The Mining Review.

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SPANISH CRUELTY.

A Description of Spanish Rule in the Phillippines.

Perhaps at this time when public interest is so much centred upon Manilla and the Phillippines generally, it would not be out of place for me to describe a few of the incidents of the Phillippines.

The insurrection of 1896-7 during which years I was on the islands, and what I have to say, will not, I am sure, tend to heighten the public opinion of the Spaniards. However, there are exceptions even in Spaniards, and I must say that Blanco, who was governor-general of the islands at that time, was one. It may also be said to his credit that during his administration the Phillippines, generally, made more advancement than they had ever been known to do before under any other of the previous governors. Nearly everyone has a fair conception of butcher Weyler's character, Blanco's predecessor. Count Polevieja, who succeeded Blanco, was a repetition of the butcher. The fact of the matter was, Blanco was too fair minded and in some cases strove too much for educational advancement and reforms among the natives to suit the Franciscan friars, who with the archbishop of Manilla at their head, opposed such advancement. It was not by any means desirable to them for the native to have any more enlightenment or education than he had previous to Blanco's reign for the natives would then see through their flimsy mockeries for extorting and squeezing in every way possible money from them who could barely afford the necessities to keep body and soul together, under the guise of religion.

Blanco did not suit the priests', or rather monks', idea of what a governor should be. So in a very mysterious manner news reached Blanco from Madrid to return as his successor had been appointed, namely, Count Polevieja. But I may add that the Spanish government did, at least, show some gratitude and appreciation of his able administration by subsequently appointing him to the governor-generalship of Cuba.

While Blanco would give a man a fair trial, and if he could prove an alibi, release him. Polevieja on the other hand would condemn upon evidence thrust upon him. If a native or half caste were brought up before him suspected of being implicated directly or indirectly, in the rebellion, and certain questions, which if not answered to the entire satisfaction of Polevieja, the unfortunate native or half caste was immediately taken to the torture chamber where he was subjected to the most fearful tortures imaginable, and the agony thus inflicted was so great that in most cases the poor tortured native would cry out and confess to things he had not committed, for the sake of saving himself temporarily from further torture.

An instance of pure Spanish brutality will be shown in the following:

An old man, nearly 60 years of age, named ambrosio Figaras, who was not himself connected with the insurrection, but had three sons fighting for Filipinni Libre, in Aquinaldo's insurgent army, was arrested on a trumped up charge, the Spanish authorities at Manilla thinking to obtain some information from him as to his sons whereabouts. His arrest was swift and he was immediately brought before the acting military governor of the island. The governor finding he could or would not furnish the desired information was at once taken to the torture chamber, a dark, stone-flagged dungeon in the walls of the city fortifications. At first he was subjected to beating on the soles of the feet with stout rattans, this being an old Chinese custom, but used by that so-called Christian nation Spain. This mode of torture proving ineffectual, the old fashioned thum screws were applied, and one can readily conceive what agony these little instruments of torture can produce. They were actually the same that have been preserved since the Inquisition in the old Manilla monastry of St. Augustine. He, poor wretch, already half dead with his heathenish treatment but still resolved not to betray his sons, whereabouts, is tied onto a seat, a tap placed over his head and water is permitted to slowly drop upon his head. This is the worst torture imaginable, and after the poor old man had been driven to the brink of insanity, but still obdurate, is released and taken to his cell to recover, the authorities intending to subject him to fresh tortures, but he managed to escape by one of the sons whom he had suffered so much for, bribing the lieutenant in charge.

The final torture, which generally means confess, is a strap passed around the victim's body, and attached to the strap is a rope passed through a pulley in the ceiling. The unfortunate prisoner is hauled up and if he does not confess is let go with a run and is dashed on the stone floor, and if he is not fortunately killed is maimed for life.

Mining Experience.

Experience is a good educator in mining as well as other branches of business. The diatribes of former years against the assessment principle have almost ceased, and in some states, notably Washington, the treasury stock plan is giving way to the assessment idea. While much that has been urged against the plan of assessing mining stock is so, and while nothing can be said too condemnatory of its abuse, yet the fact remains that no other device has ever been found to satisfactorily secure the working of a mine where unanimity did not prevail among the stockholders. Spokane mining companies are among the latest to see plainly that assessable stock is the kind that best insures the development of a mining property, and while new companies in that section are adopting that plan in incorporating, old companies are reorganizing and amending their by-laws "So as to authorize the levy of assessments on the capital stock of the company from time to time, as the business of the company may require."—Mining and Scientific Press.

The Terms of Peace.

The protocol provides:

1. That Spain will relinquish all claim of sovereignty over and title to Cuba.

2. That Porto Rico and other Spanish islands in the West Indies, and an island in the Ladrones, to be selected by the United States, shall be ceded to the latter.

3. That the United States will occupy and hold the city, bay and harbor of Manila, pending the conclusion of a treaty of peace, which shall determine the control, disposition and government of the Phillippines.

4. That Cuba, Porto Rico and the other Spanish islands in the West Indies shall be immediately evacuated and that commissioners, to be appointed within ten days shall, within thirty days from the signing of the protocol meet at Havana and San Juan respectively to arrange and execute the details of the evacuation.

5. That the United States and Spain will each appoint not more than five commissioners to negotiate and conclude a treaty of peace. The commissioners are to meet at Paris, not later than the 1st of October.

6. On the signing of the protocol, hostilities will be suspended, and notice to that effect will be given as soon as possible by each government to the commanders of its military and naval forces.

A BRAVE RESCUE.

R. L. Short and R. Hamilton Save the Lives of Two Men.

Nakusp, B. C., Aug. 11—R. L. Short and Robert Hamilton saved Mr. Gray and Mr. McKenzie from drowning a few days since. A crowd of young people went up to a creek just above here to spend the day and in the afternoon went in bathing in the lake just at the mouth of the creek.

Mr. McKenzie or Mr. Gray could not swim and started out to wade out to a snag just beyond the "pitch off," thinking it was shallow enough to wade all the way. When they waded over the "pitch off" they went down. R. L. Short was about 30 feet off, and being a good swimmer covered the distance before the two came up. When Gray and McKenzie came to the surface they had a hold on each other and Short succeeded in getting a hold on Gray's hand and started for the shore. The load was too heavy and all of them were carried to the bottom. He pulled them along, however, till he came to the "pitch off." Then he (Short) managed to just get on the brink of it, still holding to Gray's hand, while Mckenzie had death grip on Gray also. Robt. Hamilton came to Short's rescue and they succeeded in getting the two nearly drowned men on their feet and helped them ashore.

It was a heroic deed on the part of R. L. Short, and he deserves great credit for it. He is well known throughout the country as well as in Washington and Oregon as a brave lad of about twenty years.

GANANOQUE'S POPULAR BAKER.

Mr. Lawrence O'Neill the well-known dispenser of the "staff of life," Gananoque, Ont., says: "I have used Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills and can highly recommend them for heart troubles and nervousness."

CANADA'S SILVER MINES.

The Dominion Is Destined to Be the World's Greatest Silver Producer.

Canada will one day be one of the greatest silver-producing countries in the world. The mineral wealth of British Columbia alone is sufficient to attract the attention of mining men from every quarter of the globe. And the half has not yet been told. When the mining industry becomes thoroughly active, and the great silver producing mines of B. C. are opened up, Canada will, if her interests are properly guarded, have the opportunity of stepping out among the nations of the world as a nation among nations.

But Canada can never hope to be anything more than a heavily indebted dependency of England, until her people and her statesman awaken to the fact that she was destined to be something greater, and take steps to remove the impediments that have for years blocked her progress.

The greatest of these is the principle that Canada must go abroad for her metallic money, and depend entirely upon the banks for her medium of exchange—a paper currency. Canada probably has the smallest amount of metallic money in circulation, and the greatest paper money inflation, of any country in the civilized world; with equal resources and liabilities. She is reported to have fourteen millions of gold, every dollar of which has the fiat of some foreign nation stamped upon. None of it is Canadian money; all of it has been borrowed. In addition to this gold, Canada has five millions of silver money. This is stamped with the fiat of the Canadian government, but every piece of it was coined in the mints of England, of enormous loss to Canada. The only medium answering for money that Canada has in circulation that is of home production are the promises to pay issued by the banks. There is upwards of fifty millions of this money in circulation, nearly three times the total amount of all her metallic money.

Paper currency, because lacking an intrinsic, metallic value, is not real money, but only represents such money. It is unimpeachable only in so far as it can be redeemed by real money. And yet it is upon this kind of money that all business in Canada is transacted. Canada is, and has always been, a rich producer of the money metals, gold and silver. Millions have gone from her mineral belts to enrich foreign countries who have no other interest in Canada than to make to her annual loans of her own metals coined into money at the usual rate of interest. The logical position for Canada to assume is to reduce the amount of paper currency in circulation, in which there is no real value, and replace it with home minted metal money, that will go abroad and into the money marts, a money that would be respected in any land.

But Canada has no mint, it is argued, and could not support one. It is true, sadly true, that Canada has not a mint, but it is folly to say that this country, so vastly rich in gold and silver, could not keep up a mint. It is one of those colonial ideas that should be done away with like the excessive use of paper money. If Canada is ever to be anything more than what she is, she must push ahead and grasp the opportunity now presenting itself. She needs above everything else a mint.

A Fierce Tornado.

Minneapolis, Minn., Aug. 15.—A Canby, Minn., special to the Journal says: A tornado last night struck 12 miles northwest of this place, killed seven people, destroyed many buildings and did great damage to the crops. The entire family of Joseph Hutchison, including his wife and four children, were killed, also Peter Juglin. The storm was not wide in extent but very violent. Seven people are missing and some of them may be killed. The storm was on the border between southwestern Minnesota and South Dakota.

TOOYEA FINDS.

Men Returning to Glenora After a Futile Trip.

The men who left Glenora for the Tooyea district have nearly all returned. One party states that the only nuggets they found were ice nuggets — hailstones. They claim to have experienced many hard hailstorms. Another party has recorded 15 claims in the Tooyea country, 13 placer and 2 quartz. The rock of the latter claims is of a free-milling kind, and assays of it are being obtained. They believe they have struck it rich, but won't know until they get returns from the specimens sent to the assayers. There is no doubt but that in time the Tooyea country will contribute its share of wealth to the coffers of the world, but at present writing it costs so much to get supplies into that country that a man cannot afford to work ground that will pay him less than $20 a day for his labor. Up to the present no such ground has been discovered.

Whitewater Notes.

At present Whitewater is one of the best mining camps in British Columbia as is evidenced by the number of men who arrive daily and succeed in getting work in the vicinity. About 100 men are employed at the Whitewater mine, 40 by the Whitewater Deep, 20 at the Northern Belle, and 12 by the Charleston. The wages paid are scarcely to be excelled in any part of the world, Klondyke excepted, being $3 to $3.50 per day in all the mines. The location of the town is not just what one would desire on account of the dried trunks of fallen timber and the stumps which are around and within the town, rendering it more or less in danger of fire in such a season of heat as the present.

There are now two general stores each of which is doing a splendid business; and the hotels, of which the Whitewater is the principal, under the proprietorship of Mr. Martin, are always crowded.

The splendid new building on Avenue C is being fitted up in two divisions, one as a drug store by J. S. Patterson of Kuskonook and the other by the general store man, J. J. Ullman.

Pleased With Sandon.

Mr. Adams, of Montreal, owner of the Adams group of mines here, and father of Mr. W. C. Adams, who is managing this group, arrived in the city a few days ago, and is remaining for some time looking after the property. He has several properties in the Boundary country and other parts of the province, and he does not hesitate to say that this is pre-eminently the most promising camp he knows of in the country. That is in prospect for prospect, there are fewer chances of losing and correspondingly more chances of succeeding here. He is well pleased with the prospects of the Adams group here.

CHURCH NOTES.

METHODIST, Rev. A. M. Sanford, A.B., pastor.—Regular services will be held to-morrow at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Morning subject, "The Chief Work of the Church." Evening, "The Triumphs of Goodness."

PRESBYTERIAN.—Rev. J. Clelland will preach as usual in the Virginia hall, to-morrow at 11 a.m. and 7.30 p. m.

Union Sabbath School in the Methodist church at 3 p. m. Everybody welcome.

PERSONAL MENTION.

M. A. Buck, M.E., of Kaslo, was in the city this week.

D. S. Forbes and J. B. Cliffe went prospecting on Arrow lake on Monday last.

John Bull, of Slocan City, was a pleasant caller on The REVIEW, this week.

Mr. Vallance went east Thursday morning. He is not expected to return alone.

Miss Nellie Beamis and her sister, May Lyons, spent a few days this week visiting in Whitewater.

J. A. McFarlane, representing McFarlane & Co, druggist and assayers' supplies, was in town Monday.

Mr. Waugh, editor of the Farmers' Advocate, Winnipeg, was in the city this week. He says he would hardly know where to start a plow here.

Mr. J. G. Main has gone to Ontario where his wife is very ill. She went to visit her parents, north of Toronto, some weeks ago and was taken ill while there.

S. G. Faulkner, manager for the North American Life in B. C., was in the city the past week working up a good business for the old reliable insurance company.

Mr. McGregor, inspector of mines for the province is in the city and spending several days inspecting the surrounding mines to collect material for his annual report.

D. Coulson, the manager of the Bank of Toronto, and W. G. Smith, manager of the Bank of Ontario, accompanied by Mrs. Coulson, Frank and Harry Coulson, have been in the city some days looking over the mining field. They speak very highly of it.

LABOR DAY CELEBRATION.

Sandon to the Front With a Big List of Sports and Prizes.

As the citizens of Sandon allowed the 24th of May and 1st of July to go by default out of deference to the wishes and enterprise of the townspeople of other places, they expect the residents of the surrounding hills for a radius of 100 miles to join them on the 5th to give vim and zest to Labor Day. On the previous holidays of the year our town became depopulated—everyone going abroad to exhibit his loyalty where loyalty was observed. Under the circumstances, now that we are the first, and doubtless the only people in the country about, to lay hands on Labor Day, we expect the community around to join us in making the hills resound with the war whoops of joy.

A very large purse has been put together and, bills are being printed for general distribution, announcing the full programme, which will simply be most exhaustive. There will be a wide scope for everyone so that any man, woman or child who can distinguish himself, herself or itself in any channel will have open opportunity to load themselves down with prize money. As none of our citizens are experts in any line, the wider will be the field for visitors. Complete arrangements will be made with the railways for low rates, and a full day at the sports. Hunt up the bills; remember the 5th of September, and bear in mind that our streets assay in minerals as high as some of the mines that are being worked in different parts of the country.

An Enquiry From the East.

A correspondent from Milbrook, Ont., writes us enquiring about the Sandon Mining & Milling Co., Limited, and the Mother Lode Mining & Milling Co., Limited. We can find no trace of the latter, and conclude that it must belong to Rossland, Revelstoke or some other camp. The former was incorporated by A. D. Williams and kindred spirits. We believe it did at one time hold some good property, but as the law relating to such matters was never complied with the whole business has fallen through, and shareholders will lose all they put into it. The laws of the country are not encouraging straw ventures, but they are unable to fully suppress them. We would advise no one to purchase stock simply because it is offered and cheap, without first satisfying themselves by full enquery as to the reliability of the men connected with the institutions. We have plenty of good properties and reliable men connected with them, so there is no necessity for being either duped or hoaxed, if the public will only make a proper enquiry before parting with their money.

The Silver Bell Mine.

One of the future bonanzas of the Slocan country is the Silver Bell, located about four miles from McGuigan station on the Kaslo & Slocan railway. Surrounded by such rich and well-known properties as the Rainbow, Cariboo, Surprise, Antoine, Red Fox etc., it is not surprising that the Silver Bell should be proving to be even more than its owners anticipated as development continues.

L. S. Roberts, of Spokane, one of the owners of this high grade galena producers, returned the other day from a visit of inspection to the property and expresses himself as more than satisfied with the appearance of the mine. There is a good-sized force of men at work under Foreman Mike Sweeney, working double shifts, and every day's work blocks out more and better ore bodies. A tunnel was run to crosscut the ledge, which was reached at a distance from the portal of about 140 feet. The drifting was done on the ore body each way for some forty feet. The result of this work has been most satisfactory to the owners, so much so in fact that the force of men at work will be largely increased at an early date, and the development of ore blocking pushed as fast as possible to further demonstrate values and quantities.

The Silver Bell group, comprising about 75 acres of ground, is owned by the Native Silver Bell Mining Company, composed largely of Spokane men, including F. Lewis Clark, Charles Sweeney, W. B. Roberts, L. S. Roberts and others. It is a close corporation and but little is heard of its stock in the market, as the gentlemen interested are well known to be amply able to do whatever development may be necessary to put the mine on a paying basis. There are several strong leads on the property and the grade of the ore runs exceedingly high. Mr. Roberts states that much of the crude ore of the Silver Bell runs higher than the concentrates of many other Slocan properties more often spoken of. It appears probable that before snow flies the Silver Bell will be classed among the great mines of the Silvery Slocan.

MINING RECORDS.

Recorded at New Denver.

LOCATIONS.

Aug 10—Stranger, Seaton creek, M C Ryan, R Strangeway, Wm Ryan, W N Godfrey
Empire, Bear lake, Jas Wilson
St Lawrence, Cody creek, Donald McDonald
Happy Delivery, Silver mountain, T Lonegan
Missing Link Fraction, Alpha mountain, Jas Ward
Aug 12—Virginia, Howson creek, J W Lowes
Maggie F, adjoining Peoria, J Fyfe
Ohio, Seaton creek, M C Ryan, W Ryan, W Godfrey, R Strangeway.
New Era Fraction, Fennel creek, F H Bartlett
Arcade, Carpenter, F H Bartlett, H Goodfellow
Imperial, south fork Carpenter, J B Cliffe
Aug 13—Havana, north fork Carpenter, Geo Henderson
Aug 15—Captive, head Sandon creek, W E Noble
Mary T Fraction, Almo basin, C H Rashdall
New Comet, Eight mile, John T Vick
Nancy Lee, Gold Hill, M E Bragdon
Protection, Dolly Varden mountain, E J Mathews
Jehovah Fraction, same, John B Martin
Snowbird, same, E J Mathews
St Peter's Boy, on Kaslo road, relocation of Ohio, Douglas Andrews
Grand View, south fork Cody R C Riblet
Tiger, Sandon creek, Ivan E Ward
Silver Tip, south fork Carpenter, W Cunningham
Aug 16—Good Day, Payne mountain, John Rough

ASSESSMENTS.

Aug 10—Oakland, Silver Bell, Hustler, United
Aug 11—Fedora, White Horse, Black Horse
Aug 12—Bell Fraction, Bonnie Jean, Highland
Aug 13—Ironclad, Chetopa, Opaiunka
Aug 15—Eclipse, Eric, Silver Cord, Tom Bowling, Big Kenewha, Transit, Hattie E, St Antoine, Belfast, Ottawa Boy, Good Hope Fraction, Omega, Vulture, Brunswick, Farlingdon, Illinois, Hub
Aug 16—Edith, MacKenham, Thursday Fraction

TRANSFERS.

Aug 9—Bird Fraction 1-3, Norman McMillan to S T Walker, Aug 8, $25.00.
Bird Fraction 1-8, S T Walker to T Sherman, Aug 9, $15.00
Black Grouse, north fork Avalon, Nathaniel Sloan, David Shem and J D Ryan to Joseph Furlong, option.
Climax 2-8, Otto Heiper to H S Gillette, July 28, $7.50.
Sunrise 1-2, same to same, July 28, $1,000.
Dolly Varden, Ensign, Archie, Black Fox, notice of interest awarded by court to Geo T Payne against Alfred Robinson and A McWright.
Aug 10—Iron mountain, Silver Cup No 2, Sonia, Mountain Chief No 3, Douglas Van Dorn by Sheriff to Joseph Sturgeon, Aug 6, $200.
Avalon, A C Allen to David Sloan and Jas D Ryan, July 25, $300.
Aug 11—Dolly Varden, Archie, order of court adjusting interest between Geo W Innes and Jas H Startsman and L McDonald.
Aug 12—Furlong Fraction, Pat Mooney to Jos Furlong, bill of sale in escrow.
Rockland, interest of Geo Le Duke claimed by Wm Ward Spinks 15—Powerneer.
Aug 15—Power of attorney, S W Taylor to W D Mitchell, Aug 11.

McGuigan Items.

McGuigan, August 18.—The Surprise mine in the Surprise basin has re-opened with a few men.

The Antoine mine shipped one car of ore this week. Mr. Ryan says many more are to follow, as the mine is looking remarkably well.

The new pipe for the Dardenelles company has not yet arrived. It should have been here by the 1st of the month, and is anxiously looked for every day now.

Club Meeting.

The annual meeting of the Sandon Club was held in the club rooms on the 8th inst. The meeting was largely attended. Reports for the year made satisfactory and election of officers followed: President, F. T. Kelly; vice-president, Bruce White; J. D. Giegerich, Dr. Young, T. H. Paterson, Frank Woods, James Vallance, J. M. Harris, F. L. Christie, committee; E. M. Sandilands, sec-treas.; M. L. Grimmett, C. D. Hunter and Dr. Young, trustees.

The club has a membership of about 100, and as the rooms are the most comfortable and the best equipped in the country, the members and visitors always feel at home there in their leisure hours.

Does Advertising Pay?

The Chicago correspondent of the Montreal Herald writing about the newspaper strike in Chicago says: "Chicago has probably as great, if not greater, advertisers than any city on the continent. They have found that it pays them, and in a judicious and very clever manner they lose no opportunity to announce their wares through the columns of the newspapers. People get in the habit of watching the papers for certain lines, particularly when prices are given. I speak, of course, of Chicago, though it may apply equally well to Montreal. Now comes the interesting fact.

The manager of one of the largest departments of Seigel & Cooper, who employ no less than 3,000 hands, told me that their business fell off two-thirds through being unable to advertise. I never was cut out for an advertising agent, but it seems to me that, with such a statement, coming from such an authority, I could fill the columns of every paper in Montreal. The manager of Frank's Boot Department, another immense establishment, declared that their business was cut in half, and it would be a happy day for him when the newspapers resumed publication."

MINING BRIEFS.

With Scissors and Pen.

The Emily Edith, of Silverton, is now a shipper.

Hugh Sutherland is putting 20 men at work on the Evening Star.

The Payne shipped 240 tons of ore over the C. P. R. the past week.

H. F. Butcher from South Africa is the new manager of the Queen Bess.

The Alamo concentrator bins that were broken are being replaced by new ones.

The L. H., a gold property near Silverton, assays $25 to the ton and has a 60 feet ledge.

It is said that Scott McDonald has paid $10,000 cash for two-thirds of the Fidelity mine.

The Centre Star, at Rossland, has been sold to the Blackstock syndicate at Toronto for $2,000,000.

The Canadian group, near here, is showing up remarkably well. Eighteen inches of clean ore would make any miner's eyes water.

A strike of 3ft. solid ore in the Miller Creek mine, near the Wonderful, has been encountered—all proving the fact that the hills around Sandon are everywhere loaded with ore.

It is reported that there is a sale about made of the Southern Chief, lying close to the Howard Fraction on Gold Hill. Messrs. Cross and Foley are the owners and have been working it since early in the spring.

Mr. Adams reports much progress on the Adams group. In both that group and the Canadian group adjoining, ore has been found for some time in paying quantities. The Canadian group is now a regular shipper and the Adams will follow in a very short time.

Messrs. Mulvey and Clements are pushing work on the Calumet and Hecla, in the Dayton basin. This claim has a very large ledge, carrying galena which appears well adapted for concentration. The owners are driving a tunnel to tap the ledge at a greater depth.

W. Thomlinson and others have a 60 days option on the Arden and Kelvin claims, adjoining the California, on Silver mountain. The claims are being closely prospected, and considerable work is being done on a promising lead which runs through the both properties.

A deal was consummated Wednesday whereby the two-third interest in the Fidelity mine, owned by L. F. Holtz and A. S. Williamson, was sold for a cash consideration, said to be $10,000. Scott McDonald was the buyer. The property will now go into the hands of a company financially able to work it.

Messrs. Hicks and Barber, owners of the Transfer mine in Dayton basin, have opened up a four-foot ledge of ore, carrying galena, black sulphides and native silver. The owners feel considerably elated over their find, and with good reason as it bids fair to become a valuable producer from the grass roots.

Sandon Ore Shipments.

The following is a list of ore shipments over the K. & S. from Sandon for the week ending August 19:

MINE.	TONS.
Payne	100
Slocan Star	60
Ruth	85
Total	245

A Golden Island.

Ore running $300 to the ton, free milling, has been struck on a Queen Charlotte island, by a man named McMillan. He brought half a ton of samples from the north to Vancouver, among the richest seen here. McMillan has been prospecting on the islands for two years entirely alone with Indians.

DREADFULLY NERVOUS.

GENTS:—I was dreadfully nervous, and for relief took your Karl's Clover Root Tea. It quieted my nerves and strengthened my whole nervous system. I was troubled with constipation, kidney and bowel trouble. Your Tea soon cleansed my system so thoroughly that I rapidly regained health and strength. Mrs. S. A. Sweet, Hartford, Conn. Sold at McQueen's Drug Store.

A CLEAR SKIN.

No one can have a skin clear and free from blemish whose blood is impure. Burdock Blood Bitters purifies the blood and removes pimples and all kinds of eruptions, leaving the skin clear and smooth.

The Mining Review

SANDON, BRITISH COLUMBIA,
SATURDAY.....AUGUST 20, 1898

SUBSCRIPTION $2.00 PER YEAR
STRICTLY IN ADVNACE.

GETTING IT SOUNDLY.

Lieut-Governor McInnes appears to be getting it soundly on all hands, and most deservedly so, for his two most unjustifiable acts—the dismissal of Premier Turner and the calling in of Mr. Beaven. Here is what the Toronto Globe has to say on the matter:

"The reasons for the action of the lieut.-governor in dismissing one ministry and sending for a defeated candidate to form another may possibly be revealed later on, but at present it is difficult to explain or to justify it, or to compare it with anything in the political history of the Dominion. The dismissal of a ministry by a lieut.-governor has been defended on the ground of corruption, rendering the continuance of the ministry in office a public danger, but Mr. McInnes does not assign this as one of his reasons. He simply declares that Premier Turner does not enjoy the confidence of the people.

The ordinary course is to send for the leader of the opposition, but Mr. McInnes says that he cannot decide whether the opposition would prefer Joseph Martin or Mr. Semlin to form a government. Therefore he solves the problem by sending for a gentleman of whom, so far as is revealed at present, the opposition were not thinking at all. He says to the legislature and people in effect: 'As I am not quite sure whom you want I shall please myself.'

"If the lieut.-governor was in a state of uncertainty as to the result of the election surely the proper place for discussion of that question was in the newly elected legislature. If he was right in his belief that Premier Turner was in a minority, Mr. Turner would have been defeated and it would very soon have appeared who was the choice of the newly elected representatives of the people. If he believed that Mr. Turner ought not to hold office for a long period while the question was undecided he could have ensured a speedy decision by summoning the legislature at once.

"The lieutenant-governor's action in passing over the recognized political leaders and sending for a rejected candidate is simply a denial of popular government."

The Globe's contentions are identical with ours from the start, and they certainly are the proper ones. Turner had at least fifteen solid supporters at the start. The fact that the opposition candidate was snowed under in Cassiar is proof that the two men elected are Turnerites, and the further fact that the opposition are protesting the seats of the independents is proof that Turner could depend on them also. He then, on the surface, had half the House with the offer of two vacant portfolios and a speakership to strengthen his position; and in the face of this his honor brought himself down to the level of an opposition newspaper and alleged that Turner had not the confidence of the legislature. Were there no constitutional means open to him to get the facts, he might have some excuse for operating on the fancies. If he found the Turner party were elected corruptly, or were acting corruptly after election, he would have strong ground in dismissal for corruption; but corruption has never been whispered. In his course, he was then influenced either by gossip in his minority conclusion or by a still more indefensible motive—the advancement of the interests of his son. As, however, there was an undisputed constitutional course open to settle his doubt as to strengthen him, the adoption of which would have been disapproved of by no one—he should have taken it, and insisted on an early session of parliament. This would have disposed of the matter effectually and without hardship on any one. It atso would have afforded him conviction on the opposition leadership, on which he says he was in doubt. In that early session who was to be the leader of the opposition would also be fully disposed of, as he would have seen that fuctionary in his place in the parliament.

Mr. Beaven can never make an explanation to justify his haste any more than His honor can to defend his act, and both must bear the effectual mark of public disapproval together. Even though ambitious Mr. Beaven should have ascertained his following before accepting the responsibility of attempting cabinet making though forced upon him. He knew there were two well-defined parties in the parliament in a tug of war for office, and, even though he formed his cabinet from without the House, without one entire party or a majority from both, he could do nothing. Ordinary foresight then would have suggested a consideration of forces before he jumped at conclusions. As in his leap, however, like His honor, he jumped into the brambles, he must be prepared to bear the scratches which will mark both effectually during their natural lives.

"JOE" NOT IN IT.

From an article in Saturday's Province, it is evident that the provincial cabinet trouble does not end with the resignation of Mr. Beaven. Mr. Semlin has undertaken cabinet making. "Joe" Martin has refused to enter it on the ground that Semlin is not the leader of the opposition, and that no leader will be selected until the 26th. The Province suggests that Semlin should have advised the lieut.-governor to hold the whole matter in abeyance till after the 26th, which, of course, he could not have done. Under our constitution, the country cannot be left without a government. Turner has been dismissed, Beaven has failed to form a ministry, and Semlin, when called on, had a perfect right to go on cabinet making. If, after the 26th, it is found the new government want some one other than Semlin for leader, the change, even after the cabinet is sworn in, is easily made. Mr. Semlin is now the recognized leader of the party, and he is perfectly justified in exercising all the functions of leader, even to forming a cabinet, until he is deposed by his party.

The fact of the matter is Joe Martin has "a far away hope" that he may be chosen leader by his party; but even if he was, it would avail him nothing, as on the first opportunity he would be rejected by the country, and he ought to know it—in short his whole party would suffer through his promotion. As a matter of right the Liberals should have three members in the cabinet, with Martin as attorney-general, and the Conservatives three. If Joe Martin and his friends will not be satisfied with this, the only thing is to let them go, and hoe the row without them.

Since the foregoing was put in type, Joe reconsidered his refusal and accepted office under Mr. Semlin. When he found that a cabinet could be formed as well without as with him, he capitulated, and is now Attorney-General, Mr. Cotton taking Finance and Premier Semlin Land and Public Works. The other ministers will be named shortly.

The new government after re-election should pass a proper redistribution measure, and then go to the country, in which case they would come back two to one. In the present House they cannot have a strong government.

ADVERTISE.

It may not appear the best thing to some people, but, none the less, we believe it to be the fact, that if the owners of some of our stand-bys of mines such as the Payne, the Star, the Reco, the Ruth and others were to sell some of their stock in the eastern cities of Canada, the dividends the purchasers would receive would at once bring the Sandon camp to the front with a rush the like of which has never before been experienced in this country. Go where you will in the east, and all that is heard of is Rossland, and yet there are but two mines there that have paid dividends, the Payne here paying much more than both combined. The truth is the outside world has no knowledge of the success of our dividend paying properties or of the new ones unfolding that are fast creeping on to the record of the old established ones. If, as we have said, capitalists abroad only knew what is being earned by our dividend paying properties, and the little expenditure required here compared with what is required in gold propositions, to bring our newer ones into dividend payers, there would be an unprecedented rush for the Sandon section of the Slocan.

If this cannot be accomplished, the next best thing to do is for the city council, and the owners of properties most interested, to advertise the facts. Go outside of British Columbia anywhere, and you will find but few, who are in a position to invest, who have heard of the Slocan, and fewer still who know that we have dividend paying properties; and that is what capital is in search of. We repeat it again, those who have properties or stock to dispose of are standing in their own light very seriously in not exerting themselves to have the facts fully placed before the capitalists, not only of Canada, but of the world at large.

There are many thousands of wise women in this country who, when they found that they were suffering from weakness or disease of their distinctly womanly organisms, promptly wrote to an eminent and skillful physician, with a world-wide reputation, instead of trusting their cases to some obscure physician with but limited practice and experience. There are many reasons why a wise woman follows this course. The chances are that an obscure physician of small practice will not diagnose troubles of this nature properly. If he does, he will insist on the obnoxious examinations and local treatment from which every sensitive, modest woman shrinks.

The specialist referred to is Dr. R. V. Pierce, for thirty years chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. Thirty years ago he discovered a wonderful medicine for diseases peculiar to women, that may be used effectively in the privacy of the home, and does away with all necessity for examinations and local treatment. This medicine is known as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It acts directly on the delicate and important organs concerned in wifehood and motherhood. It makes them strong, healthy and vigorous. It allays inflammation, heals ulceration, soothes pain and tones and builds up the nerves. Taken during the period of prospective maternity, it banishes the usual discomforts and makes baby's coming easy and almost painless. It insures the little new-comer's health and an ample supply of nourishment. Over ninety thousand women have testified to its marvelous merits. Medicine dealers sell it.

It is a druggist's business to give you, not to tell you, what you want.

Any ailing woman may write to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., and get free advice. By inclosing 31 one-cent stamps in her letter, *to cover cost of customs and mailing only*, she may secure a paper-covered copy of the "People's Common Sense Medical Adviser." Cloth bound, 50 stamps.

Pecksniff, of the Winnipeg Tribune, says McInnes did right in dismissing Turner; but this is so like Pecksniff. The Globe on the other hand says he did wrong, because outside of newspaper report and party gossip, the governor had no means of knowing how the parties stood. It is a great pity governors do not always take the advice of papers like the Tribune, that can never see an inch beyond their political spectacles. Fair play never troubles their conscience.

HAGYARD'S PECTORAL BALSAM has no superior for Coughs, Colds, throat and lung troubles of young or old. Pleasant to take. Price 25c.

How a person can gain a pound a day by taking an ounce of Scott's Emulsiom is hard to explain, but it certainly happens.

It seems to start the digestive machinery working properly. You obtain a greater benefit from your food.

The oil being predigested, and combined with the hypophosphites, makes a food tonic of wonderful flesh-forming power.

All physicians know this to to be a fact.

All druggists; 50c. and $1.00.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto

A Martyr to Diarrhoea.

Tells of relief from suffering by Dr. Fowler's Ext. of Wild Strawberry.

There are many people martyrs to bowel complaints who would find Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry a wonderful blessing to them. It not only checks the diarrhœa but soothes and heals the inflamed and irritated bowel, so that permanent relief is obtained.

Mrs. Andrew Jackson, Houghton, Ont., sends the following letter: "For the past two or three years I have been a martyr to that dreadful disease diarrhœa. I tried every remedy I heard of and spent a good deal of money trying to get cured but all failed until I happened to read of a lady who was cured by using Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. I purchased a bottle and commenced taking it according to directions and was cured in a very short time. I cannot praise the remedy too highly for what it did for me."

Pyny-Pectoral

A QUICK CURE FOR
COUGHS AND COLDS
Very valuable Remedy in all affections of the
THROAT or LUNGS
Large Bottles, 25c.
DAVIS & LAWRENCE CO., Limited
Prop's. of Perry Davis' Pain-Killer

PRICES OF MAGAZINES.

The following monthly magazines are always kept in stock at Cliffe's Bookstore:

MAGAZINE.	PRICE.
The Young Ladies' Journal	35 cents
" Cosmopolitan	15 "
" Arena	30 "
" Ladies' Home Journal	15 "
" Canadian	15 "
Munsey's	15 "

A KIDNEY BLOCKADE

Is a serious thing for the whole body and call for speedy relief. Doan's Kidney Pills break up any kidney blockade and cure Backache, Dropsy, Diabetes, Bright's Disease, Urinary troubles and Bladder weakness.

TO CURE COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take LaxativeBromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25 cents.

A WORD WITH HUSBANDS.

Give Your Wife a Little Praise Once In Awhile and See How It Works.

"If husbands only knew, or, if knowing, only cared, how very much their words and manners affect the temperature of the home world, they would never by word or deed leave it enshrouded in gloom," argues Mrs. A. M. Marriott in an article entitled "Praise Your Wife" in Woman's Home Companion. "To most wives the husband is the sun around which every thought revolves. There is scarcely an instant in which his presence is not felt as she goes about her work or even when at rest. If she is preparing the meals, the way John likes this or that or some remark he has made about some article of food is recalled to mind. If she looks about her, she sees his hats and coats hanging on the hooks, and the hats invariably wear the same expression John's face wore when he left in the morning—a jolly, good humored look if he went away pleasant; if angry, a gruff, defiant, attend to your own business air takes the place of the so lately gentle pliable shapes in felt and fairly bristle with wrath over some trifle, but still enough to obscure the sun in the little world for many a weary day, perchance, ere it is seemingly forgotten.

"There is no true woman but will repay her husband over and over again for kind, thoughtful treatment. He is ready to call her childish, and she may seem so to him; but one thing is sure—a woman never forgets.

"All little deeds of love or thoughtfulness sown by his hand yield a certain and abundant harvest. She may love her home better than any other spot on earth, yet she sometimes gets so weary of the daily routine of never ending duties that fall to her lot that she cannot help an occasional feeling of envy for those who have more time for recreation, for going abroad, for all the little things dear to the heart of every woman, but which the stern hand of duty most effectually debars her from enjoying. Still, for all that, she would not for the whole world exchange places, even if she could, with any other woman, leaving home and John—dear old John—as the price of her freedom from care.

"If your wife has been a faithful and true wife to you, tell her so. Do not think it lowers your manliness any to let her know that she still has a place in your affections. She has toiled early and late for you and your children, through sickness and health, and self denial has grown to be her motto. It takes but little from her loved ones to make her happy, so do not begrudge her a word of praise, now and then as her just reward, and of far more value to her starving heart than gold. There are some things which money can never buy, and wounds which it cannot heal, but love levels all obstacles, overcomes all difficulties and immeasurably sweetens life."

The Basis of Credit.

A man's past record, with but few exceptions, should determine the question of his eligibility for credit in the future. If he has been slow pay in the past, he will probably be slow pay in his next purchases. If he has been prompt and satisfactory, he will likely be the same again. As an instance I might mention a case which recently came under my notice. A trader who had gradually got to be slow and unsatisfactory was compelled to assign. His failure was not due to any misfortune, such as fire or flood, but seemed the natural consequence of his incompetence and lack of management. A wholesale house which had been supplying him lost heavily, but compromised, and as he continued they still sold him, but on 30 days' time. For awhile he promptly attended to his payments, but after a time he got slower and slower, and as he was a liberal buyer and his purchases were allowed to accumulate he soon owed a bill far larger than his means would warrant. As this dragged along for some years a compromise was granted upon this indebtedness also. Still he clung to his old creditor and again ordered goods, promising to send the money within 30 days. But his past record was too much even for so lenient a creditor. He was told plainly that he would get no more goods on credit and that if he ordered anything cash must accompany the order in every case. Now, a man of this stamp is a positive detriment to a man who pays his bills. After thus being refused credit by the old house he will try and get it elsewhere and no doubt will succeed. But if his record is known it should be a final answer to the question of granting him credit.—Hardware.

A Great Polyglot.

Solomon Cæsar Malan habitually conversed with his children in Latin, but on his deathbed, when Solomon, his son, began to recite a psalm in the familiar Vulgate of his youth, the dying man, scholar to the last, muttered, "Non ita, non ita! Hebraice;" so the son repeated it in Hebrew.

He could, for that matter, just as well have said it in Coptic or Chinese, for to him all tongues came naturally. At 18 he could write in 13 languages, oriental and European, and among his published works we find translations from the Arabic, Persian, Syriac, Ethiopic, Hebrew, Coptic, Armenian, Georgian, Mongol, Chinese, Korean, Japanese, Greek, Russian, Welsh and Gothic. He is said to have learned to speak Armenian fluently in a fortnight, and he preached in Georgian to a Georgian congregation in the cathedral of Kutais.—Saturday Review.

An Undesirable Dog.

"What do you think of the dog?" asked the owner.

The dog fancier merely glanced at him and then shook his head.

"He might do pretty well in the country somewhere or pretty far out in the suburbs," he said, "but he isn't homely enough to ever bring much of a price among the dog owners of the fashionable world."—Chicago Post.

THE LETTER.

The letter my lady wrote to me
I would you could see the lines!
There's a flavor of orange blossoms
And a tangle of jessamine vines.

Oh, the letter my lady wrote to me!
I sit in my room and see
The sails on the ships and her red, sweet lips
In the letter she wrote to me.

Oh, the letter my lady wrote to me!
Here is the word she missed,
And here is the word that was never heard
On the line her lips have kissed.

And the letter my lady wrote to me
Close to my heart shall be
Till the judgment day, when I drift away,
Life of my life, from thee!
—Atlanta Constitution.

BURNS AND SCALDS.

Remedies That Should Be Used Before the Doctor Arrives.

A burn may result from excessive heat applied in any way—hot air or hot water, steam, flame or electricity—or even from extreme cold. The injury resulting from contact with hot water or steam is usually called a scald, but is practically the same in its results as a burn.

Surgeons speak of different degrees of a burn, according to the amount of tissue destroyed by it. Thus a burn of the first degree is one that simply reddens and irritates the skin; a burn of the second degree is one that causes actual inflammation of the skin with the formation of blisters, while a burn of the third degree destroys the skin and more or less of the flesh beneath it, or even chars and kills all the tissues, including the bone itself.

The effects of a burn depend partly upon its degree, but not entirely, for a burn even of the first degree may cause death if it involves a very large portion of the surface of the body. This it does by interfering with the necessary excretion of waste matter which is constantly taking place through the skin.

A curious effect of a severe burn in any part of the body is ulceration of the bowels following very intense congestion of the entire digestive canal. The bronchial tubes and the lungs are sometimes injured by the inhalation of steam or very hot air, but even apart from such an accident a person who has been burned about the chest or back is very liable to have an attack of bronchitis or pneumonia in consequence.

The first thing to be done in the case of a burn of any degree is to stop the pain. This should be done not only from the natural impulse to relieve suffering, but because the shock resulting from the injury may be so greatly increased by the agony as to cause the death of the patient, even when the burns in themselves would not do so.

Covering the part with any bland substance, such as olive oil, vaseline, sweet butter or flour paste, to keep off the air will often afford great relief, and in burns of the first degree nothing more may be needed. Carron oil, the name given to a mixture of equal quantities of linseed oil and limewater, was formerly and is still in many workshops the favorite application for a burn. Better still is bicarbonate of soda (cooking soda) or calcined magnesia, made into an ointment with vaseline or lard or dusted thickly over the skin.

Another application which is often exceedingly grateful is a solution of nitrate of potash (nitre). Hunters often make a paste of gunpowder for this purpose. One or other of these applications will usually suffice in mild cases, and in severe burns will help to reduce the pain for the time until the doctor comes.—Youth's Companion.

An Honest Man.

"Now look here, Thompson," remarked Brown. "It has been six months since you borrowed that $5 from me."

"Seven," corrected Thompson gravely.

"Well, then, seven months," snorted Brown, "and you promised to give it back to me in a week—promised faithfully, you did, to return me it in seven days instead of months."

"I know it," answered Thompson sadly, drawing a memorandum book from his pocket. "That bill was series F, No. 672,929, issue of 1887. I made the note, and then I spent the money. Since then I've been trying to recover it."

"But," howled Brown, "any other would do as well."

"No," responded Thompson, shaking his head. "I'm a man of my word. When you gave me the bill, I said 'I will return this to you,' and I meant it. Brown, old man, just as soon as I come across No. 672,929, series F, issue of 1887, I'll see that you get it, for I am not the one to go back on my promise."—"Editor's Drawer" in Harper's Magazine.

No Reason to Hurry.

A pleasant looking, stylishly dressed old lady was boarding a Sixth avenue car, and the "smart Alex" conductor shouted in her ear:

"Hurry up there! Step lively! Be quick!"

He looked as if he were on the point of pushing her bodily inside the car, when, to his great surprise, she stopped short, and, looking him full in the face, said: "Young man, it is not worth while to be in such a hurry. You'll get to hell soon enough."—New York Sun.

The Precedent.

She—It seems to me that the earliest records prove that woman has always been ahead of man.

He—How so?

She—Why, one of the first things that Adam said to Eve was, "After you."—Brooklyn Life.

An eastern statistician estimates that 100,000 people own half of this country's wealth, and that 4 per cent of the people possess 75 per cent of the entire property of the country.

It is an interesting fact that the cent was first proposed by Robert Morris and named by Thomas Jefferson.

Milburn's Sterling Headache Powders cure headache quick, and leave no depressing after effects Price 10c and 25c at all dealers.

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Between the B. N. A. and B. C. Banks,
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A HIGH EXPLOSIVE.

GUN COTTON COMPARATIVELY SAFE IN NAVAL WARFARE.

Experts Tell Some Things About Its Qualities and the Way In Which It Is Made. Detonation or Explosion Is Brought About by Shock.

"Gun cotton," said an ordnance officer a few days ago, "is by far the safest of any of the high explosives. That is the reason it is chosen instead of the nitroglycerin preparations, which, although they will produce more powerful effects, are very dangerous things to have on shipboard. They can be exploded too easily by the application of heat, by a shock and under some conditions by spontaneous combustion. But the gun cotton, so long as it is kept wet, is absolutely safe, and there is no trouble about preserving the necessary degree of moisture."

Precisely the same opinion regarding gun cotton as an explosive for naval warfare was expressed by the superintendent of one of the largest powder manufacturing firms.

"Not only is gun cotton absolutely inert and harmless so long as it is wet," he said, "but it does not necessarily follow that it will explode even when dry. Of course it is then much more liable to do so, but if it is undisturbed in any way a considerable quantity of it might remain dry without any accident. In our works we are extremely careful about the way in which we handle dry gun cotton, but there is no need of any precautions when it is wet. On shipboard the disks of dry cotton which are used as primers to detonate the wet are always kept away from the magazine, either on deck or in one of the cabins.

"The only danger from them would be in case they were dropped while being handled. The result then would not always—perhaps not usually—be an explosion, but you never can tell with certainty. One of the disks might be dropped half a dozen times and not explode, and the next time under apparently the same conditions it would go off. As far as heat is concerned, if the dry gun cotton is exposed to a continued high temperature for a long time, it is likely to decompose, undergoing chemical changes which generate heat and may go far enough to cause spontaneous combustion. But no such condition is possible on a ship, because the gun cotton is always carried in the torpedo heads and inspected regularly to see that it remains wet. The heads are practically airtight, but if any evaporation is noticed the cotton can be dampened again by a regular means arranged for that purpose."

The process by which so common and harmless a substance as cotton is converted into a high explosive is a comparatively simple one. Pure raw cotton or ordinary cotton waste is steeped in a solution of one part of nitric acid and three parts of sulphuric acid. The nitric acid is the one which renders the cotton explosive, the presence of the sulphuric being required only to absorb the water, thus allowing the other acid to combine more readily with the nearly pure cellulose of which cotton consists. After the cotton has soaked in the acids for several hours it is taken from the pots and squeezed through heavy rollers to extract all the superfluous acid which it has not absorbed. Then it is washed carefully and thoroughly, still with the same object of removing the free acid. If any of this remained, its tendency would be to cause chemical changes in the gun cotton and decompose it. Formerly this washing was the last process resorted to for the removal of the free acid, but a few years ago Sir Frederick Abel found that the cells in the cotton fiber so absorbed and retained the acid by capillary attraction that the washing failed to extract it entirely. To remedy this and make the gun cotton more pure, it is now after being washed passed through a machine similar to that which grinds up the rags in a paper mill. Here it is crushed thoroughly and afterward washed again until the last trace of free acid disappears and the cotton comes out in the form of a soft white pulp, closely resembling the pulp of which paper is made.

This concludes the process of actual manufacture, and it now remains only to convert the gun cotton into the most convenient form for the use to which it is to be put. If it is to be employed in making powder, it is dried and stored away in pulverized form, but if it is designed for filling torpedoes it must be compressed to a certain density and molded into the shapes which will best enable it to be packed into the torpedo heads. These shapes vary according to the design of the torpedoes and the method of packing. Sometimes they are disks and sometimes cylinders, flat squares or cubes. If uncompressed and dry, the gun cotton would be extremely light, weighing no more than ordinary cotton batting, but when made into the above forms it is compressed to the density of an equal amount of water. The percentage of moisture remaining in the gun cotton when it is packed into torpedoes varies between 15 and 30. So safe from explosion, unless detonated, is a brick of wet gun cotton that it may be placed upon hot coals. As the moisture dries off from the outside the cotton flakes off and burns up quietly. Perfectly dry gun cotton, when confined in a strong case, will explode with great violence if exposed to a temperature of about 320 degrees F.

Detonation, or the firing of explosives by intense shock, is a modern method, for until 30 years ago the application of heat was always used to bring about an explosion. It has now been discovered that detonation produces a more powerful effect than explosion by means of heat. In detonating the wet gun cotton in the torpedo heads the primer of dry gun cotton which is used weighs only a pound or thereabout. It is placed in contact with the wet mass, which in a Whitehead torpedo consists usually of about 250 pounds. Then, by means of a fuse and fulminate of mercury cap, a flame is shot through the disk of dry gun cotton. This explodes instantly, and with it the entire mass of the wet cotton, producing tremendous results.—New York Tribune.

The Judge Paid.

A certain Irish judge before whom one Denis O'Brien was to be tried received a magnificent pair of carriage horses. The judge accepted them and charged the jury so as to secure a verdict in O'Brien's favor. Soon afterward Denis sent in a bill for the horses. The judge called Denis aside and privately expostulated with him.

"I didn't think you intended to charge me for those horses," said the judge. "Come, now, my dear friend, why should I pay for them?"

"Upon my soul," answered Denis, "that's queer talk. I'd like to know why your lordship should not pay for them?"

The judge held his peace and paid the bill.—Brooklyn Citizen.

CUTTING TEETH.

Is hard on the babies. Thousands die annually from Diarrhœa who might be saved by Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. It cures all bowel complaints of children or adults. 35c., at all dealers.

A CLEAR SKIN.

No one can have a skin clear and free from blemish whose blood is impure. Burdock Blood Bitters purifies the blood and removes pimples and all kinds of eruptions, leaving the skin clear and smooth.

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GOLD WATCH FREE.

These watches are solid 14-carat gold, and our usual list price for them here in England is £5 ($25) each, but to introduce our enormous Catalogue, we will send you this watch free if you take advantage of our marvellous offer. If you want one, write us without delay. With your letter send us 50 cents International Money Order, for which we will send you a solid silver brooch, worth $1, and our offer. After you receive the beautiful watch, we shall expect you to show it to your friends, and call their attention to this advertisement. This watch is sent free on registered post on your complying with our advertisement and our offer, and is warranted for five years. ADDRESS—

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15 Princes St., Birmingham, Eng.

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"To give away a Gold Watch worth $25 is certainly a splendid advertisement, but as the Watchmakers' Alliance is the largest firm of watchmakers in England, they can afford it."—Editor X.

Be sure and address your letter, 184, OXFORD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.

Make money order payable to H. H. Idle, cashier.

MOTHER AND DAUGHTER CURED.

Mrs. Lydia A. Fowler, Electric Street, Amherst, N.S., testifies to the good effects of the new specific for all heart and nerve troubles: "For some time past I have been troubled with a fluttering sensation in the region of my heart, followed by acute pains which gave me great distress and weakened me at times so that I could scarcely breathe. I was very much run down and felt nervous and irritable.

"I had taken a great many remedies without receiving any benefit, a friend induced me to try Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills. I had only been taking them a short time when I felt that they were doing me great good; so I continued their use and now feel all right. I can heartily recommend Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills for nervous prostration."

MILBURN'S HEART AND NERVE PILLS

Mrs. Fowler adds: "My daughter, now fifteen years of age, was pale, weak and run down, and she also took Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills for some time, and is now strong, healthy and vigorous."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills cure palpitation, smothering sensation, dizzy and faint spells, nervousness, weakness, female troubles, etc. Price 50c. a box or three boxes for $1.25. Sold by all druggists. T. Milburn & Co., Toronto, Ont.

Mr. Melville Miller, Bensfort, Ontario, says: "Laxa-Liver Pills made a new man of me. I was troubled with indigestion and pains in the small of my back, and after taking Laxa-Liver Pills for about three weeks they completely cured me." Price 25c., all druggists.

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ATTENTION TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

Leave Sandon for all Coast and Sound points at 7.45 a.m. daily,
arrive Vancouver 13 o'clock next day.
arrive Seattle 17.35 o'clock next day.
arrive Nelson 22.30 o'clock same day,
arrive Trail 22 o'clock same day.
arrive Rossland 23.30 o'clock same day.

Immediate connection made at junction points, no delay; quick service and superb acquipment are few of the many advantages offered by this line.

DAILY STAGE FROM THREE FORKS TO CODY.

Morning—leaving Three Forks at 8 o'clock.

Afternoon—leaves Cody at 11 o'clock.

Leaves Three Forks at 1 o'clock.

Leaves Cody at 4 o'clock.

J. J. Madigan.

SPOKANE FALLS & NORTHERN

NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

RED MOUNTAIN RAILWAY

THE ONLY ROUTE TO TRAIL CREEK

and the mineral districts of the Colville Reservation, Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan points.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY, BETWEEN

SPOKANE, ROSSLAND AND NELSON

LEAVE		ARRIVE
10.00 a.m.	Rossland	3.40 p.m.
8.10 a.m.	Nelson	6.00 p.m.
8.00 a.m.	Spokane	6.00 p.m.

No change of cars between Spokane and Rossland.

Close connections at Nelson with steamer for Kaslo and all Kootenay lake points.

Passengers for Kettle river and Boundary creek connect at Marcus with stage daily.

Canadian Pacific Railway An Soo Pacific Line.

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TO EASTERN AND EUROPEAN POINTS.

TO PACIFIC COAST AND FAR EAST POINTS.

TO RICH GOLDFIELDS OF KLONDYDE, YUKON.

TOURIST CARS Pass Revelstoke daily to St. Paul.

Daily except Wednesday to Eastern, Canadian and U. S. points.

Baggage checked to destination and through tickets issued.

DAILY CONNECTION to the main line points, excepting Sunday—to and from Nelson.

Train leaves Sandon daily at 7.45 a. m.

Train arrives Sandon daily at 4.55 p. m.

Ascertain present reduced rates and full information by addressing nearest local agent or

A. C. McARTHUR, Agent, Sandon
W. F. Anderson, Trav. Pass. Agt., Nelson
E. J. Coyle, Dist. Pass. Agt., Vancouver.

BE SURE YOUR TICKET READS VIA C. P. R.

KASLO AND SLOCAN RAILWAY.

TIME CARD.

Leave	8.00 a.m.	Kaslo	Arrive	3.50 p.m.
"	8.36 "	South Folk	"	3.15 "
"	9.36 "	Spoules	"	2.15 "
"	9.51 "	Whitewater	"	2.00 "
"	10.03 "	Bear Lake	"	1.48 "
"	10.18 "	McGuigan	"	1.33 "
"	10.38 "	Cody Junction	"	1.12 "
Arrive	10.50 "	Sandon	Leave	1.00 "

CODY LINE.

Leave	11.00 a.m.	Sandon	Arrive	11.45 a.m.
"	11.20 "	Cody	"	11.25 "

Subject to change without notice.
Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

ROBERT IRVING, G. F. & P. A. GEO. F. COPELAND, Superintendent.

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Manufacture a first-class article in Pressed Brick; they are selling at low figures. Any sized order attended to promptly. Full particulars from any of our agents.

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The MODEL Hand Laundry and Bath Rooms.

Rear of the Post Office. FRANKLIN S. TREMAIN, Prop.

All newly fitted up and in first-class condition. All Laundry Work done in first-class style and delivered promptly.

A Special Feature is the Bath Rooms. Plain Baths, 25 cts. each. Rooms open for Ladies, in charge of a lady, Tuesdays and Fridays from 8 a.m. until 6 p.m.

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FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

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We have every facility for turning out the best Mining and Commercial Work that can be executed.

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Orders taken for Printing at Cliffe's Bookstore will receive prompt attention.

Do you see this package?

keep it in your mind

and when you ask for "Athlete"

See that this is what you get.

Rosebery Townsite.

The many advantages enjoyed by Rosebery put before the public, CLAIMED WITHOUT OPPOSITION.

Its Advantages as a Distributing Center.

Rosebery is the only town in Kootenay having both railroad and steamboat connection that can ship goods daily to ten different towns, whereby the shipper can see his wares leave his hands and that they will be received by the consignee within two hours.

Its Advantages as a Railroad Center.

Rosebery enjoys the position of king of the funnell as it were, for the railroad business of the whole of the Kootenays. All ore and matter for shipment from Nelson, Trail Creek and the Slocan must, and is now passing out this way to the main line of the C. P. R., as well as all goods coming in from Revelstoke to the Kootenay country.

NOTE. To substantiate this: The C. P. R. are now putting in track weigh scales at Rosebery, the first and only scales that has been put in on any of the C. P. R. branches in Kootenay—which goes to show the importance of this point by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's actions.

Its Advantages as a Steamboat Point.

Rosebery claims, without opposition, of being the only junction on the lake, unlike Slocan City, where you can step off the steamer to a waiting train and continue your journey. You can take either a north or south train at this terminus; consequently Rosebery is the best transient town in the race. Nervertheless we claim Slocan City second in importance, and would say watch the head and foot of Slocan Lake, viz.—

ROSEBERY AND SLOCAN CITY.

Its Advantages as a Manufacturing Center.

As a manufacturing center Rosebery claims to have demonstrated the fact that after the careful observation of the Denver (Colorado) Ore Coy's manager, as the natural advantages of all points in Kootenay for the treatment of ores the cheapest, Rosebery was selected, and they now are erecting works, with a capacity of 250 tons per day, which will be in operation within 90 days; and it is their intention to pay out monthly in the vicinity of $100,000. I might also add Rosebery has the largest water power from Wilson river flowing into Slocan Lake.

AS TO CLIMATE.

Rosebery claims the mildest climate on Slocan Lake, from its admirable southern exposure and absolute shelter from the north; snow always leaves the place about the 15th of March.

AS A TOWNSITE.

As a townsite, Rosebery is without a peer. It is possessed of all the flat land available at the mouth of the Wilson river leading to the valley—mining region—consequently there is no danger of any contagion. The title is a Crown Grant and is perfect. All purchasers of lots are safe in this respect. The only safe speculative townsite in the Slocan is Rosebery.

Why should I say the only safe speculative townsite in the Slocan? Because Rosebery business lots to-day are only $150 to $200 each and are bound to increase rapidly this summer. These figures can, and will, double before long. The time to buy is now. Don't wait till they are from $700 to $1,000, as you did in Slocan City last May, go in on the ground floor and make a few dollars in speculation; if you want to invest go to Vancouver or Winnipeg; if you want to speculate and and clean up money go quick to Rosebery before lots are out of sight.

What's Wanted in Rosebery.

We want a restaurant.
We want a good hotel right away.
We want a first-class general store.
We want a butcher shop.

Anyone looking for an opening spy out this place at once.

Maps and price-lists on application; prices run from $75 to $200.

TERMS: One-third cash, balance 3 and 6 months. For actual builders special terms can be arranged for a few lots by applying to

A. M. BEATTIE, General Agent, Rosebery.

MOUNTAIN ECHOES.

Tommy Ryan wants to fight McCoy.

Bar silver is up to 60c. and lead to $3.80.

The Spanish government is like that of B. C.—"busted."

The hot weather appears to have taken a slight tumble.

Two men fighting on Reco ave. on Saturday and 200 spectators.

The rich strike reported around Burton City is not panning out.

For cruelty to animals a Three Forks man was fined $10 by the Beak the past week.

Mr. Spencer will give a grand ball in his hall the night of Sandon's big celebration, Sept. 5.

Some ladies and gentlemen in a canoe party got drenched in the lake at New Denver the other day.

Antoino Brino is now in gaol at Nelson for murdering another Italian named Pneiro at Moyie City, on Sunday last.

Joseph McBride, a native of New Castle, Eng., but a miner at the Queen Bess, died this week of inflammation of the bowels, and was buried at New Denver.

Mrs. A. Sproat, New Denver, gave a lawn party in support of the brass band. We will soon have a band here, but e wdon't know so much about the lawn party.

Be not deceived! A cough, hoarseness or croup are not to be trifled with. A dose in time of Shiloh's Cure will save you much trouble. Sold at McQueen's Drug Store.

Cure that cough with Shiloh's Cure. The best cough cure. Relieves croup promptly. One million bottles sold last year. 40 doses for 25 cts. Sold at McQueen's Drug Store.

Dyspepsia cured. Shiloh's Vitalizer immediately relieves sour stomach, coming up of food distress, and is the great kidney and liver remedy. Sold at McQueen's Drug Store.

The Payne is a heavy shipper, but the types made us credit her with extraordinary shipments last week. The shipment via C. P. R. was 480 tons.

It is not the Kaslo Sun but the B. C. News, of that place, that recently gave up the ghost. The Sun is shining on even more brightly than ever since the funeral of its elder brother.

Even Joe Martin denounces the lieut.-governor for dismissing Mr. Turner. The Vancouver Province and the Winnipeg Tribune are about the only wester. papers that justify the dismissal.

A Revelstoke man was before the Beak here this week as a little demented. Closer investigation showed that it was only the "usual weakness," and he was given into the charge of his friends.

The Press Association of Spokane are offering an outing to their brethren, including those of this province, on the 25th. We will be there in spirit—we cannot spare dough enough to go in the flesh.

Mr. McGregor, inspector, says that the mine owners of this camp, for the most part, are taking every precaution to prevent accidents and injuries to their operatives. He has had to offer suggestions in but very few cases.

Some of our confreres talk of Sandon as the "Sunless City." Well, we don't require as much sun as the open-faced towns on the lakes—our streets cover all shortage. The ordinary gravelling assays 75 oz. in silver and 55 per cent. lead.

Hazlewood Dairy ice-cream may be "the cream" but it 'aint in it with that made at the Sandon dairy. So say those who invaded Mr. Tattrie's home on Thursday evening. What with ice cream, cake(?), buttermilk, sweet milk etc. the bachelors had quite a lay-out for their visitors.

Something unusual for Cody—A wedding took place on Monday last when Miss Nettie E. Hoerle (Dryden) was married to C. D. Blackwood, of Toronto, the Rev. J. A. Cleland officiating. The invited guests were limited to the immediate friends of the contracting parties.—Com.

Tuesday, September 29th, is the day set by the government for the vote to be taken on the plebiacite. On that day the question of the liquor traffic will be settled, and it depends on the voters of the Dominion whether Canada is to become a prohibition country or not.

"Joe" Martin took the temperance side, for which from habits he is pre-eminently well fitted, of a liquor case at Steveson the other day. During the trial the contesting lawyers got as far as "liar, skunk, etc." in the legal vocabulary. All such, and these men aim at becoming provincial premiers. What next?

While it is true that "A thing of beauty is a joy forever," there would be more general joy if our city fire bell were put to some general use. It would meet with general approval if it rang at 7 and 12 a.m., and 1 and 6 p.m. Even if it were rung at 10:45 a.m. and 7:25 p. m. on Sundays, there would be no one to raise an objection.

The Hon. Geo. E. Foster on his visit Saturday told a REVIEW reporter that capital would rush to this camp at an unprecedented rate, if the capitalists of the world only knew what the established mines were doing and the facility with which prospects can be developed; and yet our city council are doing nothing to advertise the facts.

The readiness with which some people bite at anything new is astonishing. For instance, if a transient dealer of any kind comes to town, pays a heavy license hotel bill, travelling expenses and rents, there are some who think he can still offer bargains. Summed up these exp nses may be 25 per cent. on his aggregate business, and 25 per cent, on any eastern rates makes prices much higher than local charges in their normal way. There is no man who can give lower prices than the local dealer, well established in a regular trade.

Mr. Grimmett's cosy little cottage is about nearing completion.

Mr. Smith has a letter from Mr. Harris which says that gentleman will likely reach home by the 15th of next month.

The Ladies' Aid of the Methodist church will serve lunch also refreshments, including ice-cream, soft drinks etc., on Labor Day.

Ladies, take the best. If you are troubled with constipation, sallow skin, and a tired feeling, take Karl's Clover Tea. It is pleasant to take. Sold at McQueen's Drug Store.

Karl's Clover Root Tea is a pleasant laxative. Regulates the bowels, purifies the blood. Clears the complexion. Easy to take and pleasant to take. 25 cts. Sold at McQueen's Drug Store.

Special music will be rendered in the Methodist church to-morrow evening as follows: "Lead me gently home," duett by Mesdames Nicholls and Sanford and chorus by the choir. Anthem, "Sing of Salvation," by the choir.

Mr. McCluskey, an old-time Sandonite, has sold out his business here, and left with his family to-day for Victoria where he has bought out a business. It is not improbable that when all their affairs are closed up that Mr. Switzer may follow.

And so John L. Retallack has gone to Spokane to reside permanently. Would not representing the Slocan by way of Spokane be a nice thing? The fact of the matter is Mr. Retallack never cared a straw about the representation of the Slocan, and all he wanted was M. P. P. after his name to enable him to sell mining properties in the east or elsewhere; but "he cawn't due it ye kneow."

Up to writing, the new government had not filled its three vacant portfolios; but hope is expressed from all sides that the Dept. of Mines may be given to Mr. Green. From business and public experience he is, at least, as qualified as any representative looking for it, and our constituency has claims altogether overshadowing those of any other division, as to the number of miners at work, the number of dividend payers and shipping properties, the money invested etc., etc. It is generally understood that the late government acknowledged the superior claims of the Slocan, in promising the portfolio to Mr. Retallack.

ANIMALS AS MODELS.

Some of the Experiences of an Artist In Sketching From Life.

"Leaves From the Sketchbook of an 'Animal Artist'" is an article by Meredith Nugent in St. Nicholas. Mr. Nugent says:

There was an elephant in the Jardin des Plantes that would not pose unless he were paid for it, and paid in advance. Then he took payment in buns and pie but if these were not forthcoming he woul deliberately walk to the farther end of the inclosure and turn his back. The only way to get a drawing of this big fellow was to engage someone to feed him meanwhile.

In the same gardens I saw an unusually interesting sight one morning. A little sun bear with a large marrow bone in his shaggy paws was resorting to all sorts of bear devices to get the sweet marrow. Suddenly he lay down on his back, placed one end of the bone in his jaws and with his hind paws tipped the other end of the bone so high up that the choice morsel slipped into his mouth. If the animal could only have understood the shouts of approval that greeted this performance, I think it would have turned his head.

As a rule, I find the models very good natured. True, they keep a sharp eye on me for the first few days, but after that are generally quite friendly. Of course there are some parts of the business they do not like. The oriole never was happy when I held him in my hand for close inspection, but a beautiful cat which rebelled when I first placed her in a birdcage, to keep her in front of me, grew so fond of being there that after I finished my drawings she cried and cried to be put back into the cage.

Intense curiosity is the great characteristic of animals when in the studio. They are as much interested in you and the surroundings as you are in them. This is especially the case with birds. Leave the studio but a few minutes, and these two legged fellows are hopping into everything. Of course they inspect the paper on which you have been drawing, and the paints, and the brushes and occasionally vary these proceedings by taking a bath in the water bowl.

She Believed In Presents.

An old woman in Orkney was noted for selling whisky on the sly. Her house was a few miles from the town, and the excise officers had often tried, but in vain, to get her convicted. A young officer was appointed to the place, who said, on being told about her, that he would soon secure her conviction. Early one morning he left home and arrived at the old woman's house at seven o'clock. Walking in, he saw no one. Noticing a bell on the table, he rang it. The old woman appeared, and he asked for a glass of milk. After a little he rang again, and the old woman appeared. He asked if she had any whisky. "Aye, sir," she said, "we aye have some in the bottle," setting it down before him. Then, thanking her, he laid down a sovereign, which she took and walked out. After helping himself he rang and asked for the change. "Change, sir," said the old woman; "there's no change. We have no license. Fat we gie we gie in presents; fat we tak we tak in presents. So good day, sir." The excise man left the house a sadder but wiser personage.—Strand Magazine.

Lincoln's Kindness to Birds.

The following incident is related by one who knew Lincoln and who at the time of the incident was his fellow traveler:

"We passed through a thicket of wild plum and crabapple trees and stopped to water our horses. One of the party came alone and we inquired, 'Where is Lincoln?'

"'Oh,' he replied, 'when I saw him last he had caught two young birds which the wind had blown out of their nest, and he was hunting for the nest, that he might put them back in it.'"—Woman's Journal

An Easy One.

Another problem has been handed in for mathematicians to struggle with. No answers are wanted in this office. We have problems of our own. Tell the answer to the policeman. "A man owed $1 and had but 75 cents. He went to the pawnshop and pawned the 75 cents for 50 cents. He met a friend and sold him the pawn ticket calling for 75 cents for 50 cents. He thus had two 50 cent pieces—$1, in fact—with which he paid his debt. Was anybody out, and how much?"—Minneapolis Journal.

The smallest horse in the world is a Shetland pony owned by the Marchese Carcano, in Milan. It is 24 inches high, and when standing beside its owner the gentleman's back is only an inch above his knee.

A TIRED APPETITE

is as bad as a tired head or tired limbs. There comes a time when you really don't know what you want, and that is the time when you really want a cup of

BOVRIL

to impart the necessary nourishment to the "run down" system without overloading it, and giving the digestive organs more work than they possibly can do.

BOVRIL

does for the system what nothing else will do.

It restores vigour, maintains health, and repels the attack of disease.

Suitable for young or old, the invalid and the athlete.

BOVRIL, Limited

30 Farringdon Street, London, England. 25 and 27 St. Peter Street, Montreal, Canada.

A HEALTHY WOMAN.

Nine-tenths of all the suffering and disease in the world comes from the kidneys. Yet how few people there are who take any care of these delicate little organs. Backache, lame back, headaches, listlessness, all signs of kidney trouble, are almost universal.

Doan's Kidney Pills

Tone and regulate the kidneys and help them to throw off the poisons from the system.

Mrs. A. Brown, P. O. Box 209, Dresden, Ont., says: "For years I suffered from dropsical trouble which caused me much distress. I heard of Doan's Kidney Pills and got a box of them at Switzer's Drug Store. Before commencing to take them I was unable to button my shoes on account of my swollen condition, but by the time I had finished the first box I could do this without inconvenience. I have now taken a second box and have no hesitancy in recommending Doan's Kidney Pills for any Kidney or Dropsical trouble."

Price 50c. a box, 3 for $1.25, all Druggists. The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

AT THE HOTELS.

Reco—S. S. Arnold, S. Caulson, F. L. Caulson, W. M. Smith, A. E. Kennedy, J. D. Parker, Toronto; J. A. Leschen, St. Louis; N. Kwong, Whitewater; L. Pelker, Dawson; Judge Spink, D. E. Gellattley, Vernon; W. S. Drewry, H. B. Scholey, C. R. Mack, J. Lucas, M. A. Buck, E. J. Field, A. Lucas, Kaslo; W. H. Keany, New Westminster; G. Dunn, B. Grundell, Montreal; E. T. Hussey, Everett; H. H. Wells, J. E. Vick, Victoria; G. Wells, San Francisco; T. C. Gray, Banthrane, L. Hill, J. Jones, H. Ceperley, Vancouver; H. E. Beasley, W. P. Robertson, T. R. Tutcher, P. Burns, Nelson; M Downey, Troy; J. S. Lawrence, Nakusp; L. J. Hamilton, McGuigan; A. R. Jorand, F. J. Finnicane, W. A. E. Koch, G. Haylard, H.T. Twigg, New Denver; W. Hiltsburn, R. E. Brown, Dr. H. B. Luhn, W. H. Young, Mrs. H.B. Luhn, Miss Higgins, Miss E. Luhn, C. Stratton, J. A. Finch, Spokane; W. H. Ford, A.C. McDonald, Kamloops; E. Holt, London.

Goodenough—J. E. Jackson, Aurora; E. C. Jennings and wife, Victoria; E. J. Mathews, Pilot Bay; F. C. Wilmer, Silver Hustler; Frank White, Toronto.

Hotel Sandon—N. Gething, Slocan City; N. Darling, A. E. Frelman, Vancouver; W. S. Jones, Revelstoke; R. Gordon, Rosebery.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. If disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child, suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth. Send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediatly. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the gums and reduces inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

DYSPEPSIA.

"For over eleven years I suffered terribly with Dyspepsia and tried everything I could think of, but got no relief until I started using Burdock Blood Bitters. I had only taken one bottle when I commenced to feel better, and after taking five or six bottles was entirely well, and have been so ever since. I feel as if B. B. B. had saved my life." MRS. T. G. JOYCE, Stanhope, Que.

B. B. B. cures Biliousness, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Coated Tongue, Liver Complaint, Jaundice, Kidney Disease, and makes the blood rich, red and pure. It is a highly concentrated vegetable compound. One teaspoonful is the dose for adults; 10 to 30 drops for children. Add the water yourself.

Burdock BLOOD BITTERS

Business Announcement.

Having opened business in the premises opposite the Clifton house, I am prepared to do all kinds of Boot and Shoe Making and Repairing in the latest and neatest style.

A trial order solicited. Satisfaction guaranteed.

NO ORDER TOO SMALL AND NONE TOO LARGE.

LOUIS, THE SHOEMAKER.

Louis Hupperten.

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Victoria No. 6 Mineral Claim situate in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay District, about one-half mile from Sandon and northeast of the Argo Mineral Claim.

Take notice that I, J. M. R. Fairbairn, acting as agent for G. D. McMartin, F. M. C., 5691 A; T. P. Durham, F.M.C., 20618 A; Thomas Milne, F.M.C., 9445 A; Thomas Irwin, F.M.C., 4347 A; G. D. Scott, F.M.C., 8505 A; A. R. Johnston, F.C.M., 559 A; W. K. Leighton, F.M.C., 454 A, intend, sixty days from the date hereof to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 11th day of June, 1898.

HOME RULE MINERAL CLAIM.

Situate in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: About two miles above Cody and adjoining the Greenhorn Mineral Claim on the north east.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Martin L. Grimmett as agent for Michael McAndrews, Free Miner's Certificate, No. 2369 A, intend sixty days from date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant on the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under Section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 13th day of July, 1898.

M. L. GRIMMETT.

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Delcraine and Boulder No. 2 Mineral Claims situate in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On west fork of Cody creek, one-half mile from Noonday Mine.

Take notice that I, J. M. R. Fairbairn, of Kaslo, B. C., acting as agent for P. Burns, Free Miner's Certificate No. 1608A, intend sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 11th day of August, 1898.

J. M. R. FAIRBAIRN, P. L. S.

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE.

Elvira Mineral Claim situate in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Where located: On Hayne Hill, northwest of Rulo about 2,000 feet above Carpenter Creek.

Take notice that I, J. M. R. Fairbairn, acting as agent for G. D. McMartin and T. P. Durham, Free Miner's Certificates, Nos. 5691A and 20618 A, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under Section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements

Dated this 11th day of June, 1898.

APPLICATION FOR RENEWAL OF LICENSES.

Notice is hereby given that at the next meeting of the Board of License Commissioners for the City of Sandon, I shall apply for a renewal of my liquor license for the Filbert Hotel, situate on Reco Avenue, in the City of Sandon.

WM. SUDROW.

Sandon, June 16th, 1898.

PROVINCIAL SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

HIS HONOUR the Lieutenant-Governor has been pleased to make the following appointments:

30th June, 1898.

ALEXANDER SPROAT, of the Town of New Denver, Esquire, to be a Gold Commissioner at New Denver, a Stipendiary Magistrate within and for the County of Kootenay, and a Deputy Registrar of the County Court of Kootenay, holden at New Denver.

GREAT MUSIC OFFER.

Send us the names and addresses of three or more performers on the piano or organ, together with ten cents in silver or postage, and we will mail you five pieces full sheet music size, consisting of popular songs, waltzes, marches, etc., arranged for the piano and organ. Address,

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W. McCabe, Esq., Managing Director
North American Life Assurance Co., Toronto, Ont.

Dear Sir:

Of the three options at my disposal in regard to my matured 15-year investment policy for $2,500, viz:

1st, Cash.....$3,798 88
2nd, Paid-up Insurance..... 9,295.00
3rd, Life Annuity..... 259 50

I have decided to take the first, and hand you my discharge in exchange for your check. In terminating the contract, which has given me reliable Life Insurance for fifteen years for $2,500, and in addition returns me all my payments with compound interest added, at a rate within a very small fraction of 5 per cent. I can only remark that my expectations have been more than realized, and that the whole transaction from beginning to end has been of the most satisfactory character. Yours truly,

R. A. PYNE, Ontario College of Physicians and Surgeons, Toronto.

For rates and full particulars apply to

S. G. FAULKNER, Provincial Manager, Vancouver.

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Suffering from DRAINS, LOSSES, WEAK BACK, IMPOTENCY, VARICOCELE, etc., I say to you man to man, as physician to patient, DRUGS NEVER CURE. Why not use nature's own remedy—

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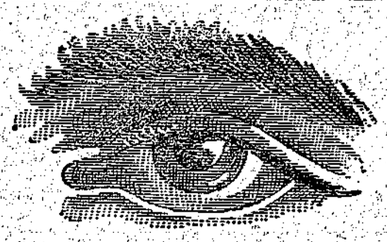
DR. R. SANDEN, 156 St. James Street, Montreal, Que.

A Question of Spex...



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Do your Eyes burn? If So, You Need Glasses.
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All sojourning brothers cordially invited to attend.

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