



Kelowna Record



HOW ARMIES CROSS RIVERS

Austrian Pontoon Bridge across the Danube which has been destroyed by the Serbians. These bridges are another illustration of the immense amount of material and labor necessary in conducting modern warfare.

Annual Ratepayers' Meeting Discusses City's Affairs

Large Crowd Gathers in Opera House Friday Night to Hear Orations of City Fathers

There was almost a record crowd assembled in the Opera House last Friday evening for the annual municipal meeting, where the city fathers and the school trustees discuss the various phases of city work for the benefit of the ratepayers. In comparison with last year Friday's meeting was dull and characterized by an almost entire absence of hostile criticism.

Although there had been a good deal of street corner criticism of the council for the high taxes and so forth none of this was raised at the meeting, and none of the new candidates for office presented themselves, with the exception of Nurse Port, who was runner for school trustee.

Mr. D. Leckie was voted to the chair, and in opening the meeting he stated that he had been requested to reverse the usual order of the speeches. Herebefore the council had always spoken first, and by the time the school trustees were making their addresses the audience had struck for home. He would therefore call upon Mr. Bigger as chairman of the school board.

J. A. BIGGER ON SCHOOL MATTERS

Mr. Bigger said he did not need to remind them that conditions had very much changed since they met there a year ago to talk over municipal matters. They had been very optimistic and had anticipated having to increase the teaching staff but instead the number of scholars had decreased by 60 at the end of May, and instead of increasing the staff it had been necessary to reduce it. Financial conditions had also become somewhat strenuous, and they had done their best to practice the most rigid economy in all their expenditures. Instead of reducing the salaries of the teachers, said Mr. Bigger, the board had, on the advice of Inspector Anst adopted the plan of reducing the staff and leaving the salaries as they were, a course which had been followed in most of the provincial schools. At the same time they had given notice to the teachers that salaries would not be advanced as the schedule called for, and added it might be necessary before this year was out to reduce salaries, but that would be a matter for the new board to consider.

Notwithstanding the fact that this had been a somewhat strenuous year and the staff of teachers had to be reduced, the school had lost none of its efficiency, and he thought he could say without any hesitation that 1914 had been perhaps the best year they had ever seen.

He made special reference to the magnificent results attained at the midsummer examinations, and regretted the loss of Mr. A. B. Lord to whose credit largely these successes were due. He spoke of the engagement of Mr. E. P. Richardson, who he said had already given splendid service and they were assured by the inspector that the school was doing good work in every department, and that they could expect the same splendid results this year as they had last.

Coming to the question of finance, Mr. Bigger stated that their estimates at the beginning of the year had provided for an expenditure of \$18,000, and a rate of 6 mills had been levied to produce this sum. Owing however to the policy of economy, there had been a reduction of actual expenditure to less than \$16,000. There was also sufficient coal on hand to nearly last out the winter and \$600 worth of school supplies for the coming year. He saw no reason why the rate this year should not be reduced from six to four mills on the dollar. (Applause)

Mr. Bigger then read some extracts from the provincial school inspector's report, which stated that the general equipment of the school was satisfactory. With attractive grounds and modern buildings there was no reason why the best work should not be done.

SANITARY ARRANGEMENTS CRITICISED

The report went on to say, however, "The only disquieting feature is the temporary sanitary arrangements, which are inadequate and disgraceful, and a serious menace to the health of the community. Strenuous methods must be taken to bring to the attention of the proper authorities the responsibility for these conditions."

Commentation upon this strong criticism Mr. Bigger said that when the school had been built the council had advised the most temporary sanitary arrangements on the understanding that the sewer would be built to the school in 1914. He had approached the council from time to time in regard to the matter, but of course they knew the reason why they had not got the sewer—the money was not forthcoming. He said they had a sewerage system which had cost \$100,000 and cost \$2,500 a year to operate and the only connections were three

hotels, a few business blocks and residences. It seemed to him that even though it meant the expenditure of a little more money, a branch sewer to the school should be put in this year. (Voice: "Will you furnish the money?") "No," said Mr. Bigger, "I would not if I could, but I think there should be some way of getting it." (Voice: "Tell us how!") "No, I can not," replied Mr. Bigger. Large amounts of money he contended had been spent on streets and light and water systems, and while these things were proper in their place, they dwindled into insignificance when they considered the health of the boys and girls of the city. (Loud applause.) He expressed the opinion that the money being spent in the park on relief work could be better employed laying a sewer to the public school.

He expressed his appreciation of the work of his fellow trustees, with whom he had served during the past two years, and also of the secretary who had been most painstaking in his work. He thanked the city council for the way in which they had stood by the board at all times. There were three trustees retiring this year, and he regretted that Mr. Leckie, to whom he paid an eloquent tribute had found it necessary to resign. He presumed the three retiring trustees would all appear on the ballot again.

TRUSTEE KNOWLES

Trustee Knowles, as chairman of the grounds committee gave a brief summary of the work that had been done by his department during the year. Their estimated expenditure for 1914 had been placed at \$600 but unfortunately they had exceeded this by \$265. They had laid several main water pipes into the ground, had built gravel walks, sodded the grounds in front of the building and also planted a number of trees, the effect of which would not be apparent for a year or two, but would ultimately be a great adornment. They had managed as far as possible to do all the work in such a way that it would not have to be done a second time. The walks had been laid so that when the money was available a covering of cement could be put on without further excavation. The expenditure had covered cost of plans, the laying of four water mains, the leveling of the grounds and putting the whole thing into shape.

In conclusion Mr. Knowles expressed his willingness to again accept nomination.

LADY CANDIDATE SPEAKS

Mr. Leckie here announced that a number of citizens had asked a lady to stand as school trustee. Nurse Port was the lady selected as candidate, and personally he was prepared to give her two votes if he could do so. (Applause.)

Miss Port, who met with a hearty reception said that when she attended the public meeting a year ago there was no thought further from her mind than that she would be addressing them as a candidate on the present occasion. Personally she had no desire whatever for any public office, but she had always had a great love and admiration for members of her sex and also for fair play. So that when a number of the mothers of the city had asked her to become a candidate for election on the school board as their representative she consented, because she did not think the mothers had had fair play. She was sure that no fair-minded man or woman among them, who had given the matter any consideration, could think it right that the mother who had borne and cared for, and trained the children in the years of infancy should be told to stand aside where their education was concerned. Virtually, continued Miss Port, we say to them, "You may continue to spend your time and strength in caring for the bodies of the children, you may keep a boarding house for them, and see that they are properly clothed, but the control of their mental and moral training must now be transferred to other hands. You no longer have any voice in the matter." "I think," emphatically declared Miss Port, "that they should have a voice in the matter. They are surely as vitally interested in the future well-being of their children as their fathers are. I think there should be a woman on the board, for no matter how capable our men trustees may be, they cannot look at matters from a woman's point of view."

SUPERVISION OF PLAY GROUNDS

No one need fear, she continued that if she were elected she would create a revolution in the school. She would only have one voice and one vote against five of the masculine persuasion. There was one matter however that she would advocate, and that was the early introduction of supervised playgrounds. All the best educators of the day were agreed that it was most unwise, in fact almost criminal



BRINGING DOWN A "TAUBE."

French rapid fire aeroplane gun in action in Flanders, trying to bring down a German aerial scout.

to allow a number of children to habitually play together without proper supervision. It had too often led to degeneration of character and the playground was too apt to become the nursery of the prison, while under proper supervision and with proper control and direction the play hours should become even more enjoyable than they were at present, and at the same time be as great an educative force as anything that could be brought forward. It was a matter which required a great deal of thought and investigation and it should be elected she intended to go more fully into the matter.

In the present state of finances of course, no elaborate scheme could be attempted, but in a very simple way the good work might be begun without extra expenditure.

She should certainly advocate reform in regard to the sanitary conditions of the school. That was really the most important of all matters to come before the council this year. (Applause.)

She hoped that those who might object to her presence on the school board merely because she was a woman would reconsider the matter hereafter.

(Continued on Page 4.)

Vernon's mayor and council were all returned by acclamation and an election avoided.

A fleet of submarines for the British navy is under construction at Montreal. An order for twenty under-water craft of the English design has been placed with the Canadian Vickers Company of Montreal and work has been started on ten of them.

Turkey has acceded to all of Italy's demands and arrangements are under way whereby the Ottoman government will give satisfaction for the invasion of the Italian consulate at Hodeida, and the dragging therefrom of the British vice-consul, who had sought refuge there.

Fighting equalling in intensity any during the present war continues at Soissons, where the Germans are redoubling their efforts to recapture the positions recently lost to the French. This announcement is the feature of the official war office statement. Possession of the Soissons positions has given the French a strong advantage. If it continues to be held, it may be used to cover operations of mine throwers to demolish the main line of the German defenses extending around the base of the hills north of Soissons.

Fruit Situation Discussed at Pentiction

Manager Robertson Replies to Critics—Growers Decide to Stay with Central

A large number of Pentiction growers turned out last Thursday evening to attend the public meeting held in Pentiction, and hear explanations of the 1914 dealings of the Central Selling Agency. The returns last year were extremely disappointing to the Pentiction growers, and a great deal of adverse criticism had been heard from the south end of the valley, both of E. Robertson, manager of the central, and of the general policies approved by the executive.

The central was represented at the meeting by Mr. J. E. Reekie of this city, to whom, and to the Pentiction Herald we are indebted for the following particulars, by Mr. Robertson, manager, and by E. Wood of Armstrong and Egbert, Traak of Oyama, directors of the central.

The Pentiction growers, it is reported though still expressing bitter disappointment over the low prices obtained last year, realised at the close of the meeting that the low returns were not due to lack of effort on the part of the management, but rather to a glutted market, demoralised trade, unfair competition, and a general condition of business resulting from the war in Europe.

The meeting was presided over by J. Anderson of Pentiction, president of the union at that point, and was attended by more than 250 people, who listened until after midnight to the explanations offered. Mr. Anderson urged discontented growers to speak out and voice their grievances frankly. He said that though the central had originally been formed to save the large share of returns taken by the middlemen that the markets were still being reached by the old trade channels, which, with the expense of the central, left less than a living wage for the growers.

Mr. Reekie spoke next, and assured the growers that the central had done their best to obtain good prices during the last two years. That the returns had been low he admitted, and said he himself could have made more money in 1914 by selling through private connections, citing his trunks and plums which, though mostly No. 1, brought him less than 10 cents a box. Mr. Reekie referred to the deal made early in the spring for handling Okanagan fruit and produce in the markets, and said that but for the war he believed it would have worked out beneficially.

When war began, he explained, the freight and insurance jumped, and the export trade was cut off, both on the west and the east coasts by the government seizing most of the bi-liners. As a result markets were quickly flooded with fruit, for Ontario and other eastern fruit producing sections had their trade to Europe spoiled, and rushed to the prairie markets, as did the associations operating in the United States. The result was that though a reduction in ocean freight rates was made by intervention of the government at Ottawa, the market had been turned to chaos, and all the shipments had to be made on consignment.

Referring to given instances of higher prices paid by competitors in the valley, Mr. Reekie said that outsiders heard only of the high prices, not of the low returns, and that the books

Liberals Foregather at Smoker

The annual meeting of the Kelowna Liberal Association took the form this year of a novel smoking concert, and the speechmaking and musical program was carried on amid the congenial atmosphere resulting from the furious puffing of numerous clay pipes handed round and supplied with tobacco by the association.

The first part of the meeting was consumed with general business connected with the reorganization and revivifying of the association, and the election of the following officers:

Hon. President, M. A. Macdonald, of Vancouver, (President of the Provincial Association); President, Leslie V. Rogers; First Vice-President, W. Kirkby; Second Vice-President, R. Storey; Secy.-Treas., W. R. Trench; Executive Committee, Messrs. G. S. McKenzie, W. B. M. Calder, K. McLaren, J. McMillan, J. C. Richards, A. M. Dalgleish, D. H. Rattenbury, J. L. Pridham, J. Conlin, H. Gribble, Dr. Knox, S. T. Elliott, W. C. Duggan and D. W. Sutherland.

After routine business a program consisting of piano solo by Mr. W. Parker, songs by Messrs. D. Macfarlane and G. S. McKenzie, and speeches by Messrs D. W. Sutherland, F. R. E. DeHart and L. V. Rogers was given.

Resolutions of confidence in and appreciation of the leaders, viz., Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Ottawa, H. C. Brewster, Victoria, B. C., and Mr. M. A. Macdonald, Vancouver were unanimously carried.

Death of Kelowna Resident

Another Kelowna citizen passed away this week in the person of Jas. Wilson Sanders, who died Monday afternoon, after an illness extending over some three weeks. Mr. Sanders who had not been in good health for a long time, contracted a severe cold which led to severe lung trouble. He leaves a wife and five young children for whom the greatest sympathy is felt.

The funeral took place Tuesday afternoon, service being held at the Methodist church where the choir rendered an anthem: "The King of Love My Shepherd is," and the hymns, "Rock of Ages," "Nearer My God to Thee" and "Abide With Me," were sung. The pall bearers were Messrs. Ackroyd, Pearson, Pitt, Roberts, Thompson and Simpson.

Deceased was 35 years of age and was born in England, which he left some ten years ago, coming first to Manitoba and afterwards to Vernon. He had resided in Kelowna some five years and during the whole of that period was on the staff of Mr. D. Leckie's hardware store.

Mrs. J. W. Sanders wishes to tender thanks for the kindness shown to her and her family during the illness of her late husband, James Wilson Sanders, and the sympathy extended in the hour of bereavement. The members of the Good Templars' Lodge will also please accept sincere thanks for their faithful services in watching by the bedside and thus helping to lighten the burden of those ministering to his needs.

Louis Taylor was elected Mayor of Vancouver by 700 majority.

Results of To-Day's Municipal Elections

FOR MAYOR	
J. W. JONES.....	Elected by acclamation
FOR ALDERMEN	
North Ward	
D. W. SUTHERLAND.....	40.....Elected
W. C. DUGGAN.....	37.....Elected
W. J. CLEMENT.....	36
South Ward	
W. E. ADAMS.....	110.....Elected
R. A. COPELAND.....	104.....Elected
H. W. RAYMER.....	98.....Elected
D. H. RATTENBURY.....	97.....Elected
F. A. TAYLOR.....	83
H. H. MILLIE.....	61
FOR SCHOOL TRUSTEES	
For One Year	
G. E. RITCHIE.....	Elected by acclamation
For Two Years	
J. B. KNOWLES.....	176.....Elected
W. R. TRENCH.....	174.....Elected
J. A. BIGGER.....	160.....Elected
Nurse Port.....	126

The outstanding feature of the polling was the unusual number of "plumpers" polled by those who desired to elect a particular individual. A count was kept of these "plumpers" as follows: Nurse Port 37; Trench 2; Bigger 1; Sutherland 20; Clement 9; Duggan 2; Taylor 9; Raymer 5; Millie 3; Adams 1; Rattenbury and Copeland 0.

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JOHN LEATHLEY
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ADVERTISING RATES
LODGE NOTICES, PROFESSIONAL CARDS,
ETC., 25 cents per column inch per week.
LAND AND TIMBER NOTICES—50 days, \$5;
60 days \$7.
WATER NOTICES—\$9 for five insertions.
LEGAL ADVERTISING—First insertion, 12
cents per line; each subsequent insertion, 8
cents per line.
CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS—2 cents
per word first insertion, 1 cent per word
each subsequent insertion.
DISPLAY ADVERTISEMENTS—Two inches
and under, 50 cents per inch first insertion
over two inches 40 cents per inch first in-
sertion; 20 cents per inch each subsequent
insertion.

All changes in contract advertisements must
be in the hands of the printer by Tuesday
evening to ensure publication in the next
issue.

Subscribers at the regular rate can have
extra papers mailed to friends at a distance
at HALF RATE, i.e., 75 cents per year.
This special privilege is granted for the
purpose of advertising the city and district.

The nominations for council and for
school trustees produced some surpris-
es, especially for those who had imag-
ined that the whole thing would go
through without an election. The sup-
position was that Alderman Suther-
land could be prevailed upon to reconsi-
der his determination to retire this
year, and that the old council would
be returned on block without opposi-
tion. The return of Mayor Jones by
acclamation is not altogether unex-
pected, as it is generally felt that a
change at this time would not be in
the interests of the city.

On Saturday a deputation of citizens
including W. R. Glenn, G. S. McKen-
zie, R. F. Morrison, D. Leckie, J. A.
Bigger, W. B. Willis, R. Copeland, D.
Lloyd-Jones and others waited on Mr.
D. W. Sutherland requesting him to
again stand for councillor.

Mr. Sutherland objected strongly as
he had been a member for many years
and thought that someone else should
have a turn at it, also he had made
some bets that he would not again
run. The committee offered to put up
all hats necessary to cancel bets, and
after further discussion, and assurance
of the desire of all classes for his fur-
ther services, Mr. Sutherland's consent
was obtained.

For the School Board, Mr. G. E.
Ritchie was the only nominee for the
unexpired year remaining of Mr. D.
Leckie's term of office and he conse-
quently goes in by acclamation.

The following is a complete list of
nominees with their proposers and sec-
onders:

FOR MAYOR

James William Jones, financial agent,
proposed by F. M. Buckland, sec-
onded by D. Lloyd-Jones.

FOR ALDERMEN

(North Ward)

Daniel Wilbur Sutherland, merchant,
proposed by D. Leckie, seconded by
J. W. Jones.

William Charles Duggan, real estate
agent, proposed by D. H. Ratten-
bury, seconded by J. B. Knowles.

William J. Clement, real estate agent,
proposed by H. W. Raymer, sec-
onded by F. R. E. DeHart.

FOR ALDERMEN

(South Ward)

Daniel Henry Rattenbury, real estate
agent, proposed by J. A. Bigger,
seconded by W. C. Dugan.

Robert Andrew Copeland, real estate
agent, proposed by W. R. Trench,
seconded by D. W. Sutherland.

William Ezra Adams, real estate agent
proposed by Joseph Ball, seconded
by W. R. Trench.

Henry William Raymer, contractor,
proposed by Geo. Rowcliffe, sec-
onded by W. B. M. Calder.

Henry Herbert Milne, government tele-
graph agent, proposed by W. B. M.
Calder, seconded by Geo. Rowcliffe.

Frederick Arthur Taylor, rancher, pro-
posed by W. G. Benson, seconded
by P. DuMoulin.

FOR SCHOOL TRUSTEES

(One Year)

George Edward Ritchie, contractor,
proposed by W. Lloyd-Jones, sec-
onded by J. A. Bigger.

FOR SCHOOL TRUSTEES

(Two Years)

Jessie M. Port, nurse, proposed by R.
B. Kerr, seconded by W. J. Cle-
ment.

William Robert Trench, merchant, pro-
posed by Joseph Ball, seconded by
J. W. Nelson Shepherd.

James Bacon Knowles, jeweler, pro-
posed by Charles Harvey, seconded
by D. Leckie.

John Ashman Bigger, contractor, pro-
posed by J. W. Jones, seconded by
D. Leckie.

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BUILDER & CONTRACTOR
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Items from Ellison

(From our own Correspondent.)

Mr. J. F. Guest has returned home
from his trip to California. He states
that he has not seen anything better
than the "Okanagan" whilst away.
One more for the OK.

Miss Orchard assisted by her brother
Thomas, gave their annual soiree on
Thursday last at their home, "Orchard
Croft," when a large number of friends
and relatives gathered together to en-
joy the hospitality of their esteemed
host and hostess. A very pleasant
evening was spent, the music for dan-
cing being provided by Messrs. Kincaid
and Hereron.

A highly successful dance was given
by Mr. and Mrs. M. Hereron on Fri-
day last at the home farm, a large
number of guests assembling in re-
sponse to the invitations. Mr. Howard
Welsh and Mr. E. McKinnon, the M.
C.'s in charge kept the dances going
at a merry pace until the early hours
of the morning. The music provided
by Mr. J. Hereron, E. Nicholson and
Mr. G. Whitaker being in perfect uni-
son added considerably to the pleasure
of the company.

The Ellison Pure Bred Live Stock
Association has been fortunate in se-
curing an exceptionally fine Holstein
bull, as well as a first class specimen
of a pure bred Berkshire Boar. These
animals have been loaned to the As-
sociation by the Dominion Live Stock
Commission, and were selected by their
B. C. representative, Dr. Tolmie, of
Victoria.

The bull which is a three-year-old,
comes of excellent producing stock,
and as a two-year-old at Victoria se-
cured first prize and championship in
the strongest competition ever seen in
the west.

The effort of the Dominion Live
Stock Commission to improve the
grade of stock in Canada is a decided
step in the right direction and the
farmers of this district have not been
slow to take advantage of the oppor-
tunity. With such sires as these at
our disposal, we have a splendid
chance of building up a much higher
quality of stock than has hitherto been
possible.

As the privilege of using these ani-
mals is only open to members of the
Association, and as the membership
must necessarily be limited, it is ad-
visable that all who wish to join
should make application at once to
the secretary, Dr. Dickson. The mem-
bership fee of the Association is \$1.00,
and the committee has fixed the ser-
vice fee at \$2.00 for the boar and \$3.00
for the bull.

Mr. M. Hereron, the vice-president of
the association is looking after both
animals.

FRUIT SITUATION DISCUSSED
AT PENICTON

(Continued from Page 1.)

and dealings of other organizations, if
open to the public like those of the
Okanagan United Growers, might not
show such a great discrepancy. Only
a comparison of complete average re-
turns was fair, he insisted.

Mr. Wood told of competition in the
valley, and said the business of the
central was often hurt by small
groups of growers who marketed their
own produce, when the very fact that
they were able to do so was due sole-
ly to the existence of the central.

It was freely admitted by Mr. Wood
that the growers could not give on re-
turns like those of 1914, but would
be brought to bankruptcy if better
prices were not secured. He advocated
a fight by the growers for the con-
trol of their markets, and said that
some time the growers would have to
establish selling agencies of their own
in order to do away with the services
of brokers and wholesalers. He also
advocated cheaper packages for the
fruit shipped from the valley, and
warned the growers in the south end
of the Okanagan from depending too
much on soft fruits.

MANAGER ROBERTSON REPLIES
TO HIS CRITICS

Mr. Robertson, who was the fourth
speaker, took up first the resolutions
passed last month by the Penicton
and Armstrong unions resolutions ex-
pressing want of confidence in the cen-
tral selling agency, and declared that
they were unfair, in that they had
been framed and passed in the absence
of information which had only to be
asked for to be given freely and fully.
The Armstrong men back of those re-
solutions had apologized, he said, and
he was sure that Penicton growers
would not be unfair when they knew
all the facts. Mr. Robertson also at-
tacked the Penicton Herald saying
that they were based on incomplete or
mistaken information.

The executive and management of
the central had been harshly criticised
for their policies during 1914, he said,
but those policies, he pointed out,
were merely a carrying out of the wish
of the locals, as embodied in resolu-
tions first passed in December, 1913
by the Summerland and Peachland
unions, and later approved by the
nine other organizations. The execu-
tive and manager could do nothing but
what the locals outlined, and if the
policy was wrong they were not to
blame.

On December 10th the Penicton Her-
ald published an interview with Mr.
Anderson, who said that at the meet-
ing of the local and central directors
at Vernon a committee had been ap-
pointed to look into the central's deal-
ings. This, Mr. Robertson said, was

unfair, provided Mr. Anderson had
been correctly quoted, for Mr. Ander-
son knew before he left Vernon that
the committee had completed its inves-
tigation, and moreover he knew its
full report.

Mr. Wood of Armstrong was asked to
state his version of the matter, and
explained that both investigations
were on charges preferred from Arm-
strong, one charge being that mislead-
ing quotations on lettuce-rices had
been sent up by the central. This was
sustained, but the other charge, of
making special adjustments of pools,
was dismissed by the committee, it
having been shown that it resulted
from a misunderstanding on the part
of the central's vegetable salesman.

Another statement of Mr. Anderson's
to the Penicton Herald was next tak-
en up by Mr. Robertson. Mr. Ander-
son had stated to the paper that the
cost of operations per car of the cen-
tral during 1914 had risen to about
\$28.00 as compared to \$20.50 per car
in 1913, in spite of the fact that 137
cars more had been handled up to
November 31 than the entire tonnage
of 1913. Mr. Anderson's figures in
support of this were a gross handling
charge of \$19,573, for the central in
1913, and charges up to November of
\$30,631, for 1914.

This was entirely unfair, Mr. Robert-
son said, for in 1913 the central was
not operating until June, and had no
expense before that month, so that the
1913 total was for seven months
only, to which Mr. Anderson had com-
pared the charges for the first eleven
months of 1914.

Either a comparison of twelve month
periods should be made, or else costs
of corresponding months should be
compared, said Mr. Robertson. Oper-
ating expenses from June 1 to Novem-
ber 31, 1914 were \$19,200 per car he
said.

The arrangements made by the cen-
tral with The Mutual Brokers and
Robertson, Morris & Co., were next ex-
plained, these deals having been con-
cluded in the spring of 1914, and long
before there was any threat, even of
war in Europe.

The war changed conditions entirely,
and Mr. Robertson told of a trip to
the prairies in August, when he found
all dealers expecting a consigned mar-
ket and cheap fruit. The best thing
to do, he said, seemed to arrange with
the Nash and Scot houses to handle
Okanagan United Growers' shipments
exclusively, on a consignment basis.
This resulted in shutting out our com-
petitors from Alberta, he said, for dur-
ing September only four carloads of
American fruit were marketed in that
province, as against 197 carloads ship-
ped from the Okanagan.

That the season was disappointing,
and the returns deplorably low he ad-
mitted, but he said he was willing to
have the returns of the Okanagan Uni-
ted growers compared with those of
any other shipping association in Can-
ada or in the United States, and to
abide by results. Okanagan fruit was
at least moved out, he declared, but
New York had not moved 40 per cent,
of her crop, and 50 per cent, of the
Nova Scotia crop was still unsold and
prospects for marketing during the
early spring were described as so bleak
that the growers might be glad to
have gotten rid of their fruit even at
the low prices realized.

Mr. Robertson then told of the Ap-
ple Week Campaign in Vancouver and
Victoria, which, he said brought the
growers 25 cents a box more than
could have been realized by any other
means. Vancouver business men had
given loyal support to British Colum-
bia growers, he said, and the brokers
had been able to pay \$1.07 at Vancou-
ver for Okanagan apples, when Wash-
ington fruit of the same variety and
quality could have been had at 85
cents a box.

Results in Calgary during Apple
Week were spoiled because of the fact
that competitors shipped on consig-
ment, not only to brokers and whole-
salers, but also to retailers, so price
being named, and the fruit to be sold
on commission solely.

A number of topics of interest to
only Penicton and Keramos growers
were gone into, returns on certain
shipments from those points being ex-
plained, as was the 40,000 box con-
tract for export to Australia next
autumn.

DUMPING OF FOREIGN FRUIT

Early in December, in response to an
appeal to Ottawa, the anti-dumping
clause, inflicting a surtax of 15 per
cent, was put into effect at Vancouver.
This was done, said Mr. Robertson,
because of unfair competition from
Washington, Wenatchee apples being
landed in Vancouver around 65
cents a box, apples as good as Okana-
gan No. 1 fruit. This meant a price
of from 25 to 35 cents a box, f.o.b.,
Wenatchee. The authorities at Otta-
wa, he said, were willing and even
eager to consider any proposals to
protect the fruit industry in this
province, realizing that an acute crisis
is being faced by the growers here.

Mr. Robertson said he would be glad
in view of the general dissatisfaction,
if the B. C. government would appoint
a commission to investigate the cen-
tral's business during 1914, and make
a public report. He urged the growers
to act as a unit, and said even the
jobbers on the prairies asked wonder-
ingly why Okanagan growers did not
get together for their own protection.

He also pointed out that even in
Washington, where they have had fif-
teen years experience, the marketing
problems are by no means solved, and
the returns were as disastrous as in
this district in 1914. Final returns
would be made soon after January 16
as possible, the books having been
kept open until that date to close up
for 23 cars not yet settled for. The
circumstances leading to a consigned
market for cherries were gone into
and the loss of the Coldstream Estate
business and subsequent litigation were
explained, both Mr. Robertson and
Mr. Reekie answering questions on the
latter topic.

Ontario growers scolded the chances
of a deal with the Grain Growers last
spring, said Mr. Robertson, by offer-
ing barrelled apples at \$2.10 f. o. b.,

Correspondence

Editor of Kelowna Record.

Dear Sir.—I shall be glad if you will
allow me space to contradict a state-
ment which I am told was made at
last Friday evening's meeting, to the
effect that there is no supervision of
pupils of the public school during
play hours.

On the very day of the opening of
school in August last, a schedule was
arranged which provided for a super-
vision of the girls' grounds by one of
the lady teachers from the only prac-
ticable vantage ground, viz., the win-
dows of the building. With the assist-
ance of the Vice-Principal, I have my-
self undertaken the oversight of the
boys' grounds. This supervision has
never been relaxed; and that it has
have some effect I conclude from the
fact that several parents have remark-
ed to me that they can see a decided
improvement in the deportment of the
children.

Of course, we teachers can assume
no responsibility for the behaviour of
pupils before 9.15 a.m., or during the
greater part of the noon intermission.
If parents would follow the suggestion
I made through the local papers some
time ago, viz., not to allow their chil-
dren to come to school before 9.15 a.
m., and 1.20 p.m., there would be no
time during which the pupils are not
under surveillance.

It goes for granted that we cannot
see every act performed, or hear every
word spoken, by the three hundred
and fifty pupils who attend the school;
but I am confident that the general
discipline will compare favorably with
that of any school of this size.

Thanking you, Mr. Editor, for the
space, I am,

Yours sincerely,

R. P. RICHARDSON,

Principal of Public School.

Police Report for 1914

A report for the year, 1914, submit-
ted to the council by the Chief of Pol-
ice Thomas gives the following analy-
sis of cases appearing before the mag-
istrate during the year. The total
number of cases of breach of the law
both civil, criminal and municipal was
196, of which 46 were for drunkenness
and 30 the result of a raid on an
opium joint and 46 from gambling
dens, the two latter practically all
Chinese. The total collected in fines
was \$19,710. In addition the report
mentioned that 20 dogs were destroy-
ed and 16 fires occurred.

Following is a complete list of the
offences committed:
Assault, 5; attempted murder, 1; at-
tempted rape, 1; wounding, 1; cruelty
to animals, 2; housebreaking, 1; lar-
ceny, 5; warehouse breaking, 3; breach-
es of dog license by-law, 13; drunken-
ness, 46; indecent exposure 1; keeping
or frequenting disorderly houses, 3;
keeping or frequenting gaming houses,
46; keeping or frequenting opium joint,
30; violation of Indian liquor law, 11;
offences against liquor license act, 6;
offences against motor traffic regula-
tion act, 9; neglecting to support fam-
ily, 3; carrying offensive weapons, 2;
obstructing police, 2; prostitution, 1;
offences against trade licenses, 1; vag-
rancy, 3.

Brantford, Ontario, and a guarantee
that each barrel would hold 60 per
cent Northern Spies, No. 1, grade, and
four other standard varieties, makin-
up the balance.

The question of internal competition
was discussed, and it was pointed out
that disinterested outsiders estimated
losses from that cause in 1914 at fig-
ures ranging from \$60,000 to \$300,000.
Unity among the growers is necessary,
said Mr. Robertson, to anything ap-
proaching a control of outside mar-
kets.

The Reeve of Penicton, Mr. Conklin,
spoke briefly, saying he had always
criticised Mr. Robertson's salary, and
did not think, even in view of general
conditions caused by the war, that the
management had made a satisfactory
showing.

Mr. Conklin said about \$135,000 had
been paid to brokers in 1914, and that
that money would have been better
used in starting our own selling agen-
cies. He also said he thought the cen-
tral did not give enough consideration
to the handling of the stone fruits, on
which the south end of the district de-
pended so largely.

Mr. Reekie rose to offer a correction,
saying that only \$13,041 had been
paid to brokers last year, the rest of
the \$135,000 having been the profits
and commissions of wholesale dealers.

The next speaker was Mr. Huntley,
of Penicton, one of the directors of
the central, who said that though he
realized the tremendous difficulties of
going direct to the retail dealers, he
considered that course the only road
to salvation for the growers of this
district. Mr. Huntley, urged the
growers to stand by the present organ-
ization.

Mr. Robertson then spoke brief-
ly declaring that it would cost more than
the \$135,000 absorbed in 1914 by the
middlemen for the growers to market
their crops through their own agents.
The brokers and wholesalers might
fight if such a course was adopted,
he warned his auditors, and before
such a radical course is begun the
growers must be well prepared to car-
ry the fight to a finish.

Mr. Anderson spoke last, reiterating
his stand on the analysis of figures
concerning the per car cost of opera-
tions of the central in 1914, but he
too, closed his remarks by urging all
growers to stand by the present organ-
ization, the eventual success of which
he declared to be their only hope. The
meeting closed with a vote of thanks
to the speakers.

The Store of Plenty
Begin the New Year Right by
Ordering Your Groceries from
OXLEY

Our stock is of the Highest Quality;
Our Prices are Lowest; and—
We guarantee Satisfaction

Some Cash Specials for Saturday

- Choice Eggs - doz. 35c
- Corn Flakes - pkg. 10c
- New Zealand Butter - lb. 40c
Not New South Wales
- Sodas, in tins - tin 25c
- Choice Prunes, new stock 2 lb. 25c
- Pure Jam, 5-lb. tins - tin 75c

Don't Forget—We give 5 per cent. Discount on
Monthly Accounts

Let Us Have Your Orders



PHONE 35

PHONE 35



The Fragrant Orchid

—breathes again in this delightful Orchid line
of Perfume, Toilet Water, Talcum and Cream.
Think of it! The redolence of this daintiest and
rarest of flowers, skillfully extracted and retained
for you in the purest of all Toilet Accessories.

Here is indeed a most
charming odor.

Corson's

Ask your druggist for a
dainty 10c sample

Perfumes & Toilet Requisites

THE ROYALTY PERFUMES LIMITED

TORONTO, ONT.

I Want to Say

that when we intimate that we Repair Leather Goods, we mean
EVERYTHING made of Leather—including Harness, Boots
and Shoes, Grips, Leggings, Belts, &c.

If it is made of Leather we can repair it

THOMLINSON, Harnessmaker

WATER STREET
KELOWNA

Next door to 25c Store

Phone 347

Every step counts these Hard Times

It will pay you to take a few steps on Water Street to
get a Bargain at the

Second-Hand Store

I'll Guarantee You From 10 to 50 per
cent. on every purchase you make

I have the most varied assortment of Household Goods for
Kelowna. Come in and inspect the goods, it will pay you for
your trouble. A line of China and Crockery always in stock

A. E. COX SECOND-HAND STORE

Less Dyspepsia Now - Here's the Reason

The fact that there is less dyspepsia and indigestion in this community than there used to be is largely, we believe, due to the extensive use of Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets...

F. B. WILLITS & CO. Bernard Ave.

The Rexall Store There is a Rexall Store in nearly every town and city in the United States, Canada and Great Britain...



Kelowna Hospital Socy.

The last meeting of the directors of the Kelowna hospital was held in the secretary's office, Willits Block, on Tuesday afternoon, the 12th inst.

The directors therefore decided to make this public as requested, and the extract is taken verbatim from the constitution:

No. 1.—This Society or Corporation shall be called the Kelowna Hospital Society. Its objects shall be medical relief to the sick and afflicted of all nations.

No. 2.—The officers shall consist of a President, Vice-President, Treasurer, and a Secretary who shall be elected from a Board of Directors consisting of 15 members...

No. 3.—(A) All officers elected shall be duly qualified for members as prescribed in the next succeeding clause...

It was decided to ask the clergy of the various denominations to give notice to their congregations of the date of the Annual General Meeting on Friday, January 23 at 2.30 p.m., in the Board of Trade rooms.

Section 3, clause (B) above provides that subscribers of \$5 annually etc., shall have a vote, and the directors think it fair that other contributors should have a vote.

Mr. Stockwell, 12 live chickens; Mrs. D. W. Sutherland, chicken; Mr. Wigglesworth, 3 chickens; Mr. Erskine, 1 dozen fresh eggs; Axel Eutin, quart fruit; J. B. Fisher, pint cream; Mrs. Johnston (Rutland), chickens; Mrs. Cameron, turkey; Casorso Bros, geese; Mrs. Cosens, box apples; Geo. Ritchie, turkey; P. Burns & Co., 2 turkeys; Mrs. Peabody, 3 chickens; Mr. Ludlow, geese; McKenzie Co., box Jan grapes; W. R. Barlee, quart cream; Western Cannery Ltd., 3 cases tomatoes; Mr. Johnston, (Glenmore) vegetables; Mr. Mavhew (Glenmore) vegetables; A. W. Dalgleish, 5 ricks firewood; Thos. Murray 3 loads 4-foot wood.

Cash donations.—G. A. Fisher, \$5; W. A. Pitcairn, \$30; G. C. Rose, \$5; Country Girls' Hospital Aid, \$100; D. Leckie, \$25; W. M. Parker & Co. \$10; W. Pettigrew, \$5; Rev. Verbeke, \$5; J. E. Jones, \$5; Mr. Heron, jr., \$1; W. R. Pooley, \$20; H. McClure, \$50; E. V. Loney, \$1; W. E. Adams, \$5.

The following were the cash donations for November: Women's Hospital Aid \$100; W. M. Parker, \$5; City of Kelowna grant for 1914, \$750; Hewetson & Mantle, \$10; F. W. Groves \$10; Arbitrators fees, Guisachan ditch, \$15; A. Penhedy \$10; Patriotic concert \$178.60; G. Rowcliffe, \$5; John Rowcliffe, \$5.

Notice of the Annual Meeting of the Hospital Society is given elsewhere in this issue, and will be given also in next week's issue of both papers.

The secretary acknowledges with thanks the following contributions in kind for December:

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Rutland News

(From our own Correspondent.)

Mr. S. Gray has been laid up for the past week with lumbago but is now happily much better.

Mr. Clarence Duncan came back last week end from a visit to the prairies.

A Kelowna hockey team is out at Rutland today and our boys are going to show them round the ice in great shape—at least that is the intention.

Mr. John Woolsey who has been at Calgary for some time came home on Tuesday.

Rutland school was in festive trim last Tuesday night, the occasion being a dance given by Mrs. John Morrison.

The sleighing happened to be good, and in addition to a large gathering of neighbors and friends, several sleigh loads of merry makers came in from town.

Nothing was spared to make things go with a swing, and the event was noted as far and away the most successful ever held in Rutland.

A splendid supper was provided, and the dancing, which was kept up to a late hour, was made all the more enjoyable by the introduction of a little variety in the shape of "Highland Fling", "Sailor's Hornpipe" etc., and the inclusion in the program of some of the old favorites.

The Rutland hockey team, consisting of W. Quigley, F. Plowman, G. Munford, J. LeFevre, E. Fleming, descended to Kelowna last Thursday to follow up their victory of Christmas day with another crushing blow at the town forces.

Alas! however, reinforcements had arrived in the meantime, and they came home with a score of 2 to 1 against them.

The strengthening of the Kelowna team by the addition of some seasoned veterans proved the undoing of the Rutland boys.

The game was fast and furious, both the Kelowna goals being scored in the first half. The Kelowna team consisted of C. Raymer, W. Raymer, L. Watt, N. Dalgleish, Bert Treadgold, E. McLennan and G. Dowsley.

Baptist Young Peoples' Society

To the average person Germany is only known as the country with which the British Empire and other nations are at war.

It was therefore, a good insight into the details of the old enemy's country, its people, educational work and religion that was gained by those attending the meeting of the Baptist Young Peoples' Society on Monday evening.

Mrs. Richardson, wife of the principal of the public schools Miss Reekie and Mrs. McGregor read most interesting papers on "Education in Germany", "The Religions of Germany" and "The Geography of Germany".

It was quite an innovation to have all the papers of the evening read by ladies, but so interesting were the facts that those present, like Oliver Twist, waited for more.

Full justice was done to the various phases of the subject, and great pains had evidently been taken to give as much information as possible. There was also an interesting article on "After Germany's Trade" read by Mr. Blackaby.

In the absence of Mrs. Williams, and at the close the ladies were cordially thanked for their interesting contributions.

Next Monday Mr. G. R. S. Blackaby is to talk on the naval progress of the war, and as he has made the subject of naval topics his hobby something will be learned of this side of the greatest of wars that is now on.

The program for the rest of the season's meetings is a strong one. "An Evening in India" (when curry will be served), "A Japanese Tea Garden" (when Japanese meals will be served), and "An Evening in China" (when rice will be served with chop sticks).

There will also be papers by the Rev. J. C. Switzer and Rev. A. Dunn and Messrs. A. F. Pelton and L. V. Rogers.

MAIL CONTRACT

Sealed tenders, addressed to the Postmaster General, will be received at Ottawa until Noon, on Friday, the 19th, February, 1915, for the conveyance of His Majesty's Mails, on a proposed Contract for four years, Twelve times per week each way between Kelowna and Wharf, from the 1st April next.

Printed notices containing further information as to conditions of proposed Contract may be seen and blank forms of Tender may be obtained at the Post Office of Kelowna, and at the office of the Post Office Inspector.

JOHN R. GREENFIELD Post Office Inspector. Post Office Inspector's Office, Vancouver, B. C. 8th January, 1915.

KELOWNA GROWERS' EXCHANGE SHAREHOLDERS' MEETING

A general meeting of the shareholders of the Kelowna Growers' Exchange will be held in the Board of Trade rooms on Wednesday, January 20th at 10 a.m.

This meeting is not an extraordinary general meeting of the association, but rather a conference of growers to discuss the present general position.

By Order of the Board. W. D. BRENT, Per. J. L. Macready

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF YALE HOLDEN AT VERNON

In the matter of the estate of Sidney Hamsley Wickerson, deceased, and in the matter of the "Administration Act" Dated the 22nd day of December, A. D. 1914.

Upon reading the affidavits of Jean Millar, Arthur O. Cochrane and the petition herein, it is ordered that Arthur Ormiston Cochrane, Official Administrator for the Okanagan Electoral District, shall be Administrator of all and singular the estate of Sidney Hamsley Wickerson, deceased, and that notice of this Order be published in the Kelowna Record.

J. D. SWANSON, Local Judge

IN THE COUNTY COURT OF YALE HOLDEN AT VERNON

In the matter of the estate of Sidney Hamsley Wickerson, deceased, and in the matter of the "Administration Act"

All persons having claims against the estate of the above named deceased are required to send the same with all particulars thereof duly verified to the undersigned on or before the 15th day of February, 1915, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are required to pay the amount of such indebtedness to the undersigned forthwith.

Dated this 12th day of January, 1915 ARTHUR O. COCHRANE, Official Administrator, for Okanagan Electoral District, Vernon B. C.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT

Take notice that Alfred Frank Muellerweiss and Myrtle Henrietta Muellerweiss, both of the City of Kelowna, in the Province of British Columbia, Smallwares Merchants, did, on the 8th day of January, 1915, make an Assignment for the benefit of their Creditors, under the provisions of the Creditors' Trust Deeds Act to the undersigned.

A meeting of the Creditors will be held at the Head Office of the Okanagan Loan & Investment Co. Ltd., Kelowna, B. C., on Wednesday 20th January 1915, at 4 p.m., for the giving of directions with reference to the disposal of the estate.

And further take notice that every creditor is hereby required on or before the said date and hour, to furnish to and file with the said undersigned particulars of his claim, proved by affidavit or declaration, and such vouchers as the nature of the case admits of.

Dated this 9th day of January, 1915 Kelowna B. C. W. G. BENSON

LAW ENFORCEMENT

"What are they moving the church for?" asked the tenderfoot in a western town.

"Waal, stranger; I'm mayor 'o these divvin's an' I'm for law enforcement. We've not an ordinance which says that no saloons shall be nearer than 300 feet from a church. I gavs 'em three days to move the church."

NEW DEADLY PROJECTILE

A new type of projectile, which would scatter a white hot mixture of molten steel over the object of attack, and at the same time permeate the atmosphere with a deadly gas which would make it impossible for firefighters to approach, has been invented by John Hays Hammons jr., according to a statement made by the inventor.

The new missile may soon appear in the European war, as some of the belligerent nations are now negotiating for its purchase, he said. The United States government is at present conducting experiments with the new projectile at Sandy Hook, he added. The missile is designated for use in siege guns as an aid in destroying towns and dirigible balloons.

Giving Up Business

MY complete stock, consisting of Millinery, Hats, Trimmings, Feathers, Flowers, Fancy Work, Ribbons, etc., the latest creations and confections of New York and Paris, valued at \$4000 will be sacrificed for Cash regardless of cost.

This is a Genuine Sale, as I am GIVING UP BUSINESS, and the stock must be sold.

The following is a sample of the Bargain Prices:—

- UNTRIMMED SHAPES, \$2.50 to \$3.00 reduced to 50c
TRIMMED HATS, \$5.00 to \$7.50, reduced to \$2.50
\$8 to \$10, reduced to \$4.50
\$12 to \$15, reduced to \$8.50

Mrs. D. H. Rattenbury (nee Miss Hartin)

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories, and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of \$1 an acre. Not more than 3,000 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for the lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal subdivisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of \$5 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns shall be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of \$10 an acre.

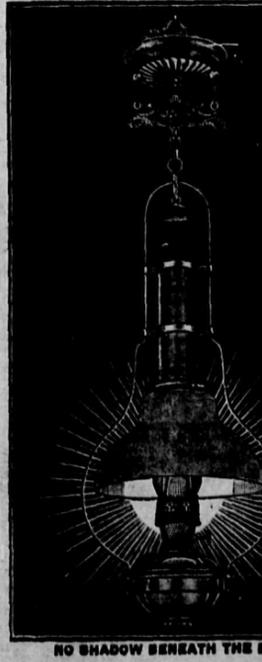
For full information application should be made to the secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to the Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion lands. W. W. CORY, Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Ford THE UNIVERSAL CAR Lower Prices on Ford Cars Effective August 1st, 1914, to August 1st, 1915, and guaranteed against any reduction during that time. All cars fully equipped f.o.b. Ford, Ont. Runabout - \$540 Touring Car - \$590 Town Car - \$840 (In the Dominion of Canada only) Buyers to Share in Profits All retail buyers of new Ford cars from August 1st, 1914, to August 1st, 1915, will share in the profits of the company to the extent of \$40 to \$50 per car, on each car they buy, PROVIDED: we sell and deliver 30,000 new Ford cars during that period. Ask for particulars Ford Motor Company OF CANADA, LIMITED. BURBANK MOTOR CO. - KELOWNA, B.C.

COAL COAL PER TON Famous Taber Lump - \$10.50 Pennsylvania Egg - 17.00 Pennsylvania Stove - 17.00 Pennsylvania Nut - 17.00 CASH MUST ACCOMPANY ORDERS Phone 66 W. HAUG P.O. Box 166

O.K. LUMBER CO., Ltd. Are now completely equipped to supply all your lumber needs. We have a large stock of local and coast ROUGH AND FINISHING LUMBER of high-grade quality and in splendid condition. A complete line of DOORS AND WINDOWS LATH AND SHINGLES



BETTER LIGHT At LESS EXPENSE from COAL OIL (Kerosene) THIS wonderful new incandescent mantle lamp gives more than ten times as much light as the common coal oil lamp. At the same time it burns less than half as much oil as the old style open flame, center draught lamps. Beats electric, gasoline or acetylene. The Aladdin Hanging Lamp is equipped with the adjustable extension chimney and baffle generator which make it the most reliable incandescent mantle oil lamp ever made. For evening reading, writing or sewing there is no light that can compare with the powerful, steady white light of the Aladdin. Safe, durable and economical, beautiful in design, no noise, no odor. Women and children can operate it. You can't appreciate the great difference between the light of this lamp and the common coal oil lamp 'til you see it. It has all the good qualities of the high priced system but with the advantage of being as simple as the ordinary coal oil lamp. Let Us Demonstrate It To You You'll never want to go back to the dingy, reddish, flickering light of your old style lamps. You can have the most cheerful and best lighted home in your neighborhood by getting an Aladdin Mantle Hanging Lamp. There are also other Aladdin styles such as table lamps, bracket lamps, etc.

JAMES & TRENWITH THE ELECTRIC SHOP - KELOWNA, B.C. P.O. Box 376 Phone 187

January Clearing SALE and General Relief

The General Relief Sale has served its purpose and now it is necessary to clear out all the remaining winter stock and odd lines before the annual stock-taking. This will end the Sale, and if you are wise you will lay in a stock of all the clothing you can while prices are low. The rapidly-advancing cost in manufacturing will prevent such prices being obtainable for some years to come

20 to 25 per cent. reductions on a large proportion of the stock

H. F. HICKS
PIONEER CASH CLOTHING STORE.

For Sale

Good quality Whole Corn, for poultry or stock feed.

\$2.05
per 100 lbs., cash

Kelowna Growers' Exchange
PHONE 29

Our New Shoe-Repairing Machinery

has just arrived, and is now in operation. This new equipment makes it possible to turn out your work

Promptly & Properly
Give us a call.

Frank Knapton
Bernard Avenue

G. H. E. HUDSON

Landscape and Portrait Photographer

Largest Studios in the Interior
Portraits by appointment

Pendozi Street, - Kelowna

The 'Tweed' Sanitary Closet

Is odorless when in use

Sanitary at all times

Call and inspect them

DARK, the Shoeman
Kelowna Agent
Opposite Board of Trade Office

HAY

Well Cured Clover and Timothy

\$15 per ton

Baled or Loose

Delivered

THOS. BULMAN - Phone 306

Annual Ratepayers' Meeting

(Continued from Page One.)

fore they advertised to the world at large that Kelowna was so far behind the times that it was not in the same class as Victoria, Vancouver, Kamloops, Calgary and Winnipeg, and other eastern cities which already had women on the school board. If any of them, however, really thought in their hearts that they should not have a woman trustee, then they could vote against her. She left the matter in their hands. (Loud applause.)

Mr. Groves here asked if it was a fact that at the present time there was no supervision of the children during play hours.

The chairman replied that this summer the regulation had been observed, and one of the teachers had always been present. They arranged among themselves that one of them was at hand at all times. He believed there was a strong movement on the American continent at the present time in favor of supervising the children during play hours. Some children could not actually play well—they had to be taught to play.

ALDERMAN RATTENBURY AND FIRE PROTECTION

The chairman then called upon the members of the council to address the meeting. Alderman Rattenbury being the first to take the floor.

The department which came under his immediate care, he said, was that of Buildings and Fire Protection.

During the year 1914 there were 37 building permits issued, the estimated value of which amounted to \$68,865.00 divided as follows:

Dwellings	\$34,860.00
Business places	\$2,655.00
Miscellaneous	1,350.00

While this did not compare very favorably with the year 1913, when Kelowna topped the list of western Canada for building permits per capita, yet he was sure they would agree with him that, taking into consideration the financial depression and hard times in general, this was a splendid showing for Kelowna.

Referring to the matter of fire protection, he said, the fire brigade had attended 16 calls, and damage by fire was done to the extent of \$16,625.00, of which sum \$9,825.00 was recovered from insurance companies.

They had taken more precaution against fires by adding a new auto fire truck and 500 feet of new hose. Ten new hydrants had been placed in the city, making a total of 44 hydrants, and they had also extended the water mains.

With reference to the auto fire truck he said, the same had been built by a local firm. The Kelowna Garage & Machine Co., Ltd., and before accepting the truck they had been examined by his worship, the Mayor, and ten members of the fire brigade given it the most severe test they could possibly think of, and it had proven very satisfactory in every way, and was indeed a credit to the firm who turned it out.

In speaking of the splendid services of the Kelowna Volunteer Fire Brigade he said their record as fire lighters was one of which all may well feel proud. The prompt manner in which they answer calls; the utter disregard of their own personal safety; the great sacrifices they are often called upon to make in not having time to change their wearing apparel when called to a fire and thereby often having their clothes soiled and damaged; such conduct was worth the highest praise.

At the last meeting of the council they agreed to give a small grant of \$100 to the fire brigade as an appreciation of their services, and regretted very much that they could not make the sum larger, owing to the financial depression.

At the request of the city council, the Fire Committee opened up correspondence with Mr. A. W. Ross, Secretary-Treasurer of the Mainland Fire Underwriters Association of B. C., with reference to having the fire insurance premiums reduced. After considerable correspondence and with the assistance and co-operation of the Board of Trade they had succeeded in getting Mr. Seeley, who is the Chief Surveyor of the Mainland Fire Underwriters Association, to come to Kelowna.

Mr. Seeley remained here some three weeks, and went into the matter very carefully, and was making a new survey and a new report of the City of Kelowna, taking into recognition our new auto fire truck, the additional new hydrants and new hose, and also the extension of the water mains. He took the water fire pressure at different parts of the city, and noted the splendid record for efficiency and service of the Kelowna Volunteer Fire Brigade. It was hoped that in the near future this new survey would result in a substantial reduction of fire insurance premiums.

Alderman Rattenbury said he had also been associated with Mr. Copeland on the committee of Board of Works, and could only say that he had been amazed at the time, energy and the faithfulness of Mr. Copeland, which he has applied to the public works department, and he was sure they would agree with him, that the miles of good roads and streets which we had in the city were a monument to Mr. Copeland's ability.

He had also been associated with Alderman Duggan on the parks committee, and the parks had been greatly improved this last season.

In conclusion he said this had been his first year in the city council, and he took this opportunity of thanking the Mayor and Council for their kindness, consideration and help, which they had given him this past year.

As a ratepayer, he thought the people of Kelowna were fortunate in having for Mayor, a man such as J. W. Jones, who was possessed of such ability and talent, and willing to de-

vote the same to the city's best interests.

He had been asked by a number of representative business men to stand for another term and had decided to accede to their wishes. He believed in the most rigid economical administration for the next year or two, which would be in the best interests of the city, and if elected, would endeavor to discharge his duties to the city's best advantage.

CHAIRMAN OF PARKS—ALDERMAN DUGGAN

Alderman Duggan said he had been privileged, during the year to serve as chairman of the Parks Committee, and the expenditure had reached \$2,704.50. This had been divided as follows:

500 feet of sidewalk	\$512.00
Repairs to wooden sidewalk	60.90
310 shade trees	148.48
3 drinking fountains	295.15
Plants for beds	80.25
Buildings and painting of handstand	196.40
Material and hauling to road	428.85
Gardeners wages, and supervision	514.62
Extra lights	85.55
Sundries	255.15
Relief work on Mill Creek and road	237.15

The latter item of relief work, he said was an additional expense over the ordinary expenditure on the park and had been adopted recently to provide employment for those who had no means of support. So far the work had comprised the straightening of the creek by the removal of a large bed of sand at the mouth and the driving of piles to protect the banks, the construction of a foot bridge over the creek, and the grading of a considerable stretch of roadway around the shore. All this had been done at less than half the cost of the engineer's estimate.

At the present time, continued Alderman Duggan, there were some fifteen or twenty men engaged in clearing out one of the sloughs and with the material removed building up low places. When finished the pond thus formed would make a nice skating rink.

In addition to their work in the park the committee had superintended the planting of 1268 shade trees in various parts of the city as follows:

- Eli avenue, 39; Harvey avenue, 55; DeHart avenue, 88; Glenn avenue, 172; Park avenue, 60; Lawson avenue, 90; Fuller avenue, 90; Bernard avenue, 48; St. Paul street, 195; Abbot street, 126; Ethel street, 97; Richter street, north, 142; Richter street south, 11; Pendozi street 25.

The trees had cost, including planting \$8960., which had been charged to the Board of Works. He thanked the members of the committee for their valuable services during the year.

He had also served on the Board of Works, and could heartily endorse Alderman Rattenbury's remarks as to Ald. Copeland. He had certainly given a great amount of service.

Concluding Alderman Duggan said he had endeavored always to see that the North Ward had its fair share of improvements, and if his services had been satisfactory he was willing to seek re-election.

ALDERMAN TAYLOR

Alderman Taylor, whose nonchalant air usually manages to create a little diversion at these meetings was greeted with expectant applause as he took his place by the table—or rather, on it.

Alderman Taylor has a supreme contempt for those superficial oratorical graces which generally mark the platform artist, and, to be perfectly candid, in his efforts to avoid these he approaches the other extreme and fails to do himself justice. He is one of the most conscientious and capable workers on the council, and brings a far more than ordinary ability and wide experience to bear upon his work. This, however, the "man in the street" does not know, and is not likely to do unless someone else tells him, for Ald. Taylor can never be persuaded to talk in public about what he has done.

There had not been much doing, he said, in his department this year. They had laid one branch sewer to the cannery—that was the council supplied the pipe and the cannery laid it. Altogether there are forty-three connections with the sewer, sixteen of which were made this year. One or two others might be made, only some people do not care to make them. They apparently prefer to throw their slops out of the windows and back doors.

Speaking of Mr. Bigger's contention that the city should put in a branch sewer to the school, Alderman Taylor pointed out that all branch sewers were laid under the local improvement By-law, and it was only necessary for people who lived along the streets concerned to put in petitions and the council would put in the sewer.

This resulted in a little sparring between Mr. Bigger and the alderman, the former contending that the sewers to the public school should not be put in under the Local Improvement By-laws. "I think," said Mr. Bigger, "that Mr. Taylor knows perfectly well that if the council saw fit they could put it in themselves."

Alderman Taylor concluded with a sly hit at the local doctors for their neglect to report cases of infectious diseases, only one such case having been reported during the year.

BOARD OF WORKS—ALDERMAN COPELAND

Alderman Copeland was the next speaker. This was the fourth year that he had appeared before the ratepayers to give an account of his stewardship, and it had been his privilege to be chairman of the Board of Works again, this being his third year on that committee, which had consisted of himself, Alderman Duggan, Alderman Rattenbury and the Mayor.

The first thing the committee did last spring was to go over the various streets in the city, of which perhaps most people were not aware there were 40 miles. His hearers could readily

understand that with the small amount of money at the committee's disposal it was almost impossible to do justice to any one street.

The Board of Works was in his opinion the most important committee of the council, though some might differ with him. But every man, woman and child was interested in well kept streets and sidewalks.

After going over the various streets he continued, which took considerable time, they picked out those that required attention, and had a meeting of the committee to go into figures. The first estimate figured out at \$16,000. At the time this seemed an enormous sum to spend on streets in one year. They went over the figures from time to time to see whether they could not be cut down in some way, but they found it almost impossible to do so, and the committee recommended to the council that they should place \$16,000 aside for streets. This was passed by the council without a dissenting voice. After the work had been started, however, and considerable had been done to the worst streets in the south ward the committee, found that upon keeping close tab on the work that they were saving a considerable amount of money on each street and later on before the tax rate was struck, at a committee of the whole council it was decided to cut the appropriation from \$16,000 to \$12,000 and he was pleased to say that they had not spent quite all of that. The actual amount of money spent on the streets this year in grading, gravelling and rocking was approximately \$9,000—\$6,000 for teaming and \$3,000 for labor.

He would like, he said, to give to them a little idea of how that money was spent, and where. There were seven miles of new streets graded, Richter street north and St. Paul street being rock, gravelled and rolled. There were also three miles of patch work done in the way of gravelled older streets where the road bed was getting thin. A total of 670 yards of rock and gravel had been hauled on to the streets at a fraction less than 60 cents per yard. This was of course merely for drawing it, and did not include spreading. This he said was the cheapest at which it had ever been put on the streets since he was a member of the council. The first year he was in the council it had cost something over \$1.00 but this year they had got it down to a trifle less than 60 cents, which he was sure they would agree with him was very reasonable indeed. It was much less than the contractors had put it hauled for.

They had had some very heavy grading to do on North Ethel street and North Richter street as these were in a very bad shape indeed when they undertook to fix them in the spring. Strathcona avenue was another street on which considerable money had been spent. It was a very hard street to do as they had to clear it from one end to the other of timber and stumps before it could be graded.

Early in the spring a certain con-

tractor had tried hard to convince him that he could do the work very much cheaper by contract than by labor. Strathcona avenue was the very worst street he could have tackled. His figures for clearing, grading and gravelling were \$1500, and he assured him (Ald. Copeland) that he would not make a dollar out of it. The city had done that work under the supervision of their worthy street foreman at a cost of \$745.68. So they could see they made a saving of over half on one short street.

Alderman Copeland also mentioned the construction of the drain south of Bernard avenue from Casorso's block to the lake, which had been put in by the committee at a cost of \$326.10 a sum very much less than the estimates they had got.

From what he had seen, continued the speaker, and from what he had been told by the travelling public, Kelowna had the best streets of any city of its size in the interior of B. C., and this year the city council could very easily sit back and do very little on the streets for another couple of years, except in the centre of the town where the traffic was heavy.

In towns such as this in other parts of Canada, he said they had paid engineers, and the chairman of the committees had nothing to do but attend council meetings. In our case we had no paid engineer, and he did not know but that they were just as well off without. At any rate the city was saving \$2500 to \$3000 a year by not having one.

He hoped that the council of 1915 would be in favor of reducing the tax rate. He was sorry that they were as high as they had been last year. It had come to his ears not long ago that he was solely responsible for the high rate of taxes for 1914, but he did not see it that way himself. The amount placed on the estimates was \$12,000 and he had not exceeded that in fact there was a small surplus.

He indulged in a little criticism of the financial statement, which showed certain amounts charged to his department which he did not think should be there, and concluded with a few remarks on the marketing of the produce of the district.

As Alderman Copeland was taking his seat he was recalled by the indignant voice of a north ward resident who complained in the broadest "Scowitch" that the improvements of North Richter street had been done on Clement avenue for, he claimed, the benefit of the people of Glenmore. The streets at times were so bad in that neighborhood that ladies had to wheel their baby carriages in the irrigation flumes, a statement which evoked roars of laughter.

Another gentleman, also hailing from "Land o' Cakes" enquired facetiously if it was not the case that after the steam roller had gone over the roads a cyclist had come along and cut them up again?

Alderman Copeland's replies were very satisfactory. There were at present 515 active

that if a heavy steam roller was put over a newly made street the sand was brought to the surface, and a bicycle passing along would certainly make a mark.

ALDERMAN ADAMS ON LIGHT AND WATER

Alderman Adams who had filled the office of chairman of the Light and Water Committee said that although the work had been new to him he had thoroughly enjoyed it, and while often it had been difficult to spare the time, he had been ably assisted by the other members of the committee.

At the beginning of the year the committee had deemed that six important matters required particular attention. First, a better and more evenly distributed lighting system; second, a further increase in the power plant, as the overload on the plant was altogether too great, and with the new street lighting proposed, much additional power would be required; third, a new intake for the city's water supply; fourth, the connecting up of as many of the dead ends of the city water mains as was possible, and providing proper blow-outs for those ends which could not be connected up; fifth, the metering of water connections; and sixth, the installation of additional hydrants.

Regarding the street lighting system he said he need say little, as it was before the people every night. There was no doubt that the new system was a great improvement over the old one. Formerly they had 26 arc lamps along the main streets and a large number of incandescent lamps, which burned the whole 24 hours and were thus very wasteful of current. The new system supplied light to every corner of the city and covered about sixteen miles of streets, with about 200 lamps. It had been installed very economically on the existing poles by the city's own lineman who had followed the engineer's plans. Only about 1000 feet of new pole line had been necessary.

Regarding the increase of the power plant, he said that the old units of 100 and 50 kilowatts had been much overtaxed at the beginning of the year and had been carrying a dangerous overload of about 30 per cent. If anything had gone wrong they had nothing to fall back upon for water and light or fire protection. It had therefore seemed most necessary that an additional unit should be installed. The committee had not wished to incur the expense of additions to the power house, so a vertical engine had been decided upon and a generator with a capacity of 250 kilowatts. This gave a capacity for the whole plant of 400 kilowatts, or with overload of 533 kilowatts, which would serve possibly for the next ten years. The new plant he might mention had been tested out that day and was running very satisfactorily.

There were at present 515 active

(Continued on Page 5.)

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Annual Ratepayers' Meeting

(Continued from Page Four)

light connections, compared with 509 in 1913, although 50 new connections had been made during the year, and they had now 15 to 16 miles of pole line. There were 30 power connections compared with 27 in 1913.

The new intake pipe for the water works was a 14-inch pipe, 1000 feet in length, the end of which was about 98 feet below the surface of the lake, which should ensure a good supply of water to the city. The cost had been \$810.49.

Mr. Teal, the city's water works foreman, he said, had had a busy year this year, and much credit was due to him for the efficient manner in which he had looked after the city's system. There were now 75,397 feet of pipe extending over the city, 7,997 feet of which had been laid during the year. This had been principally used in connecting up "dead ends" in order to ensure thorough circulation and prevent accumulation of sediment in the more or less stagnant water at the ends of the pipe. When these ends were connected up the water was kept constantly in motion and no stagnation was possible. Where the "dead ends" could not be connected "blow-outs" had been arranged.

There were 465 water connections, a decrease over 1913 of 31 although 70 new connections had been made. Of these connections 267 were metered, 143 meters having been put in this year. Practically all the principal water users in the city had meters.

There were 44 fire hydrants in the city, 9 new ones having been put in during the year, and one held in reserve. Hydrants he considered were a real economy as they meant that less hose was necessary and hose was very expensive.

He had several observations to make regarding the financial statement. It would be noted he said that there had been water and light debentures issued to the amount of \$28,000, selling at 97 and producing \$27,100, while the assets had shown an increase of \$25,773.72. The profit and loss account showed a small deficit, after allowing for interest and sinking fund, and depreciation of \$278. This was due to the reduction in number of users and also to the fact that the rates had been considerably lowered.

In conclusion he said he wished to recognize the valuable assistance of the rest of the committee, and especially of Alderman Sutherland, of whom he spoke in high terms.

Mr. C. G. Clement asked why the street lights had been continued further on Elms street than Richter street a question which Alderman Adams said he could not answer without consulting the plan. He supposed, however, that the pole line extended further in one place than the other.

CHAIRMAN OF FINANCE COMMITTEE—ALD. SUTHERLAND

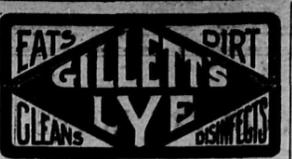
Alderman Sutherland, chairman of the Finance committee, said that while most of the other speakers had used notes in the course of their addresses, his notes were distributed among the audience in the shape of copies of the financial statement.

There was one thing which struck him as peculiar at the present meeting and that was that there were no new candidates for municipal honors. There was another peculiar thing. This was the ninth or tenth year in which he had appeared before them at these meetings, and on previous occasions, when the rates were low, and aldermen were not paid there had been a great deal of dissatisfaction. This year when their rates were high and all the council was paid, everybody seemed satisfied. (Laughter). From this they must assume that the man who works for nothing is very little thought of, and what the council would have to do next year would be to increase their pay. (Loud laughter).

The council had started the year in rather a mix up with \$181,000 of unsold debentures. They had loans amounting to \$160,000—\$40,000 at 10 per cent, and \$90,000 at 8 per cent., both from private persons and \$90,000 from the bank. They knew how hard it had been to borrow money this year, but it had to be done. They had managed to sell their debentures and were very lucky to do so before the war came on. They were all sold and the council had realized the best price they could for them.

Speaking of things in general, he said, the assessment had not been changed this year. It would be seen that the tax levy was made on the land assessment only. As was said last year this was a debatable question, especially in towns where conditions were normal. In Kelowna things were not exactly in a normal condition as a very large percentage of those who held land were speculators and outsiders. In fact 42 per cent, of the names on the assessment roll were those of people not resident in the city, and who did not spend one dollar here in a year. To get at these they had adopted the present method, and the council thought it a wise thing to do.

Last year's tax rate was 18.6 mills; this year it had been 24 mills. The rate had been probably higher than it need be, but if the council had made a mistake, it had only done exactly what every business man in this town had done. We had been all optimistic, and the people had been more so than the council. They would remember that during the year the council had been asked to do certain improvements which had been turned down. They had been called hay seeds and moss backs for doing so. He reminded his audience of the nice pictures they had seen in the store windows of asphalted streets with flower beds in the centre, and fanov lamp standards. A meeting had been held in the Board of Trade rooms and the question was discussed as to whether such improvements should be made. Only two



hands had been raised against it. The council however, had turned it down, and Mayor Jones and he had been blamed very much for doing so. Several people had contended that it was better to have a large assessment and public works going on than a small assessment and nothing doing. In other words the point had been that at that time we were expecting great things in the shape of a new drill hall, new post office, Canadian Northern railway, and other things. The proposition, put to the council was this: "Do something to tide us over the next six months." We had done so but not to the extent that people had wanted them to.

Alderman Sutherland then discussed the possibility of reducing the tax rate for the coming year. Last year he said they had added 2 mills to the debenture rate, and he regretted that this rate had increased so rapidly. In 1910 the whole tax levy had been \$27,000. In 1914 they had had to raise \$30,000 for debenture purposes alone. He would like to warn future councils to be very careful in the matter of borrowing money, for he thought the time had come to call a halt.

The school trustees had been as optimistic as the council and had asked for six mills. Of this they had only used five, and had the rest in hand, and they hoped they would thus be able to step down two mills this year, making the school levy four mills instead of six.

This year they had to levy an additional 1 mill to cover loss on sale of debentures, and an additional 1/4 mill for work on streets. This year they could strike out the one mill for debenture expense; the school trustees were willing to strike off another two mills, and of course the council could make any saving they wished on the matter of street improvements. There was, therefore, no reason why the rate should not be down to what it was in 1913, namely 18 mills.

Reference was also made by Alderman Sutherland to an excess of \$3000 appearing in the financial statement in the accumulated sinking funds for debentures. This was accounted for by the fact that the council had levied for sinking fund on debentures issued at the beginning of the year. The auditors had not thought this necessary and consequently a sum of over \$3000 was available for any purpose the council saw fit.

When they started the electric light plant they borrowed money on 40 year debentures. If they would look at the schedule of bonded indebtedness they would see that the average life of debentures was 25 years and in some cases 20 years. It was only this year that they had been sensible enough to borrow money on short term. It must be quite apparent to everyone that boilers and steam engines which were working night and day and poles stuck in the ground would not last the length of the term of those debentures. Most of the machinery would be scrapped two or three times over, and the pole line rebuilt. The council had therefore thought it wise to lay aside a certain amount of money which would shorten the life of those debentures as it were, and to bring them down to about 15 years. In the electric light statement was an item of expense of \$5064, for depreciation. They were not able last year to set aside this money as it should have been, as only 45 per cent of the taxes came in, and they had to take this money and also the water and light rates and use them for other purposes. If conditions were as they should be they would have this \$5064 with a smaller amount of \$4500 from 1913 earmarked and placed in a special account to use for any purpose of extending our light and water systems. It would in the future do away with borrowing money, and asking the ratepayers to vote money as they had been doing from year to year. That is, they had been trying to devise a policy that would stop that system of borrowing which had increased the bonded indebtedness to such a very large amount. He trusted that future councils would maintain this system. Had they been fortunate enough to get in the taxes, and had this money been placed one side and earmarked, it would be an easy matter for councils to follow the same course. But when it appeared only as in the form of unpaid taxes, it made it very much harder. He had made these remarks, he said more for the benefit of future councils, than possibly for his audience.

Referring to the new street lighting system which had been installed he said the old system had been a very expensive one to keep up. They had had about 50 incandescent lamps on the street. The smallest of these 16 candle power carbon lamps burned about 64 watts, 64 multiplied by 50 gave a little over 3 kilowatts. Three kilowatts at the power rate of 8 cents gave about 25 cents per hour. That was what they had been

burning all along, 25 cents per hour was \$6.00 per day. This was taking only the smallest lamps, as they had many 32 candle power lamps in use. These lamps had been burning \$2500 worth of light a year, representing about 10 per cent of the whole output of the power plant. As these lamps were only supposed to be used temporarily, and were to be replaced they had not charged anything for them against the street committee, and had not credited a cent of it to the power plant. What they had debited the street committee with was a number of arc lamps, 26 in all, at the rate of 60 cents per lamp, (which was a rate struck years ago when the street lighting system was put in) up to September when the new system had been installed.

In place of the street lighting having cost only \$2000 it had been costing over \$4000. The new lights were very economical. The tungsten lamps took about 1 1/2 watts per candle power, these cost about 8. At the present time they had about 22,500 candle power only using 18 kilowatts.

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the greater part of the way, and it was evident there would be difficulty in putting such in under the head of local improvements. But possibly some way would be devised. He made reference to Alderman Rattenbury's report on the fire brigade, and also the addition of the new auto fire truck, and hoped that the fire losses would be still smaller this year than last.

Speaking of Alderman Rattenbury's figures regarding building permits, he said that the Alderman had omitted to mention that while the cost of new buildings in Vernon was \$45,025 those in Kelowna had been \$69,865, so that we were still the leading city of the Okanagan. We might not have many government buildings here but we were certainly holding our own (Voice, "We have a jail!")

In the matter of law observance the Mayor said there were 196 convictions during the year and a total of fines of \$1907.10. The greater number of these convictions were not against people residing in Kelowna, but against outsiders, particularly railway construction men. There had been a considerable falling off in convictions during the past two or three months. Alderman Copeland, he said had omitted to mention the building of sidewalks last year. There had been 9857 feet of plank walks at a cost of \$3770, and 4457 feet of cement walks at a cost of \$6467. These were all local improvements and would be paid for by the property owners.

Mayor Jones touched briefly on various points in the financial statement and mentioned that the auditor had informed him that there was no municipality in the upper country in so satisfactory a financial condition as Kelowna at the present time. Their sinking fund was intact, which was not the case with many other municipalities. They had \$46,608.52 in this fund, \$26,608.52 in the Bank of Montreal at 4 per cent, and \$20,000 loaned on mortgages at 8 per cent. This could have loaned the whole amount if they had wished but they had been very conservative in their loans. At the last session of the legislature the power to loan sinking funds had been taken away. Most of these mortgages fell due this year and one in 1916. The interest had been paid on all of them. They had been very careful in this matter which had been more or less of an experiment, and one which they did not wish to extend.

He referred to the success of the council in disposing of all unsold debentures before May, receiving 84 to 98 for the 5 and 6 per cents, respectively. The city's bonded indebtedness was \$427,000, and the bonds were classified into productive and non-productive. They had \$155,500 invested in light and water, and this amount invested would show a profit of over three per cent. It was very necessary that they kept down the non-productive bonds. It was absolutely necessary that the city proceed with the most rigid economy and that strong financial committee be on the council this year. With large arrears

MAYOR JONES

Mayor Jones was the last speaker and was received with considerable enthusiasm. He expressed his gratification at the evident interest which the ladies were taking in municipal matters, and particularly of the school board.

Speaking of the plea of the trustees for the building of a sewer to the new school, he stated that no one realized the importance of such a sewer more than the present council did, and that he would be very pleased to put the sewer there. One of the greatest difficulties which faced the council was sanitation, and it was evident that something would have to be done. He understood that the department of education was getting after the school board, and insisting that a sewer be put in. They all knew the situation which confronted the council of 1915. They would like to put in the sewer but where were they going to get the money? The council would do their utmost to find the money in order to meet the situation. The sewer would have to be constructed along a street on which there were no people living for

of taxes and loans against current revenue at the bank they would have to move very slowly and cautiously. The council would have to see that all expenses were kept down to the very lowest point, otherwise they were going to reach a stage where there would be trouble. With the large arrears of taxes it was going to be very difficult to finance, and yet at the same time, they wished to reduce the rate.

The finance committee had suggested to the assessor that the values on assessable property should be reduced from 10 to 20 per cent, and they all felt that it was absolutely necessary to do so, so that there would be a big reduction next year.

He referred appreciatively to the good work done by the new men on the council during the year. There had been 60 regular meetings of the council and he himself had attended 150 committee meetings, so that they would realize the amount of work involved.

He also made mention of the great assistance rendered to the parks committee by the outside members, Mr. D. W. Crowley, Mr. F. M. Buckland and Mr. Lionel E. Taylor.

The relief work which was being carried on in the park had been undertaken from a conviction that something had to be done rather than have a large amount of charitable work. They would, however, have to borrow the money to pay for it. They had also been able to render assistance to the ladies of the Benevolent Society.

He was glad to note that the power plant was paying so well. They had endeavored to finance as well as they could. They were all liable to make mistakes and sometimes made them. The aldermen had been unstinting in their services, and he thought that unless there was someone who was anxious to receive the princely salary which they voted at the beginning of the year, they could not do better than return the aldermen of the old council.

In conclusion the Mayor trusted that at the close of 1915 the council would be able to present a better report of the financial condition than they could this year.

RADIUM FROM B. C.

An Ottawa despatch says that three samples of radium bearing ore, from British Columbia have just been received by the Department of Mines, but the quantity of radium contained has not yet been determined. The examination of such samples is of the utmost interest because of the tremendous value of radium. Magnesite is one of the minerals regarding the possible production of which in Canada the department has been asked to report since the supply from Germany is cut off. The very best magnesite is known to exist in British Columbia in large deposits, but they are at present too far from transportation facilities.

Our FIRST Clearance Sale Still Continues Smart Trimmed Felt Hats Usually sold at \$4.50... \$1.25 Ladies' & Children's Coats Half-Price Children's & Infants' Bear Coats - Half-Price Ladies' Fashionable Skirts Half-Price Knitted Caps for Children and Ladies - Half-Price Fleece Lined Sleepers Just the thing for the children these cold nights 55c, 60c, 65c, 70c Special Value in White Longcloth Ordinary price, 15c yard. Sale price 2 yards for 15c JERMAN HUNT Dry Goods Store

The Kelowna Land & Orchard Co., Ltd.

(Incorporated 1904) Proprietors of the Priests' Orchard

NURSERY STOCK

We are now taking orders for all Commercial Varieties

THE RANCH

Blacksmithing done. Weighbridge. Oats crushed. Fence posts, Milk, Potatoes, Apples, &c., for Sale.
Apply to the Ranch Manager or Ranch Office. Phone 5; P.O. Box 209

OFFICE HOURS:

Head Office: 9 to 12; 1.30 to 5.30 throughout the week.
Ranch Office: 9 to 12; 1 to 5.30, excepting Thursday, closing at 12 noon.

Belgo-Canadian Block

P.O. BOX 274

PHONE 5

TOWN AND COUNTRY NOTES

Mr. D. K. Gordon, of Casorso Bros. paid a business visit to Mission last week.

Captain Harmon who was recalled from Kelowna early in the war has we hear already reached the rank of Lieutenant-Colonel.

The Benevolent Society will meet next Monday, January 18th at 3 p.m. for a work meeting at the English church Mission Hall.

The Benevolent Society supply of potatoes is exhausted, and they would be glad if any person who could spare a sack or two of this necessary article would leave same at the home of Mrs. Millie.

Mr. H. C. Smith, of Penticton has been appointed organist at St. Michael's church, and will arrive in Kelowna Monday, taking up his duties for the first time the following Sunday.

Among the members of the Seventh Battalion Second Infantry Brigade now at Salisbury Plain, the following viz.: Pvt. H.H.R. Dolling; Pvt. P.H. Chawner; L.-Cpl. C.M. Lucas; L.-Cpl. R. W. Lucas-Lucas; L.-Cpl. E. W. Jeggatt., are to receive commissions in Kitchener's new army. These five were with the 102nd Regt., R.M.R., contingent.

What might have been a serious accident befel Mr. Chappell when out in a new cutter last Saturday night at Benvoulin. Th' horse not having been hitched up to a cutter before bolted and fell into a ditch. Getting up it dashed back along by the school house eventually going through the fence at Mr. Fisher's ranch and being pulled up by the barbed wire fence. Beyond a few cuts it was none the worse for its experience, and fortunately Mr. Chappell escaped with a severe shaking up.

Miss Irene Cather has just received from Capt. A. Temple, a letter acknowledging receipt of \$13.50 which had been collected locally for the purpose of purchasing a Christmas gift of cigarettes for the Kelowna squadron of the B. C. Horse. The cigarettes were distributed by him, and gratefully received by the boys, who were glad to know they had been remembered by their Kelowna friends. It might be mentioned that the B. C. Horse since their removal to Victoria are now known as the Second Canadian Mounted Rifles, and are stationed at Willows Camp, Victoria.

Mr. Alec McQuarrie is a visitor to Vernon this week.

Mrs. Gordon L. Campbell will be at home on Thursday afternoon, January 21st from 3.30 to 6 o'clock.

Dr. and Mrs. Campbell returned from their honeymoon trip last week end, and have been busy ever since receiving the congratulations of their many friends.

Capt. Estabrook who has retired from the command of the S. S. "Sticamous" has been succeeded by Capt. Kirby from the Slocan Lake service.

The annual meeting of the Kelowna Farmers' Institute is to be held Saturday afternoon in Raymers' small hall at 2 p.m.

The Annual General Meeting of the Kelowna Hospital Society will be held on Friday, January 22, at 2.30 p.m., in the Board of Trade rooms. It is hoped there will be a large attendance.

A meeting of the shareholders of the Kelowna Growers' Exchange is called for Wednesday, January 20th in the Board of Trade Rooms at 10 a.m. to discuss the general situation.

Services of the Methodist church on Sunday will be in charge of the pastor. The themes for discussion are: 11 a.m., "The Solution of the War Problem," and 7.38 p.m., "Does God get Angry?"

BIRTH

STEWART—On January 13th, to Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Stewart, of Okanagan Mission, a son.

REBEKAHS INSTAL OFFICERS

Wednesday evening January 13th Sister McCarthy installed the officers of Kelowna Rebekah Lodge No. 36.

At the conclusion of the installation ceremony Sister J. M. Johnston, Senior Past Noble Grand was presented by the officers and members with a handsome jewel. Complimentary remarks were made touching on her deep interest in the welfare of the lodge. Refreshments were the next and last important issue.

The following were the officers installed:

Sister Lena Wilson, P.N.G.; H. H. Millie, N.G.; H. Newby, V.G.; Ruth Elliott, R.S.N.G.; P. Harding, L.S.N.G.; Pearl Elliott, R.S.V.G.; Beatrice Wilson, L.S.V.G.; Edith Haug, Warden Ethel Harvey, conductor; Gertrude Sutherland, Rec. Secy.; Ethel McGee, Fin. Secy.; J. M. Johnston, Treas.; Sarah McMillan, Chaplain; Edith Glenn, Inside guardian; Bro. R. A. Johnston, Outside guardian; Sister Bell and Bro. W. Parker, organists; Sister Abercrombie, drill captain; Francis Duggan, R.S.S.; Mary Bissor, I.S.S.; Lily Evans, banner bearer; May Dalgleish, banner bearer; Lilly Patterson, banner bearer; H. G. Blair, banner bearer.

SEE

The Trey o' Hearts AT The Opera House Every Monday

The Greenhouses

RICHTER STREET

between the Presbyterian and English churches

Cut Flowers for the New Year

Carnations, \$1 per doz.
Chrysanthemums, 50c per doz.
Violets, 15c per doz. Stevia, 50c per doz.
Sweet Peas, 25c per doz.

Pot Plants for New Year Gifts

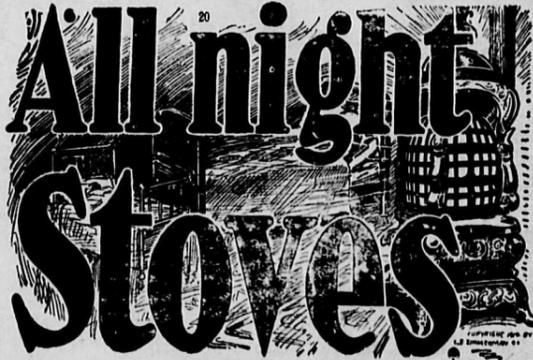
Primula, Cyclamen, Ferns, Palms, Arum Lilies

Flowering Bulbs Hyacinths, Daffodils &c.

Agents for Coldstream & B.C. Nurseries
Orders taken for shrubs and trees

Palmer & Rogerson

Phone 88 Box 117



Heating Stoves

Just a few left. Will sell them out at Cost to clean up. If you want a Heater, now is the time to buy

The Morrison-Thompson Hardware Company, Limited

Telephone 44

Ludlow's Meat Market



If you have never given us an order come and see us in our new store.

The Best Local Meat

Prompt delivery and good service.

See Our Windows this Week

Tailoring

R. Mathie, Pendozi Street, has a choice selection of Gents' Suits and Overcoats in latest styles

Sole agent for Semi-Ready Limited.

Stock offered at Special Sale Prices for December.

Besides the lowest cut prices a good fit is guaranteed. Call and inspect.

(Store opposite the Kelowna Furniture Co., Pendozi Street.)



"SMOKES" FOR BELGIAN FIGHTERS

Mrs. Gwynne, an English woman, believes that the soldier is a better fighter if he can get his tobacco regularly. She invaded the trenches in Belgium and distributed cigarettes to the Belgian troopers, who highly appreciated her thoughtfulness. The photo shows Mrs. Gwynne in a trench near Perwyse, handing a cigarette to a Belgian infantryman.

HARNNESS

Single and Double Driving and Work Harness

Large stock to select from

All Repair parts for same

This department is in charge of Mr. W. R. Birch, who will give you prompt and efficient service

TRUNKS
SUIT CASES
CLUB BAGS

FEED DEPARTMENT

Wheat Flat Oats Bran Shorts
Whole Oats Crushed Bone
Oyster Shell Beef Scraps

Wheat Flat Oats Bran Shorts
Whole Oats Crushed Bone
Oyster Shell Beef Scraps

FIVE ROSES FLOUR

W. R. Glenn & Son

Dealers in

Farm and Orchard Implements

Pendozi street & Lawrence Avenue - KELOWNA

PHONE 150

We Have Funds to Invest on First Mortgages

HEWETSON and MANTLE, Ltd.

GLENMORE FRUIT LANDS

Situated within one half mile of town, and being about 100 feet above the lake, it commands a beautiful view of the town, lake and surrounding country.

Ideal Fruit Soil. Abundance of Water. Close to Town and Market.

There is only one GLENMORE. Don't miss the opportunity of selecting a few acres of this desirable property.

The Central Okanagan Lands, Ltd.
KELOWNA, B.C.

IT'S ALL OVER!

The rush and bustle of Christmas and New Year Shopping. We offer here a few Cash Prices in staple groceries to stimulate trade

- | | |
|---|---|
| 2-lb. cream soda Biscuits 25c | New home-made preserves-Raspberries, Strawberries, Peaches, Plums &c., per quart sealer.. 35c |
| 2 cans Peas 25c | Wagstaff's Jams-Strawberry and Rasp., pail.. 90c |
| 2 cans Corn..... 25c | Good Cookg. Apples, box 50c |
| 3 cans String Beans 25c | Choice white mealy Potatoes, per sack..... \$1.25 |
| 2 3-lb. tins Tomatoes ... 25c | |
| Onions, Carrots, Turnips Beets and Parsnips 12 lbs. for 25c | |
| 2-lbs. Fresh Ginger Snaps 25c | |

It Pays to Buy for Cash at

D. D. CAMPBELL

Phone Three Oh!

Phone Three Oh!

For the Office End of the Business

When Office Supplies are needed there is but one action to take—come here for them.

We handle—

- Carbon Papers.
- Typewriter Paper.
- Stenographer's Note Books.
- Legal Blanks.
- Blank Books.
- Columnar Books.
- Loose Leaf Books.
- Inks.
- Mucilage.
- Paste.
- Etc., Etc., Etc.

P. B. Willits & Co.

DRUGGISTS AND STATIONERS

Phone 19 Kelowna, B.C.

Firewood

For Sale, Dry Poplar Wood

\$2 per rick

delivered in five rick lots.

Orders may be left at the Record Office.

Dr. MATHISON

Dentist

KELOWNA :: B.C.

High-Class Tailoring

Now is the time to think about your Fall and Winter Suit or Overcoat.

We are Practical Tailors

with high-class old country Bond Street experience, and can satisfy the most fastidious. Suits to your own measure at little more than "ready-made" cost. NEW PATTERNS JUST IN.

DYEING, CLEANING, PRESSING AND REPAIRING

"MY VALET"

J. E. THURSELL, Prop. Opposite Board of Trade Office, Kelowna

J. A. BIGGER

BUILDER AND CONTRACTOR

Estimates Furnished for all classes of work

KELOWNA-WEST BANK STEAM FERRY

Leaves Kelowna 9 a.m., 3.30 p.m. Leaves Westbank 9.30 a.m., 4 p.m.

Extra Service on Wednesdays & Saturdays

Leaves Kelowna 11 a.m. Leaves Westbank 11.30 a.m.

TERMS CASH

JAMES I. CAMPBELL

Phone No. 106

THEOSOPHICAL SOCIETY "KELOWNA LODGE"

Meetings every Tuesday evening, at 8 p.m., at the residence of S. M. Gore, Patterson St. Public invited. Lending library.

W. B. PEASE, President S. M. GORE, Sec. P.O. Box 362

Bowling

The second half of the Dreamland League schedule opened on Monday night and by the scores made so far this week there will be some nice averages at the end of the schedule, as the boys seem to have settled down to business and the final standing will no doubt present a somewhat changed appearance at the close.

There are only six teams in the race this time as many of the players of the last league have left the city, and the Mission team have been unable to get five men who can spare the time. The players have again been pretty evenly divided and the race will probably present just as close and exciting a race for premier honors as did the first one.

Following are the games this week: The Shamrocks appeared in splendid form on Monday night for the opening game in the new league and won three straight from the Bears as follows:

SHAMROCKS		
Kennedy	147	116 135-396
McLennan	139	129 132-393
Hedges	203	192 176-571
Croates	299	161 143-543
Pettigrew	136	155 158-449
Totals	877	763 744-2364

BEARS		
Dowsley	124	166 157-447
Loney	103	105 135-343
Willits	143	140 166-449
Harvey	116	126 122-364
Hallauer	119	140 141-400
Totals	605	677 721-2003

The Pastimes took the odd game from the Bears on Tuesday night. The scores were as follows:

BEAVERS		
Shiedel	187	183 132-472
McMillan	142	162 130-434
McKay	120	129 165-414
Kerr	132	154 118-443
O'Neil	145	153 138-441
Totals	695	786 723-2204

PASTIMES		
Soreby	125	143 150-418
Gibb	144	175 174-493
Mills	120	105 115-340
McCubbin	175	140 126-441
Purdy	190	172 168-530
Totals	754	785 733-2222

Last night's games resulted in a 2 to 1 win for the Shiners. The scores being as follows:

DREAMLANDS		
J. McMillan	124	105 132-367
A. Johnson	159	186 140-485
T. Treadgold	116	136 104-356
Parker	130	111 127-368
H. Treadgold	191	186 134-511
Totals	720	724 613-2087

SHINERS		
Marquett	123	135 100-367
B. Treadgold	117	157 132-412
Trench	101	80 105-286
Panton	190	142 161-493
Rossi	190	170 203-568
Totals	721	684 721-2126

LEAGUE STANDING

	P	W	L	Pct.
Shamrocks	3	3	0	1.000
Shiners	3	2	1	.666
Pastimes	3	2	1	.666
Dreamlands	3	1	2	.333
Beavers	3	1	2	.333
Bears	3	0	3	.000

KELOWNA VS VERNON

Traveling by auto last Thursday afternoon the bowling team representing Kelowna against Vernon played the first half of the ten game series in the northern town, and while the scores below do not appear to be quite up to what was expected of the Kelowna bowlers there is reason to feel content with the showing made.

It is the first time that the bowlers representing the city have bowled on strange alleys and in strange surroundings, before a strange crowd, and a careful glance at the scores below will tell the story for themselves. The Kelowna bowlers were unable to locate the alleys properly, perhaps due to the tiring ride, and perhaps due to feeling a certain strangeness. However when toward the finish after Vernon had piled up a lead of 166 pins at the end of the third game and nearly 200 pins to about the middle of the fourth, the Kelowna boys gradually began to find themselves and gradually pulled down the lead until at the end of the fifth game they were only 12 pins behind.

Considering the fact that Vernon was playing at home and encouraged by a good sized crowd who were on hand to witness the contests, giving them every advantage the 12 pin lead secured by them is very small and the local bowlers should easily overtake them in the return games which are to be played here tonight.

The series is for ten games, total pins to count, and the winners can easily lay claim to the championship of the valley. All interested in the bowling game should turn out to encourage the local boys along as there is no doubt a hard game will result and the local boys will have to shoot hard to win.

The trip was not as tedious as was expected, the roads were in a fair condition and good time was made. Following are the scores rolled at Vernon:

Work of Farmers' Institutes

The following letter has been sent by the Deputy Minister of Agriculture to the secretaries of Farmers' Institutes throughout the province:

Dear Sir,—I would like to take this opportunity, at the conclusion of the year 1914, of wishing you and the members of your Institute a Happy and Prosperous New Year, and at the same time to express my appreciation of the efforts of your President, Directors and yourself, towards furthering the interests of your Institute. The cordial relations which have existed between Institute directors and this department are a source of gratification to me, and much appreciated.

In reviewing Institute work for the past year I note with satisfaction the growth of your Farmers' Institute movement. Many new Institutes have been incorporated under the Agricultural Associations Act and material increase is shown by most institutes.

That an Institute, in any district where there is a community of those making their living off the land, can be made an institution of great practical use and service to the farmer, is obvious, provided it receives the wholehearted support of the people, and at the same time has efficient management.

Back up, and be loyal to your Institute, therefore, and see that there is no farmer in your district who is not a member. Remember that in unity there is strength, and that a body of men united together for a common purpose, can often accomplish that which an individual cannot.

Reduce the cost of production by co-operative buying. A ton of wheat can be bought at a lower price than twenty sacks individually. Be businesslike. Those to whom you sell your produce work along co-operative lines. For your own protection, you must do likewise. You are all interested in land clearing. Buy your powder therefore, co-operatively, through the department, and take advantage of our specially arranged institute price of \$5.00 per case and reduced freight rate.

The crop competitions which have been conducted under the auspices of the Farmers' Institute have been most successful during the past year, there having been 567 competitors as against 305 last year. It is proposed to further extend the work this year. Let your institute get as many entries as possible. By means of these crop competitions, the spirit of friendly rivalry is encouraged, which naturally leads to improvement of methods and thereby increases crop production.

The success which has also attended the Boys' and Girls' competitions conducted by the department under the auspices of Farmers' Institutes, has surpassed my best expectations, there being no less than 193 competitors. Great interest was shown by the boys and girls, and some very good results were obtained. It is our intention to further feature and extend the scope of this work next year, and I trust that all-institutes will send in as many entries as possible.

Short courses in horticultural and live stock matters will be held in connection with the institutes where sufficient attendance is guaranteed. Pruning and fruit packing schools will also be held wherever practicable. The department proposes to feature demonstration work as much as possible this year, believing that this kind of work is of much more practical value than evening lectures.

The past year has been one of trial to all, and the farmer has also had to suffer. Prices for fruits and vegetables have been most discouraging, and in many cases disastrous, but grains and meats have been, on the whole, satisfactory.

The farmer who practises mixed farming has undoubtedly had the best results this year, and the experience of the last few years has proved the wisdom of mixed farming. I would particularly wish to call the attention of those who are devoting their energies to fruit growing to the advisability of whenever possible, also keeping some stock on their places. A cow or two, some pigs, a flock of poultry, are indeed a material help to the fruit grower in a year of bad prices, such as we have just witnessed.

Though we have on the whole had unsatisfactory results the past year, do not let us be discouraged. Better times will come again. What we have to study is how, by practicing the strictest economy in production, we produce the best article at the lowest price, and how, after having produced such an article, we can by the adoption of businesslike principles and by co-operative action, market it to the best advantage.

We are indeed living in troublous times. The nations of Europe are engaged in a titanic struggle for mastery—a struggle which can only have one ending, and that the triumph of justice, honor and right. In spite of these conditions, however the outlook for the farmer is good. The devastations of Europe means the curtailment in those countries affected by the war, of all foodstuffs, a deficiency which must be made good by the other countries in the world. It is our duty therefore, as citizens of the British

KELOWNA		
O'Neil	135	144 177 176 192-824
Rossi	155	126 143 152 139-718
Pettigrew	157	138 145 156 149-745
Treadgold	159	100 138 145 169-711
Purdy	139	148 182 151 189-759
Totals	745	659 785 760 838-3757

VERNON		
Hayward	133	167 158 145 110-713
Booth	167	150 145 183 148-802
Webb	171	119 140 178 170-773
Castner	151	163 157 128 107-706
Holden	126	163 176 167 153-785
Totals	748	771 776 796 688-3769

Irrigation Farming

Comparative Results of Dry Land and Irrigation Farming.

Interesting figures showing comparative results of dry land and irrigation farming have been made public by the Dominion Experimental Farm at Lethbridge. Experiments extended over a period of seven years are very conclusive in their evidence of the increased returns made possible by irrigation, as the following table will indicate:

Year.	Wheat (Red Fife)	
	Non Irrigated	Irrigated
1908	34	34
1909	29	37
1910	15	29
1911	—	hauled—
1912	31	63
1913	27	45
1914	20	67
Average	26	46

Year.	Oats (Banner)	
	Non Irrigated	Irrigated
1908	90	88
1909	56	77
1910	21	68
1911	—	hauled—
1912	77	145
1913	73	125
1914	49	113
Average	59	101

Year.	Barley (Claude)	
	Non Irrigated	Irrigated
1908	55	60
1909	41	64
1910	12	42
1911	—	hauled—
1912	29	81
1913	40	94
1914	30	97
Average	34	73

Year.	Potatoes (Irish Cobbler)	
	Non Irrigated	Irrigated
1908	92	235
1909	159	605
1910	103	531
1911	356	500
1912	296	501
1913	229	528
1914	400	495
Average	233	492

These figures show that for the period of seven years, wheat, under irrigation yielded an average of 20 bushels per acre more than under dry farming; oats 39 bushels more; barley 39 bushels more and potatoes 259 bushels more. It should also be noted that under irrigation very successful crops of alfalfa were grown, which not only were very profitable in themselves, but maintained and increased the fertility of the soil. As summer fallow is unnecessary where an alfalfa rotation can be established the farmer's land is producing a crop every year under irrigation as against every second year under dry farming practice.

WHY WE HANG UP STOCKINGS

The custom of hanging up the stocking on Christmas eve arose from an incident in the life of the good St. Nicholas. One day, when he was overtaken by a severe storm he took refuge in a convent, and the next day being Christmas he preached a sermon to the nuns which they liked so much that they asked him to come next year and preach to them again. On his second visit, which was also on a Christmas eve, before going to bed he asked each one of the nuns to lend him a stocking, and he filled the stockings with sugar plums in return for their hospitality.

Empire, for each of us to increase his production, grow more grain, keep more and better stock, so that we may help to surmount the deficiency, and feed the millions in the mother country and in the lands of our Allies, and thus do our share towards the defence of the British Empire.

Those also can serve who stay at home and work, and this is how those of us who, for one cause or another, cannot have the privilege of serving our country at the front, can help out in another way.

It is a matter of deep regret to me, as your superintendent, that, owing to the necessity for rigid economy in the expenditure of provincial funds, it was found necessary to cancel the Annual Convention of Farmers' Institutes and I sincerely trust that next year we may meet again as usual, under happier auspices, with the war satisfactorily ended, and with a lasting peace assured.

My best wishes to all the members of your institute, and may the year 1915 have all good in store for the farmers of our province.

W. E. SCOTT, Deputy Minister of Agriculture.

J. M. CROFT Bootmaker.

All kinds of Repairs

BERNARD AVENUE, KELOWNA.

STRIKING VALUES in Winter Apparel

To clear the balance of all Winter Goods before our New Spring Goods arrive we are offering goods at ridiculous low prices, and all suitable for Present Wear.

BARGAINS FOR MEN

- Men's Overshoes, reg. \$2.50, at.....\$1.50
- Men's blizzard Rubbers, cloth top, reg. \$1.50.....\$1.15
- Men's Rubbers, in large size, reg. \$1, for.....50c
- Men's High-cut Boots, reg. \$5.50 and \$6, for.....\$3.95
- Men's good Work Boot, reg. \$4, for.....\$2.75
- Men's box calf and vici kid boot, reg. \$6.50 ...\$4.50

Large shipments will be arriving daily after a few weeks to be sold at cash prices to please everyone.

You will find astonishing values and bargains in every department. As we buy and sell for cash We Sell For Less.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Furnishings, Boots and Shoes

Very Special for this week:

Men's \$3.50 Hockey Boots, to clear, for

\$2.25

Just In

Some Ladies' and children's Coats Travellers' Samples

One-Third off price

Buy for CASH and thus save your money

Raes' Store

Bargains for the whole Family

L. RICHMOND - Mngr.

WANTED!

Prepaid Rates: 2 cents per word first insertion and 1 cent per word for each subsequent insertion. No ad., inserted for less than 25 cents.

All classified advertisements must be paid for in advance owing to the cost attending the booking and charging of small items.

Copy may be received for these ads up to 10 a.m., Thursday morning.

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.—Dry, green-cut fir, per rick \$2.00, \$5.25 per cord. Apply A. L. McKillican. 8'p

FOR SALE. Lefevre estate. Now is your chance for a good improved ranch, the best buy in the Okanagan. One hundred and forty-three acres, all fenced, a fine creek runs through the property, best of land, with its own irrigation system, in the heart of the Orchard district, on the main road, only three miles from Kelowna mail delivered at door every day. Must be sold to wind up estate. Address P.O. Box 157, Kelowna, B.C.

SITUATIONS WANTED

Wanted.—Italian family man and wife with three children all able to work, wants position on a farm or ranch. Apply P. O. Box 654, Kelowna. 6-9

WANTED.—Position to take charge of farm or ranch. Apply W. S. Morris, P.O. Box 406, Kelowna. 8'f.

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED.—Organist and Choirmaster for St. Michael and All Angels' Church, Kelowna. Knowledge of Anglican music essential. Apply to Rev. T. Greene, Rector, Kelowna. 5-7

MISCELLANEOUS

STRAYED.—Bay mare, two black front feet, white on front of hind feet, white forehead and white spot on nose, blotch brand on left shoulder. This mare wintered at my ranch last year and is again with my hand. Owner can have same by proving ownership and paying expenses. Thos. Bulman, Cloverdale Ranch, phone 306. 8-11

NOTICE

Anyone found cutting up sawlogs along the lake shore will be prosecuted. O. K. LUMBER CO., LTD. Kelowna, B.C. 5-8

SPIRELLA CORSETS

Mrs. J. H. Davies will be at Mr. Mathie's (over tailor shop, Pender street between the hours of 1.30 and 6 p.m., Saturday of each week to meet ladies wishing to order corsets. P. O. Box 626, Kelowna. 20'f.

LINOLEUM'S STORY

Do you know that the linoleum you walk over each day represents products from all the continents? We will begin with cork, which very largely comes from North America. Here the bark is stripped from the trunk and larger branches of the cork tree when they attain the age of 25 years. The cork is conveyed from the forest to the nearest boiling station to be boiled in huge vats until the rough woody part can be scraped off and the cork rendered pliable. It is next shipped to Spain, and trimmed there into a dozen grades or more, rebaled and sent to linoleum factories. Linseed oil, from which linoleum derives its name, is obtained from flax seed largely grown in Russia and the Argentine. The flax is similarly thrashed to wheat when the crop is ripe. The seed is sent to an oil-crushing centre, cleaned, and the oil extracted by means of crushing the seed between corrugated steel rollers. Then it is filtered, tanked and sent to the linoleum factories. Burlap, which acts as a cohesive for linoleum, is derived from jute, in India. Packed in bales, it is shipped to Dundee, Scotland, to be further treated into burlap, and then to the factories for the purpose of backing the linoleum. Australia is one of the countries which supply pigments for the coloring of linoleum.

Kelowna Boys Bowl Over Vernon in Tournament Final

Owing to the lateness of this issue on account of the election we are able to give below a detailed report of the "disaster" which befel the Vernon Bowling team when they ran into the local ten-pin artists last night on the home alleys. The game started at 7.30 sharp, and at the start the Vernonites looked as though they would give the locals a hard game, but the consistency and accuracy with which the locals upset the pins soon began to tell on the visitors who fell behind and were never dangerous. The 12 pin lead held by the Vernon team as a result of last week's games in the northern city was soon picked up and at the end of the first game the locals had a clear lead of 130 pins, having won the first game by 112 pins. The second game was captured by 257, the third by 189, the fourth by 128 and the last game by 123, so the lead held by the locals at the finish was 839 pins. Deducting the 12 gained by the visitors on their home alleys the locals have a clear lead of 927 pins. A large crowd was on hand to see the contest, among them being a good number of ladies who visited the alleys for the first time, and expressed themselves much pleased with the fine clean sport which they knew so little about before. The Vernon bowlers rolled a very consistent game, as will be shown by the scores below, but the way the local players smashed the timber around was indeed good to see and each man

played well. Treadgold ran away with the high average for the five game while Purdy got away with high score. Walker rolled the best games for the visitors and piled up a total of 816 pins. The Vernon players arrived by car about five o'clock and left immediately after the games for home. Arrangements are being made whereby another series of games will be played in the near future and there is little doubt that when the Vernon boys get going right the locals will not have as easy a time as they did last night. Following are the scores of the games last night:

VERNON					
Hayward	188	121	126	128	169-732
Booth	95	144	133	128	134-634
Muller	143	126	128	129	131-657
Walker	138	161	166	190	161-616
Webb	138	142	161	127	144-712
Totals	702	694	714	702	739-3551
KELOWNA					
O'Neil	167	182	142	143	184-818
Rossi	157	172	204	172	190-895
Pettigrew	151	188	186	156	190-877
Treadgold	204	174	204	165	157-804
Purdy	165	235	167	194	135-896
Totals	844	951	903	830	862-4390

Dr. MATHISON
Dentist
KELOWNA :: B.C.



This product has won world-wide fame, and the adoption of the following four words for the standard of excellence:

**Honor
Quality
Strength
Service**

and a strict obedience to this standard has made the HUNT BROS. COMPANY a name to conjure with in canned fruits

Our Cash Special Price on Hunt's Supreme Quality Canned Fruits, is

3 Cans for \$1

The regular price is 40c per can

**The
McKenzie Co., Ltd.**

"Quality and Service," our Motto

We have what you want in

LUMBER

Common and Finish

Doors Windows Shingles

Prices right Delivery prompt
atisfaction guaranteed

Kelowna Saw-Mill Company, Limited

D. LLOYD-JONES

Managing-Director

In spite of the thaw we are Still Running and doing better work than ever at

PENTICTON STEAM LAUNDRY

We therefore trust that our old customers will continue to patronize our new agency

—AT—

The Smokers' Store

J. B. WHITEHEAD - Prop.
Next to the Post-Office

DRAINAGE AND DYKING ACT

Rutland Drainage District.

Notice is hereby given that a Court of Revision will be held at the Rutland public school, Rutland, B. C., at the hour of 1 p.m., on the 18th day of December, 1914, for the Revision of the Rutland Drainage District Assessment Roll.

(Sgd.) Allan C. Loosemore.
Ira E. Clever
Willis T. Schell.
Commissioners.
14th November, 1914 52-5

**Its EGGS That Pay Now
And the "Barron" Strain Produces 'em**

White Wyandottes & Buff Orpingtons

I have a few Cockerels of the above breeds for stock birds. They are direct from the celebrated Barron strain, of Lancashire, England, and are of good egg-laying type I will take a reasonable price for CASH

Also Timothy and Clover Hay for Sale

A. W. COOKE -- -- **Benvoulin**
P.O. Box 663, Kelowna

*Cut your Grocery Bill, and
swell your Bank Account by
buying at Cut Prices, from*

Edward's Cash Grocery

Opposite the Post Office

If you have not received our Grocery Bulletin for month of January, call in at the store and procure same.

Flour is Advancing, but we are still selling Purity Three Star Flour (an excellent bread maker), 98 lbs. for \$3.50

We guarantee attention and satisfaction to all customers. Phone your orders to 39 and they will receive our prompt attention

W. M. EDWARDS

Bona Fide January Clearance Sale

FOR some years past we have considered it good business to have TWO Sales each year: Midsummer to clean up Ladies' Ready-to-Wear, &c., and any merchandise which would be out of style if kept over; JANUARY, our Regular Clearance Sale, of all Heavy Winter Goods, and so make ready for our new Spring Goods which commence arriving in January. We have never put on a sale of any better merchandise than we are now doing, and never at such reductions. Every article in the store is cut good and deep for only Two Weeks, from January 2nd, to January 16th, both days inclusive.

Men's Suits and Overcoats

\$25.00 values for	\$19.00
\$22.50 values for	\$17.00
\$20.00 values for	\$15.00
\$16.50 values for	\$12.50
\$13.50 values for	\$10.20

Men's Hats & Caps

\$5.00 values for	\$3.75
\$4.50 values for	\$3.40
\$3.00 values for	\$2.25
\$1.75 values for	\$1.35
\$1.00 values for	75c.
75c. values for	60c.

Boys' Suits and Overcoats

\$15.00 values for	\$11.25
\$12.00 values for	\$9.00
\$10.00 values for	\$7.50
\$7.50 values for	\$5.70
\$6.50 values for	\$4.90
\$5.00 values for	\$3.75
\$4.50 values for	\$3.40

Boys' Underwear

\$2.50 suits reduced to	\$1.90
\$2.00 suits reduced to	\$1.50
\$1.50 suits reduced to	\$1.15
\$1.30 suits reduced to	\$1.00

Bedding, &c.

Pure Wool Blankets and Lovely

Eiderdowns

Eiderdowns, \$20.00 values for	\$15.00
" " " " " "	11.25
" " " " " "	7.50
" " " " " "	5.70
" " " " " "	4.90
" " " " " "	3.75

EXTRA

Extra Specials

These will be displayed on tables: Remnants, Gloves, Linens, Neckwear, Boots and Shoes, Hosiery, Underwear specials, Sweaters and anything that may come forward during our taking of inventory.

Furs Specially Priced

We have some lovely small neck pieces and large Muffs at great discount. \$100.00 sets of Grey Mole \$70.00 \$30.00 sets of Marmot \$22.50 \$20.00 sets of Marmot \$15.00 \$15.00 sets of Marmot \$11.25

Womens Evening Gowns and Street Silks

\$40.00 Creations for	\$30.00
\$35.00 " " " " " "	27.00
\$30.00 " " " " " "	22.50
\$25.00 " " " " " "	19.00
\$20.00 " " " " " "	15.00
\$16.50 " " " " " "	12.50
\$15.00 " " " " " "	11.25

Every one in proportion

Women's and Children's Underwear

\$4.00 Suits and Combinations	\$3.00
\$3.50 " " " "	2.65
\$3.00 " " " "	2.25
\$2.00 " " " "	1.50
\$1.50 " " " "	1.15
\$1.25 " " " "	.95
\$1.00 " " " "	.75
\$.75 " " " "	.60
\$.65 " " " "	.45

Staples, Dress Goods, Silks, Satins

and House Furnishings

36-inch Silks \$1.25 values at ... 95c.
36-inch Silks, \$1.50 values at ... \$1.15
Serges, navy and black \$2.50 at \$1.90
Serges, navy and black \$3.00 at \$1.50
Serges, navy, and black, \$1.50 at \$1.15
Tweeds, 75c. values for 60c.
Tweeds, 65c. values for 45c.

Thomas Lawson, Limited