

# The Hedley Gazette

AND SIMILKAMEEN ADVERTISER.

VOLUME XI. NUMBER 30.

HEDLEY, B. C., THURSDAY, AUGUST 12, 1915.

\$2.00, IN ADVANCE

LEGISLATIVE  
AUG 18 1915  
VICTORIA, B.C.

## JAS. GLARKE

Watchmaker  
HEDLEY, B. C.

Clocks and Watches for Sale.

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Sheffield, Eng.  
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Vancouver, B. C.

## A. F. & A. M.

REGULAR monthly meetings of Hedley Lodge No. 42, A. F. & A. M., are held on the second Friday in each month in Fraternity hall, Hedley. Visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend.

A. CREELMAN, S. E. HAMILTON  
W. M. Secretary

## L. O. L.

The Regular meetings of Hedley Lodge 174 are held on the first and third Monday in every month in the Orange Hall. Ladies meet 2nd and 4th Mondays. Visiting brethren are cordially invited.

A. J. KING, W. M.  
C. P. DALTON, Sec't

## R. P. BROWN

British Columbia Land Surveyor

TEL. No. 27 P. O. DRAWER 160

PENTICTON, B. C.

## P. W. GREGORY

CIVIL ENGINEER AND BRITISH  
COLUMBIA LAND SURVEYOR

Star Building - Princeton

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Barrister, Solicitor, Etc.  
MONEY TO LOAN

PENTICTON, B. C.

## HEDLEY OPERA HOUSE

J. HOWE, Manager

Roller Skating on Tuesday and Thursday each week, from 8-10:30 p.m.; admission 25c, skates supplied. Mondays from 2:30 to 5 p.m. for ladies only, free.

Also open for Dances and Other Engagements.

## GREAT NORTHERN HOTEL

HEDLEY B. C.

Bar and Table the Best. Rates Moderate  
First Class Accommodation  
JOHN JACKSON, Proprietor

## EGGS FOR HATCHING

From imported heavy laying strains of

WHITE WYANDOTTES

Single Comb White Leghorns

Day old chicks for sale about end of March

A few White Leghorn Roosters for sale

James Murdoch

Sterling Creek, Hedley, B. C.

WHEN WRITING ADVERTISERS PLEASE MENTION THE GAZETTE

## Grand Union Hotel

HEDLEY, British Columbia

Rates—\$1.50 a Day and Up

First-Class Accommodation.

Bar Stocked with Best Brands of Liquor and Cigars

A. WINKLER, Proprietor.

## "Rock of Ages Cleft for Me"

Leading Boy Scout Goes to His  
Last Resting Place—Most  
Impressive Service

Thursday evening news was brought to town of the death by drowning, of Ronald Critchley, of Hedley.

He had gone to Keremeos for a visit with George Christie, his boy friend. They had been together several days and he had written to his father for permission to extend the visit, which was granted as the parents had planned a visit to Keremeos for the weekend. In the joy of the extended pleasure the boys went down to the river to swim, the one never to return alive.

The news was brought to Hedley by H. A. Turner, of Pentiction, who was passing through Keremeos when the lifeless body was brought up from the river. It came as a surprise and was the occasion of the deepest sorrow, for of all the boys in Hedley, Ronald was exceedingly well liked.

He was the most gentlemanly, fearless, manly and upright boy in the district and it is with genuine regret that the community heard of his sudden death.

At the funeral service which was held in St. John's Church, Friday evening, there was a large attendance, and every available vehicle had to be requisitioned for the crowd who followed to the grave site to see the last of their young friend. The services at the church and grave were very impressive and when the old hymn, "Rock of Ages, Cleft for Me" was sung there was hardly a dry eye in the congregation.

Scout Master Rev. Stanton assisted Rev. G. D. Griffiths at the grave.

The people of Hedley and Keremeos extend sincere sympathy to the bereaved family.

## GOVERNMENT BULLETIN ON SWINE RAISING

The second edition of Bulletin No. 17 of Federal live stock branch, entitled Swine Husbandry in Canada, has been issued, and may be had on application to the Publications Branch of Department of Agriculture at Ottawa. The interest in Swine Raising stimulated, no doubt by the high values of pork products, made such a demand for information on this subject that the first edition printed last year was quickly exhausted. This edition brings up to date Statistics with respect to pedigree registration and the trade in hog products. It is shown that the total exports for the fiscal year end March 31st, 1915, amounted to 166,048,519 lb. as against 27,561,140 lb. the previous year. This bulletin covers the whole field of swine raising giving the results of official experiments as well as the practices of successful farmer swine raisers. An interesting section describes the system to feeding hogs in Denmark where combinations of food are prepared according to their food units in which one pound of grain, wheat, barley, peas, corn, etc. constitutes one food unit which is equal to 8 lb. mangels, 4 lb. boiled potatoes, 5 lb. alfalfa, 6 lb. skim milk or 12 lb. whey. It is shown that the diet is varied in a definite way for pigs of different ages.

Bible Class will be held in the church on Sunday August 15 at 2:30 p. m. Subject: "Jereboam leads Israel into Sin." Come and bring your Bibles. Teacher Mrs. Creelman.

## Harry Etches Writes to Hedley Friends

In a letter to Mrs. Rotherham, H. C. N. Etches, a former Keremeos boy, with numerous friends all over the valley, tells of the pleasure derived from receiving a letter and parcel from home.

We at home can form no idea of the life of these brave fellows who are giving up everything for the Empire, for the home, for King and country.

Sometimes they try to tell us a little something just by way of letting us know something about their mode of living and their impressions, but the hand of the censor blots it out, so we have to read between the lines and form our own conclusions.

There is one thing the censor cannot hide and that is the fact that the fighting spirit of the boys is just as great as it ever was, and with such an asset what has Britain, France, Italy or Russia to fear from the Kaiser and his hordes? Britons fight and die like the free men they have ever been, but the Germans, poor misguided, tyranny-ridden patriots, fight because they must, because the years have brought to them no other guerdon than the mailed fist of a tyrannous emperor.

Here is the letter:

Somewhere in France, July 19

Dear Friend—

You hardly would know how glad I was to receive your kind parcel.

I was in the trenches at the time and not many yards from the Germans. Will do my best to get a German for every cigarette, but its pretty hard to know which you hit as so many are popping away. Nevertheless we know we get a few.

The sensation at first is not what you would call delightful, when the machine guns and shells are turned on us, but What Ho! we give them as much medicine as they can handle in one spoonful. We are in Belgium, but cannot tell you just where—but its no picnic—the worst time of course is when you are standing to at night—but we seem to get used to it.

While in the trenches there is not much solid rest. \* \* \* expect to be out for a few days today.

While crossing a field back of the lines, met Lillicot who drilled in Hedley with C. Christianna, who also is here.

Hello, here they come for mail.

Thanking yo so much for your great kindness, I remain, ever your friend,

H. C. N. ETCHES

Warsaw is one of the most important cities in Eastern Europe. Its history dates from the 10th century, through the first castle was erected there as early as the 9th century, and Cassimir the Just is supposed to have fortified it in the 11th century. It is situated on the left bank of the Vistula, 387 miles by rail east of Berlin, and 605 miles southwest of St. Petersburg (Petrograd.) With its 800,000 population, its beautiful river, its ample accommodations and its commerce, its university and scientific societies, its palaces and numerous important places of amusement, Warsaw is one of the most pleasant as well as one of the most animated cities in Eastern Europe. Also from a military point of view it has great importance, being the chief stronghold for the defence of Poland. Connected as it is by six trunk lines with Vienna, Kiev and Southwestern Russia, Moscow, Petrograd, Danzig and Berlin, it is a commercial city surpassed by few in Eastern Europe.—Ex.

## War Anniversary in Hedley Churches

The anniversary of the declaration of war by Great Britain was observed in the churches by special sermons bearing on the great topic.

Rev. G. D. Griffiths drew a parallel between the city of Jerusalem rejecting Jesus Christ, the King of Peace, and the German Empire rejecting the great opportunity for peace and bringing strife into the world.

Jerusalem did not know "the things pertaining to her peace"; and when Jesus beheld the city he wept over it. It was grief to Him when Jerusalem rejected peace; what must it mean to Him to see nation after nation, practically the whole world engaged in this terrible war.

"View this present war from any standpoint we like one thing we are certain of, over it all the eyes of Jesus are weeping tears of shame and sorrow. Shame because this is possible 1900 years in which men and nations have been nurtured in the fruits of His Passion, and sorrow because amongst His children whom he loves, bodies are shattered with bullets and hearts are torn with grief. We are convinced that the cause of this war is to be found in the policy of the German government and I propose to submit a short sketch of recent German history.

"The German Empire is a union of a number of small states, the head of which is Prussia." Previous to 1818 these states were separate.

"Prussia has always been a state ruled by force. Under Frederick the Great, Prussia became like an immense arsenal, with a very highly trained official army and an organization of resources in the country which practically always kept it in a state of preparedness for war. As the French minister, Mirabeau, said, 'War is Prussia's national industry.'

"During the first half of the 19th century it was proposed to form a union of the German states and in 1847 a confederate form of government was drawn up, each of the 36 states to retain local self government with a federal government superior to all. It provided for the first time freedom of speech, freedom of public meeting, of press, and security from arrest except under legal warrant; all of this was rejected by the princes of the empire. Twelve years later there was union only in a different way. Bismark, the chief minister of Prussia, secured union by the only way Prussia worked, force of arms. He forced the various states in on his own terms and to a form of government the very opposite to the constitution of 1847. Popular government was to be unknown, and power was vested in hereditary rulers and not in parliament representing the will of the people. The chief executive authority was a secret council composed of nominated ministers of the princes and the king, and these ministers were responsible not to parliament but to the head of Prussia—the Kaiser.

"Bismark stood for ascendancy of Prussia by force of arms. He first used it to gather in separate states. Then he aimed at forcing Prussia to take ascendancy over Europe, and so he crushed and aimed at permanently crippling his neighbor France in 1870.

"Bismark, however, in later years became an advocate of peace rather than war. But his policy was essentially a dangerous one. He centralised power in the hands of the Emperor,

who was responsible to no one, and who being the head of the army, had the force wherewith to carry out his will against all opposition. By the accession of William II, Bismark had made Germany one of the foremost powers in Europe. That is what he had aimed at. On the accession of William II, Bismark was discarded. William II would have no other strong will at his side. He would rule alone, and taking the power and the means that Bismark had built up he showed his policy to go far beyond that of his late Chancellor, and aimed at the ascendancy of Prussia in world politics.

"Now William does to united Germany what Frederick the Great did to Prussia. He makes of his empire an immense arsenal, for he knows of no might other than that of strength of arms. The peace strength of his army is increased from time to time. Schools are built and well provided for by the government, but every school had to teach a syllabus provided by the government. It was an education fitted to produce a soldier. Self sacrifice, to duty for the Fatherland, personified by the Kaiser, and a belief in great destiny of the German people, were its first lessons. The commercial genius of the people was utilised to build up great commerce, which provided the government with ample money, and by its era of prosperity won over to the government side the radical party in the country. Public opinion was fashioned by an official press. No school teacher, college professor or public official of any kind could hold his post for long did he at any time criticise the Imperial policy. Colonisation was discouraged in order to keep the men at home. Political philosophers arose preaching a new doctrine of war as a "thing inevitable"—the glory of a strong nation, etc. Then came the building of a fleet, aiming at supremacy on sea as the army assured on the land. Now the Kaiser was in the position of a bully at school who got what he liked from the other boys by threatening to strike them. This was what is called the "mailed fist" diplomacy. It was first used in the Morocco crisis in 1905, when Germany forced France on threat of instant war to back down and discharge her minister, M. Delcassé. Again in 1909 there was a dispute between Austria and the Slavs, including Serbia. Germany supported Austria and Russia intervened to protect Serbia. The dispute dragged on for some months and it was proposed to hold a European conference, when Germany suddenly sent an ultimatum to Russia to stop supporting Serbia or she would at once declare war. Russia, disorganised by the Japanese war, had to get out and let them have all their own way. She did the same thing in 1911 in the Aegean crisis to France, but then England declared her intention of supporting France. A military conference was called at Potsdam which decided that Germany was not yet prepared to face England as well and a friendly reply was sent to England. She had to back down that time, but what happened in 1912? A new army law added to the peace strength of the army; a new navy law added three battleships and 15,150 yomen, and provided that 15 of the fleet should be kept in commission ready to strike at a moment's notice.

"In 1913 new and this time truly terrific additions were made to the army, raising the peace strength to 870,000, and at the same time a special levy on property was announced of \$250,000,000 to be all paid in by July 1, 1914, to be spent on fortifications, equipment and other preparations for

Continued on Page Two



# The Hedley Gazette

and  
Similkameen Advertiser.

**Subscriptions in Advance**  
Per Year.....\$2.00  
(United States).....2.50

**Advertising Rates**  
Measurement, 1 line to the inch.  
Transient Advertisements—not exceeding one inch, \$1.00 for one insertion, 25 cents for each subsequent insertion. Over one inch, 10 cents per line for first insertion and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Transients payable in advance.  
Contract Advertisements—One inch per month \$1.25; over 1 inch and up to 4 inches, \$1.00 per inch per month. To constant advertisers taking larger space than four inches, on application, rates will be given of reduced charges, based on size of space and length of time.  
Certificates of Improvements.....\$10.00  
(Where more than one claim appears in notice, \$2.50 for each additional claim.)

A. B. S. STANLEY, Editor

Last quarter		New Moon		Full Moon		First quarter	
2		10		17		24	
1915 AUGUST 1915							
SUR.	MON.	TUES.	WED.	THU.	FRI.	SAT.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
15	16	17	18	19	20	21	
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	
29	30	31					

"How long will the war last?"  
Till Germany is conquered, if it takes years, that is the sentiment of the powers.

The Kaiser shows poor sense in approaching Russia, looking to peace proposals, at a time when the armies of Czar, supposed to have been caught within the jaws of the German vise, were fighting such a glorious action as the retreat from Warsaw. Wait till Russia is defeated Wilhelm. Beaten she never will be by Teutonic hordes.

"Government positions as far as possible for crippled soldiers, is the slogan of a number of eastern members of parliament. Let us hope that when this war is over, it will see the politician peace seeker pitched into the gutter and all the appointments filled by eligible men who considered this country worth fighting for."—Well said, Phoenix Pioneer.

That certain air of business with which Great Britain and the allies entered into the great European war a year ago, still seems to control their movements. Recent reports from the capitals of the great powers engaged, are to the effect that the war will continue until Germany has been crushed. This is exactly what the Allies agreed to at the beginning and there has been no thought of retrenchment as far as any of them has been concerned. According to Sir Edward Carson the word "peace" "does not enter into our vocabulary at the present time. It is banished from our conversation as something immoral and impossible under existing circumstances." After all this is the only logical attitude in view of what has transpired during the past year. Germany's open and flagrant violation of all understood, accepted and recognized usages of war, her adoption of methods so absolutely opposed to the tenets of civilization, brutal

treatment of Belgium, her helishly elaborate plans for the complete and sudden occupancy of that ill-fated contry, her ruthless and wanton destruction of property and treasure in the territory which she has overrun, her Zeppelin campaign against undefended and harmless women and children, her submarine campaign against enemies and neutrals these call for measures of retaliation commensurate, to some extent at least, with the offenses.

To listen at this time to peace proposals from Germany or her allies, would betray a weakness the consequences of which would be most disastrous to the Allies and the principles which they have engaged to defend.

### War Anniversay In Hedley Churches

Continued from Page One.  
war. Then August 4th, 1914, saw the nation committed to slaughter. "If Jesus wept for lost ideals of the Jews, surely he must weep for those of Germany. Previous to 1848 they were a people loved throughout Europe and renowned for their music, art and simple piety. Today it is a nation that breathes slaughter and hatred—a menace to the peace and security of the world, a nation led away by a false ideal; and when we pray for victory on the arms of our allies we pray not for the destruction of the German people but for the destruction of militarism and the Prussian spirit that had wantonly led them to this catastrophe. "Oh pray for the peace of Jerusalem; they shall prosper that love thee!"

In his address on "The End of the World" on Sunday evening, Rev. R.G. Stewart established eleven principles on the oicns of the consummation of the Gentile era:

1. The gospel preached to all nations as a witness.
2. Great tribulation.
3. Spiritualism, Socialism, Christian Science.
4. Armageddon.
5. Distress of nations.
6. Timothy's catalogue of 18 sins, 2nd Tim. 3, 1-5.
7. Personal coming.
8. An erroneous Plymouth Brethren view.
9. Downfall of Turkey.
10. Thief in the night.
11. Tribes of the earth shall mourn.

Regarding the 3rd principle, he said Spiritualism calls us to the secret place, and against this Christ says, "If they shall say he is in the secret chambers, believe it not.

Socialism, which is the last defiance of God as expressing the latest effort of the natural man to go out like Cain from the presence of God and build a city, a society and a civilization, in defiance of Divine order, Divine law, Divine revelation and Divine warning, is a witness that the world, like a ship now on the breakers, requires only one more wave to dash it to pieces, it is the sign that the world needs the hand and touch of its true and coming king. It is a warning that the coming of the Lord draweth nigh.

Christian Science, that tells us that God is only a principle, and that there is no such thing as sin in the world, is "mental assassination," a system of absolute immorality. What would you say, if every minister in the land were teaching that lying, cheating, swearing, drunkenness, robbery and murder were not crimes, that there was no sin in any of these things? It is a huge impostor.

His closing peroration was, live as if Christ had died yesterday, were risen today, and is coming tomorrow.

"Rough on Rats" clears out Rats, Mice, etc. Don't die in the House. 15c. and 25c. at Drug and Country Stores.

**ST. JOHN'S CHURCH**  
—ANGLICAN—  
Services 2nd (Morning) and 4th (Evening) Sundays in the month  
Additional Services as per announcements.  
G. D. GRIFFITHS, B. A., Vicar

**Travel by Auto....**  
Call up Phone No. 12  
A good stock of Horses and Rigs on Hand. Orders for Teaming promptly attended to.  
**WOOD FOR SALE!**

**PALACE**  
Livery, Feed & Sale Stables  
—HEDLEY B. C.  
Phone 12 D. J. INNIS Proprietor

**Prospectors**  
**Attention!!**  
Beaver Lake Gold Fields  
Herb Lake Gold Fields  
**THE PAS MANITOBA**

is the point of entry, and outfitting station for the "GOLD FIELDS" of NEW MANITOBA.  
BEAVER LAKE is reached from THE PAS by steamboat and road; HERB LAKE by the Hudson Bay Railway and trail.  
Numerous prospectors are on the ground, and many promising veins have been located. Work, now progressing, is most encouraging, both as to ore body and value of quartz. The extensive area furnishes an ample field for hundreds of prospectors.  
For further information, write—

Secretary of  
**Board of Trade**  
THE PAS, Manitoba

**Prospectors!**  
**HERB LAKE**  
**New Manitoba**  
Prospectors will find  
our stock complete  
in every line.  
**W. H. BUNTING**  
The Pas,  
Manitoba

**Don't Send Money in a Letter**  
WHEN you send subscriptions to magazines, or order goods out of town, or pay small accounts at a distance, do not place the actual cash in the envelope. Thousands of dollars are lost every year through fire, robbery or mis-direction. Use the Bank Money Orders, issued by the bank. They are payable in Canada and the United States in any sum up to fifty dollars.  
Their protection is well worth their small cost.

**THE BANK OF** **British North America**  
78 Years in Business. Capital and Surplus \$7,884,000.  
Hedley Branch - - C. P. DALTON, Manager

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**HEDLEY GAZETTE**  
**JOB DEPARTMENT**

WHEN YOU ARE IN NEED OF—

Letterheads	Dodgers, Dates
Billheads	Circulars
Envelopes	Invitations
Statements	Business Cards
Meal Tickets	Bills of Fare
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TRY US -- WE GIVE SATISFACTION

**J. BEALE**  
PAINTING  
PAPER-HANGING  
KALSOMINING  
TERMS MODERATE  
DALY AVE. - - HEDLEY, B.C.

**The Nickel Plate**  
**Barber Shop**  
SATISFACTORY, SANITARY  
TONSORIAL SERVICE  
This shop is equipped with Baths and all the latest Electrical Appliances.  
**W. T. BUTLER, - Prop.**

**NOTICE**  
SIMILKAMEEN LAND DISTRICT  
DISTRICT OF YALE

TAKE NOTICE that George Edward Tennant, of Vancouver, B. C., occupation Broker, intends to apply for permission to purchase the following described lands:—  
Commencing at a post planted forty (40) chains north of the southwest corner of Indian Reserve No. 2899, about four miles south of the confluence of Stirling Creek and Similkameen River, thence eighty (80) chains south, thence twenty (20) chains west, thence eighty (80) chains north, thence twenty (20) chains east to point of commencement, and containing One Hundred and Sixty Acres.  
GEORGE EDWARD TENNANT.  
Dated 15th day of June, 1915. 25-10

**NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS**  
**SEALED TENDERS**, superscribed "Tender for Hedley School," will be received by the Honourable the Minister of Public Works up to 12 o'clock noon of Tuesday, the 24th day of August, 1915, for the erection and completion of a room addition to school-house at Hedley, in the Similkameen Electoral District, B. C.  
Plans, specifications, contract, and forms of tender may be seen on and after the 4th day of August, 1914, at the offices of Mr. J. R. Brown, Government Agent, Fairview, B. C.; Mr. J. Mahoney, Government Agent, Vancouver, B. C.; Mr. S. L. Smith, secretary to the School Board, Hedley, B. C.; or the Department of Public Works, Victoria, B. C.  
Intending tenderers can obtain one copy of plans and specifications of the above school by applying to the undersigned with a deposit of ten dollars (\$10), which will be refunded on their return in good order.  
Each proposal must be accompanied by an accepted bank cheque or certificate of deposit on a chartered bank of Canada, made payable to the Honourable the Minister of Public Works, for a sum equal to 10 per cent. of tender, which shall be forfeited if the party tendering decline to enter into contract when called upon to do so, or if he fail to complete the work contracted for. The cheques or certificates of deposit of unsuccessful tenderers will be returned to them upon the execution of

the contract.  
Tenders will not be considered unless made out on the forms supplied, signed with the actual signature of the tenderer, and enclosed in the envelopes furnished.  
The lowest or any tender nor necessarily accepted.  
J. E. GRIFFITH,  
Deputy Minister and Public Works Engineer  
Public Works Department.  
Victoria, B.C. July 28th, 1915. 29-31

**HOTEL SIMILKAMEEN**  
HEDLEY, B. C.  
An Up-to-date First-Class Hotel  
RATES MODERATE  
F. J. DOLLEMORE  
Proprietor.

**NOTICE**  
**Certificate of Improvements**  
OREGON, ST. BERNARD, WINCHESTER AND SAVAGE Mineral Claims, situate in the Osoyoos Mining Division of Yale District. Where located: On Sixteen Mile Creek.  
TAKE NOTICE that L. W. Shatford, H. A. Turner, T. D. Pickard and F. H. French, Free Miners' Certificates No. 93-216B, 93226B, 9077B, and 93217B, intend sixty days from date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificates of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining Crown Grants of the above claims.  
And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificates of Improvements.  
Dated this 11th day of June, A. D. 1915.  
22-9 F. H. FRENCH, Agent.

**Synopsis of Coal Mining Regulations**  
COAL mining rights of the Dominion, in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, the Yukon Territory, the North-west Territories and in a portion of the Province of British Columbia may be leased for a term of twenty-one years at an annual rental of \$1 an acre. Not more than 2.50 acres will be leased to one applicant.  
Application for a lease must be made by the applicant in person to the Agent or Sub-Agent of the district in which the rights applied for are situated.  
In surveyed territory the land must be described by sections, or legal sub-divisions of sections, and in unsurveyed territory the tract applied for shall be staked out by the applicant himself.  
Each application must be accompanied by a fee of \$6 which will be refunded if the rights applied for are not available, but not otherwise. A royalty shall be paid on the merchantable output of the mine at the rate of five cents per ton.  
The person operating the mine shall furnish the Agent with sworn returns accounting for the full quantity of merchantable mined and sold coal. If the royalty on coal mining rights are not being operated on returns should be furnished at least once a year.  
The lease will include the coal mining rights only, but the lessee may be permitted to purchase whatever available surface rights may be considered necessary for the working of the mine at the rate of \$10.00 an acre.  
For full information application should be made to the Secretary of the Department of the Interior, Ottawa, or a any Agent or Sub-Agent of Dominion Lands.  
W. W. CORY,  
Deputy Minister of the Interior.  
N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for. 9-601



**TOWN AND DISTRICT**

C. F. Williamson of Penticton, was a visitor to town Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Munro, of Fairview, were Sunday visitors to Hedley.

B. C. Hay, the explosive man, was in town for a day or two this week.

O. H. Carle, of Keremeos, was a visitor to our town Monday. O. H. says there are no fires in this district, the smoke of the past few days coming from the coast fires.

Our local moving picture show has had some improvements this week, the electric current for the fans was put on a separate circuit from the lights, which is a great improvement.

Boeing & Brass are putting up a residence for Dad Bean, it is situated just the other side of Stewart's store and when completed will be one of the nicest and most comfortable homes in the town.

H. A. Turner and W. A. McLean took a run up to Princeton and Tulameen Saturday. They were looking over the roads in that vicinity, and report lots of placer workers all along the river.

Mr. W. R. Hawthorn who is running the placer mining camp at Bradshaws, was in town for a few hours Tuesday. He reports that they are getting down and expects to strike good bottom soon.

E. W. Vans is raffling a \$35.00 Morris chair. He is going to give half of the proceeds to the Red Cross Society. The tickets are on sale at Herb Freeman's and only 50c. Try your luck and help the Red Cross at the same time.

Mrs. Frank Logsdon, of Princeton came to town for the funeral Friday evening.

H. A. Turner, came into town Friday evening. He brought Verna and Reginald Shatford for a short visit, the former with Mrs. Rotherham and the latter with F. H. French. They returned home Tuesday morning.

If arrangements can be completed the band will give an open air concert Sunday afternoon. Just where they will locate has not been decided, but they will endeavor to procure a shady place for themselves and their audience.

Quite a crowd attended the shirt-waist ball given by the Princeton ball team Friday evening. They all claim a splendid time and report that their return in the early hours of the morning as among the pleasant features of the trip.

H. A. Lound, of Lound & Co., brokers, with offices at Toronto, Winnipeg, Vancouver, was in Hedley yesterday. He was accompanied by Mr. M. Taylor, the B. C. manager. The firm is an extensive buyer of Alaska Salmon, and do business in England, Japan, Canada and in fact the whole world.

Chas Burch and O. Greer, of Penticton, passed through Hedley yesterday morning on their way to Princeton, where the latter went to deliver a Ford car, the agency at Princeton having made a sale but lacking a car. This was a good try-out for the new Ford and Mr. Greer was making the trip in almost record time.

The Rev. G. D. Griffiths has consented to act as an Advisory and Information Bureau for the Inns of Court Officers Training Corps. Suitable men are required to proceed to London for training with a view to commission in

the special reserve of officers, the new army, or the Territorial force. The right men can be transferred, although they may have already enlisted in the ranks.

Members of the Golf Club, will compete in the August competition for the monthly medal this week. This will in all probability be the last competition prior to the Merrill Cup contest and it is hoped that there will be a full turnout.

Fred Neal, of the firm of Neal & Neal, the Oroville attorneys, was in town the first of the week with the McKinnon boys who have a claim up Sterling Creek. Mr. Neal represents Eastern capital and if the proposition looks good his clients will make a purchase with a view to installing a twenty-stamp mill.

From Princeton comes the news of the narrow escape from death by drowning, of Mr. A. A. Robertson, who keeps a chicken ranch near Princeton. He was bathing in the Similkameen River near that place when he got out of his depth and sank in a hole in 10 feet of water. Lance Spooner skilfully dived and rescued him after he had been down a minute and a half. This heroic rescue is certainly a matter that demands recognition from the Royal Humane Society.

The swimming hole seem to be a very popular place these hot days. Owing to the fact that the mill will close down for Labor day, September 6th, the company is going to drain the river with a view to releasing the accumulation of slime and waste. The swimmers are also going to clean out the snags and other obstacles which may exist in the swimming place and when that is done it will be much more pleasant for both young and old who frequent it.

**FLOUR TALK**

WITH the present increased cost of living it is really a serious question. If you can get a few more loaves each bake day, would you not be prepared to at least try the flour which guarantees this result?—OUR BEST. So why not order a sack next time? and if you don't like it—if it does not suit you—we will cheerfully refund you the full purchase price.

**CREELMAN & LYALL**  
"STORE OF QUALITY"

**ADVERTISE IN THE GAZETTE**

Information has been received from the Secretary of the Canadian Mining Institute, Montreal, that Mr. Gomer P. Jones, of Hedley, has been elected a Councillor of the Institute, instead of Col. J. J. Penhale, of Sherbrooke, Quebec who is serving with the colours in Belgium. Mr. Jones is also a member of the Council of the Western Branch of the Institute, having been reelected at the annual meeting of the Branch held in Rossland on July 15, ulto.

Mr. and Mrs. E. B. Hall and Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Andras, of Princeton, motored into Hedley yesterday afternoon. They came in the interest of a patriotic dance to be held in Princeton on Friday August 20th in Odd Fellows Hall. The funds from this dance will be given for the purpose of supplying the soldiers at the front with the comforts as well as the necessaries of life. The price of admission is very small, only 75c and a representative crowd ought to go from Hedley. The trip itself ought to be an attraction these hot days, and you will enjoy besides, the hospitality of the people of Princeton.

Mr. Paton has received word from his partners in Greenwood that the Duncan mineral claim on Wallace mountain, West Fork of Kettle River is showing up particularly well. They are taking \$400 ore from the new strike on the Duncan.

From the Gazette of August 10, 1905

W. A. Mclean is adding to his residence on Scott avenue.

P. Heldstab started in this week preparing for the building of Mr. Shatford's residence on Kingston avenue.

The New Zealand House opened this week for despatch of business. The speech from the throne was short and the speaker just said: "what'll ye hev."

Good progress is being made in rebuilding Frasers block. The loss in material was not nearly as great as appeared at first. Extra precautions are being made to have it particularly strong, and it is now almost as far on as when the accident took place.

A diamond drill has been installed at the Nickel Plate. Page Bayle who has done a great deal of exploratory work with the diamond drill in the Boundry has a contract for 2,000 feet of drilling on the Nickel Plate or other properties of the Yale Mining Company and last week the drill was set in place.

The Hedley Lumber Company have started in earnest on their season's cut. The drive is safely boomed on the river a short distance above the mill. The logs will be kept watered until sawn and thus the cost of extra handling in drawing out and decking will be saved, and the quantity of the lumber improved thereby.

**TEN YEARS AGO**

(From the Hedley Gazette of Aug. 3rd, 1905.)

W. A. Mclean has received instructions to get out the poles for telephone exchange in Hedley.

A waterspout east of Oroville was responsible for three hours delay to the Flyer on one of its trips last week.

Mr. Crawford, auditor for the Daly Reduction Co., who has completed his labors in Hedley for the season, left for New York on Monday morning.

A couple of men are at work on Scott Avenue clearing off the rocks and levelling up, and on the portion already done a wonderful transformation has been effected.

Work is progressing rapidly on the building in course of erection. Fraser's hall is coming on in good shape and M. Shatford's residence is assuming good proportions.

Campbell & Shier moved into their new building last week. Delay in getting lumber prevented them getting the front in, and they have had the pleasure during the hot spell of "sort of camping out, as it were."

J. N. Paton who has been doing developing work on his claims up on Twenty mile was in town last week.

**NOTICE**

Liquor Act, 1910.  
(Section 49.)

NOTICE is hereby given that, on the 6th day of September next, application will be made to the Superintendent of Provincial Police for the transfer of the licence for the sale of liquor by retail in and upon the premises known as the Similkameen Hotel, situated at Hedley British Columbia, from Frank Dollemore to William Bryant of British Columbia.

Dated this 6th day of August 1915.  
FRANK DOLLEMORE,  
Holder of Licence.  
WILLIAM BRYANT  
Applicant for transfer.

**FREEMAN'S GIGANTIC SALE**

**\$12,000 STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, CLOTHING AND MEN'S FURNISHINGS TO BE ENTIRELY SOLD OUT**  
**Everything Must Go, Regardless of Cost**

**Some Startling Price Reductions**

CLOTHING		BOOTS and SHOES		UNDERWEAR	
\$9.00 Suits.....	6.45	Solid leather Amherst		50c Underwear ...	35c
15.00 " .....	9.95	Boots, \$5.00 for	3.95	1.00 " .....	65c
18.00 " .....	11.50	Tan and Black		1.25 " .....	75c
20.00 " .....	15.25	Oxfords 5.50 for	3.95	1.50 " .....	95c
<b>PANTS</b>		Gun Metal and Box		SOX	
3.00 Pants.....	1.75	Calf lace and button, 5.00 for....	3.95	25c Hose, now 6 for	1.00
4.00 " .....	2.95	Geo. A. Slater,		35c " .....	4 1.00
4.50 " .....	3.45	5.50 boot for ...	4.95	50c " .....	3 1.00
<b>OVERALLS</b>		Ladies Invictus, all kinds, 5.00 for..	3.85	SHIRTS	
1.35 Overalls....	1.15			1.35 Shirts, now...	65c
1.25 Bathing Suits	85c	1.25 Ties for.....	65c	1.50 " .....	95c
				1.75 " .....	1.15

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