

The Hedley Gazette

AND SIMILKAMEEN ADVERTISER.

VOL. III. No. 2.

HEDLEY, B. C., THURSDAY, JANUARY 24, 1907.

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SIMILKAMEEN GREET'S PREMIER

McBride and Smith Curtis at Keremeos.

PREMIER CARRIES MEETING

And after Dealing Exhaustively with the Issues before the People, Paid His Compliments to the Fairweather Politicians who Held Back while the Province was in Financial Distress and now Hurry Back when there is a Surplus on Hand.

Premier McBride's tour of the constituencies of the interior continues one unbroken triumph. After doing the Kootenays and the Boundary, where he gave E. G. Warren a lift at Greenwood, he entered Similkameen at Rock Creek, where a rousing meeting was held, which was addressed by Mr. McBride and Mr. Shatford.

At Fairview he addressed a meeting at which Smith Curtis was present.

to him as a professional politician, which term he repudiated. Land grafts, he said, had been killed by him. Although in the four years he was in the legislature he belonged to the opposition, he had not been under McBride, who came over to him. The McBride Government, he claimed, was a petty department of the C. P. R. He attacked the government's timber policy and claimed that the stampage charged should be \$1.50 per M. instead of .50 cents and said that lumbermen would be willing to give \$5.00 per M. stampage. He referred to the course he intended to pursue if elected as "my platform." He dealt with wild land tax and referred to Mr. Shatford as a grafter on the ground that the Price estate at Keremeos in which Mr. Shatford was interested was not assessed high enough. He attacked the Dunsmuir exemptions and said that Governor Dunsmuir was the greatest tax-dodger in B. C. Dunsmuir had a lot of representatives in the House, Liberals and Conservatives, who were prepared to bob up in the House and support any legislation in the House for

CONDITION OF THE PROVINCE

Some Reasons Why Greater Prosperity Exists.

NO UNWISE LEGISLATION

To Divert the Wave, but the Steady Hand of the Premier and His Government has Done Much to Restore Confidence.

The Colonist.

Everyone must admit that the province is in an exceedingly prosperous condition. All lines of industry are in a healthy state, new people are coming in, new capital is being invested and the outlook along all lines is very bright indeed. We are not so absurd as to claim that this is due to local influences entirely. The whole country is buoyant, and this province feels the beneficial result. Yet this is not the whole truth. A general wave of prosperity has before now been diverted from its natural course by unwise legislation and blundering administration. The history of all countries shows this. Suppose that bad laws had been placed upon the statute books of this province, that the administration of the public departments had been careless, inefficient or dishonest, that the public finances had not been properly handled, that there had been no effort made to take advantage of a period of general prosperity to make known the great resources of the province, there would have been a different story to tell. Perhaps a government may not be able to create prosperity to any great extent, but it can avoid placing obstacles in the way of progress, it can smooth the way for enterprise, it can keep the public credit high, it can establish a feeling of confidence in the administration of the laws and in the soundness of its own policy, and thus it can contribute, indirectly, it is true, but none the less most effectively, to the promotion of the general welfare. This the present local government can justly claim to have done; this is all that any government can hope to do.

When Mr. McBride took office, the financial condition of the province was very serious. It was idle to talk about our great resources, idle to speak of the wonderful things that would be accomplished in the future, as long as there was a big balance on the wrong side of the provincial ledger, and a large amount of banking capital, that might have been loaned out to business men, was locked up in a government overdraft. The first duty of Mr. McBride and his colleagues was to set this matter right. It was a duty that was not a very agreeable one. It involved the curtailing of expenditure and the recasting of a considerable extent of the system of taxation, but the government grappled courageously with the task, and every one knows the excellent results that have been achieved. This of itself was an act of administration for which the government deserves the thanks of the whole province and a renewal of confidence for another term.

After dealing, at considerable length with each department of the Government and showing what each minister had done the Colonist goes on to say: "In view of these things, it is not a matter of surprise that conditions in British Columbia are highly satisfactory. The people feel safe. All the unrest and uncertainty that characterized the years previous to 1903 have vanished, and opponents as well as friends of the government feel that in Mr. McBride's hands the interests of the province, as far as they come within the scope of the local government, are perfectly safe. For this reason we anticipate a very pronounced victory for the provincial government at the elections. The people of British Columbia have had enough of political confusion; they have seen enough political experiments tried. They are not disposed to adopt any course that will disturb the existing safe and satisfactory state of things. Naturally the Conservatives will rally to the support of the government; but we look for more than this. We look with great confidence to a large support from men, who usually vote with the Liberal Party, men who believe it would be a serious error to try any political change, while everything is going along as well as it is now. The Opposition has not developed any line of policy for which they can ask public endorsement. They may at the last moment frame up something that will look like a policy, but it is too late in the day to do that and gain any support. They will be judged by their record in the legislature, and tried by this, they will be found badly wanting. We enter the campaign with every assurance of a great government victory.

To the Electors of Similkameen.

HEDLEY, B. C., Jan. 11th, 1907.

At a convention of the Conservative party held at Fairview the 10th inst., I was again selected to contest the Similkameen. I am therefore the candidate of the Conservative party at the coming Provincial Election and respectfully solicit your vote and influence. It seems imperative that I should stand a second time as it is my wish to have the electors declare by their vote on February 2nd if I have or have not given the necessary attention to Similkameen interests during the life of the last Parliament.

By my record I am quite prepared to be judged. My stand in connection with railroads, all agree, has been in the best interests of the Province and Similkameen in particular. That I have earnestly advocated the special needs of the Similkameen before the Government is shown in the largely increased appropriations which have been granted. As you may know I have resided in the district for some 14 years and am largely interested in its agricultural, mining and commercial development. I entered parliament as a business man prepared to devote his best energies to securing a business like government, not as a politician looking for place with "axe to grind." Should your verdict approve of my course in the past, I assure you my best efforts will again be given to securing from Parliament what I deem in the best interests of my Constituency. I shall endeavor to see you personally before election day, but as the riding is a large one and a short three weeks remain to get over it, it is possible I may not be able to see every voter. Polling places, I am sure, will be established at most convenient points and I hope you will not only vote early yourself but see that all our friends also vote. Again, respectfully soliciting your vote and influence, I remain,

Yours truly,

L. W. SHATFORD.

DUNCAN ROSS AND THE GAZETTE.

Of the long list of grievances which Duncan Ross had against the Gazette, some of them were straight falsehoods with not a vestige of a peg upon which to hang them. All the others were so dishonestly put as to amount to worse than falsehoods. No opportunity was given to deal with them serially, for he squealed enough, before we had an opportunity to more than begin with this phase of his long speech. If we had any thought that the audience believed him we would now deal with them in the Gazette by producing from the files the exact words and allow our readers to judge but we refuse to believe that the audience really took any stock in what he said, and space is too precious to waste on him.

KNOCKING THE CAMP.

The Sort of Treatment Camp Hedley is Receiving From the Liberals.

Word comes from Greenwood that seems almost incredible, but the information comes so direct and is so absolutely vouched for that it is impossible to doubt it.

Geo. R. Naden, mayor of Greenwood, and Liberal candidate in the Greenwood riding, who left his own riding and went into Similkameen riding to help Smith Curtis against Mr. Shatford, making a trip up the Kettle river and addressing a meeting at Rock Creek in company with Smith Curtis, said at a public meeting in Greenwood:

"The ore tonnage of Hedley Camp for the next ten years will not pay the axle grease to the railway hauling it."

Why Mr. Naden should see fit to express himself in this way is inexplicable. We do not know what particular point he was trying to make when he said it, but we do know that he has been long enough in the West to know that expressions of this kind should never be used without absolute knowledge as to their truthfulness, and Mr. Naden's knowledge of this camp is not sufficient to warrant him in saying it.

This axle grease conception seems to be as high as a Liberal's confidence in the province can soar. From its first entrance into Confederation, British Columbia has had to struggle against this persistent belittlement of its resources and capabilities on the part of the Liberals, from Hon. Edward Blake who tried to have the Dominion repudiate its obligation to build the transcontinental railway, when he said that the railway would not pay grease for the wheels, to Geo. R. Naden who has given this last unkind slap at Camp Hedley.

Apart from the injury which he has thus wantonly endeavored to inflict upon this camp the people of Greenwood will have no reason to thank him for this kind of thing. Now that the railway is to connect the Boundary with Similkameen points the prospect would under ordinary conditions be fair for Greenwood business men to extend their trade in this direction, but if this be the sentiment entertained by their civic head and their would be representative, towards this camp, Hedley people will at all events think twice about it.

In the Fairview meeting the chair was occupied by R. H. Parkinson. Mr. Curtis kicked at being limited to half an hour and was allowed an hour which he over-ran about ten minutes. The meeting did not begin until after one o'clock and after the Premier had replied there was limited time to reach Keremeos in time for the evening meeting, and as a result it was late when the meeting began.

AT KEREMEOS.

The school at Keremeos in which the meeting was held, was packed to the door, a plentiful sprinkling of ladies being present.

Dr. McEwen occupied the chair, and owing to the lateness of the hour for starting the meeting, it was necessary to limit the time of the opposition candidates, Messrs. Curtis and Winkler to an hour which they agreed to divide up so as to give Curtis forty minutes and Winkler twenty, but as Mr. Curtis over-ran his time considerably he had nearly the full hour.

Mr. Curtis opened by complaining that at Fairview the premier referred

to him. He expressed again the fear that he might be defeated by an attempt of the C. P. R. to corrupt the electorate. In London, Ontario, it had been shown that in the Hyman election C. P. R. money had been buying votes for Hyman at \$10 each and that twice the sum had also been spent by the C. P. R. in the same election for the election of Hyman's opponent Grey, but that Grey's heels had shoved it down and the voters didn't get any of it. Winkler, he was pleased to learn, was repudiating Hawthornwaite.

Mr. Winkler thought when nominated that he was the only Socialist candidate in the Similkameen, but from claims alleged to have been made by Mr. Shatford of being a Socialist at heart and from the platform of Smith Curtis, it appeared that there were three. Mr. Curtis' platform showed petty larceny from the Socialist platform. Curtis had declared for government ownership of public utilities and had specified that telephone should be taken over at once. In this Mr.

(Continued on page one of supplement.)

The Hedley Gazette

and
Similkameen Advertiser.
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attention for that week's issue.

A. MEGRAW,
Managing Editor.

Full Moon 29th	New Moon 14th					
Last quar. 7th	First quar. 21st					
1907	JANUARY	1907				
Sun.	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.	Fri.	Sat.
	1	2	3	4	5	
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31		

EDITORIAL COMMENTS

Hands off British Columbia!

Don't allow the Ottawa machine to dictate in this province in provincial affairs.

The Greenwood Ledger refers to Billy McInnes as "the boy orator" and the man who never was known to refuse a cabinet position."

Any artist whose imagination is equal to the task of painting a picture of A. E. Howse, voting for Charles Semlin has the opportunity of making a good thing. There are many people who would give a whole lot for such a picture.

The party that Mr. Curtis will support if elected, is the party in open alliance with the Ottawa machine that is bent upon despoiling this province. The larger McBride's majority, the more effective will be the rebuke upon the Ottawa machine for daring to threaten provincial rights in this province.

If the people of Persia or "Abdul the damned," of Turkey, should be in need of a cabinet minister any time after the 2nd of February, they will be pleased to learn that W. W. B. McInnes "the boy orator and the man who was never known to refuse a cabinet position," will be open for engagement after that date.

A. E. Howse, of Nicola, is pledged to support Charlie Semlin, in West Yale. In an evil moment before the Conservative convention in West Yale was held, when Ric. A. Fraser was considered a likely candidate, Howse was voluble in his disapproval, and said that if the Conservatives would bring out Charlie Semlin he would vote for him. It is now up to him to deliver the goods.

A vote for Smith Curtis is a vote against the McBride government. A vote against the McBride government at the present time is the most effective way in which you could tell Laurier and the Ottawa machine that so far as you are concerned he is at liberty to rob this province at will; to insult us by offering \$100,000 per year for ten years in full of our claim against the Dominion when they hold \$19,000,000 that properly belongs to us and to even interfere in our provincial elections.

Curtis complains that Shatford doesn't say anything. Men who don't say much often saw wood. Shatford has been sawing wood for the Similkameen riding each session at Victoria, and the wood-pile stacked up in the shape of good, fat appropriations, is very pleasing to the electors. Last week, too, when Curtis was giving us "heap wawa" on the Similkameen Shatford was sawing wood in the east end of the riding. Curtis will have an opportunity of measuring up the wood-pile any time on and after the night of the 2nd of February.

In 1904 all the Conservative candidates contesting constituencies for the Commons in this province met in Vancouver and pledged themselves that if elected, no matter which party should be in power at Ottawa, they would demand fair treatment for British Columbia along the same lines as those demanded by Premier McBride at the Ottawa conference, and if refused would resign. Conservatives in this province are British Columbians first and Conservatives next. Compare that position with the conduct of Duncan Ross and his associates, whose hidebound partisanship forbids a patriotic stand where the interests of his province are at stake. Show that you are a British Columbian by voting for a McBride candidate.

At Hedley Mr. Curtis had no objection to urge against the building of the Twenty-mile wagon road, but at Princeton where he thought he could make some capital out of it, he attacked the building of the road very fiercely. The part of Mr. Curtis' moral training which he assures us was so carefully attended to in his youth, that impelled him to this course concerning the Twenty-mile wagon road, must have been St. Paul's injunction to Timothy: "Be all things unto all men if happily you might gain some." Mr. Shatford's Sunday School teacher unfortunately had kept him too long in the beatitudes and the four gospels, and didn't give him a square show to get up on the finer points of old Paul's theology, for he is prepared to tell the same thing in all parts of the riding, knowing as he does that impartial distribution has been made.

"CAN NEVER BE RESTORED."

Further Bon bons for Billy McInnes by the Liberal Candidate for Similkameen. How Outsiders View Smith Curtis' Position in this Matter.

Grand Forks Gazette.

Quite naturally a lot is being said in the papers on the return of W. W. B. McInnes to provincial politics. In Mr. McInnes' case the liberals have made a fatal mistake. Hitherto much stress, and rightly, has been laid on the strong personal character of the leader of the opposition. The good effect of such an argument is now entirely offset by the importation of a politician whose record is known throughout the length and breadth of the land. We all know how bitterly Mr. McInnes railed at Mr. Dunsmuir the land baron, employer of Chinese labor, etc. We also know that when his interests were subserved thereby he switched to the support of Mr. Dunsmuir, stamped Victoria in support of Col. Prior, who was advocating the huge land grant to the Canadian Northern, and subsequently accepted a position in the Prior cabinet.

No wonder Smith Curtis, who was in opposition at the time, and knew McInnes from the ground up, said of him: "Just as I have opposed Joseph Martin, and on the same grounds, I will always oppose McInnes having any directing hand in the Liberal party, because I have for the very best of reasons and upon incontrovertible evidence lost all confidence in him, and KNOW THAT THAT CONFIDENCE CAN NEVER BE RESTORED."

Mr. Curtis, who is now the Liberal candidate in Similkameen, closed his famous utterance on McInnes in 1903 by saying: "Another general appeal to the electorate is likely to come at an early date, and to win, the liberals must have a leader with a clean record, acceptable to all the party, and McInnes is not the man."

How Smith Curtis could conceivably sit in the same House and on the same side, with a man of this kind is one of those mysteries which can only be explained by the existence of a common and fierce desire to obtain office at any price.

McINNIS' AWFUL BREAK.

Insulted Labor at Rosland Saturday Night—Smith Curtis Bidding for Labor Support In Similkameen and If Elected Must Serve Under Lieut. McInnis.

(Special to the Gazette.)
Rosland, Jan. 23.—McInnis' meeting here last night proved a fiasco. He made a bad break by offering a direct insult to labor. He deliberately endeavored to stir up strife between employer and employees. He insinuated that companies were attempting to coerce men to vote contrary to conviction, and his inferences were nothing more than flagrant efforts to create that agitation and strife for which McInnes is noted, for more than any one thing. But McInnes did not stop there, he did not hesitate to fling direct insult at labor. He said, "if the liberals are returned to power they will give you a stable government, an honest government and an independent. We want liberal government returned, supported by good honest liberals which will be independent of the labor element and of socialists. If we can't get along without the labor element and socialist element we will go back country, rather than to seek to carry on the affairs of the government with such aid at this juncture." A gentleman in audience, audibly remarked, that McDonald was asking support of the labor class and he was glad to learn from McInnes that their assistance was not wanted.

FROM THE CAMPAIGN BARD.

Some Apt Verses Goodnaturedly Hitting Off The Local Situation.

On all occasions of public moment, popular feeling seeks to express itself in verse. Usually election poetry is evanescent and dies with the event which it essays to celebrate, but when all coarseness and malevolence is eliminated and there is pith and point as in the Bigelow papers, it may live. In the following skits, nothing coarse nor malevolent is to be found and the verses are exceedingly bright and apt. The Gazette is therefore pleased to make room for an installment:

ARGUMENTUM AD JUDICIUM.

(THE LIBERAL PLATFORM.)
When Dick McBride, from Dewdney side,
Demanded an election;
The Grits of course, came out in force,
With tales of Green's defection.
They said that he, the G. T. P.,
Had helped to our depletion;
The Knien deal, they loudly squeal,
Should never see completion.
O'er Pondray lots, they shoot hot shots,
About McDonald's tender;
And Mrs. A——, they freely say,
Is of our wealth a spender.
With might and main, despite the stain,
These "dirty-dust-heap" rakers;
Give schools a crack, and then attack,
The C. and W. acres.
Now high now low, they growling go,
Enslimed with mud they've spattered;
And blindly think, 'twill be like ink,
And stay where it is scattered.
They have no aim, beyond the game,
Of vile calumination;
No act of good, whereby they would,
Achieve our great salvation.
Why then should we, the great, the free,
And circumspect electors;
Give our support, to such a sort,
Of "peeping Tom" detectors.
Nay rather aid, the man who's made,
Fatness where it was lean;
And so with pride, we'll help McBride,
In the Similkameen.
—Cogito Ergo Sum.

S—C—

A wily politician once in Ymir he did dwell,
His name was very simple and Curt is it to spell;
A Smith he is and yet within the Smithy he's
But hammers at an argument in In'er seen,
[the Similkameen.

J—A—M—

Macdonald is a lawyer, so folks say,
And fights elections in a lawyer's way.
His party for a client, wrong or right,
Is not allowed to enter in the fight,
To cram the verdict in his client's maw,
He'll strive by all the subtle arts of law.

W—B—McI—

Oh, Willie we have missed you,
In a way you never know;
We're glad you're wandering back to take,
The greeting we've in view;
Convey our thanks to Laurier,
For that he sent you here;
And made you quit the Dawson job,
With all its frozen cheer.
Oh, give our thanks to Duncan Ross,
Who led you safely back;
To tell us how you love us,
And to give McBride a crack,
Oh, Willie we have missed you,
In a pleasant sort of way;
And we'll tell you more about it,
On election day.
—Cogito Ergo Sum.

Conservative meeting in Fraternity hall, Hedley, on Saturday night, 20th, at 8 p. m. Addresses will be given by L. W. Shatford, the liberal-conservative standard bearer, and by Dr. Elliot S. Rowe, of Victoria, one of the best speakers in the province.

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May be all right for a change, but look out for our
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Duncan Ross told us accurately (for once) that Indian lands in this province were held by the Dominion government as trustees for the Indians, and before they could be alienated it was necessary for the Dominion government to relinquish the claim of trusteeship. But Smith Curtis in his address assumes that the provincial legislature is the whole push in the matter of Indian lands, and would proceed as if they belonged to him. To ride down all law and property rights is a way that demagogues always have. That the time will soon come when these reservation lands with their mineral wealth and their fertile acres should and will be open for exploitation and settlement there is no doubt, for public sentiment is in favor of it, but let it be brought about decently, quietly and constitutionally.

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World one year for three dollars.

Town and District.

Ben Lake went out this week, bound
for Montana.

Lent begins on February 13th this
year.

Mrs. J. H. Jackson, of Princeton, is
visiting Mrs. I. L. Deardoff.

The ice harvest on the Similkameen
is in full progress. A flow of water
over the ice is making the work a little
uncomfortable.

Thursday's boat on Okanagan lake
was unable to get any further south
than Summerland, and teams were
dispatched to bring in the mails and
passengers.

Howard Burley, one of the amalga-
mators in the stamp mill, left on Mon-
day morning for Denver, Colorado,
and intended going from there down
to Mexico.

Rev. Mr. Bartlet, having concluded
his services at Princeton on his last
visit will hold Divine service in Frat-
ernity Hall here on Sunday next at
the usual hours, viz.: 11 a.m. and
7.30 p.m. He expects to leave for his
new field about the first of February.

Owing to an attack of grippe, which
confined him to his room for a few
days last week, Rev. Mr. Hibbert was
unable to conduct his regular fort-
nightly service at Keremeos on Sunday
last. He will, however, hold service
here next Sunday at the usual hour in
the church.

The freezing up of Okanagan lake,
through the long continued cold snap,
has made local merchants rather un-
easy, for there is danger of running
out of stock in sundry lines of staples.
A coal oil famine was the first of these
shortages.

ENGINEER'S LATEST ESTIMATE

When Mr. Kennedy Counts on Getting
the Rails into Keremeos.

Grand Forks Gazette.

Construction Engineer J. H. Ken-
nedy, of the V. V. & E. was over from
Midway on Tuesday for a few hours.
Mr. Kennedy states that, though the
work of construction has proceeded
somewhat more slowly than antici-
pated, the track is now laid into Oro,
and he believes they will get steel into
Keremeos by the end of February or
early in March. Engineer Milliken,
who was formerly in charge of the sur-
vey up the North Fork, spent a long
time endeavoring to obtain a better
grade on the other side of the Hope
divide. The former line entailed a
grade of 2.5 per cent. and involved a
very heavy amount of tunnelling. A
line has now been run which, though
considerably longer, will give a two
per cent. grade, and not necessitate so
much tunnel work. The whole matter
is being considered at headquarters,
and so far no word has been given out
as to the final choice of routes.

WEDDING BELLS.

A very pretty wedding was solemn-
ized in the Methodist church, Hedley,
on Monday evening the 21st inst. when
Mr. Jno. L. Caldwell, of the Hedley
Lumber Co., and Miss Marie F. Green-
hill were united in the bonds of holy
matrimony by Rev. Mr. Hibbert.

The bride looked charming in a very
pretty gown of white crepe de chene,
trimmed with silk applique. She also
wore the conventional tulle veil and
wreath. As the bride walked up the
aisle, leaning on the arm of Mr. J. D.
Brass, a wedding march was played
by Miss Ruth Bowerman.

The church was very prettily decor-
ated for the occasion, and a beautiful
evergreen arch and bell hung over the
bridal couple during the service. After
the ceremony, a few friends of the
bride and groom repaired to the home
of the bride, where a dainty wedding
supper was spread, and owing to the
recent bereavement in the family, the
evening was very quietly but pleas-
antly spent. Miss Greenhill was an
active worker in the Sunday school,
and was very popular among her
friends, as was shown by the beauti-
ful array of presents.

The happy couple have taken up
their residence in Mr. Caldwell's house
on the east side of the creek, and their
friends all join in wishing them a long
and happy life.

METEOROLOGICAL.

The following are the readings show-
ing temperature, etc., for the week
ending Jan. 19th:

AT THE MINE.		
	Maximum	Minimum
Jan 13	8	-28
14	12	-25
15	26	-18
16	20	-5
17	23	-1
18	26	5
19	23	4

Average maximum temperature 19.71
Average minimum do. -9.71
Mean temperature 5.
Snowfall for the week 2 inches.

CORRESPONDING WEEK OF LAST YEAR

Highest maximum temperature	26
Average maximum do	21.71
Lowest minimum do	2
Average minimum do	9.57
Mean do	15.64

AT THE MILL.

	Maximum	Minimum
Jan 13	-5	-25
14	-4	-24
15	-5	-20
16	-2	-7
17	-2	-9
18	12	-2
19	15	4

Average maximum temperature 1.28
Average minimum do -11.85
Mean do -5.28
Snowfall for the week 0.5 inches

CORRESPONDING WEEK OF LAST YEAR

Highest maximum temperature	45
Average do do	31.14
Lowest minimum do	6
Average do do	12.14
Mean do do	22.14

Croup can positively be stopped in
20 minutes. No vomiting—nothing to
sicken or distress your child. A sweet,
pleasant and safe Syrup, called Dr.
Shoop's Croup Cure, does the work
and does it quickly. Dr. Shoop's
Croup Cure is for Croup alone, remem-
ber. It does not claim to cure a dozen
ailments. It's for Croup, that's all.
Sold by JOHN LOVE, Hedley.

BUSINESS CHANGE.

Notice is hereby given to the public that I
have purchased the Laundry Business, lot and
all property belonging to Wo Lung, at Kere-
meos, and ask a continuance of the patronage.
HONG GEE.

Big Reductions

In all kinds of

Rubber Footwear

WE have decided to clear out all
winter footwear at greatly
reduced prices right now, before the
winter is half over, and done want a
single pair left when we take stock
next month. We still have a full
range of sizes in nearly all lines, but
some styles will soon be cleared so if
you will require a pair before the
cold weather is over come and secure
them at once.

	Reg. Price	Sale Price
LACED LUMBERMEN'S	\$3.75	\$3.00
2-BUCKLE LUMBERMEN'S	\$3.00	\$2.25
1-BUCKLE LUMBERMEN'S	\$2.00	\$1.50
MEN'S MANITOBA, 3-buckle	\$3.50	\$2.75
WOMEN'S EMPRESS, 2-buckle	\$2.25	\$1.75

SHATFORDS LIMITED

Stores at FAIRVIEW and HEDLEY

Just NINE Days More

of the Great

Discount Sale

The Great Discount Sale is drawing to a close. Many of
the lines marked down have been completely sold out,
but we still have some extraordinary bargains to offer in
Men's Suits, Overcoats, Cardigan Jackets, etc. We do
not want to carry over till next season these heavy
goods, so will let them go now at a big sacrifice.

Do Not Let This Opportunity Pass

Overcoats

\$28.00 Overcoats for	\$16.00
\$25.00 " "	\$15.00
\$18.00 " "	\$11.00
\$15.00 " "	\$ 9.00
\$14.00 " "	\$ 8.50
\$11.00 " "	\$ 7.00

Cardigan Jackets

Reg. \$3.00.....now \$2.25
Reg. \$2.00.....now \$1.50

Silk Neckties

Reg. 75c.....now 50
Reg. 50c.....now 35
Reg. 35c.....now 25

Shirts

W. G. & R. hard bosom shirts
with fancy patterns.
Reg. \$2.....now \$1.50
Reg. 1.75.....now 1.25
Reg. 1.50.....now 1.00
Fancy, all-wool, flannel shirts
Reg. \$2.75.....now \$2.25
Reg. 2.50.....now 2.00
Reg. 1.75.....now 1.25

Men's Suits

In fancy worsteds, Scotch
tweeds, blue and black serges,
and Cheviots.

\$28, \$25 and \$24 Suits for	\$18.00
\$22.00 Suits for	\$16.00
\$20.00 " "	\$15.00
\$18.00 " "	\$12.00
\$16.00 " "	\$11.00
\$14.00 " "	\$ 9.00
\$10.00 and \$11.00 Suits for	\$ 7.00

Underwear

Regular \$1.50 Suit for . \$1.00

Lined Gloves

Reg. 1.75 and 1.50. now \$1.25

Heavy Reefers and Mackinaw Coats

(Cuss Brand)

Regular \$6.00. for.\$4.50

Also a substantial reduction
in all other lines of Men's
and Boys' Furnishings.

Men's
Furnish-
ings

R. G. SHIER

Boots
and
Shoes

McDougall & Co's LIVERY, FEED & SALE STABLES

Fairview and Pentiction

—ALSO—

Proprietors—FAIRVIEW AND PENTICTON
STAGE LINE.

Good Horses and Rigs and Careful Drivers.

Teams furnished to do freighting, transferring and
general teaming, and good saddle
horses always on hand.



Great Northern Hotel

A new house containing more bed
room accommodation than any
other hotel in town. Table and
bar first-class. Rates moderate.

PETERSON BROS & LIND,
Proprietors.

Tenders Wanted.

Tenders will be received by the undersigned
up to the 30th January for moving one million
feet of logs from the slough and banking them
on the island near the mill of the Hedley Lum-
ber Co., the work to be completed before the
end of March.

Lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted
S. J. SMITH,
Assignee Hedley Lumber Co

When writing Advertisers, Please
Mention the Gazette.

THE NEW ZEALAND HOTEL

JOHN JACKSON, Proprietor

Everything New and First-Class

Bar supplied with the Choicest
Liquors and Cigars, and Special
Attention paid to the Table.

M. J. HENRY'S NURSERIES and SEED HOUSES.

Large stock of HOME GROWN Fruit
and Ornamental Trees now matured
for the fall trade.

No expense, loss or delay of fumiga-
tion or inspection.

Headquarters for Pacific Coast
grown Garden, Field, and Flower
Seeds in Season.

BEE SUPPLIES, Spray Pumps, Whale
Oil Soap, Greenhouse Plants, Cut
Flowers, Bulbs for fall planting.

We do business on our own grounds
—have no rent to pay, and are pre-
pared to meet all competition.

Let me price your list before placing
your order. Catalogue free.

M. J. HENRY

3010 Westminister Road, Vancouver.

PRINCETON MEETING.

Smith Curtis Fails to Get All His Own Way in the Coal Town—W. C. McDougall Straightens Him Up and Prepares Him for What He May Expect on Election Day.

When this meeting came to order on the 16th with Mr. Wright, ex-editor of the Star, in the chair, Mr. Grigor, of Rossland, liberal organizer for the province, first addressed the meeting. During his address he not only lauded Mr. Curtis, but gave the audience to understand that he was a particularly desirable person himself. He also told how he and Curtis actually quarrelled once about some little political matter, but in spite of all that, he was there to support Mr. Curtis and to induce the people of this riding to elect him instead of Shatford at the coming election. That was as far as Mr. Grigor's confidences went, although no one doubts that had he been willing he could have given the audience some very entertaining information regarding campaign funds and whence they were obtained. It was evident that the bulk of the audience were sceptical about it being simply pure adoration of Curtis that brought Mr. Grigor to Princeton. Every one knew it was not only an expensive, but a cold trip with the thermometer ranging 30 degrees below zero, and that the majority of liberals would require stimulation in the region of the pocket as well as a big cargo of admiration for any one to make the trip Mr. Grigor had undertaken.

After Mr. Grigor had used up his 25 minutes Mr. Curtis took the floor and for nearly two hours entertained the audience with his views regarding the McBride government. That his views did not, and do not coincide with those of the government was plain, and it is undoubtedly for the benefit of the country that Mr. Curtis is where he is, and Mr. McBride at the head of the government. Mr. Curtis also reiterated his much repeated ambition to meet Mr. McBride and Mr. Shatford on the platform and thrash the matter out. He said he expected Mr. McDougall, who was present, to reply for Mr. Shatford, but didn't seem to see that he could do much good by doing so.

At the close of Mr. Curtis' florid address, the chairman called on Mr. McDougall. On arising he said, that as the hour was very late he would get down to business at once and finish as quickly as possible.

Three years ago they had elected Mr. Shatford, an untried man, to support an untried government. No government in the history of the province had ever been called upon to meet such an abnormal state of affairs as confronted the McBride government. The province was practically bankrupt, not only that, but large sums were due and accruing, the treasury empty and the provincial credit practically worthless. In the face of these almost unsurmountable difficulties the McBride government, with only a bare majority took hold. They floated, locally, a million dollar loan at five per cent. In this connection it must not be overlooked, that while the opposition throughout the country had attacked the government for the alleged high rate at which they had borrowed this million dollars, they utterly neglected to point out the fact that the loan was entirely clear of brokerage and underwriting charges and that the whole million dollars went into the treasury, making this loan, from a financial standpoint, about as profitable as any loan obtained by the government, even when the financial credit stood high in the money markets.

With this loan completed the next obstacle, the accruing debts of the province, and provision for the essential annual expenditure, had to be taken up. To meet this the government chose the courageous and practical method of making receipts balance expenditures. In order to do this they were forced to increase the taxes along all lines throughout the province. In spite of the dismal prospect of the opposition this practical business course of the government proved eminently successful. Every obligation was promptly met, allowances for a year, for roads, etc., was cut down, but the next year were increased and this year, the third in the history of the McBride government, the expenditure on account of public works was large and as nearly adequate as they ever had been in the history of the province.

Not only this, but during the two last years the finance minister had been able to meet the house with a surplus. That was the kind of a business government we had in this province today. It was the government Mr. Shatford supported. It was the

government that made the province respected at home and abroad, and revived the confidence of investors abroad to such an extent that money for all legitimate purposes was readily obtained here today.

Compare this with the conditions of the province during the time Mr. Curtis was in the house, when he and Martin and others were wrangling among themselves and tampering with the provincial laws to such an extent as to utterly ruin the confidence of investors, and especially those from outside the province.

The McBride government had remedied these evils by bringing about the present stable provincial conditions, and it was this government that Mr. Shatford supported and Mr. Curtis proposed to supplant with himself and his so called fellow liberals.

Speaking of liberals Mr. McDougall remarked that none should deceive themselves in regard to present day liberalism. Liberalism of today did not compare in the least with liberalism under George Brown and Alex. McKenzie. What we have today, said Mr. McDougall, is not liberalism but Laurierism, which is stretching out its talons to encircle every province within the Dominion and rob us of provincial rights. We only have to refer to the advent of W. W. B. McInnis, and the Laurierite members of the Ottawa house in this campaign, to realize that a determined effort was being made to fasten the fangs of Laurierism on this province.

Proceeding, Mr. McDougall, dealt with better terms and the Kaien island deal, justifying the government's action in both these matters and condemning absolutely the tactics of the "band of scandal mongers and political falsifiers," who were leading the opposition. Unable to produce a sane policy they resorted in their desperation, to scandal monging and falsehood, dead to the fact that it was not the McBride government they injured, but instead the fair fame and clean name of the province.

With regard to railways and Mr. Shatford's action in supporting the V. V. & E. in the legislature, his course was honest and true and redeems his election promises, that he would support the V. V. & E., in the effort to build through the valley. They were building today, thanks to Mr. Shatford's action in the legislature, which prepared the way for Mr. Ross' efforts at Ottawa.

If Mr. Ross would not support the V. V. & E., at Ottawa, what on earth would he support there. Mr. Curtis claimed that the conservative members, at Ottawa, opposed the V. V. & E., but the speaker pointed out that it was Mr. Fitzpatrick, the then minister

of justice, that held the V. V. & E. up, and that Mr. Ross should have attacked.

As far as the Columbia & Western land grant was concerned, Mr. McDougall, pointed out that the McBride government was simply carrying out the agreements entered into by a previous government. It was, under the conditions governing this Columbia & Western railway a matter, a case of the province honestly carrying out its undertakings or repudiation. The straightforward and honorable course had been chosen in this as in all other matters done by the McBride administration, and the consequence was the province was not only self-respecting, but retained the respect of men of affairs everywhere.

Concluding, Mr. McDougall, paid a well deserved tribute to Mr. Shatford, who had so honestly and competently represented the constituency during the past three years. It was perfectly true that Mr. Shatford did not pose in vote catching addresses on the floor of the house, but, instead, he was one of the men who attended to the really hard work of the house, in the caucuses and committees, where every one knew the real work of the session was always done. Mr. McDougall urged a strong united vote for Mr. Shatford on the 2nd day of February and the consequent turning down of the emissaries of Laurierism. Mr. McDougall then thanked the meeting for its attention at that late hour and resumed his seat. Cheers for the King, the chairman and a weak attempt at one for Curtis, closed the meeting.

NOTICE.

Certificate of Improvements.

GREENWOOD, PINNACLE, SWEDEN, UNION JACK, CABIN, 2 FRAC-TIONAL, COLUMBIA FRACTIONAL and VALENTINE mineral claims, situated in the Osoyoos mining division of Yale District. Where located: Camp Hedley.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Fred M. Gillespie, acting as agent for Duncan Woods, free miner's certificate No. B7929, intend sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the recorder for certificates of improvement for the purpose of obtaining crown grants of the above claims. AND FURTHER take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements. Dated this 27th day of December A. D. 1906 50-9 FRED M. GILLESPIE.

Notice of Forfeiture.

To Thomas Farquhar and any person or persons to whom he may have transferred his interests in the Maple Leaf and Long Shot mineral claims, situated on Dividend Mountain, in the Osoyoos Mining Division of Yale District.

YOU are hereby required to take notice that I have expended for assessments and for recording certificates of work done on the above claims, the sum of three hundred and forty-five dollars and fifty cents (\$345.50), being an expenditure necessary to enable me to hold said claims, and you are hereby required to contribute your share or proportion of such expenditure, together with all costs of advertising. If you fail or refuse to contribute such amount, including advertising, within sixty days from date of first publication of this notice in the Hedley Gazette, your interest will become vested in me, your co-owner, under the provisions of the "Mineral Act and Amending Acts." Dated this 9th day of November, 1906.

34-4 W. J. GARBUTT.

PROPERTY IN HEDLEY Is A Good, Safe Investment

And Will Make Money

Hedley is the supply point for the Nickel Plate mountain, on which is situated the famous "Nickel Plate"—the richest gold mine in Canada—and many other promising mines and prospects. It is the mining and business centre of the

Similkameen

the new mining district which has already been proven, by a small amount of development work, to be one of the richest gold, copper and coal mining sections of

British Columbia.

HEDLEY is the chief town on the route of the proposed Coast-Kootenay Railway; and with the advent of this road, which is assured in the near future, it will unquestionably become a large and important city, and town lots will bring big returns on money invested at the present time.

...PRICE OF LOTS...

Scott Ave. (main st.) \$400 to \$600

Other Streets \$200 to \$400.

...TERMS...

1-3 Cash; balance in 3 and 6 months, with interest at the rate of 6 per cent.

For Those Who Invest Now.

Purchase a few Lots before the Railway Comes

For Full Particulars, Maps Etc.,

-APPLY TO-

The Hedley City Townsite Co'y, Ltd.

L. W. SHATFORD, Secretary and Manager,

HEDLEY, B. C.

The Commercial Hotel

Hedley, B. C.

HEADQUARTERS FOR MINING MEN. TABLE AND BAR FIRST-CLASS. RATES MODERATE.

Frank B. McArthur, - - Manager

Hotel Keremeos

GEO. KIRBY, Manager.

First Class in Every Respect. Commercial and Mining Headquarters of the Keremeos and Lower Similkameen Valleys. Post House on Pentiction-Princeton Stage Line.

KEREMEOS, - - B. C.

PENTICTON LIVERY FEED and STAGE STABLE

From March 1st, 1907, W. E. Welby's Stage will have connection with the Great Northern Railway at Oroville.

Leave Hedley at 6.30 a. m.	Return Tuesdays and Saturdays.
" Keremeos 11.30 a. m.	
" White Lake 2.00 p. m.	Leave Oroville at 5.30 a. m.
" Fairview 4.00 p. m.	" Fairview 8.00 a. m.
Arrive at Oroville 6.00 p. m.	Arrive at Hedley 6.30 p. m.

Fare from Hedley to Oroville \$8.00
Fare from Hedley to Fairview \$6.00

W. E. WELBY, Proprietor

A beautiful drive over the best of roads. Express 4 cents per lb. to Oroville. Fast Stock and the best of Drivers. Express 2 cents per lb. to Fairview.