# THE GRAND FORKS SUN

30th Year—No. 28 | "Tell me what you know is true, I can guess as well as you." | Friday, May 22, 1931 | $1.00 PER YEAR


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## Crowning of May Queen; Field Sports

The crowning of the May Queen at the Central hchool grounds on Saturday afternoon presented a very pretty picture. The muti-colored raiment of the young folk elicited general admiration from the spectators. The program of the royal celebration was faultlessly carried out throughout. The Maypole exercises and the music of the band came in for special commendation. The mayor had proclamed a two hours' cessation from business cares or labor drudgery, who owned an automobile or who could walk were there.

The order of the celebration took the following form:

Commencing at 1 o'clock sharp, procession formed at the courthouse and marched to the school grounds, with the band in attendance.

Retiring queen, Lola Hutton.

Maids of honor, Irene Lightfoot, Winnie Wykes.

Pages, Billy Scheer, Freddie Wilkinson.

Escort, Jameh Allan.

New queen, Catherine Davis.

Maids of honor, Catherine McDonald, Gladys Clark.

Pages, Johnnie Rooke, Gordon Carter.

Escort, Fred Greenwood.

Flower girls, Stella Boyko, Vera Tibbets, Bernadette McDonald, Patricia Markell, Elta Tgg, Audrey Vant

| Maypole, No. 1 | Maypole, No. 2 |
|---|---|
| Jean Wood | Irene Ted sco |
| Celia Palek | Gladys Meakes |
| Laura Rella | Geraldine Patterson |
| Mary Woodward | Ruby Rowlandson |
| Alice Knowles | Audr y Mudge |
| Lillian Gowans | Jean Dondale |
| Mary Stephenson | Jane Esouloff |
| Roma Donaldson | Gertrude Hutton |
| Emma Rella | Maida Thompson |
| Joan Wood | Florence Ridley |
| Victoria Ritco | Catherin Kuva |
| Mamie Petersen | Hazel McParton |
| Dorothy Chambers | Annie Lyssuick |
| Jessie McNevin | Joan Petersen |
| Joan P arson | Alice Starchuk |
| Nora Chapman | Juanita Fee |
| Florence Ritco | Marjorie Ridley |
| Virginia Vant | Mary Borsuk |
| Catherine Kleman | Polly Ogloff |
| Catherine McPherson | Annie Vatkin |

Russian dance, Lucy Starchuk.

Fr nch minuet, Grace Hull, Beryl Love, Lillian Hansen, Norma Fee, Adair Allan-a-dale Harrison, Freddie Hull, Elvera Talarico.

Brownies and Fairies—Velma Tibbets, Elfreda Wolfe, Gl ndine Fee, Elva Kidd, Mary Hlady, Jessie Ridley, Agnes Miller, Flora Evans.

Dance of the Fairies—Isabel Dononva, Eileen Mark ll, Wilma Miller, Helen Dorner, Marion Cooper, Jean Dinsmore, Ruth Kidd, Audrey Donaldson, Charlotte Cagnon, Doris Mattocks.

Dutch Dance—Fern Henniger, Fr da Dorner, Nora Halisheff, Mary Talarico.

**Cubs**

| | |
|---|---|
| Frank Wolfram | Robert Skilling |
| Tommy Scheer | Sanford Fee |
| Walter Mtakes | Donald Thompson |
| Charles Mudg | Percy Poulton |
| Berton Clark | Henry Dorner |
| Windsor Rooke | R James Lawrence |
| Bruce Kidd | Sandy Gray |
| Alex Donaldson | Charles Cook |

**Athlectic Contests**

The winners in the track and field events were:

Elementary school 10z yards, N. Baldassi, 11 3-5, Trail; R. Anderson, Nelson; R. Moorcroft, Trail.

Boys 8 years and under: Sonny Allan Grand Forks; Hector McNevin, Mike Ogloff, Grand Forks.

Girls, 8 and under: Jean Dondale, Grand Forks; Polly Plasken, Grand Forks; Elva Kidd, Grand Forks.

Boys, 10 and under: James Lawrence, Grand Forks; Rocco Talarico, Grand Forks; Bruce Kidd, Grand Forks.

Girls, 10 and under: Roma Donaldson Grand Forks.

Boys, 12 and under: Caswell Todhunter, Lionel Greenwood, Grand Forks.

Girls, 12 and under: Isobel Donovan, Grand Forks; Ruth Kidd, Grand Forks.

Senior boys, 100 yards: M. Buckna, Trail, 10 4-5; L. Richardson, Trail; W. Hanna Nelson

Junior boys' high jump: Pat Haley, Trail, 4 feet 7½ inches; G. Cooper, Nelson; R. Anderson. Nelson.

Girls' broad jump: B. Kollmar, Trail, 14 feet 2½ inches; M. Drapaka Trail; E. Scott, Grand Forks.

Elementary school, 220 yards: T. Moorcroft, Trail; N. Baldassi, Trail; A. Miller Grand Forks

Senior boys' broad jump: C. Baillie, Trail, 17 feet 4½ inches; Joe Haley, Trail.

Junior boys' 100 yards: Pat Haley; Trail; D. Webster, Nelson; Pat Haley Trail.

Girls' high jump: M. Drapaka, Trail; B. Kollmar, Trail; E; Scott, Grand Forks.

Shot put: C. Baillie, Trail, 38 feet 1 inch; R. Martello, Rossland; R. Sandner Grand Forks.

Senior boys' 140 yards: R. Martello, Rossland, 58; C. Swanson, Trail; William Hanna, Nelson.

Junior boys' broad jump, Pat Haley, Trail, 15 feet 11 inches; E. Heaven, Grand Forks; G. Williams, Nelson.

Girls' 100 yards: B. Kollmar, Trail; Vera Kuva Grand Forks; J. Hudson, Trail.

Junior boys' 250 yards: D. Webster, Nelson; R. Anderson, Nelson.

Senior boys' high jump: J. Haley, Trail, 6 feet; A. Forrest, Trail; C. Hutton, Grand Forks.

Senior boys' 880 yards: A. Morris, Trail; P. Duffy Nelson; D. Berry, Trail.

Senior boys' 220 yards: M. Buckna, Trail; W. Hanna, Nelson, and L. Richardson, Trail, equal.

Junior boys' 880 yards: E. Heaven, Grand Forks; A. Zuk, Trail; D. Hill, Trail.

Junior boys' pole vault: J. Bolak, Trail; R. Anderson, Nelson; V. Paolini, Trail.

Senior boys' one mile: A. Morris, Trail; D. Waterman, Grand Forks; J. Stout, Nelson.

Senior boys' pole vault: A. Forrest, Trail; C. Baillie, Trail; D. Waterman Grand Forks.

Girls' relay race: Nelson first, Grand Forks second.

Junior boys relay: Trail first, Nelson second.

Senior boys' relay: Trail first, Grand Forks second.

After the sports, medals, cups and prizes were presented by A. F. Crowe, president of the Grand Forks Amateur Athletic association.

## Fruit Tonnage Expected to Be Normal

SUMMERLAND.—E. J. Chambers, in speaking to members of the Summerland Cooperative here, outlined the progress of marketing plans to take effect the firht of June.

All pools had been closed and rebates distributed. The new income tax and other expenses had reduced the amount of the rebate beyond what had been expected.

He said it appeared now as if the Associated Growers would have pretty much the same tonnage to handle ah last year, over the whole area of operation. There are changes in locals at some points. Some show decrease and others show corresponding increases.

Marketing planh have been progressing and the Associated is getting support from distributors on the prairies. Changes have pretty well been completed between Sales Services, Nash houses and the Associated Growers.

The arrangement provides for operation on a basis of tonnage of the various operators. Final arrangements, which he did not think would be altered, would go into effect, according to the present plans on June 1

He was promptly asked if there was any assurance of the agreement htanding with the Nash houses. Mr. Chambers replied that Nash houses had never gone back on any agreement they had made, and he did not anticipate any break of the agreement.

Of the produce to be marketed, the Associated controlled practically half, the Sales Service 25 per cent, and 95 per cent of the balance was controlled by the Occidental, Kidston

**IT TASTTD LIKE MORE, BUT—WELL—ANYHOW**

BEND, ORE.—A large and savory piece of cooked meat was placed on an imposine stone in the plant of the Bulletin here not long ago by Roy Wolf, linotype operator. Roy had the meat from A D. Lewis, who had it, in turn, from the Deschutes river.

Printers and reporters gazed at the meat and inhaled its fine aroma. Eventually they sampled it, pronounced it "Class A" goose, then repeated. Later Roy told them just what it was that had so intrigued rat.

In most cases that was the end of hunger in that plant that day. One inky journeyman turned ghastly green that faded to white—but retained his muskrat.

As for Wolf—well, he says he's going to bring in another one of the "tender little critters," but isn't going to share it with a lot of unappreciative printers and copy chasers.

Progress. the growth of power, is the end and boon o f liberty. and without this a veople may have the name but want the substance and spirit of freedom.—Channing

A wise son overlooks a lot of his dad's talk.

## Census of Dominion Will Be Taken on June 1; Historical, Objects and Uses of the Census

**On June 1, 1931, the census of of th Dominion will be taken. The censuh has bees called "the largest single act of administration f the government," in r ference partly to its physical extent—th census organization, covering every section of the coustry for a complex and many-sided task—and also to the great importance of census results**

The success of the census dep nds largely upos the cooperation of the people. Without general appreciation of the ends in view, and without th cordial assistance of the individual citizens towards those ends, a good census will be impossible. A brief description of the scope, methods and purpos of the census and of its place in statistical asd general administration will therefore be of interest and utility at the present moment

**HISTORICAL**

Census-taking dates from the dawn of civilization. Moses numbered the Children of Israel in the fifteenth century B. C. (Exodus 12-15; Numbers 1, 2-4 and 47-49; 111, 14-16; 1v, 34-49). But statistical investigations were known many centuries earlier in Babylonia, (4,000 B. C.), in Egypt (2,500 B, C.) A census takes by King David in 1017 B. C. achieved evil notoriety in history from the Divine wrath which it provoked ((11 Samuel xxiv, 1-25; 1 Chronicles xx1, 1-27) and which was cited for many generatioss against the spirit of inquiry. The Census was one of the institutions founded by the great lawgiver Solon at Athens in the sixth century, B. C. The Romans were assiduous census-takers, both under the Republic and the Empire; Julius Caesar reformed the census among other things. The Breviary of Charlemagne (A. D. 803) and the Domesday Book of William the Conqueror (A.D. 1086) are celebrated mediatval censuses. Later, the census disappeared from Europe.

It may not be generally knoyn that the credit of taking the first census of modern times belongs to Canada. The year was 1666; the census was one of the Colony of New France. There had been earlier records of settlement at Port Royal (1605) and Quebec (1608), but the cessus of 1666 was a systematic "nominal" enumeration of the people (i.e., a record of each individual by name), taken for a fixed date, showinge the age, sex, place of residence, occupation and conjugal condition of each persos. The results ;are to be seen in a document of 154 pages in the archives of Paris, of which a transcript is in Ottawa. Altogether this census recorded 3215 souls, When it is recalled that in Europe the first modern cenus dated only from the eighteenth cestury( those of France and England dating from the first year of the nineteenth), while in the United States no census was taken before 1790, the achievement of the primitive St. Lawrence colony in instituting what is today one of the principal instruments of government in every civilized community may call for more than passing appreciation.

This initial Canadian census was repeated several times during the French regime, after which a series of less elaborate investigations by successive colosial governors took place. The first legislation on the subject was an act of the United Provinces, dated 1847. Under it a census of Upper asd Lower Canada was taken in 1852 and again in 1861. Censuses of Nova Scotia and New Brunswicw were taken in the same years. An accoust of these and of preceding investigations may be found in Volume IV of the Report of the Cessus of 1871, a volume designed to start the new Dominion on its career with a view of all previous statistics relating to its domain.

At Confederatios the British North America Act specificall mentioned "The Census and Statistics" as falling within Dominion as distisguished from provincial act was passed is 1870, and the first census was taken thereunder in 1871. Similar comprehensive censuses have followed every tenth year, namely, 1881, 1891, 1901, 1911 and 1921. In 1886 a special census of Manitoba and the Northwest territories was taken midwey between the was repeated for Manitoba in 1896, while in 1906, 1916 and 1926 it also embraced Saskatchewan and Alberta, created into provinces in 1905, the reason being the rapidly changing conditions is these newer sections of the Dominion.

The cessus of June, 1931, is therefore the seventh comprehensive decennial census to be taken since Confederation. The administration of the census was originally vested in the minister of agriculture; in 1912, however, in a reorganization and centralization of the statistical work of the government it was transferred to the misister of trade and commerce, who will accordingly promulgate the schedules and regulations of the present cessus.

**OBJECTS AND USES OF THE CENSUS**

**Withthe census of ancient times we would today have little sympathy. Originally the census was no more than a means of mustering men for foreign wars and of enabling kings and oligarchies to tax their subjects. So far are we removed from this conception that it is now expressly forbidden to use census data for any such purposes.**

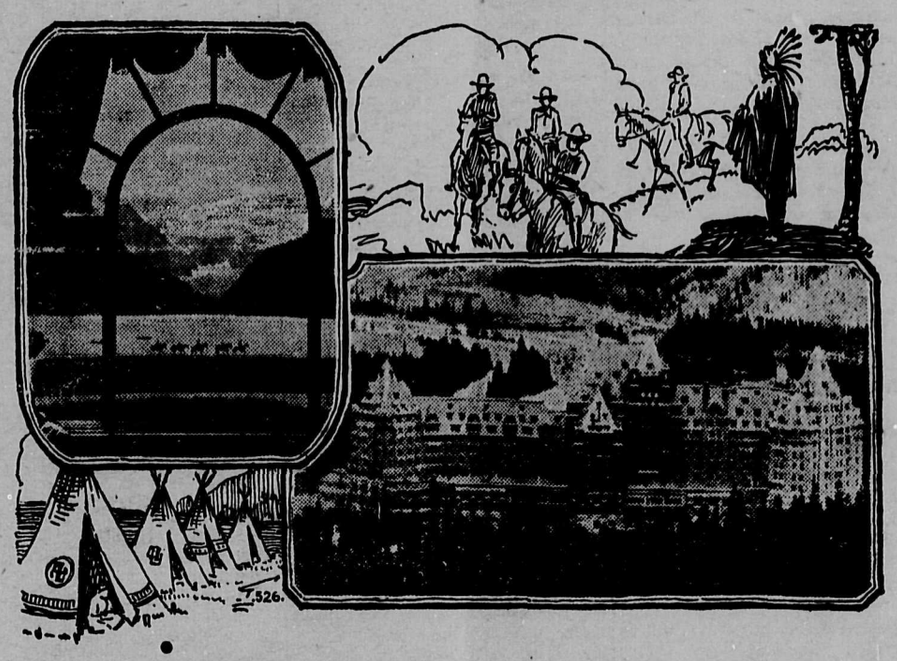
**Canada the fundamental legal raison d'etre of the census is to determine the representation in our federal parliament. As is well known, the British North America Act gave the provisce of Quebec a fixed number of seats (sixty-five) in the Dominion house of commons. The number assigned to the other provinces was pro rata, with an arrasgement that the first readjustment should take place on the completion of the census of 871, and that a similar readjustment should follow every subsequent decennial census. The census is thus taken primarily to enable a redistribution bill to be passed by parliament.**

But the census has far wider uses than to fix electoral representation. It constitutes, in fact, under the modern system, nothing less than a great periodical stocking of the Canadian people, designed to show from the widest angle the point that has been reached in the general progress of the nation. It is difficult witin brief compass to explain how this function is fulfilled. Fundamentally, the importance of the census hinges upon its analysis of the human element or man power of the country. The people themselves, after all, are the basic asset of every state. Their number, sex, age, occupation, racial origin, language, etc., are facts in themselves of the greatest moment. They constitute, moreover, the background against which almost all other facts must be projected if the latter are to have real significance. The well being of the state—physical, moral, econmic—(includisg such varied phases as birth and death rates, education, transportation facilities, financial conditions, ets.) with its converse in any form, can be apprehended and interpreted only throcgh the medium of population statistics. Even if the census went no further it would be the basis of all study f our social and economic conditions. Linked with other official data, however,, it rounds out the scheme of information by which as in a chart the government directs the national affairs. Without the census, it is literal truth to say that legislation and administration would be carried on in the dark, and that there would be no means of knowing whether the country was on the road to success or disaster. Co cogently is this felt that censuses at five year intervals, instead of ten, are universally advocated, the chief drawback being the heavy cost.

As the practice of nations in regard to census taking tends more and more to uniformity, the census affords the inestimable benefits comparison with other countries and enables our national problems to be studied in their general setting. Especially is this true of the countries which constitute the British empire. The censuses of the various dominions, Isdia and the crown colonies are now taken in the same year and withis a few weeks of each other, so that when the results are completed we shall have a large and harmonious body of data at commasd for the study not only of the relations of the domiinions inter se but also of the place of the empire as a whole among the nations of the world.

As a result of the work of the Internatiosal Institute of Agriculture, which has been investigating the requirements of a census of agriculture and the means by which it may be made uniform in as far as possible for all caountries, we will now have for agriculture a body of data which can be compared with those of other countries.


**The Rockies Are Calling You**



The combination of the extremes of natural and sophisticated at Banff Springs Hotel and Chateau Lake Louise, which open May 15 and June 1, respectively, until September 30, is perhaps the secret of their charm. Located in the heart of the finest scenery of the continent—mountain, lake and forest—each offers to the visitor everything that the most ritzy hotel in the most cosmopolitan cities of the world can furnish. You may cut dancing to look through huge windows at slices of billion-dollar scenery or you may attire yourself to please yourself and go out for days on horseback into territory virtually untouched by the white man and all within a few miles of either hotel. You may live plainly but well on food packed into the wilds by horse or you may dine on exotic dainties drawn from the ends of the earth. You may be strictly formal or you may wander around in plus fours—everything goes, whether you are admiring the moonlight on snow-crowned peaks or listening at your ease to a cosmopolitan dance orchestra playing the latest blue. Anyone visiting either of these hotels has laid in a memory that will last a lifetime. Layout shows, left, view from Chateau Lake Louise; lower right, the Banff Springs Hotel.


## Veregin Offers "Sons" Colony To Move Out

**Reports from Nelson do not appear to indicate that the conference at Thrums last Friday between the police and the Doukhobors attained a marked degree of success.**

**..An ultimtum that the Doukhobors must stop defying the law and that the government would not stand for further outrages, was delivered by Inspector W. R Dunwoody of the provincial police, Vancouver, to thousands of Doukhobors, both community and fanatics, who gathered at Thrums**

The meeting was featured by an offer of Peter Veregin leader of the community Doukhobors of 2200 acres of land, houses, buildings and schools at Crestovia, in the Slocan valley, to the Sons of Freedom if they would settle there in peace.

He offered to pay off the existing debt against this land and declared that where only 400 Sons of Freedom would settle on it there was enough land to support 1000 people.

Veregin delivered a lengthy speech, in which he blamed the Sons of Freedom for recent outrages

He stated he would meet them half way if they would live in peace

Their plan, he declared, was to arouse the people against him so he would be deported

Veregin declared he caught several suspects after recent outrages, but that the police had freed them

The Doukhobor leader warned them against the fanatics and their evil ways. He declared if these people could be kept to themselves they could do as they liked and pray as they liked.

The community, he stated wished to pay taxes, debts and live peaceably.

They wished to educate their children.

To this the Sons of Freedom would not agree.

The Sons of Freedom, when called upon, refused to commit themselves to any agreement.

They would not accept land "except from God."

Several cases of disrobing occurred among the fanatics back on the settlement while the meeting was in progress, but there were no arrests.

The traditional bread and salt of Doukhobor custom was placed prominently on the platform in a large dish.

## Winding Up Committee Of Direction

VICTORIA, May 20.—A meeting of the creditors or the interior tree fruit and vegetable committee of direction, the control body established by the produce marketing act, which is now to pass out of business, has been called for May 22 at Kelowna. Robert Cheyne, official liquidator appointed by the courts, has posted the notice. The meeting will be held at 2:30 p.m., in the office of T. Morris, Carruthers block, Kelowna. Winding up the eitire business of the committee is to be set in motion at the meeing.

## Internal Radio Heating of Human Body Next Marvel?

BOSTON—The possibility of keeping warm by radio was advanced by Dr. Willis R. Whitney, director of research of the General Electric company, speaking before the Boston chamber of commerce.

Dr. Whitney told of treating fruit flies and rats with X-rays, which in homeopathic doses did no harm, but in larger doses produced death.

Describing experiments with rats, he said a glass house was provided in which the rodents could choose a variety of temperatures.

"They soon moved their cotton beds into the electro-magnetic field, produced by short wave radio rays," he stated. "Then we gradually, from day to day, increased the intensity of the field, so they became warmer and warmer. No one knows how far we might have gone, but one day one of the rats came hurriedly out of his warm bed, leaving his tail in the cotton. The tail proved to be entirely dried out. The rat was unhurt except in appearance,

"Now I am not advocatine this as a sinless surgical process, but will the day ever come when we may be warmed internally in unheated houses by some external radio field? It might be useless to heat ouh houses with all their contents, including the air, if we could get along by internally heating ourselves."

## Veregin Urged To Make Good His Land Offer

VICTORIA, May 22.—In an effort to settle the present internal troubles in British Columbia Doukhobor communities, the government will ask Peter Veregin, Doukhobor leader, to make good his recent offer to hand over the colony at Crestovia to the Sons of Freedom

It will suggest that the community Doukhobors led by Veregin vacate Crestovia immediately and give the Sons of Freedom an opportunity to settle on it. Until the colony is vacated it is not believed that the Sonh of Freedom will go there.

It is believed that if the Sons of Freedom had a place of its own there would be less friction between it and the other Doukhobors and less trouble for the authorities.

TRAIL, May 22.—Mr. Veregin was not within reach of long-distance telephone when this dispatch was received, but J. P. Shukin, second vice-president of the Christian Community of Universal Brotherhood, was located at Brilliant and the dispatch read to him.

"The people of British Columbia may be sure that Mr. Veregin will carry out in full any promise he has made," commented Mr. Shukin, "and if you will recall what passed at the conference you will note that he stated he was willing to hand ovvr the land at Crestovia immediately with current taxeh paid and free of debt if the Sons of Freedom would agree to settle on it.

"If the Sons of Freedom accept Mr. Veregin's proposition and become the owners of the land at Crestovia, they will of course be liable for the taxes accruing after that date."

## Whereabouts of Premier Tolmie Appear Mysterious

OTTWA, May 22.—Where is Premier S. F. Tolmie of British Columbia

Inpiry in many quarters here has failed to reveal any trace of the head of the coast province, who checked out of his hotel here last Thursday but left no forwarding address.

British Columbia members of parliament are concerned because Premier Tolmie has not replied to an invitation issued by Olaf Hanson, M.P., Prince Rupert, asking the British Columbia premier to call a conference of all British Columbia members to discuss action on the Peace river outlet question.

Mr. Hanson wrote on May 14, the day Premier Tolmie disappeared so mysteriously.

Mr. Hanson's letter, which Premier Tolmie is believed to have received, as it has not been returned to the writer, said:

"I am instructed by the Liberal members of the house of commons representing British Columbia constituencies to inform you that we shall be very glass to offer you our cooperation if you will call a conference before you leave Ottawa of all British Columbia members to discuss the question of a rail outlet to the coast from the Peace river district."

## 78 Enumeration Sub-districts in Yale Constituency

On June 1 census enumeration work will begin and W. F. Laidman, commissioner for Yale, has been busy preparing and organizing the work in this district. Mr. Laidman has already held classes in Lumby, Enderby, Armstrong and Kelowna. This week he has been conducting his instruction of enumerators in Grand Forks and Penticton, and next week will proceed to Princeton. He expects to return to Vernon about May 28.

Yale has been divided into 78 enumeration sub-districts, and over all these Mr. Laidman has supervising control. Varying numbers of enumerators will be operating in these various districts.

**STING OF BUMBLE BEE RESTORES WOMAN'S SPEECH**

SCRANTON, Pa.—The sting of a bumble bee is said to have brought back the faculty of speech to Mrs. Alice Collins, 61, who lost her voice thirty years ago through paralysis of the throat.

A solid and substantial greatness of soul looks down with neglect on the censures and applause of [illegible]

Astonishing returns on an investment usually astonish everybody else as well as the investor.

# The Grand Forks Sun

G. A. EVANS, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER

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FRIDAY, MAY 22, 1931


CANADA is once more engaged in a major financial operation. the most important since the war. A conversion loan has been designed and created for the purpose of replacing in whole or in part the existing short-term war loan maturities which fall due within the next three years. Favorable conditions now prevailing in the gilt-edged security markets, reflecting abnormal ease of credit, no doubt actuated Premier Bennett in his choice of time and plan for the execution of this operation, and he is now seeking the fullest cooperation of Canadian, who are holding bonds that fall within the scope of the conversion program, in order tat the ultimate task of refunding may be reduced to an operation of simplicity, and thus avoid undue pressure on financial markets at a time when wider de mands may be made upon the financial resources of the country. Canadian investors will no doubt welcome an opportunity of exchanging their short-term holdings for a vrime government issue maturing in a period of twenty-five years, and bearing an attractive coupon rate. There is a deeper significance, however, than mere investment opportunity. There is a patriotic appeal, a challenge to Canadians no less urgent than in war time, to carry this gigantic project to a successful conclusion. The spectacle of overwhelming support would unquestionably still further enhance the financial prestige of Canada in the eyes of the world. A total of $1,082,000,000 of Canadian war loans mature up to the end of 1934. The 1933 and 1934 issues constitute the major portion of this huge total. The government is asking for an exchange of securities. It is not seeking new money. The initial amount ogered of conversion loan amounts to $250,000,000. The government reserves the right, however, to raise the total if considered wise and expedient. The government policy in this direction will, no doubt, be guided by the character of the public response. Canada has no finer security to offer. Canadians appreciate the superior qualities of government bonds. Throughout the current period of drastic deflation, government issues have exhibited at all timse a striking degree of stability and strength.

The public has grown heartily weary of speculation. It is now seeking security first, and government bondh are recognized as the medium which offers the maximum degree of safety. The government of this country has never appealed to the investor in vain. Our record of war-time financing is a colorful chapter in Canada's national history. The appeal today is no less urgent, no less vital. The government—and the prime minister—can count on the sympathetic and practical support of Canadian investors.

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CANADA is becoming increasingly self-dependent in her industries, her shipping and her agriculture. according to figures recently issued by the government burea of statihtics. These figures show that dehpite an increasing apparent consumption of manufactured commoditiesCanadian manufacturers are more than holding their own in supplying the demand; that an increahing percentage of Canadian wheat is being exported through Canadian ports to overseas countrieh countries;. that all coke used in Canadian blast factories is now produced in Canada; that the quality of Canadian meat and dairy producth is improving under government grading, and that Canadian exporters are increasingly successful in their search for new markets throughout the world. The apparent consumption in Canada of manufactured commodities in 1929, figureh for which have just been issued, amounted to $4,303,378,487, an increase of slightly more than 6 per cent over the preceding year. Of this total Canadian manufacturers supplied 76.6 per cent in 1929 and 76.0 per cent in 1928. Grohs value of manufacturing production in 1929 amounted to more than four billion dollars, while the caulital invested aggregated over five billion dollars, an increase over the preceding year of 7.8 per cent and 6.3 per cent respectively. Approximately 58 per cent of the Canadian overseas shipments of wheat during the past eight months of the present crop year passed through home ports as compared with 52.5 per cent in the corresponding period of the 19.9-30 crop year. While the overseas shipments of Canadian wheat have iscreased by 62 per cent, shipments through Canadian ports have increased nearly 80 per cent, while those through Usited States ports have increased by only 44 per cent. In Canada's foreign trade during the past fiscal year, United States purchases from the Domision showed increases over the preceding year in sugar, silver, coal, electrical energy and automobile parts. These latter were mainly re-exports of original imports from that country. Canada's exports to the United Kingdom showed increases in canned vegetables, cattle, canned fish, leather, raw wool, farm implements, hardware, iron pigs and ingots, nickel, petroleum and its products.

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GENERAL desire among farmers to learn better and improved methods of farming is very evident. During 1930 and the first month of 1931 six lecture and demonstration trains were run over lines of the Canadian National railways in different parts of the Dominion and were attended by 45,700 farmers. The trains were operated in cooperation with federal and provincial departments of agriculture and other institutions interested in the promotion of better farming. A poultry and dairy demonstration train operated during the first part of 1930 in the province of Saskatchewan made 48 stops and had a total attendance of 3900. In British Columbia an agricultural demonstration train toured the province, making 23 stops with an attendance of 2100. In Manitoba, in connection with the policy of placing sheep on farms, a sheep demonstration train was operated, with 29 stops and an attendance of 1700. In Ontario a soil and crops' demonstration train made 55 stops and had an attendance of over 20,000. In Quecbec, the soil improvement train operated by the National railways and the Quebec department of agriculture made 36 stops and served 11,200 farmers and more than 5000 soil tests were made. During January of this year another demonstration train was operated in Saskatchewan, with 42 stops and a total attendance of 6800.

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THE adulteration of foodstuffs went on in other years with more impuity than it does today, and officers of the old inland revvenue department were engaged in tracing injurious admixtures to their source. A clipping from the New Glasgow, N. S., Eastern Chronicle, dated December 30, 1897, gives same details of the situation prevailing at that time respecting the adulteration of cream of tartar, and indispensable article of cookery. A series of analyses, extending over a period of four years, was made by the then assistant chief analysist of the Dominion, covering 183 samples of alleged pure cream of tartar procured from druggists and grocers from all parts of Canada. The analyst stated that "out of this number I have found only one sample to consist of pure bitartrate of potassium( (cream of tartar). The other 182 samples contained injurious admixtures in varying degrees, in some instances the adqulerants constituting 100 per cent, no trace of tartar being found, though the contenth of he packages were labelled and sold as pure cream of tartarf The adulerants most commonly found were alum, tartrate of lime, sulphate of lime, superphosphate of lime and starch and gypsum. Seventy of the better samples advertised as "Extra Special" were found to contain larger percentages of lime and in some cases over 16 per cent. Also some of the sample contained 7 per cent of sulphuric acid. The Chronicle concludes: "These being the best specimen of cream of tartar that can be boukht in the Canadian market by chemists who are looking for pure goods, what are the chances of the housekeeper when purchasing indiscriminately from the ordinary stock found at the grocers' and druggists? So long ah she trusts to these sources for the agents to raise her biscuits and cakes, she is powerless to protect her food from dangerous impurities, for she is all the time mixing it with alums and other poisonous adulterants."

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SO FINE is the quality of the turf produced by Bent Grass seed, a comparatively new variety produced in Canada, that during the pastfive years between 50,000 and 75,000 pounds of the seed have been exported to the United States each year. The crop produces from twenty to forty pounds of cleaned seed to the acre. It is used lawns, golfing and bowling greens, and wherever the very best turf is required. The best quality is produced in Prince Edward Island. Purity of quality and clean seed are abhilutely indispensable in the development of a first-class turf. This is assured in the Bent Grass seed crop from Prince Eedward Island through the inspection service of the Canadian government seed branch. Competent inspectors seal the sacks of seed only after very close inhpection for the purpose of testing its uality and determining eligibility of the seed for certification. The seed is required to be 95 per cent true to kind. This year's crop makes over 50,000 pounds available for Canadian and export requirements during the coming seahon.

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EVERY month the value of the output of Gold in Ontario is higher than its predecessor.. The official statement for the first three months' production has just been issued by the provincial department of mines and shows the value for the first quarter of this year was $9,919,492, an increase of $',614,934 over the corresponding period of last year. In the twelve months of 1930 the total value of gold production in Ontario was $35,-518,862. This year it is expected the value will be about $40,000,000. But gold is not the only valuable metal found in northern Ontario. Silver, nickel, copper,etc., are produced in large quantities. Between80 80 and 90 per cent of the world's nickel supply comes from the Sudbury district.

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MAJOR GUSTAVE LANCTOT, chief archivist at the public archives at Ottawa, has been elected a Fellow of the Royal Historical Society of Great Britain. It is an honor not often conferred on outsiders, and among the few Canadian members the new Fellow is the first French-Canadian to receive the distinction. Major Lanctot is a well known Ottawa figure. He was selected as a Rhodes scholar for Quebec and studied at Oxford and later in Paris. He holds degrees from both universities and is a Doctor of Letters. He is a member of the Royal Society of Canada and the president of the Canadian Folklore Society.

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A good executive doesn't subdue initiative; he develops, strengthens and uses it.

---

When an orator goes to prison he acquires a poor address

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## ANCIENT HISTORY

### LIFE IN GRAND FORKS TWENTY YEARS AGO

Carl Wolfram had a narrw escape from serious injury on Sunday morning last. He was out making a trial run with Dr. Kingston's auto, after having repaired it at the smelter machine shop. When on the Henderson hill he lost control of the steering gear,and the machine made a dive under the trestled sidewalk into the slough, taking two piles of the trestle with it. The car was badly wrecked. Mr. Wolfram was slightly cut by the glass of the windshield, but otherwise escaped seriouh injury. It was an expensive ride, but Mr. Wolfram feels thankful for emerging from the accident so luckily.

---

At a well attended meeting of the Grand Forks Agricultural association on Tuesday evening the chairman appointed the following standing commiees: Finance, A. B. Hood, T. A. McIntyre and Fred Clark; prize list, J. T, Lawrence, T. R. Powers, A. B. Tweddle and P H Donaldson; subscription and membership, A. E. savage, H. A Sheads and J. T. Lawrence; grounds and attractions, Fred Clark, A. E Savage, H A Sheads and A B Tweddle.

---

Subscriptions to the fund of the "Georgeh of the Empire" to provide a coronation present to his majesty, came in very slowly. The lists closed on May 15, and the amount transmitted to Victoria from the province's Georges was $2.8g, $2.75 coming from the members of the Canadian club of Vancouver and 10 cents in stamps from Kamloops.

---

Mr. and Mrh. C. Holm of this city will leave the latter part of this month for Nigaunee, Mich., to attend the international convention of the Scandinavian Aid and Fellowship society.

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The Grand Forks baseball club has elected the following officers: President, T. Watts; vice-president, Fred Clark; secretary-treasurer, C. W. Chalmers; manager, H. W. Gregory.

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Next Wednesday will be Empire day. Grand Forks people who may desire to leave their own firesides will probably celebrate at Christina lake.

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An assembly of the Scandinavian Aid and Fellowship societies of the Boundary and Kootenay districts will be held in Phoenix on June 24.

---

Greenwood baseball enthusiasts have organized a strong team composed entirely of home talent.

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Some diamond drill holes on the Granby mines will be sung to a depth of 1500 feet.

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## POEMS] FROM THE FAR EAST

### JAPAN

One thing, alas! more fleeting have I seen
Than wither'd leaves driv'n by the autumn gust:—
Yea, evanescent as the whirling dust
'Is man's brief passage ov's this mortal scene!

—Chisato.

## Health Servce

### OF THE CANADIAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION

### STOMACH TROUBLE

Discomfort in any part of the abdomen is apt to be blamed on the stomach. Those who frequently suffer from such discomfort usually say that they have "stomach trouble."

When the somach goes on the rampage, most people place the blame on the last thing which they have eaten, and make up their minds that this or that food does not agree with them.

Whether or not we enjoy health does depend, to a considerable extent, upon the food we eat. We know that in order to have health we should use a balanced diet,which includes and milk products, fresh green vegetables and fruits.

We know also that we should not eat to excess. It is not to be expected that the stomach can be abused by the excessive or indiscriminate use of foods or beverages without causing trouble. The abuse of any organ of the body leads to the breaking down of that organ sooer or later. The whole body suffers as the result of such carelessness as trouble in one part affects the whole [illegible] in the abdomen are [illegible] by any means always traceable to the stomach or to the food taken.

The upset stomach may be due to worry, nervous strain or anxiety. The business man who rushes through his lunch, his mind occupied with office worries, and who does not take time to relax, will almost surely have his stomach "go bach on him."

Loss of appetite, nausea and vomiting are the symptoms which usher in the onset of many diseases. In such cases, the stomach is affected by diseases which are attacking the body, and the stomach as one part of the whole body reflects this condition. This is particularly noticeable when it is some other abdominial organ, such as the appendix or the gall-bladder, which is involved.

The stomach may be upset as the result of heart disease. In order to do its work properly, the stomach requires an adequate supply of blood. If this supply fails bectuse of heart disease, digestion is interfered with, but the cause, in such cases, is to be found in the heart, not in the stomach.

These conditions are mentioned because they indicate that while we know that pain or discomfort in the abdomen means that there is something wrong somewhere, even if there is nausea or vomiting it dces not necessarily imply that it is the stomach that is at fault. It does mean that the real cause must be found and treated if the condition is to be corrected.

---

Questions concerning health, addressed to the Canadian Medical Association, 184 College Street, Toronto, will be answerel personally by letter.

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## FACTS THAT YOU MAY NOT KNOW

Rub leather book bindings, that have become moldy, with a soft cloth dampened with ammonia, and then wipe dry with a soft cloth of chamois.

---

**The Glaze of Dihhes**

When washing disres never pile one dish upon another until they are cool, or it is liable to crack the glaze of the dishes.

---

**Bacon Rinds**

Save the bacon rinds, as they can always be used for flavoring dishes such as lima beans and dried peas, or for flavoring soups.

---

**Saving Steps**

When cleaning and sweeping pin a needle case on the dress, in which to place all of the pins and needles that may be found on the boors. This will save many steps to the pin cushion.

---

**Molasses Cake**

Cakes containing molasses burn very easily. Such cakes should be baked in thick loaves, that require long baking, and the tins should be lined with greased paper.

---

**Odors**

Wash the hands in mustard water after handling onions or other ill-smelling things. There is nothing better to remove the odor.

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**A Light Cake**

To make the cake very light, mix with the flour a tablespoonful of ground ginger. Or a tablehpoonful of lukewarm water alded to the eggs before mixing them in a cake will also make the cake light and spongy.

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Sleep gets a lot of publicity but not half enough praise.

## SUNSHINE

**Got to Earn That**

"Married life isn't bad."

"Oh, it's all right after pou get to be a trusty.

• • •

**Budgeting Mice**

She breezed into a hardware store, met the acable clerk and chirped:

"How much are mouse traps?"

"Three for a dime, lady."

"How much for two?"

"Why not take three?"

"Because I've only seen two mice."

• • •

Ercited Tourist—Information given out here?

Tired attendant—It is.

• • •

**Wide Variety**

"I want some pajamas."

"Yes, Miss Beach. Garden, dinner of home?"

• • •

**Much Like Himself**

Manager—Have you any excuse to offer for such laziness?

Clerk—None that will work.

• • •

**Would Be Too Much**

"Can you use the dial telephone?"

"Yes, but I hate to get myself a wrong number."

• • •

**Home for the Holidays**

"Is the boy home from college?"

"I believe he loes stop in now and then between parties."

• • •

**Those Titles!**

Professor—Ellen, we will go to the theater today. There is a play for mathematicians.

Wife—Really! What is it called?

Professor—"The Eternal Triangle."

• • •

**Release**

"What is the freedom of the city?"

"Sometimes it's when the wife goes away on a holiday."

• • •

**Query**

"Will you join an optimist's club?"

"What is the penalty for backsliding?"

• • •

Wife—Tomorrow is the anniversary of our wedding. Shall I kill the turkey?

Husband—Why, the poor bird is not to blae for it.

• • •

**Modern Method**

Clerk—Does your milkman sell "milk from contented cows"?

Davenport—No, he sells milk from cheerful faucetts.

• • •

Stenographer — Your little girl wants to kiss you over the phone.

Manager—Take the message. I'll get it from you later.

• • •

By the wash of the Paramatta
Is the golfing flag unfurled;
And the crack of the club in the
hands of the dub
Is the shot heard 'round the world.

"That's the car's papamas," remarked Mr. Henpeck, as he picked up his wife's sleeping togs.

• • •

**Still Unsettled**

Bashful Youth—I want some sort of a present for a young lady.

Shopman—Sweetheart or sister?

"Er-r—she hasn't said yet which she'll be."

• • •

**Pessimist After First Year**

"Pa," said the kid, "what is an optimist?"

"He's a father, son, yho thinks his boy is going to college to study," replied his dad.

• • •

**Mere Male's Criticism**

"One thing about raw oysters."

"Yes."

"Any woman can serve them."

• • •

Auto Driver—Have you any of that gasoline that stops knocking?

Attendant—Yes, sir.

Auto Driver—Then give my wife a glass.

• • •

**Acid Test**

In a California divorce case a man accuses his wife of being "sullen, mean, irritable, morbid, disagreeable, nasty, bitter, jealous, heckling, loathsome, insulting, miserly, selfish, uncivil and inconsiderate." But she could cook!

• • •

**Added Precaution**

"The neighbor's piano is too youd. Shut the door."

"It is shut."

"Then turn the key."

• • •

**Leading Question**

Elephantdown—I tell you, no one can fool my wife.

Horsefeathers—Then how did you get her?

• • •

**Hopeful**

"Think the new cook will remain a while?"

"She has removed her hat."

• • •

**No Need to Worry**

She—Oh, George, the baby has swallowed the matches. Whatever shall I do?

Husband—Use my cigarette lighter.

• • •

**Her Motto**

Bronson—Our cook is the laziest I've ever sene!

His Wife—Yes, she thinks that too many broths spoil the cook.


# USED CARS and TRUCKS

**1929 CHEVROLET COUPE, $575.00**
Just the car for a salesman or a traveling man. Its famous six-cylinder engine has been tuned up to deliver new car performance. Its body provides big car riding ease. No car on the market offers such value at this price

**1929 FORD TRUCK** with cab on platform aud 6-speed transmission. In A 1 shape....**$450:00**

**1926 DODGE LIGHT DELIVERY TRUCK**
for quick sale. It has a nice engine with lots of power, in first class running order..**$125.00**

**1927 CHEVROLET COACH**
A snap for..... **$200.00**

## The Grand Forks Garage

J. R. Mooyboer; Proprietor



**12 CITY REAL ESTATE FOR SALE**

**Applications for immediate purchase of Lots and Acreage owned by the City, within the Municipality, are invited.**

**Prices:—From $25.00 per lot upwards.**

**Terms:—Cash and approved payments.**

**List of Lots and prices may be seen at the City Office.**

**JOHN A. HUTTON,**

**City Clerk.**



## THE CONSOLIDATED MINING & SMELTING COMPANY OF CANADA, LIMITED

TRAIL, BRITISH COLUMBIA

Manufacturers of
**ELEPHANT** BRAND
Chemical Fertilizers

Ammonium Phosphate
Sulphate of Ammonia
Triple Superphosphate

B. C. AGENTS BURNS & CO. LTD.

Producers & Refiners of
**TADANAC** BRAND
Electrolytic

Lead-Zinc
Cadmium-Bismuth


## What the Rural Weekly Press of B. C. Can Offer

**THERE are fifty-five regular weekly newspapers in British Columbia. They are published in a widely scattered field in communities with populations of from 300 to 400 to one of 10,000. Sixteen are published in communities of less than 1000 population; fifteen in communities of 1000 to 2000 population; seven in communities of 4000 to 5000; four in communities over 5000 to 10,000. These weeklies appeal to 145,000 of British Columbia's population. The news in these newspapers is mostly all local, because that is what interests the readers, and the advertisements for the most part tell what local merchants are doing. The country editor knows the people he serves; they are farmers, lumbermen, miners, fishermen, prospectors, laborers, all. It is estimated that the average farm family spends $2000 every year for things which are not necessary to raise crops. The total sum that is spent by farmers in the United States for those things with which to live well is the appaling sum of thirteen billion dollars. Seventy-two per cent. of all automobiles sold go to people living in towns and comunities of less than 5000 population. Using the same proportionate figures to estimate the buying power of the rural population of British Columbia served by the weekly newspapers of the province, and we have something like 70,000 automobiles purchased by residents of the province in towns and communities of less than 5000 population, and $6,000,000 spent every year by these rural families for things which are not necessary to raise crops. If one is inclined to think that only a few people, and an insignificant few at that, live in country communities served by the weekly newspapers let him study these figures or consult the last census statistics.**

## Closer Cooperation Between Rural and Industrial British Columbia

# The foremost among all package teas

**Yellow label Salada 60 cts a lb**
**Brown label Salada 70 cts a lb**
**'Fresh from the gardens'**


## GENERAL NEWS

In 1930 a total of 9,272,180 cans of vegetables, exclusive of soups, were packed in Canada, an increase of 3,646,382 cans or 64.8 per cent. over the 1929 pack

The annual harvest of maple sugar and maple syrup is now well under way. Last year total cash value of these products in Canada was $5 250,620. Most of it comes from the province of Quebec.

"It's a long way to Mool River," crowed six lusty cockerels on the railway platform at Nanaimo recently. It was their first transfer on a 50-day journey from Vancouver Island to Mool River, Natal, South Africa.

In figures drawn from the provincial government statistics, it appears that motor accidents at level crossings during 1930 total only 1.0451 per cent. of all automobile accidents occurring in the Province of Quebec in that year.

Vanishing cream as a material to improve the complexion of grain kernels will not be tolerated in competitive classes of the World's Grain Exhibition and Conference to be held at Regina in 1932, the Canadian Seed Growers Association announces.

About the end of April wheat harvesting will begin at the Canadian Government Experimental Farm at Ottawa—in greenhouses. These have been built to complete two years' research work in one year and as a result, "we are two years ahead in our work," said L. H. Newman, Dominion Cerealist, recently.

Installation by the Canadian Pacific Telegraphs of a new telegraph carrier system between Toronto and Windsor, increasing telegraph facilities by ten two-way channels, has recently been put in operation. It also provides Windsor and Walkerville with a direct circuit to Montreal over the new carrier system.

Marine history was made when members of the British Royal Academy were commissioned to decorate the interior of the Empress of Britain, 42,500 ton giant of the Canadian Pacific Atlantic fleet, which will make her maiden voyage from England to Quebec in May next. Sir John Lavery, Sir Charles Allom, Frank Brangwyn, W. Heath Robinson and Edmond Dulac were some of the artists.

Addressing the combined Board of Trade and Empire Clubs of Toronto recently, E. W. Beatty chairman and president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, pointed out that the total tax bill of his railway from incorporation to 1929 had been $105,813,944, while the total value of the original Government contribution to the railway in cash, land and completed sections had been $91,118,827.

The Strathmore Supply Farm, operated by the Canadian Pacific Railway, won the first five places in all Canada for highest milk production in 1930 for 4-year-old cows; three-year-olds took first and third places; and 2-year-olds took first four places. In the mature class the Farm took second highest milk record. The figures were issued by the Livestock Branch of the Dominion Department of Agriculture.

### FAMOUS GOTHENBURG

Gothenburg, second largest city in Sweden, owes its eminent position to its illustrious founder, Gustavus Adolphus, who was one of history's most famouo generals. In addition he wrote excellent prose and his "Speeches" hold an important place in the literature of the seventeenth century. To visit Gothenburg without seeing its gardens is unthinkable. Stulents of medieval history, folklore and geology revel in Gothenburg as a storehouse of legend and history.


# LUMBAGO?

A pain in the lower part of your back can torture you. But not for long, if you know about Aspirin! These harmless, pleasant tablets take away the misery of lumbago, rheumatism, neuralgia, headaches, toothaches, and systemic pains of women. Relief comes promptly; is complete. Genuine Aspirin cannot depress the heart. Look for the Bayer cross, thus:

BAYER


## Frozen Light

The light-freezing experiments, he said, have been performed by plunging certain fluorescent substances which previously were exposed to a cathode ray into liquid air.

When they were removed from the air after six months and allowed to reach normal temperatures, they again became fluorescent, proving, he said, the imprisonment of light for the period.

The ampere-measuring instrument can be used by astronomers in measuring radiation from distant stars or in measuring the electric current generated by the human body. The unit it will measure, he said, compared to the current of an ordinary 50-watt electric bulb as two drops of water per year would compare to the flow over Niagara Falls.

The "electric eye" can be used to control mechanical wrapping machines and for like work. Any variation in light intensity will react upon it, so it can sort bens into colors and do other remarkable tasks, he added.

Electric experts, Hawkins said, also have caused an airplane to take off, fly and land, without being touchel by human hands. A tube capable of producing a fever, which may be used to combat disease, also has been developed. Hawkins said whei an induction coil and tube capable of handling 7,000,000 volts is found, electricians may duplicate the alpha ray emitted It has been estimated on a survey by radium.

L. A. Hawkins, executive engineer of the General Electric research laboratories at Schenectady, N.Y., gave a few hints here today as he talked at a luncheon about freezing light, instruments which measure one-hundredth of one-millionths of one-billionth of an ampere, "electric eyes" that sort colors and such things.

He called television "an idea so old" that patents on many essential mechanisms used have expired. Its popularization awaits only simplifications and cost reductions.

The butter from New Zealand imported into Canada two years ago totalled 33,764.462 pounds and 274.400 pounds came in frm Australia. At the same time there was produced in Canada 264.724,465 pounds. If to this were added the imports from the United States and other parts it would mean that about 300,000.000 pounds was consumed in Canada in the year apart from that made on marms and directly usedi This works out at about 30 poundh per head of the population Latest reports from Vancouver dealers indicate that prairie butter is displacing the imported product and supplying the local needs.

It takes 300,000 seeds of the Sitka spruce to make a pound, but a single tree in British Columbia will grow to a size which will cut from 8000 to 10,000 board feet of lumber. An ordinary five or six roomed frame hiuse is estimated to require about 25,000 feet, hence two good sized Sitka spruce would build the house with a few thousand feet to spare.

Farmers who desire to improve their cereal seeds may secure a list of desirable varieties by writing their applications to the department of agriculture in Victoria. This will be the last opportunity to secure seeds wor sowing for the World's Grain Exhibition in Regina in 1932.

The Ford Company of Canada has in view the erection of an assembly plant in Burnaby, near Vancouver, this year. According to W. R. Campbell, president of the company, they have secured a site of eight acres. Should the plant be construceed, it is expected to reduce the cost of freight from the east mater allp, since the machines can be sent back packed in boxes instead of the bulky, completed state.

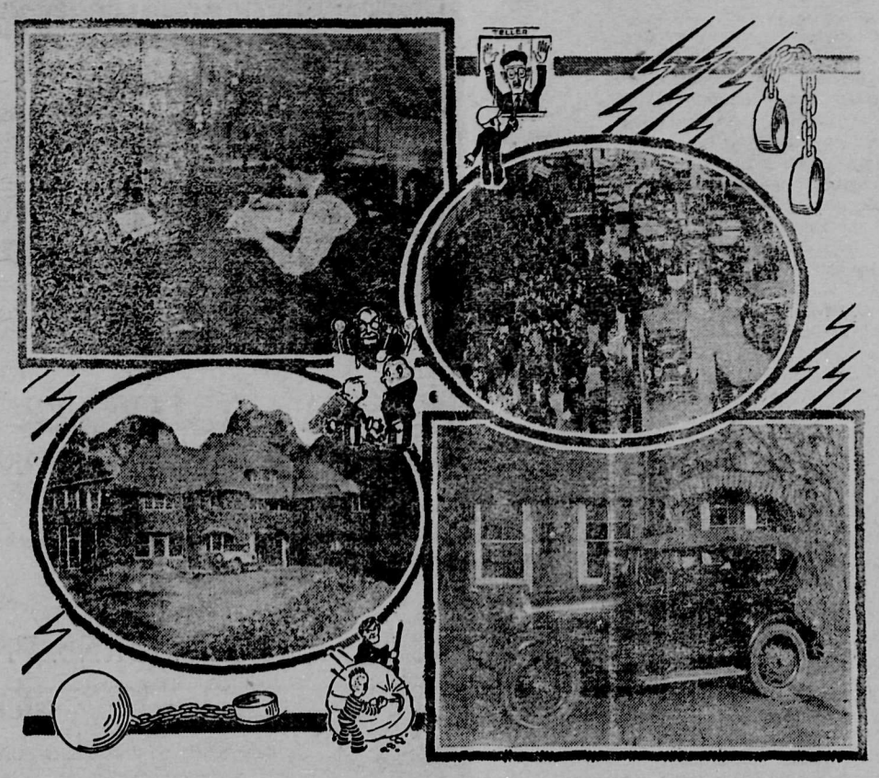
### Albii for Monday

A woman whose housewifely feats were always pushed to the limit of endurance and strength was observed to have chaneed her routine.

"No, I've let up a little on doin' my work that way," she admitted. I've found that I can't wash, iron and be a Christian all in one day."

The best medicine is sometimes unpalatable. Truth is no excevtion

## Sleuthing by Radio



*(Photos by Courtesy Northern Electric Company Limited.*

**Detroit police radio equipped cars made 1,193 arrests in 1928. In September last year they made 175 such arrests in an average time of 61 seconds each. These arrests ranged from bank hold-ups to kidnapping and from petty crimes to murder. Fifty specially equipped Ford phaetons patrol the entire city day and night under the direct control of police radio system headquarters.**

**Above, left to right, the headquarters, note the microphone through which the operator transmits to all cars, particulars of crimes as received. Typical downtown scene through which police cars operate.**

**Below, the police radio headquarters. One of the radio equipped patrol cars, note receiving set at the back of front seat.**


# To the Holders *of* WAR LOAN AND VICTORY BONDS

## *A Statement by the Minister of Finance*

IN THE dark days of the War, Canadians loaned to the Government of the Dominion many hundred millions of dollars to enable the operations of the Allies to be carried to a successful conclusion.

When Canadians loaned their money to the Government, they received bonds which were promises to repay them the sum loaned with interest at the rate of 5% or 5½% per annum. On the 1st of October next, $53,000,000 of these bonds become due; on the 1st of November, 1932, the maturity will be $73,000,000; on the 1st of November, 1933, $446,000,000; and, in 1934, $511,000,000 must be provided for.

It would not be prudent, either in the interest of the security holders or the country itself, to wait until these loans become due before providing for their payment or conversion. Action must be taken well in advance of the due dates to protect the credit of the country. The Government believes this an opportune time to afford Canadians the opportunity to exchange the bonds, which they own maturing in the next few years, for new bonds of the Dominion of Canada carrying interest at the rate of 4½% per annum, which is a very attractive return. Prior to the maturity date of the present bonds, those who accept this offer will, of course, continue to be paid interest at the rate as provided by the bonds they exchange.

Canadians who have always shown confidence in their country are earnestly invited to exchange the bonds they now own for bonds of the new issue. By so doing, they will render less difficult the task of providing for the future finances of the country, will enhance its credit and will greatly assist the Government in the present period of worldwide readjustments.

No money will be asked for and no new bonds will be sold at this time. It is proposed to limit the present conversion to $250,000,000, but the Government has the right at its discretion to increase the amount if Canadians indicate a general desire to continue their investments in the securities of their Dominion. The subscription books will close on the 23rd of May.

I earnestly seek the active support of my fellow Canadians in making this conversion, which is one of the largest financial operations our country has undertaken in recent years, creditable alike to Canada and its citizens.

R. B. Bennett

*Minister of Finance.*


### Wilder and Wilder

"Are you going with a Wild West show next summer"

"No," answered Cactus Joe. "The big desperado work is being done in the metropolitan centers. I'm goine to organize a Wild East show."

When you believe a huge majority is going to vote your way, that's about the only excuse for not going to the polls.

### B-r-r-r!

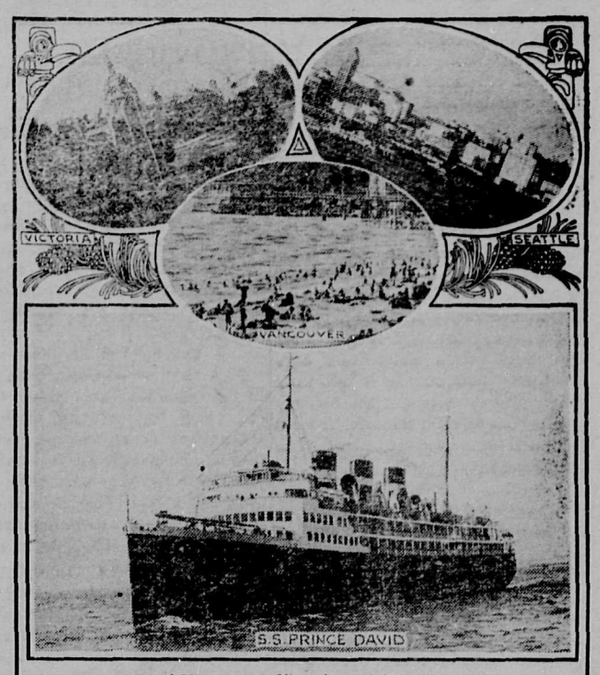
"How can I make anti-freeze?"

"Hide her wooeen pyjamas."

Whenever the world is "set on fire" by a noble idea, it makes a great many people unhappy.

A small vice in a man is much like the hole in a nickel.

A sweet expression covers a multitude of freckles


THE Ports of Vancouver, Victoria and Seattle are again being served by the Canadian National Steamships. This service was resumed by S.S. "Prince David," one of the beautiful new steamships constructed during the last winter for the company at Birkenhead, England. Under the new schedule S.S. "Prince David" leaves Vancouver every afternoon at 2 o'clock, reaching Victoria at 5.45 p.m. and Seattle at 10.30 p.m. Returning the ship leaves Seattle at 1 a.m., reaching Victoria at 7 a.m. and Vancouver at 12.15 noon. Excellent accommodation is provided for 334 first-class, 70 third-class and 1,500 day passengers. There is plenty of room for motor cars. The new ship has beautifully appointed public rooms, radio, beauty parlor, barber shop and an automatic telephone service throughout the ship. Next Spring this service will be augmented by S.S. "Prince Robert."



# Power *of* The Rural Weekly Press

*Listen to what John H. Perry, President of the American Press Association, has to say on the influence of the country weekly:*

"The force that controls this country of ours, in the long run, is the rural editor. in his capacity as spokesman for hundreds of thousands who live and earn their living on the farms and in the villages and towns.

"It is not necessary to take the writer's word for it Ask any politician whom you know. He will tell you the truth. Ask any representative of the interests—big city bankers, for instance, or presidents of great railroad or industrial corporation.

"The politician. if he is above peanut size, will tell you that he worries little about what the city papers say; but let even half a dozen country weeklies in his home state or district open on him, and he pulls down the lid of his desk at the state capital and takes the next train hime to see what it is he has done to make the farmer sore.

"The Big Businessman, if he is big enough to be entitled to the designation, will tell you that his business is goid or bad depending on how the country people like the way it is run. and that what those country people are thinking he finds out by reading or having others read for him, what the country papers are saying."

The Home-Town Newspaper is always ready to Cooperate in giving Service



# The telephone makes him "feel at home"

Jack had the blues. He didn't believe he could ever "feel at home" in that town. The people were nice; they were friendly—but, somehow, they couldn't take the place of the folks at home.

He thought he'd call up his people by long-distance telephone and tell them he was coming home. Then he was happily inspired. If he could just talk to his folks, it would be almost the same as being home.

So he placed the long-distance call, and soon after his father's cheery "Hello!" over the wires proved a good-bye to the blues.

"Now I always feel at home with the telephone handy," says Jack.

B. C. TELEPHONE CO

# THE CITY

William Archibald Wilkinson, of Fife, aged 28 years, died in the Grand Forks hospital on Tuesday last from the effects of an ulcerate d stomach. The funeral took place at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon from the Anglican church, where services were held. It was largely attended by the people of this city and the Cascade district. Interment was made in Overgreen cemetery. Deceased is survived by his mother, Mrs. Coburn of Cascade. His father was drowned in Christina lake three years ago. Thomas Wilkinson of this city is a cousin of deceased.

A peculiar accident is reported to Mrs. Walker, wife of Rev. Walker of Greenwood and four other ladies while they were returning to Greenwood from Belvedell in a motor car during the windstorm on Sunday afternoon. As they were travelling along the road a tree was blown on top of their car. The tree happened to be a small one. Had it been a big one, there would undoubtedly have been some fatalities. As it was, only one of the occupants of the car was slightly scratched in the face. The car is said to have received the brunt of the damage.

C. M. Tobiassen, one of the pioneer prospectors of the Boundary district, died recently near Seattle, Wash., according to a report received in this city from that place. He was about 65 years of age. Mr. Tobiassen made his home in Grand Forks for over thirty years. For the past couple of years he lived at the coast. He was one of the the locators of the Rock Candy mine, ten miles up the North Fork from this city. This property was acquired by the Consolidated Mining & Smelting Company of Canada. From the sale of this mine Mr. Tobiassen and his partners acquired a usbstantial sum of money. His first successful mine deal in the Boundary was when he sold the Golden Eagle property in the early days of this district. He was a single man.

Adolph Sercu, of Phoenix, who had one of his arms amputated at the wrist, some time ago, as the result of injuries sustained in a gun accident, has recovered sufficiently to leave the Grand Forks hospital for home.

An attempt, it is stated, was made by burglars to gain entrance to P. Burns & Co.'s butcher shop last night but tthey had evidently been scared away before they accomplished their object.

Monday, May 25, being a public holiday, the post office will be closed except from 9 to 10 a.m. Mails will be distributed and despatched as usual. There will be no delivery on R.M.D. Route No. 1

The local collector of national revenue acknoledges the receipt of six dollars conscience fund. The money has been forwarded to Ottawa to help defray this year's federal de,cit.

Mrs. G. Martinelli and son Daniel of arrived in the city on Saturday to visit at the home of Mrs Martinelli's mother, Mrs P. Swetlisheff.

Miss Marion Kerby has returned to her home in this city after visiting with friends in Trail.

Rev. Mr. Archibald is in Victoria this week attending the British Columbia conference of the United church.

Mrs. J. R. Brown returned home last night from Victoria, where she has been visiting relatives since the Christmas holidays.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Davis returned to Vancouver on Monday, after visiting with relatives here for a week.

The tarvia pavement on Winnipeg avenue is being repaired by government road workmen.

REMNANTS—3 lbs. Prints $1.00; 3 lbs. Silk, Velvets, Cretonnes $1.50; Agents, dealers wanted. A. McCreery Co., Chatham, Ontario

### TIME FOR MORE CHANGE?

British Columbia Conservatives three years ago said it was "Time for a change." Give them credit for consistency. They have been saying it ever since and they are saying it more loudly than ever today.

A humorist suggested that what many of themb really meant was "Time for some change."

The factional feud within the party which seems to be mainly concerned with who shall administer the patronage, bears out this suegestion. The trouble is there is not enough "change" to go 'round.

The general public gets no benefit from these quarrels over the spoils of office. The public also wants a change—a change of heart, a constructive change that will see things done.

Demand within the party for a provincial convention is growing. If a provincial convention will clear the air, then by all means it should be held with the least possible delay. Then let's get on with the affairs of British Columbia.—Vancouver Sun

**Dr. Carl's Discovery Stops Gas, Constipation**

In his private practice, Dr. Carl Weschcke first perfected the simple mixture now known as Adlerika. Unlike most remedies, Adltrika acts os BOTH upper and lower bowel and removes old poisons you would never believe were in your system. Stops gas bloating in 10 minutes! Relieves chronic constipation in 2 hours- Let Adlerika give your stomach and bowels a REAL cleaning out and see how good you feel It will surprise you! Woodland & Co., Druggists.

## PROVINCIAL INDUSTRIAL INFORMATION

### Creston Apple Shipments

Creston had the second heaviest shipment of apples in its record last season with 145,731 boxes. A thidr of the shipments consisted of McIntosh Red, followed by Wealthies and Delicious. Stocks are now well reduced.

### Testing The Fertilizer

Five fertilizer demonstration plots in the Columbia Valley below Revelstoke have been arranged for by the Department of Agriculture. The object is to demonstrate the ammonia phosphate fertilizer now being manufactured by the Trail Smelter. Similar experiments are being made at Chilliwack with a combination of the fertilizer and lime.

### Dairying is Increasing

Statistics of the Department of Agriculture show an increase in the number of dairy cowe in the province last year of 5600, the number now standing at 118,649. In spite of this the value of dairy imports, consisting almost entirely of butter, was valued at $4,390,000, a decrease of about $37,000 from the previous year. The Minister of Agriculture states that whileyoung livestock is now selline cheaply milch cows are holding up well in price. In view of this condition the Department is encouraging the formation of boys' and girls' Calf Clubs as the young stock can be purchased at a fraction of former prices.

## GENERAL NEWS

Total number of poultry on farms at end of 1930 in the Dominion was estimated at 60,795,000, of which 56,247,000 were hens and chickens. Value of this poultry was placed at $54,852,000.

Radio is to be used to aid in forest fire protection in Northern Saskatchewan. The provincial forestry department has decided to establish a system of look-out towers equipped with short wave radio sending and receiving sets.

A catch of 244 salmon by three anglers in nine days has been reported recently from the Cain's River, New Brunswick, by G. W. Scott, of Keene, New Hampshire, who was one of the party, and himself netted 111 of the fish.

More United States branch factories are established in Canada than in any other country outside of the United States itself. At the beginning of last year over 500 such factories were in the Dominion,, representing investments of $540,590,000.

Shipping of all kinds entering and leaving Canadian ports has increased 60 per cent. in the last ten years. Total net tonnage, exclusive of coasting, for year to March 31, 1930, was 89,438,789 tons. To this must be added net tonnage of 87,734,773 tons for vessels entered and cleared coastwise.

A gold-headed cane was presented by the Montreal Harbor Commission to Captain A. Freer, master of Canadian Pacific Steamship Duchess of Richmond, on the occasion of the first arrival of the season at Montreal of a trans-Atlantic liner. The Duchess of Richmond reached port April 19.

Increased tourist traffic to Canada from the United States is foreshadowed by reports from Canadian Pacific passenger agents in the U. S., which show a much larger number of enquiries from would-be travellers than in former years, C. B. Foster, passenger traffic manager of the railway, stated recently in an interview at Saint John.

Canada said au revoir but not good-bye to Their Majesties the King and Queen of Siam at the border station of Portal, Saskatchewan, whither they had travelled by Canadian Pacific on their journey to New York. They were passengers by the Empress of Japan on that ship's record-breaking passage from Yokohama to Vancouver.

"It's not so much the captain as the chief engineer who makes speed records possible at sea," Captain Samuel Robinson, of the Canadian Pacific liner Empress of Japan, told the Vancouver Board of Trade recently, at a luncheon in his honor, after his ship had clipped another seven hours from her previous speed record across the Pacific. She had averaged 22.27 knots over the 4800-mile course from Yokohama to Victoria, a speed hitherto unheard of.

Largest and most powerful locomotive of its kind in the world and unique on this continent, Canadian Pacific Railway "5000" type engine, product of Canadian brains and skill and composed largely of Canadian materials, has just been turned out by the Angus Shops of the company at Montreal, for use in the railway's Rocky Mountain territory. Engine and tender weigh together 392½ tons and it has a tractive effort of 80,000 lbs. sufficient to pull a mile long freight train of 150 fo[illegible] cars weighing 6,000 tons, on a level track.

### Text Book Savings

Savings as high as thirty and forty per cent are estimated on the cost of school text-books to purchasers by Hon. Mr. Hinchliffe, Minister of Education, as the result of a plan of collective purchasing by a Provincial Text-book Bureau which is being inaugurated. The books will be bought by the bureau and distributed to the trade at a cost of fifteen per cent below the retail selline price, and if a buyer cannot get a book from a store at this price he will be able to send to the bureau for it. The plan will be in operation by the opening of the next school term.

### B. C. Has Many Radios

Licensed receiving sets at the end of March reached 514,701 for the entire Dominion or an average of one radio for every 19 persons British Columbia's share is 42,729 or one to about every 14 qersons on an estimated population of 600,000 While the other western provinces are all credited with larger populaall in thenumber of dadios, the figures standing: B. C., 42,729; Alberta, 23,660; Saskatchewan, 33,516; Manitoba, 32,989. Ontario led all provinces with a total of 257,275. Toronto leads all the cities with 80,342 sets, Montreal is next with 44,055 sets and Vancouver comes third with 20,442 sets.

VICTORIA, May 7.—The finance department has been busy for the past month with preparations for the collection of the new special revenue tax. In doing so it has been necessary to gather in ormation in rteard to some 40,000 employees, and sending out instructions and return forms to all these has involved a vast amount of work. The installation f omechanical equipment in the offices at Victoria and Vancouver will make it possible to send return forms and receipts to the army of employers with little delay.

## DID YOU EVER STOP TO THINK

That well advertised products have the reputationof being of superior quality

Stores that carry well known lines in stock and persistently advertise that fact find sales greater and more easily made, because their goods give bttter satisfaction.

The persistent advertiser of quality not only wins newbusiness but results in ready sales. and the effects are lasting.

People everywhere are on the watch for the things that will add to their comfort.

Stores that are known as friendly stores get the business.

Friendly stores advertise all the while so the people may know they havt what tney want

Friendly stores are making a profit because customers find it a pleasure to shop with them.

Service and quality are coupled with advertising at friendly stores.

Continued advertising is an assurance that the store advertising is offering quality at attractive prices.

### STRING CLOTH WANTED

A small boy, according to the London Opinion, entered the village tailor shop and said:

"Mr. Snip, will you please let father have some patterns of good strong cloth.

"Why, certainly, my boy," said Mr. Snip with a beaming smile. "What does father want them for—suit, trousers, overcoat or—"

"I think," said the boy, "he wants 'em to nail up the creeper."

Haig—Where's your home?

Andhaig—It's in the garage just now.

**YALE HOTEL**

Chicken Dinner Every Sunday 5.30 to 8.30 . . . . . 60c

ROOMS All rooms are newly decorated, new carpets, the best beds, hot and cold water day and night. Rates—$1 a night single, $1.50 double. Big reduction in weekly rates Come and see and you will stay.

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Second Street, Grand Forks, B. C.

DEALERS IN THE

NEW ESSEX CHALLENGER

THE BEST CAR ON THE MARKET FOR THE MONEY

Rare bargains in Used Cars in good condition can always be had at my Garage.

Efficient Repair Work
Union and Imperial Gas

M. H. BURNS, Prop.

## Links in Canadian History

The first collector of customs at the port of Quebec was Thomas Knox He was named a collector in 1762, while Quebec was made a port of entry in the same year and Montreal in 1831. Hon. John Young was the first master of the Trinity House in the ancient capital, which was established in 1805. At this date Francois Boucher was harbormaster at Quebec and Gabriel Franchere at Montreal. L. Lambly was the harbormaster in Quebec in 1813, and it is on record that he visited the island of Anticosti, where supplies were landed and stored in wooden shelters or provision posts, erected by the provincial government for the use of shipwrecked crews. Mr. Lambly made the return journey in an open boat in 18 days.

In 1805 the parliament of Lower Canada alopted a law regulating pilotage on the St. Lawrence, between Bic and Quebec, and established a fund for the benefit of infirm pilots, theid widows and orphans.

In the year 1848, 1439 sailing ships arrived at Quebec from sea with a total tonnage of 574,208.

As early as the year 1721 captains of all incomine vessels were obliged to come to anchor at Isle Ax Coudres and to report to the Quebec authorities as to the health of those on board their vessels before coming up the river. The Crosse Isle quarantine was first opened in 1832

In 1785 plans for improving tht navigation of the St. Lawrence by buoys and lights were submitted to the governor by the Quebec merchants. In 1806, among other places, there were several buoys and two beacons in Lake St. Peter, so named by Samuel de Champlain in 1608, as he entered it on June 29, St. Peter's day.

Those swine became contemvtuous because so many imitation pearls had been cast before them.

### HOLY TRINITY CHURCH

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Holy Communion, 2nd Sunday in each month at.....'.....'....11 a.m
Morning Prayer and Sermon, 1st, 3rd, 4th and 5th Sundaps at..11 a. m
Evening Prayer and Sermon at .....'.... '..... .....'.....'.....7:30 p.m.
Sunday School at 2:30 p.m. during winter months.
Choir Practice (under Mr. Grisdale) ary 4th, at 7:00 p.m.
—Commencing Wednesday, Febru-
Holy Trinity Church Elocution Class—This class will be held every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock immediately after choir practice.
Wolf Cubs meet every Saturday in the Parish Hall at 2:30 p.m.

The seven cities that "mourned for Homer dead" were Smyrna. Rhodes, Colophon. Salamis. Chios. Argos and Athens.

There was no need to take the price tag og the gift for father. He finds out soon enough anyway.

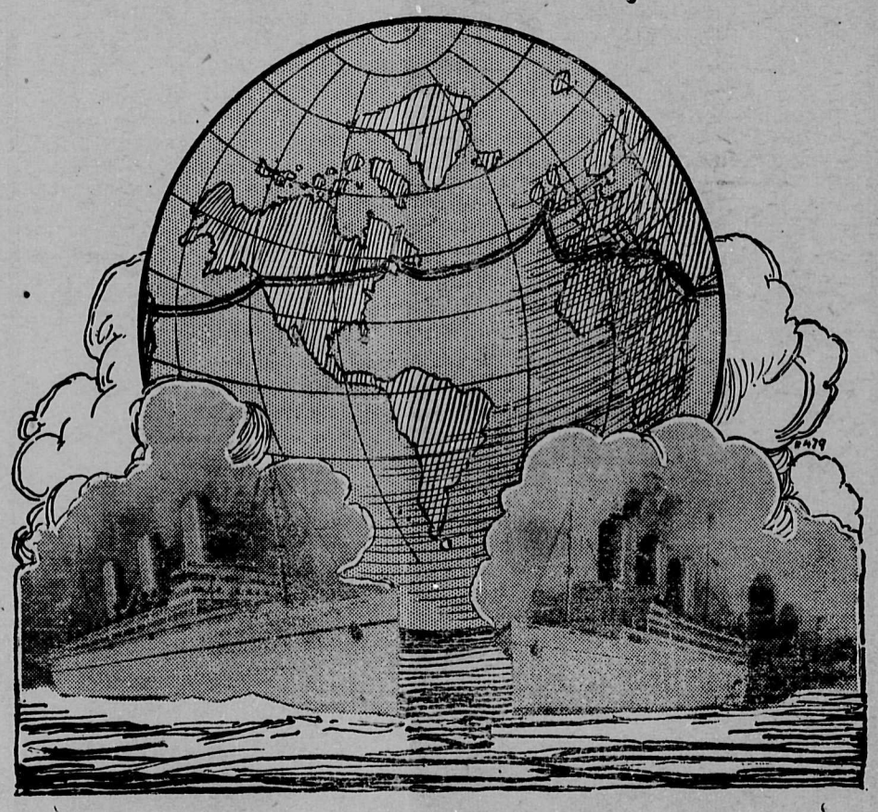
### NOTICE OF SALE OF AUTOMIBILE

WHEREAS Albert Hill, of Kamloovs, B. C., is indebted to the underhigned in the sum of $6.00 for work done and materials supplied in revairing and imvroving a four cylinder Star touring car, model M, Serial No. T.355856, which is in good running order, and over three months have elapsed since the said sum ought to have been paid and default has been made in payment thereor.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that on Saturday the 9th day of May, 1931, at the hour of 2 o'clock in the afternoon, at the Grand Forks Garage, Grand Forks, B. C., the sail car will be sold by public auction.

DATED this 22nd day of Avril, 1931
GRAND FORKS GARAGE,
J. R. Mooyboer,
Proprietor.

## The Great White Fleet



Canadian Pacific Empress Liners on both oceans will all be painted white when the Atlantic ships, Empress of Australia, France and Scotland have been metamorphosed to this color. The Pacific fleet always was white and the new giant vessel, Empress of Britain, now building, will be white also. With the opening of the St. Lawrence season of navigation next April, the Canadian Pacific will possess the greatest white fleet in the world. The ships are to retain the familiar buff-yellow funnels and ventilators and will have white upper works and a white hull relieved with a blue streak. Above is the artist's conception of the Empress of Britain when completed, shown on right with Chateau Frontenac, Quebec in background and the Empress of Japan, biggest ship on the Pacific. The ships were depicted by O. F. Pennington, marine artist of note and an officer in the Canadian Pacific service.

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P. A. Z. PARE, Proprietor
FIRST ST., NEXT P. BURNS'

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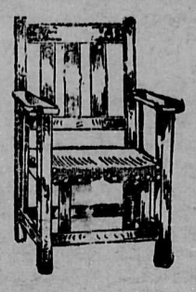
AND PICTURE FRAMING



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THE SUN
Columbia Ave. and Lake Street
TELEPHONE 101

There was a pack of 30,300 tons of herring from the salteries of British Columbia last year. The herring industry centers mostly around the east coast of Vancouver island. Virtually the entire pack goes to China, though some shipments go by way of Japan.

In a letter received at Victoria by Dr. Brown, medical inspector of schools in the Peace River district, he says that in spite of hard times, he has not in the course of his visits come across a single instance of malnutrition or neglect or shortage of clothing. He speaks highly of the comfort of little log school houses in the bush or on the plains with a good