

The Hedley Gazette

AND SIMILKAMEEN ADVERTISER.



VOLUME VII.

HEDLEY, B. C., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 14, 1911.

NUMBER 36.

Dr. C. A. JACKSON
DENTIST
(18 years' practice in Vancouver.)
S. O. L. Co's Block
PENTICTON, B. C.

W. H. T. GAHAN
Barrister, Solicitor,
Notary Public, Etc.
MURK BLOCK
PENTICTON, B. C.

JAS. CLARKE
Watchmaker
HEDLEY, B. C.
Clocks and Watches for Sale.

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Headquarters for Tourist Travel.
Rates Moderate.
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BARRISTER, SOLICITOR,
NOTARY PUBLIC, ETC
VERNON, B. C.

Grand Union Hotel
HEDLEY, B. C.
First Class Accommodation. Bar Stocked with
Best Brands of Liquor and Cigars.
A. WINKLER, Proprietor

Herbert B. Brown
Broker
MEMBER VANCOUVER
MINING EXCHANGE
443 Pender St. W. Vancouver.
Write me about your claims

A. F. & A. M.
REGULAR monthly meetings of
Hedley Lodge No. 13, A. F. & A. M.,
are held on the second Friday in
each month in Fraternity Hall, Hedley. Visiting
brothers are cordially invited to attend.
J. K. FRASER, W. M. J. A. SCHUBERT,
Secretary

MODERN WOODMEN
OF AMERICA
Hedley Local Camp meets in Fraternity Hall
the first and third Thursdays in the month.
G. McEACHERN, Counsel. S. E. HAMILTON, Clerk.

DR. J. L. MASTERS
DENTIST
Will be at Home office in Oroville, 1st
to 14th of each month.
Office on North Main Street.

STUDD & DALY,
Members Vancouver Stock Exchange
Real Estate, Insurance, Stock, Loan
and Mortgage Brokers
728 Hastings Street W
Opposite New Post Office
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Burne, Temple & Tunbridge
Solicitors, Notaries Public,
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PENTICTON, British Columbia.

E. E. Burr
General Blacksmith
Hedley, B. C.
Horse-shoeing and all
Blacksmith Work
Promptly attended to.
Pipe-fitting done.

THE NEW ZAELAND HOTEL
JOHN JACKSON, Proprietor
Everything New and First-Class
Bar supplied with the Choicest
Liquors and Cigars, and Special
Attention paid to the Table.

PALACE
Liver, Feed & Sale Stables
HEDLEY, B. C.
A good stock of Horses and Rigs on
Hand. Orders for Teaming
promptly attended to.
Office of Dominion Express Company.
WOOD FOR SALE!

INNIS BROS. Proprietors.
Phon. 14

... PAINTING ...
and PAPER-HANGING
The Undersigned is prepared to
do work in
HOUSE, SIGN and
any OTHER WORK
in the painting line.
Orders may be sent to Box
472, Hedley, B. C.
R. T. BARCLAY.

NOTICE
SIMILKAMEEN LAND DISTRICT
DISTRICT OF YALE
TAKE Notice that Mrs. F. E. Richter of Kere-
meos, occupation rancher, intends to apply
for permission to lease the following described
land:
Commencing at a post planted about 20 chains
south and 40 chains west from the n. w. corner
of lot 222; thence west 80 chains; thence south
20 chs; thence east 20 chs; thence north 20 chs
to the point of commencement, and containing
about 100 acres, more or less.

CHAS. RICHTER
agent for Mrs. M. E. Richter
August 2nd, 1911. 31-10

L. O. L.
Regular monthly meetings of
Hedley Lodge 174 are held on
the third Monday in every
month in Fraternity Hall. Vis-
iting brethren are cordially invited to attend.
ARTHUR KING, W. M.
WM. LONSDALE, Sec't.

P. W. GREGORY
CIVIL ENGINEER AND BRITISH
COLUMBIA LAND SURVEYOR
Star Building Princeton

C. Æ. SHAW
Civil Engineer, Dominion and Provin-
cial Land Surveyor.
Office of J. A. Brown
KEREMEOS B. C.

NOTICE
SIMILKAMEEN LAND DISTRICT
DISTRICT OF YALE
TAKE notice that Mrs. F. E. Richter, of Kere-
meos, occupation rancher, intends to apply
for permission to lease the following described
land:
Commencing at a post planted at the S. W.
corner of lot 222; thence south 80 chains; thence
west 40 chains; thence north 80 chains; thence
east 40 chains to the point of commencement,
and containing 80 acres, more or less.

MRS. F. E. RICHTER
July 15th, 1911. 30-10
SUBSCRIBE FOR THE GAZETTE

THAT EXTENDED CHARTER

It was Geo. Kirby who reminded Dr. McDonald, at Hedley, that he had forgotten to give Martin Burrell credit for the extension of the V. V. & E. charter after the Dr. had finished his speech and was leaving the platform. It is very true that Martin Burrell requested the extension of the V. V. & E. charter just before it was on the eve of expiration, and he did so at the wishes of the whole of the Similkameen. George Kirby included. But it was not Martin Burrell who granted the extension but the Laurier government for which Geo. Kirby is ever willing to act the ready tool. If any one individual in this land is to blame for an extension of the V. V. & E. charter having been granted the editor of the Gazette is willing to take that blame, for we remember writing to Mr. Burrell after he went to Ottawa urging him to see that an extension was prepared because at that very time there was an agitation on the outside to have an extension refused. Had it been refused there would have been no man better pleased thereat than Jim Hill who would have hailed with delight the excuse it would have given him to build no further, and that was the very thing that every man in the Similkameen wanted to avoid.

It is the Laurier government which is wholly responsible for the shape in which the bill passed the House. That is what they are there for, and the man is a fool, be he Dr. McDonald or George Kirby, who would think for a moment that any government which is in office can shift the responsibility for any measure it may pass, to the minutest detail thereof.

The only penalty that can attach to Jim Hill for failing to build under the extension granted him is to refuse further extension, and that again will not bother him in the slightest. But George Kirby, in tooting for reciprocity, is doing the very thing which is most calculated to result in the V. V. & E. never being built to the coast; for then Jim Hill would have no use for any coast connection and he is not in the habit of spending money on things he has no need for.

To take the ground they have done in this matter, Dr. McDonald and Geo. Kirby made the Laurier government occupy the same position as the small boy who committed a grievous fault and then turned to his companion with the rebuke, "Now see what you let me do."

WHERE IT ORIGINATED

The reciprocity agreement entered into by our government is an American proposition made in Washington. It was conceived and is begotten by a fear that a tariff will shortly be adopted by the people of Great Britain whereby American products will be subjected to a duty, while Canadian products will still be admitted free. This will explain Taft's reason for urging congress to pass the agreement and ought to supply all true Canadians with good reasons to vote against it.—World

SIFTON SAYS OF BURRELL

In his masterly speech in the House of Commons on the reciprocity pact, Clifford Sifton has the following to say of Yale-Cariboo's representative: "I shall not say anything about the fruit and vegetable growers. They will be injured. Their case has been stated by men who know vastly more about it than I do. But I call the attention of my friends in the government to the fact that my hon. friend from Yale-Cariboo (Mr. Burrell) made before this House a full and careful presentation of the case of the fruit-growers and vegetable growers; no fairer, no better, no fuller case was ever presented to this House while I have been a member of it, and no answer of any kind has been attempted in connection with that subject. You ask me why I do not support this proposition. Surely, Mr. Chairman, if I had the intelligence to hear and understand a case of that kind as presented and no answer made, I must come to the conclusion that no answer can be made."

RUDYARD KIPLING APPEALS

Mr. Rudyard Kipling sends the following message to the Canadian people through the Montreal Star.

BATESMAN, Sussex, England, Sep. 6.—To the Editor of the Montreal Star: "I do not understand how 9,000,000 people can enter into such an arrangement as those proposed with 90,000,000 strangers on an open frontier of 4,000 miles and at the same time preserve their national integrity."

"Ten to one is too heavy odds. No single Canadian would accept such odds in any private matter that was as vital to him personally as this issue is to the nation."

"It is her own soul that Canada risks today. Once that soul is pawned for any consideration Canada must inevitably conform to the commercial, financial, social and ethical standards of the United States."

"She might, for example, be compelled later on to admit reciprocity in the murder rate of the United States, which at present, I believe, is something over 150 per 1,000,000 per annum. "If these proposals had been made a generation ago, or if the Dominion were today poor and depressed and without hope one would perhaps understand their being discussed, but Canada is none of those things. She is a nation and as the lives of nations are reckoned, will ere long be among the great nations."

"Why, then, when she has made herself what she is, should she throw the enormous gifts of her inheritance and her future into the hands of a people who, by their haste and waste, have so dissipated their own resources that even before national middle age they are driven to seek virgin fields of cheaper food and living."

"Whatever the United States gain, and I presume that the United States' motives are not altogether altruistic, I see nothing for Canada in reciprocity except a little ready money, which she does not need and a very long repentence."

(Signed) RUDYARD KIPLING

\$50 YEARLY LOSS PER ACRE

This is the Way Reciprocity Will Hit the Apple-Grower

A great many who have not gone into the question of how reciprocity will effect the various products of the farm and the orchard, seem to have got it into their heads that while the pact would deal a severe blow to the peach industry the apple trade would be effected but very little.

One of the visionary claims made by supporters of reciprocity in connection with the apple trade is that because DeHart, of Kelowna, captured prizes in Spokane for his apples and afterwards was able to sell the prize fruit for double the usual market price for the same grade and variety of apples, and because a Summerland man had received a fancy price for a few boxes from some epicure in the eastern states that this will be the price which all British Columbia growers are going to receive for their apples.

To leave the visionary and take up the practical, a good article on the apple trade that is built on fact instead of fancy was published in the Penticton Herald. That paper points out that the duty on apples is now 13 cents per box and that a low yield of apples is 400 boxes to the acre which means a loss of \$52 per acre when the duty is taken off, or in round numbers a loss of \$50 per year on apples alone to the owner of a ten acre lot. In the face of a thing as obvious as that, surely we should hear no more of such idiotic claims about the advantages to the British Columbia fruit-grower, of reciprocity and the larger market. The British Columbia fruit-grower should remember the anecdote of the dog which dropped the bone in trying to catch the shadow. Better take care of the home market they have got than lose it in gambling for the fancy market of the U. S. millionaire; for when all the orchards are in bearing around here there might not be millionaires enough in New York to go round.

Vote for Burrell and Canada's fiscal independence.

WHO ARE CANADA'S FARMERS?

When the Globe and Laurier and Fielding assume that the Canadian farmers are the grain growers of the prairie provinces who grow only one crop and have to buy all the rest of their supplies, they deliberately misrepresent, and that is something which ministers should not do, whether they be ordinary political ministers or ministers of the gospel like the Pharisee of the Globe.

The farmers of Canada are the men who are working 50 and 100 acre holdings and are carrying on mixed farming. These are the men who are hit at every turn by reciprocity as they lose their protection on everything they have to sell and are still taxed for all they have to buy.

It is only a matter of one or two decades more when the farmers of the prairies will have to come down to mixed farming too, and therefore it is in their interests that Canada's home market be preserved. They are not wise to kick too hard at the prices they are paying Ontario farmers for horses, for it will be only a little while when they themselves will have live stock to sell and Canada and Britain will be their best markets. They forget also that it was the people of the eastern provinces who built their railways for them and gave them all that has contributed to their present prosperity.

A PITIABLE SIGHT

After meeting the deputations of market-gardeners and fruit-growers who waited on him last winter with cartloads of data which showed him how those industries would be ruined by reciprocity, Sir Wilfrid told them that somebody must be hurt in all great fiscal changes, and they must be prepared to bear it when the sacrifice fell on them. Apparently he has now forgotten all about that incident, for last week at Stratford, Ont., he brazenly tried to force down the throats of fruit-growers and horse-breeders how they would benefit by being able to send fruit and horses into the U. S. without paying duty. Either we must conclude that the old man is in his dotage, or is deliberately trying to deceive them. What more pitiable sight than an old man (be he dotard or reprobate) with one foot in the grave, brazenly stating untruths as palpable and self-evident as that "two from three leaves five."

An amusing but more or less apt epitome of Laurier's naval policy was given to Dr. McDonald at Princeton by a local man of that place who told the candidate that Laurier's plan was to let Britain supply all the ships and Laurier would supply the ocean.

METEOROLOGICAL

The following are the readings showing temperature, etc., for the week ending Sept 9, 1911:

AT THE MINE.			
	Maximum	Minimum	
Sep 3	60	34	
4	58	29	
5	52	30	
6	41	27	
7	49	25	
8	—	—	
9	—	—	
Average maximum temperature	52.		
Average minimum	do	29.	
Mean temperature	do	40.—	
Rainfall for the week	1.47 inches.		
Snowfall	0.0		

CORRESPONDING WEEK OF LAST YEAR

Highest maximum temperature	72.
Average maximum	do 52.42
Lowest minimum	do 26.
Average minimum	do 31.
Mean	do 41.71

AT THE MILL.

	Maximum	Minimum	
Sep 3	60	52	
4	60	48	
5	63	47	
6	65	50	
7	58	50	
8	66	47	
9	60	50	

Average maximum temperature	61.28
Average minimum	do 49.14
Mean	do 55.71
Rainfall for the week	1.12 inches
Snowfall	0.

CORRESPONDING WEEK OF LAST YEAR

Highest maximum temperature	72
Average	do 60.68
Lowest minimum	do 34
Average	do 41.57
Mean	do 51.92

ADVERTISE IN THE GAZETTE.

The Hedley Gazette

and
Similkameen Advertiser.
ISSUED ON THURSDAYS, BY THE HEDLEY GAZETTE
PRINTING AND PUBLISHING COMPANY,
LIMITED, at Hedley, B. C.

Subscriptions in Advance

Per Year.....\$2.00
" (United States).....2.50

Advertising Rates

Measurement, 12 lines to the inch.

Land Notices—Certificates of improvement, etc.
\$7.00 for 60-day notices, and \$8.00 for 90-day
notices.

Changes for contract advertisements should be
in the office by noon on Tuesday to secure
attention for that week's issue.

Advertisements will be changed once every
month if advertiser desires, without any extra
charge. For changes oftener than once a month
the price of composition will be charged at
regular rates.

A. MEGRAW, Managing Editor.



Full Moon	9	New Moon	23			
Last quar.	17	First quar.	1			
1911		1911				
SEP						
Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.	Fri.	Sat.
					1	2
3	4	5	6	7	8	9
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
24	25	26	27	28	29	30

MUCH HARM DONE ALREADY

Even if reciprocity receives a defeat at the hands of the Canadian electors a week hence the harm already done by allowing the question to come up in the way it has done is greater than Sir Wilfrid or his henchmen will be able to undo during the remainder of their natural lives. Of course, if the defeat should prove to be a crushing one, it might minimize the harm done to a certain extent, but only faintly minimize it.

Now we are quite aware that no statement of this kind should be given out as mere opinion without some valid reasons or facts to back it up. That would be to emulate the example of the Liberals who have brought up reciprocity (or rather have allowed Taft to bring it up for them) without advancing anything more than the bald opinion that it would be to the advantage of the country. When Fielding presented reciprocity to the House on behalf of the government the only reason he could offer why parliament should support it was the mere opinion already stated and that conservatives had been in favor of reciprocity years ago. In that shape it was assailed by the opposition with hot shot from all sides and Laurier's defence was not a whit better than Fielding's for he also appeared to rest his case on the claim that once upon a time Sir John McDonald and his followers had been in favor of reciprocity.

Now for our reason. When the protective tariff under which Canada has been built up was launched its advocates claimed that it would cover the land with tall chimneys, but the Grits only jeered at this and kept up their agitation to "wipe out the last vestige of protection." (those were the words which Laurier used concerning it.) Contrary to the expectation of the Conservatives who expected more American concerns to establish their industries on this side of the line, very few of them started to come and it was left to Canadian concerns to enlarge their factories and start new ones. Of course it is easy to see now why U. S. manufacturers were slow to move when they always expected the Liberals in Canada to regain power and then they could command the Canadian market again without going to the expense of building anew on Canadian soil. A few of them got tired waiting before the eighteen years of Conservative rule had terminated, and built branches in Canada, but the rest waited patiently for a few years after 1896 to see Laurier put into practice what he had preached before that date. But after the general election of 1900 when the Liberals had been returned to power and protection in

Canada seemed to be as strongly entrenched as it had been under Conservative rule, they began to establish branches in Canada by the dozen. Now we have it on no less authority than the organ of the United States Manufacturers' Association which says that during the last ten years 750 American concerns have been forced to build in Canada, and urged upon legislators in the United States to support Taft's scheme for reciprocity with Canada as a means towards stopping the leak which was draining manufacturing capital out of the United States.

These facts effectually prove the correctness of our statement that Laurier has already done more harm than his neck is worth by allowing reciprocity to become an issue at all in this country at the present time, for the investing army is always loath to raise the siege as long as he has reason to believe that there may be traitors in the garrison, and in this case the traitors are the officers of the garrison with the commander himself at their head. Let the soldiers of the garrison now remain loyal.

EDITORIAL COMMENTS

If Taft and Laurier are permitted to finish their work the Stars and Stripes will wave over Canada within twenty years.—Ledge.

The Liberals say they are going to make this a cheap country to live in. Yes; soup kitchens, and a cheap country to work in, like what it was when Sir John turned them out in 1878.

"A little ready money and long repentance" will be Canada's portion for every cord of pulpwood she sells to Taft at \$1.50 per cord and allows him to make up into paper on his side of the line and sell at seven times as much.

Dr. McDonald is reported to have claimed that reciprocity would both increase the price of farm products and lower the cost of living. In doing this the Dr. qualifies as the most aerobic political economist now doing stunts through the country.

The object is not merely to elect Burrell but to speak emphatically that Canada must maintain her fiscal independence. To simply elect Burrell would not be to make the voice of Yale-Cariboo heard in this great matter, but to swell his majority to 1500 is what Yale-Cariboo owes herself this time.

Dr. McDonald, like his leader, bases the whole case for reciprocity on the contention that Sir John McDonald was in favor of reciprocity 40 years ago. Well, the Dr. himself was very much in favor of a nursing bottle forty years ago, but that is no reason why he should still confine himself to that diet.

The Laurier press and politicians who are acting as pullers-in for Uncle Sam try to beguile our farmers with the raw fraud that the pact would give them an additional market for their produce. What it really would do is to deprive them of a great part of their home market.—Ledge.

Kipling says ten to one is too big odds to gamble against. If one boy has an apple and ten other boys have another apple among them, wouldn't it be better for the one boy to keep his one apple than to put it in with the other crowd and share alike with them? In the one case he was sure of one apple and in the other case he might be fortunate enough to get one-eleventh of two apples, provided they did not try to do him out of that small share.

Dr. McDonald may be a good dentist but he has a lot to learn about fruit-growing or he would not have made some of the remarks with which he was credited at Hedley. The Dr. forgets that the fruit crop in B. C. is not quite as sure as the crop of decayed teeth, and that the profits of the good years must be ample to carry the fruit-grower over the bad years. The Dr. who can fall back on his profession during the bad years, or perhaps find an acceptable government job, can perhaps afford to be magnanimous in the good years and divide up the profits of his fruit ranch with others, but the average fruit-grower is not so fortunate in having so many things to fall back on.

The present campaign is far too short to give the electors a proper understanding of so momentous a question as reciprocity. This is seen by the large and fever increasing numbers of Liberals who are coming out and declaring themselves against reciprocity, with the stipulation that this act on their part had nothing whatever to do with their party allegiance. All honor to such men; it is just such as they who have kept freedom alive in all ages and in all lands.

Yellow Journal Hearst is filling eastern Canada with Yankee slush literature boasting reciprocity from a Canadian standpoint. But the claims and assertions made therein are altogether different from what the same yellow journals ground out when the question was before congress and the American senate. What business has any American campaigning in Canada at the present time? Eastern Canadians should assert themselves and kick him out.

George Kirby no doubt considers he was about as fair as he could be in trying to make so much out of Martin Burrell's three years' absence from this part of the Similkameen. Of course we all remember George's brilliant flashes of sledge concerning Mr. Shatford in the same connection, and we have a photograph of him enthusiastically over it at the next provincial election. He forgot to tell the audience how many times he has seen Smith Curtis or his furniture in the Similkameen since 1907, but he would toot for Curtis to morrow, if the latter were a candidate, all the same.

Reciprocity is not a party question even if Sir Wilfrid was determined to make it so, and would listen to no appeals from the opposition to keep it out of politics. It is far deeper than party, so let us all forget for a while simply Canadians till the common danger is past. Then let the country demand a plebiscite that the voice of the people may be heard on this question untrammelled by party ties.

Neither Laurier nor any of his supporters attempted in the House to answer Mr. Burrell's proof of injury (and in some cases ruin) which reciprocity would work upon Canadian fruit-growers and vegetable growers; but Laurier himself, at Stratford last week, dared to make statements to farmers and fruit-growers that were the very opposite to admissions he had himself made last winter to deputations that waited on him to remonstrate against the reciprocity pact. Isn't it time for a change?

One pleasing feature about the election in Yale-Cariboo is that both party candidates are men of probity, warranting the belief that they would either of them make worthy representatives, if elected. The advantage, of course, rests with Mr. Burrell, who is a tried man and has already demonstrated his fitness during three sessions in which he showed his ability to step into the front rank among the debaters of the House, and to command the attention of the leaders in whatever he had to bring forward.

When all is said and done the present political campaign resolves itself into the simple question of whether Canadians will vote for commercial union with the United States, with the possibility of ultimate annexation, or for conserving their own resources for themselves and the Empire to which they belong. It is "Vote for Laurier and United States Markets" or "For Canada and Inter-Imperial trade."—Colonist.

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia
In Probate
In the Matter of Michael Sullivan,
deceased
and
In the Matter of the "Official Administrators' Act"

NOTICE is hereby given that by an order made by His Honour, F. B. Gregory, Judge of this Honorable Court, dated the 30th of August, A. D. 1911, the undersigned was appointed Administrator of all and singular the estate and effects of the above named Michael Sullivan, late of Fairview, in the Similkameen division of Yale district, in the Province of British Columbia, deceased, who died intestate on or about the 3rd day of September, A. D. 1905.
All persons having claims against the estate of the said deceased are required to send the same with the particulars thereof, duly verified, to the undersigned on or before the 1st day of November, 1911, and all persons indebted to the said deceased are required to pay the amount of such indebtedness to the undersigned forthwith.
Dated this 11th day of September, A. D. 1911.
JOSEPH A. BROWN,
Keremeos, B. C.
Official Administrator for the Similkameen Division of Yale District.

Have You a Bank Account?

The money is safe in the Bank than in your house or in your pocket. A Checking Account provides a safe and convenient way of paying your bills, as each check issued returns to you as a receipt. A Savings account keeps growing all the time because interest is added twice a year. Call at

The Bank of British North America

and talk to the manager about it

75 Years in Business: Capital and Reserve Over \$7,500,000

Hedley Branch, H. A. Hincks, Manager

ROYAL HOUSEHOLD FLOUR

Used by Millions and Acknowledged to be the Best

NEW SHIPMENT JUST IN

49 lb Bags, \$2.25 24 1/2 lb Bags, \$1.15

OGILVIES ROLLED OATS

40 lb Bag, \$1.90 20 lb Bag, \$1.00 8 lb Bag, 50c

A Limited Supply of very good Potatoes at per 100 lbs, \$2.75

Curlew Butter, always Fresh and Sweet, 45c lb.

Shatfords, Ltd.

FRUIT JARS

As we have had considerable experience in handling fruit jars, we can conscientiously recommend the new American Sealer

Golden State Mason

as the only absolutely perfect sealer on the market. No new cays required. Opening same width as sealer, and therefore easy to clean. No clamps required a child can open and close them.

On Sale at

Schubert's Supply Stores

Hedley and Tulameen

PRINCETON BREWING CO.
PRINCETON, B. C.

Make the
NOTED HOP GOLD BEER

THEIR NOTED HALF AND HALF

(HALF STOUT AND PORTER)

is a Winner.

THE RIVERSIDE NURSERIES

GRAND FORKS, B. C. Comprising 100 Acres

Largest growers of Nursery Stock in British Columbia. All stock wintered in our cellars and no danger of being winter killed trees.
Buy British Columbia grown trees for British Columbia Orchards.

NOTICE

SIMILKAMEEN LAND DISTRICT,
DISTRICT OF YALE.
TAKE Notice that Robert James McCurdy, of Keremeos, occupation, road foreman, intends to apply for permission to purchase 160 acres of land, bounded as follows:
Commencing at a post planted about 30 chains north of the main Ashnola River, about 133 miles from its mouth and one chain north of trail, thence west 40 chains, thence south 40 chains, thence east 40 chains, thence north 40 chains to point of commencement.
ROBERT JAMES McCURDY
H. C. N. Etches, agent.
July 12th, 1911. 30-10



County Court of Yale

A SITTING of the County Court of Yale will be held in Fraternity Hall, Hedley, on Wednesday, October 11th, at 2 o'clock p. m.
By Command
HUGH HUNTER
Registrar County Court.

Water Notice

I, Joshua Wilson, of Hedley, miner, give notice that on the 21st day of September, I intend to apply to the Water Commissioner at Fairview for a licence to take and use 2 cubic feet of water per second from a small stream flowing from the side of the mountain and coming to the surface about 250 feet north of the north boundary line of pre-emption No. 798, in Similkameen division of Yale District. The water is to be taken from the stream at the point where it comes to the surface and is to be used for pre-emption No. 798 for irrigation purposes.
JOSHUA WILSON

NOTICE

SIMILKAMEEN LAND DISTRICT
DISTRICT OF YALE
TAKE Notice that E. Alexander George Harvey, of New Westminster, occupation, mechanic, intends to apply for permission to purchase 160 acres of land, bounded as follows:
Commencing at a post planted about 6 chains north of the main Ashnola river and about 17 miles from its mouth, and adjoining H. C. N. Etches' pre-emption, thence east 20 chains, thence south 20 chains, thence west 80 chains, thence north 20 chains to point of commencement.
ALEXANDER GEO. HARVEY
H. C. N. Etches, agent.
July 12th, 1911. 0-10

Town and District.

James McGregor inspector of mines was in Hedley last week on a visit of inspection.

Robt. Berger a former employee at the mill returned last week from Spokane with his bride.

R. G. Shier and Mrs. Shier left on Thursday last for the coast where they will spend a few weeks.

A. E. Howse has disposed of the Similkameen Star to a company which has been formed to take it over.

Two shifts are now working on the Sacramento and a company is being formed to thoroughly develop the property.

The hunting season has now been in for a couple of weeks and as yet we have not heard of any very well-filled game bags.

Louis Marcotte and Miss Myrtle Schissler, of Princeton, were married last week. They have gone south on a honeymoon trip and on their return will make their home at Coalton.

What are we to think of a real estate agent who will try to sell Similkameen fruit lands and advocate a policy which will entail a yearly loss of \$50 per acre to the man he is selling to?

Mr. A. McKinnon sr. returned last week from Nova Scotia where he has been for the past three years. He is looking well and stood the trip out remarkably well in spite of his advanced years.

Leo, Brown is attending school at Penticton. When he went to Vernon to enter the high school there he found that the principal had resigned and it was not known when the school would re-open.

Mrs. Sproule went out to Sicamous last week to meet her brother who is out from England on a hurried business trip and could not spare the time to come down to Hedley. She returned on Saturday's train.

James Foulds Johnson, of Enderby, is the socialist candidate for Yale-Cariboo. There is no socialist in the field in Kootenay where there is a much larger socialist vote than in Yale-Cariboo.

When Bro. Lowery was asked whether he was supporting reciprocity he replied "No need to ask me, I'm a Canadian". If all Canadians only appreciated as fully what it is to be a Canadian there would be no talk now about reciprocity.

Thursday morning last after their meeting in Hedley, Dr. McDonald and George Kirby were buzzing around in their buzz wagon, and pulled out in the afternoon. It was not known whether their ultimate destination was Washington or not, but they were headed in that direction when they passed the Gazette office.

O. H. Carle, the fruit man, of Keremeos, has the editor's thanks for a nice box of ripe tomatoes. Mr. Carle has found it necessary this year, owing to the failure of some crops, to import fruit from Washington and some of the quotations he received from growers across the line, shown to us, made this talk of the Liberals about a greater and better market for the British Columbia fruit-grower on the other side of the line look decidedly ridiculous.

The returning officer in Yale-Cariboo is D. B. Johnson, of Pritchard, near Ducks. It was left to him to say whether the election in Yale-Cariboo should be deferred or not and that he has decided to hold it the same day as the rest is taken as evidence of his fairness. Had Dr. McDonald taken a similar course when he acted in the same capacity three years ago people would have had a better opinion of him also. J. K. Fraser has been appointed deputy returning officer to take the vote in Hedley.

Studebaker's auto service between Keremeos and Penticton continues to grow in popularity and is responsible for sending many a passenger to the coast by the Okanagan Lake route who would otherwise have gone over the Great Northern. One day last week they handled with the two cars no less than 24 passengers between those two points and all of them caught their trains. Having two cars instead of one they are in position to accommodate almost any rush that may come along. The trip itself is one of intense enjoyment and the night run seems to add additional charm.

The usual crop of offenders from the Labor Day celebration was again in evidence. This time it was all against the Indian Act. Joe Beebe was gathered in on a charge of supplying liquor to an Indian and another Indian was held on a charge of having liquor in his possession. As both these offences require two magistrates to hear them, constable Sproule took the offenders to Princeton. There they got a hearing before magistrates Waterman and Thomas when Beebe was fined \$50 and costs and the Indian \$20 and costs. They both managed to dig up the fine and saved the province the cost of taking them to Kamloops.

Thos. Bradshaw was forced to play the role of the hard-hearted man last week. A horse belonging to his son Leonard disappeared about six years ago. It had been given to the boy by Paddy Larson to ride to school on. On Friday last a lady came to Mr. B at Keremeos and asked him to lead a horse up behind his rig. This he agreed to and on the way home he

recognized the horse as the one which had belonged to Leonard and kept it in his possession when the lady came after it. She had bought it from a young fellow working on the road at Green Mountain. It is possible that before the matter is over someone will be up against a charge of horse-stealing.

The Laurier government's attitude towards labor is well illustrated by the way they enforce the Alien Labor Act. The story of their perfidy in that connection came out quite unexpected in the police court in Victoria the other day and Minister Templeman is having a sweaty time of it in consequence, as he richly deserves. In view of this, what becomes of the paternal patronising air which McKenzie King is assuming in Waterloo.

When Liberals as hide-bound as Dan McGillicuddy has always been known

to be, cannot swallow the party's work any longer, the deluge has truly come. Dan will not say where he stands on reciprocity because in past times he has been ranting free trader, commercial unionist, high tariff grit and everything else by turns that the party required of its followers, but always grit. The one thing he does not mean to stand for is that Frank Oliver should get all that boodle from the Yankees and keep most of it for himself, and that Laurier, when told about it, should fail to get one-tenth, as mad about it as Dan was.

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EAST PRINCETON
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East Princeton is surrounded by huge deposits of coal, cement, copper, gold, and other important minerals.

The British Columbia Portland Cement Co. is erecting a half a million dollar plant which will employ between 300 and 400 men.

The United Empire Co. is shipping a lignite coal of the best quality and is developing immense copper deposits, requiring large reduction works and several hundred employees.

The Princeton Coal and Land Co. is increasing its daily

shipments to 300 tons of coal, providing employment to about 150 men. Other coal companies are spending over \$2,000,000 in development, and will give work to at least 1000 men.

For transportation, East Princeton will have, in the near future, the Great Northern and the Kettle Valley lines, both of which, will pass through the townsite.

East Princeton is beautifully situated on the Similkameen river, with an abundance of water power available. The new city has every factor for growth into a big industrial centre. It presents a rare opportunity for investment.

Get Full Particulars immediately

D. G. McCurdy,
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R. E. Ward,
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THE KEREMEOS PAGE

KEREMEOS, the Centre of Lower Similkameen---Famed for Fruit Growing

Town and Lower Valley.

Constable Sprout, of Hedley, was in town over the week end.

J. R. Brown, of Summerland, Indian Agent, spent a few days in the valley last week.

Prices cut in two at Crooker's hardware sale. Get some of the bargains while they last.

A. H. Harrison has commenced canning operations and looks forward to a busy season.

George Hart, licensed optician, of Vernon, was in Keremeos for a couple of days last week.

Hilliard Innis, who left some months ago to join his brother Bob at Ashcroft, is back in Keremeos.

G. S. Lawrence, of the B. C. Fruitland's Company, was in town last week, with a prospective land buyer, Mr. Bowen, of Claresholm, Alta.

Dunc. Campbell has returned from Princeton. We understand that he and Mrs. Campbell will spend the winter on their ranch across the river.

F. J. Sauve left on Saturday for Princeton intending to make the trip over the Hope Trail, on his way to Vancouver, on foot. He considered a cayuse in the hills as superfluous.

J. M. Young, who has been sticking pretty close to his job at Ashnola during the past few months, was in town on Monday distributing pay cheques and gladdening the hearts of the recipients.

Surveyor Shaw left on Saturday for his home at Greenwood, where his two boys who have been assisting him during their summer vacation will resume their studies at school. Mr. Shaw expects to return to this district in a short time.

One more week and the sun crosses the line. In the political orbit either Sir Wilfrid or R. L. Borden will do the same, with this difference that while old Sol will return next spring with undiminished lustre, whichever candidate is defeated is likely to take to his hole and quietly remain there for the rest of his natural life.

Budding politicians should always consider well their little sallies of wit before delivering them, else the laugh is apt to be where they least intended it. At a Liberal meeting in New Westminster recently, an easterner, in berating the arguments of his opponents remarked that the Liberals could supply the Conservatives with plenty of matter for argument but could not supply them with brains. Nearer home a would-be politician resurrected the ancient biblical chestnut of the devil and the lion with the result that his hearers are still wondering "What the devil he was roaring about."

In the political contest now at its height both parties are boasting of the recruits gained from the ranks of the other. It could not well be otherwise considering the manner in which the reciprocity pact works to the advantage of one section of the country at the expense of another, and also the strong appeals made by leaders to the rank and file to break from party and vote in their own interests. It is just as difficult to conceive of a B. C. rancher, who has an ounce of political independence, voting for the pact as it is to conceive of the same individual on the prairies voting against it. Each can foretell with almost absolute certainty the immediate results from the lob-sided bargain while the ultimate results are shrouded in a thick haze of uncertainty.

R. H. Carmichael arrived here on Thursday evening on his return from his trip to the coast and remained over until Monday morning, the bank being kept open on Friday and Saturday instead of the usual days last week. Mr. Carmichael made the trip out over the Hope trail in company with K. C. Brown of Princeton, leaving home at three o'clock on Friday afternoon they arrived at Hope at 5 p. m. next day and caught the seven o'clock train into Vancouver where they arrived a few hours later. We do not know whether this establishes a record over that route or not but it certainly was going some and has either the C. P. R. or Jim Hill's line faded by several blocks. While at the coast Mr. Carmichael witnessed the lacrosse match between Vancouver and New Westminster on Labor Day. He considered the game was played on its merits and that the better team won. The general impression is that these games are being manipulated to draw big gates and swell the exchequers of the management.

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REMEMBER

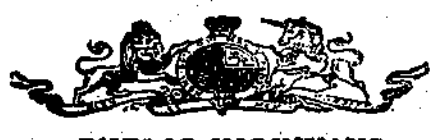
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Minister of Public Works
28-11
Department of Public Works
Victoria, B. C., July 7th 1911

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