Provincial Library
PROVINCIAL LIBRARY VICTORIA, B.C.

THE LEDGE

THE OLDEST MINING CAMP NEWSPAPER IN BRITISH COLUMBIA

VOL. XXX. GREENWOOD, B. C., THURSDAY, JULY 26, 1923. No. 1

Just received a large shipment of
McClary's
Enamel, Tin and Galvanized Ware
Consisting of
Double Boilers 3 sizes, Steamers 4 sizes, Stew Pots, Kettles, Milk Strainers, Collanders, Pails, Wash Basins, Dish Pans, Wash Tubs, Wash Boilers, Sprinkling Cans, Etc.
We carry Earthinware Crocks suitable for preserving eggs in
T. M. GULLEY & CO.
PHONE 28L. GREENWOOD, B.C.

NOW ARRIVING.
Fresh Local
STRAWBERRIES
Leave your orders with
LEE & BRYAN Phone 46

Fresh Chocolates.
Complete Assortment of
NEILSON'S CHOCOLATES
Just in
Everything in Box and Bulk Goods
Nice Assortment of Presents for School Closing
GOODEVE'S DRUG STORE

Marmalade Season is Here
Try Our
Orange and Pineapple Marmalades
and Bramble Jelly
TAYLOR & JENKIN
PHONE 17. GREENWOOD

PALACE LIVERY STABLE
W. H. DOCKSTEADER, PROP.
Express and Heavy Draying
Auto's and Truck For Hire, Day or Night
We carry
Tires, Oils, Greases, Hay and Grain
Office Phone 13. Residence Phone 3L

INDEPENDENT MEAT MARKET
We carry only the best stock procurable in
Beef, Veal, Pork, Ham, Bacon, Lard, Etc.
A trial will convince you
JOHN MEYER - Proprietor

The Voice Is The Soul Of Telephoning
When you complete a long distance conversation you experience a satisfaction that does not follow under other circumstances. Your message has been conveyed as you would have it, and you know exactly how it has been received by the person at the other end.
The reason of the satisfaction is the intimacy which the telephone gives. It is your voice and the voice in reply that makes long distance telephoning real conversation.
BRITISH COLUMBIA TELEPHONE COMPANY.

Mens Hats
for
Summer
New
Fit-Reform
Samples for Suits
and Styles
W. Elson & Co

FIRE FIRE FIRE
CHARLES KING
Real Estate.
Fire, Life Insurance
Licensed by B. C. Government
Accident & Sickness Insurance
AUCTIONEER
Auction off your surplus Stock
Call at my Office and see me in reference to any of above

SALE of MILLINERY
Half Price
Commencing June 28, a Sale of my present stock of Millinery, at Half Price, will be held. Prices and stock will please.
Mrs. Ellen Trounson

Another
Big Screen Triumph
at the
Greenwood Theatre
on
FRIDAY and SATURDAY
JULY 27th and 28th
Commencing at 8.15 p.m.
William Fox presents
"Monte Cristo"
From the Immortal Romance by
Alexandre Dumas
You will meet old friends amid familiar scenes in this stirring production
William Fox insisted upon perfection of detail. In the great trial scene, cameras were stopped to shift a misplaced inkwell to the proper position on the judge's desk.
ADULTS 50c - CHILDREN 25c.
DANCE AFTER THE SHOW

For Sale

One 8-horse power, used for thrashing machine, etc., complete with jack and tumbling rods, in perfect shape, will sell cheap, for particulars apply to
JOE CARON,
Midway, B.C.

For Sale

Black Currants, Red Currants, and Raspberries; also Spring Chicken at 25c. per pound, undressed. R. Forshaw, Phone 7L, Greenwood.

Notice

Dr. O. M. Graves, Dentist, will be in Ferry, Wash., the first 8 days of every month.

McPHERSON'S GARAGE
GRAND FORKS, B.C.
Agent for Dodge, Chevrolet, Studebaker and Overland cars. Garage in connection.
D. McPHERSON - Proprietor

Presbyterian Church

Minister in charge
Rev. W. R. Walkinshaw, B. A.
Greenwood
Services Sunday, July 29th
Greenwood, 7.30 p.m.
This will be a Baptismal service. Any parents desiring baptism for their children might notify the minister before Saturday night.

Phone 5L when you see stray cattle on the street.

Paragraphs of Local Interest

One of the nicest courtesies you can show your friends is to let them learn through this column of your visit whenever you go away. Let us know when you have visitors at your homes. The Ledge will consider it a courtesy whenever you give us an item of this kind. Write or phone 29L.

J. H. Goodeve is on a business trip to Merritt.

Fred Christensen left for Kimberley on Tuesday.

Miss Ethel Fraser is spending a few days with her grandmother Mrs. Coleman at Ymir.

The Greenwood Dairy has added a thoroughbred cow to their herd of dairy cattle.

Mrs. P. H. McCurrach and three children returned on Tuesday from a visit to Vancouver.

Cash paid for hides at Brown's Midway.

Mrs. W. Trounson returned on Friday from Spokane where her son, Juan, is learning the barber trade.

W. Francis arrived in town on Friday and is visiting at the home of his sister, Mrs. Thos. Jenkin.

Commander and Mrs. Lewis Major and Mrs. Gray, of Kettle Valley, were visitors to town on Monday.

Mrs. W. A. Ritchie and children have returned home from a few weeks holiday spent near Cascade.

Miss Vendella Gustafson returned to Penticton on Tuesday after a few days visit with Mrs. A. Sater.

The long wait for examination results disturbs the rest for the long holidays for many of the candidates.

John Cropley left for Tranquille on Wednesday morning after spending a two weeks holiday in town.

Mrs. Aulty returned on Monday from a two weeks visit to Vancouver where she was the guest of Mrs. F. Johnson.

Miss Maria Williamson left for Kettle Valley on Sunday after a few days visit in town, as the guest of Miss Georgina Lee.

Mr. Richdale received the sad intelligence by wire on Wednesday that his son, John, was killed in an auto accident in California.

Mrs. J. M. Bella, daughter and son, arrived in town on Saturday and have taken up their residence in the Dixon house opposite the Post Office.

Mrs. Kate Walters and sons, Archie and Murray, of Vancouver, are spending a few days in town the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Walters.

Roy Harris motored over from Trail on Saturday, returning Sunday evening accompanied by Mrs. Harris who has been the guest of Mrs. M. Axam.

Chas. Nichols returned from Vernon on Wednesday. He was accompanied by his wife and three children who have been in the Okanagan during the past two months.

Mr. and Mrs. P. E. Crane and son, Walton, motored in from Beaverdell on Sunday and left the following morning for a three weeks visit to Seattle and Snohomish, Wash.

Mr. and Mrs. G. S. Walters returned on Sunday after spending a week at Victoria and Vancouver. They met many old Greenwoodites and all enquired about the old town.

One hundred head of cattle were shipped from Midway to the coast the first of the week. They were bought by R. A. Begg for Swift Canadian and the prices were 4 cents a pound for cows and 5 cents for steers.

Midway defeated Molson at baseball the first of the week by a score of 15 to 10. Next Sunday there will be a good game when Grand Forks and Midway will play for second place. The game will be played in Midway.

C. S. Ryder, of Vancouver, is relieving at the Government Liquor Store while Ed Pope is on his holidays. Twenty-three years ago Mr. Ryder was minister of finance in the Joe Martin government.

J. E. Thompson, a former M. L. A. for Grand Forks and now a resident of Vancouver where he is managing director of the Restmore Manufacturing Company, was in town on Thursday last on a motor tour of the interior.

Joseph Janotia was arrested by the Provincial Police on July 18. He was held under observation for a few days and on Tuesday he appeared before, James Kerr, J. P. He was let go under condition that he leave town immediately and go to work,

British Columbia is caring well for her mentally incapaciated. Last week Hon. J. D. MacLean, provincial secretary, laid the corner stone of the new mental hospital at Essondale, a structure which will cost upwards of $500,000 and be one of the finest institutions of its kind in the province.

H. S. Clapp, general manager of the Allenby Copper Co., and J. McLaughlin, superintendent at Copper Mountain, made a business call on G. S. Walters on Tuesday morning. They were returning to Allenby after visiting Trail. The trip was made each way by motor.

While driving home from the dance at Rock Creek on Tuesday evening a party of eight Greenwoodites had a miraculous escape when their auto somersaulted, through a defective rear right wheel, near Riverside. No injuries were received except for a few slight bruises and all were more or less badly shaken up. The McLaughlin car was badly damaged.

The preliminary hearing of James Turner, who was charged with breaking and entering John N. Luce's dwelling at Rock Creek and taking a sum of money, was held before P. H. McCurrach, S.M., at the Court House on Thursday last, resulted in the accused being sent up for trial. He was taken to Grand Forks on Friday and elected for speedy trial before His Honor J. R. Brown. Turner pleaded guilty and was sentenced to one year in the jail and he was taken Nelson on Tuesday by Chief Fraser.

Word was received in town this week from Anyox that the fire on Saturday, July 14 at the northern mining town started in the incinerator and for 48 hours the camp was endangerd. The fire reached the powder magazine containing 90 tons of dynamite and due to the fact that the powder burned for 15 minutes before exploding save the town from being wiped out. Considerable damage was done to doors and windows but no one was injured. All women and children were warned to get into the tunnels and most of them were out of danger as well as a number of men when the powder exploded. The mine and smelter was closed down so that every available man could help fight the fire. The fire fighters and a strenuous time of it down at the Beach when a strong wind was blowing and the fire was coming down on them at a dozen different places. At this point is where the coke plant is situated along with a by-products plant which makes benzol, a very high explosive. Fortunately this was saved. The fire quietened down at 6.30 Monday morning when a thunder storm passed over and it rained heavily for two hours.

WEDDING

On Tuesday afternoon the home of Mrs. M. Axam was the scene of a very pretty wedding party when Miss Nellie Axam was united in holy bonds of matrimony to Albert Mark Christensen, son of Mr. and Mrs. Mark Christensen. The ceremony which was performed by the Rev. W. R. Walkinshaw, was held under the beautiful shade trees close to the residence. Miss Mabel Axam was bridesmaid, Fred Christensen best man and Geo. Boag gave the bride away. After the ceremony the bridal party was driven in gaily decorated autos to the station amid showers of rice and wheat. They left for Trail and from there they will go via the Arrow lakes to Vancouver where they will reside.

Another home is made a new start in life is commenced.

We rejoice with a host of friends in congratulating the happy couple and wish them a long life and a happy one.

Community Picnic

A community picnic will be held next Wednesday afternoon at the old camping spot near the C.P.R. Sports of all kinds will be held. Everybody come and bring basket and own cup. Come and have good time. Everybody welcome.

Haying Season

Haying is in full swing. Soon the threshing machine will buzz us into winter. then Christmas with its merry greetings, and the New Year, a Leap Year too. Time flies fast, and we grow old whether we have made provision for old age or not. In the meantime we are making merry and feeding our households on the best of vegetables, golden and home-made bread with fruits in abundance, and this old world seems a good place to live in, in spite of hardwork. It's the fact that we enjoy eating good things that makes the world go round. If we didn't enjoy eating, the farmer would have no variety of crops. All the people would need, would be porridge, and the kitchen utensils could be narrowed down to a barrel for meal and a big porridge pot. We would have no need for butchers, or grocers or vegetable vendors, canning factories or flour mills, cheese makers or fishermen. The whole world would turn into a big Scotland and eat porridge and go to the Presbyterian Church. The farmer would have lots of time to sit on the fence, and watch his oats grow. If we were to follow out every branch of this subject we would soon see that the world would be a poor place to live in, if were not for the fact that nature has given to all people a desire for good things to eat.

Rock Creek Hotel

When hungry if you will drop into the Rock Creek Hotel you will find set before you, without any long wait, a tempting array of delectable things to eat that so thoroughly satisfies the inner man. You will also find a full line of cigars and tobacco and everything in the line of soft drinks. T. R. Hanson, the new manager, caters to the best trade and conducts his business in a manner that insures it. He specializes in Sunday chicken dinners.

Boy Scouts

Troop meets on Friday at 7:30 p.m. in the Fire Hall.

CUBS

There will be no meeting of the Cubs until further notice.

Reward

I will pay a reward of $100.00 to any person giving information that will lead to the prosecution of the person or persons, that deliberately and maliciously deposited a quantity of "stink weed" seed in my grain field.

WILLIAM JOHNSON,
Rock Creek, B.C.

Mining Notes

The Combination Mine

The tunnel on the Combination Mine, of the Eholt Mining Co., is now in 225 feet. Several different stringers of quartz appear in the face of the tunnel and they are increasing in width. Water has begun to seep through from the shaft by the stringers an indication that the distance is not great to cut the ledge.

The Spotted Horse

A party of Spokane people motored to town during the week-end and inspected the Spotted Horse on Jubilee mountain west of Greenwood. They were well pleased with the showing and one of the visitors, stated that the formation of this country was as good as he has seen in any mining district. The visitors also looked over the Combination mine and were high in their praise of this well known property. They returned to Spokane on Monday. The party consisted of W. C. Nichols, owner of the Spokane Yellow Taxi Line and heavily interested in mining; Bert A. Nichols, a retired restaurant man and also interested in mining, They were accompanied by their wives. Others were Mrs. J. F. Manly who is interested in mining, and Miss Madison, W. C. Nichols private secretary, and C. E. Bartholomew who was instrumental in bringing the party to town.

The Riverside Mine

Frederic Keffer, M. E., consulting engineer and Andrew Jackson, secretary of the Jack Paul Mining Co., of Spokane, arrived in town on Monday evening by motor and after spending the night in town left in the morning for the company's property, the Riverside Mine near Rock Creek. Mr. Keffer made a thorough examination of the property and on his return to town on Wednesday evening, stated that the ore in the No. 2 tunnel, where Superintendent Nelson recently enconntered the ore, is four feet wide, with fairly good looking ore. No assays have been made, but Mr. Keffer has taken samples from all the new work. It is the intention of the company to extend this tunnel beyond the faulted zone, where ore found in the exploratory drift last spring was 8 feet wide. The tunnel will have to be driven 25 feet more to get to the ore under this drift and will be continued as long as the ore continues to the line a 1000 feet distant.

In the No. 5 tunnel at the present time the vein is 13 inches wide of high grade ore. This tunnel is comparatively new work down by the Kettle river. It was started by the original owners who had driven it for 30 feet and was continued by the present company for 15 feet.

The No. 1 tunnel was driven by the original owners up to the faulted zone, its length being approximately 300 feet. The company plans to cross the fault in this tunnel also and then follow not only follow No. 1 vein but Nos. 3 and 4, which veins are close to No. 1.

Silver is the principal value in the ore on this property with varying values in gold and lead.

Mr. Keffer is well pleased with the indications and hopes for big results.

Mr. Keffer and Mr. Jackson returned to Spokane this morning and it is Mr. Keffer's intention to return in three weeks.

J. N. Luce, of Rock Creek, appeared before P. H. McCurrach, S. M., on Monday, charged with selling liquor on July 14, contrary to the Government Liquor Act. The hearing took up the greater part of the day and resulted in the case being dismissed. C. F. R. Pincott and F. B. Hetherington, of Grand Forks, represented the accused.

Have you paid your subscription to The Ledge?

NOSE COLDS QUICKLY STOPPED

A neglected cold is the open gateway to Consumption.

To quickly stop a cold, the best way is to clear the air passages of the nose and throat; free them of germs, and let the healing vapor of CATARRHOZONE do the rest.

One breath of CATARRHOZONE brings instant relief. Your suffering stops. Hoarseness is relieved, throat and nose are cleared, inflamed bronchial tubes are healed, all danger of Catarrh is prevented.

Carry CATARRHOZONE Inhaler in your purse, in your vest pocket, and use it when the first shiver or sneeze comes. Complete outfit, One Dollar, small size 50c. At all druggists. Refuse a substitute. By mail from The Catarrhozone Co., Montreal.

Evolution Of Lighting

Present Form of Illumination Result Of Years of Research

When you step carelessly to the wall and push a button that floods your living-room with light, you accept this service as a matter of course. Few persons ever stop to consider the many futile attempts and the tireless research and experimentation that has made this form of illumination possible.

Light is as important to man as the air he breathes, and from the very earliest days he has endeavored to imprison it in one form or another for his use and pleasure—in the rush light, candle, kerosene, gas and electric lamps.

Though the story of the lamp extends over a period of thousands of years, and history reveals it to you in one form or another from ancient times to the present, little ingenuity was displayed in the making of a device for the use of artificial light until 1855, when the kerosene lamp was introduced, which produced 50 per cent. more light than the hitherto generally used sperm oil lamp or candle.

Craftsmen of olden times turned out some unusually interesting and beautiful lamps, which represented a high order of artistic achievement. Yet when all was said and done, these lamps were not one bit better from an illumination standpoint than the stone or earthen receptacle for grease which was man's first notable lighting device after the faggot torch.

The kerosene lamp held sway from its introduction in 1855 to 1885. From then, until 1905, it gradually disappeared, and the Welsbach gas mantle and electricity began usurping its place.

Today the artificial light utilized by the average family is equivalent to the combined light of 360 candles, or about 18 times the amount of illumination used a century ago. The cost, too, is appreciably far less, for, though the increase in the amount of night lighting amounts to 1,700 per cent., the reduction in the cost of a year's lighting is about 70 per cent.

Aero Newspapers

London to Paris Planes Have Printing Outfit on Board

The aeroplanes carrying mail and passengers between London and Paris now actually have a printing outfit on board them and publish a newspaper on the voyage. Each day before the sailing hour the latest news of the world, political, financial and general, is rushed to the editor. During the flight news is sent out by wireless from London and Paris at regular intervals, so that the aerial editor is in instant touch with affairs. The news is prepared, set up, and the paper printed during the aeroplane's flight. The editions are delivered to the towns over which the aeroplane flies by means of parachutes. The aerial newspaper contains stock quotations, special features and news in general.

BEFORE MY BABY CAME

I Was Greatly Benefited by Taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Sydenham, Ont.—"I took your medicine before my baby was born and it was a great help to me as I was very poorly until I had started to take it. I just felt as though I was tired out all the time and would have weak, faint spells. My nerves would bother me until I could get little rest, night or day. I was told by a friend to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, and I only took a few bottles and it helped me wonderfully. I would recommend it to any woman. I am doing what I can to recommend this good medicine. I will lend that little book you sent me to any one I can help. You can with the greatest of pleasure use my name in regard to the Vegetable Compound if it will help others take it."—Mrs. HARVEY MILLIGAN, Sydenham, Ont.

It is remarkable how many cases have been reported similar to this one. Many women are poorly at such times and get into a weakened, run-down condition, when it is essential to the mother, as well as the child, that her strength be kept up.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound is an excellent tonic for the mother at this time. It is prepared from medicinal roots and herbs, and does not contain any harmful drugs. It may be taken in safety by the nursing mother.

K. N. U. 1482

British Tribute to an American

Walter Hines Page Occupies a Unique Place in Affections of British People

Although he was not the first American whose fame has been recognized by a memorial in Westminster Abbey, Walter Hines Page already occupies a unique place in the affections of the British people. This is so because from the very outset he understood the nature of the struggle Great Britain was making in the world war and longed to see the United States assume its share of the burden.

With great dignity, Viscount Grey of Falloden, who, as Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, was in intimate relationship with the late Ambassador to the Court of St. James', related this record before the distinguished assemblage present at the unveiling on July 2. Mr. Page was one of those Americans who made an almost instant decision once the war began.

He was impatient of the processes by which his countrymen were in season to be persuaded of the necessity of entering the conflict. He was far in advance of the main stream of American opinion and it would undoubtedly have been difficult to have persuaded Congress to declare war as early as he advised. Yet events caught up with his convictions and the United States was finally prepared to pursue the course he desired.

As Lord Grey said in uncovering the tablet, the Ambassador, was inspired by a single, earnest desire to make human freedom, as he saw it, prevail among the nations of the world. This is a noble ambition, and when a man highly placed is actuated by such a motive, fame is his without the asking.

In representing the United States in Britain, Ambassador Page strove passionately to bring about a community of effort among the English-speaking peoples during one of the decisive events in human history. Great Britain recognized him as a brother of the blood. So naturally the name of Walter Hines Pages found its way to the shrine in which England treasures the memory of its illustrious dead. He forgot himself utterly during a stirring hour in the history of mankind and sought only to serve his country in a supreme cause.

Canada's Exportable Wheat

Country's Requirements Last Year Exceeded By 294,256,000 Bushels

Of the total estimated wheat crop of 1922, viz., 399,786,400 bushels, 98 per cent. was reported by crop correspondents as having proved of merchantable quality, the proportion representing 389,987,000 bushels. The corresponding figures for 1921 were 96 per cent., or 288,316,000 bushels out of 300,858,100 bushels. The proportion of 98 per cent. for 1922 was higher than in any previous year since these reports were instituted in 1909.

It has been shown that the merchantable crop of wheat for 1922 was 389,987,000 bushels. Deducting from this figure 11,994,000 bushels to represent loss in cleaning (3 per cent. of total crop of 399,786,000), and adding 16,013,000 bushels, the final estimate of the "carry over" from last year and estimating 250,000 bushels for imports, we get 394,256,000 bushels as the net quantity available for distribution. Placing domestic requirements (seed, flour, "carry over," etc.) at 100 million bushels, the indicated exportable surplus is 294,256,000 bushels.

Danger Of Dry Sweeping

Disease May Be Contracted From Germ Laden Dust

The Department of Health, Canada, in a pamphlet entitled "What You Should Know About Tuberculosis," makes a statement on which too much emphasis cannot be placed.

The paragraph reads, "The dry sweeping of rooms should never be allowed, as it raises clouds of dust, which may contain germs which are thus breathed directly into the lungs. Therefore all broom sweeping should be preceded by strewing the floor with damp sawdust, old tea leaves or wet paper, or something similar, and if it is at all possible, vacuum sweeping or cleaning should be used."

It is well known that all infection gravitates to the floor. Bacill of disease, especially tuberculosis, are found in large quantities in dirt. The only remedy is cleanliness and if cleanliness can be achieved dustlessly the process is more efficient. The Canadian Association for the Prevention of Tuberculosis in preparing the pamphlet issued by the Department of Health, thus takes recognition of the hidden dangers which rise for the attack whenever the broom is brought into use. It recommends the use of that appliance of so many health and labor-saving purposes, the electric cleaner. It also realizes that not all homes are wired and therefore in a position to use the electric cleaner and accordingly suggests the means for reducing the danger when sweeping with the broom.

Not How, But Where

A new collar button has been invented that will land right side up when it falls. However, the problem has never been how a collar button lands, but where.—Nashville Banner.

The horse is a noble animal—except when you back him to win and he fails to show.

Seeing By Wireless

One of Next Great Developments, Opinion of Experts

According to the new and authoritative weekly wireless magazine, Wireless Review and Science Weekly, No. 1 of which was published recently, it is the opinion of leading wireless and scientific experts that one of the next great developments of wireless will be in the fascinating field of television.

In support of this view, and to encourage British inventors, Wireless Review is offering a prize of £500 to the British subject who invents apparatus which in the opinion of competent judges best demonstrates the practical possibilities of wireless television. For purposes of this important contest, wireless television is defined as:

"The visualizing of distant objects which cannot otherwise be seen, the images of which are transmitted and rendered visible through the medium of ether waves; that is to say, metallic or other artificial connections between transmitting and receiving stations must not be employed."

Writing on this aspect of wireless science in the Wireless Review, Professor A. M. Low, D.Sc., who is acting as the paper's general engineering consultant, states:

"Taken all over the world there must be thousands of people who are experimenting with means whereby actual vision can be transmitted by radio; and it cannot be that this work will all be without some definite product."

From this it can be seen that the amazing possibility of seeing by means of wireless waves is by no means an empty dream, but that we may look forward with confidence to the time when we may sit in comfort in our homes and both hear and see what is going on simultaneously many miles away.

England's First Printed Book

Copy of First Edition Recently Sold For $29,000

A fortune of many thousands of pounds is represented by 19 books to be sold from the library of the late Earl of Carysfort.

One of these books has been previously disposed of for $29,000. It is a copy of the first edition of the first book printed with moveable metal types, known as the Mazarin Bible. It was discovered in a monastery abroad, and was printed about 1455.

Another rarity is the first dated book printed in England. It was edited by Caxton himself, and concludes: "Here endeth the book named the dietes or sayengis of the philosophers prynted by me William Caxton at Westmestre the year of our lord 1477."

A few of the rare books from the library of the late Earl of Caryfort are to be offered for sale shortly at Sotheby's. They include five Caxtons.

There are other rare works of Caxton's, and also one of the most notable books in the English language—the first of English sporting works, containing the earliest known examples of color printing. This is the book of St. Albans.

More Going Than Coming

If the value of settlers' effects going to the United States from Canada compared with what is coming this way is an indication, more people are going than coming. According to customs figures the value of such effects exported to the States in May was $1,038,000, while the value coming this way from the States was $501,000.

Explains His Speed

Judge.—Why were you speeding?

Prisoner.—It was like this, your honor. The next town was ten miles away and I only had enough gas in the tank to go three, so I put on full speed so we could make that seven miles before the gas gave out.—Philadelphia Bulletin.

Right, According to Webster

Bell.—"I've been trying to think of a word for two weeks."

Bottom.—"How about 'fortnight.'"

SUMMER COMPLAINT CRAMPS and DIARRHOEA

There is no other kind of disease that comes on so quickly and with so little warning as an attack of bowel trouble.

One may retire at night, in the best of health, and before morning be awakened by terrific cramps and pains in the stomach followed by diarrhoea, dysentry, summer complaint or bowel trouble in one form or another.

At this season of the year, when bowel troubles are so prevalent, we would advise the precaution of always having on hand a bottle of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry so that you will be ready for any and all emergencies. You will find that a few doses of this valuable remedy, taken promptly, will be the means of preventing a great deal of unnecessary suffering, and many a time save life.

Mrs. W. H. Judd, 174 Catherine St., S., Hamilton, Ont., writes:—"Last summer I had a very bad attack of summer complaint, cramp and diarrhoea. I tried many different remedies, but they did not seem to help me. I heard of Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry, so decided I would try it. I only took a few doses, and in a short time I was better."

Price 50c a bottle; put up by The T. Milburn Co. Limited, Toronto, Ont.

Indian Artistry

Work Suggests Many Distinctive Designs For Canadian Products

Pressed by the stern necessities of his struggle with nature, the Indian of what is now the territory of the Dominion, did not advance far in the art path. His most truly artistic productions were the birch bark, the moccasin and the snowshoe. In the curves and patterns of each he sometimes showed wondrous sense of the beauty line, but his mode of life gave him no opportunity to become either a painter or a fashioner in clay or metal comparable with the Egyptian or the Etruscan; even the neolithic men who carved reindeer and aurochs on bone were able to surpass by a measurable distance anything thus far unearthed of the handiwork of the Canadian Indian.

Yet, especially by the Pacific shores, he did develop a certain crude decorative art of his own, and Harlan I. Smith, of the Victoria Memorial Museum, has at much pains secured a fairly representative collection of his efforts. In bulletin No. 37, just issued by the Department of Mines, we have an album containing numerous illustrations which should suggest designs for Canadian products that at the least will be as distinctive and as peculiar to Canada as anything could well be. It is unfortunate that much of the material in which the Indian works is of perishable nature. For a true conception of his capabilities we should study the work of living hands: the beadwork, the silkwork, the sunning patterns worked in stained porcupine quills, the delicious tone of the smoked moose skin, the wonderful contraptions made out of the bark of the birch—none of these will exist for any length of time. Only when the Indian happens to feel unusually energtic did he grave designs on stone or carve some hard native wood into such shape as translated his conceptions.

The present album gathers together much that should be of interest to the artist, and of use to the manufacturer, though it merely confirms an impression that the Indian never reached any dizzy altitude in the pure skies of imagination.

Light of the Stars

It Takes Light Four and a Half Years to Come From the Nearest Star

If the light of all the stars were to go out at once, it would be at least four years before we noticed any differences in their light. After that time these lights in the sky would disappear one by one, according to their distance from the earth. No one living today would see the last starlight go out if all their lights were extinguished at once. You must remember that it takes light 4½ years to come to us from the nearest star. We say a star is so many "light years" away, basing its distance on the time it takes light to reach us. It takes light 100,000 years and more to reach us from some of the farther stars. From some of the more distant stars we are just now receiving the light that originally emanated from them way back in the stone age—before history. It has taken it all these years to reach us.

Bishop Carried Widow's Basket

A washerwoman, a widow, was carrying home a big basketful of clothes at Durham, Eng. Alderman Alfred Pattison, a former Mayor, saw the woman's strength was overtaxed and took one handle of the basket.

A few moments latter they met Bishop Welldon strolling along the river's bank and he too offered to help. So Bishop and Alderman, each holding a handle of the basket carried the clothes to the widow's home a quarter of a mile away.

Valuable Staff Discovered

Buried in cement in a crevice in the masonry of the Vredensky Cathedral, Petrograd, Russia, has been found a field-marshal's staff. It is of solid gold, studded with 110 great diamonds and emeralds. It is worth two million dollars. It has been identified as a present Czar Alexander II. had made for his brother in 1878. The chief priest has been arrested by the Soviet authorities on a charge of having concealed this treasure from the Government.

The grade of white pine that sold to Canadian home builders seventy years ago at twelve dollars a thousand feet, now sells at eighty dollars.

Birds are as sensitive to colors as are human beings, but fish respond most readily to green and yellow lights.

Minard's Liniment for Dandruff

Medical Science Fights Man's Greatest Menace

Profession Directs Biggest Efforts to Elimination of Cancer

Dr. William Mayo, world famous American surgeon, says that the great fight of medical science in the future would be to curb the ravages of cancer which, now that tuberculosis was definitely checked, remains man's greatest menace. He also hailed Dr. F. S. Banting's discovery of the insulin treatment of diabetes as the greatest post-war achievement of medicine, opening an entirely new field in medical endeavors.

"Now that we have got tuberculosis under control, the medical profession is directing its biggest efforts to eliminate cancer," Dr. Mayo said. "Our great task is to find the cause of this disease for until we know it, we can make little progress in curing it, just as we could make small headway stopping tuberculosis until we had discovered its origin.

About ten years ago America had an extensive cancer campaign to arouse public co-operation, just as England is having one now, and the result has shown the progress the American society for the control of cancer has been making. Already surgery can eradicate cancer if discovered in its early stages. I am not alarmed that more cases of cancers are recognized than 10 or 20 years ago. Thanks to the diminution of tuberculosis, pure milk and other health advances medical science has added 11 or 12 years to the life of the average man in the last 40 years.

"Cancer is largely a disease of old age. Now, as more people grow old there is more cancer."

World's Highest Waterfall

Falls in South India Three Times Height of Niagara

Niagara Falls are generally looked upon as the most wonderful falls in the world, and the popular impression is that they are also the highest in the world.

But, as a matter of fact, the Gersoppa Falls in the Western Ghats of South India are, speaking roughly, three times the height of Niagara Falls, and surpass also the famous Sutherland Falls in New Zealand, the great falls of Kaietur in British Guiana and the famous Victoria Falls on the Zambesi River. They are on the Sharavati River in the North Kanava district of Bombay, and occur at a point about twenty miles from the river's mouth, where it plunges into a narrow gorge on its way to the Indian Ocean.

The cliff over which the Gersoppa or Jog Falls leap is 830 ft. high. When there is only a moderate amount of water in the river it is broken into four distinct falls, and the largest, called the Rajah, has an unbroken drop of over 500 ft. before it touches a rock. Straight from an overhanging ledge it leaps into the chasm in what may be called a gigantic spout, so far from the precipice behind it that the sun shines in between and the shadow of the water may be seen on the rock at some distance to the side of the fall. The pool beneath it is 132 ft. deep.

Still Draws Benefit From Balaclava Fund

Non-Commissioned Officer of Light Brigade Is Ninety-Two

Only one non-commisisoned officer of the "Noble Six Hundred" of the famous charge of the Light Brigade is now living and he has reached the advanced age of 92.

He is Edwin Hughes, troop sergeant-major of the 13th Hussars, and is the only person now receiving aid from the Balaclava Fund which was organized shortly after the Crimean War to support the widows and children of the non-commisisoned officers and to provide old age pensions for the officers.

New Textile Fibre Produced

Brazil has produced a new textile fibre known as fibraso. This fibre has been known to grow in certain localities of Brazil for years, but no commercial use was proposed for it until recently. The fibre itself possesses considerable strength and is of fine quality. It takes up sizing materials and finishing chemicals easily and dyes well.

Subject to Stamp Tax

The Customs and Excise Department announces that, effective August 1, letters and postcards acknowledging payments of $10 and upwards are subject to the stamp tax on receipts. The department has established regulations by which business firms are enabled to have receipts stamped by means of a die.

The trouble with so many people is that they push in the wrong direction.

Saving Civilization

Job For English-Speaking Peoples, Says Prime Minister

The Prime Minister was the principal guest at the annual dinner of the Rhodes Scholarship Trust in Oxford. In his speech he referred to the danger which our hard-built civilization runs of cracking, and said that the whole world looked to the English-speaking peoples to save what was left. Four qualities he finds are characteristic of England and America. A respect for justice, a love of political freedom, a sense of democracy which values a man for himself and not for his circumstances, and finally a spiritual freedom. These qualities, he considered, fitted us, and in "us" he included America, to mend the world. Mr. Baldwin did not suggest that this would be an easy task. Indeed, he would scarcely have become Prime Minister if he thought so; he maintained only that if it could be done at all, the English-speaking peoples must do it.—From the London Spectator.

Using Odd Moments

Great Things Can Be Accomplished By Misers of Time

Martin Luther published nearly a whole library of books. When asked how he had time to translate the Bible in addition to all of his other work, he replied: "I do a little every day."

The famous "Pilgrim's Progress" was written by John Bunyan while he was imprisoned in Bedford Jail. He improved minutes that might have wasted.

Sir Walter Raleigh was another miser of time. He spent the years of his imprisonment in the Tower of London by writing, "The History of the World," a standard work for all time.

Dr. Burney, musical author, learned the French and Italian languages while travelling on horseback from one music pupil to another.

Plants For Atlantic Liner

Ten thousand flowering plants and ferns of various kinds are required every year for the public rooms of the liner Majestic. A heated greenhouse is provided on the upper deck from which renewals are drawn during a voyage, and a trained gardener is a permanent member of the ship's staff.

Stamps issued recently by Austria bear the effigies of the following famous Austrian composers: Haydn, Mozart, Beethoven, Schubert and Johann Strauss.

Taxation Threatens Historic Mansions

Many Stately Homes In England Are Being Dismantled

It may not be generally recognized outside Great Britain how seriously the great "show houses" of the country are threatened by the heavy burden of taxation. But the plain fact is that they are in grave danger of extinction. Almost every day sees a fresh announcement of the dispersal of some great collectin of art treasures which have been accumulated by successive generations of one family, and almost as frequent are the notices to the effect that a certain historic mansion is to be offered for sale by public auction.

The conditions which made the maintenance of these fine old houses possible have passed away for ever, and all over the country great mansions are standing tenantless, though some of them are being converted to other uses, and others again are being dismantled by housebreakers and sold piecemeal, a fine old staircase going here, some exquisite panelling there and an historic ceiling somewhere else.

Crossed Jordan In 1812

Ontario River Figured In War With United States

Great Britain has eight Jordans including a river near Edinburgh, a hill in Dorsetshire, and a sandbank off the Lancashire coast, the other five being county seats, villages, or suburbs. The United States has a Jordan River in Utah, emptying into the Great Salt Lake. Canada also has a Jordan River emptying into Lake Ontario through a picturesque gorge, between Hamilton and Niagara. Across it the United States forces raced in the war of 1812 until their over-confidence resulted in a nasty defeat at Stony Creek, where the Canadian little army turned in a night attack on their pursuers.

Canadian Immigration Increases

Substantial increases in the immigration to Canada over last year's figures are noted by the Department of Immigration and Colonization. For the month of April the increase was 44 per cent. over April, 1922, and for May, 59 per cent. over the previous May. The principal increases are in immigrants from Great Britain and Ireland, but there are also substantial increases in immigrants from a number of other countries.

OPPORTUNITIES IN THE VETERINARY PROFESSION

If you desire to enter into a profession you should consider what the new field of Veterinary Science has to offer. Graduates have splendid opportunities for a successful career. You should inquire.

Session Begins October 1st, 1923

Write for Bulletin and Calendar to C. D. McGilvray, M.D.V., Principal

ONTARIO VETERINARY COLLEGE

Affiliated with University of Toronto — GUELPH, ONT. — Under the Ontario Dept. of Agriculture

Everywhere
BRIER
The Tobacco with a heart
77

Grain Inquiry Sittings For Manitoba Are Postponed Indefinitely

Saskatoon—At the request of counsel for the Manitoba Government, the sittings of the Royal Grain Inquiry Commission in that province have been indefinitely postponed and the present schedule will terminate at Regina, August 2.

The decision is the outcome of a telegram received by Mr. Justice Turgeon, Chairman of the Commission. The wire from Manitoba stated that in all probability harvesting will commence in that province August 6 and with this in view it was requested that all public hearings in Manitoba be postponed until after the harvest.

It is expected that after the hearing in Vancouver which opens September 10, followed by a sitting in Medicine Hat, the members of the commission will go to Fort William to examine methods of operating terminals and to study the mixing question. It is then proposed to hold sittings in Winnipeg, where the Grain Exchange will be studied, and it is probable that country points in Manitoba will be visited about that time.

Sir Henry Thornton, President of the Canadian National Railways, declined to be rushed into an offhand decision to announce reductions in freight rates for wheat on the transcontinental railway between Armstrong and Quebec and Montreal or in ocean rates between Montreal and Liverpool on Canadian Government Merchant Marine boats, questions which were put to him by D'Arcy Scott, counsel to the commission.

Sir Henry announced his sympathy with any effort to ameliorate the transportation difficulties of the farmers, but stated that he must be given time in which to consult his colleagues before making a decision on such an important matter, and declared that this question must be studied, since it was one in which the finances of the railway and the interests of the Dominion as a whole were involved.

CONTENDS THAT MIXING OF GRAIN MEANS FARMERS GET LESS RETURNS

North Battleford.—A statement that Jas. Stewart, during the Wheat Board regime, paid four cents a bushel more for No. 1 Northern wheat from public terminal elevators, than for the same grade from private terminals, was offered at a sitting of the Royal Grain Inquiry Commission here, as concrete evidence that mixing of grain results in the farmers getting less for their wheat than it is worth, and that mixing results in depreciation of Canadian hard wheat in the Liverpool market.

The statement was made by C. C. Davis, M.P. for North Battleford, in support of his contention that the mixing of contract grades should be prohibited in private terminal elevators, and that a penalty should be imposed against any company adopting the practice.

Representations for the removal of the "arbitrary and unjustifiable differential" of western freight rates for wheat were made by A. M. Panton, Chairman of the North Battleford Board of Trade, and with this, he coupled the suggestion that this city should be made an inspection point, so that all cars could be graded before being shipped either east or west, permitting farmers to receive cash for their shipments immediately.

The action of the Senate in turning down C.N.R. branch line construction programme was also referred to by Mr. Panton, who declared that the morale of the farmers in district 30 to 40 from a market point, had been wrecked.

South African Premier Will Champion Peace

General Smuts Tells Congress of His Intentions

Pietermaritzburg, Natal.—At the opening of the South African party congress here, Premier Smuts, of the South African Union, referring to the troubles in Europe, declared if Europe does not recover and those great markets which are particularly English markets do not recover, a terrible situation will arise for Great Britain with its population of thirty-five millions. General Smuts proceeded to pay a remarkable tribute to Premier Baldwin, adding: "He is a simple, sincere and straight English gentleman with no nonsense about him."

He averred his intention to fight on behalf of South Africa a battle for peace at the Imperial Conference.

Canada Loses Population

3,525 Mechanics Went From Canada to States in May

Ottawa.—Further migration of skilled labor to the United States is shown by the United States Department of Immigration statistics received here.

During May 3,525 skilled Canadian mechanics entered the United States as compared with 36 skilled American mechanics who came to Canada in the same period.

The total number of Canadians who migrated to the United States during May was 18,658, of whom 7,723 were women.

Skilled mechanics to the number of 2,331 came to Canada from Great Britain during the same month.

Australian Boy Scouts

Melbourne. — The Commonwealth Government is considering a proposal to assist in paying the passages to England of 300 Australian Boy Scouts to enable them to visit the British Empire Exhibition next year.

Death Of Francisco Villa

Former Mexico Outlaw Meets Violent End

Chihuahua City, Mexico.—Official telegrams confirm the death of Francisco Villa near Parral, and exonerate his secretary, Miguel Trillo, of all blame for his death, early telegrams having said Villa was killed by his secretary.

According to the official reports Villa left Parrall accompanied by Trillo, two guards and a chauffeur. While going over the Guana Juanito bridge near Parral the party were assaulted from both sides by a number of men.

Villa and Trillo were killed at the same instant, together with their companions, the official dispatch says.

New Offices For High Commissioner

Canadian Government Secures Fine Building In Trafalgar Square

Lndon.—Official announcement of the securing of new premises for the Canadian Government offices in London was made by Hon. P. E. Larkin, Canadian High Commissioner.

The High Commissioner states the Crown lease of the premises in Trafalgar Square on the west side belonging to the Union Club has been purchased by the Dominion Government. This is the finest building in Trafalgar Square, and the site is regarded as being unequalled in London.

Canada will not enter into occupation until next March.

Foot and Mouth Disease

London.—Two outbreaks of foot and mouth disease among cattle have occurred in the past few days in Bedfordshire. Restrictions on the movement of cattle from the affected district have been imposed. Over 30 store and feed cattle were destroyed immediately the authorities learned of the cases.

Canada And U. S. Trade Reprisals War Now Being Predicted

New York.—A "war of trade reprisals" between Canada and the United States is predicted by the New York World if the pulp wood embargo authorized by the Canadian Parliament is put into force. The World declares the embargo would mean the closing of many United States mills along the border, curtailment of other mills and the transfer of "another big fraction" of the paper industry to Canada, as well as "war-time prices" for paper, and continues:

"It would mean more than this. Enforcement of the embargo would undoubtedly start a new war of trade reprisals between the two countries. Retaliatory measures from this side could begin with coal, oil, sulphur and other necessary supplies for Canadian mills and extend beyond. No one would be helped in the end. Both sides would be hurt and ill-will engendered all around."

The World declares the situation calls for reconsideration of the whole trade situation as between Canada and the United States. "We have to remember that the Fordney-McCumber tariff hits Canada a hard blow and is largely provocative of Canada's present action," it asserts. "Concessions are called for from our side as well as from their side."

HEAVY LOSS FROM STORM

DAMAGE FROM CYCLONE IN LUMSDEN AREA MAY EXCEED MILLION DOLLARS

Regina.—Survey of property and crop damage in Lumsden and Tuxford districts, hit by the recent cyclone, indicates the loss will exceed a million dollars.

Eight people were injured, one seriously, in the tornado which cut a narrow and erratic path from west to east, starting at Dodsland through the Marquis and Tuxford districts into the valley west of Lumsden, out of the valley south of Lumsden, on to the Piapot Reserve, going as far east as Wapella.

In the valley it was wind, and wind alone, which caused buildings to be torn from their foundations and huge trees and telephone poles snapped asunder like matches. But at Tuxford the wind was combined with a terrific hailstorm.

Crop damage will be very heavy. Rain, driven by resistless wind, drove crops into the ground at Lumsden. Hail accomplished the same effect at Tuxford and, in a lesser degree, at Marquis.

Canadian Wheat Crop

Dominion Officials Deny Making Estimate of 500,000,000 Bushels For This Year

Ottawa.—Officials of the agricultural branch of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, deny that estimates made by them ever set the forthcoming Canadian wheat crop at 500,000,000 bushels.

"According to various communications from the United States and Europe," reads the bureau's statement, "there is an impression that the bureau has estimated the wheat crop at 500,000,000 bushels. The bureau desires it to be known that up to the present, no such estimate has been published on the part of the Dominion Government."

Continuing, the statement points out that a yield of 500,000,000 bushels figured upon the estimated acreage to be harvested would mean an average crop of 23 bushels to the acre, a record set in 1915, and never exceeded since. The decennial average is 15¾ bushels to the acre, and the latest crop report of the bureau, issued on July 11, forecasts a yield of five per cent. above the decennial average. That would mean a total production of 386,000,000 bushels.

On August 10, the bureau will issue a harvest forecast based on reports of crop correspondents at the end of July.

London Has Large Supply Of Insulin

Medical Official Denies Report of Exhorbitant Prices Charged

London.—Replying to the charges of a newspaper correspondent, an official of the medical research council when interviewed, stated that the council was in a position entirely to disprove the charge that insulin, for the treatment of diabetes, was being sold at an exorbitant price in England and was not generally procurable.

When insulin, which was discovered by Dr. F. G. Banting, of Toronto, was first put on the market in April last, said the official, there was only a limited supply and it was necessary to place restrictions on its use. The shortage, however, was pronounced only a short time.

There are now five firms in Great Britain manufacturing insulin according to Toronto formula, and it is procurable on short notice at any druggist shop and most of the London hospitals have supplies for people who are unable to pay for it.

Britain Not Obliged To Tell Naval Plans

Retained Full Freedom of Action Regarding Singapore Base

London.—The proposed extra facilities at the British naval base in Singapore were not made known to the other nations at the Washington armament conference, and there was no reason why they should have been, questioners were told in the House of Commons by Lieut.-Col. L. S. Amery, First Lord of the Admiralty.

It was clearly understood by all the delegates at Washington, he said, that Great Britain was retaining full freedom of action as regards Singapore, which had always been a naval and military station. The proposal for the base were first approved in June, 1922.

England Wins McKinnon Cup

Bisley Camp.—England won the McKinnon Challenge Cup with a total score of 1,083; Scotland was second with 1,043; Ireland third with 1,028; Canada fourth with 1,025; and Wales fifth with 945.

Major Blair's rifle failed him in the shoot at the second range and this accounts for Canada's low position.

Canada was in second place at the 900 yards.

Mennonites Coming West

Quebec.—Five hundred and sixty-five Mennonites, men, women and children, bound for Rosthern, Sask., where they will be established in a colony of their own, landed here from the Empress of France.

WESTERN EDITORS

H. Paul, Editor and Proprietor of The Journal, Carstairs, Alberta.

Reviving Smuggling Along English Coast

Business of Hundred Years Ago Is Again Profitable

London.—Cross-channel smuggling, once a feature of the Napoleonic wars, is reviving along the English coasts. A depreciated French exchange and reduced coastguard forces have made smuggling profitable again, and lonely stretches of the Kent and Sussex coasts are, after a lapse of upwards of a hundred years, again the scene of nocturnal brandy-runnings.

Up to this year the greatest trouble of the revenue protective officers was with German ships, the slump in the mark making it well worth while for a crew to smuggle raw spirits to the Thames.

But since a German steward was fined five million marks in London last January for smuggling brandy and liquors there has been little of this traffic carried on.

Would Build Wireless Station In England

Eastern Telegraph Company Has Applied for License

London.—Replying to questions in the House of Commons, the postmaster-general, Sir Laming Worthington Evans, said the Eastern Telegraph Company had applied for a license to build a high power station in England in connection with an Empire wireless chain. This company, said the minister, has the same chance of obtaining a license as the Marconi Company, so far as the Government is concerned. The question of building corresponding stations in India or the Dominions would be for the Governments concerned to settle.

It was announced that a site of 800 acres has been purchased by the Post Office Department near Rugby for a high power wireless station, which will cost about £50,000.

Russia Cannot Forecast Crop

Moscow.—Various estimates of Russia's possible grain exports have appeared in the press, but the Government department charged with export business is still extremely uncertain regarding figures, in fact could issue no official estimate whatever.

Navy Expense Increases

London.—Although the establishment of the navy in 1923-24 consists of only 99,500 men, compared with 151,000 in 1913-14, the cost of pay has risen from 44,000,000 pounds to 70,000,000.

Form Miniature Pool

Group of Southern Alberta Farmers Will Co-operate in Marketing Crop

Lethbridge. — Twenty-three Southern Alberta farmers, driven to desperation by slumping wheat prices, are planning on forming their own wheat pool. At a meeting in MacLeod they took preliminary steps toward joining the Pincher Creek Co-operative Association, which, in addition to handling produce, has made money for its members in centralized wheat selling, even on a very small scale. The miniature pool will include farmers in the Pincher Creek, Claresholm, Granum, MacLeod and Glenwoodville districts. The meeting was attended by half a dozen members of the Provincial Legislature, Hon. A. L. McPherson, Speaker of the Alberta House, being in the chair. At the same meeting the western grain rout to Vancouver was endorsed.

France Has Large Crop

Will Harvest Enough Grain to Make Import Unnecessary

Paris.—For the first time in many years France will not be obliged to import wheat after August, as its crop of the grain harvesting, which is now beginning, is much larger than was expected. It is estimated by experts that the harvest will yield from seven and a half to eight million tons which, with 400,000 tons, Algeria is anticipated to be able to send, will be sufficient to meet all requirements.

This crop situation is expected to increase the value of the franc, the depreciation of which is partly due to importation of wheat, the total since last August amounting to one and a half million tons.

Turks Content With Peace Treaty Terms

Not dangerous to National Interests, Pasha Informed Government

Constantinople.—The questions of concessions of foreign companies and the withdrawal of warships from the straits, closed formally by the near east conference at Lausanne, were settled in a manner not dangerous to the national interests and without prejudice to the economic independence of Turkey, the Turkish Government announced that it had been informed by Ismet Pasha. The Government consequently authorized the head of the delegation to sign the peace treaty.

Moore Backs Lewis

Says Nova Scotia Miners Should Remain Loyal to Union

Ottawa.—"The miners of Nova Scotia will do well to remain loyal to their international union by giving their full support to the new provisional president, Silby Barrett, and thus frustrate the efforts of J. B. McLachlan and his colleagues to destroy the solidarity of their organization," Tom Moore, President of the Dominion Trades and Labor Congress, stated. "The ill-advised strike has retarded the efforts made by organized labor to have the militia removed from the strike area."

Good Insurance Risks

New York.—Aeroplane travel by tourists in machines of aerial transportation companies will no longer jeopardise insurance policies in case of accident, the Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York has decided.

Thornton and Beatty Plead for Forest Protection

SIR HENRY THORNTON
President of the Canadian National Railways, says:

"If any man wants to add to the burdens of the Canadian National Railways, let him start a forest fire.

"The forest is a main pillar of our freight business and tourist travel. I appeal to every Canadian: 'Protect the Forests.'"

E. W. BEATTY
President of the C.P.R., says:

"A living forest means live jobs. Dead forests mean dead jobs. No man of us has any right to kill a forest by his careless acts. A minute's care may save a century of waiting."

Can Do Nothing Now About Branch Lines Says Hon. Graham

DEMAND BRANCH LINES

THINK GOVERNMENT SHOULD AUTHORIZE EXPENDITURE FOR PROPOSED EXTENSIONS

Saskatoon.—A resolution calling upon Premier Mackenzie King to authorize the expenditure necessary for the construction of the proposed Canadian National branch lines was carried at a meeting of the Saskatchewan Associated Boards of Trade Executive. It says the money for the branch lines should be taken out of the appropriation of $73,000,000 voted to the Canadian National by Parliament, or from public funds.

Britain Recapturing Trade

Exports to Brazil Surpass American First Time Since War

Rio de Janeiro.—American exports to Brazil, according to figures published by the Federal Department of Commercial Statistics, were surpassed by British shipments last year for the first time since the beginning of the world war. The total value of American exports to this country in 1922 was almost equal to that of the year before hostilities began in Europe, but less than one-quarter of the total reached in the high tide year of 1920.

The reasons for this tremendous decrease in Brazilian imports of American products, according to opinions expressed by business representatives here, are the unfavorable exchange rates on Brazilian money, the relatively higher cost of doing business confronting American exporters, and the general retrenchment in Brazil.

Veterans Received By King

Delegates to Service League Conference Introduced By Earl Haig

London.—Delegates to the biennial conference of the British Empire Service League, were received by the King at Buckingham Palace. The delegates represent all parts of the Empire. They were introduced by Field-Marshal Earl Haig, President of the League.

His Majesty spoke a few words to each of the men present and recalled memories of various outposts of the Empire which he had visited. He thanked the League for a loyal message which it had presented to him.

Aviator Has Hard Luck

Failed Second Time to Cross Continent Between Dawn and Dusk

Rock Springs, Wyoming.—Failure marked the second attempt within 10 days of Lieut. Russell Maughan, army airman, to span the North American continent between dawn and dusk when an oil leak forced him to land here at 5.08 p.m., mountain time.

He had traversed more than two-thirds of the United States, a total of 1,925 miles, and he was hurling towards his goal at a speed of 150 miles an hour, after leaving three of his five scheduled stopping points behind him, in his race with the sun when he was compelled to descend.

Indian Army Officers Will Settle In B.C.

Captain Silver and Five Ex-Officers Compose Party

Victoria.—The liner Empress of Australia, docked here from the Orient with 700 passengers, many of them prominent business and professional men from the countries of the far east.

Among those aboard was G. S. Corbett, delegate from the Straits Settlement to the Forestry convention at Ottawa; Capt. H. E. Silver and party of five ex-officers of the Indian army, who will settle in British Columbia.

Ottawa.—"The Government is helpless to do anything. Apart from the Long Lake cutoff, which is really a co-ordination of two lines and already under contract, not a foot of branch lines of the Canadian National Railways can be built this year."

This was the statement of Hon. George P. Graham, Minister of Railways. He was referring to the resolutions being passed by public bodies urging that something be done and to the numerous reports of settlers' plans being utterly upset because railway facilities cannot be provided.

"The Government," added the Minister, "cannot spend money that Parliament does not appropriate. The Senate took the position that the country cannot afford the money for the projected lines. Our position is that we cannot afford to do without them. They are essential to the growth of the C.N.R. and the development of the country it serves. The public owned system needs branches the same as the C.P.R. Th idea being propagated that the lines would run into a hundred million is sheer nonsense. The estimates were liberal, having regard to the fact that of the thousand miles provided for, four hundred were already graded and in some cases ready for the steel.

The Minister of Railways was not able to indicate what plan will be adopted next session, but made it clear that it is hopeless to expect anything this year. While some $73,000,000 is voted for betterment, these do not contemplate construction, but are in accumulation of plans for maintenance, terminal facilities and a great variety of things. There is no authority to divert the expenditures, all of which are held to be urgently necessary for efficient operation of the system.

Trade Affected By World Conditions

Reason Given By British Men For Business Decline

London.—Replying in the House of Commons on the debate on the Board of Trade, pointed out that Great Britain's export trade at the beginning of 1922 showed a deficit of 35 per cent. compared with the pre-war volume. By the beginning of 1923 the deficit had dropped to 20 per cent.

Traders and others, however, now almost unanimously said that orders were not coming in owing to the general uncertainty due to the failure to obtain world settlement. The outlook for British industry was nothing like as good now as it was last January.

Sir Philip stressed the vital necessity of getting stable conditions and also the necessity for a steady and bold policy in developing imperial resources in the dominions and colonies. Economic necessities pointed to the need of bringing raw material from countries other than those to which the British were debtors.

Racing Sheets Imports

Ottawa.—Federal legislation passed at the recent session of Parliament, prohibiting the import into Canada of racing sheets, is occupying the attention of the customs department, it is stated. It was said that the department had information that such sheets were still coming into Canada from the United States, and that a statement would be forthcoming shortly.

Ex-Captain of Maine Dead

New York.—Rear-Admiral Charles Sigsbee, U.S.N., retired, captain of the ill-fated battleship Maine, died suddenly July 19. He was 52 years old at the time of the "blowing up of the Maine," a captain, a veteran of the civil war and an inventor of the deep sea exploring and sounding apparatus.

By making your purchase from your home merchant you are contributing direct to the prosperity of the community in which you live.

Our Surplus Wheat Is Matter Of Interest To People Of Britain

London.—The question of the bearing of home food production on national defense will come before the Imperial Conference in October, Lord Selbourne, speaking for the Government, stated in the House of Lords. A member had suggested referring the question to the committee on imperial defense.

Lord Long referred to the large purchases of wheat which Great Britain had made in Canada in recent years and suggested that a definite arrangement, somewhat on those lines, would contribute largely to a solution.

"It might be said," added Lord Long, "if we entered into an arrangement with Canada to secure a large part of her crop that we would give offense to the other dominions, but I have never found among the representatives of the dominions the slightest evidence of any feeling either of jealousy or dissatisfaction. Assuming it would be easier to get a large quantity of our wheat in Canada, I am quite convinced that no other dominion would enter any protest. The question is whether we can arrive at an arrangement which will give us a supply to prevent any possibility of starvation."

Lord Long emphasized that the dominions were more than ready to meet Great Britain half-way. Was it not extraordinary, he asked, that even as the House was debating this question, Canada was asking herself how on earth she was to dispose of the bumper crop of wheat she was going to reap this year?

THE LEDGE

Is $2.00 a year strictly in advance, or $2.50 when not paid for three months or more have passed. To Great Britain and the United States $2.50, always in advance.

G. W. A. SMITH
Lessee

ADVERTISING RATES

Delinquent Co-Owner Notices	$25.00
Coal and Oil Notices	7.00
Estray Notices	3.00
Cards of Thanks	1.00
Certificate of Improvement	12.50

(Where more than one claim appears in notice, $5.00 for each additional claim.)

All other legal advertising, 12 cents a line first insertion, and 8 cents a line for each subsequent insertion, nonpariel measurement.

Transcient display advertising 50 cents an inch each insertion.

Business locals 12½c. a line each insertion.

The blue cross means that your subscription is due, and that the editor would be pleased to have more money.

ONE smile of fortune is better than a dozen of her laughs.

MOST of our joys as well as our sorrows are due to ignorance.

YOU can't offend a homely woman by telling her she isn't.

SOME authors originality is due to their skill in misquoting others.

SELF-MADE men nearly always make a loud noise when they talk.

CONSIDER the fish: if he didn't open his mouth he wouldn't get caught.

WE are a good deal happier because of a lot of things we don't know.

AN honest man may have a clear conscience but he's apt to get lonesome.

You are bright, but you can't tell how many toes a cat has without looking.

A man seldom has as big a bank account as he wants his acquaintances to believe he has.

WHEN the average man has reached the age of 50 years he has eaten 28 cattle and an acre of potatoes.

Will Continue Fight For Control of Importations

Victoria, July 25.—If British Columbia is to witness the complete enforcement of the Government Liquor Act, the Liquor Control Board must have full control of importations. So stated Attorney-General Manson recently, in replying to a criticisms of Conservative Senators over the rejected amendment to the Canada Temperance Act, giving the provinces the right to control importations.

Hon. Mr. Manson maintains that it is inconsistent, to say at least, for the Senate of Canada to be possessed of powers of vetoing legislation passed two years in succession by the House of Commons. This was the fate of the legislation which was ratified by the Commons, giving British Columbia the sole right to import liquor. As the situation now stands, the Liquor Control Board must continue to fight the bootlegger, who secures the bulk of his wares from export houses, either in a direct or indirect way.

Meanwhile, the attorney-general asserts the last has not been heard of the matter, and the province must continue to fight for the legislation which will result in the elimination of all illicit dealing in spirituous liquor.

The timber industry in British Columbia has been placed on a sound basis and largely through the activity of Hon. T. D. Pattullo, minister of lands, and his forest branch officials. For the first six months of this year the timber scale amounted to 1,206,936,927 board feet, as compared with 678,026,779 feet for the first six months of 1922.

It may be recalled that the period of timber expansion in this province dates from a historic meeting in Hon. Mr. Pattullo's office shortly after the war. As a result of that meeting the Associated Timber Exporters grew up, and with the encouragement of the government and promised financial backing, the later proving unnecessary, large export orders were accepted and filled. Since that time the advance in this industry has been steady and rapid.

"Monte Cristo"

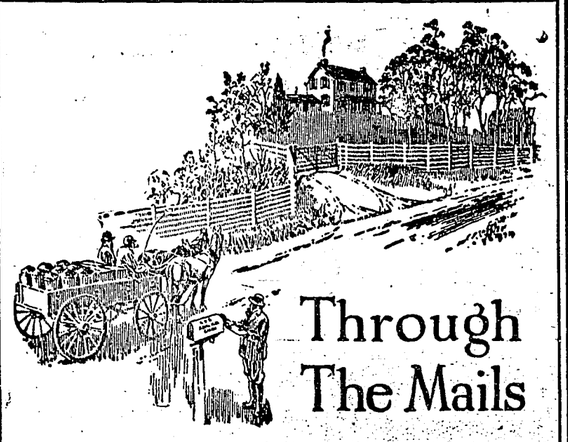
Another William Fox triumph will be shown at the Greenwood Theatre on Friday and Saturday, July 27 and 28, when Alexandre Dumas greatest play "Monte Cristo" will be shown.

New York, Boston and Los Angeles hailed this super-production as a triumph of stirring dramatic action and beautiful scenic effects.

Based on the most famous masterpiece of romance and adventure in literature, neither pains, money nor effort were spared to make it historically correct, with an all-star cast including John Gilbert, Estella Taylor, Robert McKim, George Seigmann, Spottiswoode Aitken, Renee Adoree, Virginia Faire, William V. Mong and scores of others.

Vancouver Exhibition
August 11 to 18

The Directors of the Vancouver Exhibition are delighted with the prospects for a more successful and larger Fair than ever before. With less than a month to go everything is fast rounding into shape and entries are pouring in at a greater rate than in former years. Space for exhibits in the various buildings is being reserved at a great rate. The large Manufacturers Building is completely contracted for to its full capacity. The Industrial Building will be the centre of numerous extremely interesting exhibits, and the demand for space in this building is greater than euer before.



Through The Mails

The service of the Bank of Montreal is as wide and comprehensive as the postal system itself.

This service enables customers living in remote districts to transact their banking by mail as satisfactorily as if they could make personal visits.

Write for our folder, "Banking by Mail."

Greenwood Branch:
J. McD. REID, Manager.

BANK OF MONTREAL
Established over 100 years

Send Your
BOOTS and SHOES
To
GEO. ARMSON, Grand Forks,
The 20th Century Shoe Repairer
All work and material guaranteed. We pay postage one way. Terms Cash.

ASSAYER
E. W. WIDDOWSON, Assayer and Chemist, Box B1108, Nelson, B. C. Charges:—Gold, Silver, Copper or Lead $1.25 each. Gold-Silver $1.75. Gold-Silver with Copper or Lead $3.00. Silver-Lead $2.00. Silver-Lead-Zinc $3.00. Charges for other metals, etc., on application.

PILES
No one but the sufferer knows the terrible agony or the itching nature of Piles and how hopeless it seems to try for relief in ointments, injections and dilators.
Genius produces
"PAX"
Internal Pile Remedy
Pax is the prescription of a well known physician and has proved successful in hundreds of cases. Pax is internal distinct from any other treatment. Applications from the outside are futile. No ointments, injections or dilators are necessary. Pax is complete and is a vegetable remedy, contains no drugs or alcohol.
If you have not hitherto found relief do not despair, place your faith in Pax.
Except in unusually stubborn cases one box is usually sufficient.
Get "PAX" from your Druggist or if he cannot supply you send One Dollar and "PAX" will be sent you in a plain package.
CROWN CHEMICAL PRODUCTS OF CANADA
1015 Dominion Building
VANCOUVER, B. C.

IT IS YOURS

Five-sixth of the timbered area in B.C. belongs to the People.

Each year, it is increasing in value as the more accessible timber is cut.

In 1922 there was received from the sale of such timber the sum of $620,000.

This helped to keep your taxes down, and to build up the Province.

Green Timber is British Columbia's assurance of Perpetual Prosperity.

Why Burn It?

SEMI-READY
Tailored Clothes
Men's Suits and Overcoats
For Spring and Summer
Splendid Assortment of New Samples Just Arrived
Call and see them
—at—
T. THOMAS
Tailor and Cleaner
Greenwood

CANADIAN PACIFIC

Summer Excursion Fares
To Eastern Destinations
On Sale Daily May 15th to Sept. 15
Return Limit Oct. 31

Winnipeg	$72.00	Fort William	$86.30
Toronto	$113.75	Niagara Falls	$120.62
Hamilton	$113.75	Ottawa	$127.95
London	$113.75	Montreal	$132.75
Quebec	$141.80	Moncton	$160.30
St. John	$160.30	Halifax	$166.95
St. Paul	$72.00	Chicago	$86.00
Minneapolis	$72.00	New York	$147.40
Duluth	$72.00	Boston	$153.50

TAX ADDITIONAL

Many Additional Destinations
Ask for Rates from and to any Point

Route via Port Arthur or via Soo Line, through Winnipeg or Portal, thence via Chicago or Sault Ste. Marie via Great Lakes; or via California at additional fare; or good to go via one of the above routes, return another.

J. S. CARTER, Dist. Pass. Agt.,
Nelson, B.C.

The Consolidated Mining & Smelting Co. of Canada, Limited
Office, Smelting and Refining Department
TRAIL, BRITISH COLUMBIA
SMELTERS AND REFINERS
Purchasers of Gold, Silver, Copper, Lead and Zinc Ores
Producers of Gold, Silver, Copper, Pig Lead and Zinc
"TADANAC" BRAND

Synopsis of Land Act Amendments

Minimum price of first-class land reduced to $5 an acre; second-class to $2.50 an acre.

Pre-emption now confined to surveyed lands only.

Records will be granted covering only land suitable for agricultural purposes and which is non-timber land.

Partnership pre-emptions abolished but parties of not more than four may arrange for adjacent pre-emptions with joint residences, but each making necessary improvements on respective claims.

Pre-emptors must occupy claims for five years and must make improvements to value of $10 per acre, including clearing and cultivation of at least 5 acres, before receiving Crown Grant.

Where pre-emptor in occupation not less than 3 years, and has made proportionate improvements, he may because of ill-health, or other cause, be granted intermediate certificate of improvement and transfer his claim.

Records without permanent residence may be issued, provided applicant makes improvement to extent of $300 per annum and records same each year. Failure to make improvements or record same will operate as forfeiture. Title cannot be obtained in less than 5 years, and improvements of $10.00 per acre, including 5 acres cleared and cultivated, and residence of at least 2 years are required.

Pre-emptors holding Crown Grant may record another pre-emption, if he requires land in conjunction with his farm, without actual occupation, provided statutory improvements made and residence maintained on Crown granted land.

Unsurveyed areas not exceeding 20 acres, may be leased as homesites; title to be obtained after fulfilling residential and improvement conditions.

For grazing and industrial purposes areas exceeding 640 acres may be leased by one person or company.

Mill, factory or industrial sites on timber land not exceeding 40 acres may be purchased; conditions include payment of stumpage.

Natural hay meadows inaccessible by existing roads may be purchased conditional upon construction of a road to them. Rebate of one-half of cost of road, not exceeding half of purchase price, is made.

PRE-EMPTORS' FREE GRANTS ACT

The scope of this Act is enlarged to include all persons joining and serving with His Majesty's Forces. The time in which the heirs or devisees of a deceased pre-emptor may apply for title under this act is extended from one year from the death of such person, as formerly, until one year after the conclusion of the present war. This privilege is made retroactive.

No fees relating to pre-emptions are due or payable by soldiers on pre-emptions recorded after June 26, 1918. Taxes are remitted for five years.

Provisions for return of moneys accrued, due and been paid since August 4, 1914, on account of payments, fees or taxes on soldiers' pre-emptions.

Interest on agreements to purchase town or city lots held by members of Allied Forces, or dependents, acquired direct or indirect, remitted from enlistment to March 31st, 1920.

SUB-PURCHASERS OF CROWN LAND

Provision made for insurance of Crown Grants to sub-purchasers of Crown Lands, acquiring rights from purchasers who failed to complete purchase, involving forfeiture, on fulfillment of conditions of purchase, interest and taxes. Where sub-purchasers do not claim whole of original parcel, purchase price due and taxes may be distributed proportionately over whole area. Applications must be made by May 1, 1920.

GRAZING

Grazing Act, 1919, for systematic development of livestock industry provides for grazing districts and range administration under Commissioner. Annual grazing permits issued based on numbers ranged; priority for established owners. Stock owners may form Associations for range management. Free, or partially free, permits for settlers, campers or travellers up to ten head.

Canada Faces the Future With Confidence

CANADIANS have always been noted for courage, optimism and faith in their country.

Canada was not built up by pessimists, nor will Canada continue to develop if her people allow themselves to become croakers and grouchers. Canada is fundamentally an agricultural country. We have a soil and climate which can grow the world's finest agricultural products.

Canadian farmers who have earned the capital invested in their farms out of profits in farming are numbered in thousands. These successful farmers have paid off their mortgages, stocked their barns and stables, bought their machinery, made a good living and brought up their families. It meant hard work, but today they are independent.

Money in Mixed Farming

In recent years, at different points on the prairies, oats fed to steers have brought from 70c to $1.07 as against the Fort William price of 42c per bushel, while barley used for the same purpose has brought as high as 99c as against the Fort William price of 57c per bushel. Farmers marketing their coarse grains in this way lower marketing cost, have a sure market and make money on their grain, while at the same time they market their roughage, otherwise often wasted.

The cattle embargo is now off. Steers are worth more money and certain to make good money for the Canadian farmer from now on.

Money in Pigs

The Dominion Experimental Farms have proved by actual test that there is a profit in feeding pigs. Last year at the Central Farm, Ottawa, after paying for feed, labor, interest and depreciation, the net profit per pig was still $4.63.

Profits from Sheep

As money-makers, sheep are hard to beat. In every Province from Prince Edward Island to British Columbia are found many flocks returning generous profits to their owners.

We Must Cut Production Costs

Canada is meeting with the keenest competition in the marketing of her products. To hold her own and regain her place on the world's market, she must reduce cost of production.

The only way to do this is to increase production per acre, per cow or per other unit.

But improved quality, also, is essential to meet market demands.

The quantity and the quality of the products and the cost of production in competitive countries is beyond our control.

Prices of agricultural products are regulated by world supply and demand

Hence, decreasing production will not help the Canadian farmer.

Poultry Pays

Poultry makes money for those who adopt modern methods, whether East or West. Little Prince Edward Island markets co-operatively in carlots, shipping annually upwards of one million dozen eggs. The British Columbia Co-operative Poultry Men's Exchange markets in the same way, thus saving ruinous glut in their local market.

There is a market for good Canadian horses, whether light or draught.

Grow Seed

Canada's Northern grown seed possesses extra vitality. There is a large market for it to the south. Canada exports seed potatoes, but imports other seeds. She has the opportunity to grow seeds for herself and for export.

The Future

Ten years from now the pessimists of today will have been forgotten. Britain has removed the embargo against our cattle. She wants our beef and bacon, our cheese, butter, eggs and apples, our wheat and flour. As the population of the United States increases, she will compete less and less against us on the British market. Eventually, she will herself be an importer of many other food stuffs besides wheat from this country.

Canada has the men, the climate, the land, the stock and the potential markets necessary for agricultural success. Let us farm with all the industry and science we can muster. Let's get to work and pay our debts. Canada is moving forward with confidence in its future. Let us keep going ahead.

Have Faith in Canada

Authorized for publication by the
Dominion Department of Agriculture
W. R. MOTHERWELL, Minister. Dr. J. H. GRISDALE, Deputy Minister.
188

BRITISH COLUMBIA
The Mineral Province of Western Canada
TO END OF DECEMBER, 1922

Has produced Minerals valued as follows: Placer Gold, $76,542,203; Lode Gold, $109,647,661; Silver, $59,814,266; Lead $51,810,891; Copper, $170,723,242; Zinc, $24,625,853; Miscellaneous Minerals, $1,358,839; Coal and Coke, $238,289,565; Building Stone, Brick, Cement, etc., $36,605,942, making its Mineral Production to the end of 1922 show

An Aggregate Value of $769,418,462
Production for the Year Ending December, 1922, $35,158,843

The Mining Laws of this Province are more liberal, and the fees lower, than those of any other Province in the Dominion, or any Colony in the British Empire.

Mineral locations are granted to discoverers for nominal fees.

Absolute Titles are obtained by developing such properties, the security of which is guaranteed by Crown Grants.

Full information, together with Mining Reports and Maps, may be obtained gratis by addressing—

THE HON. THE MINISTER OF MINES
VICTORIA, British Columbia.