The Kootenay Mail.

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CORRESPONDENCE.

[We do not hold ourselves responsible for the opinions expressed by our correspondents.]

EDITOR KOOTENAY MAIL:

DEAR SIR,—It is rumored that Fred Fraser's (mining recorder) tenure of office is likely to be a short one. Probably some of the hungry office hunters who supported Tom Taylor in the last election are after the job. Poor old Tom. What a job you have on hand to keep your followers in line. "Shovels" for the wagon road, $3 per day for the voters in Trout Lake mining division while in Revelstoke, Lardeau, Nakusp and Illecillewaet mining divisions $2.50 has to be the limit. Building wagon roads in November with two feet of snow on the ground may not be an economical method of expending money but it has to go in this country. The "Herald," of course is not kicking as it boosted the political nonentity that represents this riding. Poor old Herald, everything is satisfactory as long as a dyed-in-the-wool tory represents this riding.

Yours etc.,

CITIZEN.

Revelstoke, B. C.,
Nov. 22nd, 1900.

Peanutters Push for Another Scalp.

EDITOR KOOTENAY MAIL:

SIR,—It is rumored on the most reliable authority that the peanut office seekers here are still demanding of the government the dismissal of another liberal official from the Revelstoke office to make room for a so far disappointed nominee of their choice. I am aware that it is useless to appeal to the local member in this connection as his only theme and most exhaustive speech before election was, "I am a Conservative and ask you to elect me as such."

Mr. Editor, we who pay our taxes to have our government affairs well attended to look for higher ideals than that and if independent and liberal members of the government expect to retain the confidence of the country, this narrow party practice must cease.

Yours truly,

INDEPENDENT.

Revelstoke, B. C.,
Nov. 24th, 1900.

SMELTING POLICY.

The Government Will Make Important Announcements.

Hon. Clifford Sifton, Minister of the Interior, was accorded a hearty reception on his arrival in Vancouver. On Friday night he addressed a public meeeting of the electors of that city in the interests of G. R. Maxwell, the liberal labor candidate.

Hon. Mr. Sifton believes that Yale-Cariboo and Burrard will return government supporters. He intends at once to propose the appointment of a commission of competent men who have a practical and scientific knowledge of mining and of legislation affecting that industry, to examine and report upon the best methods to be adopted by the government to foster its development, especially in regard to the smelting, refining, and manufacture of the products of Kootenay. If legislation be found necessary after the report is made, it will be passed. Another matter that will engage immediate attention is railway extension in British Columbia. This province may also expect to have cabinet representation immediately, and an announcement will also be made as to a railway to the Kootenay. The matter is to be considered by the cabinet on Mr. Sifton's return to Ottawa.

Rev. Calder, of the Presbyterian church, has made the following announcements of subjects for the next two Sunday evenings: December 2nd, "Scotland" in honor of St. Andrew's Day; December 9th, "The Master Christian," Marie Corelli's latest book.

Yale-Cariboo-Kootenay Campaign

Monday evening candidates McKane and Galliher met for the first time during the campaign on the platform of Tapping's opera house before a fair sized audience. The meeting was called in the interests of the conservative nominee, and in addition to the two candidates the speakers were J. P. Ross and Ed. Adair.

Chairman W. E. McLaughlin in calling the meeting to order stated that it was called in the interests of Mr. McKane. He extended an invitation to Mr. Galliher and Mr. Foley with one supporter each to come forward, but Mr. Foley was not present.

J. P. Ross, minister of public works in the Territorial legislature, was called on by Mr. Galliher and in his opening remarks, before speaking on issues, said he would explain why he was there, being an outsider, but first would state that though he had attended many meetings called in the interests of a candidate this was the first where the candidate did not open the meeting. He had never heard the policy of the liberal government attacked, but merely personal character of its members. Several of the leaders of the conservative party such as Sir Charles Tupper, Hon. G. E. Foster and Hugh John McDonald had been defeated; also J. G. H. Bergeron who was defeated in Quebec by an English speaking Protestant. There was a reason for his being here to assist Mr. Galliher who was not a stranger to him, having been acquainted for some years in Manitoba and the Territories, and assured the electors they could have no better man to make an attack at Ottawa on behalf of this comparatively new portion of British Columbia than Mr. Galliher. The liberal party has broken some promises but they were promises made by Sir Charles Tupper that they (the Liberals) would through their policy close all the factories and bring ruin to the country. This promise was broken in so much that the factories are all running full time. The Conservatives say the Liberal government promised free trade; in reply to this he quoted from platform of 1893 showing that the liberals promised to so revise the tariff as to reduce taxation, and the only true test is to make a comparison of 1895 with the present time. In 18 years the conservatives increased foreign trade by $66,000,0000 as against the liberals $82,000,000 in 3½ years. Domestic trade is not in a bad condition. They promised to settle the Manitoba school question, have they done so or not? It was a question which should have been settled by the Manitoba government and this was done. Canals needed deepening from the Great Lakes to the St. Lawrence and in this the liberals have done more than the conservatives did in ten years. They adopted a new system of transportation in the west. They have adopted a new system of assisting railways in the west doing away with land bonuses and giving a cash subsidy which falls on the whole Dominion instead of sections and under which the government can govern rates and has the right to step in on petition of any town. They have reserved 50,000 acres of Crow's Nest lands that they might also give protection against a monopoly on coal. Dr. Brett, at Golden, spoke of extravagant expenditure. In this matter the speaker said that though he had been a liberal for years his connection with the party would cease when they neglected the wants of the country to save expenditure. The debt question he denied and said that $700,000 of public debt was wiped out last year. He believed it was right and proper that labor should have consideration. He had represented a railway constituency for 17 years and never knew them to ask for special legislation. In this connection the speaker made reference to the Mulock fair wage clause and similar legislation, saying that the liberal party was the only one to do anything in this direction. Mr. Ross said he would be lowering the dignity of Mr. Galliher by asking the electors to vote for him simply because his party is in power. There must be a redistribution between Port Arthur and the Pacific coast which should give at least thirty instead of seventeen members. There should be three representatives for this constituency which covers such a great area and has such varied interests. Referring to the French he said that the cry should be frowned down that one man's vote is not as good as another's. There was no such cry when Quebec gave Sir John Macdonald such a large majority. At present there are sixteen English speaking Protestants elected in Quebec.

Ed. Adair was next called and spoke on behalf of Mr. McKane. He said it afforded him much pleasure to be present on this occasion and say a few words on behalf of "our coming member." He was favorably impressed with Messrs. Ross and Galliher having met them in the early evening but felt it his duty to denounce the policy of the government they upheld. Mr. Ross mentioned our fallen leaders—Foster and McDonald; Sifton never defeated Hugh John, he was defeated by machine. They are trying to make capital out of leaders falling but the party is here to stay, there is many a young man able to step in and take the part of his elders. It is not every man that would step in and sacrifice himself as McDonald and Foster did knowing it at the time. He expressed a belief that the liberal party not only in the late contest but in 1896 broke many a pledge. The conservatives have something to show for what they gave away. Liberal government was ready to give away nearly 300,000 acres of land to McKenzie and Mann for a bit of a jerk-water railroad. He drew a comparison of the government during the last four years to private individuals going fishing with small and smaller hooks then different kinds of bait. One bait—the Yukon grant—was not given away because they could not give it away; $4,000,000 had been given to rich corporations; then the plebescite caught temperance suckers and promise was broken in face of vote taken. Liberal party was reckless in promises. At this stage one of his friends came forward and urged on him to "give them a little Chinese question." He had voted for Mr. Bostock thinking the government would stand by principles but it had not. Chinese bait—you all know suckers that was thrown out for the working man. He had copies of telegram sent by Mr. McLagan of Vancouver to Sir Wilfrid Laurier on May 23rd, 1896, asking how he stood on Chinese question, and this was read together with reply received. The commission of inquiry into Chinese and Japanese question was an insult to the working men of British Columbia. He had a great deal of respect for Ralph Smith until his trip to Ottawa and then back to run as a liberal-labor candidate after receiving his commission. In dealing with the immigration question the speaker said that the scum of Europe was brought in to vote. He then referred to the Slocan strike and the part taken by government. He predicted that after December 6th Mr. Galliher's name will be "Let her go Galliher." What we are enjoying to-day is from conservative rule as the liberals just stepped into their shoes. Mr. McKane, he said, is the man that will hold this British empire together.

Mr. Galliher on taking the platform said he was something like the first speaker as this is the first time that he ever attended a meeting where the candidate in whose interest it was called did not open his meeting, the more so because in this case Mr. McKane had made assertions regarding him. He asked liberty to reply and Mr. McKane assured him it would be granted. The speaker said he was proud to be here as representative of the party by which he was nominated on September 5th. We all realize the extent of this district and it is practically a physical impossibility for one man to represent it and meet the requirements of all sections. He hoped that we will have redistribution which will secure for us three representatives. Canada depends on her trade, and in this respect Mr. Ross's figures of comparison is carrying out what it was said would be done by the liberal government. The last speaker said the liberals had practically taken on the clothes of conservatives; let us see: $4,500,000 would have had to be paid under conservative rule, but this was not necessary, then again $4,500,000 more was saved to wholesalers making a total of $9,000,000. Under preferential tariff during three years there was an increase of $32,500,000 with Great Britain while under conservative rule of 18 years it only amounted to $20,000,000, thus giving the liberals in three years $12,500,000 more than that of the conservatives in 18 years. It has been charged by conservatives that the liberals promised in 1896 to reduce expenditure of public moneys; this was the cry before election but do not know what effect it will have now. Place us in power and we will cut down debt by increased revenue. Do you in British Columbia wish a government that will not expend money as long as it is expended rightly? The conservatives do not say it was expended wrongly. He thought all would agree with him that money should be spent liberally while to advantage. He did not wish to say that progress of Canada was due to Liberals being in power nor that it would not have been so had conservatives been in power, but that we have had with Laurier a cabinet of the ablest men. Prosperity has reached an era in Canada which has never before been in our time. It was only right that he should give his views on Chinese. He did not want merely an act that will regulate their coming to Canada but wish them excluded. If ever a man tried to carry out his promise Sir Wilfrid Laurier did in the $500 tax. The last speaker says working men should not be deceived. In reply to that Mr. Galliher said that the Chinese commission was appointed at the request of the Vancouver Trades and Labor Council, and Ralph Smith, president of the labor congress, was appointed on this commission. The collecting of evidence for the commission has not commenced practically and he hoped that every man in British Columbia who can furnish data to assist will do so. Was sorry to see eastern members take the stand they do. The raise of $50 to $100 tax is not satisfactory but Laurier did all he could—is that a broken promise. Do not know what last speaker meant on plebescite. He thought if temperance people had any cause of complaint they would have taken it up on Nov. 7th. Hugh John promised the same thing to Manitoba and before it was carried out jumped the fence leaving it to his successor and the act is one which the courts will have to settle. One bait which is thrown out is the present liberal candidate for Yale Cariboo-Kootenay, which is a large one and he thought the people would bite. As to the bringing in of immigrants to vote: A voter must be a Britisher and to become naturalized it is necessary to live in Canada five years, the liberals have been in power four years. When he entered this race there were two parties; later on the labor party brought out a candidate of their own and in this if they are promoting the interests of labor unions they are right. Don't ally

(Continued on page two.)

The Municipal Council.

The city council met as usual Friday night with Mayor Smith in the chair, and Aldermen Abrahamson, Gordon and Kilpatrick present.

Minutes of previous meeting read and adopted.

A communication was received from A. M. Cousins, on behalf of trustees of the Vandall estate, offering building to council for purposes of a fire hall at a rental of $30 for six months.

E. J. Duchesnay, superintendent C. P. R. wrote as follows:

"In reply to your letter of Oct. 30th, and the lease of a certain tract of land within the Company's property at Revelstoke for the purpose of a reservoir for the water supply of the city. I had the plot of land which you will likely require duly surveyed and enclose herewith blue print. I have submitted your application to our general superintendent who replies that he does not see his way clear to recommend to the management that the lease to be given should give a perpetual right of way. He will be prepared to recommend that the lease be made for ten years with the right of extension for a similar period provided the company then determines it does not require the land and has no objection to the dam or pipe line. The mayor and the city councillors must realize that the company will require for them full guarantee for indemnity in case of damage to the company's land or property should the dam become damaged and the pipes burst or from any other cause. There is no doubt a dam to hold such a great amount of water would be a constant source of danger. I fully realize that the rocky nature of the ground where this dam is to be placed will make the danger more remote. I will be very glad to know if a ten year's lease with the right of extension will be agreeable to your corporation."

The city clerk was instructed to reply to Superintendent Duchesnay at Vancouver that the council would prefer a 99 year's lease as it proposes to put in permanent work, temporary work (which they would only feel justified in putting in if given only a ten year's lease) would be a constant source of danger to the company. The council proposes to spend about $35,000 on this extension.

The fire, water and light committee recommended that a new hose sleigh, a 40 foot telescope ladder, and a roller frame be purchased for fire hall No. 2, and that some suitable building be rented and fitted up for the storage of the equipment of fire hall No. 1.

Moved and seconded by Ald. Kilpatrick and Gordon that the report of the fire, water and light committee dated Nov. 17th be adopted. Carried.

Moved and seconded by Ald. Gordon and Kilpatrick that the corporation lease from the assignee of the Vandall estate, the building known as the Gold Hill Hotel on Front street, West Revelstoke, for six months from 1st December, 1900, at a rental of $30, with the option to the city to purchase same with the lot at $200 on or before March 1st, 1901, and on the understanding that any rent paid be applied on purchase price if option is taken up. Carried.

Moved and seconded by Ald. Kilpatrick and Gordon that the by law to amend by-law No. 11 of the city of Revelstoke, entitled "Fire By-law No. 11, 1899," be now reconsidered by the council and finally passed and adopted, and that it be signed by the mayor and city clerk and sealed with the corporate seal. Carried.

The council then adjourned.

Wilfred E. Law, manager of the Kamloops, B. C., who for many years has suffered intensely from defects of vision, makes the following statement in his letter to Prof. W. J. Harvey, F. O. M. C. I.: "I have pleasure in testifying to the efficiency of the glasses you lately prescribed for me. They are much better than anything I have ever worn."

The Kootenay Mail

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY.

—AT—

REVELSTOKE, B.C.,

—BY—

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Address

THE KOOTENAY MAIL,

Revelstoke, B.C.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1900.

Yale-Cariboo-Kootenay Campaign.

(Continued from page one.)

yourselves with either one party or the other but take the records and see what legislation has been passed. If Mr. McKane or any other good old conservative can tell us one act passed by conservatives in favor of labor he (the speaker) would like to hear it. Under act passed by liberals a contractor has to show that he has paid scale of wage before receiving payment for work. Sweating system was state of affairs when liberals took hold and they swept it away. The union label bill passed the house and was thrown out by the senate. Conciliation act is not in effect as full as it might be but is a step in the right direction; that was something the labor organizations could thank liberals for. All these go to show that liberals have labor interests at heart. Mr. McKane, he said, had claimed that he opposed the 8-hour law. Both on platform and off platform he had advocated 8-hour law. The speaker said he would stand out if alone to see that laboring men get their rights as he believed there should be no distinction between rich and poor in legislation. Will ask Mr. McKane what stand he has ever taken for labor. During the last provincial election Mr. McKane travelled with Mr. MacIntosh and carried the purse while he (the speaker) fought in Nelson for the candidate who was the choice of labor advocates. Mr. McKane has been itching to meet me and in order to give him an opportunity two of my meetings were cancelled to get here tonight. The speaker said he had all his meetings laid out from now until election but that he would give his opponent (Mr. McKane) meeting about on the understanding that each was to speak first at their respective meetings. Would like Mr. McKane to tell what he would do for the constituency; if he goes to Ottawa he will be about as much use as a cow's tail on a locomotive. A candidate that is recognized as representative of party in power is worthy of consideration when voting. Our little handful of six members run up against 207 cannot expect to get all they want, but he (Mr. Galliher) though not promising to get all wanted, thought he could get more than Mr. McKane. Mr. Foley had been telling of his nomination when 100 feet under ground and Mr. McKane at his 7000 foot elevation but you'll find me (Galliher) one of yourselves—on the level—and think you will find Mr. McKane a rejected monument on his 7000 foot level after the election. He did not want his supporters to stand back and give up through over confidence by results on November 7th, but want all to see that they get to the polls and also bring their friends.

Mr. McKane, on who's behalf the meeting was called, then came forward and assured the audience that he was pleased to come before them. A convention was held here at which Mr. MacNeill and himself attended. They had no member from Rossland to put up but Mr. MacNeill was the unanimous choice of the convention. They thought the election would take place on November 7th and Mr. MacNeill was prepared to run on that date. It has been asserted that Mr. MacNeill was prepared to run on that date. It has been asserted that Mr. MacNeill had an agreement with Mr. Galliher that the representative of the losing party should retire, this the speaker denied. In Rossland he simply said as a joke that he came from a 7000 foot level. After Mr. MacNeill dropped out he (the speaker) consented to stand for the conservative party and his motto is no surrender as he said he was in the fight to win. Mr. McKane assured the audience that arrangements for the meeting were entirely in hands of local committee and it was owing to this that he did not speak first. He simply wished to say that he stands for the party which has made Canada one of the brightest jewels in the British empire. The conservative party is responsible for the building of that great transcontinental line the C. P. R. which Sir Wilfrid Laurier wished to have terminate east of the Rockies. He did not ask support on the past record of the party but on what he shall stand for. The liberals have failed to carry out alien contract. They have failed and miserably failed to give us representation in cabinet. The speaker said that he is interested all over this constituency and it was on account of these interests that the conservatives were anxious he should represent them. The only act the liberals have given us is the conciliation act and it was not worth the paper it was written on. They should have brought in an act similar to one he was about to read which is working smoothly in New Zealand. His friend Mr. Adair spoke on Chinese. He then quoted several extracts on voters qualifications. The speaker said he had every respect for Mr. Foley who says he is a liberal and goes for both liberals and conservatives but more particularly the latter which he says should have been dead eighteen years before last election. Mr. Foley has objected and gained his point as to outsiders taking contracts in Rossland. He wished to impress the electors with the fact that Mr. Foley is a liberal and that conservatives should stand by the old party and old cause. He then gave several extracts from tariff reform convention of 1893 and on public expenditure. The conservative party did not raise race cry he contended but Israel Tarte caused all this. British Columbia does not receive her just share of expenditure in comparison to the amount contributed. Mr. Galliher says he can get more than a man in opposition. The speaker claimed he could stand on the floor of the house and state his case as well as Mr. Foley or Mr. Galliher and thought he could get as much. The conservatives were not against more money being expended but protest against British Columbia not getting her share. Mr. McKane said that before he was done with Mr. Galliher the latter gentleman would be on the level of his back. He was longing for the fight as was also Mr. Galliher. Read petition which he claimed Mr. Galliher signed against 8-hour law.

Mr. Galliher rose to reply, having been given five minutes to reply to this one question but not to deal with any others. He said that at the time petition came out he was vice-president of the Dundee Gold Mining Co., Limited, and as such signed the petition, but contend that is signature of the corporation and does not represent his personal feelings. He had never attended a meeting of Mine Owners Association in Nelson though notified of each. He had taken stand on 8-hour law and has retained it to his detriment in Nelson. Every word in the 8-hour petition he said was his own composition and he was proud of it.

Mr. McKane—He tries to get out of hole. Will read you wire sent by me from Revelstoke to minister of mines inquiring as to wording of signature.

Mr. Galliher—Will you allow me to reply to that.

Mr. McKane—No.

Mr. McKane then went on to read reply from minister of mines; also a wire from Casamir Dickson to effect that commission appointed to meet at Nelson was postponed on account of Mr. Galliher being at Kelowna. Mr. Galliher is here, he said.

Mr. Galliher—Yes, I am very much here.

Mr. McKane said he was aware that many do not agree with Sir Charles Tupper but advised all conservatives to stand by the old party.

The chairman rose and suggested the singing of "God Save the Queen," but Mr. Tapping moved a vote of thanks to the chair and the meeting broke up with cheers for Mr. Tapping, Mr. McKane and Mr. Galliher.

An Important Change.

It is officially announced that on and after March 1, 1901, the C. P. R. will send freight over the E. & N. railway into Victoria. Mr. Hunter, vice-president of the railway, says the arrangement "embraces all C. P. R. transcontinental and local freight to and from Victoria, as well as freight from foreign roads when the same may be offered to our ferry." This announcement is very satisfactory. After 1st March it will no longer be possible to say of Victoria that it is the only city in British Columbia to which the C. P. R. does not run its cars. There will be a general feeling of pleasure throughout the city that the E. & N. has been able to bring about an arrangement with the transcontinental line. This arrangement completely disposes of one argument made against the ferry by-law—that it would prevent such a contract being made with the Canadian Pacific.

The days of Victoria's isolation are passing. The agitation for proper connection with the Mainland is bearing fruit. This result is an incentive to continued agitation. Things have begun to move. Let us keep them moving. Let no effort be spared until we have not only ferry connection with the C. P. R. at Vancouver, but ferry connection with a direct line to Kootenay and ferry connection in every direction whence business can come. Let us continue to labor until this Island is virtually made a part of the Mainland of North America, and is opened from end to end by a line having connection at its northern terminus by fast steamers to ports in Northern British Columbia and Alaska. The first change has come about in an unexpected way. What will we next have that will stimulate business? The people have the matter in their own hands. The work of agitation must be carried on until a man can get in his car in the city of Victoria and be carried by rail to any part of the North American continent, except the Far North, and by and bye even to there.—Colonist.

Local and Personal Briefs.

Wm. Baty, of Trout Lake, is in town.

H. C. Killeen came up from the south Friday.

J. Guy Barber is on a business trip to Field.

The Philpot brothers left Tuesday evening for Vancouver.

R. P. Pettipiece returned from a visit to Rossland and Nelson last evening.

A. L. Sifton came up from the south yesterday and went east this morning.

Willie Beavo returned Sunday morning from the coast and will remain in Revelstoke.

J. F. Harris, of the Revelstoke Cigar Mfg. Co., went down to Kamloops Saturday evening.

Norman Hillier is spending a week in town before returning to Trout Lake to join the Topic staff.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Ellis, of Penticton, and E. J. Tronson, of Vernon, registered at the Revelstoke on Friday.

Ralph Smith is expected in Revelstoke on Saturday to address a meeting on behalf of the labor candidate.

J. H. Bauer, brewer for the Enterprise Brewing Co., leaves this week to accept a position with a brewery in Strathcona, Alta.

The family Herald and Weekly Star is this season offering to subscribers two beautiful premium pictures, copies of which have been received at this office. The one is the famous Hoffman's "Christ in the Temple," and the second entitled "Home from the War," a pleasing incident of the late South African campaign.

Grip and Password.

I. O. F.

Court Mt. Begbie initiated three candidates Monday evening, and five applications for membership were received.

I. O. O. F.

Revelstoke Lodge is having its lodge room kalsomined and a ventilator put in the ceiling.

Selkirk Lodge had one candidate for the first degree Tuesday evening.

It is expected there will be two candidates up for their first degree this evening in Revelstoke Lodge.

At the regular meeting of Tabiti Lodge, Kamloops, held Monday evening the following officers were elected for the six months commencing Jan. 1st, 1901:—

Noble Grand—S. D. Macdonald
Vice Grand—Jas. Vair
Secretary—E. T. W. Pearse
Treasurer—T. E. Marshall

K. OF P.

After conferring the rank of knighthood on two candidates last evening Gold Range Lodge elected the following officers for the first six months of the coming year:—

Chancellor Commander—E. Borridge
Vice Chancellor—L. H. Buck
Prelate—Stewart McDonald
Master of Work—J. B. Scott
K. of R. and S.—J. Savage
Master of Finance—A. Edgar
Master of Exchequer—R. H. Mayne
Master at Arms—C. Holten
Inner Guard—J. Leslie
Outer Guard—Snider

Property Man—Now that you intend putting on "A Tropic Night," what are we going to do with all those hanging icicles used in our "Polar Bear?"

Manager—Have them painted green and let them go on as grapevines.—Exchange.

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JOHN V. PERKS PROPRIETOR..... REVELSTOKE, B.C

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ABRAHAMSON BROS. PROP'S.

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TROUT LAKE CITY

H. G. PARSON,

WHOLESALE

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Dawson, Y. T. Vancouver, B. C.

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J. D. MOLSON, Manager, - REVELSTOKE, B. C.

Now and Then.

There comes a time now and then when every gentleman feels the no exceptionally stylish and well-put-together suit of clothes. The occasion may be a wedding, a reception, a journey or some other important function. That is the time to avoid a chance fit. That is the time above all others, to give the order to me.

R. S. WILSON, The Tailor.

THE ORDEAL OF FIRE

MYSTIFYING RITES CELEBRATED BY THE ORIENTALS.

Walking With Bare Feet Over Flaming Stones and Emerging From the Pit Unburned—Dr. Hocken Saw This Done and Describes the Act.

Andrew Lang, who has written extensively on myths, rituals and strange human practices, has made a collection of stories that remind one of the experiences of Shadrach, Meshach and Abednego. In India, Japan and a number of the south sea islands a custom still survives which is known as the "fire walk." Sometimes it is prefaced with incantations, and it is usually followed by a feast. The religious part of the ceremony is conducted by priests. The origin of the custom, both in respect to time and place, is apparently unknown, but it is possible that the rite has now lost some of its earlier significance and detail.

The essential feature of the performance, at least from the point of view of the uninitiated, is walking barefoot over a bed of stones that have been rendered red or white hot by fire. The stones are laid at the bottom of an excavation like that prepared in New England for a Rhode Island clambake. Logs are cut into suitable lengths and piled over the rocky foundation, and these are then ignited. From four or five hours to a day is consumed in this part of the preparation, which has been preceded, of course, by the work of digging the pit or oven and arranging its rocky foundation. The embers having been hastily raked off and a redhot or white hot surface having been exposed, several men descend into the oven and walk more or less leisurely across the stones. In most cases they suffer no apparent harm.

One of the narratives was presented to the New Zealand institute in 1898 by Dr. T. M. Hocken and describes a scene which he witnessed in one of the Fiji islands—Mbenga, 20 miles south of Suva. Through the co-operation of civil officers and the steamship company the small clan on Mbenga that still possess the wonderful power was persuaded to give an exhibition, and several whites accompanied the doctor. One of them, a government meteorologist, carried a thermometer that would register up to 400 degrees F. When these guests arrived on the scene they found hundreds of natives assembled in characteristic Fiji costume. The preparations had been undertaken long enough in advance to avert any delay. The oven was 25 or 30 feet long and 8 feet broad and was shaped like a saucer. The deepest part of the depression was 15 feet long. The visitors saw the stones yet covered with embers, which were removed in their presence by means of long poles bearing loops of green withes.

Walking beside the pit before this stage of the proceedings, the man with the thermometer recorded a temperature of 114 degrees. After the stones were uncovered he hung his instrument out over the center of the oven, six feet above the stones, whereupon the mercury rose to 282. The solder was melting, and the instrument was liable to be ruined if left in that position any longer. What the temperature was on the stones themselves can only be conjectured, but Dr. Hocken declares that they were "white hot" and that low flames from small coals between the stones could be seen leaping up around them.

Two of the men who were to walk through the fire were examined by Dr. Hocken before their daring act. They wore garlands about the neck and waist. Their feet and legs were entirely bare. The soles were soft and flexible, showing that they had not been rendered permanently callous in any way. In order to detect chemicals that might have been applied for this occasion the doctor did not hesitate to use touch, smell and taste. He licked the natives' feet with truly scientific zeal. But no explanation of what was to follow could be discovered. Finally, at an appointed signal, the seven or eight natives who took part in the performance came down in single file to the oven and then walked across the stones from one end to the other of the pit. They spent less than half a minute there. Immediately after they emerged Dr. Hocken again inspected their feet, but could find no sign of burning or blistering.

Another historian mentions a fire walk in which the passage was made no less than five times. Miss Teuira Henry recounts similar incidents in the Polynesian Journal, and adds that her own sister and a niece also walked over the stones. Mr. Lang picked up stories of the practice in Japan, where several women pretended to have done the same thing, although corroborative evidence is lacking.

An Englishman who tried the experiment himself, and was accompanied in his undertaking by three of his fellow countrymen, furnishes Mr. Lang with a short account. He is Colonel Gudgeon, British resident on one of the Society islands, Raiatea. The glowing stones on this occasion afforded a path 12 feet long. The act of walking over them preceded the ceremony of cooking the ti plant and was first performed by a priest and his attendant. They went down into the oven, bearing branches of the ti tree. On leaving the pit the priest offered a bifurcated branch to Colonel Gudgeon, saying, "I hand my power over to you." The attendant did the same to one of the other whites. The remaining two Englishmen held no ti branches, but merely walked behind Colonel Gudgeon.

Three of them escaped without harm. The fourth, who, by the way, looked backward, after starting, was somewhat burned. Green branches of ti were thrown on top of the stone . hour later and took fire; this fact affords a hint of the heat. Yet Colonel Gudgeon says: "I felt something resembling slight electric shocks, and the tingling sensations continued hours afterward, but that was all. The tender skin of my feet was not even hardened by fire."

All such ventures do not result so happily. Several accidents are reported. At Benares, for instance, the walkers were burned enough on one occasion to be sore for two days. The Brahman master of ceremonies explained, however, that "the control of the fire was not so complete as usual, because the images of the sanctuary had been defiled by the touch of Mohammedans in the crowd." Subsequently at Benares, when sacred images were carried through the fire and a coconnut was thrown into the oven, three Hindoos who were observing the spectacle ran against one another and fell into the pit. It is alleged that they escaped unharmed.

Cowards.

Jimmy—Scientists predict dat in 2,000,000 years dis world will be nuthin but a vast ball of ice.

Johnny—Dem scientists is foxy. Yer notice dey never predict nuthin on a dog fight or a prizefight or a election; it's allus suthin ye can't nail 'em wid a bet on.—Puck.

The most wretched people in the world are those who, having nothing to do, work themselves to death trying to keep young.

MEN OF MARK.

Henri Rochefort, editor of L'Intransigeant, has fought more than 200 duels.

Senator Hoar will be 75 when his term in the United States senate expires in 1901.

Lord Rosebery recently said that when wealth reached a certain point it ceased to give pleasure.

Dr. Couden, the blind chaplain of the United States house of representatives, shaves himself. He has six razors.

Richard Mansfield is about 42 years old. He was employed in a Boston dry goods store before he went on the stage.

Representative Mercer of Nebraska is a devotee to euchre and very seldom misses playing a game every evening of his life.

The United States consul at Vladivostok, Russia, is Richard T. Greener of New York city, a negro and a graduate of Harvard.

Congressman Champ Clark of Missouri is authority for the announcement that he will be a candidate for the senate to succeed Senator Vest.

Senator Cockrell is exceedingly fond of apples and is never so happy as when he can secure one of the juicy pippins for which his state is famous.

Harry N. Pillsbury, the chess champion, says that he learned the game with great difficulty, and for some time any great amount of playing always resulted in severe headaches.

Congressman Cousins is one of Iowa's most famous fishermen. He spends every summer by a lake abounding in black bass and goes fishing twice a day—at sunrise and at sunset.

Senator Vest is very nearsighted, but frequently forgets to bring his glasses to the senate chamber, and consequently in writing sits curled around his desk with his nose almost touching the paper.

Owing to his multitudinous agencies in all parts of the world Lord Rothschild knows of the most important events often before any government and even before the most enterprising newspapers.

The Duke of Newcastle, one of England's richest peers, owns a London newspaper and writes for it continually. He is a stanch believer in the press and in journalistic circles is a great favorite.

Governor Stanley of Kansas is an expert penman and does most of his own letter writing. He uses either hand with equal ease, and his signature is identical whether the pen is held in his left hand or his right.

Captain Brinkley, the leading authority on all things Japanese, has sustained a heavy loss through fire. The whole of his library, his works of art and manuscripts of more than 20 years' collection have been entirely destroyed.

James Oliver, who is probably the richest man in Indiana, laid the foundation of his fortune by saving from his salary of 50 cents a week as a farmer's "chore boy" enough to buy a house and lot on the installment plan and then selling it at a profit.

Board of License Commissioners.

NOTICE is hereby given that the meeting of the Board of Rural License Commissioners will be held at the Provincial Police Office, Revelstoke, B.C., on Saturday, December 15th, 1900, for the purpose of granting licenses.

E. A. UPPER,
Chief License Commissioner.

Revelstoke, B.C.,
Nov. 26th, 1900.

REVELSTOKE RIDING OF WEST KOOTENAY DISTRICT.

A COURT OF REVISION AND APPEAL under the "Assessment Act" will be held at the Court House, Revelstoke, on Monday, the 10th day of December, 1900, at 10:30 a.m.

Dated at Revelstoke, B. C., November 21st, 1900.

WM. J. DICKEY,
Judge of the Court of Revision and Appeal.

Calendars

If you have not already ordered your Calendars for 1901 now is the time to do it. We have on hand a large assortment of samples in handsome designs. Call and see them.

Job Printing

We are prepared to do all kinds of job printing at reasonable prices. We carry a complete stock of paper for all classes of commercial work. Give us a trial.

The Kootenay Mail,

REVELSTOKE, B. C.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

CANADIAN PACIFIC AND SOO LINE.

Fast Daily Service Between Atlantic and Pacific.

First class sleepers on all trains,

Tourist Cars

Pass Revelstoke Daily for St. Paul.
Fridays for Montreal and Boston,
Sundays and Wednesdays for Toronto.

Improved connecting service to and from

KOOTENAY COUNTRY.

East	DAILY TRAINS	West
8.00 arr.	Revelstoke	arr. 17.10
8.20 lv.	Revelstoke	lv. 17.30

To and from Kootenay Points.

8.10 lv.	Revelstoke	arr. 16.15

For rates, tickets, and full information apply to Agent, Revelstoke, or

E. J. COYLE, A. G. P. A., Vancouver, B C.
W. F. ANDERSON, T. P. A., Nelson, B. C.

Kootenay Railway & Navigation Company

Limited.

Operating Kaslo & Slocan Railway, International Navigation & Trading Company.

Schedule of Time—Pacific Standard Time

Effective Feb. 1st, 1900.

Kaslo & Slocan Railway

Passenger train for Sandon and way stations leaves Kaslo at 8 a.m., daily, returning, leaves Sandon at 1.15 p.m., arriving at Kaslo 3.55 p.m.

International Navigation and Trading Company

Operating on Kootenay Lake and River.

S.S. INTERNATIONAL leaves Kaslo for Nelson at 6 a.m. daily except Sunday; returning, leaves Nelson at 4.30 p.m., calling at Balfour, Pilot Bay, Ainsworth, and all way points; connects with S. F. & N. train to and from Spokane, at Five Mile Point.

Lardo-Duncan Division

AMER. ALBERTA.

Steamer Alberta leaves Kaslo for Lardo and Argenta at 8:30 p.m. Wednesdays.

Steamers call at principal landings in both directions, and at other points when signalled.

Tickets sold to all points in Canada and the United States.

To ascertain rates and full information, address:

ROBERT IRVING,
Manager, Kaslo, B. C.

8 tf

Canadian Pacific Navigation Co. L'd

ALASKA ROUTE.

Steamers for Wrangel, Juneau and Skagway leave Victoria

Every Wednesday at 8 p. m.

and Vancouver

Every Thursday at 2 p. m.

Steamers for Northern British Columbia ports leave Victoria and Vancouver weekly.

Rates, etc., on application to

C. S. BAXTER,
General Passenger Agent,
Victoria, B. C.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS

Royal Mail Lines.

Cheapest Route to the Old Country.

ALLAN LINE—From Montreal

Numidian	Oct. 20
Corinthian	" 27
Parisian	Nov. 3
Tunisian	" 10

DOMINION LINE—From Montreal.

Vancouver	Oct. 20
Dominion	Nov. 3
Cambroman	" 10

BEAVER LINE—From Montreal.

Lake Megantic	Oct. 26
Lake Superior	Nov. 2
Lake Ontario	" 9
Montfort	" 16
Lake Champlain	" 22

Passengers ticketed through to all parts of Great Britain and Ireland, and at specially low rates to all parts of the European continent. Apply to nearest railway or steamship agent or to

T. W. BRADSHAW, Agent, Revelstoke.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

In the Estate of the Kootenay Lumber Company, Limited Liability.

Pursuant to the "Creditor's Trust Deeds Act and Amending Acts" notice is given that the Kootenay Lumber Company (Limited Liability), whose places of business are at the city of Victoria and at Comaplix, B. C., has by deed dated 3rd day of October, 1900, assigned all their personal estate, credits and effects which may be seized and sold under execution, and all their real estate to John Frederic Helliwell of the city of Vancouver, B. C., accountant, in trust for the general benefit of their creditors, which deed was executed by the said Kootenay Lumber Company, Limited Liability, on the third day of October, 1900, and John Frederic Helliwell on the 9th day of October, 1900.

Creditors of the Kootenay Lumber Company, Limited Liability are required to file their claims with the trustee, proved as required by the Act, stating the securities held by them, on or before the day of meeting of creditors which is hereby called for Friday the 2nd day of November, 1900, at 2:30 o'clock p. m., at the office of the said John Frederic Helliwell, No. 519 Hastings Street, Vancouver, B. C.

After the date of the said meeting the trustee will proceed to distribute the assets of the trust estate among the creditors entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he then has notice, and shall not be liable after the said date for the proceeds of the said trust estate or any part thereof so distributed to any creditor of whose claim he had not notice at the time of the distribution thereof.

Dated 10th day of October, A. D., 1900.

HOWARD J. DUNCAN,
536 Hastings Street, Vancouver.
Solicitor for the Trustee

DO NOT FORGET

that if you want to get a first class assortment of

PERFUMES
TOILET
WATERS
BRUSHES OF
ALL KINDS

and all toilet articles. You can get the very best at the

Canada Drug & Book Co

Revelstoke Station

DIED.

CALMAN—On 6th instant at Kilbrittain, County Cork, Ireland, Kate Calman, aged 22 years. R. I. P.

MARRIED.

DUNN-JOHNSON—At Revelstoke, on Monday, November 26th, 1900, by Rev. C. A. Procunier, M.A., Arthur Dunn, of Trail, to Mary Kate B. Johnson, of McAdam Junction, N. B.

DANEY-JOWETT—At Trout Lake City, on Thursday, November 22, 1900, by Rev. S. J. Green, S. Daney, of Ferguson, to Eveline Jowett, of Trout Lake City.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL BRIEFS

Dan McRae was in town Sunday.

H. Fehlin came up from Nelson on Tuesday.

Great reduction sale at the Cash Bazaar.

G. C. Knowlton returned to Golden Tuesday morning.

Mrs. T. Taylor came up from Trout Lake Sunday afternoon.

The storm sashes have been placed on the school building.

See our line of fancy goods—The Cash Bazaar.

Hon. F. W. Aylmer, C.E., of Golden, was in the city Monday.

There will be a dance at the close of the entertainment this evening.

W. M. Robb and A. Maddock returned Friday from the Okanagan.

Come and see the children's cake walk at the opera house this evening.

Call and see the assortment of Christmas goods—The Cash Bazaar.

F. J. Deane, of the Inland Sentinel, attended the public meeting Monday evening.

Hon. Clifford Sifton and party passed through Revelstoke Tuesday morning going east.

Wm. Kirkup, Jerry Kelly and Charlie Richards left Monday morning for Halcyon Springs.

J. A. Mara, ex-M.P. for Yale-Cariboo, passed through Revelstoke Tuesday morning going south.

The Canada Drug & Book Company this year will have a large assortment of books most suitable for Xmas presents to pick from, before choosing presents call and see them.

Referring to the invitation extended by Revelstoke Hockey Club to the Kamloops hockeyists for a game, the Inland Sentinel says: "Unfortunately Kamloops has no hockey club to take part in the proposed tournament. Its a pity too, as there are many good players in town. A club should be formed."

J. M. Martin, ex-M.P.P., of Rossland, was in Revelstoke on Monday and went east the following morning.

Ashcroft Hockey Club has written expressing its willingness to send a team for a game in Revelstoke at a date to be decided on.

See the large and beautiful assortment of Xmas cards this year at Canada Drug & Book Co.'s, they contain local views of Columbia River, etc.

The electric lights were out for a short time Tuesday evening as a result of the belt slipping from the pulley at the power house.

James Ross, M.L.A., of Regina, was in the city Monday and expressed his views on Liberalism at the public meeting held in the evening.

Owing to the mildness of the weather the skating rink has been closed since Friday evening and the hockey club has not yet had a practice.

While Prof. Harvey is at J. Guy Barber's you can have spectacles fitted that are absolutely correct and sold under a positive guarantee.

The Revelstoke Cigar Manufacturing Company has commenced the manufacture of cigars and will soon be in readiness to supply their customers.

The building formerly occupied by E. M. Allum as a jewelery store on Front street is being moved to the corner of McKenzie avenue and Second street.

Charlie Richards and Gus Hedstrom came up from the Towser mine on Saturday work having been suspended pending the arrival of Manager Skeaff from Chicago.

Rev. S. J. Thompson will conduct both services in the Methodist Church on Sunday. In the evening he will preach the third of the series on the Apostles creed, taking the sentence "Born of the Virgin Mary," as his subject.

HIS CREDITORS MOURN.

D. G. Cathcart Badly Swindles the Mount Pleasant People.

D. G. Cathcart, who claimed to be a medical student of an American college, left last Thursday and is supposed to have absconded from the city, leaving a number of mourning creditors behind. The young American said he was a student of Cooper Medical College, San Francisco, and on the strength of his connections several new made friends gave him quite a sum of money. Now they claim that they have been duped and that the young man has a bad record. He left last Thursday for Victoria, and it is now claimed that he has gone to the United States with no intention of returning. He ingratiated himself into the kindly feelings of a large number of residents of Mount Pleasant, particularly members of the Mount Pleasant Methodist church. They now say that after procuring quite a quantity of goods on credit and securing small sums from various persons he has left for pastures new.

D. G. Cathcart is a clean shaven, smooth spoken man of about 25 years of age. When he arrived in the city some two months ago he told a plausible story, which went with his acquaintances. It was that he had been studying for medical honors in the Cooper Medical College, San Francisco, and having a taste for travel, had come to Vancouver. He was taking the courses by the correspondence method and, as he was a clever young man, he had time at his disposal, which he employed profitably as timekeeper on the government work on the cemetery road. He said, moreover, in his nonchalant, offhand manner, which generally goes with most people, that he was an especial friend of the professors at the college, and next June he expected to come out a full fledged M.D., with all the attendant honors. So Mr. Cathcart was welcomed and particularly by the Mount Pleasant Methodists in their church as a model and worthy young man. Besides being clever he was also good outwardly. At testimony meetings, when interest lagged a little, it was Mr. Cathcart who was on his feet, describing in earnest, well chosen words his change in spirit, how that once he had been really bad and gambled and swore, but now had come to believe earthly pleasures and fascinations were not worth striving for. Socially, he was a great favorite.

Mr. Cathcart finished his occupation on the government roadwork about two weeks ago, and coming into the city secured a boarding place in the home of Isaac Mills, Tenth avenue. Then he was more in demand than ever. Under such circumstances it was quite easy for him to secure clothing outfits, without paying cash, and to obtain small loans of money, giving his excellent word as his bond. Not the least suspicion was entertained by any of his acquaintances whom he had duped that his transactions were fraudulent in any degree. But after he had gone, a few of them began to compare notes, with the result that the value of Mr. Cathcart's popularity suffered a great depreciation.

Mr. Mills, to whom a week's board was due, was seen by a World reporter but he was loth to believe that Cathcart was a scamp. His opinion differs, though, from that of others who had been touched to a greater extent. "If all this about him is true," said Mr. Mills, "then he is a pretty slick chap."

Mr. Cathcart has a history, one of the principal events of which transpired within a short distance of Vancouver. It may be news to many who knew him in the city that he was but a short time ago released from the provincial gaol at New Westminster, so at least part of his story was not altogether without foundation of fact. When he secured occupation in connection with the government work on the North Arm road, it was immediately after he had been discharged, having served a 10 months' sentence for forgery. The employment was secured for him by Jailer Marshall, who seeing he was an intelligent and well mannered young man, thought he would like to mend his ways. Cathcart was profuse in his thanks to Mr. Marshall for this service, and promised that henceforward his course of life would be upright. He evidently began all right, but yielded to the temptations that offered themselves so easily, and now is again on the broad path. When leaving for Victoria he said he would return Saturday or Sunday at latest and that gave him ample time to return, perhaps, to his studies in San Francisco.—Vancouver World.

Residents of Revelstoke in the spring of 1898 will remember this young man Cathcart, who came here about that time and proceeded to make himself acquainted in much the same manner as described above. He ran a grocery business here for a short time but was forced to make an assignment.

Epworth League Social.

The Epworth League Social on Monday evening last was a great hit. A large number attended and spent an enjoyable evening. Next Monday is Consecration to be led by the President.

The pastor has secured 8 subscribers to the Epworth League Reading Course and it is expected that a first class reading circle will be conducted after New Year.

Grand Dramatic Entertainment.

The ladies of St. Peter's church have for some time been making extensive preparations for a dramatic entertainment which will take place this evening in the Opera House, in aid of the church fund, and consists of living pictures, a French minuet (in costume) is danced in 1645, a cake walk in which 8 children will take part, and a farce entitled "Box of Monkeys" in which Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Wilks, Mrs. C. Holten, Miss M. E. Drake and C. E. Shaw will take part. The programme will be interspersed with music by the orchestra. The entertainment will be followed by an impromptu dance.

Royal Templars of Temperance.

Mr. A. J. Paterson, of Vancouver, representing the Royal Templars of Temperance of Canada, is expected in Revelstoke shortly to organize a Council of the Order here. The Royal Templars have an especially sound and cheap insurance based on the most careful estimates of insurance actuaries in which the insured gets the full benefit of his own temperate habits and also of a total abstinence membership. This means from 25 to 33 per cent of a direct saving in the cost of insurance. Will all who have formerly belonged to the Royal Templars kindly drop a card to Rev. S. J. Thompson, who will be glad to introduce them to Mr. Paterson when he arrives.

"THE LEADING STORE."

. . . GREAT BARGAINS . . .

CLOTHING—Men's All Wool Tweek Suits, Regular Price $8, $10, $16; Cut Price, $4, $6, $8.

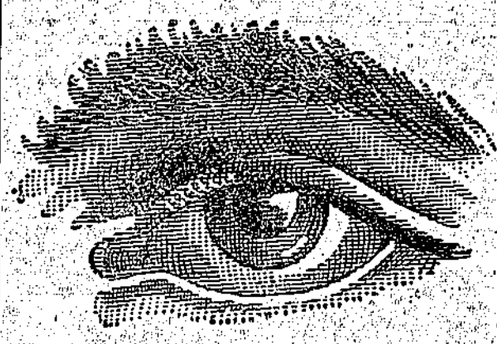
PANTS—Men's All Wool, Serge, and Tweed Pants, Regular Prices, $2, $3, $4; Cut to $1, $1.50, and $2.

NECK WEAR—Men's Beautiful Silk Ties, Regular Prices, 50c., 60c., 75c., and $1; Cut to 20c. each.

HATS—Regular Prices $1.50, $2, $2.50, $3, $3.75, $4; Cut to $1, $1.50, $2, $2.50, $3, $3.25.

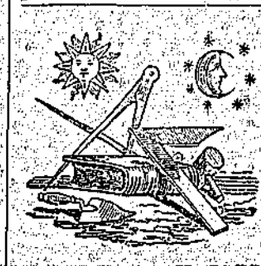
We are also giving a Cash Discount of 20 per cent. on all our Boots & Shoes.

TAYLOR AND GEORGE,
(Late James Gill & Co.)



Consult Prof. W. J. Harvey,
F. O. M. C. I.

about those headaches, pains in the eyes, eyes crossed or diverged, double or indistinct vision, loss of muscular power or any error of refraction in the eyes at J. GUY BARBER'S until Saturday Dec. 8th. Consultation free.



Kootenay Lodge
No. 15 A.F. & A.M.

The regular meetings are held in the Masonic Temple, Bourne Hall, on the third Monday in each month at 8 p. m. Visiting brethren cordially welcomed.

H. J. PRATT SECRETARY.

REVELSTOKE LODGE, I. O. O. F., No. 25.

Regular meetings are held in Oddfellows' Hall every Thursday night at eight o'clock. Visiting brothers cordially welcomed.

N. T. EDWARDS. N.G. J. A. STONE, Sec.

SELKIRK LODGE, NO. 12, I. O. O. F.

Meets every Tuesday evening in Oddfellows' Hall at 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren cordially invited to attend.

P. HOOLEY, N. G. W. MATHIE, Sec.

I.O.F. L.B.C.

COURT MT. BEGBIE
I. O. F, No. 3461.

Meets in the Oddfellow Hall on the second and fourth Mondays of each month. Visiting brethren invited to attend.

D. R. ATKINS, C. R. C. W. MITCHELL, R. S.

R. H. TRUEMAN & CO.'S
Photographic Studio

will be open from now until Jan. 1st.

Call Early for Xmas Photos.

Ladies Watches.

Ladies of taste admire our stock of watches. We have some delicate attractive cases that contain reliable works. These watches are not only beautiful they are perfect timekeepers too. They are made for good service, and we sell them at a small price. We believe we have the one you want.

J. GUY BARBER.

A. H. HOLDICH

ANALYTICAL CHEMIST AND ASSAYER.

Royal School of Mines, London.
Seven years at Morfa Works, Swansea.
Seventeen years Chief Chemist to Wigan Coal and Iron Co., Eng.
Late Chemist and Assayer, Hall Mines, Ltd.
Every description of assay and analytical work undertaken.
Claims examined and reported upon.
REVELSTOKE, B. C. 1

J. W. CROSS, M. D.

SURGEON TO THE C. P. R., CITY HEALTH OFFICER.

Office: Taylor Block, Mackenzie Avenue.

HARVEY & McCARTER

BARRISTERS, SOLICITORS, ETC.

OFFICES: MOLSONS BANK BLOCK, REVELSTOKE, B. C.

Money to loan.
Offices: Revelstoke, B. C.; Fort Steele, B. C.
GEO. S. McCARTER, Revelstoke, B. C. J. A. HARVEY, Fort Steele, B. C.

Your Pocket-book

may be low but nobody sees it, but if your clothes are shabby that settles it, nobody wants to know you. Ladies or Gents Tailor Made Clothes repaired and cleaned in good style. Call or send post card.

Samuel Needham, Douglas St.

Established 13 years.
Strictly Union Labor Shop.

The Fred Robinson Lumber Co. Limited.

On and after this date our prices for cut firewood will be as follows:

$1 per cord at Mill
$2 " delivered.

Prices Cut for Cash.

Fred Robinson, Managing Director

REVELSTOKE
STEAM LAUNDRY

FOR
First Class Work
—o—
GIVE US A TRIAL

F. BUKER, Proprietor.
Phone 43.

Get that Water Pipe Fixed.

He'll do it for you.
WHO?
R. Gordon.

TIME TABLE

S. S. "Lardeau."

Running between Arrowhead and Thomson's Landing commencing June 10, 1900, will sail as follows (weather permitting):

Leave Arrowhead for Thomson's Landing and Comaplix at 7a. daily.

Leave Thomson's Landing and Comaplix for Arrowhead at 17k. daily, connecting with all C. P. R. trains and boats.

The owners reserve the right to change times of sailings without notice.

THE FRED ROBINSON LUMBER CO. LTD.
F. ROBINSON,
Managing Director.

Tenders for a License to Cut Timber on Dominion Lands in the Province of British Columbia.

SEALED TENDERS addressed to the undersigned and marked on the envelope "Tender for Timber Berth 253," to be opened on the 18th day of December next, will be received at this Department until noon on Tuesday, the 18th of December, 1900, for a license to cut timber on Berth No. 253, comprising Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, the South half of Section 9, the South half of Section 10, Sections 11 and 14, the North East quarter and Legal Sub-divisions 2, 3 and 4 of Section 16, Sections 17, 18, 19, 24, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35 and 36, Township 25, Range 28, West of the 5th Meridian, in the above Province, containing an area of 22½ square miles, more or less.

The regulations under which a license will be issued may be obtained at this Department or at the office of the Crown Timber Agent at New Westminster.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered Bank in favor of the Deputy of the Minister of the Interior, for the amount of the bonus which the applicant is prepared to pay for a license.

No tender by telegraph will be entertained.

PERLEY G. KEYES,
Secretary.

Department of the Interior,
Ottawa, 22nd October, 1900.