



The Miner

THE MINES IN KOOTENAY ARE AMONG THE RICHEST IN AMERICA.

THE ORES ARE HIGH-GRADE IN GOLD, SILVER, COPPER AND LEAD.

WHOLE NUMBER 258.

Nelson, British Columbia, Saturday, July 27, 1895.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

METAL QUOTATIONS.

NEW YORK.	
July 20	22 23 25 26
Silver	63 63 63 63 63 63
Lead	32 32 32 32 32 32

ORE SHIPMENTS.	
July 16-20	War Eagle to Prickly Pear June 210
July 15-18	Le Roi to Helena 140
July 13	Alpha Mine to Omaha 140
July 13	Slocan Milling Co. do 45
July 22	Alpha Mine do 12

VIA SOUTHWEST.	
July 13-20	Le Roi to Helena 2773
July 13-20	Josie to Tacoma 8
July 13-20	Cliff to Tacoma 5
July 13-20	War Eagle to Helena 913

BULLION SHIPMENTS.	
June, 1895	540

BOUNDARY FALLS.

ENORMOUS LEDGES OF ORE.

Seeing is Believing—Magnificent Patience—The owners have Perfect Trust in the Future of Their Camp.

(From our special Correspondent.)

Rossland has such attractions of its own, is so thoroughly alive and well advertised that it must be a strong camp indeed that can attract men from the city of Trail Creek. And yet any one who walks from Trail to Boundary will not find that he has the road to himself. Men are pouring into the Boundary Creek country in a steady stream, although it is still far from railways and there are three high rivers and a bad trail between it and Trail Creek. Men have heard of the huge bodies of ore at Boundary and though they cannot be expected to believe all they have heard, they have heard enough to make them anxious to go in and see for themselves.

Among the men who have done their best to advertise the country to the outside world is Mr. Suydam, a man known in many camps outside of British Columbia, and amongst those who have been in to see for themselves are representatives of the Parrot Mining Company of Butte; Mr. Largee, banker of Butte; men from Minneapolis, Chicago and elsewhere. Of these who went in doubt a large number have not only returned in faith but have brought largely as a proof of that faith. To get down at once to details. The camp itself is divided into half a dozen camps or more, lying within a radius of (say) 10 miles from Boundary Falls, and consists of large deposits of red oxide of copper, copper glance and native copper, in what is known as Copper camp; high grade galena, carrying gold, at Skylark camp; copper sulphides carrying gold at Deadwood; sulphides carrying gold, copper and iron, at Greenwood; free milling ore, and refractory ores, carrying gold, silver and copper at White Allwoods and Douglas camps and free milling ore at the Gold Drop camp. A great deal of the ore of the districts so closely resembles Trail Creek ore that even experts cannot tell them apart, and like the Trail Creek mines the character of the deposits found at Boundary is that they improve with depth. But the feature of Boundary Creek ledges is their enormous size. Even the local boomers, if there are such people, have to be content with the bulk, may more, they diminish instead of increasing the width of their veins. They dare not tell the owners what they have, they would rather that strangers went in and looked for themselves. We were persuaded to visit the Snowshoe claim, the property of a Mr. Deuzler and others, and to take a tape with us. It must be clearly understood that the information collected in this article, though collected with the greatest care from the most reliable sources available, had to be obtained in many instances at second hand. Our authorities were Mr. W. Gibbs, the gold assayer; Mr. Snydam, Mr. Kendall, Mr. Denzler and one of the owners of the Copper camp. These men all agreed in the main and we have taken the lowest estimate given by any of them as the basis of our report, and in addition to that made a personal inspection of the Greenwood camp. As no one knew which camp we meant to visit and as the report concerning this camp was proved to be accurate and as assays shown us further bore out statements made to us, it seems fair to conclude that the other subdivisions of the camp not actually seen by us were fairly and honestly reported by our informants. The Greenwood camp lies in a deposit of refractory concentrating ore, easily treated and concentrating to 1. It is stated that Prof. Curtis gets from concentrates in this camp \$620 per ton. The capping in the camp is iron, the mineral resembles that found at Rossland, containing lime, iron, silica, sulphur, copper, silver and gold though there is so little silver in most of the claims that no assays are made for it, the ore is generally oxidized on the surface and in some places to a depth of 7 feet; the gangue is principally quartz and the assays of fair average rock run from \$3 to \$32 per ton in gold and from 2 to 10 per cent. in copper on the top, but here as elsewhere in the belt it is an almost invariable rule that the ore improves as you go down. The Greenwood claims lie in a narrow, timbered valley to the west of which lie the Nob Hill, Ironsides, Brooklyn, Phoenix and Steward; on the east, the Monarch, Rawhide and Snowshoe. There are, of course, a lot of others, but these are the principal claims at present. The Steward, which was the first we visited, has been bought, together with its neighbour the Phoenix, by the Parrot Mining and Smelting Company of Butte, Montana. In the shaft, at a depth of 28 feet, the ore assays from \$5 to \$50 in gold (assays have been obtained showing as much as \$139, but no one pretends that this was fair sample rock) and from 2 to 23 per cent. copper. On the Snowshoe, we were told that ditches or crosscuts had been out 70 or 80 feet long, all in solid ore. The writer himself measured one over 110 feet in which ore or croppings of ore could be traced for the entire length, honest measurement. There are on this claim, which I take as type of the field, three ledges certain and one suspected, all running S. S. W. as do the ledges generally in this country. The assays, according to the owner, Mr. Denzler, run from \$3 to \$32 in gold and 6 per cent. in copper on the top, and I should like to say for Mr. Denzler that I never saw a man more anxious to give a conservative estimate of everything connected with his own claim to which he has stuck and upon which he has worked through good and bad times alike since 1891. It seems to me that if British Columbia ever becomes a prosperous country, with a small debt and light taxes, she will owe it to men like Mr. Denzler at Greenwood, and McEachern and Mangott at Fairview, and a score of

FAIRVIEW.

The Haynes estate is to be sold by tender and it is to be hoped that the new owner whoever he may be will cut it up so that the small farmer may have a look in.

Mr. Cameron who has so successfully managed the Dominion Mineral Co. of Sudbury Ont., is on his way out to take charge of the Strathelyre Mining Co.'s property, and great things are expected from his management.

TRAIL.

The streets on the townsite are being cleared and Mr. A. E. Hodgins P. L. S. is laying out further lots. We are informed that over 40 lots have been sold since Monday last at an average of \$200 per lot. It is also said that four car loads of lumber are on their way down from Nakusp, and on their arrival several new buildings will be commenced. There is no reason why Trail should not blossom out into a respectable sized town. It is undoubtedly the gate of the Trail Creek camp and is certainly very pleasantly situated.

EAST KOOTENAY.

In our issue a fortnight ago we announced the discovery of a valuable quartz ledge on the Bug-a-boo creek in East Kootenay. This creek runs into the Spillimichee River about four miles above its junction with the Columbia and the new find is 42 miles from Golden on the C. P. R. The knowledge of the existence of the ledge is nothing new. It has been known to prospectors for a considerable time without attracting any special attention. A few weeks ago it occurred to the Hon. F. W. Aylmer and his partner, Mr. James White to examine it more closely. They did so, and were rewarded for their pains. A survey showed, by well defined croppings that the ledge runs for 6500 feet. Beyond the Bug-a-boo it runs "blind." It cuts the slate formation in a N. E. & S. W. direction and averages 12 feet in thickness. It is also reported to average \$52 in free gold. Two creeks cut the ledge, the Bug-a-boo and Duffwood and there is plenty of timber available close at hand.

The principal free milling propositions near Boundary Falls are either in White's camp, in which several runs of rich, free milling ore occur, or in the Gold Drop camp.

In White's camp the free ore veins average about 1 foot in width and run all the way from \$5 to \$100 a ton in gold. In Gold Drop the ore ranges from \$20 to \$80 per ton, but comparatively little is yet known of this camp, in which fresh strikes are being made daily.

One word in conclusion. Boundary and Boundary Falls are not the same thing; they are four miles apart. One is a town site, the other a camp. Boundary, or Midway, is the town site.

NEWS OF THE CAMPS.

116 claims were recorded at Nelson between 1 June 1894 and 31 May 1895. Since the latter date in about 7 weeks, 149 have been recorded.

On the motion of Mr. Mara, an amendment was introduced into the Smelter Bonus Bill to make it include the copper ore of Toad Mountain and the gold ore of Trail Creek. The bill was read a third time on 18th July.

At Forty-nine Creek the Hydraulic Company is constructing a Reservoir at the head of their flume which will hold enough water to supply the monitors for 12 hours. The water is getting a bit low but this arrangement which is generally adopted in the Coeur d'Alenes and other hydraulic countries saves all the water that would otherwise be wasted when the giants are not actually working.

The claims on Sheep Creek, a tributary of the Salmon River, are attracting considerable attention. At present they are reached by a trail of some 10 miles in length from Salmon Siding, on the Nelson & Fort Sheppard Railway, but it is not unlikely that Mr. Corbin may very materially aid the development of this new camp by constructing a wagon road to it. Many of the claims are held by men who mean to expend some considerable sums on them.

The Hall Mines Co. Ld has placed an order in the hands of Fraser & Chalmers for the machinery for a 100 ton smelter. Beyond the fact that it is to be here by the end of the summer we could gain no other information. It is only natural to suppose that having got the machinery it will not be left to lie about in the mud and snow, but that a building will be erected to contain it. On the subject of this building the utmost secrecy prevails. It is, however, to be placed on the piece of ground which the company has recently obtained from the C. P. R., opposite the end of the tramway.

There will be no concentrator as only the first class ore will be treated.

ROSSLAND.

It is reported that J. Houston has sold his interest in the Rossland Miner to D. B. Bogle.

The C. P. R. Engineers are surveying a line from Rossland to a point on the Columbia River above the Tin Cup Rapid.

J. C. Davenport has bonded the Lillie May, which was originally bonded to C. Sweeney who let his bond go. Mr. Davenport has also taken the Homestake at \$35,000.

The news from Rossland continues to be of new strikes and fresh bonanzas. Ore has been struck on the Columbia. In the shaft of the Kootenay there is five feet of absolutely clean ore and the tunnel as well has broken into the ore body which it is entirely surrounded, face, walls, floor and top. The Cliff ore is considered valuable to be shipped in bulk and its owners are seeking it. The shaft on the Uncle Sam has reached all ore, with no signs of walls as yet. Reports of a strike have also come in from the Good Hope and the Sunset, while on the Empress they have got a vein closely resembling that of the Crown Point.

THE KOOTENAY MINES.

A Full Account of Their Progress and Condition To-Day.

The Various Camps—Nelson—The Silver King—Forty-Nine Creek—Free Milling Quartz—Balfour—Pilot Bay Smelter—The Blue Bell—Ainsworth—Dry Ore—No. 1—The Skyline—The Highland—Black Diamond and Little Phil.

Before beginning to describe the various localities it may be necessary to state for the information of our readers in other countries that the word "camp" is the American synonym for "field." Thus the Coolgardie gold field would be called a camp in American parlance. It seems a better word, too.

NELSON.

The capital of the Kootenay doubtless owes its origin to the discovery of the Silver King and Kootenay Bonanza on Toad Mountain in 1886. The town was laid out and the first sale of lots took place in 1888. It is pleasantly situated where the valley of Cottonwood Smith Creek broadens out and joins the Kootenay River. This latter is navigable for 20 miles up to the lake, which is over 70 miles long, and from thence again up the river to Bonner's Ferry in Idaho. Below Nelson, the Kootenay Rapids commence. A railway runs direct between Nelson and Spokane, and another, a branch of the C.P.R., connects it with the navigable waters on the Columbia River at Robson. Steamers ply daily to Balfour, Pilot Bay, Kaslo and other points on the Lake. At Nelson the Government Agent and Gold Commissioner resides and has his office. The Assizes are also held here, and there are two banks, branches of the Bank of British Columbia and of the Bank of Montreal. The town is well built, clean and tidy, and has many comfortable and picturesque residences.

LOCAL NEWS.

Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Sproat, of New Denver are to be congratulated on the arrival of a daughter.

A number of people went down to Rossland by Tuesdays train among whom were Harold Selous, E. Applewhite, G. V. Holt, and John Elliott.

Messrs. Hinton and Findley representing respectively the Victoria Iron Works, and the B. C. Iron Works of Vancouver are in town.

Consequent on the alteration of the C. P. R. time table a change will also be found in that of the s. s. Alberta. Details will be seen on reference to our advertising columns.

Our readers will sympathize with Sir Joseph Trutch chairman of the Hall Mines Ld., in the death of his wife, which occurred at Fairfield, Sir Joseph's residence at Victoria.

We are authorized to state that Mr. Holdich the new chemist and assayer at the Silver King will not superintend the erection of the Company's smelter as stated by the Ledger.

Now that J. A. Long has come to look at the question of the locality in the right light, Jack Campbell will deposit his \$25 with Mr. Charles Ink and the race will come off within three weeks at Nelson.

Mr. R. C. Campbell Johnston, [the well known mining engineer is in the Slocan attending to the properties of his various clients. He will visit many of the new camps round Nelson before going back to Vancouver.

We have just received new price list from Jas. McMillan & Co., Inc., 200-212 First Ave. North, Minneapolis, Minn., hide and fur dealers, and it can be referred to at this office at any time.

Two new stores are to be erected immediately on the lot on Baker Street on the west side of Mr. McLeod's office. The building will be put up by D. McArthur & Co., and occupied when finished by the Nelson Drug Co. and W. H. Graham boot and shoe maker.

With a view of drawing attention to the ores of Kootenay, we have arranged for the display of a number of samples from different mines in the Manor House, Vancouver. These samples have all been specially assayed for us by Mr. W. Pellet Harvey and his certificate accompanies each one.

A new time table came into force on the Columbia and Kootenay Railway yesterday. The train to Robson on Tuesdays and Fridays now leaves at 11.30 a. m. instead of at 14.25 p. m. as called on the C. P. R. time cards. For other changes we refer our readers to the Time Tables which are liberally displayed in public places.

A bazaar in aid of the Roman Catholic church will be held in that building on Monday next. The doors will be open at noon and remain open until all the useful articles that the ladies have made and all the strawberries and ice cream and other good things that are provided are gone. In the evening the three storey cake that was on view in Dover's window will be raffled and also other objects as second and third prizes. Lunch will be served at midday and other refreshments all day long. We hope the affair will be well patronized.

As an instance of the increasing interest that is taken outside in this district, we may mention a rapid increase in the circulation of the THE MINER. Last week 33 extra copies were ordered from Vancouver and many others from Victoria, the United States and Great Britain. Our columns are largely used by the papers on the coast and elsewhere in describing Kootenay mines and we are endeavouring to do all in our power to push the country's interests on the outside. We are glad to see that our efforts on their behalf are appreciated at home as our list of local subscribers is also increasing.

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Nelson has many natural advantages as a mining centre. Not only, as will be seen, has it mineral in great abundance and of various kinds in its neighborhood, but it is easily accessible from all other parts of the Kootenay country. The nature of the ground is admirably suited for the building of smelters, there is ample water in the Cottonwood and Grohman Creeks for all purposes. Both these Creeks have also falls of from 60 to 100 feet in narrow canyons, and the falls of the Kootenay River itself would give power enough to drive all the machinery in the country.

THE HALL MINES.

Were discovered in 1886 by a prospecting party from Colville, composed chiefly of members of the Hall and Oakes families. The property, which consists of four claims, the Silver King, the Kootenay Bonanza, the American Flag and the Koochinor, and covers about 50 acres, was sold in 1893 to the Hall Mines Company of London, England, for something over one million dollars. The works consist chiefly of a tunnel 920 feet long, running S. 65 deg. E., connected by winzes and inclines with two upper tunnels and with an upper drift about 200 feet long. There are numerous cross-cuts and also a lower drift approached by a winze from the main tunnel. The ore is not in the form of a fissure vein, but lies chiefly in two large bodies, which have now been very extensively proved by the workings. In the drift cut above the main tunnel the same ore bodies were struck, but were found to be not so rich as in the original workings. A winze was accordingly sunk and a drift excavated at a lower level. Here again the ore was struck, but this time it was richer instead of poorer.

The ore varies very much in quality. Assays of specimens have run the ounces into four figures. The rock in the lower tunnel will average from 30 to 40 per cent. of shipping ore, going 130 to 150 ounces of silver, 12 to 15 per cent. of copper and a few dollars in gold to the ton.

The minerals found in the mine are Boronite or Peacock copper ore, Tetraedrite or grey copper ore and Chalcopyrites or yellow copper ore with occasional iron pyrites and traces of galena.

Up to the present time it has been the policy of the company rather to develop their property than to ship ore. But of late a change has been made.

A new manager has been appointed, who in a few months has "proved" the mine further than ever it was before. The power drill has been freely used, with the result that the existence of ore at considerable depths and of increasing richness has been discovered. English companies move somewhat slower than similar institutions in the States, but at least the Hall Mines Company Ld. has made a move. Their mine is situated nearly 5,000 feet above Nelson, at a distance of 43 miles in a straight line. The only means of communication until the present time having been a wagon road, necessarily steep and circuitous and long. Recognizing that large bodies of ore could not be conveniently handled in drays, a contract has been let to the California Wire Works Company of San Francisco and a wire tramway capable of delivering 100 tons of ore a day is now in course of erection. It has to be in working order by the end of

August and from then on for three months the contractors have to deliver 100 tons a day at its lowest terminus in Nelson. Here huge bins are being constructed close to the line of the C.P.R., and the company has ordered the machinery for a 100 ton smelter from Messrs. Fraser & Chalmers of London and Chicago. It is to be delivered by the end of the summer.

In the immediate neighbourhood of the Silver King are many other claims, some with a good deal of development work done on them. Most of them contain galena, but those which are attracting attention at present are the gold bearing properties. Of these the Starlight and Athabasca have recently been bonded at \$30,000 and \$50,000 respectively, and genuine work is being pushed ahead on both of them. Mr. A. E. Humphreys, the representative of a Duluth syndicate, who holds many large properties in this district, has bonded the Starlight. This claim has a ledge which contains a quantity of free milling gold quartz. Its owners had done sufficient work upon it to prove the ledge for over 500 feet, and since Mr. Humphreys has taken it the further work he has done has had such good results that he is about to put in a stamp mill to treat the ore on the spot. The Princess, a claim on the wagon road containing a copper ore with gold, has also been recently bonded to Mr. McVicar of the No. 1 mine at Ainsworth. The creeks flowing down from the mountains are all more or less auriferous. On the north-west side a local hydraulic company has established works on Forty-Nine Creek, which are now in full swing. After the first 120 hours' work, which consisted largely of removing boulders and other "dead" work, \$5,000 was picked up off the bed rock in front of the sluice boxes and out of the first two or three boxes themselves. The company has a practically unlimited head of water at a height of 300 feet in length.

Close to Forty-Nine Creek is Eagle Creek, on which is situated the Poor-man, a free milling quartz mine, which has been in operation for some time. It is privately held and has more than repaid its owners for their outlay. They have a 10 stamp mill running and four vanners collecting the concentrates.

Between these two creeks is situated the Royal Canadian, another claim with a ledge of free milling quartz, which has just been sold to Californian mining men.

All this slope of the mountain is plastered with claims, on many of which good specimens are obtained. Further down the river is Rover Creek on which the Whitewater claims are situated. News is just to hand that these have been advantageously sold, but the rumour requires confirmation.

On the opposite side of the hill is Hall Creek, which runs into the Salmon River. It is very rich in alluvial gold, but the huge boulders render it difficult to work. There are claims on its banks with rich showings of free milling and other gold ores.

The Salmon River, which rises in the Ymir Mountains to the south of Nelson and runs into the Pend Oreille has long been known as a placer ground. Recently discoveries of mineral of similar character to the Trail Creek ores have been made on the mountains around, particularly on a hill draining into Sheep Creek, one of its tributaries. Here a number of claims have been staked on what appears to be a vein of very considerable extent. Many of the holders are men of some little means and they intend to do sufficient development to show the real nature of their property and to satisfy themselves with complying only with the conditions made by the Government, which calls for \$100 worth of work per annum to secure the lease.

Discoveries of low grade free milling ore have lately been made on almost all sides of Nelson, but as they remain at present mere prospects we make no further mention of them.

Before leaving Nelson, though it is scarcely within the scope of this pamphlet we may mention that on the Kootenay River below Nelson some of the finest trout fishing in Canada is to be had. The Canadian Pacific Railway runs along the bank of the river, the whole way and for the convenience of tourists the company has erected two or three cottages in the neighborhood of the best spots. The scenery is magnificent, as indeed it is throughout the Kootenay country.

Leaving Nelson by steamer we proceed up the outlet or west arm of Kootenay Lake, passing many claims of which the Ray of Hope, a free milling, low grade property, is expected to attract some little attention. After proceeding for 20 miles we reach the Lake. At the point of outlet is the little town of Balfour. There is not much mining in this immediate vicinity though there are plenty of claims laid off, but the fishing is excellent and there is a comfortable hotel with all conveniences of boats and steam launches, erected purposely to accommodate sportsmen.

(To be Continued.)

NEW LOCATIONS.

July 20. Olio—T. A. Mills and G. M. Miller, Round Mountain, Buns—Emile Marvan, Rover Creek.

July 22. Erarar—Patrick O'Neill, Sheep Creek, Epworth—P. B. C. Turner, Anderson Creek, Midnight—Horace Duhamel, Sheep Creek, Fairy—J. B. Gales, Norway Treasure.

July 23. Bluff—J. R. Gales, Norway Treasure, F. Anderson, Dixie—W. L. Callanan, Home Stake—C. Murray, Dryden.

July 18. Mibred—S. R. McFerran et al., Mogul—J. L. McFerran et al., Saugeder—do, Kingston—W. Clouston, Dryden.

July 19. St. Aubyn—R. K. Colwell to W. L. Callanan, all, \$25.

CHURCH NOTICES.

SUNDAY, July 28th, 1895.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND. Services at 11 a. m. and 7.30 p. m. Holy Communion after morning service.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School (Union) at 2.30. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 8 p. m.

METHODIST CHURCH. Hume's Hall, Vernon Street. Services at 11 a. m. and at 7.30 p. m. Morning subject "Unconditional surrender." Evening subject "A Stubborn Fact."

ROYALTY ON MINERAL IN THE RAILWAY BELT.

A bill has been introduced into the Dominion Senate by the Premier, Sir McKenzie Bowell with the object of settling the various questions that have arisen between the Province and the Dominion relative to the lands in the Railway Belt.

It will be remembered, that when the Dominion undertook to make the C. P. R., the Province ceded to them land along the line to a breadth of 20 miles on each side. During the debate on the second reading Senator MacDonald introduced the question of the sovereignty or ownership of minerals within that belt.

The Premier stated that the precious metals still went to the Province, but that coal or base metals would become the property of the Dominion.

The well known Vancouver firm of Ceperley Loewen & Campbell is turning its attention to the Kootenay Country and one of the partners will be here shortly. Both this firm and Messrs. McFarland & Mahon, the latter of whom is well known here, have the command of English capital and have already parties of British capitalists on their way out to B. C., when they arrive they will be brought on here.

We addressed letters some little time ago to the owners of all the working mines in Kootenay asking them to be good enough to give us full information, without of course disclosing their own private business, about the amount of ore shipped, its value and other definite information as to work done. This we wanted for use in the pamphlet which we shall now very shortly publish and for which orders are coming in freely. We received many courteous replies to our letters giving valuable information and many of them, total strangers to us personally, thanking us for what we are doing. We now ask those who have not replied to do so at their earliest convenience.

The Mere Money Getter.

There is not in the world a more ignoble character than the mere money getting American, insensible to every duty, regardless of every principle, bent only on amassing a fortune and putting his fortune only to the basest uses, whether these uses be to speculate in stocks and wreck railroads, himself or to allow his son to lead a life of foolish and expensive idleness and gross debauchery or to purchase some scoundrel of high social position, foreign or native, for his daughter. Such a man is only the more dangerous if he occasionally does some deed like founding a college or endowing a church, which makes those good people who are also foolish forget his real iniquity.

These men are equally careless of the workingmen, whom they oppress, and of the state, whose existence they imperil. There are not very many of them, but there is a very great number of men who approach more or less closely to the type, and in so far as they do so approach they are a curse to the country. The man who is content to let politics go from bad to worse, jesting at the corruption of politicians; the man who is content to see the maladministration of justice without an immediate and resolute effort to reform it, is shirking his duty and is preparing the way for infinite woe in the future.

Hard, brutal indifference to the right and an equally shortsightedness as to the inevitable results of corruption and injustice are baleful beyond measure, and yet they are characteristic of a great many Americans who consider themselves perfectly respectable and who are considered thriving, prosperous men by their easy going fellow citizens.—Theodore Roosevelt in Forum.

Mr. Hawthorne Was Satisfied.

Nathaniel Hawthorne was a kind hearted man as well as a great novelist. While he was consul at Liverpool a young Yankee walked into his office. The boy had left home to seek his fortune, but evidently had not found it yet, although he had crossed the sea in search. Homesick, friendless, nearly penniless, he wanted a passage home. The clerk said that Mr. Hawthorne could not be seen and intimated that the boy was not an American, but was trying to steal a passage.

The boy stuck to his point, and the clerk at last went to the little room and said to Mr. Hawthorne:

"Here's a boy who insists upon seeing you. He says he's an American, but I know he isn't."

Hawthorne came out of the room and looked keenly at the eager, ruddy face of the boy.

"You want a passage to America?"

"Yes, sir."

"And you say you're an American?"

"Yes, sir."

"From what part of America?"

"United States, sir."

"What state?"

"New Hampshire, sir."

"Town?"

"Exeter, sir."

Hawthorne looked at him for a minute before asking him the next question:

"Who sold the best apples in your town?"

"Skimmilk Folsom, sir," said the boy, with glistening eyes, as the old familiar byword brought up the dear old scenes of home.

"It's all right, sir," said Hawthorne, to the clerk. "Give him a passage."—Detroit Free Press.

A War of Pamphlets.

The two leading features of the famous sermon preached by Dr. Sacheverell in St. Paul's cathedral on Nov. 5, 1709, which led to his trial and all the paper war which raged around his name, were the denunciation of religious tolerance and the upholding of the doctrine of non-resistance to the crown in its extreme form. The Sacheverell pamphlets consist of short and catch-penny lives of the reverend hero, several sermons preached by him at various dates, attacks by dissenting writers on such sermons and their preacher, and other sermons and replies in support of the high church doctrines.

The list of Sacheverell pamphlets is a record of sermons, speeches, answers, letters, replies, thought, vindications and considerations, with endless variations of title, in long and wearisome procession. The total number of distinct and separate publications connected directly or indirectly with the controversy, enumerated by Mr. Falconer Made in his "Bibliography of Sacheverell," amounts to no less than 226, and most of these are tracts, broadsides and pamphlets of the most ephemeral kind. Their enumeration is a triumph of bibliographical industry and patience and an astonishing proof of the strength and indeed violence of party feeling, both ecclesiastical and political, at the crisis of Queen Anne's reign.—Gentleman's Magazine.

"Give Us a Lead."

Dean Hole, in his recent book, "More Memories," tells an amusing story of how an old woman got the better of her clergyman in an argument. The village churchyard was overcrowded, except on its sunless northern side, in which the suicide was buried. One day the vicar, while visiting a poor old woman who was nigh unto death, thought he would try to get her consent to be buried in the roomy northern plot.

He began by assuring her that the common aversion to burial in any particular portion of consecrated ground was a silly prejudice and a foolish superstition. Then he besought her, as a personal favor to himself and as an example to others, to permit her body to be buried in the northern plot of the churchyard.

The old woman thought it all over for a few minutes and then answered, "Well, sir, as you seem to think as one part of the churchyard is as good as another, and that it makes no difference where we be put, perhaps you'll gie us a lead."

The vicar did not grasp the argument, but he changed the subject.

FOR SALE!

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Building and its Contents will be offered for sale by public Auction on

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Unless in the meantime the same shall be sold by private sale.

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G. O. BUCHANAN,
(156) Assignee, Estate McEachren & Co.
Kaslo, July 13, 1895.

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Leaves Revelstoke, southbound, Tuesdays and Fridays at 1 a. m. for all points in West Kootenay and the south.

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Leaves Kaslo for Nelson, Mondays at 4 a. m., Wednesdays at 4 a. m., Thursdays at 8 a. m., Fridays at 4 a. m. Connecting on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays with N. & F. S. Ry. for Spokane.

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Leaves Nelson for Bonner's Ferry, Mondays and Fridays at 8.00 a. m.

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Connects with east and westbound trains on the Great Northern Railway.

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For tickets, rates, etc., apply at Company's office, Nelson.

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The terms will be One-Half Cash, and the balance in three months. Security will be required for the deferred payment.

G. O. BUCHANAN,
(156) Assignee, Estate McEachren & Co.
Kaslo, July 13, 1895.

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J. HAMILTON, H. E. MACDONELL, GEO. McL. BROWN, Agent, Nelson, Trav. Frgt. and Pass. Agt., Nelson, Dist. Pass. Agt., Vancouver.

The Miner.

THE MINER is printed on Saturdays and will be mailed to any address in Canada or the United States, for one year on receipt of two dollars. Single copies five cents.

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ALL COMMUNICATIONS to the Editor must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer.

PRINTING turned out in first-rate style at the shortest notice.

ADDRESS THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO NELSON, B. C.

A RUMOUR REALIZED.

At last the smelter rumours with which the air has been thick for some weeks past are beginning to take shape. A 100 ton stack is to be built at Nelson to treat the Silver King ore. The machinery has actually been ordered from Messrs. Fraser & Chalmers and it is to be here by the end of the summer. So much is fact. But a mystery still shrouds the building of the smelter. We know indeed where it is to be located, but the secrecy surrounding it leads us to ask who is going to build it, and from whom the Hall Mines Company got its specification on which the machinery was ordered. There is certainly no one in the employ of the Company at the present time who is sufficiently up in the smelting business to do so. It is possible that some arrangement may be afoot with one of the great smelter companies. For the sake of the town we hope it may be so, because that will be a guarantee that there will be no mistakes, no delay in the initiation of the enterprise and it will be likely to be a very much larger affair than if the Hall Mines people put up a plant simply to treat their own ore.

On the other hand the fact must not be lost sight of that the Silver King is every day proving itself richer and richer. If we remember aright, Mr. ROEPEL calculated that there were five or six millions of dollars worth of ore in sight, and since his day further discoveries have been made. There are people to-day who say that the Silver King mine may become one of the biggest ore producers in the world. If that is so it means a big thing for Nelson. The Broken Hill mine in South Australia produces about 10,000 tons a week and treats it on the spot, employing in one way and another about 5,000 men. It will be a long time before the Silver King has such a product as that, but it might easily work up to one-tenth of it and put out and treat 1,000 tons a week. Carrying out the proportion this would require the services of 500 men, a matter of no small importance to Nelson.

THE NELSON AND FORT SHEPPARD TERMINEK.

We printed last week the account of an interview which a representative of THE MINER had with MR. ABBOTT, of the C. P. R., relative to the position of affairs between his Company and MR. CORBIN's right of way into Nelson. In effect, MR. ABBOTT said that they had granted MR. CORBIN free entry into Nelson on one condition. This implies that the C. P. R. considers that they have the right to our fore-shore, or they would not be able to impose conditions on MR. CORBIN. That right, it is said, depends upon a letter written by the Hon. JOHN ROBSON, the then Premier of British Columbia, some years ago. If that right is hard and fast, binding and legal, then the great railway company is clearly within its powers in demanding any conditions it likes from the other railway. If on the other hand the concession made by Mr. ROBSON is only one which the present government feel themselves compelled to recognize out of a spirit of loyalty to the acts of their late leader, even though unauthorized by the Ministry of the day, and which would not bear the strain of a legal interpretation, then we think the C. P. R. would be well advised not to burn their enemies boats.

The condition they have imposed on MR. CORBIN is that room shall be left them to build an independent line between Nelson and Five Mile Point. To those familiar with this locality, which at its eastern end is nearly a perpendicular cliff, it does not appear possible to construct another line except by carrying it out on trestles, or by some other costly process. It is, however, possible that to engineers this construction may be a simple matter. Meanwhile Nelson wants the railway it is entitled to. If the C. P. R. has an indefeasible right, it is the duty of the Government, who gave, or at any rate acknowledge that right, to help MR. CORBIN out of his trouble and to enable him to carry out the terms they themselves imposed on him, in the spirit as he has already

done in the letter. If, on the other hand, the Government does not recognize the title to which the C. P. R. lay claims, let them say so and bring the matter to an issue at once. If the title is weak no one will know it better than MR. ABBOTT and he will take care that the conditions imposed on MR. CORBIN are neither arduous or degrading.

A GRAVE RESPONSIBILITY.

It is freely reported that at a meeting in Rossland the other day for the purpose of forming a Miners' Union MR. BOGLE introduced to the meeting a Mr. E. BOYCE, who it is said was one of the ringleaders among those dastardly murderers who have made the name of a Cœur d'Alene Miners' Union infamous throughout the world. We sincerely trust that the report is not true either that MR. BOGLE became as it were sponsor for MR. BOYCE, or that if he did this it is not the ED. BOYCE of Cœur d'Alene infamy.

MR. BOGLE was, we understand, educated at the ancient and honourable University of Edinburgh, one of those noble institutions whose sons consider themselves made gentlemen by the mere shelter of her academic wings. In accepting that heritage they accept also a code of honour and morals that is respected throughout the world, that gives them a standing as men of principle wherever they may wander, and which calls for the strictest integrity and uprightness on their part to maintain the splendid dignity of this honourable brotherhood.

MR. BOGLE is one of these men. It remains with him to clear his character of the reproach of mixing with assassins and murderers and none will proclaim his acquittal louder than ourselves if he will openly deny it.

The crimes committed by the Miners' Union in the Cœur d'Alene are alive in the memory of us all. We do not refer now to the expulsion of non-union men or to the interference with rates and wages or conditions of labour, but with diabolical black murder itself. Crimes that sent a thrill of horror throughout the civilized world, and made honest men wonder that their own flesh and blood could be guilty of such fiendish villainy.

As we have said before, Miners' Unions, or any other union, may be productive of much good if conducted on proper lines and in harmony with the Arbitration and Conciliation Act of last session. This Act, by the way, provides complete machinery for settling all disputes without the trouble and expense of founding a Union, with its useless and extravagant secretaries and treasurers and presidents and officers of all kinds. Still if men like the expense their is no harm in their paying these people to lead them by the nose. But we are certain that we give utterance to the wishes of all honest miners in this community when we say that they want to have nothing to do with any of the leaders of the Cœur d'Alene crimes, and a man who introduces any of them to this country is bringing upon it a danger to its peace and a menace to its prosperity.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

The news from the East is hard to follow. The Japs are trying to make Formosa submit to their sovereignty. But it appears to be a difficult business and takes a lot of fighting. Just at this time, too, the climate is somewhat sultry in that little known island and the outbreaks which carried the Japs through a winter's campaign in Korea would be almost enough to smother them during a Formosa summer.

The latest news from England shows that about 400 out of 671 members are elected, in which the Unionists have a majority of some 150. There is no doubt that England is conservative at heart. She likes to be governed by men noble not only in their deeds but in their descent. Occasionally she gets a surfeit and tries for relief at the democratic springs of liberalism. The cure is sharp and quick and then the country flies back to its old love with a rush. The crisis of 1895 is an exact parallel of 1874.

Under the heading "A Rumour Realized" we discourse elsewhere on the building of the Nelson smelter. It is almost certain that another smelter is to be built at once in the district some where and the latest idea on the matter is that it will be built at Tremaine under the auspices of Mr. Humphreys. It was reported here that the bricks for the purpose were actually ordered though at Trail itself nothing was known about it. The latest "War Eagle" rumour is that the War Eagle itself and the Josie have been bought by Mr. Rockefeller, of Standard Oil fame.

It is sincerely to be hoped that some mode of settling the Manitoba School question satisfactorily to both parties may be arrived at. Such questions before now involving the interests not only of different religions but of different races have had the effect of breaking up nations. It is always an element of danger to the Dominion that it is made up of English and Scotch Protestants and French Catholics. But the time is surely past when men were so intolerant that they were ready to fly at each others throats because they happened to repeat a different ritual on Sunday. Is Canada to be the last place to learn that the earth, ay and the heavens, too, are large enough for all mankind who dwell together in unity. That little thing in the catechism which we used to learn as children, but which many of us have forgotten since our duty to our neighbors contains the very principle on which this dispute might easily be settled. It is the grandest code of morality ever composed and suits all nations, creeds and races.

Notice of Application for License.

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after date of this notice, I intend to apply for a license to sell wines and liquors by retail at my Hotel at Rossland. MRS. T. B. LEWIS. 29 June, 1895. 155

Notice of Application for Crown Grant.

TAKE Notice that Philip Aspinwall has filed the necessary papers, and made application for a Crown Grant in favor of the Mineral Claim "Kootenay", situated in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay. Adverse claimants, if any, must file their objections within sixty days from the date of this publication in the British Columbia Gazette. N. FITZSTUBBS, Gov't Agent. Dated Nelson, B. C., 14th June, 1895. 152

Notice of Application for Crown Grant.

TAKE Notice that A. B. Irwin, Agent for the Trail Mining Company, has filed the necessary papers, and made application for a Crown Grant in favor of the Mineral Claim "Columbia", situated in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay. Adverse claimants, if any, must file their objections within sixty days from the date of this publication in the British Columbia Gazette. N. FITZSTUBBS, Gov't Agent. Dated Nelson, B. C., 14th June, 1895. 151

Notice of Application for Timber Lease.

I HEREBY give notice that I mean to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of nine hundred and sixty acres of timber land, more or less. The land in question is situated along Crawford Creek, about eleven miles from the head of Crawford Bay, and may be described as follows: Commencing at a post situated on the right bank of Crawford Creek, about eleven miles from its mouth and also about one mile east of the N. W. corner of T. G. Procter's claim, thence east 160 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 160 chains, thence south 40 chains to the point of commencement, and containing 960 acres, more or less. A. C. HOUGHTON, (163, 27, 7, 5) Balfour, July 17th, 1895.

Notice of Application for Timber Lease.

I HEREBY give notice that I mean to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of nine hundred and sixty acres of timber land, more or less. The land in question is situated along Crawford Creek, about ten miles from the head of Crawford Bay, and may be described as follows: Commencing at a post planted at the south-west corner of said limit, about twelve and one half miles from Crawford Bay and about six hundred feet north of Crawford Creek, thence east 160 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence south 40 chains, more or less, to the point of commencement, containing 960 acres, more or less. (Signed) D. R. IRVINE, (164, 27, 7, 5) Balfour 17th July, 1895.

Notice of Application for Timber Lease.

I HEREBY give notice that I mean to apply to the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for a lease of nine hundred and sixty acres of timber land, more or less. The land in question is situated about the junction of the Hooker and Crawford Creeks, about ten miles from the head of Crawford Bay, and may be described as follows: Commencing at a post planted about one thousand feet north of the junction of Crawford Creek and Hooker Creek, and about ten miles from the mouth of Crawford Creek, thence south 60 chains, thence east 160 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 160 chains, more or less, to the point of commencement, containing 960 acres, more or less. T. G. PROCTER, (165, 27, 7, 5) Balfour, 17th July, 1895.

NOTICE

TAKE NOTICE that A. S. Farwell, as agent for John Miles has filed the necessary papers and made application for a Crown Grant in favor of the mineral claim "Paradise" situated in the Nelson Mining Division of West Kootenay District. Adverse claimants, if any, must file their objections within 60 days from the date of this publication in the British Columbia Gazette. N. FITZSTUBBS, Gov't Agent. Nelson, B. C., June 3, 1895. 8, 6, 95. (146)

TAKE NOTICE

That John Elliott, as agent for D. M. Drumheller, has filed the necessary papers and made application for a Crown Grant in favor of the mineral claim "Evening Star" situated in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay. Adverse claimants, if any, must file their objections within 60 days from the date of this publication in the British Columbia Gazette. N. FITZSTUBBS, Government Agent. Dated Nelson, B. C., July 18, 1895. (162, 20, 7, 5).

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS

SELKIRK MINING CLAIM. Situated in Goat River mining division of West Kootenay district, about one mile and a half north of the mouth of Duck creek. Take notice that I, Charles W. Busk, as agent for John H. Field, free miner's certificate No. 51374, Ole J. Wiggen, free miner's certificate No. 51375, and Charles M. Reese, free miner's certificate, No. 51376, intend sixty days from the date hereof to apply to the Gold Commissioner for a certificate of improvement for the purpose of obtaining Crown Grants of the above claims. And further take notice that adverse claims must be sent to the Mining Recorder and action commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements. Dated this 22nd day of May, 1895. CHARLES WESTBY BUSK, Agent for Owners.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENT.

PRESIDENT, OLD ABE, LIZARD AND BADGER MINERAL CLAIMS. Situated in the Goat River mining division of West Kootenay district, about one mile south of the mouth of Duck creek. Take notice that I, Charles W. Busk, as agent for John H. Field, free miner's certificate, No. 51374, Ole J. Wiggen, free miner's certificate, No. 51375, and Charles M. Reese, free miner's certificate, No. 51376, intend sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Gold Commissioner for a certificate of improvement for the purpose of obtaining Crown Grants of the above claims. And further take notice that adverse claims must be sent to the Mining Recorder and action commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements. Dated this 22nd day of May, 1895. CHARLES WESTBY BUSK, Agent for Owners.

IN THE MATTER OF THE TRAMWAY COMPANY INCORPORATION ACT, 1895.

NOTICE is hereby given that we, the undersigned, intend to form a Company, to be called "The Columbia and Rossland Tramway Company," for the purpose of building, equipping and operating a tramway, and constructing, equipping and operating a telephone and telegraph line in connection therewith, between some point on the Columbia River, at or near the mouth of Trail Creek, by a practicable route along or in the vicinity of the valley of said creek to some convenient point at or near Rossland Mining Camp, all in the West Kootenay District, with power to construct branches to connect with any mines in the vicinity of the proposed tramway. Dated this 17th day of June, 1895. (153) R. G. TALBOT.

Established 1862. HENRY SHORT & SON, GUNMAKERS. And Importers of Guns, Rifles, Ammunition of all kinds, Fishing Tackle in Great Variety. 712 DOUGLAS STREET, - VICTORIA, B. C.

PATIENCE REWARDED.

THE OLD LOCATION COMING TO THE FRONT. A Chance for Speculators Who Were Too Late at Rossland.

By Telegram.

Rossland, B. C. 18 July, '95. The Townsite at Trail will be on the Market on Monday next, 22nd of July.

E. S. Topping.

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MINERS HOTELKEEPERS AND ALL OTHERS.

WHY SEND your money out of the country for provisions when you can do as well in the province. You make your money in British Columbia and it is your DUTY to leave part of it here rather than to send it away. We are well aware that you are cut off from the coast just now, but we want you to study the following price list and to send us your orders as soon as communications with us are open. We guarantee all goods of the finest quality and do all our best.

PRICE LIST

Table with columns for item names and prices. Includes BAKING POWDER, ROLLED OATS, CHEESE, BEANS, etc.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Table with columns for item names and prices. Includes PICKLES, CANDLES, TOBACCO, etc.

TERMS: Cash with Order.

Reference - BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

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NOTICE.

A SITTING OF THE COUNTY COURT of Kootenay will be held at Rossland on Friday, 16th August, 1895, at the Court House, Nelson, on Wednesday, 11th September, 1895, and at Kaslo on Friday, 13th September, 1895. T. H. GIFFIN, Registrar of the Court.

THE MINER can be obtained from the following agents:

- VICTORIA, The Province Publishing Co. VANCOUVER, The News Stand, Hotel Vancouver. NEW DENVER, Messrs. Armit & Rashdall. ROSSLAND, Keefe & Hall. PILOT BAY, Gilker & Wells. KASLO, Kennedy & Porter. NELSON, Turner Bros., Gilbert Stanley and the MINER PRINTING & PUB. CO., Ltd.

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Lake View Hotel, Opposite Balfour on the Kootenay Outlet, is open for the reception of Visitors. Best Fishing on the River, Lawn Tennis Grounds, Sail and Rowing Boats. Especially Suitable for Picnic Parties. By means of moveable partitions, a large part of the Hotel can be made into a Ball Room on the shortest notice. Prices Moderate. PROCTOR, BUSK & WEST, Proprietors.

RIESTERER'S BREWERY MILL STREET, NELSON, B. C.

Is now able to supply the town and district with a first-class quality of Draught and Bottle BEER.

BEER Draught Beer at 50c. per gallon. Bottle Beer at \$10 per Barrel. ORDERS CAN BE LEFT AT HUNER'S BAKERY. MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. R. RIESTERER, Prop.

TREMAINE STEAM STAMP MILL.

THE LATEST PRACTICAL MINING MACHINE NOW PERFECTED. (Highest Award at World's Fair Chicago.) The machine consists of a Two Stamp Prospecting Mill, and is capable of putting through Six Tons per diem. The entire plant consists of Boiler, Steam Pump and Copper Tables. Weight, 2,800 pounds. It is built in sections which can be taken apart and easily transported by pack animals. These Mills can be erected and placed in running order at from \$2,000 to \$2,500, according to locality. Full particulars from M. S. DAVYS, SOLE AGENT NELSON, B. C.

Among all the mining machines and appliances shown at the World's Columbian Exposition there was nothing which excited more interest and favorable comment than the TREMAINE STEAM STAMP MILL in the Mining Building. It was a positive novelty to the great majority of mining men. It commanded attention by reason of its simplicity and evident practicability. Experienced mining engineers were astonished to learn that such a machine had been in successful operation for over two years in the extreme north-western part of the United States.

The Place to Stop at Vancouver is The Manor House.

This old and favourite House has been entirely refitted from top to bottom. The Kitchen is under the charge of the best French Chef on the Coast. P. H. EMERSON, Proprietor.

Uneasy Sleeps the Man Who Has Not Got a Gale.---Shakespere.

THE BEST MATTRESSES in the WORLD:

GALE'S Wire Mattresses, Over Mattresses, Pillows, Combination Iron Mattresses. The above goods can be put up in very small compass for packing and can be obtained from Messrs. Gale's agents, D. MCARTHUR & CO., Nelson, and CAMPBELL BROS., Rossland. rect from George Gale & Sons, Waterville, Que. Iron and Wood Cot Beds for mining camps a specialty. Can be made to weigh under 35 pounds.

