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THE MINES IN KOOTENAY ARE AMONG THE RICHEST IN AMERICA.

The Miner.

THE ORES ARE HIGH-GRADE IN GOLD, SILVER, COPPER AND LEAD.

WHOLE NUMBER 253. Nelson, British Columbia, Saturday, June 22, 1895. PRICE FIVE CENTS.

METAL QUOTATIONS.

NEW YORK.

June—	17	18	19	20	21
Silver	66⅝	67¼	66⅞	66⅝	66½
Lead	312½	322½	312½	312½	

ORE SHIPMENTS.

From September, 1894, to 31 May, 1895, the amount of ore carried on the Nakusp and Slocan Railway was 6,535 tons, valued for customs purposes at $653,500.

VIA NORTHPORT.

June 8-13	—Le Roi to Helena	91
"	—Josie to Tacoma	28
"	—War Eagle to Helena	56½
"	—Cliff to Helena	2½
"	4—Rueceau via Nakusp	51
		230

BULLION SHIPMENTS.

	TONS.
Already reported since June 1	320
June 15—Pilot Bay to Aurora	40
" 11— " " "	60
" 13— " " "	20
	440

NEW LOCATIONS.

June 10—
Star—J. W. Johnson, between Sandy and Eagle creeks.
Mayflower—Isaac Holden, Forty-nine Creek, S. extension of Muldoon.
June 11—
Yellow Boy—Alex. McDonald, head of Forty nine creek.
Alexandrew—John McGinty, head of Forty-nine creek, s w extension of Yellow Boy.
June 12—
Vulcan—Geo. H. Johnson, s extension Esperanza.
June 13—
Bald Eagle—C. B. Dunning, 4 miles north of mouth of Salmon River.
Alphons—Anthony Nelson, n slope of Iron Mountain.
Hidden Treasure—Anthony Nelson, w slope Iron Mountain.
June 14—
Black Bear—J. D. Mifflin, Lost creek, s extension of Vampire.
Index—Robert Lee, Forty-nine creek.
Jay Hawk—J. McGinty, do.
Buck Eye—J. Connors do.
Denver—D. J. Johnson, Stag's Leap Mount'n.
New York—M. Shabancano, do.
Ohio—H. M Goodhue, Mt. Vernon.
June 15—
Star of the East, C. Hillyer, e extension of Star of the West.
Evening Star—P. Carrington, w extension of the same.
June 17—
Gladys—E. J. Stanley, n extension of Alberta
Oscar—W. P. Robinson, ½ mile east of Seven Mile Point.
Emerald—M. Egan, head of Forty-nine creek.
Emaral—J. Waldesar, n w slope of Iron Mtn.

MINING TRANSFERS.

NELSON.

June 13th—
Colton—E. N. Delong to C. B. Dunning, whole $10.
Bid—W. Hansen and J. Johnson to Hall Mines Co., Limited, whole, $12,00.
June 14—
White Witch—C. M. Townsend to A. H. Buchanan and A. H. Kellie ¼ interest, $1.

NEWS OF THE CAMPS.

ANOTHER WAR EAGLE DIVIDEND.

Rich Strikes in every Direction.—Forty-nine Creek Hykraulic Company Cleans up. A Kootenay Coolgardie.

NELSON.

At Forty-nine Creek all operations in the nature of dead work and removing the old ground which had previously been turned over are now finished, and as the riffle blocks in some places want renewing it has been decided to have a clean-up, after which the full power of both monitors will be turned on to new ground. Indications are not wanting that the anticipations of the owners of this little property will be realized.

At the Poorman on Tuesday last a very rich pocket was struck in one of the stopes Several hundred dollars worth of specimens were carried out, after the shot, in a handkerchief.

The right-of-way for the Silver King tramway is becoming a marked feature in the landscape. A broad swath through the bush is gradually creeping up to the crest of the hill.

NEW DENVER.

An aerial tramway will probably be built to haul out ore from the Noble Five.

Nels Nelson has sold a third of the Evening Star a claim on Springer Creek adjoining the Morning Star, to Mr. William Thomlinson.

McGillivery ank Shannon are reported to have a good showing of six feet of dry ore in their claim on Ten Mile.

Report credits A. Harrison with a ledge 50 feet in width on his recently staked claim on Eight Mile. 17 feet of the ledge have yielded an average assay of $85 in gold.

The London Carriage Factory of Vancouver has secured an order for half a dozen ore wagons for this district.

A specimens taken from the Morning Star on Springer Creek, assayed $314 in gold, and 8 to 15 ounces in silver

GOAT RIVER.

Messrs. Jacques & Schmitzer opened a new store at Ockonook and to celebrate the occasion gave a hop on Friday evening, which was attended by all the young people in the valley. This young city is going ahead and with the Great Northern railroad making it their terminus in this direction it should soon become a town of importance.

There will be a great celebration at the Boundary (a joint concern for 1st and 4th) on the 4th of July. Committees have been appointed to carry out the arrangements and subscriptions have been received to a very respectable amount. There will be a baseball match match between Bonner's Ferry and Ockonook teams, horse racing, swimming and other matches, etc., besides a liberal display in the fireworks line, to be followed up in the evening with a grand ball. The steamboat Halys has been chartered to convey Bonner's Ferry people to the line and it is expected that the greater part of the population of that flourishing town will be on hand to join in the fun.

TRAIL CREEK.

The directors of the War Eagle Co. have declared a second dividend of ten cents a share, amounting altogether to $50,000. The first dividend of six cents a share was paid in March last. This first dividend repaid to shareholders the original price of their shares. These further dividends are pure profit. It must be borne in mind that this money has been earned by the mine during a time of restricted output owing to bad roads and other causes. The directors expect in in the future to be able to pay quarterly dividends of $50,000 each.

The wagon road to Columbia Mountain is now complete and ore will be shipped from the North Star early in the week.

A board of school directors have been organized. The directors are R.J. Beeley, William M. Newton and R. Hunter.

The Butte has been bonded for $10,000.

The St. Mary and St. Juan have been bonded for $20,000 to V. D. Williamson. The St. Mary is in the copper belt and the ore appears to carry a large per centage of that metal. F. S. Algiers has brought in some fine rock from the Puzzle, which lies close to the St. Mary. The samples appear to contain about 30 per cent. of malachite.

Chester Glass has returned from Spokane.

John R. Stussi will bring suit against Joe Brown for a half share in the St. Louis, which was bonded a few days ago to W. L. O'Connell.

Nick Jerry, the locator of the Paris Belle, has returned.

We are to have three mails a week now, Monday, Wednesday and Saturday, both incoming and out going.

The drinking water problem is still unsolved. In a month from now Centre Star Creek will not be sufficient to supply the town. Water is already being sold by the bucketful.

Mike Sullivan was in town on Sunday. He brought in some specimens of ore from the Maid of Erin, of which property he gives a good account. Some of the ore has assayed as high as $60, but the average is probably below $30. The ledge has been uncovered on the Robert E. Lee, and the vein at the time of writing is about two feet in width. The highest assay at present is $67.80, but a fair average would probably be about $34.

Sullivan and Dunn are now developing the Hill Top, which adjoins the Robert E. Lee. The prospect at present is good.

David Stussi has sold the High Ore to A. B. Roilton for $3,000 and some blocks of stock in the company which is being formed to work the property.

Thomas Barry, one of the employees at the Nelson Sawmill Company's mill, was seriously hurt Thursday. His leg became entangled in some manner in the belting and a compound fracture was the result. Barry was not "badly bruised and cut about the face and neck," as reported in the local prints. He is doing well.

Mr. L. K. Armstrong, the editor of the Northwest Mining Review, was in Rossland last week. Mr. Armstrong visited most of the larger mines and appeared much pleased with what he saw.

Every one is talking of the prospect of the smelter being built at Trail Landing. If a smelter cannot be built at Rossland it seems that Trail Landing would be the next most suitable spot. Why Rossland should not be selected does not appear.

Mr. Rolfe arrived on Saturday, and it is expected that the electric light plant will soon be installed and the dismal oil lamps will be things of the past in our stores and places of business.

John Swift, the owner of the Musty Hie, brought in some ore yesterday which appears to contain a large percentage of nickel. The ore is now in your correspondent's hands for analysis and will be reported next week.

The Kootenay, Tip Top and North Star are being rapidly developed into mines. The ledge as now uncovered at the upper tunnel on the Kootenay is fully forty feet in with. Twenty-five men are working on the property and a road is being built from Columbia mountain to Rossland. Of the three claims the North Star is probably the prettiest to the prospectors' eagle eye.

MINING NOTES.

(From our exchanges.)

From Nanaimo comes the news that a company to be known as the Nanaimo-Rossland Mining Company, Ltd., is being formed for the purpose of mining in the Kootenay country. The capital stock of the company is placed at $500,000 in shares of $1 per share. It is only intended to issue $25,000 worth of stock for the present. The company is to be formed and the shares divided within sixty days. Hall and McCormick, who were grubstaked by the other partners, were out only a few days when they ran on to the big showing, and it was less than a week before the ground was snapped up. Development work will be commenced on Monday.

Thirty-seven claims were recorded at Nakusp last week.

Messrs. Wiebert and Johnson have sold their hydraulicing property on Quesnelle river to a French syndicate for $30,000. A Seattle engineer will get out plans for the ditches and buildings at once. The amount of gold bearing gravel is estimated at 18,000,000 yards.

CHURCH NOTICES.

SUNDAY, June 23rd, 1895.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. Services at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. Sunday School (Union) at 2.30. Prayer meeting Thursday evening at 8 p. m.

METHODIST CHURCH. Services in Hume's Hall at 11 and 7.30 p. m. Morning subject: "From King's Palace to Shepherd's Tent." Evening subject: "On Good Terms With Himself." Prayer meeting Friday evening at 8 o'clock.

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH. Mass at 10:30.

The steamers of the Australian-Canadian service now call at Auckland N. Z on the way.

SUPREME COURT.

The Summer Assizes opened at Nelson on Wednesday, the 19th inst., before His Honour Judge Walkem.

THE GRAND JURY

was empanelled as follows: H. E. Croasdaile (foreman), John Keen, T. J. Lendrum, T. G. Proctor, A. J. Marks, F. J. Finucane, Alexander Aikenhead, G. W. Richardson, T. Allen, W. A. Jowett, E. A. Hodgins, Thos. Madden, W. J. Teetzel, Jacob Dover, G. O. Buchanan, John Hamilton.

In his charge to the Grand Jury His Lordship congratulated them on the fact that there were only two cases for them to try, which was a sign that law and order were well maintained in Kootenay. The credit for this state of affairs was due to the juries who carried out their duties firmly and honestly in a somewhat striking contrast to the way in which juries across the line did theirs. He then treated them to a little history of the prices of commodities at Cariboo in the early days and to a small lecture on the ore formations at Trail Creek and dismissed them to consider the indictments against Frank Hughes for blackmail, and James Westgate for manslaughter.

The Jury having retired to their room returned in a few minutes with a true bill against Hughes.

On being called the accused failed to put in an appearance, and the Attorney General asked that his bail should be estreated. His sureties were Dr. Lambert, and Mr. W. H. Whittaker, a barrister, both of Kamloops. The Judge made some remarks upon the unusual case of a barrister going bail for a prisoner.

The Court adjourned at noon until two p. m., when the Grand Jury brought in a true bill against James Westgate for manslaughter. In order to avoid, if possible, the necessity of locking the jury, who will have to sit on this case, up all night. His Lordship adjourned the Court until 9 a. m. on Thursday.

MANSLAUGHTER.

James Westgate was indicted for the manslaughter of Hugh McLaughlin at Rossland, on the 20th February last.

The following were the Jury: A. H. Clements (foreman), R. J. Elliott, D. Taylor, Roderick McCreigh, W. Broadfoot, S. Mills, E. B. Brown, Jas. MacDonald, G. R. G. O'Driscoll, Ernest Kilberg, A. J. Gerard, S. Toye.

The Attorney-General prosecuted on behalf of the Crown and the prisoner was defended by Messrs. J. H. Bowes, J. H. Elliott, and R. B. Kerr.

The Attorney-General shortly opened the case for the Crown, relating the story of the affair, and called

JOSEPH EDWARD ARMSTRONG,

a carpenter, who saw both the prisoner and the deceased on 20th February, early in the morning; deceased was stopping at Doc Phelps' house, near the prisoner's at Sour Dough Alley. Witness drew a sketch plan of the locality; deceased asked witness to help him down with the foundation of the cabin, which was lying about 100 or 200 feet from prisoner's cabin (indicating spot on plan). Witness and other men carried the foundation down and placed it close to prisoner's shack. Prisoner came along and set a saw clamp down on the piece of ground and stood by it. They carried the foundation right up to where the saw clamp was, prisoner did not move. McLaughlin put out his hand to push the saw clamp away. Prisoner struck McLaughlin with his left hand, hitting him on the head, and his hat came off. McLaughlin said: "I take you men to witness that he struck me." Prisoner said "If I had both hands I would lick both of you." This was said to Ferguson and McLaughlin, witness then left the scene.

Cross-examined by J. H. Elliott—Is 45 years of age; was working for McLaughlin at Three Forks. Was examined in this case at Rossland in February last before the magistrate. Westgate had only the use of his left hand but he deliberately struck the deceased.

By a juror—Westgate's right hand was cut with a saw.

MARTIN BUTLER—Was helping to carry the foundation down the hill; saw prisoner standing near the saw clamp, Westgate said no one should move the saw clamp without his permission. When he looked round he saw that McLaughlin had been struck and his hat was lying on the snow. Witness heard deceased appeal to the witnesses. Prisoner was standing close by Ferguson; said "one man has as much right on this ground as another." Westgate said "You grey-headed bastard, go across the street where you belong." Witness then left and went across the street to where he was working a distance of about 50 feet. The next think he saw was Westgate, had a piece of board and struck McLaughlin over the shoulder. McLaughlin had a hatchet in his hands and struck at Westgate three times with it. It was a small, short handled hatchet. The third time he hit Westgate on the head with the back of the hatchet. This took place right in front of Westgate's cabin. Witness then went on to work thinking the trouble was over. Five minutes or so later saw McLaughlin come from Doc Phelps' house walking with his thumbs in his pants pocket without a coat or hat. Saw Westgate come out with a pole axe and strike at McLaughlin and hit him below the right shoulder. McLaughlin stumbled around facing Westgate and before he fell Westgate made another swinging blow with the axe. Witness turned his head as he did not want to see the effect; deceased was in the act of falling when the second blow was struck.

Cross-examined by Mr. Elliott. Had known McLaughlin for about two years; did not know there was much talk over this affair; had not talked it over with anyone. Did not know Westgate before the occurrence. Did not see McLaughlin put his hand on the clamp to carry it off; prisoner said "I don't want anyone to move this clamp without my permission." When deceased struck prisoner with hatchet he made two feints at him first without striking him.

DR. ARTHUR—Attended deceased; was called in between 7 and 8 in the morning. Deceased was suffering from a serious cut in the left leg. It was an incised wound about 5 inches in length, extending obliquely and downward from just below the knee, cutting in to the bone. Patient was pale, possibly from loss of blood. The arteries were severed as well as some of the main veins. Called in Dr. Keller and proceeded to treat the patient and to control the hemorrhage. Patient at the time was in Doc. Phelp's house. Remained with patient four to five hours. Attended patient until his death, in five or six days of blood poisoning, the result of this wound.

Cross-examined by Mr. Elliott—Had known deceased for some three years and had always considered him a healthy and sober man. Found the patient sitting on a pile of shavings clasping his leg and successfully stopping the flow of blood. Was present just after the witnesses signed the will of deceased. Did not hear McLaughlin say anything about the troubles between himself and Westgate. In order to save the man's life it was necessary to enlarge the wound in order to reach arteries which could not be done otherwise. This was done and a drainage tube put in. Wound was cleaned with antiseptic solutions, the man being under chloroform between three and four hours. Deceased might have vomited once or twice. Blood poisoning is not an easy matter to provide against. If a wound is clean it is comparatively easy to guard against it. Under the circumstances it was impossible to be certain that no disease germs were in the wound. Does not know how the blood poisoning arose in this instance. Such a thing has occurred from particles left in the wound from the surgeon's knife. The wound was a severe one and they hoped to save the leg. Possibly amputation would have saved the man's life. Could not tell the chances of his recovery if amputation was performed. If they had had the patient's consent they would have amputated the leg, as it would have been comparatively useless if he had recovered. Does not think it was their duty to amputate the leg, although it might have saved his life.

JAMES Y. COLE, miner of Rossland, remembered seeing deceased and prisoner on February 20th. Did not know either of them. Was in McKellar's cabin. Deceased was standing near Westgate. He went away and came back and picked up saw clamp and started to walk away with it. Westgate went up behind him and pulled his hat off and slung it at him. McLaughlin then appeared to get a hand axe and struck at Westgate several times. Westgate fell down, got up again and then clinched. Some person took the hatchet from McLaughlin and threw it away. McLaughlin went into cabin adjoining Westgate's, while Westgate went into his own. Westgate came out with an axe and stuck it in the block, 8 or 10 feet from his door. McLaughlin then came out and went towards Westgate, who struck at him with the axe. McLaughlin staggered and fell. As he was getting up Westgate struck him again with the axe. Did not see the effect of the second blow. Was about 100 feet away.

Cross-examined: Westgate asked McLaughlin what business he had building a Chinese den opposite his windows. Westgate used his left hand. His right hand appeared to be disabled. Saw blood on Westgate's face after the whole trouble was over. Thinks the axe left Westgate's hands at the last blow.

By His Lordship: The men were facing each other when the first blow was struck. McLaughlin reeled and the second blow struck him when he was recovering himself.

R. C. FERGUSON went with McLaughlin to where the foundation lay upon the hillside. The foundation was made by McLaughlin where they tried to lay it next day. It was a box frame. The previous evening it was lying near Westgates shack. After seeing the foundation on the hillside went to breakfast. Heard there was a row, went out and found prisoner and deceased, heard words passing, Westgate told him he had no business there so he went back to Mrs. Kellie's, presently Mrs. Kellie said they were fighting over there and he went out to see. Witness proceeded to describe the events practically as the previous witness had done—saw blood on Westgates face. Could not say whether the axe was in Westgates hand or not when the last blow was struck.

Cross examined. Has not taken any particular interest in this case. Had not tried to hunt up evidence.

HARRY JONES—Lives at Rossland near the prisoners cabin. He told practically the same story as the others up to the time deceased approached prisoner after the first scrap. He then saw Westgate take the axe out of the block where it was stuck and hit McLaughlin a blow with it. After the second blow he picked up the axe and prisoner took it from him.

Cross examined by Mr. Elliott nothing new being elicited.

Thos. E. Miller had nothing new to add.

HUGH MCGLYNN was in his cabin and saw men packing foundation of house down the hill. They carried it down to where it had been the evening before Westgate was standing on the disputed ground having the saw clamp on his arm. He then related much the same story as the previous witnesses.

In cross examination he had seen Westgate using the saw clamp on the disputed ground before McLaughlin put the foundation there.

This closed the case for the Crown.

For the defence Mr. Bowes submitted that the prosecution had neither proved the death itself nor the manner of death. His Lordship over-ruled this objection and would leave it to the jury. He then addressed the court for the defence. The prisoner would avail himself of his right to go into the box and give a straight forward account of the occurrence. No power could compel him to do so, nor could any remark be made to his detriment if he refused to do so.

He then proceeded to explain the nature of the tenure of the residents of Sour Dough ally. Westgate had acted in self defence, he was practically a disabled man having one hand injured. The Crown had produced no ante mortem statement of McLaughlin's, but the defence had a witness who will state that before his death deceased had said that he alone was to blame and it was in no way Westgates fault.

The accused was then put in the box. A day or two before the row he saw McLaughlin clearing away the snow from a piece of ground adjoining his cabin, telling him he was going to build a cabin there for himself. He objected as the building would be so close to his own. McLaughlin said he would build where he liked. He had a saw bench and some timber on the land, which Mr. McLaughlin removed; he expostulated with him but got the same reply. Other neighbors advised McLaughlin not to build there. On 20th he got up and came out and saw McLaughlin and others carrying foundation back from the hill. He then put the saw bench where it had been before McLaughlin removed it. McLaughlin and others laid the foundation down when they got near the saw bench. He told McLaughlin not to remove his property without his permission. McLaughlin went to the saw bench and put his left arm under it and started to walk away. Witness went up and put his left arm on it to prevent him carrying it away. McLaughlin put it down and went into Doc Phelps' house coming out again with a hand axe. He went to the saw bench and put his left arm on the saw bench having the axe in the other hand. Witness again put his left arm on the saw bench. McLaughlin then let go and turned on witness with the axe, saying "I'll let you know, you son of a ——" He also struck at him with the axe. Witness guarded off the blows with his left hand, his right being crippled and useless. One blow struck him on the head and knocked him down, the blood trickled out of the wound. Felt dizzy and stunned. He is subject to fits—has had more since the blow than before. Previously he had a fit only every six or eight months and now he has had several since he has been in jail. As he got up he swerved to avoid a blow which came close by his head. He picked up a piece of board and hit McLaughlin with it, the board broke. McLaughlin still followed him up with the axe. His left arm was black with the blows he had received in warding off the blows. He jammed McLaughlin tight against the front of the cabin while the axe was taken out of his hand. Witness went to his own cabin and came out again. Saw McLaughlin coming out of Doc Phelps' house looking very angry. His right hand was in his pocket. Supposed he was going to tackle him again. Was afraid he would, his head was dizzy and stunned and he felt in no condition to fight, having the use only one arm. Told McLaughlin to keep away several times but he took no notice. Took an axe that was in a block close by and made a motion with it to keep McLaughlin back. He still kept coming on and got in the way of the blow. His left arm was still numb and he could not hold the axe firmly. The axe flew out of his hand; he had no intention of striking McLaughlin, his intention was to keep him back, he thought that he would be afraid to come within reach of the axe. McLaughlin was facing him when he hit him. After the blow McLaughlin walked into Doc Phelps' house.

Had no qualified counsel at magistrate's examination. Enquired at different times about McLaughlin. Did not know the wound was dangerous until the fifth day.

Cross examined by Attorney General. Had no objection to buildings near his place, but not close to his cabin. Probably 40 feet between witness' house and the next. Did not know who took the foundation away until he heard talk about it next day. Did not mind a building going up so long as it was not close to his window. The log on the ground was one over after he had finished building his cabin. Came out of his cabin because he thought he would be safer outside his cabin than inside. Would not use the axe if McLaughlin had not tackled him.

It is quite true that McLaughlin used violent language toward him. His evidence was not shaken by the cross-examination. Had nothing whatever to do with moving the foundation.

JOHN MCCREIGH—Saw McLaughlin the day before the trouble at noon standing there with a crowd of men talking about leaving an alley-way clear. In the evening McLaughlin was laying the foundation close to Westgate's. On the 20th he was in bed when the row started. He heard some one say "For God's sake, don't strike with the axe." He jumped out of bed and saw Westgate fall, McLaughlin was wielding an axe. Westgate fell and got up and took up a piece of board, McLaughlin still threatening him with the axe and trying to strike him. Westgate pinned McLaughlin against the cabin and prevented him using the axe. McLaughlin went into Phelps' cabin and came out again looking mad. He approached Westgate who told him to keep back. At the final blow the axe must have left Westgate's hand as the men were at least seven feet apart and facing each other.

Cross-examined—Of the last two blows could not swear exactly how the first struck McLaughlin, and the blow might have knocked him down. Saw nothing in McLaughlin's hands. Did not see Westgate go into his house and come out again. He and Westgate built the cabin together and he was living with him.

Re-examined—The neighbors did not want the cabin built.

WILLIAM YOUNG CLARKE—The first he saw of Westgate he was standing by his cabin with blood running down his face. The rest of his evidence corroborated that of the last witness.

The Attorney General did not cross-examine this witness.

Robert Nelson gave evidence of a similar nature.

James Welch remembered the time when McLaughlin was lying ill. Saw him in the evening, there were six or seven men gathered in the house to see how he was getting on. His further evidence as to what McLaughlin said was not admitted.

JOHN B. BOON arrested Westgate and examined him. found a cut on his head about two inches long. His right arm was cut with a cross cut saw and was useless. His left arm was bruised in two places.

H. D. ASHCROFT—On the 15th, sewed up a wound on Westgates arm. On the 19th it was very sore.

Mr. Elliott then addressed the Court on behalf of the prisoner, and the Attorny General having summed up on behalf of the Crown, His Lordship charged the jury, pointing out the difference between culpable and justifiable homicide, and hinted pretty plainly his own opinion of the present case. The jury retired at 5 p. m. and the court adjourned until 8 p. m., when the Court having assembled they brought in a verdict of guilty, and the prisoner was sentenced to 11 months hard labour. It is understood that His Lordship was under the impression that Westgate had already been five months in jail and intended to inflict a further sentence of six months. As a matter of fact he will have to remain in prison for seven months more.

GRAND JURY PRESENTMENT.

During the course of Thursday's proceedings the Grand Jury made the following

PRESENTMENT.

May it please your Lordship:

We the Grand Jury of the District of West Kootenay desire to congratulate your Lordship on the lightness of your labours at this assize and venture to agree with your Lordship's remarks as to the small amount of crime amongst us for a new mining community.

We think that the time has arrived when a Provincial Jail for the district should be established at Nelson, and a jailor appointed. And we wish to thoroughly urge the importance of this, as prisoners are now sent from this district to Kamloops at all seasons of the year at a heavy expense, and all times under severe exposure to the weather.

We would also strongly recommend that the local jail should be strengthened and improved, as it is at present quite inadequate for the purpose for which it was built and offers no great impediment to the freedom which prisoners sometimes court.

We consider it our duty to recommend that the slaughter houses situated on the flat near Cottonwood Creek should be indicted at this assize as public nuisances and as being injurious to the health of this town.

We desire to point out that no proper authority appears to exist in this district for regulating and controlling the building of new towns and we wish particularly to call your Lordship's attention to the state of affairs at Rossland, where a number of small cabins, which are stated to be used in part as brothels, have been built on the railway reserve, close up to the best business part of town, the owners of which have apparently no redress, thus adding greatly to the danger of fire, a danger which is always imminent in new mining towns, and we recommend that a street or road of at least 100 feet wide will be ordered to be made where the railway reserve joins the townsite.

We desire to call attention to the most unsatisfactory administration of intestate estates in this district, and also that outside of Nelson and Kaslo there is no provision for the administration of the Small Debts Act.

We attach hereto a petition from citizens of Kaslo complaining that the Theatre Comique is illegally carried on, and that the same is a place of questionable repute, and we request your Lordship's attention to the same.

LOCAL NEWS.

Mr. Galbraith, travelling agent for Taylor's safes, was in town during the week.

Mr. Kellogg, a mining man of Butte, Mont., is at the Nelson. He's after a free gold property.

Mr. Parsons and three men have arrived from San Francisco to commence the erection of the Silver King Tramway.

On Friday 21st at 3 a. m. another Nelsonite made made his appearance at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Traves, and its a boy.

Mr. W. H. Bray, who represents San Francisco capitalists, is at Kaslo, looking over some mining properties in that vicinity.

This evening at 8 o'clock Mr. Harry Jones, the young hotel keeper of Rossland, and Miss Mary Caldwell, of Walla Walla, Wash., will be married at the Stanley House.

Mr. Macgregor, P. L. S., came in with part of the Provincial survey party on Wednesday. Mr. Drewry is expected in about the end of this week or the beginning of the next. Mr. Macgregor will proceed at once up the lake to go on with the work where it was left off last year.

Mr. Busk's little steam launch "Flirt" is now running again after having had her engine thoroughly overhauled by Harry Chapman, engineer of the s. s. Ainsworth, under the direct supervision of Mr. Paterson, and is now in better condition even than when she arrived here first ten months ago.

James Westgate, who was convicted of manslaughter on Thursday, is to serve the remaining seven months of his imprisonment here at Nelson, where he will be little more than a compulsory guest of Paddy Miles. His many sympathisers, among whom we reckon ourselves, will be glad to hear that he is not to be sent to a regular gaol.

Inspector Fletcher of the Post Office department has been looking us up again. He has taken the hint of our Rossland correspondent and expedited the dispatch of the mails from the new town northward. He has also arranged that mail between Nelson and Rossland shall be carried via Robson as well as over the N. & F. S. R'y. This affords a service of five mails a week between the two towns.

Mr. Justice Walkem and the Attorney General left yesterday afternoon on a visit to Rossland. The Judge is extremely interested interested in this country and means to visit Pilot Bay and Kaslo before going back to Victoria. Mr. Eberts is equally struck with the progress of the district since his last visit here three years ago when he was engaged as counsel in a case relating to the Noble Five property.

OUR LAKE FISH.

There seems to be a great deal of confusion about the fish commonly taken in the Kootenay Lake and River. We therefore take the following concerning them from Mr. Ashdown Green's paper on the salmonidæ of British Columbia. The common trout of the Province, the one with the broad purple stripe down his side is Salmo purpurata. Apart from his gorgeous side armour he may be distinguished by the red patches on the outer edge of the lower jaw and by the caudal fin (tail) which is slightly forked. The large fish caught chiefly in the lake are the two great char Salvelinus Malma and Salvelinus Namaycush. The former of these, commonly known as the Dolly Varden Trout is distributed from California to Alaska and extends eastwards across the Rockies. It is a very gaudy fish, the back being olive green with spots of a lighter shade; below the median line it is golden with pale salmon colour spots. It is possible that Salmo Iridius may also be found in some of the side streams and the speckled beauties that are caught in Cottonwood and other Lakes are probably of this species. There is a large migratory trout known as the sea trout whose latin name is Salmo gairdnerii, but we are probably too far from the sea for him and the falls of the Kootenay would effectually shut him out as they do the salmon even if he got so far.

A Maker of Glass Eyes.

Visitors to the World's fair will remember the quaint little workman who sat in one corner of a great building and made eyes from morning until night, part of them for dolls, part of them for human beings and occasionally one for a horse or some other pet animal. The workman, whose name was Muller, had come over from Germany to show how his people worked, and when the fair was over he set up a little shop in Chicago and tried for awhile to make his industry flourish on American soil. But after a time he found that the wholesale dealers persisted in sending across the water for their supplies, and he grew so homesick that he finally returned to the fatherland, and he is now doubtless working in some one of the quaint little Thuringian villages.

It will be remembered that he was marvelously deft in his work. First he blew a bulb from molten glass. Then, when it was cold, he carefully broke off one side so as to leave a shell, the edges of which were blunted by melting. He secured the proper size of eye by having the person for whom it was made stand before him as he worked. Having the shell complete, he bent down over a Bunsen burner, and just touching its upper surface to the flame he worked the eye design on the glass with little sticks of varicolored glass, the points of which were melted in the flame.

The work required a wonderfully steady hand and a true eye in order to make the iris and the retina of the proper color and shape. The workman is so skilled that he can copy direct from the person who stands before him. —Chicago Record.

The Reign of Peace.

Beasts, I am inclined to think, are still, more or less, in the state of paradise and peace. I have been lately honored by the acquaintance of a cat which lives on friendly and playful terms with a mouse, not a tame pet mouse. They frolic together, and then the mouse returns to its hole. Again, a friend of mine who had several dogs, two young dandies and an old Skye, lately went out to the edge of a wood near his house where he saw his dogs playing with a fox.

They sported together playfully till the old Skye got wind of the fox and then "went for him" with a yowl, whereupon the poor fox fled. The young dogs seemed to cherish no unfriendly feelings till the veteran set a bad example. Dogs and cats are not natural enemies. It is we who have corrupted them, and "a cat and dog life" is, even still, often of good example to married people.—Andrew Lang in Longman's Magazine.

Large Lamp Shades on the Wane.

The mania for exaggerated lamp shades seems to be on the wane. The newest lamps show fine globes made to harmonize with the foundation, and dealers report a revived sale of tinted porcelain shades. The silk, however, is yet made into frills and furbelows that suggest nothing short of ball gowns refurnished to serve a new end, but the tulle that is made to copy a ballet dancer's skirts and the paper monstrosities are both ugly and dangerous. The only wonder in regard to them is that the insurance companies have not been aroused, and that a reform campaign has not been organized before this.—Boston Traveller.

TREMENDOUS PRESSURE.

A Machine on the Hydraulic Principle, but Using Oil Instead of Water.

The reporter went the other day to see a wonderful machine, a machine which is not only a prodigious and terrible piece of enginery, but an allegory. It is called a testing machine, and it is used to ascertain the resisting power of various materials. It is not content with finding out that a beam of oak, for instance, will bear without breaking a pressure on one spot of 160,000 pounds. The beam must be utterly crushed each time the test is made, and note must be taken of the exact weight that lay upon it at the moment of its final dissolution. Day after day this great machine heaves and strains itself and bears down with slow and awful force upon some tough beam or block of wood, and whether the timber is placed flatwise and needs, say, but a paltry 75 tons to crush it, or whether it be placed endwise, like a pillar, and will hold up twice as much weight before it cries out and gives up the ghost, it must yield just the same and surrender its pitiful, crushed frame to be photographed and studied and picked to pieces for the benefit of science. That is all very interesting, you may say, but it is a mere piece of brute machinery. Where is the allegory that you told us of? That lies in the thing by the force of which this monstrous pressure is exerted. It is oil. Nothing but suave, gentle, yielding oil, the emblem of softness and agreeableness.

There is a certain piston in this mechanism which, pressing against a quantity of oil in a confined space, forces this oil against another iron surface, which in turn presses forward upon the timber so that all this crushing power is exerted by the medium of nothing but oil. As you watch the machine, even in the most exciting moment of the culmination of its crushing force, you cannot but be conscious that it is the oil that is doing it. The master stands over his great machine, his pupils grouped about. It lies down flat on its great back, like a giant bracing his shoulder against a rock to push with his feet.

The thing which he is pushing against is a beam of seasoned oak, about 10 inches square, and the thing with which he is pushing is another and lengthwise square beam of oak, the end of which is directly against the side of the beam to be crushed. Off at one side, apparently unconnected with the machine, but in reality connected with it, is an apparatus where there are levers, comparable with the throttle valve of a locomotive, and a gauge which registers accurately the pressure that is being exerted. A young learner stands at these levers and this gauge, and when the master says, "Turn on more oil," he moves a lever, and the pressure rises. Seventy thousand pounds, 80,000 pounds, it rises rapidly. The lengthwise beam is sinking itself deep into the side of the victim timber, but this still holds out bravely. The pressure rises to 90,000—100,000 pounds. The watchers all gather around the center of the pressure in anticipation of the catastrophe; the lengthwise timber is squeezing into the solid oak of the other one as one's thumb might be driven into a piece of cheese.

But still it holds. Little by little the power is turned on. The young man at the gauge calls "120,000," "130,000," "140,000," "150,000." You hear the snapping of a myriad of tendons within the beam, and all these sounds join in a sort of low buzzing roar or cry, which suggests an elemental agony. One hundred and sixty thousand pounds—the beam sinks deeper into the flesh of its victim; 170,000. "More oil!" calls the master, and now the crackle rises—the lengthwise beam itself begins to crack, and the other beam, yielding at last, seems to go to pieces all at once, and when the pressure is removed it is taken out, twisted, contorted, riven, pierced, crushed.

It is useful service, after all, though it seems but an exhibition of the brutality of mere mechanism, that the testing machine and its bed of oil have done, for since the master began the work with it he has proved that timbers will stand only about half the weight which the accepted authorities said they would stand, and by introducing a more conservative weighting of wood he has doubtless saved many human lives from destruction by the collapse of timbered structures.—Boston Transcript.

Newfoundland.

Not only have her mother and sisters been unkind, but even the elements of nature have been spiteful to Newfoundland. A fog worse than the London veil continually frowns upon her shores. The fiercest storms of the continent buffet her. Sinister icebergs hover about her harbors and threaten her fishing craft. Frequent conflagrations make havoc with her antique, combustible buildings, making her poverty still more grinding. Though Newfoundland is bigger than Ireland and nearly as large as all New England, very little of her territory is of use to her. The interior is either marshy or rocky, and the difficulty of building roads through such a country keeps back agriculture. Untold mineral riches, however, are believed to be awaiting development, and her untouched beds of peat are sufficient to supply with good fuel many times the population of the colony.

The cod is the great bulwark of provincial prosperity. The seal comes next, for Bering sea is not the only home of this animal. The fish industry is so predominant that the pedestrian on the sidewalks of the coast towns passes under an endless arbor of drying fish.—Boston Transcript.

A Dumas Anecdote.

In the days of his affluence some one came to Dumas pere for 50 sous to help bury a friend.

"What was he?" inquired Dumas.

"A bailiff, sir," answered the borrower.

Dumas' eyes lit with memories. He ran to his desk and returned with a note, which he thrust into the man's hand: "You say it costs 50 sous? Here are 100. Bury two of 'em!"

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A new Railway under construction.

Buy before the Market rises in the Railway Centre and Seat of Government of West Kootenay.

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REBATE ALLOWED FOR THE ERECTION OF GOOD BUILDINGS

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137

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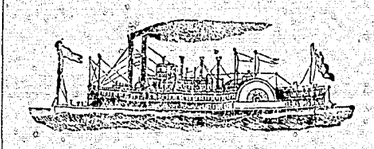

LEAVE KASLO for Ainsworth, Pilot Bay and Nelson Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Friday and Saturday at 8 a. m.; Thursday at 9 a. m.

LEAVE NELSON for Pilot Bay, Ainsworth and Kaslo Monday, Wednesday Thursday and Saturday at 3 p. m.; Tuesday and Friday at 6 p.m.

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The above schedule is in effect 16th May, 1895, subject to change.

JAS. WAUGH, Purser. GEO. F. HAYWARD, Master. 131

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F. T. Abbott, Traveling Freight & Passenger Agent, Spokane, Wash.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS

SELKIRK MINING CLAIM,

Situated in Goat River mining division of West Kootenay district, about one mile and a half north of the mouth of Duck creek:

Take notice that I, Charles W. Busk, as agent for John H. Field, free miner's certificate No. 57374, one J. Wigen, free miner's certificate No. 57375, and Charles M. Reese, free miner's certificate, No. 57376, intend sixty days from the date hereof to apply to the Gold Commissioner for a certificate of improvement for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claims.

And further take notice that adverse claims must be sent to the Mining Recorder and action commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 22nd day of May, 1895.

CHARLES WESTBY BUSK.
Agent for Owners.
138

NOTICE

TAKE NOTICE that A. S. Farwell, as agent for John Miles has filed the necessary papers and made application for a Crown Grant in favour of the mineral claim "Paradise" situated in the Nelson Mining Division of West Kootenay District.

Adverse claimants, if any, must file their objections with me within 60 days from the date of the first appearance of this notice in the British Columbia Gazette.

N. FITZSTUBBS.
Gov't Agent.

Nelson, B. C., June 3, 1895. (146)

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENT.

PRESIDENT, OLD ABE, LIZARD AND BADGER MINERAL CLAIMS.

Situated in the Gold River mining division of West Kootenay district, about one mile south of the mouth of Duck creek.

Take notice, that I, Charles W. Busk, as agent for John H. Field, free miner's certificate, No. 51371, Olie J. Wigen, free miner's certificate No. 51375, and Charles M. Reece, free miner's certificate, No. 51276, intend sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Gold Commissioner for certificate of improvements for the purpose of obtaining Crown Grants of the above claims.

And further take notice that adverse claims must be sent to the Gold Commissioner and action commenced before the issuance of such certificate of improvements.

Dated this 22nd day of May, 1895.

CHARLES WESTBY BUSK.
Agent for Owners.
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Williams & Dawson

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CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

PACIFIC DIVISION

COLUMBIA AND KOOTENAY BRANCH.

TIME TABLE NO. 4.

Taking Effect Friday, May 17th, 1895.

TRAINS WEST. Read down.			STATIONS.		TRAINS EAST. Read up.	
No. 3. Wednesdays Saturdays	No. 1. Tuesdays Fridays.	Miles from Robson.		Miles from Nelson.	No. 2. Tuesdays Fridays	No. 4. Wednesdays Saturdays.
16.30	14.00	28	Dep.....NELSON.....Arr.	0	18.00	20.30
16.45	14.15	23	.....†KOOTENAY.....	5	17.45	20.15
17.00	14.30	19	.....†FORTY-NINE CREEK..	9	17.30	20.00
17.25	14.55	13	.....†SLOCAN.....	15	17.05	19.35
18.00	15.30	0	Arr.....ROBSON.....Dep.	28	16.30	19.00

† Flag stations.

Train No. 1 connects with boat for Trail Creek.
Train No. 3 connects with train for Revelstoke.
Trains No. 2 and 4 will wait arrival of boat at Robson.
The company reserve the right to change this time table without notice.
Pacific standard and 24 hour system adopted.

H. ABBOTT, Gen. Supt., Vancouver. R. MARPOLE, Supt., Donald. J. HAMILTON, Train Master and Agent, Nelson

Gosnell Provincial Library

The Miner.

THE MINER is printed on Saturdays and will be mailed to any address in Canada or the United States, for one year on receipt of two dollars. Single copies five cents.

CONTRACT ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the rate of $3 per column inch, per month.

TRANSIENT ADVERTISEMENTS inserted at the rate of 15 cents per nonpareil line first insertion, and cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Advertisements running for shorter periods than three months are classed transient.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS to the Editor must be accompanied by the name and address of the writer.

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ADDRESS
THE MINER PRINTING & PUBLISHING CO
NELSON, B.C.

THE SANDON ROAD.

We hear very grave complaints at the state of the road leading from Three Forks to Sandon. Our readers will remember that last year in response to a very urgent appeal from the owners of all the important mining property to which the road leads the original trail was patched up to make a sleigh road. We believe that the sum of $7,000 was voted for the purpose of making a wagon road out of it. The Commissioner, however, very wisely determined to spend only a part of the money then on the work as the season was advanced and to complete the job this summer, retaining in his hands a sufficient amount of the original appropriation to do so. This summer, however, finds two railway companies racing up the valley to Sandon and in view of their early completion, the Commissioner declines to finish the road. Meanwhile great hindrance to the mining industry results. The Slocan Star and other mines are prepared to ship 1,000 tons a week if a wagon road were available, and the owners of this great mine are unable to haul in certain machinery which is necessary to them because the trail that made a good sleigh road in the winter is useless now.

It appears to us that the work should be put in hand and completed right off. The fact that railway communication will be available in a few months does not appear to affect the matter at all. There is not likely to be more than one train a day on each line between Sandon and Three Forks, and travellers may require to pass from one place to the other at different times. A good road will have to be made and as the money is already voted, there is no better time than the present to do the work.

"POPPY-COCK."

The Kaslo Prospector in its last issue 'goes for' the C. P. R. and its officials, high and low, because they do not hand their freight for Kaslo to the s.s. Alberta. We have more than once ourselves had occasion to censure the great railway company when it appeared to us to be unfair or overbearing in its treatment of the public, and we have always found our statements listened to with attention and the errors remedied as far as possible. We do not like girding at a company, and only do so when our duty to the public demands it. We believe not only that nagging does no good in the direction of remedying abuses, but actually does harm. When moreover a statement in a public print is actually misleading as in the present case, it becomes our duty to let the public know the truth of the case. The gist of the article in question is to the effect that the officials of the C. P. R. are in league with each other or with someone else to baulk the owners of the "Alberta" of their legitimate share of the freight. In the picturesque language of the west, this is all "poppy-cock." The present arrangement is a yearly contract which was made with the s.s. Nelson while the Alberta was lying—an unfinished hull at Kaslo. By virtue of this arrangement the merchants of Kaslo receive their goods at the same rate as that paid by the people of Nelson. The cost of the extra thirty-five miles of Lake carriage and of transshipment, amounting to two dollars is paid out of their own pocket by the C. P. R. without any extra expense whatever to the Kaslo consignees. The article in the Kaslo paper commences by insinuating that the C. P. R discriminates" against Kaslo. The writer however, fails to point out in favour of which locality the discrimination is made. A little further acquaintance with the principles of the English language would show him that a sentence containing the word discriminate requires a complement. A large part of the article contains evidence that the writer has not taken the trouble to inform himself as to the facts, upon which his fabric is based. Instructions have not been given "at length" and "reluctantly" to recognize the Alberta. They have not been given at all. But the agent at Nelson, who is one of the best officials we have ever met in a somewhat varied career, and who works practically day and night in order to save the public as much inconvenience as possible, has himself done he can to expedite Kaslo freig by this route. The very matters which our Kaslo contemporary suggests should be done are actually done. For instance, the conductor on the train actually does tell Kaslo passengers that they will find a steamer waiting for them at Nelson. This shows that the C. P. R. and its officials know their business as well as the editor of the Prospector.

A NEW SYSTEM.

We have made some remarks elsewhere about the necessity of completing the wagon road between Sandon and Three Forks.

We want now to state our opinion that the time is past for what may be termed the paternal way of carrying out public works. All government work above a certain value should be let by public tender, with proper conditions for the security of the public money. The amounts of all tenders should be handed to the newspapers so that in the event of the lowest not being accepted the public may form its own conclusions as to the reason why or if no reason is apparent, it can be ascertained on enquiry. This system would necessitate the employment of a competent engineer who would soon save his salary, and the contracts should be let on an unvarying form. In this way the public will get its work done well, cheaply, and honestly.

A MONUMENT OF THE PAST.

If the place unmentionable is paved with good intentions, what becomes of all the presentments of grand juries? Surely they are good intentions embodied in carefully chosen language, the pride of their author's hearts, full of sound common sense and yet what becomes of them? Pigeonholed. And there they will lie until the towns in which the nuisances are pointed out have ceased to exist and the very language in which they are couched is known only by some ancient scholar versed in the tongues of past ages.

An apt instance stares us in the face, in one of the paragraphs of the presentment handed in on Thursday. It indicts the slaughter houses at the end of Baker street as nuisances. A year or two ago they were similarly indicted, with the result that a new one was built on Giveout Creek, but it was never used, the old ones are still in full play and the building away up on the wagon road stands a monument to the futility of grand jury presentments.

In their presentment on Thursday the grand jury put their fingers on the plague spots and if their recommendations were carried out the district would be all the better. But His Lordship very quickly dispelled any fine illusions of their fulfilment that may have floated before those grand jurymen's eyes. As he read clause by clause he pointed out the proper authorities to remedy the abuse alluded to. One was a matter of policy of the Provincial Government, another was a matter of police regulations, another was entirely a question for the Mayor and council whom the citizens of Kaslo have called to rule over them. In other words there already exist proper recognized channels for the remedying of these matters and of these channels a judge of the Supreme Court is not one.

The experience of nearly 1000 years in governing ourselves and winning for ourselves liberty after liberty have provided means for nearly every possible contingency. In the colonial empire of Great Britain especially, where ancient customs have been more easily shaken off the necessity of the grand jury presentments no longer exists, and in the newest of these countries in the seven great colonies that go to make up Australia they are practically unknown. The people have other direct and efficacious methods of curing their own ills.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

A report has reached Rossland that the Dominion Government proposes to give a bonus for all silver, lead and copper smelted in Canada. We have not yet seen a copy of the bill, nor does the report come from a source on which we can rely but we give it for what it is worth. If it is true it will be worth a good deal to us and will cost the rest of the people of Canada a good round sum. This however will be only fair considering the amount we now make them a present of under the tariff.

Up to the time of our going to press Frank Hughes, who is accused of attempting to extort money by blackmail, has not put in an appearance to stand his trial. The evidence in the case is of the most convincing kind. On the strength of it the grand jury only took two or three minutes to bring in a true bill. It consists of a letter written by the accused to the prosecutor, threatening in plain terms to publicly accuse the prosecutor of the vilest conduct unless the sum of $200 was forthcoming. There is no beating about the bush. In fact it is so plain that the only conclusion that can be drawn from it is that Hughes was ignorant that the laws of his country and of all civilized nations protect their subjects from this particularly cruel form of torment. The punishment which the law allows the judges to inflict for this crime is as much as fourteen years. But Mr. Hughes escapes this sentence by getting his family to pay a fine of $1,000. That is what estreating his bail practically amounts to. It surprises us that bail in this case could have been fixed so low. The only explanation of it is that Mr. Justice Walkem who fixed it did not make himself fully acquainted with all the facts.

Some remarks which we made last week upon the recent improvements to the town of Nelson appear to have given offence in high places. We regret this, because our remarks were not offensive nor were they intended to give offense, but nevertheless we feel obliged to stand to our guns. As one of the individuals who objected to our remarks informed us that he had not read them, we will repeat our observations in order that he may have an opportunity of learning what it is he objects to. We said that the work done on the streets is practically useless and we remarked that the accustomed rivulet still trickled in its ancient channel down Stanley Street, covering with mud the new crossing at its foot. We further suggested that having sent away our two prisoners to Kamloops it was in order now to spend the balance of the $1,000 in getting stones broken to make the road to the wharf good in winter weather. If there is any further balance we shall be happy to point out other useful directions in which it may be spent.

We were told also that it was easy for irresponsible persons to criticise the work. We take up the challenge and declare that we are by no means irresponsible. We are responsible to the public for seeing that money given for a certain purpose is properly spent on that purpose and if in our opinion any of it is being wasted or the work is not being carried out to the best advantage it is our duty to say so and we intend to do our duty. As we have said before we have no wish to be offensive or to transgress the rules of civil and polite criticism and we deny that we have done so. But if people will not read what we write they can not be expected to draw correct conclusions.

Mr. Justice Walkem has inaugurated a new era in making the court sit at 9 in the morning instead of the time honoured 11. He justly remarked that if there was any formal work to be done, such as receiving the presentment of the grand jury, that half the available time was wasted in doing it. In this case it gives the jury an opportunity of getting their work done in one sitting and not having to put up with the inconvenience of being locked up all night.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that the undermentioned respective amounts will be paid as bounty for the head of every panther, or wolf coyote killed in a settled district of the Province on the certificate of a Justice of the Peace that such animal was killed in a settlement, and that the head was produced to and destroyed by him, namely:—

For each panther, seven dollars and fifty cents ($7.50).

For each wolf, two dollars ($2.00).

For each coyote, one dollar ($1.00).

By Command,

JAMES BAKER,
Provincial Secretary.

Provincial Secretary's Office,
(26) 22nd August, 1864.

Spokane Falls & Northern R'y.

Nelson & Fort Sheppard R'y.

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Daily (Except Sunday) Between Spokane and Northport.

Tri-Weekly Between Northport and Nelson.

Leave 8.12 a.m. NELSON Arrive 525. p. m.

Trains leave Nelson for Spokane every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, returning leave Spokane TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS and SATURDAYS at 7 a. m., and making close connection by S.S. Nelson with all Kootenay Lake points.

Passengers for Kettle River and Boundary Creek, connect at Marcus with stage on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.

Passengers for Trail Creek mines connect at Northport with stage Daily.

UNION IRON WORKS

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

MINING MACHINERY A SPECIALTY.

114

THE MINER can be obtained from the following agents:

VICTORIA, The Province Publishing Co.

VANCOUVER, The News Stand, Hotel Vancouver.

NEW DENVER, Messrs. Armit & Rashdall.

ROSSLAND, Keefer & Hall.

PILOT BAY, Gilker & Wells.

KASLO, Kennedy & Porter.

NELSON, Turner Bros., Gilbert Stanley and the

MINER PRINTING & PUB. CO., Ltd.

Notice of Application for License.

Notice is hereby given that thirty days after date, we the undersigned intend to apply for a license to sell wines and liquors by retail at our Lake View Hotel, situated on the Kootenay River, opposite the town of Balfour.

T. G. PROCTOR.
C. W. WEST.
C. W. BUSK.

8th June, 1895. 117

KODAK AGENTS.

Amateur Work Developed.
Photographic Sundries Supplied.

FLEMING BROTHERS

61 Government Street, Victoria. 98

FIRST-CLASS DRESSMAKING

Miss Hogen has opened rooms in the Bealey Block, next T. A. Garland, and solicits the patronage of the ladies of Nelson.

136 **MISS HOGEN.**

MINERS HOTELKEEPERS AND ALL OTHERS.

WHY SEND your money out of the country for provisions when you can do as well in the province. You make your money in British Columbia and it is your DUTY to leave part of it here rather than to send it away. We are well aware that you are cut off from the coast just now, but we want you to study the following price list and to send us your orders as soon as communications with us are open. We guarantee all goods of the finest quality and defy all competition.

PRICE LIST.

		Freight Rate to Nelson per 100 lbs.
BAKING POWDER.		
Dr. Price's, 12 oz. tins per doz	$5 00	
Dr. Price's, 2½ lb tin, each	1 40	
Dr. Price's, 4 lb tin, each	2 00	
Royal, 12 oz. tins, per doz	5 00	
Cook's Choice, 2½ lb tin, each	65	$1.70
Cook's Choice, 5 lb tins, each	1 00	
Diamond, 1 lb tin, per doz	3 00	
Eagle (very good quality) 1 lb tins per doz	4 20	
CEREALS.		
Rolled oats, National Mills, 90 lb sack	3 85	
" 25 sack	1 10	
" Superior, 90 lb sack	3 75	
" National Mills, 7 lb sack	35	$1.18
Oatmeal, 10 lb sack	45	
" per 100 lbs	4 00	
Corn meal, 10 lb sacks	35	
CHEESE.		
Best Ontario (by the drum) per lb	15½	
N. W. T. cheese, per lb	13½ to 16	$1.52
Limburger, 2 lb each	45	
Swiss, per lb	40	
Currants, per lb (C)	6	$1.70
Cocoa, Fry's ¼ lb package	10	
" Bulk, per lb	35	$1.95
" Van Houten's, ¼ lb	25	
" " ½ lb	50	
Coal oil (best American) per case	3 50	$1.70
Canned Peas, per doz	1 10	
" Corn, "	1 10	
" Beans, "	1 15	
" Tomatoes, per doz	1 25	1.52
" Apricots (California) doz	2 75	
" Peaches and Pears (California) doz	2 75	
Corned Beef, 2 lb tins, per doz	2 90	1.52
Roast Beef, 2 lb tins, per doz	2 90	1.52
Coffee, Turkish, 10 lb tins, per lb	35	1.52
" " 2 lb tins, each	75	1.52
" Royal Java, 25 lb tins, per lb	20	1.52
Evaporated Apples, per lb	12½	1.52
" " 50 lb box	11	1.52
" Apricots and Peaches	12½	1.70
" Apricots and Peaches, 25 lbs or over	11½	1.70
Sugar, Granulated, per lb	4⅝	1.25
Sugar, Yellow, per lb	4½	1.25
Syrup, 5 gallon keg	2 25	
" 1 gallon tin	60	1.52
" Maple, 1 gallon	1 00	
Soap, Electric, 50 lb box	2 50	1.25
" Yellow "	2 00	1.25
" French Castile 2½ lb bar	50	1.25
Raisins, Valencias, per lb	7	1.70
" Sultanas, per lb	11	1.70
Rice, China, per mat	1 90	1.52
" Japan, per sack	2 40	1.52
MISCELLANEOUS.		
Pickles, 1 gal. keg	80	1.52
" 3 gal. keg	2 25	1.52
Candles, 14 oz., 20 lb box	2 50	1.52
T. & B. Tobacco, 3 plugs for	65	1.52
P. of W. chewing, per lb	57	1.52
Macaroni and Vermicell, per box	85	1.70
Washing Soda, 100 lb. sack	1 25	1.25
Jams and Jellies, 7 lb pails	70	
" " 5 lb pails	50	1.52
Marmalade, 5 lb pail	75	
Salt, fine English, 50 lb sack	65	1.25
Salt, coarse, 100 lb sack	85	1.25
Meats at regular market price.		

We handle everything in the grocery and provision line. If there is anything you want not on this list write for quotation. TEAS from 16c. per lb. Samples sent free on application.

TERMS: Cash with Order.

Reference—BANK OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

THE MAMMOTH GROCERY

S. GINTZBURGER, PROP.

18 CORDOVA STREET, P. O. Box 590. **VANCOUVER.**

N. B.—Where not otherwise specified prices are the same whether you buy the UNBROKEN PACKAGE OR BY THE POUND, by the dozen or by a single piece. 81

CHARLES S. RASHDALL,

Mining Broker.

Conveyances, Deeds, and Mining Abstracts.

Complete lists of existing Mining locations

NEW DENVER, B. C.

BANK OF

BRITISH COLUMBIA

(Incorporated by Royal Charter, 1862.)

CAPITAL (paid up), £600,000 . . $2,920,00
(With power to ncrease.

RESERVE FUND, £ 60,000 . . . 1,265,333

NELSON BRANCH.

Corner of Baker and Stanley streets

BRANCHES:

CANADA—Victoria, Vancouver, New Westminster, Nanaimo and Kamloops.

UNITED STATES—San Francisco, Portland, Tacoma, and Seattle.

HEAD OFFICE: 60 Lombard street, LONDON, England.

AGENTS AND CORRESPONDENTS:

CANADA—Canadian Bank of Commerce and branches; Merchants' Bank of Canada and branches; Imperial Bank of Canada and branches; Molson's Bank and branches; Bank Nova Scotia.

UNITED STATES—Agents Canadian Bank of Commerce, New York. Bank of Nova Scotia, Chicago. Traders' National Bank, Spokane.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT—

DEPOSITS received at $1 and upwards, and interest allowed (present rate) at 3 per cent. per annum.

GRANGE V. HOLT,
Nelson, July 17, 1893. Agent.

JESSOP'S STEEL THE BEST MINING STEEL IN THE WORLD.

It will pay you to write to us for prices of this celebrated make of steel, for which we have been appointed Sole Agents for B. C. We will quote delivered at nearest station or steamboat landing to your mine. Correspondence solicited.

E. G. PRIOR & CO., LD.

VICTORIA, B. C. 112

Lake View Hotel,

Opposite Balfour on the Kootenay Outlet, is open for the reception of Visitors.

Best Fishing on the River,
Lawn Tennis Grounds,
Sail and Rowing Boats.

Especially Suitable for Picnic Parties.

By means of moveable partitions, a large part of the Hotel can be made into a Ball Room on the shortest notice.

Prices Moderate.

PROCTOR, BUSK & WEST,
118 *Proprietors.*

RIESTERER'S BREWERY MILL STREET, NELSON, B. C.

Is now able to supply the town and district with a first-class quality of Draught and Botle

BEER

Draught Beer at 50c. per gallon.
Bottle Beer at $10 per Barrel.

ORDERS CAN BE LEFT AT HUMER'S BAKERY.
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. R. RIESTERER, Prop.
93

TREMAINE STEAM STAMP MILL.

THE LATEST PRACTICAL MINING MACHINE NOW PERFECTED - - - - -

(Highest Award at World's Fair Chicago.)

The machine consists of a Two Stamp Prospecting Mill, and is capable of putting through Six Tons per diem. The entire plant consists of Boiler, Steam Pump and Copper Tables. Weight, 2,800 pounds. It is built in sections which can be taken apart and easily transported by pack animals. These Mills can be erected and placed in running order at from $2,000 to $2,500, according to locality. Full particulars from

M. S. DAVYS, SOLE AGENT

NELSON, B. C.

Among all the mining machines and appliances shown at the World's Columbian Exposition there was nothing which excited more interest and favorable comment than the TREMAINE STEAM STAMP MILL in the Mining Building. It was a positive novelty to the great majority of mining men. It commanded attention by reason of its simplicity and evident practibility. Experienced mining engineers were astonished to learn that such a machine had been in successful operation for over two years in the extreme north-western part of the United States. (9)

* * * * * The Place to Stop at Vancouver is

The Manor House.

This old and favourite House has been entirely refitted from top to bottom. The Kitchen is under the charge of the best French Chef on the Coast.

P. H. EMERSON,
150 Proprietor.

TABLE

Showing the Dates and Places of Courts of of Assize, Nisi Prius, Oyer and Terminer, and General Gaol Delivery for the Year 1895.

SPRING ASSIZES.

Nanaimo	Tuesday	7th May
New Westminster	Tuesday	14th May
Vancouver	Tuesday	21st May
Clinton	Monday	27th May
Victoria	Tuesday	28th May
Kamloops	Monday	3rd June
Vernon	Monday	10th June
*Donald	Friday	14th June
*Nelson	Wednesday	19th June

FALL ASSIZES.

Clinton	Thursday	26th September
Richfield	Monday	30th September
Kamloops	Monday	7th October
Vernon	Monday	14th October
Lytton	Friday	11th October
New Westminster	Wednesday	6th November
Vancouver	Monday	11th November
Victoria	Tuesday	19th November
Nanaimo	Tuesday	26th November

*Special Assize. 117

J. H. BROWNLEE

MINING BROKER.

86 VICTORIA, B. C.

ARCHER MARTIN,

BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.

82 GOVERNMENT STREET,

over Bank of Montreal.

VICTORIA, B. C. CANADA.
87

JOHN HIRSCH,

Provincial Land Surveyor

OFFICE:

110 NELSON, B. C.

NEWS OF THE PROVINCE.

Mr. A. St. G. Hamersley has been re-elected president of the Bar Association of Vancouver.

80,000 pounds of frozen has been shipped to Hawaii, Australia, France and England.

At St. Paul's church Nanaimo, on the 15 inst. Mr. George Wadham Bruce Heathcote, of Nelson, B. C., was united to Mary Beatrice Bate, third daughter of ex- Mayor Bate. Great interest was manifested in the ceremoney and the list of presents was large. The young couple left on the afternoon train for Victoria.

Several fine oyster beds have been discovered at Valdez Island.

The Windsor Cannery at Aberdeen on the Skeena River was totally destroyed by fire on the 1st inst and on the 12th the Western Fishing Co's packing house at Westminster met the same fate.

EDUCATION OFFICE.
Victoria, May 1st, 1895.

NOTICE is hereby given that the annual examination of candidates for certificates of qualification to teach in the Public Schools of the Province will be held as follows, commencing on Wednesday, July. 3rd, at 9 a. m.:—
Victoria.....In South Park School Building.
Vancouver.....In High School Building.
Kamloops.....In Public School Building.

Each applicant must forward a notice, thirty days before the examination, stating the class and grade of certificate for which he will be a candidate, the optional subjects selected, and at which of the above named places he will attend.

Every notice of intention to be an applicant must be accompanied with satisfactory testimonial of moral character.

Candidates are notified that all of the above requirements must be fulfilled before their applications can be filed.

All candidates for First Class, Grade A, Certificates, including Graduates, must attend in Victoria to take the subjects prescribed for July 13th and 15th instants, and to undergo required oral examinations.

S. D. POPE,
131 Superintendent of Education.

Page Ponsford Bros.

Hastings Street, Vancouver, B. C.

DIRECT IMPORTERS OF ALL HIGH-CLASS ENGLISH MEN'S FURNISHINGS

Such as Christy's Hats, Dents & Fowne's Gloves, Dr. Jaeger's Cartwright & Warner's Underwear, Scotch Rugs, Flannel, Matting and Crepe Shirts, Trousers, etc., etc.

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO. 130

T. H. CALLAND

MINING BROKER and REAL ESTATE AGENT.

521 Hastings Street, VANCOUVER, B. C.
Correspondence Solicited. 124

SHERIFF'S SALE.

NOTICE OF SALE BY SHERIFF.

IN THE SUPREME COURT OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

Between
J. Fred. Hume & Co.....Plaintiffs
and
The Cottonwood Gold Mining Company, Limited, Foreign.....Defendants.

IN obedience to a writ of of Fieri Facias issued out of the above Court, to me directed in the above suit for the sum of $436.14, debts and costs, together with interest on the same besides sheriff's fees, poundage, and other expenses of this execution, I have seized and will offer for sale by Public Auction, at the front of the Court House, Nelson, B. C., on Monday, the 15th day of July, 1895, at 12 o'clock, noon, all the right, title and interest of the above Defendants in the lands described below, or sufficient thereof to satisfy the Judgment debt and costs in this action.

Concise Description of Property.	Golden Wreath Mineral Claim. / Golden King Mineral Claim.
Number of Lots	Lot 496
District	West Kootenay. Near Nelson, south about four miles.
Where to be sold	At the front of the Court House, Nelson.
When to be sold	Monday, July 15th, 1895, at 12 o'clock, noon.
Estate or Interest	Crown Grant. / Crown Grant.

Terms of Sale: Cash.

S. REDGRAVE,
Sheriff of Kootenay

LAND REGISTRY OFFICE, VICTORIA,
26th day of April, 1895, 11:20 o'clock, a. m.

I hereby certify that the following are the only judgments registered in this Office against the real estate of the Cottonwood Gold Mining Company, Limited (Foreign), viz: 15th March, 1894, Judgment of the County Court of Kootenay, obtained 26th April, 1893, by J. Fred Hume & Co., against the Cottonwood Gold Mining Company, Limited (Foreign), for $377.29 debt and costs, Registered under the number 236 on the 19th March, 1894.

3rd October, 1894, Judgment of the Supreme Court of British Columbia, obtained the 4th June, 1894, by J. Fred Hume & Co., against the Cottonwood Gold Mining Company, Limited (Foreign), for $136.14 debt and costs. Registered under the number 412 on the 5th October, 1894.

[SEAL] S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar General.

F. M. McLEOD, ESQ.,
Barrister, &c. Nelson, B. C.
S. REDGRAVE,
144 Sheriff of Kootenay.

Notice of Application for Crown Grant.

TAKE Notice that Philip Aspinwall has filed the necessary papers, and made application for a Crown Grant in favor of the Mineral Claim "Kootenay", situated in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay.

Adverse Claimants, if any, must file their objections within sixty days from the date of this publication in the British Columbia Gazette.

N. FITZSTUBBS,
Gov't Agent.

Dated Nelson, B. C., 14th June, 1895. 152

DRESSMAKING AND MILLINERY.

For Stylish Costumes visit MRS. MCLAUGHLIN. Orders filled on shortest notice.

Just received—A fine stock of Pattern Hats.

MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

One Door above The Miner office. [113

Union Steamship Co., B. C., Ltd.

HEAD OFFICE AND WHARF:

VANCOUVER, B. C.

VANCOUVER TO NANAIMO.—S.S. "Cutch" leaves C. P. R. Wharf daily (Sundays excepted) at 1:15 p.m. Cargo at Union S.S. Co.'s wharf until 11 a. m.

NANAIMO TO VANCOUVER.—S.S. "Cutch" leaves daily (Monday excepted) at 8 a.m.

Vancouver and Northern Settlements.

S.S. Comox leaves U. S.S. Wharf every Monday at 11 a.m., for Port Neville, calling at all way ports, returning Wednesday, and on Thursday at 11 a.m. for all points as far as Shoal Bay, returning Saturday. Cargo at Company's Wharf until 9 a.m.

MOODYVILLE FERRY.

Leave Moodyville—7, 9, 11:45 a. m., 2:30, 4:30 p.m.

Leave Vancouver—8, 10:15 a.m., 1:15, 3:30, 5:30 p.m.

☞ Steamers and Scows always available for Excursion, Towing and Freighting Business. Storage Accommodation on Co.'s Wharf.

W. F. TOPPING, Manager.

Telephone 94. P. O. Box 771.

NOTICE.

NOTICE is hereby given that William Springer and Amadans H. Sonnermann have filed the necessary papers and made application for a Crown Grant in favor of the mineral claim No. 1, situated in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay.

Adverse claimants, if any, must forward their objections within 60 days from the date of this publication.

Dated Nelson, B. C., 18th April, 1895. N. FITZSTUBBS, 116 Gov't Agent.

THE DIPLOCK BOOK and STATIONERY CO.

LIMITED.

WHOLESALE

Paper Dealers and Stationers

VANCOUVER, B. C.

- SOLE AGENTS FOR -

Brinsmead & Nordheimer Pianos.
Dixon, Borgeson & Co.'s Show Cases.
Self Opening Bags, Wrapping Paper and Twine. 125

NOTICE.

Take notice that J. F. Ritchie, as Agent for Alfred Beamer, has filed the necessary papers and made application for a Crown Grant in favor of the Mineral Claim "Gertrude" situated in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay.

Adverse claimants, if any, must file their objections with me within 60 days from the date of this publication of the British Columbia Gazette.

N. FITZSTUBBS,
Dated Nelson, B. C. Gov't Agent.
May 6th, 1895. 129 11-5-5

INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION CO.

Importers and Wholesale Dealers in

POULTRY, VEGETABLES, FEED, FRUIT AND GENERAL PRODUCE.

Sole Agents for Kootenay for the Celebrated Imperial Ruby Birds-Eye Twist Tobacco.

NELSON, B. C.

(52) **JULIUS EHRLICH, Manager.**

A Sitting of the County Court of Kootenay will be holden at NELSON on Tuesday, 2nd day of July, at KASLO, on Friday, 5th day of July, and at ROSSLAND, on Tuesday, 9th day of July, 1895.

T. H. GIFFIN,
Registrar of the Court.
NELSON, B. C., 14 May 1895. (149)

Notice of Application for Crown Grant.

TAKE Notice that A. B. Irwin, Agent for the Trail Mining Company, has filed the necessary papers, and made application for a Crown Grant in favor of the Mineral Claim "Columbia," situated in the Trail Creek Mining Division of West Kootenay.

Adverse Claimants, if any, must file their objections within sixty days from the date of this publication in the British Columbia Gazette.

N. FITZSTUBBS,
Gov't Agent.
Dated Nelson, B. C., 11th June, 1895. 151

LENZ & LEISER

—WHOLESALE—

DRY GOODS

Clothing, Gents' Furnishings, Etc.

We carry the largest stock in these lines west of Montreal and are therefore able to compete with any House in the Trade. 119

The Cassell Gold Extracting Co., Limited.

THE McARTHUR-FORREST PROCESS (Cyanide.)

Parties having rebellious GOLD and SILVER Ores for treatment and want ECONOMY combined with BIG EXTRACTIONS of the precious metals should send samples for mill tests and further enquiries as to full costs of treatment to the Experimental Works of the Company; addressed

W. PELLEW-HARVEY, F. C. S.
SUPERINTENDENT,
VANCOUVER, B. C. 126

P. O. box 69. Telephone

EDWARD APPLEWHAITE & CO.

S. E. corner Baker and Josephine streets,
NELSON, B. C.

REAL ESTATE, FINANCIAL AND INSURANCE AGENTS

Loans negotiated on Nelson property. Collections made. Conveyancing documents drawn up

Town Lots Lands and Mining Claims Handled on Commission.

Hudson's Bay Company,

BAKER STREET, NELSON.

Deals only in First-class Goods and Sells at the Lowest Price.

Just Received a Large Consignment of Imported and Domestic Cigars.

Special attention is directed to Good Cooking Butter at 15c. and Condensed Milk (October canning) 8 cans for $1.

"Fire Insurance Policy Act, 1893." As Amended by the "Fire Insurance Policy Amendment Act, 1895."

NOTICE is hereby given that His Honour the Lieutenant-Governor in Council has further postponed the commencement of "An Act to secure Uniform Conditions in Policies of Fire Insurance," from the 1st day of April, 1894, until the 1st day of July, 1895.

JAMES BAKER,
Provincial Secretary.

Provincial Secretary's Office,
28th February, 1895. (97)

W. A. JOWETT

MINING & REAL ESTATE BROKER

INSURANCE and ... COMMISSION AGENT.

VICTORIA ST., NELSON, B. C.

COLUMBIA & KOOTENAY STEAM NAV. CO.

(LIMITED)

TIME CARD No. 7.

In Effect Monday, April 29th, 1895.

REVELSTOKE ROUTE.—Steamer "Lytton."

Leaves Revelstoke, southbound, Tuesdays and Fridays at 1 a. m. for all points in West Kootenay and the south.

Leaves Robson, northbound, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 8 p. m. for all points east and west via the C. P. R.

NORTHPORT ROUTE.—Steamer "Lytton."

Leaves Northport, northbound, Wednesdays and Saturdays at 1 p. m.

Leaves Robson, southbound, Tuesdays and Fridays at 6 p. m.

Stages run in connection with steamer from Trail Creek Landing to Rossland.

KASLO ROUTE.—"Steamer Nelson."

Leaves Nelson for Kaslo, Tuesdays at 5.30 p. m., Wednesdays at 4 p. m., Thursdays at 5.30 p. m., Saturdays at 5.30 p. m. Connecting on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays with N. & F. S. Ry. for Kaslo and Lake points.

Leaves Kaslo for Nelson, Mondays at 4 a. m., Wednesdays at 4 a. m., Thursdays at 8 a. m., Fridays at 4 a. m. Connecting on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays with N. & F. S. Ry. for Spokane.

Close connections with Columbia & Kootenay Railway at Nelson for points north and south.

BONNER'S FERRY ROUTE.—Str. "Nelson."

Leaves Nelson for Bonner's Ferry, Mondays and Fridays at 8.00 a. m.

Leaves Kaslo for Bonner's Ferry, Mondays and Fridays at 4 a. m.

Leaves Bonner's Ferry for Pilot Bay, Nelson, Ainsworth and Kaslo on Tuesdays and Saturdays at 2 a. m.

Connects with east and westbound trains on the Great Northern Railway.

The right is reserved to change this schedule at any time without notice.

For tickets, rates, etc., apply at Company's office, Nelson.

T. ALLAN, Secretary. J. W. TROUP, Manager.

—TO—

Hunting, Survey, Prospecting

PARTIES AND OTHERS

THE NEW, FAST

STEAM LAUNCH "FLIRT"

Can be CHARTERED by day or week on reasonable terms. Orders sent trough the pursers of the steamboats Nelson or Ainsworth, with whom arrangements canbe made, or by mail or telegraph to C. W. Busk, Balfour, will receive prompt attention. (19)

Southern Division, District of West Kootenay.

NOTICE TO TAX PAYERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, in accordance with the Statutes, that Provincial Revenue Tax and all taxes levied under the "Assessment Act" are now due for the year 1895. All of the above named taxes, collectible within the Southern Division of the District of West Kootenay, are now payable at my office.

Assessed Taxes are collectible at the following rates, viz:—

If paid on or before June 30th, 1895—

One-half of one per cent. on real property.

Two per cent. on the assessed value of wild land.

One-third of one per cent. on personal property.

One-half of one per cent. on income.

If paid after June 30th, 1895—

Two-thirds of one per cent. on real property.

Two and one-half per cent. on the assessed value of wild land.

One half of one per cent. on personal property.

Three-fourths of one per cent. on income.

Provincial revenue tax, $3 for every male person over 18 years.

O. G. DENNIS,
Assessor and Collector.

Kaslo, January 26th, 1895 78

MINING.

R. C. CAMPBELL-JOHNSTON

of Swansea, India, and the United States

METALLURGIST, ASSAYER,

AND MINING ENGINEER

Properties reported on. All assays undertaken Furnaces and concentrating plants planned and erected. Treatment for ores given. Ores bought and sold. Box 40, Vancouver, B. C.

SPECIAL FOR 30 DAYS

SUITS, TWEED, FROM $27.00.
SUITS, FANCY WORSTED, $35.00 UP.
TROUSERS FROM $6.50 UP.
A LINE OF ENGLISH WHIPCORD, $10, USUAL PRICE $13. OVERCOATS IN PROPORTION.

FRED J. SQUIRE, Merchant Tailor.

COR. BAKER AND WARD STREETS. 90

OLD COUNTRY BOOT STORE.

SPECIAL TO MINERS AND PROSPECTORS.

Old Country Boots.

OF IMPERISHABLE LEATHER. WARRANTED DAMP PROOF.

JAMES FREEL

91 JOHNSON STREET, VICTORIA. 100

Put Your Best Foot Foremost

. . . . . and walk right into W. H. Graham's
. . . . . Boot Store on Baker Street, Nel-
. . . . . son, where you will find the Best
. . . . . Boots and Shoes and full lines
. . . . . of all the Spring Novelties at prices
. . . . . that cannot be beat. 110

Something Altogether New

The last lot of foot-wear just received at the P. O. Store.

Everything from the most delicate patent leather shoe to the heaviest

MINER'S BOOT.

The Stock of Light and Airy Headgear is rapidly being exhausted by our most prominent citizens. Be in time.

Pace's Best Brands of Tobacco, both cut and plug, fresh from the factory.

Flies and Fishing Tackle, Canvas Shoes.

CIGARS, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

A FINE LINE TO CHOOSE FROM.

GILKER & WELLS, NELSON AND PILOT BAY. 100

BRITISH COLUMBIA IRON WORKS

General Founders, Engineers, Boiler Makers, and Manufacturers of All Classes of Machinery. Sawmill and Marine Work a Specialty.

SOLE MANUFACTURERS OF THE

Kendall Band Mill, B. C. Shingle Machines, Steam Log Hauling Machines.

We keep in stock a full supply of Engineer and Mill Supplies, such as Pipe and Fittings Brass Goods, Sheet and other Packing Rubber Valves, Rubber and Leather Belting, Oils, and Lubricants, etc.

HOISTING ENGINES and SINKING PUMPS FOR MINES

Corner Alexander Street and Westminster Ave., VANCOUVER, B. C.

D. CARTMEL, Agent West Kootenay. **J. W. CAMPION,** Secretary-Treasurer. **J. E. W. MACFARLANE** Manager

SPRING SPORTING GOODS.

CRICKET BATS,
BALLS, WICKETS,
BATTING GLOVES
—AND—
LEG GUARDS.

Ayres' Lawn Tennis Nets, Balls & Rackets

Blue Rock Traps and Clay Pigeons.

Park's Golf Clubs and Silvertown Balls. Lally's Lacrosse Sticks.

IMMENSE VARIETY OF FISHING TACKLE.

Goods the Best. Prices the Lowest. Wholesale and Retail.

CHAS. E. TISDALL, - - - VANCOUVER.