R E Gosnell
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THE MINES IN KOOTENAY ARE AMONG THE RICHEST IN AMERICA.

The Miner.

THE ORES ARE HIGH-GRADE IN GOLD, SILVER, COPPER AND LEAD.

WHOLE NUMBER ~~287~~ 287. Nelson, British Columbia, Saturday, February 8, 1896. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

METAL QUOTATIONS.

NEW YORK.

Feb.—	1	3	4	5	6	7
SILVER	67¼	67¼	67¼	67⅜	67¼	67⅛
LEAD	firm	300	290	strong.	290	—

COPPER.

Liverpool, Jan. 16, 1896.

The first price paid for Cash Good Merchantable Copper in the New Year was £41 7s. 6d. From this level the value gradually fell away to £40 10s. on the 7th, recovering next day to £41 6s. 3d., declining to £40 16s. 3d. on the 13th, and closing to-day at £41 5s. 8d. per ton, after £41 8s. 9d. had been paid. Had it not been for free selling on American account the last few days, prices would have gone still higher.

The financial difficulties of the United States Government caused some uneasiness the early part of the fortnight, as monetary stringency in New York was feared in view of gold commanding a premium; but these difficulties appear now to have been largely overcome, and confidence is returning.

English and Continental Consumption of Copper, as well as the demand for India, continues very large. 1,580 tons of Copper, have been purchased by the English Admiralty, and there is no doubt that recent political events will lead to a large increase not only of the British but also of foreign navies, for which a considerable quantity of copper will be required. The urgent need of additional telegraph cables has also been shown.

James Lewi & Son's Circular.

PRODUCE OF THE MINES.

RETURNS FOR 1896 UP TO DATE.

ORE TREATED IN KOOTENAY.

At Nelson	1,626	
At Pilot Bay	4,391	
		6,017

ORE EXPORTED.

From Slocan via Kaslo	1,103	
Slocan via Nakusp	148½	
Trail Creek (gold ore)	1,021	2,272½
Total Tons		8,289½

PRODUCE OF SMELTERS.

	TONS
Nelson (Hall Mines) Matte	
Pilot Bay, silver lead bullion	180
	180

N. B.—The matte produced at the Nelson smelter in January has not yet been weighed.

ORE SHIPMENTS.

The following are the returns to hand for this week:

	VIA NORTHPORT.		
Jan. 15-27.	War Eagle to E. Helena		103
	Iron Mask	"	53
Jan. 16-20.	Le Roi to Everett		113
Jan. 22.	O.K.	"	4
	VIA KASLO.		
Jan. 25.	Ruth to Great Falls		15
Jan. 26.	Slocan Star to Everett		15
	Ruth to Smelter		15
Jan. 27.	Slocan Star to Everett		15
	Whitewater	"	16
	Payne	"	33½
Jan. 28.	Lucky Jim to Omaha		27
	Whitewater to Everett		31
	Payne to Smelter		32
	Slocan Star	"	15
	Ruth to	"	15
Jan. 29.		"	15
	Slocan Star to Everett		15
	Washington	"	19½
	Mountain Chief (Payne), do		32½
	Whitewater to Everett		32½
Jan. 30.	Northern Belle to Smelter		17
	Noble Five to Smelter		15
	Washington to Everett		16
	Good Enough to Smelter		16½
	Last Chance	"	16
Jan. 31.	R. E. Lee	"	21½
	Last Chance	"	31½
	Gibson and Black Fox to Smelter		13½
	Noble Five to Smelter		31
	Deadman	"	41½
	VIA AINSWORTH.		
No. 1 to Pilot Bay			100
Mile Point	"		30
Rand	"		10
			970

MINING RECORDS.

MINING TRANSFERS.

NELSON.

January 20—

Iron Mountain—James Yuill to H Cody, ¼, $1

January 28—

Wild Horse—Pete St Lawrence to John Lindblad, all his interest, $20,

January 29—

Golden Eagle—C M Townsend to John Stewart, ¼, $1.

January 31—

Hidden Treasure—F M McLeod to G R Langster (of Monckton, N. B.) ¼, $3700.

Feb2uary 8—

Black Eye—J W Johnson to John McRae, ¼, $200.

NAKUSP.

January 9—

Gopher—B C Rodd to John J Malone, ¼, $1.

January 16—

Gopher 1-6, Eclipse No. 1 ¼, Eclipse No. 2 ¼, Rising Sun, ¼—Nelson Demers to Andrew Newter, $1.

January 29—

Bismark—T E Devlin to Margaret A Clifton, ¼, $150.

Bismark—John G Devlin to Margaret A. Clifton, ¼, $200.

Febfuary 1—

Eclipse No. 1 and Eclipse No. 2—Wm McIntyre to Andrew Moher, ¼ in each, $60.

NEW LOCATIONS.

NELSON.

January 20—

Kootenay Queen—John Edmonds, south side west arm Kootenay Lake.

February 1—

North Star—F T Smith, west slope Iron Mt.

February 5—

Blizzard—C M Waite, Stags Leap Mt.
Gaddiel—John Nelson, 9 miles nw of Nelson.
Abitub—John Nelson, 6 miles w of Nelson.
The Captain—Price McDonald, 8 miles west of Nelson.

THE WEATHER.

The week opened with a fine bright day on Monday. On Tuesday night about 6 inches of snow fell. Wednesday, Thursday and Friday were fine and bright, with a heavy snow squall, lasting for about ½ an hour, on Friday morning.

THERMOMETER.

Feb.	2—Max	46°	Min 30°
"	3—	42°	15°
"	4—	36°	32°
"	5—	36°	22°
"	6—	47°	17°
"	7—	42°	26°
"	8—	41°	17°

These readings are taken at 9 a. m. and consequently represent the highest and lowest temperature during the preceding 24 hours.

PORT OF NELSON.

Customs Returns for January, 1896.

IMPORTS.

Dutiable Goods	$66,977.00
Free Goods	6,665.00
Total	$73,642.00

REVENUE.

Duty Collected	18,282.60

EXPORTS.

Produce of Mines	$145,759.00
Produce of Animals	1,474.00
Manufactures	662.00
Total	$147,895.00

MINING RECORDS IN WEST KOOTENAY (SOUTH) FOR 1896.

Nelson, new claims	403	assessments	110
Rossland, "	1997	"	213
Ainsworth "	410	"	363
Slocan, "	630	"	500
Nakusp, "	210	"	25
	3650		1211

The returns from Goat River are not yet to hand.

"THE MINER" PRIZE COMPETITION.

The Following Prizes Are Offered for the Best Suggestions on the Improments of the Mining Laws of British Columbia.

FIRST PRIZE—An order on a Tailor for Clothes to the value of $25.00.

SECOND PRIZE—An order on a Jeweller for $10 worth of Jewellery

In order to remove any chance of missing valuable suggestions we have decided to withdraw the rule making the competition available to our subscribers only and to throw it open to every one. This, we hope, will prove the honesty of our endeavor to obtain such hints as will lead to the betterment of the law.

It is not necessary that competitors should go the length of sending in the draft of a new bill or an amended consolidation of the existing ones. We only ask for "suggestions" for the improvement of the mining acts.

CONDITIONS.

1. Letters containing suggestions must be as short as possible, not exceeding 3,000 words, and must reach THE MINER office on or before February 15th, 1896.

2 They must be written on one side of the paper only, with pencil or ink and must be signed with some motto, the author's real name and address being enclosed in a sealed envelope, which will not be opened except in the case of the prize winners. The motto must be written on the outside of this envelope.

3. THE MINER reserves the right of publish the whole or any part of the suggestions received.

4. A committee of three will award the prizes. The names of the judges composing the committee will be announced shortly.

We hope that the practical miners and prospectors who know something of the actual working of the mining laws will not be backward in giving us the benefit of their experience.

THE TRANSVAAL CRISIS.

British Agent to Report. Hammond Cries For Help.

London: In view of the alarming stories the Secretary of State for the Colonies, Rt. Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, has ordered the British agent at Pretoria, the capital, to go to Johannesburg and report the true situation of affairs to the colonial office. According to the latest advices everything is unsettled at that point and there are no signs of the resumption of business. It is rumored the government is contemplating another coup involving additional arrest of prominent men in Johannesburg.

New York: The Journal prints a dispatch from John Hayes Hammond, the American engineer who is imprisoned in the Transvaal, which concludes: "Detention of all prisoners unjustifiable confiscation of property a monstrous oppression; ask our government to urge on the Transvaal government that the demands of the reform committee were reasonable and based on the primary principles of the republic. Protest against the treatment of all Americans in particular. If the Transvaal government persists in its present course our government can only evoke the aid of Great Britain as the paramount South African power to coerce the Transvaal, This of course the Transvaal would fear. Urge our government to act immediately and enlist sympathy in our favor."

MINING NOTES.

Mr. Pellew-Harvey has submitted a proposition to the city council of Vancouver to start a smelter there. The council will consider it during this week.

A bond has been arranged with parties in England giving them 6 months in which to prospect the Swan Lake claim near Vernon and then to have the option of taking it up at $250,000.

Mr. J. A. Mara M. P. introduced Messrs. Young and Morgan to Mr. Wood Controller of Customs. These gentlemen are respectively president and manager of the Pittsburg Mining Co. which is operating at Lytton and Quesnelle. The company is about to import a new class of mining machinery to enable them to dredge the river in rapid water, and is anxious to secure permission to import duty free.

Two new mining companies have been incorporated, both with their head offices at Vancouver. The one, the Nip and Tuck Gold Mining Co., is formed with a capital stock of $15,000, to develop the Nip and Tuck claim on Wild Horse creek, Kootenay, and as its first trustees A. McCreery, J. M. Buxton and W. H. Carnsnew. The other is known as the Golden Gate Mining Co., of Granite Creek, and is capitalized at $60,000. Henry D. Pencier, D. G. Macdonell and M. P. Thomson are the trustees.

NEWS OF THE CAMPS.

NAKUSP.

[From our own Correspondent.]

Beautiful weather, no ice and snow going down.

Wm. Bragg has sold out his cartage business to A. L. Moye, who is now looking after the wants of the town.

Mr. D. McKay, conductor on the N. & S. Ry. has built a comfortable house on Lake Avenue, he is now moving in.

Captain and Mrs. Moore of the concentrator, Three Forks, were passengers on Saturdays boat, en route to the coast.

Mrs. C. W. Vanderburg, widow of the late Captain Vanderburg of the str. Arrow has moved into town from her house across the lake.

Mr. Tilly late wharfinger at this point, has been transferred to Sandon to take charge there in the place of P. T. Hamilton.

The town has a business like appearance when the boat comes in, especially on her way up the lake, as it takes all available hands to assist in loading the ore, which is coming in rapidly from the Slocan.

Mr. James Kelly leaves by next boat for the Needles to put up a house on his pre-emption so as to be ready for the rush in the spring, which he confidently anticipates. Mr. Kelly is alive to the possibilities of this new camp and is getting in on the ground floor.

The s.s. Nakusp has been particularly busy since the Arrow lake branch has reached the lake. On Saturday, 1st. she took up 240 tons of ore returning on Sunday morning with 90 tons of hay, oats, flour, and machinery. She left again before noon with 120 tons of ore for Arrowhead. There are still several car loads on the dock waiting to be taken up.

ROSSLAND.

W. S. Jones will open an office as customs broker.

Tramway affairs appear to be quiet, and work is progressing.

The Cliff mine has purchased an air drill from the Rand Drill Co.

The Crown Point is working 20 men and has nearly 1000 tons ready for shipment.

The Homestake, which was recently bonded by Vancouver capitalists has commenced shipping.

The output of the Le Roi has now reached 125 tons a day. It has been over 100 ever since the first of the year.

Nothing definite will be done about the War Eagle Smelter until something is decided about the routes of the various railway schemes.

A petition is being prepared by Mr. Boultbee for the incorporation of the town in accordance with the resolutions passed at the meetings last week.

The ore now being shipped from the Iron Mask contains, gold 2.5 ounces, silver 4.5 ounces and copper 9 per cent. The O.K. ore has gold 3.8 ounces, silver 15.2 ounces.

On the Centre Star crosscuts are being pushed ahead from the main tunnel. They have already developed a width of 70 feet in the ore body. Reduction works for this company will probably be built.

The O. K. mine will put in a 10 stamp mill in the spring. After many vicissitudes the main tunnel is now in seven feet of ore which gives every indication of being a true contact vein.

Mr. Kirk, P. L. S., is preparing a new map of Rossland and the surrounding claims. He has discovered, according to the Rossland Miner, that F. J. Ritchie's original survey of the townsite is considerably out. It is not laid out on true north and south lines as the law directs.

Every week seems to increase the value of the Le Roi. At the 350 foot level they are in 15 feet of clean ore and have not yet found the walls. A new double compartment shaft has been commenced just to the east of the present workings. When this is finished the output may reach 400 tons a day.

The following officers and board of trustees of the Iron Mask Mining Co. have been elected in Spokane. President John A. Finch. Vice-President, Patrick Clark. Treasurer, Austin Corbin. F. E. Lucas, Secretary. The board of trustees consists of these and the following; A. B. Campbell, A. M. Holter, and Peter Larsen. This company together with the Virginia and Poorman is controlled by the War Eagle Co.

MIDWAY.

Mr. S. S. Fowler in the Advance, combats Mr. Pellew Harvey's statement that the ores of Fairview, Boundary, Osoysoos and Yale are not adapted to the smelting process, but rather to amalgamation, chlorination and cyaniding.

The Monarch has been bonded to the Montreal syndicate which is represented by Mr. F. C. Innes of Vancouver. The terms of the bond are $1250 down and three equal instalments of $3750 each on August 1, November 1, 1896 and January 1, 1897. The Monarch was located in 1893. It lies parallel to the Gold Drop which is already under bond to the same syndicate. The Gold Drop is a south east extension of the celebrated Snowshoe claim.

DIVORCE IN B. C.

Some doubt has arisen as to whether the Supreme Court of British Columbia has the right to hear divorce cases or not. The Chief Justice has brought the matter to a head by refusing to hear motions in cases until it is settled. The following day however Mr. Justice Drake had no such scruples. He heard and settled the point.

THE ALBERNI GOLD FIELD.

ALBERNI, B.C. Jan. 23.

To The Editor of THE MINER.

Having in the two previous letters covered in a hasty manner the various quartz interests in this section, we will now glance at the placer and hydraulic ground. In point of age the latter rank first by a number of years. China Creek takes its name from the fact that as far back as the sixties a number of Chinamen were making a living by sluicing and rocking the rim gravel along the banks of the stream. The few white men in the country at that time took only a languid interest in the matter and after a few feeble attempts abandoned the creek.

A few years ago this ground was again prospected, and its true value ascertained, and the creek staked for hydraulic purposes from end to end. At first the relocators of this abandoned ground received very little encouragement. Chinamen are all very reticent about their gains, and no one knew more than that they had worked the creek for a long time and then abandoned it. Gradually, however, as the work of the new owners progressed the evidences of value grew stronger and more numerous. Companies were formed and the greater part of last year was spent in development work on a large scale. None of the claims are yet prepared to turn on a head, but at least two of them will do so in the spring.

The leading hydraulic leases are the Cataract, Duke of York and Constance. On the Cataract lease a big dam has been put in and the bed cleared for a big flume over a mile long. A sawmill is in place on the claim and the construction of the flume will begin as soon as the material is out. The ditch will give a splendid head of water. A penstock pipe and giant are ready on the ground and this will probably be the first company to move dirt.

The Duke of York lease lies just to the northeast of the Cataract. The company has had a gang of men at work all summer and up to the end of the year. The work is practically closed down now but will be resumed in the spring.

Still further up the creek is the Constance lease. Several shafts have been sunk to bed rock and considerable other prospecting work done by the company. These claims are in the hands of men able to work them to a finish. The past season's work has shown them to be of far greater value than was expected when operations began. From bench to bedrock the colors are found in every pan washed. The gold is there and the problem of how to get it will be solved in the next six months.

Almost every stream in this district responds with colors to the pan test. Down the canal, at Granite creek, an attempt at placer work was made and abandoned on account of the mass of boulders that line the creek from bank to bed rock. A cheap and effective means of handling these would make the ground very valuable.

Judging from present indications, and the vast amount of ground yet unprospected, the future of placer mining in this section is assured. The only point to be considered is the fact that somewhat more than the ordinary amount of capital will be required to work the ground.

CHEE CHAKO.

PROVINCIAL PARLIAMENT.

In answer to a question on January 31 as to what was going to be done to fill the vacancy on the Supreme Court bench caused by the retirement of Sir Henry Crease, and whether the new judge when appointed shall be required to reside in Vancouver, Mr. Eberts said that Sir Henry's retirement only took place on the 20th. and nothing had been done yet.

Dr. Rogers presented petitions for a private bill for a railway to Cariboo.

In answer to questions it was stated that $7,500 has been handed to Chief Justice Davie on account of the Statutes Revisions and he has made all necessary disbursements out of this sum. The total cost of the revision is expected to be $25,000.

The defalcations of the two Registrars of the Supreme Court were; Falding $1,416.27 and Prevost $22,596.14. The government was covered in the latter case by a policy in the guarantee company of North America for $1,500.

Mr. Kellie is asking: 1. How many owners of mineral claims have paid into the provincial treasury $100 in lieu of performing the annual amount of assessment work required by the mineral act. 2. What amount has West Kootenay contributed in lieu of assessment work. What is the total amount derived from the above sources.

Hon. Col. Baker answered to question 1, 5; to question 2, $300; to question 3, $500.

Mr. Kellie's bill respecting wages gives employes a preferred claim for three months' pay in case of assignment, liquidation or seizure, the act to be applicable whether the wages of the persons employed be payable by the day, week, job, piece or otherwise.

NELSON SCHOOL REPORT.

The following is the report of Nelson Public School for January 1896:

Number of boys enrolled during month, 39; number of girls enrolled, 20; total, 59. Average daily attendance, 47.

Fifth Class—Nelson Buchanan, Dick McFarland, Percy Goepel, Clarence Goepel.

Fourth Class—Allan McDonald, Leo Buchanan, Oscar Robinson, Theo. Muir.

Third Class—Eva McKay, Wilmot Steed, Marie Horton, Harry Farley.

Second Class—Thos. Kinahan, Chester Hayward, Frances Etter.

Jr. Second Class—Ray Ball, Gertie Booth, Willie Swannell, Burt Sinclair.

Primer II Class—Percy Stucky, Otus Farley, Annie Sturgeon, Bertha Miller.

Primer I Class—Ernest Kenahan, Priscilla Baxendale, Percy Booth, Harry Eperson.

N. Delmage, Teacher.

LOCAL NEWS.

Mr. John Elliot returned from the Coast on Thursday.

Andy Dolan is cutting ice on the lower bay. He hopes to get about 600 tons.

A social entertainment took place last night at the Presbyterian church. It was very well attended and everyone enjoyed themselves.

A Provincial Mining Association has been formed at Vancouver. The first meeting is to be held here at Nelson on April 7.

Five hundred tons of lime rock have been shipped from the Blue Bell to Pilot Bay and Nelson during the month of January.

A. M. Johnston has successfully passed his final examination as a barrister and solicitor. On his return to Nelson he will probably open an office and go into business on his own account.

A few men are beginning to make their way towards Slocan City, going up the river trail. This may possibly be the earliest spring sign of the rush that is to come next summer.

The Mining and Scientific Journal of San Francisco of February 1, contains a long account and five views of the Hall Mines Wire tramway. The views are exceedingly well executed from photographs taken by Neelands Bros. of Nelson.

The time for receiving suggestions in THE MINER Competition on the amendment of the mining laws will positively close on Saturday next 15th. Some have already been received and we hope that our readers will show their interest in the matter by sending in a large number.

The three mile skating race for a purse of $25 and the championship of British Columbia came off at the skating rink on Thursday evening. The hard frosts of the preceeding nights had put the ice into good condition and considerable interest was manifested in the race. The competitors were H. Donough and Sandy Mills. The former won easily. The time was not a record.

There is a lumber famine in Nelson at present. The place is growing and would grow still faster if the people could only get houses to live in. One builder informs us that he is now figuring on four dwelling houses but does not know where to get the lumber. The smelter people also are supposed to want a large quantity. It is not likely that this kind of want will go begging for long, and we already hear rumors of an enterprising firm getting ready to fill the requirements of the place.

The Birthday party held in the Methodist church on Wednesday evening attained a success that was most gratifying to all concerned. The attendance was good, the programme rather short but of excellent quality throughout, the refreshments choice and the proceeds (applied to liquidating balance due on bell) $50. Of the items on the programme the male quartettes by Messrs. Hall, Smith, J. E. Turner and W. B. Shaw, the solo by Miss Sansom and the recitation by Miss Eva MacKay are worthy of special mention.

We have received the first copy of "Mining" a new journal published in Spokane as the journal of the Northwest Mining Association. It contains several interesting articles including the address of Mr. J. B. Dennis president of the Association. Two of these specially relate to British Columbia. The Slocan Country by C. F. Caldwell, and The Auriferous Gravels of B. C. by J.M. Buxton. We notice that the publication commences with a list of officers and committees of the Northwest Mining Association. Of these officers there are about 200, but there do not appear to be any ordinary members.

KOOTENAY DIVIDENDS.

The Le Roi Mining & Smelting Co declared a dividend of $50,000 payable on the 1st. inst. equal to 10 cents a share. This makes $75,000 paid within the past few months.

ANOTHER CARNIVAL.

A Long List of Numerous and Valuable Prizes.

On Thursday next the skating rink will probably be crowded with a dazzling mob of queens and beggars and turks and troubadours and mysterious fat men and all the motley crowd that is only too glad of the opportunity to enjoy itself.

With customary liberality the merchants and storekeepers of Nelson have come forward and offered prizes for various excellencies of costume. Altogether there are 16 prizes, the list of which with their intentions will be duly advertised by hand bills. These will be distributed broad cast on Monday.

CHURCH NOTICES.

SUNDAY, February 9, 1896.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND. Services at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Holy Communion after morning service.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School at 2.30. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 8 p. m. Christian Endeavor Society meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH. Services first and second Sundays of the month at Nelson. Mass at 10.30. Vespers at 7.30.

METHODIST CHURCH, Corner Silica and Josephine Streets. Services at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Morning subject: "Astonishing Doctrine." Evening subject: "Treasure Seeking." Sunday School 2.30 p. m. Prayer meeting on Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Epworth League of C. E. on Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock.

NEWS OF THE WORLD.

Lasker has won the chess championship of the world.

Cuban insurgents are said to be without ammunition or provisions.

The Marquis of Salisbury is reported to be suffering from over work.

The Coronation of the Czar of Russia is fixed to take place on May 12.

Rt. Hon. C. E. Childers member of several Liberal Cabinets is dead.

Walter A. Jones who shot and killed Dr. C. A. Hughes at Wallace, Idaho, has been indicted for murder.

There have been terrific rains and destructive floods in the Southern States extending from Missouri to Texas.

Blue Books issued in London on the Armenian question, put the number of victims in the recent massacres at 900 including those who died from starvation.

Germany warns Venezuela that the Monroe Doctrine may apply to territorial aggression but cannot be used as a bar to the collection of a debt.

Three horsemen rode over the ice bridge at Niagara the other day. This is the first time for seven years that the feat has been performed.

The Scotch Oil Combine which attempted to buck the Standard Oil Co. has gone to pieces involving its shareholders in a heavy loss and the great American concern has won again.

There is said to be an intrigue in Berlin to depose Prince Hohanlohe Chancellor of the Empire and to place Count Herbert Bismarck son of the veteran statesman, in his position.

While playing in a theatre in Philadelphia, James J. Corbett was knocked down stairs by a fireman. The fireman had ordered the exchampion to stop smoking, which was prohibited by the rules of the theatre when the trouble began.

It has been discovered that all marriages celebrated in Rhode Island during the last 50 years are illegal owing to clergymen having failed to renew their licenses annually. A bill will be introduced to the legislature to validate all such unions.

In Germany ministers are resigning owing to the naval vote. Speaking of the crisis the London Times says, "Where everything depends on one sovereigns will, the exercise of which is not subjected to any known laws, it is useless to attempt to forecast the future."

All the lumber interests on the Pacific coast of the United States and British Columbia have formed themselves into a trust or combine representing a capital of $70,000,000. It is known as the Central Lumber Company of California. All charters of vessels and sales of lumber must be affected through this trust. Its first action has been to advance the price by $2 per 1000.

It is confidently expected that at the opening of the Imperial Parliament a surplus of £4,000,000 ($20,000,000) will be announced. It is proposed to spend this sum as follows: one fourth on the navy, one fourth to equipping the army with new munitions of war, one fourth to public schools and the remaining fourth to a reduction of taxation in those agricultural districts where the depression has been most keenly felt.

The bill introduced by Senator John L. Wilson for opening the Colville reservation to mineral land locations was favorably reported from the committee on Indian affairs and passed the senate last week. The bill provides that the mineral entry laws of the United States shall apply to all mineral land on the Colville reservation, and a miner or prospector will have the same priveleges and rights in the matter as he would on any land in the Union.

NEWS OF THE DOMINION.

Robert Bickerdyke has been elected President of the Board of Trade of Montreal.

A little girl at Hamilton named Alice Ellingsham was killed by being struck with a snow ball.

Private Hayhurst who won the Queen's prize at Bisley is a maker of dental and surgical instruments by trade, Finding little occupation in this line of business at Hamilton where he resides, he was about to return to his home in England when Col. Prior, Controller of Inland Revenue, found him a place in his department.

It is now stated on good authority that Sir William Van Horne will not resign the presidency of the C. P. R. until the roads earning capacity is made sure and the stockholders are getting good interest on their investment.

The Liberal party at Ottawa has resolved unanimously to oppose remedial legislation this session on the Manitoba school question.

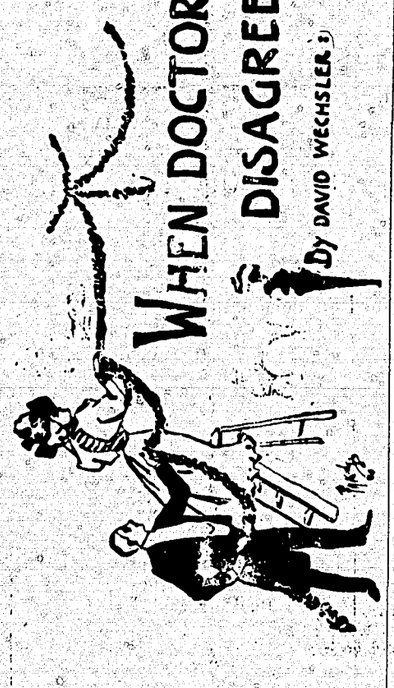
THE UNITED STATES LOAN.

Applied for Five Times Over. Offers of Half A Billion Dollars.

A month ago proposals were invited for a loan of one hundred million dollars for 30 years at 4 per cent.

On Wednesday last the tenders were opened at Washington. There were 5640 bids in all and the aggregate sum offered amounted to $538,269,850. Beyond this there were bids for one hundred and twenty million which are regarded as fakes.

Among the biggest bids were the following: Robert E. Glendinning of Philadelphia $500,000 at 112.75. Albert L. Judson, $500,000 at 113.70. Joseph Pulitzer (of the New York World) $1,000,000 at 114. J. Pierpoint Morgan, Harry Fiske and the Deutscher Bank of Berlin, bid for the whole hundred million at 110.6773. Bids below 110 will probably not be accepted.



CHAPTER I.

DR. GLADE'S TREATMENT.

"Was that Miss Glade I saw driving away as I came in?" asked Maj. Passmore, removing his glasses.

"It was Dr. Glade," replied his sister.

"Doctor; fudge! The idea of calling a young woman fresh from college a doctor."

Maj. Passmore was a tall, gray-haired skeptic of sixty; his sister, Ruth, a shrinking little spinster of fifty.

"Well, what did she say? Is Connie any better?" asked the major, testily.

"Dr. Glade said she was making satisfactory progress"

"Progress! Hum! It's my belief she's getting weaker every day."

"Now, Roger, you know better."

"Now, Ruth, you will pardon my bluntness, but your simple faith in this Miss Glade is extremely childish."

"Dr. Glade has done her good," said Aunt Ruth, assertively.

"Not a bit. We have been at Hastings now a month; her cough has grown worse, her cheeks paler, she's more languid and indifferent and her appetite is entirely gone."

"It's taken time to comprehend her case."

"Rubbish! Dr. Lancewood understood her case, and it's my opinion you made a grave mistake when you left home and took the case out of his hands."

"Dr. Lancewood did nothing to benefit her; and, besides, he recommended Hastings."

"But not a female practitioner; who, I'm convinced, is letting her drift into consumption. So I've sent for Dr. Lancewood to come down."

"What will Dr. Glade think?"

"I don't care what Miss Glade thinks. Connie's life is in danger, and I sha'n't put up with this feminine nonsense any longer. I wrote to him yesterday, and asked him to wire when he could come down."

"Well, all I can say is, it's an insult to Dr. Glade. And if I were in her place, I should throw up the case," said Miss Ruth Passmore, indignantly, as she left the room.

Maj. Roger and Miss Ruth Passmore, of Passmore Grange, Hampshire, were the guardians of their niece, Miss Constance Passmore, who had been ailing since the Christmas festivities. Dr. Lancewood, their local practitioner, had been unable to discover anything seriously the matter with the young lady, so that when Aunt Ruth suggested the month of March at Hastings, he readily admitted it might do her good. Constance Passmore was an heiress; a romantic, fragile blonde of twenty; being somewhat delicate, she had been a petted child; and nothing that wealth and devotion could procure had been denied her as a girl.

When Dr. Helen Glade took her case in hand, she was greatly perplexed how to prescribe for the symptoms. But gradually she began to see that it was an ailment seldom met with in hospital practice,

"WHY, DR. GLADE, HOW COULD YOU KNOW THAT?"

while the remedy was not to be found in the Pharmacopœia. She prescribed a mild tonic, and applied her own personal sympathy until she had won the girl's confidence.

The morning that Maj. Passmore had been traducing her, Dr. Glade had diagnosed Connie's complaint and settled upon a decisive remedy.

Dr. Helen Glade was a graceful, self reliant, pale-featured woman of twenty-six, with dark, glossy hair brushed as smoothly over her brow as its rippling tendency would permit. She said to Connie, on calling that morning:

"I think, my dear, I fully comprehend your case now. Little by little I have learned where you got the germs of the fever which is prostrating you."

"Where did I get it?" asked the invalid, languidly reclining on a couch.

"While decorating the Christmas tree, from your cousin."

"Oh, Dr. Glade!" rising on her elbow, her transparent cheeks aflame.

"Pardon me, my dear, but a physician to be of any use to the patient must have her full confidence. Did you not feel the first symptoms then?"

"Yes, but more the night after," shyly. "Which was Christmas; there had been a family party. For three days Cousin Walter had been very attentive. Am I right?"

Her patient nodded assent.

"On Christmas night, after having been all day very merry, facetious, and devoted, you found yourselves alone in the—the conservatory?"

"No, it was the library."

"Ah, the library. "Yes, well?"

"I had been reading 'The Newcomes,' and I asked him if he had ever read it. Wasn't it odd?"

"It was. So he asked you how you liked Ethel Newcome?"

"Yes he did. How strangely you hit upon things."

"And he compared you to Ethel (only you were much prettier), and said: 'If you could only love him as Ethel did Clive, he would be the happiest fellow in the world.'"

"Why, Dr. Glade, how could you know that?"

"Mere conjecture, my dear. But that dear old 'Newcomes' is responsible for many an ill-starred romance in real life. And so you said you could, and you were engaged."

"No." Connie shook her head sadly.

"Then, what happened—a quarrel?"

"Oh, no. When Walter spoke to Uncle Roger, he was in a great rage, and—and said he should never consent to it. Walter left the next day—and"—with a sob—"we have never seen each other since. And uncle won't let me mention his name."

Dr. Glade regarded her a moment reflectively, and then said:

"What is your cousin?"

"A medical student at King's college, London."

"His name is Walter—er—?"

"Walter Plyne. His mother was poor mamma's sister. Mamma's relations are all poor."

"Thank you, my dear, for your confidence. I can now prescribe for you, I hope, with more success."

The next day when she called, Dr. Glade said to Aunt Ruth: "I should like Miss Connie to drive with me this afternoon. I find she wants rousing, and her mind diverting from the subject which I believe you know is depressing her."

"Yes, I know what you mean," said Aunt Ruth; "I wish she could forget it."

"I am comparatively at leisure from two until four in the afternoon, and I shall be glad of her company then."

That afternoon Dr. Glade and her charming patient drove along the sea front in her victoria. For some time the girl did not spontaneously respond to her companion's cheerful conversation; but as they were turning they met old Dr. Wrench driving with his new assistant. As they passed both gentlemen raised their hats.

Connie eagerly grasped Dr. Glade's hand, and asked: "Who was that gentleman?"

"Old Dr. Wrench and his assistant."

"But the other — it is Walter!" her cheeks suddenly aglow with warm pink tints.

"Your Cousin Walter?"

"Yes. Do you think he noticed me?"

"Oh, he must have done so, for he didn't notice me."

"He looked pale, didn't he?"

"I don't think so," said Dr. Glade, reflectively.

"And his moustache has grown longer."

"Has he got one? I didn't notice it."

"OH, WE KNOW EACH OTHER ALREADY."

"Oh, yes, dark and curly. How long has he been with Dr. Wrench?"

"Only a short time, I believe."

"He must have obtained his degree."

"Certainly, or Dr. Wrench would not have engaged him."

"Oh, I'm so glad! For poor Walter has had such a struggle—it is so expensive—and the examinations so difficult."

For the remainder of the drive Miss Connie's animation was in marked contrast with her lassitude earlier in the day. The following afternoon, when Dr. Glade called, Aunt Ruth timorously said:

"Will you come into the library, Dr. Glade? My brother wished to speak with you about Connie."

"Yes," said Uncle Roger, when they were all three closeted together. "I—I wished to ask, Miss Glade, if you would object to a consultation regarding Connie's case, with our family physician?"

"Certainly not," replied Dr. Glade, "but I really don't think it necessary."

"Possibly not," broke in Uncle Roger, brusquely, "but for my own satisfaction, I should prefer it."

"Oh, then by all means, let us have the consultation—for your own satisfaction" replied Dr. Glade, with the faintest tone of irony in the last three words.

While driving that afternoon, Dr. Glade called at the hospital, and asked Connie to go with her to the children's ward, as there were no infectious cases, and it might interest her. To Connie's surprise, they found Dr. Wrench's assistant there, and, to her still greater surprise, he came up and greeted Helen as if he had known her some time.

"Permit me," said Dr. Glade, "to introduce you to a patient of mine; Miss Passmore, this is Dr. Plyne."

"Oh, we—we know each other," stammered the young man.

"Ha! then it is all the better. Will you kindly explain the ward to Miss Passmore, while I transact a little business with the matron. I know you will excuse me, my dear," with a knowing glance at Connie, and then Dr. Glade hastened away.

CHAPTER I.—Continued.

The lovers were so completely surprised and embarrassed, they stood speechless for some moments, then the girl said:

"How strange it seems, Walter, to hear you called Doctor Plyne."

"Yes. I—I am hardly used to it myself, yet."

Then he lapsed into silence again, and she caught him furtively examining her features, as she was trying to scan his.

"I am so glad, Wal—Dr. Plyne—you have got your degree," she observed at length.

"Oh, thank you, Connie. I thought you would be, that is why I sent you word."

"Sent me word? I only learned of it yesterday, from Dr. Glade."

"Didn't you receive the notice I sent you from Kings?"

"No. I received nothing."

"That is queer. It must have been lost in the mails," he said, gravely.

"What a pity, for I should have been awfully glad to hear of your success."

Walter reflected a moment (he knew Uncle Roger had destroyed it) and then remarked, as if to change the subject:

"You have been ill, Connie?"

"Who told you?"

He smiled faintly as he replied: "My medical training must have been remiss, if I could not discover that without a stethoscope."

"Do I look—er—so faded, Walter?"

"Oh no, not exactly faded; but something like a budding rose deprived of the

"I'M SO GLAD YOU HAVE GOT YOUR DEGREE," SHE SAID.

sun's rays," a simile nearer the truth than he thought.

When Dr. Glade presently joined them, they were conversing without the slightest embarrassment. That afternoon, as they were returning from their drive, the doctor said to her patient:

"Well, my dear, how do you like my new treatment?"

"Oh, Dr. Glade, did you know that Walter was here?"

"Possibly I did; what then?"

"Then you are a perfect dear of a physician. I could hug you for it!" exclaimed Connie rapturously.

"Not here in the carriage, dear. I know how you feel; for, as a Yankee friend of mine would say: 'I've been thar' myself.' Au revoir un til to-morrow."

CHAPTER II.

THE DOCTORS DISAGREE, AND THEN—

When Dr. Lancewood assented to a consultation with Dr. Glade, he little knew what a trial was in store for him.

Some years before he was a man of thirty; a clever, easy-going, prosperous London medical coach; he fell desperately in love with one of his pupils, a charming, ambitious girl about twenty. But through her jealousy of another young lady pupil they quarreled, and she had refused him. Afterwards Dr. Lancewood bought a good practice in Hampshire, where he had settled, and often felt the need of a helpmate, for bachelor doctors are not favored by prudish old maids or anxious mammas with growing daughters.

Aunt Ruth led Dr. Helen Glade to the library when she called the next day, and introduced her to Dr. Lancewood. Instantly there was a mutual recognition between the ex-coach and his former pupil, but neither of them orally acknowledged the fact, until Aunt Ruth closed the door and left them, when Dr. Lancewood asked, with ill-concealed amusement:

"Did I understand Miss Passmore to say Dr. Glade?"

"You did, Dr. Lancewood," replied Helen, with chilling politeness.

"Really, I—I am surprised, Helen—Miss Glade—that is, Dr. Glade."

"Why are you surprised?"

"I did not expect t is—I—" He continued to look at her with an incredulous smile, mingled with admiration for her beauty, her self-possession and her professional style, which she assumed with elegance, it seemed to him.

"Did you not understand you were to consult with a lady?"

"Yes, yes; but I expected an older one than you are, Helen." There was a tenderness in the way he pronounced her name that touched her, but she smothered it, and frigidly broke in with:

"Pardon me, I must ask you not to use my Christian name."

"Oh, very well," he answered, reddening, "but I once had the privilege—"

"Which you forfeited—and therefore it is indelicate to assume it now."

"I never forfeited it, nor shall I ever relinquish it—in my own self-communion with you—as you were in the old days," he replied with some fervor.

"I prefer not to discuss follies of the past," she said with indifference. "Let us confine ourselves to the consultation."

"As you please," he said with resignation.

"Will you examine the patient?"

"I have already done so, last night."

"Done so! Examined my patient without my being present!" exclaimed Helen, astonished.

"Excuse me, my patient."

"Excuse me, my patient. I must say I never heard of such a breach of professional etiquette!"

"What nonsense! She was first under my care."

"But you gave her up."

"Only temporarily."

"Even so, you were not justified in making an examination without my presence," she said, her eyes flashing angrily.

"Ha, ha! Well, upon my word, you're as imperious as ever, Helen—"

"Dr. Lancewood, I must insist upon—"

"My calling you doctor," he said, with playful raillery.

"I should be warranted in giving up the case after that."

"Oh, pray don't for you're conducting the case very well, very well indeed."

Helen was still more indignant at this patronizing compliment and said, with hauteur:

"I did not ask for your opinion, Dr. Lancewood."

"Then what are we consulting for, Dr. Glade?" with humorous twinkle in his eyes.

"Not for my satisfaction, I assure you."

"But it is for mine, Helen—er—Dr. Glade, for I never enjoyed a consultation more, I assure you—"

"Will you oblige me by confining your observations to our patient."

"Our patient is good; it's a slight concession, but 'twill serve."

"What have you to suggest about—"

"Our patient?" he broke in, facetiously.

"As you choose—about Miss Connie Passmore's illness?"

"Well, Dr. Glade, to speak bluntly, there are symptoms of tuberculosis."

"Oh! Oh, indeed!" cried Helen, faintly ironical.

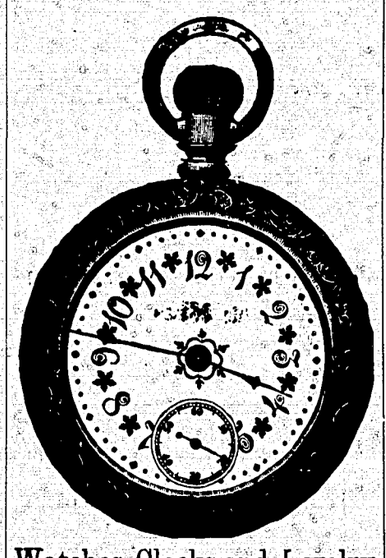
"That you had discovered, I presume."

"No, I can't say I had."

"Eh? You don't mean to say you disagree with my consultation?"

(Continued Next Week.)

CHARLES JISZKOWICZ,
NELSON, B. C.



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NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

We beg to inform the public that the offices of THE MINER have been removed from Josephine Street to the Jowett Building on Victoria Street.

THE SMELTING BONUS.

The marvellous liberality of the Dominion Government in giving a bonus for the amount of ore smelted in the country does not work quite fairly. Comparatively rich ore that goes straight to the furnace earns its 50 cents a ton. But poorer ore has first to be concentrated. The Blue Bell ore for instance is concentrated in the ratio of 5 to 1 before it goes to the roasters even. The 50 cents is concentrated too. It is only paid on ore smelted, not on ore mined, so the Kootenay Mining & Smelting Co. only gets ten cents a ton bonus on its ore. Is not this something like one law for the rich (ore) and another for the poor?

WANTED—A BUILDING.

Recent entertainments that have taken place in Nelson show that there are plenty of good companies willing to come to us if we had a building suitable for them. Private and local affairs are also begining to complain of lack of accommodation. The Fire Hall which is the largest building in the town has not seating capacity enough for Nelson as she is today, and the building is inconvenient and unsuitable in other ways. Still it is all that we have, and for a comparatively small expenditure could be put in something more like condition than it is at present. We are informed that the sum of $250 would fix it up well enough. This amount could easily be raised by one or two entertainments. The public would come forward liberally provided the affairs were managed by some one who would use the money for the purpose for which it was given and not lavish it as if it was his own on a company of strolling players. The public is getting a little tired of paying people who never think of rendering an account of their stewardship.

ORE SHIPMENTS.

The changed condition of affairs in Kootenay necessitates a change in the printed returns of ore shipped. We believe that the prime object to be obtained is to show the world the amount of work that is actually being done in the district. Sometime ago a prominent man said "We do not want to know about your prospects, we want to find out what you have actually done." A year ago the list of ore shipped from the different mines sufficed for this. Today it is not enough. With two smelters at work and another one just completed the matter becomes more complicated. We have therefore determined to arrange our list so as to show the amount of ore exported as well as the amount treated in the country. The tables will also give the amount of matte or bullion resulting from the latter.

Until just lately shipments of ore were confined to the winter months, and a return therefore intended to show the product of a season had to ignore the natural division of the year and extend from summer to summer. From now on ore is likely to be moving continuously so we have changed our date to coincide with the calendar and the season will commence with the first of January.

The total shipments for last year including the ore mined at the Blue Bell and treated at Pilot Bay amounted to no less a quantity than 78,000 tons.

A SOLUTION OF THE DIFFICULTY.

Everyone is agreed that the Americans and English who own and control all the great mines of the Transvaal can no longer submit to the oppression of the Boers. It was a difficult question to tackle. The Boers were quite justified in pointing out to all who came after the gold, that they were not invited, they came of their own accord and therefore ought not to complain of their treatment. In ordinary cases nations have every right to manage their internal affairs how they like. But this is not an ordinary case. The foreigners outnumber the natives by many thousands. Millions of foreign capital is invested in the country, which is also almost entirely supported by the taxes paid by these foreign settlers. Clearly the latter are entitled at least to proper protection in their property. They have simply made the country. In their present demands there is nothing unreasonable. At the same time neither Great Britain nor the United States quite see their way to dictating the course to be pursued by the Transvaal Government.

Diplomacy has as usual found out a way to solve the difficulty. From Simons Bay all the way round to Zanzibar, a matter of some 2,000 miles, there is only one decent harbor. This is Delagoa Bay at present in the hands of the Portuguese. It is the key to the whole interior, particularly to the Transvaal. The Portuguese do not want it. Its possession is liable to bring them into undesired complications with other powers. They are practically bankrupt and fifty or sixty millions of dollars would be of much greater service to them than this little possession in South East Africa. Accordingly a few Englishmen are putting their hands into their pockets and the purchase will probably be shortly completed. Then we shall hold the gates of the Transvaal and under our shelter not only our own sons but our American cousins and everyone else can safely employ themselves in the great African Golconda.

MAKING FRIENDS.

There is little doubt that MR. JOSEPH CHAMBERLAIN is eminently the man of the day. He has recently made a great speech at Manchester which teems with the noblest patriotism and the finest possible sentiments of international friendship. He commences by deprecating any war whatever, but especially war with the United States. He said: "I feel, so far as I can speak for my countrymen, that our pride in the race to which we belong is a pride which includes every English-speaking community in the world. (Hear, hear.) We have a domestic patriotism as Scotchmen or as Englishmen or as Irishmen, or what you will. We have an Imperial patriotism as citizens of the British Empire. But surely, in addition to that, we have also an Anglo-Saxon patriotism which embraces within its ample folds the whole of that great race which has done so much in every branch of human effort, and above all in that branch of human effort which has produced free institutions and free communities."

Referring to Armenia and to the desire on the part of the Americans to do something to help the distressed Christians of that unhappy country, he pointed out that, unaided, America could do little or nothing. Any attempt at isolated action on her part would bring her in to contact with one or more European powers, and he invites her to join Great Britain in remedying the abuses that exist under the Turkish rule. If ever there was a case in which the strength of union could make itself felt it would be here. England and America could absolutely dictate not only to Turkey or one or two minor powers, but to the great nations as well. Their power for good would be incalculable. With such men as CHAMBERLAIN on one side and WOLCOTT on the other not only is no rupture to be dreaded, but there is a large probability of an international agreement.

NOTES.

Our contemporary the Province is opening the eyes of British Columbia in the matter of high art printing. The almanac which it has issued this year from its own presses is equal to anything that has previously appeared here. Another contemporary the Trail Creek News has issued an exceedingly well got up special number which it alleges was entirely printed in its offices at Trail. We were considerably surprised on opening a copy of the latter to see a "Province" almanac fall out from between its leaves. Does the Trail Creek news advertise its opponents or was this a dead give away?

The Emperor of Germany states his intention of again asking the Reichstag to support him in his design of doubling the German navy. If that body refuses, which it probably will he will appeal to the nation. Now the nation is already groaning under an enormous war vote. The taxation for all purposes amounts to $15 a head of the population, and it is not likely that the people will put up with any further burdens. The peace establishment of Germany amounts to more than half a million men, while the war footing is no less than 4,600,000. The nation has to keep the half million lusty warriors all the time and is getting sick of it.

Sir Charles Tupper is at once High Commissioner in England and Secretary of State in Canada. This is a very good instance showing how these haughty aristocrats of the East think they can trample down all the conventions with which nations have found it necessary to surround themselves. The High Commissioner of Canada is practically an ambassador. In fact he ranks at the British Court with the ambassadors of Foreign Powers. Now the very first thing that is necessary in an ambassador is that he should not be a party politician. In the case of the High Commissioner and the Agents General of the great colonies this is a most important point and yet here is our High Commissioner occupying at the same time a highly important party position and the equally important non partisan position in London. It is impossible to fill the two, properly, at the same time.

A great many people in town keep dogs. They keep them because they love them. The reason why they love them is not easy to see. The dogs are dirty, useless, ugly, badly bred and a general nuisance to everyone. This love of persons for objectionable dogs it one of those mysteries like freight rates and our postal arrangements which are so constucted as to baffle the keenest intellect. There is no harm in people keeping dogs, but they ought really to keep them and not allow them to loaf about the streets especially at night when the brutes have a habit of sitting up on their tails and barking at nothing. One dog will commence this business until he makes another dog on the other side of the town answer him. Then they begin to argue and other curs join in until the whole place is a pandemonium. This is of course a matter of indifference to a man who sleeps as if he was dead, but then there are a great many people who do not. Women and invalids are not always blest with profound slumber and they have a right to be protected from the nuisance caused by other peoples curs. Any one is quite justified (morally) in getting up and shooting these howling curs.

NELSON HYDRAULIC MINING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE OF ADJOURNMENT OF MEETING.

THE SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING OF the Nelson Hydraulic Mining Company (Limited) summoned to be held at the Company's office, in the Town of Nelson, B. C., on the 7th day of February, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, has been ADJOURNED until Friday next, 14th inst., at the same time and place. Important meeting.

By Order,
G. W. RICHARDSON,
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Nelson, B. C., Feb. 7. (287)

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A Few Car Loads of Timothy Hay for Sale.
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(52) SIMPSON & CO., Proprietors.

OYSTERS!
IN ALL STYLES
AT T. BOOTH'S
TROPICAL
FRUIT STORE,
BAKER STREET - NELSON.
A Large Stock of Pipes and Cigars.

BRANCH HOUSE.
H. M. HERRIN & CO.
COMMISSION MERCHANTS.
DEALERS IN
CALIFORNIA AND WASHINGTON
FRUITS AND VEGETABLES
BUTTER, EGGS AND POULTRY,
HAY, GRAIN, FLOUR and MILL FEED.
NELSON - B. C.
(622

JAMES MOWAT,
CARPENTER AND BUILDER.
NELSON, B. C.
Plans, Elevations and Details drawn to order. Orders left at Turner & Kirkpatrick's Vernon Street, will receive prompt attention. [261]

JOHN HIRSCH,
Provincial Land Surveyor.
OFFICE:
NELSON AND ROSSLAND, B. C.
140

MINING MACHINERY!
FOR SALE.
Two new English Portable Engines, 8 and 12 horsepower, wood burners.
One Stationary Engine and Boiler.
One Engine and Boiler for Steam Launch.
Galvanized Tanks, Mining Tools, Steel, Iron, etc.
Delivered at Victoria on wharf.
Apply to HEISTERMAN & CO.,
75 Government St.,
Opp Bank of Montreal. Victoria, B.C.
(179)

Page Ponsford Bros.
Hastings Street, Vancouver, B. C.
DIRECT IMPORTERS OF ALL HIGH-CLASS ENGLISH MEN'S FURNISHINGS
Such as Christy's Hats, Dents & Fowne's Gloves, Dr. Jaeger's Cartwright & Warner's Underwear, Scotch Rugs, Flannel, Matting and Crepe Shirt Trousers, etc., etc.
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
130

Notice of Application for Crown Grant.

TAKE Notice that Frank C. Loring has filed the necessary papers and made application for a Crown Grant in favour of the mineral claim "St. Elmo," situated in the Trail Creek Mining Division of the District of West Kootenay.

Adverse claimants, if any, must file their objections with me within 60 days from the date of the first appearance of this notice in the British Columbia Gazette.

N. FITZSTUBBS,
Government Agent.
Dated Nelson, Feb. 1, 1896. [285-8,2,6]

Notice of Application for Crown Grant.

TAKE Notice that Oliver Bordau has filed the necessary papers and made application for a Crown Grant in favour of the mineral claim "Lily May" situated in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay District.

Adverse claimants, if any, must file their objections with me within 60 days from the date of the first appearance of this notice in the British Columbia Gazette.

N. FITZSTUBBS,
Government Agent.
Dated Nelson B. C., Feb. 3, 1896. (286-8,2,6)

NOTICE is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of British Columbia at its next sitting for an Act to amend "The Vernon and Nelson Telephone Company's Act, 1891," so as to enable the company to construct telephone lines anywhere on the mainland of the province and to amend the schedule to the said Act relating to the tariff or charges of the said Company.

WILSON & CAMPBELL,
Solicitors for the Company.
Vancouver, Dec. 10, 1895. (255)

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

We hereby give notice that thirty days after this date I intend to make application for a license to sell wines and liquors by retail at the Royal Hotel.

CHERBO & BOOTH.
Nelson, Jan. 24, 1895. (278)

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

The undersigned give notice tkat they intend applying to the Stipendiary Magistrate of the District of West Kootenay for a retail liquor license for their hotel at Sandon.

J. W. SWITZER,
C. B. McCLUSLY.
Sandon, Jan. 18, 1896. (275)

Notice of Application for Liquor License.

I hereby give notice that thirty days from this date I intend to apply to the Stipendiary Magistrate for a license to sell liquor by retail at my hotel, known as the Home Restaurant.

JOE STURGEON.
Jan. 4, 1896. (267)

Notice of Application for Crown Grant.

TAKE NOTICE that T. J. Lendrum, as agent for R. S. Howard and Louis Grunewald, has filed the necessary papers and made application for a Crown Grant in favour of the mineral claim "Ohio," situated in the Ainsworth Mining Division of West Kootenay.

Adverse claimants, if any, must file their objections with me within 60 days from the date of this publication in the British Columbia Gazette.

N. FITZSTUBBS,
Government Agent.
Dated at Nelson, Jan. 8, 1896. [268-11,1,6]

CERTIFICATES OF IMPROVEMENT.

YORKEE JOKE MINERAL CLAIM.

SITUATE IN THE NELSON MINING DIVISION OF WEST KOOTENAY DISTRICT. WHERE LOCATED—TOAD MOUNTAIN.

TAKE NOTICE that I, W. A. Jowett, as agent for E. Mahon, free miner's certificate No. 54,931, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Gold Commissioner for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown grant of the above claim.

And further take notice, that adverse claims must be sent to the Gold Commissioner and action commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 25th day of January, 1896.

W. A. JOWETT,
(216—23, 11, 5) Agent for E. Mahon.

CUMBERLAND MINERAL CLAIM.

SITUATE IN THE NELSON MINING DIVISION OF WEST KOOTENAY DISTRICT. WHERE LOCATED—TOAD MOUNTAIN.

TAKE NOTICE that I, W. A. Jowett, as agent for E. Mahon, free miner's certificate No. 54,931, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Gold Commissioner for a certificate of improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice, that adverse claims must be sent to the Gold Commissioner and action commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 25th day of January, 1896.

W. A. JOWETT,
(295—1, 2, 6.) Agent for E. Mahon.

—2—TO—2—
Hunting, Survey, Prospecting
PARTIES AND OTHERS
—THE NEW, FAST—
STEAM LAUNCH "FLIRT"
Can be CHARTERED by day or week on reasonable terms. Orders sent trough the pursers of the steamboats Nelson or Ainsworth, with whom arrangements can be made, or by mail or telegraph to C. W. Busk, Balfour, will receive prompt attention (19)

Levi Strauss' Overalls.
A Large Importation of those Famous Goods direct from San Francisco just received.
Blue Denim Overalls, Blue Denim Pants,
Engineers' Overalls, Blue Denim Jumpers,
Blue Denim Smocks, Blanket Lined Jackets,
and the Latest Thing Out
NO. 2 COMBINATION COAT.
The only Store in town carring a Full Stock of these Unrivalled Goods.
A. T. GARLAND, BAKER STREET.
(211)

TURNER, BEETON & CO.
A CAR LOAD OF
ORE BAGS
JUST ARRIVED.
Write for Samples and Prices.
NELSON, B. C.
(248)

RIESTERER'S BREWERY
MILL STREET,
NELSON, B. C.
Is now able to supply the town and district with a first-class quality of Draught and Bottle
BEER
Draught Beer at 50c. per gallon.
Bottle Beer at $10 per Barrel.
ORDERS CAN BE LEFT AT HUMER'S BAKERY.
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. 93
R. RIESTERER, Prop.

WAGONS and BOB-SLEIGHS.
BEST CANADIAN MAKES.
For Ore, Lumber and General Purpose.
WRITE FOR PRICE LIST TO
E. G. PRIOR & CO., LD.
KAMLOOPS, B. C. 112
PARTIES CAN ALSO APPLY TO
A. B. GRAY, NELSON, KOOTENAY AGENT.

ALBION IRON WORKS Co., LIMITED
ENGINEERS.
IRON FOUNDERS, BOILER MAKERS
MANUFACTURERS OF MARINE AND
LAND ENGINES, BOILERS, ETC.,
FISH CANNING AND MINING
MACHINERY, HYDRAULIC GIANTS,
PIPES AND SINKING PUMPS FOR MINES
French Ranges, Stoves, Grates, Etc.
SOLE AGENTS FOR HENRY R. WORTHINGTON'S STEAM PUMPS AND INGERSOLL'S ROCK DRILL CO.'S STEAM ROCK DRILLS.
No. 6 Chatham and 71 Store Street,
P. O. DRAWER 12 - VICTORIA, B. C.
(205)

M. R. SMITH & CO.
Biscuit Manufacturers.
WRITE FOR PRICE LIST.
VICTORIA - B. C. (221

HINTS IN REGARD TO TELLURIDES.

Written by Dr. Richard Pearce, manager Boston and Colorado Smelting Company, in the Mining and Scientific Press:

At the present time, owing to the discovery of gold in Cripple Creek in combination with tellurium, prospectors are on the search for similar conditions in other districts, and it has occurred to me that a few hints in regard to tellurides might be of some value.

Tellurides proper are rarely found to exist near the surface of lodes that may contain them in depth. This is due to the fact that tellurium is susceptible to oxidizing action like iron pyrites and other minerals when they are exposed to weathering influence.

This weathering action, in the case of tellurides, has the effect of converting the tellurium into an oxidized form, which combines with the oxide of iron and seldom shows any evidence of its existence, except in rare cases, when the ore is exceedingly rich, and then the oxide of tellurium appears as a yellowish-brown stain on the rock.

The gold resulting from the oxidising change occurs as a brownish powder, and does not possess the properties of gold found under other conditions. It has little or no luster, and is so light in weight and spongy that the ordinary process of panning fails in most instances to indicate its existence. The ordinary method of assay will, however, prove its presence, and this should be done by some assayer who is not only qualified by experience to make the assay, but whose honesty is beyond question. Prospectors will do well to give a wide berth to the quack assayer, who has some particular method of his own, or what he is pleased to call a "chemical analysis" process which he claims is the only true method for determining the value of an ore.

These frauds are scattered all over the country and are often the cause of no little disappointment to the honest prospector. It sometimes happens that a prospector is so far away from a reliable assayer that it is impossible for him to ascertain whether the ore contains gold or not when the presence of tellurium is suspected.

A very simple test, requiring no particular skill, can be used to determine whether or not tellurium is present in an oxidized form; for if it is found that tellurium is present, it is pretty safe to presume that gold accompanies it. This test, which I will give here, is one which I recommended in a paper read before the Colorado Scientific Society some two years ago, and was the result of some investigations on oxidized Cripple Creek ores.

Fifty grammes of the fine pulp ore are treated with dilute hydrochloric acid, consisting of equal parts of acid and water. The mixture is heated to boiling and filtered, and to the filtrate is added a solution of stannous chloride. The tellurium, if present, will immediately be precipitated in a black floculent form of metallic tellurium; if its quantity is small it is best to heat the solution, which aids the separation. It must, however, be remembered that this test is only applicable to ores which contain the tellurium in an oxidized form, and is of no value in other cases.

Below the water line the tellurides proper occur, and in Ceipple Creek they are represented by the minerals sylvanite and calaverite. Sylvainte is as white and lustrous as pure silver, and contains, when pure, about twentyseven per cent gold. Calaverite has a slight yellow appearance, resembling somewhat a pale variety of iron pyrites, and contains about forty per cent of gold.

The presence of tellurium does not in every case prove the existence of gold, but I think it may be said to be the rule at Cripple Creek. Boulder county has produced what is termed native tellurium and telluride of lead, altite, which contains no gold whatever, and I have known of the occurrence of telluride of bismuth (tetradymite) in Montana containing little or no gold, but these examples are rare. The occurrence of fluorite of a purple or amethystine color, so characteristic of Cripple Creek ores, may be regarded as a favorable indication of the coexistence of tellurides. This peculiar association is well marked in other districts, such as Boulder county, Colorado, and in the tellurium gold ores of South Dakota, so that it indicates some sort of close kinship between the two minerals, or rather that they owe their existence to some one common origin.

The distribution of tellurium is infinately more extensive than is generally supposed, but its importance as a mineralizer of gold has not been recognized to any great extent in connection with important gold deposits.

Careful investigation has proved its existence in localities where its presence had not hitherto been suspected. Recent examinations have shown that the gold deposits of the so-called Potsdam sandstone of South Dakota, and that of the famous Mercur mine in Utah, owe their importance to the gold in combination with tellurium, so that this element which, until recently, has been regarded as occurring in few localities may claim a far more intimate relationship with gold than was ever supposed.

WANTED

Men With Money to Come to Nelson and Make Money.

There are openings for commencing Business or for Partnerships in several lines.

SAW MILL BUSINESS.
IRON FOUNDRY AND MACHINE BUSINESS,
SOAP MANUFACTORY,
STEAM LAUNDRY,
HARNESS MAKER,
ETC., ETC., ETC.

Information will be cheerfully given on application to

W. A. JOWETT,
VICTORIA ST., NELSON.

WRECKS.

The American Line Steamer St. Paul which went ashore near Long Branch has been lightened and floated off. She steamed quietly to New York where it was found that she is absolutely uninjured. The beach on which she struck was smooth sand. The salvage on her will be enormous.

The British Ship Kilbrannan struck on a reef off Port Townsend on Wednesday last. She was inward bound from Callao. She was bowling down the Straits under full canvas before a bright Nor-Wester. The moment she struck all three masts went by the board and the ship was thrown over on to her starboard side. Efforts were made to launch the boats, but they were immediately swamped by the seas that continued to break over the unfortunate vessel. Tugs went out to her assistance, but owing to the fury of the waves were unable to approach her. The latest information was that fears were entertained that she would speedly go to pieces and that all on board would be drowned.

WEST KOOTENAY DISTRICT.

ALL PLACER CLAIMS AND MINING Leaseholds legally held in the District may be laid over from 15th October, 1895, to the 1st June, 1896.

NAPOLEON FITZSTURBS,
Gold Commissioner.
Nelson, B. C., Nov. 23, 1896. (245

NOTICE.

A SITTING OF THE COUNTY COURT of Kootenay will be holden at Nelson on Saturday, the 29th day of February; at Kaslo on Tuesday, the 3rd day of March, and at Rossland on Tuesday, the 10th day of March, 1896.

T. H. GIFFIN,
Registrar.
Nelson, B. C., 20th January, 1896. [277]

NOTICE.

LEASE OF TIMBER LIMITS, WEST KOOTENAY.

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the Hon. the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works up to noon of Tuesday, 3rd March next, from persons desirous of leasing Lot 935, Group 1, Kootenay District, containing 1,400 acres, for the purpose of cutting timber therefrom, subject to the provisions of the "Land Act" and amendments thereto.

The limit is situated in Sproule Creek Valley, about one mile north of the Kootenay River, below the Columbia and Kootenay Railway Crossing.

The competitor offering the highest cash bonus will be entitled to a lease of the premises for a term of twenty-one years.

Each tender must be accompanied by a certified bank cheque to cover the cost of the survey, $870.50, the first year's rental, $210.00, and the amount of the bonus tendered. The cheques will be at once returned to unsuccessful competitors.

W. S. GORE,
Deputy Commissioner of Lands and Works.
Lands and Works Department,
Victoria, B. C., 14th January, 1896. 276

NELSON DIVISION OF WEST KOOTENAY DISTRICT.

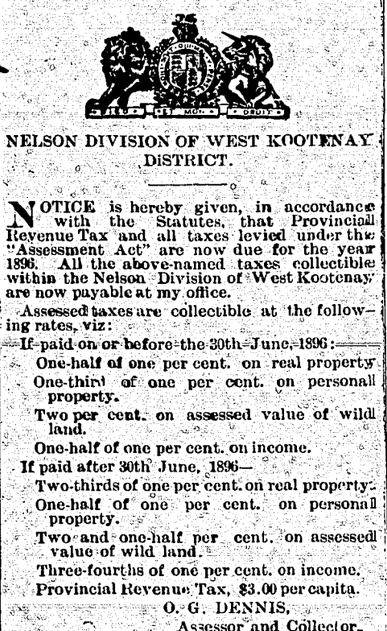
NOTICE is hereby given, in accordance with the Statutes, that Provincial Revenue Tax and all taxes levied under the "Assessment Act" are now due for the year 1896. All the above-named taxes collectible within the Nelson Division of West Kootenay are now payable at my office.

Assessed taxes are collectible at the following rates, viz:

If paid on or before the 30th June, 1896:
- One-half of one per cent. on real property
- One-third of one per cent. on personall property.
- Two per cent. on assessed value of wildl land.
- One-half of one per cent. on income.

If paid after 30th June, 1896—
- Two-thirds of one per cent. on real property.
- One-half of one per cent. on personall property.
- Two and one-half per cent. on assessedl value of wild land.
- Three-fourths of one per cent. on income.
- Provincial Revenue Tax, $3.00 per capita.

O. G. DENNIS,
Assessor and Collector.
January 2, 1896. (269)



PURE & WHOLESOME

12 Ounce Can Sold for 25 Cents.

Largest Demand in Canada.

(243)

(No. 186)

CERTIFICATE OF THE REGISTRATION OF A FOREIGN COMPANY.

"COMPANIES ACT," PART IV., AND AMENDING ACTS.

"The Invicta Gold Mines, L'td" (Foreign)

Registered the 13th day of January, 1896.

I HEREBY CERTIFY that I have this day registered "The Invicta Gold Mines, Limited" (Foreign), under the "Companies' Act," Part IV., "Registration of Foreign Companies," and amending Acts.

The head office of the said Company is situated in England.

The objects for which the Company is established are:—

(a) To adopt and carry into effect, with such modifications (if any) as may be agreed upon, the agreements mentioned in article 3 of the Company's Articles of Association:

(b) To acquire any gold mines, mining rights and auriferous land in British Columbia and elsewhere, concessions, grants, decrees, rights, powers, privileges or contracts from any company, state, sovereign or authority which may seem to the Company capable of being turned to account, and to work, develop, carry out, exercise, and turn to account the same:

(c) To search for, prospect, examine, and explore any territories and places in British Columbia and elsewhere, and to employ and equip expeditions, explorers, experts, and other agents:

(d) To locate or otherwise acquire any mining claims, mines mining rights, and metalliferous land in British Columbia, and to explore, work develop, and turn to account the same:

(e) To crush, win, get, quarry, smelt, calcine, refine, dress, amalgamate, manipulate, and prepare for market auriferous quartz and ore and mineral substances of all kinds, whether auriferous or not, and to carry on any other metallurgical operations which may seem conducive to any of the Company's objects:

(f) To buy, sell, refine, and deal in bullion, specie, coin, and precious metals:

(g) To acquire by grant, selection, purchase, lease or otherwise, and develop the resources of and turn to account any lands and any rights over or connected with land belonging to or in which the Company is interested, and in particular by laying out townsites and preparing the same for building, letting on building lease or agreement, advancing money to or entering into contracts with builders, tenants, and others clearing, draining, fencing, planting, cultivating, building, improving, farming, irrigating, and by promoting immigration and the establishment of towns, villages, and settlements:

(h) To carry on business as merchants, storekeepers, miners, farmers, stockmen, graziers, carriers, builders, and contractors, brickmakers and all kinds of agency business, and any other kind of business which seems calculated, directly or indirectly, to further the working and development of any concessions, rights, or property of the Company, or otherwise to benefit the Company, and to undertake and execute any trusts the undertaking whereof may seem desirable, and either gratuitously or otherwise:

(i) To carry out, establish, construct, maintain, improve, manage, work, control, and superintend any roads, ways, tramways, railways, bridges, reservoirs, watercourses, wharves, embankments, telegraphs, telephones, saw-mills, smelting and other works, furnaces, factories, warehouses, hotels, transport and postal arrangements, stands, stores, shops, stations, and other works and conveniences for the working and development of any concession, rights, or property of the Company, and to contribute to or assist in or contract for the carrying out, establishment, construction, maintenance, improvement, management, working control, or superintendence of the same:

(j) To purchase, hire, or otherwise acquire, use, maintain, sell, exchange, or otherwise deal with or dispose of and turn to account all plant, machinery, live and dead stock, implements, stores, and materials of every kind requisite for any of the purposes of the Company, and to acquire by purchase, lease, or otherwise, any lands or buildings, real or personal property, easements, rights or privileges which the Company may think suitable or convenient for any purposes of its business:

(k) To acquire and carry on all or any part of the business or property, and to undertake any liabilites of any person, firm, association or company possessed of property suitable for any of the purposes of this Company, or carrying on any business which this Company is authorized to carry on, or which can be conveniently carried on in connection with the same, or may seem to the Company calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this Company, and as the consideration for the same to pay cash or to issue any shares, stocks, or obligations of the Company, and to enter into working arrangements, contracts, and agreements with other companies and persons:

(l) To promote any other company or companies for the purpose of acquiring all or any of the property or liabilities of this company, or of advancing directly or indirectly the objects or interests thereof, and to purchase, subscribe for, or otherwise acquire, and to hold the shares, stock, or obligations in any company, in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, and upon a distribution of assets or division of profits, to distribute such shares, stocks, or obligations amongst the members of this Company in specie:

(m.) Generally to distribute among the members any property of the Company in specie:

(n) To borrow or raise money for any purposes of the Company, and for the purpose of securing the same and interest, or for any other purpose, to mortgage or charge the undertaking, or all or any part of the property of the Company present or after acquired or its uncalled capital, and to create, issue, make, draw, accept, and negotiate perpetual or redeemable debentures or debenture stock, bills of exchange, promissory notes, or other obligations or negotiable instruments:

(o) To sell, let, develop, dispose of, or otherwise deal with the undertaking, or all or any part of the property of the Company, upon any terms, with power to accept as the consideration any shares, stocks, or obligations of any other company:

(p) To pay out of the funds of the Company all expenses of or incident to the formation, registration, and advertising of the Company, and the issue of its capital, including brokerage and commissions for obtaining applications for or placing shares, and to apply at the cost of the Company to Parliament for any extension of the Company's powers:

(q) To make donations to such persons and in such cases, and either in money, or kind, as may seem expedient:

(r) To carry out all or any of the foregoing objects as principals or agents, or in partnership or conjunction with any other person, firm, association, or company, and in any part of the world:

(s) To procure the Company to be registered or recognized in any foreign country or place, or in any colony or elsewhere:

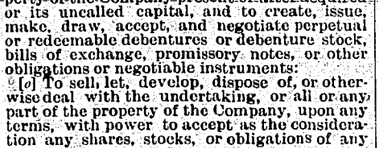
(t) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

The capital stock of the said Company is £100,000, divided into 100,000 shares of £1 each.

Given under my hand and seal of office, at Victoria, Province of British Columbia, this 13th day of January, 1896.

[L.S.] S. Y. WOOTTON,
(279) Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

S. S. Alberta



LEAVE KASLO for Ainsworth, Pilot Bay and Nelson Monday, Wednesday and Saturday at 8 a. m.; Tuesdays, Thursday and Fridays at 7 a. m.

LEAVE NELSON for Pilot Bay, Ainsworth and Kaslo Monday, Wednesday Thursday and Saturday at 3 p. m.; Tuesday and Friday at 4 p.m.

Close connection is thus made between Lake points and all outgoing and incoming trains of the C. P. R. at Nelson.

The steamer is newly equipped in every particular, is lit throughout by electricity, and contains bathroom and all modern conveniences for the comfort of passengers.

The above schedule is in effect 16th May, 1895 subject to change.

JAS. WAUGH, Purser. 34 GEO. F. HAYWARD, Master

GOLD, SILVER and PLATED WARE

WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY,

KARN PIANOS, SEWING MACHINES AND OPTICAL GOODS.

THE BEST OF EVERY LINE AT

JACOB DOVER'S, BAKER ST., NELSON.

(253)

WHY IS YOUR SKIN SO ROUGH?

Because you are using domestic soap instead of THE BEST IMPORTED SOAP,

which is Cheaper, because it Lasts Longer and gives Better Satisfaction.

THREE CAKES FOR 50 CENTS

of any of the following varieties at the Nelson Drug Store:

OTTO OF ROSE, WHITE GLYCERINE, MUSK DEER, VIOLET, WILD ROSE, HELIOTROPE, WHITE CARBOLIC, PEARS' UNSCENTED, BUTTERMILK, PERFUMED PUMICE, COLD CREAM and GLYCERINE, GLYCERINE and CUCUMBER,

And many other varieties of the Best English and American Toilet Soaps. Try them and be convinced.

NELSON DRUG STORE.

247

GILKER & WELLS.

MORE NEW GOODS.

SUITS { SERGES, CHEVOITS, TWEEDS. } PANTS

The Finest Goods and the Latest Styles.

A Special Line of Boys' Clothing.

SPECIAL TO THE TRADE.

We hold the largest stock of Cigars in town. Our own brands—"La Progression" and "Pride of the West"—are splendid value. **Call and Inspect.**

GILKER & WELLS, NELSON AND PILOT BAY. 100

SPECIAL FOR 30 DAYS

SUITS, TWEED, FROM $27.00 UP.

SUITS, FANCY WORSTED, $35.00 UP

TROUSERS FROM $6.50 UP.

A LINE OF ENGLISH WHIPCORD, $10, USUAL PRICE $13. OVERCOATS IN PROPORTION.

FRED J. SQUIRE, Merchant Tailor.

COR. BAKER AND WARD STREETS. 90

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

AND SOO PACIFIC ROUTE.

Shortest and Quickest Route to Pacific Coast and Eastern Points.

St. Paul, Chicago, Toronto, Montreal, St. Louis, Kansas City, Buffalo, New York.

RATES THE LOWEST.

Greatest Variety of Routes, Rail and Steamers.

Leaves Nelson Tuesdays and Fridays at 11.30 o'clock, making close connections with Transcontinental trains at Revelstoke.

Before buying ticket elsewhere see or write nearest agent.

J. HAMILTON, Agent, Nelson. H. E. MACDONELL, Trav. Frgt. and Pas Agt., Nelson. GEO. McL. BROWN, Dist. Pass. Agt. Vancouver

TEA! TEA! TEA!

We know you have tried many times to buy Good Tea and have failed again and again. You have never tried our Tea in

ONE POUND PACKETS.

We are modest and do not like to tell what the Governor-General said in praise of the Tea at the Phair Hotel. It was ours.

Hudson's Bay Company,

BAKER STREET, NELSON. (258)

Spokane Falls & Northern R'y.

Nelson & Fort Sheppard R'y.

All Rail to Spokane, Wash.

Daily (Except Sunday) Between Spokane and Northport.

Tri-Weekly Between Northport and Nelson.

Leave 7.30 a.m. NELSON Arrive 6.15 p. m.

Trains leave Nelson for Spokane every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, returning leave Spokane TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS at 7 a. m., and making close connection by S.S. Nelson with all Kootenay Lake points.

Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek, connect at Marcus with stage on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.

Passengers for Trail Creek mines connect at Northport with stage Daily.

Kaslo & Slocan Railway.

TIME CARD NO. 1.

GOING WEST.		Daily	GOING EAST.
Leave 9.00 a.m.		Kaslo	Arrive 3.50 p.m.
" 8.36 a.m.		South Fork	" 3.15 p.m.
" 9.36 a.m.		Sproule's	" 2.15 p.m.
" 9.51 a.m.		Whitewater	" 2.00 p.m.
" 10.03 a.m.		Bear Lake	" 1.48 p.m.
" 10.18 a.m.		McGuigan	" 1.33 p.m.
" 10.30 a.m.		Bailey's	" 1.21 p.m.
" 10.39 a.m.		Junction	" 1.12 p.m.
Arr. 10.50 a.m.		Sandon	Leave 1.00 p.m.

Subject to change without notice.

For rates and information apply at th Company's offices.

ROBT. IRVING, Traffic Manager. W. H. McGRAW, Superintendent.

COLUMBIA & KOOTENAY STEAM NAV. CO

(LIMITED)

TIME CARD No. 8.

In Effect Monday, Nov. 11, 1895.

REVELSTOKE ROUTE—Steamer "Nakusp"

Leaves Wigwam for Nakusp and Robson Mondays and Thursdays at 7 p. m.

Leaves Robson for Nakusp, Wigwam and Canadian Pacific Railway points on Tuesdays and Fridays at 6 p. m.

Connection is made at Robson with C. & K. Ry. for Nelson and with Str. "Lytton" for Trail Creek and Northport.

TRAIL CREEK-ROBSON ROUTE. Steamer "Lytton."

Leaves Trail Creek for Robson on Tuesdays and Fridays at 10 a. m.

Leaves Robson for Trail Creek on Tuesdays and Fridays at 4 p. m., connects at Robson with Str. "Nakusp" for Nakusp and Revelstoke and with C. & K. Ry. for Nelson and Lake points.

NORTHPORT-TRAIL CREEK ROUTE Steamer "Lytton."

Leaves Trail Creek for Northport on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 5 a. m.

Leaves Northport for Trail Creek Mondays Wednesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 1 p. m.

Connects at Northport with S. F. & N. Ry for Spokane.

NELSON-KASLO ROUTE.—"Str Nelson."

Leaves Nelson for Kaslo, Sundays at 4 p. m., Tuesdays at 5.30 p. m., Wednesdays at 2.30 p. m., Thursdays at 5.30 p. m., Fridays at 2.30 p. m., Saturdays at 5.30 p. m. Connecting on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays with N. & F. S. Ry. at Five Mile Point for Kaslo and Lake points.

Leaves Kaslo for Nelson, Sundays at 8 p. m., Mondays at 3 a. m., Wednesdays at 3 a. m., Thursdays at 8 a. m., Fridays at 3 a. m., Saturdays at 8 a. m. Connecting on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at Five Mile Point with N. & F. S. Ry. for Spokane.

Connects with Columbia & Kootenay Railway at Nelson for points north and south.

The right is reserved to change this schedule at any time without notice.

For tickets, rates, etc., apply at Company's office, Nelson.

T. ALLAN, Secretary. J. W. TROUP, Manager.

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For information, time cards, maps and tickets call on or write

H. G. STIMMEL, T. P. Agent, Nelson, B.C.

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or— A. D. CHARLTON, Asst. Genl. Pass. Agent, Portland, Oregon