The Mining Review.

VOL. 1. NO. 43. SANDON, B. C., SATURDAY, APRIL 16, 1898. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

TWO HUNDRED THOUSAND DEAD.

Lee Says Half the Reconcentrados Starved to Death.

Washington, April 11.—The consular correspondence with regard to the situation in Cuba which was transmitted to-day, was prepared in response to resolutions of enquiry, adopted by both the Senate and House. The correspondence includes communications up to April 1. It covers the movements of General Lee at Havana; Consul McGarr at Cienfugoes, Consul Brice at Matanzas, Consul Hyatt at Sagua de Cuba and Barker at Sagua La Grande. The communications made about 60,000 words.

They deal largely with distress and suffering which exists in all the districts, but General Lee repor's quite fully upon the decrees of the government with regard to autonomy and other political phases of the situation. In preparing the correspondence for transmission to Congress, considerable portions of the important communications and especially those marked "confidential" are omitted.

SHOCKING SCENES IN DITCHES.

November 27, General Lee sent to the department the communications of two gentlemen, whose names, he says, are suppressed for obvious reasons, but whom he knows personally as standing high in the community, concerning the condition in los fosos (the ditches) in Havana. The communication says among other things: "Four hundred and sixty women and children thrown on the ground, heaped pell mell as animals, some in a dying condition, others sick, others dead, without the slightest cleanliness or the least help, not able to give water to the thirsty, without religious or social help, each one dying wherever chance laid him."

The communication goes on to state that the deaths among the reconcentrados averaged 40 to 50 daily, and that on an average there were but 10 days of life for each person. It says that these unhappy creatures received food only after having been eight days in the ditches, during which time they were obliged to subsist upon the bad food which the dying had refused. Some horrible instances of distress witnessed are given.

"Among the many we saw," says the communication, "there was seen one impossible to forget. There is still alive the only witness, a young girl of 18, whom we found seemingly lifeless on the ground. On her right side was the body of the young mother, cold and rigid, but whose young child was still alive clinging to her breast. On her left side was the corpse of a dead woman, holding her son in a dead embrace. A little further on a dying woman, holding in her arms her daughter of 14, crazed with pain, who, after 12 or 14 days, died in spite of the care she received."

Further along the communication says that if any young girl came in who was nice looking, she was infallibly condemned to the most abominable of traffic. The communication says that 1,700 persons had entered the fosos since August 1, and of these but 233 were then living. It places the number of deaths among the reconcetrados at 77 per cent.

HALF STARVED TO DEATH.

December 14, General Lee sent another communication, saying that the total number of reconcentrados in Havana province will reach 150,000, and that the death rate from starvation alone will be over 50 per cent. For the relief of these people he says $12,000 in silver has been set aside, "so that if every dollar of the appropriation should reach them the redistribution will amount to about 18 cents a person."

December 28, General Lee says that he has been informed that the authorites are engaged in forming an autonomistic cabinet, arranging for the members to take the required oath on January 1 and "also for an election 30 days thereafter."

GOMEZ' TERMS OF ARMISTICE.

Spain Must Leave Cuba and Take Her Flag With Her.

New York, April 11.—The following is an extract from a letter written to Consul Barker, United States representative at Santiago de Cuba, by Maximo Gomez, and will be presented to President McKinley, says the Herald to-day:

"One year ago we received a proposition from Spain to agree to an armistice. We refused then, as we refuse now. The rainy season will soon be at hand and Spain's troops would like an armistice until it is over.

"We shall throw away no advantage. On the other hand I am anxious that hostilities should cease, but it must be once for all. If Spain agrees to evacuate Cuba, taking her flag with her; I am willing to agree to an armistice to last until October 1, when loyal Cubans shall come into their own.

"Please tell President McKinley this for me; tell him, too, that I am writing this at the direction of the Cuban provisional government, with which they may treat directly, should they so desire."

TOO MANY GOING IN.

Not Enough Claims to Go Around in the Klondyke Region.

"There are close to 15,000 Klondykers at Lakes Linderman and Bennett waiting for spring to come so that they can rush down to Dawson," said F. T. Walker to a Miner reporter last evening. Mr. Walker returned yesterday from a business trip of a couple of months along the Alaskan coast. "The man who starts in now will reach Dawson just as quickly as if he had started last November, but there are already four or five times too many people in the Klondyke, and when the 40,000 or 50,000 now on the way get there, the crush will be enormous. Dawson is very lively, though, and stampedes are of daily occurrence. A man can't be seen working anywhere within 50 miles of there, but what there will be a wild rush to locate everything in the vicinity.

"From all I can learn there are some immensely rich creeks along the Klondyke, and I suppose that between $4,000,000 to $6,000,000 will be taken out this year, but the valuable claims comprise only a short area. There are perhaps 75 rich properties around Dawson so far developed, and of these from 20 to 25 are immensely valuable. There are between 6,000 and 10,000 locations around Dawson and many of them are yielding perhaps $10 a day per man, but owning to the heavy cost of living and wood, that isn't as good as $1 per day would be around here. Labor costs from $1 to $1.50 an hour, and the day is from six to eight hours long, while wood is worth $40 a cord in Dawson and $60, at the mines. As the ground is frozen all the year round, it will be impossible to operate by hydraulicing.

"The best way to reach Dawson, in my opinion," is over the White or Chilcoot pass, or else via St. Michael's and the Yukon. The Senate did wisely in cancelling the Lake Teslin railway charter, for it would never afford a satisfactory route.

"Business of all kinds is overdone in the coast towns, and everywhere you see the sign, 'For Rent or Sale.' Competition has cut down profits till you can get a good meal for 35c in Fort Wrangle; where there are 40 restaurants, although the population is only about 3,000, and half of that does its own cooking."—Rossland Miner.

Fisheries Report for 1897.

The fisheries report for 1897 has just been issued. The admistration of the fisheries service cost $443,586. The sum included $154,389 paid as fishing bounties. The revenue received from fishery licenses, fines, etc., is given at $106,469. The fishing bounty of $154,387 was paid to the deep-sea fishermen of the maritime provinces during the year of 1896. Of this amount $57,014 as divided among 862 vessels manned by 5,665 men, and $97,385 among 23,821 fishermen using 14,166 boats. The total number of claims paid for bounty was 14,975. The value of the sea and inland fisheries in 1857 was estimated at under $1,000,000, and in 1859 they were valued at about $1,500,000, but in 1867 they had reached $4,000,000; in 1877, $12,000,000; in 1887, $18,386,000, and in 1897, $20,400,000. Of the various kinds of fish caught, salmon amounted to $400,679; cod, $3,619,385; herring, $2,900,744; lobsters, $2,205,762. The balance is made up of fifteen other kinds of fish, ranging in value from $773,345 to $132,942. The quantity of fish used as bait is valued at $384,219, and that of fish at $224,603. The seal-skins are valued at $520,250.

THE GLITTER OF GOLD.

Lures men on, so that in the rush for wealth, they too often neglect health. They have Dyspepsia, Constipation, Liver Disorders, Impure Blood, which makes life miserable. Then they look for a cure—they get Burdock Blood Bitters. Their blood becomes rich and pure. The liver troubles and constipation disappear, they are hearty and healthy again. B. B. B. is to them a greater prize than gold.

TROUBLE AT AN END.

Noble Five Litigation Settled at Victoria Last Week.

Debts Paid and Cash on Hand—Development Work Will Be Kept up for a Year Without Any Shipment of Ore.

The troubles which threatened to wreck the Noble Five mine, at Cody, are practically at an end and the property is no longer involved in litigation. The order of the court which placed the property in the hands of a liquidator has been voided and the company has passed into the control of men with means sufficient to place it in good condition once more.

"I have advices direct from Victoria," said a gentleman yesterday who is in close touch with the Noble Five business, "to the effect that the winding-up order of the court which threw the Noble Five into liquidation was set aside by the supreme court of British Columbia last Thursday. This was done upon a showing made by a shareholder. The affairs of the company are thereby placed again entirely in its own hands.

"The Noble Five has money on hand sufficient to place the mine on a paying basis. Pursuant to power given them by the shareholders at a meeting held at Cody in November last, the directors borrowed $50,000, with which the indebtedness has been paid, and a further sum of $100,000, or so much thereof as may be needed, will be obtained to be used in the development of the property. This will be advanced from time to time in such sums as may be needed, will be obtained to be used in the development of the property.

"The old board of directors has retired and the following have been elected: President, James Dunsmuir, of Victoria; vice-president, J. D. Porter, of Spokane; secretary, F. J. Holman of Spokane; assistant secretary, G. B. McDonald, of Cody; other directors, C. E. Pooley, of Victoria, J. G. McGuigan, of Spokane and B. J. Perry, of Victoria.

AT WORK ON THE MINE.

"Work has already been resumed on the mine. In order to facilitate operations a compressor plant will be at once installed. It is planned to develop the mine on a common-sense plan and no shipments are contemplated for at least a year. During that time a large force will be employed placing the mine in condition so that when shipping begins profits may accrue because the supply of ore will be sufficient. The company's concentrator may be started on custom work if there be a demand for it, but not on Noble Five ore for at least 12 months. Shipping ore taken out during development will be held and concentrating ore will be stored in the stopes and chutes, which it is estimated will hold 30,000 tons.

The fact that money can be obtained to pull a silver mine out of a bad hole, in spite of the low market for the metal, is an encouraging item for the owners of Slocan mines. Mining men generally commend the action of the Noble Five people in determining to make a mine of the property before undertaking to make profits. The saving of the expense of long and tedious litigation is another matter of congratulation. The news that troubles are at an end will be especially gratifying to Spokane holders of Noble Five stock, who are many."

Big Chunks of Gold.

While the nugget found in the Blue Jay pocket by the Graves brothers is likely to become famous for its size and value, it is not, as has been stated, the largest one known in the authentic history of mining. This nugget stands, or rather stood,—for it is now being minted—for about $42,000, but saying nothing of the alleged Chileon nugget weighing 400 pounds troy, the "Welcome" nugget of Ballarat, weighing 2,217 ounces 10 penny-weights, was sold for £10,000, or nearly $52,000. It is even a question whether the Graves nugget is the largest even taken from the soil of California. According to Hittell, a nugget was found at Carson Hill Calveras county, in November, 1855, which weighed 195 pounds troy, and was worth $43,000. Between the two there is no great issue of values, but what there is appears to be in favor of the earlier specimen.

The first nugget found in this state, the one which Marshall picked up, was worth but 50 cents, and the next one but $5. A soldier in Stevenson's regiment found the first large specimen, a mass of gold weighing between 20 and 25 pounds, while stopping to drink in a small affluent on the Mokulumne river. This nugget was taken east, where its exhibition confirmed the stories of California wealth, and added materially to the public excitement there.

In 1854 the "Oliver Martin chunk," which was auriferous ore mixed with white quartz, was picked up near Camp Corona, in Tuolumne county, in a hole which Martin had dug to bury a drowned comrade. It yielded $22,270, and became the basis of a great fortune. In 1866, Daniel Hill, a pauper, found a $14,000 nugget in Plumas county, and coming to San Francisco, spent the proceeds quickly, $5,000 being squandered in one week's whirl. With his money all gone, he went to Dutch Flats, Nevada county, and while washing his hands in a stream saw lying on the bottom a nugget of gold and white quartz, similar in size and shape to a baby's head. This brought $12,300, and sent Daniel Hill through a career of debauchery to the poorhouse.

The finds in the later years up to the Blue Jay discovery, have not been of a notable sort. In the fall of 1889, two tramps who had been put off a Southern Pacific freight train, started to walk to Bakersfield, and found a battered nugget weighing 216 ounces on the way. In 1896 a chunk worth $1,400 was picked up in San Diego county, and there have been two or three discoveries on the Mojave desert. The majority of the finds have been accidental.

THAT DREADFUL SLIDE.

From One Hundred to Two Hundred Perish.

One of the perils of gold seeking in the Klondyke but little mentioned is the dreadful snow slide. A telegram from Skagway of the 3rd inst. says that that day an avalanche of snow and ice came down on Chilcoot pass that buried from 100 to 200 persons. The latest is that over 70 bodies have been recovered, a partial list of which we give elsewhere, and about 150 more are missing. In fact the extent of the fatalities may never be known, as those sent to eternity are from all parts of the world, and business is in such a state up there that but little is cared for the loss of strangers. In any event a great many bodies will not be found until out in the summer when the snow and ice are melted. No record is kept of the toiling masses of humanity in that region on the hunt for gold, so there is but little to guide an enquirer in making an estimate of death's destruction. It appears that just before the large slide two or three smaller masses came down; but the country is not well enough known to have a history in that respect. It is reported that Mr. Bissell, late manager of the Paystreak, who left here some six or eight weeks ago to seek his fortune in that inhospitable region, is among the dead.

AN AVALANCHE OF DEATH.

A Complete List of the Dead So Far as Known.

Victoria, April 9.—The following is said to be the correct list of dead, so far as known, at the sailing of Ning Chow on the 4th, from the avalanche near Sheep camp, on the trail from Dyea, reported yesterday:

Thomas Cullers, Portland, Ore; Stephen Stephenson; Seattle; Gus. Lebarits, Seattle; E. B. Atwood, New York; L. Weidelin, Kansas City; D. Grimbs, Tacoma; Thomas B. Cullender, Portland, Ore.; John Ottins, Idaho; Gus Seaborn, Seattle; O. F. King, Tacoma; A. Preston, Redding, Cal.; Frank Sprague, Seattle; C. P. Hartman, Seattle; W. L. Riley, Seattle; C. Beck, Sanford, Fla.; John H. Morgan, Emporia, Kansas; Mrs. Ryan Baltimore, Russ Hepgardt, Baker City, Oregon, W. Carroll, San Francisco, Cal.; John Marchant, Redding, Cal.; John R. Reidy, Kansas City, Mo.; Edward Doran, Tacoma; Theodore Glenn, Spokane; Harry Holt, Tacoma; John Richie, Vancouver; A. E. England, Spokane; J. B. Pierce, Tacoma; T. Clark, Idaho; G. F. Smith, Tacoma; Andrew Anderson, San Francisco; Walter Chappey, New York; Tom Kinney, Oregon; E. P. Haine, Seattle; C. F. Shobart and partner, Seattle; W. Warner, San Francisco. Also 22 men of the Chilkoot Trading & Transportation company inclusive of the chief engineer, fireman and third officer of the company.

A COMPLETE MEDICIFE CHEST.

Taken internally or applied externally Yellow Oil is equally efficacious. It cures Croup, Quinsy, Sore Chest, Cuts, Burns, Bruises, Sprains, Caked Breasts, Stiff Joints and dozens of other complaints. No household should be without it. It costs only 25c., and is a whole medicine chest in itself.

PUBLIC WORKS.

Work on the Creeks Progressing Rapidly.

From appearances the city improvements on the creek ought to stand a heavy tussle with the elements, though a heavy tussle is the inevitable. The intention is to flume the creek from the back of Byers' store—and eventually further up—to the power house with a raceway 7x12, which, having a fall of nearly 10 per cent., will give the current a speed of nearly 20 miles an hour. This will carry off an immense body of water and be a very dangerous place to fall into, even with a foot or so of water, and much more so in a freshet. The gate at the head is so constructed as to afford ample protection from boulders and timbers coming down, which will be reduced to a minimum if the government only do their duty in clearing the creek to the Cody bridge. If this flume be planked, eventually, it will make a nice street and will reclaim considerable land, or, at least, lengthen many lots considerably. As the freshets will soon set in the work will have to be abandoned shortly till the fall.

There is one thing the provincial Board of Health must be assured of—this will make a most efficient main sewer to drain the city, and with the current it will have will correct the consequences of drainage in a very short run. All who are up in sanitary matters know that with a swift current through soils, as this stream will have after leaving the flume, water speedily purifies itself; and, with the influx of a large body of fresh water from up streams all the time, no dangerous elements can appear in it at any point in the entire length of the flume. This work properly done and the city properly drained into it, with our supply of the purest water from up the hill sides, Sandon will remain, as it is now, the most healthy place in the whole province.

City Council.

Council met Monday evening but adjourned till Wednesday owing to absence of some members. Those present were the Mayor and Ald. Cunning, Switzer, Broddy and Crawford. Wednesday, Ald. Hunter was added to the foregoing list.

COMMUNICATIONS.

From C. Cliffe re the necessity for advertising the resources of Sandon.

From Dep. Attorney-General acknowledging receipt of a Bill to enable the city to borrow money.

Both communications were filed.

The clerk was authorized to publish the financial statement for the past quarter.

Switzer—Broddy—That the clerk communicate with A. Sproat, detailing the necessities for clearing Cody creek from Cody bridge to the city limits of logs and debris.

Hunter—Broddy—That the assessor be requested to return the assessment roll on or before the 15th day of May.

THE ARGO.

This Property Showing Up Well Under the New Management.

Mr. Warner, who has a two years' lease of the Argo, from operations so far, is well pleased with his venture. All told the three tunnels run in aggregate some 500 feet in length, and the fourth one lower down will be commenced shortly. In the second level they are putting in a crosscut and have encountered a breast of good ore from 8 to 18 inches in width, that is certain to assay well. It is the intention to prosecute work on the upper level just above the K. and S. Cody branch, commenced, and from it ship directly on to the cars saving all the cost of packing. Mr. Warner is confident further work will develop a valuable property. The mine will always have one advantage as shipping charges will be but a trifle.

CURES EVERY TIME.

"I have often had Coughs and Colds, as well as Bronchitis. Norway Pine Syrup cures me every time."

LIZZIE HARDY,
Mayfield, Ont.

BACK FROM THE COAST.

The Klondyke Excitement Is Falling Off Rapidly.

J. M. Miller, president of the Old Gold Quartz & Placer Mining company, has returned from a month's trip to Seattle, where he went to visit his family and to attend to business matters. He says the business outlook of Puget Sound is better than it has been for five years, and while the Klondyke excitement has caused a temporary boom, travel to Alaska via Seattle in the past six weeks has fallen off three-fourths. Many out-fitting concerns are overstocked and anxious for fear they will not be able to dispose of their goods. While he did not hear so much said about the Kootenay country as there was a year and a half ago, there were many who were enthusiastic at the results thus far obtained, and expressed the intention of coming up here after the Alaska interest had abated. All have on abiding confidence in Kootenay.—Rossland Miner.

UP IN ALASKA.

Bill Matheson Tells of His Experience.

The following interesting letter has been received from an old Kaslo ite, William Matheson, who will be remembered as one of the first to leave the Slocan for that vastly overrated region, known as the Klondyke. "Billy," as he was familiarly known, has apparently no very flattering idea of the Yukon gold fields, and the cold hard facts contained in his letter should have a healthy effect upon such readers as are smitten with that grim disease known as "Klondicitis." Through the kindness of Mr. Hughy Fletcher, the communication is given to the public:—Kootenaian.

RAMPART CITY, ALASKA.
January 2, 1898.

DEAR FRIEND:—I have been thinking of writing you for quite awhile, but could not find any reliable information to give you about this great and glorious country. Alaska, in my opinion, from what I have seen and heard of, will take care of itself, and is a pretty good place to stay away from. Before Klondyke was found there was nothing but starvation here, and I think it would be pretty nearly right, for the old timers here, as they call themselves, if it were to blow a good stiff breeze and blow them out of existence.

I am at present in a boom mining camp called Minook. I should judge from what can learn here, that you will know more about it than I do, as I hear it is pretty well advertised in the papers now. But as I am right here I have a good chance to know everything that is going on. There are about 1,500 locations in this vicinity on different creeks, and on only three claims in the whole works that they are taking pay out so far. The rest are all dead, waiting for the sucker to come in this summer to buy. But I think they will get left.

It is no trouble to get an interest in a claim at present; all they ask is from ten to twenty days' work. I think it is too cheap, and I will keep my work. There is no show to earn an honest dollar at all. The only show that a man has is to go to work and take all the chances, and the other fellow takes none. In the first place you have to build your own cabin, furnish your cooking outfit and stove, furnish your own tools to work with and your own candles and grub, and and in return you get one dollar per hour, with only a chance to work five hours per day at present, and then take chances of getting your money out of the dump in the spring; and I think right here that a man will quit loser if he is not careful.

Yours truly,
W. MATHESON.

POLITICAL RUMORS.

Mr. Tarte Wanted Dissolution—A New Yukon Railway Scheme.

The Toronto World's Montreal correspondent says, a few days ago the government were seriously considering the question of dissolution, being urged thereto by Tarte, who thinks he can carry Quebec with the cry of "Down with the senate." The correspondent says that Blair violently sat on Tarte, declaring that dissolution just now would be suicidal, and was supported in this by the Ontario members of the cabinet.

The Ottawa correspondent of La Presse says, "The ministers are in a dilemma over the Yukon railway bill. A majority of the cabinet will," he says, "have nothing to do with it; yet this does not satisfy Sifton and Sutherland, who are sworn friends of Mann and Mackenzie, and it did not take them long to prepare another scheme, which they will press to issue at all hazards.

MINING BRIEFS.

With Scissors and Pen.

The Enterprise mine has 2,000 tons of ore awaiting shipment.

The indications are the Mollie Hughes mine near New Denver is likely to turn out a very good property.

On the Mountain View and Blue Jay, at the head of Silver Tip creek, from eight to ten inches of clean ore is exposed.

A force of men was put to work last week on the Mollie Hughes. The development so far shows a ledge of high grade ore.

A large force of men will be put to work on the Porto Rico mine near Ymir as soon as the snow goes off the mountains.

News has been received of several rich strikes on Trout lake properties. On the Free Coinage a ledge of fourteen inches of fine ore has been struck.

A deal on the Lone Star, on Lexington creek, was made the other day when Edward Crockett disposed of the claim to J. A. Magee for $1,500 cash.

On the Ottawa, a Lardeau creek claim ore is being taken out, an average assay of which gives 400 ounces of silver, $33 in gold, and 10 per cent. copper.

Darby & Errington, owners of the Iron Hand group at Albert canyon have sent seven sacks of ore as a test to the Nelson smelter. It is a galena proposition.

The most recent dividend in London from Kootenay mines is that of the Ruth mines, limited, which will pay 3 shillings per share and carry forward £7,000 out of a profit of £21,000.

The operations at the Hall Mines smelter for the week ending April 2, show 7,437 tons of ore to have been smelted, yielding 357 tons of matte, containing approximately 156 tons copper; 111,420 ozs. silver and 272 ozs. gold.

The Dundee Mining company has just let a contract for furnishing material for a three line gravity tramway. The company will erect trestles and instal a tramway. The tramway is to connect the mine with the concentrator. Tenders have been called for the construction of a concentrator and they will be opened in a day or two.

J. B. Hastings, for the Gooderham-Blackstock people, has purchased the Ben Tillman group of claims adjoining the Republic, at Republic camp on the reservation. The price is said to have been about $56,000. The Ben Tillman's is the north extension of the Republic, and lies between that property and the North Star. The deeds were made to Joseph J. Taylor as trustee. Mr. Taylor is the expert for the War Eagle.

The drift on the seventh level, at a depth of 340 feet, cut the ore chute in the Dardanelles, in the Slocan divison, last week, and encountered a splendid body of high grade ore. At one time during the last week four feet of clean ore appeared in the face, and yesterday the drift was in two feet of the same heart cheering material. This ore is higher grade, and contains much less zinc than in the drift above, or in fact at any other point in the mine, showing great improvement with depth. The lead is fully four feet in width, with two smooth, well defined walls. Ore is now coming out at the rate of a car per week. Manager Tretheway reports that he is more than pleased with the showing, and says that this instance of improvement as depth is obtained, together with the recent strike on the the Whitewater Deep at a depth of 1,000 feet, means a great deal to the country.

FINGER NAILS CAME OFF.

A wonderful story comes from Emerson, Man., to the effect that Mrs. Jas. Saunders of that place lost her finger nails through a severe attack of Salt Rheum. Nothing seemed to do her any good till she commenced taking Burdock Blood Bitters, with the result that the Salt Rheum has all gone and her finger nails gradually grew on again.

Sandon Ore Shipments.

The following is a list of ore shipments over the K. & S. from Sandon for the week ending April 15:

MINE.	TONS.
Payne	150
Ruth	140
Reco	20
Total	310

A magnificent stock of new ingrain wall paper, borders and ceilings at Cliffe's bookstore, Sandon. All tastes can be fully met.

The Mining Review

SANDON, BRITISH COLUMBIA,
SATURDAY.....APRIL 16, 1898.

SUBSCRIPTION $2.00 PER YEAR
STRICTLY IN ADVNACE.

THAT RAILWAY.

It is more than likely there will be some kind of a compromise between the Federal government and the Senate through which a railway on some route will be built to the Klondyke. We hope that whatever terms may be agreed on, they will involve no financial burdens on the people of Canada. It is now conceded, in well informed circles, that beyond booming the commercial business of the boomsters in the coast cities, and making money for the transportation companies, there never was a necessity for commencing the construction of such a railway. In the Yukon region there is no country to settle, and no occupations for any one beyond mining; and sanguine indeed must be the man who believes that one-half the money in gold will be taken out of that region, that will be spent one way and the other by those who have gone in search of it. It is a south sea bubble over again, and will terminate as disastrously for all but a few of those interested in it.

The result so far has convinced the government of one thing—they went at the undertaking without proper consideration, that before letting even a conditional contract, they should have submitted it to parliament. The argument of urgency is now all scattered to the four winds of the earth, as they are just where they commenced, so far as the validity of a contract with the contractors is concerned. Dispassionately viewing the whole question, the government were to blame for entertaining a proposition of such a character without first getting more evidence on the wealth of the country to be served by the railway. Granting that those parts explored by Mr. Ogilvie are as rich in gold as he says they are, but of which there is no indisputable evidence, as he saw but little of the country, he could not give the necessary assurance for commencing an undertaking like that—one calculated to disturb not only mining operations in all parts of the globe, but other classes of business in all portions of the British possessions, and lead thousand to rush to their financial and physical destruction. It is quite apparent that all who have encouraged the stampede to that country have much to answer for, and, in the number, all that so hastily supported the construction of the Mackenzie and Mann railway.

SMELTERS.

We believe it is only reasonable to surmise that the C. P. R. would erect lead smelters in the Kootenay country if the Federal government would only put a reasonable duty on lead products, to keep the home market for the local producers. There is a large market in Canada and Great Britain for lead products that our raw material is not filling—that is, in fact, filled by the products of the United States. This, of course, keeps down the price of the raw material and prevents the employment of much skilled labor in the country that otherwise would find employment here. The entire mineral product of the Slocan country proper, the Nelson and the Lardeau sections averages from 60 to 70 per cent. lead, and this has to find a market in the States—paying freight on the ore thither and on the manufactured article hither. These two freights alone are burdensome, if there was nothing else in the calculation. The Rossland Miner writes on this strain, and then concludes that if the necessary duties were imposed the C.P.R. would at once erect smelters there. But why? If freights on ores out and on manufactured goods in are depressing the price of silver, then freights on the ore from here to Rosslond would also depress the price. One of the first essentials of successful manufacturing is to bring the manufactories, and the raw material as close together as possible. If Birmingham, England, is celebrated above any place in the world for its manufactories it is simply because the raw materials—coal, iron, etc.—are found there lying side by side in the earth. There is no expense in hauling them to one another. We fancy the C. P. R., as a business concern, is shrewd enough to look at these matters in this light as well, and when artificial conditions are made favorable to smelting in this country by the government, they will regard the natural ones as well. Ambition in any town is commendable; but it should not be encouraged so far as to condone even wholesale robbery.

Even Brother Jonathan has come to the conclusion that might is not always right, and that even a powerful state cannot strangle a small one with impunity, but must be governed by the recognized laws and usages of civilization. When this Cuban trouble first came into prominence, the United States gave Spain just twenty-four hours in which to settle or die, next it was found a couple of days were necessary, later that a week was required; and now from appearances Spain is given her own time to set her house right. No one denies that Spain has treated Cuba harshly; but from the way things are going the U. S. are coming to the conclusion they cannot jump at the throat of the former without observing acknowledged formalities, and the ordinary laws of nations governing such matters. For a long time Turkey had treated Roumania very badly, and it was often thought Great Britain should have stepped in and annihilated Turkey; but Great Britain knew the laws and usages of nations too well to interfere before interference was justified, and we fancy that in this Cuban affair America is coming to the same conclusion. First impulse is not is not always the best; second thought may avert a conflict altogether.

The Rossland Miner suggests as one of the ways open to Premier Laurier to meet the opposition of the Senate to his Yukon Railway Bill, the creation of sufficient extra senators to drown the present hostile majority. Some editors are very wise. Will the Miner Editor have the kindness now to quote the clauses of the Canadian constitution that gives any premier such power. For our part, we would, in our simplicity, like to see it even in the Miner. We are aware that the premier of England, backed by his Cabinet, has the power to create Lords at will to help him out of such a predicament; but we were always convinced that the premier of Canada had no such constitutional scope. We must be wrong, however, for the Miner says so. For conviction on the question we would, however, like to see the empowering clauses of the constitution quoted. Please quote them, friend Miner.

What the government will do now, since the senate has rejected the Mackenzie and Mann railway contract, by a vote of 52 to 14, it is hard to say. It is presumed that the contract was made subject to the ratification of parliament, which, of course, will let the government down easy; but in any case it is a disastrous affair. It is said the contractors have spent half a million dollars on the work so far; and, of course, the government will be held for considerable payment anyway. It is simply a fitting ending for such a project. It was gotten up in the first place by boomers for booming purposes; and, of course, booms always burst disastrously for some one. The government made its worst mistake in unnecessary speed. The scheme should have first been submitted to parliament before a contract was signed.

So far about $75,000,000 of English capital is invested in B. C. mines. It is a great pity it was not all invested carefully. For instance Sandon's mines made nearly $1,500,000 for their owners last year clear; and we venture to say that less than $100,000 would cover the cost of the properties making the money for the present owners, in the first place. There is, of course, more or less gambling in mining, as there is in horse racing; but as there is every chance of possible loss in some horses, so there is of loss in some mining properties. A full consideration of all the circumstances by a careful man, however, minimises these chances. Investment in the silver mines of the Slocan brings risks down to a minimum.

Rossland's ambition, it appears, has received a little checking. Its Board of Trade and City Council have made a big effort to induce the C. P. R. to deflect the Crow's Nest railway from Nelson, and run it, as they say, more directly into Rossland. As that town is in any event getting a station on that road, ordinary modesty would have induced the people of that burg to have remained contented. But no; the idea is to make that point the hub at the expense of the rest of the country. The city has been advised that its ambition cannot be gratified, and now it will have to rest content with a more moderate share of glory as other places have to do.

An English cable to the Montreal Star advises no one to go to the Klondyke with less than $1,500. That is good as far as it goes; but why not advise those with that much capital to invest it in West Kootenay, where there is a chance of doing something with it. If every ten industrious men with that much means would secure an undeveloped property around Sandon, and employ half the effort in mining it will require to make a trip to the Klondyke, at the end of the year they would have something to show for their money besides the inevitable at the Klondyke—an empty purse and a broken down constitution.

The Bank returns for February show there was $220,000,000 on deposit with them that month. This would go to show that there is some money in the country after all. Of course it is not to be expected that all that is lying on deposit bearing interest. Much of it is business men's balances that may be in use any moment. All things considered, however, there is considerable money in Canada, in the hands of the banks, that invested in developing the country would be of great benefit to Canada as a whole.

We very much question if Mr. Bostock, M.P., in supporting the Corbin Road into the Kettle River section, voices the wish of the people of this country—in short we know he does not. The interests of the Corbin outfit lies across the boundary, while those of the C. P. R. are on this side. This fact alone should have induced our M. P. to have supported the home road in its effort to get into that section of the country. The government has already control of the C. P. R. rates through the Crow's Nest charter.

A TRIBUTE OF SONG.

There is no place on earth where utter helplessness comes out so strongly, where the ceremonies in human use fall so powerless before the majesty of the occasion, as at a funeral. It need not be that one's heart shall be interested. The obsequies of a stranger conducted with all the pomp and vanity of church and state, with the melancholy rolling drum of the military funeral, or the gorgeousness of the Masonic regalia apron—all are alike inadequate and unavailing.

But once in my life have I witnessed a ceremony that was so grand, impressive and appropriate to the silent, awful occasion.

I will tell you of a funeral which lingers in my memory as the grandest, most solemn and befitting ceremony that was ever given to the dead.

It was rumored many years ago that a poor widowed woman, leading a hard life of unending labor, was called to part with the one thing dear to her—her only child. Mother and daughter had toiled together for 15 years, and the only bit of sunshine falling into their dark lives was that shed by their loving companionship. But the girl had always been sickly. Under the heart-broken mother's eyes she had faded and wasted away with consumption, and at last the day came when the wan face failed to answer with its ghastly smile the anxious, tear blinded eyes of the mother.

The poor young creature was dead. For many months the pair had been supported by the elder woman's sewing, and it was in the character of employer I had become acquainted with Mrs. Cramp and her story. By an occasional visit to the awful heights of an east side tenement where they lived, by a few books and with some comforting words, I had won the love of the dying girl. Her grateful thoughts turned in her last hours to the small number of friends she possessed, and she besought her mother to notify me of the day of her funeral and ask me to attend.

The summons reached me upon one of the wildest days of winter. A sleet that was not rain and a rain that was not snow came pelting from all points of the compass. A wind that wailed in the chimney and howled in the street told how truly dreadful for outdoor purposes was the weather of the day. I piled the glowing grates, I drew closer the curtains and shut out the gloom of the December afternoon. I turned on the gas and sat down, devoutly thankful that I had out all connection with the witched weather, when an installment of it burst in on me in the shape of Parepa Rosa. She was Euphrosyne Parepa at that time, and the operatic idol of the city. Muffled with tippets, flecked with snow, glowing with the short encounter she had had with the elements rushing up the steps from her carriage, she threw herself into an easy chair and proclaimed the horrors of the outer world to be beyond description.

And even as we congratulated ourselves on the prospect of a delightful day together there came the summons for me to go to the humble funeral of the poor sewing woman's daughter. I turned the little tear blotted note over and groaned.

"This is terrible," said I. "It's just the one errand that could take me out today, but I must go." And then I told Parepa the circumstances and speculated on the length of time I should be gone and suggested means of amusement in my absence.

"But I shall go with you," said the great, good hearted creature.

"Your throat and old Bateman and your concert tonight!" I pleaded.

"If I get another 'froggy' note in my voice, it won't matter much; I'm hoarse as a raven now," she returned.

So she rewound her throat with the long, white comforter, pulled on her worsted gloves, and off in the storm we went together. We climbed light after flight of narrow, dark stairs to the top floor, where the widow dwelt in a miserable little room not more than a dozen feet square. The canvasback hearse, peculiar to the $25 funeral, stood in the street below, and the awful cherry stained box, with its ruffle of glazed white muslin, stood on uncovered trestles in the center of the room above.

There was the mother, speechless in her grief, before that box—a group of hard working, kindly hearted neighbors sitting about. It was useless to say the poor woman was prepared for the inevitable end—it was cold comfort to speak to her of the daughter's release from pain and suffering. The bereft creature, in her utter loneliness, was thinking of herself and the awful fate—of the approaching moment when that box and its precious burden would be taken away and leave her wholly alone. So, therefore, with a sympathizing grasp of the poor, worn, bony hand, we sat silently down to "attend the funeral."

The undertaker's man, with a screwdriver in his hand, jumped about in the passage to keep warm. The creaky boots of the minister belonging to the $25 funeral were heard on the stairs. There was a catarrhal conversation held outside between them as to the enormity of the weather, and probably the bad taste of the deceased in selecting such a bad time to die was discussed. Then the minister came in with a pious sniff and stood revealed, a regular Stiggins as to get up—a dry, self sufficient man, icier than the day and colder than the storm.

He deposited his hat and black gloves and wet umbrella on the poor little bed in the corner; he slapped his hands vigorously together; he took himself in well merited fashion by the ears and pulled them into the glowing sensation, and after thawing out for a moment he plunged into business.

He rattled merrily through some selected sentences from the Bible. He gave us a prayer that sounded like peas in a dried bladder, and he came to amen with a jerk that brought me up like a patent snap. He pulled on his old gloves and grabbed his rusty hat, and, with his umbrella dripping inky tears over the well scrubbed floor, he offered a set form of condolence to the broken hearted mother. He told her of her sin in rebelling against the decree of Providence. He assured her that nothing could bring the dead back. He inveighed against the folly of the world in general, and then he made a horrible blunder and showed he didn't know even the sex of the dead by saying, "He cannot come to you, but you must go to him."

This was a settler for Parepa and myself. We looked at the departing minister in blank astonishment.

The door swung wide; we saw the screwdriver waving in the air as the undertaker's man held converse with the clergyman. A hush fell on everybody gathered in the little room. Not one word had been uttered of consolation. It was the emptiest, hollowest, most unsatisfactory moment I ever remember.

Then Parepa arose, her cloak falling about her noble figure like mourning drapery. She stood beside that miserable cherry wood box. She looked a moment on the pinched, wasted, asby face upturned toward her from within it. She laid her soft, white hand on the discolored forehead of the dead girl, and she lifted up that matchless voice in the beautiful melody:

Angels, ever bright and fair,
Take, oh, take her, to your care.

The screwdriver paused in describing an airy circle. The wet umbrella stood pointing down the stairs. The two men with astonished faces were foremost in a crowd that instantly filled the passage. The noble voice swelled toward heaven, and if ever the choir of paradise paused to listen to earth's music it was when Parepa sang so gloriously beside that poor dead girl.

No words can describe its effect on those gathered there. The sad mourner sank on her knees, and with clasped hands and streaming eyes the little band stood reverently about her.

No queen ever went to her grave accompanied by a grander ceremony. To this day Parepa's glorious tribute of song rings with solemn melody in my memory as the only real, impressive funeral service I ever heard.—"Planets and People."

Remarkable Musical Memories.

Possibly the greatest case on record is that wonder of wonders, the most intellectual of interpreters, the late Dr. Hans von Bulow. He not only played all of Beethoven by heart upon the piano, but knew all the symphonies in the same manner, and practically the whole Wagnerian output of musical metal, and it is claimed that so great was the mass of the piano music which Bulow retained "within the book and volume of his brain," inscribed in mysterious hieroglyphics somewhere among the molecules of the gray matter constituting the cortex of his cerebral organ, that he could have played 25 piano recital programmes without repeating and without a printed page. Since there go about 2,000 measures to the hour and two solid hours to an ordinary Bulow programme this would represent 100,000 measures of music, or about 4,000 large pages, something like eight or ten thick volumes.

Even Bulow was outdone by Rubinstein, in the field of piano music at least, if we can trust the anecdote mongers, for it is claimed that in one season at St. Petersburg he played a series of recitals which exhausted the literature of the piano and embraced 1,300 distinct compositions. It is mentioned of Mendelssohn that on one occasion, the score of Beethoven's "Sixth Symphony" having been misplaced, he raised his baton and directed the work from memory, but this does not seem to me a feat in the least remarkable, for the pastoral symphony is so extremely lucid and so bewitchingly beautiful that the only thing difficult or remarkable would be the forgetting of it. Mme. Patti knew 40 opera roles, and Varesi, the baritone, knew 80.—John S. Van Cleeve in Music.

Seeing Oneself.

Next to the power of standing outside oneself and looking at me as other folks see me the most remarkable is this of (by the insight of genius and imagination) becoming you. The first makes one sometimes only too reasonable, too humble; the second warms the heart and enriches the soul, for it gives the charm of selfhood to beings not ourselves.—Jean Ingelow.

The clouds have hardly held more rain drops than the tears which have fallen from women's eyes. There is a world of truth in the old song which said: "Man must work, and woman must weep." Women must weep not only for the troubles and ills of those they love, but because of the physical agony and suffering that they themselves endure in silence.

Nine-tenths of the pain and suffering that women undergo could be avoided by a little knowledge, and a resort to the right remedy. When a woman feels weak, sick, nervous, fretful and despondent, and suffers from pains in the back and sides, and burning and dragging down sensations, she is suffering from weakness and disease of the distinctly feminine organism. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the best of all medicines for ailing women. It acts directly and only on the delicate and important organs that make maternity possible. It makes them strong and well. It allays inflammation, heals ulceration, soothes pain, and tones the nerves. It does away with the usual discomforts of the timorous period, and makes baby's coming easy and almost painless. It is the discovery of Dr. R. V. Pierce, an eminent and skillful specialist, for thirty years chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, at Buffalo, N. Y. No honest dealer will urge a substitute for this superior medicine.

"I cannot say too much for Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription," writes Miss Clara Baird, of Bridgeport, Montgomery Co., Pa. "I cannot praise it too highly for the good it did me. If any one doubts this give them my name and address."

Send for Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. Paper-bound, 31 one-cent stamps; cloth-bound, 50 cents. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

BURDOCK BLOOD BITTERS

MRS. THOS. MCCANN, Mooresville, Ont., writes: "I was troubled with biliousness, headache, and lost appetite. I could not rest at night, and was very weak, but after using three bottles of B.B.B. my appetite has returned, and I am better than I have been for years. I would not be without Burdock Blood Bitters. It is such a safe and good remedy that I am giving it to my children."

A FORTUNE.

In the event of a stroke of good fortune you can win	The payment of the prizes is guaranteed by Govt. 1st drawing:
5000,000 Marks.	June 16th.

You are invited to participate in the

chances of winning

in the grand drawings of prizes guaranteed by the State of Hamburg in which

11 MILLIONS 349,325 MARKS

surely have to be won.

In the course of THREE ADVANTAGEOUS DRAWINGS, which contain according to the Prospectus only 118,000 tickets, the following PRIZES will be forthcoming, viz:

The HIGHEST PRIZE will be event.

500,000 MARKS.

Premium of	30,0000 Marks
1 Prize of	200,000 Marks
1 Prize of	100,000 Marks
2 Prizes of	75,000 Marks
1 Prize of	70,000 Marks
1 Prize of	65,000 Marks
1 Prize of	60,000 Marks
1 Prize of	55,000 Marks
2 Prizes of	50,000 Marks
1 Prize of	40,000 Marks
1 Prize of	30,000 Marks
2 Prizes of	20,000 Marks
26 Prizes of	10,000 Marks
56 Prizes of	5,000 Marks
106 Prizes of	3,000 Marks
206 Prizes of	2,000 Marks
812 Prizes of	1,000 Marks
1518 Prizes of	400 Marks
40 Prizes of	300 Marks
140 Prizes of	200 Marks
36952 Prizes of	155 Marks
9959 Prizes of	134,104,100 Marks

9351 Prizes of 73,45,21 Marks in all 59,180 prizes which must be surely won in 7 drawings within the space of a few months.

The highest prize of 1st drawing amounts to Mark 50,000, increase in 2nd drawing to Mark 55,000, in 3rd Mark 60,000, in 4th Mark 65,000, in 5th Mark 70,000, in 6th Mark 75,000, in 7th Mark 200,000, and together with the premium of Mark 300,000, in the most fortunate case to Mark 500,000.

The official cost for participation in the first two drawings amounts to

Dollar 4.50 for a full ticket.
Dollar 2.25 for half a ticket.
Dollar 1.13 for one-quarter of a ticket.

Half resp. quarter tickets will entitle to one-half resp. one-quarter of the amount, won by the respective number, named on the ticket.

The stakes for participation in the following drawings as well as the exact prize-table, are indicated in the OFFICIAL PROSPECTUS, which I send on demand gratis in advance. The prospectus is also sent gratis with every order. After the drawing I shall forward to every ticket-holder the official list of the winning numbers.

The payment and forwarding of the amounts won

to those concerned will have my special and prompt attention, and with the most absolute secrecy.

☞ Remittance of money can be made by American Bank-notes by registered letter or Postoffice Orders. Small amounts can also be sent by postage stamps.

☞ On account of the approaching drawing of the prizes, please address the orders immediately in all confidence direct to

Samuel Heckscher Senr.,
Banker, Hamburg, Germany.

Mining Review $2.00 per year in advance.

Three Thousand New Novels

AT

CLIFFE'S BOOKSTORE

The latest Magazines arrive daily.

Wall Papers—the latest designs—the only complete stock in the city.

Stationery in every style and quality.

HEADQUARTERS

For Office Supplies.

The Best Blank Books for all purposes.

Small Wares to no end.

Sporting Goods for all.

LATEST GAMES

FOR EVENING AMUSEMENT.

Call and see one of the most complete stocks of Church Books, School Supplies, Ink, Cloth Bound Books, Musical Goods, &c., in the Kootenay country.

THE ONLY BOOKSTORE IN SANDON.

CLIFFE'S BOOKSTORE

Between the B. N. A. and B. C. Banks, Sandon, B. C.

A BATTLE IN NUBIA.

The Sirdar's Army Completely Rout the Dervishes.

Cario, April 8.—The details of the defeat of the Dervishes in Nubia show the Anglo-Egyptian force after a night march arrived at dawn before the emeny's camp. When the trenches of the dervishes had been bombarded by the whole Anglo-Egyptian force made a brilliant rush for the trenches. The Dervishes stood their ground bravely and reserved their fire until the attacking force was quite close to them.

Mahmoud, the Dervish general, was among the prisoners captured. As the dispatch was sent the Anglo-Egyptian cavalry, horse artillery and Maxim batteries were pursuing the fugitives. The losses of the Anglo-Egyptian force included Captain Urquhart of the Cameron Highlanders and Lieutenant Gore of the Seaforth Highlanders, killed; and 10 officers of the British brigade and four British officers in the Egyptian service wounded.

The Sirdar's force numbered 13,000 men, with 24 guns, and twelve Maxim's under Colonel long. The enemy left Shendy with 19,000 men, but they have suffered a great deal from desertions. We left yesterday's camp at 6 p. m. and bivouaced in the desert. We reached Mahmound's position at 6 a.m. to-day. They were evidently aware of our approach. After an hour of heavy bombardment the brigades were forced up and carried the position at the point of the bayonet under a tremendous fire from the enemy. The Sarabi was torn away, but the enemy hung obstinately to the trenches and were bayonetted in them. During the whole admirable bombardment by Colonel Long not a single dervish was visible. The cavalry is now in full pursuit, and nothing could have been finer than the behavior of the troops. Mahmoud was captured by the Ten Soudanese battalion. He was said to be underground the whole time his men were fighting. The prisoners say that Mahmound's forces were deserting in large numbers before the battle. The enemy's guns, baggage, animals and standards were captured. Our loss would have been much heavier if the enemy had not fired high.

A WORD OF ADVICE.

To those Coming to Alaska or the Klondike Gold Fields.

One though should be impressed upon every miner, prospector or trader coming to Alaska, to the Klondyke, or the Yukon country, and that is the necessity for providing an adequate and proper food supply. Whether procured in the Stater, in the Dominion, or at the supply stores here or futher on, this must be his primary concern. Upon the manner in which the miner has observed or neglected this precaution more than upon any other one thing will his success or failure depend.

These supplies must be healthful and should be concentrated, but the most careful attention in the selection of foods that will keep unimpaired indefinitely under all the conditions which they will have to encounter is imperative. For instance, as bread raised with baking powder must be relied upon for the chief part of every meal, imagine the helplessness of a miner with a can of spoiled baking powder. Buy only the very best flour; it is the cheapest in the end. Experience has shown the Royal Baking Powder to be the most reliable and the trading companies now uniformly supply this brand, as others will not keep in this climate. Be sure that the bacon is sweet, sound and thoroughly cured. These are the absolute necessitics upon which all must place a chief reliance, and can under no circumstances be neglected. They may, of course, be supplemented by as many comforts or delicacies as the prospector may be able to pack or desire to pay for.—From the Alaska Mining Journal.

A book of receipts for all kinds of cookery, which is specially valuable for use upon the trail or in the camp, is published by the Royal Baking Powder company, of New York. The receipts are thoroughly practical, and the methods are carefully explained, so that the inexperienced may, with its aid, readily prepare everything requisite for a good, wholesome meal, or even dainties if he has the necessary materials. The matter is in compact though durable form, the whole book weighing but two ounces. Under a special arrangement, this book will be sent free to miners or others who may desire it. We would recommend that every one going to the Klondyke procure a copy. Address the Royal Baking Powder Co., New York.

WEAK AND NERVOUS.

Too many women that way. They need Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills, Mrs. J. Hawke, Hagersville, Ont., says:—"Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills cured me of weakness and nervousness, with which I had been afflicted for a long time."

PRICES OF MAGAZINES.

The following monthly magazines are always kept in stock at Cliffe's Bookstore:

MAGAZINE.	PRICE.
The Young Ladies' Journal	35 cents
" Cosmopolitan	15 "
" Arena	30 "
" Ladies' Home Journal	15 "
" Canadian	15 "
Munsey's	15 "

GREAT MUSIC OFFER.

Send us the names and addresses of three or more performers on the piano or organ, together with ten cents in silver or postage, and we will mail you five pieces full sheet music size, consisting of popular songs, waltzes, marches, etc., arranged for the piano and organ. Address,

CHICAGO BOOK & NEWS CO.,
215-221 Wabash Ave., Chicago, Ill.

50C. 50C.

GOLD WATCH

FREE.

These watches are solid 14-carat gold, and our usual list price for them here in England is £5 ($25) each, but to introduce our enormous Catalogue, we will send you this watch free if you take advantage of our marvellous offer. If you want one, write us without delay. With your letter send us 50 cents International Money Order, for which we will send you a solid silver brooch, worth $1, and our offer. After you receive the beautiful watch, we shall expect you to show it to your friends, and call their attention to this advertisement. This watch is sent free on registered post on your complying with our advertisement and our offer, and is warranted for five years. ADDRESS—

WATCHMAKERS' ALLIANCE & ERNEST GOODE'S STORES, LTD., 184 Oxford St. London, Eng.

Money returned if not more than satisfied.

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIAL.

15 Princes St., Birmingham, Eng. "I thank you very much for the beautiful watch you sent me free of charge. I have tested it for nine months and it never varies one half-minute from one week's end to another."—E. WILES.

"To give away a Gold Watch worth $25 is certainly a splendid advertisement, but as the Watchmakers' Alliance is the largest firm of watchmakers in England, they can afford it."—Editor X.

Be sure and address your letter, 184, OXFORD STREET, LONDON, ENGLAND.

A NURSE'S STORY.

Tells how she was cured of Heart and Nerve Troubles.

The onerous duties that fall to the lot of a nurse, the worry, care, loss of sleep, irregularity of meals soon tell on the nervous system and undermine the health. Mrs. H. L. Menzies, a professional nurse living at the Corner of Wellington and King Streets, Brantford, Ont., states her

case as follows: "For the past three years I have suffered from weakness, shortness of breath and palpitation of the heart. The least excitement would make my heart flutter, and at night I even found it difficult to sleep. After I got Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills I experienced great relief, and on continuing their use the improvement has been marked until now all the old symptoms are gone and I am completely cured."

Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills cure Anaemia, Nervousness, Weakness, Sleeplessness, Palpitation, Throbbing, Faint Spells, Dizziness or any condition arising from Impoverished Blood, Disordered Nerves or Weak Heart.

Laxa-Liver Pills clean Coated Tongue.

THE LIGHT OF THE WORLD

OR, OUR SAVIOUR IN ART.

Cost over $100,000 to publish.

Nearly 200 full-page Masterpieces of Our Saviour and the Mother, by Great Masters.

A perusal of this superb work is like taking a tour through all the Art gallaries of Europe.

A glance at these matchless, thrilling pictures brings tears to the eyes of everyone.

Christian men and women paying for homes are taking from three to ten orders daily here in Chicago and everywhere.

Sells itself—so beautiful when people see it they want it.

Selling rapidly all the way from the Klondyke to Rio Janeiro. Never sold in this territory.

Published a year and in its twentieth edition.

Presses running day and night; call and see it.

Get sole management of large field and 100 agents and you have a fortune. Salary $900 to man or woman in good church standing to act as manager and correspondent here.

Call or address A. P. T. Elder, Manager Subscription Department, 189 Michigan Avenue, Chicago, Ill.

ATENTION TRAVELLING PUBLIC.

Leave Sandon for all Coast and Sound points at 7.45 a.m. daily,
arrive Vancouver 13 o'clock next day.
arrive Seattle 17.35 o'clock next day.
arrive Nelson 22.30 o'clock same day.
arrive Trail 22 o'clock same day.
arrive Rossland 23.30 o'clock same day.

Immediate connection made at junction points, no delay; quick service and superb acquipment are few of the many advantages offered by this line.

DAILY STAGE

FROM THREE FORKS TO CODY.

Morning—leaving Three Forks at 8 o'clock.

Afternoon—leaves Cody at 11 o'clock.

Leaves Three Forks at 1 o'clock.

Leaves Cody at 4 o'clock.

J. J. Madigan.

SPOKANE FALLS & NORTHERN
NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.
RED MOUNTAIN RAILWAY

THE ONLY ROUTE to TRAIL CREEK

and the mineral districts of the Colville Reservation, Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan points.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY, BETWEEN

SPOKANE, ROSSLAND AND NELSON

LEAVE		ARRIVE
10.00 a.m.	Rossland	3.40 p.m.
8.10 a.m.	Nelson	6.00 p.m.
8.00 a.m.	Spokane	6.00 p.m.

No change of cars between Spokane and Rossland.

Close connections at Nelson with steamers for Kaslo and all Kootenay lake points.

Passengers for Kettle river and Boundary creek connect at Marcus with stage daily.

Canadian Pacific Railway And Soo Pacific Line.

THE FAST AND SUPERIOR ROUTE

TO EASTERN AND EUROPEAN POINTS.
TO PACIFIC COAST AND FAR EAST POINTS.
TO RICH GOLDFIELDS OF KLONDYDE, YUKON.

TOURIST CAR SERVICE daily to St. Paul.

Daily except Tuesday to Eastern, Canadian and U. S. points.

Baggage checked to destination and through tickets issued.

DAILY CONNECTION to the main line points, excepting Sunday—to and from Nelson.

Train leaves Sandon daily at 7.45 p. m.

Train arrives Sandon daily at 4.55 p. m.

Ascertain present reduced rates and full information by addressing nearest local agent or

A. C. McARTHUR, Agent, Sandon
W. F. Anderson, Trav. Pass. Agt., Nelson
E. J. Coyle, Dist. Pass. Agt., Vancouver.

BE SURE YOUR TICKET READS VIA C. P. R.

KASLO AND SLOCAN RAILWAY.

TIME CARD.

Leave	8.00 a.m.	Kaslo	Arrive	3.50 p.m.
"	8.36 "	South Fork	"	3.15 "
"	9.36 "	Spowles	"	2.15 "
"	9.51 "	Whitewater	"	2.00 "
"	10.03 "	Bear Lake	"	1.48 "
"	10.18 "	McGuigan	"	1.33 "
"	10.33 "	Cody Junction	"	1.12 "
Arrive	10.50 "	Sandon	Leave	1.00 "

Subject to change without notice.
Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

ROBERT IRVING, G. F. & P. A. GEO. F. COPELAND, Superintendent.

For cheap Railroad and Steamship Tickets to and from all points, apply to S. CAMPBELL, Agent, Sandon, B. C.

When Going East

Use a first-class line in travelling between Minneapolis, St. Paul and Chicago, and the principal towns in Central Wisconsin.

Pullman Palace Sleeping and Chair Cars in service.

The Dining Cars are operated in the interest of its patrons, the most elegant service ever inaugurated. Meals are served a la Carte.

To obtain first-class service your ticket should read via.

THE WISCONSIN CENTRAL LINES

Direct connection at Chicago ann Milwaukee for Eastern points.

For full information call on your nearest ticket agent, or write

JAS. POND, Gen. Pas. Agt., Mitwaukee, Wis. or JAS. A. CLOCK, General Agent, 246 Stark St., Portland, Or.

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE

PATENTS

TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &c.

Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents.

Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive *special notice*, without charge, in the

Scientific American.

A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.

MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, **New York**
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

FORTUNES IN PATENTS

Send a Rough Drawing in Lead Pencil of your Idea. Improvement or Invention, with a clear description of it, and we will promptly tell you if it is new and probably patentable, absolutely Free. **FREE!** Valuable 100 page book "How to get a Patent." **MARION & MARION, Experts,** Temple Bldg. Montreal. The only firm of **graduate** engineers in the Dominion transacting patent business exclusively. Highest references

IDEAS!

Can be easily transformed into FORTUNES if properly handled. We assist inventors to perfect their inventions and secure for them the strongest claims possible under patent laws. **ADVICE FREE.** Free: 100 page illustrated book on Patents. **MARION & MARION, Experts,** Temple Building, Montreal. The only firm of **graduate** engineers in the Dominion transacting patent business exclusively. Highest references.

Do you see this package?

keep it in your mind

and when you ask for "Athlete"

See that this is what you get.

Nothing Like Brick!

PROCTOR & MCMILLAN BROS.

OF BALFOUR

Manufacture a first-class article in Pressed Brick; they are selling at low figures. Any sized order attended to promptly. Full particulars from any of our agents.

Kaslo H. BYERS. | Sandon E. M. SANDILANDS. | Nelson E. TRAVIS.

COAST LUMBER. COAST LUMBER.

Flooring, Siding, Ceiling, Mouldings,
Laths, Shingles, Doors and Windows,
Glass. Store and Office Fixtures.

D. J. McLachlan.

FACTORY AND YARD NEXT TO ELECTRIC POWER-HOUSE, SANDON.

Job Printing

We have every facility for turning out the best Mining and Commercial Work that can be executed.

The Mining Review.

Orders taken for Printing at Cliffe's Boksor e will receive prompt attention.

Rosebery Townsite.

The many advantages enjoyed by Rosebery put before the public, CLAIMED WITHOUT OPPOSITION.

Its Advantages as a Distributing Center.

Rosebery is the only town in Kootenay having both railroad and steamboat connection that can ship goods daily to ten different towns, whereby the shipper can see his wares leave his hands and that they will be received by the consignee within two hours.

Its Advantages as a Railroad Center.

Rosebery enjoys the position of king of the funnell as it were, for the railroad business of the whole of the Kootenays. All ore and matter for shipment from Nelson, Trail Creek and the Slocan must, and is now passing out this way to the main line of the C. P. R., as well as all goods coming in from Revelstoke to the Kootenay country.

NOTE. To substantiate this: The C. P. R. are now putting in track weigh scales at Rosebery, the first and only scales that has been put in on any of the C. P. R. branches in Kootenay—which goes to show the importance of this point by the Canadian Pacific Railway Company's actions.

Its Advantages as a Steamboat Point.

Rosebery claims, without opposition, of being the only junction on the lake, unlike Slocan City, where you can step off the steamer to a waiting train and continue your journey. You can take either a north or south train at this terminus; consequently Rosebery is the best transient town in the race. Nervertheless we claim Slocan City second in importance, and would say watch the head and foot of Slocan Lake, viz.—

ROSEBERY AND SLOCAN CITY.

Its Advantages as a Manufacturing Center.

As a manufacturing center Rosebery claims to have demonstrated the fact that after the careful observation of the Denver (Colorado) Ore Coy's manager, as the natural advantages of all points in Kootenay for the treatment of ores the cheapest, Rosebery was selected, and they now are erecting works, with a capacity of 250 tons per day, which will be in operation within 90 days; and it is their intention to pay out monthly in the vicinity of $100,000. I might also add Rosebery has the largest water power from Wilson river flowing into Slocan Lake.

AS TO CLIMATE.

Rosebery claims the mildest climate on Slocan Lake, from its admirable southern exposure and absolute shelter from the north; snow always leaves the place about the 15th of March.

AS A TOWNSITE.

As a townsite, Rosebery is without a peer. It is possessed of all the flat land available at the mouth of the Wilson river leading to the valley—mining region—consequently there is no danger of any contagion. The title is a Crown Grant and is perfect. All purchasers of lots are safe in this respect. The only safe speculative townsite in the Slocan is Rosebery.

Why should I say the only safe speculative townsite in the Slocan? Because Rosebery business lots to-day are only $150 to $200 each and are bound to increase rapidly this summer. These figures can, and will, double. Before long the time to buy now. Don't wait till they are from $700 to $1,000, as you did in Slocan City last May, go in on the ground floor and make a few dollars in speculation; if you want to invest go to Vancouver or Winnipeg; if you want to speculate and and clean up money go quick to Rosebery before lots are out of sight.

What's Wanted in Rosebery.

We want a restaurant.
We want a good hotel right away.
We want a first-class general store.
We want a butcher shop.

Anyone looking for an opening spy out this place at once.

Maps and price-lists on application; prices run from $75 to $200.

TERMS: One-third cash, balance 3 and 6 months. For actual builders special terms can be arranged for a few lots by applying to

A. M. BEATTIE, General Agent, Rosebery.

MOUNTAIN ECHOES.

G. B. Wright, of Ainsworth, is dead.

Miners' time checks at Cliffe's bookstore.

Supreme Court opened at Nelson yesterday.

A small slide delayed the out-going train on Friday.

The Grand Lodge of K. of P. will be held at Kamloops on May 10th.

In the past two weeks, the Payne has shipped 360 tons of ore over the C. P. R.

Geo. Lloyd, who has removed to Slocan City, expects to get on the police force at the latter place, in a few days.

Jack McCullock, the skater, is delighting crowds in the N. W. T., which goes to show that John Frost is alive and kicking there yet.

On account of the illness of P. M. Lilly with a bad attack of neuralgia, police court frequenters have had an easier time of it the past week.

A Bill is before the Federal House to compel government officials to pay their debts under garnishee or otherwise. This is an excellent move.

Invitations will soon be out for a grand ball to be given by the I. O. O. F. in Spencer's hall on the 26th inst. As the previous dances given by the above society have been successful, a good time may be looked for Tuesday week.

Notices are posted through the province offering $200 reward for the capture of Fred Carson, charged with manslaughter. The victim was John Maki, an Italian, who was killed in a row at Michael creek in East Kootenay on February 9th.

Since the 1st of July last year over 75,000 people have appeared at the Canadian custom houses as bound for the Klondyke, and we venture the opinion that not more than one per cent. of the number has been reported as having made any money.

During the last few weeks several petty thieves have been advised by our police authorities to "Go and sin no more." The most of them have gone. Seattle or some of those western places afford a better field for that kind of business than Sandon does with its present police staff.

The Editor has received a letter from W. T. Plaisance, St. John's, Prov. of Quebec, enquiring about a brother, H. W. Plaisance, a carpenter, who had lived in Sandon some weeks ago. Any one knowing the whereabouts of the missing man will confer a favor by addressing the brother as above.

Chas. Burritt, pressman on the Nelson Miner for the past five years, was drowned in the rapids of the river near that town on Monday. He and a printer, named McMorris, were in a canoe when it upset. McMorris gained the shore by the aid of a life preserver, but Burritt losing self-control was drowned.

Mr. Macdonagh, the new manager of the new Reco hotel is here to open the house in a few days. The building is one of the best in the country; the appointments and conveniencies are perfection, and Mr. Macdonagh is one of the foremost men in the province in the business, so that the guests of the new hostelry may look for the best attention at a most comfortable hotel.

Easter Sunday was observed here in the two churches by special services, Scriptural and choral, as it was, undoubtedly, throughout the length and breadth of this and other Christian lands, with but little variation. The Methodists here, having a church of their own, had the interior of the building beautifully decorated with suitable mottoes, cedar, flowers, drapes etc.

Mr. D. McMillan has returned from a tour of the south country in search of a business location. Of Fort Steele, he has to say that its future is undecided until the railway reaches it. As a resedental point he likes Nelson; but he thinks business is quite done, if not overdone. He thinks, after all, the prospects of Sandon are as substantial as any place he has seen, and is likely to settle here in business.

The anxiety with the Klondyke supply houses in the coast cities now is the ways and means to get rid of their stocks, the boom having busted. It would only be the answer to many an honest prayer, if the half of them went busted. The dodge of most of them was to sell to tenderfeet, for the money they made out of it, knowing the venture of the tenderfeet was only a rush to destruction.

Miss McDonald entertained a few of her friends at the Balmoral on Thursday evening. The following were the successful players and prizes secured after an hour or two of progressive whist: 1st prize—Ladies' (silk glove case), Mrs. W. E. Sharp and Mrs. Donaldson tie, Mrs. Sharp winning in the draw; gent's (smoking cap), Mr. Cavanagh; Booby prize—Ladies (Pole on Whist), Miss Crawford; gent's (jumping-jack), Mr. Donaldson, who believes in keeping up a hard-earned reputation.

The Fireman's second dance of the season was held Easter Monday evening. Like the former one it was well managed in all details and largely attended, though not as crowded as the first, which added much to the comfort of the dancers, if not to weight of the Brigade's purse. As there has been no committee meeting we are unable to give a financial statement this week; but, as the attendance was all that could be expected and expenses nominal, it must have resulted successful financially as well as otherwise.

There are many tangible signs of returning prosperity to this camp. Many new faces are seen on the streets, and the incoming trains are bringing people in well nigh as fast as they took them out a few weeks ago. The mines, too, are all preparing to increase their staffs. Mr. White, of the Star, says they will double their force in the course of ten days or so, when the water supply increases. The slides on the upper hills are coming down rapidly, which will enable the smaller properties in the higher altitudes to reaume operations shortly. All these agencies will tend to relieve the business strain of the past few months, and encourage the activity of the place of a year ago.

Kaslo has a real live baseball club.

All the latest novels and magazines at Cliffe's bookstore as soon as published.

Nelson thinks it will have the crack lacrosse team this season. If so it will have to do better than it did at hockey.

Services this week as usual at the Methodist church. Sermon at 11 a.m. on "Why join the Church"; at 7.30 p.m. "Mankind divided, and mankind united."

Jake Gauduar, the champion oarsman, has accepted the challenge of Bob Johnson, of Vancouver, to row for $500 and the championship of the world. The event will likely take place in August, on the Burrard inlet.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Mr. Fallows spent Easter in Nelson.

Ald. Hunter spent some days at Rossland recently.

Rev. A. M. and Mrs. Sanford holidayed in New Denver this week, returning Friday evening.

Mr. Wood, manager of the Last Chance, has gone to the Western States for a trip of a couple of months.

G. P. Winter, of the Bank of B. N. A. here, was at Kaslo the other day, and Mr. Thomas, of the same institution, has returned after a lengthy visit.

AT THE HOTELS.

Balmoral—C. Peterson, New York; B. Anderson, A. Anderson, Chas. C. Daley, H. R. Stovel, Toronto; J. McNaughton, J. C. Bradley, Kaslo; Allen McDougall, Kusaknook; R. McDougall, Angus Carlquest, Spokane; Sam Kennedy, Revelstoke; J. Walker, Ruscomb, Ont.; John A. Craig, Cornwall, Ont.

Sandon—Frank Hanna, Trail; R. E. Parker, Cody; Ewein Cummings, H. Sweeney, Kaslo; W. Ross, Frank Culver, Silverton; Tom O'Brien, Halcyon Hot Springs; A. W. Buscan, Goat River; D. McFadden, Spokane; R. W. Willey, Nelson.

Goodenough—P. Burns, H. E. Macdonell, H. E. Beasley, Nelson; W. S. Drewry, W. A. Bucke, Kaslo; R. H. Jameson, Victoria, E. M. Kelly, C. Otterhagen, Spokane; Gus. Dunn, Montreal; H. L. Johnson, New Denver, E. W. Turner and wife, Toronto; James Jones, Vancouver.

KIDNEY DISORDERS.

Are responsible for a large proportion of sickness. If you have weak or Lame Back, Swelling of the Hands and Feet, Sediment in the Urine, Dizzy Spells, Rheumatic Pains, Loss of Memory, Severe Headaches, you may know your kidneys are disordered, and the remedy for you is Doan's Kidney Pills.

The Weights of Brains.

Some interesting facts bearing on the size and weight of the brain were given recently by Sir William Turner. In the case of Europeans the average brain weight is from 49 ounces to 50 ounces in man, and from 44 ounces to 45 ounces in woman. It is interesting to note that even in newborn children the boys have bigger heads and heavier brains than the girls. The brains of a number of men of ability and intellectual distinction have been weighed, and ascertained to be from 55 to 60 ounces. In a few exceptional cases, as in the brains of Cuvier and Dr. Abercrombie, the weight has been more than 60 ounces, but it should also be stated that brains weighing 60 ounces and upward have occasionally been obtained from persons who had shown no sign of intellectual eminence. On the other hand it has been pointed out that if the brain falls below a certain weight it cannot properly discharge its functions. This minimum weight for civilized people experts have placed at 37 ounces for men and 32 ounces for women.

MINING RECORDS.

Recorded at New Denver

LOCATIONS.

April 6—Maine, Eight Mile, Walter Clough. Florence Fraction, Four Mile, W. H. Scott, W. Hunter.

April 7—Springtime, Four Mile, W. H. Brandon.

ASSESSMENTS.

April 5—Kybosh.
April 6—Keystone, Torpedo, Broken Lock.
April 7—Belleview No 2.
April 9—Traveller, Glasco, Paymaster.

TRANSFERS.

April 6—Dungeness ½, Robin ½, Norman McMillan to Joe Piton, April 2.

April 7—Wonderful Bird, Edward Tangbe to Eugene Staunard, April 7, $75.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has been used by millions of mothers for their children while teething. If disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child, suffering and crying with pain of cutting teeth. Send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it, mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures diarrhœa, regulates the stomach and bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the gums and reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States. Price twenty-five cents a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

LIFE'S RED STREAM.

When the blood is pure and rich, health and vitality are carried to all parts of the body. When it is impure or watery, the seeds of disease germinate and grow. To clear the blood current of all impurities, to make it rich and health giving there is nothing to equal the standard blood remedy, Burdock Blood Bitters.

TO CURE COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25 cents.

$100 Reward.

One Hundred Dollars will be cheerfully and promptly paid for any case of drunkenness (the Liquor Habit) or Tobacco Habit that "Ryan's Alcholic and Tobacco Cure" will not cure in two weeks. The same remedy cures both the liquor habit and Tobacco Habit at the same time. Send to-day; you either get cured or make one hundred dollars. Sent by mail postage paid to any part of the world for One Dollar. Address all orders to

R. RYAN, R.A.C.
Gower Point, Ont.

COURTS OF ASSIZE and Nisi Prius, and of Oyer and Terminer and General Gaol Delivery, will be holden at the places and on the dates following, viz.:—

City of Nelson, on Monday, the 20th day of June, 1898.

Town of Donald, on Monday, the 27th day of June, 1898.

By Command.
JAMES BAKER,
Provincial Secretaary.

Provincial Secretary's Office,
8th March, 1898.

AGENTS.—"The best Life of Her Majesty I have seen," writes Lord Lorne about "Queen Victoria." Agents make five dollars daily. Outfit free. BRADLEY-GARRETSON CO., Limited, Toronto.

Notice.

Take notice that thirty days after date I will apply to the License Commissioner of the city of Sandon, for a transfer of license held by Mrs. Katie Barger, for the Waldorf Hotel, to

J. S. RICHARDSON.

Sandon, March 7th, 1898.

WANTED By Old Established House—High Grade Man or Woman, of good church standing, to act as Manager here and do office work and correspondence at their home. Business already built up and established here. Salary $900. Enclose self-addressed stamped envelope for our terms to A. P. T. Elder, General Manager, 180 Mich. ave., Chicago, Ill.

DR WOOD'S
NORWAY PINE SYRUP.

THE MOST PROMPT,
Pleasant and Perfect Cure
for Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Bronchitis, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup, Whooping Cough, Quinsy, Pain in the Chest and all Throat, Bronchial and Lung Diseases.

The healing anti-consumptive virtues of the Norway Pine are combined in this medicine with Wild Cherry and other pectoral Herbs and Balsams to make a true specific for all forms of disease originating from colds.

Price - 25c. and 50c.

THE NEW YORK WORLD,
THRICE-A-WEEK EDITION.

18 and Sometimes 24 Pages a Week—156 Papers a Year—Published every Alternate Day except Sunday.

The Thrice-a-Week Edition of The New York World is first among all weekly papers in size, frequency of publication, and the freshness, accuracy and variety of its contents. It has all the merits of a great $6 daily at the price of a dollar weekly. Its political news is prompt, complete, accurate and impartial as all its readers will testify. It is against the monopolies and for the people.

It prints the news of all the world, having special correspondence from all important news points on the globe. It has brilliant illustrations, stories by great authors, a capital humor page, complete markets, departments for the household, and women's work and other special departments of unusual interest.

We offer this unequaled newspaper and The MINING REVIEW together one year for $3.00.

The Hotel Vancouver

Strictly First-class.

PORTMANN BROS. & CO., PROPS.

Good Sample Rooms.

Good Table.

The best Brands of Liquors and Cigars.

RECO AVENUE, SANDON.

HOME WORK FOR FAMILIES.

We want a number of families to do work for us at home, whole or spare time. The work we send our workers is quickly and easily done, and returned by parcel post as finished. Good money made at home. For particulars ready to commence send name and address. THE STANDARD SUPPLY CO., Dept. B., London, Ont.

Old People's Troubles.

Hard for the old folks to move about—constant backaches to bother them in the daytime—urinary weakness to disturb their rest at night.

DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS

Strengthen the Kidneys and help to make the declining years comfortable.

Mr. W. G. Mugford, Chestnut Street, Charlottetown, P. E. I., writes:

"For the past two years I have had much trouble with disease of the kidneys and non-retention of urine, was dropsical and suffered a great deal with pain in my back. I have been greatly benefited by the use of Doan's Kidney Pills."

MINING STOCKS
AND OTHER INVESTMENTS.

Every Representation Guaranteed.

J. M. Harris
SANDON, B. C.

Bruce White. N. J. Cavanaugh.

WHITE & CAVANAUGH

Manufacturers of and dealers in Rough and Dressed Lumber a specialty.

Estimates furnished.

Contractors and Builders.

OFFICE AND MILL, CODY, B. C.

Transfer of Liquor License.

We hereby give notice that 30 days from this date we intend to apply to the Board of License Commissioners, Sandon, for a transfer of liquor license from Bartlett Bros., for the Bartlett House to ourselves.

LOWES & HARRINGTON,

Sandon, March 11th, 1898.

M. L. Grimmett, L.L.B.

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, ETC.

Sandon, B. C.

AGENTS.—Book business is better than for years past; also have better and faster selling books. Agents clearing from $10,000 to $40,000 weekly. A few leaders are: "Queen Victoria," "Life of Mr. Gladstone," "My Mother's Bible Stories," "Progressive Speaker," "Klondyke Gold Fields," "Woman," "Glimpses of the Unseen," Breakfast, Dinner and Supper," "Canada: an Encyclopedia." Books on time. Outfits free to canvassers. THE BRADLEY-GARRETSON CO., Limited, Toronto.

TAILORING, CLEANING, REPAIRING AND DYEING.

Bidlingmeyer's Old Stand.
Prices Reasonable.

STEVE ENOX, PROPRIETOR.

Dr. Milloy,
DENTIST.

BLACK'S HOTEL, SANDON.

All work promptly executed.

I. O. O. F.

Silver City Lodge, No. 39, meets every Friday evening, at 7.30 o'clock, in Crawford's hall.

F. C. SEWELL, N. G.
M. L. GRIMMETT, V. G. Grand.
G. W. WAITE, Rec. Sec.

All sojourning brothers cordially invited to attend.

To Whom It May Concern.
W. FURNIVAL

"THE" Mercantile Auctioneer, is now prepared to handle all kinds of merchandise, mining stocks, &c.

Parties wishing to consult him, please address W. FURNIVAL, P. O. Box 117, Sandon, B. C.

Licensed Auctioneer for the province.

THE...
GOODENOUGH
SANDON, B. C.

American Plan, $3.50 per day.
European Plan, $2.00 per day.

STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS.

MRS. M. A. SMITH, Prop.

READ THIS.

WANTED a man desires to fill a steady, paying position and earn good wages! If you are at present employed that need not prevent you from sending us a postal-card to learn what we can do for you. We have the largest, most complete and thoroughly up-to-date nurseries in the Dominion. There is a largely increasing demand for Home-grown Nursery Stock.

ALL SUPPLIES SENT FREE.
THE TRIAL COSTS YOU NOTHING
YOU GET YOUR PAY EVERY SATURDAY.

If you cannot give full time to our interests we can arrange liberal terms with you for part time. We grow a full line of Fruit Trees, Berry Bushes, Flowering Shrubs, Ornamental Trees, Hedging, Bulbs, Roses and Seed Potatoes. All our stock guaranteed and warranted to live.

Write and tell us you are open for an offer and we will make you a proposition you will want to accept.

E. P. BLACKFORD & CO.,
Toronto, Ont.

ASK FOR Schlitz

THE BEER THAT MADE MILWAUKEE FAMOUS.

UNEQUALLED FOR TABLE USE.

FOR SALE BY

R. CUNNING
Hotel Sandon,

Sandon, B. C.

THE LIVER OF A
WATCH

Is the Hairspring, and like the human organ, it sometimes gets kinks in it; just does all sorts of funny things without any excuse or reason discoverable.

Its takes a doctor to find out the cause.

I AM A
Watch Doctor

And make it a business to straighten out all the little troubles, and get the sick watch on its proper diet of time again. Because you don't understand all the details of a Watch is no excuse for me to charge exorbitant prices for repairing. I charge what is worth—no more. If your Watch is dyspeptic bring it in.

G. W. GRIMMETT,
JEWELER AND OPTICIAN.

GOOD NEWS
FOR SANDON!

Acting on instructions from the creditors of CRAWFORD & McMILLAN all the present stock will be disposed of immediately, regardless of price—rock-bottom prices. Come early and secure some of our great bargains.

GOODENOUGH BLOCK.

Sandon
Steam Laundry

SLOCAN STAR STREET.

We do every kind of work done in the best steam laundries, by the best and most experienced workmen. Everything from the most delicate fabric to the heaviest garment. All work done expeditiously. We call for goods, and deliver in any part of the town.

UP-TOWN OFFICE, C. GALES' BARBER SHOP,
Next Slocan News Co.

Lawerence & McKenzie.

KOOTENAY MERCANTILE TAILORING CO.

Everything Up-to-date in our line. A fine selection of Worsteds, Tweeds and Fancy Vestings.

Agents for the Dominion Piano and Organ Co.

J. R. & D. CAMERON

WHEN IN SANDON STOP AT THE

HOTEL SANDON

SANDON, B. C.
Headquarters for Mining and Commercial Men.

Rates $2.50 to $4.00 per day.
***
R. CUNNING, PROPRIETOR.

WHEN YOU ARE AT BEAR LAKE STOP AT THE

Miners' Exchange.

FIRST-CLASS HOTEL.

RATES—$2.00 PER DAY; $10.50 PER WEEK.

H. I. McDonald, Proprietor.

P. BURNS & CO.
Dealers in Meats

At Sandon, Rossland, Nelson, Kaslo, Pilot Bay and Three Forks.

Sandon. Slocan City.

MARKET INFORMATION AND PRICES GLADLY FURNISHED.

Full Prices. Correct Selection

FURS

Hides, Pelts, Wool,
TALLOW, GINSENG, SENECA.

Write for Circular giving Latest Market Prices.

Ropes & Tags Furnished Free

IMMEDIATE REMITTANCES.

NO COMMISSION CHARGED.

JAS. McMILLAN & CO. INC.

200 FIRST AVE. NORTH,
MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.