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Legislative Assembly
JUL 9 1907
VICTORIA, B. C.

VOL. XIII. GREENWOOD, B. C., THURSDAY, JULY 4, 1907. No. 52

Of Local Interest

Dr. Mathison, dentist, opposite the postoffice.

A. J. Morrison went over to Nelson Saturday.

Call and see the fine line of Cut Glass at A. Logan & Co's.

J. A. Chenier took in the Nelson celebration Monday and Tuesday.

The editor of the Anaconda News is visiting Spokane and coast points.

J. L. Watson, principal of the public school, left Tuesday to spend his vacation in the vicinity of Owen Sound, Ont.

Chas. Dempsey returned the past week, after spending a month doing assessment work on his claims on Rock creek.

J. T. Beatty, local manager of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, went over to Sidley Saturday afternoon, returning Monday.

N. F. Kendall, of the Bank of Montreal, and Mrs. Kendall, left Tuesday on a visit to the coast. Mr. Kendall is taking his annual holidays.

Richard Armstrong of Chicago, was in the city the fore part of the week. Mr. Armstrong is interested in a number of high-grade mineral claims of Greenwood.

On July 1st Rubar & McKay took over the livery and feed business of Geo. H. Cropley, and are now prepared to furnish livery rigs or do heavy teaming or draying.

Misses Alice McMynn, Gladys McCreath and Ida and Bertha Shaw returned Monday for the summer holidays. They have been attending All Hallows school at Yale.

Dominion Day was quietly celebrated in Greenwood. Quite a number of residents went to Sidley, Nelson and Grand Forks to take in the celebrations at those points.

Jas. S. Birnie returned Monday from the coast, where he had been attending the annual communication of the Masonic grand lodge. During his stay he visited Victoria, Nanaimo and Seattle.

F. F. Ketchum of W. A. Keith & Co., Beaverdell, came down from the West Fork Tuesday, and will leave for a visit to his old home in St. John, N. B., today. Mr. Ketchum hasn't been east for eight or nine years.

The first issue of the Westward Ho! has reached this office. Its editor is Wm. Blakemore, and business manager Percy F. Godenrath, both well known newspaper men of the province. The Westward Ho! is intended to take the place of the Western Canadian Magazine, which has been acquired by the Westward Ho Publishing Co. The magazine should be read by every westerner. The subscription price is $1 per annum, or 10 cents a copy, and the magazine is worth double the amount.

Mrs. I. M. Parsons of Minneapolis, was in the district last week. Mrs. Parsons is secretary of the company operating the Moreen mineral claim in Deadwood camp, and came here to take over the management from Harry Shallenberger, who has resigned. In the future A. J. Morrison will have charge of development work. A contract has been let to sink 75 feet, and crosscut 100 feet from the 200 level, or until the width of the ledge has been ascertained. Work will be resumed about the 15th of this month.

"Cariboo Brand" Tape Gutta Percha Fuse is the highest grade. Hunter-Kendrick Co. are distributors.

Hot weather necessities at White Bros.

Mrs. D. C. McRae is visiting friends in Victoria.

The C. P. R. train from Nelson was three hours late Tuesday.

Miss Martin, of the public school, is spending her vacation at the coast.

W. Johns of the Norden, is at Oro taking in the Fourth of July sports.

John Barclay is paying a visit to Vancouver, where he intends to go into business.

Miss Bessie McIntosh leaves today for a visit with relatives in Nova Scotia.

Mrs. W. L. Proctor and family left Tuesday to spend a couple of monts at the coast.

Mrs. A. W. English leaves next week for the east to join her husband at Cobalt, Ont.

Ernest Miller, barrister, of Grand Forks, was in the city last Saturday on legal business.

J. J. Cameron and Geo. Wellwood visited Grand Forks Dominion day to see the races.

Duncan McIntosh arrived from the Northwest Monday and left Wednesday morning for Victoria.

R. T. Lowery will probably be in the city next week, calling on his old friends, and making new ones.

Greenwood baseball club left yesterday afternoon for Oroville to play in the tournament on the 4th and 5th.

White Bros. have all the best talcum powders, toilet waters and face creams that you require for comfort in warm weather.

J. W. Ellis of the Times, will spend a couple of weeks at the coast this month. Mr. Ellis is one of the fortunate newspaper men who can afford to take a holiday.

By a vote of 283 to 66, the convention of the Western Federation of Miners, held at Denver, Colo., favored Socialism, and in effect pledged the members to a Socialistic platform.

The appeal of the Pacific Hotel, Denoro, from the decision of the license commissioners refusing to grant a license, came up before His Honor Judge Brown this week; and was dismissed, his honor upholding the decision of the commissioners.

In future The Ledge will not be on sale at news stands, but can be had at office of publication. The subscription price is $2 per annum and it does not pay to furnish the paper to news stands at half that price. News dealers can secure it at the usual price of $2 per.

John Houston left Vancouver last Friday night for Prince Rupert, where he will start a paper to be called the Empire. He took a printing plant with him, and his paper will appear once a week and cost $5 a year. John's friends in Victoria backed him with the necessary capital.

The value of pure tea as a nerve nutrient is conceded by the eminent scientist, Dr. Jonathan Hutchinson. He takes issue with those who contend that tea drinking is injurious to people with weak nerves, and states that a long series of experiments proves that tea direct from the gardens, packed in sealed lead packets, such as "Salada" tea, is extremely beneficial and lessen the force of the attack, to those of weak nerves. Such teas build up the nervous system.

When you want a monument or headstone, write to the Kootenay Marble Works, Nelson, B. C. *

If it rains, be glad the rain isn't bricks. Show your teeth most of the time and you will soon find life one long jag of joy.—The Hustler.

Death of a Pioneer

On Friday evening, at the Phoenix hospital, there died one of the pioneers of the Boundary district in the persan of Joseph Taylor, aged 66 years.

Deceased came to this district in 1889, and the first winter lived in a tent in Wellington camp. He located some of the big properties in Greenwood camp—now Phoenix—among them the Stemwinder, which he allowed to lapse. He was associated with George W. Rumberger in a number of claims in Greenwood and Wellington camps.

He served in the confederate army during the civil war under General Price as a cavalryman and had the unique experience of only having one mount, riding the same horse during the war.

Joe was highly respected by all the old-timers of the district. Although he made considerable money here, he was too free hearted to keep it, and died comparatively poor.

The funeral took place in Phoenix Sunday afternoon. Services were held in the Presbyterian church, and nearly all the old-timers in the district were present. Following were the pall bearers: Thomas Kirk, Colville, Wash.; P. J. Dermody, J. W. Nelson and Thos. Walsh, Greenwood; Adolph Seren, Phoenix, and John Meyer, Carson.

Co-Operative Restaurant

Last week the Boundary Co-Operative association was formed in Greenwood to enter into the restaurant business. The officers are Frank Steel, president; G. W. Holt, secretary-treasurer; and J. Mathews, T. G. Gould and F. Griffin. These will form the committee of management. The association has taken over the old Commercial hotel and opened a restaurant, and take lodgers. This, we believe, is the first co-operative association formed in the Boundary, and is an experiment which will require time to prove its success or failure. The restaurant business is one that requires experienced and careful handling, and the boys have chosen the most difficult of all the businesses to test the feasibility of co-operation, and if they make a success of it the greater credit will be due them. Already they have quite a number of boarders and roomers.

THE SHAME OF THE YUKON

Some months ago the Rev. Mr. Pringle, a Presbyterian minister in Dawson, startled the country by a frank and forcible letter which he published in the eastern press, setting forth the abominable conditions which have been allowed to prevail in the Yukon. The charges were specific enough to leave no doubt as to the truth of his statements, and though no names were made public, it was not difficult for those acquainted even remotely with the conditions mentioned, to trace out the guilty parties. The matter was rightly considered of sufficient importance to warrant the attention of the Dominion government being called to it, and Dr. Thompson, the member for Yukon, while not able to deny the facts, endeavored to palliate the offence, by a series of somewhat vague and unsatisfactory explanations. No change for the better, however, appears to have taken place, and Mr. Pringle again reopens the question with another strong letter in which he reiterates, with righteous indignation, his protests against this shameful state of affairs. He states that he is a Liberal and is actuated by no motives of hostility against the party in power, whose political faith is the same as his own. Duty, however, compels him to return to the distasteful task of laying bare these offences against public morality and common decency which are perpetrated in such an unblushing manner under the sanction of the Dominion officials in the far north.

Speaking of Mr. Pringle's letter, an eastern paper sets forth the main points of his complaint as follows:

"He says that in Dawson, music halls, or dance halls, may be, and are, for the sum of $100 per year, licensed to run in connection with saloons, and they exist 'for the purpose of bleeding our people, in the interests of the scum, male and female, of United States coast cities. Incidentally, they afford the lowest form of entertainment, along with unlimited liquor, at an unlimited price.' The enforcement of the law in reference to these dens rests entirely in the hands of a license inspector, and the mounted police are powerless. Thus we have under the Canadian flag the shameful infamy of prostitution licensed for $100 a year. Who is responsible for this? Mr. Pringle asserts that the Federal government now controls a majority vote of the Yukon council, and that the ultimate responsibility must be placed at their door. The charge is clear and definite, and cannot be evaded. The man who lays it is a minister in connection with the Presbyterian church, and has no excuse for uttering a falsehood. If the charges be untrue, let it be denied; and let proof of its untrnth be given to the public; but if the charge be true, the members of our Dominion government should know that Canada will not tolerate licensed infamy upon her soil, even in the far Yukon."

We trust that in Mr. Henderson, the new governor of the Yukon, the country may find a man capable and willing to effect a speedy change from this disgraceful and intolerable condition of affairs. Our knowledge of him prompts the belief that his natural impulses will at least lead him to make an effort in this direction. If he succeeds he will merit the unqualified approbation of every decent man in the Dominion irrespective of party affiliations. If he fails, it will be because the grafters and parasites who are fattening on the shame of the Yukon are still allowed to pursue their nefarious course with the full consent of the authorities at Ottawa, who can no longer plead ignorance as an excuse for failing to uproot this detestable evil.—Vernon News.

Haywood's Books in Order

A strong argument in Haywood's favor is the fact that his books are in order and that the expenditure of every dollar is accounted for. The prosecution would lead us to believe that Haywood has paid out hundreds of dollars to Orchard as compensation for his bloody work. It did not seem to dawn upon the plotters that the books of the secretary-treasurer are closely scrutinized semi-annually by the executive board, and that an auditing committee at each annual convention is appointed to investigate the accounts of the secretary-treasurer and make a report as to the standing of the man in whose custody the funds of the federation are placed. Again, the secretary-treasurer must submit to every local union a quarterly report showing to the minutest detail the revenues received from all the local unions of the organization, and likewise the expenditures and to whom paid. The secretary-treasurer can pay no money without drawing a check, and the stubs of the check book will show to whom the money has been paid. If Haywood paid to Orchard various sums of money at different times of which there is no record, then it is a foregone conclusion that his books and bank account will not balance. The books of the organization, showing to the minutest detail revenues and disbursements, will tear to pieces the frame-up that has been made to order for Orchard's recital before a jury.—Moyie Leader.

No Other Terminal

J. H. Bacon, chief engineer of the G. T. P. railway company, having charge of the harbor survey of Prince Rupert, recently stated at Vancouver that the G. T. P. railway had never for a moment considered any other location than Prince Rupert for their terminus. They had already expended over $200,000 on the harbor surveys and harbor improvements, and that this work was actively being carried on.

"The rumor that there was a probability that Kitamaat was to be the ultimate termination of the G. T. P. on the coast arose from a combination of circumstances," remarked Mr. Bacon. "I had to supply employment for six or seven heads of survey parties from the prairie districts during the winter, and this gave me a large force of men. About the time they were able to return to their work in the interior, I had to discharge a lot who were locally employed as their helpers, and just then the company began work on their subsidary branch terminus at Kitamaat, which was necessary according to the terms of the contract with the provincial government, which calls for so much mileage in order to receive the subsidy. That is all there is in that."

This branch line will be of great importance, as it will tap a very fertile valley and will prove a valuable addition to the G. T. P., and property owners have used every means to boom the price of land at Kitamaat, where the terminus of the branch will be located.

A Sure Sign

Senator Dillingham, discussing immigration in New York, made use of the phrase, "the age of discretion."

"What is the 'age of discretion,' senator?" asked one of the auditors.

"I should say," returned Senator Dillingham, smilling, "that the age of discretion is reached when a young man removes from his mantel the rich collection of actresses' and dancing girls' photographs, and substitutes the portrait of his rich bachelor uncle."

Vancouver World: Whether Haywood gets off or not, there can be no question as to where Mr. Orchard ought to get off at.

The climate on the west coast of Mexico for eight or nine months of the year is all one could desire. The rainy and hot season begins in July and ends the latter part of September.

"Well, have you made enough money to retire on?"

"Better yet—I've made enough to stay up all night on."—Cleveland Leader.

Just Happenings

Third Furnace Blown In

At the Dominion Copper Co.'s Boundary Falls smelter the No. 1 furnace was blown in on Monday, making the full battery of three furnaces in blast. The large, new third furnace is now working very satisfactorily, after a few changes had been made during the recent shut-down.

The new crushing plant has been in operation for some time past, handling the ore from all of the company's mines. After going through the crusher, the broken ore is raised by a bucket elevator to a point a considerable distance above the bins, from whence it falls onto a long conveyor belt. This conveyor is mounted on a movable base running on a track between the two rows of bins. By moving the entire conveyor along this track, the crushed ore can be dropped into chutes leading to any desired bin. The conveyor is moved by means of a small electric motor.—Anaconda News.

The event in the village of Metlakatla last Monday evening when Indian Agent Morrow, in the presence of the representative of the Grand Trunk, the bishop of the diocese of Caledonia, and several hundred visitors, handed to the chief councillor a check for $51,075.25 in payment for the surrender of 13,500 acres of land on Digby island, a settlement of vast historical importance was consummated. It has eliminated one party from the now celebrated controversy between the province and the railway company, and incidentally has afforded a subject upon which our Canadian clubs can gloat over to their heart's content in relation to the Indian question in British Columbia. There is ample material in this subject to carry on a profitable discussion for years, and the sooner the Canadian clubs drop their worn out text Labor and apply themselves to a solution of our Indian question, the better and quicker will be the development of a section of British Columbia which has been handicapped and blocked, unnecessarily, at every turn in the march of progress.—Port Essington Sun.

A Big Increase

Few people have any idea of the remarkable increase in the amount of money given away each year in prizes by the Spokane Interstate fair. In 1901 the total prize list did not amount to more than $5,000 outside of the race purses, while this year the prize list, outside of race money, amounts to a little more than $15,000. There is no reason why the ranchers in the Inland Empire should not claim the greater part of this sum of money, and they can do so easily if they will enter their products. No section in the entire Northwest raises better fruit, grain or live stock.

The increase in the fruit and grain prizes is particularly noticeable, and if the ranchers of this section would pay more attention to exhibiting grain and making a more careful selection of seed grain, we believe it would result in a great increase not only in the quality of the crop, but in the quantity.

Full information in regard to the prizes offered by the Spokane Interstate fair, and also the race program for 1907, is contained in a 112-page book, which has just been published. This will be mailed entirely free of charge on request to R. H. Cosgrove, secretary, 310 Lindelle block, Spokane, Wash.

Royal Seal is one of the best cigars sold in the mountains. It is made in Nelson.

One of the most important decisions ever given in British Columbia was handed down by the full court in Victoria in connection with the application of the Workmen's compensation act, the first of its kind in British Columbia, was the case of F. B. Neville against Messrs. Kelly Bros. and Mitchell, contractors for the new postoffice building, Vancouver, for the loss of an eye while in their employ. The appeal was dismissed. Briefly it was an action on an appeal from the decision of Mr. Justice Morrison on a case stated to him by Magistrate Alexander, arbitrator under the compensation act, 1902, who had found in favor of the plaintiff, but reserved decision on a point of law for a supreme court judgment. The applicant Neville, was employed by Messrs. Kelly Bros. and Mitchell as a steel cutter, and while chipping steel plate with a chisel, a piece of the chipping flew up and struck him in the left eye, of which he lost the sight. The arbitrator came to the conclusion that the occurrence was an accident within the provisions of the act and entitled to relief accordingly. At the request of the respondents, the question was submitted to Mr. Justice Morrison: Did the flying up of the piece of steel and its entrance into the applicant's eye, thereby doing serious injury, constitute an accident? His lordship, following a decision of the house of lords, held that it was, and the full court, after hearing the evidence, were of the same opinion, and the appeal was dismissed.—Port Essington Sun.

Approximate Cost

From Vancouver and Victoria to Port Essington: Passengers, single fare, $17; freight, $4 to $5 per ton.

From Vancouver and Victoria to Bella Coola: Passenger rate, $13; freight, $5 to $6 per ton.

The above rates are on the basis of weight and measurement, ship's option, per ton of 2,000 pounds, or 40 cubic feet.

From Port Essington to Hazelton: Passengers, first-class, $15, including berth; second-class, $12.50; meals 50 cents extra. Freight, class 1, agricultural implements, machinery, grain and hay, $1 per hundred pounds; class 2, flour and mill stuffs, $1.25 per 100 pounds; class 3, bacon and ham, rice, salt and sugar, $1.50 per 100 pounds; class 4, general merchandise, unclassified, $2 per 100 pounds; horses and mules, each, $12; cattle, each, $9. Rates reduced 25 per cent for 10 head or over. Foals or calves under six months at quarter, and over six and under twelve months at half rates. Lumber, per M., $15; shingles, per M., $1.50. Boats and canoes by special contract only. Dogs, 50 cents to Kitsalas Canyon, $1 above canyon.

Down river fares and rates, one-half of up river.

From Hazelton to Aldermere or Telduna, freight costs 3 to 3½ cents per pound.

Pack horses may be bought or hired at Hazelton, Bella Coola and Ashcroft. Pack horses cost from $40 to $60 and upwards.

Job printing of every description done promptly at The Ledge office.

Shirt Waists

Our stock of shirt waists and shirt-waist suits is the largest and best we have ever shown. It comprises all the latest and most fashionable styles, in Embroidery, Lawn, Linen, Mull, Organdie and Silk, in long and short sleeves, and at all prices.

Give Us a Trial. We Can Please You

RENDELL & CO.

Dry Goods. Millinery.

THE SMOKE

From British Lion and Mainland Cigars can be seen all over British Columbia. Wm. Tietjen makes them in Vancouver, and Nat Darling sells them on the road.

Regular monthly meetings of Greenwood lodge, No. 28, A. F. & A. M. are held on the first Thursday in each month, in Fraternity hall, Wood block, Government St., Greenwood. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend.

E. G. WARREN W. M.
J. S. BIRNIE, Secretary.

W. F. M.

Greenwood Miners' Union No. 22, W. F. M., meets every Saturday evening in Union Hall, Copper street, at 7:30.

Also in Hall at Mother Lode mine, Thursday evenings at 7:30.

FRANK STEEL, President.
R. A. MATHIESON, Secretary.

INDUSTRIAL WORKERS OF THE WORLD

GREENWOOD LOCAL NO. 311

Meets first and third Wednesdays of every month in Eagles Hall at 8 p. m. Visiting members cordially invited to attend.

FRANK SPEARING, Fin. sec'y,
EDGAR W. DYNES, President.

F. M. LAMB

PROVINCIAL LAND SURVEYOR

GREENWOOD B. C.

The Hotel Slocan

Three Forks, B. C., is the leading hotel of the city. Mountain trout and game dinners a specialty. Rooms reserved by telegraph.

HUGH NIVEN, Prop.

THE ARLINGTON

COPPER ST. GREENWOOD

None but the best brands of liquors and cigars. Morning bracers and and evening hyballs always within easy reach of the 'barkeep."

C. A. DEMPSEY PROP.

The Reception Hotel

In Camborne gives all its patrons the purest food, drink and cigars.

James Lindsley' Prop.

THE LEDGE

Is published every Thursday at Greenwood, B. C., and the price is $2 a year, postage free to all parts of Canada, United States, Mexico and Great Britain. To other countries it is sent postpaid for $2.50 a year. Address all letters to The Ledge, Greenwood, B. C.

JAS. W. GRIER,
PUBLISHER.

GREENWOOD, B. C., JULY 4, 1907

THIS is the season of the year when bankers, editors, ranchers and hobos enjoy life in the open.

THE Slocan is still fighting for recognition from The O'Shaughnessy, Rudolphe Lemoo and Bill Gallagher.

THERE is room for one more newspaper in Vancouver, devoted to literature, science, art and real estate booms.

THE customs business is quiet along the line of the V., V. & E. No appointments have been made for at least a week.

THE prosperity of a community can be safely estimated by the average producing power of its residents. The average is fairly good in Greenwood, but it would be much better were some of the non-producers to absent themselves for a time.

ALL the mines and smelters are looking for men. The police might direct the attention of some of the residents, or rather stayers, in Greenwood to this fact. It would be a very great pity should any of these persons miss steady employment through negligence or oversight on the part of the police.

THE mail service between Greenwood and Phoenix is even worse than it has been represented in the Phoenix Pioneer. Six weeks ago we sent a number of a accounts, enclosing stamped envelopes for reply, but as yet the postoffice department has failed to return those stamped envelopes.

THE OTTAWA SCAPEGOAT

In the Book of Leviticus we are told of the process by which the sins of the people are to be carried away. A live goat is to be brought to Aaron, who at once lays both hands upon the head of the animal, and "confesses over him all the "iniquities of the children of Is-"rael, and all their transgressions "in all their sins, putting them "upon the head of the goat." Then the goat is to be "sent away "by the hand of a fit man into the "wilderness." "And the goat "shall bear upon him all their in-"iquities unto a land not inhab-"ited; and he shall let go the goat "in the wilderness."

It looks as if the Ottawa politicians had selected their old colleague and friend, Henry R. Emmerson, to serve as their goat. It was at a time when the air was thick with reports of wrongdoing and of proofs of grafting and theft that the necessity for a goat arose. Other ministers had been accused of improprieties of one kind or another. All, however, had been pardoned. Of one Sir Wilfrid Laurier tells us that he asked a third party to enquire of the accused if he were guilty or not, and upon receiving a reply in the negative, he concluded that the charge was unwarranted. But the treatment of Mr. Emmerson was different. He does not appear to have been questioned as to his guilt or innocence. Or, if questioned, his professions of innocence were not accepted as freely as were those of his colleague who had been under suspicion. A great explosion of virtue came from the government in his case. Sir Frederick Borden, Charley Hyman—all of the ministers, in fact—were shocked, and Mr. Emmerson had to go into the wilderness, thus indicating that bad men would not be tolerated in that cabinet. And so the unfortunate minister became a goat carrying away the transgressions of the government, while his old colleagues remained behind, and looked good. That Mr. Emmerson understood the manoeuvre of his colleagues there can be no doubt. He objected to the role he had to play, and demanded a vindication. Nor did he stop here. He called his local convention, and the assemble supporters of the ex-minister passed resolutions pronouncing him innocent, and intimating that he must be reinstated the moment his vindication should be achieved. But the vindication has not come, and the cabinet is still barred against him. The ex-minister remains in the wilderness tied up by a string of technicalities, and we are expected to believe that he is there not merely because of the offense alleged against him, but because of the excellence of his late associates who sent him away.

It is impossible to judge Mr. Emmerson's case while it is yet pending. There are those who think that we shall not hear of that litigation again, and that as a consequence the goat will never return. But, be that as it may, the country will have its own opinion touching the utilization of Mr. Emmerson in the scapegoat capacity. Does the disappearance of Mr. Emmerson clear the air? Does it attone for the terrible offences of which we hear daily? Is it a guarantee that grafting has been stopped, or that the drooping standard of morality has been raised? Does the removal of a limb from the corrupted body restore the sufferer to health? That the country will be satisfied with the sending of one man into the wilderness it is impossible to believe. There is but one cure for the Ottawa disease, and that is a treatment far more sweeping than the sufferers from that complaint care to apply.—Mail and Empire.

VICTORIES FOR PROVINCIAL RGHT

Premier McBride, of British Columbia, has scored two notable victories over the federal government in the struggle far provincial rights. The first has relation to the control of public lands. The Ottawa politicians looked upon the Indian territory in the Pacific province and undertook to give a slice of it in the neighborhood of Prince Rupert to the Grand Trunk Pacific. Premier McBride objected, on the ground that the land was provincial property, and the Dominion, after Mr. A. B. Aylesworth had fought the province for some months, was obliged to capitulate. The second victory scored by British Columbia has been achieved in connection with the subsidy question. The federal politicians wanted to make the present insufficient grant to the province "final and unalterable," and to this end asked the Imperial government to insert such language in the new act that is going through. Mr. McBride fought the effort to limit the province, and has triumphed.

The hostility of the Federal government to the provinces is very marked, and very much to be regretted. While British Columbia has its battles to fight, Ontario is equally busy in the same line. The federal ministers refuse to extend the province, and to give us our territorial rights in the Northwest. They also decline to give Ontario justice in the matter of railway subsidies. We are compelled to pay for railroads all over Canada, and when we build one for ourselves not even a subsidy is forthcoming. Ottawa forces Ontario to assume a share of the cost of the Intercolonial, and then leaves us to build the Temiskaming unaided. While the Federal government observes this attitude toward us, it takes possession of our public land, as in the Petawawa case, without permission. It claims, indeed, the right to confiscate any Ontario tearitory it may covet. The same government has undertaken to deprive the province of the power to charter and supervise companies, thus reducing the authority of the legislature in civil matters.

Ontario, however, does not stand alone in so far as the attack upon provincial autonomy is concerned. All the provinces are assailed, and in Prince Edward Island the treatment of the people is so bad that secession is actually talked of. It is very remarkable that the party of provincial rights should have turned out to be the party of hostility to provincial autonomy. But then, the present Ottawa rulers have changed in other matters. Once they were free traders; now they are for protection. Once they were honest; now look at them, and their record for graft!—Mail and Empire.

One of the prizes at the Spokane Interstate Fair this fall, which it is expected will arouse a great deal of enthusiasm, and bring out a great many exhibits, is the Silver Grill Apple Special. This amounts to $300, of which $150 is donated by the Spokane Hotel company. The money will be divided as follows: $150 to first, $75 to second, $50 to third, and $25 to fourth. Apples entered for this prize must be of the standard commercial varieties and be packed in standard sized boxes. There must be at least three and not more than ten different varieties, and not less than one full box of each variety. The following varieties of apples will be excluded: Wolf River, Ben Davis and Gano. The four prize-winning exhibits in this exhibition are to become the property of the Spokane Interstate Fair and the Spokane Hotel company for exhibition and advertising purposes. A prize of $150 was given for the same exhibit last year, and it brought forth a very fine exhibit of box apples, and with twice the money up this year there should be a box apple exhibit which will eclipse anything of the kind ever held before, even during the best days of the old Fruit fairs. There are no entrance fees in the fruit department and freight charges are refunded on all exhibits which are not sold and not returned. This makes the matter of entering for these large prizes very cheap, and the Spokane Interstate fair management hopes to receive at least 15 or 20 entries from each of the different fruit districts.

Business Music

An aged colored man who had business in the News office ambled into the editorial rooms—yes, ambled is the word. He sat for several moments gazing at the pneumatic tube stations set up like horns of an orchestrion at the desks of the city and telegraph editors. There was a buzzing sound as a copy boy pulled a lever and the old man smiled, as if expecting something pleasant, then took on a look of disappointment. A few minutes later the boy sent another piece of copy whirling upstairs, and again the visitor's expression passed from anticipation to disappointment, then bewilderment. Finally he accosted the telegraph editor.

"'Scuse me suh, but mout I ax oy' what dem things is?"

Certainly he might, and was enlightened.

"Well, I 'clah t' goodness!" he exclaimed. "I thought dey was some sort o' music box t' entertain yo' gemmens whilst yo' worked!"—Baltimore News.

Sydney Fisher as the successor to Charley Hyman ought to be welcome to the public works department. A proof of his efficiency is to be found in the circumstance that as minister of agriculture he took the census of 1901 at a cost of $1,184,000 to the country, although the Conservative census of 1891 cost $549,000. Sydney is the man the public works department needs.—Mail and Empire.

The modern shark is detoriating. In ages gone by there were ferocious sharks, such as would make a mouthful of you without blinking, seventy feet in length. Plenty of their teeth have been found which are five inches long, whereas the biggest of the teeth belonging to sharks that exist at the present day are one and a half inches long.

Job printing of every description done promptly at The Ledge office.

With your next order have us send you a tin of Small's Maple Syrup. Russell-Law-Caulfield Co.

The Kootenay Belle is not a girl. It is a cigar that every smoker should be introduced to.

H. BUNTING

CONTRACTOR AND BUILDER

Dealer in
Windows, Doors, Turned Work and Inside Finish.
SHINGLES, BRICK, ETC.

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Wood Fibre Plaster
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We Will Print Your Stationery As Neatly —AND— As Cheaply

As any other office in the Boundary.

THE LEDGE

'Phone 23.

BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA

ESTABLISHED IN 1836.

ONE of the oldest banks doing business in this country.

56 Branches in Canada and United States

Prompt attention given to collections.

Savings Deptment.—Deposits of $1.00 and upwards received. Interest paid half-yearly.

Drafts bought and sold and a general banking business transacted.

H. F. STOW, MANAGER GREENWOOD BRANCH.

BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED 1817.

PAID UP CAPITAL, $14,000,000. REST, $11,000,000
UNDIVIDED PROFITS, $422,689.98

General Banking Business Transacted. Drafts issued on all points, and Collections made at lowest rates.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT. INTEREST ALLOWED AT CURRENT RATES
W. F. PROCTOR, MANAGER GREENWOOD BRANCH

$15,000 Insurance for $27.50

The new and up-to-date Tripple Indemnity Policy of the Ocean Accident and Guarantee Corporation, Ltd., the largest accident company in the world. Assets over $7,000,000.

FREDERIC W. McLAINE

DISTRICT AGENT, GREENWOOD, B. C.

THE PACIFIC HOTEL

Is under the management of Greig & Morrison. The rooms are comfortably furnished, and the bar contains the best brands of wines, liquors and cigars in the city.

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY

ROUTE OF THE
ORIENTAL LIMITED
TRAIN LEAVES
MIDWAY DAILY..... 8:20 A. M.
ARRIVES..... 6:45 P. M.

Close connection at Spokane for Pacific Coast and Eastern Points.

Stage to and from Greenwood meets trains at Midway.

For Further Particulars Apply
P. H. BURNHAM, D. F. & P. A., Grand Forks, B. C.
W. A. ROSS, A. G. P. A., Seattle, Wash.

The Kootenay Saloon

Sandon, B. C., has a line of nerve bracers unsurpassed in any mountain town of the Great West. A glass of aqua pura given free with spirits menti.

About Float

Float is not a periodical. It is a book containing 86 illustrations, all told, and is filled with sketches and stories of western life. It tells how a gambler cashed in after the flush days of Sandon; how it rained in New Denver long after Noah was dead; how a parson took a drink at Bear Lake in early days; how justice was dealt in Kaslo in '93; how the saloon man outprayed the women in Kalamazoo, and graphically depicts the roamings of a western editor amongst the tenderfeet in the cent belt. It contains the early history of Nelson and a romance of the Silver King mine. In it are printed three western poems, and dozens of article too numerous to mention. Send for one before it is too late. The price is twenty-five cents, postpaid to any part of the world. Address all letters to

R. T. Lowery
NELSON, B. C.

Choice Fruit LANDS

For Sale at $10, $12 and $15 Per Acre.

R. J. STEEL
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Drink

Kings Liquer Scotch Whiskey
12 Years Old
J. W. Burmester's White Port.
Jas. Hennessy & Co's 3-Star Brandy.

GREENWOOD LIQUOR CO.
IMPORTERS, GREENWOOD, B. C.

TO RENT

3-Roomed Cottage. 6-Roomed House. 8-Roomed House
5-Roomed Flat. Comfortable Cottage for Sale.

BEALEY INVESTMENT AND TRUST CO. LTD
Opposite Postoffice. Greenwood, B. C

You People

of the Boundary District, if you want Furniture, just drop us a line. We can suit your tastes and your pockets.

D. J. Robertson & Co.
NELSON, B. C.

AGENTS FOR THE BELL PIANO.

Windsor Hotel

Is the best furnished hotel in the Boundary district. It is heated with steam and lighted by electricity. Excellent sample rooms. The bar is always abreast of the times, and meals are served in the Cafe at any hour, day or night.

Ernest J. Cartier, Prop.

UNION MEAT MARKET

Fresh and Salt Meats, Fish and Fowl always in stock.

Okanagan Apples at $2.00 per Box.

Hotel Brooklyn

PHOENIX, B. C.

Is opposite the Great Northern depot, and is a delightful haven for the weary traveler. Great veins of hot water run through the entire house, and bathrooms are always at the service of those in search of material cleanliness. The dining room is an enemy to dyspepsia while the artistic appointment of the liquid refreshment room makes the drinks go down like eating fruit in a flower garden. The sample rooms are the largest in the mountains and a pleasure to drummers with big trunks.

JAS. MARSHALL, Prop.

Some Good Float

Chief of China's Beggars.

In China beggars at once attract a stranger's attention. Around every corner, along canals and creeks, in market places, at the city gates, both outside and inside, and especially in the temple yards, there are beggars here, beggars there and beggars everywhere, and a more pitiable sight one cannot meet. Many of them are crippled or afflicted with leprosy, and all are dressed literally in rags.

I made a trip in a houseboat to Soochow, moving through the numerous canals in the city and stopping when I wished to take a view. I landed by a clean, fresh painted, large yamen, spotlessly white, with blue-black tiles on the roof, and placed my camera against the wall to photograph a big pagoda on the other side of the canal, writes Carl Bock, in the Gentleman's Magazine. The usual Chinese crowd soon came around me, and not a few beggars. I asked an intelligent young Chinaman through my interpreter who lived in this fine big mansion, so unusually well kept for a Chinese house? I was not a little astonished when I was told the beggar chief of Soochow.

This led me to make enquiry about the system of begging in China, which is wonderfully well organized under a scheme that works admirably, and is, of course, very ancient, like all other institutions in the Middle Kingdom. The chief has a fine residence, concubines by the half dozen and very fine clothing, and he is seen in the best of society—but only where he is not known. As a mark of his dignity he moves about with a long stick, which is allowed him by the city authorities. He also has the power of life and death over his beggarly subjects and punishes all offences committed by them.

The beggar chief is a regular attendant at the marriage ceremonies and funeral processions of private families in order to get his pay for keeping away his hungry crowd of beggars, who otherwise would hinder the festival or procession in a disagreeable, noisy way. I was told that the beggar chief of Soochow has an income of about $15,000 a year. The billet of the one in Shanghai city is worth about $5,000. Most storekeepers have an agreement with the beggar chief to keep his "staff" away. They pay about $1 a year each, and in return for this trifling amount the chief gives a printed receipt to the storekeeper, which the latter pastes on his door, to the effect that he has paid his tax and is exempt from the demands of beggars.

There are different kinds of beggars. Imperial beggars, or Lao yen ting (the words mean "old man's button") have probably no parallel in the world, as some of them are descendants of the ancient Ming dynasty, or distantly related to the present reigning imperial house. They are scattered all over the country, are said to number upward of 10,000, and are specially numerous in Pekin. Imperial beggars are easily recognized because they are allowed to wear garments of the imperial yellow of different shades. Characters are painted in black on the back and front of their robes to denote their profession. They wear either a straw hat or a velvet cap ornamented with a brass button.

When first I saw them I took them to be old degraded officials, for there are hundreds of them in Soochow. They carry a wooden bell in their hands to announce their arrival. As a rule they are over 60 years of age and have no family to support them, and they are allowed to beg for more money than the ordinary craft, and are furnished with a license from the magistrate. They are, of course, too aristocratic to be under the rule of the ordinary beggar chief.

In Nankin there is quite a select company of them, the order having been instituted as far back as the Ming dynasty. Hung Wu, the founder of the Ming dynasty, was once a beggar himself. The rise from beggar to emperor probably beats the record of any dynasty in Europe. In pious remembrance of his former profession Hung Wu instituted this order. At present they live in certain caves or recesses that are made in the city wall. The largest of these recesses is 40 feet long by 20 feet wide; the inmates are very comfortably lodged and are decently dressed, but they are addicted to opium smoking.

Besides seeking alms, these imperial beggars go about the country and obtain a livelihood by swearing false oaths in court. Their oaths are considered as binding and sacred, so they are often much sought after, because for a few taels one can get such a beggar to swear an oath which always decides the case. The magistrates are liable to pay the imperial beggars an allowance every year, but it is said they often forget to do so, as they know well that these beggars are not in want.

Cunning Chinese Thieves.

Much difficulty has lately arisen among the importers in China through the disappearance of part of their consignments, says a consular report. The losses do not come so much through boxes or chests being carried off entire as through their contents being abstracted, the receptacle being left, as a rule, in apparently the same shape as when leaving the exporter's warehouse. This is a common trick, and makes a discovery at the time of the theft most difficult and the task of tracing the goods even more so, as the shortage is seldom noticed until the lot arrives at its destination.

Ingenious means are often contrived to prevent the loss being noticed. One of the leading importers of provisions remarked recently that he had found empty cans in his preserved fruit boxes which had been substituted for the full ones taken out, so that the contents would not rattle or shift, and so disclose the loss. He stated also that shavings and excelsir had been stuffed into boxes made empty, or partially so, through the removal of crackers or biscuits. Not long ago a heavy loss was sustained by one of the American missionary schools at this place through the loss of linen drawn work, the value of which exceeded $1,500 in gold. The skilful way in which this theft was accomplished made all efforts to recover the goods or apprehend the thieves futile. The drawn work was packed in a box which was strongly secured by iron strapping, and was also carefully nailed. The box was carried to the customs and thence to the steamer, and was scarcely out of the sight of some responsible person for a moment.

When the box reached the customs collector at Pittsburg, to which it went in bond from New York, it was found to contain nothing but woven straw and paper, scarcely a thread of the linen remaining. The consignor was immediately notified and the most searching efforts were made to effect a recovery and discover the thief, but all attempts to accomplish either were of no avail. No trace of the goods had ever been found nor any clue discovered which might lead to the detection of the thieves, though the variety of the woven straw with which the box was stuffed suggested Foochow as the place of the theft, as this variety was only to be found there. One of the merchants here who deals in drugs, hospital supplies and haberdashery, has experienced similar losses, the goods as a rule being taken from the boxes whose outside appearance upon the delivery gave no evidence of their having been tampered with.

Such instances might be multiplied almost indefinitely, but they all go to show that more care must be taken in boxing and packing goods so as to render such thefts impossible, or at least increasingly difficult. Numerous suggestions might be afforded, all of which should depend somewhat upon the character of the goods and the size and shape of the receptacle containing them. A box lined with tin or sheet iron would be suitable for small quantities of valuable articles such as ginseng or medicines. A box covered with some woven material, such as basket work or cane or bamboo would quickly betray a loss through an entrance to the interior casing, signs of which could scarcely be concealed.

"Could the consumptives of any given community be seen at one time, or pass in panorama before the people, public consciousness of the magnitude of the affliction might be aroused. A physical disaster shocks the world and lets loose the sympathy of millions. A few thousand deaths are nothing as compared with the deaths from consumption." LAWRENCE F. FLICK, M D., Medical Director of Henry Phipps Institute for the Study, Treatment and Prevention of Tuberculosis.

Many reasons surely must influence men and women to help in the great work being carried on by the

MUSKOKA FREE HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

Other hospitals refuse the consumptive. This institution cares for them.

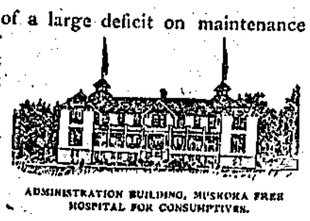
Not a single applicant has ever been refused admission to the Muskoka Free Hospital for Consumptives because of his or her poverty.

Seven hundred and thirty-eight patients have been cared for since the Free Hospital was opened in 1902. Take a week's record:

63 patients in residence; 37 absolutely free, not paying a copper toward their maintenance; 15 paying 50 cents a day or less; 5 paying $4.00 a week; 4 paying $5.00; one paying $7.00.

These figures tell plainly of a large deficit on maintenance account each month. To cover this the trustees are dependent upon the contributions that come to them from friends in all parts of Canada.

Not since the days of George Muller has so great a work of faith been carried on.


ADMINISTRATION BUILDING, MUSKOKA FREE HOSPITAL FOR CONSUMPTIVES.

WILL YOU HELP DIVIDE THIS LOAD WITH THE TRUSTEES?

Contributions may be sent to SIR WM. R. MEREDITH, Kt., Chief Justice, Osgoode Hall, Toronto, or W. J. Gage, Esq., 54 Front Street, W., Toronto.

Applications for admission and all information from J. S. ROBERTSON, Secretary National Sanitarium Association, (Saturday Night Building), 28 Adelaide Street, W., Toronto, Canada.

No. 2

STANDARD QUALITY ALWAYS.

You get the very finest tea the world produces, fresh from the gardens, in the Sealed Lead Packets—

"SALADA"

Have you tried it? At your grocers.

The Greenwood Ledge
IS A FIRST GLASS ADVERTISING MEDIUM
AND THE PRODUCT OF ITS JOB DEPARTMENT IS STRICTLY HIGH GLASS.

Job Printing at The Ledge.

After you have once tried Jap-a-Lac you can't keep house without it. It brightens and renews everything it touches. Get a can at Hunter-Kendrick's Big Store.

E. W. WIDDOWSON
PROVINCIAL ASSAYER and METALLURGICAL CHEMIST.
Gold Silver Copper or Lead, each..$1 00
Gold-Silver....$1 50 Silver Lead..$1.50
Zinc..$2.00 Gold Silver with copper or lead..$2.50.
Prompt attention given to all samples
25 per cent. discount upon five samples.
BAKER ST., NELSON.
P. O. Drawer, 1108. Phone, A67

Roofing Paint
Coal Tar, Pitch, Creosote, Oils for Preserving Timber, Roofing, Pitch And Paints.
Nelson Coke and Gas Co. Ltd.
E. W. Bishop, Agent
GREENWOOD, B. C.

SEEDS
TREES
PLANTS
For the farm, garden, lawn or conservatory. Tested Stock of Reliable Approved Varieties, at reasonable prices.
Bee supplies, Spray Pumps and Spraying Material, Cut Flowers, etc.
CATALOGUE FREE
M. J. HENRY
3010 Westminster Road, Vancouver

A. D. MORRISON
GRAND FORKS
Jeweler and Optician, dealer in Fine Watches, High-Class Jewelry, Diamonds, etc.

Smoke...
Mountaineer and Kootenay Standard Cigars.
Made by
J. C. Chelin & Co., Nelson

NewmarketHotel
Is the home for all tourists and millionaires visiting New Denver. British Columbia.
HENRY STEGE, PROPR.

J. R. Cameron.
Leading Tailor of the Kootenays.
Sandon, B. C.

KASLO HOTEL
KASLO B. C.
Is a comfortable home for all who travel to that city.
COCKLE & PAPWORTH.

TREMONT HOUSE
Nelson, B. C., is run on the the American and European plan. Nothing yellow about the house except the gold in the safe.
Malone & Tregillus

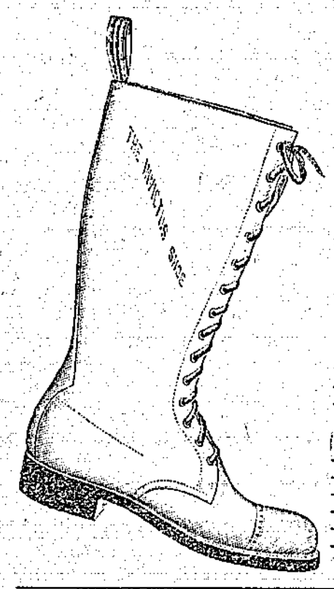
The Reco Hotel
SANDON
Will be appreciated by the Tourists, Travelers and Mining Men visiting the Slocan. Everything up-to-date.
W. M. BENNETT
PROPRIETOR

S. J. MIGHTON
CRANBROOK, B. C.
Has the largest stock of Pipes, Tobaccoss Cigars and Smokers' Sundries in the interior of B. C. Mail orders receive prompt attention.

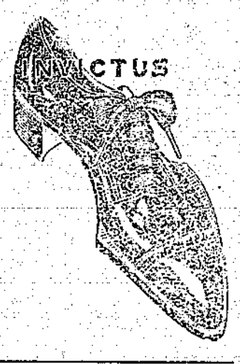
STARKEY & CO.
NELSON, B. C.
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
PRODUCE AND PROVISIONS

The Windsor Hotel
of Grand Forks, B. C., caters to miners, mechanics and smelter men
A. B. SLOAN, Manager

The SLATER SHOE



Patent Oxfords - $4.50 $5.00
Patent Shoes - - 5.00 6.00
Vici and Bob
Calf from - - - 4.50 to 5.50



A high shoe, 10 to 14 inches, at - - - - $7.00 and $7.50
Guaranteed to turn water. A good shoe for fishing and hunting.

RUSSELL-LAW-GAULFIELD CO.
LIMITED.
Groceries, Hardware, Clothing and Gents' Furnishings.

Pioneer Hotel...

Greenwood, B. C

The oldest hotel in the City, and stilll under the same management. Rooms comfortable, meals equal to any in the city, and the bar supplies only the best. Corner of Greenwood and Government streets.

J. W. Nelson

Teaming And Draying

All kinds of heavy teaming and draying done at reasonable rates by W. H. Barnett, Church street. Call him up and see how quickly anything from a pound to ten tons can be moved.

'Phone A 147

Painless Operatoons

He was a mortal who was much to be pitied, says an exchange. For several days he had suffered a martyd om from toothache, and now he had delivered himself into the hands of a dentist who largely advertised the "painlessness" of his operations.

After a busy five minutes the offending molar was drawn, and the victim was trying to ascertain the extent of the damage to his jaw.

"Is that what you call painless?" he asked.

"Certainly," smiled the wielder of the forceeps. "It was painless to me."

"Oh, was it? Well, this is what I call a painless punch," said the victim.

And letting his clenched fist land well for a moment on the operator's nasal organ he walked out of the house.

NOTICE is hereby given that 30 days after date I intend to apply to the Hon. Chief Commissioner for a special timber license over the following described lands:

Commencing at a post on the east side of the Kettle river half a mile below the forks, thence north 80 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 40 clains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 40 chains to point of commencement.

No. 2.—Commencing at a post on the east bank of the Kettle river, opposite Copper creek, thence north 80 chains, thence east 80 chains, thence south 80 chains, thence west 80 chains to point of commencement.

Dated this 3rd day of July, 1907.
52-5 ALEX. ROBINSON.

NOTICE.

NOTICE, I hereby give notice, that sixty days after date, I intend to apply to Hon., Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works, for permission to purchase the following described land situate in the Similkameen Division of Yale district: Commencing at the southeast corner of Lot 2360, thence east 40 chains, thence north 80 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence south 80 chains to place of commencement, containing 320 acres

Dated this 30th day of April, 1907.
ROBERT D. KERR.

NOTICE—I hereby give notice that, sixty days after date, I intend to apply to the Hon., the Chief Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to purchase the following described land, situate in the Similkameen Division of Yale District: Commencing at a post 40 chains south of the south east corner of Lot 2360, thence east 40 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence west 40 chains, thence north 40 chains to place of commencement, containing 160 acres.

Dated this 30th day of April, 1907.
A. C. DALE.

Hello Sunday!

We have on sale or to rent fishing tackle, fire arms, hammocks, tents, ice-cream freezers, pianos, organs, or a hot stove.

A. L. WHITE.

Phone 16. Second Hand.

CANADIAN PACIFIC
RAILWAY

SUMMER
Excursion Rates
FROM GREENWOOD
$54.55
To Winnipeg, Port Arthur, St, Paul, Duluth, Sioux City.

St. Louis, $62.05. Chicago, $66.05
Toronto, $80.55 Ottawa, $84.60
Montreal, $86.05. St. John, $96.95
Halifax, $103.85

TICKETS ON SALE
July 3, 4, 5. Aug. 8, 9, 10
Sept. 11, 12, 13.

Corresponding reductions from all Kootenay points. Tickets available for lake route, including meale and berths on lake steamers. Rates quoted to any Eastern station on application.

J. S. CARTER, D. P. A., Nelson.

for overgrown feet and hands. Likewise the London cabby is generally accredited with never being at a loss for a reply. One day a bobby lifted up his hand majestically to halt a cabby; but the latter crowded his horse ahead.

Didn't you see me raise mo 'and? demanded the bobby.

I did see the sky darken a moment, but my horse was shying at your feet, retorted the cabby as he whipped up and went on.—London Graphic.

For developing and printing, good results and quick work, go to McRae Bros.

Eugene V. Debs, the famous labor leader, was a guest at the rooms of the Denver Press club a day or two ago. Mr. Debs' activity in the cause of labor had landed him in jail several times. Yesterday a Denver telegraph operator, who happened in the club rooms, was introduced to Mr. Debs. After the introduction the operator and the man who had presented him to the labor leader went into the next room.

"That's Eugene V. Debs, the Socialistic labor leader," said the introducer, who thought the operator didn't seem duly impressed.

"Yes," replied the knight of the key. "I've met him before, but he doesn't seem to remember it."

"Where did you meet him?" asked the other.

"I was in jail with him over in Illinois once," said the operator.

It was during a telegraphers' strike.—Denver Post.

If you want to catch big fish and lots of them, get your tackle at McRae Bros.

Time an Excuse.

Thomas A. Hueston, the champion pool player of the world, replied to a toast on "The Spring."—"The Spring," said Mr. Hueston, "has its joys. It has its sorrows, too. Here is a story:

"Smith was suing Jones, his next door neighbor, for five feet of ground, which he claimed had been encroached on. Jones' lawyer began cross-examining him.

"'Now, Mr. Smith,' the lawyer said, 'did you or did you not tell my client last year that the five feet of ground in question belonged to him?'

"'Permit—'

"'No; I permit nothing. Answer my question, yes, or no. Did you tell Mr. Jones those five feet of ground belonged to him?'

"'Yes, I did,' said Smith, desperately; 'but please remember that the month was April, and we were both working our lawn mowers at the time.'"—Buffalo Express.

McRae Bros. report the sale of their new 1907 Wall Paper very brisk.

Barney's wooden leg has been paining him of late, said Scholes to his wife.

How can that be? asked Mrs. Scholes irritably.

Mrs. Barney has been thrashing him with it, was the explanation.

I can say for myself that I never have been mean enough to get another woman's cook away from her.

Neither have I, but I must confess that once or twice I have tried to work our cook off on some of our neighbors.

Never be without Edin Bank Butter, for we always have it in stock. Russell-Law-Caulfield Co.

What are you taking for your cold?

Nothing.

Nothing? But, my dear fellow—

Nothing, I say, not even advice. Fine day, isn't it.—Illustrated Bits.

Daily shipments of green onions, radishes, lettuce and rhubarb at Russell-Law-Caulfield Co.

Deacon Wigg—Now, that was a finished discourse.

Farmer Wagg—Yes; but, do you know, I thought it never would be.

When you want a monument or headstone write to the Kootenay Marble Works, Nelson, B. C.

Let the fat man rejoice that he is not fatter than he is, and the thin man sing because he has skin and bones left.

Preparations for reconstructing the Chinese navy and the docks are proceeding, money being collected for that purpose from each province.

Greenwood Miners' union will celebrate Labor Day, Monday, September 2. Mine and smelter managers please note. 1mtf.

GET A CAN OF JAP-A-LAC to-day and see how wonderfully it will rejuvenate an old chair, or, in fact, any piece of furniture that is badly marred. It comes in 16 colors and has a hundred uses. Oak, Dark Oak, Walnut, Cherry, Mahogany, Green, Red, Black, White, Natural Blue, Ground Aluminum, and Gold.

THE HUNTER-KENDRICK CO., Ltd.
THE BIG STORE.

THE CANADIAN BANK OF COMMERCE

PAID UP CAPITAL, $10,000,000. RESERVE FUND, $5,000,000.

B. E. WALKER, President. ALEX. LAIRD, General Manager.
H. H. MORRIS, Supt. Pacific Coast Branches.

Branches Throughout Canada, and in the United States and England.

A General Banking Business Transacted. Accounts may be opened by mail with all branches of this Bank.

Savings Bank Department.

Deposits of $1 and upwards received, and interest allowed at current rates. The depositor is subject to no delay whatever in the withdrawal of the whole or any portion of the deposit.

J. T. BEATTIE, Manager Greenwood Branch.

Premier Hungarian Flour

Is not a new flour on the market. It has been in use for years. Ask for a sack in your next order. Sold by
Hunter-Kendrick Co., Greenwood.
Smith & McEwen, Anaconda.
Hardy & Co. Midway.

Guaranteed by the
Alexander Milling Co'y
BRANDON, MAN.

ALL THE STAGES

Arriving in and leaving Greenwood have headquarters at

Chenier's Cigar Store

Pipes, Cigars, Cigarettes and Tobaccos to suit your tastes, your fancy or your pocket.

J. A. CHENIER - - PROPRIETOR
Next door north of Pacific hotel, Copper street, Greenwood.

The Norden Hotel...

Good accommodation and reasonable rates. One of the best supplied bars in the city. Dining room and lunch counter in connection.

Sater & Johns, Proprietors
COPPER ST., GREENWOOD.

P. BURNS & CO.

Dealers in

Fresh and Salt Meats, Fish and Poultry

Shops in nearly all the towns of Boundary and the Kootenay.

Greenwood City Waterworks Co.

Supplies electricity for Power, Light, Heating and Ventilation. Power Furnished to mines for hoisting and air-compressor plants, with a guarantee that the service will be continuous. Get our rates before completing your estimates

The.....
..Pacific Cafe

Opened and remodeled, is now the best-appointed Restaurant in the interior of British Columbia. Call and see for yourself. The best cooks and the most experienced and attentive waiters only employed. Everything in season that the market can supply.

Howard Moore, Prop.