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THE GRAND FORKS SUN

31st Year—No. 22 | "Tell me what you Know is true, I can guess as well as you." | Friday, April 8, 1932 | $1.00 PER YEAR

Minister Is Accused of Giving False Statement

VICTORIA, April 5.—One of the most serious charges that could be levelled against a finance minister was three times thrown across the boor of the legislature Monday night at Hon. J. W. Jones, who agreed to have a showdown during the vote for his salary, on the disputed question of how much money the Tolmie government has spent since taking office.

The charge made by T. D. Pattullo, Dr. W. H. Sutherland and George S. Pearson was that the minister had repeatedly issued untrue statements about provincial finances. The charge was supported by comparing two sets of statements made by the minister with regard to the same set of facts.

On one occasion Mr. Pattullo said that if he could not produce an official government statement on the records of the house contradicting figures Mr. Jones had just given out, he would resign his seat, and he dared Hon. R. H. Pooley, who had briefly injected himself into the debate, to accept the challenge.

Mr. Jones first undertook to give a statement of how much the government has spent, in reply to a general observation by A. M. Manson some days ago that the total was between $145,000,000 and $150,000,000.

Mr. Jones said the total was $110,000.00. He made this up by adding the current expenditures for the three fiscal years ended March 31, 193 . 1931 and 1932, a total of $83,390,000 to new borrowings of $25,000,000 under loan acts and $2,000.000 borrowed otherwise for unemployment relie.

Mr. Pattullo first pointed out that Mr. Jones had not included one dollar spent during the first seven and one-half months the government was in office from August 20, 1928, to March 311 1929. Averaging the total for that year over the month by month figures, he said it was fair to assume that the government had spent at least $15,000.000 that year.

In the debt statement, Mr. Pattullo charged that Mr. Jones had contradicted his own budget speeches.

"In the minister's budget speech this tyear, he said the new money borrowed during the 12 months up to November 30 was $12.300,000.

"A year ago, he said the sum borrorowed in the preceding 12 months was $16,600,000. There, in two years alone, is $28,000,000. and the minister now tells us he has borrowed only $25,000,000. The 28,000,000 does not take into account the first year and a half this government was in offic, nor the past four or five months.

"There is another proof. The interest on public debt has increased by $2,400,000 since this government took office. That is 5 per cent on $45.000,000 by which this government has increased the debt.

"If you add together the minister's 83 millions for the current expenditures of the three years he quoted, to the 15 millions for the first seven and one-half months and the 45 millions of debt, you have 143 millions without taking into account the deficit of this year, which will run to between 5 and 10 millions."

Mr. Pearson then presented the situation from a digerent angle. He had made an actual calculation showing that during 1928-9 the old government, in its four and one-half months, had spent at the rate of $1,800.000 a month, whereas the new governmene had spent at the rate of $2,200.000. But giving the government an even break, $15,000,000 was a fair sum to allot them for that year.

He accepted Mr. Jones' figures for the next three years, but quoted the minister's own figures as given in answers to questions on the journals of the house to show that the borrowings had been $38,000,000, not the $255,000,000 quoted by Mr. Jones in the current debate.

When the government came in it had admitted acquiring $9,600,000 of unexercised borrowing powers. Its new loanacts totalled $32,400,000 and the unexercised borrowing power extant on January 1 this year, was reduced to $4,000,000. It was clear, therefore, that the total new borrowings, exclusive of unemployment borrowings since January 1 this year, was at least $38,000,000. on the figures provided year by year to the house by the finance minister himself.

"The minister of finance is, therefore, obviously out 30 or 35 millions nin the statement he gave this house tonight," concilluded Mr. Pearson.

Mr. Jones said the house had to listen to a lot of blather and bunk from the opposition leader. He said he could not accept the figuresquoted by either Liberal member and specifically denied a statement by Mr. Pattullo that $2,000,000 had bee nborrowed last year for deficits. It was borrowed for unemployment relief, and not one dollar was used for deficits.

He charged the late Liberal government with having incurred 16 millions of deficits in 12 years. Mr. Pattullo disputed this. He said it had had a current surplus every year but two and had applied 15 millions of current surplus to capital account, which the minister had neglected to take into account.

"But even accepting that basis of computation, incorrect as it is," said Mr. Pattullo, "this government has incurred a larger deficit in four years than we are charged with incurring in 12 years."

Mr. Jones accused Mr. Pattullo with impairing the credit of the province by his charges of insolvency

Mr. Pataullo said he had refrained from discussing finances during his last summer's tour until October, when it became necessary to point out the disastrous egect of the short term borrowings then ffalling due under adverse exchange conditions.

"But the financial men know these facts," said Mr. Pattullo. "You can't fool them, and the public have a right to know the facts. We would be recreant in our duty if we did not bring ahem out."

Mr. Jones said it was just a case of a professional politician trying to get into office.

The debate then turned on the increase in the civil service. when Mr. Jones set out to refute figures given by Mr. Pattullo Friday night showing an increase of $1,000,000 since the present government took office in payroll alone.

Mr. Jones said in August, 1928, there were 1389 civil servants and the payroll for that year was $2,693,000.

In August, 1931. the civil service was on an annual payroll basis of $3,037,000, the increase in number of personnel being 138, to a total of 1527.

The increase in payroll was only 300,000, he said. not the million dollars claimed by Mr. Pattullo, and since August the salary reductions and dismissals had brought the total back to lower than it was when the government took office.

Mr. Pattullo stated that his figures had been taken from the government's own accounts by a chartered accountant.

Crossed the Plains in 1852

Mrs. Esther Bryan Perkins, aged 90 years and 7 months. died at her home on Winnipeg avenue at one o'clock Sunday morning.

At the age 10, Mrs. Perkins crossed the plains with her parents in 1852 from Illinois to the Columbia river in Washington. This hazardous journey was made during the year of the cholera plague in the United States. Her span of life was long enough to witness buffalo stampedes and and the coming of the airplane. She wass married in the west, and was the mother of seven daughters, all of whom have passed away with the exception of one. She is also survived by three grandchildren, one of whom lives in Seattle and two in California. She came to British Columbia in 1894, and was a pioneer of Grand Forks. Most of her life was spent on ranches.

The funeral was held on Tuesday from Cooper's undertaking parlor. Rev. Mr. Archibald of the United church conducted the services at the parlor and at the graveside. The attendance was very large. and the floral offerings were numerous and beautiful.

Edward Leite and Mr. Topp are grateful to all the people for their kindness and assistance in their bereavement.

Cause of Sharp Decline

MONTREAL, April 4.—The early drop of Consolidated Smelters to the lowest point in the past eight years served to unsettle the Montreal stock list Friday. Losses were general with several new low points recorded.

Smelters broke violently when trading resumed in the morning, and during the first hour sold at 41. down 20 points.

The annual statement, issued after the close of the market Thursday, precipitated the sharp decline.

The issue recovered later to close at 45.

Weakness in Smelters also brought selling in Canadian Pacific, which closed at 14¾ for a net loss of one point.

A traveling man's coat and trunk alike when checked.

Reducing Road Engineers' Districts

The status of British Columbia road engineers changed last Thursday. Up to that date, the engineers were known as "district engineers. They will now cover a more restricted territory and are known as "public works engineers."

In many cases teh district foremen disappear entirely and the engineers take over their duties.

Recent announcement was made of the abolition of the Similkameen road foremanship held by D. McCallum.

It is persumed that the same change applies also to South Okanagan foremanship held by J. N. Cushing of Kellowna.

It recently became known that Engineer G. C. MacKay, who has had charge of North and South Okanagan, Similkameen and Grand Forks-Greenwood, will in future have just the two southern ridings of Similkameen and Grand Forks-Greenwood. His headquarters will continue to be in Penticton.

General expectation is that O. P. Roberts, his assistant stationed at Vernon, will be public works engineer in charge of North and South Okanagan.

Summary of Fruit Market

VICTIRIA, April 8.—Arrivals of Australian and New Zealand butter in Great Britain for March are estimated to reach 927,000 boxes compared with 522,400 boxes in the same period last year. The increase is due entirely to heavier Australian shipments. Finest New Zeoland sells from $25 to $26 per cwt., and Australian from $2 to $25.

The last shipment of marmalade oranges for the season is on the coast morket and selling at $5.50 per crate Carrot and lettuce prices have advanced $1 per crate during the past week. Dry belt and local turnips are down in price. Onions are going up rapidly. Butter prices continue to advance, and have risen to 32c per lb. in cartons.

In Vancouver, Rome Beauty apples of C grade are selling at $1.60 a box. Reds are expected to rise in price immediately. A cor of extra fancy Winesaps arrived from Wenatchee last week. They have been placed in bonded storage and will probably all be sold for ship's stores.

Apples have advanced 20c to 35c a box in Wenatchee and Yakima during the past week. Announcement that France has removed the embargo on United States apples has given considerable encouragement to shippers, and stocks are cleaning up fast.

In the Vancouver live stock market, quotations for cattle sales are steady. The hog market remained steady last week. All hogs have picked up in the early part of the week, and more could have been taken had they been on the market. Shipments of lambs were light, but a keen demand is expected with perhaps a little advance on the light handyweight kinds.

ARE DOUKHOBORS BUYINK OKANAGAN PROPERTY?

PENTICTON,—Rumors have been circulated in Penticton during the past week that an option has been given to a Nelson man by by D. H. Patten of Keremeos, administrator of the Barcelo estate, on 500 acres of Barcelo estate land on the Cawston bench.

The story is to the effect that the Christian Community of Universal Brotherhood (Doukhobor) is inteested in locating suitable fruit and vegetable areas for community development and may be behind the proposed purchase.

So far there is no confirmation whatever of the rumor.

Cawston bench lands have long been attractive to prospective developers and the Barcelo estate, also the Lowe estate, have figured in tentative transactions.

The land along the Cawston benches is a deep sagebrush clay, somewhat similar to the Penticton benches. Water could be brought readily from the Similkameen river.

A. H. W. Crossley has been somewhat interested in possibilities of development by pumping from the river, and H. B. Morley, also of Penticton, is reported to have interested himself in the situation.

Twisting Railway

One of the southwest Virginia's most picturesque landmarks passed out of existence with suspension of the Marion & Rye railway, which ran from Marion 18 miles south to Sugar Grove. The tracks traversed hazardous mountain territory, the path being so tortuous that before reaching the end of one line, a house on the way had been passed three timesf.

Famous Birdmen Visit City

Two airplanes and two aviators of international fame visited the local airpora for a few hours last Saturday while enroute to the coast from Moose Jaw and Lethbridge. One of the planes contained Mr. and Mrs. Roy Brown and daughter; the other, Claude Kenyon, with a lady and child as passengers. Mr. Brown was an ace in the British air force in the World war, and shot down a famous German ace.

Every adult, male or female, who has an income of whatever amount, whether working the whole year or only part of it, must file a provincial income tax this year.

The Trail-Castlegar highway was thrown thrown open to traffic last Saturday.

No Agreement By Tories on Moratorium

VICTORIA, April 5.—Inability of the Conservative caucus to agree on terms may block introduction of the much-needed moratorium bill into the British Columbia legislature this session.

A strong group of members insist that some steps must be taken to stop the disastrous series of foreclosures now going in Vancouver and threateed throughout the country.

They also say that it is vitally important to stop for a time the outflow of principal money from British Columbia business channels to the big eastern and foreign loan companies.

Attorney General Pooley is said to hold out for a moratorium which necessitates application to the courts, which business men say would destroy the benefits of the bill.

The issue is in red hot controversy among the government supporteds and there is no daylight as to what the outcome may be.

West Kootenay Revenue Lower

MONTREAL, April 4.—Moderately lower gross earnings are shown by the West Kootenay Power & Light Company, Limited, in the report for the year ended December 31, 1931. Gross earnings totalled $2,293,077, comparing with 02,492,675 in the previous year and $2,309,650, in 1929. Net earnings after all charges, including bond interest, bond discount and income tax, was $173,087, which compares with $790,874 in 1930 and $692.836 in 1929.

After payment of preferred dividends and 733,440 on the common stock, a debit balance of $295.353 was indicated for the year. This compares with a debit balance of $156,726 in the prebious year and a surplus of $657,836 in 1929, when no distribution was made on the common stock.

Consolidated Shows Loss For 1931

MONTREAL, April 4.—Consolidated Mining & Smelting Company of Canada Limited, in its fiscal year ended December 31, 1931, reports a loss for the year after all charges, but before dividends, of $783,157, comparing with net profit in the previous year of $2,393,977, and $8,991,642 in 1929.

Total earnings for the year amounted to $23,965,739 as against $30,170,097 in 1930 and $36,577,223 in 1929. Sales for the year were $15,670,945, as compared with 321,613,750 in 1930 and $30,200,458 in 1929.

After payment of $2,9 8,421 in cash dividends during the year and allowing $16,919 for pension fund, the company drew $3,548,479 from surplus, reducing that account to $5,804,106 at the close of the year. Surplu account at the end of 1930 totalled $9,352,607 and $13,494,459 at the end of the 1929 year.

Working capital at the end of the year stood at 8,199,117. where it compares with $13,786,510 for the 1930 report and $15,655,944 at the close of 1929. Current assets anr current liabilities were both reduced during the year.

Total assets as shown in the report for the year ended December 31, 1931, stand at $52,212,777, as against $56,576,299 at the end of 1930 and $55,284,444 at the end of 1929.

Among the liabilities, bank loans have been increased, standing at $3,373,039 as against $2,263,334 at the close of 1930.

Phar Lap to Be Mounted

MENLO PARK, Cal., April 6.—With the suddenness of the lightning from which he took his name, the career of Phar Lap—in Senegalese, "Wind of the Sky"—ended here yesterday, when the wonder horse of Australia died of colic.

The big red gelding, who travelled nearly 10,000 miles from Australia to win the $50,000 Agua Caliente handicap without a preliminary race, captured the admiration of lovers of horse-flesh throughout North America.

Further investigation into the death of Phar Lap, famous Australian race horse, was ordered here today by its owner, David J. Davis.

Although reports that the famed "red terror" had been poisoned were discounted, Davis asked a veterinarian to examine the carcass again. The general belief is that the animal died from colic induced from nibbling green feed from a field.

Davis announced he planned to have the hide and skeleton shipped to Australia for mounting.

Rush to Great Bear Lake

Calgary, April 7.—The radium and silver area of Great Bear Lake in Canada's sub-Arctic, harbors 200 men ready to start work on claims when the break-up permits opening of the wealthy mineral field.

As many more fortune-seekers are expected to enter the district when snow and ice have gone, according to R. W. MacKinnon, oil expert, who returned to Cargary yesterday after making a test of Imperial Oil wells at Fort Norman.

Mr. MacKinnon's invesaigation of the wells was made to determine if the oil could be used in supplying planes and other transportation vehicels entering Great Bear lake country.

He said he found the wells and his report is being studied by directors.

Many claims have been staked at Great Bear lake, where ric radium-bearing pitchblende finds were made last year.

The men at the scene at the moment include prospectors, geologists and engineers most of them camping under canvas, awaiting spring's advent to begin work in the field.

The area from Echo Bay to Hunter Bay is practically covered with claims, Mr. MacKinnon said he was informed.

Glade School Is Dynamited; Little Damage

NELSON.—Dynamiting of the $18,000 two-room brick school at Glade, shortly after 8 o'clock Thursday night, is the latest terrorist outrage in the Doukhobor settlement on the Kootenay river.

The blast opened a large hole in the porch at the rear of the school, and blew in the windows, but otherwise did little damage.

Information to this effect was obtained by telephone late Thursday night from Bud Davidson of Shoreacres, who accompanied the provincial police to Glade to investigate the explosion, which was reported to headquarters here by Postmaster B. Davidson.

Probably the worst damage was to the nervous systems of two Doukhobor guards who were supposed to be on watch to protect the school from incendiaries, and who were inside the school in the teachers' quarters at the time, possibly making cocoa or lighting a fire to keep warm, advantage being taken by the incendiary in their absence to plant and ignite the charge, or throw the bomb.

This is the third dynamite outrage in the Kootenay river settlement in less than a week.

Grand Forks Public School Attendance

The following is a list of those attending Central school having perfect attendance:

DIVISION I

Douglas Archibald, Lois Dinsmore, Shirley Dockstader, Roger Dondale, Doris Egg, Jean Glanville, James Graham, Bernice Hull, Norman Hull, Julia Kleman, Catherine MacDonald, Francis McDougall, Ralph Meakes, Aulay Miller, William Ogloff, Winnifred O'Keef, Joe Pavlis, Annie Ronald, George Ronald, Frances Sandner Ma Thompson, Caswell Todhunter, David Tonks, Winnifred Wykes.

DIVISION II

Charlotte Cagnon, Gladys Clark, Margaret Cookson, Mike Danshin, Audrey Donaldson, Helen Dorner, Isobel Donovan, Annie Hlady, Barney Hlady, Ruth Kidd, Alfred Knowles, Mary Kuva, Eileen Markell Doris Mattocks, Annie Markin, Sadie McDonald, Walter Meakes, Peter Palek, Eda Rella, Edel Sather, Mike Starchuk, Adolph Talarico, John Vatkin, Ruby Wilkinson.

DIVISION III

Hal Brinkman, Dorothy Chambers, Eddie Chambers, Mike Harkoff, Vio a Hughes, Albera Jepson, Alice Knowlse Daniel MacDonald, Wilfred McLauchlan, Jessie McNevin, Catherine McPherson, Joan Pearson, Fred Plaskin, Joe Pohoda, Percy Poulton, Florence Ridley, Val Ruzicka, Mike Slakoff, Alice Starchuk, Mary Stephenson, Donald Thompson, Arthur Topp, Joan Wood, Andy Pavlis.

DIVISION IV

Pete Boyko, Nora Chapman, Jessie Christian, Alex Donaldson, Henry Dorner, Jane Esouloff, Katherine Freeman, Lillian Gowans, Sandy Gray, Katherine Kuva, James Lawrence, Grant MacDonald, Mary Markin, Bernard McPherson, Tannie Plaskin, Victoria Ritco, Windsor Rooke, Leonard Stephenson, Albert Talarico, Irene Tedesco, Naida Thompson, Mary Woodward, John KZebroff, Kathleen Klinosky, Mabel Kinakin, Beverley Mehmal.

DIVISIIN V

Earl Armstrong, William Chahley, Charles Cook, Bernice Cookson, Nick Danshin, Wesley Dockstеader, Jean Dondale George Egg, Addie Evans, Juanita Fee, Sanford Fee, William Glanville, George Grey, Nick Harkoff Gertrude Hutton, Alice Kinakin Fred Massie, Celia Palek, Geraldine Patterson, Jean Pennoyer, Maimie Peterson Polly Plaskin, Marjorie Ridley, Lily Roper, Thomas Semeer, Peter Starchuk, Rocco Talarico, John Tedesco, Claus Thoem, Annie Vatkin, Frank Woolfram, Bill Zebroff, Gerald Mc Kay.

DIVISION VI

Alfred Allen, Stewart Canniff, Lillian Chambers, Flora Evans, Glendine Fee, Robert Galloway, Lillian Hansen, Grace Hull, Floyd Ingram, Helen Kleman, Polly Koftinoff, Mary Lavia, Rosie Lavia, Wilfred McDonald, Jimmy McLeod, Donald McNevin Joyce Onions, Stanley Ruzicka, Willie Starchuk, Freddy Wilkinson, Elfreda Wolfe, Peter Kinakin, Pete Kasakoff.

DIVISION VII

Ella Andrew, Leslie Andrew, Stella Boyko, Vera Brown, Gordon Carter, Mary Danshin, William DeWilde, Billy Donaldson, Elta Egg, Harry Euerby, Norma Fee, Mary Hlady, Freddie Hull, Mabel, Kinakin, Frank Kuva, Bernadette McDonald, Harold McFarlon, Millie Pohoda, Nick Pavlis, Bill Posnikoff, Johnny Rooke, Jessie Ridley, Lucy Starchuk, Polly Swetlisheff, Ralph Tedesco, Audrey Vant, Harry Woodhouse.

DIVISION VIII

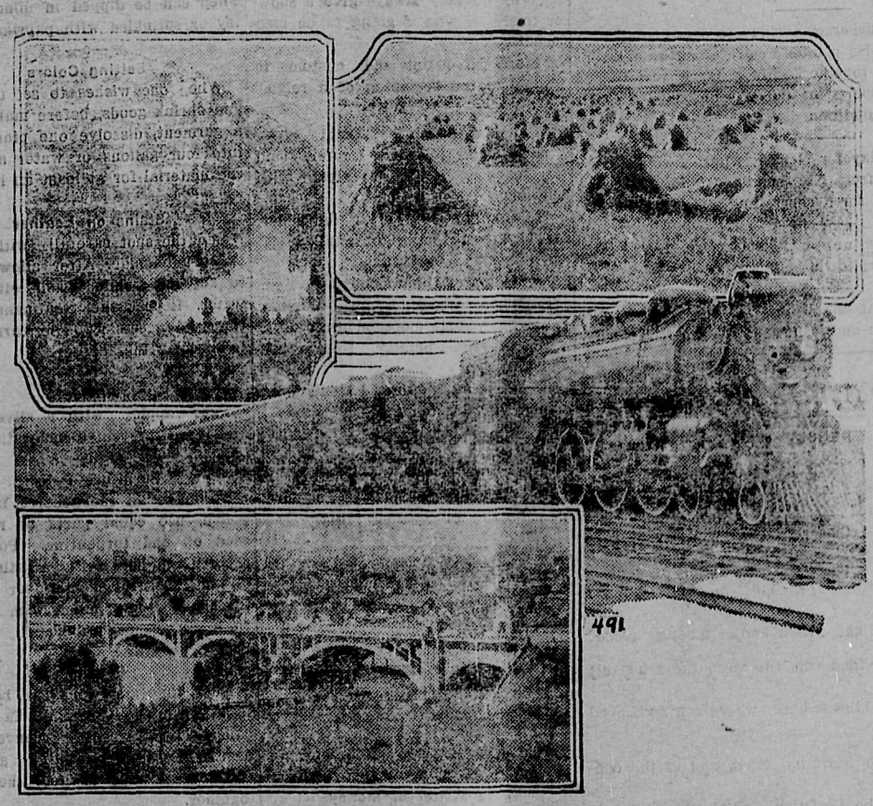
George Argotoff, Irene Andrew, Billy Eremko, Polly Esolouff, Walter Graser, Jack Graser, Margarea Galoway, Rolland Harrison, Mike Koftinoff, Glenn McInnis, Paul Plaskin, Leo Palek, Roy Rowlandson, Albert Rella, Gerhard Raloff, Jean Scott, Buster, Skiling, Billy Seroka, John Bubek, LaRon Thompson, Edith Talarico, Nellie Talarico, Geraldine Vant

Investigation Seems To Be Necessary

The Doukhobor school at Glade has been bombed, and the big irrigation flume that carries water to the Doukhobor lands at Brilliant was blasted, quite a section being blown out, last week. While everyone freely blames the Douks for blasting the schools, will some one rise and tell us who blasted the irrigation ditch? —Cranbrook Daily Tribune.

The next world has very little to do with the real religious life. That is to be lived here.

Across Canada and Back



A three week tour of Canada by Canadian Pacific train de luxe from Montreal and Toronto to Victoria and return by two routes touching at the major cities and beauty spots of the centre and west of Canada is again being brought to the attention of Canadians and others by an announcement recently issued by Dean Sinclair Laird of MacDonald College, who for the last six years has personally conducted these tours. The outward run takes in the northern shore of Lakes Huron and Superior to Port Arthur and passes thence through Winnipeg, Regina, Moose Jaw, Calgary, Banff, Windermere, Nelson, Penticton, Vancouver and Victoria. A hundred miles of this trip between Banff and Windermere is by automobile through some of the most magnificent scenery in the world. Return trip is also by Canadian Pacific Railway and takes in the famous mountain railway journey to Field, Lake Louise and Banff, thence north to Edmonton and by Saskatoon to Winnipeg and Fort William. From the latter city by Great Lakes steamship to Port McNicoll which practically ends the transcontinental journey.

Variety of scene and of means of transportation is thus assured. Numerous stops are made for sightseeing in the many noted beauty spots, national parks, experimental farms, forestry stations, larger centres of population and provincial capitals.

The Grand Forks Sun

G. A. EVANS, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER

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FRIDAY, APRIL 8, 1932

Escaping from her cage in Earl Shilton, England, Zenita, a seven-year-old lioness, quietly followed a crowd of well-fed girls just returning from dinner to a hosiery factory. The girls scattered, but Zenita raided a vegetable garden and was captured later in the factory yard.

The clergy of the Catholic church in French Canada vhae keeping careful registers of baptisms, marriages and burials since colonization began three centuries ago. No other countrp in the world can oger such a continuous series of birth records, according to a report of the study of Canada's vital statistics.

There is a story current that in the days when even a street car ride in Germany cost some hundreds of thousands of marks. Professor Einstein of relativity fame had an argument with a conductor over the correctness of the change. The conductor finally convinced Professor Einstein that he was wrong, and when Einstein apologized, the conductor said: "Never mind, sir. That's all right. I can see that arithmetic is not your strong point."

Every time the San Francisco firemen go out on a fire they come home with a hatful of trout. Fire Chief Brennan says the fish come through the fire mains,sometimes clogging up the lines. The trouble is caused by trout spawn slipping through screens over the intake to the fire hydrant mains and later growing up to be good-sized fish.

A crate of fresh eggs dropped by parachute from a plane over the Los Angeles airport landed in safety and without the cracking of a shell. It was a 2000 foot tumble, but it was made with the gentle grace of a butterfly lighting on a rose or a bullfrog sliding into a sewer. Getting our breakfast out of the heavens is a reminder of the days when the Israelites snared their manna in the same miraculous fashion.

Dr. S. Barton Sklar, who was born in Lithuania, but served in the World war as a captain with the United States signal corps, has invented and patented an instrument designed to abolish unwarranted noises in an auditorium or music hall. Also sounds are made visible by its vibrating diaphragm which controls a point of light shown on the screen part of the apparatus. The intensity of the tone can be seen by the wide, or narrow range of fluctuations.

Statistics derived from investigations conduted by the German government show that Germany may very properly be designated as the "Land of the Shortsight. Nowhere else in the whole world is there a country where there is a larger percentage of near-sighted people. Of the German states where visional defects are most pronounced, Saxony was discovered to be at the head of the unenviable list. There, out of every 1000 adults, more than 200 are affected with myopia.

It has been said that the first weeping willow tree in the United States was planted by John Curtis of Virginia during the revolutionary war, and still stands on the Curtis estate. The story is that a traveler in Syria once sent to Alexander Pope, the English poet, a box of figs, in which was a twig from one of the weeping willows beside the rivers of Babylon, upon which the exiles used to hang their harps. This twig was planted alongeside of the Thames, where it grew. A British officer brought a slip from this tree and gave it to John Curtis of Virginia. Nurserymen claim tha tthis tree is the ancestor of all the weeping willows in the country. This awakens new interest in that tree, which is given such prominence in the Bible—"the willows of Babylon."

The story of the evolution of underwater boats seldom makes mention of a Scotsman's idea which, had it been translated into practical form, might have given Scotland the honor of producing the first submarine. That distinction falls, actually, to a Dutchman. Cornelius Van Drebbell, who constructed a submersible craft which was tried out on the River Thames, near London, in the early part of 1624, but did not prove much of a success. It is a remarkable fact that nearly thirty years before Van Drebbell's invention John Napier of Marchiston, the celebrated inventor of logarithms, announced that he had in mind a similar innovation. In a pamphlet which he published in Edinburgh on June 7, 1596, Napier referred to "devices of sailing under the waters," which he "hopes to perform." He does not appear to have attempted to realize that hope, however, and no more is heard of the idea of a Scottish submarine which, we may take it, would have given the Firth of Forth an additional measure of fame.

From the seventeenth century after the fork caused so much excitement, the development of table appointment was rapid. Silver service was soon introduced and in ordinary use in the eighteenth century. Although comparatively recent as a table implement, the knife might be established as older than the fork or spoon if traced to the original cutting implements of flint or other stone. In the Bronze age there were cutting tools of bronze and so on down through the centuries, but as late as 300 years ago the table knife was a rarity. For a long period men carried about with them in their belt or shoe a knife for general purposes, much as modern man carries about a pocket knife. Whenever a large portion of food were served him, he cut it with this knife and then returned it to its holder. The greatest advance in the table knife took place after the seventeenth century, when the imvlement became popular in England. Sheffield developed as one of the greatest cutlery manufacturing centers in the world and has has retained to the present day the proud title without challenge.

Dame Fashion wreaked havoc for a time in the lives of Russian village women. The trouble all began after the war when it became fashionable for women to wear short skirts. That fashion also became prevalent in the Russian villages, bringing sorrow to the women. The women were sad because the fashion magazines told about short skirts, but told nothing about what should be worn underneath these skirts. And women in the Russian villages sugered for a long time from this lack of information, for no matter how they sat in the short skirt, the lace of the long pantalettes protruded. This crying need of Russian women was met by the cooperatives which turned out an infinite quantity of silk sh shorts. Hence silk shorts for women were sent to the most remote Russian villages. It so happened that those shorts arrived in the cooperative stores at the same time as the tractors which were sent to the collective farms. Nobody knows who originated the idea, but somehow it was decided that these silk shorts were to go with the tractors; they became the uniform for the women who operated the tractors. Now the girls operating the tractors on collective farms wear only silk shorts, without any skirts at all, thus going far beyond all European and American skirt reductions and creating their own collective farm fashion. We gasp to think what might happen to a shipload of Eugenie hats.—Doris Pilnyak in Nation.

I shold like to meet in every European country women as truly cultivated as those whom I have seen in the great colleges of the eastern United States—at Bryn Mawr, at Vassar and at Smith. My students at Princeton were capable of following intelligently a lecture in French, and their reading wafs wide. To read the output of the younger American authors is to be convinced that it could not be the expression of an uncultured people. A novelist such as Hemingwap, by his taste and his restraint, heralds a great epock. A critic like Emund Wilon would do honor in any French or English review. The tone of the best magazines indicates a true taste or ideals. It might be answered that these magazines address thefmselves only to a small minority of highbrows, and that the rest are vulgar. But is not that true of all countries? For my part, I think like my fellow untryman, Paul Morand, that we shall have difficulty saving our western civilization during the next few decades, but that one of its sanctuaries, along with Paris, ondon and some of the great European universities, will be the rockp islets of Manhattan.—Andre Maurois in the London Morning Post.

SAYS SINGLE MEN KEEP TAXPAYING MARRIED MEN OUT OF WORK CITY POWER PROJECT

To the Editor of the Grand Forks Sun.—Sir: In regard to the question of so many single men now being employed on the local works by the city, I would say, it certainly is not only a disgrace to any self-boasting town, but extremely unfair and unjust to married men and men who have homes to keep going and have no other income than what they earn, and by their votes helped to put the power project over, etc.

If there is not enough work for all, why, then, should single men, such as road foremen's sons, city clerk's sons, storekeepers' sons, and the sons of any ther man who already has an income coming in to keep the home going, be employed?

There are men who have been on the job since the tart—men wh did not even have a vote, nor were they favor of the same. And they do not get laid og! Also men who have been away from the town for some time, and returned just as the work started, and they get taken on, thus keeping the taxpaying resident out of work.

If the new so-called city fathers at the city hall do not wake up and show a better system than the present one, they are surely on the road to a bad start for the future, as the present system is an injustice to any taxpaying community.

Thanking you, Mr. Editor, for your valuable space,

TAXPAYER.

ANCIENT HISTORY

LIFE IN GRAND FORKS TWENTY YEARS AGO

The orchardists on the Covert estate are planning to dam Fourth of July creek in order to conserve the water for their gravity irrigation system in the event of an extraordinarily dry season.

J. T. Lawrence and R. W. Hughes have completed their electric pumping irrigating plant. The pump and motor could not work better than it does if it had cost twice as much as it did.

Three carloads of potatoes were shipped from the city this week.

Peter O. Z. Pare is not uttering a single spllable these days. This pent-up quietness evidently presages either an irrigational or a horticultural surprise.

The Sunbeam orchard will be increased with twenty—twenty, we said—fruit trees this spring. The boxes for this year's crop have not yet been contracted for.

J. D. Honsberger is increasing his orchard this year by planting twenty acres to fruit trees. His old orchard consists of 130 acres of bearing trees and 280 acres of trees that have not yet come into bearing.

Cooper brothers have increased their orchard by planting twenty acres of fruit trees this spring.

f The Yale hotel milk wagon and Cooper Brothers'automobile happened to meet on the Cooper bridge Tuesday morning. Had the sides of the bridge been as rotten as some people say they are, the fishes in the river could have lived on cream for a week. However, a runaway was averted. All's well that ends well.

Last year J. D. Honsberger decided to experiment with a nut-tree plantation. He planted a larg enumber of Franchette walnut trees, together with a large variety of other nut trees. He reports that all of them came through the winter in good condition.

J. W. Cook left today for Nelson, where he will meet one of his brothers from Newfoundland, who will visit with the Cook family for a short time.

C. F. Anderson, the new city electrician, moved his family from Greenwood to this city this week.

The slag elevator at the Granby Smelter has passed the experimental stage and is now working satisfactorily.

POEMS FROM THE NEAR EAST

PERSIA

O breeze of morn! where is the place which guards my friend from strife?
Where is the abode of that sly Moon who lovers robs of life?

The night is dark, the Happy Vale in front of me I trace.*
Where is the fire of Sinai, where is the meeting place?

Here jointly are wine-filled cup, the rose, the minstrel; yet
While we lack love, no bliss is here; where can my Loved be met?

Of the Shaikh's cell my heart has tired, and of the convent bare:
Where is my friend, the Christian's child, the vintner's mansion, where?

Hafiz, if o'er the glade of earth
The autumn-bast is borne,
Grieve not, but musing ask thyself:
"Where has the rose no thorn?" —Hafiz.

*Aiman (Happiness) is the valley in which God appeared to Moses— metaphoricallp, the abode of the Beloved.

Health Service

OF THE

Canadian Medical Association

Edited by

GRANT FLEMING, M.D. — ASSOCIATE SECRETARY

GROWIING PAINS

A large number of deaths and a great deal of chronic ill-health and incapacity are edue to organic heart disease, which in turn results in a very large percentage of cases from rheumatic fever in childhood.

Rheumatic fever is always a serious disease. In spite of its apparent mildness in children and the absence of the severe symptoms in cases which occur in cases of older persons, it may and frequently does result in a damaged heart.

When a child becomes acutely ill fever and one joint after another becomes painful and tender, it is not difficult for parents to recognize the condition as being serious, and they do not hsitate to call their doctor.

Growing pains, however, are seldom taken seriously by parents. The very name given to them suggests that they occur as the result of growth, which is not the case. Growth does not cause pain. Growing pains should not be taken lightly. They are perhaps the most common symptom of the child form of rheumatic fever.

It does not follow that every child who complains of growing pains has rheumatic fever. These pains may be due to sume unusual use of the muscles, such as occurs when the child starts skating or cycling. Ill-fitting shoes will cause pain in the legs, as will also hip-joint disease.

The growing pains of rheumatic fever vary in extent and variety; may affect both arms and legs; they come on independently of exercise and exertion; they often keep the child awake for hours at night.

The reason why we want to bring growing pains to the attention of parents is in order to inform them that they make a serious mistake in not paying attention to the recurring mucle pains popularly known as growing pains. All parents should understand that if such pains are overlooked and treatment neglected heart disease may result.

Growing pains, St. Vitus' Dance, tonsilitis and rheumatic heart often occur in the same child and may be regarded as symptoms of the same disease. Any one of them requires immediate care. Rest gives the heart the best chanceand rest in bed, for a long time, is often necessary.

Heart disease in adult life is a severe handicap. It is true that, if the manner of living is adjusted to the capacity of the injured organ, a useful life is generally possible. If, however, such a handicap is to be avoided and if the number of cases of heart disease is to be decreased, it is necessary that preventive measures be taken early in life. One thing we can do to prevent heart disease is to pay attention to growing pains.

Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answerel personally by letter.

SUNSHINE

'Knew'

"Did my wife speak at the meeting yesterday?"

"I don't know your wife, but there was a tall, thin lady who rose and said she could not find words to express her feelings!"

"That wasn't my wife!"

* * *

Borrowing Unnecessary

"There is no use borrowing trouble," said the philosophic citi en.

"You don't have to borrow it," replied Mr. Growcher. "Somebody is always willing to come along and hand it to you gratis."

* * *

Just Girls

Fannie—Joe says he is very modest. But if he was very modest he wouldn't say so.

....Nannie—But how would anybody know it if he didn't brog about it?

* * *

Wholesome Exercise

"Going my way?"

"Yer."

"Kin I ride with you to my home?"

"How far away is your home?"

"Eght blocks."

"I'm parked farther away than that."

* * *

Conventional

'Convict 99, your wife to see you."

"Tell her I am not at home."

* * *

Depression Chat

"Can you remember when butter was 80 cents a pound and eggs were 60 cents a dozen?"

'Yeh, those were the good old days!"

* * *

An Old Custom

"Why do they always give a shower to a girl who is going to be married?"

"Merely a quaint old custom to symbolize the beginning of a reign."

* * *

Mathematically Exact

"The snake to which I refer," said the teacher, 'is said to strike with mathematical precision."

"I suppose you mean the adder, sir?" suggested a bright pupil.

* * *

More Than Enough

Sammy (aged seven)—Mamma, can I have some more puddin'?

Mother—No. Sammy, you've had enough.

Sammy—But, mother, I don't want enough. I want too much.

* * *

New One to Her

Lulu—Who is she engaged to?

Lola—I don't know—I couldn't identify the engagement ring.

* * *

No Demand

"Do you stock camel hair brushes?"

"No, sir—nobody keeps camels in these 'ere parts!"

* * *

In a Hurry

"Why are you driving so fast?"

"My wife is at the back of the car and I have quarreled with her, so I am trying to get away from her."

* * *

Mere Matter of Money

Millionaire—You say I can help you through college?

Young Man—Yes, sir, by subscribing to this magazine for 500 years.

* * *

A Guess

Meriwell—I wonred what happened to the old-fashioned landlady?

Cheerio—Why, I heard she disappeared along with her rumors.

Willing Helper

Jack was eager to help his mother can pears and she said: "You better go play; they are hard to peel."

"I didn't want to peel, but I can help by eating the cores to clean up the mess," heplied the willing assistant.

* * *

Orthography

Frederick spelled badly and received very poor grades. One day he returned with a paper well sprinkled with the usual crosses. His mother looked it over.

"Here is one word marked wrong that is right," she said.

"No, she knows," replied the lad hopelessly.

"You must show it to your teacher, anyway," said the mother.

Frederick did as he was told, and returning to his mother reported:

"She was right," he said, "she says that k-n-e-w does not spell canoe."

FACTS THAT YOU MAY NOT KNOW

Kitchen Range

Stove polish will not burn off too quicly if a little sugar and a thin slice or two of yellow laundry soap are dissolved with the polish before applying to the range.

—o—

Bed Sheets

Turn the bed sheets each way, paying no attention to top or bottom, and they will wear much longer, as the strin will be distributed.

—o—

A Garnish

Thin slices o lemon make an excellent garnish for the fish course. Thep can be dipped in minced parsley or sprinkled with paprika.

—o—

Setting Colors

When one wishes to set the color and shrink goods, before making into a garment, dissolve one pint o salt into four gallons of water and soak the material for at least an hour.

—o—

Stains on Leather

Dad the spot carefully with spirits of sal-ammoniac. After allowing this to act for awhile, wash with clean water. Repeat the treatment a few times if necessary. Be careful not to discolor the leather.

—o—

Apples

Pare apples with a silver knife and it will prevent discoloration.

—o—

Furniture Polish

To make an inexpensive furniture polish, use equal parts of raw linseed oil and turpentine. Pour into a bottle and shake. Put a little of the oil on cheesecloth, rub over the entire surface, and polish with a clean cloth.

—o—

Sewing

Much time and work can be saved when sewing lony seams i fa box of paper clips are kept conveniently near. Instead of basting a seam, use several clips to hold the edges together.

—o—

Potatoes

Before mashing potatoes always put them in the ricer. It will save time and the posatoes will be lighter.

—o—

Colored Stockings

Colored stockings should not be ironed, as the drying heat will cause thecolors to fade.

Show Them A Mountain And They'll Do The Rest

Edward Feuz (left) holds that "the climbing urge" is a heritage of all white races, be the objective high furniture for an infant; a tree-top for a schoolboy; or the pinnacle of success or the summit of a mountain for an adult. He ought to know, for he makes his living as a mountain guide in the heart of the famous Canadian Rocky Mountains, with headquarters at the Canadian Pacific Railway's hotels at Banff and Lake Louise, and has more "first ascents" to his credit than any other man in the country. His brother Ernst (right) is also an experienced guide and mountaineer. Both are natives of Interlaken, Switzerland, and have winter-homes in the little Swiss guide village of Edelweiss, in the Columbia Valley. They are shown scanning the peaks adjoining the Banff Springs Hotel.

CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

Applications for immediate purchase of Lots and Acreage owned by the City, within the Municipality, are invited.

Prices:—From $25.00 per lot upwards.

Terms:—Cash and approved payments.

List of Lots and prices may be seen at the City Office.

JOHN A. HUTTON,

City Clerk.

THE CONSOLIDATED MINING & SMELTING COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED

TRAIL, BRITISH COLUMBIA

Manufacturers of

ELEPHANT BRAND Chemical Fertilizers

Ammonium Phosphate
Sulphate of Ammonia
Triple Superphosphate

Sold by Grand Forks Growers' Association

Producers & Refiners of

TADANAC BRAND Electrolytic

Lead-Zinc
Cadmium-Bismuth

What the Rural Weekly Press of B. C. Can Offer

THERE are fifty-five regular weekly newspapers in British Columbia. They are published in a widely scattered field in communities with populations of from 200 to 400 to one of 10,000. Sixteen are published in communities of less than 1000 population; fifteen in communities of 1000 to 2000 population; seven in communities of 4000 to 5000; four in communities over 5000 to 10,000. These weeklies appeal to 145,000 of British Columbia's population. The news in these newspapers is mostly all local, because that is what interests the readers, and the advertisements for the most part tell what local merchants are doing. The country editor knows the people he serves; they are farmers, lumbermen, miners, fishermen, prospectors, laborers, all. It is estimated that the average farm family spends $2000 every year for things which are not necessary to raise crops. The total sum that is spent by farmers in the United States for those things with which to live well is the appaling sum of thirteen billion dollars. Seventy-two per cent. of all automobiles sold go to people living in towns and communities of less than 5000 population. Using the same proportionate figures to estimate the buying power of the rural population of British Columbia served by the weekly newspapers of the province, and we have something like 70,000 automobiles purchased by residents of the province in towns and communities of less than 5000 population, and $6,000,000 spent every year by these rural families for things which are not necessary to raise crops. If one is inclined to think that only a few people, and an insignificant few at that, live in country communities served by the weekly newspapers let him study these figures or consult the last census statistics.

Closer Cooperation Between Rura and Industrial British Coumbia

ORANGE PEKOE BLEND
"SALADA"
TEA
"Fresh from the Gardens"

Provincial Paragraphs

Northern Alfalfa

J. W. Abbott of the Illustration farm, north of the Peace river, near Fort St. John, B.C., raised 1000 lbs. of No. 1 alfalfa seed. A year or more ago Mr. Gibson further demonstrated the possibilities of the Peace river section by his exhibit at Chicago field peas. As a prize winner in agricultural exhibits the Peace river section has established a high place for itself.

Port of Vancouver

For the port of Vancouver imports for 1931 totalled 1,366,962 tons, a decrease of 150,000 tons from 1930, but exports were 2,850,000 tons, an increase of 10,300 tons over 1930. Grain shipments in 1931 totalled 70,696,000 bushels, approximately 7,000,000 bushels higher than in the previous year.

Increase in Butter

The manufacture of creamery butter in British Columbia increased by 1,300,000 pounds in 1931, but owing to lower prices the increase in value was only about 12,000. In cheese production there was also an increase of 200,000 pounds, though values increased only $10,000. Still this growth is regarded as a hopeful sign in a province which imports so much.

Large Waterpowers

Canada contains the largest complete hydro-electric plant in the world in the Queenston (Niagara Falls) plant of 600,000 horsepower, but the Bridge river plant in British Columbia is credited by the Dominion bureau of statistics with a possibility of producing 750,000 horsepower when fully completed. British Columbia and Quebec are close rivals for leadership in electric production per capita.

Land Seekers Active

There were 1800 pre-emption records examined in the province last year as against 1600 in 1930. The Fort George district, which includes the Peace river section, led with 422, closely followed by Cariboo with 407. Present indications point to great activity in the occupation of land in the province this year. Inquiries are numerous, especially from those parts of the prairies stricken by drought last year. Attention still centers largely on Peace river and Cariboo.

Fir Lumber Predominates

Of 1,948,404,000 feet of saw timber scaled in in the province last year, Douglas fir accounted for 997,513,000 or considerably more than half. Cedar followed with 356,478,000, hemlock was the third with 267,283,000 and spruce fourth with 123,000,000.

Weed Control Campaign

In order to facilitate the fight against weeds, the department of agriculture is issuing a number of posters, giving in color, illustrations of the principal weeds of the province. These are going sent out to armers' institutes and schools for the purpose of enabling people to recognize the weeds when they appear and to deal with them.

Hubby—What's the matter with this suit that I just bought that you don't like it? The store man said it was a fit..

Wife—It looks more like a convulsion.

General News

There are 77 mills in Canada in the Cotton textile industry from which the annual value of production, according to latest available figures, is $58,587,366.

An outstandingly popular sport at Banff is the bathing in the hot sulphur pools operated by the Banff Springs Hotel and the Canadian Government. Last year 89,000 people used the pools.

July 24 to August 5, 1933 is the new date set for the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference to be held at Regina, Saskatchewan. Railway executives from all over the continent will be among those attending the Exhibition.

Regimental colors, approved by His Majesty the King, and donated by the Hon. Robert Harris, late Chief Justice of Nova Scotia, to the Annapolis Regiment, First Battalion, Annapolis Royal, N.S., reached their destination recently, having been carried on S.S. Montrose.

A sixteen thousand mile telephone call was put through from Schreiber, Ont., to Sydney, Australia, recently after telephone companies and the Canadian Pacific Railway department of Communications had pooled their resources over a 2000-mile front in Canada.

The startling discoveries of radium and silver at Great Bear Lake, as well as many other important topics, are to be discussed in the technical sessions of the annual meeting of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy in Montreal on April 5, 6 and 7. A part of the proceedings is to be broadcast.

Seventy Atlantic crossings in the ships of one company is the record of C. H. Williams of Toronto who this month reached the three score and ten mark in the Canadian Pacific Duchess of Atholl. He is not yet 45 and has been crossing regularly in Canadian Pacific liners since 1912.

The Governor General, Patron of the Canadian Institute of Mining & Metallurgy, will attend the annual meeting in Montreal on April 5, 6 and 7. It has been arranged that his address to the assembled mining men will be broadcast to all quarters of the Dominion for the benefit of those who cannot attend the meeting.

Choice of 14 tastefully worded Easter greetings, either in English or in the language of the country of destination, are at the disposal of the public, in Canadian Pacific telegraph offices, at a standard rate of one dollar, on and after March 19. The form conveying the message will be decorated with traditional Easter Lilies and message can be sent over a wide range of countries throughout Europe.

Canada's increasing importance in gold production is represented by a number of important papers on gold at the annual meeting of the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy in Montreal on April 5, 6 and 7. The developments in the Quebec gold belt are particularly prominent in these papers.

Ending with a clear-cut victory, in the play-offs, of 4-0, making it 5-1 on the round, Canadian Pacific Railway hockey team in the Montreal Railway-Telephone League, took for the second year in succession the E. W. Beatty Trophy and the Railway-Telephone Cup. The team started off the season with three defeats, staging a great come back to end in first position, prior to the play-offs. (829)

Why pay more for commercial printing when you can get a better job at a lower price??

Goitre Diminishes In British Columbia

WASHINGTON.—A Brazilian Indian version of the Fall of Man, in which an Indian "Eve" was tempted by a serpent and brought sin into the world. was revealed recently by the Smithsonian Institute.

The legend part of the creation tradition of the Keresan Indians of the Rio Grande country, was reported by Dr. C. Daryll Forde of the University of Wales, who studied the Indians under auspices of the institute.

The first humans were two women, Iatik and Naotsiti, according to the Indian story.

They were created in a dark place underground by a god called Utctsisi.

When he helped them get above ground, the two women then quarrelled as to which was the older.

They agreed finally that the one upon which the sunrise first fell would rank first.

Iatik stole a march on her sister by sending a raven to shade Naotsiti with his wings so the first rays would fall on herself.

Iatik's skin was tinged by the sun and she became red. Naotsiti remained white. Naotsiti was lonely and listened to the suave serpent. who tempted her to seek companionship with the rainbow.

She bore two children as a result of her alliance with the rainbow.

This made the God Utctsisi angry, as he had other plans for populating the world.

Now he refused to go ahead with his plans, and as a result sin and death were brought into the world.

Later Naotsiti went away with one of her children and became the mother of the white race. while Iatik adopted the other child and founded the Indian race.

Brazilian Indians Story of Two Eves

OTTAWA.—According to statistics goitre is practically absent in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick and quite uncommon in Quebec.

In Ontario its prevalence is quite noticeable at Kingston, increases about the Muskoka district and in the vicinity of Windsor, still increases from North Bay to Cochrane. and from Sudbury to Sault Ste. Marie, then diminishes again at Port Arthur and Fort William.

It has also been found to be prevalent in Saskatchewan in the vicinity of Prince Albert, while in Alberta and British Columbia it diminishes again, particularly at the coast.

In the opinion of the associate committee on iodized salt. an advisory body of Canadian experts created by the National Research Council at the suggestion of the Canadian Medical and the Canadian Chemical associations, "the widespread sale of endocrine preparations containing thyroid is inadvisable from the standpoint of public health, except under a doctor's prescription, and the sale of these preparations for the treatment of goitre and obesity cases should not be permitted."

The committee found that goitre was very probably caused by a deficiency of iodine, although the exact cause had not been determined.

Iodine was found to be a requirement of both human and lower animals. especially during periods of pregnancy, and since the iodine content of food and drinking water varied considerably in different parts of the country, the necessity of administering the element artificially also varied.

The method of administering iodine in table salt was found satisfactory, but the percentage now being used. one part in 10,000, was unnecessarily high. One pare in 100,000 would be satisfactory as a maximum.

A survey indicated that the sale in Canada of iodized salt was increasing

RAILWAY NEAR END OF BRIDGE CONSTRUCTION

PENTICTON.—The bridge and Howe truss span replacement program on the Kettle Valley division. west side, has been practically completed except for a span near Princeton, which will be finished at an early date.

The Canadian Bridge company, which is now working on the Princeton job, will shortly move to the big curved span at Hydraulic creek east of Penticton, which is the only bridge job now remaining on the east side. Abutments are already in place there.

The changes will make possible the introduction to this division of the 2500 class passenger engines which are considerably heavier than the 500 and 3400 classes now used for passenger and freight.

Kettle Valley trains are now operating normally between Penticton and Vancouver by way of the Merritt-Spences Bridge line.

General expectation is that the Coquihalla will not be used for some time, at least until the heavy snows are off the mountains.

Romantic Cipher

Some years ago a clever American professor was asked by a young lady for a cipher that could be easily worked out without being too difficult to read, whereupon he penned the following:

U 0 a 0, but I 0 U;
O 0 no 0, but O 0 me;
O let not my 0 a 0 go,
But give 0 0 I 0 U so.

When the key for this is obtained it lilts like a love song. The secret of it lies in the fact that a naught is a cipher and that it is easy to make this word 'sigh for" whenever required. It reads phonetically with perfect ease, but the written form is perhaps more readily intelligible:

You sigh for a cipher, but I sigh for you;
O sigh for no cipher, but O sigh for me;
O let not mp sigh for a cipher go.
But give sigh for sigh, for I sigh for you so.

A Duster

An excellent duster can be made by using an old piece of flannel, dipping it in paraffin oil and letting it soak for several hours. Wring out tightly, then wash in tepid water and let dry. It will gather all dust and give a good polish to furniture and floors.

Customers Weep

Copious tears were shed in a cafe in El Paso because of the carelessness of Deputy Constable Hermenegildo Garcia.

Garcia, while exhibiting a tear gas gun to a friend, accidentally discharged the weapon.

"The trigger catch slipped, tear gas filled the air, everybody cried. I was blinder," Garcia said at an emergency hospital.

"I don't want to carry it around any longer."

Boiled Ham

When serving cold ham as a luncheon dish, place it in ice water immediately after removing from the boiling water in which it was cooked. The fat will be white and firm and the weat will be a good color.

Diplomatic

Three-year-old Marian and her mother were visiting in the home of Uncle Jim, dignified and unimaginative. Events proved somewhat disappointing to the little girl and she evidently decided to take matters into her own hands. As her uncle left home one morning, she said to him:

"Uncle Dim. if I was a big man like you and you was a little girl like me and you came to see me, I'd det you some candy."

Shegot the cany.

Meat and Vegetables

When cooking meat and vegetables, add a little saleratus and it will hasten their cooking and make them tender.

DID YOU EVER STOP TO THINK

That advertising through the printed page has the necessary attractiveness and efficiency of performance that brings profitable results.

History has shown that continuous advertisers have found success, while non-advertisers have always been lagging behind.

Lack of advertising is killing many a business that should show increasing business instead of decreasing business.

Peple have been educated to the fact that well advertised products are the quality kind and they won't buy any other.

Continuous advertising of quality creates a buying demand which assures the advertiser quicker turnover.

Anp business in this day and time cannot stand still. Progress and competition demand that it move ahead or go out of business.

Continuous advertising of quality and service builds and keeps the confidence of the public. Without the confidence of the public, no business can move ahead.

Continuous advertising is the modern way of building better business. It proves to the public that the advertisers are proud of what they have for sale.

Anything wodth selling is worth advertising.

Advertising is the most effective selling help that can be found, because continuous advertising paves the wap to bigger sales.

Every business having something to sell should advertise continuously so the public may know who they are, where they are, and what they have for sale.

Parson—Why does your wife sing when she has the toothache?

Rarson—She wants me to suffer with her.

LUMBAGO?

A pain in the lower part of your back can torture you. But not for long, if you know about Aspirin! These harmless, pleasant tablets take away the misery of lumbago, rheumatism, neuralgia, headaches, toothaches, and systemic pains of women. Relief comes promptly; is complete. Genuine Aspirin cannot depress the heart. Look for the Bayer cross, thus:

BAYER

MADE IN CANADA

Contributed Huge Sum To Assist Employment

C.P.R. Spent more than $11,000,000 on new Branch Lines and station buildings and provided 351,000 days work for men otherwise unemployed. Co-operated by doing work years ahead.

Since the commencement of the existing economic situation the Canadian Pacific Railway has spent a matter of eleven to twelve million dollars in providing work for unemployed Canadians. When it was apparent in the late summer of 1930, that certain areas of southern Saskatchewan were to suffer from almost complete crop failure, the Company took upon itself to assist the people in that territory by beginning the construction of a branch line between Vanguard and Mayronne. This line would not, in the ordinary course of events, have been built for some time, and certainly not at a time when there was no crop available in that particular territory. But the Company desired to give employment to the farmers and their teams in the drought area. The total cost of the line is estimated to be approximately $1,000,000, and this work is still proceeding.

Mr. E. W. Beatty
Chairman and President
Canadian Pacific Ry.

The Dominion Government subsequently undertook considerable work for the unemployment relief, and the Canadian Pacific was called upon to cooperate. This the Company did to the limit of its ability by anticipating works which would, normally, not have been started for a number of years. These works included a number of new branch lines, the building of a new station at Regina, some grade revision in British Columbia, and also the application on various subdivisions of new rail and new rock and gravel ballast. The total cost of these works were estimated at $11,514,000 and, according to agreement with the Government, are to be completed at the end of the current year. It is true that the Dominion agreed to pay interest for a limited period on this capital cost, but after receipt of this interest, the Canadian Pacific will still have expended over $10,600,000 from its own Treasury in order to improve the situation in the country generally. This expenditure has been made at a time when the Company's revenues are suffering severely as a result of business depression. This programme of work, undertaken in order to cooperate with the Government, had given 351,000 days work to individuals otherwise unemployed up to August 31st last, and at September 14th it was estimated that approximately 100,000 more working days would be furnished before the works were completed.

Although the Company has succeeded in making substantial reductions in operating costs, it has hesitated to pursue its policy of economy to the limit out of regard for the serious obligation which rests upon all corporations to give as much employment as possible. While protecting the interest of shareholders as far as is consistent with its duty to the country, the Canadian Pacific has been conservative in its application of measures which would increase the number of unemployed in Canada. Only recently, after experiencing very severe decreases in earnings, have they pared down their forces to the bare essentials necessary for operation.

We Are Sales Agents for

First in Quality

DOMINION SALES BOOKS

First in Service

Manufactured by
Consolidoted
Sales Books & Wax Paper (B.C.) Limited
Vancouver, Canada

Get the best---
They cost no more

Grand Forks Sun Job Department

No telephone
---so
he didn't get
the job

"I'm awfully sorry, Bill," said the manager of Blank and Co. "If you'd had a telephone yesterday we would have given you a steady job. We had an opening that you might have filled nicely. But we needed a man right away. We couldn't reach you by telephone, so we had to call someone else and give the position to him."

Bill was about ready to weep. Just two days ago he had had his telephone taken out because he thought he couldn't afford it. Now he realized that he couldn't afford to be without it. He went straight to the telephone office and told them to put his telephone back in. .....

B. C. TELEPHONE CO

Power of The Rural Weekly Press

Listen to what John H. Perry, President of the American Press Association, has to say on the influence of the country weekly:

"The force that controls this country of ours, in the long run, is the rural editor. in his capacity as spokesman for hundreds of thousands who live and earn their living on the farms and in the villages and towns.

"It is not necessary to take the writer's word for it Ask any politician whom you know. He will tell you the truth. Ask any representative of the interests—big city bankers, for instance, or presidents of great railroad or industrial corporation.

"The politician. if he is above peanut size, will tell you that he worries little about what the city papers say; but let even half a dozen country weeklies in his home state or district open on him, and he pulls down the lid of his desk at the state capital and takes the next train hime to see what it is he has done to make the farmer sore.

"The Big Businessman, if he is big enough to be entitled to the designation, will tell you that his business is gold or bad depending on how the country people like the way it is run. and that what those country people are thinking he finds out by reading or having others read for him, what the country papers are saying."

The Home-Town Newspaper is always ready to Cooperate in giving Service

New Found Neutron Taxes Imagination

TORONTO.—If you have a good imagination try to imagine what the newly discovered neutron, a part of an atom and of great great importance to science, looks like.

Prof Lachrian Gilchrist of the physics department of the University of Toronto told the Royal Astronmical society here its weigth is represented by the 540th part of a million-million-million-millionth part of a gramme, and a gramme is about 2600th part of an ounce.

Professor Gilchrist described the neutron, discovered in Germany six months ago and discovered at Cambridge, England, a few weeks back, as a combination of the electron and proton of the atom—or negative and positive parts, neutralizing each other, but being able to produce the phenomena of a wave of light, although attributed to a particle, not a wave.

—o—

Gold Found Under City

In the heart of Johannesburg, South Africa, a reef of rich with gold has been found, but cannot be worked because the laws prohibit mining under cities and towns. Workmen excavating for a neew post office in Von Brandis square struck the reef below the surface. Efforts are being made to trace the reef beyond the city limits so that mining may begin.

—o—

FIFE BRIEFS

Nicola Mazzocchi returned to town on Sunday, after spending the Easter holidays with her parents here.

—o—

John Nyberg, who was visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Nyberg, for a week, returned on Monday to Minneapolis, Minn, where he resides.

—o—

Mrs. Axel Franson is the guest of Mrs. C. Holm in town.

—o—

Mary Talarico and Phyllis Anselmo were visiting friends here on Monday.

—o—

Albert Tambellini left for Grand Forks on Sunday to resume his studies, after spending the holidays with his parents.

—o—

Mrs. H. R. Wilkinson, teacher of Fife school, returned on Sunday, after spending the holidays with friends in town.

—o—

Mrs. E. A. Palm of Farron was a visitor over the week-end.

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH

REV. W. J. SILVERWOOD
Rector

Phone 177

Holy Communion—
1st, 3rd. 4th and 5th Sundays at 8 a.m
2nd Sundays in month at 11 a.m.
Morning Prayer and Sermon—
1st, 3rd. 4th and 5th Sundays at 11 a.m
Sunday School—
at 10 a.m. until further notice.
Evening Prayer and Sermon—
at 7:30 except the last Sunday in each month when Evening Service is held in the Parish of Kettle Valley.

Town Topics

A small gang of government road workers was sent up to Blue Joint, on the North Fork, this week.

—o—

Thhe Misses Knight, who spent the Easter holidays with their parents in this city, have returned to their schools in the Similkameen.

—o—

Divisional Superintendent McKay of Nelson was a recent visitor in the city. In company with officials, he inspected the North Fork branch of the Kettle Valley line while here.

—o—

The government grant for roads and bridges in the Grand Forks-Greenwood iding this year is $42,-000.

—o—

The ranchers in the valley appear to realize that it is time to start spring operations on the farm.

—o—

Miss Dorothy Liddicoat who spent the Easter holidays with her parents in this city, has returned to Nelson, where she is attending business college.

—o—

Miss Elsie Liddicoat of the Rossland teaching staff, who spent the Easter holidays with her parents in this city, returned to Rossland on Saturday.

—o—

Today is one of those perfect spring days that you read about.

—o—

Miss Elizabeth Massie, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Geo. E. Massie, and Bern Pickering, both of this city, were united in marriage at Colville, Wash., on Good Friday. The young couple will make their home in this city.

—o—

Mrs. B. Rella of this city is visiting friends in Trail this week.

—o—

Mrs. F. Campbell and daughter have returned to Trail after visiting at the home of Mrs. Campbell's parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. McCallum.

—o—

Gordon McCallum and Otto Waldron have returned to Trail, after paying a short visit to friends and relatives in this city.

—o—

There has been considerable talk during the past week about city affairs, but any comment at this time would be premature.

Mink Trained to Obey Trapper's Orders

TERRACE.—Bill Trestonfur farmer of Kalim lake, has proved that mink can be trained to perform tricks as well as, and in some cases, better than dogs.

"White Fang," a large male, bit Bill's thumb severely when it was trapped last year, and had to be choked into insensibility before Bill could pry its jaws apart and release his thumb. "White Fang" is now a docile pet.

This mink squeals when Bill says "Speak to them," it will walk on its hind legs or beg for dainties.

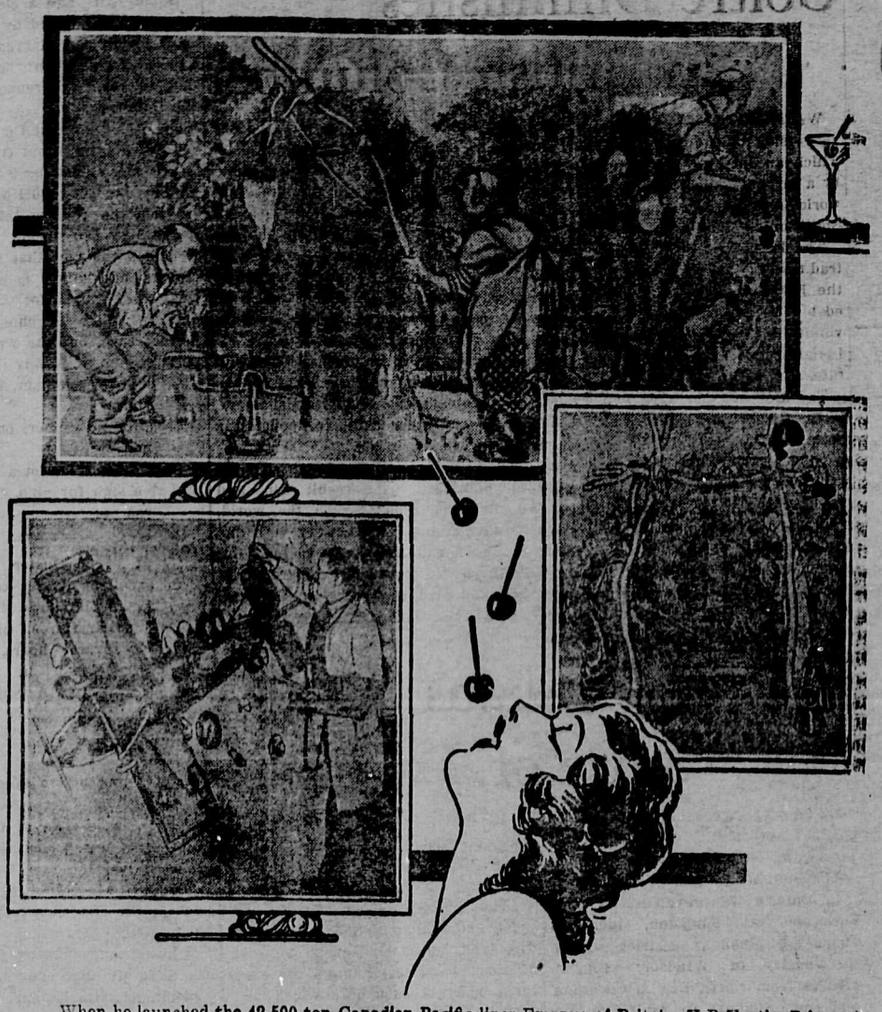
Bill is building up a fur farm with choifce stock; he retains only outstanding breeding animals.

He estimates that there are 100 feet of snow covering his trap line at present, and has chopped the tops off several trees now level with the snow so that he may estimate the exact depth of the snow later.

—o—

Declaring that he could find nothing else of value in the honse, a tax collector in Patulea, Bessarabia, "seized" a ten-month-old baby and took it away with him. The father was behind in his taxes and the baby was held until he paid up.

Imagination Runs Riot



When he launched the 42,500 ton Canadian Pacific liner Empress of Britain, H.R.H., the Prince of Wales, referring to the Knickerbocker Bar—as the cocktail bar of that magnificent new ship is to be known—said that its frequenters "can let their imagination run riot in a rosy haze amid the fantastic humour of Mr. Heath Robinson."

The Prince referred to the announcement that Britain's foremost humourous artist has been given a free hand to decorate that room on the new liner which is to make its bow to Canada June 22nd next.

Developing a humourous legend of the cocktail of his own invention, W. Heath Robinson, who is shown above at work on some of the panels, has prepared a decorative scheme that extolls the virtues of the cocktail and depicts ingenious machinery employed in its manufacture.

Heath Robinson's ideas of the latest labour-saving machinery in connection with the selection and preparation of cherries for cocktail embellishment are shown together with the Foolproof Safety Aeroplane, a direct descendant of the mythical cocktail bird. This ceiling decoration depicts the uplifting powers of an appetizer. These, and other drawings will appear on the walls and ceiling of the room.

Many a man has acquired a reputation honesty by concealing the truoth about his actions.

—o—

Can life really be very interestin to people who are willing to risk it in mere sport?

An ffort made for the happiness of others lifts us above ourselves.

—o—

The Grand Forks Sun does not print guesswork as news. It is reliable.

—o—

Only place where a torn shirt doesn't matter is in camping out.

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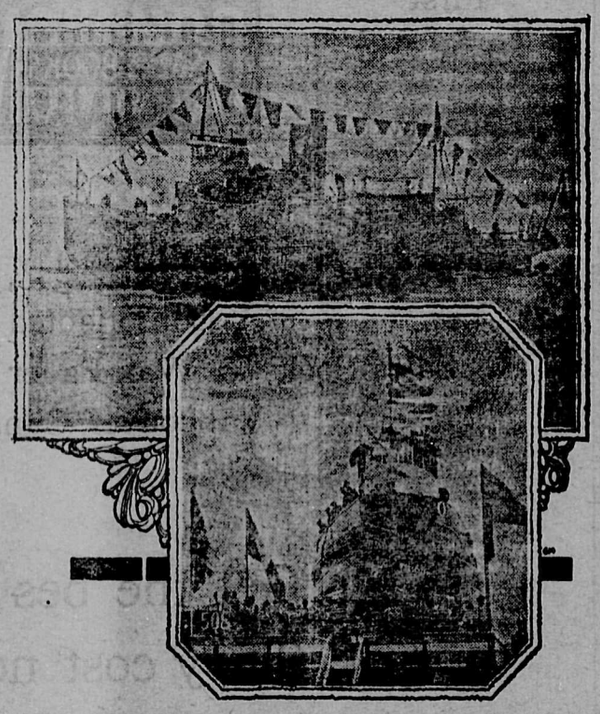
The Old and the New

The two models have been showing at the Chateau-de-Ramezay, Montreal, recently in an exhibition of a century of locomotives. Right, is the "Dorchester", operated in 1836 to 1850 on the Champlain and St. Lawrence Railroad between St. John's and La Prairie, Quebec, the first train to run in Canada. Left, is the 2300 type Canadian Pacific Railway locomotive, a model of the great machine that draws modern passenger trains across the Dominion. Comparison of the two locomotives will bring home the immense development in the past 100 years. The four driving wheels of the "Dorchester" were 48 inches in height. The six driving wheels of the 2300 type locomotive are 75 inches in height. Engine and tender weight of the "Dorchester" was just over 10,000 lbs; of the 2300 it is 648,300 lbs. Tractive force of the "Dorchester" is not given, but it must have been greatly less than the 45,000 lbs of the Canadian Pacific engine. Engine and tender of both locomotives had respectively eight wheels and twenty wheels. A further indication of the vast spread in operation values between the old and the new is seen in the figures of the latest and most powerful Canadian Pacific engine, the "8000" type, capable of pulling a freight train of 150 cars, or over a mile in length.

Canada's First Electric Tug



The first electrically-driven tug to be built in Canada was launched at Lauzon, Que., recently, when the "Prescotont", Diesel-electric tug for the Canadian Pacific Car and Passenger Transfer Company's service between Prescott, Ont., and Ogdensburg, N.Y., slipped gracefully into the waters of the St. Lawrence after the traditional bottle of champagne had been broken across her bows by Mrs. Duff, wife of M. McD. Duff, manager of the Canadian Pacific Great Lakes Steamship Service. As a pioneer feature in Canadian shipping, the Diesel-electric engines with which the new vessel is equipped, are of special interest to marine engineers. Each of 500 H.P., they are directly connected to twin generators capable of delivering 330 kilowatts, each at 250 volts, when operated at 245 revolutions per minute.

In operation, a car barge with three tracks for 16 hundred-ton cars, will be lashed to the starboard counter of the tug which it will be possible to control either from its own wheel-house or from the bridge of the car barge.

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PEN POINTS

Cleopatra is said to have had red hair. That was as near to being a blond as was possible in Egypt.

—o—

Imaginary troubles fill the world—and no way to exercise them.

—o—

The average man's ambition is to lower his record.

—o—

Of the many human buds but few ever bloom successfully.

—o—

Marriage may be a failure, but so's divorce.

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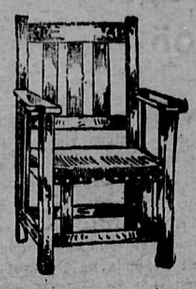

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—o—

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Whipped Cream

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—o—

Vengeance is something you see repeated again and again in history. It is reasonably certain.

—o—

Because you know the real facts is not always a reason why you should butt in and spoil the talk.