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THE LEDGE

THE OLDEST MINING CAMP NEWSPAPER IN BRITISH COLUMBIA

VOL. XXIV. GREENWOOD, B. C., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 6, 1917. No. 21

53

DEC 10 1917

Make Home Attractive

BY FILLING IT WITH OUR

Substantial Furniture, Artistic Pictures, Soft Carpets, and Elegant Crockery

Plenty of Oils, Harware and Tinware in stock

MAIL ORDERS solicited from all points of the Compass

T. M. GULLEY & CO.

New location---Russell-Law Caulfield Building

PHONE 28 GREENWOOD, B. C.

MAKE NO

SPECIAL OFFER

BUT WILL GIVE YOU A

Square Deal ALL The Time

MY FRUIT CAKES ARE READY

Pantry Queen Flour ADVERTISES ITSELF

Sales More Than Doubled This Month

Wm. C. ARTHURS, GREENWOOD CITY BAKERY FLOUR AND FEED STORE

Windsor Hotel

Greenwood, B.C.

The Windsor Hotel is one of the oldest and most comfortable hotels in the red metal metropolis. It is located in the heart of the city, and convenient to all business houses. Heated with steam and electricity. Fine sample rooms. Many of the bedrooms contain electric heaters. The bar is replete with modern beverages. Hot coffee, sandwiches, and light lunches always ready. Touch the wire if you want rooms reserved.

P. BURNS & CO.

Dealers in Fresh and Salt Meats, Fish and Poultry. Shops in nearly all the towns of the Boundary and Kootenay.

COPPER STREET, GREENWOOD, B.C.

The Consolidated Mining & Smelting Co.

of Canada, Limited

Offices, Smelting and Refining Department

TRAIL, BRITISH COLUMBIA

SMELTERS AND REFINERS

Purchasers of Gold, Silver, Copper, Lead and Zinc Ores

TADANAC BRAND PIG LEAD, BLUESTONE, COPPER AND SPELTER

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

SIR EDMUND WALKER, C.V.O., LL.D. D.C.L., President

JOHN AIRD, General Manager. H. V. F. JONES, Ass't General Manager

CAPITAL, $15,000,000 RESERVE FUND, $13,500,000

BANKING BY MAIL

Accounts may be opened at every branch of The Canadian Bank of Commerce to be operated by mail, and will receive the same careful attention as is given to all other departments of the Bank's business. Money may be deposited or withdrawn in this way as satisfactorily as by a personal visit to the Bank. 853

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT

H. C. LUCAS, Manager

"STORE OF QUALITY"

ORDER YOUR

Christmas Groceries

EARLY

CHOICE GOODS IN ALL LINES

J. G. McMYNN

MIDWAY - - B.C.

H. McKEE

GREENWOOD

COAL AND WOOD

AGENT FOR

LETHBRIDGE COAL

CHRISTMAS is COMING

You want the best in

Cigars, Tobaccos, Gum AND **Chocolates**

GANONG'S FANCY BOXES

At Popular Prices

O. K. CIGAR STORE

R. J. MUIR, - - PROP.

Christian Science service will be held in the MELLOR BLOCK on Sunday at 11 a. m. All welcome. Every Wednesday at 8 p. m., testimonial meetings will be held in the same block. Sunday School every Sunday morning.

MATTHEWS BROS.

GRAND FORKS

Agents for Chevrolet, Dodge, Hudson, Chalmers, Cadillac cars, and Republic truck motors. Garage in connection.

D. R. McELMON

WATCHMAKER and JEWELER

PIPES REPAIRED

Spectacles For Sale and Repaired.

WANTS, ETC.

FOR SALE.—Several Choice Books. Ledge office.

FOR SALE.—A first-class letter press for $3. Apply at The Ledge office.

One on Father

Willie, your master's report of your work is very bad. Do you know that when Woodrow Wilson was your age he was head of the school?"

"Yes, pa; and when he was your age he was President of the United States."

Lieut. O. R. Matthews is steadily improving in health since he returned from France. He is now attached to the clerical staff of the smelter.

Mike Mitchell, the hockey player, recently died in a London hospital from wounds received in France. He was only 24 years old, and a colonel in the Canadian army. He played hockey for Phoenix in 1912.

The Canada Copper Corporation shipped 3 carloads of copper this week to New Jersey, and have two other carloads awaiting shipment. A second furnace will be blown in, which will be run for a short time.

The British Columbia Telephone company inaugerated a new system of management at the local exchange on Dec. 1st. Miss Edith Sinclair, of Nelson, has been appointed agent, while J. Gibson who has been manager will have charge of the plant work here.

Around Home

Harry Bryan is visiting the coast cities.

G. W. Blakemore is spending a few days at the coast.

A J. Morrison is working the Providence mine under lease.

J. A. Miller was arrested on Monday on a charge of theft.

Buy a box of cigars for Christmas at the O. K Cigar Store.

Buy your flour at Lee & Bryans, and reduce the cost of living.

Neil Robertson has returned to town much improved in health.

Some choice books for sale at The Ledge office, at ante-bellum prices.

Little boys three piece all wool suits in tan, khaki and navy at Rendell's.

Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Mesker of Midway will spend the winter in California.

Bob Dempster is working in a logging camp, two miles from Rock Creek.

In Princeton last week the wife of Captain McMann was seriously ill.

Miss Anderson, of Kettle Valley, is attending the Greenwood High School.

The subscription to the Victory War Loan in Greenwood amounted to $69,700.

Joe Livett and Harold Henderson of Grand Forks, have cashed in at the front.

Useful Presents. Beautiful Presents, Appropriate Presents. Coles Book Store.

R. W. Hinton, manager of the Nelson Iron Works, Nelson, was in town this week.

Diamond drilling operations have been suspended at the Nickle Plate, near Hedley.

The office of the Electric Light company will be open from 2 to 5 p. m. daily as usual.

Everything for the Christmas cake and pudding, including pure apple cider at Rendell's.

Last Friday more than $600 was realized at the Red Cross Bazaar and Dance in Rock Creek.

Fancy Bags in Roman stripe effects and solid colors. Ladies ties in all colors. Rendell's store.

Fred Kittner of Paulsen has been committed for trial at Grand Forks, upon a charge of sedition.

Cpl. L. J. Pacey, of Greenwood, was listed in the casualties on Saturday, as killed in action.

Roy Connor is in the St. Paul's hospital at Vancouver, recovering from an attack of rheumatic fever.

The Canada Copper Co. is finding it difficult, to procure cars to transport their copper to New Jersey.

The ranchers in this district are selling their cattle, owing to the high cost of feed during the winter.

Val Haynes does not have to use his spurs very much. He now rides an auto instead of a broncho.

Sergt. J A. Brown of Keremeos has returned from France. He will be a drill instructor in Winnipeg.

J. H. Goodeve received a telegram Tuesday, stating that his brother Herbert died in Coleman on Monday.

George White is developing the claims he recently staked at Floyd's ranch. They run high in silver ore.

Donald Smith, of the Educational Department office, Victoria, has enlisted in the Flying corps, and is now in Toronto.

A copy of Float makes a desirable present to send a friend for Christmas. They are obtainable at The Ledge for 25 cents a copy.

The Ladies of the Red Cross will give a Grand Masquerade Ball on New Year's night. Every one keep the date in mind, January 1st, 1918, and get your Masquerade Dreses and Suits ready.

D. W. Higgins died in Victoria last Friday, aged 83 years. He was the oldest newspaperman on the coast, and a famous pioneer.

A Beautiful Display of Holiday Goods is now ready and awaiting your inspection. Coles Book Store.

Dr. Kingston expects that the smallpox epidemic in Grand Forks will be over by Christmas. It has caused no deaths, and is a very mild form.

Matthews & Peterson, Grand Forks, have a 2½ ton auto truck for hauling ore and heavy articles. Interview them if you have ore to haul.

Spend all next Wednesday afternoon at the Star Theatre and enjoy yourself at St. Jude's Sale of Work, Concert and Dance. Refreshments all day.

Wm. Jenks shot two fine deer on the hill behind the Providence mine, this week. They were bucks and an unusual thing about them were that they had shed their horns.

A. A. Frechette is in Vancouver, superintending for the C. P. R. the construction of several experimental cattle guards, a recent invention of his that the C.P.R. is giving a trial.

For a short time only Lee & Bryan will sell Robin Hood, Royal Household, and Purity flour at $5.75 per 98, or $2.90 for 49 pounds sack; also Glenora at $5 and $2.50 respectively.

Dr. Wood operated on George Hallett last Saturday for appendicitis, and on Monday he performed a similar operation upon Gordon McLaren of Deadwood. Both patients are doing well.

Buy a home for Christmas. $1800 buys the best home in the town formerly known as the McMynn place. For particulars apply to the owner Mrs. M. E. White, 1003 O.N.B.B., Spokane, Wash.

Many thanks to all the Ladies who so generously gave to the collection of jams, fruit and pickles which have been sent to the Sanitarium at Balfour, over 100 jars in all; also the Ladies of the Red cross, wish to thank Mr. Clark for his assistance in packing same.

Bill Douglas, was found dead in his tent at Westbridge last Thursday. He was about 55 years of age, and often boasted that he had lived for seven months upon $28 worth of mush and macaroni. The coroners inquest showed pneumonia as the cause of death. The deceased was not properly fed, although he had $700 in the bank. He was buried at Greenwood on Monday.

Bob Pritchard has returned to Princeton from the war, weighing 185 pounds. He was knocked out in one round by the explosion of a German shell at Vimy Ridge, about two hours after he went over the top. He had a wonderful escape from death, and still has some shrapnel in his right thigh, as the surgeons did not deem it advisable to cut it out, owing to the proximity of an artery. Bob is glad to get back, and his many friends are glad to see him alive, and proud of his heroic work on the battle hills of fair France.

Bart Ingram and his son Sherlock are with a Forestry battalion near the front in France. Sherlock says that he is swinging an axe ten hours a day, within a mile of the first firing line Every clear minute of the day the airmen are fighting over their heads. He says that chopping timber with steel helmets on is hard on the head. Bart says they are having fine weather as it had not rained or snowed for half an hour. One Sunday Bart and young Arnold of Nelson walked seven miles to a village, where they got six eggs, coffee and black bread for seven franc ($1.40.) It was the first time since leaving Nelson that they had tasted eggs or coffee.

Western Float

Cut your rations down, and help win the war.

Potatoes are $25 a ton in New Westminster.

The postoffice at Three Forks has been closed.

The season is still open for Germans in France.

At Camborne two shifts are working at the Spider mine.

The closing of the Trail smelter was welcome news in Germany.

Mrs. J. T. Tipping died in Slocan City last week, aged 59 years.

On Seymour Arm the hunters are getting a few mountain sheep.

Wm. McKinnon, formerly of Rossland, has joined a flying corps.

Several men have been recently arrested for jumping board bills at Trail.

A. S. Goodeve formerly of Rossland, has lost two sons already in France.

Harry Williams, formerly of Revelstoke, was killed in France last August.

Pte. W. C. Davis of Chilliwack has been killed at the front. He was 19 years old.

Looks as though many of the labor troubles in America were the work of German plotters.

Dave Clark, formerly of Pilot Bay and Fernie, has made a fortune ranching in Alberta.

A Slav at Fernie, was fined $75, for having three bottles of whiskey in his possession unlawfully.

Two dealers in Kamloops, were recently fined $5 for selling milk that was below the standard.

Joe Welch, said to be insane, recently killed a man named Hall, in a Bull River logging camp.

T. J. Corwin has taken a bond, on the Mary Reynolds group of mineral claims, in the Stump lake district.

George W. Runnels died at Tonasket, Wash., last month. He was the oldest pioneer in that section of the state.

Robert Grieger, formerly of Greenwood and Oroville is now running a moving picture show in Redding, California.

The present is no time for industrial troubles. The government should see that all men work, and receive good wages.

The Phoenix Miners' Union has given notice, that it will not patronize business men who do not put up for the Patriotic Fund.

At Ottawa a civil service man, named Morris, was given two years in the pen, for not registering under the Military Service Act.

At Beaton, Gus Fraser was killed by an explosion of powder at the government powder house last month. He was postmaster and road superintendent at Beaton.

It is 26 years ago this month since Bill Hunter, and 21 other trail blazers founded Eldorado City in the Slocan, now known as New Denver, one of the most beautiful towns in the world.

While hunting near 150 Mile House a boy named Edwards mistook his brother for a deer, and shot him dead. He then through fear or remorse killed himself with a shot from his rifle.

The distillers in Canada are prohibited from making liquor, from grain, or anything that can be used as food. Might try sawdust, tin cans, junk, seaweed, etc. You know that whiskey can be made out of most nearly everything, provided you are an expert in the business.

J. J. Warren of the Trail smelter states that the men broke faith with the company, and violated their agreement when they went on strike. He states that through the conspiracy of four or five agitators, 6,000 men have been thrown out of work, directly and indirectly. This means a loss of $24,000 a day in wages, and will make Kootenay look like a country cemetery, until the strike is settled.

Greenwood Public Schools November Report

DIVISION I

No. in actual attendance,	22
No. daily present	20

Perfect Attendance: Ruth Mary Anderson, Ruth Axam, Daisie Axam, Ada Elizabeth Beattie, Cyril John Eales, May Gibson, Garibaldi Intilla, Robert Jenks, James Allen Lane, Irene Stuart McIntosh, Roderick McLeod, Sanford Grey Pond, Rose Jane Westcott, Roderick McIntosh, Ena Potts, Ivor Potts.

Class standing as determined by monthly examination:

Entrance: Cyril John Eales, Ruth Axam, Ethel Lane, Ada Elizabeth Beattie, May Gibson, Roderick McLeod, Ethel Pond.

Intermediate Reader IV: Bernice Noel McKay, Daisie Axam.

Junior Reader IV: Robert Jenks, Irene Stewart McIntosh and Ena Potts (equal), Ivor Potts, Roderick Mackintosh, Sanford G. Pond, Rose Jane Wescott, James Allen Lane. Ruth Mary Anderaon, Ethel Nancy Parker, Gari Intilla.

The following pupils made the grading requirement of 55 per cent with no subject below 34 per cent.:

Cyril John Eales, Ruth Axam, Robert Jenks, Irene Stuart McIntosh, Ena Potts, Ivor Potts, Roderick MacIntosh, James Allen Lane.

DIVISION II

No. of prescribed school-days	22
Days school was in session	22
No. of pupils actually attending	31
Total actual attendance	641.5
Average actual attendance	29.15
Percentage	94.03

Perfect attendance: Mabel Axam, Selma Benson, Beatrice Dimmick, Gertrude Dixon, Russell Eustis, Edward Henderson, Gordon Jenks, May Keady, Gabrielle Legault, Frank Maslonka, William McLeod, Frank Schindler, Gertrude Schindler, Evelyn Tye, Margaret Westcott, Walter Hardie, Sylvia Price.

Proficiency list.

Senior III: Evelyn Tye, Selma Benson.

Junior III A: Gordon Jenks, Francis Lachmund.

Junior III B: Agda Carlson, Samuel Eustis.

Senior II: Gabrielle Legault, Edward Henderson.

DIVISION III

No. in actual attendance	32
No. daily present	30.72
Percentage	95.99

Perfect attendance: Ethel Benson, Bessie Bidder, Jack Bryan, Myrtle Dixon, Lloyd Eustis, Ruby Goodeve, Cecelia Hullstrum, Jack Jory, Lloyd Lane, Mary Longworth, Edna Matthews, John McDonnell, Tillie McDonnell, Joan Kathleen MacLeod, Gertrude Nelson, Alfred Oliver, Evelyn Parker, Florence Schindler, Ruth Stuart, William Wilson, Ernest Wyder, John Wyder.

Highest standing in class.

II Reader Jr.: Mary Longworth, Alfred Oliver, Ernest Wyder.

I Reader: Donald Lachmund, Edwina Smith, Phyllis Eales.

II Primer: Ruby Goodeve, Florence Schindler, Cecelia Hullstrum.

I Primer: Ethel Benson, Joan Kathleen MacLeod.

Receiving Class: Gertrude Nelson, Jack Jory, Edward Johnson.

Just Ordinary Weapons

Judge—Describe what passed between you and your wife.

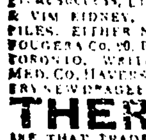
Witness—The plates and dinner cups were regular dinner size your honor.

Scientifically prepared. Pleasing flavor.

Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco

Is the worlds best chew.
"It is the most economical chew."

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No.1. No.2. No.3.
THERAPION Used in French Hospitals with great success, cures chronic weakness, lost vigor & vim, kidney, bladder, diseases, blood poison, piles. Either No. druggists or mail $1. post 4 cts Fougera Co. 90, Beekman St. New York or Lyman Bros Toronto. Write for FREE book to Dr. Le Clerc Med. Co. Haverstock Rd. Hampstead, London, Eng. Try new dragee (tasteless) form of easy to take
THERAPION safe and lasting cure.
See that trade marked word 'THERAPION' is on Brit. Govt. stamp affixed to all genuine packets.


Wood's Phosphodine. The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins, Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory. Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. New pamphlet mailed free. THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

The Heart of a Piano is the Action. Insist on the

Otto Higel Piano Action

MONEY ORDERS

Send a Dominion Express Money Order. They are payable everywhere.

The Peace Mask

Trying to Confuse the Minds of the People on the Real Issues

Wilhelmstrasse may deny that it has indirectly communicated its peace offers to the United States or has sent any trial balloons in this direction. It is, however, sending them out in the well-drilled German press. They are trial balloons, but not peace offers. Their purpose is not to affect the judgment or the actions of the government of the United States, but to confuse the minds of the people of the United States and of the other allies as well. The German government must know by this time that it cannot bribe or wheedle the enemy governments. It still thinks it can fool the enemy peoples.—New York Times.

New York Tribune: You can't persuade a nation, however clever you may be, habitually to endure the things that Germany has made people of all nations temporarily endure. German diplomacy is neither better nor worse than the diplomacy of any other country. An impossible task has been set for it and it has failed. But the failure should be charged against those who set the task. It is the whole of Germanism not a detail, which is responsible and must be held responsible.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, etc.

Agricultural Training

Winter Agricultural Courses Liked by Farm Lads

A large enrollment of students is expected at the College of Agriculture of the University of Saskatchewan this year. Greater interest is being shown in the associate course than has ever been shown before, and parents seem to be making a special effort to get their boys of 16 and 18 years old into this course. It gives farm lads five months of practical training during the winter months, beginning after the busiest farm work has been completed, and ending just before the spring work begins. Similar courses are being conducted with much success in Alberta and Manitoba, and are proving very popular with farm lads.

Nature's Way Is Best

Nature's laxative is bile. If your liver is sending the bile on its way as it should, you'll never be constipated.

Keep the liver tuned right up to its work.

Take one pill regularly (more only if necessary) until your bowels act regularly, freely, naturally.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

Genuine bears Signature

Brentwood

Colorless faces often show the absence of Iron in the blood.

Carter's Iron Pills will help this condition.

Tricks of the Air

How the Anti-Aircraft Guns Get the Range

A pilot flying over the lines uses all sorts of tricks to deceive the watchers below. Under normal circumstances they can tell his height to a few feet, and will show, too, that they know it by the way they send up the bursts of "Archie" (anti-aircraft gun). Indeed, no matter *whether you cross the lines one day* at 8,000 ft. and another at 10,000 ft. and another at 14,000 ft., so sure as you get within range there are the six slowly widening rings of smoke at your level—a few feet ahead or behind or all around you. Hun "Archies" are generally grouped in sixes; and though their chief object is barrage and annoyance, men have been brought down by "sighters" and by direct hits at 15,000 ft. from one of those fatal sixes.

The "Archie" gunner judges height by measuring the apparent size of the machine's wings as it flies above. He knows every machine at a glance at 10,000 yards distance and farther. He gets plenty of practice. He knows the measurements of every machine and its speed and can allow for it. The Hun "Archie" gunner has reason to be peculiarly efficient—he gets so much practice.

CUTICURA HEALS ITCHY PIMPLES

On Face. Badly Disfigured. Used 2 Boxes Ointment and 3 Cakes Soap.

"I had a bad itchy lot of pimples on my face which made it badly disfigured. They were inflamed and came to a head, and I could tear my skin as soon as a little heat came near them. I could hardly sleep.

"When I saw Cuticura Soap and Ointment advertised I sent for a free sample which did so much good that I bought more, and I used two boxes of Cuticura Ointment and three cakes of Cuticura Soap when I was healed." (Signed) Miss Bertha Nilsson, Stockholm, Sask.

If you have a good complexion keep it so by using Cuticura Soap daily and Cuticura Ointment occasionally.

For Free Sample Each by Mail address post-card: "Cuticura, Dept. A, Boston, U. S. A." Sold everywhere.

Great Natural Resource

Discovery of Potash at Weyburn to Be at Once Developed

Chief Engineer Wagemann, of the Saskatchewan Development Company which is the concern behind the potash discovery in the vicinity of Weyburn, has selected the location for the first boring. This will be about one and a half miles northwest of Ralph and the plant is now being assembled there.

A large building will be erected to house the drill and work will go forward with night and day shifts throughout the winter. The engineers are quite optimistic regarding the outcome of their work, expressing the opinion that an extensive deposit of potash will be located and that a large industry will result.

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Canadian Flax Straw

Useful as Basis for Paper Industry, Expert Finds

The Canadian Pacific Railway company have not waited for the government's Commissioner Arthur D. Little, a paper mill chemist of Boston, to investigate the problem of making paper from flax straw. He has demonstrated the feasibility of this special industry in a preliminary report to the company. He shows that straw board can be made cheaply, and that a sort of straw lumber, suitable for walls and partitions in houses might be produced at a price as low as $5 or $6 a ton. He is not enthusiastic as to the manufacture of linen, for the reasons already mentioned, which are appreciated by those who have had the longest experience in this industry, but as a paper-making material flax fibre has without doubt a great future.

Samples Mr. Little has sent to United States paper mills—which produce fine linen papers, including paper specially made for printing bank notes—have been very favorably reported on, and these manufacturers are prepared to follow up these experiments. The strength, quality and color of these samples are very satisfactory, and it may be added that prices for such fine papers range from $150 to $200 a ton, while in normal times, before the war, the prices were from $100 to $140 or more per ton.

Given favorable transportation rates the utilization of flax straw in the Canadian West would not only [illegible] a new source of income for the prairie farmers, where for the last thirty years there has been a lamentable loss, but it would mean a [illegible] industry based [illegible] and giving [illegible] and wide range and variety to the paper export trade, which it could not attain in any other way.

Women Slavery in Germany

German Kultur Reflected in the Manner in Which Women are Treated

When the war broke out, the Reichstag, with characteristic disregard for the humanity of its Kultur in relation to women labor, gave power to then chancellor, Bethmann von Hollweg, to suspend all factory laws and industrial orders-in-council if the demands of the war lords made such action imperative. While France and Britain adopted the reverse policy, and strengthened their factory laws and multiplied the number of inspectors to enforce their administration, Germany has exceeded its legislative order in the most brutal fashion. The working hours of 36 per cent. of the women are 54 hours in the week, while 66 per cent. work over 60 hours weekly. In many cases it is found that women put in 75 to 84 hours in the week! The shift workers in some cases work 17 to 24 hours at a stretch. Concerning those engaged in Silesia an official report states: "Same cloak room accommodation for men and women; no opportunities to wash themselves; and the women are hollow-cheeked, their eyes sunken and apathetic." In Krupp's works at Essen: "There is no ventilation. The women had to lay on the driving-belts themselves, which is dangerous on account of their clothes. Workwomen are often carried out of the factories unconscious." The description of the cloakrooms are quite unquotable.

A PERFECT MEDICINE FOR LITTLE ONES

Baby's Own Tablets are a perfect medicine for little ones. They regulate the bowels; sweeten the stomach thus drive out constipation, indigestion, break up colds and simple fevers and make teething easy. Concerning them Mrs. John Babineau, Brest, N.B., writes: "I have used Baby's Own Tablets and have found them a perfect medicine for little ones." The Tablets are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Helping the Farmer

First Loans Made Under Saskatchewan Farm Loans Act

The first loans made under the Saskatchewan Farm Loans Act have just been granted. One amounted to $3,000 and was made to a farmer living in the vicinity of Regina, Saskatchewan, on a thirty-year basis at 6 1-2 per cent. interest, and the yearly payment will be $229.74. The check for this loan and for another amounting to $1,700 were the first to be mailed. The act came into force on May 1 and 1,400 applications for loans, totalling $2,400,000, have been received since that date. Of this amount about $375,000 has been recommended already. The smallest loan requested so far is for $300 and the largest for $10,000, which has been recommended.

The act provides for the lending of money to agriculturists on the security of first mortgage on farm lands, and the money must be expended on the improvement or development of the property, or to meet liabilities previously incurred for these purposes, or with the approval of the board, for the acquisition of land. Loans must not exceed fifty per cent. of the board's valuation of the property offered as security, and are repayable on annual instalments. The rate of interest is fixed by the board, which consists of a commissioner and two other members with headquarters at Regina, Saskatchewan.

One of the commonest complaints of infants is worms, and the most effective application for them is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

A Big Increase

Exportation of Pulp from Canada Last Year Showed an Increase of Twenty-eight per cent.

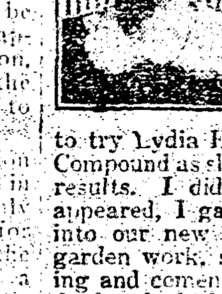
The forestry branch of the department of the interior, Ottawa, has just issued the annual bulletin on the manufacture of pulpwood. The total value of the pulpwood made into pulp in Canada and exported for manufacture elsewhere in 1916 was nearly $20,000,000, which represents an increase of over 28 per cent. as compared with 1915. The proportion of pulpwood manufactured into pulp in Canada compared with that exported in the raw state is steadily increasing. These and other particulars of this important industry are set out in the bulletin which may be had free by any citizen interested by addressing the director of forestry, Ottawa, and asking for the Pulpwood Bulletin for 1916.

CLIMBED STAIRS ON HER HANDS

Too Ill to Walk Upright. Operation Advised. Saved by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

This woman now raises chickens and does manual labor. Read her story:

Richmond, Ind.—"For two years I was so sick and weak with troubles from my age that when going up stairs I had to go very slowly with my hands on the steps, then sit down at the top to rest. The doctor said he thought I should have an operation, and my friends thought I would not live to move into our new house. My daughter asked me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as she had taken it with good results. I did so, my weakness disappeared, I gained in strength, moved into our new home, did all kinds of garden work, shoveled dirt, did building and cement work, and raised hundreds of chickens and ducks. I cannot say enough in praise of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and if these facts are useful you may publish them for the benefit of other women."—Mrs. M. O. JOHNSTON, Route D, Box 190, Richmond, Ind.



ZAM-BUK

Purely Herbal—No poisonous coloring
Antiseptic—Stops blood-poison
Soothing—Ends pain and smarting, etc.
Pure—Best for baby's rashes.
Heals all sores.

50c. box. All Druggists and Stores

Amazing Exploits

The Indelible Record of the Canadian Forces in Flanders

If Alfred Tennyson could appear in the flesh today, he who wrote the deservedly famous poetic description of the "Charge of the Light Brigade," at Balaclava, wherein was recited the lamentable fate of the "Six Hundred," when cannon to the right of them and cannon to the left of them volleyed and thundred, "theirs not to reason why, theirs but to do or die," he would give his finest genius for poetic composition to the amazing exploits of the Canadian soldiery at the front in France.

No matter what the bravery that has been exhibited by all of the belligerents on all sides of the war, the deadly accomplishments in action in this deadliest, most murderous, of wars, marks the bravery of our neighbors just beyond an invisible border line to the north of us as something to be celebrated in history and in song.

That lyric, dramatic and tragical, of the death of the Six Hundred is immortal, but who shall tell the far finer story of the tragical drama of the Canadians in the region of Lens and elsewhere, when thousands were sent to the Arcadia of glory in defence of liberty and democracy theirs knowing the reason why, but willing to do and die?

The war is a ghastly factor, making for or against a vaster civilization, and warriors must fight to kill and not to make affectionate embraces. Fighting for the killing, nothing has been finer than the killing and the acceptance of killing, than the indelible record of Canadian forces which at once filled in the gaps of the slaughtered ranks with other thousands ready for slaughter.

Some laureate indigenous to Canadian soil may be inspired to celebrate them in song, to be crowned with the Maple Leaf, the emblem of Canada, instead of the appointed artificial laurels conferred by British loyalty from Geoffrey Chaucer to the rather inert Robert Bridges, the "laureate" of this day; but it is to be hoped that the hitherto "mute inglorious Milton" of Canada will have the poetic imagination, possibly Bliss Carman, of New Brunswick birth, and the most notable of American lyric poets of the period.

Kipling, the apostle of the barracks; Bridges, of a depth that has not been sounded; William Dean Howells, the dear American poet of sweetness and light, and all the others of the real rhymesters, seem to be awed into the Lotus-land of the inexpressive, but who can doubt that the splendor of the fighting of the Canadians at Lens will not be celebrated in undying poetry as the Iliad of Homer?—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Canada's Indians In the Great War

Men From the Far North Who are Among the Heroes in France

They call him "Tommy Atkins" whether he comes from the north, east, south or west, as soon as he joins the British army.

Much has been written about the different nationalities who have gone to the battle lines to fight for the British empire in this great European war, and who have fought so valiantly and well, but there is one race of people of whom little has been told who are fighting with their heart and soul to bring an ultimate victory to Britain's arms. He is the Canadian Indian.

When the call came for men from Canada to go over and help the old land, men in all stations in life from the richest to the poorest responded quickly at the call and none responded more quickly than the Indian. From Halifax to Nootka Sound they came forward and offered themselves.

From the plains, forest and mountain they came, and from the far reaches of the northland, as soon as the news of the big conflict reached them. Silent, taciturn men were they who took this business of fighting for Canada in a serious manner. Men of few words and whose purpose was as high as any man who donned the khaki. The sacrifice was great for these *men for the ways of the white* man were strange to many of them. Scores of them who have gone across the water never saw a city, or train or an automobile until they came to the city to go into training. This applies to the Indians of Northern Ontario, Northern Saskatchewan, Northern Alberta and Northern British Columbia. The only civilization they had seen was at some Hudson's Bay or Revillian trading post. Told by the missionaries and traders that Canada needed men they laid aside their traps, beached their canoes and folding their blankets came to the nearest recruiting station and signed up, many of them coming hundreds of miles with the hardest kind of travelling to accomplish this.

And they fitted in fine. No better men could be found for the Inland Water transport, for they are experts with an axe and with a boat, and in the forestry department they were indispensable. For scouting purposes there were none better, with eyes like an eagle and ears like a fox they were the ideal men for this purpose. When the war is over many stories will be told of the marvellous work of the Indians in scouting at the front.

A large number of Indians went from the reservations in Manitoba to fight in Flanders. They came from Norway House, from Fisher River, Brokenhead and File Hills reserves, and from meagre reports from the front they are holding their end up in splendid style.

Wool Industry Grows

That Canada is doing her share in keeping up the wool supply of the world is shown by figures from Ontario. As a result of efforts to extend sheep raising, it is expected that next year one hundred thousand pounds of wool will be handled in Ontario alone.

Japanese Airplanes

A sidelight on the resourcefulness of the Japanese mind to improve upon the American inventor has eked out of some correspondence that has been published in England. The Japanese are manufacturing airplanes at Osaka that will give the Germans a shake up should they attempt to put on the yoke to the Russian neck east of Petrograd. The company started with a capital of 300,000 yen, now they can obtain more capital than they require. If rumor may be relied upon, there are 10,000 young Japanese, mostly of the student class, training night and day for the inauguration of a great aerial surprise.

WIRE CUTS

on Horses, Cattle, &c, quickly cured by
EGYPTIAN LINIMENT
For Sale by All Dealers
Douglas & Co., Prop'rs, Napanee, Ont.
(Free Sample on Request)

Murder on the High Seas

A U.S. Consul on the U-Boat Barbarism

Wesley Frost, for some years the consul of the United States at Queenstown, Ireland, was entertained by the Cleveland chamber of commerce recently, and in the course of some remarks on his experiences while consul declared that to his personal knowledge "ten thousand men, women and children have been killed by German submarines.

"Every month sees losses equal to those of the Lusitania horror," he said. "At this moment the poor fellows from two to three vessels are fighting for breath. The ocean south of Ireland is the most crowded highway of commerce in the world. On a fine day I have seen merchant ships in all directions like a vast parade. As consul at Queenstown for three years ended last June, I reported to our government upon the destruction by submarine of 81 different ships carrying American citizens. I collected at first hand this evidence, verified it, and placed it in legal form.

"The witnesses usually came to the consulate straight from the sea, with the cries of perishing comrades ringing in their ears. Their statements were carefully checked against one another and against the depositions of surviving officers. I am not here to implant any opinions about the submarine campaign, but to give you facts for forming opinions of your own."

ANY CORN LIFTS OUT, DOESN'T HURT A BIT

No foolishness! Lift your corns and calluses off with fingers —It's like magic!

Sore corns, hard corns, soft corns or any kind of a corn, can harmlessly be lifted right out with the fingers if you apply upon the corn a few drops of freezone, says a Cincinnati authority.

For little cost one can get a small bottle of freezone at any drug store, which will positively rid one's feet of every corn or callus without pain.

This simple drug dries the moment it is applied and does not even irritate the surrounding skin while applying it or afterwards.

This announcement will interest many of our readers. If your druggist hasn't any freezone tell him to surely get a small bottle for you from his wholesale drug house.

Fine Words of a Chief Justice

Head of the Supreme Court of North Dakota Aroused Enthusiasm of American Lawyers

At the dinner of the American Bar Association at Saratoga Springs, N.Y., recently, at which Elihu Root was the guest of honor, and at which Gaston deLeval, of Belgium, Edith Cavell's counsel, also spoke, Chief Justice Andrew A. Bruce, of the Supreme Court of North Dakota, aroused the enthusiasm of the lawyers when he said:

"I speak from the viewpoint of the foreign born. I, and millions of others like me, came to this country alone, without money and without friends. We sponged on all that America had—her free lands, her free schools, and, above all, her spirit of open-hearted comradeship. She owed us nothing, but she gave us all. We swore allegiance to her flag, her constitution and her laws. We would be recreants, ingrates, perjurers and curs if, in the hour of her need, we counselled with her enemies and were disloyal to her cause."

Chief Justice Bruce is a native of India, his father having been a Scotsman and an officer in the British army. It was while lecturing on law in the University of Fargo, N. D., that he was chosen for the high honor of Chief Justice of the State, a position he is well qualified to fill.

Militarism and Business

No one loves big business, perhaps, here at home. May the democracies of the world be saved, however, from a big business that has Hohenzollerns on the one hand and Hindenburgs on the other hand to promote its plans and underwrite its *schemes of conquest.—Springfield* Republican.

COPENHAGEN CHEWING TOBACCO

One of the reasons why Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco is becoming more and more popular is, because it does not attract attention in the mouth.

It is not chewed; on the contrary, a small pinch is placed in the mouth between the lower lip and gum.

This gives complete satisfaction without chewing, and leaves a pleasant, cool after-taste.

Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco is scientifically prepared, of the best old, ripe, high flavored leaf tobacco.

It is in the form of small grains, and being very rich, only a small quantity should be placed in the mouth.

"It's the most economical chew".

BOVRIL

Repels Colds, Chills, and Influenza.

Intercontinental Food Control

Baron Rhondda Says Profiteering Must Be Wiped Out

Baron Rhondda has issued a statement explaining Great Britain's plans for food control.

Food regulations in Great Britain are much more drastic than those on this side of the Atlantic. Nevertheless they are voluntarily, not compulsorily, observed by householders and others. "If voluntary measures fail," says Lord Rhondda, "I shall have no compunction in putting the nation on compulsory ration." This crisply defines the spirit of Great Britain. Self-restraint and self-sacrifice are the keynotes of the nation's attitude. Men, women and children are proud to do their part in saving food and in increasing production. In both directions the national effort is sustained at a supremely high pitch.

Baron Rhondda, through the food administrator of the United States and the food controller for Canada, has called upon both these countries to rise to the occasion. That call must meet prompt and full response. Should Canadians fail to emulate Great Britain then all the sacrifice, all the devotion of Great Britain's people will have gone for naught. It remains for Canadians to make effective the efforts of the Old Country.

The whole of Baron Rhondda's message is significant. That he depends upon Canadians is evident. In effect he says:

Price-fixing must be international and intercontinental. This means a readjustment of international and intercontinental trade relations. Each country must of necessity regard the others as partners and refrain from acting except with reference to them. Mr. Hoover, Mr. Hanna and I have been made responsible for food control in our respective countries. Food control in each must be adjusted to the requirements of all. Therefore we must work together to accomplish our ends. Our people will have reason to know that profiteering will be wiped out—that it is now fast disappearing—and that where high prices continue to exist they are to be attributed to war conditions.

Comprehensive plans have been developed whereby all international purchases of necessary foodstuffs are to be pooled and proportionately allocated to Great Britain and her allies. All such contract prices are to be strictly regulated. "Unless prices are fair," Lord Rhondda asserts, "an unnecessary burden is placed upon the backs of the allied governments and consumers, American and Canadian taxpayers, and reactively on every food consumer in America for the sole benefit of a small section of the community."

It is only with Canada's unstinted help that Baron Rhondda's plans can be brought to fruition.

"The world-peril is not the submarine," says the British food controller, "but diminishing harvests and lessening herds."

Paper Money of Recent Origin

Paper money has never in England's history been unnegotiable, as is the case of paper money in many parts of Germany today. Paper money was first introduced in London in the year 1694, when the Bank of England was founded.

The Last Asthma Attack may really be the last one if prompt measures are taken. Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy will safeguard you. It will penetrate to the smallest bronchial passage and bring about a healthy condition. It always relieves and its continued use often effects a permanent cure. Why not get this long-famous remedy today and commence its use? Inhaled as smoke or vapor it is equally effective.

Trash Makes Fires

Every Accumulation of Trash Is a Constant Menace

A pile of trash that has been lying around all season is usually as dry as tinder. A spark and a little breeze are all that is necessary to start trouble.

A spark, however, is not always necessary. There is such a thing as spontaneous combustion. Lots of people don't realize that inanimate objects can set themselves on fire. A lump of sodium dropped into a pan of water bursts into flame in a few seconds. Common unslaked lime heats when it comes in contact with moisture, and wet lime has been the cause of the burning of many a lumber yard.

In piles of trash or old rags a process of decay sets in that, under certain conditions, is quite likely to produce heating, and sometimes fire. Greasy or oily rags are especially susceptible to this process. Every pile of trash and every accumulation of old clothes or rags, whether in the attic, the cellar or the yard, is a constant menace to the home.—Safety Engineering.

An Enormous Guilt

When the country is being combed for money, when everybody from childhood to old age is importuned to save money to loan to the government for war purposes, it seems an enormity of guilt that money by the millions should be diverted from the common store, the common cause, to swell the fatness of private and corporate purses.—Peterborough Examiner.

Profit on Hogs

Another instance of the profitableness of hogs in Alberta is afforded by the case of a farmer of St. Albert, Alberta, who recently sent a carload of 79 hogs to Edmonton stockyards for sale. The net amount received, after paying all expenses, was $3,398.70, which works out at an average price of $42.53. The initial cost and cost of raising them is estimated at $1,500, or about $20 per hog, so that the profit per hog was $22.53.

The Education of Germany

Must Learn That It Is Not Might That Makes Right

Every policy of the German government for more than three years has been based upon the belief that might alone could prevail. The atrocities committed in Belgium and France, the wanton destruction of cities, the Lusitania massacre, the air raids on unfortified cities, the murder of non-combatants, the attacks on hospitals and hospital ships, ruthless submarine warfare, the driving of French and Belgian civilians into exile, the conspiracies against the peace and safety of neutrals—every act of the German government has been a deification of the doctrine of might.

It is only because might has failed to prevail that the imperial foreign secretary begins to realize that it was doomed to fail from the start and that right also must be considered in shaping the policies of government.

The education of Germany is a painful and costly process, but now that Junkertum is beginning to learn, there is all the more reason why the instruction should be thorough. When Germany has been compelled by crushing defeat to understand that it is right that makes might and not might that makes right, there will be security in the world for honest people.—New York World.

Faultless in Preparation.—Unlike any other stomach regulator Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are the result of long study of vegetable compounds calculated to stimulate the stomachic functions and maintain them at the normal condition. Years of use have proved their faultless character and established their excellent reputation. And this reputation they have maintained for years and will continue to maintain, for these pills must always stand at the head of the list of standard preparations.

The Gift of Sleep

Has Been Asset of Many Great Soldiers

It is curious to reflect that the safety of the empire hinges in a measure upon the ability of one man to sleep well. Our military operations are to a large extent directed by General Sir William Robertson and his physical well-being, he tells us, depends upon his being able to retire early from work in order to rise betimes from bed. The gift of sleep has been an asset of many great soldiers. Napoleon likened his own mind to a series of compartments, each the receptacle of a certain project. One after another he closed them and at night he shut down the last and instantly slept. Gladstone declared ability to sleep well his one notable faculty, but he had to cease thinking at 10 o'clock at night, "otherwise I should go mad," he added. Wellington could sleep anywhere, even in the face of the enemy. With his foes advancing he would say, "Call me when they reach such and such a point." Then rolling himself in his cloak would forthwith snooze. Livy shows Hannibal to have been similarly blest. He could abstain for days and nights at need from rest, but in a moment of leisure could curl up on a rock and sleep like a dormouse.—London Daily Chronicle.

The French Soldier

One of the most striking characteristics of the French soldier, remarks a recent writer, is the way he has of getting to work again at his trade as soon as he gets home, even if it is only for a few days' leave. Thus, the farmer will pick up his daily work at his little farm almost at the hour he arrives, and the cobbler will get him to his last, eager to see how many of his old customers he may serve during his stay at home. A famous aviator, on four days' leave, donned his white apron, just as soon as ever he could—he was a restaurant keeper—and was glad to spend his short holiday serving the little coterie of guests whom his wife had kept together.—Christian Science Monitor.

A Saving to you—

A duty to our "Boys"

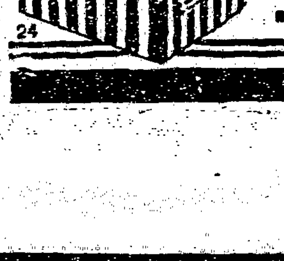
Buy biscuit in cartons—not in tins. It's a saving in cents to you and a duty to the boys at the front whose food is largely supplied in tins. An authority tells us that one hundred million tins are needed for pork and beans alone. We pack

SOM-MOR Biscuit

FAIRY Biscuit

and a full line of sweet biscuit direct from the oven in paraffine-lined cardboard cartons. Our system of distribution makes them reach you in the freshest possible condition—without being in tins.

Your Grocer has them, or can get them.



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Queen's Dessert
A Pure Vanilla Eating Chocolate

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Sold everywhere. Made in Canada.

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Minimize The Fire Peril By Using

EDDY'S

Chemically Self-Extinguishing

"Silent 500s"

The Matches With "No Afterglow"

EDDY is the only Canadian maker of these matches, every stick of which has been treated with a chemical solution which positively ensures the match becoming dead wood once it has been lighted and blown out.

Look for the words "Chemically self-extinguishing" on the box.

Keep Only the Best Cows

The Profitable Cow Must Give 5,000 Pounds of Milk a Year

James Begg, of Southwold, writes in the Canadian Countryman:

"With regard to profit from cows at the present price of milk, I figure that at $1.80 per hundred a cow, to cave a margin of profit, should at the very lowest, give 5,000 pounds per 10 months' season; 6,000 pounds is a lot better, and there is no reason why it cannot be done.

"The whole keynote of the cow question is the scrub bull, whether he be pedigreed or not. A few dollars are nothing; get one whose ancestors have made good and you will soon pass the 6,000 pound mark. Set your mind on the 10,000 pound cow and make up your mind to learn how to feed. This type of cow wants good feed the year round, whether she be milking or dry.

"I never bought but one thin cow in my experience. It took me six months to get any heart in her, and the milk was on the wane. The next year, however, she was one of my best.

"When your cows are to make good, count on the cost of the feed at the very least at $75 per year, and more if the cow will pay for it. I have no difficulty in making my two-year-olds do 7,000 pounds and my mature cows 10,000 pounds, and you can do the same.

"Get a set of scales and a weigh sheet. It will not take a minute or 30 seconds to weigh and jot down the weight. Then use the Babcock and you will be surprised to see how soon you will get the good ones.

"Breed from the good ones and do not forget the bull question—first, last and all the time."

Mineral Resources

A Marvellous Deposit of Sulphide in Northern Manitoba

Approximately ninety miles north of The Pas, in the region of Schist and Flin Flon lakes is a marvellous deposit of sulphide ore, remarkable not only for its richness in copper and gold. The people of Manitoba have not yet realized the great wealth that lies buried in the soil of their province. When Manitoba ceased to be the "Postage Stamp Province" it became something more than a province of greater bounds. The addition of "New Manitoba" or the "Added Territory" made Manitoba a maritime province, with a seaboard on Hudson's Bay, shortly to be reached by the Hudson's Bay railway, extending from The Pas to Port Nelson, the provincial resources were known to be increased by great areas of timber and agricultural lands, by almost unlimited water powers, by a rich fur trade and by thousands of lakes teeming with fish, but it was not recognized that the 178,000 square miles of virgin territory was destined to furnish one of the great mineral fields in the world.

A Tribute From the U. S.

Again it is our friends and allies from across the northern border who have smashed the German line. Lens again is the centre of the fighting on the western front, and the Canadians have taken the dominating hill 70 by storm and are within the beleaguered French city at last, driving out the invader. We cannot but take a personal pride in the valor and achievements of our brothers from Canada. Many of our own sons fight shoulder to shoulder with them. All typify the spirit of America. Where honor calls, they are the first to respond. The post of danger and the test of skill are theirs by choice.—Buffalo Commercial.

It Makes New Friends Every Day.

Not a day goes by that Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil does not widen the circle of its friends. Orders for it come from the most unlikely places in the west and far north, for its fame has travelled far. It deserves this attention, for no oil has done so much for humanity. Its moderate cost makes it easy to get.

New Burglar Alarm

Under the trade name of "The Electric Eye," an inventor has produced a new burglar alarm. It consists of a small cell which will give a signal when illuminated by the flame of a match or electric torch. The cell is small and can easily be hidden in the decorations of a safe or piece of furniture and covered with glass. The advantage claimed over the ordinary burglar alarm is that the device will operate as soon as a light is introduced into the dark room, whilst other alarms have to be excited by the breaking of an electric circuit or by mechanical vibrations.

Saving Labor Expense

Using Mechanical Drivers for Saving Labor on the Farm Is Good Economy

One of the after features of the European war is bound to be a dearth of ordinary labor. This is going to reflect itself in all lines of business, perhaps particularly in the business of farming. It is quite essential, therefore, that the farmer should study out the places in his business where manual labor now bears the heaviest burden and see if by chance this burden cannot be reduced. The very apex of the labor load in the grain district of the west comes at threshing time. This is true of both house and field labor. The farmer has solved the extra labor for the home problem with the cook car the larger farms extending the use of the cook car throughout the harvest season as well as during threshing.

The field labor problem has not been so well solved. The number of men required around the modern threshing machine has not greatly changed during the past twenty-five years. The ultimate solution of diversification and live stock farming is still far away. The immediate problem is to cut the sharp corners and get along with as little labor as we can. How about handling the grain from the machine to the elevator?

It is sufficient to say that nine-tenths of this work is still done by hand and the back-breaking work of shovelling is going on just as our fathers did it before us. Now there is nothing commendable about hard work in and of itself. Suppose the reader and his hired man are kept busy hauling grain. At threshing prices that means two teams and two men employed at a charge of at least $10 per day. For the average half-section farm this means about $30 per year. Suppose that one of these teams and one of the men could be relieved it would not merely save $15 per year, but if the shovelling work is done by a portable elevator it will take off most of the hard manual labor, which is a very considerable item whether one is hiring help or whether one does it himself. It might be worth while for the farmer trying to rid himself of one of the hardest phases of farm labor to figure out how far this saving in actual time and money will go toward paying interest charges on a mechanical elevator, which both for speed and certainty of action is far ahead of the old Armstrong machine.—Farm, Stock and Home.

WEAK BOYS AND GIRLS

It is a mistake to think that anaemia is only a girl's complaint. Girls probably show the effect of weak, watery blood more plainly than boys. Delayed development, pale faces, headaches, palpitation, and a feeling of listlessness, call attention to weak blood in the case of girls. But many boys in their teens grow thin and "weedy," and have pimples on the face, showing that they have not enough blood. The anaemic boy is just as likely to become a victim of consumption as the pale, breathless girl with her headaches and worn-out look. Let the boy in this condition catch cold and he will lose his strength and his health becomes precarious.

To prevent serious disaster to those of the rising generation, let both boys and girls be given the new rich blood which Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are famous the world over for making. When giving these pills watch how soon the appetite returns and how the languid girl or the weak boy becomes full of activity and high spirits. Remember that the boy has to develop, too, if he is to make a strong hearty man. Give both the boys and girls a fair chance to develop strongly through the new, rich blood Dr. Williams' Pink Pills actually make. You will then see active boys and girls, instead of weakly children around you.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or may be obtained by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

It Costs Something

Every line in a newspaper costs the proprietor something. If it is for the benefit of the individual it should be paid for. If the grocer were asked to contribute groceries to one abundantly able to pay for them, he would refuse. The proprietor of a newspaper must pay for the free advertising if the beneficiary does not, and yet it is one of the hardest things to be learned by many, that a newspaper has space in its columns to rent and must rent them to live. To give away rent for anything less than living rates is as fatal to a newspaper as for a landlord to furnish rent free.

A druggist can obtain an imitation of MINARD'S LINIMENT from a Toronto house at a very low price, and have it labelled his own product.

This greasy imitation is the poorest one we have yet seen of the many that every Tom, Dick and Harry has tried to introduce.

Ask for MINARD'S and you will get it.

"Me und Gott"

The Kaiser Is the Whole Business in Kaiserland

Ever since 1640 and particularly since 1713, the people of Prussia have lived under a rigorous discipline and have been taught that their principal duty consists in worshipping their ruler, in obeying implicitly his commands and those of his underlings, and in paying their taxes. Even now the German ruler is sacrosanct and stands high above the Deity. God takes merely the second place in the German scheme of state. That may be seen from the fact that, while there are many prosecutions for lese-majeste in Germany, there are very few for blasphemy. Besides, while, according to the German penal code, blasphemy, a verbal insult offered to God, is punishable with imprisonment from one day to three years, simple lese-majeste, a verbal insult offered to a ruler, is punishable with imprisonment from two months to five years. The difference is characteristic and highly significant.—J. Ellis Barker in The Nineteenth Century.

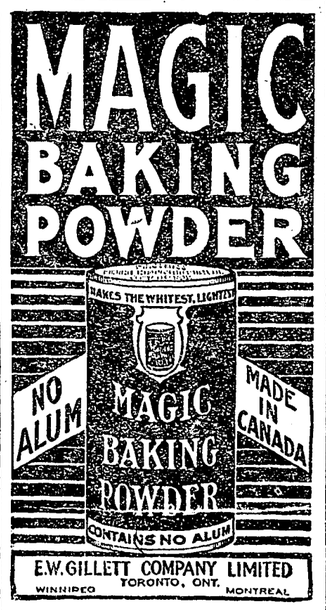
It is hard to break the chains of habit. It took one man six months to stop saying "Gee Whiz."

Perhaps habit has kept you ordering "the same tea as before" when you had intended to buy Red Rose.

This will be a reminder. So next time you will order Red Rose. You will be pleased, we are sure.

Kept Good by the Sealed Package

642



Huns Fire Messages Through Barrage

Only Method Left Them to Keep in Communication With Their Lines

The French artillery barrage fire has now been perfected to such a degree of density and intensity, that the Germans, in order to keep in communication with their lines back of the barrage have been forced to adopt the expedient of enclosing their messages in a grenade or a shell and firing it through the barrage.

In the early part of the war the Germans used the system of running back field telephones from the advancing troops. When these lines were constantly cut by shell fire, efforts were made to run the lines underground. But here again the French high explosive shells were developed to a degree where the lines could not be conveniently buried at a depth beyond their reach.

Wireless telegraphy has since been tried by the Germans, together with low flying airplanes, while the use of individual soldiers who endeavored to run back through a barrage with messages came likewise to prove both too costly from the point of view of human life and of uncertainty as to the eventual arrival of the message.

Germany's new system of endeavoring to shoot back her communications with trench mortars and trench cannon has only recently been hit upon. The grenades or shells in which the messages are enclosed are referred to in the German orders as "Nachrichtongeschosse," or projectiles for messages.

The "Melde Wurfgranten" or message carrying bombs, are fired from the 1916 model of mechanical trench grenade throwers. This has a range of about 600 yards and is counted upon for maintaining communication between the first line and the commanders of battalions and regiments, who under the German system, always remain at the rear of the advancing and fighting troops.

The second class used, the "Loichte Nachrichtenmine," or message-carrying shells are to be fired from the "Minenwerfer" or trench mortar for firing torpedoes. These have a range of about 1,300 yards, and with them the Germans hope to keep up their communications through the French barrage fires between the battalion and regimental commanders in the rear of the advancing troops and the artillery, brigade and divisional headquarters still farther to the rear.

According to the German orders that have been found the distribution of these message-carrying grenades and shells to the troops on the western front began about June 1.

How Much Salt?

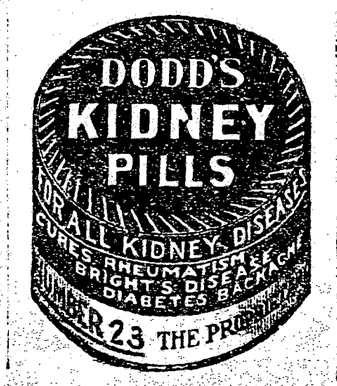
Rules to Follow in Giving Salt to Cows

Some men seem to think a cow doesn't need any salt, others go to the other extreme and load her down with it, while a third faction strike a happy medium and are bountifully repaid. True feed and water carry some mineral matter but not enough. For the dry cow about five ounces per week meets the average demand with an additional amount given to the producing cow in direct proportion to the milk flow. An animal producing twenty pounds of milk per day will require an additional four ounces per week; the cow giving forty pounds, twice that much and so on. Thus the twenty-pound cow could use approximately half a pound of salt per week, or better still divided into daily allowances of a little over one ounce.

Encouraging the drinking of a large amount of water by feeding excess salt has no advantage and may even do harm. If the cows are allowed free access to a continuous salt supply they will use an ample amount but still do themselves no injury through overcrowding.

Messages by Bomb

The problem of communicating when telephone wires have been cut has been solved by one of the warring nations, by means of message projectiles. There are two forms of these message carriers; bombs for communication between the front and the battalion and regimental commanders red by grenade guns with a range of 550 to 650 yards, and light shells for extending communication back from the infantry and artillery commanders to brigade headquarters which are fired from mortars with a range of 1,300 yards.



Admonishing Stable Help

Kindness and Gentleness are Essential at all Times

Every conscientious dairyman knows from experience how difficult it is to secure in his hired help men who at all times will treat his animals with consideration. The dairy cow has been called a machine—and in a very true sense she is such. But a cow cannot be treated like a machine. She is a bundle of nerves. The disturbance of her nervous equilibrium upsets her production. For this reason harsh treatment has no place in the dairy stable. Kindness and gentleness are essential at all times. Years ago a certain dairyman put up a printed notice in his stable urging his men to practice patience with his animals. The sign is still there preaching its little sermon to the men who come and go on this particular farm. It reads as follows:

"The rule to be observed in this stable at all times towards the cattle, young and old, is that of patience and kindness. A man's usefulness in a herd ceases at once when he loses his temper and bestows rough usage. Men must be patient. Cattle are not reasoning beings. Remember that this is the Home of Mothers. Treat each cow as a mother should be treated. The giving of milk is a function of motherhood; rough treatment lessens the flow. That injures me as well as the cow. Always keep these ideas in mind in dealing with my cattle."—O. C. in Successful Farming.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a local disease, greatly influenced by constitutional conditions, and in order to cure it you must take an internal remedy. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Hall's Catarrh Cure was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years. It is composed of some of the best tonics known, combined with some of the best blood purifiers. The perfect combination of the ingredients in Hall's Catarrh Cure is what produces such wonderful results in catarrhal conditions. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
All Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Cuban Aviators Going to France

Will Receive Training at Pensacola Florida

Col. Manuel Coronado, member of the Cuban senate and editor of the newspaper La Discusion, has organized an aviation unit which will be offered to France, with complete equipment, in the near future. The "Escadrille Cubaine," as the flying unit will be called, will probably be the first body of fighting men from Cuba to serve on French soil.

Thirty-three youths, representatives of the best families of Cuba, have volunteered to take the prescribed aviation course, and individually to bear the expense of their airplanes and equipment. Senator Coronado has returned from New York, where he conferred with the officials of the Aero Club of America, and airplane manufacturers over the details of the escadrille's organization.

Colonel Coronado has asked the navy department in Washington for an arrangement by which the Cuban aviators may undergo their preliminary training at the navy aviation school at Pensacola, Fla.

No better protection against worms can be got than Miller's Worm Powders. They consume worms and render the stomach and intestines untenable to them. They heal the surfaces that have become inflamed by the attacks of the parasites and serve to restore the strength of the child that has been undermined by the draughts that the worms have made upon it, and that their operation is altogether health-giving.

The British Way

The housewife's clue to an understanding of the new meat prices order is the provision which requires the butcher to keep posted in a conspicuous position in his shop the prices which he is permitted to charge for cuts and joints. She need not burden her memory with the wholesale maximum dead meat prices. These are mainly intended to warn cattle buyers, so that they may not give foolishly high prices for the live animal.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

British Columbia Timber

Almost Unlimited Supply Available for Lumber and Pulp

British Columbia mills have a possible output of 2,500,000,000 feet per annum of lumber, according to an estimate made by the Victoria Colonist. Pulp and paper mills when fully in swing will be able to supplement the products of the east and probably indefinitely supply the demand for paper. In the years 1912 to 1914 not more than five per cent. of the foreign lumber export trade on the Pacific was handled from British Columbia ports, notwithstanding the natural resources of this province, which are greater than all the States to the south. The figures, therefore, show that British Columbia, which is in a position to supply the major portion of the demand, is as yet only a small minority in actual trade.

Reventlow's Dream Is Changed

Count von Reventlow, who inspired the "Hymn of Hate" and is one of the most vitriolic upholders of Junkerdom, has struck a melancholy note about the war.

On the advent of the fourth year of the war he tries to cheer his stalwarts thus: "In the heroic days of 1914, God gave us as our daily bread a daily victory. We must fan into flame once more the glorious enthusiasm of those days. Our losses, both in material things and in human life, have been great. Terrible too, is the havoc the war has wrought in our political, moral, and religious life at home. The high aspirations of the early days have burned themselves away to ashes. The spirit at the front, alas! has no longer its counterpart in the spirit at home. Party feeling is making men disloyal to the cause. 'Democracy first and foremost' is their cry, and Hell and our enemies will one day laugh at them for it."

Norway expects to produce one hundred thousand tons of peat for fuel this year, and Denmark five hundred thousand tons, the former country having two hundred and sixteen machines at work as compared with fifty-five last year.

The Only Way

The Beastly, Brutal Hun Must Be Put Out of Business

The reason why all talk of peace is futile and sometimes approaches sin is that it is impossible for men and women to live at peace with a people who do the things that Germans do. The Canadian people hesitated to believe the French and British accounts of German atrocities until Canadian soldiers reported that some of their wounded had been crucified before Ypres. The British troops hesitated to believe what French rumors told and Belgian reports asserted with reference to German methods of making war until British soldiers occupied districts in France that had been held by Germans—until they saw what Germans had done to the women and children and the old men of the districts of Artois and Flanders.

We had our first contact with the German methods in the Lusitania. We have not yet had sufficient contact to supply American evidence to the mass of the American people. That is coming. We have thousands of American soldiers in Europe, and we shall have many more thousands. Their letters will go to every corner of the United States, and these and in touch with the German will serve to educate the people of the United States as to the kind of thing the German is in the world of today.

The British call the German a Hun. The French call him a Boche. Both names are the expression of the mingled horror and contempt of a civilized people in presence of the barbarism of a people who do the sort of thing the German does. To the Frenchman a Boche is a kind of animal who does things that the German has done in all the defenceless villages of the North of France. To the Englishman a Hun means a kind of beast who does the things that have been done in Flanders and in Artois under the eyes of the British soldiers.

We in the United States are going to know the German as he is presently. The voices which now clamor for peace with reconciliation will fall to silence when the Germans have murdered enough of our women nurses and our men physicians and tortured enough of our soldiers to create in America the kind of conviction that similar methods have created in France and in England. It will not be long now until every American voice is raised in support of a war which strikes at this German peril.

It is hard not to be passionate. It is hard to be calm when things are done like those the Germans are doing. The essential savagery incident to bombing a hospital, incident to murdering nurses, incident to assassinating non-combatants, the savagery that seeks to exploit the helplessness of some to terrorize the manhood of others—this excites a bitterness that is difficult to restrain.

Yet this bitterness, too, will pass. There is no longer bitterness in France or in England. Bitterness one feels towards an enemy sometimes is the heat of strife, but bitterness one does not feel toward an animal or toward a human being who adopts the course of the wild beast. There is in such a case no place for passion. One has simply to go out and kill. The world has gone out to kill the German because he has adopted the method of the wild animal and because his deeds are the deeds of the beast, not of a human being.—From the New York Tribune.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

A Spectacled Dog

A short time ago, an article was widely published about a valuable hunting dog which had been fitted with eyeglasses for astigmatism. Probably most people who read it laughed and thought it a fake.

The modern science of fitting eyeglasses, however, makes it possible to fit a dog, or any other dumb animal, with a lens which will correct its eyesight. Up to date methods have brought about the invention of instruments by which the error of the human eye can be accurately measured, and lenses to correct the error prescribed without asking the patient a single question. The "silent method" is very rarely used exclusively however, except in the case of the foreigner, or our friend the dog, when no interchange of thought can be effected and the examiner must rely entirely upon the findings of his instruments.—Wellsworth Magazine.

Still Unbeaten

The sergeant-major had the reputation of never being at a loss for an answer. A young officer made a bet with a brother officer that he would in less than twenty-four hours ask the sergeant-major a question that would baffle him.

The sergeant-major accompanied the young officer on his rounds, in the course of which the cook house was inspected. Pointing to a large copper of water just commencing to boil, the officer said:

"Why does that water only boil round the edges of the copper and not in the centre?"

"The water round the edge, sir," replied the veteran, "is for the men on guard; they have their breakfast half an hour before the remainder of the company."—Tit-Bits.

Meat Shortage in Britain

Declining Scale of Prices on Live-stock Expected to Relieve the Condition

The extent of England's present meat shortage is shown in the summary for July of meat passing through Smithfield market, England's great distributing centre, received by the United States food administration.

The total July receipts amounted to 20,802 tons, as compared with 23,954 tons in the same month of 1918, 29,597 tons in July, 1915, and 36,720 tons in July, 1914, or a decrease of 43.3 per cent., as compared with 1914.

This shows the regular and marked decline that has taken place in the meat supply of England. A comparison of the first seven months of 1917 with the same months in 1914 shows that the present supply is less than two-thirds of the pre-war normal.

The declining scale of prices on live stock adopted in Great Britain is expected to relieve this condition. The government's fixed price for cattle for September is $17.76 per 100 pounds, for October $17.28, for November and December $16.08, and for January $14.40.

It was expected that this decreasing ratio of prices will bring out the cattle ready for market immediately.

The shortage of fodder in Holland is also expected to put upon the market a considerable supply of meat from that country. Large numbers of the Holland cattle will probably be either exported or slaughtered.

Corns are caused by the pressure of tight boots, but no one need be troubled with them long when so simple a remedy as Holloway's Corn Cure is available.

Can Hold Our Heads High

Despite all our losses, despite the sorrows which have invaded so many homes in our land, despite drawbacks and dangers, despite the disastrous effects of sedition in the Russian army, despite these and many other things which weigh upon our spirits and to justify some of the gloomy anticipations of our prophets, we can hold our heads high. We are battling for the right, and our ideals will not betray us.—London Daily Telegraph.

True to Training

An old lady was going to Stamford Conn., to visit a daughter, and took her seat in the cars for the first time in her life. During the ride the car in which she was seated was thrown down an embankment and demolished. Crawling out from beneath the debris, she spied a man who was held down in a sitting posture by his legs being fastened.

"Is this Stamford?" she anxiously asked. The man was from Boston, Mass. He was in considerable pain, but he didn't lose sight of the fact that he was from Boston, so he said:

"No, this is a catastrophe."

"Oh!" ejaculated the old lady. "Then I hadn't oughter got off here."

Torpedo "Deflectors"

Amazing stories are afloat of a discovery, which makes a torpedo leap over the vessel it is aimed at. Unfortunately they are not true. But the navy keeps up its old plan of potting the pirates from speedy destroyers, or netting them with steel meshes. A new microphone revealing the whereabouts of the U-boats also works well.

Boys & Girls THRIVE on the easily digested wheat and barley food

Grape-Nuts

"There's a Reason"

THE LEDGE

...a year in Canada, and $2.50 in the United States.

R. T. LOWERY,
Editor and Financier.

ADVERTISING RATES

Delinquent Co-Owner Notices..... $25.00
Coal and Oil Notices..... 6.00
Estray Notices..... 3.00
Cards of Thanks..... 1.00
Certificate of Improvement..... 10.00
(Where more than one claim appears in notice, $2.50 for each additional claim.)

All other legal advertising, 12 cents a line first insertion, and 8 cents a line for each subsequent insertion, nonpariel measurement.

The blue cross means that your subscription is due, and that the editor would be pleased to have more money.

WE have always believed in reincarnation. Look at the jokes that are constantly coming on earth again.

THE Victory War Loan has been a wonderful success, and all through advertising. Without the aid of the newspapers it would have been a failure. The government paid the papers over $200,000, and in addition the papers threw in about $500,000 worth of free publicity. The example set by the government should be followed by all who are looking for big business, but do not advertise.

The Local Tribunal

The Local Tribunal under the Military Service Act, sitting at Greenwood has dealt with 104 claims for exemption. These have been disposed of as follows:

Fourteen claims have been disallowed absolutely; 17 allowed temporary exemption and in no case for longer than six months; 31 disclosed the fact that the men fell into medical categories other than A, and as only A men are being called meantime, these were granted exemption until services of men in their respective categories are required; 7 were exempt from combatant service; 4 were not British subjects; 3 cases are continued and will be disposed of this week.

The Tribunal has no notification of the number of appeals against their decisions, but so far as they know at present only one appeal has been taken.

The time for lodging appeals has been extended from three to ten days, and the time for appeals from all decisions of Tribunals given prior to 1st December is extended till December 10th.

No record is available at present of the number of men in the district covered by the Tribunal who registered under the Act and did not claim exemption. These registiatione were made at the different postoffices and were turned in direct to the Registraar at Vancouver.

There are a few men in the District who have neither registered or claimed exemption. Any man surrendsring now will be required to report at the headquarters at Vancouver. Men who do not voluntarily surrender but have to be rounded up by the authorities will be dealt with in terms of the Act and are liable to imprisonment.

The old miser in the story, who dropped a five-dollar gold piece in the plate at church, mistaking it for a nickel, could get no great satisfaction out of the deacon, as will be recalled, but he was not the man to give up easily.

According he sought legal advice with a view of instituting a suit at law.

But the lawyer whom he consulted was one of those rare and gifted souls who would rather be witty than rich, or almost anything else, for that matter.

"Sir," said he at once, "you have no case. You are guilty of contributory negligence."

Gives Life For Country

Sergt. Archie Bunting, of Victoria, formerly of Greenwood, son of Mrs. Herbert Bunting and the late Mr. Bunting, of Victoria, was killed in action on November 10th.

In February 1915, Sergt. Bunting left Victoria with the 30th Battalion, and on reaching France was transferred to the 7th Battalion, 1st Canadian Division. In June, 1915, he was wounded and disabled for a time, but returned to the firing line and was through most of the heavy fighting since that time. He was in the fighting zone for two years and seven months. In the spring of this year he was awarded the Military Cross. He was 28 years of age.

Hagel is Coming

Startling charges will be made against the Canadian Penal system by Percy F. Hagel when he speaks here. He served a term in the Manitoba Penitentiary for aiding in the escape from the strong room of the Winnipeg Police Station of Jack Krafchenko. He saw things while confined which reeked of the dark ages and Bastille. He investigated and found such conditions common in Canadian penitentiaries. He went further and procured evidence of specific cases and is now prepared to go into each Province and reveal these conditions with a view of bringing about a reform. Hagel is supported in his efforts by influential men and women throughout Canada who are prepared to go the limit that the true conditions may be revealed. Hagel has affidavits and has secured statements from officials and men who have served time in the various pens in Canada.

Murder itself would be preferto some of the strocities Hagel speaks of.

Hagel will be here shortly and deliver his lecture.

Both Against Hubby

"Some dogs have almost human intelligence," said the philosopher.

"I agree with you," responded Hamer. "I often think our pet dog tries to curry favor with my wife by growling at me."

As By Fire

I give to fire this earthly frame
And its relinquished cross;
I leave the ministering flame,
To purge me of my dross;
To nothingness, from whence I came,
Do ye my ashes toss.

Grant me no hymn or burial-dirge,
Nor larges of your tears;
The roll of drowned, Atlantean surge
Sounds dimly in mine ears;
My shades with all the shades will merge
Of these the uncounted years.

No! never could my gypsy soul
Find rest on uncoffined bed;
To list the church-bell's requim toll
Rude-rhythmic, overhead—
Twin-brother to the sightless mole
The quick beside the dead.

No tyrant grave might hem me in
Close houselled their to lie;
However was my grief or sin
To shut me from the sky;
The wastrel lark, in either thin,
Is not less caged than I.

For yet the days must me reveal
That which the dumb world thrills;
I mark where spring has set her seal
Upon the daffodils;
I bask in summer and I feel
Red Autumn singe the hills.

On viewless wings I journey far,
To pierce the morning grey,
And when, through sunset gates ajar,
Night follows after day,
Black storms do steed my funeral car
And lightnings pave the way.

In north and east and south I stand,
And oriel-painted west,
I breathe the air of India's strand,
And Araby the blest,
The seven seas, I told their sand,
Still singing, to my breast.

I blend as one with sun or snow,
And all that is, or seems;
My pathways are the gusts that blow
The shadows from the streams;
By lotos isles my wraith shall know
The languor of lost dreams,

I float above the mountain's crown,
I dip to meet the sea,
I go by city street and town,
And aye untrammelled be.
Free as thy winds that gallop down.
Yea! God! as thou are free.

—Ernest McGaffey.

Greenwood High School November Report

No. of pupils - - - 22
Average attendance - 18.82

Junior Grade, Prelim. Course:

Mary McIntosh	76%
Helen McKay	74
Allan Morrison	69
Annie Eustis	66
Arthur Murray	66
Nellie Axam	63
Fred Harris	59
George Hallett	56
Raymond Lane	55
Reginald Wolverson	55
John McArthur	50

Junior Grade, Advanced Course:

Creighton McCutcheon	absent
Gordon McLaren	68%
Vera Parker	68
Annie Anderson	68
Ethel Royce	63
Sherman Carson	57
Allan Eustis	39
NellieHammarstadt	38
Malcolm Williamson	36

Junior Matriculation:

Cecilia McIntosh	56
Josephine McKee	38

JOSEPH G. McLOUGHLIN, Teacher.

Bachelor (sadly.)- "I dreamed last night that I was married. The alarm-clock woke me."

Much Married Man (more sadly.)—"I dreamed last night that I was single. The twins woke me."

ASSYAER

E. W. WIDDOWSON, Assayer and Chemist, Box 81108, Nelson, B. C. Charges:—Gold, Silver, Lead or Copper $1 each. Gold-Silver, (single assay) $1.00. Goid-Silver (duplicate assay) $1.50. Silver-Lead $1.50. Silver-Lead-Zinc $3.00. Charges for other metals etc on application.

Float

FLOAT is not a periodical. It is a book containing 86 illustrations all told, and is filled with sketches and stories of western life. It tells how a gambler cashed in after the flush days of Sandon; how it rained in New Denver long after Noah was dead; how a parson took a drink at Bear Lake in early days; how justice was dealt in Kaslo in '93; how the saloon man outprayed the women in Kalamazoo, and graphically depicts the roamings of a western editor among the tender-feet in the cent belt. It contains the early history of Nelson and a romance of the Silver King mine. In it are printed three western poems, and dozens of articles too numerous to mention. Send for one before it is too late. The price is 25 cents, postpaid to any part of the world. Address all letters to

R. T. Lowery
GREENWOOD, B. C.

Got Twenty-Three Months

Albert Maslonka was arrested by the Provincial Police as he got of the coast train on Sunday last. Tuesday he appeared before W. R. Dewdney, S. M., and was charged with stealing a quantity of pig iron from the foundry in Anaconda, the property of the Nelson Iron Works. The accused was sent up for trial, on this offence, and he was granted a speedy trial before Judge Brown the same afternoon. Before Judge Brown the accused pleaded not guilty. After the evidence was summed up, which proved that the accused had taken the pig iron, he was sentenced to 23 months in Nelson jail with hard labor.

Didn't Care For a Surplus

"Say, Mr. Johnsing," commented Rastus, looking up from the paper he was reading, "it says here dat in Sumatra a man kin buy a wife for foah dollahs."

"Foah dollahs!" gasped Johnsing; "if a niggah's got foah dollahs, why, man, he doan' need no wife."

Your friends can buy anything you can give them, except your Photograph

Lake Studio
Open Dec. 11 & 12
ONLY

Solve 12 Xmas Problems with 1 dozen Photos

J. R. CAMERON,
Leading Tailor of the Kootenays.
KASLO B C.

Synopsis of Coal Mining Regulations.

COAL mining rights of the Dominion in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years renewable for a further term of 21 years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,560 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon: If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns should be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only.

For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.— Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

LAND ACT.

I, CYRIL RADAN, of Kerr Creek in the Similkameen Division of Yale District, Rancher, intend to apply for permission to lease 80 acres of land, bounded as follows:—

Commencing at a post planted at the North-West corner of Lot 2084S; thence North 40 chains; thence East 20 chains; thence South 40 chains; thence West 20 chains to the point of commencement, and containing 80 acres be the same more or less.

Dated October 20th, 1917.

CYRIL RADAN.

JOHN CROPLEY
GREENWOOD
Blacksmith, Carpenter and Wagon Maker
HORSES SHOD
On the most modern and scientific principles

T. THOMAS
CLOTHES CLEANED
PRESSED AND REPAIRED
TAILOR - GREENWOOD

British Columbia has been here a long time so has the B. C. Cigar. Absolutely Guaranteed. Clear Havana Filled. The Cigar that never varys. . . .
Have you tried one lately?
WILBERG & WOLTZ
B. C. CIGAR FACTORY
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

FRED A. STARKEY,
NELSON, B. C.
MINING
BROKER
PROSPECTS BOUGHT AND SOLD

The Knob Hill Hotel
PHOENIX.
One of the largest hotels in the city. Beautiful location, fine rooms and tasty meals.
A. O. JOHNSON - PROP.

TULAMEEN HOTEL
Princeton, B. C., is the headquarters for miners, investors and railroad men. A fine location and everything first-class
J. N. MacPHERSON, Proprietor

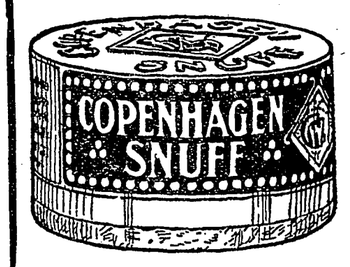
HOTEL PRINCETON
Princeton, B.C., now completed on the site of the old Great Northern. Only brick hotel in Similkameen. A first class house,
Swanson & Broomfield, Props.

DR. A. MILLOY
DENTIST
All the latest methods in high-class Dentistry.
LOO BUILDING
Corner Abbott & Hastings Streets.
VANCOUVER, - - - B.C.

MOTHER LODE STAGE
CO., LT'D.
Leaves Mother Lode
9.30 a. m. 6.30 p. m.
Leaves Greenwood
2.00 p. m. 8.30 p. m.
Saturday last stage leaves Mother Lode 6 p. m. Returning, leaves Greenwood 10 p. m.
OFFICE—PACIFIC HOTEL

PHONE 13
Auto and Horse Stages Leave Greenwood Twice Daily to Meet Spokane and Oroville Trains
Autos For Hire. The Finest Turnouts in the Boundary. Light and Heavy Draying
Palace Livery And Stage
GREENWOOOD, B.C.
GILLIS & ION, Proprietors.

Copenhagen Chewing Tobacco
IS THE WORLD'S BEST CHEW



It is manufactured tobacco in its purest form.
It has a pleasing flavor.
It is tobacco scientifically prepared for man's use.

Mazda Tungsten Lamps
15 to 40 Watt Lamps—50c each.
60 Watt Lamps—75c each.
100 Watt Lamps—$1.25 each.

NITROGEN LAMPS	60 Watts	$1.25 each
	100 "	2.00 "
	200 "	3.50 "

STORAGE BATTERIES CHARGED and REPAIRED
ELECTRIC VULCANIZING
Greenwood City Waterworks Co.
EVERYTHING ELECTRICAL

The Winter Time Is Telephone Time

Use the Telephone in winter time. When the weather is not all that may be desired, there is no necessity to go outside. Remember, the telephone will take 100 miles just as easily as one mile It means comfortable, face to face conversation right from your own home or office. No travelling, no discomfort, no unnecessary expense.

The long distance telephone is safe, sure, instantaneous. It is on the best kind of schedule time—always there, just when it is wanted.

BRITISH COLUMBIA TELEPHONE COMPANY, Ltd.

The Hume Hotel
Nelson, B.C.
The only up-to-date Hotel in the interior. First-class in every respect.
CENTRALLY LOCATED
Hot and Cold Water; Steam Heat and Telephone in each room.
ROOMS WITH PRIVATE BATHS.
CUISINE AND SERVICE THE BEST
First Class Bar and Barber Shop
15 SAMPLE ROOMS
Steam Heated; Electric Lighted.
RATES $1.00 per day and up; European Plan.
Bus Meets all Trains and Boats.

For Good Job Printing
---Economy and Satisfaction combined with Promptness are the features which go to make up the Service we give our customers. Are you one of them?
WE PRINT
Letterheads, Noteheads, (Ruled or Plain)
Envelopes, Billheads, (All Sizes)
Statements, Business Cards,
Posters, Dodgers, &c., &c.
The Ledge PHONE 29
GREENWOOD Job Printing Department

CANADIAN PACIFIC
Winter Excursion Rates
TO ALL STATIONS IN
ONTARIO---QUEBEC
THE MARITIME PROVINCES
ON SALE DECEMBER 1 TO 31—LIMIT THREE MONTHS
Extention of Limit on Additional Payment
FARES FROM GREENWOOD

$102.80	$107.80
Toronto and all Ontario points west	Montreal and common points

CORRESPONDING RATES APPLY FROM ALL KOOTENAY POINTS
MIDWAY AND EAST—NAKUSP AND SOUTH
TICKETS AND BERTH RESERVATIONS FROM ANY AGENT or WRITE
J. S. CARTER, District Passenger Agent, Nelson, B.C.