The Mining Review.

VOL. 4.—NO. 44. SANDON, B. C., SATURDAY, APRIL 13, 1901. $2.00 PER YEAR.

Death By His Own Hand.

Word was received in town Monday that J. Robertson Barr had committed suicide near Three Forks early that morning. Barr was in Sandon last week drinking freely, and becoming boisterous was taken to the police station on Friday night. He was liberated the following morning with a reprimand and immediately left town. It is gener lly understood that Mr. Barr was subject to fits of insanity, and his actions seem to bear out the truth in the statement.

Some months ago be started a small men's furnishing store here on Reco avenue, and after doing business for a short time, locked up the premises one morning and left for parts unknown.

About eight weeks later he was found to be in Argenta, and nothing more was heard of him until he appeared in the city last week and was drinking heavily.

After his incarceration in the city jail, for his behaviour, he went to Three Forks and was staying at one the mines near there. About 3 o'clock he told the man who occupied the same bed with him, that he was going to get a cup of cold coffee, and left the room. A few minutes after he was heard sharpening a knife, but nothing was thought of this as it supposed he was do so to oblige the cook. On hearing an unusual noise some time later, some of the miners hurried down to ascertain the cause and found Barr in the pantry.

The sight that meet their eves almost rooted them to the spot with horror. The unfortunate man was sitting in a chair with his hands clasped at his neck, from which the blood was pouring, and suffering the dreadful agonies of death. He expired in a few minutes. On examination it was found he had almost severed his head form the body with a huge butcher knife, which lay dripping with blood beside him.

The news startled the people here when it came, but it is the opinion of many that he committed the deed in a temporary fit of insanity. Mr. Barr was well and favorably known in the Slocan, and his untimely end under the circumstances attending it, are to be deplored.

His remains were interred in the New Denver cemetery on Tuesday.

MINES AND MINING.

The Evening Star at Rossland has closed down indefinetly.

The Tamarac will start up shortly with a large force of men.

The Sunset, Jackson Basin, shipped 40 tons of ore from Whitewater this week.

The first payment on a bond has been made on the Republic group near Slocan.

When the new machinery now being installed in the Rossland Le Roi mine is in working order, the value of the average daily output is estimated at $17,000.

The Hillside Co. have decided to place a limited amount of treasury stock on the market, the proceeds of which will be used for the purpose of carrying on development this season.

The St. Eugene mine at Moyie closed down this week, throwing 300 men out employment. The cause is assigned to the low price of lead and the uncertainty of the silver market. There never was more ore in sight than at present in the history of that famous property, and no doubt the smelter difficulty is the chief cause in the matter.

The Nobe Five made another rich strike last Saturday, and which is a continuation a rich find of some three weeks ago. This time in nine feet of extra tunnelling the ore body widened to 16 inches, which is the best showing the property has made for some time. At present nine men are at work, and staff will be largely increased when the company can get a proper supply of water,

THE LOCAL GRAFT.

Harry Campeau has a contract at the Star for sacking ore.

C. D. Hunter returned to Phoenix the first part of the week.

Born on Arpil 5th, to Mrs. Wm. Bennett, of this city, a son.

R. F. Green passed through here on Sunday from Victoria on his way to Kaslo.

The snow disappeared rapidly this week, causing an exchange of runners for wheels.

Isaac Crawford has removed from Nelson to Phoenix, where he has become manager of one of the big stores of that place.

The refinery delegation and the Paysneak hog car arrived in Ottawa last Wednesday.

Mr. Burton while at work broke his leg last Wednesday and was at once removed to his residence.

Mr. Aubrey Sandford, deputy post master, left on Wednesday for San Francisco, where he will reside in the future.

The fishing season is drawing near and anything you want such as rods, reels, flies, trolls, lines, in fact anything in the line of fishing tackle can be secured at Cliffe's bookstore.

Before the departure of Mr. and Mrs. Sandford to their new field of labor, the ladies of the Methodist church will give a grand farewell entertainment. There will be a short programme of good music, after which ice cream, cake and coffee will be served.

Miss J. C. McDonald, a graduate nurse of Lowell, Mass., has been added to the hospital staff this week. Miss McDonald spent some time in the Winnipeg and other large hospitals before coming here and is very efficient in her profession.

Mr. Thos. McGuigan left for Portland, Oregon, Sunday noon on receiving the news of his brother's accident, and on his arrival at Nelson he got a telegram to the effect that his brother was not fatally hurt and only went as far as Spokane.

The Sandon Senior and Junior hockey teams were photographed separately by R. H. Trueman on Wednesday. The Juniors, who are the champions in their class of British Columbia, were taken with their popular manager, W. Walmsley, of the Filbert, the coveted cup and their bull-dog mascot.

The members of the band were invited out to the Payne on Wednesday evening. A hand car was placed at their disposal, and all piled on about 8 o'clock, arriving their in a few minutes. The mountains re-echoed the music—principally Irish airs, and a gentle breeze wafted it towards Three Forks and New Denver. They were royally entertained by Mr. John Daly and Mr. Zwicky, and returned to town elated about 10:30.

The warm rain of Thursday will prove a blessing in many ways. Besides clearing some of the streets of the accumulation of the winter's refuse, the mountians of the snow, to let the beautiful wild flowers, which abound in profusion around here, bloom again, it will enable the mines whose concentrators have not been half working on account of the scarity of water, to start up full blast.

Appropriate Easter services were held in the Methodist and Catholic churches last Sunday. In the former Rev. A. M. Sandford delivered two very feeling sermons fitting to the occasion, and the choir sang hymns specially prepared during the service. In the latter the statue of St. Joseph was dedicated, High Mass celebrated and a touching sermon preached by Rev. Father Cote. Miss M. McKinnon presided at the organ, which was supplemented by violin and clarionet, played by Thos. Duffy and L. O'Neal. During the Offertory "Regina Ceoli" was well rendered by the choir.

Tom Starkey returned home to Nelson this week.

Miss M. English spent her Easter holidays in Kaslo.

E. J. Robie, of Nelson, is spending a few days in the city.

A. B. Docksteader, the census enumerator, was in the city this week on his official business.

Tom Jones, foreman of the Good-enough, returned home this week from the Halcyon Springs.

W. B. Falk, Sun Life insurance agent of Nelson, spent a few days here this this week on business.

E. R. Atherton returned home Thursday after a week's visit to Nelson and other Kootenay points.

Two well-known citizens, Jas. Hill and Scot Fleming left Tuesday morning for Bridge river, where they will spend the summer prospecting.

Platt Bros., who had the contract for the flume extention, withdrew their tender on Thursday. The water raising too high to permit them to finish the work on time.

R. H. Trueman, photographer, has had to extend his stay here a few days longer than he expected on account of so many sittings. All desiring photos taken should call before Monday, April 15th, as he leaves after that date.

A pleasant social will be held in the Reading Room next Thursday evening, April 18th. All kinds of games and in-door amusements will be provided, and refreshments served by the ladies. An enjoyable evening is assured.

The band boys dance was largely attended on Monday evening, Duffy's orchestra furnished the music. A good supper was served. The dance netted the band $40 after all expenses in connection were paid.

A slide of considerable proportions pushed down the Payne mountain on Thursday afternoon and for a while it looked serious for the west end. Fortunately it came to a standstill at the K. & S. main line and the only damage done was the blockading of the overland line to Cody.

The Paysneak in its last issue refers to the passenger coaches of the K. & S. Ry. as hog cars. It would not be a bad idea for the officials of that road to look into the matter, but then everybody knows it came from a Boer, and he had to squeal because they are so much superior to his own grunting quarters.

The Ladies Aid of the Presbyterian church gave an entertainment on behalf of that organization, in the Miners' Union Hall, on Thursday evening. The social function was successful from start to finish, and was the means of placing before the Sandon public quite a number of very acceptable amateur artists. It would be an injustice to particularize the concert, as the participants, one and all, very creditably rendered their various parts.

The are seven patients in the hospital just now. Harry Payzant, who has been very low with typhoid fever, is slowly recovering. R. Cooper, Thos. Wilkinson and Dan McGillis, ailing from slight attacks of sickness, were admitted this week. R. T. Gale, a timbermen at the Star mine, cut an ugly gash in his foot while at work Wednesday. He was taken to the hospital, and is getting on nicely. J. Allan, E. Kellett and Wm. Dixon having recovered from their sickness, left the institution a few days ago.

Sandon Ore Shipments.

The following shipments of ore were shipped from here this week:

Mine.	Tons.
American Boy	21
Ivanhoe	20
Trade Dollar	20
Last Chance	18
Total,	79

Billiard and Pool Contests.

For some time past a series of billiard and pool games have been played in the Reco hotel, which terminated last Saturday evening. The contestants were many and arranged in classes, and the games well contested and watched with interest.

In the billiard contest Col. Pierson captured the first prize, the choice of a new set of expensive cues, and E. A. Hall second, a box of Franklin cigars.

Wm. Wilson took first prize in the pool contest, it being second choice of the cues, and Chas. Pyphers who carried off the other prize, is contentedly smoking a box of Franklin cigars.

Andy Grierson took the "booby" prize a bottle of "catch up."

A. W. Wright played a game for points with J. M. Harris, the former was to allow the latter 1½ points, and Mr. Harris won by ⅓ of a point.

Harry Campeau in a closely contested pool game with Col. Pearson, fired a shot just as time was called, scoring a point and evening up with the Colonel. Considerable discussion arose as to whether it be counted or not. It was left for the umpire, whose decison was final, to decide, and he discounted it, declaring Col. Pearson the winner, who later was defeated by Wm. Wilson.

Wm. Hoods acted as umpire throughout the series and his decisions were fair and impartial.

Hotel Arrivals For the Week.

DENVER—J. Williams, Fernie; C. McDonald, Slocan; G. E. Green, Alamo; H. Smythe, N. Bradley, Nelson; R. W. Jones, Kaslo; J. Baugh, J. Hackey, G. Dupois, A. Dupois, Three Forks. RECO—J. Here, Queen Bess mine; J. Beveridge, N. McDeewer, C. Christie, J. W. Gaukroyer, Vancouver; H. Byers, R. Helme, T. B. Gray, M. McKay, J. C. Camether, H. McIntyre, Nelson; Geo. Williams, J. R. Parks, Spokane; Mrs. Parental, Alamo; M. R. W. Rathbone, R. F. Green, H. Giegerich, W. J. Twiss, Kaslo; G. B. McIntosh, J. Campbell, New York; S. L. Long, A. Milloy, Rossland; H. T. Twigg, New Denver; C. B. Booth, Los Angeles; C. D. Hunter, Phoenix; G. W. Aivman, Winnipeg; W. Williams, Montreal; R. Johnson, New Westminster; F. W. Sterling, Toronto.

Miners' Union Officers.

On Saturday evening last the Miners' Union of Sandon elected their new officers for this year as follows.

President—R. J. McLean.
Vice-President—Wm. Bowan.
Financial Secretary—A. Shilland.
Recording Secretary—J. S. McKenzie.
Treasurer—J. V. Martin.
Conductor—Carl Westin.
Warden—Mike Brady.

A PURE GRAPE CREAM OF TARTAR POWDER

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

Highest Honors, World's Fair
Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair

Avoid Baking Powders containing alum. They are injurious to health

31st Annual Meeting of

The Mutual Life of Canada

Formerly The Ontario Mutual Life.

New Name but same old Principles—A Company of Policyholders, by Policyholders, for Policyholders.—Leads in Canadian Business.—A Most Successful Year.

The Thirty-first Annual Meeting of this prosperous and leading Life Company was held at its Head Office, Waterloo, Ont., on Thursday, March 7th, 1901, at 1 p.m. The meeting, composed solely of policyholders, was representative and influential, and the proceedings, as usual were instructive and interesting. Among those present, besides the officers and a large number of agents, we noticed Messrs. David Bean, D. Buckberrough, F. C. Bruce, M.P., B. M. Britton, K.C., M.P., E. P. Clement, Geo. Diebel, T. R. Earl, J. Kerr Fisken, B.A., Rev. J. R. Gilchrist, Hon. J. T. Garrow, K.C., W. S. Hodgins, A. Hoskin, K.C., W. J. Kidd, B.A., Alex. Millar, K.C., John McCallum, W. J. Motz, A. W. Roberts, Geo. A. Somerville and Very Rev. Dr. Spetz, C.R.

The President having taken the chair, on motion Mr. W. H. Riddell, Secretary of the Company, acted as Secretary of the meeting, and at the request of the President, read the

DIRECTORS' REPORT.

Your Directors have pleasure in submitting their report, together with the financial statement duly audited for the year ended December 31st, 1900.

We are glad to inform you that the business of the year has been eminently satisfactory, and that it exceeds any former year, except in respect to new business, which is somewhat less than in 1899.

The Surplus earnings were sufficient to enable a continuance of the liberal distribution to policyholders as heretofore. The interest earnings were again, as for some years past largely in excess of all the death claims that arose within the year.

The Lapses and Surrenders were moderate in proportion to the business in force, showing continued confidence of policyholders in the stability of the Company and its management.

Applications to the amount of $4,321,345 were received, and policies for $1,301,183 were issued, all of which except $28,500 were secured within the Dominion. The amount of business actually paid for in 1900 was $1,671,712 being the largest amount of insurance placed in Canada by a Canadian Company. Your Directors believe that it is advisable to confine the Company's operations to Canada, where proper supervision can be exercised, and business secured at a lower expense rate than elsewhere.

The number of Policies in force was 20,336, assuring $20,521,076.58, on which the reserve is $4,837,733.68, based on our own standard, Actuaries 4 per cent. for all business to January 1st, 1900, and Hm. 3½ per cent. thereafter.

The Premium Income was $927,845.10; Interest Income, $222,100.03; Annuity Premiums, $21,999.82; total, $1,171,944.95, or an increase of $120,512.28 over the income in 1899.

The amount paid to Policyholders was $431,565.50; and of this amount the large sum of $214,112.23 was paid to living Policyholders. The Death claims paid were $217,453.27; Matured Endowments $78,300; Purchased Policies, $19,513.17; Surplus or Dividends paid to Policyholders $78,714.86 and Annuities, $7,551.20.

The Surplus over all liabilities on the Company's standard is $310,349.30, and on the Government standard $516,009.80.

The active demand for money has kept the Company's funds well employed during the year and interest payments have been more promptly met than in the past. The total amount of overdue interest at Dec. 31 last was $5,874.86.

The Manager, Officers and Staff continue to discharge their duties to the satisfaction of the Board and in the best interests of the Company.

You will be called upon to elect four Directors in the place of B. M. Britton, K.C., M.P., Francis C. Bruce, M.P., J. Kerr Fisken and Geo. A. Somerville, whose term of office has expired, but all of whom are eligible for re-election.

R. MELVIN,
President.

ABSTRACT OF ACCOUNTS FOR 1900.

Income.	
Premiums, net	$ 927,845 10
Interest, annuities, etc.	244,099 85
Total	$1,171,944 95
Disbursements.	
Payment to policyholders for death claims, endowments, profits, etc	$ 431,565 50
All other payments	239,624 22
Total	$ 671,189 72
Assets.	
Loans on first mortgages	$2,471,151 60
Municipal debentures and bonds	1,614,844 47
Loans on Company's Policies	604,686 37
Real estate, including Head office	138,815 81
Cash on hand and in banks	42,267 65
Other assets	310,215 64
Total	$5,182,014 57
Liabilities.	
Reserve, 4 an ¼ per cent.	$4,837,733 68
All other liabilities	33,931 59
Total	$4,871,665 27
Surplus.	
On Company's standard 4 and 3½ per cent.	$ 310,349 30
On Government standard 4½ and 3½ per cent.	516,009 80

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS.

It affords me, gentlemen, great pleasure to place before you the annual report and financial statement for the year ending Dec. 31st, 1900. The business, as the report shows, has been entirely satisfactory and with one exception, that of 1899, exceeds in volume of new business any previous year in our history, the amount issued being $1,301,183.00, and the amount taken $1,671,712, which I believe to be somewhat in excess of that said to have been secured by any other active life Company, all of which, with the exception of $28,500 written in Newfoundland, was obtained within the Dominion. It is somewhat less than for 1899, but the business of all Canadian Companies was abnormal for that year, owing to the increase of rates which took place in January last. To avoid this increase there was a perfect rush of intending insurers to get their applications in before the increase took place. And here allow me to say that for the ten years ending Dec. 1900, we added to our assurance in force $15,810,276 of which sum $10,208,599 was added during the last five years. I mention this, that you may know the great progress the Company is making and the confidence in which it is held by the assuring public—a confidence we believe well founded and which will increase as time goes on. It shall be our aim to deserve this confidence by being, if possible still more devoted to the interests of the policyholders in the future than we have been in the past.

I am credibly informed that some agents of competing Companies have been stating that our policyholders are liable to assessment at any time the Board may feel it necessary to assess them. I regret this, because it is absolutely untrue, and if such agents know anything of the principles of life insurance they must know it to be untrue. The policies of The Mutual Life of Canada are issued in consideration of a certain stipulated sum, called annual premiums, based on the mortality table approved by the Government of Canada, and considered by the best actuaries in the world sufficient in themselves, with interest earnings on reserves, to meet all obligations incurred by this Company. The same requirement is made by the Government in respect of premiums and reserves of every Life Company in Canada, whether Stock or Mutual, whether Canadian, American or British.

The lapses and surrenders still continue to decrease in proportion to amount of business in force. This fact will be as pleasing to our agents and policyholders as it is to the Board, showing the value attached to our policies and expressive of confidence in the Company. The total number of Policies now in force is 20,336 amounting to $20,521,076.58, an increase of $2,575,635.00. We added to our income $120,512.28; to our reserve $513,653.04 and to our assets $518,161.12. As the mean amount of insurance carried by the Company in 1900 was much greater than in 1899 so also the losses from deaths exceeded those of 1899, but fell much below the expectation, and were more than covered by interest earned on investments in the sum of $11,518.07; the surplus earnings of the Company enabled us to pay the policyholders very handsome dividends, notwithstanding the fact, that owing to the change in the Company's name, we were called upon to spend a much larger amount in advertising, etc., than in former years, in addition to refurnishing the new office at considerable cost. I may say here that we never admit office furnishing as an asset in our financial statement.

I am pleased to inform you that our money has been fully invested during the year at fair rates of interest, and that the interest has been unusually well met. In one Province in which we have $237,090.00 invested, the interest due thereon, Dec. 31st, 1900, was only $708.22 and of this sum only $31.00 was unpaid Feb. 1st, 1901.

With regard to the change to a higher reserve, I need say very little, as all business in force up to Dec. 31st, 1900, is already on a 4 per cent. basis, Actuaries Table, and all business taken since that time on Hm. 3½ per cent. Table. There was a small line of business in the office, January, 1900, which had been written up, but not passed by office, much of which had been canvassed for and promised on a 4 per cent. basis, and which we accepted at the old rates, but placed it on a 3½ per cent. reserve. We have a considerable portion of business on that reserve and have not thought it advisable to do more till another year, as a larger outlay than usual was incurred in getting new literature, forms and stationary rendered necessary owing to the change in the Company's name.

In conclusion I desire to thank the Agents for their zeal on behalf of the Company and to state that no Company could have a more capable, zealous body of men or truer to the best interests of the Company than they have been. I would express the hope, that with the united efforts of our policyholders, the Board, the Agency and Office Staff, the first year of the new Century may be the banner year of the Company in all that is true and best in Life Assurance. This can only be done, and should only be done, on the merits of The Mutual Life of Canada, never on the demerits or supposed demerits of our neighbors. I have, therefore, great pleasure in moving the adoption of the report.

Messrs. B. M. Britton, K.C., M.P., F. C. Bruce, M.P., J. K. Fisken and Geo. A. Somerville were re-elected Directors of the Company for the ensuing term of three years.

The business of the day having been brought to a close, "God Save the King," was sung, Mr. Burrows, of Belleville, leading, after which the meeting adjourned.

The Directors met subsequently and re-elected Mr. Robert Melvin, President; Mr. Alfred Hoskin, K.C., First Vice-President; and Mr. B. M. Britton, K.C., M.P., Second Vice-President of the Company for the ensuing year.

PARLIAMENTS OF THE WORLD.

British House of Commons Has the Largest Body of Law-Makers.

The largest parliamentary body of lawmakers is the British House of Commons, the membership of which is 670. The French Chamber of Deputies, representing a constituency numerically smaller than the British Commons, has a membership of 584, the Italian Parliament 508, the Hungarian House of Representatives 453, the Spanish Cortes 431, the Austrian Reichsrath, 425, and the German Reichstag, the smallest of the European Parliaments, 397.

The present membership of the United States House of Representatives, is 357, which is less that that of any of the European law-making bodies, and the next House of Representatives will be made up of 386 members.

In large American States the general tendency is to limit the membership of the Legislature, so that it shall not be unwieldly, though there are 250 members of the lower house of the Massachusetts Legislature and 184 members of the lower house of the Georgia Legislature.

The Canadian Parliament, under the apportionment of 1892, consists of 213 members. The Boule of Greece consists of 207 members and the Chamber of Deputies of Brazil has 212 members.

THEN HE HURRIED UP.

He was too modest to be a successful lover, and he had let forty years of his life go by without ever coming to an emotional point.

He was in love with a fair being of suitable age, but he would not tell her so, and though she knew it she could not very well give him a hint on the situation.

She was willing, because she had arrived at that time of life when a woman is not nearly so hard to please as she might have been at some other time, but he was stupid and went away without a word.

He was gone a long, long time, and when he came back he found her still ready.

I have come back after many years, he said to her, as he took her hand in greeting.

She had learned something in the years since she had seen him last.

Well, for goodness' sake, Henry, she exclaimed fervidly, why don't you take them? I'm 35 now. How many more years do you want?

Then a great light shone upon him, and he did not wait for any more.

When King Edward VII. was a boy he very often went down from Windsor to Eton, where he had more than one friend at the school. It was by the express wish of the Queen that when the Prince of Wales visited the college he was to be received with no ceremony. This was literally carried out on one occasion, when the young Prince, wandering away from the Gentleman-in-Waiting was suddenly greeted by a boy with the familiar question: "What's your name? Where do you board? Who's your tutor?" The Prince saw the situation and gravely replied: "My name is Wales; I board at Windsor Castle; and my dame—not my tutor—is the Queen." Then he shook hands with the inquirer, who so far from being abashed, merely remarked, "You're in very good quarters, sir."

TORONTO'S WIRES.

They Would Reach to South Africa, Fence in the Rebel States and Hang the Rebels.

The length of wire used in the transaction of Toronto's rapid transit and despatch business is sufficient to run a cable of our own around the world, with a branch line to the North Pole. It would be long enough to follow the route of the first Canadian contingent to South Africa, and return, make a fence around the whole of the Transvaal and Orange River Colony, and still have enough wire to hang all the Boers captured during the war.

If all the electric wires in Toronto were strung together their combined length would reach a distance of over 24,000 miles. Of this the "Hello Girl" controls more than one half, the Bell Telephone Co.'s mileage being placed roughly at 13,500 miles, while the telegraph companies use 3000 miles between them. The Toronto Electric and the Incandescent Light Companies require nearly 6000 miles of wire for the transmission of light and power, while the Toronto Street Railway uses only 205 miles in the operation of the 85 miles of trolley road in the city. The Toronto Fire Department's signal boxes require 80 miles of wire, and the Police Patrol Department about 45 miles. A force of over 200 men is employed constantly keeping the various lines in repair and erecting new lines throughout the city.

INFORMATION WANTED.

A man who contemplated buying a bicycle wrote this letter to a manufacturer says an exchange: My neffew bot hisself a new bissickle and sent me his old one by frate, and I've learned to ride sume. It's a pile of fun, but my bissickle jolts considerable. A feller com along day before yesterday with a bissickle that had holler-injun rubber tires stuffed with wind. He let me try hissen, and mi, it run like a kushen. He told me you sell injun rubber just the same as hissen. Mine is all iron wheels. Do you punch the holler hole through the injun rubber oer will I have to do it myself? How do you stick the ends together after you get it done. If your injun rubber is all ready will it come any cheaper empty? I can get all the wind I want hare.

POINTED SAYINGS.

He who fears God need never fear man.

You cannot do God's work with the devil's weapons.

The approbation of self is seldom born of the approval of conscience.

Christianity is to the Christless as the science of optics to the blind.

Charity draws from an exhaustless fountain; the more it gives, the more it has to give.

It is hopeless consulting the compass of conscience when you lay the loadstone of lust beside it.

When wounded in battle horses are attended to as soon as possible. A veterinary officer with assistants follow close on the fighting line, and those animals with only slight injuries are collected together and sent to the veterinary hospitals, established at the fixed camps. Those very badly wounded are shot. Horses killed in battle are either buried or burned according to the climate. In South Africa burial is resorted to.

In 1890 there were 17,760 papers and magazines published in the United States and Canada. To-day there are 24,230.

DR. SMITH'S ADVICE.

An Honest and Earnest Friend of the Sick Speaks.

He Tells His Patients to Use Dodd's Kidney Pills, and the Results Prove His Wisdom in so Doing.

Nicolet, Que., Mar. 25.—Special.—Dr. W. Smith, of this place, reports two cases of Kidney Disease cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills, which are very striking testimonials to the merit of this great medicine. The subjects are Mr. Caleb Rivard and Mr. Joseph Hamel.

Mr. Rivard suffered from incontinence of the urine day and night. He was so worried by the discharge of urine at night, that he purchased from Dr. Smith a rubber instrument to protect his bed. Dr. Smith advised Kidney Pills. He bought some and soon reported to the doctor that he was quite cured. The trouble had entirely disappeared.

Mr. Hamel writes of his case:—"I suffered with Kidney Disease for three or four years so bad that I would have to lay off work two or three days every week. I was continually sick, and was forced to walk like an old man, being all bent with the pain. I had lost all my energy. I heard of Dodd's Kidney Pills. After I had taken a few doses, I was delighted to find myself improving. Thus encouraged, I continued, and after the third box my trouble had entirely disappeared. I could stand and walk upright without any pain or stiffness whatever. This is over six months ago, and I have not had the slightest return of the trouble or pain."

These cures have caused quite a sensation in this neighborhood, as both gentlemen are well known. Dodd's Kidney Pills are very popular in Nicolet.

There are over 1,000,000 square feet of glass surface in England exclusively devoted to the cultivation and production of potatoes for market purposed.

FOR OVER FIFTY YEARS

MRS WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used by mothers for their children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays pain, cures wind colics and is the best remedy for diarrhoea, 25c a bottle. Sold by all druggists throughout the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup."

Twenty-one thousand pounds worth of articles are left in London cabs in a year.

Minard's Liniment for sale everywhere

There are 22,000 different friendly societies in England, with 7,000,000 members, and a capital of £58,000,000.

Out of the Vatican's 11,000 rooms, Pope Leo has reserved for his personal use only three—a small sitting-room, a little dining-room, and a bedroom.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandruff.

Statisticians agree that the population of the world averages 109 women to every 100 men.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } ss.
LUCAS COUNTY.

FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of CATARRH that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRH CURE.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A.D. 1886.

SEAL

A. W GLEASON,
Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O

Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

The hardest thing in the world for a young woman to do is to look unconcerned the first time she comes out in a handsome engagement-ring.

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Two of the most venerable relics of the French navy—the dispatch boats Inconstant and Papia—have been bought by the republic of Ecuador and are now being patched up to be sent to their destination.

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AVENUE HOUSE—Mount—College Avenue. Family Hotel rates $1.50 per day.

Poet—"Did you get my book of sonnets that I sent you?" His friend—"Oh, yes—delightful! I couldn't sleep till I'd read 'em."

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c

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Two million shot and shell, weighing 20,000 tons, is the average annual output of British arsenals.

Minard's Liniment Cures Burns, etc.

After the adoption of a proper drainage system, mortality in Bristol fell from 100 to 65 per 100,000 inhabitants.

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For all skin ailments.

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CEYLON TEA

You notice the fine points when you drink it.
Little style, best of quality and accurate quantity.

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will do all this for you and more. If you want to see models of beautiful homes painted, and learn all about Paint, drop a card and ask for BOOKLET "K," free.

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BACKACHE

is a sure indication of Sexual Weakness or other Nervous trouble, Failing Powers or Diseases of the Kidneys and Pelvic Region. A woman's backache tells of that weakness which makes it a labor and agony to live. Backache and its numerous causes can quickly and positively be **CURED** at home by the patient applying to the aching spot a unique, safe and successful method of electric treatment which gently and soothingly dispels pain and saturates the whole body with renewed vigor, making life worth living. It is known as

Dr. McLaughlin's Method of Self-Applied Electrical Treatment.

It is worn comfortably at night while the patient sleeps, and **DOES NOT BURN OR BLISTER,** as do other appliances which have enough power to be curative.

NO CURE. NO PAY.

After you are cured you can pay me, and then the price will be only one-half what is asked for the old style belts, which have been blistering and burning the backs of the wearers for the past 30 years. My Belt is three times as strong as any other Belt sold, and is the only one that does not blister the flesh.

Extracts From a Few of the Testimonials on File in Our Office:

I would say to all who are troubled with lame back, and all diseases common among men, that your belt is what they want to get. Yours truly,
Uxbridge, Ont. A. L. Widdifield.

I would not take double what I paid for your belt if I could not get another. I haven't been troubled with my back since using it.
Yours very truly,
Kennicott, Ont. H. Davis.

My back is entirely well, the pain is all gone and all my other troubles have left me.
Renfrew, Ont. James Farquharson

Dear Sir,—Your Belt has cured my weak back. I never feel any pain now. I told you before I got your Belt I could hardly sit up after a hard day's work. A day's work is not a toil to me now.
Thos. W. Ferris.
Hopeville, Ont.

The night losses which used to be so frequent are about stopped. I feel confident that in another month I will be entirely cured.
Delbert Rouse
24 Fair Avenue, Brantford, Ont.

I would say that your Belt has done all you claimed it would. I have not an ache or a pain now. I would not take treble what I paid for it.
Wahnapitae Lake, Ont. W. F. McDermott.

I am perfectly satisfied with your Belt as far as I have used it. I feel a great deal better.
Yours Truly,
Norman, Ont. William Dixon.

Dear Sir,—The pains in knee and lower parts of limbs have disappeared entirely. My back is O. K.
Chater, Man. E. A. McLaren

CALL TO-DAY OR WRITE FOR MY 80-PAGE BOOK, WITH INFORMATION. ADDRESS:

DR. M. D. McLAUGHLIN, 130 YONGE STREET, TORONTO, ONT. | OFFICE HOURS: 9 a.m. to 8.30 p.m.

The Mining Review.

SATURDAY, APRIL 13, 1901.

TAXES ON PERSONAL PROPERTY.

Continuing an article in last week's issue on this subject, it must be apparent to the government, the time is not distant in which the right to tax all personal property and incomes must be turned over to the municipalities, as well as real estate. The only reason the government can advance for retaining personal property taxation to the present is the necessity for revenue. There is no precedent for retention, as all the other provinces of Confederation have turned it over long ago. The plea for retention is a very poor one, as the revenue got that way does not amount to more than 60 cents per head of the population of the country.

The injustice of such a course is self evident to any and all who give the matter a passing thought. As a rule municipal assessors assess on something like actual value, while provincial officers having so much ground to cover assess at random—they rarely secure more than one-third value, and their rate of taxation—one-half of one per cent, is not more than one quarter of that of municipalities on real estate property the country over, and no man can advance a single reason to show why realty and personal property should not pay the same rates of taxation. Lower rates for the holder of personal property than those charged the holder of realty, simply means class legislation in its worst form. If the government has to have the trifle it gets from this source, there are a dozen other ways of getting the amount without imposing class legislation or hardships on any one. If chattel property was turned over to municipalities, local officials would get a better estimate of values than provincial officers do, and the councils would impose the same rates they place on realty. This would equalize the matter all around. It would also facilitate tax payments on realty, a thing very much required, as chattels would be held for the realty taxes.

It appears to us every corporation in the province ought to press for this change at once, and hurry up the day in which many of their financial disabilities would be properly relieved.

A NATURAL BORN PHILOSOPHER.

The Bluestreak often goes into metaphysics and other physics, many of which become nauseating to men of common sense. Because the miners unions favor state ownership of railways and other large public utilities, it argues, "to be in the swim," that the state ought to handle all public and private industries, even to the proposed refinery, and "reasons" it out that if Gooderham and Blackstock build it, they will pocket, in the proposed bonus of $5 a ton for refining lead in three years, more than the refinery will cost, It places the cost of the refinery at $250,000, and the proposed bonus of $5 a ton on 17,000 tons a year for three years says that in the company will realize $255,000, or $5,000 more than the institution will cost, ergo the bonus should no be given. In all such matters business men, Bluestreaks, of course, excluded calculate 20 per cent. per annum for interest on money, wear and tear on machinery, &c., before they consider the profits. The Bluestreak considers the profits, however, without reference whatever to these charges on earnings.

FAT BABY

Fat is the cushion that nature fills out and surrounds the little ones with, to protect their tender parts—the same with kittens and puppies—fat is not tender. Fat they must have; and fat they must be.

If your baby is anyway short of his rights, give him Scott's emulsion of cod-liver oil.

We'll send you a little to try if you like.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

They, however amount to $50,000 a year or $150,000 for the three years, which must come out of the bonus of $255.000, leaving $105,000. Now, as a Canadian refiner will have to compete in England with Spanish, Australian, American and other products that pay lower transportation rates than he does, he must deduct his excessive charges from the $105,000 bonus remaining before he has any of it for profit. Again it often haps pens he may have to carry the product of his refinery three, six, or even twelve months before the market is favorable to sell, and that means interest on a lot of capital tied up, before he can count on any of the remaining portion of the bonus his own. The Bluestreak with its usual characteristics, refuses to place any of these circumstances before its readers, when condemning the bonus principle. This would be too much fair play for that print, and would be placing too many facts in intelligence before the public, for its deluding designs.

What Is It?

A man who has been running a race with steam and electricity for years, finds himself suddenly stopped. It seems as if a cold hand clutched his heart. His brain whirls; he can hardly see. "What is it?" he asks himself as the attack passes.

If his question meets a right answer, he'll be told that his seizure is a warning to pay more attention to his stomach, which is already deranged by irregular meals and rich foods.

Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cures diseases of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition. It eliminates from the blood disease breeding poisons. It makes the blood rich and pure, and furnishes a foundation for sound, physical health.

"About ten years ago I began to have trouble with my stomach," writes Mr. Wm. Connolly, of 535 Walnut Street, Lorain, Ohio. "It got so bad that I had to lay off quite often—two and three days in a week. I have been treated by the best doctors in this city, but got no help. Some said I had cancer of the stomach, others catarrh, others dyspepsia. Then I wrote to you for advice. You advised the use of your 'Golden Medical Discovery' and 'Pleasant Pellets.' These medicines I have taken as directed. I commenced to get better from the start, and have not lost a day this summer on account of my stomach. I feel tip-top, and better than I have for ten years."

Keep the bowels healthy by using Dr. Pierce's Pellets. They don't gripe.

THAT CELESTIAL GENIUS.

The following item actually originated from the small brain of the Chinaman editor who wields the chopstick for a pen in the Paysneak:

"McGuigan, B. C., April 5th. [2:30 p.m.: The editor of the scab organ has just passed here in a hog car. When last seen he was yammering thru the bars: "Cash it! Cash it! Cash it!"

Oh, no! It's only Poland Chinas ride in hog cars, and the Paysneak Celestial having rode in nothing else, imagines everybody does the same. He never had courage enough to make such an assertion when the editor of the REVIEW was here to answer him, but with his amazing ignorance, the only qualification he has a superabundance of, he thought he would sneak around in his absence and say anything he pleased without fear of contradiction. But, no. Mr. Cliffe knew only too well the viper he had to contend with; he expected a low, mean, contemptible attack on the part of the Paysneak mouthpiece, and made arrangements to meet him accordingly.

The truth of the matter is, that the editor of the REVIEW was looked upon as a very able exponent of the bonus for the refinery cause, he being personally acquainted with a large number of members of parliament, and intimately so with some of the Cabinet ministers, as well as his knowledge of the facts of the case. A few days ago he was told by some persons zealous in the matter, to let nothing hinder him from being a member of the delegation, if any difficulty arose to let them know at once. An obstacle appeared, he immediately wired as directed, and the tangle was straightened out in a very short time.

He is now probably in the Dominion Legislative Hall, and while journeying there enjoyed the soft, downy cushions of a Pullman car—a luxury unknown to the Paysneak Celestial, and which but few of his caliber ever experience.

British Columbia Mining Asoociation.

The petition for the bill to incorporate the British Columbia Mining Association is signed by Bernard McDonald, Edmund B. Kirby, T. Mayne Daly, all of Rossland, and J. Roderick Robertson, H. E. Croasdaile, J. J. Campbell, S. S. Campbell, T. J. Duncan, R. R. Hedly, J. R. Gifford, W. H. Sandiford, T. G. Proctor, E. B. Woakes and J.C.Ryan, all of Nelson, and H.B.Alexander, W. E. Zwicky, David Heap, M. R. W. Rathborne, A. W. Wright, J. A. Whittier, E. Rammelmeyer, G. W. Hughes, Geo. Ransom and R. E. Fishburn, Sandon, and Chas. E. Hope, of Vancouver, "humbly showeth;"

1. That it is in the interest of the mining industry of the province of British Columbia that an association should be formed for the purposes hereinafter mentioned.

2. That your petitioners are deirous of being incorporated as an association for the following purposes, namely:

First—To promote the arts and sciences connected with the economical production of valuable minerals and metals, by means of meetings for the reading and discussion of technical papers and the subsequent distribution of such information as may be gained through the mediums of publications.

Second—The establishment of a central reference library and headquarters for the purposes of the organization.

Third—To take concerted action upon such matters as affect the mining and mettallurgical industries of the Province of British Columbia and to encourage and promote these industries by all lawful and honorable means.

Dr. Morrison,

Dentist.

Cor. Ward and Baker Sts., Nelson, B.C.

W. S. DREWRY, Sandon, B. C. H. T. TWIGG, New Denver, B. C.

DREWRY & TWIGG

Dominion and Provincial Land Surveyors.
Civil and Mining Engineers.
Bedford & McNeil Code.

A. R. HEYLAND,

ENGINEER,
AND PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR.
SANDON, B.C.

M. L. GRIMMETT, LL. B.

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Sandon, British Columbia.

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The Table is first class.

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Clothes Cleaned, Pressed and Repaired

AT THE I. X. L. TAILOR SHOP,

Opposite Union Hotel,

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COAL!

Everybody Wants the Best Coal.

Try Lethbridge Coal, then you will have the best and cheapest. This coal will make the hottest and brightest fires, besides it is eaily handled, as it is very clean. We have it for all kinds of grate

E. A. Cameron.

PHOTOGRAPHS!

R. H. Trueman

Of Vancouver, is in town, and will positively remain for only TEN DAYS,

FROM APRIL 5th.

We are, as usual, prepared to do

ALL BRANCHES OF PHOTOGRAPHY

With our usual guarantee of satisfactory work.

Studio opposite C.P.R. Station,

SANDON.

A NEW DEPARTURE.

In addition to our made-to-order department, which will always be kept up to the pink of perfection, we have put in a fine assortment of all

Miners' Clothing
Gents' Furnishings

Our Boots and Shoes, Underclothing, and, in fact, all supplies—just what's wanted in the camp. Call and inspect them.

J. R. CAMERON.

Petition.

To the Honourable the Speaker and Members of the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia, in Parliament assembled:

The petition of the undersigned, the Corporation of the City of Sandon, in the Province of British Columbia, humbly sheweth:

That the resources of municipal corporations within the province, in view of the constantly increasing expenses, are wholly inadequate for successfully carrying on Municipal Government.

That the laws on the subject as they stand, too often encourage the holders of real estate and improvements in with-holding their annual taxes badly needed to meet current demands, forcing the Municipalities to borrow at excessive rates of interest, while the unpaid realty taxes bear but a nominal rate.

That the limitation of assessment in Corporations to realty, their improvements and licenses, leads to a great inequality in the tax payments of the public in general.

That, though it is assumed taxpayers, regardless of the nature of their holdings, contribute taxes in proportion to the value of their assets, the object sought is defeated by the provisions of the law as at present constituted, on account of the great inequality in the rates imposed by Municipalities on realty as compared with those of the province on personal property and incomes.

That, duly considering all the circumstances, your petitioners consider it most desirable your Honourable body should by law transfer the right to tax personal property and incomes within the Municipal boundaries, to the Municipalities direct as in real estate and improvements, and conform the usage to that of nearly all the other provinces of Confederation.

That such transference, in addition to enabling Municipalities to tax equitably on the basis of the value of assets held, would greatly facilitate the collection of taxes on realty, as provided for by the laws of the other provinces, and thus remove a grievous burden under which Municipalities now labour.

That this additional asset to Corporations becomes more necessary in view of the increased burdens likely to be thrown upon them by the passage of the new School Law and similar enactments.

Your petitioners, therefore, pray that your Honourable body may give fitting consideration to the subject herein and pass act in conformity therewith.

And your petitioners as in duty bound will ever pray.

Witness the seal of the Corporation of the City of Sandon affixed to this petition by order of the Council of said Corporation in meeting assembled and passed the 3rd day of April, 1901.

W. H. LILLY,
City Clerk.

H. H. PITTS,
Mayor.

Moved by Alderman Lovatt, seconded by Alderman Gomm, That a copy of the foregoing petition be sent to each Municipality in the province, and ask their co-operation in promoting the objects of the same.

The BIG Store.

First Shipment of Spring Dry Goods Just Arrived and More on the Way.

We are Offering Special Values in Dress Goods Carpets, Oilcloths, Tapestry, Squares, Curtains.

Have You Had Our Latest Quotations on Groceries?

THE HUNTER-KENDRIK CO. LTD.

THE PROSPECTORS' EXCHANGE.

NO. 4 K.-W.-C. BLOCK, NELSON, B.C.

Gold, Silver-Lead and Copper Mines wanted at the EXCHANGE.
FREE MILLING GOLD properties wanted at once for Eastern investors.
Parties having mining property for sale are requested to send samples of their ore to the EXCHANGE for exhibition.
All samples should be sent by express, PREPAID.
Correspondence solicited. Address all communications to

Telephone No. 104. P. O. Box 700. ANDREW F. ROSENBERGER, Nelson, B. C.

W. A. MURRAY & CO. LIMITED, TORONTO.

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HANDSOME SILKS AND DRESS GOODS.

Naturally you like to have something different to that worn by other people—it's not possible to find the variety where stocks are necessarily limited, but by writing our Mail Order Department for samples you get a choice of the finest goods imported into Canada. Write at once while assortments are at their best.

Silks, 35c to $4.00 the yard.
Dress Goods, 35c to $2.75 the yard.

Address Mail Order Department,

W. A. Murray & Co Limited. 17 to 27 King St. East, 10 to 14 Colborne St. TORONTO.

SERVANTS' BIG INCOMES.

SOME OF THEM MAKE OVER $5,000 PER ANNUM.

Salaries of the Junior Lords of the Treasury—What the Chef on the Household Staff of a Millionaire Gets.

The title of this article does not refer to the much talked-of and gradually diminishing suburban "general." Our servants with big incomes are those who have the good fortune to be in the service of our modern money kings.

The stately homes of Englnad are owned by stately families, and these palaces are in the main, and to all practical purposes run almost entirely by servants whose stipends, in many instances, would put to the blush those of gentlemen who are supposed to be in fairly good positions.

There are numerous chefs and butlers in receipt of bigger stipends than those paid to many of our permanent Under Secretaries of State in the service of the Government, gentlemen who virtually run the Empire.

The three junior Lords of the Treasury, to go no higher, get a salary of £1,000 a year each, but there are some chefs in London on the household staff of great families who find roasting, baking, boiling and stewing and the making of rolly-poly pudding a far more profitable source of income.

It must not be thought that the chef does not earn his money; he does, for it is a more difficult task to please the palate of the epicure than it is to satisfy the taste of a nation in matters diplomatic.

A CHEF'S BIG SALARY.

A chef on the household staff of a certain British millionaire, wh is not wholly unconnected with our cousins over the water, gets the salary of one of the secretaries of the Home Office, just below £1,000 a year, while the chef at a popular hotel in London is paid over £1,000 per annum.

These wages are high certainly, but they fall below those paid to at least three or four chefs in New York, these servants getting up to £2,000 a year; that is the sum paid to the cook whose unbeaten prowess in the culinary art is so agreeable to the tastes of a certain millionaire railway king.

To come back home, the wages, with emoluments, given to our butlers are rarely below the salaries paid to heads of branches, say, in the Admiralty—gentlemen who have the real handling of the greatest navy of the world.

Of course, we are referring more directly to those confidential-like servants employed by our greater aristocratic families. Those engaged in the lesser distinguished families are not paid so extravagantly, although they are highly paid for servants.

For instance, a butler would consider he was getting poor wages if he could not command, with "tips," more than £300 a year—not a bad stipend when you consider that all is found him besides. That £300 is worth £500 to you, when you have to pay for all you get.

There are very few people so placed as to practically save the best part of their gross income, but the higher domestics in the service of the best families can do so, unless they are otherwise improvident.

SALARY OF THE BUTLER.

After the butler comes the first man, but though this serving man's position ranks immediately after that of the butler, yet there is a vast difference in the status of each and in the wages paid.

What the butler is paid and what he makes besides in gratuities from visitors and in other ways, often these perquisites exceed his wages, he deserves, for the duties he has to perform are very responsible and important. He is quite the governor.

The wages then of the first man varies from £6 or £7 only, to about £10 or £12 a month. There are others who get less than the first-named amount. But the perquisites are very valuable assets, though servants do not regard them as part nad parcel of their wages.

With the exception of personal expenditure necessary and common to us all, in the way of wardrobe and so forth, the amounts we have mentioned represent, added to which may be the emoluments, net savings, since servants are housed and fed at their employer's expense.

The wages of servants of all grades below the rank of butler—and they are very numerous in a large representative house—are nothing out of the common; chefs, butlers, and first coachmen, seem to monopolise all there is in the way of fat incomes derived from tips and wages.

VANDERBILT'S COACHMAN.

Alluding to coachmen reminds us of the fully-deserved but nevertheless magnanimous salary paid to the coachman of a certain Lord Mayor within these realms who, for the privilege of driving the chief magistrate, is allowed something like £300 a year and perquisites, a respectable sum and yet a very poor and miserable pittance compared with that which was paid to the jehu who drove the inventor of the Waterbury watch; that coachman got over £1,000 a year.

Vanderbilt paid his coachman a similar sum.

Where there are a large number of servants these want supervision, and require someone to give them orders. As "my lord" and "my lady" do not in their programme for the day include instructions for the servants, they pay responsible people to do this.

When servants with big incomes have amassed a fairly considerable sum they retire from domestic service and go into business on their own accounts, either as landlords of country hotels or as owners of cafes and restaurants.

VARIETY IN EGGS.

In a Nest on Toast—With Cream Sauce and Mushrooms.

Egg dishes are now much in evidence, and many a housewife sighs for a "new way" to cook them. Omelets, poached eggs on toast and the like, be they never so daintily served, pall on the palate after a time, and the wise housekeeper forestalls this event by providing a variety. The New York Tribune suggests:

For delicate appetites eggs in a nest on toast are particularly suitable. Separate the yolks and whites of the eggs, keeping each yolk unbroken in a separate saucer. Beat the whites to a stiff froth. Divide them into as many mounds as there are yolks and put them in buttered cups. Make a depression in the top of each mound and place in it the yolk. Stand the cups in a pan of hot water, sprinkle with pepper and salt and put a small piece of butter on the top of each. Cover and let them steam for three or four minutes. Turn each carefully on a slice of hot buttered toast, leaving the yolk undisturbed on the top.

Another simple way is to make a cupful of rich cream sauce. Boil six eggs for 15 minutes. Cut the whites into dice and mix them with the sauce; turn this over slices of hot buttered toast and sprinkle the grated yolks over the top.

Scrambled eggs with mushrooms are also served on toast. Break one cupful of mushrooms into small pieces, dredge them with flour and put them into the saucepan with three tablespoonfuls of butter, a few drops of onion juice, salt and paprika. Cook for ten minutes. Beat three eggs slightly, not separating them, and season them with salt and pepper to taste. Add them to the mushrooms and scrape them from the bottom as they cook until the mixture is thick and creamy.

Shirred eggs are easily prepared in the chafing dish. Butter the blazer, turn in the eggs and cook them over boiling water. Sprinkle them with salt and paprika.

Women Taking Scalp Massage.

Scalp massage is the latest treatment that lovely woman is undergoing, remarks the New York Sun. It is intended to take the place of the old fashioned hair tonic, and the women who undergo the treatment at the fashionable hairdressing shops agree that it is beneficial to the hair and has almost the bracing effect of a Turkish bath in addition.

It takes almost an hour to get a scalp massage, which really includes other things. The theory is that manipulation of the scalp stimulates the roots of the hair better than any amount of liquid tonic applied without such treatment. So an experienced masseuse rubs and kneads the scalp in a thousand ways, moistening her fingers in a tonic solution as she works. Then she straightens out the kinks in the hair, brushes and shampoos it and, last of all, singes it strand by strand until every split and bleeding hair is healed.

Until the German Emperor was made a Field-Marshal, no one but King Edward VII. himself was both a Field-Marshal of the English Army and an Admiral of the English Fleet. The number of Field-Marshals is now nine. They are: The King, the German Emperor, the Duke of Cambridge, Prince Edward of Saxe-Weimar, Lord Roberts, Lord Wolseley, Sir Lintorn Simmons, Sir Frederick Haines, and Sir Neville Chamberlain.

SUFFERING WOMEN.

A MESSAGE OF HOPE TO THE WEAK AND DEPRESSED.

A Grateful Woman Tells of Her Release From the Agonies That Afflict Her Sex After Three Doctors Had Failed to Help Her.

The amount of suffering borne by women throughout the country, can never be estimated. Silently, almost hopelessly, they endure from day to day afflictions that can only fall to the lot of women. The following story of the suffering and release of Mrs. Charles Hoeg, of Southampton, N.S., ought to bring hope and health and happiness to other sufferers. Mrs. Hoeg says:—"For nine out of the thirty-two years of my life I have suffered as no woman, unless she has been similarly afflicted, can imagine I could suffer and yet have lived. Three weeks out of four I would be unable to move about and, indeed, at no time was really fit to attend to my household duties. I consulted physicians—three of the most skilful doctors in the county of Cumberland at different times had charge of my case. These all agreed in their diagnosis, but the treatment varied, and while at times I would experience some relief, at no time was there any hope given me of a permanent cure. Many a night when I went to bed I would have been glad if death had come before morning. I never had much faith in proprietary medicines, but at one time I took a half dozen bottles of a blood-making compound that was highly recommended. This, like anything else, failed to help me, There seemed to be not a particle of blood in my body. My face was absolutely colorless, and my appetite almost entirely deserted me. I often saw in the newspapers letters testifying to the merits of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, but nine years of suffering and discouragement had made me too sceptical to see any hope of relief, when doctors had failed to effect a cure. But at last I came across the story of a cure near home—that of Mr. Moses Boss, of Rodney. I knew that at one time he had been regarded as a hopeless consumptive, and his cure through Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, determined me to try them. I had not taken two boxes before I began to feel better, and grew confident of a cure. I kept on taking the pills, all the time feeling new blood in my veins, activity returning to my limbs, and the feeling of depression gradually wearing away. To many women it may seem incredible that the mere making of new blood in my veins could restore to a healthy condition misplaced internal organs, but this has been my happy experience. My pains have all left me, and I am now as healthy a woman as there is in this place. This health I owe to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, which have rescued me from a life of suffering, if not from the grave."

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are especially valuable to women. They build up the blood, restore the nerves, and eradicate those troubles which make the lives of so many women, old and young, a burden. Palpitation of the heart, nervous headache and nervous prostration speedily yield to this wonderful medicine. These pills are sold only in boxes, the trade mark and wrapper printed in red ink, at 50 cents a box, or six boxes for $2.50, and may be had of druggists, or direct by mail from Dr. Williams' Medicine Company, Brockville, Ont.

Tobacconist—Cigars? Yes, sir. Here are some I got in specially for presents. Cumso—They won't do. I want some to smoke myself.

CHARACTER IN MEDICINE.

The lofty upright character of Dr. Chase shown in the true worth of his famous home treatments ---Dr. Chase's Nerve Food.

In medicine, as in every other sphere of human action, it is character that tells. Every prescription that Dr. A. W. Chase gave to his fellowmen is full of character, full of the honest, sterling character which made the grand old doctor respected, admired and loved by all who knew him. No preparation has ever been put to such severe tests as has Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, and yet it stands alone to-day as a wonderfully effective cure for all diseases resulting from thin blood, weak nerves and a run-down condition of the system.

There is character in Dr. Chase's Nerve Food or it would never be known to-day throughout this continent and Europe as the standard spring medicine of the world and as a tonic and restorative of surpassing virtue. Knowing that every man, woman and child needs a restorative and reconstructant in the spring to purify and enrich the blood and to revitalize the wasted nerve cells, Dr. Chase determined to formulate the preparation now known as Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. Dr. Chase put character in this medicine. It stands as a monument to his memory—the most successful spring medicine that money can buy.

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food has been endorsed and recommended by more medical men and reputable people than any similar remedy. 50c. a box, 6 boxes for $2.50. All dealers, or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

Dr. Chase's last and complete Receipt Book gives in plain, simple language the cause, symptoms and treatment for nearly every disease known to suffering man, and contains over 3,000 of the most valuable receipts and prescriptions ever collected. If you want a single copy or desire to become an agent write for circulars and full particulars.

Canadian Women Who Have Danced With the King.

When His Majesty was a handsome youth of nineteen years he paid a visit to Canada in response to an invitation to Queen Victoria from the Legislative Council and Legislative Assembly. This was in 1860 and those who figured in any way in this memorable event were ever afterwards proud to refer to the occasion. As might be supposed he was received with Royal honours and at a number of points balls were given at which H. R. H. honoured quite a number of Canadian belles by giving them his hand for one of the numbers. The first was at St. John's Newfoundland at the Colonial House. Thousands of people were in attendance and the Prince danced until half past one opening the ball with Lady Brady afterwards dancing with Miss Grant, Mrs. Major Bailly, Hon. Mrs. Kent, Miss. E. Carter, Mrs. Ridley, Miss Mackarrol, Mrs. Young, Miss Robertson, Mrs. E. D. Shea, Miss C. Jarvis, and Miss Tobin.

At Quebec the Prince opened the ball with Madame Langevin, The Lady Mayoress, and then with Miss Irvine, daughter of Lt.-Col. Irvine, A. D. C. and afterwards with Madame Cartier, Miss Price, Miss Le Mesurier, Miss Derbishire, Miss Sewell, Miss Caron, Lady Milne, Miss Napier, Mrs. Serecold, Miss Dunscomb, Miss Fisher, Miss Mountain, Miss Anderson, Mrs. Ross, Mrs. Bell, Miss Tilley and Mrs. R. H. Smith.

There were very elaborate ceremonies at Montreal where His Royal Highness formally opened the Victoria bridge. The ball held in that city was opened by the Prince and Hon. Mrs. Young. His Highness was very fond of dancing and the music was kept up till 4.30 in the morning, he having danced twice with Miss Napier. His other partners were Miss Delisle, Miss Servante, Lady Milne, Mrs. King, Miss E. King, Miss Tyre, Mrs. F. Brown, Miss Leach, Miss Fisher of Halifax, Miss Sicotte, Miss De Racheblave, Miss C. Freer, Miss Laura Johnson, Miss Belson, Miss King, Mrs. Forsyth, Miss Sophia Stewart and Hon. Mrs. J. S. Macdonald.

It is related of His Royal Highness that he was so much fatigued on his return to Montreal after one of his junkets that he actually fell asleep while eating his dinner.

At Kingston and Belleville many people were disappointed as the Duke of Newcastle who was conducting the Prince's tour heard the Orangemen were making a party demonstration and His Highness accordingly was not permitted to even stop there.

At Cobourg, however, the usual festivities were indulged in the honoured ladies being Miss Beatty, the Mayor's daughter, Miss Ewart, Mrs. Reid, Miss Fortune, Miss Pringle, Hon. Mrs. Sydney, Miss Dainty, Miss Powell, Miss Burnham, Miss Bennett, Mrs. Cubett, Miss Hall, Miss M. Boswell, Miss Grover, Miss Barron.

At Toronto the ball given to the Prince and suite was only excelled in grandeur by the Victorian Era ball. His Highness danced until four in the morning with the following ladies: Mrs. Adam Wilson, Lady Mayoress, Miss De Bloquiere, Miss Blackwell, Mrs. M. C. Cameron, Miss Killally, Miss E. Ridout, Miss Powell, Miss McNab, Miss Helen Gzowski, Mrs. J. B. Robinson, Miss Wallace, Miss Young, Miss Moffatt, Miss Harris, Miss Shanley, Miss Denison, Miss Spragge, Miss S. Jarvis, Miss Murney.

At London the ball was given at the Tecumseh and attended by a "noble 600." The following ladies had the honour of dancing with the Prince.—Miss Moffat, Mrs. Watson, Miss Becher, Mrs. Howell, Miss Prince, Miss Askin, Mrs. Judge Small, Miss Hamilton, Mrs. W. L. Lawrason, Miss J. Meredith, Miss Bell, Miss Gzowski, Mrs. Revers, Miss Hope, Miss Dalton, Miss Paul, Mrs. Taylor, Mrs. Jas. Daniell, Miss Brough.

At Hamilton another great reception was given followed by the usual gaieties in the evening. The ball room was arranged in the Royal Hotel where the following ladies enjoyed the privilege of a number with His Highness:—Mrs. David McNab, Miss Mills, Miss McNab, Miss B. Wilder, Miss Smith, Miss Thomas, Miss Lawrason, Mrs. Strickland, Miss Murray, Mrs. Brydges, Miss Powell, Miss E. Murray, Miss Proudfoot, Miss Benson, Miss Gedd, Miss Reynolds.

His last address of welcome was presented at Windsor after which H. R. H., proceeded to Detroit and thence on his tour of the States.

As His Majesty is now nearly 60 years of age and it is more than likely his partners in the ball referred to were as old or older than he was it stands to reason, that many of them are dead, and most of them if not all have since changed their names. Some of them are hale and hearty, however, and though they may not feel any more disposed to dance to-day than does the King still they will look back with interest and pleasure to the time when they danced with "King Edward VII" a privilege not accorded to a great many.

FRIENDLY WARNING.

A popular doctor tells this story of a bright boy, his own, who has reached the mature age of nine, after an early career marked by many wild and mischievous pranks.

His restless nature has made him something of a torment to his teacher at times, and one afternoon not long ago she kept him after the others were dismissed, and had a serious talk with him. Perhaps she was a little afraid that her admonitions were falling on stony ground. Anyway, she finally said:

I certainly will have to ask your father to come and see me.

Don't you do it, said the boy.

The teacher thought she had made an impression.

Yes, she repeated, I must send for your father.

You better not, said the boy.

Why not? inquired the teacher.

'Cause he charges $2 a visit, said the scamp.

STRENGTH OF ICE.

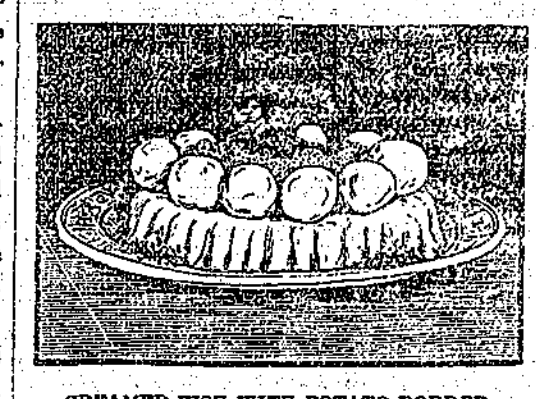
Two-inch ice will sustain a man or properly spaced infantry; four-inch ice will carry a man on horseback, or cavalry, or light guns; six-inch ice heavy field guns, such as 80-pounders; eight-inch ice, a battery of artillery, with carriages and horses, but not over 1,000 pounds per square foot on sledges; and ten-inch ice sustains an army or an innumerable multitude. On fifteen-inch ice a railway could be built, and two-foot thick ice will withstand the impact of a loaded railway carriage after a sixty-foot fall, or perhaps, 1,500 foot tons.

An amusing story has just been told in regard to the Duke of Norfolk's recent visit to Rome. At the Rome railway station, a lady, seeing the Duke rushing about in a most energetic fashion, went up to him and asked, "You are one of Cook's men, are you not? Just help me with my luggage." Whereupon Henry Fitzalan Howard, Premier Duke and Earl, Hereditary Earl-Marshal and Chief Butler of England, seized the lady's packages without a word, and saw her safely into a cab.

In 1885 there were at work on the Panama Canal 10,000 men, 169 locomotives, 12,000 waggons, and 7 dredgers, each capable of digging 100,000 cubic yards monthly.

Fish a la Creme.

Prepare a duchess potato mixture or use plain mashed potato well seasoned and beaten. Shape the potato into a wall on a serving dish that will bear



CREAMED FISH WITH POTATO BORDER.

the heat of the oven. Roll part of the potato into small balls and set them close together on the top of the wall. Brush over the potato with the yolk of an egg beaten slightly, diluted with a tablespoonful of milk and strained. Have ready an equal bulk of cold cooked fish, flaked and white sauce.

In making the sauce use fish stock or milk or half and half. Add any egg left after brushing over the potato. Put alternate layers of sauce and fish inside the wall and cover the top with a sup of cracker crumbs mixed with one-fourth cup of melted butter. Set the fish in the oven over hot water about ten minutes or until the crumbs and potatoes are delicately browned says Boston Cooking School Magazine.

Oyster Salad.

For oyster salad put the oysters in a saucepan over the fire and let them cook till their edges curl. Put them in a strainer and let them cool. Cut about the same quantity by measure of celery in small pieces. Let the celery and oysters, the latter cut in quarters, marinate in a French dressing. Serve on leaves of lettuce with mayonnaise dressing. Garnish with sliced lemon and sprigs of parsley.

Raisin Pie.

A favorite pie in New England used to be raisin pie. A cupful of raisins was boiled in a pint of water for 30 minutes. The raisins were then seeded, and a cupful of soft bread crumbs, one-fourth of a cup of sugar, one tablespoonful of lemon juice and one egg were added. An upper and a lower crust of tender pastry and a satisfactory bake went toward making a really delicious pie.

For Brown Buckwheat Cakes.

If buckwheat cakes do not brown readily, try dissolving half a teaspoonful of soda in a cupful of new milk and adding to the batter after the "starter" for the next morning has been saved out. The batter should be made a little thicker than ordinary when one intends to add milk. Some people like them much better than without the milk.

I cured a horse of the mange with MINARD'S LINIMENT.
CHRISTOPHER SAUNDERS.
Dalhousie.

I cured a horse badly torn by a pitch fork, with MINARD'S LINIMENT.
EDWARD LINLIEF.
St. Peter's C.B.

I cured a horse of a bad swelling with MINARD'S LINIMENT.
THOMAS W. PAYNE
Bathurst, N.B.

A pretty tale is told of Leopold II., King of the Belgians. In his own land he is devoted to long walks. On one of these expeditions he stopped at a farmhouse and asked for a glass of milk, and then said something to his companion in English. The dame who went to fetch the draught was heard to say: "I wonder what the long-nosed Englishman will pay?" When she came back, King Leopold handed her a five-franc piece. "Here," he said, "is a portrait of the long-nosed Englishman."

DIVERSIONS OF ROYALTY.

Opposite Effect of Caricatures Upon the Czar and the Kaiser.

The Grand Duke of Hesse is said to be never so happy as when he can snatch a moment from affairs to devote to embroidery. He is very skillful with the needle, and his work is said to be beautiful. He takes the greatest interest in it, and is particularly clever in the arrangement of colors. Besides embroidery he is devoted to music, dancing and acting.

"I can sing as well as any of them," says the Czar of Russia, who has a fine tenor voice, which it is his chief pleasure to use. "My enemies say many harsh and unkind things about me," he once said, when in gay spirits he had been entertaining a family party with lively arias, "and accuse me of being destitute of any accomplishments, but I will defy them to say that I cannot sing as well as the best of them."

Another royal tenor is King Oscar of Sweden, who is the most musical of monarchs. In his young days he was regarded as possessing the most accomplished voice in Europe, and he could have made a success of it on the stage.

Wholly unmusical was the late King of Italy, on the other hand, and a story was once told regarding his lack of ear and voice for music by the present King, then Prince Victor. King Humbert disliked to be reminded in any way that the Queen was growing old, and he had a particular antipathy to seeing her

WEAR GLASSES.

The Prince described one of the domestic scenes thus:

"When papa saw the glasses going up to mamma's eyes he cried: 'Margherita, put down those glasses!' Mamma did not obey. 'Margherita, if you don't take off those glasses I shall sing.' And mamma had such a dread of papa's false notes that she obeyed at once, to save herself from torment."

Singing is not the only pet amusement of the Czar. He has a passion for collecting caricatures of himself, and he is having a room papered with pictures of which he is the victim,

On the other hand, the Emperor of Germany becomes angry at the sight of a caricature of himself. A caricature room has been suggested as a good way of taking a little vanity out of the gentleman. All his palaces, both inside and outside, might be adorned with amusing presentments of himself, for he has supplied the caricaturists of two continents with bread ever since he appeared on the public stage.

All the caricatures published in Paris and London the Emperor sees; that is, they are collected and pasted into a book for his inspection, as well as everything important that is said about him in the foreign press, be it pleasant or unpleasant, polite or cynical. In this respect he is something like his grandfather, William I., who made a careful collection of the most ridiculous caricatures of himself printed in France from 1866 onward.

Although not fond of caricatures, for photographs of himself the present German Emperor has a positive craze, and his favorite pastime is posing for the camera. A fad at present with him is the biograph. There is no request for privileges to take pictures which the biograph company has asked that he has refused. He even goes further, and is constantly sending word to the biograph headquarters of military and other events and offering an opportunity of making photographs. He prefers himself as the central figure of every picture, when possible, no matter where the other fellows may be.

A SUBTLE VENGEANCE.

What makes you laugh at everything that young man says?

Because I dislike him, answered Miss Cayenne. I want to get him to thinking he can't open his lips without saying something clever, and then watch him make a fool of himself.

A Pioneer's Awful Fall.

Last Sunday's Spokesman-Review announced the serious accident that befel Mr. John G. McGigan, a brother of Mr. T. McGuigan, of the American Boy mine here, at Portland, Oregon. It appears he was sitting on the sill of a fourth-storey window of the Imperial hotel in that city, to obtain some fresh air, and the supposition is that he lost his balance and fell forward to a skylight below, sustaining probably fatal injuries. He was picked up by friends and was taken to St. Vincent's hospital, where upon examination it was found the skull was factured at the base. Mr. McGuigan is well known in Sandon, being one of the pioneer miners of the Slocan, and was at one time connected with many mining properties here.

The following from the same paper, may be of interest to our readers: John G. McGuigan was one of the discoverers of the Slocan. The first piece of silver float found in the district was picked up by John Seaton, who, with Eli Carpenter, located the Payne the same day, early in July, in 1891. William M. Hennessy learned of the find, and with his brother John, Frank Flint, John McGuigan, Seaton and Carpenter, he went from Ainsworth into the new camp and staked 23 claims. Among these were the Noble Five group, Last Chance, R. E. Lee, Northern Belle and Slocan Boy.

McGuigan took a conspicuous part in the development of several of these properties and many others, later prominent among the producers of this district. It was after Jack McGuigan that the town and creek of McGuigan, between Sandon and Kaslo, were named.

About a year and half ago McGuigan went into the Sumpter district (Oregon) and secured possession of the Alamo, near the town of Alamo. He developed this well-known gold property and incorporated it in Spokane. He is still superintendent of this mine and the principal stockholder.

His brother, Tom McGuigan, is also closely indentified with early history of the Slocan. He located the American Boy and has been in charge of its development from the first. He is still superintendent and a large stockholder.

From latest reports Mr. McGuigan was resting easy, and hopes are entertained for his recovery, providing complications do not set in.

A Flop in Coal.

There was a heavy flop in coal and coke on Monday. As the new C. P. R. tug Valhalla was hauling a barge loaded with 15 cars of the above from Kootenay Landing to Nelson, the tow sprang a leak, and before it could be beached the head dipped into the water and seven cars floped to the bottom of Kootenay lake. The remainder was brought almost to shore before the barge sank and is submerged in water. An effort will made to raise it, and if unsuccessful, the C. P. R. will lose heavily.

A Card of Thanks.

Mrs. R. Cameron, of Almo, wishes to thank the many friends who so kindly helped her, in her late bereavement, both by their sympathy and liberal contributions.

WANTED.

By a young lady, a position as stenographer and typewriter; very little experience. Apply box 26, Moosomin, N.W.T.

WANTED.

Agent for Sandon and vicinity, for the sale of hardy lines of Standard Fruit Stock, Small Fruits, Ornamental Trees, Shrubs, etc. Terms liberal. Apply now to
PELHAM NURSEY CO., Toronto, Ont.

Certificate of Improvements.

NOTICE:—Erie Mineral Claim, situate in the Slocan Mining Division of West Kootenay District.

Where located: On R. E. Lee mountain, adjoining the Minneapolis claim.

Take notice that J. P. M. Hayes, acting as agent for the Erie Mining & Milling Company, Limited, of Sandon, Free Miner's Certificate No. B 21621, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 5th day of March, 1901.

P. M. HAYES

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Black and Yellow Oil Coats | Knee Rubber Boots, leather soles

Blankets, Pillows, Quilts, etc.

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SLOCAN BELLE

Special Brands Made to Order.

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