THE GRAND FORKS SUN

30th Year—No. 27 | "Tell me what you know is true, I can guess as well as you." | Friday, May 15, 1931 | $1.00 PER YEAR

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Grand Forks City Council Proceedings

The regular meeting of the Grand Forks city council was held in the council chamber on Monday evening. Mayor Henniger and Ald. Miller, McCabe, Simmons and Willis were present.

An offer for lots 9 and 10 in plan 76 was referred to a special committee with power to act, and an offer for lot 2 in block 2, plan 89, and lots 10 and 11 in block 10' plan 52, was not accepted.

The clerk was instructed to forward the annual fee to the Union of British Columbia Municipalities.

On motion, the council decided to release $1000 of the present amount due the city from the unemployment relief funds.

The question of the conversion of Dominion of Canada bonds maturing in 1932, at present held by the city, was discussed, but as these funds would be required in January, 1933, to retire outstanding waterworks debentures maturing at that date, the council decided to take no action.

The clerk was instructed to again write D. C. Archibald for definite information regarding the proposed meteorological station.

The board of works was authorized to have the old opera house building and adjoining lot put in proper condition in accordance with the orders of the fire marshal.

Mayor Henniger reported that he had arranged to have the west side of the airport fenced, and the clerk was instructed to take the necessary steps to have the land converted into acreage.

The water and light committee was authorized to install a water main on Third street, thus completing connection between Victoria and Winnipeg avenues, and authority was also given for the committee to proceed with the building of a new pump station and to secure the necessary information with a view to the purchasine of a new pumping unit.

It was decided to request the police to prosecute violators of the sprinkling regulations and of the dog tax bylaw.

The clerk was instructed to arrange for the papering of the city office.

The enquiry regarding a license fee payable in respect of an airplane being used for commercial purposes on May 24th, was referred to the fire department with power to act, the city assuming no responsibility in the matter.

It was decided to give the roof of the skating rink a coatine of tar paper.

The clerk was instructed to discontinue the light service to several customers who had neglected to make payment within the time specified in the recent notices or whose payments had been considered insufficient.

Causes of Cancer Attributed to Injury And Unhygienic Living

CHICAGO, May 14.—Cause of cancer is attributed to injury and unhygienic living in an article made public by the Radiological Society of North America. Cancer cells, says the report, are defense cells against diseases which have lost a battle to save a pat of the body to which they belong.

In this fieht they are forced to multiply so rapidly that they lose their ordinary bodily discipline and start growing wild. The report is written by D. T. Quogley, M.D., professor of roentgenology of the University of Nebraska.

"There is a considerable degree of similarity," he says, "between ordinary healing and cancer growth; the only difference is that in ordinary healing the production of new cells is completely stopped when a sfficient amount of healing has taken place.

"It seems that there is sufficient evidence to convince anyone who has had a considerable laboratory and clinical experience that cancer is a thing growing on previously diseased tissue.

"If a break occurs in the epithelium (a protective sheet of sells), micro-organisms immediately enter the deeper tissues, but if the break is immediately repaired by the growth of new epithelium, no great harm is done. If, however, the epithelical wall is broken down repeatedly in the same place, then the group of cells whose function it is to furnish mechanical protection are stimulated to unlimited reproduction, with the result that we have the old uninhabited growth of epithelium which we call cancer.

"All the facts which we have available on the subject seem to substantiate this idea as to the beginnings of cancer. It is not supported by animal experimentation, but has the backing of a great mass of clinical and laboratory evidence."

Internal Radio Heating of Human Body Next Marvel?

BOSTON—The possibility of keeping warm by radio was advanced by Dr. Willis R. Whitney, director of research of the General Electric company, speaking before the Boston chamber of commerce.

Dr. Whitney told of treating fruit flies and rats with X-rays, which in homeopathic doses did no harm, but in larger doses produced death.

Describing experiments with rats, he said a glass house was provided in which the rodents could choose a variety of temperatures.

"They soon moved their cotton beds into the electro-magnetic field, produced by short wave radio rays," he related. "Then we gradually, from day to day, increased the intensity of the field, so they became warmer and warmer. No one knows how far we might have gone, but one day one of the rats came hurriedly out of his warm bed, leaving his tail in the cotton. The tail proved to be entirely dried out. The rat was unhurt except in appearance,

"Now I am not advocatine this as a sinless surgical process, but will the day over come when we may be warmed internally in unheated houses by some external radio field? It might be useless to heat ouh houses with all their contents, including the air, if we could get along by internally heating ourselves."

Douks, Police And Citizens Will Confer

VICTORIA.—A peace conference between British Columbia Doukhobors, provincial police and Canadian residents of the southern interior was arranged at a meeting between Assistant Police Commissioner Dunwoody and Peter Veregin, Doukhobor leader. Latest advices to police headquarters state that the conference will be held at Thrums, at 3 p.m. Friday. Representatives of all Doukhobor districts will attend.

The assistant commissioner sand in a telegram to police headquarters that he attached much importance to the conference.

The precise purpose of the conference is not definitely known. It was proposed by Veregin and the Community Doukhobors, who told Mr. Dunwoody they wanted to explain their problems and their program to the Canadian residents of the southern interior. Besides, Mr. Dunwoody and other police officers, leading Canadian citizens of the Doukhobor district will attend.

The Doukhobors' contention is that all violence among the Doukhobors is attributed to the radical sect, the Sons of Freedom, and that the great majority of the colonists desire to live in peace and in conformity with Canadian laws. It is expected this argument will be stressed at the meetine.

Mr. Dunwooody said the situation among the Doukhobors generally appeared easier than it has been for some time. Veregin, who has just returned to the province from the prairies, assured Mr. Dunwoody of the desire of his people to live in tranquility.

Police Raid Seven Nelson Establishments

NELSON,—Sixteen provincial police officers who have been waiting for something to "break" in the Doukhobor areas where trouble threatened for some time, on Friday night took time off to raid several local establishments.

(In each liquor was allegedly found. No arrests were made.

Truckloads of confiscated liquor were carried to headquarters.

In all some 10 barrels of beer were seized along with 30 bottles of hard liquor.

The raid was conducted under supervision of Staff Sergeant A. T. Stephenson of Nelson

Nelson is policed by a city force but the provincial raid was carried on unknown to the local city officers.

Establishments raided were: Klondyke hotel, Rex bar, Green Front cigar store, Twell's tobacco shop, Harry Goodwin's tobacco shop, Madden hotel and Georee Lapointe's smoke shop.

Progress. the growth of power, is the end and boon of liberty. and without this a veople may have the name but want the substance and spirit of freedom.—Channing

Ranking of Pupils in the Public School

The following is a list of the pupils of the Central School, in order of merit, for the month of April:

DIVISION I

George Olson, Catherine Davis, Helen Stemart, Williamina Gray, Fern Henniger, Thora Robinson, Teddy Wright, Jack McDonald, Robert Kidd Wilma Davis, Freda Dorner, Norah Halisheff, John Crisy, Lloyd Bailey, Bennie Rella, George Roper, George Ruzicka, Annie Starchuk, Fred Greenwood, George O'Keefe and Josephine Kleman, Nils Johnson, Mary Talarico Carl Wolfram, Irene Hutton, Catherine Chanley, James Graham, Lillian Biddlecome, George Robertson, Albert Deporter, Marie Donovan, Winnie Cooper, Elain McPharlon, Winnie O'Keefe, Mabel Miller, Tunice Patterson, Peter DeWilde.

Not Ranked—Irene Lightfoot, Jean Glanville.

DIVISION II

David Tonks, Catherine McDonald, George Tonks, John Gowans, Crystal Mason, Julia Kleman, Annie Ronald, Frances Sandser, Bill Ogloff, Elmer Mikkelson, Irene Frechette, May Thompson, , Winnie Wykes, Audrey Markell, Murray McLeod, Doris Egg, Norman Hull, Douglas Archibald, Shirley Docksteader, George Ronald, Walter Mikkelson, Annie Kuva, Bernice Hull, Aulay Miller, Caswell Todhunter, Rauph Meakes and Francis McDougall, Sadie McDonald, Annie Hlady, Mary Kuva, Roger Dondale, Tana Kastrakoff absent for tests.

DIVISION III

Alfred Knowles, Helen Dorner, Ruth Kidd, Isabel Donovan, Marion Cooper Glen Willis, Audrey Donaldson, John Vatkin, Ivan Thompson, Mike Starchuk, CCharlotte Cagnon, Doris Mattocks Jack Sundquest, Eda Rella, Gladys Clark, Margaret Cookson, Peter Palek, Jimmie Foote, Walter Meakes, Ruby Wilkinson, Jean Dinsmore, Mike Danshin and Barney Hlady, Hugo Wood, Eileen Markell, Bernice Postnikoff, Fred Starchuk, Adolph Talarico, Wilma Miller, George Murray.

DIVISION IV

Alice Knowles, Wilfred McLauchlan, Percy Poulton, Laura Rella, Daniel McDonald, Catherine McPherson, Jessie McNevin, Helen Ogloc, Emma Rella, Joan Pearson, Dorothy Chambers, Mary Stephenson, Chadles Mudge, Alice Starchuk, Mike Slakoc Joe Pohoda, Donald Thompson, George Skuratoc, Andrew Pavlis, Edward Chambers, Valerian Ruzicka, Harold Brinkman, Joan Wood, Polly Ogloff, Florence Ridley, Albert Jepson, Berton Clark, Pete Koftinoff, Arthur Topp, Viola Hughes, Leslie McPharlon, Mike Harkoff, Jean Wood Beverley Mehmal, Kathleen Klinosky

Not Ranked—Eunice Kuftinoff.

DIVISION V

Virginia Vant, Henry Dorner, Lillian Gowans Catherine Kleman and Mabel Kinakon, Ronald Cooper, Pete Boyko Mary Woodward, Roma Donaldson, Melvin Mikkelson, John Skilling, Maida Thompson, Nora Chapman, Victoria Ritco, Lionel Greenwood, Freddie Saminoff, Windsor Rooke, Mary Lang, Florence Ritco, Sandy Gray and Chapple Matthews, Grant McDonald, Bernard McPherson Bruce Kidd, James Lawrence, Alfred Petersen, Irene Tedesco, Hazel McPharlon, Alex Donaldson, Annie Lyssuik, Ruby Rowladson, John Zebroff, Leonard Stepheson, Jane Esouloff, Albert Talarico, Jock Wilkinson, Catherine Kuva, Charles Cook, Fred Massie, Lily Roper.

DIVISION VI

Joan Petersen, Alice Kinakin, Earl Armstrong, Annie Vatkin, Addie Evans, Jean Ingram, Peter Starchuk, Wesley Docksteader, Claus Thoem, Nick Danshin, Audrey Mudge, Jack Lang, Jean Pennoyer, Maimie Peterson, Gertrude Hutton, Marjorie Ridley, Jean Dondale, George Gray, Frank Wolfram, Mabel Euerby, Rocco Talarico, Juanita Fee, Bernice Cookson, Mary Borsuk, Bill Zebroff, Gladys Meakes, Sanford Fee, Patrick Pavlis, Tommy Scheer, Mabel Wallach, Nick Harkoff, George Egg, Bill Chanley, Rosie Lania, Celia Palek, Geraldine Patterson, Robert Skilling, John Tedesco, Henry Pohoda, Polly Koftinoff Donald McNevin.

DIVISION VII

Grace Hull, Velma Tibbetts, Peter Kinakin, Elvera Talarico, Nick Koftinoff, Tlva Kidd, Lillian Hanson, Sonny Allan, Elfreda Wolfe, Lois Patton, Willie Starchuk, Beryl Love, Mike Ogloff, Anna McPharlon, Iva Greenwood, Stanley Ruzicka, Helen Kleman, Stewart Canniff, Derrald Thompson, Glendine Fee, Robert Galloway, Wilfred McDonald, Freddy Wilkinson, Lillian Chambers, Peter Posnikoff, Agnes Skilling, Floyd Ingram, Alfred Allan, Elvi Mikkelson, Joyce Onions, Irene Hayden, James McLeod, Hector McNevin.

DIVISION VIII

Mary Hlady, Gordon Carter, Fred Hull, Harold McPharlon, Elta Egg, Stella Boyko, Lucy Starchuk, Bernadette McDonald, Fannie Saminoff, William DeWilde, Evelyn Galloway, Audrey Smith, Norma Fee, Ella Anrew, Frank Kuva, Billy Scheer, Mary Danshin, Jack Collins, Mae Hutton, Jessie Ridley, Patricia Markell, John Rooke, Vera Tibbetts, Harry Euerby, Ralph Tedesco, Ethel Cooper, Rocco Lavia, Millie Pohoda, George Ritco, Billy Donaldson, Audrey Vant, Mabel Kinakin, Emil Larsen, Polly Swetlishoff, Nellie Talarico, Douglas Cooper Doris Ritco, Mike Kuftisoff, Winnifred Hughes.

Astonishing returns on an investment usually astonish everybody else as well as the investor.

A solid and substantial greatness of soul looks down with neglect on the censures and applauses of the multitude.—Addison

Dominion Conversion Bond Issue

Official announcement is made today of the terms of the Dominion of Canada 1931 conversion loan. This issue extends the opportunity to holders of Dominion Canada war loan and Victory bonds now approaching maturity to convert their holdings into extendine over a further period of from 15 to 25 years, and marks what may eventually proveto be the greatest financial operation in the history of Canada—the refunding of the heavy volume of financial obligations during the war period.

The offer does not involve the raising of any new money. Not a penny will be added to the national debt of Canada in consequence of the 1931 conversion loan. It is entirely a matter of exchanging existing bonds bonds for other bonds of the Dominion. A total of more than one billion dollars of bonds reaches maturity within the next 3½ years. This total is made up of about $52,000,000 war loan 5% bonds due October 1, 1931; $73,300,000 renewal loan 5½% bonds due November 1, 1932; $446,600,000 Victory loan 5½% bonds due November 1, 1933; and -512,000,000 Victory loan 5½% bonds due November 1, 1934.

Holders of bonds of these issues are being given the opportunity of continuing their investment over a longer term in the direct obliications of the Dominion government. They will not lose anything in the way of interest payments or income tax exemption on the changing for bonds of the 1931 conversion loan. It is explained that the new bonds will carry coupons entitling holders to receive up to the date of the maturity of theid old bonds, the same interest payments and tax free privileges as they would enjoy if they held their war loan or Victory bonds until the actual date of maturity in each case. For the remainder of the term of the 1931 conversion loan bonds they will carry interest at the rate of 4½% per annum, which is in the opinion of leading investment bankers a comparatively generous return in view of the interest rates now prevailing in the London and New York markets.

Conversion applications are now being invited up to a total of $250,000,000 of the new bonds. It is announced, however, that the minister of finance reserves the right to increase or decrease this amount, in his discretion. Subscrtiop lists will open today and will close on or before the 23rd of May, as may be decided by the government.

Holders of the war loan 5% bonds maturine 1st of October, 1931, may exchange their bonds for Dominion of Canada 1931 conversion loan bonds maturing November 1, 1956. The new bonds will not be subject to redemption before November 1, 1946 , but from that date until maturity they may be called by the government on any interest date on 60 days' notice, at 100 and accrued interest. The first coupon on these bonds will be for six months' tax free interest at 5% per annum, payable October 1, 1931; the second coupon will be for seven months' interest at 4½% per annum, payable May 1, 1932. All other coupons will carry interest at the rate of 4½% per annum. payable half-yearly on the 1st of May and the 1st of November.

Holders of the renewal loan 5½% bonds maturing 1st of November, 1932, may exchange their bonds for Dominion of Canada 1931 conversion loan bonds maturing November, 1957 The latter issue casnot be retired before November 1, 1947, but after that date it may be redeemed by the government on any interest date on 60 days' notice, at 100 and accrued interest. The new bonds will carry regular coupons covering interest at the rate of 4½% per annum, payable half-yearly on the 1st day of May and the 1st day of November. In addition to the regular coupons, these bonds will carry three adjustment coupons payable, respectively, on the 1st day of November, 1931, the 1st day of May, 1932, and the 1st of November, 1932, for additional interest at the rate of 1% uer annum,

Holders of the Victory loan 5½ per cent bonds maturing the 1st of November, 1933, are being ffered the opportunity to exchange their bonds for Dominiin of Canada 1931 conversion loan bonds maturing November 1, 1958. These sew bonds will carry interest at the rate of 4½% per annum from May 1, 1931, payable half-yearly on May 1st and November 1st. The first five interest coupons—that is, those due to be paid each six months up to November 1, 1933, will be tax free. In addition to the regular coupons, these bonds will carry five tax free adjustment coupons for additional interest at the rate of 1% per annum, payable, respectively, November 1, 1931; May 1, 1932; November 1, 1932; May 1, 1933 and November 1, 1933. The conversion loan bonds maturing in 1958 will not be subject to redemption before November 1, 1958, but on or after that date they may be called at the option of the government on any interest date on 60 days' notice at 100 and accrued interest.

Holders of the Victory loan 5½ per cent bonds maturing 1st November 1934, are being offered the opportunity to exchange their bonds for bonds of the Dominion of Canada 1931 conversion loan maturing November 1,, 1959, which will carry coupons entitling the owner to interest at the rate of 4½ per cent per annum, payable half-yearly May 1 and November 1, commencing May 1, 1931. In addition to the regular coupons bonds will carry seven adjustment coupons for further interest at the rate of 1 per cent per annum, payable, respectively, November 1, 1931; May 1, 1932; November 1,1932; May 1, 1933; November 1, 1933; May 1, 1934, and November 1, 1934. The conversion loan bonds due November 1, 1959, will not be redeemable before November 1, 1949, but after that date they may be redeemed by thegovernment on any interest date on 60 days' notice at 100 anl accrued interest.

The issue of bonds of the 1931 conversion loan is authorized by act of parliament, which provides that both principal and interest on all of the bonds is to be a charge on the consolidated revenue fund of Canada.

Principal and interest on the new bonds will be payable without charge in lawful money of Canada at the office of the minister of finance and receiver general at Ottawa, or at the office of the assistant receiver general at Halifax, St. John. Charlottetown, Montreal, Toronto, Winnipeg Regina, Calgary, or Victoria. Interest coupons ?will be payable without charge as they fall due at any branch in Canada of any of the chartered banks.

The department of finance announces that interim certificates in bearer form will be delivered in the first instance in exchange for al war loan and Victory bonds accepted for conversion. The interim certificates will be exchangeable at a later date for engraved definitive bonds. The finance department expects that the definitive bonds will be ready on or about the 15th of August, 1931.

When the definitive bonds are ready it will be possible for holders to obtain delivery of coupon bonds in bearer form or of coupon bonds registrable as to principal. These bonds will be issued in denominations of $100, $500, and $1000. Fully registered bonds, on which the interest will be paid direct to the owner if government cheque will also be obtainable in denominations of $500, $1000, $5000, $10,000 and $100,000.

Applications to convert bonds will be received and receipts issued by anf branch in Canada of any chartered band and recognized Canadian bond dealers and stock brokers, from whom application forms and copies of the prospectus containing complete details of the new bonds may be obtained. They will arrange for the conversion of bonds without expense to bondholders.

Activities Among Local Farmers

LIVESTOCK MATTERS

Dr. W. R. Gunn, director of animal industry, department of agriculture, Victoria, visited the Boundary district recently, accompanied by the district agriculturist at Grand Forks. Visits were made to a number of farmers and livestock men and a meeting was held in this city.

A trip was made to the Consolidated Mining & Smelting company's dairy farm at Trail and the fertilizer plant. The calves for the Midway and Rock Creek clubs were also inspected.

PROGRAM IN BOUNDARY FOR 1931

The provincial department of agriculture will carry on the following program through the district agriculturist at Grand Forks during the present year:

Livestock

A survey of animal diseases and parasites will be made to determine the extent in this district of diseases and parasites in sheep, hogs, beef cattle, dairy cattle, etc. A definite campaign against rodents will be instituted to check the spread of woodsticks, ete. It is vitally necessary to prevent the spotted fever which is prevalent in parts of the United States from reaching this side of the line.

Every assistance will be given to the beef cattle growers to improve the type and the quality of the beef animals in the district. Marketing of beef cattle, hogs and sheep will also receive considerable attention in an attempt to secure better prices for the livestock men in the district.

Field Crops

Fertilizer experiments, variety tests of cereals, forage crops and veeetables are being carried on to determine the best varieties for the district.

Soil Survey

A soil survey of the types of soils in the Boundary districts will be made. Soil analyses will be made to determine the most suitable fertilizers for each type of soil in the various districts. A soil survey map will be prepared from the information secured.

Seed Grain Exhibitions

Good seed has been secured for several farmers who intend to show it at the larger seed fairs, especially the World's Grain Txhibition at Regina in 1932. A seed cleaning machine has been provided for the use of farmers who intend to send exhibits to the fairs.

Weed Killing Demonstrations

Weed killing demonstrations, using sulphuric acid and calcium chloride and chlorate on weeds such as couch grass, wild morning glory, mustard, etc., will be continued this year.

Potato Disease Investigation

An investigation will be undertaken by the provincial plant pathologits into the Fusarium radicicola disease, which has affected a percentage of the Netted Gem crop in past years.

Junior Club Work

The Junior club work will be continued and a number of poultry clubs, calf clubs and swine clubs are being organized. A stock judeing team will be sent to compete at the Interior Provincial fair at Armstrong and teams from the swine clubs will compete in the swine judging competition carried on by the Canadian Pacific railway in the fall.

A seed judging team will be sent to the Vancouver Winter fair to compete in the elimination contest to determine the team which will represent this province at the World's Grain Exhibition in 1932.

IF TASTED LIKE MORE, BUT—WELL—ANYHOW

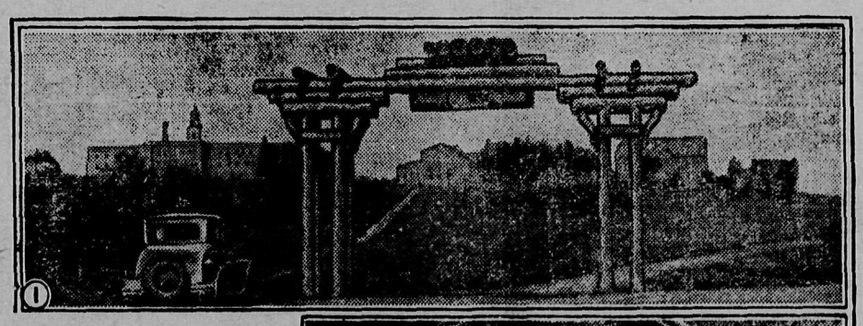
BEND, ORE.—A large and savory piece of cooked meat was placed on an imposing stone in the plant of the bulletin here not long ago by Roy Wolf, linotype operator. Roy had the meat from A. D. Lewis, who had it, in turn, from the Deschutes river.

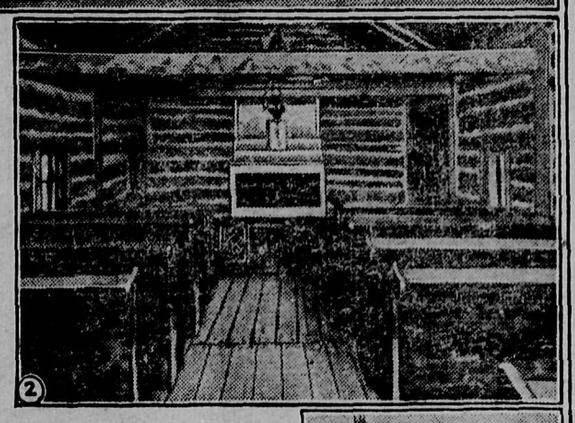
Printers and reporters gazed at the meat and inhaled its fine aroma. Eventually they sampled it, pronounced it "Class A" goose, then repeated. Later Roy told them just what it was that had so intrigued rat.

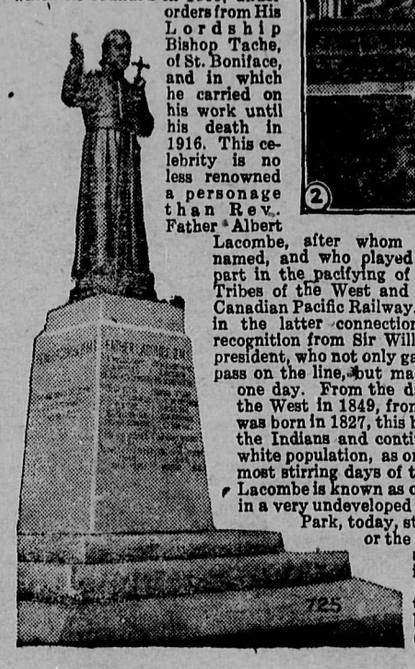
In most cases that was the end of hunger in that plant that day. One inky journeyman turned slightly green that faded to white—but retained his manhood.

As for Wolf—well, he says he's going to bring in another one of the "tender little critters," but intending to share it with a lot of appreciative printers and copy readers.

Immortalizing Pioneer Priest







One of the most colorful figures of the development of the Canadian West is immortalized today, at the scene of his labors, St. Albert, on the Sturgeon River, just outside Edmonton, by the preservation in the Mission Park of the Oblate Fathers of the original "cathedral" and mission which he founded in 1860, under orders from His Lordship Bishop Tache, of St. Boniface, and in which he carried on his work until his death in 1916. This celebrity is no less renowned a personage than Rev. Father Albert Lacombe, after whom Lacombe, Alta. is named, and who played such an important part in the pacifying of the warring Indian Tribes of the West and the building of the Canadian Pacific Railway. His untiring efforts in the latter connection won him special recognition from Sir William Van Horne, its president, who not only gave him a permanent pass on the line, but made him its head for one day. From the day of his arrival in the West in 1849, from Quebec, where he was born in 1827, this brave and energetic Oblate had staunch friends among the Indians and continued to establish himself, both among them and the white population, as one of the best-known and most-loved characters of the most stirring days of the Prairies. Apart from his religious activities, Father Lacombe is known as one of the real Westerners of Canada. The country was in a very undeveloped state when he first established himself in it and Mission Park, today, stands for a great deal more than just a mission station, or the scene of a devoted missionary's labours. It is a milestone in the progress of the Canadian West and, hence, in the progress of the Dominion. The pictures show: (1) the approach to Mission Park. (2) the interior of the old "cathedral." (3) its exterior, with the brick building which now encases the old log church, and, (inset) the statue of Rev. Father Lacombe.

The Grand Forks Sun

G. A. EVANS, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER

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FRIDAY, MAY 15, 1931

EXPLANATION of the major drop in the price of canned vegetables is contained in statistics just assembled covering the canning industry in Canada last year. In 1930 a total of 9,272,480 cans of vegetables, exclusive of soups, were packed in Canada, an increase of 3,046,382 cans or 4.8 per cent over the 1929 pack. The increase in the pack of peas was 165 per cent, of tomatoes 104 per cent and corn 19.5 per cent. The total pack of fruits was 978,570 cans. Canned pears are evidently the most popular fruit a la can, for of the total pears accounted for 339,106 cans. The remainder was divided among peaches, cherries, plums, raspberries, strawberries, apples and other fruits. But the domestic production of canned vegetables and fruits does not represent by a long way the domtstic consumption of these edibles, for last year Canada imported 16,97 , 78 pounds of canned vegetables, valued at $1,4 1,185, and 42,015,895 pounds of canned fruit, valued at $2,954,415. Canada exported in 1930, 9,960,398 pounds of canned vegetables with a value of $631,015 and 3,288,376 pounds of canned fruits valued at $250,271.

ONE of Canada's chief natural resources is water-power. Hydro-electric power has become one of the Dominion's leading industries, due, perhaps, to the fact that no country has so great a water area as Canada. Electric current output in Canada for 1929 totalled approximately 18,000,000,000 kilowatt hours, which represents a per capita consumption of 1845 k.w.h. This is more than twice the consumption in the United States and nearly ten times the consumption in Great Britain. The pulp and paper industries are the largest consumers of electric energy in the Dominion. Canada exported 1,449,128,786 k.w.h. of electric energy, valued at $4,028,154, for the fiscal year ending March 31, 1930. The output, with the exception of 41,729 k.w.h., which was taken by Alaska, went to the Tnited States. During the same year Canada imported from the United States 6,284,111 k.w.h., valued at $96,693.

CONSTRUCTITN work on the new Canadian port at Churchill, Manitoba, on the southwest coast of Hudson Bay, is expected to have progressed far enough by September of this year to enable the Canadian government to make a full test of the grain loading facilities and of navigation conditions of the port at that time. Work on the railway terminal and port at Churchill has progressed so rapidly during the past year that even now a vessel drawing 30 feet of water could dock there at high tide and, were the elevator completed, load and depart again on the next high tide, according to the Canadian engineer. Since the actual construction work began in 1929, half of the dredeing (1,000,000 cubic yards) has been completed; half of the main dock, which is to be 1800 feet in length, has been built, and the foundation of the 2,500,000 bushel elevator has been finished up to the bottom of the bins. Next season it is proposed to finish the dredging ofanother 1,000,000 cubic yards, complete the elevator and the large powerhouse and conveyor system .The final work on the main dock cannot be completed until 1932, as it will have to await a complete settling of the filled land, but it is confidently expected that by September 1, 1931, the government will be able to make a full test of the grain loading facilities and of the navigation conditions. There will be at least a month in which to load vessels. As a result of the dredging work so far done, it is believed that about two weeks will be needed next year to finish channel 30 feet deep at low tide, for a width of 300 feet along the front of the dcok. A large number of smaller buildings were erected this season, includine a 50,000-gallon water tang. Included in the railway work at the port was the construction of a trestle 1453 feet long.

CANADA has had eleven premiers. Two of them have been bachelors; two of them have held office twice. The shortest term was that of Sir Charles Tupper in 1896. The longest continuous term was Sir Wilfrid Laurier's, from 1896 to 1911, but Sir John A. Macdonald still holds the record of havine been premier longer than anyone else, not counting his premiership before Confederation. The average of our premiers when they took office is between 60 and 61 years. Sir Charles Tupper was the oldest man to become premier, and Rt. Hon. Arthur Meighen the youngest. Eight of our prime ministers have been members of the imperial privy council, although Sir Charles Tupper was not until long after he had ceased to be prime minister. Six of our prime ministers have been knighted; one was a baronet. Six premiers have been members ofthe bar. One prime minister Sir John Thompson, had been a judge. All our prime ministers have been members of the house of commons; Sir John Abbott, who had been a member for many years, was a senator during his premiership, and Sir Mackenzie Bowell became a senator after he was prime minister. Only two prime ministers have died in office—Sir John A. Macdonald and Sir John Thompson. Two men became prime ministers without having previously been members of the government, namely, Hon. Alexander Mackenzie and Sir Robert Borden. All prime ministers of Canada, save the first two (who were of Ccottish birth) and save Sir Mackenzie Bowell (who was of English birth), were born in Canada. Nova Scotia leads with three, New Brunswich one, Ontario two, Quebec two. Two of the eleven prime ministers have been Roman Catholics.

AT A RECENT meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of Science a speaker prophesied that in the year A. D. 2500 the world would contain 35,000,000,0000 inhabitants, all speaking one universal languaee. William the Conqueror's Domesday book showed a population of 1,500,000, and in the 750 years that elapsed between that time and the beginning of the last century the number increased to only 9,000,000. But the population doubled in the 50 years between 1801 and 1851, and doubled again in the next 50 years, rising to over 36,000,000 in 1801. The last census showed a further big increase. It seems likely that a universal language will come in time, since the multitude of tongues we now have is a great hindrance to travel and commerce.

THACKERAY'S definition of a snob is a classic of its kind. Itexpresses very neatly the characteristics of that regretable type of person. "A snob is that man or woman who are always pretending, before the world, to be something better—especially richer or more fashionable—than they are. It is one who thinks his own position in life contemptible, and is always yearning and striving to force himself into one abive, without the education or characteristics which belong to it; one who looks down upon, despises, and overrides his inferiors, or even equals of his own standing, and is ever ready to worship, fawn upon, and flatter a rich or titled mna, not because he is a good man, a wise man or a Christian man; but because he has the luck to be rich and influential"

WILL DURANT, greatly daring, has essayed to name the greatest poets of all time. His list, published in the American Magazine, will probably suit no one except Mr. Durant It includes: Homer, David, Euripides, Lucretius, Li Yai-po, Dante, Shakespeare, Keats, Shelley and Whitman. Tngland gets three representatives to America's one. The nominee from China, probably pnknown heretofore to more than one American in a thousand, is described by Mr. Durant as a precocious literary producer belonging to the T'ang dynasty, born in 701 "There were 2300 poets in that T'ang dynasty," Mr. Durant informs his readers, "and of them all Yai-po was accounted best. A billion Chinamen have sung and loved his poems."

IN the past fifty years a great change has taken place in Holland with respect to its agricultural status. Formerly it was an importer of dairy products, but a little more than a generation ago the farmers of that country becamt interested in modern machinery, the use of which became popular at once and the entire situation was changed so that at the present time the country takes care of its own consumption and in addition a great deal of this material is shipped abroad.

THE Libyan desert expedition in search of the lost oasis of Zerzura under the leadership of Major Bagnold, returned to Cairo unsuccessful, so far as its primary object was conerned. The expedition discovered northeast of Owenat a remarkable circle of stones standing three feet high and nine yards across, similar in formation to Stonehenge. This circle is in the desert 150 miles from the nearest water. They then returned to Selima, and for the first time the journey was made across the desert to Assiut on the Nile by way of the Kharga oasis, following the northern part of the Arabian way—the old slave trade route from Darfur to Assiut, at altogether over 1000 miles long, which used to be traversed by camels in about 40 days, the distance from Selima to Assiut beine about 420 miles Major Bagnold stated that the slave track was clearly marked by the skeletons of camels, and that there were over 200 skeletons to every mile. Although it had not been used for fifty years, in certain parts the tracks of the camels were plainly visible.

By act of congress passed April 11, 1930, the $2.500 American gold piece was discontinued. The coin was discontinued because it was not desired for circulotion or commercial purposes. It was used mainly as a gift during the Christmas season, and in January these coins were again returned to the vaults of the banks.

Canada imported more radio receiving sets from the United States during January and February than any other foreign country, Italy beine second and Argentina third. The exports to Canada amounted to $254,321 worth of ets and Italy had a total of $123,704.

In Yorkshire, England, the land of desolate moors and old manor houses, there are several big important mansions that no one will live in. They are simply falling to rack and ruin because no one can be persuaded to rent or purchase them. The reason? Ghosts!

It is estimated that there are approximately 2,000,000 stamp collectors in the United States.

What is the use of living lone, if you must live like the fungus on a log to do it.

Men and women who weep easiest are frequntly of the temperament that scold easiest.

If abuse makes a man whine instead of rage, thereis something wrong.

ANCIENT HISTORY

LIFE IN GRAND FORKS TWENTY YEARS AGO

The Greenwood-Phoenix tunnel will be continued until a distance of 3000 feet is reached, when Greenwood will pay the $16,000 bonus agreed upon. It is expected that this distance will be reached by next September.

I. A. Dinsmore, who was recently appointed chief of the provincial constables for the Boundary district, arrived in the city on Satuday and visited with old-time friends over Sunday. He was on his way from Stewart to Greenwood, where he will have his headquarters.

The Matt Miller ranch, one of the best in the valley for general farming, was sold on Saturday last to Geo. Fageon, who has been employed on J. T. Lawrence's ranch for some time.

This may be of service to readers who have small gardens. In April or May set forty potatoes; in twenty put a bean in each, and in the other twenty a pea. You will have a good crop of peas and beans, and the potatoes will be free from disetse, with an agerage of thirty tubers.

The members of the Grand Forks Poultry association, which enjoys the distinction of being the largest local organization in the province, have commenced to made preparations for the annual exhibition in this city next fall.

Cooper Bros. this week received a 20-h.p. auto-ubggy from the east. They are now engaged in learning the art of the expert chauffeur.

Over one thousand acres of the fertile Kettle Valley lands are planted to orchards.

POEMS FROM THE NEAR EAST

ARABIA

CAPRICES OF FORTUNE

Why should I blush that Fortune's frown
Dooms me life's humble paths to tread?
To live unheeded, and unknown?
To sink forgotten to the dead?

'Tis not the good, the wise, the brave,
That surest shine, or highest rise;
The feather sports upon the wave,
The pearl in ocean's cavern lies.

Each lesser star that studs the sphere
Sparkles with undiminish'd light;
Dark and eclips'd alone appear
The lord of day, the queen of night.

—Shems Almaali Cabus.

Health Servce

OF THE CANADIAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

SUNSHINE AND BABIES

Out of doors, in the fresh air and sunshine, is the place where the baby should spend a great part of his life. In order that he may grow and have strong healthy body, the baby needs fresh air and sunshine just as much as he needs food.

Not only is sunshine pleasant, but it is actuallyy health giving, and the rays of the sun acting upon the body are health forces which prevent rickets.

The baby should have his sun-baths regularly each day. There is a right way to take sun-baths and this way must be followed or harm will result. The same attention should be paid to this part of the baby's life as to his feeding and bathing.

Sun-baths may be taken in front of an open window. It is essential that the window be open, as ordinary window glass keeps out certain rays which are desirable. As the weather grows warmer, the sun-baths are taken out of doors.

On the first day, the hands and feet are exposed to the sunshine for five minutes only; no longer. Next day, the time is ten minutes, and five minutes is added each day until the bath is made to last for one hour.

As the time is lengthened, the surface of the body exposed to the sun is also increased. On the second day, the legs below the kneeh are exposed, then the whole leg; after that the abdomen and, lastly, the chest, front and back.

On the day each part is first exposed, the time of exposure of that part should be limited to five minutes, and the exposure of each part increased by five minutes a day until the whole body is eiven an hour'h sun-bath daily

There must be no hurry with regard to the area exposed or the time of exposure, as this causes trouble. The gradual increase is the only safe way.

The sun-bath should not come juht before or after a meal. When the weather is really hot, the sun-bath should be given before 11 in the morning or after 3 in the afternoon, as it is not desirable to expose the baby to that midday sun during excessive heat.

Not only do the sun's rays bring health to the baby, but the exposure of the body to the air—the air-bath—is also of benefit to the child.

The ancients worshipped the sun as a god. We today should recognize the sun as a giver of health.

Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answerel personally by letter.

TIME FOR MORE CHANGE?

British Columbia Conservatives three years ago said it was "Time for a change." Give them credit for consistency. They have been saying it ever since and they are saying it more loudly than ever today.

A humorist suggested that what many of themb really meant was "Time for some change."

The factional feud within the party which seems to be mainly concerned with who shall administer the patronage, bears out this suegestion. The trouble is there is not enough "change" to go 'round.

The general public gets no benefit from these quarrels over the spoils of office. The public also wants a change—a change of heart, a constructive change that will see things done.

Demand within the party for a provincial convention is growing. If a provincial convention will clear the air, then by all means it should be held with the least possible delay. Then let's get on with the affairs of British Columbia.—Vancouver Sun

FACTS THAT YOU MAY NOT KNOW

Saving Steps

When cleaning and sweeping pin a needle case on the dress, in which to place all of the pins and needles that may be found on the boors. This will save many steps to the pin cushion.

Molasses Cake

Cakes containing molasses burn very easily. Such cakes should be baked in thick loaves, that require long baking, and the tins should be lined with greased paper.

Odors

Wash the hands in mustard water after handling onions or other ill-smelling things. There is nothing better to remove the odor.

A Light Cake

To make the cake very light, mix with the flour a tablespoonful of ground ginger. Or a tablehpoonful of lukewarm water alded to the eggs before mixing them in a cake will also make the cake light and spongy.

SUNSHINE

Modern

Haig—Where's your home?

Andhaig—It's in the garage just now.

* * *

Tra-lee, Tra-loo.

Mrs. (entering hubby's den)—Here's my new dress. I bought it for a song.

Mr—All right; send in the collector and I'll sing for him.

* * *

All Explained

"Hear about Jimson being in the hospital?"

"In the hospital? Why, I thoueht I saw him last night dancing with a dizzy glond."

"Yeh! So did his wife."

* * *

Acid Test

In a California divorce case a man accuses his wife of being "sullen, mean, irritable, morbid, disagreeable, nasty, bitter, jealous, heckling, loathsome, insulting, miserly, selfish, uncivil and inconsiderate." But she could cook!

* * *

Check and Double Check

A girl met an old flame and determined to high-hat him.

"Sorry," she murmured when the hostess introduced him to her, "but I did not get your name."

"I know you didn't," replied the old flame, "but that is not your fault. You tried hard enough."

* * *

Slick One

"Do you know your wife is telling around you can't keep her in clothes"

"That's nothing. I bought her a home, and I can't keep her in that. either."

* * *

Albii for Monday

A woman whose housewifely feats were always pushed to the limit of endurance and strength was observed to have chaneed her routine.

"No, I've let up a little on doin' my work that way," she admitted. I've found that I can't wash, iron and be a Christian all in one day."

* * *

Getting the Lowdown

"I'd like to know if I can get a divorce from my husband," said the dainty young thing.

"What has your husband done?" inquired the lawyer.

"Is it necessary to say that?" she asked.

"We must, of course, make some charge against him. State what he has done."

"Well, as a matter of fact, he hasn't done anythiny," she said. "I haven't got a husband, but I am engaged to a man and I just wanted to see how easy I could get a divorce in case of need."

* * *

Imitate the Bulldog

A Scot who was a bad sailor was crossing the channel. He went to the captain and asked him what he should do to prevent seasickness.

"Have you got a sixpence?" asked the captain.

"Ay," replied Sandy.

"Well, hold it between your teeth during the trip."

* * *

.... Hot Mama! ....

The hostess, assisted by her sister, served cake, coffee and hot children. —Temple (Texas) paper.

* * *

Wilder and Wilder

"Are you going with a Wild West show next summer"

"No," answered Cactus Joe. "The big desperado work is being done in the metropolitan centers. I'm goine to organize a Wild East show."

* * *

Pushed A-Sighed

He was very fat, and stood behind an irritable old woman in a line waiting to get in a show.

She—Stop your pushing, can't you?

He—Excuse me, madam, I did not push. I only sighed.

* * *

Poor Thing Now

Wife (with new fur coat)—You know, Oswald, one really can't help feeling sorry for the poor thing that was skinned for this.

Hubby (looking at empty pocketbook)—I appreciate your sympathy, dear.

* * *

Added Precaution

"The neichbor's piano is too youd. Shut the door."

"It is shut."

"Then turn the key."

* * *

Leading Question

Elephantdown—I tell you, no one can fool my wife.

Horsefeathers—Then how did you get her?

* * *

Hopeful

"Think the new cook will remain a while?"

"She has removed her hat."

* * *

No Need to Worry

She—Oh, George, the baby has swallowed the matches. Whatever shall I do?

Husband—Use my cigarette lighter.

* * *

Her Motto

Bronson—Our cook is the laziest I've ever sene!

His Wife—Yes, she thinks that too many broths spoil the cook.

USED CARS and TRUCKS

1929 CHEVROLET COUPE, $575.00
Just the car for a salesman or a traveling man. Its famous six-cylinder engine has been tuned up to deliver new car performance. Its body provides big car riding ease. No car on the market offers such value at this price

1929 FORD TRUCK with cab on platform aud 6-speed transmission. In A 1 shape....**$450:00**

1926 DODGE LIGHT DELIVERY TRUCK
for quick sale. It has a nice engine with lots of power, in first class running order..**$125.00**

1927 CHEVROLET COACH
A snap for..... **$200.00**

The Grand Forks Garage

J. R. Mooyboer; Proprietor

PROCLAMATION

All loving and loya Subjects of our honoured Queen of the May are directed to attend, at the Central School grounds, on Saturday, May 16th, at 1 P.M., and all places of business are requested to close from 1 to 2 P.M. to tender homage to the auspicious occasion.

E. C. HENNIGER, Mayor.

THE CONSOLIDATED MINING & SMELTING COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED

TRAIL, BRITISH COLUMBIA

Manufacturers of
ELEPHANT BRAND
Chemical Fertilizers

Ammonium Phosphate
Sulphate of Ammonia
Triple Superphosphate

B. C. AGENTS BURNS & CO. LTD.

Producers & Refiners of
TADANAC BRAND
Electrolytic

Lead-Zinc
Cadmium-Bismuth

What the Rural Weekly Press of B. C. Can Offer

THERE are fifty-five regular weekly newspapers in British Columbia. They are published in a widely scattered field in communities with populations of from 300 to 400 to one of 10,000. Sixteen are published in communities of less than 1000 population; fifteen in communities of 1000 to 2000 population; seven in communities of 4000 to 5000; four in communities over 5000 to 10,000. These weeklies appeal to 145,000 of British Columbia's population. The news in these newspapers is mostly all local, because that is what interests the readers, and the advertisements for the most part tell what local merchants are doing. The country editor knows the people he serves; they are farmers, lumbermen, miners, fishermen, prospectors, laborers, all. It is estimated that the average farm family spends $2000 every year for things which are not necessary to raise crops. The total sum that is spent by farmers in the United States for those things with which to live well is the appaling sum of thirteen billion dollars. Seventy-two per cent. of all automobiles sold go to people living in towns and comunities of less than 5000 population. Using the same proportionate figures to estimate the buying power of the rural population of British Columbia served by the weekly newspapers of the province, and we have something like 70,000 automobiles purchased by residents of the province in towns and communities of less than 5000 population, and $6,000,000 spent every year by these rural families for things which are not necessary to raise crops. If one is inclined to think that only a few people, and an insignificant few at that, live in country communities served by the weekly newspapers let him study these figures or consult the last census statistics.

Closer Cooperation Between Rural and Industrial British Columbia

A quality which has won supremacy

Yellow label Salada 60 cts a lb
Brown label Salada 70 cts a lb
'Fresh from the gardens'

"Barnyard Golf"

The name "barnyard golf" is given in jest to horseshoe pitching

A bit of new furniture is an incentive to make the whole house look better.

May Queen Crowning on May 16th

The following program will be observed at the ceremonies attending the crowning of the May Queen on Saturday, May 16:

Commencing at 1 o'clock sharp, procession will form at the court house and march to the school grounds, with the band in attendance.

Retiring queen, Lola Hutton.

Maids of honor, Irene Lightfoot, Winnie Wykes.

Pages, Billy Scheer, Freddie Wilkinson.

Escort, Jamch Allan.

New queen, Catnerine Davis.

Maids of honor, Catherine McDonald, Gladys Clark.

Pages, Johnnie Rooke, Gordon Carter.

Escort, Fred Greenwood.

Flower girls, Stella Boyko, Vera Tibbets, Bernadette McDonald, Patricia Markell, Elta Tgg, Audrey Vant

Maypole, No. 1	Maypole, No. 2
Jean Wood	Irene Tedesco
Celia Palek	Gladys Meakes
Laura Rella	Geraldine Patterson
Mary Woodward	Ruby Rowlandson
Alice Knowles	Audrey Mudge
Lillian Gowans	Jean Dondale
Mary Stephenson	Jane Esouloff
Roma Donaldson	Gertrude Hutton
Emma Rella	Maida Thompson
Joan Wood	Florence Ridley
Victoria Ritco	Catherin Kuva
Mamie Petersen	Hazel McParton
Dorothy Chambers	Annie Lyssuick
Jessie McNevin	Joan Petersen
Joan Parson	Alice Starchuk
Nora Chapman	Juanita Fee
Florence Ritco	Marjorie Ridley
Virginia Vant	Mary Borsuk
Catherine Kleman	Polly Ogloff
Catherine McPherson	Annie Vatkin

Russian dance, Lucy Starchuk.

French minuet, Grace Hull, Beryl Love, Lillian Hansen, Norma Fee, Adair Allan-a-dale Harrison, Freddie Hull, Elvera Talarico.

Brownies and Fairies—Velma Tibbets, Elfreda Wolfe, Glendine Fee, Elva Kidd, Mary Hally, Jessie Ridley, Agnes Miller, Flora Evans.

Dance of the Fairies—Isabel Dononva, Eileen Mark ll, Wilma Miller, Helen Dorner, Marion Cooper, Jean Dinsmore, Ruth Kidd, Audrey Donaldson, Charlotte Cagnon, Doris Mattocks.

Dutch Dance—Fern Henniger, Frida Dorner, Nora Halisheff, Mary Talarico.

Cubs

Frank Wolfram	Robert Skilling
Tommy Scheer	Sanford Fee
Walter Mtakes	Donald Thompson
Charles Mudg	Percy Poulton
Berton Clark	Henry Dorner
Windsor Rooke	R James Lawrence
Bruce Kidd	Sandy Gray
Alex Donaldson	Charles Cook

The program will be carried out in the following order:

Crowning of May Queen.
Maypole dance, part 1.
French minuet.
Russian dance.
Dutch dance.
Maypole dance, part 2.
Brownies and Fairies.
Dance of the Flowers
Maypole dance, part 3.
Retiring of May Queen.

When you believe a huge majority is going to vote your way, that's about the only excuse for not going to the polls.

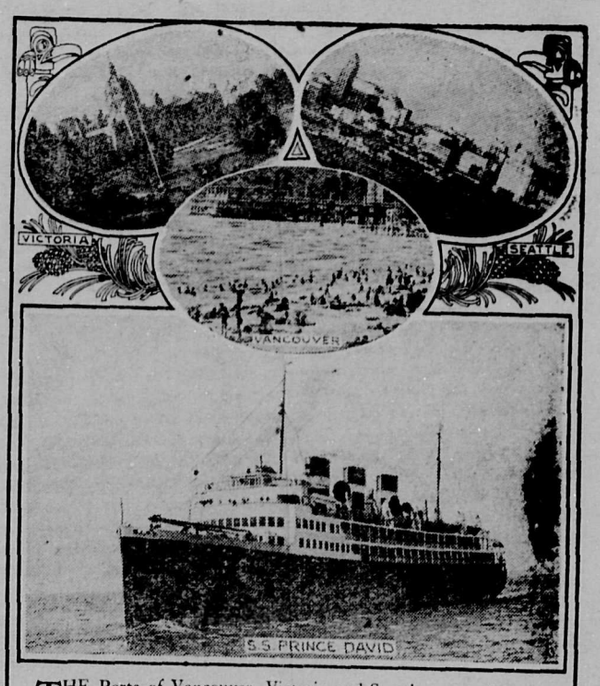
B-r-r-r!

"How can I make anti-freeze?"
"Hide her wooeen pyjamas."

Whenever the world is "set on fire" by a noble idea, it makes a great many people unhappy.

A small vice in a man is much like the hole in a nickel.

A sweet expression covers a multitude of freckles



THE Ports of Vancouver, Victoria and Seattle are again being served by the Canadian National Steamships. This service was resumed by S.S. "Prince David," one of the beautiful new steamships constructed during the last winter for the company at Birkenhead, England. Under the new schedule S.S. "Prince David" leaves Vancouver every afternoon at 2 o'clock, reaching Victoria at 5.45 p.m. and Seattle at 10.30 p.m. Returning the ship leaves Seattle at 1 a.m., reaching Victoria at 7 a.m. and Vancouver at 12.15 noon. Excellent accommodation is provided for 334 first-class, 70 third-class and 1,500 day passengers. There is plenty of room for motor cars. The new ship has beautifully appointed public rooms, radio, beauty parlor, barber shop and an automatic telephone service throughout the ship. Next Spring this service will be augmented by S.S. "Prince Robert."

AN OPPORTUNITY TO HOLDERS OF EARLY MATURING

CANADIAN GOVERNMENT BONDS

TO EXTEND THE TERM OF THEIR INVESTMENT IN

THE PREMIER SECURITY IN CANADA

GOVERNMENT OF THE

DOMINION OF CANADA

1931 CONVERSION LOAN

The Minister of Finance of the Dominion of Canada offers to holders of the undernoted Dominion issues the privilege of exchanging their bonds into longer dated issues, in the following terms and under the following conditions:

This offer affords to holders of bonds eligible for conversion, the same interest payment and tax-free privileges, for the life of and as contained in the present bonds, and the opportunity of extending the term of the investment at 4½% per annum.

WAR LOAN 5% BONDS MATURING 1st OCTOBER, 1931—Holders of these bonds have the privilege of exchanging into bonds maturing 1st November, 1956, bearing interest from 1st April, 1931. The first coupon will be for six months' *tax-free* interest at the rate of 5% per annum payable 1st October, 1931; the second coupon will be for seven months' interest at the rate of 4½% per annum payable 1st May, 1932; thereafter to maturity interest will be payable half-yearly at 4½% per annum.

RENEWAL LOAN 5½% BONDS MATURING 1st NOVEMBER, 1932—Holders of these bonds have the privilege of exchanging into bonds maturing 1st November, 1957, bearing 4½% interest payable half-yearly from 1st May, 1931. There will also be attached to these bonds three adjustment-coupons payable respectively on 1st November, 1931, and 1st May and November, 1932, for additional interest at the rate of 1% per annum.

VICTORY LOAN 5½% BONDS MATURING 1st NOVEMBER, 1933—Holders of these bonds have the privilege of exchanging into bonds maturing 1st November, 1958, bearing 4½% interest payable half-yearly from 1st May, 1931. The first five interest coupons, being those to and including 1st November, 1933, will be *tax-free.* There will also be attached to these bonds five *tax-free* adjustment-coupons payable respectively on 1st November, 1931, and 1st May and November, 1932 and 1933, for additional interest at the rate of 1% per annum.

VICTORY LOAN 5½% BONDS MATURING 1st NOVEMBER, 1934—Holders of these bonds have the privilege of exchanging into bonds maturing 1st November, 1959, bearing 4½% interest payable half-yearly from 1st May, 1931. There will also be attached to these bonds seven adjustment-coupons payable respectively on 1st November, 1931, and 1st May and November, 1932, 1933 and 1934, for additional interest at the rate of 1% per annum.

Conversion applications in the terms of the foregoing are invited to a total of $250,000,000. The Minister of Finance reserves, however, the right to increase or decrease this amount at his discretion.

Subscriptions will be received and receipts issued by any branch in Canada of any Chartered Bank and by recognized Canadian Bond Dealers and Stock Brokers, from whom may be obtained application forms and copies of the official prospectus containing complete details of the loan. Applications will not be valid on forms other than those printed by the King's Printer.

The subscription lists to the foregoing will open on 11th May, 1931, and will close on or before 23rd May, 1931, at the discretion of the Minister of Finance.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE,
Ottawa, 11th May, 1931.

Power of The Rural Weekly Press

Listen to what John H. Perry, President of the American Press Association, has to say on the influence of the country weekly:

"The force that controls this country of ours, in the long run, is the rural editor. In his capacity as spokesman for hundreds of thousands who live and earn their living on the farms and in the villages and towns.

"It is not necessary to take the writer's word for it Ask any politician whom you know. He will tell you the truth. Ask any representative of the interests—big city bankers, for instance, or presidents of great railroad or industrial corporation.

"The politician, if he is above [illegible] will tell you [illegible]

[illegible] is gold or bad depending on how the country people like the way it is run, and that what those country people are thinking he finds out by reading or having others read for him, what the country papers are saying."

The Home-Town Newspaper is always ready to Cooperate in giving Service

It was like talking to someone nearby

In a recent letter the Vancouver head of al arge business concern said that he had talked to the secretary-treasurer of his company in Toronto by lone-distance telephone, and that he was pleased to say he could hear him "as plainly as though I had been talking from my house to the office in Vancouver.

"Our conversation was absolutely free from interruptions or noise or static of anf kind," he continued, "and now that I have had this good result, there is a possibility that I might be using this quite often in the future."

B. C. TELEPHONE CO

THE CITY

According to officials of the public works, department, the Cascade road is now open and in good condition for the spring and summer traffic. Graders have been over the road from both the Grand Forks and Rossland sides of the summit, and a small crew of men is still making improvements at various points.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Davis and Robert Leslie motored to Trail on Wednesday to visit Mrs. W. A. Williams, who is reported to be a patient in a hospital in that city. Mrs. Williams was a resident of Grand Forks while the Granby smelter was operating here.

The Chinese laundryman in Chinatown was the victim of a robbery one day last week, when he was knocked unconscious by a thug. He does not know who his assailant was, or whether or not any money or valuables was carried off.

Another burglary case was pulled off in this city last Friday night, when the Doukhobor warehouse in the West end was broken into and the cash register carried oc.

C. C. Heaven's ranch home was burglarized one day this week while the family happened to be away from home. It is stated that the articles are valued at about $25.

It seems to be generally understood around town that Cooper's bakery has been sold to Nelson parties.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Davis of Vancouver are visitors this week at the home of Mr, Davis' brother, Stanley Davis.

Miss Hattie Gaw of this city was a visitor at the home of Mr. and Mds. A. Buchan in Trail last Saturday.

The dance at the Union mine on Wednesday night attracted a large number of people from this city.

Miss Jessie Downy of Trail was a visitor at her home in this city on Sunday.

Miss Alice Simpson of Trail visited friends in the city on Sunday.

Georee E. Massie made a business journey to Trail on Saturday.

J. A. Hutton and daughter Lola motored to Trail on Sunday.

Dr. J. C. Paxton made a trip to Trail on Saturday last

Miss Ella Phillips of this city spent the week-end in Trail

REMNANTS—3 lbs. Prints $1.00; 3 lbs. Silk, Velvts or Cretonnes $1.50. Agents, dealers wanted. A. McCreery Co., Chtatham, Ontario.

R. A. BROWN IS TOURING IN THE SAMILKAMEEN

R. A. (Volcanic) Brown, one of the best known of veteran interior prospectors, was in Penticton on Monday night on his way from his home in Grand Forks to the Princeton, Hedley and Tulameen country.

Volcanic Brown is traveling by horse and buckboard, thus having, as he says, plenty of time to look the country over. He is well known as the discoverer of Copper Mountain in 1888Mr. Brown has been prospecting in British Columbia for about 48 years and was much interested while here in meeting Dunc Woods, a prospector of 44 years' residence in British Columbia.

Volcanic Brown, despite his years, is full of life and energy. He isplanning shortly, he says, on going to the head of the Flit Lake near the coast. He claims that he knows where to find gold nuggets there as big as walnuts, and a mountain of aluminum.

While in Penticton he was the guest of his old friend, Bill Netherton.—Penticton Herald.

STING OF BUMBLE BEE RESTORES WOMAN'S SPEECH

SCRANTON, Pa.—The sting of a bumble bee is said to have brought back the faculty of speech to Mrs. Alice Collins, 61, who lost her voice thirty years ago through paralysis of the throa

Mrs. Collins, who was removed to a hospital a month ago, was wheeled out to the lawn in the warm sunshine yesterday.

Suddenly she screamed.

A nurse found that a bee had stung Mrs. Collins, who found her speech had returned.

SCIATICA?

Here is a never-failing form of relief from sciatic pain:

BAYER

Take Aspirin tablets and you'll avoid needless suffering from sciatica—lumbago—and similar excruciating pains. They *do* relieve; they *don't* do any harm. Just make sure it is genuine.

ASPIRIN

TRADE MARK REG.

PROVINCIAL INDUSTRIAL INFORMATION

Creston Apple Shipments

Creston had the second heaviest shipment of apples in its record last season with 145,731 boxes. A thidr of the shipments consisted of McIntosh Red, followed by Wealthies and Delicious. Stocks are now well reduced.

Testing The Fertilizer

Five fertilizer demonstration plots in the Columbia Valley below Revelstoke have been arranged for by the Department of Agriculture. The object is to demonstrate the ammonia phosphate fertilizer now being manufactured by the Trail Smelter. Similar experiments are being made at Chilliwack with a combination of the fertilizer and lime.

Dairying Is Increasing

Statistics of the Department of Agriculture show an increase in the number of dairy cowe in the province last year of 5600, the number now standing at 118,649. In spite of this the value of dairy imports, consisting almost entirely of butter, was valued at $4,390,000, a decrease of about $37,000 from the previous year. The Minister of Agriculture states that whileyoung livestock is now selline cheaply milch cows are holding up well in price. In view of this condition the Department is encouraging the formation of boys' and girls' Calf Clubs as the young stock can be purchased at a fraction of former prices.

Text Book Savings

Savings as high as thirty and forty per cent are estimated on the cost of school text-books to purchasers by Hon. Mr. Hinchliffe, Minister of Education, as the result of a plan of collective purchasing by a Provincial Text-book Bureau which is being inaugurated. The books will be bought by the bureau and distributed to the trade at a cost of fifteen per cent below the retail selline price, and if a buyer cannot get a book from a store at this price he will be able to send to the bureau for it. The plan will be in operation by the opening of the next school term.

B. C. Has Many Radios

Licensed receiving sets at the end of March reached 514,701 for the entire Dominion or an average of one radio for every 19 persons British Columbia's share is 42,729 or one to about every 14 persons on an estimated population of 600,000 While the other western provinces are all credited with larger populaall in thenumber of dadios, the figures standing: B. C., 42,729; Alberta, 23,660; Saskatchewan, 33,516; Manitoba, 32,989. Ontario led all provinces with a total of 257,275. Toronto leads all the cities with 80,342 sets, Montreal is next with 44,059 sets and Vancouver comes third with 20,442 sets.

VICTORIA, May 7.—The finance department has been busy for the past month with preparations for the collection of the new special revenue tax. In doing so it has been necessary to gather in ormation in rteard to some 40,000 employees, and sending out instructions and return forms to all these has involved a vast amount of work. The installation f omechanical equipment in the offices at Victoria and Vancouver will make it possible to send return forms and receipts to the army of employers with little delay.

GENERAL NEWS

Total number of poultry on farms at end of 1930 in the Dominion was estimated at 69,795,000, of which 56,247,000 were hens and chickens Value of this poultry was placed at $54,852,000.

Radio is to be used to aid in forest fire protection in Northern Saskatchewan. The provincial forestry department has decided to establish a system of look-out towers equipped with short wave radio sending and receiving sets.

A catch of 244 salmon by three anglers in nine days has been reported recently from the Cain's River, New Brunswick, by G. W. Scott, of Keene, New Hampshire, who was one of the party, and himself netted 111 of the fish.

More United States branch factories are established in Canada than in any other country outside of the United States itself. At the beginning of last year over 500 such factories were in the Dominion,, representing investments of $540,590,000.

Shipping of all kinds entering and leaving Canadian ports has increased 60 per cent. in the last ten years. Total net tonnage, exclusive of coasting, for year to March 31, 1930, was 89,438,789 tons. To this must be added net tonnage of 87,734,773 tons for vessels entered and cleared coastwise.

A gold-headed cane was presented by the Montreal Harbor Commission to Captain A. Freer, master of Canadian Pacific Steamship Duchess of Richmond, on the occasion of the first arrival of the season at Montreal of a trans-Atlantic liner. The Duchess of Richmond reached port April 19.

Increased tourist traffic to Canada from the United States is foreshadowed by reports from Canadian Pacific passenger agents in the U. S., which show a much larger number of enquiries from would-be travellers than in former years, C. B. Foster, passenger traffic manager of the railway, stated recently in an interview at Saint John.

Canada said au revoir but not good-bye to Their Majesties the King and Queen of Siam at the border station of Portal, Saskatchewan, whither they had travelled by Canadian Pacific on their journey to New York. They were passengers by the Empress of Japan on that ship's record-breaking passage from Yokohama to Vancouver.

"It's not so much the captain as the chief engineer who makes speed records possible at sea," Captain Samuel Robinson, of the Canadian Pacific liner Empress of Japan, told the Vancouver Board of Trade recently, at a luncheon in his honor, after his ship had clipped another seven hours from her previous speed record across the Pacific. She had averaged 22.27 knots over the 4800-mile course from Yokohama to Victoria, a speed hitherto unheard of.

Largest and most powerful locomotive of its kind in the world and unique on this continent, Canadian Pacific Railway "5000" type engine, product of Canadian brains and skill and composed largely of Canadian materials, has just been turned out by the Angus Shops of the company at Montreal, for use in the railway's Rocky Mountain territory. Engine and tender weigh together 392½ tons and it has a tractive effort of 90,000 lbs. sufficient to pull a mile-long freight train of 150 four-ton trucks weighing 6,000 tons, on a level track.

DID YOU EVER STOP TO THINK

That well advertised products have the reputationof being of superior quality

Stores that carry well known lines in stock and persistently advertise that fact find sales greater and more easily made, because their goods give bttter satisfaction.

The persistent advertiser of quality not only wins newbusiness but results in ready sales. and the effects are lasting.

People everywhere are on the watch for the things that will add to their comfort.

Stores that are known as friendly stores get the business.

Friendly stores advertise all the while so the people may know they havt what they want

Friendly stores are making a profit because customers find it a pleasure to shop with them.

Service and quality are coupled with advertising at friendly stores.

Continued advertising is an assurance that the store advertising is offering quality at attractive prices.

A farmer received a crate containing some fowls. He wrote to the sender, informing him thatthe crate was so badly made that it had come to pieces when he was takig the hens home with him and they had all escaped, and, after much searching, he had only succeeded in finding eleven of them. In due course he received the following reply:

"You were lucky to find eleven hens, because I only sent you six."

STRING CLOTH WANTED

A small boy, according to the London Opinion, entered the village tailor shop and said:

"Mr. Snip, will you please let father have some patterns of good strong cloth.

"Why, certainly, my boy," said Mr. Snip with a beaming smile. "What does father want them for—suit, trousers, overcoat or—"

"I think," said the boy, "he wants 'em to nail up the creeper."

YALE HOTEL

Chicken Dinner Every Sunday 5.30 to 8.30 . . . . . 60c

ROOMS All rooms are newly decorated, new carpets, the best beds, hot and cold water day and night. Rates—$1 a night single, $1.50 double. Big reduction in weekly rates Come and see and you will stay.

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NEW ESSEX CHALLENGER

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Rare bargains in Used Cars in good condition can always be had at my Garage.

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Links in Canadian History

The first collector of customs at the port of Quebec was Thomas Knox He was named a collector in 1762, while Quebec was made a port of entry in the same year and Montreal in 1831. Hon. John Young was the first master of the Trinity House in the ancient capital, which was established in 1805. At this date Francois Boucher was harbormaster at Quebec and Gabriel Franchere at Montreal. L. Lambly was the harbormaster in Quebec in 1813, and it is on record that he visited the island of Anticosti, where supplies were landed and stored in wooden shelters or provision posts, erected by the provincial government for the use of shipwrecked crews. Mr. Lambly made the return journey in an open boat in 18 days.

In 1805 the parliament of Lower Canada alopted a law regulating pilotage on the St. Lawrence, between Bic and Quebec, and established a fund for the benefit of infirm pilots, theid widows and orphans.

In the year 1848, 1439 sailing ships arrived at Quebec from sea with a total tonnage of 574,208.

As early as the year 1721 captains of all incomine vessels were obliged to come to anchor at Isle Ax Coudres and to report to the Quebec authorities as to the health of those on board their vessels before coming up the river. The Crosse Isle quarantine was first opened in 1832

In 1785 plans for improving tht navigation of the St. Lawrence by buoys and lights were submitted to the governor by the Quebec merchants. In 1806, among other places, there were several buoys and two beacons in Lake St. Peter, so named by Samuel de Champlain in 1608, as he entered it on June 29, St. Peter's day.

Those swine became contemvtuous because so many imitation pearls had been cast before them.

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REV. W. J. SILVERWOOD
Rector

Phone 177

Holy Communion, 1st Sunday in eac month at.....' a.m.
Holy Communion, 2nd Sunday in each month at.....'.....'....11 a.m
Morning Prayer and Sermon, 1st, 3rd, 4th and 5th Sundaps at..11 a. m
Evening Prayer and Sermon at .....'.... '..... .....'.....'.....7:30 p.m.
Sunday School at 2:30 p.m. during winter months.
Choir Practice (under Mr. Grisdale) ary 4th, at 7:00 p.m.
—Commencing Wednesday, Febru-
Holy Trinity Church Elocution Class—This class will be held every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock immediately after choir practice.
Wolf Cubs meet every Saturday in the Parish Hall at 2:30 p.m.

The seven cities that "mourned for Homer dead" were Smyrna. Rhodes, Colophon. Salamis. Chios. Argos and Athens.

There was no need to take the price tag og the gift for father. He finds out soon enough anyway.

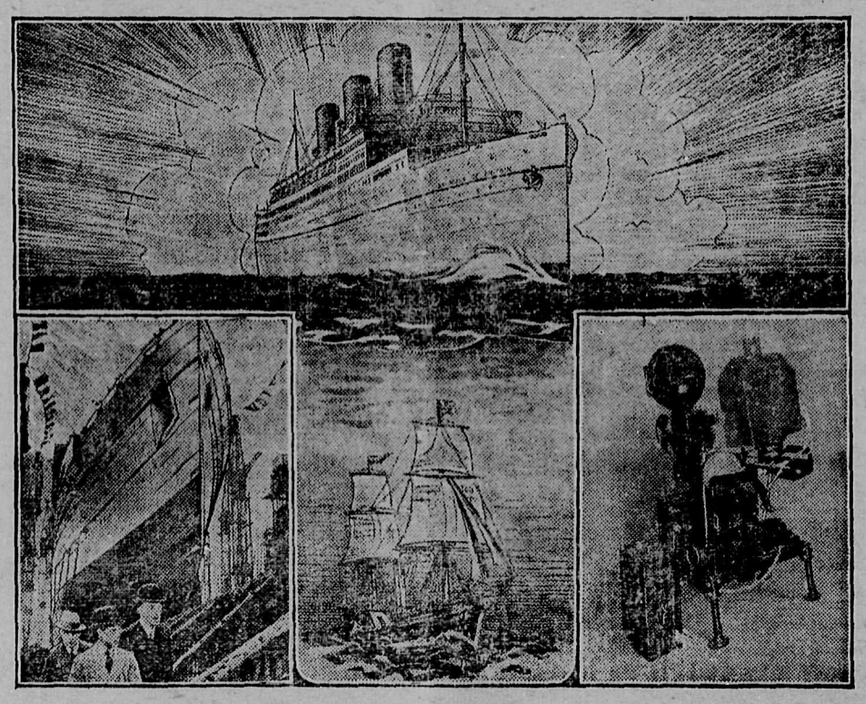
NOTICE OF SALE OF AUTOMIBILE

WHEREAS Albert Hill, of Kamloovs, B. C., is indebted to the underhigned in the sum of $6.00 for work done and materials supplied in revairing and imvroving a four cylinder Star touring car, model M, Serial No. T.355856, which is in good running order, and over three months have elapsed since the said sum ought to have been paid and default has been made in payment thereof.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on Saturday the 9th day of May, 1931, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Grand Forks Garage, Grand Forks, B. C., the sail car will be sold by public auction.

DATED this 22nd day of Avril, 1931
GRAND FORKS GARAGE,
J. R. Mooyboer,
Proprietor.

Canada's Challenger To Have Canadian Talkies



What romance lurks in the contrast between the Royal William, the floating kettle which first puffed across the Atlantic by steam—from Quebec to London in 1837; and Canada's greatest floating palace, the Empress of Britain, now being rushed to completion on the Clydebank, which will number Sound and Talking Pictures among her many attractions. The equipment, which has been specially designed to meet the requirements of a life of Marine Globe trotting, and manufactured in the Montreal plant of the Northern Electric Company, Ltd., is being shipped via S.S. Mianedosa, from Saint John, to Liverpool, where English sound engineers will install it in the Concert Hall. An unique feature of this, Canada's first Marine installation of Sound Pictures, is that at whatever port the "Empress" is likely to call in fifty-five countries of the world special sound engineers will be available in case of any emergency accident to the equipment. Passengers will sit at ease in the beautiful Concert Hall on an upperdeck while the latest London, Paris, or Broadway hit, or an illustrated lecture on some foreign port, which they are approaching, will entertain them from the silver screen.

Above is an artist's conception of the "Empress" leaving Quebec in the wake of the "William" ninety-four years after. Below the Royal William on the high seas. Left, the Prince of Wales and E. W. Beatty on their way to launch the great liner last year. Right, one of the Talking Picture equipments being installed on the new vessel.

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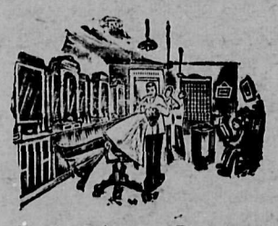
PHONE 64

Palace Barber Shop

RAZOR HONING A SPECIALTY

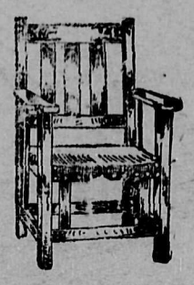


P. A. Z. PARE, Proprietor

FIRST ST., NEXT P. BURNS'

PICTURES

AND PICTURE FRAMING



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THE SUN

Columbia Ave. and Lake Street

TELEPHONE 401

There was a pack of 30,300 tons of herring from the salteries of British Columbia last year. The herring industry centers mostly around the east coast of Vancouver island. Virtually the entire pack goes to China, though some shipments go by way of Japan.

In a letter received at Victoria by Dr. Brown, medical inspector of schools in the Peace River district, he says that in spite of hard times, he has not in the course of his visits come across a single instance of malnutrition or neglect or shortage of clothing. He speaks highly of the comfort of little log school houses in the bush or on the plains with a good