenneth Price—Spent Three Fortunes in Horses.

Without counting betting as a hobby—which it is not—170 wealthy people have been driven to bankruptcy, and in many cases to death as well, by a violent passion for one particular amusement. This ranges over anything between deer-stalking and collecting stamps, says London Answers.

Kenneth Price, who died six months after his bankruptcy last year, owed his disaster to golf, his one mastering passion. His fame as a golfer was universal; but he was the son of Gordon Price, the wealthy Scotch ironmaster, who left him the business. Kenneth started

PLAYING THE ROYAL GAME

as a boy, and for twenty-five years he lived solely for golf, playing day and night—literally, for he had his well-known links at Alderley lit by electric arc-lights, at a cost of over $35,000.

At St. Andrews and all the great golfing centres he spent thousands, staying at the most costly hotels, and practically living on the links. He did the thing well, certainly, for he held five amateur championships, and paid his private "caddie," John Macleod, $1,500 a year. But an ironmaster's business needs looking after; and as golfing took up all his time, save about ten days a year, which he devoted to business, the Price profits dwindled. And when he found himself insolvent early last year the reason of his bankruptcy was "over-expenditure on golf." He died six months later, at Edinburgh.

It was yachting that brought about the downfall of Elliot Reid, owner of the famous "Myrteia." He owned altogether 153 boats in his career, and for ten years he claimed to have never been out of sight of one of his costly craft. His love of yachting amounted almost to monomania; and though his income was given as $30,000 a year, it could not keep pace with this expenditure on his hobby. Yet he spent hardly a penny apart from his yachts, for he lived on board his favorite craft—the "Olney"—having no dwelling ashore; and when she was "laid up" in the mud for the winter, he

STILL LIVED ON HER.

He had an example of every new style of racing-yacht built for him when it appeared, and he bought and sold big yachts almost weekly, giving any price the seller chose to ask, but never getting much for them when he sold them. He talked and dreamed of nothing but yachting, and was a splendid hand at it, commanding all his own boats; and he had every kind of yacht conceivable, except a steam-launch, which was a thing he abhorred.

However, even $30,000 a year would not stand such a strain long, and at his bankruptcy his yachting expenses were given—truly enough—as the reason for his failure. The yachts were his only assets, every penny of his capital being spent, and they were sold by official order. Elliot Reid committed suicide at Dartmouth a few weeks later, dying absolutely penniless.

No man ever loved horses better, or knew more about them, than Whyte Morley, and they were his ruin, as a hobby. Not by gambling, for he never made a solitary bet in his life; but he spent three separate fortunes,

EACH OVER $75,000,

in breeding and training horses. He raced to a moderate extent, never gambling, and was very successful, and at Three Elms, his place in Leicestershire, he kept always between forty and fifty thoroughbreds tending them like babies, and paying all his men well. As his income could never have been more than $5,000 a year, it is easy to see how he "came a cropper."

His luck, in one way, was so good that, after he had spent all his money, he received a legacy of $50,000, and before that was quite gone, another windfall of the same amount; but he lived and slept with his horses, spending anything up to $15,000 for a famous racehorse, and Pontifex alone cost him $10,000.

He was liked by everyone, and always said that he was perfectly willing to ruin himself for the sake of horses. His expensive pets brought him to the Bankruptcy Court at the close of '99; and though he was just able to pay his creditors in full, he was left practically penniless.

HE ENLISTED

in the Yeomanry, as most people know, and died of enteric at Bloemfontein only a few months ago.

The splendid Lennox collection of old china and pictures that came under the hammer a little while ago ruined its owner, who spent forty years and the whole of his fortune on this hobby. Crawford Lennox, who was one of the chief connoisseurs of Europe in this line, lived in absolute penury at his house in Edwardes Square, Kensington, during the time he scraped this collection together—one of the finest ever known. He kept it at the Barnard Studios, and though he lived on practically nothing, he had a comfortable income, which he spent solely in purchasing rare and costly things for his collection.

He would live on bread-and-water for a month rather than forego buying a vase or picture that cost anything up to $2,500; and he spent in this way not only his income, but his capital, which was nearly $100,000 when he first had it. Most of

The eye of an uneducated person averages 2,500 miles of reading in a lifetime.

his time he spent either hunting in odd corners for "finds," attending sales, where he was a well-known figure, or poring over his treasures at the studios. Eventually he became bankrupt; but sometime before he made over the collection to his sister, who did not survive him long, however. His bankruptcy was a hopeless case, and a year afterwards, he died, in extreme poverty, being, as the attending doctor certified,

PRACTICALLY STARVED

to death. On his sister's death the collection was sold, but did not fetch a tithe of what he had spent on it.

What Arthur Griffiths, the famous dog-fancier did not know about dogs was not worth knowing; and though he was wealthy, they landed him in the net of insolvency at last. Considering that he never had less than a couple of hundred at a time, and never sold any, though he often gave them away, this is not surprising, especially as he seldom had one worth less than $50. The prices he gave for specially-bred dogs seemed limited only by the sums the vendors were inclined to ask, and he several times gave $500 for one. The famous Massie collie cost him $1,000.

His kennels at Sutton and Reigate were marvels of luxury and costliness, and the weekly bills for food alone used to run into $50 for each establishment. He bought, on an average a couple of new dogs every week, sometimes making presents of entire batches to his friends. There are not many dog-lovers who do not know of Arthur Griffiths; and as his expensive hobby brought him nothing in return—he frequently said he would as soon think of selling his own brother as of taking money for a dog—the weight of it broke through his means, and brought him into insolvency. He showed that he had given over $35,000 for the dogs he then had in hand, to say nothing of the hundreds he had parted with; but when the kennels were sold at the famous Astley sale, they did not fetch $2,000. Griffiths died in the States, about eighteen months ago.

Chemistry Master—What happens to gold when it is exposed to the air? Student (after long reflection)—It's stolen.

A WIDE EXPERIENCE.

Jenkins has just written a book on How to Succeed.

I wonder if it will be a success.

It ought to be. Jenkins has failed at everything else.

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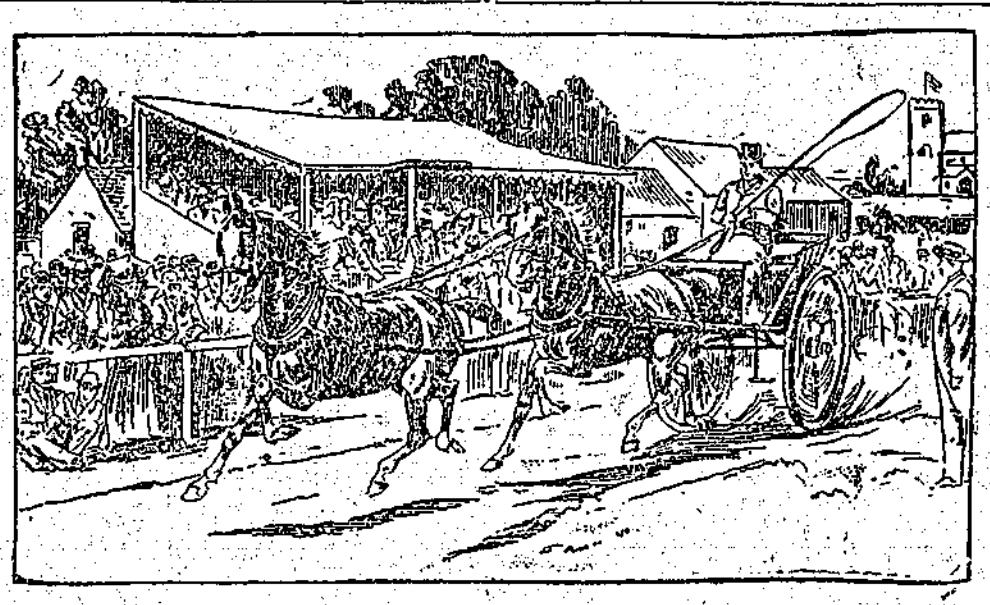
150 cubic feet of cork go to the ton, and only 2 cubic feet of gold.



The Sale of the King's Horses at Wolferton: A Tandem Pair.

King Edward VII., as is well known, is, and has been for many years, an enthusiastic breeder of horses and stock. With the care taken in their selection it is not to be wondered at therefore that much interest is taken by horse dealers of the best class and the horse-loving public generally on the occasion of the sale of any portion of His Majesty's stud. As can well be imagined, there is active competition at these sales and the bidding is always brisk, 'long' prices being invariably realized.

PERSONAL POINTERS.

Notes of Interest About Some of the Great People of the World.

M. Jules Verne, who has passed his seventy-third birthday, is said to be engaged upon his ninety-ninth novel.

The Sultan of Turkey is one of the most enthusiastic chess-players in Europe. He will play for hours without intermission, and will not allow any matter of state to interfere with the game in which at the time he is engaged.

The Queen of the Netherlands, her husband Prince Henry, and the German Emperor are all third cousins, all three being great-great-grandchildren of King Frederick William II. of Prussia. Prince Henry is also descended from Frederick William III., so that he is the Emperor's second cousin. The Queen is also somewhat nearer than a third cousin to the Emperor, through their descent from the Emperor Paul of Russia.

The Duke of Norfolk is one of the most charitable members of the peerage, and gives enormous sums away yearly. He has a great contempt for appearances, and a story is told of his having one day been met walking down Pall Mall with a big brown paper parcel under his arm. Upon a friend's inquiring what he had there, he informed him that it was "his uniform." He was on his way to a drawing-room at Buckingham Palace, at which he would have to appear gorgeous in red and gold.

President Loubet is rapidly driving his master of ceremonies to despair. The President will not have ceremony; it does not fit with his happy, impetuous manner. Directly his visitors arrive he rushes forward and gives a grip of the hand before his bewildered attendant has got out with the usual announcement. And now, copying the example of the King of the Belgians, and no doubt with happy recollections of his struggling bachelor days, the President takes Mme. Loubet out to dine at a cafe in the open air. Parisians are delighted.

It is not often that the heir to a hundred millions of dollars is of a serious turn of mind. Mr. John D. Rockefeller, the richest man in the world, is very fortunate in his son. Rockefeller junior is quite a model young man, who neither smokes nor drinks, and takes a Bible-class for young men at the Fifth Avenue Baptist church in New York. Inexorable duty seems to be his loadstar. He spends no time in idle amusements. Rain and storm do not stay him, and he must be ill indeed before he will excuse himself from the leadership of his Bible-class, which boasts125 members.

Here is an interesting story of Eleonora Duse regarding the famous actress's infancy. She was born in a wagon near Venice, and was being taken to a church for baptism according to local custom in a glass cradle ornamented with gold when a detachment of Austrian soldiers came along. Regarding this sumptuous cradle as a shrine full of holy relics, they respectfully presented arms. This mistake delighted the father. Eleonora Duse, however, had to pass through great trials and privation before she achieved her great success in Verona at the age of eighteen in the character of Juliet.

Sir William Martin Conway, who has just been elected Professor of Fine Art, Cambridge, is already eminent as a lecturer on that subject, holding, as he does, the Chair of Art at University College, Liverpool; but it is probably as a mountaineer that he is best known. In 1892 he was in the Himalayas, where he climbed a peak 32,000 feet high. In 1894 he traversed the Alps from end to end, and in 1896-97 he explored the interior of Spitzbergen. In 1898 he explored and surveyed the Bolivian Andes, ascending Sparta, Illimani, and also Aconcagua. He has written largely alike upon mountaineering and upon art.

Dr. Logan Campbell, who in his official capacity as Mayor received the Duke and Duchess of York when they landed at Auckland, New Zealand, is one of the grand old men of the Antipodes. He has seen Auckland grow from an untenanted flax swamp into the largest of the New Zealand cities. Born in Edinburgh eighty-four years ago, he studied in the Scottish metropolis and then took to roving. He eventually squatted on a small island in the harbor of Auckland before a single house was erected on the site of the present city, and has since been intimately identified with the growth and prosperity of the northern capital of New Zealand.

Lord and Lady Lamington, who entertained the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall at Brisbane, turned out of Government house for their Royal visitors, and occupied apartments in Parliament Buildings. Lord Lamington, who has had a distinguished Colonial career, is the second holder of the title, and has been Governor of Queensland since 1895. He was at one time assistant private secretary to Lord Salisbury, and member for North St. Pancras from 1886 till 1890. While Lord Lamington's pet hobby is botany, Lady Lamington is a great animal lover, and has quite a collection of pets. She also takes the greatest interest in all the philanthropic movements in the Colony, especially those connected with the hospitals. The Women's Hospital, lately established in Brisbane, owes its foundation entirely to her initiative.

SECRET SERVICE FUND.

A secret service fund is voted yearly by the British Parliament for the purpose of defeating conspiracies against the State. Last year $65,000 was paid to spies who were employed for this purpose. For a copy of a treaty between France and Russia, known as the Treaty of Tilsit, Great Britain once paid $200,000.

NOT WITHOUT EXCITEMENT.

'You are not addicted to any kind of athletics are you?

Athletics? Gracious, man, I earn a good living for a family of seven.

HEARTY PRAISE FROM QUEBEC.

A RACINE MAN EXPRESSES HIMSELF STRONGLY FOR DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

His Letter is Typical of Hundreds Lately Received from Lower Province—Same Work Being Done All Over the Dominion—Dodd's Kidney Pills Stand Alone in the Conquest of Kidney Disease.

Racine, Que., July 8.—(Special).—It is a very strange thing, but lately all through this province, the people have been talking in a straight, downright way about the medicine, Dodd's Kidney Pills. Never before has a remedy made so many warm, outspoken friends for itself. Whatever part of Quebec one chances to be in, the mentioning of Dodd's Kidney Pills is always enough to bring forth the grateful story of an experience with this most remarkable remedy from one of the listeners.

These experiences include nearly all the fatal non-contagious diseases Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Dropsy, Rheumatism, Bladder and Urinary Disorders, Female Trouble, Heart Trouble, Blood Diseases, Nervous Complaints are all emphatically declared to have been entirely cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills. But more than any other complaint, Backache counts oftener.

Emile Couatre, of this town, says they cured him of Backache and other Kidney Troubles, and writes a letter for publication in this paper to that effect.

"I am going to say a word concerning Dodd's Kidney Pills," he writes. "I can not do otherwise than praise this wonderful medicine heartily, for I am now, owing to Dodd's Kidney Pills, in perfect health. For some time I have not felt the slightest pain in my back. My kidneys are working properly. When I go to bed I find rest, whereas before using Dodd's Kidney Pills I got up more fatigued than the night before. I had pain in my back and headache which broke my sleep.

"I have taken only three boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and cannot help but credit them with my cure. I have been free from my trouble since taking Dodd's Kidney Pills."

A THOUSAND MILES AT SEA.

In Several Parts of the Earth Ships can get that far from Land.

The question has been asked, is it possible to sail 1,000 miles from land? This can be done at several points. By leaving San Francisco and sailing northwestward into the North Pacific, a spot is reached where there is no land—not even an islet—for 1,000 miles in any direction. So, too, sailing from the southern point of Kamchatka, southeastward, ships reach a point equally distant from land of any kind, the nearest to the north being the Aleutian Islands, and to the south the outlying members of the Sandwich group. In the southern Indian Ocean it is possible to sail 1,000 miles out from the southern points of Australia and New Zealand, and still be as far from any other land, and the same may be done in a westerly direction from Cape Horn. Indeed, from this point a much longer distance may be reached, for the southern Pacific, between the Horn and New Zealand, covers a space of 80 degrees of longitude and 40 of latitude of absolutely unbroken sea, making its central point over 1,200 miles from anywhere.

First Tramp—Jim is the most careless fellow about his personal appearance I ever see. Second Tramp—What d'ye mean? First Tramp—Why, a woman gev him a pair o' good shoes last week, an' he went an' wore 'em, 'stead o' keepin' on his old ones to excite sympathy.

Brown—There's a lady pianist at the circus who plays with her toes. Jones—Umph! That's nothing; my baby does that.

A LEANING TOWER IN ENGLAND.

The famous leaning tower of Pisa has a rival in the Temple Tower of Bristol in England. It is a square tower of early Gothic architecture. All its parts still preserve their normal relative positions without cracks or fissures. The tower, which is about 115 feet high, is 5 feet out of perpendicular at the summit. There are no records to show whether the inclination was part of the architect's design, or whether it is the result of an earthquake or of slow changes in the inclination of the soil. For many years there has been no change in the slope of the tower.

ARSENIC-EATERS.

Styria, a duchy having a population of about a million and a half, and lying south of Gratz, in the mountainous portion of the great German Confederation, is noted for its arsenic-eaters. Arsenic-eaters abound in every city, village and neighborhood, and in thousands of cases every adult in a family uses it almost the same as sugar, consuming about 5½ grains in the twenty-four hours.

A MARVELLOUS DISCOVERY.

Diseases of the Throat, Lungs and Nasal Passages now quickly cured. Thousands of grateful people in every part of Canada and United States testify to the marvellous power of this new discovery. A free trial now offered. Seldom in the history of medicine has so great a sensation been excited among medical men as has been provoked by the marvellous cures so speedily and pleasantly effected by Catarrhozone. Catarrh with the attendant danger of Consumption, Bronchitis, and Bronchitic Asthma, which imposes such fearful suffering upon their victims, Asthma, with its sleepless nights and hours of torture, yield as if by magic to the marvellous curative properties of Catarrhozone. The air you breathe carries it to every air-cell of the lungs, carries it to every inch of mucous surface inflamed and diseased within the throat, lungs, nasal passages and middle ears. Snuffs, washes, ointments are useless as well as disgusting. They never get beyond the door to enter into the innermost chambers of the body where these diseases are seated would simply mean inflammation, perhaps death. Catarrhozone goes wherever air goes and carries healing on its wings. Sufferers don't delay. Your druggist sells Catarrhozone. If he has not got it he can get it or we will send you the complete treatment prepaid for $1.00. If you would prefer to test it absolutely free we will send you a 25c outfit. Send us your address and enclose 10cts to pay for cost of boxing, postage, etc. The Polson Chemical Co., Kingston, Ontario and Hartford, Conn.

A BANK OF ENGLAND CURIOSITY.

One of the curiosities of the Bank of England is to be seen in the printing-room. A man sits at a desk and every three seconds a machine delivers to him two complete £5 notes. If he sits there six hours he receives over £70,000, and in 300 days over £20,000,000 sterling.

Ask for Minard's and take no other

BRITISH DAIRYING.

British farmers and dairymen are to-day milking over 4,000,000 cows, and producing annually in their dairies £32,000,000 worth of milk, butter, and cheese.

TRY

LUDELLA

CEYLON TEA. It is the finest ever imported into the Dominion, and one which every connoisseur will fully appreciate. Lead Packages, 25, 30, 40, 50 and 60 Cents.

If You Want best results SHIP all your BUTTER, EGGS, POULTRY, APPLES, other FRUITS and PRODUCE, to **The Dawson Commission Co.** Limited, Cor. West Market and Colborne St., Toronto.

ENTERING A LION'S CAGE.

A sensation was caused in Winsford, England, and district by the announcement that to decide a bet of $25 a local blacksmith named W. Richardson had volunteered to enter the lion's cage at a travelling menagerie in the town. A large crowd visited the show, and amid great excitement Richardson entered the cage. The lion walked about but did not interfere with him, and after a few minutes Richardson came out unhurt.

Rubber Company.

I was cured of Bronchitis and Asthma by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

MRS. A. LIVINGSTONE.

Lot 5, P. E. I.

I was cured of a severe attack of Rheumatism by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

Mahone Bay. JOHN MADER.

I was cured of a severely sprained leg by MINARD'S LINIMENT.

JOSHUA WYNACHT.

Bridgewater.

£261,000 a year is spent on bull-fighting in Spain. There are 99 bull rings.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c per bottle.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The average weight of English boys has risen from 59 uounds in 1800 to 64 in 1900, and of girls from 57 to 63 pounds.

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend.

Ten British towns, besides London are larger than Dublin, which now has 245,000 people. Edinburgh beats Dublin by 57,000.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

The French Academy has forty members elected for life. It meets twice weekly.

MONTREAL HOTEL DIRECTORY.

AVENUE HOUSE—Mount—College Avenue. Family Hotel rates $1.50 per day.

The world's railways carry two billion passengers and 950 million tons of goods in a year.

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians.

The first tunnel over a mile in length in England was that at Horncastle, constructed in 1827.

"We'll tak' a cup o' kindness yet, for Auld Lang Syne" sang Burns. Thousands of Scotia's bairns now fill that cup with Blue Ribbon Ceylon Tea.

EXASPERATING AMIABILITY.

Amiable people are often so exasperating.

Yes; I wonder if that is what makes them so amiable.

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colic, regulates the stomach and bowels, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."

Britain has now nine field-marshals including the King and the German Emperor, and seven admirals of the fleet.

W. P. C. 1034

CALVERT'S CARBOLIC OINTMENT.

For all skin ailments.

J. C. Calvert & Co., Manchester, England

Brass Band

Instruments, Drums, Uniforms, Etc.

EVERY TOWN CAN HAVE A BAND

Lowest prices ever quoted. Fine catalogue 500 illustrations, mailed free. Write us for anything in Music or Musical Instruments.

Whaley Royce & Co., Toronto, Ont., and Winnipeg, Man.

Dominion Line Steamships

Montreal to Liverpool. Boston to Liverpool. Portland to Liverpool. Via Queenstown.

Large and Fast Steamships. Superior accommodation for all classes of passengers. Saloons and Staterooms are amidships. Special attention has been given to the Second Saloon and Third-Class accommodation. For rates of passage and all particulars, apply to any agent of the Company, or

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For the very best send your work to the "BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO."

Look for agent in your town, or send direct.

Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa, Quebec.

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ROOFING and Sheet Metal Works ROOFING SLATE, in Black Red or Green. SLATE BLACKBOARDS. We supply Public and High Schools, Toronto). Roofing Felt, Pitch, Coal Tar, etc. ROOFING TILE (See New City Buildings, Toronto, done by our firm). Metal Ceilings, Cornices, etc. Estimates furnished for work complete or for materials shipped to any part of the country. Phone 1963 D. DUTHIE & SONS, Adelaide & Widmer Sts., Toronto

CANADA'S PREMIER COMPANY

WITH THE

LARGEST Paid-up Capital, Reserve Fund, Assets . . .

Receives sums of $100 and upwards on which interest at FOUR PER CENT. PER ANNUM is paid half-yearly, for which investors have the most

UNQUESTIONABLE SECURITY.

Full particulars on application.

THE CANADA PERMANENT AND WESTERN CANADA MORTGAGE CORPORATION

Toronto Street, Toronto.

The Mining Review.

SATURDAY, JULY 27, 1901.

CITY MATTERS.

That eminent authority, Ald. Duffy, says "Old Cliffe is a scab" for offering to take the City Clerkship at $50 a month. As that gentleman has served a good apprenticeship at scratching all his life, he ought to be an authority on scabs also. The following letter, however, ought to open his eyes a little:

Slocan, B.C., July 19, 1901.

C. CLIFFE, Esq.,
Sandon.

Dear sir,—Your enquiry received re City Officials.

We figure on this basis: Police magistrate $30 per month, the city retaining all fines, &c.; Clerk, Assessor and Collector $45. Total $75 per month for all offices combined. I think the council made a mistake in putting these all under one head, but they looked at it from an economy point, and this will have to be determined. The Clerkship after the first month will not take up more than two or three hours per day, and I fail to see any use in paying more than $30 or $40 per month, although I believe in fair wages and will know later on what such an officer should get. Am sorry to hear of the bad state of affairs in your city, and I can assure you no such thing will happen to us here as long as I have anything to do with civic affairs.

Yours truly,
A. YORK, Mayor.

Now, Mr. Foley, the Slocan Clerk, is a good miners' union man, we understand; and it is, therefore, only right to ask Ald. Duffy if he too is a scab. The trouble with some of our city council is they are ignorant of their own ignorance, and have no more knowledge of the work to be done in any of the offices and what it is worth, than a Hottentot has of the inhabitants of Mars. The idea then is to call any and every man a scab, who suggests proper prices for all departments of city work.

Slocan pays its Chief of police $75 a month, Sandon commenced by paying Larry Doolan $110, and we now pay $100. Slocan commenced by paying its Clerk $45, Sandon paid Mr. Sewell $85 for the same work, and is now paying $60, and so on in all the other departments. If Slocan keeps on as its has begun, it will have reason to bless the day it was incorporated, while Sandonites have reason to curse incorporation from its inception because of the extravagance of its councils. If our councils of the first two years had done their duty there should have been from $4,000 to $6,000 of available assets the day after the fire, and they should since the fire have run the business at about $1,500 a year less than they paid, without in any way impairing efficiency. There is now a net debt of $6,000 due by the city, and with nothing to show for it but extravagant management. When the receiver takes hold of civic matters, the people will then know where to place the responsibility. The trouble all along has been "Sandon was a city," and it had to be saddled with the outlay of a place of 6,000 people. The man who suggested an outlay in line with the size and revenue of the place was only a scab and a crank. The workmanship of the sages and philosphers of the past, has brought the town to the bankrupt court, and we take it the people will rejoice in the indulgence of past and present wisdom. If the people are willing to see their hard earned taxes go this way to support aldermen's pets, we have nothing more to say on the subject.

NERVOUS PROSTRATION

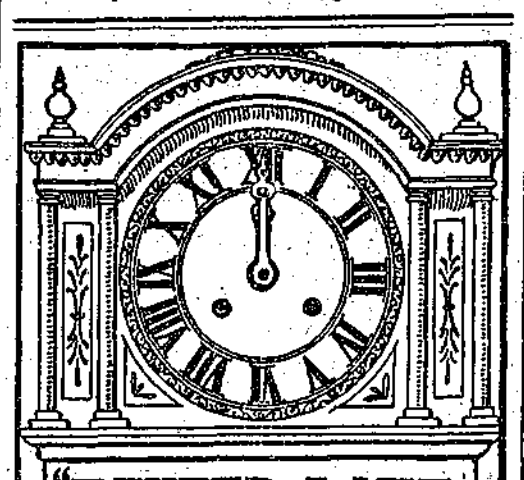
is only a failure of strength. It takes strength to get strength. Get strength of stomach first. Your stomach will then look out for your body. Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil enables your stomach to get it from usual food; and this is the way to restore the whole body.

We'll send you a little to try if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

THE END.

It cannot be said that this paper had not from the first of municipal government in this city pointed out continual mismanagement. It was from the start but a village, and because it bore a city name, the councils continuously felt it incumbent upon them to place on its head all the expenses of a large corporation. The place was, therefore, overtaxed from the first, but civic government is virtually at the end of its tether.

As we pointed out in our last issue, the city on the first of the month owed $8,914, and had $2,841 of available assets against it, leaving a net debt of $6,073. Since then about $2,400 has been paid out of licenses, but it does not relieve the situation one iota, as this is taking money that should be in the bank to meet expenses the coming six months.



"BETTER LATE THAN NEVER"
APPLIES TO THE USE OF Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery
Taken early it will CURE THE COUGH
Taken when the Lungs are affected IT WILL CURE WEAK LUNGS STOP HEMORRHAGES AND RESTORE SOUND BODILY HEALTH.
IT ALWAYS HELPS IT ALMOST ALWAYS HEALS.

It is a moral certainty that if the council is kept intact until next January, which is very doubtful, the situation will be even worse than it is now. For instance, here is a forecast of how things may go for the six months:

Salaries	$ 2000
Water, light and fuel	1000
Interest on debt	450
Feed for team	150
Hospital	100
Incidentals say $100 a month	600
Repairing Harris' sidewalk	100
Sinking fund	400
	$ 4,800

Now it is a moral certainty that in the six months there will not come in

Realty taxes more than	$ 2000
Scavenger fees	500
Business licenses, &c	500
Fines, &c	300
	$ 3,300

When the net debt was on the 1st over $6,000, we cannot see how it can be less than from $7,000 to $7,500 on the 1st of January, and as after that date $1,000 a year will have to be added for schools, the picture is anything but promising.

The taxpayers must see from this statement, that instead of wrangling to get in high salaried officials, and squabbling to pass accounts of a shady nature, what is wanted is men pledged to economy and retrenchment, and who have the experience to enable them to go about both. A vigorous effort should be made to collect realty taxes before as well as since the fire, or at least to hypothecate what is due for sinking fund, and relieve the place of this burden of oversight from the first municipal government. If the proper steps are not taken at once to reconstruct our civic management on lines to materially decrease instead of increase our floating as well as bonded debt, the city might better be placed in the hands of a receiver at once, as there it will have to go when the situation is much more complicated than at present.

It would certainly be in the interests of Canada as a whole, if the Canadian governments would take steps to break up connections between Canadian and American Labor and other unions wherever found. Both countries have passed alien labor laws to prevent labor from either side crossing and competing with resident labor. If the enforcement of such laws is desirable, it is just as necessary the interests of labor on either side should be prevented in all respects from clashing with one another. There is no secret in the fact that Wilson, the American agitator in the C. P. R. trackmen's strike, advised the strike here to change conditions across the line, as he admitted the C. P. R. men were getting better wages than the American trackmen. The idea was to make the Canadian trackmen monkeys to pull chestnuts out of the fire for their American neighbors. If statements are true, the Rossland miners are being similarly treated—if they did not order their strike they would be placed under the ban—their charter would be taken away from them. It is very seldom men on both sides have much in common, so that when things are very well here they ought to be left so, without being forced to serve outside and foreign interests.

The Nelson Tribune has not yet mustered courage enough to say the C. P. R. trackmen should have more than $1.40 per day. It cannot come out squarely and demand of the C.P.R. better freight rates to Nelson jobbers to encourage wholesaling in that city.

A. R. HEYLAND,
ENGINEER,
AND PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR.
SANDON, B. C.

M. L. GRIMMETT, LL. B.
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary Public, Etc.
Sandon, British Columbia.

Dr. Morrison, Dentist.
Cor. Ward and Baker Sts., Nelson, B.C.

Alta Lodge, No. 29.
A. F. AND A. M.
Regular Communication of the lodge. Meets first Thursday in each month at 8 p. m. Visiting brethren cordially invited.
A. B. DOCKSTEADER, Sec'y.

ATLANTIC STEAMSHIP TICKETS
To and from European points via Canadian and American lines. Apply for sailing dates, rates and full information to any C. P. R. agent or H. W. Harbour, Agent, Sandon, W. P. F. Cummings, Gen. S.S. Agent, Winnipeg

Established 1858.
M. R. Smith & Co.
Manufacturers of all kinds of Plain and Fancy
BISCUITS AND CONFECTIONERY.
VICTORIA, B. C.
BRANCH--VANCOUVER, B. C.

COAL!
Everybody Wants the Best Coal.
Try Lethbridge Coal, then you will have the best and cheapest. This coal will make the hottest and brightest fires, besides it is early handled, as it is very clean. We have it for all kinds of grate
E. A. Cameron.

Spokane Falls & Northern R'y.
Nelson & Fort Sheppard R'y.
Red Mountain Railway.
The only all rail route between all points east, west and south to Rossland, Nelson and intermediate points; connecting at Spokane with Great Northern, Northern Pacific, and O. R. & N. Co.
Connects at Rossland with the Canadian Pacific Railway for Boundary Creek points.
Connects at Myer's Falls with stage daily for Republic.
Buffett service on trains between Spokane and Northport.
Effective May 5th, 1901.

LEAVE.	Day Train.	ARRIVE
9:00 a. m	Spokane	7:35 p. m.
12:50 p. m	Rossland	4:00 p. m.
9:15 a. m	Nelson	7:15 p. m.

H. A. JACKSON, G. P. & T. A., Spokane, Wash.
G. K. TACKABURY, Agent, Nelson, B. C.

Not Coming, But Here!

By Gomm! wonders never cease. We have in Sandon a playwright who popped up last week, that would put the great Shakespear and the renowned Sir Henry Irving to shame. The play is entitled "A Tale of One City," and the whole caste is set forth in a sneaky and streaky paper, with the accompaniment of a lyre. This genius reminds us forcibly of Artemus Ward's monkey—he is an amusing little cuss. His head is the shape of a long potatoe, with a tuft of bristling black hair on the top that drops down into his eyes, which will never meet the frank open gaze of another. He is collector, advance agent and general all round sucker to the coterie of conspirators and agitators who are in the plot. To give himself an air of importance his pockets are stuffed with bloodthirsty, Anarchist journals from Butte and the Coeur d' Alenes, wrapped around with copies of the Nelson Tribune, the contents of which he rehashes for his hearers. When the play is going to appear anywhere, this Cheap John goes to the station to see how chances are, funds do not permit travelling in passenger coaches. He enquires if a hog car is going near his destination, and receiving a negative reply he spreads his spindleshanks and is soon hoofing it down the tie route, counting the crossbars two at a time.

The chief dramatis personae of the play is the clown, who wags an M. D. at the end of his name. As most of this class of performers usually drive a donkey or a mule, we suppose it stands for Mule Driver. He is not particular where he holds his rehearsals; sometimes it is in the city hall, on the street or in the rear end of tailor shop on Reco avenue, when with eyes rolling in his head, his thumbs stuck in his vest under the armpits and standing on tiptoe to reach over his hearers he bellows forth in a loud cracked voice "I'm talking now," which everyone within a five mile radius is painfully aware of. He then recites how I was elected councillor by the grace of a city clerk; how I stabbed him in the back and put him out of office for the favor received; how I mulched the taxpayers of a city into a smallpox bill of $900 and other amounts; how when I got everything I wanted handed in my resignation.

The next is "Bucking Tom" who blunders forth about scab labor, bucking the union and plugging his neighbor's waterpipe. For the last act he is threatened with a broken neck if repeated and he never goes there any more.

There are one or two other performers who go through contortions with cheques, but the best scene is the last. Just when the conspirators think they have everything all their way in steps the old man, the guardian of the treasury. He lights on them all for their deceitful work and knocks their plans into the proverbial cocked hat. He vetoes their appointment for office, won't give the chief conspirator the satisfaction of having his resignation accepted by a resolution and outwits him in his evil designs with a garnishee, by which he expected to scoop in $900 but only got seven cents. Law suits are then communicated.—entered and the play winds up in confusion.

Alexander Currie McArthur, a man well known throughout these parts, died on Thursday, the 18th, at the Sacred Heart hospital, Spokane. He was the pioneer bridge builder of these parts, having superintended constructions on the K. & S., the Nelson & Fort Shepard, the Slocan branch of the C. P. R., the Red Mountain and Columbia and Western branches. He leaves a widow and two children. His home was in Mount Forest, Ont., and his mother, 70 years of age, left there for Spokane a day before he died. Mr. G. B. McDonald went over to see him during his illness. He was regarded by all who knew him as a man of the most untarnished honor.

D. J. Beaton, editor of the Nelson Miner, was thrown from a street car on Sunday last, and died in a few hours after from concussion of the brain. The deceased was a very able newspaper writer, and was very popular with all his acquaintances. He was, however, a man of great reserve, and was not known by as many people as he otherwise would have been.

A NEW DEPARTURE.

In addition to our made-to-order department, which will always be kept up to the pink of perfection, we have put in a fine assortment of all

Miners' Clothing
Gents' Furnishings

Our Boots and Shoes, Underclothing, and, in fact, all supplies—just what's wanted in the camp. Call and inspect them.

J. R. CAMERON.

HARRY NASH

TINSMITH AND PLUMBER.

Has on hand a fine line of Plumbing Goods---Call and get prices on Plumbing and Sheet Metal Work.

REMEMBER ROOFS PUT ON BY ME DO NOT LEAK.

The BIG Store.

First Shipment of Spring Dry Goods Just Arrived and More on the Way.

We are Offering Special Values in Dress Goods Carpets, Oilcloths, Tapestry, Squares, Curtains.

Have You Had Our Latest Quotations on Groceries?

THE HUNTER-KENDRICK CO. LTD.

The Most Complete Health Resort On the Continent of North America.

SITUATED MIDST SCENERY UNRIVALLED FOR GRANDEUR.

Halcyon Hot Springs Sanitarium,

HALCYON SPRINGS, ARROW LAKE, B.C.

Resident physician and nurse. Boating, fishing and excursions. In telegraphic communication with all parts of the world. Two mails arrive and depart every day. TERMS: $15 to $18 per week, according to residence in hotel or villas. Its baths cure all nervous and muscular diseases. Its waters heal all kidney, liver and stomach ailments.

Application for Transfer of Liquor License.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that thirty days from date hereof, I intend to apply to the License Commissioners of Sandon for a transfer of the liquor license formerly held by Richard Orando to myself.

JOHN HURLEY.

Dated at Sandon this 17th day of July, 1901.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS

Mrs. Winslows Soothing Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children when teething. If disturbed at night and broken in your rest by a sick child, suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth. Send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the gums and reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the system "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25c. a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

THE PROSPECTORS' EXCHANGE.

NO. 4 K.-W.-C. BLOCK, NELSON, B.C.

Gold, Silver-Lead and Copper Mines wanted at the EXCHANGE.
FREE MILLING GOLD properties wanted at once for Eastern investors.
Parties having mining property for sale are requested to send samples of their ore to the EXCHANGE for exhibition.
All samples should be sent by express, PREPAID.
Correspondence solicited. Address all communications to

Telephone No. 104. P. O. Box 700. ANDREW F. ROSENBERGER, Nelson, B. C.

Kootenay Railway & Navigation Co.

LIMITED.

Operating KASLO & SLOCAN RY.
INTERNATIONAL NAV. & TRAD. CO., Ltd.
BEDLINGTON & NELSON RY.
KOOTENAY VALLEY RY.

KASLO & SLOCAN RAILWAY CO.

10:10 a.m. leave.....Kaslo.....arrive 4:50 p.m.
12:35 p.m. arrive.....Sandon...leave 2:35 p.m.
Connecting at Kaslo with Steamer Alberta to and from Nelson.

INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION & TRADING CO., LTD.

NELSON-KASLO ROUTE—Steamer Alberta.

6:00 a.m. leave.....Nelson.....arrive 9:00 p.m.
8:15 a.m. leave.....Pilot Bay..leave 6:50 p.m.
9:45 a.m. arrive.....Kaslo.....leave 5:20 p.m.
Connecting at Pilot Bay with Steamer Kaslo to and from Kuskonook and at Kaslo with K. & S. Ry. to and from Sandon.

KASLO-LARDO-ARGENTA ROUTE.

Steamer Alberta leaves Kaslo Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 10:30 a m.

KASLO-KUSKONOOK ROUTE—Steamer Kaslo

7:00 a.m. leave.....Kaslo..... arrive 8:20 p.m.
8:15 a.m. leave.....Pilot Bay..leave 6:50 p.m.
10:20 a.m. arrive...Kuskonook.leave 5:00 p m.
Connecting at Pilot Bay with Steamer Alberta to and from Nelson and at Kuskonook with B. & N. Ry.

BEDLINGTON & NELSON & KOOTENAI VALLEY RAILWAYS

10:30 a.m. leave...Kuskonook..arrive 4:50 p.m.
1:15 p.m arrive.Bonners Ferry.leave 2:00 p.m.
Connecting at Bonner's Ferry with Great Northern, both east and west bound, and at Creston Junction with C. N. P. Ry.

Tickets sold to all points in United States and Canada via Great Northern, Northern Pacific, O. R. & N. Co., &c., &c.

Ocean and steamship tickets and rates via all lines will be furnished on application.

For further particulars call on or address

Robt. Irving, Manager. Kaslo, B. C.
GEO. HUSTON, Agent, Sandon.

CANADIAN PACIFIC

SUMMER EXCURSIONS

FROM KOOTENAY COMMON POINTS.

Pan-American Exhibition

BUFFALO, $76.
June 18, July 2, 16, Aug. 6, 20.

Epworth League Meeting

SAN FRANCISCO, $50.
July 13, 14, 15.

Christian Endeavor Conv'n.

CINCINNATI, $68.50.
July 2, 3.

National Educational Ass'n

DETROIT, $71.25.
July 2, 3.

For time-tables, rates and full information call on or address nearest local agent, or

H. W. HARBOUR, Agent, Sandon, B. C., or

J. S. CARTER, D.P.A., Nelson. E. J. COYLE, A.G.P.A., Vancouver

About the House.

HEALTH RULES FOR SUMMER.

In any valuable advice about the treatment of oneself in summer, the "don'ts" must largely prevail. During the hot months the gospel of abstinence should be most strenuously and continuously taught and accepted, or illness is the result, writes Dr. J. Livingstone.

First, don't entirely shut out the sunlight because it makes the room somewhat warmer or fades the carpet. Life is more than a little extra discomfort or the brightness of carpets; and, when you shut out the sun you shut out the great vitalizer and germ destroyer. You need not, of course, have the sun streaming in all day, but let it come in freely for an hour or two in the morning.

Use as little gas as possible for lighting purposes. It is estimated that one gas jet consumes as much oxygen as six people and adds to the heat. A lamp makes far less heat, but much more than an electric light, which uses none of the room's oxygen. Luckily, the hours of summer daylight are so long that one usually has all the time he needs to work or read, before the darkness comes, and requires little artificial light.

Don't neglect your sleeping room. This is a most important don't. Be sure that, during the hour when the sunlight is being admitted the bedclothes have been removed and are spread out so that they, as well as the bed, will become thoroughly aired. Do not sleep in a draught.

But although you should not sleep in a draught, the air should circulate freely through the room. Many people close their windows at night, because they are "afraid of the night air." Night air cannot in the absence of the sun, be as bitalizing as day air, but it is a thousand times less dangerous than the air which, in a closed room, becomes heavy and poisonous from the exhalations from both body and lungs.

Don't drink too much ice water. This is a dangerous practice. Ice water allays thirst for a few minutes without quenching it. For this reason one who is addicted to ice water usually drinks enough to cause a full and bloated feeling, and to stop digestion by unduly cooling the stomach. Lemonade, made from clear, cool—not ice cold—water, is the most refreshing and satisfying drink for summer.

Let your heartiest meal be at night, or whenever your work for the day is over. Fruit, toast, soft-boiled eggs and oatmeal make a good breakfast. Where the intermission between hours of labor is short, no heavy food should be taken into the stomach. Hundreds of people who eat heartily and return to work almost immediately afterwards have dyspepsia.

WRITING A LETTER.

The most striking thing about an ideal letter is its flavor of the personality of the writer. A letter should convey, as nearly as possible, the same effect as would a talk between the writer and her correspondent. What is a good letter to your mother or sister perhaps would be worthless to anyone else. Always remember to whom you are writing, and write to and for that one person.

General descriptions and observations will be out of place in 99 cases out of 100. Make your letter an index of your mind on the subjects you believe to be interesting to the one to whom you are writing. Put your own individuality into even your observations on the weather. Avoid long excuses for not writing earlier or more frequently. Like apologies for not returning visits or calls, those of the lagging letter-writer only emphasize the neglect. Make up for previous shortcomings by writing fully, sympathetically, and vivaciously, so that the pleasure of reading your letter will outweigh any disappointment you may have given, or cause it to be forgotten.

CHEESE STRAWS.

To half a cup of sifted flour add a pinch of cayenne, three ounces of grated cheese and a little salt; mix all together and moisten with the yolk of an egg and enough water to make a stiff dough. Knead to a smooth dough. Roll out into a very thin sheet, not more than an eighth of an inch thick; cut out a piece five inches wide, place on a baking sheet or tin and bake in a moderately hot oven for ten minutes. Do not let them brown. Cheese fingers are made from puff paste cut into strips five inches long and a quarter of an inch wide, a little grated cheese spread in center of a strip and another placed on top. These are baked in a quick oven until done and a light brown. Ends of pie crust may be similarly used with the addition of the grated cheese and cayenne pepper. Either American cheese or Parmesan is good for this use. Cheese straws are delicious with salads.

NEW WAYS TO COOK CORN.

Corn Oysters: Grate one dozen ears corn in a pan add a pinch of salt and a little pepper, drop in spoonfuls into a well-greased skillet, and as soon as brown, turn over like griddle cakes. They should be the size of large oysters. Excellent breakfast dish.

Corn Fritters: Cut the corn from 5 or 6 ears corn, break an egg in it and add salt and pepper to suit the taste. Drop from a large spoon into a frying pan with hot butter in it, and fry on both sides to a rich brown.

Fried Green Corn: Cut the corn from the cob, and put it in a skillet that has hot butter and lard mixed. Season with pepper and salt, stir it often to keep from burning, and cook it with a cover over it. Corn cooked on the cob, if any is left from the meal, may be cooked in this way and put in the oven and browned.

Corn Custard: Cut corn from the cob, mix it, not too thinly, with milk, add two or three beaten eggs, pepper and salt to taste, and bake half an hour. To be served as a vegetable.

ASKING THE DOCTOR.

Don't be afraid to ask too much of your doctor: you pay him for his visits, and they should be more than mere social calls. Some doctors rush into a room, repeat a stale joke or two to make the patient laugh, or pay her a flattering compliment; then feel her pulse, and look wondrous wise; then write a prescription for the dear knows what—but we doubt very much if the doctor does; then rush out again without giving anyone a chance to ask him a question, or tell him what had happened in his absence. His bill is $2, but for what? Ply him with questions about things that have bothered you in his absence If you cannot remember them all, put them down on a sheet of paper as they occur to you, and refer to this when he next calls.

LAUNDERING SILK EMBROIDERY.

To launder embroidered linen make a suds with fine soap and warm water. Do not soak, rub or wring the piece, but squeeze the suds through and through until it is clean. Rinse in clear water and dry between towels. It is well not to expose embroidery to the air while it is wet, and it should never be dried in the sun, nor should it be folded or rolled while it is damp. Before it is entirely dry iron it on a piece of thick flannel on a soft, padded board. Lay the embroidered side down, cover it with a dry cloth, over that place a wet cloth and press with a moderately hot iron. Instead of folding it roll it on a large, round wooden stick.

MENDING CHINA.

A clever housekeeper mends her broken china with a home-made cement. Make a thick solution of gum-arabic in water, then stir in plaster of paris until a paste is formed. Apply to the broken parts with a brush and set away to harden.

FRAGRANT

SOZODONT

for the TEETH and BREATH

New Size SOZODONT LIQUID . . . 25c
New Patent Box SOZODONT POWDER . . 25c
Large LIQUID and POWDER . . . 75c

25c

At the Stores or by Mail, postpaid, for the Price.

A Dentist's Opinion: "As an antiseptic and hygienic mouthwash, and for the care and preservation of the teeth and gums, I cordially recommend Sozodont. I consider it the ideal dentifrice for children's use." [Name of writer upon application.]

HALL & RUCKEL, Montreal.

"MOLTKE SMOKES AGAIN."

A Sulphur Match That Won the Battle of Gravelotte.

It is said that at the battle of Gravelotte, during the Franco-Prussian war, there was for some hours, at a critical point of the field, an appearance of greater success on the part of the French than of the Germans. Von Moltke had been made aware of the perilous position of his forces in that quarter, and he hurried to the spot. For some time it was observed by those around him that he appeared much more anxious than usual.

He gained a prominent position, where he was greatly exposed to the enemy's fire. He held his cigar between two fingers of his left hand, from time to time striking a fusee, and applying it to the weed, but always neglecting to put the cigar between his lips. When the crisis of the day was evidently approaching the last fusee had been burnt, and nothing but the cold ashes of Moltke's cigar remained.

At length Bismarck's attention was directed to the great general, upon whose sagacity the fortune of the fight so largely depended. Moving up to him, Bismarck quietly struck a fusee, applied it to Moltke's cigar, and the welcome sight of the blue tobacco smoke curling up from the commander's lips rewarded the attention of the Chancellor. Bismarck drawing back in his solid way, said, with exultation in his voice: 'All must now be well, Moltke smokes again." The battle was won.

NESTS IN CROMWELL'S GUN.

For the past twenty-five years at least, starlings have regularly built in the gun which Oliver Cromwell placed in the Curfew Tower of Windsor Castle when he was in residence there, and for many years a pair of jackdaws found a nesting-place in the old gun on the North Terrace. It was brought from China, and weighs 7 tons 3 cwt. 3 qrs. 7 lbs. The starlings sit on the end of Cromwell's gun, and it is interesting to watch them teaching the young birds how to fly. The residents say that the same pair of birds come back to the gun year after year.

Is your wife a rapid reader? Yes; unless I'm waiting for the paper.

DOGS OF WAR.

Exhibitions of Their Practical Utility.

Some clever dogs—an Irish wolfhound and some collies—have been for more than three months most carefully and patiently trained by Major Hautonville Richardson in all the varied duties of dogs attached to a regiment in war time, says a London letter.

They are trained to guard baggage, guard ammunition, carry messages from one part of the field to another and await a reply; give the alarm on the approach of the enemy by running into camp without barking, and to do ambulance duty by seeking the wounded in cover or carrying first aid appliances.

Major Richardson has for some time been in Germany investigating the method of training there, and is now giving daily exhibitions in the grounds of the Crystal Palace in connection with the ambulance section of the Naval and Military Exhibition of the practical uses of dogs attached to regiments in war time.

The performance opens with an attack by the enemy, who are repulsed. When firing ceases the dogs begin their work of carrying first aid to the wounded and seeking those who are wounded in cover.

Attached to the collar of each ambulance dog is a small bottle of brandy. On either side of his saddle cloth, on which the red cross is conspicuous, are pockets, one containing bandages and the other necessaries for "first aid," the other a ration of biscuit for the dog himself. Strapped across the back of each is a waterproof sheet for the dog to lie on when guarding baggage or on sentry duty.

The messenger dogs have a waterproof envelope attached to their collars for the conveyance and protection of written messages and despatches.

It is wonderful to watch the dog seeking for the supposed wounded men in the shrubberies and rhododendron thickets of the Crystal Palace grounds, and to note their sagacity and the keen interest they take in their task.

In Germany Great Danes are employed in carrying ammunition; but Major Richardson has trained his own Irish wolfhound for this purpose. The ammunition is carried in two leather pockets strapped across the dog's back. It was strange, indeed, to eyes accustomed to see handsome and gentle Knight of Kerry in the show ring to look upon him as a dog of war. He is a wheaten colored hound and a famous stud dog.

Leno, one of the larger of the other dogs, is a cross between a St. Bernard and a collie, and probably it is some strain of the former breed which makes him so keen in seeking for the wounded and carrying despatches.

One of the Glasgow volunteer regiments is in treaty for the purchase of three dogs.

DIDN'T MIND WHAT SHE HAD.

A woman who has been a victim of indigestion, and is kept to dyspeptic's diet most of the time, was recently invited to a dinner, which she was anxious to attend.

She went to her telephone, and, trusting to a somewhat unreliable memory, she asked to be connected by the ever-obliging "Exchange" with telephone 2,394. When the connection had been made, she began astronomy of changed to give him her plaintive query without any prefatory, Is that you, doctor?

I want very much to go to a little dinner tomorrow night, she began rapidly, and do you think it would hurt me if I ate just a taste of soup, and perhaps a little fish, or the least trifle of game, and a bit of salad or ice? I really think my stomach——

Here she was interrupted by a voice from the other end of the wire.

Madame, it said coldly, eat whatever you please. This is the Meteor Rubber Company.

Had a nice trip? Yes, rather. Been doing the Continent? Well, yes, if you put it that way; but when I look at my expenses account it rather seems as if the Continent had been doing me.

WORLD IN GLASS HOUSES.

RESIDENCES IN WHICH DUST CANNOT COLLECT.

Day Not Very Far Removed When Vitreous Materials Will Play Principal Role.

According to M. Jules Henrivaux, who originated the famous Palais Lumineux, or palace of light, at the last Paris Exposition, and who was until recently director of the great glass manufactory at St. Gobain, in France, glass will ere long come to play such a great part in the world's economy that the next age is likely to be distinguished as "the age of glass."

M. Henrivaux is an enthusiast on glass. He believes it to be the material of the future. He does not pretend that the world can look for glass cannons or glass men-o'-war, or glass greyhounds of the ocean, nor does he contemplate the substitution of vitreous machinery for that now employed in the various processes of manufacture, but he does claim that glass is the best substance known for every kind of structural purpose, and especially for dwelling houses. In short, if the visions of M. Henrivaux are realized, says the London Daily Express, all the world will be living in glass houses before long.

The point of the idea is found in the inexhaustible supply of the materials from which glass is made, in its adaptability to all shapes and forms, its durability, and its cleanliness. With regard to the second point, it is obvious that glass can be shaped, colored and decorated to an extent of which no other material is capable, and it is upon this aspect of the idea that M. Henrivaux lavishes his imagination.

GLASS STATUES AND DRESS MATERIALS.

There are six ways in which glass can be manipulated. It can be cast into window panes, paving stones, panels, &c. It can be moulded into cornices, slates, wall decorations, and even statues. It can be blown into bottles, tumblers, vases and all the utensils comprised under the name of "glassware." It can be blown and ground into crystals, lenses, prisms and other objects of art and utility. It can be drawn into the finest threads and made into pipes, baskets and dress materials. It can be turned into mosaics and enamels, and can be brought into the closest imitation of most of the precious stones.

Imagine, with M. Henrivaux, the construction of a glass house. The foundation and the walls would be constructed of a variety of glass, recently invented, called "stone glass" which has already successfully withstood the severest tests. When crushed it gives a resistance three times as great as granite. When subjected to heat or cold it is found less sensitive than steel. When submitted to friction it shows less wear than porphyry. Shock, as of a hammer blow, it resists to a degree twenty-two times as severe as that which would fracture marble. The test of tension has practically no effect on it whatever.

GLASS HOUSES.

The walls, then, would be built of glass, held together by angle-iron, so as to permit of a hollow space through which pipes could pass (the pipes themselves being glasswork) conveying hot air, hot and cold water, gas, electric wires, drains, and everything needed for the health and comfort of the inhabitants. Stairs and balustrades, ceilings and wall decorations, mantelpieces and fireplaces would all be constructed of glass. Some of M. Henrivaux's conceptions in the way of decorations, in which the glass is made opaque or tinted with brilliant colors, or made silver and golden, or arranged in prisms and crystals with facets like diamonds, are perhaps too fanciful to be taken seriously, but through them all there runs the same enthusiasm, the same belief that glass, as Thiers once said of Louis Napoleon, is capable of anything.

Chairs and tables, in the new glass age, will be made of vitrified material, toughened to the strength of oak and mahogany. Cooking utensils, plates and cups and saucers, will be made of the same substance. Even knives and forks will have glass handles, if not glass blades.

The new glass house will be absolutely clean and practically indestructible. The whole of its surface can be washed from the top story to the basement, without a trace of humidity being left. Dust cannot collect on its polished face, and the spider will find no place on which to hang its cobwebs.

They have already begun to pave the streets of Paris with glass, and it is found that the substance, while practically indestructible, is admirably suited to the feet of both men and beasts; and as it neither holds nor makes any dirt, it is absurdly easy to clean. Its only fault is that it somewhat increases the noise of the traffic, but even this might by and by be overcome.

COST NOT EXCESSIVE.

The question of cost has not been left out of account. Glass can be made out of almost anything amenable to the influence of fire. The stone glass, to which reference has already been made, is manufactured mainly from what have hitherto been regarded as waste substances. The slag heaps which disfigure mining and iron districts are all convertible into glass. Evidently the days of bricks and slates are numbered.

Perhaps it might be possible in connection with one of the many projected exhibitions to construct on a modest but sufficient scale a dwelling of the kind M. Henrivaux describes. People would then be able to experience the actual sensation of walking along glass floors, of climbing a glass staircase, of being surrounded by glass walls, of sitting on glass chairs at glass tables, drinking tea out of glass cups and stirring it with glass teaspoons.

How far this could be accomplished with due avoidance of monotony it is hard to say. Certainly M. Henrivaux is enthusiastic enough to believe in the fullest development of his idea.

DISTRUSTFUL.

Stickney—I don't trust that new book-keeper.

Pickney—Leave your umbrella where he can get it; then if he steals your umbrella you'll know he's a thief.

Stickney—Good scheme! Er-do you mind stepping out for a moment while I put the umbrella into position?

CONSUMPTION OF EGGS.

At a meeting of the British National Poultry Organization Association it was stated that the annual consumption of eggs in the United Kingdom averages 130 per head of the population, giving a total of something like 5,000 millions, a large proportion of which comes from the Continent.

TESTING A CARPET.

The natives of Persia have an odd way of testing a carpet to see if it is a true Persian product. A piece of red-hot charcoal is dropped upon it, which leaves a round singed spot. If the carpet is of the first quality the singed wool can be brushed off with the hand, without leaving a trace of the burn discernible.

SO SUDDEN.

That Miss Fortysummers is subject to fainting fits.

Is she?

I started to ask her to join me in a glass of soda water the other evening, but when I got to the word 'join' she keeled right over in my arms.

HIS USUAL LUCK.

First Burglar (disgustedly)—Only $2 in the house and the silver all plated!

Second Burglar—Yes; an' I s'pose I'll get ketched into the bargain. I allus do get collared for these mean little jobs that wasn't wuth doin'!

A LOCK PICKER.

Crookster never has any trouble when his wife refuses to give him a latchkey.

He doesn't?

Nop—he's a reformed burglar.

There are in the world 24 presidents and only 20 kings.

HER HUSBAND WAS A DRUNKARD

A Lady Who Cures Her Husband of His Drinking Habits Writes of Her Struggle to Save Her Home.

A PATHETIC LETTER.

"I had for a long time been thinking of trying the Tasteless Samaria Prescription treatment on my husband for his drinking habits, but I was afraid he would discover that I was giving him medicine, and the thought unnerved me. I hesitated for nearly a week, but one day when he came home very much intoxicated and his week's salary nearly all spent, I threw off all fear and determined to make an effort to save our home from the ruin I saw coming, at all hazards. I sent for your Tasteless Samaria Prescription, and put it in his coffee as directed next morning and watched and prayed for the result. At noon I gave him more and also at supper. He never suspected a thing, and I then boldly kept right on giving it regularly, as I had discovered something that set every nerve in my body tingling with hope and happiness, and I could see a bright future spread out before me—a peaceful, happy home, a share in the good things of life, an attentive, loving husband, comforts, and everything else dear to a woman's heart; for my husband had told me that whiskey was vile stuff and he was taking a dislike to it. It was only too true, for before I had given him the full course he had stopped drinking altogether, but I kept giving him the medicine till it was gone, and then sent for another lot, to have on hand if he should relapse, as he had done from promises before. He never has and I am writing you this letter to tell you how thankful I am. I honestly believe it will cure the worst cases."

Sent Free to All—A sample package of Tasteless Samaria Prescription gladly sent free with full particulars in plain, sealed envelope. All letters considered sacredly confidential. Address, enclosing stamp for reply, The Samaria Remedy Co., 26 Jordan Street, Toronto, Canada.

THE

Woman's Christian Temperance Union

ADOPT THE

"SAMARIA PRESCRIPTION"

FOR the CURE of DRUNKENNESS

Letter from Mrs. George Grant, of Paisley, Ont., giving particulars of a cure effected by "Samaria Prescription," resulting in its use and adoption by the Paisley Woman's Christian Temperance Union.

(Copy)

Paisley, Ont., Dec. 11, 1900.

The Samaria Remedy Co.,

30 Jordan Street, Toronto, Ont.

Dear Sirs,—I penned a few lines to you some time ago,—as a member of the temperance cause, I wrote for information; at that time I had in my mind friends whose son was a great cause of anxiety and trouble on account of his drunken habits. I strongly urged the friends to try the remedy I saw advertised in the Toronto Globe. They did so. It was the Samaria Remedy that was administered and I am pleased to inform the company the medicine was helpful; the young man has not drank a drop since, breaking off from old companions; and special prayers on his behalf, all aided in breaking the chains.

At the last meeting of the W. C. T. U. here, I introduced your medicine for the cure of the liquor habit, and a resolution was passed, "That inasmuch as it is the aim of this organization to help the poor inebriate we should recommend this remedy in homes where persons are addicted to the use of intoxicating liquors." Now, sirs, wishing you a successful career in your noble work, and feeling that assistance can be given in the precincts of home by the hand of mother or wife, trusting God may open up useful avenues for your labors. Yours very respectfully,

)Signed) Mrs. George Grant,

(Signed) Mrs. George Grant,

On behalf of Paisley W. C. T. U.

FREE SAMPLE and pamphlet giving full information, testimonials and price sent in plain sealed envelope. Enclose 2c. stamp. Address THE SAMARIA REMEDY CO, 26 Jordan St., TORONTO, Ontario.

HOW TO PURSUE.

Exactly What to Do When Your Enemy Has Had Enough.

The rule in warfare when your enemy has had enough, and signifies the same in the usual manner by running away, is to give him some more.

The wise general gives his beaten enemy no rest, but continues to push and hammer him until a vanquished army retreating in good order becomes a broken and disorganized mob of men with rifles.

This part of the work is done by the mounted men, and the general who fritters away his cavalry during an action instead of keeping them fresh for the pursuit should be shot.

Arrangements for pursuing the enemy are begun the moment he gives tokens of having had enough. The chief of the staff details the troops to take each road by which the enemy can retreat—details of each having, of course, been ascertained beforehand through the Intelligence Department—and indicates to the generals in command of each column their line of route.

The general who can combine daring and dash with adroitness is the man to command a pursuing column. Caution and ability to manoeuvre are not so important in such work. To hammer and annoy and harass the flying foe till he is

FINALLY CRUSHED

is the object of pursuit, and the cavalry leader who errs on the side of recklessness rather than that of caution is to be selected.

The enemy naturally uses his freshest troops to cover his retreat, and his cavalry and horse-artillery are prepared to give trouble. The pursuing general, whenever he comes up with the flying foe, hammers him with guns and charges him with cavalry. He hits him in the flanks if possible, so as to retard him while the infantry can come up and fall upon him. Reserves of infantry (if any) will at this juncture naturally be used, so as to spare the foot already tired with a long day's fighting.

Every consideration gives way to following up the enemy. Having won a battle, every great general makes the most of it, and gives the beaten enemy no time to breathe. The excuse that the men are tired, or that there are wounded to look after, condemns the general who uses it as incompetent to command.

The staff has a busy time in pursuits, for the pursuing army has to be fed, and the enemy naturally burns and destroys all behind him in his retreat. Moreover, every hour takes the pursuers farther away from their base. Thus the men who are responsible for the feeding of the army must be well up in their work, unless disaster is to occur.

WELL RECOMMENDED.

Mistress—You say you are well recommended?

Maid—Indeed, ma'am, I have thirty-nine excellent references.

Mistress—And you have been in domestic service?

Maid—Two years, ma'am.

How To Obtain High Wages.

A Former Labor Organizer Says Canada Should Be Independent.

P. J. Loughrin, who was formerly general organizer in the Dominion of Canada for the Federation of Labor, came to town yesterday, after an extended tour in the north country. It will be remembered that some five years ago Mr. Loughrin strongly advocated in the press and on the public platform the policy of putting export duties on pulpwood, pine logs and nickel ore, and the formation of regulations forbidding the export of these materials unless in a manufactured condition. During his recent tour Mr. Loughrin, who was intimately acquainted with the Algoma of four years ago, made a comparison of the country as it then was with the situation today.

"The transformation is marvelous," said he. "Four years ago the Soo was a town of 3000 people: today it has at least 8000. Four years ago Blind River had 210 people; now it has 1100, and the increase of population was directly due to the prohibition of the export of logs. The Bruce mines have been opened up, and there are 450 men there now mining copper. The population of Thessalon is 2300, an increase of 500 in four years. Victoria Mines four years ago was a primeval forest; now, as the result of the establishment of Ludwig Mond's nickel works, it is a town of 1400 people. Copper Cliff and Sudbury have doubled in population, very largely as a result of the policy which has induced them to refine the nickel to the extent of 80 per cent., whereas formerly the matte was shipped out entirely unrefined. Cook's mills are running again night and day. At Rayside, Dean Lake and Thessalon River new saw mills have been erected, giving employment in the aggregate to hundreds of men. Sturgeon Falls is becoming a fine town, and the railway from North Bay to the Temiskaming has at last been begun. The future of Mattawa is assured, for its resources in pulpwood are the best in Canada, the upper Ottawa being tributary.

"Now what has done all this? Simply the logical carrying out of the policy of manufacturing our own resources in our own country, and finding employment for the surplus labor that was so much in evidence in 1897. Wages of laborers at all points in Algoma in 1897 were $1.10; today the contractor for the Soo water works is not able to secure men for less than $2.00 for a day of 10 hours, while $1.75 is the standard in the whole north country from Mattawa to the Soo.

"These wages are not the outcome of labor organization; there is not in the district a single labor union except the one I formed in 1897 at the Soo. Yet because I advocated the manufacture of our own resources on our own soil by our own people, Mr. Gompers of the American Federation of Labor withdrew my so-called commission as organizer. The reason he gave was that I was advocating something that would be detrimental to the laboring class south of the line. Looking at these facts, I make the claim that Canadians should attend to their own industries and industrial organizations. If the trackmen in the present difficulty would tell Gompers and Wilson that they are capable of obtaining more wages by applying individually to the local superintendent, and did not need the services of a Yankee controlled committee, they would be better off. I am no judge of men if Mr. McNicoll complies with the trackmen's demands so long as they seek recognition through these parties.

"The increase in wages in the past four years in northern Ontario has not cost the labor class one two-cent postage stamp. E. B. Eddy, F. H. Clergue, the Laurentide Pulp Company, and the policy of the Ontario government in forcing the manufacture of raw material in Canada, did more to increase the wages of laborers in the north country in three months than all the paid officers of the American Federation will do in the next five years."—Toronto Globe.

The Greenwood Miner has ceased to exist. The conclusion is there not a field in Greenwood for two weekly newspapers, although the place had two dailies a few months ago.

H. Byers & Co.

Jobbers and Retailers in

Hardware

and

Mining Supplies

'T' Rails and Track Iron,
Crow's Nest Coal,
Bar and Sheet Iron,
Jessop & Canton Steel for Hand and Machine Drills,
Powder, Caps, Fuse,
Iron Pipe and Fittings,
Oils, Waste, etc.,
Mine or Mill Supplies of all kinds,
Agents Traux Automatic Ore Cars.

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Theo. Madson

TENT AND AWNING FACTORY

BAKER STREET. NELSON, B. C.

KOOTENAY COFFEE CO.--

COFFEE ROASTERS
Dealers in TEA AND COFFEE.

We are offering at the lowest prices the best grades of Ceylon, India, China and Japan Teas.
For Prices see Nelson daily papers.

A TRIAL ORDER SOLICITED.

Kootenay Coffee Co.,
P. O. BOX 182.
WEST BAKER STREET, NELSON, B.C.

Certificates of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Daniel, Gordon, Galt, Donnelly and Crawford Fractional Mineral Claims.

Situate in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: adjoining the City of Sandon on the North West.

Take notice that the Urban Mining Company Limited, Non-Personal Liability, Free Miner's Certificate No. B 52337, intends 60 days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificates of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of each of the above claims.

And further take notice that action under Section 37 must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificates of Improvements.

Dated this 28th day of June, 1901.

THE URBAN MINING COMPANY, Limited, NON-PERSONAL LIABILITY.

Certificates of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Morning Sun and Shogo Mineral Claims.

Situate in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: In the forks of Sandon creek, near the Slocan Star.

Take notice that I, Wm. S Drewry, acting as agent for the Byron N. White Co., Ltd., Free Miner's Certificate No. B 52335, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificates of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of each of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificates of Improvements.

Dated this 4th day of July, A. D. 1901.

W. S. DREWRY.

MINERS' SUPPLIES.

Gold Seal White Rubber Coats | Hip Rubber Boots, leather soles
Black and Yellow Oil Coats | Knee Rubber Boots, leather soles

Blankets, Pillows, Quilts, etc.

CALL AND GET OUR PRICES.

H. Giegerich,

RECO AVENUE.

Fishing Tackle.

We carry a complete line of fishing tackle—the largest and finest stock in the Slocan.

Cliffe's Bookstore.

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At Cost and Less Than Cost.

We have a fine stock of Men's Boys', Ladies' and Children's Boots and Shoes which will be sold at cost and under, in order to make room on the shelves for our groceries. We have on hand a good selection of the best makes.

Cody Avenue. **JALLAND BROS.**

P. Burns & Co.

Dealers in Meats

AT SANDON

ROSSLAND, NELSON, KASLO, PILOT BAY, THREE FORKS, SLOCAN CITY.

Have your work done by experienced hands. We are up-to-date mechanics, skillful in our

Paper Hanging, Painting, Kalsomining and Signs.

Samples of room mouldings of artistic designs.

See Skales, THE PAPER HANGER.