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The Mining Review.

VOL. 4.—NO. 31. SANDON, B. C., SATURDAY, JANUARY 12, 1901. $2.00 PER YEAR.

The Slocan.

A deal is under way for 14 claims in the White Grouse Basin, owned by Mrs. Harris, of Kaslo, and others. The probable purchaser is P. Corcoran, of San Francisco, for California and New York parties. The price is $125,000. A suit has been instituted, but it is thought for the purpose of bringing the matter to a close only.

As the Payne is taking on its usual compliment of men again, several new men being among those recently employed, it is believed they have made satisfactory arrangements for handling their output.

The American Boy is also putting on a full force of men, 35 being now employed; and it is said the force will be increased to 50 within a month. When the American Smelter Combine refused to renew the old contract, some men were dropped, but these and others have recently been taken on again. The staff is at present employed in No. 6 tunnel, which is now in some 400 feet on the lead. The vein averges about nine feet in width, and carries about 2½ feet of ore on an average. The mine is shipping about 25 tons of ore a week, which runs well on to $100 a ton in silver and lead values averaging perhaps $90, which is about the average of the camp. It is thought that within a month the output will be doubled.

The Last Chance dropped about 20 men the other day, but still has on a force of over 60, and is shipping some five cars a week, and often running one a day. If nothing intervenes to prevent it, this mine will be a heavy shipper this year.

The Sovereign is operating all told some 25 men, and has quite a quantity of ore in sight. Mr. Ransom, the manager, expects the property will be a regular shipper the present year.

This locality is the possessor of many other valuable properties, not the least of which is the Trade Dollar, which ships regularly and turns out ore worth $1,500 a car. The Reco and the Good-enough are close by with their most valuable productions—perhaps the highest grades in the province.

C. H. Hand spent a short time here inspecting the Payne and Galena Farm mines.

B. C. Riblet has a contract with some mining companies in Peru for erecting trams.

Testimonials.

Assay Office and Laboratory of W. A. Chapman, M. E., Metallurgist and Assayer,
Yellville, Marion County, Ark., May 18.

Gentlemen:—In reply to your letter of inquiry (dated the 9th inst.) relative to the Prospector's Furnace I purchased of you three years ago, I would say that I have used it for smelting antimonial, silver, lead and other ores, and the retorting of zinc ore by means of the crucibles. Its performance is in every respect satisfactory. I consider it a most valuable adjunct to the office, because of its utility in smelting sample lots of ore. Yours truly,

W. ALBERT CHAPMAN.

VICTORIA, B. C., May 18.

Gentlemen:—The 5-ton Prospector's Furnace with outfit arrived here in camp the 1st of May. It was put in operation at our mine at once and is doing splendid work, to say the least. The men are pleased beyond expression. This is a mighty rich gold country. Our ores assay from $64 to $70 to the ton; but with no roads and no bridges. 82 miles from the nearest shipping point, we are unable to ship with profit.

To-day we have ordered, through your agents, two more 5-ton smelters, with two small engines and boilers with it, which we hope you will ship at once, as all is paid for and also freight prepaid to Victoria. Please wire, our expense, on receipt of order, and how soon you can ship, and keep tracer after shipment, as time is an object to us, and thereby oblige your everlastingly obedient servant,

JAMES M'ALLISTER, Victoria, B. C.

THE NATIONAL ORE & REDUCTION CO.,
Assayers and Chemists,
Aparatado 83, Durango, Mexico.
Or our U.S.A. representatives,
HOWARD CHEMICAL WORKS, St. Louis, U.S.A

Sandon Winter Carnival.

A meeting of the citizen was called on Wednesday evening, and it was decided to have a winter carnival, to take place on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, and Thursday, January 28th to 31st.

Subscriptions will be canvassed for and $5.00 tickets issued which will give the purchasers thereof access to all the events during the three days' sport.

The following committees were appointed to look after the management:—

Finance—T. B. Folliott, Jas. Vallance, P. Johnson and D. A. Carmichael.

Sports—Thos. Brown, J. Crawford, C. Walmsley, Jas. Williamson, A. Grierson, A. E Hall, E. M. Sandilands and Wm. McAdam.

Printing—Wm. McAdam and C. V. Cliffe.

On Monday evening next the committees will meet and arrange the general carnival programme and complete all necessary arrangements.

Messrs. Houston and Harbour are arranging with the railway companies for special rates.

So far arrangements have been completed with some of the outside hockey and curling clubs, and the prizes will be mentioned later. The curlers have put up the Bostock and Harris trophies for the bonspeil contest.

The carnival should be a success in every way, as Sandon has some of the leading hockeyists and curlers in the province and one of the finest rinks in the country. The citizens have taken hold of the matter and everything points to success.

THE LOCAL GRAFT.

The late snows have improved rawhiding.

Mrs. Robt. McDonald, who has been ill the past week, is able to be around again.

W. W. Fallows has recovered from an attack of la grippe, and is at work again.

Larry Doolan does not hesitate to say he does not want office of any kind in the city and would not take it if offered it by acclamation. He is not even likely to vote in the coming election.

Mr. Todd is again at his old post as foreman for H. Byers & Co., after several weeks' consultation with the best western doctors as to proper treatment for his eyes. It is a matter of deep regret that he got but little encouragement from any medical man he consulted. The sight of one eye is almost gone and that of the other considerably impaired.

With one accord throughout the length and breadth of the Dominion readers of all classes of newspapers unite in saying that if there is one paper which should be in every household, it is the Family Herald and Weekly Star of Montreal. Subscriptions are pouring into their office in Montreal at a tremendous rate. Canadians without the Family Herald and this season's pictures, do not know the treat they are missing.

We are not sure that all this drainage of sewers, closets, stables, &c., into the flume is a good thing for the place—in fact we think it will prove a bad one later on. When the Ivanhoe mill, in low water, takes its quota from the creek, but a small body will come down the flume—not enough to wash away all the impurities emptied into it, and diseases will be sure to follow. The lower portion of the town by it will be left in a serious condition.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM Baking Powder

In Use the most Economical

Greater in leavening strength, a spoonful raises more dough, or goes further.

Working uniformly and perfectly, it makes the bread and cake always light and beautiful, and there is never a waste of good flour, sugar, butter and eggs.

With finer food and a saving of money comes the saving of the health of the family, and that is the greatest economy of all.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO.

NOTE.—Many mixtures, made in imitation of baking powders, are upon the market. They are sold cheap, but are dear at any price, because they contain alum, a corrosive poison.

Masonic Officers.

The installation of officers of the Masonic lodge took place on Thursday, January 3rd. The officers elected were: M. L. Grimmett, W. M.; H. H. Pitts, S. W.; Thos. Brown, J. W.; A. B. Docksteader, Sec.; A. Crawford, Treas.; Larry Doolan, Tyler; Robt. McTaggart, S. D; F. Lowes, J. D.; J. J. Street, S. S.; Harry Nash, J. S.; F. C. D. of C.; A. M. Sanford, Chaplain; W. H. Lilly, I. P. M.

W. L. Gregg and J. P. Martin have bought out Max Krakenberg's cigar business.

Sandon Ore Shipments.

The following shipments of ore were shipped from here this week:

Mine.	Tons.
Payne	60
Last Chance	40
Sovereign	22
Trade Dollar	21
Ivanhoe	20
American Boy	20
Total,	183

Ore shipments from Whitewater for the week ending Jan. 10th, were Sunset (Jackson Basin) 20 tons.

THE FARM.

INSECT DESTROYERS.

Orchardists generally claim that the hog is a great insect destroyer. It eats the fruit that prematurely drops, which is generally considered wormy. Perhaps, on closer examination we find that a considerable portion of the dropped fruit contains no worms. While the fruit was still hanging on the trees the matured worms escaped.

Some careful observations were made by experiment stations by placing several bands around the trunks of trees. They found that the upper bands caught about twice as many worms as the lower ones. This indicates that twice as many worms crawl down the trunk as up. Chickens in an orchard eat a great many worms before they reach their hiding place.

Turkeys are recognized as grasshopper exterminators. Chickens have a reputation for scratching. They do not perform this work in vain. Their object is to be paid for their daily labor. Their inclination is not to destroy the crop, as we often imagine. The trouble is the old hen lacks judgment when, where and how to scratch. Chickens imagine that the soil is everywhere filled with insects, hence they dig away without any respect to the growing crop.

We should induce the chickens in the fall and spring to scratch among the trees, bushes and vines. In early spring how anxiously they turn over all leaves and rubbish. In many instances they do a perfect job of hoeing. Not only do they eat many insects that do damage above and below the ground, but by their continual scratching they may interfere with the development of the spores of fungous diseases.

The old hen is worth more than a hog as an insect destroyer. The hen is considered a bigger nuisance than she really is. If we would only remember that she takes the place of paris green and sulphate of copper, and when her work is done confine her safely as we store away the Paris green, then she would be no longer considered a nuisance.

GEESE FOR PROFIT.

Geese three or four years old are the best breeders.

Geese usually sell best in the fall and early in the winter.

Geese begin laying late in January or early in February.

Acess to water and a grass run are absolutely necessary in breeding geese.

When hatching, the geese should be interfered with as little as possible.

For practical purposes there is really very little choice between the Toulouse and Embden varieties.

The goose wants to make her own nest, and will not like the turkey, allow herself to be set anywhere.

The goose will lay from 10 to 15 eggs and then sit diligently on them, and seldom fails to bring off a good brood.

Geese will come nearer living on pasture, and taking care of themselves than any other class of poultry Goslings come in for the table as "green geese" in the summer, and should be fine birds for the Michaelmas board.

The Chinese geese, both the white and gray varieties, are very ornamental, and make an attractive appearance on a body of water.

A gander and a couple of geese are sufficient to start with, for their eggs, as a rule, are very fertile, and they are excellent sitters.

Geese should have a house to themselves and be plentifully supplied with straw, with which to make their nests on the floor.

At 10 weeks of age, or when the tips of the wings reach the tail, young geese are ready for market, and should weigh between eight and nine pounds.

It is best to remove the egg shells for the unhatched eggs sometimes get inside them and the goslings are unable to break the double shell.

HEADING PEACH TREES.

The peach fruit is borne only on shoots of the previous season's growth, and unless the production of young shoots is secured by the healthy growth of the tree good fruit cannot be expected. In order to secure a more plentiful growth of young wood it may be advisable to cut off occasionally a portion of the tops of peach trees of bearing age, especially when their growth seemed to be checked and after bearing a full crop of fruit. This is called "heading them off," and consists in cutting off all the limbs or branches at from one third to one-half of the length, thus removing one half or more of the tops. This will cause them to throw out new shoots and form new heads, with better foliage and finer fruit—especially if in the spring a dressing of ashes or manure is applied to the land, and fair culture bestowed.

Pruning of peach trees is usually deferred until spring, so as to give opportunity to observe the effect of the winter upon the fruit buds, as severer pruning is given when there is little or no prospect of fruit.

HORSE TALK.

Never go near your horse without speaking to him.

A horse can travel better and with less wear and tear if he is free.

Use a check rein with the bitting rig and when training, but when the colt has completed his education and can be used for regular driving take it off.

Breed horses with style and spirit enough to hold their heads up naturally.

Encourage your horses to lie down by making their stalls comfortable. The more they rest the, better.

If heated do not let him fill up, but but give a little at every trough.

Take a barrel of water to the field and give the work horses a few mouthfuls every hour or so. It will help them as much as it will yourself.

Low mangers are best. Keep them scrupulously clean. Any accumulation in the corners will soon sour in hot weather.

Do not allow the dried perspiration to remain in the hair every night. It will cause the coat to fade.

A good brushing will rest the horse and is almost as essential as the feed.

Take the horse out on the floor or out in open air and it can be cleaned quickly and thoroughly.

A WONDERFUL OLD LADY.

Lord Rosebery's mother, the duchess of Cleveland, is a wonderful old lady. Though she is in her eighty-first year she is full of energy and is a delightful companion. The London King mentions, as an illustration of her activity, that she did not indulge her love for travel until she was over 70 years of age, and since then she has made many a journey, including a tour to India, the West Indies and British South Africa. The duchess was married to the late duke of Cleveland in 1854, three years after the death of Lord Dalmeny, Lord Rosebery's father.

WINDMILLS FOR DYNAMOS.

A new idea for utilizing the power of the wind in order to produce electricity has just been successfully tried. Windmills are too uncertain to permit of their being used for driving dynamos, so it is proposed that windmills be used to pump water into a high reservoir or tank, and this water would drive a dynamo in an ordinary way by means of a turbine. Although the windmill might work fitfully, it would be sufficient to keep up a constant supply of water so that the production of electricity would be continuous.

LEFT THE TRAIL.

Dunne—This is the last time I'll ask you for that money.

Detter—Glad to know you at last realize the hopelessness of ever getting it.

The Ability of Dr Chase

Is Measured by the Cures He Makes—Each Remedy Specific for Certain Diseases—A Remarkable Cure of Bright's Disease.

In this practical age a physician's ability is measured by the actual cures he makes. Judged by this high standard Dr. Chase stands pre-eminent as a giant among physicians. Take kidney and liver derangements, for example. Dr. Chase, by means of his Kidney-Liver Pills, has brought about some of the most surprising cures ever effected. This is due to the direct and specific action of this great home treatment on the liver and kidneys. Here is the experience of a highly respected resident of Consecon, Ont.:—

Mr. James Dellihunt, Consecon, Prince Edwar County, Ont., writes: "For several years I suffered great tortures of mind and body from Bright's disease of the kidneys. The pains were sometimes almost beyond endurance, and extended from my head and between the shoulders down the whole spinal column and seemed to concentrate across my kidneys. My back was never entirely free from pain. When I got up in the morning I could not straighten myself at all, but would go bent nearly double most all day. My water was scanty and at other times profuse, and it gave me great pain to urinate.

"I could do no work, and though I tried many kinds of kidney pills, could get no relief. As a last resort I was induced by a friend to give Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills a trial. I felt a change after the first dose. I used in all about five boxes, and they have entirely cured me. I have no pains now, and can do as good a day's work as I ever could. It is a pleasure for me to recommend Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills, as they have done so much for me."

Mr. J. J. Ward, J.P., Consecon, certifies that he has known Mr. Dellihunt for years as a truthful man and respected citizen, and vouches for the truth of the above statement.

You cannot possibly obtain a more beneficial treatment for the kidneys and liver than Dr. Chase's Kidney-Liver Pills. It has stood the test of time and has proven beyond dispute its right to the title of "the world's greatest kidney medicine." One pill a dose, 25 cents a box, at all dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

IN MERRY OLD ENGLAND.

INTERESTING NEWS OF JOHN BULL AND HIS PEOPLE.

Record of Occurrences in the Land That Reigns Supreme in the Commercial World.

Bristol has been given £70,000 for a free library and museum.

Manchester is beginning an improvement scheme to root out slums.

Manchester is paying 5s. per ton more for gas coal this year, or £100,000.

Col. Balfour has temporarily withdrawn his resignation of the command of the London Scottish Rifles.

Sir James Chance has intimated a contribution of £50,000 to the endowment fund of Birmingham University.

The Duke of York has been appointed colonel-in-chief of the Royal Fusiliers, City of London Regiment.

A new theatre in London is to be opened at noon and kept going till midnight—a sort of animated picture gallery.

Orders have been received at Portsmouth dockyard to prepare four 40-ft. steam pinnaces for service in Chinese waters.

Although one of the richest men in the army, Lord Kensington looked almost like an ordinary "Tommy" whilst on active service.

Over £200,000 is to be spent on a new dock at Chatham, which, when finished, will be the largest on the banks of the Medway.

Sir John Bridge, of Inverness Terrace, Surrey, late Chief Magistrate of the London Police Courts, has left an estate valued at £66,384.

The late Isaac Gordon, of money lending notoriety, has left £34,000 in cash, £70,000 in bonds, and about £500,000 in outstanding debts.

A wonderful talking machine has been constructed, and is said in a trial at Brighton to have made itself heard at a distance of ten miles.

Lord Salisbury's son, who played so gallant a part in the defence of Mafeking, is to receive a special decoration at the hands of the War Office.

Mr. Leslie Stuart, the composer of the stirring song "Soldiers of the Queen," was at one time a Manchester organist, and was known as Thomas Barrett.

Excluding warships, there were 499 vessels of 1,167,313 tons gross under construction in the United Kingdom at the close of the quarter ended June 30th last.

A mournful procession, comprising a lady, a butler, a nurse, two servant maids and four children attended a funeral at the Dog's cemetery, in Hyde Park, the other week.

The post of town clerk of London is vacant. Mr. Stewart, the holder, has been tempted by the offer of the management of the Allsopp's business at a salary of £3,000 a year, against the £2,000 given by the London City Council.

Stockport boasts the largest Sunday school in the world, nearly 5,000 children being on the roll of the institution. The recent annual procession was a gigantic affair, old scholars travelling long distances to join in the walk.

At Ipswich a few days ago, a timberyard foreman found in a timber stack near the dock a signal shell, otherwise a rocket, and without examination placed it beside a workman named Arthur Branch, who made an effort to examine the interior of the rocket, and was immediately killed, while two other men were so badly injured that they are not expected to recover.

All Japan teas are colored.

SALADA

CEYLON GREEN TEA

is pure and uncolored.

OLD STAGE-COACH DAYS.

Thrilling Incident of Those Times in England.

Adventures of varied nature belonged to the old English mail-coach days. One of the most thrilling episodes of the road occurred one night on the way from Salisbury to London, in 1816.

As the coach went bowling along, the horses suddenly became extremely nervous, and what was thought to be a large calf was seen trotting along beside the left leader in the darkness. As they neared the inn the horses became uncontrollable; and then the supposed calf seized one of the animals. By this time the horses were frantic, plunging and kicking, and it was remarkable that the coach was not overturned.

The guard laid hold of his gun and was about to shoot the assailant, when several men, accompanied by a large mastiff, appeared. The foremost, seeing that the guard was about to fire, pointed a pistol at his head, declaring that he would shoot if the beast was killed.

The "calf" was a lioness, escaped from a travelling show. The dog was set upon the brute, who left the horse, seized the mastiff and tore him to pieces, and retreated under a granary. The spot was barricaded to prevent her escape, and she was noosed and returned to captivity.

The horse which had been seized was seriously injured by the lioness, but finally recovered.

FLINGS AT THE FAIR SEX.

When a woman can't find any other excuse for being sick she says she is "nervous."

Lucy—Clara's honeymoon was completely spoiled. Alice—How? Lucy—The papers containing the account of the wedding did not reach her.

She—For my part, I would never forgive a young man who would kiss a girl against her will. He—Nor I; but do you suppose a young man really ever did?

Lucille—Why do you treat that poor Mr. Wintergreen with so little consideration? I declare I'm surprised that he puts up with you. Genevieve—Oh, but we're engaged. Lucille—Oh!

There are three things yet to be discovered—perpetual motion, a flying machine that will fly and a woman who does not face to the rear end when getting off a street car.

If Miss Gay devoted as much time to mental culture as she does to dress she would be a very learned woman. Yes, but she wouldn't have the satisfaction of making every other woman green with envy.

SOMETHING FORGOTTEN, SURE.

Nell—I received a letter from Maude to-day and I'm just sure there was something she wanted to tell me and forgot.

Belle—What makes you think so?

Nell—Why, there wasn't a single postscript.

GREAT CHEAPENING OF TRAVEL.

Ten years ago the cost of a trip from Central Russia to Tomsk, Siberia, was $35 per capita; to-day it is only $8.

BICYCLE HAS COME TO STAY.

Although it is the general belief, founded upon observation, that cyclists are yearly decreasing in number, the old riders claim that while the faddists have disappeared, there is an actual increase in regular cyclists. Wheelmen are no longer conspicuous, because they do not spend their time running up and down the street to "show off," but a great many more wheels than formerly are used for purely business purposes. The bicycle is no longer a mere vehicle for pleasure.

FOR AULD LANG SYNE.

Ladies of Canada:

"Should old acquaintance be forgot?" The answer comes mechanically from every Britisher. Nor should new acquaintance be forgot. Remember, that on the bloody fields of South Africa your brave soldier boys were on the firing line, flanked by loyal British subjects from Ceylon and India. In the midst of danger, lasting friendships were formed, and you, ladies of Canada, have it in your power to cement those bonds. The Green teas of Ceylon and India appeal to you from sentiment. By using them you not only aid your brother colonists, but you get absolutely the best tea. Those of you who drink Green Japan teas have a revelation in store if you make the change. Blue Ribbon, Salada and Monsoon packets may be had from your grocer.—Colonist.

EXPANSIVE AND EXCLUSIVE.

What is this social struggle we hear so much about?

It is partly getting in yourself and partly keeping other people out.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS

MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by mothers for their children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colics and is the best remedy for diarrhœa, 25c a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

EXPENSIVE.

I fear, said the Chinese statesman, we shall have to pay a heavy price for peace.

Looks like it, said his colleague, They're not going to put peace on the bargain counter.

MONTREAL HOTEL DIRECTORY.

The "Balmoral," free Bus Am. Plan $1.50 a up

AVENUE HOUSE—McGill—College Avenue Family Hotel rates $1.50 per day.

COMPLEXION AND CONDUCT.

You could hardly call her the pink of propriety!

Of course not! Pink is obviously not her color!

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day

DECIDEDLY HANDICAPPED.

Aunt Nancy—Think of studyin' to be a doctor, eh? Don't you do it.

Young Man—Why not, aunty?

Aunt Nancy—You can't git no practice till ye git married, an' ye can't git married till ye git practice, that's why.

If You Want a Really Good TEA, then Use

LUDELLA

Ceylon Tea. It has a reputation for purity and strength, a combination that has won for it many friends. Lead Packets, 25, 30, 40, 50, 60c.

APPLES.

Poultry, Butter, Eggs and other Produce.

If you have any correspond with us. We want 100 CARLOADS to supply our trade.

The Dawson Commission Co., Limited, Toronto.

SELF-LEVELING SHIP CHAIR.

With the idea of eliminating, to some extent, at least, disagreeable affliction of seasickness, two Englishmen have devised a self-leveling chair. The chair is suspended from two rings working in a framework at right angles to each other, and it is claimed the chair will remain level in the roughest sea. The idea is also applied to berths.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Cy., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Mrs. Thomas Spurgeon's recent reception realized nearly £3,000 towards the £3,500 required to re-open the Metropolitan Tabernacle free of debt.

ON THE FIRING LINE.

Ladies of Canada:

Side by side stood Canada's noble sons with the best brawn of Ceylon and India in the recent unpleasantness. The slogan was "help one another," and no one forgot the watchword. You, ladies of Canada, have the power to wage a relentless warfare on the impure teas that come into your homes from China and Japan, and at the same time sasist your brother colonists who produce the pure Ceylon and India teas. If you drink Japan tea, try Salada, Monsoon or Blue Ribbon packets of Ceylon and India Green teas.—Colonist.

HIS IMPRESSION.

The word trend conveys the idea of tendency, doesn't it?

Well, to me it conveys the idea that the man who uses it is trying to put on lugs.

W P C 1056

CALVERT'S CARBOLIC OINTMENT.

For all skin ailments.

J. C. Calvert & Co., Manchester, England

PILE CURE A trial package of Cox's Positive Cure for Piles will be sent free to any address on receipt of two cent stamp. No knife, no greasy salve. Address, THE HUTCHING MEDICINE CO., Toronto, Ont. FREE.

Blue Ribbon Tea wishes all the Compliments of the Season and many Happy returns.

Music Teachers Wanted

To send for our Complete Catalogue of Sheet Music and Books with Special rates of discount.

WHALEY, ROYCE & Co. 158 Yonge St. Toronto, Ont.

LAW MILLS, MILLS & HALES Barristers, etc. Removed to Wesley Buildings, Richmond St. W., Toronto.

TORONTO CUTTING SCHOOL 113 Yonge St. Latest, up-to-date, reliable systems taught for gentlemen's garments. Terms moderate. Write for Particulars.

Sausage Casings.—New importations finest English Sheep and American Hog Casings—reliable goods at right prices. PARK, BLACKWELL & CO., Toronto.

Catholic Prayer Books, Rosaries, Crucifixes, Scapulars, Religious Pictures, Statuary, and Church Ornaments. Educational Works. Mail orders receive prompt attention. D. & J. SADLIER & CO., Montreal.

WOOD & PHOTO ENGRAVING J. L. JONES ENG. Co. 6-8-10 ADELAIDE St. W. TORONTO

Metallic Ceilings Douglas Bros. 124 Adelaide St Toronto, Ont.

Gents' Suits Cleaned or Dyed; also Ladies' Wear of all kinds, and House Hangings of every description. GOLD MEDALIST DYERS. BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO'Y, Montreal, Toronto, Ottawa & Quebec.

ROOFING and Sheet Metal Works. ROOFING SLATE, in Black, Red or Green. SLATE BLACKBOARDS. (We supply Public and High Schools, Toronto). Roofing Felt, Pitch, Coal Tar, etc. ROOFING TILE (See New City Buildings, Toronto, done by our firm). Metal Ceilings, Cornices, etc. Estimates furnished for work complete or for materials shipped to any part of the country. Phone 1963. D. DUTHIE & SONS, Adelaide & Widmer Sts., Toronto

From Small Beginnings . . .

Some of our Best Deposit Accounts were begun in a modest way. By adding small sums at regular intervals, and by the accumulation of interest, they have grown till they now show handsome balances.

It is not necessary to wait till you have a considerable amount to make a commencement. We accept small sums on deposit and allow interest at 3½ per cent. per annum, payable half-yearly.

The Canada Permanent AND WESTERN CANADA MORTGAGE CORPORATION.

Toronto Street, Toronto.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS.

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL-COMFORTING.

COCOA

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

"ONE POUND CAKES" FOR HOUSEHOLD USE Laundry, Washing Clothes, Ironing, Sealing Preserves. PARAFFINE

WAX

THE QUEEN CITY OIL CO., Limited. Sam'l Rogers, Prest., Toronto

Ask your dealer for it.

The Mining Review.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 12, 1901.

THE SMELTER QUESTION.

It must be evident to all who look carefully into the matter, that the owners of the silver-lead mines of the province have a work of large magnitude before them that they must undertake sooner or later. To the present they have been depending on the American Smelter combine to purchase their output; but now they refuse to make further contracts on terms that the B. C. owneri feel they can accept. The Smelter Combine give as their reason for refusing to renew the late contract, that at the rates in that contract they cannot find a satisfactory market. As we understand it, ore is admitted to the States at a low rate of duty when required for home consumption; but subject to a much higher duty when required for export. This, it will be seen, is nicely drawn legislation in the interest of the Smelter Combine, and has to be met some way.

Most people think this is simply a ruse on the part of the American Combine to force better terms and enable them to make more money. If this is true it only the more definitely forces a duty to themselves upon the B. C. owners. Supposing they were through a horse swopping process to make arrangements now that would fairly meet present needs with the prices of silver and lead as high as they are, it is no guarantee that the combine would not later strike for better rates again when our owners were at a much greater disadvantage—when the metals were much lower the world over.

It appears to us the conditions bring around an occasion when the owners should take a definite stand in their own interest—when they should own their own samplers, smelters and refineries if necessary. The countries besides the U. S. that import silver and lead are well known. A little enquirey would familiarise the owners with their tariffs and the forms in which the products of the mines could be sold in those countries. With this knowledge preparation for these markets would be the only questions to deal with.

As the other smelters of the province have been built by private capital, the Silver-lead Mines Association cannot well expect either government to bonus the erection of smelters; but they could ask for assistance in the shape of bonus or bounty in export, as that would apply to the products of all the smelters of the province.

It is an old and true saying that "God helps those who help themselves." A front then showing the American Combine that they were in a position to help themselves on the part of the local men, would soon bring the combine down to proper business lines.

As we have intimated above, even if the present deadlock was broken and suitable terms were made across the lines, it might be for but a short time—the difficulty in an even more aggravated form might appear again on a very slender pretext. If the owners had in their hands the second means of handling their products. they would always be sure of one satisfactory market at least.

If our townspeople and city council were to assist the owners in these matters instead of quarrelling over the appointment of policemen and clerks, they would be showing a ltttle horse sense at least. The council could by issuing debentures bonus a smelter, and doubtless there are many citizens who could take more or less stock in it, and both would materially assist in not only establishing an important industry in our midst, but also largely help in keeping a largely increased staff in all the mines tributary to the city.

DISEASE

and discomfort are not-ease and not-comfort. Ease is health; so is comfort.

You may as well be comfortable; that is healthy; as animals are. It is natural, both for you and for them.

If your ill health is caused by imperfect digestion, try Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil. It does what it does by getting the stomach going right.

We'll send you a little to try if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

Messrs. David and McAdam appear bent on turning Mayor Pitts and aldermen Crawford, Hunter and Atherton and perhaps others of the council out of office the coming elections, and so far as the public can see for no other reason than that they refuse to dismiss a couple of officials and put other men who want the jobs in their places. This will hardly appear as sufficient reason, to the majority of the electors, for a change of council. That this appears to be the only reason for a demanded change is apparent from the fact that in a two-column letter last week condemnatory of the council, Mr. David refers to no other matters. As we have before frequently intimated there are many electors in the city who are aware the present council is not absolute perfection; but they want to see the men with their policy that are to supplant them before they cry "Turn the Rascals out." We have heard the names of several "coming substitutes, but so far we have heard nothing of their promised reforms. This won't do. The taxpayers want the measures as well as the men, before they transfer their confidence. Mr. R. Cunning has been named as the coming mayor. Mr. Cunning is known to be a very honorable man, but he is wholly without experience in public matters. It is true he was one year an alderman, and if the records were available and examined, it would be seen he did not attend more than one-third of the sittings, and towards the end of his term was so seldom there, that the Board seriously thought of declaring his seat vacant and holding a new election. He was elected to look after certain interests—he would urge them at times, and whenever he could not have his own way, he would refuse to attend the meetings altogether. This, certainly, is not the service the people look for in their representatives. The coming year will have urgent and unremitting duties for every member of the council, and a mayor attending as Mr. Cunning attended when he was alderman, would, to say the least of it, prove unsatisfactory. If elected, and disposed to carry out the wishes of Messrs. David and McAdam, Mr. Cunning, as Mayor, might attend often enough to turn out the officials that are obnoxious to these gentlemen and supplant them by the friends who are waiting for berths, but this would hardly meet with the highest expectations of the rest of the people of the city. Come, gentlemen. let us have the full policy of of the "coming" successors to the aldermen who are to be turned down, as we want to look it over before polling day.

We don't often agree with the Nelson Tribune, but when it says the government ought to make provision for adequately pensioning all Canadians who return from South Africa seriously wounded, it echoes our sentiments exactly. We would go farther and say it ought to provide for the families of all who were killed in the war, and leave families unprovided for. In short we would go even farther, and say railway and other corporations, including mining companies, ought by statute, to be held responsible for accidents where the injured were themselves in no way responsible for them. When sober, steady brakemen are hurt or killed by falling from trains or by coupling cars, railways should be made responsible; and when miners are killed by defective machinery or improperly protected workings, the owners should be made responsible. Fortunately, as far as the Slocan is concerned, no serious accident has ever yet occurred through the negligence of the foreman or owners.

John Houston fully approves of McAdams anti-Christian and anti-Bible theories; but then "Birds of a feather flock together." All great minds run in the same groove.

A Happy Mother

Frolicking with her baby makes one of the prettiest spectacles ever seen in the home. But nothing is sadder to see than the unhappy mother, weak and nervous, striving in vain to hush the cries of her weak and nervous babe. There can be no happiness for either mother or child without health. Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription "has done wonders" for many a woman, by restoring her health and opening for her the way to happy motherhood. This really wonderful medicine is not a cure-all. It is a preparation specially designed to cure diseases peculiar to women. It dries debilitating drains, heals inflammation and ulceration, cures female weakness, and removes the causes which generally make women nervous and sleepless.

There is no alcohol in "Favorite Prescription" and it contains no opium, cocaine or other narcotic.

Mrs. James W. Blacker, of 629 Catherine Street, Syracuse, N. Y., writes: "Your medicines have done wonders for me. For years my health was very poor; I had four miscarriages, but since taking Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery,' I have much better health, and now I have a fine healthy baby."

Use Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets with "Favorite Prescription" if the bowels are inactive or irregular.

W. S. DREWRY, Sandon, B. C. H. T. TWIGG, New Denver, B. C.

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Headquarters for Travelling Men and Miners.

The Table is first class.

The Bar is always stocked by the best Imported Wines, Liquors and Cigars.

The Rooms are all that can be desired for comfort.

NELSON & CO., Proprietors.

Established 1858.

M. R. Smith & Co.

Manufacturers of all kinds of Plain and Fancy

BISCUITS AND CONFECTIONERY.

VICTORIA, B. C.

BRANCH--VANCOUVER, B. C.

THE "RYRIE" WATCH.

Not for a year, but for a lifetime. Watches that may be handed from father to son—heirlooms.

The movement of a "Ryrie" Watch is as nearly perfect as possible, and yet, it's not expensive.

That is why it has brought to our store so many buyers who are particular about accurate time.

Let us send you our 1901 Catalogue, showing the many styles of solid gold, fine gold filled, silver and gun metal "Ryrie" Watches in both ladies and gentlemen's sizes.

The "Ryrie" Monogram Watches are particularly attractive.

RYRIE BROS.,

Yonge and Adelaide Sts.,

TORONTO.

DIAMOND HALL, Established 1854.

Dividends.

As nearly as we can get at the figures, here are the dividend paid by the several mines of B. C. to date.

Le Roi	$1,400,000
Payne	1,400,000
War Eagle	545,000
Star	450,000
Ruth	350,000
Reco	350,000
Cariboo	312,000
Idaho	300,000
Last Chance	275,000
Whitewater	250,000
Hall Mines	120,000
Rambler-Cariboo	90,000
Noble Five	50,000
Athabasca	50,000
The Best	50,000
Dardanelles	50,000
Monitor	40,000
Jackson	40,000
Goodenough	35,000
Bosun	35,000
Slocan Boy	35,000
Queen Bess	35,000
Ymir	30,000
Washington	30,000
Two Friends	20,000
Surprise	20,000
Antoine	20,000
Fernie	10,000
Total	$6,392,000

It will be seen by this list of 28 mines, 21 of them are in the Slocan, and they have paid quite three quarters of the total amount.

Even this estimate is below the actual facts, as the American Boy and some other properties have paid dividends, but we are without the figures. These facts should show those who are wavering where they should invest.

Vast Mineral Wealth.

Canada is fast becoming known as one of the chief mineral-producing countries in the world and some day it may rival the United States. That country amassed seven-eighths of a billion last year. The details are given by David T. Day, chief of the division of mining and mineral resources of the United States Geological Survey. The total value of all the minerals produced during the last calendar year amounted to $876,008,046, against $697,820,790 in 1899, an increase of $288,188,226, or practically 40 per cent. This increase was the most notable in the history of the mineral industry, the previous largest increase being from 1890 to 1895, when the value advanced about 18 per cent. The production from 1890 to 1898 has exceeded $660,000,000 in every year except two, the panic years of 1893 and 1894. The average yearly production from 1890 to 1898 inclusive was $618,286,510, making the production in 1899 $259,721,536, or 58 per cent. in excess of the average for that period.

The greatest increase in 1899 was in the value of pig iron product, which increased to $245,172,654, or about 110 per cent. over 1898. The enormous increase was due to the phenomenal demand and high prices. The increase in coal production added over $48,000,000, or 23 per cent. to the 1898 value. Copper increased nearly 60,000,000 pounds in quantity and over $42,000,000 in value, the ruling prices being higher than for a number of years past. Crude petroleum advanced nearly $20,500,000, or about 45 per cent., due principally to advanced prices, the production increasing less than 4 per cent. The value of the natural gas consumed in 1899 is placed at a little over $20,000,000, against $15,300,000, due entirely to the higher prices charged.

An increase of about 10 per cent., or from $64,463,000 in 1898 to $71,053,400 in 1899, is show in gold production. The production of silver showed a very small increase. Lead production decreased 6 per cent., but increased over $2,000,000 in value. Spelter increased to 119,408 short tons, valued at $13,731,920. The building stone industry increased nearly $8,000,000. The total value of the metallic product in 1899 was $527,218,084, an increase of 54 per cent. Nonmetallic product increased 27 per cent. to $447,790,864. Every year since 1889 to 1898 inclusive, the value of the non-metallic production has exceeded the mettalic, but in 1899 the metallic exceeded by $79,500,000. A change of nearly $90,000,000 occurred in the relative values between 1898 and 1899. Unprecedented actively and advanced values were shown in nearly every of the mining industry during 1899.

H. Byers & Co.

Jobbers and Retailers in

Hardware

and

Mining Supplies

'T' Rails and Track Iron,
Crow's Nest Coal,
Bar and Sheet Iron,
Jessop & Canton Steel for Hand and Machine Drills,
Powder, Caps, Fuse,
Iron Pipe and Fittings,
Oils, Waste, etc.,
Mine or Mill Supplies of all kinds,
Agents Traux Automatic Ore Cars.

Head Office—Nelson, B.C.
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COAL!

Everybody Wants the Best Coal.

Try Lethbridge Coal, then you will have the best and cheapest. This coal will make the hottest and brightest fires, besides it is easily handled, as it is very clean. We have it for all kinds of grate

E. A. Cameron.

YOU

Are Going To Build!

See C. K. SKALES,
THE EXPERT PAPERHANGER

Who will give you close figures on Painting, Paperhanging and Signs. We are quick at the busines---up-to-date mechanics in every way.

IF YOU WANT
ANYTHING IN

Cutlery
Stoves
Tinware
Slay Bells

We can show you some nice lines in these goods at reasonable prices.

HARRY NASH.

In the new stand, opposite C.P.R, depot.

FOR SALE.

Mine, Mill and Smelter Supplies; Assayers' Supplies; Hoisting Plants; Steam, Gasoline or Horse-Power Machinery of every description supplied on the shortest possible notice, at the very lowest prices, direct from the nearest manufacturers to you.

The National Ore & Reduction Co.
APARTADO 83. DURANGO, MEXICO.

Highest cash paid for Matte and Bullion. Write for price list. U. S. representatives, Howard Chemical Works, St. Louis, Mo., U.S.A.

150 Barrels

..Choice..
Ontario Apples!

Just Arrived.

Northern Spys, Bell Flowers, Russets, Greenings, Baldwins, Spitz and Ben Davis. Call and see them, they are all right in quality and price, at

H. Giegerich's.

Change of Business...

LOGAN & PHILIPS

Will continue the tailoring business lately carried on by Armstrong & Co. All fits and workmanship will be guaranteed.

THE WM. HAMILTON MANUFACTURING CO.

LIMITED.

MINING MACHINERY

PETERBOROUGH, ONTARIO,

CANADA.

FOLLIOTT & McMILLAN

Contractors and Builders.

Dealers in Rough and Dressed Lumber, Coast Flooring, and Joint Finishing Lumber Moulding, Etc.

SASH AND DOOR ON HAND TO ORDER. JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

FACTORY ON MAIN STREET.

P. Burns & Co.

Dealers in Meats

AT SANDON

ROSSLAND, NELSON, KASLO, PILOT BAY, THREE FORKS, SLOCAN CITY.

The Home

SOME GOOD RECIPES.

Cream of Celery.—Take one pound of celery, cut into small pieces, top and all, and boil in salt water till tender. Boil one and a half pints milk, to which has been added one teaspoonful and a half of corn starch or flour if preferred, to make a cream. Add one teaspoonful of butter. Drain the celery and stir into the cream and serve.

Baked Trout.—Cover the bottom of a small oval paper form, with a few very thin slices of fat bacon, cut down the back some nicely-washed small trout, and having removed the bones, lay the fish open flat upon the bacon; sprinkle with chopped parsley, pepper, salt, a little mace, and two cloves finely pounded. Bake 30 minutes in a quick oven.

Veal Cutlets.—Melt a piece of butter in the frying pan; put in the cutlets with salt, pepper and some spice; move them about in the butter for five minutes; have ready some mixed herbs and mushrooms chopped finely; sprinkle half over one side of the cutlets, and, when fried enough, turn and sprinkle them with the other half; finish frying and add the juice of a lemon; set them round the dish with the seasoning in the center.

Roast Pigeons.—Pick, draw and truss them, keeping on the feet. Chop the liver with some parsley, and crumbs of bread, pepper salt and a little butter; put this stuffing inside. Slit one of the legs, and slip the other through it, skewer and roast them half an hour; baste them well with butter. Serve with brown gravy in a boat and bread sauce.

Creamed Sweet Potatoes.—Select one dozen large, smooth sweet potatoes; bake until just done; cut a hole in each large enough to admit the handle of a teaspoon; through this aperture remove the inside, whip with fork, add a little butter, salt, and very little pepper; return to skin, put back in oven long enough to heat through. Serve.

Mince Pies.—Take equal weights of tender roast beef, suet, currants, raisins and apples which have been previously pared and cored, with half their weight of soft sugar, one ounce of powdered cinnamon, an equal quantity of candied orange and lemon peel, and citron, a little salt, and 12 sour almonds blanched and grated. Chop the meat and the suet separately; wash and pick the currants, stone the raisins and chop them with the peel; and having minced all the ingredients very fine, mix them together, adding a nutmeg.

Fruit Cake.—One pound of flour, one of sugar, three quarters of butter, two of raisins, two of currants, one of citron, a half an ounce of mace and a wine glass of brandy, one of wine, eight eggs, stir the sugar and butter to a cream, add the flour gradually, then the wine, brandy, and spice; add the fruit just before it is put in the pans. It takes over two hours if the loaves are thick.

Orange Ice Cream.—One quart cream three quarters of a pound of sugar, juice of five oranges, rind of one orange. Put half of cream in double boiler; add sugar and stir till dissolved; add remainder of cream, and when cool add juice and rind of oranges. Turn into freezer and freeze

ECONOMY IN EGGS.

At this season of the year, when eggs are scarce, it is well to remember that exactly the same result can be obtained by dividing eggs and using the yolk only in custards and desserts, and salad dressings demanding a thickening of eggs. The whites of the eggs are then left for sweet cakes, meringues and other dishes where the white of the egg is the essential part needed.

It should be remembered that the yolk of the egg gives rich, delicate consistency, to a baked or boiled custard, and one made with it alone is not so liable to curdle as one made with the white also. Pumpkin pies, like cocoanut and lemon pies, are just as nice without the whites of the eggs. In the case of cocoanut and lemon pie the whites should be used for a meringue.

In hot breakfast, cakes or muffins, eggs are an element that often toughens the bread without adding any desirable quality. Do not use more than two eggs, as a rule, to a pint of milk in wheaten cakes. One is generally enough. The quantity of eggs to be used in corn-meal cake, varies with the taste, as this meal is so granular there is no danger of making a tough cake from it. A sweet cake made of the whites of eggs can be as easily rendered tough and unfit for food by too liberal use of eggs as a cake can be made heavy and greasy by too liberal use of butter. Where eggs are used in a cake like sponge cake, which has no butter in it to render it tender, the juice of a lemon should be added. The yolks of eggs do not make a nice icing, imparting an eggy taste very disagreeable to most people. The whites of eggs should alone be used.

HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

If you want your windows to be clear and bright add a little ammonia to the water and wash thoroughly. Use no soap as it leaves the glass of a milky color. You cannot obtain satisfactory results by wiping them off with a wash cloth. They must be washed with plenty of water, dried with clean cotton cloths and polished with chamois or soft paper.

An excellent material for a clothesline is the ordinary telegraph wire which is now sold for that purpose in hardware stores. It will outlast a dozen hempen lines. When it is properly put up by a strong man, it does not sag like the other lines, it does not break, and it is not unsightly because it is so fine that it is hardly a noticeable feature of the yard.

Do not work at cake as soon as it is taken from the oven. If it is slightly fastened to the pan allow to stand five minutes then turn it on a sieve, allowing the air to circulate around it. If you use any of the patent pans, however, allow the cake to remain in the pans till quite cold. These pans are, of course, used ungreased.

Try thin slices of pork on the breast of fowl when it is roasting. It is not necessary to baste fowl or poultry when this is done.

Sliced beets make a lovely pink coloring matter for any article of food and a bit of saffron will produce a pretty yellow that is harmless. Spinach leaves make a good green, and the yolks of eggs a gold tint. Vegetables if put in cold water half an hour before using will be freshened up wonderfully.

HOW SHE VALUES HIM.

Mrs. Ladd used to worry terribly when her husband was away on his trips, but she's gotten over it.

Conquered her nervousness, I suppose."

Oh, no; succeeded in making him have his life insured.

YEARS OF PAIN.

The Experience of Mr. William Smith, of Hawkesbury, who Suffered for Many Years from Kidney Trouble.

From the Post, Hawkesbury, Ont.

Everybody in Hawkesbury knows Mr. William Smith. He came here when the town was yet in its village days, as one of the lumber company's staff of mechanics. In 1881 Mr. Smith was appointed town constable, and filled that position until very recently. As is well known to many of Mr. Smith's friends, he was suffered much from kidney trouble for quite a number of years past, and at times the pain in his back was so great that he was almost physically incapable of exertion. He doctored a great deal, sometimes getting temporary relief, but the cause of the trouble was not removed, and soon the pains, accompanied alternately by chills and fever, returned. At last he came to look upon his condition as one which no medicine could permanently aid. Indeed his condition might still have been one of much suffering had not Mrs. Smith ultimately prevailed upon her husband to give Dr. Williams' Pink Pills a trial "It seemed," said Mr. Smith to a reporter of the Post, "that it was a useless experiment, and yet I was willing to do almost anything that would bring relief. I had not used the pills long before there was undoubted relief, more in fact, than I had obtained from any other medicine. I continued their use, and soon all symptoms of the trouble that had made my life one of much misery for many years was gone. I feel that I am cured, and have no hesitation in saying that the cure is due to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I never lose an opportunity of recommending the pills to neighbors who may be ailing."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure by going to the root of the disease. They renew and build up the blood, and strengthen the nerves, thus driving disease from the system. If your dealer does not keep them, they will be sent postpaid at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, by addressing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

VIGOROUS MEASURES.

For a long time the favorite form of make believe of little Faith was that of getting married. For weeks she was a bride, marching down an imaginary aisle, to the strains of an imaginary wedding march, to meet an imaginary bridegroom. At last her mother becoming tired of it, she said:

Faith, don't you know that when you get married you will have to leave me?

This was a rude awakening, and the game stopped.

Not long afterward she came to ask the difference between Miss and Mrs. To make herself clear her mother said;

Well, when you grow up and become a young lady you will be Miss Butler; but if some man should ask you to marry him—

I'd call a policeman! exclaimed Faith, and her interest was at an end.

IN THE ACT.

My gracious, James, what are you here for? exclaimed the kindly slumworker on a tour of the station houses.

Burglary, replied Jimmy Dores, coolly.

Oh! you don't mean it? Well, I am surprised at that!

So wuz I, or I wouldn't be here.

FOUND AFTER MANY YEARS.

The Walkerton Telescope tells the following strange story. Two or three years ago Mr. Perry Eli put an advertisement in the local papers stating that he had found a large sum of money. No particulars were given but a day or two ago he received a letter from one Snodgrass, of Chicago which contained some particulars of some money which he had lost here about eighteen years ago. The writer states that he had been paid $420 in Canadian bank bills, but before leaving Kincardine he exchanged it for gold, American gold pieces, twenty in number, had been wrapped in some brown paper and duly labelled. On arriving at Walkerton he had fallen in with the late G. G. Bobier and had shared a jug of whisky with him in the cellar of the house. On sobering up the money was gone. As Eli found the money on the beam in the cellar of the old Bobier house, and there was just $ 400 in American eagles in the package he naturally concludes that he has found the rightful owner.

PEOPLE THAT DON'T EAT MEAT.

In India, China, Japan and adjacent countries are about 400,000,000 people, strong, active and long-lived, who eat no meat. The Turkish porter on a daily ration of rice and dates will jog along with bent back under a load that would crush a western man. Darwin tells us that the Andean natives do a day's work of 400 foot tons, nearly twice the work of an ordinary laborer, on a diet of bananas.

A SIMPLER PROCESS.

As I understand it, said a gentleman, oleomargarine is made of beef fat.

You are undoubtedly right, said his companion.

I should think that the manufacturers would make it of goat fat.

Why?

Because the goat is a natural butter.

A SMART BOY.

First Boy—Is your father as good as his word?

Second Boy.—Better. He often threatens to whip me and then forgets it.

Merely warm the back by the fire, and never continue keeping the back exposed to heat after it has been comfortably warm. To do otherwise is debilitating.

When hoarse, speak as little as possible until the hoarseness is recovered from else the voice may be permanently lost or difficulties of the throat be produced.

BACK-ACHE ?

If you have Backache you have Kidney Disease. If you neglect Backache it will develop into something worse—Bright's Disease or Diabetes. There is no use rubbing and doctoring your back. Cure the kidneys. There is only one kidney medicine but it cures Backache every time—

Dodd's Kidney Pills

LORD ROBERTS' FAREWELL

AN ELOQUENT TRIBUTE TO HIS GALLANT COMRADES.

Our Soldiers' Labors in South Africa--They Endure Sufferings on the Field Without a Murmur--Lessons Learned During the War.

The following is the full text of Lord Roberts' farewell Army Order to his troops:

Being about to give up the command of the Army in South Africa into the hands of Lord Kitchener, I feel that I cannot part with my comrades, with whom I have been associated for nearly a year, often under very trying circumstances, without giving expression to my profound appreciation of the noble work which they have performed for their Queen and country, and for me personally; and to my pride in the results which they have achieved by their pluck, endurance, discipline and devotion to duty.

I greatly regret that the ties which have bound us together are so soon to be severed, for I should like to remain with the army until it is completely broken up, but I have come to the conclusion that as Lord Kitchener has consented to take over the command my presence is no longer required in South Africa, and that duty calls me in another direction.

WILL ALWAYS WORK FOR THE ARMY.

I shall never forget the officers and men of this force, be they of the Royal Navy, the Colonials, the Regulars, the Militia, the Yeomanry, or the Volunteers. Their interests will always be very dear to me, and I shall continue to work for the army as long as I can work at all.

The service which the South African force has performed is, I venture to think, unique in the annals of war, inasmuch as it has been absolutely almost incessant for a whole year; in some cases for more than a year. There has been no rest, no days off to recruit, no going into winter quarters, as in other campaigns, which have extended over a long period.

For months together, in fierce heat, in biting cold, in pouring rain, you, my comrades, have marched and fought without a halt, and bivouacked without shelter from the elements. You frequently have had to continue marching with your clothes in rags and your boots without soles, time being of such consequence that it was impossible for you to remain long enough in one place to refit.

When not engaged in actual battle you have been continually shot at from behind kopjes by an invisible enemy, to whom every inch of the country was familiar, and who, from the peculiar nature of the country, were able to inflict severe punishment while perfectly safe themselves.

You have forced your way through dense jungles, over precipitous mountains, through and over which, with infinite manual labor, you have had to drag heavy guns and ox-waggons. You have covered with almost incredible speed enormous distances, and that often on very short supply of food.

HIGHEST STANDARD OF PATRIOTISM.

You have endured the suffering inevitable in war to sick and wounded men far from the base without a murmur, and even with cheerfulness. You have, in fact, acted up to the highest standard of patriotism, and by your conspicuous kindness and humanity towards your enemies, your forbearance and good behaviour in the towns occupied, you have caused the army of Great Britain to be as highly respected as it must henceforth be greatly feared in South Africa.

Is it any wonder that I am intensely proud of the army I have commanded, or that I regard you, my gallant and devoted comrades, with affection as well as with admiration, and that I feel deeply the parting from you?

Many of you, Colonials as well as British, I hope to meet again, but those I may never see more will live in my memory, and will be held in high regard to my life's end.

I have learned much during the war, and the experience I have gained will greatly help me, in the work that lies before me, which is, I conceive, to make the army of the United Kingdom as perfect as it is possible for an army to be. This I shall strive to do with all my might.

And now, farewell. May God bless every member of the South African Army, and that you may all be spared to return to your homes, and find those dear to you well and happy, is the earnest hope of your commander.

Signed, ROBERTS.

APPRENTICE AND MASTER.

Their Relations in France During the Thirteenth and Fourteenth Centuries.

Apprenticeship was an important institution in France in the hirtechth and fourteenth centuries, and was regulated with the utmost care, as will be seen by the following account of "An Idler in Old France;"

By the rules of the book the master was held greatly responsible for his apprentice; and under a wise and kindly roof, the lad who was learning to be a master workman and a ruler in his little world might lead a happy and profitable life.

Often he did so, and when the day came that he might claim his freedom, he chose to remain the paid servant, friend and fellow worker of the master who had sheltered him from boyhood and taught him all his craft, rather than to seek a fortune less assured elsewhere.

During the years of his apprenticeship the patron, or master, was to feed, clothe and shelter him, in the homely wording of the clockmaker's rule, to cherish him "beneath his roof, at his board, and by his hearth." Nay, it was strictly enjoined upon the master to treat his apprentice "as his own son," and in some trades he was bidden to remember that his responsibility did not end on the threshold of the workshop, that the "soul and morals" of the little stranger had claims on his solicitude.

In a day when the streets of Paris were not very nice for anybody, and were more or less dangerous after dark for anybody, the master was instructed to be careful on what errand he despatched the youngster; and the pastry-cooks, whose apprentices were often sent to cry cakes and creams upon the public ways, were continually warned to prevent the lads from falling among evil company.

It seems certain that, so far as the Middle Ages are concerned, the rules, precepts and admonitions were not only framed with great good sense and care, but were very rigidly enforced upon all masters who had youths and lads in their employ.

High and low, in the society of that day, the rod and birch were flourished, with small discrimination and less nicety; and if the tutors of little princes had leave to whip them freely, apprentices could not expect to come off too lightly at a master's hand.

HE KNEW.

Mamma--You know, Johnny, when mamma whips her little boy she does it for his good.

Johnny--I wish you didn't think so much of me.

BATTLES OF HISTORY.

Instances Where Great Armies Have Been Defeated by Inferior Numbers.

When Napoleon said, "Providence is always on the side of the strongest battalions," he proved the falsity of his own precept on his last battlefield. It was not without interest to see how this applied in some of the world's great battles. At Marathon there were 200,000 Persians confronting 11,000 Greeks, The Persian army was routed and the invasion of Greece was ended.

Xerxes moved on Greece with his army of millions. Leonidas with his immortals met them at Thermopylae and held the Persians in check, but not until the heroic Spartan and his followers were killed. Subsequently at Salamis Thermistocles met the Persians in a naval battle. Xerxes watched the struggle from a distance and wept over the destruction of his army. Under Hezekiah Jerusalem was menaced by 185,000 Assyrians, who threatened to ruin the city. Not one Assyrian soldier saw Jerusalem. At Gaugamela Alexander the Great, with 47,000 men, fought 1,000,000 Persians under Darius. The Persians were routed and Darius was assassinated by one of his satraps.

THE SIEGE OF JERUSALEM

was the gloomiest event in the history of mankind. In A. D. 70, the temple of Herod was just completed. The Jews were never so haughty and so patriotic. They were never so disorganized. Innumerable factions divided them. But the Feast of the Passover and the common danger enabled Vespasian and Titus to shut them up in the city. John and Simon, their partisan leaders, hated each other as cordially as they hated the Romans. When their followers were not fighting one another during the siege they were opposing the Romans. Vespasian and Titus cast trenches about the city, not one stone was left upon another of their beautiful temple, as the Saviour predicted, and 1,100,000 Jews perished in that awful holocaust.

In the Russian campaign Napoleon lost 475,000 men. His legions melted and died under the falling snowflakes.

The naval battle of Lepanto, between the Christians, under Don John of Austria, and the Turks, was one of the fiercest contests of the Middle Ages. The Christians numbered 80,000 and the Turks 120,000 men. The Turkish fleet was destroyed, its commander killed and the Moslem naval power was crushed on the Mediterranean.

At Waterloo Wellington had 70,000 men and 159 cannon. Napoleon confronted him with 72,000 men and 240 cannon. Napoleon claimed he had Wellington in his grasp, But he was facing destiny. A rainstorm of the night before wrought havoc with the movements of his artillery. Grouchy failed to come up. According to Victor Hugo the sunken road of Oham ruined the charge of Napoleon's cavalry. When the night came Napoleon was a fugitive.

Notwithstanding the great enlargement of the city of Liverpool in 1895, when out-districts all round the city were added to the municipality bringing the population up to the estimated total of 700,000, a movement is on foot for further extension.

Sir Watkin Williams Wynn, who threw himself so whole heartedly into the work of raising and equipping volunteers for the war, is one of the richest and most powerful of Welsh magnates.

EUROPEAN EMIGRANTS.

Thirty million persons left Europe during the century just closing to seek their fortunes in other lands.

RIOT IN PARIS STREETS

ALARMING PREVALENCE OF CRIME IN FRENCH CAPITAL.

Thousands Out of Work Have Joined the Ranks of the Criminal Army--Result of the Exposition.

The close of the Exposition, throwing thousands who were dependent upon it for a living in the streets, has created abnormal criminal conditions in KParis, and has directed attention to the dangerous state of affairs, says a despatch from the French capital. The outlying quarters are infested by bands of footpads and hoodlums who terrorize the residents. The papers are filled with accounts of their exploits. Two respectable workmen were attacked a few nights ago by four prowlers, who, after picking a quarrel, almost decapitated one of the workmen and stabbed the other in the abdomen. None of the murderers have yet been traced.

A feature of these nocturnal attacks is that they are very often accompanied by robbery, but are perpetrated by bloodthirsty criminals, frequently boys in their teens. Four boys, the oldest of whom is 17 years of age, gagged ane outraged a young girl at La Vilette recently and then fragged her to the canal side with the view of drowning her, when passers-by rescued the girl.

The bands frequenting Belleville and Menilmontant style themselves "Apaches." They have committed a number of atrocious and cowardly attacks.

Another and similar band is called the "Amandiers." The police up to the present seem powerless to cope with the situation.

DANGER ON STREET CARS.

A gang of thieves recently held up a street car in a populous southern district and robbed the passengers, while an important electric car line, serving the suburb of St. Denis and St. Ouen, has refused to run its cars later than 8.30 in the evening on account of the danger, and it was announced on Thursday that the prefect of police had decided to place a couple of policemen on each street car running in the suburbs after 8.30 p.m., and that he had also decided to create a special corps of picked men to be stationed in the dangerous wards, such as the ward where the severed body was recently discovered.

Moreover, in order to secure murder clues, the police, for several nights, have raided the disorderly districts and have made large hauls of criminals wanted on other charges. A raid on Wednesday evening lead to 347 arrests.

In fairness, it must be said that the present condition of crime is largely due to the numbers of workmen, street hawkers, and others who came to Paris attracted by the Exposition, and who are now walking the streets out of work. It is estimated by the statistician of the central labour bureau that in 25 trades 212,000 out of 510,000 are out of work. The officials of the prefecture of police calculate that 2,000 sufferers from the close of the Exposition have joined the criminal army.

EFFECTS OF HEREDITY.

Students of heredity assert that children born of very young fathers and mothers never attain so vigorous a growth of mind or body as those of older men and women, while children of old people are usually delicate, serious and old-fashioned, manifesting a dislike for juvenile sports.

The City's Yearly Report.

The following is a full repore of last year's finances—receipts and expenditures:

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand, June 1st		$ 282 67
Liquor Licenes		3050 00
Trades Licenses		385 00
Peddlers' License		200 00
Fines and Penalties		1438 00
Temporary Loan		2500 00
Govt. Appropriation in part		3500 00
Relief Fund		1350 00
Taxes		943 40
Scavenger		119 65
Total,		13768 72

DISBURSEMENTS.

Salaries		$3118 46
Public Works	1078 34	3078 34
Lots, City Hall	1000 00	
City Hall Building	1000 00	
Fire Department		1622 59
Interest on Flume Debt		900 00
Temporary Loans		2500 00
Interest on Loans		15 70
Hospital Grant		150 00
Patient		36 00
Blacksmithing		60 00
Back Rent	98 00	198 00
Rent	100 00	
Wagon		65 00
Horse Hire		27 00
Repairing Harness		2 50
Corporative Seal		20 00
Printing and Stationery		285 85
Feed for Team		186 47
Conveying Prisoners to Jail		57 60
Conveying Woman to Asylum		87 70
Delegates to Victoria		175 00
Meals, Blankets, Fuel for Jail		47 30
Medical Attendance and Drugs		123 00
Sandon Waterworks & Light Co.		418 90
Special Police during Fire		259 25
Assistant Clerk taking Census		30 00
Superintending Public Works		41 00
Stove and Furniture for Office		37 75
P. O. Box		4 50
Building Chimney		14 00
Preparing City Maps		15 00
Postage, Telegrams, Express, &c.		32 65
Hardware for Public Works		55 40
Miscellaneous		35 62
Balance on hand		66 89
Total,		13768 72

Don't miss the Edison Co. who will appear in the Miners' Union hall, with moving pictures, Jefferies Sharkey flight, Monday evening, Jan. 14th. Plan of seats, 50 and 25c., at Duff's cigar store.

Hotel Men Play Hockey.

On Friday afternoon the Kootenay-Miners' Hockey Club crossed sticks with the Palace-Filbert Hockey Club, the former scored 7 goals and the latter 2. Most of the players were green men and number of them could not skate. The sticks were lifted as if a big battle was at hand. The game throughout was interesting to the players and lots of fun for the spectators.

Christmas Is Over

and Xmas with me has been very good—many thanks to my many customers.

Special Barains

are the order of the day. I have a line of CROCKERY—Canadian Patriotic Souvenir Goods and old-fashioned Motto Goods. These are fine goods; but I have no room for them, and to clear will sacrifice them at almost your own prices. Come and make your choice early.

My Optical department is now ready for business, and I am second to none in skill, as the people of the town well know.

G. W. GRIMMETT

The Big Store

Dry Goods Department.

New Silk Waists, New Dress Patterns,
" " Skirts " Eiderdowns
" " Umbrellas " Flanneletts
New Silk Handkerchiefs.

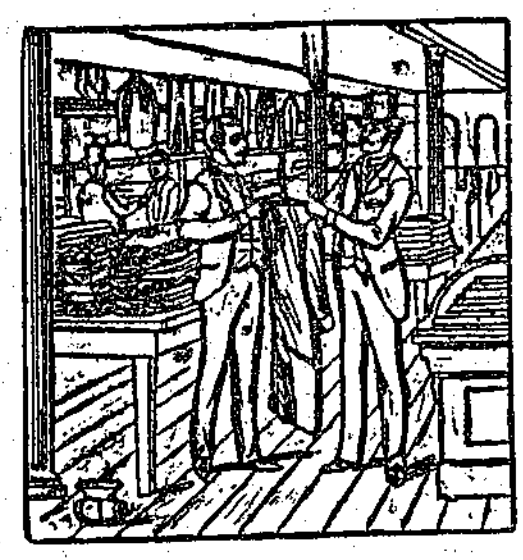
Any of these make a nice Xmas Present.

See the Dinner Set we are Giving Away.

Coupon with every $5.00 purchase.

THE HUNTER-KENDRICK CO., LTD.

A NEW DEPARTURE.



In addition to our made-to-order department, which will always be kept up to the pink of perfection, we have put in a fine assortment of all

Miners' Clothing
Gents' Furnishings

Our Boots and Shoes, Underclothing, and, in fact, all supplies—just what's wanted in the camp. Call and inspect them.

J. R. CAMERON.

XMAS APPLES

This Month It's Apples---Not Dried Apples,

But fresh Winter Apples—fresh from our farm in the Okanagon valley—Norther Spys, Bell Flowers, Kings, Baldwins, Spitzburg and all other varities.

Cody Avenue. **JALLAND BROS.**

The Edison Co.

WILL APPEAR IN THE

MINERS' UNION HALL,

Monday Evening, Jan. 14.

They will produce by Moving Pictures the Jefferies-Sharkey Fight, Cinderella, War Scenes, Comic Scenes. Illustrated Songs.

ADMISSION 50 CENTS. CHILDREN 25 CENTS.

Transfer of Business.

I beg to notify all I have transfered my draying business for several months, or until my return from the east, to John Tyo, who will attend all calls as well as I did myself. My Coal business will be in charge of Robt. Cunning, who will fill all orders for cash. I thank all patrons for past favors, and hope they will be continued with my successors until my return.

E. A. CAMERON.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of British Columbia at its next session for an act to incorporate an association to be known as "THE BRITISH COLUMBIA MINING ASSOCIATION," the said association being founded for the following purposes, namely: First, to promote the arts and sciences connected with the economical production of valuable minerals and metals by means of meetings for reading and discussion of technical papers and the subsequent distribution of such information as may be gained through the medium of publication. Second, the establishment of a central reference library and a headquarters for the purpose of this organization. Third, to take concerted action upon such matters as affect the mining and metallurgical industries of the Province of British Columbia and to encourage and promote these industries by all lawful and honorable means.

Dated at Rossland, B. C., December 15th, 1900.

DALY & HAMILTON,
Solicitors for Applicants.

D. Campbell Davies & Co.,

Consulting and Analytical Chemists.

SOLE OWNERS AND PATENTEES OF THE

LATEST HANDY PROSPECTORS' SMELTER.

Apartado 83, DURANGO, MEXICO.