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VOL. III. NO. 7. KELOWNA, BRITISH COLUMBIA, THURSDAY, JANUARY 12, 1911. $1.50 Per Annum.

Meeting of City Council

Auditor's Report Commends Work of City Clerk

A meeting of the city council was held last Tuesday evening, the Mayor, Ald. Harvey, Jones, Leckie and Cox being present.

The minutes of last meeting were passed and the following accounts ordered paid.

W. R. Glenn, gravel for Ethel st.	$ 13 50
W. C. Blackwood, supplying and hauling rock for streets	268 80
W. C. Blackwood, do.	252 00
J. I. Campbell, 3 60-watt Mazda lamps	6 30
G. F. James, electrical supplies	15 50
D. McMillan, ½ day hauling gravel	3 00
G. Markham, cleaning office and fire hall	5 25
H. H. Millie. telephone	11 50
Wm. Haug, wood for Court House	4 25
J. C. Collins, 20 hours work on boulevards at 30c.	6 00
Brandon Bros., rent of Opera House for meeting	35 00
G. A. Fisher, auditing city books	90 00
Kel. Sawmill Co., lumber and fuel	724 60
Collett Bros., teaming for Dec.	3 50
Morrison-Thompson Co., supplies	38 02
Crawford & Co., stationery	6 25
P. B. Willits & Co., stationery	4 15
I. S. Chamberlain, waterworks supplies	7 25

The following letter was read from Mr. G. A. Fisher, who has just completed the auditing of the city's books for the year:

Gentlemen—

I beg to advise you that I have completed the audit of the city's books and have certified same to be correct as per statement in hands of your clerk, Mr. Dunn.

I take pleasure this year in again commending Mr. Dunn's work on your books in the neat and perfect accuracy, and in the accessibility of reference to any matter on the books.

I regret I am unable to meet you and the council for the presenting of the statement, but pressing business compells my absence.

Yours very truly,
G. A. FISHER,
Auditor.

A letter was also read from the Kelowna Benevolent Society asking the council to deal with a case of extreme poverty.

The mayor said they had no particular department for dealing with such cases. He would therefore ask Ald. Cox to make enquiries and report.

A form of liquor license was read which had been drafted by the city solicitor to comply with the License By-law No. 76 passed during the summer. The license form included a clause reserving to the board of commissioners the right to cancel in case of conduct warranting it.

Ald. Cox asked if something should not be done in respect to

Continued on page 6.

The annual meeting of the Knox Presbyterian church was held last night (Wednesday). Satisfactory reports were read from all societies and organizations of the church. Dr. McNaughton and W. B. M. Calder were added to the list of managers. It was resolved to increase the minister's salary to $1,200. Refreshments were served at close of meeting.

Haug's skating rink was open for the first time on Tuesday evening last. The band had been engaged to provide music, and the ice being in good shape a large number turned up. The band has also been engaged for next Tuesday evening.

"Uncle Tom's Cabin" is booked at the Opera House next Thursday, Jan. 19th.

Mr. J. G. Fraser lelt Wednesday morning for Vernon, where he has the contract for the construction of a house for J. Milligan.

Mr. and Mrs. R. Sproul and family returned Wednesday from a few week's trip to Vancouver, Victoria and other coast points.

City Council Give Account of Their Year's Work

Annual Ratepayers' Meeting Draws Large Attendance - Interesting Speech by Mayor Sutherland

Considering the unfavourable state of the weather last Monday night, there was an unusually large gathering at the annual ratepayer's meeting, where custom decrees that the outgoing council shall give an account of their stewardship during the past twelve months. Mr. R. H. Parkinson was elected to preside.

Mayor Sutherland was the first speaker. He said that his part of the election was over, as he had to thank the ratepayers for that day electing him by acclamation for another term of office. He had to thank them because this year would probably be the last for some time in which he would serve in that capacity, and probably for all time. This was his sixth term in the council, two as alderman, and four as mayor. It had been a pleasant time for him and he had been interested in the work, and enjoyed it. Of the twenty men who had occupied seats on the council since incorporation, he had sat with nineteen of them. Their relations had always been of a pleasant and agreeable kind—perhaps because he himself was not of a fighting disposition.

The work during the last few years, continued the Mayor, had been a good deal lighter than at the beginning. The work had been hardest during the first two years. He had been associated in the early days with Mr. Bailey and Mr. C. S. Smith. They had no city solicitor then and no by-laws. All these had to be drafted. During his five years' service he had drafted all the by-laws, and he could assure them had burnt a good deal of midnight oil in the service of the city. As there was no contest this year for mayor he was free to tell them these things without conveying the impression that he was canvassing for votes.

Of all the years he had served on the council, he went on, none had been more pleasant than the last. All had worked harmoniously together. He would try to give his hearers some short account of the year's work.

Starting with the financial question he said, they started the year's work with arrears amounting to $7,100. Deducting $3,600 unpaid taxes and rates, left $3,500, which amount was borrowed.

The matter of assessment was first taken up in 1906, the amount being then $250,000. In 1907 it was $500,000, just double. The following year it was $750,000, a 50 per cent. increase, and last year it had risen to $840,000. This year the amount was $1,112,000, an increase of 32 per cent. This did not mean that the value of the land had been raised, but improvements had been made and new subdivisions marked out. This year's increase of 32 per cent. was due approximately 15 per cent. to improvements, and 17 per cent. to general increase of assessment. The city had been fortunate during the year in having a sub-division registered by the car tracks, which had materially increased the assessment.

During the past year they had borrowed on debentures $18,000, $15,000 for water extensions, and $3,000 for school purposes. On this they had paid interest for six months. Next year an increased amount would be necessary to pay interest for twelve months. The same kind of thing happened every year. This year they had had $1,250 additional interest to pay over last year. In all they had had $2,230 make up more than last year's requirements. This had to be provided either by increasing the taxes or in some other way. The total tax levy this year had been $26,370, or $708 less than last year. This increased the amount to be made up to $2,938, and adding this year's surplus of $2901, meant that they had raised or saved this year, $5,839.

This could only be done in two ways. They could not cut down the amount required for debentures nor for school purposes, so they had cut down the general rate to 6½ mills. a saving of $2,852. The rest of the saving had been on the light and water plant.

Perhaps they should not have had that $2,900 surplus, continued the mayor. They might have struck the rate at 20½ mills and come out even. But in figuring their estimates they had not taken into account some savings which had been effected in various directions. For instance, in the light and water they had figured the monthly expense as last year at $596, whereas it had been reduced to $481. This they had not figured on.

Going on to the electric light plant, this year it had practically paid for itself. There had been a total revenue of $13,333; the operating expense, interest and sinking fund, and additions to plant amounted to $13,949. This showed a loss of $616, but if the additions to plant, which were permanent improvements had been charged as they might have been. to capital account, the plant not only paid for itself, but showed a saving of $1000 (applause). When we considered that at Vernon the operating expense of the electric plant alone was over double our own combined water and light, he thought the plant was a credit to the city. He could not of course say what another council would do, but as they anticipated an additional revenue next year of $2,500 from the combined plants, it was likely there would be a reduction in rates.

In referring to this year's waterworks extension, he said that this year 25,000 feet or nearly five miles of wood pipe had been added, at an average cost installed of 55c. per foot, as against $3.15 per foot for ten inch iron pipe and $2.82 for eight inch. The water rates had caused a little trouble, but he thought the rate now fixed by by-law compared very favorably with other cities.

Most of the work on the roads, he continued, had been done in the centre of the city, though actually more gravelling had been done than any year since 1906. The work was not yet complete, and when a covering of finer gravel and a top finish of sand had been added we should have a street to be proud of.

The debenture debt of the city was now $163,000 made up as follows: Local improvement $17,000; water and light, $75,000; streets and fire protection, $16,500; schools, $17,500; parks, $37,000. The first two paid for themselves, while the others were raised from taxes. The latter had been kept as low as possible. It was right and proper to raise money when it was a good investment, but care should be exercised when there was no revenue in sight.

There were a number of things to be taken up in the coming year, said the Mayor. He would like to see a great deal more cement walks. This year the demand had been so small as not to be worth while issuing debentures for. They would probably have a cement walk from Pendozi street to the Presbyterian church. There was also a great probability that they would be able to make a still further reduction in the taxes.

In conclusion the mayor said there were other things above the financial question, to make the city a good place for ourselves and children to live in, and he thought they had given them consideration in the best interests of the community.

The mayor resumed his seat amidst loud applause.

Alderman Jones said he was pleased to see such a large audience to hear about city affairs. He congratulated the city on having a man like Mayor Sutherland at the head of affairs. He was of opinion that he was fully deserving of the confidence the people had shown in their Mayor by electing him for a further term of office. It was not necessary for him to speak continued Ald. Jones, on the finances of the city. That had been already dealt with by the Mayor. He was personally gratified at the evidence of prosperity shown by the statement. He would like however to say something about other committees he had been connected with.

Take the fire brigade. The city had now twenty active young men who gave their services without any pay at all from the city. In material and equipment, hose, reel etc., the city has paid out about $1,000 in addition to a grant of $100. The fire hall had been fitted up comfortably and a number of the brigade were living there. They had all witnessed the splendid efforts of the brigade at the various fires which occured. (applause). He knew of no town where the boys were more enthusiastic than here. He could not leave the subject without paying a tribute to Mr. F. M. Buckland, who was acting as a kind of god-father to the boys, and organized them into splendid shape. They had now 1,700 feet of hose and two reels, and a very fair equipment. He hoped that during the coming year the city would be able to do more towards the support of the brigade. He suggested that accident insurance policies might be furnished to the young men who worked a considerable risk to life and limb. They never put in auy bills for spoilt clothing or other loss, and were always ready to turn out at 2 o'clock in the morning in any kind of weather. He thought the city might be able to do a little more for them.

Speaking of the public Park, Ald. Jones said the council started last year with a policy of economical adminstration, and did not see their way to spend any large sum on the park. Last year the money spent was from proceeds of debentures and not from current revenue. This year they had spent nearly $400 on flowers etc. He suggested that each year ornamental trees should be planted and the old trees gradually removed. In a few years they would thus have a fine park which would be a credit to the town.

The cemetery, continued Ald. Jones, as many knew, had been in a bad cnndition for the last few years. No proper plan was in existence and in some cases graves had been dug in the roadway. This year a plan had been made and the ground properly marked out, and people could now secure a proper deed from the city for graves there. Records of burials were also kept in books belonging ao the city.

He confessed they had not done enough on the streets. They had been anxious to make both ends meet. If they had known there was so much of a surplus they would have done more. He was not altogether satisfied with the way the streets were handled. He advocated the purchase of a rock-crusher, which would supply rock of the proper size, instead of either too small and mixed with fine clay, or too large. He would also like to see some experiments made in oiling the streets to prevent dust. The process had been tried at various places in B. C. and reported as satisfactory. He thanked the electors for again electing him to represent them and promised to do his best in their interests.

Ald. Leckie then addressed the meeting. He agreed, he said, with Ald. Jones' eulogies of the Mayor. Mr. Sutherland had a fad for municipal work, a quality necessary for success. The city was indebted to him in no small degree for his untiring work in connection with the by-laws. Speaking of his own work, Ald. Leckie admitted that he had not always got along quite pleasantly with those he had had to deal with. The task he had taken up required a kicker, and he had had every opportunity to kick. He had made certain promises at the beginning of the year, and he had endeavoured to live up to them. They had got as good a set of employees at the power house as could be got anywhere. Travellers who knew nothing of the affairs of the city had declared that they had the neatest little plant in B. C. The men in charge were neither lazy nor careless and it was a pleasure to go over the plant. The only misfortune which had happened had been through a streak of lightning, which had found him not quite ready for it. He was negotiating about lightning arresters at the time, but the lightning would not wait for him.

The plant, he continued, now pays for itself. When they borrowed the $15,000 for the water works, it was with the understanding that it would not be expended until there was revenue in sight. The tax payers did not have to contribute anything.

He referred to the by-law to raise money to extend the plant. They could be sure of this that the money would not be spent unless there was revenue in sight. At the present time they had a 150 horse power engine working on a 100 kilowatt generator. At five o'clock at the present season when the lights came on it was working at full capacity. They would thus soon need a new plant to cope with increasing business. Later on in the night, however, the load became less, and then the plant was running wastefully. He calculated that by providing a smaller generator for the lighter load they would save a cord of wood a night. Then there was a demand for power during the day. He thought it would be a good investment.

He referred to the efficient manner in which the pipe line had been laid. It paid to get good men when work was to be done. The running expense of the water plant compared favorably with other towns, and the surplus this year of $7,400 would pay interest and sinking fund on the outlay. Thus for the first time the plant would pay for itself. He invited questions on the matter. He had kicked hard himself, and he expected there would be some kicks in return; if he could not answer them he was quite willing to take all that was coming to him.

Ald. Harvey then spoke on behalf of the Board of Works, of which he was chairman. The city, he said, covered a great area in proportion to its population. It was therefore difficult to keep up with the work on streets and sidewalks in so young a city. They could not attempt it all at once, or the city would go bankrupt. The idea was to do a little at once as well as possible. He regretted the fact that during the late summer and fall he had been away from town on business a great deal, and much of his work had fallen on others. He referred to the gravelling of Bernard ave. and Pendozi street. In the latter case they had been caught by the weather, the

Contiuued on page 3

On Wednesday evening the choir and Chancel Guild of St. Michael's Church were entertained at the home of the Rev. Thomas and Mrs. Greene. A large number of guests were present, each wearing some device representing a popular magazine, and much amusement was derived from the attempts at guessing the names of the different periodicals. The evening passed pleasently with music and games.

The ladies of the Kelowna Benevolent Society would be glad to receive any children's or men's under garments. Anyone having such to give kindly leave at Mrs. Capt. Philp's as soon as possible.

An explosion which might have had still more disastrous results occurred this morning at the house of Mr. Cameron, on Bernard ave. next to W. C. Blackwood's. The hot-water apparatus recently installed had frozen up in the night. In ignorance of this a fire was made in the stove as usual, with the result that the water front exploded, shattering the stove and doing considerable damage to the house.

Completion of Important Telephone Line

One of the important works undertaken by the Dominion Government in British Columbia has just been completed in the forging of the final link in the iron circle of the Kamloops-Okanagan telephone system by the construction of a new telophone line between Kamloops and Vernon by way of Grand Prairie. In its completed state the government telephone line now runs in a full circle from Kamloops through Nicola, Hedley, Penticton, Kelowna and Vernon back to Kamloops, with these six offices acting as connecting points. In addition there are three spurs, Kamloops to Little Fort, Nicola to Lower Nicola and Vernon to Lumby.

Between Kelowna and Vernon there are both a copper metallic line, used exclusively for telophone work, and a single iron wire for telegraph service. This telephone system is 372 miles around its entire circle and in all there are over 500 miles of wire including the spurs and the second circuit between Kelowna and Vernon.

Among the improvements in the near future will be a considerable amount of re-poling in the Otter Valley and Similkameen section and the construction of a second circuit of metallic copper between Kelowna and Penticton. The latter will give a copper metallic service between Vernon and Penticton, the business section of the system. The old iron wire will be used exclusively for telegraph work thus relieving the work of the telephone between these points.

There are over fifty offices and agencies on this system connecting with the outside world, many points of which are at some distance from the railroad and whose only connection with the larger centres, apart from the telephone, is a mail once a week.

As a connection with a number of both government and private exchanges the wires are of inestimable value. The government line has its own exchanges at Hedley, Princeton, Merritt and Nicola, on which there are over 100 local telephones. The system also connects the three exchanges of the lake shore telephone at Peachland, Penticton and Summerland, controlling nearly 300 instruments. Connection is also made at Kamloops with the British Columbia system, at Vernon with the Okanagan Company's system and at Kelowna with Mr. Millie's private exchange. The new line between Vernon and Kamloops was constructed under Mr. C. S. Stevens of Summerland.

Municipal Election Results

There was no contest this year for the mayoralty, D. W. Sutherland being returned by acclimatton.

In the North Ward, J. W. Jones, and A. S. Cox were returned by acclamation.

In the South Ward five Canidates presented themselves. As only three were required, a poll was necessary with the following result:

DALGLEISH (elected)	108
LECKIE (elected)	107
COPELAND (elected)	87
Mantle	68
Newby	45

Voting on By-law.

A poll was also held on By-law No. 83, which is for the purpose of borrowing $7,000 for additions to the power plant.

The voting resulted as follows:

For	149
Against	42

The necessary three-fifths majority being 119 the by-law thus easily carried.

News of the Valley.

The s. s. Kaleden has been drawn ashore ae Kaleden, and will remain there through the winter.

The Hon. Price Ellison was entertained last week at a luncheon in Vernon in honor of his return from the Old Country. His long and entertaining account of his adventures there contains many amusing passages. Apples he said were grown in England under glass that would cost a guinea each and he proposed to show them what they were like. Here Mr. Ellison produced from his pocket a parcel, and after unwinding several layers of tissue paper he disclosed a miserable sunken and spotted specimen of an apple, which looked infinitely worse than any windfall that could be picked up in an Okanagan orchard. To show that it was a fair specimen of English fruit, he stated that it was one of a lot that had been on the table in a house where he had dined. He had taken it with the permission of the owner (laughter) and it had come from the table of wealthy people who had four butlers and footmen to serve the family and two guests when he was with them. In contrast with these, and as an evidence of what kind of markets awaited our fruit, he said that he had seen Winter Bananas from this province sold in London for a shilling apiece, in Regent St., while a nice little paper box containing six Spitzenbergs brought four shillings and sixpence. He had sold boxes from the B. C. exhibit for a guinea a box, while others brought twenty-five shillings per box. One of the things that surprised the people of the Old Country was the manner in which our fruit "stood up." They could hardly believe that the apples shown had come six thousand miles and had been handled several times on the railways and steamers.

He had given away a great many boxes of apples as an advertisment; and was particularily glad to be able to announce that, after a considerable amount of red tape, he had succeeded in presenting a couple of boxes to His Majesty King George V. (cheers).

An Excellent Plan

The Canadian Government Annuities system which was approved by unanimous vote of Parliament in 1908, and is available to everyone, presents exceptional advantages to the young or middle-aged who are able to save over a considerable period to secure for their declining years an income free from all possible danger of loss or diminution, and at the lowest possible cost. If the person has a lump sum saved up which he or she could apply on account of the purchase, the cost for the remaining years would be reduced to a greater or smaller extent, according to the amount which was paid in the lump sum. For example, a man of 35 wishing to purchase an annuity of $300 at 60 and having $500 in the savings bank which he could apply on on account of the purchase in a lump sum could then complete his contract for an annual payment of $38.82, while if the $500 had not been paid he would have had to make an annual payment of $71.04. In the event of his death before 60, his heirs would of course receive back the $500 as well as the annual payments with 3 per cent. compound interest; and if he became an invalid or disabled so that he could not earn a livelihood, and the amount that he had paid in would yield him an income of $50 or more, he could draw his annuity at his then age though he were under 55 or 60. This points out the advantage to a man or woman who has been saving up for the years when they are unable longer to work of immediately transferring any amount which they can spare to their account for the purchase of an annuity. The amount, if left in the savings bank at 3 per cent. would yield an income far short of the amount required for their maintenance.

Information may be had at the Post Office, or of the Superintendent of Annuities, Ottawa, of the plan you may adopt to make this provision.

The city of Hamilton is going to print its assessment roll in pamphlet form for general distribution

L. C. AVISS
Boat Builder

Launches, Sail Boats
Skiffs, Canoes and Scows

Row Boats and Canoes for hire.

KELOWNA, B.C.

A sprained ankle will usually disable the injured person for three or four weeks. this is due to lack of proper treatment. When Chamberlain,s Liniment is applied a cure may be effected in three or four days. This liniment is one of the best and most remarkable preparations in use. Sold by all druggists.

LIQUOR ACT, 1910
(Section 35.)

Application for License

Notice is hereby given that, on the 31st day of December next, application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police for the grant of a license for the sale of liquor by retail in and upon the premises known as the Lakeview Hotel situate at Westbank, B. C., upon the lands described as Lots 9 and 10, Block 6.

Dated this 24th day of November, 1910.

CHARLES MARREN,
Applicant.

¶ **A WANT AD. in the Record will bring speedy results.**

The peculiar properties of Chamberlan's Cough Remedy have been thoroughly tested during epidemics of influenza, and when it was taken in time we have not heard of a single case of pneumonia. Sold by all druggists.

Bouvette's Express

And General Delivery.
Meets all Boats.
Prompt attention to orders.
Phone 158.

W. F. BOUVETTE & SON,
Office, Wilkes old store.

The Churches

ANGLICAN

St. Michael and All Angels' Church.

Holy Communion, first and third Sundays in the month at 8 a.m.; second and fourth Sundays, after Morning Prayer.

Litany on the first and third Sundays.

Morning Prayer at 11 o'clock; Evening Prayer at 7:30.

REV. THOS. GREENE, B. A., Rector.

PRESBYTERIAN

Knox Presbyterian Church, Kelowna.

Morning Services at 11 a.m.; evening services at 7:30 p.m. Sunday School at 2:30 p.m.

Weekly Prayer Meeting on Wednesdays at 8 p.m.

Benvoulin Presbyterian Church.

Afternoon service at 3 p.m. Sunday School at 2 p.m.

REV. A. W. K. HERDMAN, Pastor.

METHODIST

Kelowna Methodist Church.

Sabbath Service at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m.

Sunday School at 2:30 p.m.

Midweek service Wednesday at 8 p.m.

REV. J. W. DAVIDSON Pastor.

BAPTIST

Kelowna Baptist Church, Ellice St.

Sabbath Services at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m.

Sabbath School at 10 a.m. All welcome.

Wed . 7.30. Rev. D. J. Welsh, Pastor.

C.P.R. TIME TABLE.

The sailing schedule of the S. S. Okanagan during the summer months is as follows.

Read up	Daily Except Sundays	Read down
10:45	Okanagan Landing	12:45
8:05	Okanagan Centre	2:25
	Short's Point	
	Nahun	
7:15	Kelowna	3:05
6:45	Gellatly	3:40
6:15	Peachland	4:15
	Naramata	
5:25	Summerland	4:52
5:00	Penticton	6:30

KELOWNA HOSPITAL.

Donations of vegetables, fruit, dairy produce, eggs etc. will be gratefully received at the Kelowna Hospital. If more convenient same may be left at the shop of Messrs. Crowley Co; Ltd.

"HOSPITAL INSURANCE."

The Kelowna Hospital Society have an Insurance in force which they wish to bring before the notice of the public.

For the sum of $10 bachelors or married men may obtain a Hospital Insurance Ticket which entitles the holder to Free Hospital Attendance for one year from date of issue for any sickness or accidents except contageous or infectious diseases, which are not be admitted to the hospital. Applications for tickets or for further information should be made to the secretary, Room 1, Keller Block, or P.O. Box 275, Kelowna, B.C.

R. C. REED — Phone 11
R. W. BUTLER — Phone 120

Kelowna Manufacturing Company

Funeral Directors and Embalmers.

We have a large consignment of the latest lines of Picture Mouldings JUST IN.

Now is your time to get all your Picture Framing done, at prices that DEFY COMPETITION.

Satisfaction Guaranteed. Office Phone, 85

A "Want" ad. in the Record is a sure dividend-paying investment.

The greatest danger from influenza is of its reulting in p n eumonia. This can be obviated by using Chamberlain's Congh Remedy, as it not only cures Influenza, but coutracts any tendency of the dssease towards pneumonia. Sold by all druggists.

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SPECIALTY:
Ladies' and Children's Work, and Men's Light Goods.
NEAT REPAIRING.
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Agency for all kinds of Music, Songs, Dances, Instrumental, and Church Music, and Teachers' Supplies.

Violins' Banjos, etc., and fittings for same.

If you desire prompt delivery at lowest rates order from

F. GRAHAM TOLLIT
P. O. Box 325, Kelowna.

SALE

Opens January 7th, 1911, Closes January 18th.

This will be ten days of **GENUINE BARGAINS** for the people of Kelowna.
No hot air sale, but a sale that will benefit every buyer, *and Save You Dollars.*

2 for 1 Ladies' Fancy Collars, Belts, and Furs, To clear at Half-price. **Half-price**

Dress Goods Sale.
Suitings and Suit Lengths, in Venetians, Panamas, Broadcloths, Taffetas, Serges, Clan Tartans.
Must move, 30 per cent. Dis.

Waists and Waist Lengths
Novelties in Silk Waist Lengths
Nets, Silks, Delaines, Muslins, and Tailored Linens.
All on the Bargain Counter.
One-third off regular price.

Hosiery Bargains.
SOCKS.
Regular 25c Wool Socks, 6 pairs for $1
Regular 35c. Cashmere, 4 pair for $1
Ladies' Hose, regular 35c Ribbed Cashmere, $1 will buy 4 pairs
Regular 50c Fine Cashmere, $1 will buy 3 pr

All Sale goods Cash. No goods on approbation.

CLOTHING SPECIALS.
Odd Pants Boys' Knickers Fancy Vests
Hats and Caps
Men's and Boys' Suits and Overalls
Going at 30 per cent. Discount.

Good bye to our Wool Blankets and Eiderdowns. 20 per cent. Discount.
Big Reductions in all SKIRTS.
Towel Bargains that will keep them on the move.
Lace Curtains, Curtain Muslins, 25 per cent off

SALE

The root of coufidence is value, not talk. Come, bring your friends, and be convinced.
BARGAINS! Money saving Bargains in every corner of the store. Remember the dates, Jan. 7th to 18th.

Phone 22 **LEQUIME BROS. & Co.** Phone 22

Established 1850.

PROFESSIONAL AND BUSINESS CARDS

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Solicitor,
Notary Public,
Conveyancer, etc.
KELOWNA, :: B. C.

R. B. KERR
Barrister
and Solicitor,
Notary Public.
KELOWNA, :: B. C.

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A WHISTLING LANGUAGE.

Gomera, in the Canaries, Possesses a Queer Custom.

Gomera is two centuries behind the times, although it lies no more than fifty miles outside the track of steamers. In importance, as in size, it is sixth among the Canary Islands; but, according to a gentleman who has just sojourned there, it possesses one feature that is distinctive, the whistling language. By a curious graded scale of shrill whistlings the mountaineers of the region are able to converse over a distance of as far as four or five miles.

The art is of great antiquity. The original inhabitants of the island were the Guanches, who were conquered by the Spaniards in the fifteenth century. These were a pastoral people, despite the mountainous nature of their territory. It was their need of a means of communication across long distances over the great ravines that cut the heights which caused the development of a system of crude signalling by whistles into a complete language. The like method is employed by the natives of the Atlas Mountains, and it may be that the primitive manner of whistling was brought thence to Gomera, since long ago there was considerable emigration of the Africans to the Canaries. But the signalling in the Atlas Mountains has never expanded beyond its original simplicity, while in Gomera it has grown into a distinct language.

As far back as 1650, Dr. Sprat, who was at that time Bishop of Rochester, wrote a letter to the Royal Society, in which he made mention of an Englishman he had met at Teneriffe. This unfortunate man had been made deaf for fifteen days by the shock of a native's whistling at his ear. Indeed, as one reflects on the distance that the sound is made to carry, it becomes apparent that the noise must be fairly deafening at close quarters. A hotelkeeper in Santa Cruz de Teneriffe employed a Gomeran as kitchen girl. She had a lover who worked in Laguna, almost five miles from the hotel. Yet the girl was accustomed to mount a hill that rose at the back of the hotel, and there indulge in a series of ear-splitting whistles. And always the lover arrived to visit her within an hour. That such performances requires special powers is demonstrated by the fact that the Gomerans of the mountains have extraordinary development of chest and throat.

It is small wonder that the island is little known, as it lies two days' journey from Teneriffe, and is without accommodation for guests. Its extent is only fifteen miles in length by thirteen in breadth, and the population numbers a scant fourteen thousand. It is, however, an ideal spot so far as climate goes in all seasons of the year, since rain is rare, and the temperature is uniformly delightful. The primitiveness of the place is shown by the fact that it has no roads, only bridle paths, and these are so steep that cruppers and breast girths are essential to hold the saddles in place.

One must adventure over the rough trails if he would hear the whistling language; for it is not used except by the mountaineers. Dwellers in towns are not familiar with it, since with them there exists no necessity for its use. To the mountaineers, however, it is a great convenience, and women employ it as much as men. Some of the less skilful resort to their fingers in the mouth, after the fashion of our own boys; but this is a confession of inability.

The language is made up like a sort of Morse code, with high calls and low, short calls and long, with rising and falling inflections, and with a curiously articulated utterance, something similar to triple-tonguing on a cornet. Quaint and impressive as this whistling language is, it seems a pity that it should die out. It is, however, surely passing, and a few years more will witness its extinction.

An Astonishing Invention.

Perhaps one of the most astonishing inventions on record was the device of a Frenchman who suggested the laying down of huge suction tubes from the coast out to various points in the open sea. When war broke out and hostile fleets approached the coast, machinery on shore would be set to work, the enemy's vessels would be caught by the irresistible suction, drawn to the ends of the tubes and there held firmly as prisoners. The one essential part of this idea which seemed to be missing was the machinery which was going to draw a 25,000 ton warship backward with its engines going at "full steam ahead."

She Wasn't Fretting.

A fond mamma had found occasion during the morning to reprimand her small daughter with more than usual severity. It seemed to hurt the child's feelings considerably. In the afternoon the little girl sat on the sofa staring vacantly out of the window, apparently wrapped in meditation. The mother relented and, coming over to the side of the little girl, placed her hand on the child's shoulder and asked, "What are you thinking about, dear?"

"I 'uz jus' finkin'," said the little girl, "if I want six or eight bridesmaids."

Ills We Might Have.

A famous writer said: "Man in general, or, as it is expressed, on the average, does not live above two and twenty years, and during these two and twenty years he is liable to two and twenty thousand evils, many of which are incurable. Yet even in this dreadful state men will strut and figure on the stage of life. They make love at the hazard of destruction and intrigue, carry on war and form projects just as if they were to live in luxury and delight for a thousand ages."

Pleasure and Happiness.

There are many pleasures found in the search for happiness, but there is little happiness for him who seeks pleasure. Pleasure is what you feel when your neighbors come to spend the evening. Happiness is what you feel when they go.

CANNIBAL ETIQUETTE

PROCONSUL FROM PAPUA TELLS OF CUSTOMS THERE.

J. H. P. Murray, Lieutenant-Governor of New Guinea Describes Habits of the Man-Eating Natives—You Cannot Eat Your Own Quarry, According to the Best Table Manners—The Re-Marriage Question.

Monotony is not generally looked for as a characteristic of existence in a country where death is regarded as a mere incident, and cannibalistic feasts are of everyday occurrence. And Papua, or British New Guinea, is no exception, as we made clear by Mr. J. H. P. Murray, the lieutenant-governor—recently in London on a short holiday—in an interview with a newspaper man.

"The settled part," said his honor, "is safer than London; and even the districts outside Government influence are safe enough, if you travel with an armed escort.

"Papua is a country without railways, and, positively, the only means of traveling and transport is on foot. Of an Australian it is said that he will walk two miles to find a horse to carry him one; but in Papua the country is impossible for riding—even to an Australian. Where it is not densely wooded and entangled with undergrowth, it is steep and stony; or it is swampy. All over the island gold is found; but, except in the creeks, the outcrops are hidden by dense masses of decayed leaves and other vegetable matter.

"The country is brimful of interest, and the natives, at once utterly savage and curiously intelligent, are among the most picturesque and wonderful peoples of the world.

"In the district beyond Government influence, and, one would suppose, in the unexplored parts, cannibalism is rife; although, in traveling through the country, you don't often come across evidences of the practice. The cannibals themselves take good care of that.

"But, not so long ago, on one of my official excursions, I came upon the roasted body of a man, partially eaten, hanging from a house, within easy reach. As a matter of fact, the finding of such remains is quite a casual matter. It is as though I went down to my pantry; I might find a leg of mutton there, and I might not.

"As Government influence extends, however, the natives are easily persuaded to give up even secret cannibalism.

"Possibly, the eating of human flesh is frequently connected with some religious rites. With some of the tribes, before a man-hunting expedition is entered upon, a sorcerer stands by the canoe, calling loudly, 'Shall we go? Shall we go!' Should the boat rock, it is looked upon as a propitious omen. The canoe is quickly manned, one native taking up a position in the bow, spear in hand, and away they go.

"As to cooking, some tribes prefer to roast their victims, and others to boil them. One curious point of etiquette, in many parts, is that you must not eat the man you have yourself killed, although you may exchange with another successful fellow-tribesman.

"Unfortunately, some of the most intensely interesting statements regarding the curious characteristics and customs of tribes of the interior can only be given as hearsay, though some of these accounts must be taken with a grain of salt.

"Frequently, for instance, I have heard of a race of pigmies with tails. If a few of these imaginary being could actually be found, they would be of extreme interest to men of science, or would make a fortune for the first showman to exploit them.

"The Papuan is fairly truthful; but I have known of a native who boasted that he had not only seen these tailed pigmies, but had practiced a practical joke on them. These little fellows are said to live in houses set on wooden piles, and having holes in the floor, through which the inhabitants allow their tails to dangle. Our practical joker could not resist the temptation, and, according to his own account, he tied a knot in each tail, roused the little men, and fled to the hills. The predicament of his victims can better be imagined than described.

"Some of the Papuan tribes live in huts in small villages; but others build huge houses, each consisting of a tall, narrow, structure, perhaps a hundred yards long and seventy feet high, with a roof reminding one of an upturned canoe. One house will accommodate over one hundred natives, and sometimes many more.

"Most Papuans are remarkable linguists, nearly every tribe having a distinct language; and I have come across individual natives speaking seven or eight tongues.

"In one part of the country, husband and wife speak, to some extent, separate languages, though, of course, each understands the other's tongue. But each must use only his or her own. By the way, I may mention that this trait is by no means uncommon in the South Sea Islands.

"And besides these two languages, this tribe employs a third—especially for fishing expeditions. These fishing excursions to a neighboring island are taken periodically, and the natives have a superstition that anyone neglecting to use the third language on these occasions will find all sorts of dreadful things happening to him. These are not really distinct languages, but each contains many words peculiar to itself.

"One magistrate had an amusing deputation from an inland village, the chief of which, having heard of the white man's rule, was desirous of consulting him on an important social question. Was it legal, he wanted to know, for a widow to marry again? When he was assured there was no objection whatever to her doing so, he and his followers seemed mightily pleased. He had heard, he explained, that we objected to cannibalism, and had thought it was just possible we might equally object to widows remarrying."

THE MAN IN THE MOON.

Every Country Has Some Legend About the Old Disk's Inhabitant.

You young fellows or fair maidens who know how it is to spoon on moonlight evenings ought to be interested in these tales about the old moon. In every country in the world people have some story or other to tell about the mysterious spots on the face of the moon. The Indians of America tell two legends concerning these spots. One declares that the man in the moon was a hunter with his dog, banished to the sky for some offence. The other story is that long ago a group of Indian boys met every evening to dance to the music of one of their number who was a sweet singer. One night, however, when their parents had refused their request for dainties to make a great feast, although they danced as usual, the singer sang more sweetly than ever before and as he sang they danced ever faster, till they finally rose into the air, still whirling around their leader. Though their parents called them, they rose higher and higher. One boy, looking back, fell to the earth and changed into a pine tree. The others rose toward the sky till they stepped into the moon, where they can be seen on any moonlight night. On certain nights of the year Indians still climb as high as possible into pine trees and, stretching their arms toward the heavens, chant prayers to the boys to bring blessings from the moon to the earth.

In New Zealand the Maoris say that a man went out one night and, stumbling, sprained his ankle. He cried so loudly that at last the moon came down and took hold of him. In his fright the man seized a bush, but the moon pulled that up by the roots and sailed back into the sky with both man and bush.

In China moon worship still exists. There they say that the man in the moon arranges marriages and ties together with a silken cord the youths and maidens whom he intends to unite. In all probability the man in the moon is the creator of the honeymoon. Samoan islanders believe that the moon came down one night and stole the woman Sina, working in the twilight. Never able to return to earth, you can see her now in the moon, with her mallet and the board on which she was beating out bark to make cloth. It is true that about nine days after the new moon a pretty, unmistakably feminine face appears on the western half of the disk.

The Marechal Niel Rose.

When Niel, the French general, was returning home from the scene of his victories in the war between France and Austria he received from a peasant who wished to honor the hero a basket of beautiful pale yellow roses. One of the stems the general took to a florist in Paris, in whose care it remained until it became a thriving bush covered with blossoms. Niel then took the plant as a gift to the Empress Eugenie. She expressed great admiration for the exquisite flowers and on learning that the rose was nameless said:

"Then I'll name it. It shall be 'the Marechal Niel'."

At the same time she bestowed upon the astonished general the jeweled baton that betokened his promotion to the high and much coveted rank of marshal of France.

Lattice Screens for Inns.

Many quaint old inns are to be seen in King's Lynn, England, and the sign of the Lattice Inn is one of the oldest in existence. In the olden times the windows of inns were kept open, and in order to hide the revellers within a lattice screen, painted red, was placed in the window.

There is an old saying: "As well known by my wit as an alehouse by a red lattice." The lattices continued up to the beginning of the eighteenth century and when they disappeared from the windows they were adopted as signs. The latter are getting very scarce and it is questionable whether half a dozen could be found in England.

Habit.

Habit is the deepest law of human nature. It is our supreme strength, if also, in certain circumstances, our miserablest weakness. Let me go once, scanning my way with any earnestness of outlook and successfully arriving, my footsteps are an invitation to me a second time to go by the same way; it is easier than any other way. Habit is our primal fundamental law — habit and imitation. There is nothing more perennial in us than these two. They are the source of all working and all apprenticeship, of all practice and all learning in the world.—Carlyle.

Grunt-Who-Will Tower.

Annie, the duchess in wooden shoes who brought Brittany in the pocket of her wedding gown to her husband, the King of France, kept the Government for herself, and when the Bishop of St. Malo protested against the stronghold which she built to cow the too independent Maloons she carved on her tower the irreverent inscription, which may still be read there, "Grunt who will, so shall it be; 'tis my pleasure," and the tower "Grunt Who Will" (Quicquen Grogue) it remains to this day.

The Judge's White Gloves.

In the olden days judges were forbidden to wear gloves on the bench for fear of bribes being dropped into them. If there were no cases to be tried, however, there was no opportunity for bribing, and the sheriffs might give the judge a pair of gloves; hence the custom of presenting a judge with a pair of white gloves when he has no cases to try at an assizes.

Unfair.

The Tailor—Married or single?
The Customer—Married. Why?
The Tailor—Then let me recommend my patent safety deposit pocket. It contains a most ingenious little contrivance that feels exactly like a live mouse.

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Town and Country

An unusually high wind on Friday night or the small hours of Saturday morning made things pretty lively for about half an hour or so. A good deal of damage was done in and around town. Several signs were torn down, and old fences laid on the ground. The big sign over the Palace Hotel was blown clear across the roof and dropped a heap of wreckage by the water trough in main street. The "Orchard City" sign over one of the freight sheds, which served to introduce the city to new arrivals by the boat, was carried a considerable distance and crashed into the wall of the Royal Hotel, some of the splinters even going as far as the back of the Lake View. The Kelowna Furniture Co.'s sign also left its moorings and came down. A big tree at the corner of the Park was blown over and the roots lifted up the promenade several feet high. The roof of the Rowcliffe block also sustained considerable damage.

The rehearsals for the forthcoming revival of "H.M.S. Pinafore" by the Kelowna Musical and Dramatic Society commenced on Tuesday last. The Society have been fortunate in securing the services of an excellent cast, including many who took part in the production three years ago. As the time for preparation is so short, the management hope that all those engaged will endeavour to assist them by consistent and punctual attendance at all rehearsal calls.

The high winds this week have made navigation on the lake a somewhat difficult matter. Last Monday morning the ss. Okanagan was unable to get in to the wharf to land passengers and mails from the south. This is the first time the Okanagan has had to miss Kelowna on account of rough weather. Mr. D. Lloyd-Jones, Mr. A. Day, Mr. Leckie, and a number of others who had been south for the weekend had a long ride up to the Landing and back. On Monday afternoon a large crowd assembled to witness the arrival of the boat. The wind had abated somewhat since morning, but was still fairly strong, and several unsuccessful attempts were made before a landing could be effected.

Rev. Geo. Pringle, lately in the Yukon will lecture in the Sunday School hall of the Presbyterian church in connection with the Young People's Society on Monday evening next at 8 o'clock.

Rev. J. McKay who supplied the Presbyterian church in Kelowna 16 years ago, was in town for a few days, the guest of Mr. D. W. Sutherland. Mr. McKay preached in the Knox church last Sunday morning.

S. Munson is returning to Olds Alberta this week.

Civic Nominations

The following nominations for Mayor and Aldermen, and to fill the vacancy on the Board of School Trustees were handed in Monday:

FOR MAYOR

Sutherland, Daniel Wilbur, merchant. Proposed by W. H. Gaddes and P. B. Willits.

FOR ALDERMEN—North Ward

Cox, Albert Simeon, contractor. Proposed by W. R. Glenn and W. Lloyd-Jones.

Jones, James William, real estate. Proposed by D. W. Sutherland, F. M. Buckland, Thos. Lawson.

FOR ALDERMEN—South Ward

Mantle, William James, real estate. Proposed by D. W. Sutherland, M. Graham Gorrie.

Copeland, Robert Andrew, retired rancher. Proposed by T. Lawson, S. T. Elliott.

Newby, Edmund, machinist. Proposed by R. F. Morrison, Jas. Kincaid.

Dalgleish, Alexander W., merchant. Proposed by D. W. Crowley, R. S. Hall, J. A. Bigger.

Leckie, David, merchant. Proposed by J. L. Doyle, W. J. Knox.

FOR SCHOOL TRUSTEE

Bailey, E. R., Postmaster. Proposed by R. S. Hall, J. W. Jones.

At two o'clock, Mr. G. H. Dunn, the returning officer, declared the nominations closed. After examination of the nomination papers he declared them all in order, and the following elected by acclamation: D. W. Sutherland as Mayor, A. S. Cox and J. W. Jones, as Aldermen for the North Ward, and E. R. Bailey, as School Trustee. There being five nominations for aldermen in the South Ward, a poll would be necessary, to take place on Thursday, the 12th.

Woman's World

Lady Helmsley's Gospel of Health to Women.

LADY HELMSLEY.

Viscountess Muriel Helmsley has organized a movement to preach the gospel of health to women throughout the British empire. It's just as good gospel in democratic America.

Caravans, with lecturers and moving pictures, will be dispatched to different parts of England, and from these lectures and demonstrations on health will be given.

Lady Helmsley has promulgated ten rules for the government of those who would enjoy good health. She calls them her "ten commandments." They are:

First.—Keep the windows open day and night.

Second.—Do not spit.

Third.—Breathe through the nose by keeping the mouth shut.

Fourth.—Drink pure water.

Fifth.—Eat slowly well cooked meals at regular hours.

Sixth.—Wear loose clothing of seasonable material.

Seventh.—Take regular open air exercise in sunshine if possible.

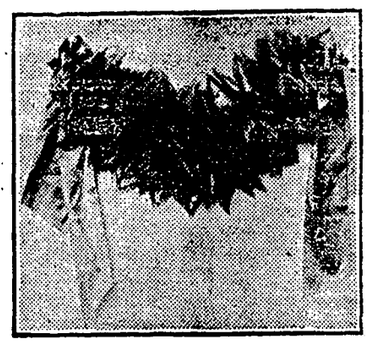
Eighth.—Wash the whole body at least once a week.

Ninth.—Work, but do not worry.

Tenth.—Get house drains certified by sanitary authority.

Plaited Ruche Like Feathers.

As becoming as a fluffy feather boa for the women wearing mourning is this dainty ruche, which is made of net cut in points, each point being bordered with a half inch hem and the



A BECOMING NET RUCHE.

whole plaited before the net is gathered to the foundation. Ribbon bows and loops, which form a dressy chou, are arranged to come just back of one ear when the ruche is in place on the neck.

Libraries in Out of the Way Places.

Whatever the economists and sentimentalists may say as to the advisability of women working outside of the home—for very few have arisen who object to their drudgery inside of the home—the fact remains patent that women will work, and therefore those who have the ability and ambition ought to be directed to the occupations that are most congenial. The change in our social problems and the increasing scope of our country have opened up all kinds of new fields for women.

For instance, growing in numbers faster than the "little red schoolhouses" are the many district libraries in the country parts here or in the inaccessible regions. These demand women workers often, women who will not only help organize libraries in comparatively isolated districts, but who will start in operation circulating libraries in the very remote spots where books are a treat. In the larger towns and cities, too, there are numberless opportunities for women librarians. Of course to engage in such work it is necessary to have had specific training. There are in this vicinity a number of library training schools, and their entrance, qualifications, vicinity, etc., can be discovered by application to any person already officially connected with a library. There are great opportunities for women to advance in this field, and the salaries are fair, in some cases quite munificent as salaries go these days.

Way to Select Partners.

A clever way to ask the men to select partners at an evening party is to get each girl to bring the earliest picture of herself obtainable. The pictures are numbered, the hostess having a list of each name opposite the number, so when the time comes for making revelations she can do it quickly and with certainty. Just before time for the game or refreshments for which partners are necessary pass a basket or tray with the pictures turned face down; ask each man to draw one and find the original.

Sparkling Water

For the morning wash seems even more refreshing when it is contained in beautiful

Toilet Ware.

We have just received a number of finely Decorated Sets, from the largest makers in England.

They are rich in design and contain ten pieces in each set. All of the very latest shapes.

The quality of the ware is better than any we have hitherto been able to offer at such reasonable prices.

This lot is sure to command attention, so intending buyers should not delay purchasing at once, as we only have a few sets.

OUR **GLASSWARE** DEPARTMENT

Contains everything in that line, and at very reasonable prices.
Common Tumblers, 70c 80c 90c $1 doz.
Cut Glass Do., $2, $2.25, $2.50, $2.75 doz.
Cut Stem Wine Glasses, $1.50, $1.75, $2 doz.

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Special Bargains AT THE

VARIETY STORE

WATER STREET,

Opposite the Courier building.

A few lines of Xmas goods left over, such as Toilet Cases, Manicure Sets, Fancy Handkerchiefs, Dolls and Toys, at 25 to 50 per cent. discount.

Velvet Waists, in Black, Brown and Navy, in newest tailored style, were cheap at $4.50, now $3.90

Just received a splendid line of the popular and serviceable Brass Goods. Hammered Brass Trays, $2.25
Large Hammered Brass Jardiniere, $2.50
Large Brass Fern Dish, with earthenware lining, $2
Handsome Brass Vase, 13 inches high, $4.50

A new line of Postcards, Postcard Albums, and Wire Card Racks.
Albums holding 50 cards, 10c.
Albums holding 100 cards, 20c
Albums holding 150 cards, 30c.

Balance of Calendars in new and original designs, at half-price and less

Just received a line of

Small Hardware Specialties

Egg Whips, 2 for 5c., Kitchen Forks, Cake Turners, Bowl Strainers, and Asbestos Mats, all at 5 cents.

Granite-ware Plates, at 10c and 20c
Granite Pudding Plates, at 15c and 20c

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Prices Quoted to Any Point on the Lake

Ferry to Bear Creek every Friday.

L. HAYMAN

Box 66 Kelowna, B.C.

Send us your Printing Orders

We can execute them neatly and cheaply, and give you satisfaction every time.

THE RECORD JOB PRINT

PHONE 94

James J. Gallagher, who shot Mayor Gaynor of New York, last August, was sentenced to 12 year's imprisonment. He was convicted in Jersey City on an indictment charging him, not with shooting Mayor Gaynor, but with assaulting with intent to kill Wm. H. Edwards commissioner of street cleaning, of New York City.

According to Evangelist Sunday, our twentieth century muli-millionaires are mere "pikers" compared with some of the ancient financial magnates. Mr. Sunday gives King David a rating of three billions, a competence that would enable him to employ Rockefeller, Carnegie and other cheap imitations in his shoe shine parlors.

Many persons find themselves affected with a persistent cough after an attack of influenza. As this cough can be promptly cured by the use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, it should not be allowed to run until it becomes troublesome. Sold by all druggists.

Haug's Rink

Will be open Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday nights at 8 p.m.

Also on Saturday afternoons from 2:30 to 4:30.

FRANK BIRD
Manager

S. GRAY

Portrait Photographer

Studion open Thursday, Friday, and Saturday.

Rowcliffe Block

WATER NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made under Part V. of the "Water Act, 1909," to obtain a license in the Osoyoos Division of Yale District.

(*a.*) The name, address and occupation of the applicant—W. H. Gaddes, Kelowna, B. C.

(*b.*) The name of the lake, stream or source (if unnamed, the description is)—An unnamed lake at the headquarters of Mill Creek, Osoyoos Division of Yale District.

(*c.*) The point of diversion—A point on Mill Creek about ten miles from said lake.

(*d.*) The quantity of water applied for (in cubic feet per second)—1.

(*e.*) The character of the proposed works—A timber cribbed, rock filled dam, galvanized steel flume, rivetted steel pipe, cement lined main ditches and cement laterals and the natural bed of said Mill Creek.

(*f.*) The premises on which the water is to be used (describe same)—Lot 16, and part lots 14, 15 and 19, Map 362,

(*g.*) The purposes for which the water is to be used—Irrigation.

(*h.*) If for irrigation describe the land intended to be irrigated, giving acreage—40 acres, Lot 16 and part lots 14, 15 and 19, Map 362.

(*j.*) Area of Crown land intended to be occupied by the proposed works—10 acres.

(*k.*) This notice was posted on the 21st day of December, 1910, and application will be made to the Commissioner on the 31st day of January, 1911.

(*l.*) Give the names and addresses of any riparian proprietors or licensees who or whose lands are likely to be affected by the proposed works, either above or below the outlet—W. H. Spencer, Thos. Bulman, D. Bower, Ernest McKinlay, Central Okanagan Lands, Ltd. All of Okanagan Mission and Price Ellison, Victoria.

The Central Okanagan Lands, Ltd., Kelowna.

(Signature) W. H. GADDES.
(Address) Kelowna, B. C.

Ratepayers' Annual Meeting.

Continued from page 1.

roads becoming too soft for hauling. As a consequence it had to be left until the frost came, and was not finished yet, though the contractors were at work on it.

He spoke of the heavy cost of upkeep of plank sidewalks after they were a few years old, and would like to see more cement used. He also strongly advocated a by-law for the protection of boulevards. At the present time it was an expense to keep down weeds on the sides of the streets. These should be laid down in grass and a law made to keep people from driving over them. They could be kept in shape either by a frontage tax, or at the city's expense. Their attractive appearance would be a valuable advertisement for the city.

He spoke of the pleasure of being in the council during the past year, and regretted that business prevented him from accepting nomination again.

Ald. Cox was greeted with loud applause. He said he was not going to make a speech. He had attempted one a year ago and made a muss of it, so he would not try it again. He thanked the ratepayers for having elected him again for the third time to the council, and hoped he would be able to justify their confidence. His work has been chiefly as health officer. He had only one man to look after and he was a Scotchman and he sometimes had a pretty hard task with him. Never the less his part of the work had gone on pretty well (laughter and applause).

There was one question, he said which the council would have to take up in the near future, and that was a drainage system. In the meantime he urged people to be more careful about the sanitary state of their back yards. It was not pleasant to have to get the police to enforce what should be a duty with everyone.

He also referred to the fire limits extension by-law which he did not think would work any hardship. There were so many wooden places going up which were increasing the danger from fire.

He again thanked them for electing him by acclamation (voice: "You're all right," and applause).

Mr. R. A. Copeland said he had been asked by so many business men that he had decided to offer himself as a canidate for the south ward. He felt he might possibly be of some use in improving the streets which would be his chief aim if elected. He thought the roads should be made right before bouleuards were considered.

Mr. A. W. Dalgleish also spoke briefly. He said he would not canvass for votes but leave it for the electors to decide.

Mr. E. Newby thought the financial statement should have gone into more detail, so as to judge better how things had been carried on. He criticised some of the remarks which had been made with respect to the light plant. He did not think our plant made such a wonderful showing. Vernon light, he had noted, was cheaper and they were under a heavier expense for fuel. He questioned Ald. Leckie as to the tenders for wood pipe, and also as to the employment of one of his own men on the water connection work, to both of which, however, Mr. Leckie had satisfactory replies. Mr. Newby also spoke of the necessity of a drainage system for the city. It was the duty of the council to keep that end in view. Should he be elected. he said, he would do his best for the city without fear or favor. He had had considerable experience in many branches of city work and would use his best endeavours in the ratepayers' service.

A vote of thanks to the retiring council was moved by Mr. J. Ball, in replying to which Mayor Sutherland referred in appreciative terms to Ald. Stirling, who though absent, deserved recognition for his untiring efforts for the good of the city.

The chairman also commended to the votes of the ratepayers the name of Mr. W. J. Mantle, who at present absent in England, was running as representative for the people of Parkdale.

The meeting then adjourned.

HOUSE FOR SALE—on Ellis street, price $1,800 $500 cash, balance to be arranged. As house is in course of construction, the bath-room, plumbing, fittings etc., can be arranged to suit purchaser.
Hewetson & Mantle.

"PARADISE A DESERT."

Turkey Is Considering Irrigation Scheme for Mesopotamia.

Mesopotamia, for generations the cradle of the human race and the one place in the world that is generally supposed to have been the prehistoric Garden of Eden, stands now, for the first time in its history, a fair chance of reclamation. Up to the present Abdul Hamid has never permitted anything that would really further progress in that country and has always been opposed to any movement that would in any way tend to be reactionary. Governmental change has greatly benefited conditions there and Sir William Willcocks, the most celebrated irrigation engineer in Europe, is working on plans for the restoration of the ancient irrigation system that made Mesopotamia, one of the richest countries in the world. In ancient times Mesopotamia was especially noted for its rich and fertile agricultural lands. In the land lay the secret of the great wealth of Babylon and Ninevah, but through the evolution of the centuries the land has suffered from neglect and that which once furnished luxury to the denizens of the Babylonian palaces is now a desert.

Sir William proposes, by dams and canals, to store the floods that are brought down from the mountains in the spring, in enormous reservoirs for use during the summer, and has indicated locations for at least five, which will, he believes, answer every purpose. At least two of these locations were used as reservoirs by the Babylonians and probably by previous civilizations, and Sir William will adapt to modern use the same canals that were then used to distribute the water over the plains. Several dry river beds can also be made available and thus economize the cost.

After the 3,000,000 acres that will be first reclaimed have been sold and settled the area available for agriculture can be doubled by the expenditure of $15,000,000 additional, and ultimately the gain would be 6,000,000 acres capable of producing annually, according to his estimates, 2,000,000 tons of wheat, 4,000,000 hundred weight of cotton and fabulous quantities of other exportable products, in addition to whatever food will be necessary to support a population of a million people.

In addition to the agricultural products he promises pasturage for millions of sheep and goats and hundreds of thousands of cattle in the delta, and he would build a railway from Bagdad to Damascus with branches here and there to tap the harvest fields. The total length of this road would be about 550 miles and, according to his estimates, it could be constructed for between $10,000,000 and $11,000,000.

The Turkish Government falters and hesitates about accepting the report. They do not seem to be able to grasp the magnificent scheme, the vastness of which bewilders them. This attitude cannot be permanent because in a little while the agricultural syndicates will become interested and in spite of Ottoman lack of courage will carry the scheme to a successful realization and the "Garden of Paradise" will be reclaimed from the desert.

Japan's Gorgeous Fire Brigades.

The fire brigades of Japan are organized into companies, and each of these companies carries some striking emblem as a kind of rally banner. Glorified drum majors' sticks, gigantic clubs, spades, hearts, diamonds, balls, crescents—all kinds of strange signs—are borne proudly aloft by the standard-bearer of the detachment. It is the duty of this functionary to stand in the thickest of the fire, amid smoke, sparks and hissing water jets, to show where his company is at work. Thrilling tales are told of modern Casabiancas among these men who have remained too long at the post of duty and have been engulfed in a fiery furnace upon the collapse of a roof.—Wide World Magazine.

How Timber Is Selected.

Timber was formerly selected according to its external appearance. The diameter and length of the piece, the straightness of grain, sometimes the weight, sufficed to determine both its commercial value and its destination. The diversified industries of the present day require a corresponding diversity in the wood employed. For one purpose the important quality is hardness; for another, elasticity; for a third, ease of working or resistance to attack by external agencies. The compound microscope is now used for the minutes and careful examination of longitudinal and transverse sections of a specimen of timber.—London Telegraph.

A Naturally Formed Punch Bowl.

At Kenmare Castle, Ireland, is an enormous cockleshell, weighing 120 pounds, brought from the South Sea Islands. It is moulded into a most fantastic form and exquisitely elaborated by the hand of Nature. In the olden days of baronial hospitality it was used as a punch bowl. When this gigantic natural bowl, filled with its ocean of choicest punch, was placed on the oaken table in the vaulted hall of the castle it is recorded that the effect was very pleasing.

An Artist's Criticism.

Probably no two artists ever criticised each other more severely than did Fuseli and Northcote, yet they remained fast friends. At one time Fuseli was looking at Northcote's painting of the angel meeting Balaam and his ass. "How do you like it?" asked Northcote after a long silence. "Northcote," replied Fuseli promptly, "you're an angel at an ass, but an ass at an angel."

Nipped.

"But," asked the defaulter, who was arranging for transportation to Mexico, "haven't you something special for tourists?"

"No," replied the ticket agent.

"Pardon me, but I have," chimed in the detective, appearing at that moment with a pair of steel bracelets; "here's something special for two wrists. Suppose you try 'em."—Catholice Standard and Times.

JAPANESE WOMEN.

Perfection of Home Life Is One of Her Highest Ambitions.

The woman of Japan does not have to bother or interest herself in what the coming fashions are in dress. She does not have to be prepared to change her full plaited short skirt into a long, sweeping tight one or a banded, strapped hobble one—but what she does have to do is to change the color of her kimonos to carry out the Japanese idea of fashion. Color is the thing. Her kimono remains the same, but Madam Nippon may be terribly out of fashion if she dons a kimono that is pink when the season's dictator of women's fashions says that she should be wearing violet tones. Another peculiarity of Japanese fashion is that the older a woman of that country becomes the shorter and smaller must be her kimono sleeves.

Japanese women are further advanced socially than they were before the new code of 10 years ago, a condition which has been brought about largely through the difference in the marriage laws. Now divorce can only be procured through mutual consent. Formerly a man could divorce his wife without any cause whatsoever. According to the present laws there are just two reasons for divorcing a woman—one is unfaithfulness and the other is if she has served a prison sentence of over a year's time.

The girls of Japan are brought up with different ideas of life from those held by girls in America. They are taught that their lives are to hold suffering and care; that whatever there is of happiness is an incident. Marriage is looked forward to as one of woman's duties and as a high service. Therefore she generally accepts her mother's choice of a husband without dissent, for she is brought up to believe that her parents' judgment is best until she is married. This explains why in that country marriages, for the most part, are satisfactory, while divorces are much less frequent than in America.

Japanese women concern themselves not at all about politics, for it is not customary for women to know about such matters or to show curiosity about them. Whatever effort they wish to spare from attending the domestic duties is concentrated on philanthropic and educational questions. Domestic duties come first of all, however, for these women take the keenest interest in their home lives, the highest ambition of a wife being to perfect her own in this regard so far as she may be able.

The Mediaval Kitchen.

It was the middle ages before the kitchen had been raised to the dignity of an established apartment. Strange doings went on in those medieval kitchens. Butchers slaughtered animals there, which were skinned and dressed as well as cooked in the kitchen. The family blacksmith kept his fire there and repaired the plows and wheels of the estate. Coal began to be used as a kitchen fuel in 1245, though not generally for 200 years after. The oven did not come into use until the year 1400, and then it was the old-fashioned brick oven, which persisted for hundreds of years. The stove when invented took the place of the separate oven and the fire place, with its hanging pots.

Railway Car Wheels.

Everybody knows how the wheels of a railroad car are fastened to the axle. They are shrunk on—that is, put on hot and allowed to shrink in cooling so that they are practically a solid piece with the axle. These cars go around curves, and it will be observed that the outer rail covers a great deal more ground than the inner one, so that to turn the curves and finish even the outside wheel must of necessity travel considerably faster than the inner one. Yet it is fixed solidly to the axle and cannot make a fraction of a revolution more than the other one, yet the axle remains intact, and the curves are passed with untiring regularity.

An Ungallant Parliament.

All women of whatever age, rank, profession or degree, whether virgins, maids or widows, that shall from after the passing of this act impose upon and betray into matrimony any of his majesty's male subjects by scents, paints, cosmetics, washes, artificial teeth, false hair, Spanish wool, iron stays, hoops, high heeled shoes or bolstered hips shall incur the penalty of the laws now in force against witchcraft, sorcery and such like misdemeanors and that the marriage, upon conviction, shall stand null and void. —An Act of Parliament in Reign of Charles II.

Vocation and Avocation.

"Avocation" is one of those unfortunate words that are constantly being used in a wrong sense. Strictly speaking, it refers to something that calls a man away from the ordinary occupation of his daily life. If you earn your living by drafting conveyances and interpreting legal subtleties and also are often seen in leisure hours with a camera in your hand and have a dark room at home, then the law is your vocation and photography your avocation.—London Telegraph.

Beauties of Long Island.

A teacher tells me that at a Brooklyn school not long since the class in geography was asked, "What are some of the natural peculiarities of Long Island?" The pupils tried to think, and after awhile a boy raised his hand. "I know," said he. "Well, what are they?" asked the teacher. "Why, said the boy, with a triumphant look, "on the south side you can see the sea, and on the north side you can hear the sound."

The Diving Bell.

The diving bell was not mentioned before the sixteenth century. Two Greeks in that century (1538) gave an exhibition before Charles V., descending into water of considerable depth in an inverted large kettle. They took down with them burning lights. The men returned to the earth level without being wet. The light was still burning.

ANNUAL
STOCK-TAKING SALE

Sale Opens January 4th, at 9 p.m.

All goods sold for Cash only, Money Refunded if not satisfied.

No need to explain that this has been a backward season, that, because of the warm weather throughout the whole fall season, business has suffered unforseen injury.

We promise you for this sale

The Greatest Values ever offered in Kelowna

Our stock must be reduced before stock-taking. We are determined to triple the ordinary amount of business for the month of January, and prices have been made with that idea in mind.

Sale Closes January 31st, at 6 p.m.

All goods sold for Cash only, Money Refunded if not satisfied.

10 only Ladies' Suits

$16.00 Suits cut to $12.00
$21.00 Suits cut to $13.00
$24.00 Suits cut to $18.00
$25.00 Suits cut to $19.00
$27.00 Suits cut to $20.00

33⅓ per cent. Discount

off all Ladies', Misses', and Children's Mantles

25 per cent. Discount

One quarter off all Ladies' Dress Skirts and Underskirts
All Ladies' Silk, Flannel, Muslin, and Net

Blouses

at prices that will astonish you.

33 per cent. Discount

off all Ladies' and Children's Knitted Golf Jackets

20 per cent. Discount

off all Underwear, Hosiery, Gloves, Corsets, Laces, Embroideries, Insertions, Handkerchiefs, Collars, etc.

33 per cent. Discount

off all Lace Curtains, Madras Muslins, Curtain Nets, Art Serges, Art Muslins, Cretonnes, etc., etc.

20 per cent. Discount

off all Blankets, Comforters, and Pillows

20 per cent. Discount

off all Table Linen, Napkins, Towels, Towellings, Canton Flannels, etc., etc.

15 Ladies' Pattern Hats

at $9.00, $12.00, $13.50, $15.00
Your choice while they last only $3.00

Dress Goods Dept.

20 per cent. off all Dress Goods, Delaines, French Flannels, Silks, Satins

20 per cent. Discount

off all Colored Dress Muslins, Linens, Cambrics, Scotch Ginghams, Crums Prints, Oxford Shirtings
Big reduction on all

Fancy Braids, Gimps, Jet Trimmings

During this sale we will offer these at exactly half price

Staple Dept.

700 yards Flannelettes, regular 12½c and 15c qualities, extra wide, Sale price, 10c per yard

625 yards of Best
English Flannelette

at 15c and 18c per yard, Sale price, 10c 12c

Bargains in Sheetings

8-4 bleached, 30c, cut to 24c
9-4 bleached, 35c, cut to 28c
9-4 bleached, 40c, cut to 32c

Pillow Cottons

40 inch circular, 22c, cut to 18c
42 inch circular, 25c, cut to 20c

Quilts

Our regular $2.25 Crochet Quilt special, cut to $1.50
$2.25 Marseilles, cut to $1.80
$3.00 " " $2.40
$4.50 " " $3.60

Boot and Shoe Dept.

Men! Men!

Here are Shoe values that are positively not equalled elsewhere

Box Calf Bluchers, at $4.50, cut to $3.60
Velour Calf, at $5.00 cut to $4.00
Patents, at $5.75, cut to $4.60
Gun Metals, $6.fi0, cut to $4.80

K Boots, English made

Regular $7.50, Tan, cut to $6.00
" $8.50, " " $6.80

25 per cent. Discount off all Ladies', Men's and Children's Felt Slipper.s

Ladies! Ladies!

If you are just as particular about the style and appearance of your Shoes as you are about the rest of your clothes, if you appreciate perfection in shoe making, and like shoes with an uncommon look, you'll much prefer the kind we sell.

Ladies' Dongola Bals, at $4.50, Sale price, $3.60
Ladies' Dongola Bals, at $5, Sale price, $4
Ladies' Patent Bals, at $5.50, Sale price, $4.40
Ladies' Oxfords, at $3, Sale price, $2.40
Ladies' Nine-strap Slippers, $3, Sale price, $2.40
Ladies' Patent Pumps, at $3, Sale-price, $2.40
Ladies' Patent Pumps, at $4, Sale price, $3.20
Ladies' Bronze Slippers, English make, at $3.25, Sale price, $2.60
Ladies' Silver Beaded Slippers, English make, at $3, Sale price, $2.40
Ladies' Black Beaded Slippers, English make, at $3.25, Sale price, $2.60

Boys' Boots.

We make a specialty of Solid Leather Boots for Boys
Boys' Pebble Grain at $2, Sale price, $1.60
Boys' English Kip, at $2.50, Sale price, $2.00
Boys' Box Calf, at $2.75, Sale price, $2.20

20 per cent. Discount off all Misses and Children's Boots and Shoes.

Gent.'s Furnishing and Clothing Departments

31 Men's Suits to be sold at a great sacrifice, in order to clear tnem out.
Men's Suits, at $12, cut to $8.00
Men's Suits at $14, cut to $10.00
Men's Suits at $16.50, cut to 12.50
Men's Suits at $18.50, cut to $14.50

350 pairs Men's Odd Pants

Our regular $5.50 pants, cut to $4.40
Our regular $4.50 pants, cut to $3.60
Our regular $4.00 pants cut to $3.20
Our regular $3.50 pants, cut to $2.80
Our regular $2.75 pants, cut to $2.20
Our regular $1.75 pants, cut to $1.40

Boys' Clothing.

Boys' Tweed Suits, at $3.50, cut to $2.70
Boys' Tweed Suits at $4, cut to $3.00
Boys' Tweed Suits at $5.50, cut to $4.10
Youths' Tweed Suits at $6.50, cut to $4.90
Youths' Tweed Suits at $8.00, cut to $6.00

275 pairs Boys' Odd Pants

90c quality cut to 70c
$1.15 quality cut to 95c
$1.65 Corduroy, cut to $1.30

Men's Underwear

Men's Fleece Lined at $1.50, cut to $1.20 a suit
Men's "Penman's" Fine Natural Wool $3.00 cut to $2.40 suit.
Men's "Penma's" Fine Natural Ribbed $3.00 Cut to $2.40 suit
Dr. Jaeger's Pure Wool (Unshrinkable) $5.50 cut to $4.40 suit

All Boys' Coat Sweaters at

At Half Price to clear

20 per cent. Discount

off all Men's Sox, Braces, Handkerciefs, Shirts, Collars, Coat Sweaters, Gloves, Mitts, etc.

Queen Quality Boots

We have made special arrangements with the manufacturers of he Queen Quality Boots to allow us to inlude them in our annual stock-taking sale. Don't neglect this opportunity to buy a pair of The Celebrated **Queen Quality Boots** at Greatly Reduced Prices, viz.: $4 style, reduced to $3.20 $5 style reduced to $4 $5.50 style, reduced to $4.40.

Come and see what we think will be the greatest values ever offered anywhere. You will think they are also when you see the remarkably low prices we have placed on all strictly new and up-to-date goods.
ATT END HIS SALE AND YOU WILL BE DOLLARS AHEAD.

The Kelowna Outfitting Store,

W. B. M. CALDER, Proprietor.

PIGS.

ot to eat but to keep your feet warm.

e have just receiv- crate of these old- shioned earthen- are foot warmers rect from the pot- ries in Nottingham, England.

hey are strong, and ve a rubber wash- ered screw cork. Vill keep warm for hours.

ust the thing to take bed for cold feet, r to use in the rig when driving.

hree sizes, $1, $1.25 and $1.50

. B. Willits & Co.

RUGGISTS and STATIONERS

Kelowna, B. C.

PHONE 19

J. A. Bigger

BUILDER and CONTRACTOR

Plans and Estimates Furnished

Residence, 10 Lawrence Ave.
PHONE 95

DAVIES & MATHIE

Ladies' and Gents' Tailors

PENDOZI STREET

Repairing and Pressing promptly attended to.

Everybody reads our "Want" ads. Try one next week.

John T. Long

Pruning, Spraying, Planting, etc.

P.O., Kelowna.

10,000

BULBS

All Varieties.

Phone 110.

A. E. BOYER.

WATER NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made under Part V. of the "Water Act, 1909," to obtain a license in the Osoyoos Division of Yale District.

[a.] The name of the company in full —The Central Okanagan Lands, Limited. The head office—Kelowna, B. C.

The capital—how divided, showing amount paid up—Capital, $1,000,000—5000 shares of $100 each and 5000 preference shares of $100 each—$500,000 paid up.

[b.] The name of the lake, stream or source (if unnamed the description is)—An unnamed lake at the headwaters of Mill Creek, Osoyoos Division of Yale District.

[c.] The point of diversion—A point on Mill Creek about ten miles from said lake.

[d.] The quantity of water applied for (in cubic feet per second)—32 cubic feet per second.

[e.] The character of the proposed works—A timber cribbed, rock filled dam, galvanized steel flume, rivetted steel pipe, cement lined main ditches and cement pipe laterals and the natural bed of said Mill Creek.

[f.] The premises on which the water is to be used (describe same)—W. 1-2 Sec. 23, lot 32; W. 1-2 Sec. 15; S.E. 1-4 Sec. 21; S.W. 1-4 Sec. 22; S.E. 1-4 Sec. 15; S.W. 1-4 Sec. 14; N.W. 1-4 Sec. 11. All in tp 23. E. 1-2 Sec. 32; N.E. 1-4 Sec. 29, tp 26.

[g.] The purposes for which the water is to be used—Irrigation.

[h.] If for irrigation, describe the land intended to be irrigated, giving acreage—1952 acres; W. 1-2 Sec. 23, lot 32; W. 1-2 Sec. 15; S.E. 1-4 Sec. 21; S.W. 1-4 Sec. 22; S.E. 1-4 Sec. 15; S.W. 1-4 Sec. 14; N.W. 1-4 Sec. 11. All in tp 23. E. 1-2 Sec. 32; N.E. 1-4 Sec. 29 tp. 26.

[j.] Area of Crown land intended to be occupied by the proposed works—10 acres.

[k.] This notice was posted on the 21st day of December, 1910, and application will be made to the Commissioner on the 31st of January, 1911.

[l.] Give the names and addresses of any riparian proprietors or licensees who or whose lands are likely to be affected by the proposed works, either above or below the outlet—W. H. Spencer, Thos. Bulman, D. Bower, Ernest McKinly. All of Okanagan Mission, and Price Ellison, Victoria.

[p.] Copy of such parts of the company's memorandum of association as authorise the proposed application and works—Sub-section (1) of Section (2)—To develop, acquire, own and hold records of unrecorded water or licenses and to purchase water records, licenses water privileges, and to construct, erect, maintain and operate canals ditches, aqueducts, raceways, flumes, weirs, wheels, feeders, laterals, reservoirs, dams, lakes, wells, buildings or other erections or works which may be required in connection with the improvement and use of the said water and water-power, or by altering, renewing, extending, improving, repairing or maintaining any such works, or any parts thereof, and to conduct, carry on and transfer water to all persons and corporations for irrigation, munufacturing, industrial, mechanical mining, milling, domestic and stock-raising purposes, and also to build, and construct storage reservoirs for the collection and storage of water for the purposes before mentioned, with full power and authority to make contracts and agreements for the sale of permanent water rights and carrying water for the purposes aforesaid.

[s.] Lakes and Swamps at or near the headwaters of Mill Creek, in the Osoyoos Division of Yale District.

[t.] Dams.
[u.]

ft.	acres	ft.	acres	ft.	acres
4	41.0	12	97.0	20	149.2
5	46.5	13	104.1	21	154.8
6	52.0	14	109.5	22	160.0
7	57.5	15	115.7	23	164.9
8	64.9	16	122.6	24	170.1
9	72.3	17	128.0	25	175.0
10	79.1	18	133.8	25.6	181.0
11	86.0	19	145.0		

[v.] By purchase.
[w.] 2408 acre feet.
[x.] Rock filled crib dams faced with earth.

(Signature)
THE CENTRAL OKANAGAN LANDS, LIMITED,
N. D. McTAVISH, *Srcretary.*
Head Office, Kelowna, B. C.

WATER NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made under Part V. of the "Water Act, 1909," to obtain a license in the Osoyoos Division of Yale District.

(a.) The name, address and occupation of the appplicant—Michael Hereron, Kelowna, B. C., rancher.

(b.) The name of the lake, stream or source (if unnamed, the description is)—An unnamed lake at the headwarters of Mill Creek, Osoyoos Division of Yale District.

(c.) The point of diversion—A point on Mill Creek about ten miles from said lake.

(d.) The quantity of water applied for (in cubic feet per second)—4.

(e.) The character of the proposed works—A timber cribbed rock filled dam, galvanized steel flume, rivetted steel pipe, cement lined main ditches and cement laterals and natural bed of said Mill Creek.

(f.) The premises on which the water is to be used (describe same)—S.W. 1-4 Sec. 22; N.W. 1-4 Sec. 14; N.E. 1-4 Sec. 15. All in tp 23.

(g.) The purposes for which the water is to be used—Irrigation.

(h.) If for irrigation describe the land intended to be irrigated, giving acreage—480 acres, S.W. 1-4 Sec. 22; N.W. 1-4 Sec. 14; N.E. 1-4 Sec. 15. All in tp 23,

(j.) Area of Crown land intended to be occupied by the proposed works—10 acres.

(k.) This notice was posted on the 21st day of December, 1910, and application will be made to the Commissioner on the 31st day of January, 1911.

(l.) Give the names and address of any riparian proprietors or licensees who or whose lands are likely to be affected by the proposed works either above or below the outlet—W. H. Spencer, Thos. Bulman, D. Bower, Ernest McKinlay, Central Okanagan Lands, Ltd. All of Okanagan Mission, and Price Ellison, Victoria.

(Signature)
M. HERERON,
(Address) Kelowna, B. C.
W. E. ADAMS, *Agent*

If you are suffering from biliousness constipation, indigestion, chronic headache, invest one cent in a postal card, send to Chamberlain Med. Co., Des Moines, Iowa, with your name and address plainly on the back and they will forward you a free sample of Chamberlain's stomach and liver tablets. Sold by all druggists.

Government's Grant To Apple Show.

Although it was a signal success as an advertisement and as an educative feature, the First Canadian Apple Show closed with a deficit of $5,558. To enable the promotors of the exhibition to meet this deficit they came to the executive requiring a special grant of $5000, despite the fact that the Provincial Government had found itself unable to make the apple show a grant when it was originally promoted, the government have already materially assisted the Vancouver exhibition. In view, however, of the unforeseen and unforeseeable circumstances which have operated chiefly to occasion the apple show deficit, the government has found itself justified in promising that a sum of $4000 will be placed in the estimates at the approaching session which will reduce the deficit very appreciably. In addition Hon. Mr. Bowser has recently received from the C. P. R. Company a cheque for $1000 as a complimentary donation to assist the apple show promoters in closing their accounts with credit.

The C. P. R. has ordered a supply of Kelowna cigars from the Kelowna Tobacco Co Ltd., for the dining car service and for the inland and Pacific coast boats, and will stock these cigars continuously hereafter. A great future is dawning for the products of the Kelowna Tobacco Co., and the few cynics who turn up their noses at Kelowna cigars because they are a home grown product, will soon have to change their attitude and recognize that a great industry is developing in the valley, which before long will closely rival, if it does not surpass, fruit-growing.—*Kamloops Stan.*

A Hudson Bay Co. director, who wishes his name kept quiet, is authority for the statement that the Hudson Bay Co. has recently disposed of seven hundred thousand acres of land in western Canada, half a million acres to a land concern and two hundred thousand acres to the C. P. R., the sales netting the company $11,000,000, the average price being from twelve to fifteen dollars per acre. These are the biggest land sales put through in Canada.

WATER NOTICE

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made under Part V. of the "Water Act, 1909," to obtain a license in the Osoyoos Division of Yale District.

(a.) The name, address and occupation of applicant—W. E. Adams, Kelowna, B.C.

(b.) The name of the lake, stream or source (if unnamed, the description is) An unnamed lake at the headwarters of Mill Creek, Osoyoos Division of Yale District.

(c.) The point of diversion—A point on Mill Creek about ten miles from said lake.

(d.) The quantity of water applied for (in cubic feet per second)—One.

(e.) The character of the proposed works—A timber cribbed, rock filled dam, galvanized steel flume, rivetted steel pipe, cement lined main ditches and cement pipe laterals and the natural bed of said Mill Creek.

(f.) The premises on which the water is to be used (describe same)—Lot 17, Map 362.

(g.) The purposes for which the water is to be used—Irrigation.

(h.) If for irrigation describe the land intended to be irrigated, giving acreage—19 acres; Lot 17, Map 362.

(j.) Area of Crown land intended to be occupied by the proposed works—10 acres.

(k.) This notice was posted on the 21st day of December, 1910, and application will be made to the Commissioner on the 31st day of January, 1911.

(l.) Give the names and addresses of any riparian proprietors or licensees who or whose lands are likely to be affected by the proposed works, either above or below the outlet—W. H. Spencer, Thos. Bulman, D. Bower, Ernest McKinlay, Central Okanagan Lands, Ltd., W. H. Gaddes. All of Okanagan Mission, and Price Ellison, Victoria.

(Signature)
W. E. ADAMS,
(Address) Kelowna, B. C

Sutton's Seeds

ORDERS TAKEN NOW FOR

Cut Flowers
Carnations
Chrysanthemums
Violets

H. LYSONS

Kelowna. Greenhouse.

Many persons find themselves affected with a persistent cough after an attack of influenza. As this cough can be promptly cured by the use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, it should not be allowed to run until it becomes troublesome. Sold by all druggists.

Electric Wiring

All kinds of Electric Wiring neatly and promptly done.

Best Workmanship and Materials
Satisfaction Guaranteed

J. I. CAMPBELL

Enquiries addressed P.O. Box 160 will receive prompt attention.

Do YouKonw THAT **Westbank**

real estate investments are the best in the Okanagan in quality of soil, location, prices, etc., and that they will triple in value in one year? Have you stopped to consider? If not, just remember that Westbank will be the largest, most industrious, and influential place in the valley. Now is your opportunity. Most excellent bargains. The lots are cleared, cultivated, fenced, and have young orchards on them; well irrigated, and have good domesti water. Prices, $175 to $200 per acre.

Other most valuable land bargains $25 per acre up.

Hitchner Bros.
GLENCOE
Westbank - British Columbia

G. H. E. HUDSON

Portraits and Local Views, in Calendars, Post Cards and New Year Cards.

Largest Studios in the Interior
Portraits by appointment.

Pendozi Street - Kelowna
Smith Street - Penticton

That Photograph you intend to send at Xmas or New Year's can be made at Grays Studio any Wednesday to Saturday inclusive. Rowcliffe Block.

THE

ROYAL BANK OF CANADA

32 BRANCHES IN BRITISH COLUMBIA

Capital Paid Up	$6,200,000
Reserve Fund	$6,900,000
Total Assets	$95,000,000

Savings Bank Department.

Interest allowed on Deposits.

BANK BY MAIL.

H. F. REES, Manager. KELOWNA, B. C.

P. BURNS & Co., Ltd.

Wholesale and Retail
MEAT MERCHANTS

Fresh Meat Daily
Full supply of Hams and Bacon
Fresh Fish in season

W. LUDLOW, Manager
KELOWNA
Phone 135

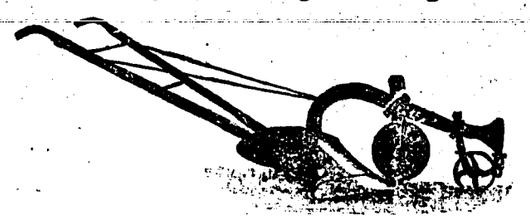
A Progressive Farmer

Never wastes time and horseflesh upon faulty or worn-out implements.

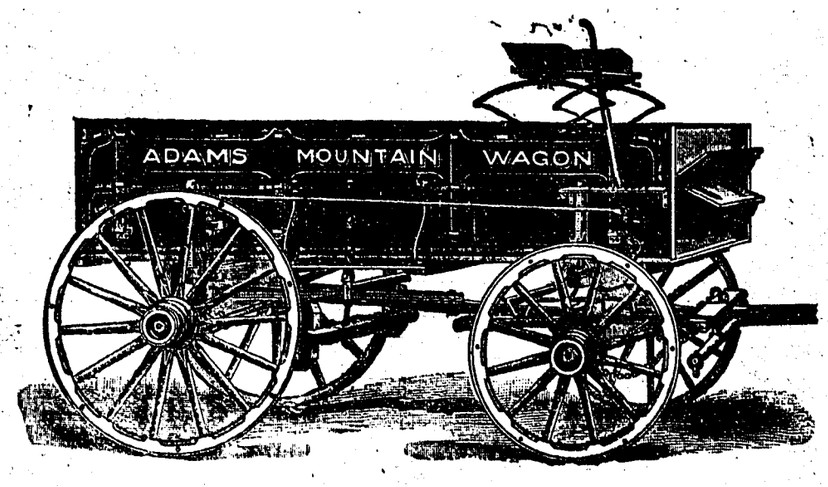
A machine that will not do its work right is dear at any price, and the longer you keep it around, the more it is "eating its head off."

START RIGHT

This spring, and it will be easy to keep right. Call in and let us show you how easy it is to get the right start.



Our Cockshutt Plows and Adams' Wagons are the last word in proficiency and reliability.



S. T. ELLIOTT - Kelowna, B. C.

STORE OF PLENTY

In order to reduce some lines of our stock before stock-taking we have decided to give you big bargains in a good many lines.

Here are some Specials for

Friday and Saturday

[illegible] cans, 20 oz. cans	2 for 25c
Canned Tomatoes, 3 lb. tins	2 for 25c
Mixed Pickles, Mustard Pickles, and Onions,	30c a bottle
Choice Ceylon Tea	3 lbs. for $1.00
Akron Glass Starch	10c package
Corn Starch	3 for 25c
Pure Kelowna Honey, 3½ lb. bottles	70c each
Lard, 5 lb. pails	$1.00 each

Bring along your orders.

We guarantee satisfaction and deliver promptly

K. F. OXLEY'S

Phone 35 Phone 35

CITY COUNCIL.

Continued from page 1

the supplying of liquor to people who were "Siwashed." These cases were of very frequent occurrence, such men being seen drunk nearly every day.

The mayor said there was a very severe penalty for such breaches of the law.

Ald. Leckie observed that if there was much of that kind of thing going on it would be as well to instruct the police to keep his eye on the offenders.

It might be a good plan, said the mayor, to give one of them three months in Kamloops. That would probably have the effect of stopping it.

A petition was read from several Chinamen for street lights in China town. This was referred to the light committee.

The lease of the ground on the lake shore was submitted by the Aquatic Association, with the request that it be put through and signed before the old council's term of office expired. The lease, which was on the lines of an agreement entered into by the Aquatic Association and the Council some time ago, was read by the clerk.

Ald. Jones said it was advisable that the matter should be gone into very carefully. He advised leaving it over until next meeting, to give the council an opportunity to consider it.

A motion was accordingly passed to that effect.

Extension of Fire Limits By-law No. 82 was then taken up. The mayor asked if it would not be advisable to include Chinatown in the extension.

Ald. Cox agreed that this would be a wise move, as more and more shacks and other dangerous buildings were going up in Chinatown. There were also several sanitary matters which needed adjustment in that neighborhood.

It was arranged to meet again next Saturday evening at 8 o'clock.

Many persons find themselves affected with a persistent cough after an attack of influenza. As this cough can be promptly cured by the use of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, it should not be allowed to run until it becomes troublesome. Sold by all druggists.

Cookery Points

Birthday Cake.—When a child's birthday happens to fall on a special holiday the colors appropriate to that occasion can be used in the candles—as buff and blue for the 22d of February, red, white and blue for the Independence day child and holly painted candles for the Christmas birthday cake.

Wonderful color combinations can be made with colored icings—put on with a pastry tube in designs—and candles to harmonize or form a contrast.

Every child should be given the privilege of cutting his own birthday cake.

Cunning birthday cakes of tiny proportions can be bought for baby's first birthday. The one candle is larger than those used later and sometimes can be bought with the child's first name decorating it in gilt letters.

When for any reason a child has been unable to come to the birthday party at the last minute his slice of cake with candle attached is wrapped in paraffin paper and sent to him.

Sponge cake or a simple cup cake batter is the best birthday cake for young children, as many mothers are fussy about their children eating rich food.

Potato Cake.

Potato cake is not the plebeian pastry that it sounds. Made according to the following rule, it is worthy to hobnob with the most aristocratic sounding dainty. Cream together two cupfuls of granulated sugar and a cupful of butter. Work in a cupful of hot mashed potato, a cupful of English walnuts chopped fine, half a cupful of sweet milk, two cupfuls of flour, four eggs beaten light, five teaspoonfuls of melted chocolate and a tablespoonful each of cinnamaon, nutmeg and cloves. Add two teasponfuls of baking powder and bake in layers. Put together with marshmallow filling.

Cocoa Sauce.

Cocoa sauce is liked with Dutch apple cake by at least one family. For the sauce a couple of tablespoonfuls of butter are melted in a saucepan, and then there is stirred in two tablespoonfuls of flour and two teaspoonfuls of cocoa that have been sifted together. A cupful of hot water is added gradually, and the sauce is cooked until it thickens. Then a quarter of a cupful of sugar is turned in and a teaspoonful of vanilla and a pinch of salt. More cocoa may be used if the sauce is to be served with a plain dessert like cottage pudding.

Codfish Souffle.

Soak the prepared salt codfish for three hours, then boil for twenty minutes, drain and set away until cold. Measure the fish and to two cups of it allow one cupful of mashed potatoes. Mix well, beating in one cup of milk and the yolks of three eggs, well whipped. Add a tablespoonful of melted butter, salt and white pepper to taste and three tablespoonfuls of grated Parmesan cheese. Turn into a buttered baking dish, sprinkle grated cheese over the top and bake to a golden brown. Serve immediately.

Potato Griddlecakes.

Twelve large potatoes, three heaping tablespoons of flour, one teaspoon of baking powder, one-half teaspoon salt, one or two eggs, two teacups of boiling milk. The potatoes are peeled, washed and grated into a little cold water (which keeps them white); then strain off the water and pour on boiling milk, stir in eggs, salt and flour mixed with baking powder; if agreeable flavor with a fine chopped onion. Bake like any other pancake, allowing a little more lard or butter. Serve with stewed or preserved fruit.

Eggs a la Goldenrod.

Three hard boiled eggs, one cup milk, five circular pieces of toast, one tablespoon butter, one tablespoon flour, one-half teaspoon salt, one-eighth spoon pepper. Make a thin white sauce of milk, butter, flour, salt and pepper; separate yolks from whites of eggs, chop whites and add to sauce. Arrange toast on platter, pour sauce over, force the yolks through strainer, sprinkling over the toast. Garnish with parsley.

The Useful Caramel.

Many women who do not venture to prepare caramel at home because of the danger of burning instead of browning the sugar do not know that the druggist has it at its best. Delicious custard is made with maple sugar for sweetening and caramel for coloring, and the two flavors blend excellently. The caramel is useful for coloring sauces as well as for flavoring custards and creams.

Molasses Cookies.

Put into a saucepan one cupful of molasses, then allow it to cool, add two well beaten eggs, half a teaspoonful of baking soda dissolved in one tablespoonful of boiling water, then stir in lightly one pound of sifted flour. Roll out, cut out with a round cutter and bake in a hot oven.

Hot wheat pancakes are delicious for a simple midday luncheon if served with quince jelly.

A spoonful of fluffy whipped cream makes an ornamental addition to an eggnog.

WANTED!

2 Cents per word, first insertion and 1 Cent per word each subsequent insertion, minimum 25 Cents.

HAY FOR SALE
Timothy in stack.
G. P. Dolsen, Benvoulin.

FOR SALE CHEAP
1-5 room cottage on Richter street, with or without furniture. Also, 1 mare three years old, 1 top buggy and harness. Cheap for cash. Apply, E. J. Pettigrew. 4tf

SEED POTATOES WANTED
4 tons early seed potato [illegible] wharf in March. H. Wall Kelowna. 6x9

APPLES FOR SALE
To clear stock will be sold at 75 cents per box. Apply, R. E. Harris. 6tf

WOOD FOR SALE.
Cottonwood, will deliver. Phone, party line, R. E. Harris. 6tf

LOST OR STRAYED
Bay horse, nine years old, branded 32 on right shoulder, has white scar from barbed wire cut on point of shoulder; about 17 hands high. Liberal reward for information leading to his return will be given.
White Valley Irrigation & Power Co., Vernon B. C. 6tf

FOR SAL .
Furniture, also new improved White sewing machine, cheap. Enquire two doors east of residence of H. W. Raymer. Lawson Avenue. 7p

WANTED TO RENT
Wanted to rent a room, centrally situated with piano to use as Music Studio, Apply P. O. box 374. 7p

VIOLIN TUITION
Miss M. Laidlaw is prepared to take pupils for the above. Address P. O. box 248 Kelowna. 7x10p

Read Calder's Full-page Ad.

The Kelowna Outfitting Store
W. B. M. CALDER

P.S. Remember we have always given 5 per cent. off on all cash purchases.

D. W. Crowley Co.
Kelowna Ltd.
Wholesale & Retail Butchers
Goods delivered to any part of the City
We give our prompt attention to mail orders
Phone 12

For high-grade Watch & Jewelry Repairing
go to Parker's. All repairs carefully and promptly executed, and charges the lowest. No job too small or too large.

WALTER M. PARKER
WATCHMAKER & JEWELER
Bernard Avenue.
All work absolutely guaranteed

R. MINNS
Cabinetmaker and Undertaker.
Certified Embalmer.
On call night and day.
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James Bros. Block.
Phone 88.

The People's Store

Phones: Grocery, 214 Dry Goods, 314 Office, 143

Great Stock-taking Sale.

LADIES.

We are offering 50 only Ladies' and Children's Coats and Mantles, at *Half-Price.*

25 Ladies' One-piece Dresses, *One-third off.*

100 Blouses, regular price, to $5.00 for **$1**

100 Blouses, regular price, $5 to $8, For **$2.50**

GENTLEMEN.

175 Shirts, Regular from $1.25 to $2.50, To clear at **75c.**

250 pairs Boots and Shoes, Men's, Women's, and Children's, To clear at 50c., 75c., $1.00, and $2.00

These lines are all extra-special values, but we wish to clear them all out to make room for our new spring stock.

THOMAS LAWSON, Ltd.

Headquarters for the Economical Buyer

The Okanagan Laundry

We specialize in Ladies' Waists and Fine Wear.
Woolen Goods receive the greatest care from start to finish.
A trial solicited.

Phone 159 P.O. box 382
Parcels called for Mondays.
S. M. GORE, Manager.