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The Mining Review.

VOL. 5.—NO. 7. SANDON, B. C., SATURDAY, AUGUST 3, 1901. $2.00 PER YEAR.

THE LOCAL BUDGET.

Mr. A. David left for a trip to the east yesterday.

E. A. Brown was surveying some lots in town on Thursday.

Many of Rossland's miners are finding work around Sandon.

H. Smedley left yesterday for a few days visit to Enderby.

H. H. Pitts and Wm. Walmsley, of Nelson, are in the city.

Harry Matheson, of Silverton, paid Sandon a short visit this week.

W. H. Bullock Webster was over from Nelson on a short visit a few days ago.

F. J. Finucane, of Greenwood, and H. Giegerich, of Kalso, were in the city on Tuesday.

Every one in Sandon thinks business is picking up a little, but no one is certain of it.

Mrs. Huntington, of Spokane, is on a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Warner.

H. A. Hiegbie, of the Hartney mine, came up from New Denver on Monday on business.

G. D. Scott, of Victoria, is in the city in the interest of an insurance company he represents.

The C.P.R. trackmen's strike appears to be on its last legs, as most of the old employees are returning to work.

In a week or less every man, woman and child, in town will spend more or less time scouring the hills for blackberries.

A council meeting was called for Wednesday evening, and Mayor Lovatt was the only member of the council who attended.

Mr. Crawford, of B. C. Riblet's establishment, Nelson, is now tightening up the cable of the Ivanhoe tram, preparatory to starting up the mill.

Chas. Callahan, who owns the Cody and Joker claims which are now in litigation, was in the city on Monday and left for Boston the next day where he now resides.

The K. & S. Railway Co. are putting in a telegraph line of their own between here and Kaslo, already it has reached Whitewater. The work gang were in Sandon this week making preparations to have the wire strung to the depot.

John Houston has never yet declared editorially the C. P. R. trackmen should even get $1.75 a day, and yet he is the champion of the laboring interests of the country. When it comes to questioning anything done by the C. P. R. John looks at his two Mergenthaler type setting machines, and then freezes up.

George Ransom, of the Payne, went fishing the other day armed with shield and buckler, and promising the editor a nice basketful not of the small fishes referred to in the parable in the bible, but real large trout. On reaching the fishing ground he saw the identical game he was after, but the misfortune was they saw him also, and quicker than you could say "Jack Robinson" they all jumped out of the water, took to the bush, and have not been seen or heard of since. Of course, we mourn the loss of that basketful.

Here is a chance for the city to make a portion of its costs in the Gomm suit out of that gentleman himself. Clause 79 of the statue says: "Every person . . . . who shall have been elected . . . . . alderman shall serve the term for which he has been elected, unless in case of sickness or cause satisfactory to the council, and upon default shall pay a sum of $50 towards the municipal revenue, such sum with costs to be recovered by the clerk of the municipality or any elector summarily before any justice of the peace."

Wm. Hunter, of Silverton, was in town on Tuesday.

Everything points to the fact that the fight at Rossland will be one to a finish.

J. M. Harris has received his charter of water rights for his electric power plant at Three Forks.

Mr. Yawkey, jr., of Detroit, Mich., is an arrival in the city. While here he will visit the Ivanhoe mine.

The Hunter-Kendrick Co. have received a big consignment of fruit jars in all sizes, at the right prices.

Squire Lovatt has not yet broken Ald. Duffy's neck. His bump of self-preservation serves him a good purpose.

The K. & S. train service has been changed, the train comes in at 10:55 a. m. and leaves for Kaslo 1:45 p. m.

Mrs. Jones, who used to be here in the dress making business a couple of years ago, joined her husband here again last Monday.

Dr. Hendryx is managing the Last Chance in the absence of Mr. Heap, who is very sick at Banff. There are now about 50 men at work in the mine.

As the council took no steps to fill the vacancy created by the resignation of Dr. Gomm, it is a clear case every act and thing done by the council since is illegal.

Fred Kelly has bonded the Jack Martin group of claims in the Alamo district of Oregon. He expects before the summer is out that considerable work will be done in opening them up.

At the request of a large number of taxpayers Mayor Lovatt is calling a public meeting of ratepayers to be held in the city hall on Monday evening at 8 o'clock, to consider the disqualification of certain aldermen, their illegal acts, and generally to discuss the affairs of the city.

Frank Lowes has received a letter from the Inspector of the N. W. M. P. in the Yukon giving the particulars of the finding of the body of his brother John some days ago, by the Mounted Police, some 25 miles down the river from where he was drowned. The letter goes on to say the body was properly buried at one of the forts close by.

Mr. J. A. Foley, clerk of Slocan, writes us to say he would not have taken the clerkship of that city at $45 if he did not hold other positions, as he believes in fair wages to employees. Exactly, and that is our contention from the start. If the council of Sandon had given and Mr. Lyons had taken the office of police magistrate at $15 a month, with what he supposes he has at $60 to make $75, or if as in Phoenix he had taken the chiefship of police at $40 to make $100 a month, no one would have found fault. The idea is in the interests of economy to bring the total expenditure within a certain figure. What the REVIEW objects to is making the officials cost the place excessively merely to provide jobs for pets of some of the aldermen.

Rambler-Cariboo Meeting.

The Rambler-Cariboo has resumed dividends, and has declared its fifth dividend of one cent a share to be paid August 30. This dividend, which amounts $12,500, brings the total dividends of the property up to $127,500. The last previous dividend was declared in April, 1900.

The annual meeting of the shareholders was held at Rossland on Tuesday, and all the old board of directors and officers were re-elected.

The company are now erecting a new hoist and are also putting in additional compressor power, an electric light plant and a 75 tons concentrator, all of which will be run by water power. A minimum water power of 100 horse power, which is now being installed and will be completed by November 15. After the completion of these improvements the company will be able to double the output of ore.

Tweedledum and Tweedledee.

The child's play still goes on at the city circus. Because the mayor would not call a special meeting last week to suit them, three aldermen called one signing Ald. Folliott, Ald. Jalland and Ald. Duffy and otherwise overstepping the law. The notices mentioned the installation of Mr. Lyons, clerk, and a censure of the mayor and other officials for taking city money and paying notes and accounts passed by the council, and not holding it for Gomm's garnishee.

The meeting was called, Mr. Lyons set to work officially as clerk without taking the necessary declaration of office and being otherwise properly installed. The bill of fare was gone through with and the show closed.

On Friday last notices were again sent out by the "New Clerk" calling attendance for an adjourned sitting of that illegally called meeting that had completed all the business for which it was called. At this adjourned meeting the mayor attended, and before opening he showed why he could not recognise past proceedings, and could not open the meeting for business, among other things pointing out two or three men sitting there in violation of the law.

This brought down a wasp's nest from either side of the railing. On the outside there is usually a crowd, many of whom know as much municipal law as a cat does about decimal fractions; but they are there to clap and applaud when "their side gets ahead." (Our readers may here be told it is not a question of considering the interests of the people that they appear at these meetings or doing business illegally, it is merely one of one faction downing the other, and let the tax payers pay the piper.)

At this adjourned meeting, however, the following resolutions were put and carried: "Ald." Jalland in the chair, and "Ald." Duffy, the man with the skeleton keys, glorying in "the union bucking the council." When the farce will end must be apparent to those who look at things calmnly, but there is no use in anticipating results.

The Sunset Litigation.

It is reported that further litigation is likely to be occasioned by a dispute in connection with the ownership of the Sunset mine in the Whitewater basin in Slocan, says the Victoria Colonist. For the development of this property a local company was organised some years ago, but later it was found that the company did not own the Sunset property, and the local shareholders entered suit against the promoters of the local company for the recovery of their money. An arrangement was ultimately arrived at, whereby Mr. J. M. Dunn, of Minneapolis, the owner of one half of the property, undertook to give the local shareholders some protection, and ultimately a bond on the property was given to Mr. J. C. Drewry, of Rossland. One of the terms of this bond called for the payment of 50 per cent. of the net proceeds of the ore shipments from which sum it was proposed to indemnify the local shareholders in the original Sunset company. The bond on the property, however, was recently thrown up, and a dispute has now arisen between Mr. Drewry and the Dunn interest as to the per centage of the net ore shipments payable under the bond. The other half of the property was held by Mr. J. Fred. Ritchie and others, and under Mr. Drewery's arrangement with this interest the per centage of payment of net proceeds was set out as 25 per cent. The threatened litigation is over this clause in the bond on the Dunn interest.

It is proposed by the Byron N. White Co. to start a new tunnel at the Slocan Star mine, which will be when completed the longest and give the greatest depth of any in the camp.

MINING NEWS

The Hewett tram is now completed and works satisfactory.

The Rambler shipments will run close to 500 tons for last month.

Ore is being sacked at the Sunset and Trade Dollar for shipment.

The total shipments of the Queen Bess mine for the month of July were 251 tons.

Sandon ore shipments for the week were: Slocan Star, 46; American Boy, 40. Total 86.

Mr. Hickey has put a few men at work in the Ivanhoe mill. It may be run steadily for a considerable time.

Ald. Cameron is interested in the Young Bear, a claim near Slocan, that shows a foot of clean ore with sluicing.

About 50 tons of clean ore are now ready for shipment from the La Palona, a claim that has just been opened up. It adjoins the American Boy and the Antoine.

For last week the Whitewater shipped 600 tons of ore to the Trail smelter, averaging about two cars daily of the accumulation of ore at Whitewater station. It is reported the mine will open up shortly, but this is only a rumor.

W. W. Warner on Saturday last brought down a car of ore from No. 1 tunnel of the Wonderful that will average $100 to the ton. Development work and stoping is kept ahead of the shipping. Mr. Warner expects to have considerable ore blocked out before fall.

Considerable work has been done on Carbonates No. 2, which was leased by J. Donaldson some time ago to a Mr. Jones and associates who have had trial shipments that have netted good returns from a rich strike made a month ago which was mentioned in this paper.

The Rambler-Cariboo made an advance of 10 cents in one day, which sold on Monday at 40c. and rose to 50c. on Tuesday. A number of the Rossland and Spokane brokers have been selling the stock short, and as a consequence were obliged to buy at the advanced price. It is likely that the Toronto and Montreal brokers are in the same fix.

A. H. Bromley, representing a London, Eng., syndicate, examined the Mountain Con. Some time ago Mr. Bromley bonded the property for $20,000, and three out of four payments have been met. The mine has been working for the past six weeks and a small staff are being employed. The property is looking better than ever before.

Assessment work of the Salem and San Antonio groups on Spring creek has just been completed, and operations are to be resumed shortly on the Alice and Zurri groups, owned by the Silver Crown Mining Co., of Spokane. One tunnel is in 430 feet and when completed with about 70 feet further, will gave a depth of 300 feet. A quantity of good ore is in sight.

Sandon Ore Shipments.

SHIPMENTS LAST MONTH.

The following are the ore shipments from Sandon, all over the K. & S. R. R., for the month of July:

Mine.	Tons.
Slocan Star	519
American Boy	143
Noble Five	25
Payne	25
Last Chance	20
Trade Dollar	20
Total,	752

A SWORD FOR "BOBS."

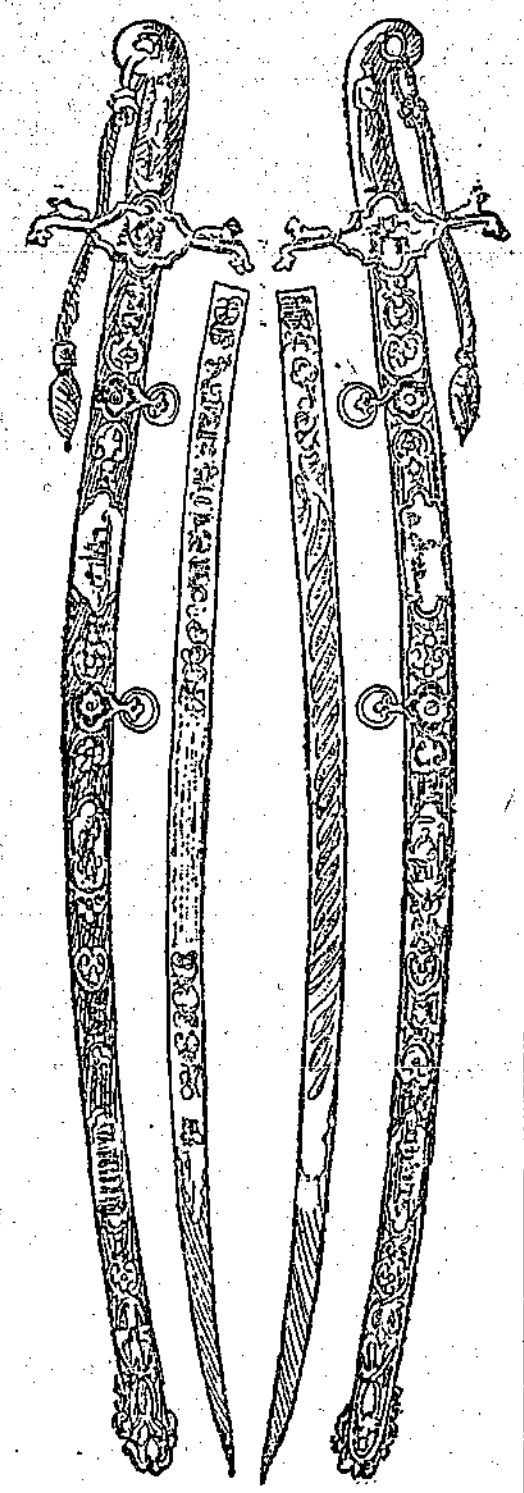
Magnificent Weapon for the Commander-in-Chief.

The sword of honor to be presented to Lord Roberts by the Borough of Portsmouth, England, is a splendid and striking weapon, jewelled, enamelled, and made of 18 carat gold. The grip is of gold and ivory, the latter finely carved with the figures of Justice and Fame.

There are many such emblems about the sword, and in general it may be said that the decorator has aimed at getting in every symbolic reference that could possibly apply to Lord Roberts and most prominently those connected with the campaign in South Africa. The guard is of solid 18 carat gold, with lions couchant at either point, and ornamented with the monogram of Lord Roberts in diamonds, rubies and sapphires, and the reverse with His Lordship's arms in gold and enamel.

The guard and also the gold scabbard is enriched with a series of decorative jewels; diamonds, rubies sapphires and emeralds.

The scabbard which is of beaten 18 carat gold, is beautifully embossed in bold relief, engraved and enamelled with the following symbolic ornaments.



1. The Star of the Order of the Garter.
2. The Star of the Order of St. Patrick.
3. The Victoria Cross.

View of Pretoria in enamel, grenades representing Lord Roberts' regiment, the Royal Artillery.

Figure of Right overcoming Wrong and Injustice, and floral emblems, rose, shamrock and thistle.

View of surrender of General Cronje in enamel.

And on the reverse side of scabbard:

The Arms of Portsmouth.

The Star of the Order of the Bath.

View of Portsmouth Town Hall, Star of the Order of the Indian Empire, and Order of Black Eagle.

View of Lord Roberts discovered teaching a little child to read at Kroonstad, emblematic of humanity, in embossed gold.

View of Portsmouth Harbor, in enamel.

All the above emblems surrounded and entwined with floral emblems, scrolls, etc.

The blade is of the finest English steel, hand forged and elaborately etched with scroll work, and inscribed with all the engagements in which Lord Roberts has taken part, his crest, monogram, etc., etc. The inscription, which is richly etched on the steel, is as follows:

Presented by the Inhabitants of Portsmouth to The Right Honorable Frederick Sleigh, Earl Roberts of Vandahar Pretoria and Waterford, Viscount St. Pierre, K.G., K.P., P.C., G.C.B., G.C.S.I., G.C.I.E. V.C., Knight of the Black Eagle and Field Marshal and Commander-in-Chief of His Majesty's forces, in recognition of his brilliant services in South Africa, 1901.

A. LEON EMANUEL,
Mayor.

SURELY A GENTLEMAN.

In far-off years Sir Walter Scott visited the first Lord Plunkett, who was then Lord Chancellor of Ireland, and was taken to see the ruins of the Seven Churches of Glendalough, one of the sights of Ireland.

One of the most romantic spots is St. Kevin's Bed, a cave which requires a scramble over rocks to enter. Sir Walter, in spite of his lameness, penetrated the "shrine," an old peasant woman lending him a willing hand.

On the return the Lord Chancellor asked her if she knew how great a man she had assisted, adding, "He is Sir Walter Scott, the illustrious poet."

"Begorra, your honor," the old woman replied, "he's no poet! He's a gintleman born an' bred—for hasn't he left in me hand a piece of silver?"

Truly, there's more than one way of knowing a man by his works.

YES, A VERY CLOSE SHAVE.

Teddy's Aunt Jane, from whom he had great expectations, came to visit him the other day. Now, Aunt Jane holds very decisive views on the temperance question, and when Teddy took the old lady for a walk, accompanied by his dog, and the dog walked up to the door of the Dun Cow hotel, and looked round as if expecting his master to follow, Aunt Jane looked inexpressibly shocked.

"Edward," she exclaimed icily, "what does the dog mean?"

Teddy is not easily knocked off his perch, however.

"Yes, aunty, isn't he a remarkably intelligent creature? He thinks it's a dairy, because of the cow on the sign, and, you know, he's wonderfully fond of milk." K

Explanation accepted, but it was a close shave.

The difference in cost between land and water carriage may be judged from the fact that it cost $3 to send a ton of goods from Liverpool to Manchester, when a ton could be sent from Liverpool to Bombay for $2.50.

Mother (to baby): It's muzzer's little ootsy-tootsy! Muzzer loves her little darling baby! Fanny (who has just been spanked): Don't you believe her, baby! When you—(sob—grow up she'll spank you, t-t-too!

The best blacking for making leather last is made of 4oz. of spermaceti oil, 12oz. of molasses, 12oz of ivory black, and a quart of best vinegar.

The Belgian coal mines are the deepest in the world, their depth being 3,500ft. The Austrian silver mines come next with 3,300ft. The deepest British coal mines are about 2,700ft.

Doctor: You ought to rise with the lark. Patient: Well, if I had to perch all night on a twig I suppose I'd be glad to.

Australia, with a death-rate of only 13.2 per thousand, is the healthiest of large countries. Sweden comes next and England third.

Belgium has added 3,000 acres a year to her area during the last century simply by careful drainage.

AN HOUR WITH UNCLE SAM.

HOW THE BUSY YANKEE SPENDS THE DAY.

Neighboroughly Interest in His Doings—Matters of Moment and Mirth.

Business in San Francisco has been seriously affected by six big strikes having occurred since May 1st. Over 6,000 men are idle.

The strikes that have occurred in the United States last year cost the country, it is said, between $400,000,000 and $500,000,000.

The friends and army comrades of General Daniel E. Sickles habe presented a fine portrait of him to the Union League of Philadelphia.

A large memorial window to Dr. Storrs is to be placed in the Pilgrim Congregational Church, Brooklyn, this summer at a cost of about $4,000.

Dr. Lorin L. Dame, a graduate of Tufts College in the class of '60, has just completed his twenty-fifth year as principal of the High school of Medford, Mass.

General Francis M. Drake, founder of Drake University, Des Moines, Ia., has renewed his offer to give $75,000 for every $25,000 the university can raise for the endowment fund.

Four temporary footbridges, running from Manhattan anchorage over the towers to the Brooklyn anchorage of the new East River, bridge have been nearly completed.

For the fiscal year 1900 New York handled 47.3 per cent. of the entire foreign commerce of the country. In 1890 it handled 52.5 per cent. of it. The decrease is chiefly in exports.

John R. Wightman, professor of romance languages and literature in Oberlin College, has been granted a leave of absence for next year. He will spend the year in France, Italy and Spain.

The Pullman Company is arranging to establish a pension system for its entire force of employes, numbering between 12,000 and 15,000 persons. Sixty years will be made the limit of service.

A portrait of the late President James Buchanan, painted by Wm. M. Chase, has been presented to the Mercersburg Academy, in Mercersburg, Pa., which was Mr, Buchanan's native town.

The principal fraternal organizations of the United States and Canada have a membership of 5,723,016 The Oddfellows have 1,025,073 members, and there are about 896,830 Freemasons.

There are 7,400 members of the New York police force. The number of arrests made by the New York police last year was 138,875, or an average of between eighteen and twenty for each policeman.

Three generations of one colored family have been graduated from Oberlin College—John M. Langston, in 1849; his son, Arthur D. Langston, a teacher in St. Louis, in 1877, and his grandson this year.

An Ohio grower has succeeded in growing hickory nuts with shells so thin that they can be broken by the hand.

Mrs. Caroline Stannard Tilton, of New Orleans, has given $50,000 for a Tilton Memorial Library at Tulane University, in that city, and Miss Bettie Beirne Miles has added $1,000 for the purchase of books.

Theodore Jegers, the French painter and professor in the School of Decorative Arts, Paris, is announced as the lecturer who will conduct the courses on art to be given during the summer by the Alliance Française in co-operation with the University of Chicago.

EASING HIS CONSCIENCE.

Ted: "How did he come out of his dilemma in regard to those two girls?"

Ned: "He decided to love the poor one and marry the rich one."

It costs almost exactly one cent apiece to print a Bank of England notes.

A Child's Suffering.

HER MOTHER FEARED SHE WOULD NOT REGAIN HER HEALTH.

She Was First Attacked With Rheumatism and Then With St. Vitus' Dance—She was Unable to Help Herself and Had to be Cared for Almost Like an Infant.

(From the Orangeville Sun.)

Among the much respected residents of Orangeville is Mrs. Marshall, who lives in a pretty little cottage on First street. For some years her twelve-year-old daughter, Mamie, has been a sufferer from rheumatism combined with that other terrible affliction—St. Vitus' dance. In conversation recently with a reporter of the Sun Mrs. Marshall told the following story of her daughter's suffering and subsequent restoration to health:—"At the age of eight," says Mrs. Marshall, "Mamie was attacked with rheumatism from which she suffered very much, and although she was treated by a clever doctor her health did not improve. To make her condition worse she was attacked with St. Vitus' dance, and I really gave up hope of ever seeing her enjoy good health again. Her arms and limbs would twitch and jerk spasmodically and she could scarcely hold a dish in her hand, and had to be looked after almost like an infant. While Mamie was in this condition a neighbor who had used Dr. Williams' Pink Pills with beneficial results in her own family advised me to try them in Mamie's case. I had myself often heard these pills highly spoken of, but it had not occurred to me before that they might cure my little girl, but now I decided to give them to her. Before she had completed the second box I could see a marked change for the better, and by the time she had taken five boxes all trace of both the rheumatism and St. Vitus' dance had vanished, and she is now as bright, active and healthy as any child of her age. Some time has elapsed since she discontinued the use of the pills, but not the slightest trace of the trouble has since made itself manifest. I think therefore, that I am safe in saying that I believe Dr. Williams' Pink Pills not only restored my child to health, but have worked a permanent cure."

Rheumatism, St. Vitus' dance and all kindred diseases of the blood and nerves, speedily yield to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and the cures thus effected are permanent, because this medicine makes rich, red blood, strengthens the nerves, and thus reaches the root of the trouble. These pills are sold by all dealers in medicine or will be sent post paid at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 by addressing the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Glasgow spends £90,000 a year on new buildings. The value of house property in London increases by 14 millions a year, of which 30 per cent. represents new buildings.

Uneasy rests the head that wears a crown, we quoted sagely. Yes, indeed, said the fair maid. I suppose Royal etiquette is above looking in the mirror to see if it is on straight.

Is he a man of ability? Is he? Why, he not only knows that he doesn't know mucht, but he has the ability to keep others from knowing it.

Liverpool's imports and exports exceeded those of London last year by fifteen millions sterling.

To three colleges—Vassar, Princeton and Columbia—gifts aggregating $631,000 were recently given.

Of the passengers carried by British ships last year only 116 lost their lives through shipwreck.

Twenty-three acres of ground are needed to bury London's dead of one year.

The mints at Sydney and Melbourne coin gold only.

THE COMMONEST OF ALL TROUBLES.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS ARE USED MORE FOR BACKACHE THAN FOR ANY OTHER KIDNEY AFFECTION.

Bright's Disease not so Frequent of Late Years—Dodd's Kidney Pills Undoubtedly the Cause—Diabetes also far less Prevalent.

Matane, Que., July 15.—(Special)—Not only in this neighborhood but throughout the Province of Quebec there is a marked decrease noticeable in the number of cases of Bright's Disease reported. This fact is undoubtedly due to the wide use of Dodd's Kidney Pills in the earlier stages of Kidney Disease.

Bright's Disease at one time was the cause of a large proportion of the deaths in this Province. It was considered incurable and until Dodd's Kidney Pills were introduced it was incurable. Not, so, however, now. Dodd's Kidney Pills have almost wiped the disease out. Nor is Diabetes heard of now to any great extent.

The most common form by which Kidney Disease manifests itself is Backache, and here Dodd's Kidney Pills are doing their most active work. They are recognized as the surest and quickest cure for Backache ever invented. They work on the sound principle of going to the root of the trouble—the Kidneys—wherein they differ from all other Backache medicines except imitations of Dodd's Kidney Pills. They do more than merely relieve. They positively and permanently cure, as thousands of people are ready to testify.

O. Dionne, a well-known resident of Matane, says, "Dodd's Kidney Pills have made a grand success in curing me of Backache and I recommend everybody to keep them in the house. They are a wonder as a remedy for Backache and Disease of the Kidneys."

CURES FOR HEADACHES.

Some of the Simple and Harmless But Effective Remedies.

Too much blood in the brain is a frequent cause of headache. Pains are felt all over the head, the face becomes flushed, the temples throb and strong light or noise causes excruciating pain. In cases of this kind the sufferer should be careful in diet and should not eat meat oftener than once a day.

Too little blood in the brain is another cause of headache. It is recognized by dizziness, noises in the ears and pains on top of the head. The best stimulant is a cup of strong tea or coffee or a bowl of soup. People who suffer with these headaches should sleep with their heads low.

A neuralgic headache is often the result of cold caught in a bad tooth, which affects the nerves of the face and is accompanied by pains across the forehead or on the back of the head. A mustard leaf placed on the nape of the neck will relieve it. Another remedy which is sometimes effective is a piece of brown paper soaked in vinegar and applied to the painful spot.

KAFFIR BANKING.

The Kaffirs have a simple method of banking. Before setting out to trade they select one of their number as their banker and put all their money in his bag. When an article is purchased by any of those who are in this combine the price is taken by the banker from the bag, counted several times and then paid to the seller. After which all the bank depositers cry out to the banker, in the presence of two witnesses selected, "You owe me so much." This is then repeated by the witnesses. The general accounting comes between the banker and his several depositors when all the purchases have been made, after which all the natives go home.

MEDICAL WORLD STARTLED.

Remarkable success of the new treatment for Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, La Grippe, and diseases of the lungs. A balm in every drop. Hope and assurance for the troubled and sick. For a generation sufferers from Catarrh, Bronchitis, Asthma, and other diseases of this class have been vainly striving to effect a cure of their malady by the use of ointments, washes, powders. Failure could only follow treatments at once disgusting, unscientific and useless. A marvellous advance was made in the scientific treatment of these maladies when that marvellous method known as the Catarrhozone treatment was promulgated. At once the medical world's attention was directed towards this mode of treatment, and it would be impossible to mention any medical man of the first rank that would now recommend any other. The best medical men recommend this new mode of treatment, ministers, lawyers, prominent public speakers and the great public with unstinted praise recommend it. So simple, it cures while you breathe it. So prompt its effect seems magical. So effective that its results are absolutely permanent. Catarrhozone is sold by all druggists. The treatment will last from 6 weeks to 3 months, and it only costs $1.00. If you have any doubts to satisfy, send us 10c to cover cost of boxing, mailing, etc., and we will send you a 25c outfit free. Polson Chemical Co., Kingston, Ont., and Hartford, Conn.

Sozodont Tooth Powder, 25c

The United States sets apart one thirty-sixth of all public lands to pay for educational expenses. Seventy-one million acres were granted to schools between 1800 and 1900.

Beware of Ointments for Catarrh that contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F.J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O., contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by Druggists, price 75c per bottle.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Mamma: Take your fork, Tommy. Don't you know it is wrong to eat with your fingers? Tommy: Fingers were made before forks, mamma. Mamma: I know it, Tommy; but yours were not.

Advice to a Bride —

Don't take any chances at the outset of your married life — Give him Monsoon Ceylon Tea —

LUDELLA

CEYLON TEA has replaced many other package teas, just as the Ceylon Teas have replaced the China and Japan Teas on account of the purity and strength.
Lead Packages, 25, 30, 40, 50 and 60 Cents

If You Want best results SHIP all your BUTTER, EGGS, POULTRY, APPLES, other FRUITS and PRODUCE, to **The Dawson Commission Co.** Limited, Cor. West Market and Colborne St., Toronto.

...PRINTERS...

Printing Material for Sale.

PRINTING PRESSES.

One Four Roller Campbell Press, front delivery, bed 43x56, $1200
One Four Roller Campbell Press, bed 37x52, ... $1100

FOLDING MACHINES.

Two 7-col. quarto Brown Folding Machines, each . . . $400

Type-Setting Machines.

Two Roger's Typographs, in first-class order, each . . . $550

Also Cutting Machine, Stones, Stands, Body and Display Type.

All this Machinery is in First-Class Order. Easy Terms will be Given, or Special Discount for Cash. On account of adding a more up-to-date Plant the above Machinery and Type will be disposed of at a Sacrifice.

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Gold is the best conductor of heat among metals, platinum second, silver third, and copper only fourth. Iron, zinc, tin, lead follow in the order named.

Except November and December there is not a month in which wheat and other grains are being harvested.

Keep Minard's Liniment in the House.

The Baltic is the shallowest sea, only 43 yards in depth. Next comes the Adriatic, with an average of 45 yards in depth.

Minard's Liniment Lumberman's Friend.

Employer: I'd engage you for the place at once, only I must have a married man. Applicant: Keep the place open for an hour, sir. I'll manage that! It's easier to get married than to get a job.

Ask for Minard's and take no other.

The members of the Society of Friends who died last year were of an average of 61 years 7 months, a record for any society.

MONTREAL HOTEL DIRECTORY.

AVENUE HOUSE—Mount—College Avenue. Family Hotel rates $1.50 per day.

Switzerland's watch export last year broke the record. It consisted of 2,366,426 nickel watches, 3,086,777 silver, and 800,258 gold watches, besides nearly 7,080 chronographs and repeaters.

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MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colic, regulates the stomach and bowels, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP."

Pompous Judge: I hope you have a good practice? Young Lawyer: Yes, I have, thank you. I am glad to hear it. And in what branch is your practice mainly? Mainly in economy.

The sun is travelling at 40 miles a second, about 4,000 times as fast as an express train.

Minard's Liniment is used by Physicians.

30 degrees of warmth above the average will make a pendulum clock gain, with a 39-inch pendulum, 8 seconds in 24 hours. This is because the heat lengthens the pendulum by 1-128th of an inch.

W. P. C. 1085

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The Mining Review.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 3, 1901.

THAT MANIFESTO.

The mine owners have sent a petition to the Provincial government that, if giving the facts, calls for immediate and decisive action. We take it for granted that it gives facts only, especially when dealing with statistics, as they could not afford to give statements that would not bear investigation. Among the facts is a declaration that the mines pay 50 per cent. of the taxes raised in the province, and that 22.7 per cent. of the entire mineral production goes into the provincial treasury. If this be the truth, or anywhere near the truth, the government treatment of the mining industry is the great obstacle in the way of the development and growth of the country.

It is well known the province has four distinct industies—mining, agriculture, lumbering and fishing. The latter can be carried on and the canned product exported whether the country develops or not; but two of the others, lumbering and agriculture, can make but poor headway until the country expands through its mining operations, as freight rates are heavy on the export of either the woods or the farm. In a word then our farming and lumbering operations can only expand as the advancement of mining creates a demand for their products. To make the country grow then, it is clear mining must be encouraged by the legislature and not depressed by burdensome legislation as the petition declares it is.

We take up the public accounts of the province for last year and we find four items of provincial revenue as follows:

Real property tax.....	$ 118,214
Personal property tax.....	73,442
Wild land tax	49,376
Income tax.....	17,977
Total.....	$ 259,009

or but one quarter of a million raised from all sources. Mine owners and the public in general must know that governments must tax to raise revenues for current expenditures; but in the name of fortune let that taxation be equitable, or if partial at all let the partiality extend to those enterprises upon which the progress of the whole country depends. Now, who for one moment believes that any one of the four items named above pays its proper share of revenue into the provincial treasury? No one in the country who has any fair grasp of the subject. For instance, the government's rate of taxation under these headings runs about one-half of one per cent., while perhaps the lowest rate in any municipality in the country is three time that or 1½ cents on the $. But let us take the matter farther. On the entire personal property of the province, in cities as well as out of them, but $73,442 was raised, which at the government rate of one-half of one per cent. would represent an assessment of about $3,672,000. Now who for a moment believes all the buildings and improvements in the unorganised parts of the country and the stocks of goods in all the stores of the province in and out of incorporations, machinery, &c. in manufactories combined does not amount to more than $3,672,000. Ten times this sum would be more like its value. It is quite within the limits of reason to say the four items referred to above should be assessed at $100,000,000, and the taxes such assessment would bring at 1½ cents on the $ the lowest municipal rate would be $1,500,000 instead of a total of $259,009. If the mines were all relieved of the excessive taxation of which they complain, and that excess distributed where it should be, as we have shown above, they would be all in operation, our idle miners would be all employed, and our business houses would be doing four times the trade they are doing at present. The government tax on real property, outside personalty and income, is but a mere fraction of what it ought to be, and no one would object to paying the proper rate that was doing the consequent increase of business.

We say it again, and in all candor and fairness, the government's methods of taxing are unequal in effect, and therefore, unjust, in that they cripple the industry upon which the prosperity of the country altogether depends. It is a surprise to many that the matter is not taken up in this light and dealt with as its importance demands. The government does not draw a cent too much from the resources of the country to meet necessities, but it draws it unequally, and is continually killing the hen that lays the golden egg.

BODY-RESTORER

Food is the body-restorer. In health, you want nothing but food; and your baby wants nothing but food. But, when not quite well, you want to get back to where food is enough.

One of the most delicate foods, in the world, is Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil. When usual food is a burden, it feeds you enough to restore your stomach; baby the same.

The body-builder is food; the body-restorer is Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil.

We'll send you a little to try if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

A Cross Clerk

Is a rarity. For the most part the young woman behind the counter is smiling and obliging, though her back hurts, her side pains, or her head throbs distractingly. The wonder is, not that a clerk is sometimes irritable, but that she so rarely shows irritation, when every nerve is quivering and she hardly knows how to hold her head up.

The nervous condition, headache and weakness, which are the results of irregularity or a diseased condition of the womanly organs, can be entirely cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It regulates the functions, stops enfeebling drains, strengthens the nervous system and promotes the general health of the entire body.

Sick women are invited to consult Dr. Pierce by letter, free of charge. All correspondence private. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

"Having used Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription and 'Golden Medical Discovery' during the past year," writes Mrs. Mattie Long, of Pfouts Valley, Perry Co., Pa., "I can truthfully recommend the medicines for all female weakness. I have used several bottles of 'Favorite Prescription,' which I consider a great blessing for weak women. I was so nervous and discouraged that I hardly knew what to do. Your kind advice for home-treatment helped me wonderfully. Thanks to Dr. Pierce."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure dizziness and sick headache.

A CURE.

Persons who give this labor question the most study, readily conclude the status of labor cannot be improved by either the drastic steps of unions or the arbitrary Acts of governments. Take our own province as an example. There is ample room in it for five millions of people, if only our four great industries were properly developed. If in fact the one—mining—was properly extended, the extension of the other three—agriculture, lumbering and fishing—would follow as a natural consequence, even with present legislation in their behalf. The chief objects of present legislation are ostensibly to better the situation of the laboring classes, and the modus operandi is coercion and force.

Capital is always after profitable investments, and is essentially competitive, that is to say, when the employment is profitable, there will always be a sufficient number of investors to compete with one another for the available labor of the country. If then our governments were only to understand the only thing necessary to better the situation of the laborer is to better the chances of the capitalist, and the other will follow. If, for instance, half the money spent foolishly by our government the past dozen years in parliament buildings, the schemes of charter mongers, &c., was expended in building wagon roads and trails to mines, and building independent smelters and refineries; if our vexatious and restricting laws were removed; and if the Federal government made such reductions in the tariff as would enable the mine owners to get their machinery as cheaply as the American owners get it, for every mine that is now in operation, there would be a dozen. This improved condition of the industry would have the mines hunting for miners at good wages, and on advantageous terms. It would so revolutionise matters, the vocation of the agitator and the need of coercions of unions would be entirely removed. With mining operations multiplied the natural growth of agriculture, lumbering and fishing would regularly and systematically follow. There is no use in trying to force mine owners and managers to open and operate mines, if the conditions surrounding operations render them insufficiently profitable any more than there is in trying to force a horse to drink when he is not thirsty. What the country requires is the presence of men in the legislatures who see matters this way. If instead of being beguiled by candidates for parliament, who promise to do everything and anything for labor by force, miners would give their support to candidates who have a clear cut policy for making mining more profitable, or conducted with less irritation and expense, which amounts to the same thing, what they are looking for would follow as naturally as the flow of water down hill. Ask today a thousand prospect and property holders why they are not working their properties, and in ninety-nine cases out of every hundred the answer will be they have not the means to build the necessary trails and roads, and after paying government taxes and duties on machinery, the ores they may get will not pay them for their outlay. Again we say reduce these drains on the owner, and such a sudden stimulus will be given to the industry that all the wheels of the entire industrial economy of the province will be lifted out the rut at once, and set in active operation.

A. R. HEYLAND,
ENGINEER,
AND PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR.
SANDON, B. C.

M. L. GRIMMETT, LL. B.
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To and from European points via Canadian and American lines! Apply for sailing dates, rates and full information to any C. P. R. agent or H. W. Harbour, Agent, Sandon.
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Manufacturers of all kinds of Plain and Fancy
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COAL!
Everybody Wants the Best Coal.
Try Lethbridge Coal, then you will have the best and cheapest. This coal will make the hottest and brightest fires, besides it is early handled, as it is very clean. We have it for all kinds of grate
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Spokane Falls & Northern R'y.
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The only all rail route between all points east, west and south to Rossland, Nelson and intermediate points; connecting at Spokane with Great Northern, Northern Pacific, and O. R. & N. Co.
Connects at Rossland with the Canadian Pacific Railway for Boundary Creek points.
Connects at Myer's Falls with stage daily for Republic.
Buffett service on trains between Spokane and Northport.
Effective May 5th, 1901.

LEAVE.	Day Train.	ARRIVE
9:00 a. m.....	Spokane.....	7:35 p. m.
12:50 p. m.....	Rossland.....	4:00 p. m.
9:15 a. m.....	Nelson.....	7:15 p. m.

H. A. JACKSON, G. P. & T. A., Spokane, Wash.
G. K. TACKABURY, Agent, Nelson, B. C.

An Explanation.

We published a letter and other data last week from Slocan, showing that town pays $120 a month for chief of police, city clerk, treasurer, collector and assessor, while Sandon pays $168 for a similar service. We publish another letter from Phoenix herewith showing that for like duties that town pays but $100. Sandon, because the place is wealthy, pays $48 a month or say $500 a year more than Slocan and $816 more than Phoenix. The people can see from these figures whether the past contentions of this paper were right or wrong.

Our present council against the suggestion of Ald. Cameron, wasted between loss of construction, damage to sidewalk, and cost of men's pay in the flood at least $1000 on the flume; it wasted $36 on Nye's account, and now it throws away over $800 more on salaries, to provide a pet of some aldermen with a job. We have no feeling in this matter one way or another, nothing but a simple duty to perform in the interests of the taxpayers, and we have done it. Some of those who have little or no taxes to pay will laugh at the exposition, all they care is to get their prejudices appeased; but if those who have to pay 27½ mills on the $ taxes are contented to bear with such management of affairs, we have nothing more to say on the subject.

Phoenix, B.C., July 26, 1901.

C. CLIFFE, Esq.,
Sandon, B. C.

Dear Sir.—Yours of the 23rd inst. is before me. The official staff of this city consist of: City Solicitor at a salary of $40 per month; Police Court Judge $25 per month. The Auditor is paid $10 per day while at work. The City Engineer is paid $10 per day while at work.

I perform the duties of City Clerk, Chief of Police, Treasurer, Assessor and Collector, for a salary of $100 per month. I get also legal fees for serving papers, etc.

Your truly,
D. MCMILLAN,
City Clerk.

Some of the aldermen, like the Tooley street tailors, declare the mayor ought to resign. Just for the fun of the thing, we would like to have an expression of opinion from all the owners of real estate in the place, who will this year have to pay a tax of 2¾ cents on the dollar, whether it is the mayor or these same aldermen who ought to resign. Will the same aldermen kindly circulate two petitions among the real tax payers only, the one asking for their resignation, and the other other asking for the resignation of the mayor, just to satisfy their own minds on the matter.

A Scene With Six Acts.

ACT I.

W. E. Gomm, M.D., came to this city in 1876, a born and full blown American.

ACT II.

In 1899 he took out naturalization papers and became a full blown British subject.

ACT III.

He ran for alderman in January, 1901, and was defeated, but was elected by the casting vote of the clerk, on the pledge to the public he would not turn out the old officials.

ACT IV.

After taking his seat his first act was to knife his benefactor, and secure the committal of the council to the payment of a "smallpox" bill and other obligations of a more questionable nature.

ACT V.

When he had no more accounts he could advance, he resigned his seat in the council.

ACT VI.

After getting his release from the council he sued that body for the accounts he advanced while a member.

The next act in the drama will be his success with his suit, whatever it may be.

Before the auditor's report is brought the mugwump says Collector Lilly's books don't balance. The idea is to present that official as a defaulter—untemptible to the last.

A NEW DEPARTURE.

In addition to our made-to-order department, which will always be kept up to the pink of perfection, we have put in a fine assortment of all

Miners' Clothing
Gents' Furnishings

Our Boots and Shoes, Underclothing, and, in fact, all supplies—just what's wanted in the camp. Call and inspect them.

J. R. CAMERON.

HARRY NASH

TINSMITH AND PLUMBER.

Has on hand a fine line of Plumbing Goods---Call and get prices on Plumbing and Sheet Metal Work.

REMEMBER ROOFS PUT ON BY ME DO NOT LEAK.

The BIG Store.

First Shipment of Spring Dry Goods Just Arrived and More on the Way.

We are Offering Special Values in Dress Goods Carpets, Oilcloths, Tapestry, Squares, Curtains.

Have You Had Our Latest Quotations on Groceries?

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The Most Complete Health Resort On the Continent of North America.

SITUATED MIDST SCENERY UNRIVALLED FOR GRANDEUR.

Halcyon Hot Springs Sanitarium,

HALCYON SPRINGS, ARROW LAKE, B.C.

Resident physician and nurse. Boating, fishing and excursions. In telegraphic communication with all parts of the world. Two mails arrive and depart every day. TERMS: $15 to $18 per week, according to residence in hotel or villas. Its baths cure all nervous and muscular diseases. Its waters heal all kidney, liver and stomach ailments.

Application for Transfer of Liquor License.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that thirty days from date hereof, I intend to apply to the License Commissioners of Sandon for a transfer of the liquor license formerly held by Richard Orando to myself.

JOHN HURLEY.

Dated at Sandon this 17th day of July, 1901.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS

Mrs. Winslows Soothing Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children when teething. If disturbed at night and broken in your rest by a sick child, suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth. Send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures diarrhoea, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the gums and reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the system "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price 25c. a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

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NO. 4 K.-W.-C. BLOCK, NELSON, B.C.

Gold, Silver-Lead and Copper Mines wanted at the EXCHANGE.
FREE MILLING GOLD properties wanted at once for Eastern investors.
Parties having mining property for sale are requested to send samples of their ore to the EXCHANGE for exhibition.
All samples should be sent by express, PREPAID.
Correspondence solicited. Address all communications to

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INTERNATIONAL NAV. & TRAD. CO., Ltd.
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KOOTENAY VALLEY RY.

KASLO & SLOCAN RAILWAY CO.

10:10 a.m. leave.....Kaslo ....arrive 4:50 p.m.
12:35 p.m. arrive.....Sandon...leave 2:35 p.m.
Connecting at Kaslo with Steamer Alberta to and from Nelson.

INTERNATIONAL NAVIGATION & TRADING CO., LTD.

NELSON-KASLO ROUTE—Steamer Alberta.
6:00 a.m. leave.....Nelson....arrive 9:00 p.m.
8:15 a.m. leave.....Pilot Bay..leave 6:50 p.m.
9:45 a.m. arrive....Kaslo.... leave 5:20 p.m.
Connecting at Pilot Bay with Steamer Kaslo to and from Kuskonook and at Kaslo with K. & S. Ry. to and from Sandon.

KASLO-LARDO-ARGENTA ROUTE.
Steamer Alberta leaves Kaslo Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 10:30 a m.

KASLO-KUSKONOOK ROUTE—Steamer Kaslo
7:00 a.m. leave.....Kaslo..... arrive 8:20 p.m.
8:15 a.m. leave.....Pilot Bay..leave 6:50 p.m.
10:20 a.m. arrive...Kuskonook.leave 5:00 p m.
Connecting at Pilot Bay with Steamer Alberta to and from Nelson and at Kuskonook with B. & N. Ry.

BEDLINGTON & NELSON & KOOTENAI VALLEY RAILWAYS
10:30 a.m. leave...Kuskonook..arrive 4:50 p.m.
1:15 p.m arrive.Bonners Ferry.leave 2:00 p.m.
Connecting at Bonner's Ferry with Great Northern, both east and west bound, and at Creston Junction with C. N. P. Ry.

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CANADIAN PACIFIC

SUMMER EXCURSIONS

FROM KOOTENAY COMMON POINTS.

Pan-American Exhibition

BUFFALO, $76.
June 18, July 2, 16, Aug. 6, 20.

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SAN FRANCISCO, $50.
July 13, 14, 15.

Christian Endeavor Conv'n.

CINCINNATI, $68.50.
July 2, 3.

National Educational Ass'n

DETROIT, $71.25.
July 2, 3.

For time-tables, rates and full information call on or address nearest local agent, or

H. W. HARBOUR, Agent, Sandon, B. C., or

J. S. CARTER, D.P.A., Nelson. E. J. COYLE, A.G.P.A., Vancouver

THE WAY OF THE WORLD.

It was only when Elsie Blount had been a day and a night at sea that she realized she had made a hideous mistake. It was not far from midnight when she sprang to this momentous conclusion, and had it not been that the door of her cabin on the hired transport, Semiramis, was ajar she might have landed in Bombay without becoming aware that her errand might have been likened to that of a fool.

The cabin was in darkness, and beside the thud of the screw there was no disturbing element of sound save the soft breathing of Mrs. Dormer's four children in their berths below her, and the swish of the sea—quiet as the proverbial mill-pond—past her port.

"Jolly for you," said a man's gruff tones, with a ring in them of a desire for a shipboard flirtation, "and doubly jolly for the fellow you're going to marry. What did you say his name was? A soldier, of course. They always carry off the pick of the bunch."

There was a shrill, affected little laugh that Elsie recognized as belonging to the smartest woman on board, a Miss Lankester, whose dresses and complexion were always the talk of the ship, and whose father, the portly Colonel of the Pay Department, was discreetly blind to everything but dinner and whist.

"Oh, no, not a soldier at all, just a man with a large business of some sort or another in Madras, and a huge income. I thought money made a better foundation for happiness than a red or a blue coat, and Gerard Broadwood has the dollars without the gold lace. We met up at Simla, last hot weather, for his friends are the right sort and all that, and we fixed it up, and came home to get the trousseau, papa and I."

"Gerard Broadwood? H'm! No more shipboard flirtation for you, mademoiselle," and the conversation died away with a low murmur till Miss Lankester raised her voice again:

"Oh, just a stupid little entanglement. He got mixed up with some girl and declared that in a moment of mental aberration she got a promise of marriage out of him. But what matter. He can write and send her the announcement of our marriage, and even a little governess cannot expect a man to commit bigamy for the sake of her lovely eyes. Good-night, Mr. Harding; you must really go back to the smoking-room, or the people will be wondering where you are."

Then a faint scuffle and a protest, and the passage was silent again.

Elsie lifted herself on her elbow and stared out into the dark of her cabin with desperate eyes. She herself was going out to marry Gerard Broadwood. Three years ago she had met him, he had fallen in love with her, and she had promised to go out to marry him as soon as the death of her old, bedridden aunt should have set her free.

For three years she had drudged at her daily governess work, buoyed up by the thought of the luxurious home waiting for her in the future. Her aunt had died, leaving her just enough money to pay her passage out to India, and, writing to Broadwood by one mail, she had followed her letter by the next steamer.

She remembered now, when it was too late, that he had not written to her for months, save scrappy postcards, each one stating how busy he was. He had written only once from Simla that fatal last hot season, and when she had upbraided him he had replied that he had been ill with malaria, and—she had believed him.

What was she to do? She would land in India penniless and friendless with no means of paying her return passage to England, no means of supporting herself in a country to which she looked forward with dread, even regarded in the light of a future home. To throw herself on the mercy of Gerard Broadwood was not to be thought of; to represent herself in her true position to Miss Lankester was absolutely impossible, for pride sealed her tongue.

They would land in Bombay; Mrs. Dormer would take her to Madras where her husband was stationed. Such was the present arrangement, and after that—the deluge; for that good lady had made it clear that nothing would induce her to retain Miss Blount's services at any price.

The stuffy cabin seemed more unbearable than ever, and Elsie slipped to her feet with the feeling strong upon her that she could rest no longer within its four walls. She dressed herself hurriedly and slipped out into the passage way, for silence had fallen upon the whole ship, and she was in no mood to consider regulations or rules in that moment of wild despair. Every one was asleep save the sentry on his weary walk and the N. C. O. in charge of the troop deck who had just been his rounds.

The night was very still as the girl stole up the passage between the closed doors and out into the starlight. Her heart was beating as though it would burst, and Sergeant Lewis, as he turned and saw her from his coign of vantage behind the main hatch, held his breath for a moment at the thought that she was a spirit.

Her head was thrown back, crowned with its aureole of pale golden hair, and her face, white and serious, lighted by the young moon that caught the blue of her eyes and turned them into brilliant forget-me-nots seemed to him that of an angel. Her gown was no whiter than the hands that held the shawl about her figure, and Sergeant Lewis drew a sharp breath of admiration and wonder.

Elsie came on to his side of the ship, where she paused, with a quick look round her of something of fear and in that brief instant there flashed into the sergeant's mind the realization of what she was about to do. It seemed to Elsie, as she hung irresolutely over the side, that the sea beckoned to her, calling with a soft, resistless voice, to rest in the blue bosom of its almighty quiet, where the dead lie undisturbed till the judgment day.

"Come away, miss, you're a deal too near the water," said the sergeant's voice in her ear as he laid a kindly hand on her shoulder. "If there is anything that I can do to help you, you must say the word, but for goodness' sake come away from there."

And Elsie, looking round into his gaunt, weather-beaten face, flung her hands over her face and broke into wild sobbing.

* * * * *

It was a few days later when Sergeant Lewis was climbing the ladder separating the troop deck from the upper portion of it, sacred to the N. C. O.'s and their wives, that he came face to face with Miss Blount, who was returning from visiting a sick child. He begged her to come aside a moment out of the reach of prying eyes.

"I've been thinking over this matter what you told me of that night, miss," he said respectfully, glancing away from her white face and tear-sodden eyes. "You honored me with your confidence, and, without meaning no disrespect to you, I'll give you the conclusions I've arrived at since thinking the matter over. Begging your pardon, miss, but we all know Mrs. Dormer on this ship, for she is well known on the station as being a terror to all about her, so we must put her aside from this question of assistance. Now, Miss, I'm a steady man, with eighteen years' service, and to be sergeant-major in a few months' time. I've saved a tidy sum, and am not one to drink or smoke."

He paused, and Elsie looked up at him with hopeless eyes lit with sudden wonder.

"Now, miss, begging your pardon, this is what I have to say to you. If you will marry me when we land at Bombay I will keep you like a lady and never come a-nigh you save when it is your pleasure. You shall have your own house and a servant to wait on you and be kept in comfort all your life. I'll never ask you for more than you can give, and maybe you'll be surprised, but I loved you since first I clapped eyes on you coming on board at Tilbury, so patient and sweet, with that scolding woman at your elbow. If I'd had my Lee-Metford ready to my shoulder it ha' been a mercy to her husband's regiment to ha' rolled her over."

He paused, and Elsie began to speak hurriedly.

"Thank you, Sergeant Lewis, thank you very much. I—I—oh, there is nothing else for me to do, your offer helps me out of everything. I have no friends at home, no one anywhere who cares. I will marry you."

It was a desperate thing to do, but her last chance of help, as it seemed to her then. Here was a good, honorable man offering her marriage and a home on one hand, while on the other, gaunt poverty stalked, with shame and misery in attendance.

"I thank you, miss," said the sergeant solemnly, "and I promise you shall never repent of it to your life's end."

He made no attempt to touch her, with innate chivalry for which Elsie was thankful, and when she returned to her cabin and the dreary, nagging voice of Mrs. Dormer, who seemed to regard her as something between a maid-of-all-work and a black slave, she took heart at the thought that there was help for her in the future, however humble that help might be.

* * * * * *

It was their last night at sea, and the screw of the Semiramis was throbbing through the water, doing her twelve knots in fine style, to pick up some of the time wasted in a storm in the Mediterranean. It was a brilliant night of stars and tropical heat, and everyone was on deck in their lounge chairs watching for the lights of land and the vast continent that was to be their home for many a weary month.

Sergeant Lewis had come forward with a message for the officer in command and he was puzzled to find him among the rows of deck chairs, arranged in couples, most of them very close together. He wandered awkwardly along in the dim light, for most of the electric jets had been switched off, save one over the door of the music saloon and one by the smoking-room, but when he caught the sound of Elsie's voice he stopped unconsciously.

Afterwards, he was aware dully that he had done a thing not strictly honorable by remaining in the shadow of the awning behind Elsie and Dr. Meadows, but since it had saved him from making a vast mistake, he did not blame himself, and a few words put him in possession of the truth, which was that the young army doctor loved Miss Blount, and that, alas, she had given him her heart during the few days of the voyage that they had spent together.

He learnt also between her broken sobs that she had too great a sense of honor ever to give him up. Loving the gentleman, she would marry the rough man who had asked her out of profound pity and generosity when she was friendless, and remain faithful to him all her life.

Sergeant Lewis delivered his message to Colonel Dwyer and went aft again.

"Good-night, Lewis," said the cheery Colonel; "you're not looking yourself at all tonight. I advise you to take a spell of rest, or you will be bothered with your old malaria again."

"Good-night, sir. Yes, I'm thinking rest will be the best thing for me," he answered, and stumbled towards the ladder with the step of an old man.

* * * * *

When Elsie Blount went to her cabin late that night, with the full intention of crying herself to sleep over her hopeless love for Archie Meadows, which had come, like most things in her life, too late, she found in her berth a small parcel, directed to herself in a clerky, stiff handwriting. She opened it mechanically. It contained a large silver watch, a signet ring, a silver charm, and fifty pounds in bank notes.

Bewildered, she picked up a folded sheet of paper in which the watch had been wrapped. It had neither beginning nor end, but she knew instinctively from whom it came, and realized the tragedy that underlay the simple words before she comprehended the full nature of the sacrifice which a simple, honest heart had laid at her feet.

"I hope you will take these things and be happy with the officer you was talking to to-night. It would never have done for you and me to get married, and I knew it as soon as I had spoke to you the other night. The money will buy you your bits of things for the wedding, and my respects to you and Surgeon Captain Meadows, and I ask you not to take on at what I am doing, and to think no more of me, for I am only doing what seems to be my duty. And so, no more from your humble servant."

* * * * * *

The disappearance of Sergeant Lewis was a nine days' wonder on the ship and in the regiment, and as Elsie Blount kept her lips sealed, no one ever learnt the story of his connection with her. He must have slipped overboard in the darkness, seeing the only escape he deemed possible from a situation that had become impossible.

His dream of happy, wedded life had been a brief one, and if in the plunge into the Unknown he had time to remember what might have been, Elsie hoped that the white wings of the Death Angel had borne him swiftly to a world where there is neither marrying nor giving in marriage.

His regiment regretted him, until they forgot him in the absorbing interest of their new life in the gorgeous East. And Elsie was too happy with her husband, and too busy in convincing Gerard Broadwood that she never cared for him, to remember for more than a few months the man who had laid down his life for her. For such is the way of the world.—Pearson's Weekly.

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NERVE TELEGRAPHY.

Symptoms of the Breaking Down of the Nervous System.

"The dangers of nervous breakdown," said a London physician, "lie in the fact that people go on disregarding the warnings which they have flashed to them from the tired-out nervous system. These warnings are excessive nervousness and irritability, these being the first symptoms, and often continuing for years, before any breakdown occurs. Then there is a general condition of illness, loss of appetite and insomnia, depression, a tendency to worry over trifles, and to these more serious symptoms add themselves as the disease progresses.

"The heart frequently is affected; the head is heavy, hot and aching; then the speech becomes jerky, confused, and uncertain, and the movements of the body are spasmodic and not controlled by the brain. Eccentricity of speech and action is noted, and violence is the next stage of the complaint.

"Open-air exercise is a great preventive of nervous sickness.

"Above all, exercise—not with bells or pulleys, but in the open air, with deep breathing and plenty of walking and running, if possible. Well-ventilated bedrooms are a necessity. Business men complain that they have no leisure for exercise in the open air, but I now have a number of patients who walk to and from their offices each day."

Old Gentleman: I don't see why a big, able-bodied young fellow like you should be begging for a living. Tramp: To tell you the truth, sir, folks is becomin' so hard-hearted that a feller has got ter be big an' able-bodied to beg without gettin' hurt.

THREE, SEVEN AND NINE

FAVORITE NUMBERS ALL THE WORLD OVER.

Mathematical Maze Which Results from Trying to Unravel Them.

Nobody has ever satisfactorily accounted for the popular partiality for odd numbers. "This is the third time" exclaimed Falstaff, on the occasion of a crisis in his relations with one of the merry wives at Windsor. "I hope good luck lies in odd numbers; they say there's a divinity in odd numbers, either in nativity, chance or death." And it is scarcely necessary to say that the belief is much older than Sir John Falstaff. Three, seven and nine appear to have been the favorite numbers all the world over. The ancients had three fates, three furies and three graces; Neptune's trident had three prongs, Jupiter's thunderbolt three forks, and Cerebus three heads. We have three estates of the realm, a man who accepts a bill has three days' grace, and three persons congregated together may make a riot. Shakespeare was well aware that he must have neither more nor less than three witches in Macbeth, and that the brindle cat must mew thrice, and our popular folklore insists upon three merry men of Gotham. Three meals a day is the usual scale of feeding.

THE RELIGIOUS SEVEN.

Of a more mystical character than three is the figure seven, or, at any rate, it has a larger number of religious applications. Noah had seven days' warning of the coming flood, and when it came he took fowls by sevens and clean beasts by sevens into the ark; the ark touched on Mount Ararat in the seventh month, and after seven days a dove was sent out, followed seven days afterward by another. In Pharoah's dream there were seven fat and seven lean kine, which Joseph interpreted to mean seven years of plenty and seven years of famine. At the destruction of Jerico seven priests bore seven trumpets seven days, and on the seventh day they walked around the city seven times, after which the walls fell. In the apocalypse almost everything is seven except the number of beasts. There seven churches, seven golden candle-sticks, seven lamps before seven spirits, the book with seven seals, the lamb with seven horns and seven eyes, seven angels with seven seals, seven kings, seven thunders, seven thousand slain, the dragon with seven heads and seven crowns, seven angels bring seven plagues, and there are seven vials of wrath.

THE SECULAR SEVEN.

In merely secular matters seven occurs frequently enough. We have seven wonders of the world, seven champions of Christendom, seven sleepers, seven wise men, seven planets, seven deadly sins, seven ages of man, and our ordinary leases are made for seven or a multiple of seven years.

But however mystically significant three and seven may be, they cannot lay claim to any such peculiarities as are the property of the figure nine. That the ancients had nine muses, nine rivers in the infernal regions, a hydra with nine heads and nine gods for Lars Porsena to swear by, or that in modern times a cat has nine lives, that it takes nine tailors to make a man, or that possession is nine points of the law, are facts that pale into insignificance after one has once sat down with pencil and paper to investigate some of the special peculiarities of the figure nine. For instance, if you multiply nine by any number you will find that the figures composing the product when added together will always amount to nine. Thus: 9 times 2 equal 18 and 1 plus 8 equal 9; 9 times 3 equal 27 and 2 plus 7 equal 9; 9 times 4 equal 36 and 3 plus 6 equal 9 and so on to any extent. On arriving at 11 times 9 we find what appears to be an exception, for the digits of 99 equal 18.

MYSTERIES OF NINE.

But it will be observed that18 is a multiple of 9, and, moreover, that figures composing it add up to 9. Another peculiarity of this figure is discovered by taking any number of two figures of which the first figure is of greater value than the second, reversing these figures and then subtracting the number thus obtained from the original number. Whatever figures we may take, the result will always be nine or some multiple of 9. The smallest possible number of two figures of which the first figure is larger than the second is 21. Reverse these figures and we get 12. Subtract 12 from 21, and the remainder is 9. The largest similar number is 98. Reverse these and we get 89, and again the remainder is found to be 9.

Or let us take a case in which 9 combines with the mystic 7. The number 65 is not divisible by 9. But if we added 7 to it, either in front, when it makes 765, or in the middle, when it makes 675, or at the end, when it makes 657, we shall find that every one of these numbers is divisible by 9. It is not every number which can thus be dealt with, and the reader may find an evening's entertainment in trying to puzzle out the reason why. An example of a higher number may be given by way of a little assistance: 896,573 is not divisible by 9, but if the mystic 7 be added to it, either in front, where it raises the amount by 7,000,000, or in any other position, each one of the eight various amounts which may thus be obtained becomes divisible by 9.

A HARD LIFE.

Mental and Physical Life of Mail Car Clerks Unremitting.

The life of a railway mail clerk or route agent at the best is not easy. He travels under a constant strain and is subject to unremitting mental and physical hardship. He is not always overworked, but he must be ever alert, expert and accurate. The business of a continent depends on the correctness of his instantaneous mental processes and his rapid manipulations—a letter "misthrown" may break a heart or burst a bank or ruin a railway corporation.

The lurching of cars going at tremendous speed around sharp curves; the continued succession of efforts to maintain equilibrium; the monotonous vibrations terribly destructive to nerve tissue, to spinal column and to brain texture, are the daily and hourly concomitants of his ordinary work. Probationers often relent and go back to their former duties. One aspirant for employment in this field was assigned to a notably vigorous route. He never finished his first trip; he went half way, bought a ticket for home, and returned as a passenger. Replying afterward to some questions as to the labor involved, he replied: "Lifting and unlocking 200-pound pouches, shaking out contents, arranging same, removing pouches, locking same, carrying on mail matter, re-arranging sacks, then going over same work continuing same 17 hours, without rest, with trains flying round curves and slinging you against everything that is not slung against you."

Vigor, vitality and resolution are essential in a beginner as well as keenest intelligence and unwearied spirit of application. But the physical qualities are slowly sapped and undermined by such steady exactions of duty and the mental qualities are proportionately deteriorated.

Hence the railway mail system is a huge Gorgon, incessantly, cruelly, devouring specimens of the best manhood of the nation. Under present conditions it must continue to demand and devour, in order that the currents of trade and the tides of civilization may continue to flow. Suspend the man-wrecking process a single week for needed universal rest and social chaos would ensue.

Bridget, I am tired of your carelessness. Only look at all that dust lying about on the furniture; it is six months old at the very least. Bridget (very dignified): Then it is no fault of mine. You knows very well, mum, that I have been with you only three months.

The world gets sufficient heat from the sun in a year to melt a coat of ice 46 feet thick all over the globe.

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BIGGEST FORT IN AMERICA

GREAT GRANITE TURRET BUILDING AT HALIFAX.

Gunners to be Protected and Work Under Orders From a Conning Tower.

Work was begun at Halifax recently on what is intended to be the most formidable fortification in the Western hemisphere. For a number of years the British Government has been strengthening the defences at Halifax, land and sea. The armament of the garrison, which had become antiquated, was renewed with modern guns of high power, and the British North American squadron, whose summer rendezvous is at Halifax, has been increased from year to year until now it includes some of the finest warships in King Edward's navy.

Within a few years after the completion of the Canadian Pacific Railway, often spoken of as Britain's military highway from ocean to ocean, Esquimalt on the Pacific coast was fortified too, and a garrison established there. This awakening to the tactical value of these two widely distant points in the Canadian Dominion has aroused much interest on both sides of the border, but no explanation of it has been vouchsafed other than the general one of the increasing importance of Canada as an integral part of the British Empire.

The active beginning of construction work has renewed public curiosity as to the details of the plan for the new fortification, but as usual the authorities are reticent, and only a general outline of what is to be done has been made public so far. But now some additional particulars have been ascertained in an unofficial way and these serve to heighten the interest in the great project. The site selected is three miles west of Herring Cove on the neck of land that runs out on the west side of the harbor into the Atlantic ocean and terminates in Cape Sambro.

LOCATION OF THE FORT.

It was at first proposed to build the fort on the shore and have it rise sheer above the sea after the fashion formerly adopted by most European countries, but this suggestion has been put aside and the fort will be located a short distance inland and will be hewn out of the solid rock. The Imperial authorities selected a large granite cliff which has a hollow in the centre. The main part of the fort will be located in this hollow with works to be constructed of cement, giving the appearance of a solid cliff.

It is said that in its general form the fort will follow the design of the armored turret of a modern battleship, and there will be other features of the work that will follow out this analogy with a warship.

The main armament will consist of sixteen guns, the authorities say, but their exact calibre they decline to tell.

These guns will be fired by instructions from a conning tower, and the men handling them will not be exposed. They will work the guns from below, getting the sight and other directions from the conning tower. The guns will of course be of the disappearing type.

The existing fortifications in and about Halifax are on no small scale and their armament is of recent design. Such extensive improvements had been made of late years that the port had come to be considered as very strongly defended, but the new works will be on a scale that will entirely overshadow the old ones.

HE DIDN'T GET EVEN.

Some people are philosophers enough to accept defeat gracefully; others nurse their wrath and spend much time trying to get even.

A man came to a Chicago hotel for one day, and he took dinner outside with a friend. When he went to pay his bill he found that he had been charged for the meal. He protested strongly.

The clerk tried to explain that the American plan was based entirely upon time, and, if he chose to eat elsewhere, it was his look-out; but the man would not be pacified. He asked whether dinnsr was still on, and was informed that it lasted until 9 p.m.

"Then I'll go and tackle it," he exclaimed. "I've eaten one dinner already, but I'm going to get my money's worth out of this old house, or bust!"

He rushed into the dining-room, grabbed a bill of fare, and ordered everything he could think of, his sole idea being to get even. What he couldn't eat he messed up so that it would be of no use to anybody else. When he got through the waiter handed him a bill for $3.75.

"What's that for?" he asked in surprise.

"Your dinner, sir," said the waiter.

"But I've already paid for it in my bill," he protested. "I'm staying here on the American plan."

"Then you should have gone to the other dining-room," said the waiter; "this is the European plan cafe."

The man paid the bill and walked out, farther away than ever from getting even.

THE THREE ENDS OF A ROPE.

An Irishman who was out of work went on board a vessel that was in the harbor, and asked the captain if he could find him work on the ship.

Well, said the captain, at the same time handing the Irishman a piece of rope, If you can find three ends to that rope you shall have some work.

The Irishman got hold of one end of the rope, and showing it to the captain said:

That's one end, your honor.

Then he took hold of the other end, and showing it to the captain as before, said

"And that's two ends, your honor.

Then, taking hold of both ends of the rope, he threw it overboard, saying:

And, faith, there's an end to the rope, your honor!

He was engaged.

She said I was to return all her letters. Did you? I coaxed her to make it up with me. How could I let her know I hadn't kept them?

Enjoyed your party, Bobby? Yes, ma. Well, what little girls did you dance with? Oh, I didn't dance; I had three fights downstairs with Willie Richardson, and I licked him every time.

Each inhabitant of London spends on an average $5.25 a year for gas, as against an average of $1.50 in other British towns.

Involving Half a Million.

One of the most important suits which have been entered since the celebrated War Eagle and Center Star mining suit, will come up for a hearing at the next sitting of the Supreme Court in October.

The case arises out of an action entered by S. S. Taylor, K.C., on behalf of the Star Mfning Co., of Sandon, owners of the Heber Fractional and Rabbit's Paw claims adjoining the Slocan Star, for $500,000 against the Byron N. White Co., owners of the Slocan Star. The latter company are following a lead, the apex of which they claim is on their property, whereas the Star Mining Co. claim that the apex is on the Heber Fraction.

The plaintiffs state that large quantities of extraordinary high grade ore has of late been taken from their property by the people of the Byron N. White Co.

The suit involves the difficult and complex question of the apex, arising under the old mining law, as all these claims were staked in the years 1891-92, and the properties in question are some of the most valuable in the Slocan. A receiver and an injunction has been applied for in connection with the suit.

Another interesting law suit arising out of a mining transaction will come up at the October assizes, which has already been the subject matter of four different actions in the Supreme Court. A writ has been issued by S. S. Taylor, K.C., on behalf of Alex. Sproat and F. McInnes, of New Denver, against C. F. Caldwell, of Kaslo, E. S. Sawyer, of Toronto, and William Chaplain, of St. Catherines, claiming the wrongful disposal of a portion of the ore of the Marion mine, sacked and on the wharf at New Denver. The plaintiffs ask an injunction against the defendants from disposing of the balance of the ore at the mine, and damages for ore already taken and the appointment of a receiver to hold the monies realised from the ore already sold, pending the result of the action. This ore was the subject of an action lately tried at the Supreme Court in Nelson, wherein Marino was the plaintiff and Sproat and McInnes were defendants.—Nelson Miner.

A Poor Excuse.

An alderman tried to defend the present council's expenditures in the presence of the editor the other day, on the ground they were less than those of previous councils. Yes; but so are the necessities for those expenditures, the population and the ability of the people to pay taxes less than they were years ago. The first council for instance paid per year for

Chief of Police	$ 1,200
Clerk, &c	1,020
Treasurer	100
Total	$ 2,320

As will be seen in another column Phoenix gets this work done for $1000, so that Sandon's first councils, as we used to point out at the time, wasted yearly in these offices $1,320 of the people's money. Sandon's present council in these items spends $2,020, or with their eyes open wastes $1,020 of the taxes of the people. These items for the four years make a total of $4,680. That with the waste on the flume this year makes nearly our total deficit, and is the cause of the city's bankruptcy. If the lost taxes of the first years had been placed to the credit of the sinking fund, and our councils had run the place as Phoenix is being run, instead of being bankrupt now Sandon should have from $2,000 to $4,000 cash in the bank. Alderman Duffy, for instance, would rather fight for "the union" at the council than look into such matters.

The great strike at Pittsburg between the steel workers and the men continues, with appearances as if the employers were gaining ground. It is regrettable that such troubles should arise from such a cause. Wages or hours are not at all in the dispute. The unions want to force the employers to make certain mills union, and the employers positively refused to do it. To most people it would seem the employers should be allowed to run their mills as they see proper, so long as they pay proper wages and do not work their men unfairly. Troubles arising in this way will yet force the legislatures to act decisively for the country's welfare.

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Certificates of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Daniel, Gordon, Galt, Donnelly and Crawford Fractional Mineral Claims.

Situate in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: adjoining the City of Sandon on the North West.

Take notice that the Urban Mining Company Limited, Non-Personal Liability, Free Miner's Certificate No. B 52337, intends 60 days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificates of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of each of the above claims

And further take notice that action under Section 37 must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificates of Improvements.

Dated this 28th day of June, 1901.

THE URBAN MINING COMPANY, Limited, NON-PERSONAL LIABILITY.

Certificates of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Morning Sun and Shogo Mineral Claims.

Situate in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: In the forks of Sandon creek, near the Slocan Star.

Take notice that I, Wm. S Drewry, acting as agent for the Byron N. White Co., Ltd., Free Miner's Certificate No. B 52335, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificates of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of each of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificates of Improvements.

Dated this 4th day of July, A. D. 1901.

W. S. DREWRY.

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