Be Loyal To Your Own Community

Kelowna Record

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Provincial Commission to Care for Returned Soldiers

Will Make Every Effort to Provide Situations

The provincial organization which was formed some time ago to cope with the problem of taking care of soldiers returning from the war, either by assisting such as are able bodied in finding employment or providing hospital care and accommodation for the sick and disabled, is moving actively toward the building up of an efficient working system. Committees have been formed in most centres of any importance, and these are charged with the duty of seeing that no case is overlooked or neglected.

It is the intention of the commission that returning men shall be directed to make application for employment, training, or whatever assistance they may need to the local committee nearest their homes. Should the local committee be unable to find employment or furnish adequate assistance, the central office is at once communicated with.

For the purpose of facilitating the work of the commission a classification is made into (1) able-bodied men, for whom employment will be found if possible, (2) convalescents, for whom accommodation will be found at the Convalescent Home, under the jurisdiction of the military medical department, (3) permanently disabled men, who are unable to follow their former occupation and who will be given some technical training to fit them for a new occupation, and (4) incurable invalids, who will be provided with hospital accommodation by the Military Hospital committee.

The local committee for Kelowna consists of the Mayor and Messrs. L. E. Taylor, P. Dumoulin, G. Meikle, M. Hereron and W. G. Benson, and all applications from returned soldiers in this district should first be made to them.

Farmers' Institutes of B. C. to Meet at Victoria

The annual convention of the Farmers' Institutes of British Columbia will be held in Victoria from Wednesday to Friday, March 8th to 10th. A large number of resolutions have been submitted by the various institutes throughout the province, and the merits of each will be discussed in detail. This convention will confine itself to business matters principally. Prof. Wesbrook, of the B. C. University and Dean Klinck, Dean of Agriculture of the same institution, will address the delegates, as well as a number of other men prominently identified with the agricultural interests of the province. Amongst the latter will be Prof. W. T. McDonald, Provincial Live Stock Commissioner, and H. O. English, Soil and Crop Instructor. Premier Bowser and Hon. A. C. Flumerfelt, Minister of Finance and Agriculture, will be accorded a prominent place on the program.

Increased Duty on Apples

The new increase of duty from 40 to 90 cents per barrel on apples is probably one of the most important moves which have been made in connection with the apple business for a long time past, and in this section of the country, where the increased protection thus afforded means so much, the announcement has been received with much satisfaction. It is the opinion of practically all experienced fruit men that it will have the most far-reaching effect in putting the valley fruit business on a sound basis. In fact as one shipper put it, "It is like handing the grower's a cheque for thousands of dollars every year."

A commission consisting of Messrs. W. C. Ricardo, president of the B. C. Fruitgrowers' Association, R. M. Palmer, and R. M. Winslow recently formed a deputation to Ottawa to urge the case of the B. C. Fruitgrower, and with such success as that the increase mentioned has been announced by the Finance Minister, Sir Thomas White.

Reclaiming Lands Spoilt By Seepage

Drainage Act Must Be Redrafted to Extend Assessment

The question of damage which is being caused by seepage water in irrigated districts, and the advisability of being able to assess the cost of the drainage work rendered necessary by such seepage, against the owners of land causing the damage as well as those actually benefitted by the drainage was the subject of further discussion at the Board of Trade meeting Tuesday night.

That this waterlogging of formerly good lands was becoming a serious question was made clear by the statement that in many places around Kelowna since irrigation systems had been installed the water table had risen as much as twelve or fourteen feet. Lakes had been formed in Rutland which were gradually encroaching upon surrounding land, and although a scheme has been started there to drain the water away it is at present held up because of the lack of provision in the Drainage Act for taxing anyone except those whose lands will be benefitted, leaving out of account those on the higher levels who have caused the damage.

Mr. C. Groves reported on behalf of the special committee appointed to enquire into the matter that the whole Drainage Act needed redrafting as it was not applicable to the case at all. It had originally been passed to meet the needs of farmers along the Fraser river. Mr. Groves thought there would be no difficulty in getting the government to act if the matter was brought before their notice in the right way.

It was left with the new committee to draft a new Act dealing with the question.

The question of appointing a joint secretary along with other associations in town was also discussed at considerable length, but no definite decision was arrived at.

The advisability of taking some action to prevent the dumping of fruit into Canada below cost of production was also discussed.

County Court Sessions

Judge Swanson has been in town during the past two days holding sessions of the County Court in the Board of Trade room. The principal case for hearing is one in which some Hindoos are suing W. H. Stonehouse, a rancher, near Kelowna, for money under a crop sharing contract. Defendant's defence is that the Hindoos failed to carry out their part of the bargain and has also put in a contra claim for damages alleged to be due to such failure. The case was not finished as we go to press. Mr. R. B. Kerr is acting on behalf of Mr. Stonehouse, while Mr. E. C. Weddell has charge of the case for the Hindoos.

Farmers' Banquet Tonight

The first annual Farmer's Banquet which is to be held in Morrison's Hall promises to be a great success. Tickets have sold well and it is anticipated that the hall will be well filled.

The speakers will include Judge Swanson, Mr. Price Ellison and Messrs McDonald, Moore and English, of the Department of Agriculture. An excellent program of music has been arranged.

UNSTAMPED CHEQUE

J. F. Newsome is the first man in Toronto to be fined for failing to put a war tax stamp on a cheque. Newsome sent a cheque to a man in payment for some work, but according to the payee, it was not for the correct amount. The cheque came into the hands of the Crown authorities, and Newsome was summoned. He was fined $10 and costs, or 30 days, although he claimed it was an oversight that he had not put the stamp on. The Sterling Bank, which accepted the cheque without a war tax stamp, is to be summoned to the court to give reason for so doing.

Third Annual Meeting of Kelowna Growers' Exchange

More Optimistic Tone Pervades Deliberations—Charges to Growers Show Big Reduction—Unanimous Vote of Confidence in Manager Jackson

That the Kelowna Growers' Exchange and the Central organization, the Okanagan United Growers' are at last settling down to business, and that a better tone pervades the members was the impression which might have been gathered by an outsider at the annual meeting of the local Exchange held last Friday in the Opera House. The meeting certainly lacked the boisterous features of previous years. Business was transacted expeditiously and even the discussions passed off in a smooth and orderly way. A visitor from Vernon was Manager Jackson, of the central selling organization, with whom many Kelowna people were making acquaintance for the first time. It is safe to say that the impression created was decidedly a favorable one. One misses of course the persuasive eloquence and fighting qualities which distinguished the former manager. Instead Mr. Jackson gives a sense of quiet energy and business acumen, which leads to the belief that if it is possible at all success and efficiency will come to the Okanagan United Growers.

The meeting commenced at 10 in the morning, the chair being taken by the president, Mr. H. Francis, who like many others in the room was in the uniform of His Majesty's forces.

The first business was to deal with the report and balance sheet for the year, copies of which were in the hands of the members.

Director's Report

In presenting this, the third annual report, the directors believed all would agree that the year just finished had been one of great success to all concerned.

Conditions had been far from favorable to the smooth working of any business and many concerns in all parts of Canada had had a hard struggle for existence.

In view of these facts they were of opinion that the balance sheet and reports made a very satisfactory showing.

The amount of fruit and produce handled, notwithstanding smaller crop yields, showed an increase over last year and on the whole fair prices were obtained. Expenses showed a very healthy decrease and of course, these were the two salient points at which they must direct their best efforts at all times.

The number of supporting members was greater in the year just passed than at any time since the exchange began operations, and as a consequence the directors, with the very able and wholehearted support of the manager and his staff, had been enabled to make good their promise of a reduction on packing charges, which were now as low as 32½ cents per box on No. 1 apples and pears and a corresponding reduction had been made on all other lines where possible.

When the exchange first started in business in 1913 the charges for No. 1 apples were 40 cents per box; this was reduced to 35 cents in 1914 and today stood at 32½ cents.

It was interesting to note that on a turnover of, for example, 100,000 boxes, this represented a direct saving to the members of $7,500, and with the loyal support of the members there was no reason why they could not look forward to the day when they could reduce this to a flat charge of 30 cents per box and possibly less.

This: the statement pointed out would put them in a very strong position, and if all worked together they could attain that position.

The members would be pleased to know that steps were now being taken to arrange for a more simple form of "Accounts of Sales" to be rendered to the growers. The present form had been found to be too cumbersome and intricate and involved an extraordinary amount of clerical work in the office. The Central was also revising pooling arrangements, so that returns could be made much more promptly.

The information given by the Central during the past year about selling prices had not proved at all satisfactory, in fact, some growers found the information misleading. The directors of the Central had had their attention called to this important matter and had promised that during the coming year, more complete statements about selling prices and the rate at which our goods were moving would be afforded.

General business depression and a heavy increase in the local production of grain resulted in some decrease in flour and feed sales. A dividend at the rate of 3 per cent would be paid to members on the amount of their purchases of flour and feed during the year.

Detailed financial statements accompanied the report. The total revenue for the year from all sources had been $38,438.92. Of this $31,803.51 had been revenue from the sale of growers' fruit and produce and $2,365.12 profit on miscellaneous trading accounts. The net profit on the year's business had been $148.72.

In moving the adoption of the report Mr. C. G. Buck, a member of the executive said that the report before them was a very complete one, being the result of much work and forethought and was designed to cover all the points upon which they as growers could desire information. He felt that they could all congratulate themselves upon the excellent showing made.

The directors were told very plainly at the last annual meeting, he said, that they were expected to reduce expenses and handling charges, and bearing these points in mind, with the able assistance of the manager and his staff, they were in a position to come before the members at that meeting and say they had fulfilled their mandate.

It had not been very easy for they had had keen opposition to contend with, and he regretted to say that some of the opposition had come from their own members. This was both an unfortunate and short-sighted stand for the members to take, for, and he wished to impress this fact upon his hearers' the cooperative system of handling and marketing fruit and produce as was being done by the Exchange allied to the Central. Selling Agency, was yearly more and more the answer to the difficulties encountered in this respect in the past. He admitted that there was still much room for improvement, but they were all learning year by year, and they must surely all admit that much progress had been made in the year just passed. 1914 and 1915 were two difficult years in which to make much headway, for reasons with which they were all familiar, but despite these adverse circumstances they had gained ground in every way, except perhaps prices obtained. Heretofore they had not been able to make the price, but with the wholehearted support of all members, the day would come when they would be able to dictate to a large extent the prices at which produce should be sold. This matter of support and unity was of such vital interest to all that he could not bear too strongly upon the necessity of moral as well as material support to the organization, for in it, he firmly believed, lay their future success.

Dr. W. Wansborough Jones seconded the motion. He said that during the year the directors had had constantly in mind the instructions given to them by the members at the last annual meeting, and though they perhaps had not done everything that had been desired, yet he could truthfully say that they had at all times consistently tried.

The exchange, he continued had now been organized for three seasons and the time had gone by now for discussing any theories of cooperation. What they wanted now was results. Were they on the right track, and were they making progress? He believed that although they had not yet reached perfection, yet they were making very distinct progress.

During the year there had been a considerable increase in the number of contracting members, who now numbered about 200, a larger number than any other local union. The Kelowna exchange was also second in volume of business.

The volume of business of the Central had increased by 240 cars over the shipment of 1914. This represented a value of $650,000 as compared with $400,000 in 1914, an increase of 60 per cent.

A fact which showed that the local

(Continued on Page 2.)

Local Actors Will Stage Play Next Week

Proceeds Will Be Donated to Hospital and Patriotic Causes

A play to be staged on Tuesday and Wednesday of next week (Feb 29th and March 1st) under the auspices of the Red Cross, the Canadian Patriotic Fund and Kelowna Hospital committees.

* * *

Breathes there a man with soul so dead,
Who never to himself has said
'This is my own, my native land.'

* * *

There are not many of us here in Kelowna, who have not, some one or more of those nearest and nearest to us, at present striving in far-off Europe to uphold the great principle of 'right against might.' They have heard and answered the call of Belgium, the martyred nation, who, please God, shall rise again from her cross of suffering to a newer and larger national life.

An opportunity for us here in Kelowna to visualise something of the terrible happenings in that brave little country, before it was incorporated in the mighty German Empire, will be given next week, when a local company of patriotic citizens will present the powerful and soul-stirring drama entitled "For Belgium's Sake."

The intrinsic merit of the play is great. Its originality, though startling is true to life and founded on historic facts. Indeed the educational value of the piece should not be lost sight of.

We Okanaganites claim, as our heritage, warm red blood and high ideals of freedom and faith. No one, regardless of age or sex, can see this play and fail to be uplifted and instructed by it. The author has chosen Louvain, a city that was before the ruthless Hun passed by and left it but a heap of ashes, as a backbround for his character. One has only to see the Burgomaster, to listen to the lover—the great reformer to witness the charming simplicity of his children in contrast with the unscrupulous Parisienne or the refined brutality of the German Spy and his confederates to realize something of what we owe to the great British navy and allied troops which alone have preserved us from a similar and tragic fate. The two comic characters serve as a foil to the others and brighten the play by their brilliant repartee. In the end they hear their country's call and join the colors.

Finally, we can confidently recommend our readers who patronize one or other of the performances, and can assure them they will have full value for their money, quite apart from the consciousness that they will be contributing towards three most worthy objects.

Packing Schools to be Continued all Next Week

Notwithstanding the fact that there was some difficulty at first in making arrangements for a school to start in Kelowna, the packing idea has now "caught on," and it seems as though the instruction will have to be continued for some time in order to accommodate the many applicants. Classes are being held every day this week morning and afternoon in the "Exchange" building, the instructor being Mr. F. C. Loveday, Dominion Fruit inspector of Vancouver.

A pleasing feature is the large number of girls and women who are taking up what is likely to prove a pleasant and profitable occupation during the coming season, and they are especially invited to attend.

Next week another class is to be held in the afternoon and evening for the convenience of those, who cannot get there in the mornings. This new class will start Monday afternoon at 3.30 and Monday evening at 7 o'clock and will continue throughout the week. Application can be made to Mr. Loveday at the Exchange, or to Mr. Lionel Taylor of the Farmers' Institute.

Government Agricultural Department Members Enlist

Messrs. Rive, Newton, Foulkes and Robertson Join Forces

During the past fortnight four officials of the department of agriculture at Victoria have joined units preparatory to going overseas. The call of duty was too loud to be prolonged, with the result that now the 5th Canadian Garrison Artillery is four men stronger, by the addition of Messrs. Henry Rive, Wm. Newton, G. L. Foulkes, and W. H. Robertson, who have been connected with the department for some time. They are now in training at Work Point Barracks taking the course of instruction before leaving with a draft for duty in France.

Henry Rive, the popular chief dairy instructor, is known throughout the province as an expert in his line, and his advice is always sought by dairymen when any perplexing problem has to be met. He has been the secretary of the B. C. Dairyman's Association for five years, or since he joined the department. Mr. Rive came to Canada from the Jersey Islands where he was born. After spending some time in Ontario he attended the Ontario Agricultural College, and later made his way to British Columbia, stopping at a number of points on the prairie to gain an idea of the wonderful resources of the Dominion. His leaving for the front is a distinct loss to the dairy industry af the province, and the dairymen and his host of friends all wish him the best of luck and a safe journey in driving the Hun to Berlin.

Wm. Newton, who has been on the department for two years, is a graduate of Macdonald College, Quebec, where he completed his agricultural education, the practical side of which had been gained on his father's farm not a great distance from Montreal, the city of his birth. Mr. Newton has done not a little in helping the farmers of the province with their soil and crop troubles.

G. L. Foulkes, the well known tennis player, who has filled the difficult and at times laborious position of secretary of the horticultural branch, had the misfortune to be laid down with an attack of la grippe, just after joining the 5th, but his many friends will be glad to know that he has completely recovered. Mr. Foulkes has been on the department for the past five years, his previous work amongst the fruit growers of eastern Canada and British Columbia well fitting him for this position.

W. H. Robertson, the assistant horticulturalist who is so well liked by all the fruit growers on the lower mainland and Vancouver Island, is the fourth member to wear the uniform of the King during the past two weeks. "Bob" felt that that it was the duty of every man to "do his bit," and with the other men in the 5th, he too made that unit his choice. Robertson comes from Barrington Passage, Nova Scosia, where his folks still reside. He has spent a good many years among fruit growers, both in the maritime provinces and in Ontario, as well as in British Columbia, and his extensive knowledge of the work has stamped him as one of the best horticulturists in the country. His many experiments his timely suggestions and his thoroughness, have won for him that distinction. He too, is a graduate of the Ontario Agricultural College.

The department has lost four men, but the expeditionary forces have gained that many. When in the thick of the fight there will be no more spirited and determined fighters than Rive, Newton, Foulkes and Robertson.

BIRTHS

SNASHALL.—On February 12th, to Mr. and Mrs. H. Snashall, a daughter.

URQUHART.—To Mr, and Mrs. M. Urquhart on February 15th, a daughter.

COWAN.—On February 15th, to Mrs. and Lieut. Cowan, a son.

FROST.—On February 20th, to Mr. and Mrs. J. Frost, a daughter.

McGIBBON.— On February 12th, to Mr and Mrs. Alex McGibbon, East Kelowna, a son.

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JOHN LEATHLEY
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ADVERTISING RATES

LODGE NOTICES, PROFESSIONAL CARDS, ETC., 15 cents per column inch per week.

LAND AND TIMBER NOTICES—30 days, $5; 60 days $7.

WATER NOTICES—$9 for five insertions.

LEGAL ADVERTISING—First insertion, 12 cents per line; each subsequent insertion, 8 cents per line.

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DISPLAY ADVERTISEMENTS — Two inches and under, 50 cents per inch first insertion over two inches 40 cents per inch first insertion; 20 cents per inch each subsequent insertion.

All changes in contract advertisements must be in the hands of the printer by Tuesday evening to ensure publication in the next issue.

ANNUAL MEETING OF GROWERS' EXCHANGE

(Continued from Page 1.)

business had really been well managed was that it had only been found necessary to reserve $100 or .38 per cent for bad and doubtful debts.

Speaking of the progress made in marketing. Dr. Jones pointed out that while in 1914 a large proportion of the produce had been sold on consignment, during the past year only 7 per cent. of the produce had been so sold. He defined consignment broadly as shipping produce away to jobbers without having previously placed any price upon it. Of that 7 per cent mentioned twelve-seventeenths, although actually leaving Vernon without an agreed price, had had a price placed upon it before reaching the agent. So that strictly speaking only about 2 per cent., had been sold on consignment.

In accordance with the wishes of the members, continued the Doctor, a general attempt had been made to get the goods direct to the retail trade and about 13 per cent. of the produce had been sold in that way. It was only fair to point out, however, that this part of the business had shown the least profit. The stuff cost a good deal more to handle, and it was very difficult to make collections. Nevertheless, the directors had been trying to do what had been asked of them.

There had been a great deal of complaint last year about so much produce being sold through the brokers, and there certainly had been a great deal sold in that way. Practically all of the consigned fruit was handled by brokers. During the past year 69 per cent., of the produce had been disposed of directly from the Vernon office or by their own agents.

Coming to the cost of selling through the Central, the speaker pointed out that the total cost had been $58,000 or only 9 per cent in comparison with 12½ per cent in 1914. This meant a saving of 3½ per cent. which was a very considerable reduction. When it was remembered that all the world over 10 per cent. was considered a reasonable cost of selling, it could be seen that this was very good indeed. It was quite probable too that even this low cost could be reduced still further, by bringing into the Central a larger volume of business.

These facts, concluded Dr. Jones were very encouraging, and showed that they were indeed making progress. It was only by uniting and working together that success would ultimately be achieved.

A general discussion then followed in which many speakers took part.

Mr. J. Scott, who had recently returned from a visit to the prairie, pointed out that retailers there were selling No. 1 and No. 2 apples at the same price without any distinction. He said that when he tried to buy apples down there it seemed as if he were buying gold bricks, but when he got back again it was a different story. (laughter).

Mr. L. E. Taylor complained that he had been badly misled by the published selling price of some produce. He instanced peas, of which he had shipped a large quantity. From the information given him he had imagined these were selling for 8 cents per pound, but when his returns came in some months after he found that the price realized would not pay for picking. He wished to know why he had not been informed of the fact so as to stop shipping when the price fell.

It was admitted that in regard to certain lines of garden truck the system of distributing information from the Central office had not worked successfully.

A suggestion from Mr. Peter Casorso that a central distributing warehouse be opened in Calgary, led to a discussion on the possibility of cutting out the expense of middlemen by marketing direct.

Mr. J. E. Reekie said the matter had been gone into very carefully several times, and though he did not claim that such a policy might not be necessary some day, he did not think it could be done with success at the present time.

For one thing a large amount of capital would be required to embark upon such a scheme, and it was questionable even then if they could sell their own produce cheaper than what the wholesaler could do it for them. It was impossible to market a part of their produce in that way, as they could not sell to both wholesalers and retailers at the same time. If they sold to retailers the wholesale men men would be at once antagonized.

The motion to adopt the report and balance sheet as read was passed shortly before lunch and nominations were also received for the board of directors for the ensuing year.

Upon reassembling at 1 o'clock the balloting was at once proceeded with and the following were declared elected:

H. Mugford.	C. C. Prowse.
G. E. Reekie.	C. E. Weeks.
M. Hereron.	L. Dilworth.
G. L. Allen.	

Tribute to Late Fruit Inspector

A sympathetic reference was made by Mr. L. E. Taylor to the death of Mr. Thos. Cunningham, provincial fruit inspector. Mr. Cunningham, he said, had been the fruit grower's best friend and during his long residence in the province, had done all he could to further their interests. He moved the following resolution, which was unanimously passed by the meeting, all standing. "That this meeting of the Kelowna Growers' Exchange begs to express its hearty sympathy with Mrs. Cunningham and family in their bereavement, and to express their appreciation of the service rendered by the late Mr. Cunningham on behalf of the fruitgrowers of the province since the inception of the industry."

The New Duty on Fruit

Mayor Jones moved that a resolution be sent to the government expressing appreciation for their action in increasing the duty on fruit from 40 to 90 cents per barrel.

Mr. Jones said he did not think the growers had quite realized yet the great advantage to them of the change which had increased the duty on apples from 40 cents to 90 cents per barrel, or as we here shipped in boxes, from 13½ to 30 cents per box. This should have the effect of amply protecting the Okanagan fruit industry from the keen American competition from the south. He referred to the extensive nature of that competition, pointing out that fully a million dollars worth of apples were imported into Canada each year. The increased duty should enable the B. C. growers to capture the Vancouver market. Over a thousand cars were shipped each year into western Canada and 80 per cent of this was on consignment, shipped in such a way as to avoid the Dumping Act. The competition from the other side was growing rapidly in extent. In 1913 the United States had 48,000 acres in bearing fruit; in 1916 they have 130,000, and it was estimated that by 1920 they would have 208,000 acres of trees six years old and over. They were producing more than their own market could consume. In Canada we were not producing any more than we could handle and we wanted to conserve our market.

Mr. J. E. Reekie seconded the resolution. He said he thought it was quite in order to send such a resolution to the government. Such a measure had certainly not been placed upon the statute books without a great deal of serious thought and consideration. Whilst we as fruitgrowers wanted all the protection we could get, he thought the government must have had no lack of courage to pass such a measure in face of the probable opposition from the consumer. The fact that they had passed an act so beneficial to the fruitgrowers should encourage them to go forth with greater effort than ever. There was another serious matter which should be looked into and that was the question of the water supply. Steps should be taken to make this more secure, as the present conditions of the water companies constituted a serious danger to fruitgrowers.

This latter suggestion was embodied in a resolution passed later, and moved by Mr. T. Bulman, urging the government to take immediate steps to improve conditions of water supply.

Mr. Leigh of Rutland raised a discussion on the matter of guaranteeing to restore to his situation any employee leaving to enlist with the forces.

Whilst the principle of the resolution met with general approval this was considered a little too drastic, and a modified form was eventually passed. "That any employee of the Kelowna Growers' Exchange enlisting with the forces should be given preference on returning and applying for his job."

On the suggestion of Mr. J. Scott a resolution was passed "that the B. C. government be requested to urge upon the C.N.R., the immediate construction of the Kamloops-Kelowna branch railway."

Some discussion took place upon the remuneration of directors and executive. Last year a vote of $1,000 had been made, the directors to receive payment at the rate of $3 per meeting and the balance to be divided among the executive. It was suggested by Mr. R. A. Copeland that the payment of $3 a meeting was insufficient, but it was finally decided to vote the $1,000 as before and leave the apportioning of it to the board.

Manager Jackson

As this practically concluded the actual business of the meeting Mr. F. E. Jackson, the manager of the United Growers' was asked to address the members.

The 1915 season, he said had been one of many difficulties for the management of the Central.

The vegetable market was extremely unsatisfactory. The fruit market was always near the edge of a general consignment market. Financial conditions were precarious, and buyers who in previous years bought freely, in 1915 bought sparingly, and with extreme caution. Markets were easily overloaded and a large number of the dealers were uncertain friends as they were refusing to buy in the hope that they could force a free and general movement on a consignment basis. All shippers, Central included, were at times compelled to ship on open account.

He had no criticism to make regarding any of their competitors. In this business with frequent changes there were bound to be conflicts in prices, and except for the fact that their organization kept them better informed as to the general marketing conditions they were as likely to err as their competitors. They were on friendly terms with all shippers and felt that every effort should be put forward to enable everyone to obtain the best possible value for his shipments. They must realize that it was to their advantage to have their competitors sell their output advantageously. There never was any excuse for a co operative concern refusing to co-operate with its competitors.

It might not be out of place, continued Mr. Jackson, to warn growers that vegetable markets were exceedingly small and would not absorb large quantities of highly perishable vegetables at C.P.R. prices. The season of 1916 might be a good one for vegetables of the more staple kinds, but the consumer is not buying luxuries freely under present conditions and besides the population of our cities is decreasing.

Heretofore they have had Valley Pools. Valley pools were nicer for the Central and the manager. They prevented any accusation of unfairness but they also prevented them from shipping a grade as high as their competitors. A proper definition of a valley pool was "a scheme for drowning district individuality." It was the last scheme that Central should encourage. The climate, growing, grading and packing all offered opportunities for any district to attain points of advantage over other fruit of the same variety grown in other districts. Why drown them in a valley pool? They must recognize the fact that the fruit business was their principal reliance, and they must handle it better than they had done heretofore if they were to increase their volume. The locals furnished the volume so they must make it possible for them to meet competition at home.

Change in Pooling System

In 1916 valley pools would be discarded and district pools substituted therefore. Salmon Arm, Tappen, Enderby, and Armstrong would be one pooling district; Vernon another division, and Kelowna, Peachland, Summerland and Penticton the third district. This division grouped locals growing similar products and would raise the standard of their shipments as a whole. This change in pooling would increase work on their pooling books, but would on the whole mean quicker returns to the grower.

Mr. Jackson urged the necessity for careful handling of fruit at all stages. Careful handling means the elimination of many losses due to decay. It was not a matter of attention to one or a few details of the handling problems, but of exercising in all operations the utmost care consistent with commercial work. It necessitated

(Continued on Page 3.)

ROYAL YEAST
MAKES PERFECT BREAD

Random Remarks

By the "Chiel"

"A chiel's amang ye takin' notes,
And feth he'll print them."

It is a trite saying that one may as well be out of the world as out of the fashion. Of all the departments of life in which fashion imposes her tyranny, no where is it felt more perhaps than in the world of dress. Recently it was my fortune, good or bad, to be the only male person in a goodly company of young ladies. As I am no longer so young as I was, and being under the additional disadvantage of being married, I speedily found myself merely a listener to the conversation which, as was inevitable turned on that most important of subjects, dress. The following hints are the outcome of my attention to the talk of the ladies.

* *

Tunic and Bolero skirts are coming back again, and the Bolero style finished with box pleats and lace yokes will be much in favor. Jumpers and Basque skirts, with gathered sleeves will also be worn by the more daring. Kimona colored shoes with pannel stockings will also be much affected. The stockings may be either crushed strawberry, mouse grey or Belgian blue. I also gathered that a very popular blouse would be one with two-in-one collar, and that one great advantage of this style is, that the wearer can walk out mornings with low neck collar, and appear in the afternoon with high collar; thus aiding the urgently advocated economy movement. Should the foregoing remarks pass the censor and be acceptable to the ladies, I might be tempted to present some useful cooking recipes in the near future.

* *

Do you ever read the advertisements in your paper or magazine? It is worth while. In a publication which is strange to you they are a good index to its character. In your own familiar paper they are of distinct value to you, and in all cases a good deal of humor is to be found in the advertising section.

* *

When you read such sensational statements as "Pipps Popular Pills Prevent People Perishing," you may possibly just smile and continue to perish, but there are others, and they probably buy the pills, possibly even swallow them, with what results can only be left to the imagination. Again, on turning the pages of some of the monthlies you are confronted with the suggestion which sometimes amounts to a peremptory command to "Be a Lawyer," "Be a Detective," or a "Nurse" or a "Doctor," Of course, such a strong suggestion makes you decide to immediately become one or the other. Since you were a boy you have yearned to be a detective. You know you were just made to be one. You have read Conan Doyle and you would share in the thrills, the mysteries and things which fill the life of the sleuth, especially of the private brand. But, you consider, before you can realize all this you must send for the "Free Book" and "Today.". When the convenient season arrives for sending for the "book" your enthusiasm has oozed somewhat, and you are not now so sure if you are still just a born detective, or lawyer or nurse after all.

* *

This kind of thing is very funny. I suppose it brings business sometimes or such advertisements would not appear. There is another side to it however. There is the sober, convincing advertiser whose ads are to be found in any solid sedate newspaper in the country. They are specially worth reading. Those advertisers are offering to sell you goods which you are in daily need of. It is a sound, sure business proposition they make you.

* *

The moral of all this is obvious. When, like a good citizen you are carefully perusing your "Record", be sure and take in the advertising columns. They are full of good things and an attentive reading of them will pay you.

* *

If it is true that Austria is Hung(a)ry as well as Germany, what effect will that have on the duration of the war?

* *

Why does a noisy noise annoy an oyster? Because it is a selfish shellfish.

* *

His wife.—Have you had a bad day dear?

The Financier.— Yes. I lost over £50,000. And the worst of it is that nearly £20 of that was my own money.

Renew for the Record

KELOWNA OPERA HOUSE

PICTURES

Tuesday, Thursday & Saturday

Evenings 7.30 and 8.45

MATINEE SATURDAY AFTERNOON AT 3.30

Best Film Service — Attractive Features

You need this book

Sent FREE to any address

160 pages of valuable building information—52 useful plans—complete details on how to make improvements on the farm that are fire-proof, weather-proof, time-proof and economical—besides scores of other interesting facts.

It's the standard authority on farm building construction. It has saved thousands of dollars for more than 75,000 Canadian farmers and will save money for you. If you haven't a copy, send in the coupon NOW. The book is free.

Canada Cement Company Limited,
MONTREAL.

FILL IN COUPON AND MAIL TO-DAY

CANADA CEMENT COMPANY LIMITED, Herald Building, MONTREAL.

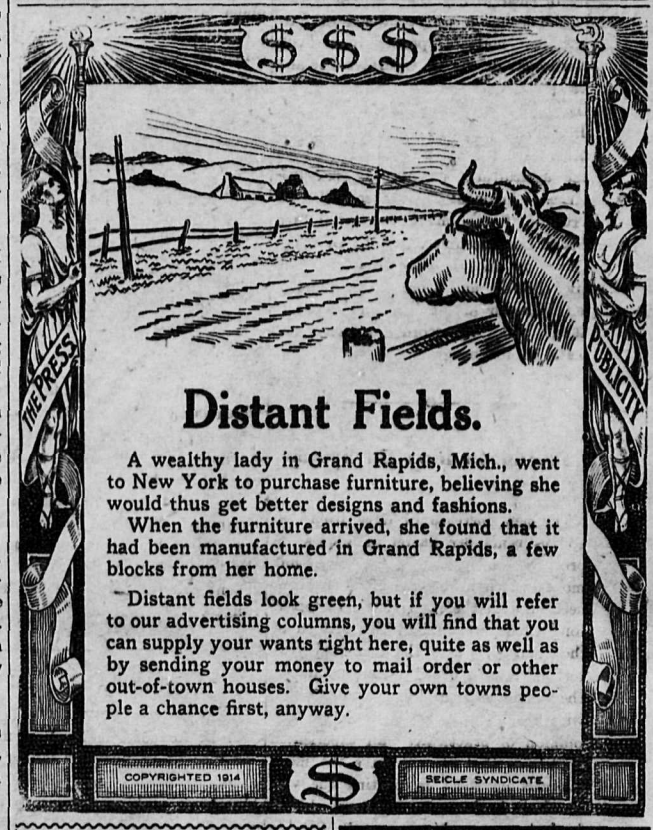
428 Gentlemen: Please send me a free copy of "What The Farmer Can Do With Concrete". 1

Name.....
Street and No.....
City..... Prov.....

Builders' & Masons' Supplies

Hard and Soft Coal

Phone 66 — W. HAUG — P.O. Box 166



Distant Fields.

A wealthy lady in Grand Rapids, Mich., went to New York to purchase furniture, believing she would thus get better designs and fashions.

When the furniture arrived, she found that it had been manufactured in Grand Rapids, a few blocks from her home.

Distant fields look green, but if you will refer to our advertising columns, you will find that you can supply your wants right here, quite as well as by sending your money to mail order or other out-of-town houses. Give your own towns people a chance first, anyway.

For Sale

On K.L.O. Bench, 20 acres Bearing Orchard. Would consider City House as part payment.

Apply Box K, Kelowna Record

JAPAN RICE

6c per lb. (the superior quality)

RICE BRAN

1½c per lb. (an economical food for the chickens)

The Japanese Store
Leon Ave., Kelowna

Stationery Special

You will be surprised at the value of this particular SPECIAL. We are overstocked on a line of pads of splendid smooth velvet finished paper, and until the stock is reduced to normal will offer them at

25 cents each

in plain or ruled. The regular value of this pad is 40c.

We also have envelopes to match at 3 pkgs. for 25c

P. B. Willits & Co.
REXALL DRUGGISTS
Phone 19 Kelowna, B.C.

SYNOPSIS OF COAL MINING REGULATIONS

Coal mining rights of the Dominion in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the Northwest Territories, and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia, may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1 an acre. Not more than 2,500 acres will be leased to one applicant.

Applications for the lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.

In surveyed territory, the land must be described by sections, or legal subdivisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.

Each application must be accompanied by a fee of $5 which will be refunded if the right applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.

The person operating the mine shall furnish the agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable coal mined and pay the royalty thereon. If the coal mining rights are not being operated, such returns shall be furnished at least once a year.

The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of $10 an acre.

For full information application should be made to the secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or to the Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion lands.

W. W. CORY.
Deputy Minister of the Interior.

N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

ICE

Book Your Orders Early for

Bankhead Ice

to avoid disappointment

FIRST COME, FIRST SERVED

Every Dairy Farmer should have a supply to ensure best quality cream

Bankhead Orchard Company, Ltd.

Dr. MATHISON
Dentist
KELOWNA :: B.C.

ANNUAL MEETING OF GROWERS' EXCHANGE

(Continued from Page Two)

thorough organization of labor and the most careful inspection of work both in the field and at the packing houses. Too many growers failed to realize that under modern conditions of handling of long distance shipments and of selling a perishable commodity the marketing of fruit in sound condition was as essential to success as its production. Shipments arriving at destination in poor or a decayed condition frequently demoralized a market. There was not only the direct loss of fruit through decay, but the indirect losses due first to depreciation in prices for fruit actually sound, second, to a poor reputation for keeping quality and third, to the high overhead expense of handling a perishable product which develops great waste and spoilage in transit and after arrival at the market. If a crop of fruit was completely picked at one time the shipment represented extreme stages in maturity. This meant abnormal deterioration and a poor reputation for the keeping qualities of their fruit.

The operation of the Central in 1916 would provide for more efficiency and a reduction in expenses of doing business. They had provided for systematic and scientific loading of various commodities in all seasons. This would increase sales by providing a better product at destination and meant less claims and allowances for bad order shipments. All important shipping points would doubtless have Dominion government inspectors to pass on grade and maturity. Their own inspection would be more painstaking and efficient than in 1915. It was cheaper to have fruit rejected at home than in Winnipeg, especially after adding an icing and heavy freight charge to the low grade commodity.

In the scientific distribution of any commodity if that product is standard, consumption of that product is increased. The jobber could afford to handle it on a smaller margin because it sells more readily than similar goods not of a uniform standard. The retailer could afford to sell it on a smaller margin also because he sold more and had less waste. This meant a higher price to the producer and a smaller price to the consumer.

1916 Promises Better Results

The apple crop in 1916 promised a large increase over 1915, continued Mr. Jackson, but with some increase in their selling organization he thought it quite probable that the Central would make a better comparative showing of results than in 1915. Their export business would show higher average prices than in 1915. The prairie provinces, with an unusually heavy snowfall this winter, promised another good grain crop. This should increase their mixed car business. The more mixed cars they could ship to count points the better their prices would be to the grower.

Eighty per cent of all fruit planted in the Wenatchee district consisted of six varieties of apples. Winesaps were by far the favorites with 29.3 per cent; Jonathan with 14.9 per cent. was next. the remaining four varieties of the six were Delicious, Spitzenberg, Stayman Winesap and Rome Beauty. No other variety represented two per cent. This indicated that the older apple growing districts were eliminating a great many varieties and were confining their orchargs to varieties that were staple and the best sellers. The varieties in this valley especially in the section with the older plantings were entirely too heavy with the early winter varieties.

The total sales of the Okanagan United Growers in 1914 were $394,000. The total sales of the Okanagan United Growers in 1915 was increased to $654,000. This covered fruit and produce shipped, but did not include fruit or supplies sold to locals. Central charges in 1915 provided for a reduction in handling charges as compared with 1914, and proposed changes for 1916 showed a further reduction of over 2 cents a box on apples.

To handle the Vernon office, to make all sales, including all expenses of the Central excepting the purely merchandise charges of freight and assembling, cost 9.5 cents per dollar. In 1914 the same cost was 12.4. The difference in cost of doing business in 1915 as compared with 1914 was 2.9 cents per dollar, or a reduction in cost of doing business of nearly 25 per cent. In 1916 they hoped to further reduce the ratio of expense per dollar.

The Central handling charges had been simplified and reduced to cover operations in 1916. The principal reduction had been made on apples and would average over two cents per box on their shipments. This represented a considerable saving to the grower.

Speaking of the Kelowna Exchange, Mr. Jackson said: "I wish to acknowledge a heavy obligation to the manager of your local for the manner in which he has co-operated with the Central. It has been hearty and complete. We have dealt with your local in the same manner. Your representatives on the board and executive have been of great assistance in conduct of the Central and the manager has been compelled frequently to rely on their practical advice."

The general business impression of a co-operative organization, he continued, was an unfavorable one because it was felt they did not measure up to private firms in general business efficiency. Lack of business efficiency in co-operative firms was caused by lack of co-operation among its component parts. Every employer judges his employees by their ability co-operate. Subordinates progress, other things being equal, according to their capacity and willingness to co-operate. Executives retain their positions only if they co-operate successfully with other executives and maintain co-operation among their workers. Since, therefore, co-operation is essential, common sense dictates that it should be hearty and complete. The Central organization and all locals were now fully co-operating in every way and the prospect for real efficiency had never been so bright as at the present time.

Mr. Jackson created some amusement by the remark that no position was ever invented that contained so much genuine, concentrated trouble and worry as his present position. Even the directors did not escape. The grower was apt to be critical. He was not originative. With a fuller knowledge of their difficulties he was sure the growers would feel less critical and therefore more helpful.

"As manager of the Central," concluded Mr. Jackson, "I desire results. I have no desire for publicity. I think there is a sensible way by which each local and Central can in teamwork with fullest confidence, obtain results for the grower. Let me assure the shareholders of this local that they and the entire organization will receive my best efforts during the year."

Scarcity of Packers

Mr. T. Barber of Rutland, touched upon an important matter by pointing out the probable scarcity of packers next year due to so many young men enlisting. If something were not done he said the growers might easily find themselves practically at the mercy of Orientals, who could hold them up for any concessions they liked.

He moved the following resolution:

That whereas large numbers of Orientals are employed in our packing houses at good wages; and whereas although the government has been holding packing schools for a number of years without sensibly improving the situation; and whereas a very large number of young people who should be taking up this work are leaving our public schools every year without any technical training and going directly into the ranks of unskilled labor; therefore be it resolved that we urge upon the government the necessity of taking immediate steps to give the senior classes in all the schools of the province an opportunity of securing training in the packing of fruit."

Mr. L. E. Taylor pointed out that it was not from lack of opportunity that more people were not learning packing. Schools were being provided by the government and every effort made to secure pupils, but it seemed difficult to do so. The trouble was that the boys and girls would not take advantage of the opportunity offered them.

Several speakers were doubtful as to the wisdom of advocating any interference with the present school curriculum, and the resolution being put to the meeting was voted down.

Before the meeting broke up Mr. J. E. Reekie said he would like to have placed upon record the members' appreciation of the services of the members of the board who were retiring from office. Two of them had enlisted and Dr. W. W. Jones and Mr. Buck had not been reelected. The two latter especially had done a great deal towards the development of their organization. Dr. Jones had been invaluable in the councils of the Central as well as the local organization, and he did not think all the members quite realized the loss to the Central in being deprived of his services. He proposed that the thanks of the meeting be given to them.

Mr. Geo. McKenzie suggested that the resolution be enlarged to include all the board of 1915, including Mr. Reekie himself, and also a vote of confidence in Manager Jackson of the Central.

This was passed enthusiastically and the meeting dispersed.

Glenview Dairy

When ordering MILK, order the BEST; the cost is just the same

Phone 2302 JAS. B. FISHER

Department of Agriculture Issuing New Bulletin

The provincial department of agriculture has now on the press, Bulletin No. 68, entitled "Diseases and Pests of Cultivated Plants in B. C., and their control," which has been prepared by Messrs. J. W. Eastnam, B.Sc., provincial plant pathologist and entomologist, and Max H. Ruhmann, assistant entomologist.

This bulletin will fill a long felt want, because the authors have spent much time on experimental work in British Columbia, and are thoroughly conversant with the problems of the fruit growers and orchardists.

There is also a short article on sprays and spraying, by Ben Hoy, the assistant horticulturist for the Okanagan district, which has appeared in print before, but as this is such an important part of the work of the fruit growers, it is reprinted in this bulletin.

Requests for this bulletin should be sent in to the department now.

STOCKBREEDERS' ASSOCIATION CONVENTION NEXT MONTH

The annual convention of the B. C. Stockbreeders' Association will be held in Victoria on March 13th and 14th. This association represents every feature of the industry, from the small intensive mixed farm to the extensive ranch. The live stock industry must of necessity become of greater and greater importance, and there is no body in British Columbia which is working harder to gain this end than the B. C. Stockbreeders' Association. An interesting program is being prepared, with a view to discussing questions of vital importance to those interested in any phase of the live stock industry

J. BAYLIS
PRACTICAL GARDENER
Pruning, Lawns and all Garden Work done
Write c.o. Post Office - Kelowna

Winter is Gone— Spring is Here

Brighten your home to conform to external conditions

You will require:

New Wallpaper
New Linoleum
New Draperies
New Rugs

WE HAVE THEM

The quality, the variety and our prices will please you

Kelowna Furniture Company

POTATOES

The Evaporator will pay Cash for Potatoes

and will also be able to handle those touched with frost

WOMEN SUCCEED THROUGH THE I.C.S.

WOMEN nowadays enters fearlessly and confidently upon many fields once held as man's special prerogative. There are women scientists, surgeons, architects, lawyers, &c. During the present generation, by her success in erstwhile solely masculine activities, she has been winning her way against ancient prejudices until to-day she is given respectful consideration for positions of the greatest responsibility.

The woman who would succeed in commerce or industry can confidently place her training in the hands of the I.C.S., as the following examples prove:

NELLIE M. NUTTER, 168, W. Pike Street, Clarksburg, W. Va.—Unemployed at the time of enrolment for the Architectural Drawing Course. Now supervisor of drawing at a salary of $80 per month.

M. MADELINE KELLY, 363, White Street, Springfield, Mass.—An office assistant became stenographer and adwriter for the H. Strong Advertising Agency.

GERTRUDE CHANDLER, 47, West 55th St., New York, N.Y.—Enrolled for the Special Teachers' Course while teaching in a small village in Vermont. Advanced to a position as teacher in a girls' school at more than twice her former salary.

Mrs. CLAUDE G. MANNING, Box 481, Tonopha, Nev.—Became showcard writer and window trimmer at a salary of $18 a week through her Show Card Writing and Advertising Course.

EDITH F. ANDERSON, North Hanson, Mass.—A graduate of the Complete Commercial Course. Bookkeeper for the American Shoe Finding Co., Whitman, Mass., at a salary three times what she received on enrolment.

IRENE HENDERSON, Maryville, Tenn.—A stenographer at the time of her enrolment for the Complete Commercial Course; has greatly improved her work as the result of I.C.S. study. Since enrolment she has received three substantial increases in her salary.

MARY ROSH, Remington, Ind.—Enrolled for the Bookkeeping and Business Forms Course while clerk in an office. She is now bookkeeper and assistant cashier in the State Bank. Her salary has been more than doubled.

MRS. MAUDE T. YOHN, Avenue Hotel, Madison, Wis.—Enrolled for the Complete Advertising Course while working in a newspaper office. As a result of her course she won two capital prizes for advertising. Her salary is $125 a month.

E. LYLE McLEOD, Port Orchard, Wash.—A school girl when she enrolled for the General Illustrating Course, is now a teacher of drawing in the Foster Public Schools.

We have women students who are succeeding as Architects, Draftswomen, Window Trimmers, Show Card Writers, Fruit and Vegetable Growers, Poultry Growers, Stenographers, Bookkeepers, Private Secretaries, Accountants, Advertisement Writers, Saleswomen, Chemists, Illustrators, Designers, Teachers, Translators, and in a dozen and one other lines. In fact, there is hardly a profession we teach in which a woman might not be successful if she felt strongly enough the desire to learn it.

MARK AND MAIL THE COUPON RIGHT NOW

International Correspondence Schools, Box 826-E, Scranton, Pa.

Please explain, without further obligation to me, how I can qualify for the position, trade or profession, before which I have marked X

Bookkeeper	Illustrating	Good English for Every One	Salesmanship	Stenographer
Teacher	Advertising	English Branches	Show Card Writing	Chemist
Show Card Writing	Poultry Farming	Architectural Draftswoman	German, Spanish	French, Italian

The above are but few of the Courses taught by the I.C.S. If your requirement is not mentioned write it below

.....

Name..... Age.....
Street and No. ..... City..... Prov. .....
Occupation..... Employer.....

RALPH KENDALL, Local Representative, 536, Bernard Av., Box 598, Phone 223, KELOWNA

JERMAN HUNT
LIMITED

WHAT WELL-DRESSED WOMEN ARE WEARING
WILL BE FOUND IN

THE FASHION BOOK
FOR SPRING

Beautifully illustrated, many pages in lovely colors

You Can Dress Fashionably for Less Money by Using

Pictorial Review Patterns

Because they give you the really correct styles. So before spending a cent on your Spring clothes, before even planning them, get a copy of this invaluable Fashion Guide.

Distinction in dress is more a matter of taste than of income. And the Fashion Book for Spring helps you to select not alone what is new and smart, but with the distinctive individuality that the highest-priced *couturiers give to their clientele.*

MARCH PATTERNS
NOW ON SALE

Phone 361 Kelowna

We have what you want in both Common and Finished

LUMBER

Doors Windows Shingles

Prices right. Delivery prompt. Satisfaction guaranteed.

Kelowna Saw-Mill Company, Limited
D. LLOYD-JONES - - - *Managing-Director*

Printed Butter Wrappers

"According to the new Dominion Government regulations all farmers who sell butter either to the stores or privately, are required to have it properly covered in a wrapper on which MUST appear in prominent letters the words "DAIRY BUTTER." The fact is also emphasized that all butter in such packagea must be of the full net weight of sixteen ounces, and in default of same a fine of from $10 to $30 for each offence is imposed. Whey butter must be so labelled even when mixed with dairy butter, and dairy butter retains its label though it be mixed with the creamery product.

You can be supplied with neatly-printed wrappers for your butter at the Kelowna Record Office, for the following prices:

100	PAPER & PRINTING INCLUDED	$1.50
200	" "	2.00
500	" "	2.75
1000	" "	3.75

These prices include Both the Paper, which is the best obtainable for the purpose, and the Printing of same. Please note this.

Kelowna Record

COLDSTREAM ESTATE NURSERIES

Please Send Us Your Orders Now
All the best varieties in CHERRIES, PEARS, PLUMS, PRUNES and small assortment of Summer, Fall and Winter APPLES

PRICES EXCEPTIONALLY LOW

Trees Exceptionally Fine
Shipments in March and April, as Weather Permits
TERMS—CASH with order 13-16

TOWN AND COUNTRY NOTES

The Rev. Alex Dunn left for Vancouver last Thursday morning on a two-weeks holiday.

* * *

England's home office has included baby carriages amongst the vehicles which must carry lights after dark. For the love of Mike!

* * *

The usual monthly church of England service will be held at Rutland on Sunday afternoon next at 3 o'clock.

* * *

The Kelowna Study Club will meet at the home of Mrs. Curts on Thursday, March 2nd at 8 p.m.

* * *

Lieut.-Commander T. W. Stirling who left Kelowna at ehe putbreak of the war and was recalled for special duty at the Admiralty, has been promoted to the rank of Commander.

* * *

The Bishop of Kootenay, the Right Rev. A. J. Doull, D.D., will conduct a three-days Mission in the Parish church March 11th to 13th, inclusive. Particulars of services will be given in next week's issue.

* * *

The Chancel Guild of St. Michael and All Angel's church will hold an "Apron Sale" in the Board of Trade rooms on Monday, March 6th, beginning at 3 o'clock. Afternoon tea will be served.

* * *

The services in the Presbyterian church next Sunday will be conducted by Principal Gordon in the morning and by Rev. D. Lister of Rutland in the evening.

* * *

The Methodist services at East Kelowna which have been discontinued for a short time are to be resumed next Sunday morning when the Rev. Gordon Tanner will preach at 11 a.m.

* * *

The Ladies' Aid of the Methodist church are giving a dinner on St. Patrick's Day, March 17th in the church from 6 to 8 p.m. After the dinner an *old-time concert will be given.* Please keep this date open.

* * *

The annual meeting of the Kelowna Poultry Association will be held Wednesday next, March 1st at 7.30 p.m., in the Board of Trade rooms.

* * *

Mrs. J. H. Davies announces that she will not formally receive the first Wednesday in March, nor again this season.

* * *

The regular monthly meeting of the Ladies' Hospital Aid will be held in the Board of Trade rooms on Monday, February 28th, at 3 p.m. A full attendance of members is requested.

* * *

The Women's Missionary Auxilliary of the Methodist church will hold their annual social gathering on Tuesday next February 29th, at the home of Mrs. Capt. Knight. An enjoyable evening is promised to all who wish to attend. A collection will be taken in *aid of missions.*

* * *

The W.C.T.U., propose holding a gold medal contest, if enough competitors can be got together for the coming district convention to be held the last week in April. Any one in Kelowna or district who at present holds a silver medal is eligible to compete in the contest and should communicate with Mrs. Ball who has the arranging of the competition it hand. *Only silver medalists can compete.*

* * *

E. Hunter returned on Monday from his pre-emption in the Cariboo near the 100-Mile house. He brought with him a small bag, which contained all that was left of his belongings, *the house, contents and personal* belongings having been devoured by fire.

* * *

Bain Calder returned on Sunday from Grand Forks, where he had been employed in an evaporating plant. He left Tuesday morning to take up a like occupation in Vernon.

* * *

A disgraceful case came to the notice of the police last Saturday when two young boys, one 15 years of age and the other 17 were found drunk on the street. They were taken in charge and enquiries at once instituted as to where they had obtained the liquor, it being a serious offence to supply liquor to a minor. As a result Gillis Hunfjord, a well known local character was brought before the magistrate on Wednesday and fined $50 for the offence, or two months at hard labor.

Ben Hoy was a visitor in the city this week.

* * *

Lieut. Brett arrived Saturday from Kamloops to assist with the training of the local forces during the absence of Lieut. Allen.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Jack Taylor returned home on Monday from the coast where *they spent the winter.*

* * *

Mrs. Loveday arrived Monday from the coast to join her husband who is in charge of the government packing school at present being held here.

* * *

Mr. Leslie Dilworth returned Monday from a ten-day visit to Victoria. While at the coast Mr. Dilworth attended as delegate to the Orange Grand Lodge held at Nanaimo.

* * *

The local overseas contingent marched down to the wharf Tuesday afternoon to welcome Sergt. Jack Gorman on his return from the front. Sergt. Gorman was a reserve man and went out early in the war leaving his job on Capt. (now Colonel) Harman's place, and has seen a good deal of service. Having now completed his time he has returned to Kelowna, and will take charge of Col. Harman's place in *the meantime.*

* * *

Last Thursday afternoon the home of Mrs. Carruthers on the K. L. O. bench had a narrow escape from destruction by fire. The trouble started in a somewhat mysterious way among *the shingles on the roof.* Noticing the smoke Mrs. Carruthers made an effort herself to put it out, but finding it beyond her reach, she telephoned to Mr. J. E. Reekie's ranch, and he and other helpers hurries over in time to put out the fire with a pail or two of water. Very little damage was done.

Rutland News

(From our own Correspondent.)

A *surprise* party Tuesday night visited Miss Alda McDonald and some 25 young friends enjoyed a very pleasant evening with games and fun generally.

* *

Evangelist E. R. Potter and wife left for Calgary Wednesday morning *to attend the Western Canadian Union* Conference of Seventh-Day Adventists. They expect to be away till the third of March.

* *

The lectures announced to be given by the Messrs. A. Flack, E. Smith and R. C. Abbott on "Pre-cooling, Packing and Marketing of Fruit" on Monday afternoon at 2.30 are to be held in the new school instead of the old one, where it is feared there would not *be proper accommodation.*

* *

Evangelist A. Bellchamber of Salmon Arm will speak in the assembly room at the school house next Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, taking for his subject, "When, Where and by Whom was the change made from keeping the first day as the Sabbath instead of the seventh day."

* *

On Monday afternoon the occupants of the Rutland store were alarmed by an outbreak of fire in one of the upstair rooms, and had it not been for the timely help of one of the soldier boys and Mr. Hubbard of the Telephone Co., who happened to be in the store, the result might have been more *serious. The fire seems to have started* from some clothing coming into contact with a hot stovepipe passing up through the floor from below. A few pails of water served to extinguish the blaze before it really got a good hold, and the damage was limited to some bedding and other contents of the room, and some damage below by water. Mr. Brown was in town at the time, and on being told of the fire he at once speeded out by auto, *but the trouble was over when he arrived.*

C. Nicoll
Dray and Transfer Agent
Phone 132
Will move you quick and cheap

Save 50 p.c.
on your Boots and Shoes
Have them repaired
Promptly, Properly & Cheaply
by up-to-date machinery
Frank Knapton
Bernard Avenue

A decided economy in fuel consumption is effected by using nickelled steel in

McClary's Kootenay Range

oven. It attracts and holds the heat far better than most oven materials. See the McClary dealer. 53

On Sale at the Morrison-Thompson Hardware Co., Ltd.

Harness Repairs

Spring work will soon be on hand and every farmer should see that his harness is overhauled and put in good shape before starting to work

Repairing done promptly and at reasonable cost

W. R. GLENN & SON
Pendozi Street Phone 150

FLOUR AT THE OLD PRICE

Bakers' Flour	98-lb. sack	$3.20
Bran	100-lb. sack	$1.20
Shorts	100-lb. sack	$1.30
Oyster Shell	50 lbs.	$1.00

Oats, Flatted and Chopped, Barley

Kelowna Poultry Association

At the top in quality and the bottom in prices

It pays to belong to this Association. Fee only $1. We buy for members of the Association only, nothing but the very best grade.
(The warehouse is near the C.P.R. tracks on Ellis Street)

I Want to Say

that when we intimate that we Repair Leather Goods, we mean EVERYTHING made of Leather—including Harness, Boots and Shoes, Grips, Leggings, Belts, &c.

If it is made of Leather we can repair it

THOMLINSON, Harnessmaker
WATER STREET KELOWNA *Next door to 25c Store* Phone - 347

O.K. LUMBER CO., Ltd.

Are now completely equipped to supply all your lumber needs.

We have a large stock of local and coast

ROUGH AND FINISHING LUMBER

of high-grade quality and in splendid condition.

A complete line of

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** PROFESSIONAL AND BUSINESS CARDS **

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Solicitors,
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BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, and NOTARY PUBLIC
9, Willit's Block - Kelowna, B.C.

PIANOFORTE
MR. HAROLD TOD BOYD
has resumed his teaching classes and will receive pupils as before in his studio-Trench Block, Kelowna.
P.O. box 374

F. W. GROVES
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Consulting Civil and Hydraulic Engineer
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Plans and Specifications Prepared and estimates given for public Buildings, Town and Country Residences
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VETERINARY SURGEON
(Graduate McGill University)
Residence : GLENN AVENUE
Messages may be left at the office of Mr. Williams, above Stockwell's Auction Room

J. A. BIGGER
BUILDER AND CONTRACTOR
Estimates Furnished for all classes of work

HOCKEY

While the local boys of the 172nd, who went up the lake last week to compete at hockey with the teams in the north end of the valley did not succeed in winning either game played they demonstrated that they are capable of holding their own with the best in the valley.

In the first game, which was mentioned in last week's "Record" when the score was given as 7 to 3 in favor of the Vernon team the boys were severely handicapped by the soft ice and were hampered by stiff muscles to a considerable extent, owing to the strenuous workout at basketball, which had been indulged in the previous day, bringing into play an entirely different set of muscles to those used in for a game of hockey, and it was impossible for some of them to get up to their usual speed until the game was well under way. Vernon won however but the victory was far from being as decisive as the score would indicate, as during the last period of play, the goal keeper for the local boys allowed three easy shots to roll unmolested into the nets, thus making it appear that the boys were outclassed.

The game scheduled to take place at Armstrong on Thursday night did not come off owing to the northern town informing the boys the ice was not fit for play, so arrangements were immediately made for the Kelowna boys to play Vernon again on Friday night. This was done and in this game the final score was tie with four goals each.

In this contest the condition of the ice kept Kelowna from winning, as time after time the Kelowna forwards broke through the opposing defence but were unable to carry the puck into a position to shoot on the soft ice before the players of the other side (unhampered by following the puck) could overtake them. In this respect Walter Raymer starred, but his efforts were fruitless in the slush.

The line up of the team was somewhat different from the first game and the work of the boys was highly complimented by the Vernon spectators, the work of the entire team and that of A. Knight, in goal especially.

Orders for Local Scouts

KELOWNA TROOP

Troop First! Self Last!

Orders by command for week ending March 4th, 1916.

Duties:— Orderly patrol for week, Beavers; next for duty, Wolves.

Parades.—The combined troop will parade at the club-room on Tuesday February 29th, at 7 p.m.

The Patrol Leaders will parade at the club room on Friday, March 3rd, at 7.30 p.m., for instruction in bridge building.

The combined troop will parade at the club room on Saturday, March 4th at 2.30 p.m.

Recruit William Parker of the Eagles successfully passed his Tenderfoot test on Saturday, the 19th inst., and Scout Mantle of the Kangaroos passed his "Points of the Compass" test for the second class badge.

Hurry on Tenderfoots and pass your second class! Remember you are not really a Scout until you have passed this test. We also wish to be able to present some badges at our concert in May next.

* *

A FEW HINTS FOR MARKSMEN SCOUTS

If you are lucky enough to own a rifle, if it is only a "twenty-two" take good care of it. Never leave it full-cocked. If it has a half-cock leave it always on the half-cock. This position is made for safety, use it. If you want to see whether your rifle is clean open the breech wide and place a piece of clean writing paper, so that it will completely cover the firing pin, and presses against the head of the bolt. Now turn the breech of your rifle towards the light and look down the muzzle, the inside of which whould have a silvery color, if any rust is visible remove it by a "pull through" or a wire cleaning rod with a wire brush or rag dipped in coal oil, at the end; lastly wipe the barrel dry with a new dry rag. See that your breech, hammer and trigger are always well oiled and working easily; take care of your side lights and if your rifle is equipped with sight protectors, keep them on. If your trigger pulls off too easily have it fixed properly by some gunsmith.

When firing don't pull the trigger with your firing finger, but press it off, by squeezing the small of the butt and slowly contracting your trigger finger, if you pull the trigger off you are very apt to move the gun while firing; your gun should be cleaned immediate,y after firing, even an hour's delay is some delicate rifles is apt to cause the powder to cake in the grooves and this will become hard to remove, and if not removed it will corrode the barrel: keep your rifle dry and so evade its greatest enemy, rust; never clean your rifle with emery cloth or sand paper: what you need for cleaning purposes are a cleaning rod, plug, wire-brush, pull through, some cotton waste or clean rag, and a bottle of "Three-in-One Oil."

Never leave a gun loaded, or leave it with the cartridges near it, for some children might load it if they saw the cartridges there. If you pick up a gun hold the barrel to the ground and see if it is loaded, even if you are sure it is empty. Lastly take care to get no mud, sand, or even snow into the barrel, for the gun when fired in this state, will explode and probably injure you seriously.

* *

Testy Witness (to Counsel).—"All I can say Sir, is that you are, I think, the biggest Ass that I ever had the misfortune to set eyes upon."

Judge (gravely).—"Order! order! You seem to forget that I am in the room. —Windsor Magazine.

Sphinx.

CANADA'S SHELL INDUSTRY PERMANENT

Steps to insure the permanency of the extensive shell industry developed by the war are being taken. During his stay in Canada, Lionel Hitchens recommended that such action be instituted, and it is announced officially that the question has been referred to the Economic and Development Commisson, which will report as to how best the industry may be conserved. In the manufacture of shells expenditures now in progress in Canada aggregate about $300,000,000. The employees are estimated at about 100,000. Subsidiary industries in refining copper and zinc have been organized.

Westbank News

(From our own Correspondent.)

Mr. Cecil Clarke journeyed to Wilson's Landing on horseback last week in search of stray cattle.

* *

Mr. O. C. Etter of Kelowna spent last Sunday in Westbank with Mrs. Etter and son.

* *

Pte. W. Thacker returned to Kelowna last Sunday on the "Sicamous" after a fortnights' leave of absence.

* *

Mrs. Jack Gellatly and Miss G. Gellatly spend Wednesday afternoon in Westbank visiting friends.

* *

The regular semi-monthly meeting of the Red Cross Society was held Tuesday afternoon at the residence of Mrs. W. Brown; in spite of the disagreeableness of the weather there was a good attendance, and a very profitable afternoon was spent.

* *

On Tuesday afternoon under the auspices of the local farmers' Institute two very interesting and valuable lectures were delivered in the Westbank school by government lecturers. Mr. H. Upton, a widely recognized authority on poultry, spoke forcibly, emphasizing the desirability of the small poultryman raising only heavy-weight birds and he also urged the necessity of close co-operation in the marketing of eggs and dressed fowls. Mr. Hilborne, of the government experimental farm at Summerland followed with a very helpful address on horticulture. Mr. Hilborne in proving that a man could make a living on a 10-acre lot, quoted figures showing how a rancher in the valley had cleared this year $1,900 on an 8½-acre lot in fruit and vegetables. After examining some branches from local plum, peach and apricot trees Mr. Hilborne stated that some of the buds had unquestionably been killed by the recent cold snap, but he was confident that there were enough unharmed buds to ensure an abundant crop.

SOME STATISTICS OF A GROWING MOVEMENT

Evangelist E. R. Potter of the Seventh-day Adventist denomination has just received a report from the statistical secretary of that body located at the world's headquarters of the church in Washington, D.C.

One of the remarkable statements in the report is, that "The actual net gain in membership for the year 1914 was greater than the entire membership of the denomination throughout the world as it stood thirty years after this movement had begun its work.

The report says further: "At the close of 1914, the total membership was 125,844, a gain during the year of 11,287, and the number of baptisms during the year was lacking one of 15,000.

"The amount of money raised as offerings to foreign missions in the North American division was $615,565.95; the membership in this division is 72,015. This amount is therefore an average of $8.55 for each member. The significance of this last amount will be better understood when it is explained that the latest available reports indicate that for 1913 the average per capita contributions on the part of the members of all the protestant bodies in the United States was 63 cents.

The figures ranged from $1.93, the highest, for the Moravian bodies to twenty-one cents per member for the lowest.

"The number of organized churches at the close of 1914 was 3,702, a gain during the year of 113.

"This work is now being carried forward in 87 different countries, 48 of which are non-Protestant and 20 non-Christian countries.

"The force of laborers is comprised of the following: 926 ordained ministers; 565 licensed ministers; 1,454 licensed missionaries; 2,076 colporteurs; 292 secretaries; making a total of 5,313 evangelistic laborers.

"Other laborers are engaged in different lines as follows: Teachers in mission schools, primary schools and colleges, 1.616; employed in publishing houses, 735; in sanitariums and treatment rooms, 1.696; a total of 4,047 institutional laborers. If to this we add the 5,313 evangelistis laborers there is secured a grand total of 9,360 laborers engaged in all lines of denominational work, or one laborer to every thirteen members.

"The total funds contributed for evangelistic work by members of the denomination during 1914 were $3,090,484.80 a per capita of $24.56.

"During the fifty-two years since this work has been organized there has been contributed for evangelistic work alone, $31,675,894.76.

"Not one dollar of this amount has been raised by church socials, or suppers, or fairs or the like means. 56.84 per cent of the funds contributed last year were from the payment of tithe, and the balance was given through the Sabbath schools and other free will offerings.

The Local Branch

of the

Canadian Patriotic Fund

Are Looking for Your Assistance

Are YOU Making Any Personal Sacrifice to Help Things Along?

WANTED!

FOR SALE

FOR SALE.—The prettiest home in Kelowna will be sold very cheap and on easy terms. Apply Box "E" Record. 26tf.

FOR SALE.—15 and 9-10 ACRES OF land, 5 miles from Kelowna, all fenced, seeded to timothy and clover Snap for cash. Apply P. O. Box 251 Kelowna. 1-tf

FOR SALE. —ONE 3-HOLE GAS Stove, in first class condition, used a few months only, can be thoroughly tried out before you purchase, in your own home, if in town. Will sell very cheap for immediate disposal. Ring up 223, or call at 536 Bernard avenue or at Record Office.

FOR SALE CHEAP.—A SURVEYORS leveling instrument, an extremely handy thing to have for running your irrigation ditches and flumes, leveling up buildings or foundations, lining in stakes, etc., extremely simple to useand adjust. Ring up 223 or call at 536 Bernard avenue, or at Record Office.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—BUILDing lot situated in the most desirable residential section of Point Grey, Vancouver. Will sell cheap for cash, or exchange for stock or farm property ia Kelowna. Apply P.O. Box 448, Kelowna. x

FOR SALE. —TWO-HORSE POWER gasoline engine and spray pump. Apply E. B. Gay, Vernon Road.. 14-5p

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—GOOD strong work horse. Apply The McKenzie Co. Ltd. 14-5

SITUATIONS VACANT

WANTED. —WOMAN TO COOK FOR small family and do light housework Three miles out. State wages. P. O. Box 172. 14p

WANTED.— EXPERIENCED AND practical all-round man for farm. Apply J. L. Pridham, Alta Vista Orchard, Kelowna. 14.5

TO RENT.—30 ACRES LAND NEAR Woods Lake, or would work on shares. In good cultivation, Irrigated. House on it. Apply Harvey, Duggan & Davies. 13-5p

SITUATIONS WANTED

PHONE MISS COOPER, 4404, IF YOU want needlework done at your own home. Hours 10 a.m. to 5 p.m., Moderate charges. Children's clothing a specialty. 12-4p

HOUSES WANTED

WANTED. —SMALL UNFURNISHED house in Kelowna, with garden and fitted with bath. Apply P. O. Box 655. 14p

MISCELLANEOUS

WANTED TO EXCHANGE 160 acre of land in Saskatchewan. Property fenced, running water, good transportation, part plowed, fair buildings, for small fruit farm. What offers. Apply Box 254 Kelowna, 46tf

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.—160 acres at South Okanagan. Have a clear title, free from all encumbrance, taxes paid up. Would sell cheap for cash or exchange for cattle. Apply P. O. Box 251. 1-tf.

WANTED.—GOOD FARM LANDS FOR growing general produce (to rent) or on half-share basis. Apply to K. Iwashith, care Japanese store. 11-4

STRAYED ONTO MY PLACE ON INdian Reserve, one bull, yearling, white, also pinto cow (no horns). Owner can have same by paying expenses. Jas. Swyte. 11-14

WANTED TO RENT.—A FOUR-HOLE range. Apply, P. O. Box 70, Kelowna. 14p

NOTICE

Persons found taking wood or cutting trees on the properties of the South Kelowna Land Co. Ltd., or the Kelowna Land & Orchard Co. Ltd., without authority will be prosecuted.

10-tf W. G. BENSON, Mgr.

Ladies Wishing to Order
SPIRELLA CORSETS
can meet
MRS. J. H. DAVIES
in Room No. 1. Oak Hall Block, between the hours of 2:30 and 5:30 p.m. on Saturday of each week, or any other day by appointment. 7tf

B.C. Fruit Growers' Assn. Meeting Mar. 6 and 7

The twenty-sixth annual meeting of the British Columbia Fruit Growers' Association will be held in the Empress Hotel, Victoria, on March 6th and 7th, when many matters of vital importance to the industry will be discussed by the delegates from all the fruit growing sections of the province.

This convention, it is expected, will eclipse any yet held by the fruit growers, because of the important work done by the executive in bettering transportation facilities, in securing an increased duty on apples, and in advertising the products of the province to the consuming public on the prairies and at the coast. The membership of the associasion is at present the largest in its history, despite the fact that so many growers have enlisted.

A number of men prominently identified with the industry throughout Canada, will be heard at the convention, while a number of the outstanding figures in provincial fruit circles will be heard on the subjects with which they will deal in a comprehensive way.

J. B. Musselman, general secretary of the Saskatchewan Grain Growers' Association, will address the convention. Mr. Musselman is one of the marketing experts of the prairie provinces, and has had much experience in selling to the farmers and to their organizations. F. D. Nicholson, president of the Okanagan United Growers, will tell of the work of that organization during the year and how the fruit of that famous valley was marketed in 1915.

One of the most important items on the program is the report of Messrs. W. C. Ricardo, R. M. Palmer and R. M. Winslow, who were instrumental in a large degree in furthering the interests of the B. C. Growers' at Ottawa prior to Sir Thos. White increasing the duty on apples.

Others who will be heard on matters of so much interest to the fruit growers of B. C., are A. H. Flack, Chief Prairie Fruit Inspector, of Winnipeg, and Edwin Smith, pre cooling expert of Ottawa. Mr. Flack has made an extensive study of fruit marketing, most suitable packages for different fruits and their standardization, and his address will most likely prove one of the most interesting of the convention. Mr. Smith has made many experiments on pre-cooling in Ontario with considerable success, and the soft fruit shippers of this province will no doubt benefit to a large degree by his address.

R. C. Abbott, W. E. McTaggart and L. L. Palmer will also give addresses.

Mr. Ricardo, the president, is looking forward to a large attendance, and is anticipating the most interesting convention ever held by the association.

J. M. CROFT
Bootmaker.
All kinds of Repairs
BERNARD AVENUE,
KELOWNA.

Holders of claims against the Western Canners, Ltd. (old company) are requested to communicate with "Box 17" Penticton Herald, Penticton, when they may hear something to their advantage. Please state amount of the claim in first letter. 14-5

We Buy Chickens and Ducks
BEST PRICES PAID
The City Park Restaurant
Abbott Street - Kelowna

KELOWNA-WEST BANK
STEAM FERRY
Owing to the freezing of the lake the Ferry Service will be discontinued until further notice.
JAMES I. CAMPBELL
'Phone No. 108

Saturday or Sunday: Which is the Sabbath?

"Is Saturday or Sunday the true Sabbath?" was the subject of a "sermon-lecture," which was discussed for an hour and a half in the Rutland Methodist church by the pastor, Mr. Tanner. After stating carefully the position of the Saturday Sabbatharians the subject was treated from three position of the Saturday Sabbath orians the subject was treated from three standpoints; (1) Biblical; (2) Historical; and (3) Practical difficulties of the Sabbath position. (1). The change from the Jewish Sabbath was shown to have been made to the Lord's day by reason of the abrogation entirely of the Old Covenant or agreement with the race and the substitution entirely of the New Covenant or agreement, substituting "Grace" for "Law" (2). That the old agreement contained two distinct elements; viz. a temporal and an eternal element. (3). That the temporal element vanished away entirely. (4). That the eternal element was reenacted and extended by Jesus Christ who is the head of the "new creation." (5). That all the commandments were reenacted by Jesus Christ except that fourth, "Six days shalt thou labor . . . . But the seventh is the Sabbath etc." (6). That the temporality even of the fourth commandment was shown by its being adapted only to a mild climate by reason of its no labor provisions now impossible, e.g., that no fire should be lighted on the Sabbath day; and by its recognition of slavery, "thy man slave or thy maid slave," for other conditions of slavery see Ex. 21. (7). That the reasons specifically for the change from the 7th to the 1st day were; (a) the desire to commemorate our Lord's resurrection on that day, a custom which Christ himself immediately endorsed as well as the apostles afterward; the endorsation is attested in the writings of the Father of the sub-apostolic age; (b) that on the first day of the week the Holy Spirit came upon the church at Pentecost, (c) that the claims of the seventh day belonged to the superseded old agreement, (d) that the agreement having lapsed its distinctive "signs" must also be taken away; The signs of the old covenant were three. Circumcision, The Passover, and the Sabbath; that these were changed to the three distinctive signs of the new covenant, Baptism, The Lord's Supper and The Lord's Day.

Historically: (1) The heresies which grew up attempting to bind on the early church the observance by the Gentiles of these distinctive signs of the old covenant and which heresies such as the Colossian (See Col. 2:16, the text for the evening) were denounced by the apostle Paul. (2) The evidence in the writings of the Fathers as to the custom prevalent in the early history af the church and the reasons they assign; Pliny, Eusebius, Barnabas, The Didache, Justin Martyr, Clement, Tertullion, Origen, St. Augustine etc, were quoted.

Three other difficulties.—The universal practise of the three great branches of Christendom: Greek, Roman and Protestant, of a first day Sabbath was discussed and it was shown that while the Roman church might have changed Protestant practise, it was impossible to have done so with the custom of the Greek church which has continuously throughout all its history observed only the first day Sabbath.

It was shown that the claims that the change was made at the Council of Laodicea by the Papacy is impossible since the Papacy did not administer and had no authority in the council of Laodicea. It was a Greek church council, held about 1000 miles east of Rome and the Greek language was used in its discussions.

And lastly the practical difficulty was shown of observing a Saturday Sabbath by one travelling round the world. Travelling east to west, one would, while observing every seventh day, by losing a day arrive back in B. C. on the Lord's day, the first day of the week and willy nilly would be a Lord's Day Sabbatharian

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT

Notice is hereby given that Frank Spalding Coates, of Kelowna, in the province of British Columbia, hotel keeper, did, on the 26th day of January, 1916, make an assignment6 unto William Hunstone, of Kelowna aforesaid, Accountant, of all his personal property, real estate, credits and effects which may be seized and sold under execution, situated in the Dominion of Canada, for the purpose of paying and satisfying all his creditors rateably and proportionately and without preference or priority.

And notice is also hereby given that a meeting of the creditors of the said Frank Spalding Coates will be held at the Lakeview Hotel, in the City of Kelowna, B.C., on Thursday, the 17th day of February, 1916, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of giving directions with reference to the disposal of the estate.

All persons having claims against the said Frank Spalding Coates are required to forward particulars of the same, duly verified, to the undersigned, William Hunstone, Kelowna, B. C. on or before the 18th day of March, 1916, after which date the Assignee will proceed to distribute the proceeds of the estate among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to those claims of which he has then received notice, and he will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof to any person of whose claims he shall not have received notice before the said date.

Dated at Kelowna, B.C., the 3rd day of February, 1916.

WILLIAM HUNSTONE,
12-16 Assignee.

Buff Orpingtons and White Wyandottes
The famous Barron strain of heavy egg producers. Stock birds from the above breeds at prices to suit the times
Hay For Sale
Timothy and Clover and nearly straight Clover Hay for sale.
A. W. COOKE
P.O. ox 663, Kelowna. 11tf

Save 50 p.c.
on your Boots and Shoes
Have them repaired
Promptly,
Properly &
Cheaply
by up-to-date machinery
Frank Knapton
Bernard Avenue

Successor to S. Gray
McEWAN
PORTRAIT
PHOTOGRAPHER
MR. McEWAN, who has taken over the business of Mr. S. Gray, in the Rowcliffe Block, is a portrait photographer with eighteen years' *PROFESSIONAL* experience in some of the best English and Canadian studios, and as he guarantees absolute satisfaction he will be pleased to book appointments for your Easter photograph.
McEwan, Portrait Photographer
Late of Armstrong, B.C. ROWCLIFFE BLOCK

ORANGE WEEK
Just as soon as our shipment of Oranges arrive we will have an ORANGE SPECIAL FOR A WEEK. We will sell Oranges, Grape Fruit, Lemons and Marmalade Oranges AT SPECIAL PRICES

Oranges, medium size	11 for 25c
Oranges, large size	7 for 25c
Marmalade Oranges	40c per doz.
Lemons	8 for 25c
Grape Fruit	3 for 25c

WATCH OUR WINDOW FOR THE ORANGE ANNOUNCEMENT
The McKenzie Co., Ld.
Phone 214 Our motto: "Quality and Service"

When in need of
Printing
of any description, call in at the
Record
Job Printing
Department
and we will be pleased to give you any assistance in the preparation of copy, &c.