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The Evening Sun.

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NO DUTY ON COAL

To Prevent Suffering in the Northwest, It Is Placed on the Free List

Hon. Mackenzie King, minister of labor, has made the following announcement: "With a view to relieving the situation as it has developed in the Canadian west in consequence of the prolonged cessation of operations at the coal mines in Southern British Columbia and Alberta, an order-in-council was passed by the government on Tuesday, providing that on and after August 7 next the duties on coal will be removed on the southern frontier west of Sault Ste. Marie for consumption in British Columbia (east of 122nd meridian of longitude), and in the provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba."

MINING RECORDS

Following are the locations, certificates of work, bills of sale, etc., recorded in the Government office at Grand Forks, B. C., of the Grand Forks mining division, from June 29 to August 3, inclusive.

RECORD OF LOCATIONS

Mountain View, Frnklin camp, B. J. Averill; Horn Silver, Franklin camp, part relocation of Cracke jack and Aspen, K. T. Engelskjen; Treasury, relocation of Treasury. Geo. A. Jackson; Wonder fraction, Burnt Basin, Geo. A. Jackson; Marx, relocation of Marx, and Moose, relocation of Moose, Wellington camp, D B Buchanan; Invictor, relocation of New Pollard, and Frisco, relocation of Frisco, Gloucester camp, B. Bainbridge; Union fraction, relocation of Union fraction, Gloucester, J. C. Henderson; Silver Spoon, Franklin camp. Charles Hansen; Diamond Hitch fraction, relocation of Diamond Hitch fraction, Brown's camp, A. E. Savage; Belle, east side of Rossland trail two miles from Coryell, James Bell; Curtis, Gladstone mountain. R. S. Curtis; Vancouver World, Gladstone mountain, C. T. Curtis; Chief, relocation Mountain Chief, Gloucester camp, James Mc Donald; Chief fraction, relocation of Mountain Chief fraction, Gloucester camp, Lewis Johnson; Tunnel fraction, Burnt Basin, Fred Kettner.

CERTIFICATE OF WORK.

Lauretta, McKinley camp, Bonnacci et al.; Morrell and Black Bear, McKinley camp, Bonnacei et al.; Big Raymond, McKinley camp, N. F. Bonnacci et al., two years; Sonora and Lenora, Wellington camp, R. W. Yuill; Nettie, Hardy mountain, R. W. Yuill; May Queen and Layover, North Fork, P. J. Byrne; Orient, Summit camp, D. R. McElmon; Criterion and Monongehela, Bentley's comp, Emma Bentley; Hobson, Hardy mountain, and Morrell and Ruby fraction, McKinley camp, Morrell et al; Idaho, Gloucester camp, Lewis Johnson; Paper Dollar fraction, Gloucester camp, Johnson et al.; Sunrise, Wellington camp, J. A. Miller; Blue Bell, near Fife, Graham et al.; Viking Christina lake, Ole Johnson; Centre Eagle and Mabel H, Hardy mountain, Holm et al.; Golden Axe, Wellington camp, John Holm; Piper Lad, Seattle camp, Stewart Carruthers; Blue Grouse and Ruby, Burnt Basin McNelly et al.: Tiger Summit camp, Joe Buron; Bluestone, Franklin camp. B. J. Averill; Nelson, Franklin camp, Chas. Hansen; Thorvold, Franklin camp, Lewis Hansen; Wave fraction, Wellington camp, T. H. Richards; Tennessee and Tennessee fraction, Wellington camp, C. F. Raulston; B. C. and Copper King, surveys, Franklin camp, Paulsen et al.; White Pine, Welcher mouutain, Waldon et. al.; Silver King, Silver Queen and U.S., surveys, Franklin camp, Paulsen et al.; Keystone fraction and Yellowstone, Franklin camp, J. S. Boyce; Highland Chief, Coryell, Catherina Munro; Alpha. Delta and Omega, Christina lake, Beach et al.

BILLS OF SALE.

All of Mountain View and Little Harry, Franklin camp, B. J. Averill to James McDonald.

One-half of Lone Star fraction, Pathfinder camp, W. Shaw to Ida Lindholm.

One fourth of St. Joseph, Central camp, H. Johnson to P. E. Blakie.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS

Maine fraction, Brown's camp, Patrick J. Byrne.

METEOROLOGICAL

The record of the rainfall at this since the installation of the government rain gauge on Cooper Bros'. ranch is:

	INCHES	
	Rainfall.	Snowfall
January	....	14.90
February	.19	7.00
March	.44	1.00
April	,83	.....
May	3.43	.....
June	2.78	....
July	0.45	.....

In July, 1910. the rainfall was 0.08.

Highest temperature during the month, July 25, 100°; lowest, July 5 and 12, 45°.

The following is the maximum and minimum temperature for each day during the past week, as recorded by the government thermometer on Cooper Bros.' ranch:

	MAX.	MIN.
Saturday	90	52
Sunday	87	60
Monday	78	50
Tuesday	82	57
Wednesday	82	52
Thursday	78	57
Friday	75	49

Ranfall during week, 23 inches.

ORE SHIPMENTS

The following are the returns of the ore production of the Boundary mines for the week, and also for the year to date:

Granby	16,284	572,502
Mother Lode	3,204	185,195
Jackpot	456	18,496
Rawhide	4,577	128,133
Athelstan	286	3,854
Lone Star	.....	2,777
Napoleon	.....	5,313
Insurgent	.....	162
Snowshoe	.....	43,900
No. 7	.....	1,350
Phoenix Amal	.....	1,950
Others	294	1,348
Total	25,301	909,533
Smelter treatment—		
Granby	16,310	566,226
B. C. Copper Co.	8,176	359,989

CUSTOMS RECEIPTS

R. R Gilpin, customs officer at this port, makes the following detailed report of the customs receipts at the various sub-customs offices, as reported to the chief office in this city, for the month of July

Grand Forks	$2,369 95
Phoenix	927.38
Cascade	87.87
Carson	49 56
Total	$3,444.16

NEWS OF THE CITY

A Number of the Irrigation Plants Now Ready for Electric Current

E. J. Hughes and Wm. Huffman have finished installing their irrigation plants, and are now ready for the electric current. Cooper Bros.' plant will be completed next week.

C. W. Dysdale and party of three men, who are now engaged in mapping the geological formations of Franklin and Gloucester camps for the Dominion government, this week moved their camp from Franklin to the Newby property in Gloucester.

During the electrical storm Tuesday night, the Granby compressor at Phoenix was struck by lightning, and two of the highly charged wires were burned off. The up-to-dates emergency brakes saved the big plant from serious damage.

Mr. and Mrs. T. A. Love arrived in the city this week from the east, and remained for a few days. Mr. Love was formerly publisher of the Phoenix Pioneer. While here he stated that he intended to take charge of the Grand Forks Gazette at once. The Gazette people, however, do not appear to know anything concerning such an arrangement.

The Granby company has made arrangements for an option on a second group of claims on Copper mountain, near Chesaw, Wash.

The Grand Forks brass band is giving its first open-air concert of the season this evening.

The harvesting of the grain crop in Kettle valley is now well advanced. The yield of all kinds of cereals promises to be the best ever recorded here.

Mr. and Mrs. Bradley and son and daughter, of Danville, and Mr. and Mrs. F. Bradley and children, of Republic, are on a pleasure trip up the Kettle river in a flat-bottomed boat fitted out with a gasoline engine and stern wheel.

A crew of eight men, in charge of Ed Berryman, is now employed at the McKinley mine, in Franklin camp, which was recently bonded by the British Columbia Copper company.

The Danville Lumber company has run out of sawlogs, and operations at the mill have been suspended until a new supply can be shipped in. About 2,500,000 feet of lumber have been cut during the present season.

Chas. Mix, fire warden, returned this week from a trip to Franklin camp.

F. M. Kerby has finished surveying the Silver King group of mineral claims in Franklin camp.

G. A. MacLeod, of Spokane, was in the city on Tuesday.

Several road gangs are working between this city and Lynch creek. The road from Eagle City te Eholt is in bad condition, and it is expected that it will be rebuilt.

Bert McInnis and William Johnson are driving a tunnel to tap the ore at depth on their claims at Gloucester.

Frand Petersen and Ellen Petersen were married in Phoenix last Rev. Mr. Levine performing the ceremony.

E. E. Gibson, of the West Kootenay Power & Light company, left today for a week's trip to the coast cities. A. Willey, of Cascade, will look after his business in this city during his absence.

E. G. Warren, manager of the British Columbia Copper company at Greenwood, was a visitor in the city on Saturday.

W. K. C. Manly has reopened his hardware store in the Opera House block on Winnipeg avenue.

A passenger train is run to Lynch creek over the Kettle Valley line every Wednesday.

H. B. Cannon returned on Saturday from Gloucester camp, where he has been looking after his mining properties.

John Simpson, who owns a young orchard west of the city, returned to Grand Forks on Saturday from Palo Alto, Cal, where he attended the convention of the National Educational association. Mr. Simpson has been connected with the teaching staff of the Waterford, Ont., schools during the past year. During the forthcoming term he will be one of the instructors in the Dauphin, Man., high school. He will remain in the city three or four weeks. The Palo Alto Times says: "Another interesting visitor was John Simpson of Grand Forks, B. C. He was formerly an editorial writer on the Argonaut and on one or two occasions dined with Senator and Mrs. Stanford at their Palo Alto home. He states that H. Nash was a guest at the Stanfords' house at the same time and that a fifth place was set at the table in memory of Leland Stanford Jr."

High School Examinations

J. B. Fleming, principal of the Grand Forks high school, this week received the result of the recent examinations. The showing made is very good, and reflects great credit both on the instructor and the pupils. The following are the names of those who passed:

Junior Grade, Advanced Course—

Alice L. Kerr	659
Lottie Sutton	627
Janet L. Munro	596
Marjory McArthur	573

Two pupils failed to pass.

Junior Grade, Preliminary Course.

Edna M. Stuart	685
Margaret E. Harrigan	647
Dorothy Covert	603
Gladys Traunweiser	549
Ina Sutton	543
Alexander B. Donaldson	533

Three pupils failed to pass.

Reciprocity is a business proposition. It means free trade in the products of the forest, the sea, the farm and the mines. On the manufactured articles the United States reduces its tariff to make it equal our own. A square deal. Equal rights on both sides of the line.

ISSUE OF ELECTION

Sir Wilfrid Laurier Gives a History of Reciprocity Negotiations

Sir Wilfrid Laurier in an address to the Canadian people says:

To the Canadian People:—At all times during the past forty years it has been the constant effort of all political parties in Canada to make with the United States an agreement for the free exchange of natural products between the two countries. In 1854 Lord Elgin on behalf of Canada and the Maritime provinces negotiated with the United States a treaty for this purpose, which lasted until 1866, and which, within the memery of many still alive, was of great advantage. Even since the termination of that treaty all public men of any prominence in Conada, whatever their differences on other Canadian questions, have been unanimous in any attempt to again secure this free exchange of products; nor is this to be wondered at, seeing that in the industries of agriculture, fisheries, lumbering and mining Canada possesses advantages not enjoyed qy any other country on earth, and that upon the markets secured for products of these industries depends the growth of our manufacturing and commercial interests, and the prosperity of all classes in the Dominion. The latest attempt of the Conservative party to that end was made by Sir John Macdonald himself, who dissolved parliament in 1891 for the purpose of submitting to the electorate of Canada the expediency of his approaching again the American authorities for a renewal of the treaty of 1854.

In 1893 the intention to obtain reciprocity with the United States was made a prominent feature of the platform of the Liberal party upon which that party obtained power in 1896.

After the present governmeent took office it renewed in vain this offer to the United States, but meeting with no response, declared that no further overturrs of this nature would be made by Canada.

Within the past twelve months the president of the United States sent to Ottawa two commissioners from Washington for the purpose of opening negotiations looking toward lowering of the tariff barriers which have hitherto stood in the way of a freer exchange of commodities between Canada and the United States. These negotiations in January last culminated in an agreement between the two governments by which the duties of each country on such products might be lowered or altogether removed. This agreement was strenuously resisted in the United States by various interests on the alledged ground that it was all to the advantage of Canada and to the detriment of the other country, but the view that it was mutually advantangeous to both countries finally prevailed in congress and the agreement stands today as an offer by the United States to Canada of that very measure of reciprocity which for more than forty years has engaged the earnest and constant efforts of every leading citizen and statesman. The present Conservative party in parliament

(Continued on Page Five.)

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FOUR FINGERS

By FRED M. WHITE,

Author of

The Crimson Blind; The Cardinal Moth; The Weight of the Crown; The Corner House; The Slaves of Silence; Craven Fortune; The Fatal Dose; Netta.

(Continued.)

CHAPTER XIX.

Phantom Gold.

Vera had entirely recovered her self-possession by this time. She was able to regard the men coolly and critically. There was nothing about them that suggested anything wrong or underhand; on the contrary the girl rather liked their appearance. All the same it was a strange and unique experience; and though Vera had been through a series of trials and tribulations, she thrilled now as she recognized how near she had been to the man who was thus running himself into the hands of justice.

"But how can you know anything about me?" she said. "You surely do not mean to say that you suspect——"

"Not at all, miss," Egan said civilly. "Only you see, it is always our business to know a great deal more than people imagine. I hope you won't suppose that we are going to take any advantage of our position here, or that we want you to betray Mr. Fenwick into our hands; but since we have been discovered by you, we will ask you to go so far as to say nothing to Mr. Fenwick. If you tell him, you will be doing considerable harm to a great many deserving people who have suffered terribly at that man's hands. I think you understand."

Vera understood only too well, and yet her delicate sense of honor was slightly disturbed at the idea of continuing there without warning Fenwick of the danger that overshadowed him. Personally, she would have liked to have told him exactly how he stood, and given him the opportunity to get away. Perhaps Egan saw something of this in Vera's face for he went on to speak again.

"I know it isn't very nice for you, miss, and I am not surprised to see you hesitate; but seeing that Fenwick has done you as much harm as anybody else——"

"How do you know that?" Vera exclaimed.

"Well, you see, it is our business to know everything. I feel quite certain that on reflection you will do nothing to defeat the ends of justice."

"No," said Vera, thoughtfully. "In any case, it cannot much matter. You are here to arrest Mr. Fenwick, and you probably know where he is to be found at the present moment."

"There you are wrong, miss," Grady said, "We are not in a position at present to lay hands on our man. We came here prepared to take a few risks—but I don't suppose you would care to hear anything about our methods. It will be a great favor to us if you will retire to your room and stay there till morning."

Vera went off without any further ado, feeling that once more the current of events had come between her and the sleep that she sorely needed. But she had youth and health on her side, and in spite of everything was fast asleep in a few minutes.

It was fairly late when she came down the next morning and she was rather surprised to find that Fenwick had not finished his breakfast. He sat there sullen and heavy-eyed, and had no more than a grunt for Vera in response to her morning greeting. He turned over his food with savage disapproval. Evidently from the look of him, he had not only been up late overnight, but he had also had more wine than was good for him.

"Who can eat rubbish like this?" he growled. "The stuff isn't fit to feed a dog with. Look at this bacon."

"You can expect nothing else," Vera said coldly. "If you choose to try and run this large house with practically no servants but a caretaker and his wife, you must put up with the consequences. You are an exceedingly clever man, but you seem to have overlooked one fact, and that is the amount of gossip you are providing for the neighbors. It isn't as if we were still in town where the man next door knows nothing about you and cares less. Here people are interested in their neighbors. It will cause quite a scandal when it becomes known that you are occupying Lord Merton's house with nothing more than a number of questionable men. As far as I can see, you are far worse off here than if you had stayed in London. I may be wrong, of course."

"I begin to think you are quite right," Fenwick grunted. "I must see to this. It will never do for all these chattering magpies to pry into my business. You had better go into Canterbury this morning and see if you can't arrange for a proper staff of servants to come. Well, what's the matter now?"

One of the men had come into the room with a telegram in his hand. He pitched it in a contemptuous way upon the table and withdrew, whistling unconcernedly. The man's manner was so flippant and familiar that Vera flushed with annoyance.

"I wish you would keep your subordinates a little more under your control," she said. "One hardly expects a man of your wealth to be treated in this way by his clerks."

But Fenwick was not listening. His brows were knotted in a sullen frown while he glanced at the message he held in his hand. He clutched the flimsy paper and threw it with a passionate gesture into the fire. Vera could see that his yellow face had grown strangely white, and that his coarse lips were trembling. He rose from the table, pushing his plate away from him.

"I've got to go to town at once," he said. "How strange it is that everything seems to have gone wrong of late! I shall be back again in time for dinner and I shall be glad if you are good enough to see that I have something fit to eat. Perhaps you had better telephone to town for some servants. It doesn't much matter what you pay them as long as they are good."

Fenwick walked rapidly from the room and a few moments later Vera could see his car moving swiftly down the drive. On the whole she was not sorry to have Fenwick out of the house. She was pleased too, that he had made up his mind about the servant question, and she was not satisfied until she had set the telephone in motion and settled the matter so far as the domestic staff was concerned.

Then a sudden thought flashed into her mind. Here was the opportunity for examining the little room where Fenwick and his satellites had been busy the previous evening. Vera had not failed to notice that three of the men had gone off with Fenwick in his car, so that, in all probability, they meant to accompany him to town. If this turned out to be correct then there was only one man to be accounted for. Possibly with the assistance of Gerald the fourth man might be got out of the way.

It was nearly three o'clock before Vera managed to see her husband. Eagerly and rapidly she told him all that had taken place the previous evening, though she was rather surprised to find him manifestating less astonishment that she had expected. Venner smiled when Vera mentioned this.

"Oh, that's no new thing to me," he said. "I saw all that going on in your suite of rooms at the Grand Empire Hotel, though I haven't the least notion what it all means. I should have thought that your interesting guardian was manufacturing counterfeit coins. But we managed to get hold of one of them, and a jeweler pronounced that it was genuine. Still there is no question of the fact that some underhand business is going on and I am quite ready to assist you in finding out what it is. The point is whether the coast is clear or not."

"There is only one man left behind," Vera explained. "All the rest have gone to London with Mr. Fenwick, who received a most disturbing telegram at breakfast this morning. Of course, the old caretaker and his wife count for nothing, they are quite innocent parties, and merely regard their stay here as temporary, pending the arrival of our staff of servants."

"In that case, I don't see why it shouldn't be managed," Venner said. "You had better go back to the house, and I will call and see you. There is not the slightest reason why I shouldn't give my own name, nor is there the slightest reason why you should not show me over the house when I come. I daresay all this sounds a bit cheap, but one cannot be too careful in dealing with these people."

It was all arranged exactly as Venner had suggested, and a little later Vera was shaking hands with her own husband as if he were a perfect stranger. They proceded presently to walk up the grand staircase and along the corridor, Vera doing the honors of the place and speaking in a manner calculated to deceive anybody who was listening. She stopped presently and clutched Venner's arm excitedly. She pointed to a doorway leading to a little room down the steps at the end of the corridor.

"There," she whispered, "that is the room, and, as far as I can see, it is absolutely empty. What do you say to going in there now? The coast seems to be quite clear."

Venner hesitated, for a moment; it would be just as well, he thought to err on the side of caution. A casual glance from the corridor disclosed nothing, except that on the table there stood a bottle apparently containing wine, for a glass of some dark ruby liquid stood beside it. Very rapidly Venner ran down the flight of stairs and looked into the room.

"There is nobody there for the moment," he said, "but that bulldog of Fenwick's can't be far off for there is a half-smoked cigarette on the end of the table which has not yet gone out. I think I can see my way now to working this thing without any trouble or danger. Do you happen to know if that rheumatic old caretaker uses snuff?"

"Really, I don't," Vera said with a smile. "But what possible connection is there between the caretaker and his snuff——?"

"Never mind about that at present. Go down and ask the old man for his snuff box. By the look of him, I am quite sure he indulges in the habit. Tell him you want to kill some insects in the conservatory. Tell him anything, so long as you get possession of the box for a few moments."

Vera flew off on her errand. She was some moments before she could make the old man understand what she needed; then, with the air of one who parts with some treasure, he handed her a little tortoiseshell box, remarking at the same time, that he had had it for the last sixty years and would not part with it for anything. A moment later Vera was back again at the end of the corridor. Venner had not moved, a sure sign that no one had approached in the meantime. Taking the box from Vera, and leaving her to guard the corridor, he stepped into the little room where he proceeded to stir a little pellet of snuff into the glass of wine. This done, he immediately hurried Vera away to the other end of the corridor.

"I think that will be all right now," he said. "We have only got to wait till our man comes back and give him a quarter of an hour's law. Snuff is a very strong drug and within a few minutes of his finishing his wine he will be sound asleep on the floor."

It fell out exactly as Venner had prophesied. The man came back presently, passing Vera and her companion without the slightest suspicion of anything wrong. Then he turned into the little room and closed the door behind him. Half an hour passed before Vera knocked at the door on some frivolous pretext, but no answer came from the other side. She knocked again and again, after which she ventured to open the door. The wine glass was empty, a half finished cigarette lay on the floor and beside it, lay the man in a deep and comatose sleep. Venner fairly turned him over with his foot but the man gave no sign. The thing was safe now.

"We needn't worry ourselves for an hour or so," Venner said. "And now to see if we can discover the secrets of the prison house. Evidently nothing is going on at present. I should like to know what the table is for. It is not unlike a modern gas stove—I mean a gas stove used for cooking purposes, and here is a parcel on the table, just the same sort of parcel that the mysterious new sovereigns were wrapped up in."

"Oh, let me see," Vera said eagerly as she pulled the lid off the box. "See, this stuff inside is just like asbestos, and sure enough here is a layer of sovereigns on the top. How bright and new they look. I have never seen gold so attractive before. I——"

Vera suddenly ceased to speak and a sharp cry of pain escaped her as she dropped on the floor one of the coins which she had taken in her hand. She was regarding her thumb and forefinger with some dismay, for they were scorched and swollen.

"Those coins are red hot," she said. "You try."

Surely enough, the coins were almost at white heat, so much so that a match placed on the edge of one flared instantly. Venner looked puzzled, he could not make it out. There was no fire in the room, and apparently no furnace or oven in which the metal could have been heated. Then he suddenly recollected that Vera must be in pain.

"My poor child," he said. "I am so sorry. You must go down to the old housekeeper at once and get her to put something on your hand. Meanwhile I will stay here and investigate, though I don't expect for a moment that I shall make any further discoveries."

Vera's hand was dressed and the pain of the burn had somewhat abated when Venner came down the stairs again. He shook his head in response to the questioning glance in Vera's eyes.

"Absolutely nothing," he said. "I found a safe there let into the wall but then you see, the safe has been built for years, and no doubt has been used by Lord Merton to store his plate and other valuables of that kind. It is just possible, of course, that Fenwick has the key of it, and that the safe had been cleared out for his use. I am afraid we shall never solve this little puzzle until Fenwick is in the hands of those detectives who gave you such a fright last night."

"But there must be some means of heating those coins," Vera protested. "They must have come straight from the furnace."

"Of course," Venner said. "The trouble is where to find the furnace. I am perfectly sure, too, that the sovereigns were genuine. Now what on earth can a man gain by taking current coin of the realm and making them red hot? The only chance of a solution is for me to find Egan and Grady and tell them of my discovery. I shall be at the same spot to-morrow afternoon at the same time, and if I find out anything I will let you know."

There was nothing more for it than this, whereupon Venner went away and Vera returned thoughtfully to the dining-room. She was just a little bit in doubt as to whether the man upstairs would guess the trick played upon him, but that she had to risk.

(To be continued.)

The party line—"Hello! Is this Bender's?" "No." "Is it Ludlow's?" "No, it's— "Is it Harkly's?" "No, this is—" "Is it Prendergast's?" "No, it isn't, this is—" "Is it Halloway's?" "No! let me talk! This is Jameson's!" "Good! Just whom I wanted to talk to!"—Puck.

"Your husband says he always feels so refreshed after one of my sermons," said the parson. "Yes," replied the wife absent-mindedly, "a good sleep does refresh one, you know!"—Washington Star.

KNIFING AN ERMINE.

Cold Trick That Traps the Shy Little Fur Prize.

You are doubtless aware that the ermine of which your muff is made has been the emblem of royalty almost since royalty began, in Russia, until very recent years, its use being forbidden to those not of noble birth. But I wonder if you are likewise aware that it is brother, or at least first cousin, to the weasel. Ermine, as a matter of fact, is nothing more than the weasel or common stoat in its northern coat, for, like other arctic and subarctic animals, the weasel turns white in winter in order that it may be as inconspicuous as possible in its environment of ice and snow. Yet so abnormally keen of sight are the Siberian trappers that they can distinguish at almost incredible distances the little black tip of the ermine's tail as it whisks across the dazzling plains.

It is very shy, is the ermine, and special snares must be devised by the trapper to avoid injuring the delicate skin. Even the smallest of the steel traps are too heavy for such tiny animals as these, and here it is that the trapper's fertility of resource is most strikingly displayed. Smearing a little grease on his hunting knife, he lays it across the succession of dots and dashes which show that an ermine has passed that way. Along comes the tiny white form on its erratic course again. The grease appeals to it, and it begins to lick the knife blade, which in those far northern lands, where the mercury drops to 20, 30, 40 degrees below zero, is inconceivably cold. Did you never as a child on a winter's morning put your tongue to some piece of metal only to find that it did not easily come away? So it is then with the ermine, whose tiny red tongue is instantly frozen to the steel as though with glue. The knife being too heavy for the little animal to carry off, it can only wait until the trapper comes upon his rounds, and you, my lady, have a muff of snowy unmarred skins.—E. A. Powell, F. R. G. S., in Everybody's.

QUEER STREET NAMES.

One Feature In Which Brussels Outdoes London or Paris.

There are many bewildering street names in European cities, and of these London presents a bewildering variety. Bermondsey possesses a Pickle Herring street. Near Gray's inn there is to be found a Cold Bath square. Most of the Nightingale lanes and Love lanes are hidden, ironically enough, in the slums of the east end of the British capital.

In Brussels some of the street names are really bizarre. The Short Street of the Long Chariot, the Street of the Red Haired Women and the Street of Sorrows are remarkable enough to catch the least observant eye. The Street of the One Person is, as one might guess, an extremely narrow one. But the cream of the Brussels street name surely belongs to the Street of the Uncracked Silver Cocoanut. This in the original appears as one ponderous word of thirty-six letters.

The 7,000 inhabitants of the Rue des Mauvais Garcons signed a petition praying that the name of the street be changed. They contended that the denomination of the thoroughfare in which they reside produces a bad impression on those to whom they are obliged to give their address.

This Street of the Bad Boys was, it appears, so named in the sixteenth century because of the noisy character of its inhabitants. But now it needs no such designation, those who reside there being for the most part peaceful and respectable citizens.

Among the peculiar street names in Paris may be mentioned the Street of the Little Windows, the Street of the Mule's Foot, the Street of the Holy Fathers, the Street of the Daughters of Calvary, the Street of the Dry Tree, the Street of the Empty Pocket and the Boulevard of the Good News.—Harper's Weekly.

Booksellers' English.

Booksellers' English is sometimes a peculiar product. In a recent catalogue the author of a work under the heading of "Mystical Theology" is referred to in a footnote as "next to Ignatius Loyola, perhaps the greatest soul sexton that ever handled shovel." The simile is startling and not quite intelligible to the lay understanding. But it is in reference to a volume of church music that this bookseller really lets himself go. "Religious harmony must be moving, but noble withal; grave, solemn, seraphic, fit for a martyr to play and an angel to hear."—London Chronicle.

Dusting Apron.

One of the greatest household conveniences is a dusting apron, or, rather, an apron to wear on the days when you are dusting and cleaning. It can be made of denim of a dark color, with a long pocket for the feather duster, another for the dusting cloth and still another for a small whisk broom. With these articles at hand you are saved many a step to find the duster needed for different articles.

BARS THE CROOKS

Uncle Sam's Assay Office In Wall Street Not a "Fence."

ON THE WATCH FOR THIEVES.

Precautions Taken to Keep Jewelry and Gold and Silver Articles, That May Have Been Stolen, Out of the Government's Melting Pot.

The way in which the United States assay office in Wall street keeps itself from becoming a "fence" where thieves and crooks may bring their stolen wares to have them melted and receive cash for the same was recently explained by the superintendent.

The federal statutes make it difficult for those in charge to refuse any gold or silver handed in. The statute reads in part that "any owner of gold and silver bullion shall be entitled to deposit the same, and it shall be melted and assayed immediately." It does not designate that only the rightful owner may apply for service, and inasmuch as possession is nine points of the law of rightful ownership the assayer is not allowed to be a doubting Thomas.

"Several years ago," said the superintendent, "there was a city detective stationed in the building to watch for jewelry and gold and silver pieces that were presented for assaying to determine whether or not they were stolen goods. He remained here for eighteen months, and during that time he did not catch a single thief. The reason was that the news undoubtedly went out to every 'fence,' crook and thief of every description in the city that a guard was at the assay office and to watch out for him.

"After the city detective was withdrawn it became more necessary to secure some other means to prevent our offices from really becoming a 'fence' for stolen articles.

"The one provision we finally incorporated into our rules that has kept away from us the greatest portion of stolen goods that might otherwise be headed in our direction was that we refused to accept any bullion that will assay less than $100. In this way we are able to refuse any ordinary quantity of rings, watches and other trinkets that would be stolen and which we know will not contain pure metal to that amount. Of course sometimes we will accept stuff and it will turn out to be worth a few dollars under the amount, but we cannot always guess correctly when looking at goods.

"We have many other ways of determining whether goods presented to us have been stolen, but it would not be wise to let every crook in town know what they are. Sufficient to say that every time we have suspected things were not right we have secured immediate co-operation of the New York detective bureau, and I believe we have secured better results than when a man from the central office was constantly on watch. Then the stuff did not appear. Since then we have been of assistance in tracing down several burglar mysteries.

"When goods are stolen that value or would assay over $100 it is much easier for us to keep the lists of the same which are furnished by the police department and to be on the lookout for what is wanted.

"Then when the value of the articles is over that amount we are in much safer position to put a few questions to our customer, to discover who he is and why he wants to get money for the articles. If we are still suspicious that all is not as it should be it is a simple matter to make a few investigations before we complete the transaction.

"I am perfectly aware that the idea is prevalent in many quarters that the United States assay office is a 'fence' for thieves to bring their wares. This may have been the case in New York in the old days, and it may be so now in other places, but I feel that it is a pity that such feeling still exists in New York. It may be that there are cases where stolen articles get by us, but we are constantly on the lookout for crooks and what they have looted, and I feel safe in saying that there is less justice to the term 'fence' being applied to us now than at any other time in the history of the office."—New York World.

Shirred Oysters.

Chop twenty-five large oysters fine, add the beaten yolks of two eggs, two tablespoonfuls of cream, sufficient dry breadcrumbs to thicken and salt and pepper to taste. Fill the cleaned shells with this mixture. Put little pieces of butter on top and bake in a quick oven until lightly browned.

Good For Seasonings.

Celery is sometimes very scarce, and a good plan is to save the tops of the celery this time of the year. Cut and wash the nice leaves, tie with a cord and hang up to dry. When dry put them in a paper bag and save for seasoning soups or dressings.

WE HAVE JUST ISSUED OUR

QUARTERLY LIST OF BOND OFFERINGS--JULY, 1911

It gives the income yields and full descriptions of a selected range of GOVERNMENT, MUNICIPAL, PUBLIC UTILITY, RAILROAD and INDUSTRIAL BOND INVESTMENTS.

We shall be pleased to send a copy on request.

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We invite correspondence with municipalities and school districts desiring to dispose of their securities. Our connection with investors in Canada, Great Britain, and the United States enables us to offer the full market value for Municipal and School District Debentures.

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To take orders in spare time. No experience necessary. Our lines especially used by mothers and girls. Apply Women's Department, 228 Albert St., Ottawa, Ont.

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A study of other agency propositions convinces us that none can equal ours. You will always regret if you don't apply for particulars to Travellers' Department, 228 Albert St., Ottawa, Ont.

REST AND HEALTH TO MOTHER AND CHILD.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over SIXTY YEARS by MILLIONS of MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHŒA. It is absolutely harmless. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind. Twenty-five cents a bottle

McKay
THE TAILOR

SUITS OVERCOATS $10 TO ORDER

Send for Free Samples and Measure Forms.

136 Bay Street Toronto

No News

Visitor (who had been going for the last half hour)—"You know I'll not physically strong, but I have good staying powers."

Hostess (wearily)—"Yes, we noticed that."—M.A.P.

In the causes of infant mortality cholera morbus figures frequently, and it may be said that complaints of the bowels are great destroyers of child life. If all mothers would avail themselves of so effective a remedy as Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Dysentery Cordial many a little one could be saved. This Cordial can be given with safety to the smallest child, as there is no injurious substance in it.

"They say she's an enthusiastic motorist." "She is. She's acquainted with four gentlemen who own six-cylinder cars."—Detroit Free Press.

To Enjoy Life

you need a healthy stomach, active liver, kidneys and bowels. These organs—and the nerves and the blood—are better, do better, when helped by

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 25c.

A Good Retort

Dr. Rutherford, ex-stock commissioner for Canada, who used to be in politics, got back neatly at a member of Parliament, a short time ago.

The doctor was under examination in the agricultural committee, and in speaking of Canadian cattle he produced an old photograph which he stated he had obtained in the province of Quebec. He said that he had found it in the barn of a farmer, and he smilingly related how, by a little careful manipulation he had managed to carry it away with him.

H. H. Miller, the member for South Grey, thought he saw a chance to take a fall out of the doctor, so he interrupted with the comment, "I hope you left the barn, doctor."

"Yes," said Dr. Rutherford. "You see, I've been out of politics for some years."

Marks—"Yes, I'm working day and night to put that scheme through."

Parks—"You're foolish. Do nothing about it and it will fall through."—Boston Transcript.

A Household Medicine.—They that are acquainted with the sterling properties of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil in the treatment of many ailments would not be without it in the house. It is truly a household medicine and as it is effective in dealing with many ordinary complaints it is cheaper than a doctor. So, keep it at hand, as the call for it may come most unexpectedly.

Pursuit

"Happiness," declared the philosopher, "is the pursuit of something, not the catching of it."

"Have you ever," interrupted the plain citizen, "chased the owl car on a rainy night?"—Toledo Blade.

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Dear Sirs,—This fall I got thrown on a fence and hurt my chest very bad, so I could not work and it hurt me to breathe. I tried all kinds of Liniments and they did me no good. One bottle of MINARD'S LINIMENT warmed on flannels and applied on my breast, cured me completely.

C. H. COSSABOOM.
Rossway, Digby Co., N.S.

A Good Dog Story

One would have it that a collie is the most sagacious of dogs, while the other stood up for the setter. "I once owned a setter," declared the latter, "which was very intelligent. I had him on the street one day, and he acted so queerly about a certain man we met that I asked the man his name, and——" "Oh, that's an old story!" the collie's advocate broke in sneeringly. "The man's name was Partridge, of course, and because of that the dog came to a set." "Ho, ho! Come again!" "You're mistaken," rejoined the other suavely. "The dog didn't come quite to a set, though almost. As a matter of fact, the man's name was Quayle, and the dog hesitated on account of the spelling!"

A Cure

"War with Japan seems imminent. These dreadful rumors alarm me."

"Too bad."

"What would you do?"

"Well, I think I would switch magazines."—Kansas City Journal.

Marks—I married my wife a month after she accepted me.

Parks—That's nothing. I married mine three days after she refused me.—Boston Transcript.

No Marvellous Mice

After he had waited outside for ten long minutes, the door was opened on the chain and a woman's face appeared at the aperture. "Good morning, madam," began the street hawker in his sauvest tones. "I have here a little article of universal utility. It is called the Marvellous Mice Exterminator, and the price ——"

"No use," interrupted the woman grimly. "We have no marvellous mice in this house—only the ordinary kind."

Then the door was shut and the hawker was once more alone.

Worms feed upon the vitality of children and endanger their lives. A simple and effective cure is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

"They say the young bride across the way is very fond of her husband." "So she is. I believe she thinks more of him than of anything else on earth, except her pet French bull terrier."—Baltimore American.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, Etc.

The Supreme Test

Brownly—Is Jones contented?

Townly—I should say so; I never heard him complain of the way his shield is taught in school.—Harper's Bazaar.

No other fly killer compares with Wilson's Fly Pads.

Miss Young—"In Turkey a woman doesn't know her husband till after she's married him."

Mrs. Wedd—"Why mention Turkey especially?"—Boston Transcript.

New Health and New Strength for Suffering Women

ACHING BACKS, TIRED LIMBS AND SPLITTING HEADACHES NEED NOT BE ENDURED

In silent patience nearly every woman endures suffering that casts a shadow over half her existence. An aching back, tired limbs, attacks of faintness, and headaches and backaches need not be part of a woman's life. Such trials indicate plainly that the system requires the new blood that is supplied through the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. These Pills are valued by suffering women who have used them above all other medicines because they give the rich, red blood that makes women well, bright and at their best. Mrs. Fred. Collard, Poplar Point, Man., says: "I can give you but a very small estimate of the suffering I endured before I began using Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. Afer the birth of my first child I suffered intensely from ailments that too often afflict my sex. This was complicated by an attack of bleeding piles, and the agony of the days and nights I endured is almost past comprehension. I tried many remedies but they did not help me in my trouble, and from a healthy young woman weighing 140 pounds I fell away in weight to 95 pounds. I grew so weak I could hardly walk across the floor, and there were times I hardly knew what I was doing so great was my agony. I went to Brandon and consulted a doctor who said that nothing would help me but an operation for both my troubles, and that I would have to remain in the hospital for at least eight weeks. Being a farmer's wife I felt that this was impossible, and while in Brandon I met a friend who strongly urged me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, telling me that they had cured her trouble similar to mine, after an operation had proved of no benefit. She had such strong faith in them that she gave me the first box, and I began using them. It was not long before I found much relief. I continued to use the Pills all the rest of that summer, and the result was they restored me to perfect health. I told the doctor what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills had done for me, and his reply was that he considered what they had done for me a little less than a miracle. I have since recommended the Pills to many others who have suffered from woman's troubles, and they always produced beneficial results. I hope that this statement will be of benefit to some other suffering person."

These Pills are sold by all medicine dealers or may be had by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

WANT CANADIAN WHEAT FOR EXPORT

United States Has Surplus Production, but Our Superior Quality Attracts the Yankee

Such prophecies as James J. Hill has been guilty of, in depicting the United States as almost at the limit of her productive powers, are vain babblings, when the actual agricultural condition of the United States is considered. Those people like J. J. Hill who argue for Reciprocity, simply want Canadian wheat for milling and export purposes and nothing else. Northern wheat from Canada has a reputation for quality and it is this quality the American desires to inject into his brand of flour and grain shipments to Britain. The facts of the case are evident in the following extract from an article written for a Winnipeg daily paper a fortnight ago:

"So far as wheat is concerned, and it is the chief breadstuff that United States would like to get from Canada, our neighbors do not need Canadian wheat for their own consumption. Their chief purpose in getting free wheat from Canada would be to export it through their ports and to use it for milling purposes, thus benefitting their own courses of transportation. Prices would not be helped in any way, because the United States has a surplus production of wheat that will make that country an exporter of flour and grain for the next hundred years. The following figures show how the volume of wheat production is increasing in the States:

	Bushels
1908...	634,000,000
1909...	664,000,000
1910...	737,000,000

"In connection with these statistics showing the increase in the total annual yield of wheat in the United States it is most important to note the words of Mr. C. L. Olmsted, chief of the Bureau of Statistics at Washington, who has just recently issued the results of a study on the subject of population and subsistance. He combats the view that agricultural production will fail to keep pace with the growth of population, and he shows that the agriculture of the United States, after passing through a phase of decadence incident to the exploitation of new land, has obtained a secure footing in the contrary direction toward improvement.

"The general trend of production per acre was a declining one during the two decades 1876-1885 and 1886-1895, but in the decade 1896-1905 and from 1906-1909 the mean production per acre has steadily increased. Mr. Olmsted shows that the mean production per acre for the four years, 1906-1909, has increased over the preceding ten years as follows:—

Wheat (per acre)	.....	9.6 per cent
Corn	,, ...	7.1 per cent
Rye	,, ...	6.5 per cent
Potatoes	,, ...	15.5 per cent
Buckwheat	,, ...	6.6 per cent
Tobacco	,, ...	9.7 per cent

Free Library For the Blind.

Of all our public libraries, one of the most interesting and most deserving of public support is the Canadian Free Library for the Blind, which was established at the village of Markham in 1906. It is now proposed to move the institution to Toronto, in order that it may be more easy of access, and to improve its usefulness by placing some hundreds of additional volumes on its shelves. An effort will also be made to install a press for the manufacture of tactile books, in order that some of the gems of Canadian literature which have never been reproduced in raised letters may be enjoyed by the blind.

This library has also a department of free instruction in the art of reading tactile print. While it is difficult for those of us who are blessed with sight to realize fully how much tactile books, and the ability to read them, will mean to our five thousand fellow-Canadians who are doomed to pass their days, as well as their nights, in utter darkness, this library's appeal for public support on humanitarian ground is eloquent.

The library is available to all the blind of Canada, from Halifax to Vancouver. Books are transmitted free of postage, and the librarian promptly mails books ordered from the catalogue.—Montreal Standard.

Relationships Changed.

This is the latest story which has wandered up here from the Province of Quebec, and it is typical of the quaint French-Canadian sense of humor. Jean Baptiste has lost his wife, and as a mark of respect and a visible sign of mourning he put a black band on the sleeve of his coat. He grew lonely, and three months after the death of his wife he married her sister, but he did not think it quite proper to remove the mourning band so quickly, and of course his new wife did not object to it.

One day Jean Baptiste met a friend, whom he had not seen for some time. Noticing the badge of mourning, he inquired, "Jean, who ees eet die in your family?"

"My seester-in-law. She die," replied the happy bridegroom.

Could Be Worse.

Said the African gnu: "What can I do?
I never felt quite so bad.
They crippled me when they shot off my G.
And that's why I'm looking so sad."

Said the wise old fox: "Your ears we should box
For allowing yourself to feel small.
If they had shot off your U what could you do?
Why, we couldn't pronounce you at all!"
—Chicago News.

Coming
(SEE DATES AT BOTTOM)

RUPTURE

J. Y. EGAN, Specialist of Toronto

A WORD OF CAUTION.

Delay is the common error of the ruptured. You may have been ruptured some time and no change noticeable. But no rupture stands still. Even if not getting larger the bowel is growing fast to the inside and any day your ordinary truss is liable to slip while lifting or coughing and more of the bowel escapes. In such a case strangulated hernia may result in death. People come to me constipated, irritable, who seldom charge this to rupture, but here is the cause. A rupture strains the whole physical organism and is a constant nerve irritant. Your rupture cured, you feel like a new being: your nerves recover their normal tone, your rundown condition replaced by *vigorous health. Act now* and remove the daily danger of death, which, like a thundercloud, hangs over every ruptured person. *Don't delay, to suffer and die. Let me* help you to live and enjoy life. What I have done for thousands the past fifty years I can do for you to-day. Awaken to the fact what a cure means to you—viz., immediate security, comfort and a perfect physical condition. This is all yours to-day for the asking. Out-of-town patients consult me and return home same day.

LADIES Afflicted with rupture, displacement, weakness, lame back, stooped shoulders, corpulence or weakness after an operation can be permanently relieved by my latest invention, viz., "The Corsopedic," which gives elegance and shapeliness to the figure and overcomes the direct causes of women's troubles.

VARICOCELE FALSE RUPTURE Men of all ages suffer from this affliction in some way. No matter how serious, time afflicted, or failure experienced trying to be cured by medicine, free trials or electric belts, my *Biotone* method will cure. No pain or detention from work. My charges are within the reach of all

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Free Consultation Coupon.

This coupon, upon presentation to J. Y. Egan, rupture specialist, 331 West King Street, Toronto, who will visit the towns (on dates mentioned below) will entitle bearer to free consultation and examination of his or her case. Ask at hotel for number of my consulting room. Note dates.

WINNIPEG—Clarendon Hotel, during Exhibition, 10 days only (day and night)—July 13-14-15-16-17-18-19-20-21-22. Write to Toronto if you do not visit Winnipeg.

The Way of It

Harker—Didn't I understand you to say he was a tried and trusted man?

Parker—Not exactly. He was tried after he had been trusted.—Chicago News.

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For Red, Weak, Weary, Watery Eyes and GRANULATED EYELIDS
Murine Doesn't Smart—Soothes Eye Pain
Druggists Sell Murine Eye Remedy, Liquid, 25c, 50c, $1.00
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EYE BOOKS AND ADVICE FREE BY MAIL
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Mrs. Jabbe—"Jones practically lives in his automobile."

Mr. Jabbe—"Has to—he sold his home to buy it."—Chicago Daily News.

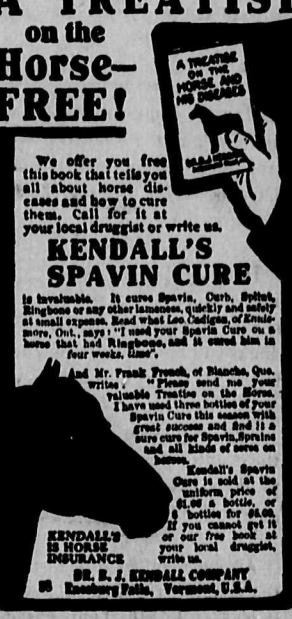
If allowed to roam over your house those few innocent-looking house flies *may cause a real tragedy any day, as* they are known to be the principal *agents for the spread of those deadly* diseases, typhoid fever, diphtheria *and smallpox.*

Honesty is the best policy, especially when you wish to borrow something on your policy.—Puck.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

The bachelor should be arrested for contempt of courtship.—Life.

A TREATISE on the Horse—FREE!



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is invaluable. It cures Spavin, Curb, Splint, Ringbone or any other lameness, quickly and safely at small expense. Read what Leo Cadigan, of Knowlton, Que., says: "I used your Spavin Cure on a horse that had Ringbone, and it cured him in four weeks, time."

And Mr. Frank French, of Blanche, Que., writes: "Please send me your valuable Treatise on the Horse. I have used three bottles of your Spavin Cure this season with great success and find it a sure cure for Spavin, Sprains and all kinds of sores on horses."

Kendall's Spavin Cure is sold at the uniform price of $1.00 a bottle, or 6 bottles for $5.00. If you cannot get it of our free book at your local druggist, write us.

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The Evening Sun

ublished at Grand Forks, British Columbi

. A. Evans ..... Editor and Publisher

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FRIDAY, AUGUST 4, 1911

THURSDAY, September 21, the people of Canada will be given an opportunity to decide whether or not they desire a larger market for their products. Reciprocity means progress; "let well alone" means to stand still, and to stand still eventually leads to retrogression. On the merits of reciprocity alone the government should be returned to power with an increased majority. But the Conservatives are attempting to introduce a number of irrelevant issues in the campaign, with the object of diverting the attention of the electors from the real question. The most absurd of these side issues which is atpresent being persistently paraded before the Canadian people, is the claim that a freer commercial intercourse between the two nations will eventually lead to annexation. The absurdity of this claim is so apparent that it will not influence the voter who possesses ordinary intelligence, although it may catch the votes of a few ultra-imperialists who have conceived the mistaken idea that the man who works consistently for the advancement of Canada, without taking the time to hourly proclaim his loyalty to the mother country is necessarily disloyal to the empire. There is no occasion for protestations of loyalty at the present time. The allegiance of the citizens of Canada to the empire has not yet been questioned. The man who shows his loyalty to Canada by endeavoring to further her prosperity, thus enhancing the glory of the empire, cannot be called a disloyalist. A man's first duty should be to the country in which he lives, of which he is a citizen, and where he has property interests.

IN eastern Canada they are betting four to one that the Laurier government will be returned to power. It is an indication that the consumers desire the cost of living reduced.

IN this province the Liberals will gain at least two members. Comox-Atlin, Victoria and Vancouver are sure government seats. In the other constituencies there will be an even fight.

MARTIN BURRELL has one defeat and a victory to his credit. With a true spirit of reciprocity in political honors, it is his turn to give way to a new member this fall.

IN the heat of the campaign during the next six weeks, the fact should not be overlooked that Grand Forks will have the best agricultural fair in its history this fall.

THE gentlemen who could save the country if given an opportunity to do so, have made their appearance in front of the bars.

AFTER submitting the question to the country, the Nelson News says that Sir Wilfrid Laurier is determined to force reciproctiy down the throats of the people of Canada. What in the world does the News want?

A CONTEMPORARY remarks that two Liberal candidates have met defeat in Yale-Cariboo during the past few years. The paper intentionally forgot to state that during the same period two Conservatives—one of them being Martin Burrell—have met their Waterloos in the district.

GOODEVE is a parting salutation.

PRESS COMMENT

Hon. R. McBride, as has already been noted, states that Quebec will be the storm centre of the political campaign. In one sense our premier was right. It was in Montreal that "the interests" met and volunteered to contribute half a million dollars towards the Tory campaign fund provided Mr Borden consented to obstruct the passage of the reciprocity agreement. But half a million is not enough to corrupt the electorate of all Canada, even if the people were susceptible to such influences as a party in alliance with corporate greed can exercise.—Victoria Times.

Howe's Great London Shows

There are many novel acts with the Great London Shows which are certain to be well received in every city lucky enough to secure a visit from the consolidated enterprises. There are acts which were never seen in America until this show opened its season of 1911, for the reason that there was no amusement enterprise great enough to afford the large salaries which the artists demand, and no institution with sufficient prestige to attract the attention of such celebrated performers.

The Eddy family of acrobats, for instance, perform feats which have never been seen in other shows.

The Great London Circus will exhibit in Grand Forks August 16.

Don't forget that The Sun has the best job printing deparrment in the Boundary country.

Remember that every added subscriber helps to make this paper better for everybody.

A new lot of latest designs of program and menu cards just received at THE SUN job office.

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Clothes Cleaned
Pressed and Repaired
AT **S. D. CURRY'S**
Men's Suits Pressed..... $1.00
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Ladies' Suits Cleaned and Pressed.....$2.50 to 3.00
All Kinds of Alterations.
Clothes Called for and Delivered Promptly.
First Street, Grand Forks, B. C.
PHONE R 86

CHURCH SERVICES

HOLY TRINITY CHURCH, Henry Steele, Rector—Sunday services: Holy communion, 8:00 a.m.; morning prayer and sermon, 11 a.m.; evensong and sermon, 7:30 p.m.; Sunday school, 10 a.m. First Sunday of the month holy communion will be celebrated at the 11 a.m. service as well as at 8 a m. Week-day and special services as they are announced from time to time. You are cordially invited to worship with us, and we would be pleased to met you.

KNOX PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH—Sabbath services at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m.; Sabbath school and Bible class at 9:45 a.m. All are cordially invited. Seats free. Rev. M. D. McKee, pastor.

METHODIST CHURCH J. Rev. Calvert, D.D., Pastor.—Sunday services, 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m.; Sunday school, 2:30 p.m.; Epworth League, Monday at 8:00 p.m.; prayer meeting, Wednesdays, 8 p.m.; Junior League, Fridays, 7:00 p.m. Everybody will be welcome.

BAPTIST CHURCH, Rev. H. W. Wright, pastor.—Services on Sunday at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Bible class and Sunday school at 10 a.m.

Take your repairs to Armson's Boot and Shoe Hospital, Bridge street, Grand Forks.

GEO. W. COOPER
Practical Plumber
All work guaranteed. Only experienced workmen employed. Estimates furnished.
Bicycle repairing and bicycle sundries.
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Are read by the people because THE SUN gives them news of vital interest. People no longer go looking about for things they want—they go to their newspaper for information as to where such things may be found. This method saves time and trouble. If you want to bring your wares to the attention of this comitmuny, our advertising columns
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160 ACRES IN FRANKLIN CAMP
2,500,00 feet of commercial timber on property; $500 hewn log house; North Fork runs through land; Kettle Valley line survey crosses property; deed clear. $875 cash, balance terms. For further particulars apply
SUN OFFICE

For Sale at a Bargain—Two-horsepower gasolene engine. Apply J. H Plath, box 10, city.

KODAKS If it isn't an EASTMAN it isn't a KODAK, so buy nothing but a KODAK
See our goods and ask for Kodak Catalogues. Ask our advice on any difficulties. We are at your service.
Prices range from $2.00 to $65.00
WOODLAND & CO.
PHNONE 13 DRUGGISTS AND STATIONERS

A Dollar Goes a Long Way
when you buy your supplies at our market; we sell you choice, prime cuts of beer, mutton, lamb, pork and veal at as low a margin of profit as we can do business honestly upon and give the best you can get anywhere. Our meats are tender and delicious---our poultry fat, fresh and tender, and our hams and bacon fit for a king at
P. BURNS & CO., LTD

Form No. 1.
WATER NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made under Part V. of the "Water Act, 1909," to obtain a license in the Similkameen Division of Yale District.

(a.) The name, address and occupation of the applicant: Peter Veregin, of Brilliant, British Columbia, Farmer. (If for mining purposes) Free Miner's Certificate No .....

(b.) The name of the lake, stream or source (if unnamed, the description is): Twenty-fourth of May Creek.

(c.) The point of diversion is about 1500 feet above the mouth of Twenty-fourth of May Creek, where it empties into Fourth of July creek.

(d.) The quantity of water applied for (in cubic feet per second): Four-tenths cubic ft. per second.

(e.) The character of the proposed works: Pipe line and small reservoir.

(f.) The premises on which the water is to be used (describe same): Lots 1737, 518, 315 and 364.

(g.) The purposes for which the water is to be used: Domestic.

(h.) If for irrigation describe the land intended to be irrigated, giving acreage.....

(i.) If the water is to be used for power or mining purposes describe the place where the water is to be returned to some natural channel, and the difference in altitude between point of diversion and point of return .....

(j.) Area of Crown land intended to be occupied by the proposed work: Nil.

(k.) This notice was posted on the ninth day of June, 1911, and application will be made to the Commissioner on the eighth day of August, 1911.

(l.) Give the names and addresses of any riparian proprietors or licensees who or whose lands are likely to be affected by the proposed works, either above or below the outlet.....

(Signature) PETER VEREGIN,
(P. O. Address) Brilliant, B. C.

J. A. CORYELL, Agent.

Note—One cubic foot per second is equivalent to 35.71 miner's inches.

Form No. 1.
WATER NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made under Part V. of the "Water Act, 1909," to obtain a license in the Similkameen Division of Yale District.

(a) The name, address and occupation of the applicant: Peter Veregin, of Brilliant, British Columbia, Farmer. (If for mining purposes) Free Miner's Certificate No .....

(b) The name of the lake, stream or source (if unnamed, the description is): Fourth of July Creek.

(c) The point of diversion is about 300 feet above the head of the Vaughan & McInnes ditch.

(d) The quantity of water applied for (in cubic feet per second): Three-tenths cubic ft. per second.

(e) The character of the proposed works: Pipe line and small reservoir.

(f) The premises on which the water is to be used (describe same): Lots 453 and 2851, Similkameen Division of Yale District.

(g) The purposes for which the water is to be used: Domestic.

(h) If for irrigation describe the land intended to be irrigated, giving acreage.....

(i) If the water is to be used for power or mining purposes, describe the place where the water is to be returned to some natural channel, and the difference in altitude between point of diversion and point of return.

(j) Area of Crown land intended to be occupied by the proposed works. Nil.

(k) This notice was posted on the ninth day of June, 1911, and application will be made to the Commissioner on the eight day of August, 1911.

(l) Give the names and addresses of any riparian proprietors or licensees who or whose lands are likely to be affected by the proposed works, either above or below the outlet.....

(Signature) PETER VEREGIN,
(P. O. Address) Brilliant, B. C.

J. A. CORYELL, Agent.

Note—One cubic foot per second is equivalent to 35.71 miner's inches.

Form No. 1.
WATER NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made under Part V. of the "Water Act, 1909," to obtain a license in the Similkameen Division of Yale District.

(a) The name, address and occupation of the applicant: Peter Veregin, of Brilliant, British Columbia, Farmer. (If for mining purposes) Free Miner's Certificate No .....

(b) The name of the lake, stream or source (if unnamed, the description is) White's Creek.

(c) The point of diversion is 700 feet above crossing of Central Camp road and White's Creek.

(d) The quantity of water applied for (in cubic feet per second): Two-tenths cubic ft. per second.

(e) The character of the proposed works: Pipe line and small reservoir.

(f) The premises on which the water is to be used (describe same): Lots 1025 and 1027, Group One, Similkameen Division of Yale District.

(g) The purposes for which the water is to be used: Domestic.

(h) If for irrigation describe the land intended to be irrigated, giving acreage .....

(i) If the water is to be used for power or mining purposes describe the place where the water is to be returned to some natural channel, and the difference in altitude between point of diversion and point of return .....

(j) Area of Crown land intended to be occupied by the proposed works: Nil.

(k) This notice was posted on the 9th day of June 1911 and application will be made to the Commissioner on the 8th day of August, 1911.

(l) Give the names and addresses of any riparian proprietors or licensees who or whose lands are likely to be affected by the proposed works, either above or below the outlet .....

(Signature) PETER VEREGIN,
(P. O. Address) Brilliant B. C.

J. A. CORYELL, Agent.

Note—One cubic foot per second is equivalent to 35.71 miner's inches

CERTIFCATE OF IMPROVEMENTS

NOTICE

Original Mineral Claim, situate in the Grand Forks Mining Division of Yale District.

Where located: In Brown's camp.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Alexander C. Burr, Free Miners' Certificate No. 35558B, for myself and as agent for Charles E. Baker, Free Miners' Certificate No. 38663, intend, sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvement, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claim.

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 28th day of June, A D 1911
ALEXANDER C. BURR

Focus Your Wants
Classified Want Ads. will fill all your requirements. They act as a lens which will concentrate all your needs, and bring them to a perfect focus of satisfactory results.

WORK WANTED

NEEDLEWORK wanted to do at home. Call on Mrs. Wm. Keron, Second street

PASTURAGE

GOOD PASTURAGE for cattle close to city; safe fence; abundace of feed. For terms apply to John Hammer, Fourth of July creek.

FOR RENT

FURNISHED ROOMS—Apply Mrs. E. Crawford

ADVERTISING SPACE in The Sun, the most widely read newspaper in the Kettle Valley.

FOR SALE

TYPEWRITER—Oliver; new. Apply Sun office.

LAND—160 acres good timothy land. Apply this office.

SPACE for advertising purposes in The Sun

122

Our time, knowledge and experience in the printing business is at your disposal when you are in need of something in this line. Don't forget this.

The high price of living has not affected our job printing prices. We're are still doing high class commercial work of all kinds at prices satisfactory to you.

You might as well cut off your legs because you are running well in a footrace as to cut off your advertising because your business is too good.

Some business men are so fond of being deceived that they even endeavor to believe that they can reach the consumers of this district without advertisingin The Sun.

Show cards for widnows and inside are a fine form of silent salesmen. Make them brief, terse and pointed Print them plainly, to be read at a glance.

$15,000—$8000 cash, balance terms. One of best hotels in the business centre of Grand Forks; now doing a profitable business; owner desires to remove to the coast. This is the best bargain in this part of the province, as there are but seven hotel licenses in the Grand Forks. City is growing rapidly. No other town in southern British Columbia has as bright future prospects.

W. F. ROBINSON
GENERAL TRANSFER WORK

WOOD AND ICE

OFFICE AT CHALMERS' STORE
PHONE 64 GRAND FORKS, B. C.

THE
LONDON DIRECTORY
(Published Annually)

Enables traders throughout the world to communicate direct with English
MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS
in each class of goods. Besides being a complete commercial guide to London and its suburbs, the directory contains lists of
EXPORT MERCHANTS
with the Goods they ship, and the Colonial and Foreign Markets they supply;
STEAMSHIP LINES
arranged under the Ports to which they sail, and indicating the approximate Sailings;
PROVINCIAL TRADE NONICES
of leading Manufacturers, Merchants, etc., in the principal provincial towns and Industrial centres of the United Kingdom.

A copy of the current edition will be forwarded, freight paid, on receipt of Postal Order for **20s.**

Dealers seeking Agencies can advertise their trade cards for £1, or larger advertisements from £3.

THE LONDON DIRECTORY CO., LTD.,
25, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C.

ISSUE OF ELECTION

(*Concluded from Page One.*)

seems absolutely to reverse the life long policy of its great leaders in the past, declaring that it will oppose to the bitter end the very principle enunciated by both Sir John Macdonald and Sir John Thompson in the last election addresses upon which each of these statesmen ever appealed to the Canadian people. Not content to debate this proposition upon its merits, the Conservative party in the house of commons has adopted a system of obstruction to prevent any vote being taken in parliament by which the opinion of your representatives there could be expressed.

Day after day when the prosiding officer has tried to put the question he has been met by diliatory motions, by endless speeches, by obstructive devices of every kind, each put forward on some specious pretext but in reality nothing else than to abuse the freedom of speech in parliamentary debate. Such pretenses are simply a clumsy attempt to give color to unwarranted and undignified obstruction. To overcome that obstruction after a session which has already lasted eight months would not only mean the continuation of the unseemly spectacle presented by the opposition in the house of commons since the resumptions of its sittings on the 18th inst., but would also mean weeks and months of wasted time and perhaps end in the close of this season to the Canadian producer of a free American market. In this condition of things it has seemed to his excellency's advisers more in accordance with the dignity of parliament, with the traditions of those British institutions which all true Canadians value so highly and which the present opposition degrade with such a light heart, and with the best interests of the country as a whole, to remit the issue to the people themselves, so that the people themselves may judge between the government and opposition and declare whether they have changed their mind or whether they are still in favor of reciprocity in natural products, and whether they will or will not have the American market for the promising crop soon to be gathered in Canada.

The issue, my fellow countrymen, is in your hands, and to your decision his majesty's government in Canada are well content to leave it.

It has been alleged by the opposition that this agreement if consummated would imperil connection with the mother country, and finally bring the annextion of Canada to the United States. It is impossible to treat such an argument with any kind of respect, if indeed it can be dignified with the name of argument, for if it has any meaning, its meaning is that the people of Canada would be seduced from their allegiance by the prosperity to follow the larger flow of natural commerce, for experience of all ages abundantly justifies that trade is the most potent agency of peace, amity and mutual respect between nations. Nor is this all. The agreement, which in no way impairs our fiscal policy, which still maintains at top mast the *fecund principle of British preference*, this agreement by opening up new avenues of trade hitherto closed, would further improve the friendly relations which now happily exist between this country and the mother country on the one hand and the American republic on the other hand, and which it is hoped may at no distant date eventually join in a general treaty of arbitration, the effect of which would be to remove forever all possibilities of war between the great empire of which we are proud to form a part and the great nation which we are proud to have as neighbors.

Parliament Prorogued

OTTAWA, July 27.—Parliament was prorogued today by proclamation, and immediately afterwards a proclamation was issued dissolving the house and fixing nominations for September 14 and polling on September 21.

When this morning's sittings of the cabinet council broke up, Sir Wilfrid Laurier authorized Mr. Fielding to announce the news.

The minister of finance promptly said: "Gentlemen, parliament has been dissolved and elections will take place on Thursday, Septemqer 21."

Rumors of dissolution were afloat all morning, but it was not believed that the announcement would come so soon, and it caused the wildest excitement.

The members of the house will pack up and get away to their constituencies at once. Hon. W. Templeman expects to leave for the west about the middle of next week.

The Conservative members will get away without delay.

First Thought Not Sold

P. Burns, the big Canadian cattleman and packer, has made the following announcement concerning the reported sale of the First Thought mine, located at Orient, a few miles south of this city:

CALGARY, Alta., July 28.—Reports have been circulated from time to time regarding the phenomenal values found in the First Thought mine; also regarding the prices which have been offered me for this property and refused.

I wish to give these the fullest measure of contradiction. The First Thought mine has had no phenomenal records, has encountered no fabulously rich ore and has paid no dividends for two years. It is at present closed down.

As the stock is in very few hands, you will realize that I have no interest whatever in giving you anything but a true outline of conditions.

P. BURNS

Mining Stock Quotations

BOSTON, August 3.—The following are today's opening quotations for the stocks mentioned:

	Asked.	Bid
Granby Consolidated.	42 00	39 00
B. C. Copper.....	5.50	5 25

Metal Quotations

NEW YORK, August 3—Silver 53; standard copper, $12.25@12.35, firm.

LONDON, August 3.—Silver, 24½; lead, £13 6s 3d.

The only policy holder who doesn't need to pay his premiums is dead. The only man who doesn't need to advertise is the man who has retired from business.

Hotel Colin
Opposite Great Northern Station

Recently completed and newly furnished throughout. Conveniently located for railway men. First-class accommodations for transients. Board and rooms by the week at prevailing rates. Fine line of Wines, Liquors and Cigars always in stock at the bar.

Grand Forks, B. C.

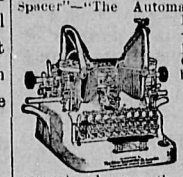
The Oliver Typewriter for 17 Cents a Day!

Please read the headline over again. Then its *tremendous significance* will dawn upon you.

An Oliver Typewriter—the standard visible writer—the most highly perfected typewriter on the market—yours for 17 cents a day!

The typewriter whose conquest of the commercial world is a matter of history—yours for 17 cents a day!

The typewriter that is equipped with scores of such conveniences as "The Balance Shift"—"The Ruling Device"—"The Double Release"—"The Locomotive Base"—"The Automatic Spacer"—"The Automatic Tabulator"—"The Disappearing Indicator"—"The Adjustable Paper Fingers"—"The Scientific Condensed Keyboard"—all



Yours for 17 Cents a Day!

We announced this *new sales plan recently, just to feel the pulse of* the people. Simply a small cash payment—then 17 cents a day. That is the plan in a nutshell.

The result has been such a deluge of applications for machines that we are simply astounded.

The demand comes from people of all classes, all ages, all occupations.

The majority of inquiries has come from people of known financial standing who were attracted by the novelty of the proposition. An impressive demonstration of the immense popularity of the Oliver Typewriter.

A startling confirmation of our belief that the Era of Universal Typewriting is at hand.

A Quarter of a Million People are Making Money with

The OLIVER Typewriter

The Standard Visible Writer

The Oliver Typewriter is a money-maker right from the word "go!" So easy to run that beginners soon get in the "expert" class. Earn as you learn. Let the machine pay the 17 cents a day—and all above that is yours.

Wherever you are, there is work to be done and money to be made by using the Oliver. The business world is calling for Oliver operators. There are not enough to supply the demand. Their salaries are considerably above those of many classes of workers.

An Oliver Typewriter in Every Home!

That is the battle cry today. We have made the Oliver supreme in usefulness and absolutely indispensable in business. Now comes the conquest of the home.

The simplicity and strength of the Oliver fit it for family use. It is becoming an important factor in the home training of young people. An educator as well as a money maker.

Our new selling plan puts the Oliver on the threshold of every home in America. Will you close the door of your home or office on this remarkable Oliver offer?

Write for further details of our easy offer and a free copy of the new Oliver catalog. Address

The Oliver Typewriter Company,
Oliver Typewriter Building,
CHICAGO, ILL.

Bargains
IN
City and Suburban Property

$350—175X175 FT. LOT between Second and Third streets, just above Judge Leamy's and R. Gaw's places; separated from all other properties by 20-ft. lane; as large as seven or eight ordinary lots, adjoining lots are worth $150; would make nice home, with sufficient ground for chickens, fruit, garden and lawn; most desirable location in city.

$3200—35 ACRES adjoining city limits on south; 14 acres cleared; 150 fruit trees; new four-room house; barn for six horses; horse, buggy, double harness and farming implements. All for $3200. Easy terms.

$2000—FOUR-ROOM HOUSE and three lots within one block of business centre; lawn, shade trees, fruit trees, berry bushes, large garden. Will also sell furniture of house if desired. One-half cash, balance terms.

5 ACRES—1½ miles from town; 7-room house, plastered; large buggyshed, woodshed; 150 fruit trees, 70 bearing; 2½ acres strawberries, gooseberries, currants, raspberries; free from frost; the best location around Grand Forks; plenty of good water; fruit and crop included.

$1500—Between 3 and 4 acres in West end of city; first class soil, all under cultivation; small house, woodshed and outbuildings; well and pump; good fence. This is a sacrifice, as owner is about to leave city. Terms.

For further information regarding the above properties call or address

THE EVENING SUN, GRAND FORKS, B.C.

THE
COPPER HANDBOOK

New Edition Issued Nov. 15, 1906.) Is a dozen books in one, covering the history, geography, geology, chemistry, mineralogy, metallurgy, terminology, uses, statistics and finances of copper. It is a pracical book, useful to all and necessary to most men engaged in any branch of the coppes industry.

Its facts will pass muster with the trained scientists, and its language is easily understood by the everyday man. It gives the plain facts in plain English without fear or favor.

It lists and describes 4636 copper mines and companies in all parts of the world, descriptions running from two lines to sixteen pages, according to importance of the property.

The Copper Handbook is conceded to be the

World's Standard Reference Book on Copper

The mining man needs the book for *the facts it gives him about mines*, mining and the metal.

The investor needs the book for the facts it gives him about mining, mining investments and copper statistics. Hundreds of swindling companies are exposed in plain English.

Price is $5 in Buckram with gilt top; $7.50 in full library morocco. Will be sent, fully prepaid, on approval, to any address ordered, and may be returned within a week of receipt if not found fully satisfactory.

Horace J. Stevens,
Editor and Publisher,
453 Postoffice Block,
Houghton, Michigan.

Synopsis of Canadian Homestead Regulations

ANY available Dominion Lands within the Railway Belt of British Columbia may be homesteaded by any person who is the head of a family, or any male over eighteen years of age, to the extent of one-quarter section of 160 acres, more or less.

Entry must be made personally at the local land office for the district in which the land is situate.

The homesteader is required to perform *the conditions connected therewith under* one of the following plans:

(1) At least six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each year for three years.

(2) If the father (or mother, if the father is deceased), of the homesteader resides upon a farm in the vicinity of the land entered for, the requirements as to residence may be satisfied by such person residing with the father or mother.

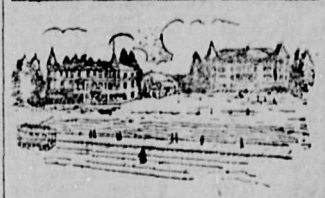
(3) If the settler has his permanent residence upon farming land owned by him in the vicinity of his homestead, the requirements as to residence may be satisfied by residence upon the said land.

Six months' notice in writing should be given the Commissioner of Dominion Lands at Ottawa of intention to apply for patent.

Coal—Coal mining rights may be leased for a period of twenty-one years at an annual rental of $1.00 per acre. Not more than 2,560 acres shall be leased to one individual or company. A royalty at the rate of five cents per ton shall be collected on the merchantable coal mined.

W. W. CORY,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—*Unauthorized publication of this* advertisement will not be paid for.



COLUMBIAN COLLEGE
NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

Receive both Ladies and Gentlemen as resident or day students; has a complete Commercial or Business Course; prepares students to gain Teachers' Certificates of all grades; gives the four years' course for the B. A. degree, and the first year of the School of Science course, in affiliation with the Toronto University; has a special prospectors course for miners who work in B. C. Instruction is also given in Art, Music, Physical Culture and Elocution. Term opens Sept. 11 1908. *For Calendars, etc., address*
COLUMBIAN COLLEGE.

Give and Take

"What're ye comin' home with your milk pail empty for?" demanded the farmer. Didn't the old cow give anything?"

"Yes," replied the boy, "nine quarts and one kick."—Sacred Heart Review.

NEARLY DIED OF STONE IN THE BLADDER

GIN PILLS SAVED HIM

513 James St., Hamilton, Ont.

"Five years ago I was taken down with what the doctors called inflammation of the bladder—intense pains in the back and loins, and difficulty in urinating, and the attacks, which became more frequent, amounted to unbearable agony. I became so weak that I could not walk across the floor.

My wife read in the papers about GIN PILLS and sent for a box. From the very first, I felt that GIN PILLS were doing me good. The pain was relieved at once and the attacks were less frequent.

In six weeks, the Stone in the Bladder came away. When I recall how I suffered and how now I am healthy and able to work, I cannot express myself strongly enough when I speak of what GIN PILLS have done for me." John Herman. 48

GIN PILLS are sold at 50c a box—6 for $2.50. Sent on receipt of price if your dealer does not handle them. Sample box free if you write us, mentioning this paper. Money back if GIN PILLS do not give full satisfaction. National Drug and Chemical Co., Dept. N. U., Toronto.

The original Gin Pills made by National Drug and Chemical Co. of Canada Limited, Toronto, are sold only in this box.

The Cautious Tongue

Singing Teacher—"Now, children, give us 'Little Drops of Water' and put some spirit in it."

Principal (whispering) — "Careful sir. This is a temperance school. Say 'put some ginger in it.' "—Woman's Home Companion.

Minard's Liniment cures garget in cows

Voice from the tee—"Why don't you go and help your opponent find his ball?"

Man in the way—"Oh, his ball's all right; it's here. He's looking for its driver."—Punch.

"Mother, I know what elephants' tusks are made of."

"What, dear?"

"Why, paper knives."

DISFIGURED FOR LIFE!

Mothers Should Realize What Neglect of Skin-Troubles May Mean to Children.

A lifetime of disfigurement and suffering often results from the neglect, in infancy or childhood, of minor affections of the skin and scalp. A mother overlooks a little rash or attempts some simple treatment and in a day, perhaps, the little one is covered with severe eczema or a similar distressing eruption. Then the struggle for a cure begins.

A multitude of remedies are tried, doctor after doctor consulted and hospitals visited, but too often the suffering extends, without substantial relief, from days to weeks, weeks to months and months to years. Added to this is the ever-present fear that the itching, burning and disfiguration will become chronic, marring future welfare and making life miserable.

In the prevention of the simple skin troubles from which all this suffering so often arises and in establishing a condition of skin health that makes eruptions impossible, mothers are assured that nothing is purer, sweeter or more effective than Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. And greater still, if possible, is the success of these simple household remedies in the treatment of the severer skin affections themselves. With the first warm bath with Cuticura Soap and gentle application of Cuticura Ointment, the itching and burning of eczema cease, the child falls into a refreshing sleep, the mother rests and for the first time, possibly, in many weeks peace falls on a distracted household. Frequently a single cake of Cuticura Soap and box of Cuticura Ointment are sufficient.

Positive as is this statement, it is justified by more than thirty years of pronounced success. To quote but a single instance, Robert Mann, of Proctor, Minnesota, says:

"Our boy was born in Toronto on Oct. 13, 1908, and when three months old a slight rash appeared on his cheek. What appeared to be a water blister would form. When it broke matter would run out, starting new blisters until his entire face, head and shoulders were a mass of scabs and you could not see a particle of clear skin. We tried about every advertised remedy without avail, indeed some of them only added to his suffering and one in particular, the ——— Remedy, almost put the infant into convulsions. The family doctor prescribed for him and told us to bathe the baby in buttermilk. This did not do any good, so we took him to a hospital. He was treated as an out-patient twice a week and he got worse, if anything. We decided that it could not be cured and must run its course and so we just kept his arms bandaged to his side to prevent his tearing his flesh. We left Toronto and shortly after our arrival in Duluth, the Cuticura Remedies were recommended. We started using them in May, 1909, and soon the cure was complete. You would not think he was the same child for Cuticura made his skin perfectly clear and he is entirely free from the skin disease. There has been no return. We still use only Cuticura Soap for baby's bath."

Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment, Cuticura Resolvent and Cuticura Pills are sold by druggists everywhere. Send to Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Boston, Mass., for a free copy of their latest 32-page Cuticura Book on treatment of skin diseases.

BINDERS—SEE COCKSHUTT

The Roller-Bearing, Light Draft FROST & WOOD is Perfection. See Our Nearest Dealer To-day.

Tales of Cities.

At the present rate of increase Barcelona will have a population of a million in a few years.

New York city's indebtedness is seven times that of any other city in the country. The debt is about $142 for each inhabitant.

The city of Milwaukee has adopted the thumb print system of paying off its employees in order to protect the city against fraud by forgery or impersonation.

College and School.

Chicago has eleven colleges and universities, with 13,693 students.

New Jersey maintains its high standard of public schools at an average cost of about 20 cents a day a pupil.

The Chilean maritime province of Entre Rios has equipped two floating schools to enable the residents of its islands to obtain an education.

Household Hints.

When wiping silver take care to use a towel free from lint. Silver, like glassware, shows every particle of lint that touches it.

The most effectual remedy for slimy and greasy drainpipes is copperas dissolved and left to work gradually through the pipes.

When the knobs of kettle lids are too hot to handle, cover them with a rubber nipple or with several thicknesses of adhesive paper and the heat will not be felt.

BABY'S LIFE THREATENED BY SUMMER COMPLAINT

The life of every baby is threatened during the hot summer months by that dreaded trouble summer complaint. Thousands of children die every summer from this trouble—thousands of happy homes are made dark and sorrowful because a precious little life has been snuffed out. But mothers, though you fear this trouble, you can fight it—yes, fight it and defeat it with Baby's Own Tablets. Concerning them Mrs. Jos. Steffs, Coutts, Alta., says: "During the hot summer days my little boy took ill with summer complaint. He was seized with vomiting and nothing helped him till I got Baby's Own Tablets. They relieved him and made him a strong healthy child." The Tablets are for sale by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Loses Color Sense.

That the human eye, though trained to distinguish colors, may by want of use forget how to make such distinction was proved by the unique experience of Dr. Hartley, a fellow of the Royal Society in England. In his case it was shown that color can be forgotten as well as learned by human sight.

The doctor in order to save the sight of one, perhaps of both eyes, when one was injured, voluntarily immured himself in a room made totally dark for nine months.

The fortitude which enabled him to adopt this course and the ingenuity by which he preserved his health and faculties in this the most mentally and physically depressing of all forms of imprisonment are sufficiently remarkable. But the doctor also kept on accurate record of his impressions when he at last looked again upon the light after the supreme moment at which he satisfied himself that he was not blind.

He found that in the nine months' darkness his eyes had lost all sense of color. The world was black, white and gray. They had also lost the sense of distance. His brain interpreted the picture wrongly. His hand did not touch the object meant to be grasped. Practice soon remedied the last induced defect of sight. Experiment with skeins of various colored wool in the presence of one who had normal color vision restored the first.

When Baronets Were Bald.

The title of baronets is exactly 300 years old.

It was in the reign of Good King James that baronets first came into existence. To-day, you could hardly tell a baronet from a banker. But in the year 1611, when James I. needed ready money, and created two hundred "little barons" to supply him with cash, they swaggered about in the baldrics and sashes, and behaved in the courtliest of fashions.

Each baronet, in order to justify his title, had to maintain a small army of thirty soldiers for three years. In this way the crafty king not only increased his revenue, but actually lightened his expenses!

It is not generally known that the title of "baronetess" has twice been bestowed on women. One of these was the mother of a Dutch general. The other was a Nottingham lady named Dame Maria Bolles, who won her way into the good graces of Charles' I., and received the title from his hands.

Misunderstood

Excited lady (at the telephone)—I want my husband, please, at once.

Voice (from the exchange)—Number, please?

Excited lady (snappishly) — Only the fourth, you impudent thing.

There is no poisonous ingredient in Holloway's Corn Cure, and it can be safely used without danger or injury.

Farmer—"According to the papers, the world is full of uprisings."

Housewife—"Yes, it seems to be contagious. I notice that even the bottoms of your berry boxes are affected."—Judge.

ONE MORE OF THE PIONEER WOMAN

TELLS HER SUFFERING SISTERS TO FIND RELIEF IN DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

Mrs. Forrester Had Rheumatism and other Kidney Diseases for two years, but Dodd's Kidney Pills made her well.

Dinsmore, Sask. (Special).—One more of the pioneer women of Sakatchewan, relieved of pain and suffering by Dodd's Kidney Pills, has given her statement for publication in order that other suffering women may prove by her experience. This time it is Mrs. John Forester, well known and highly respected in this neighborhood.

"My trouble started from a severe cold," Mrs. Forester states. "My sleep was broken and unrefreshing. I perspired freely at the slightest exertion. I had pains in my back and Rheumatism developed, from which I suffered for two years.

"I do not need to tell you that I was far from being a well woman when I started to use Dodd's Kidney Pills. But now I am thankful to say my troubles are gone. I recommend all suffering women to use Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Suffering women can learn from the experience of others that the one sure way to health is to cure their Kidneys, and Dodd's Kidney Pills always cure the Kidneys.

Indignant Stranger (mistaking visitor for proprietor of inn)"Here! coming through your garden, I've been stung by one of your confounded bees."

Visitor—"Which one? Just you point it out, sir, and I'll deal with it immediately."—Punch.

Pills for Nervous Troubles.—The stomach is the centre of the nervous system, and when the stomach suspends healthy action the result is manifest in disturbances of the nerves. If allowed to persist, nervous debility, a dangerous ailment, may ensue. The first consideration is to restore the stomach to proper action, and there is no readier remedy for this than Parmelee's Vegetable Pills. Thousands can attest the virtue of these pills in curing nervous disorders.

"Those Japanese," said Mrs. Lapsling, "are wonderful people. My cousin Henry once saw a little Japanese throw a big sailor over his shoulder with ease. The little man understood the science they call jewgipsy, you see, and the sailor didn't."—Chicago Tribune.

THE AIR IS GERM LADEN

In the Springtime—Disease is Ready to Make You a Victim When the Blood is Thin

Rich, Red Blood is the Greatest of Germicides—You Can Get the Blood Right by Using

Dr. Chase's Nerve Food

When the blood is rich and red, when it is largely composed of red corpuscles, there is little chance for disease germs. They cannot thrive in the system which is filled with good blood.

But in the spring the blood is generally thin, weak and watery. It lacks the vitalizing red corpuscles and you become an easy prey to the germs of disease which seem to lurk everywhere at this time of year.

You can fortify yourself against the germs of disease by using Dr. Chase's Nerve Food. This great restorative treatment forms new, red corpuscles in the blood, makes the blood rich, red and healthy.

Weakness, tired feelings, stomach derangements, and disorders of the nervous system soon disappear when Dr. Chase's Nerve Food is used.

This medicine cures by the building-up process, and for this reason its benefits are lasting. Nearly everybody needs something in the spring to enrich the blood and tone up the system, and is would be impossible to get a more satisfactory spring tonic than Dr. Chase's Nerve Food, 50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, at all dealers or Edmanson, Bates & Co., Limited, Toronto.

Toronto Type Foundry Co., Ltd.

CALGARY :: WINNIPEG :: REGINA

The Largest Printers' Supply House in Canada We Carry in Stock Cylinder Presses, Job Presses, Paper Cutters, Type and Material. Can Fill Orders for Complete Equipment from our Stock. We are the Largest Ready Print Publishers in the West. We Publish Ready Prints from our Winnipeg, Calgary and Regina Houses. : :

Order From Nearest Branch

THIS WILL INTEREST YOU

EDDY'S "Royal George" Matches

the most perfect "STRIKE ANYWHERE" matches made, that are SAFE, SURE, and SILENT, are sold in boxes, averaging 1000 matches to the box, for 10 cents a box.

You can't afford to pass this by.

ALWAYS EVERYWHERE IN CANADA, ASK FOR EDDY'S MATCHES

Appleford Counter Check Book Company, Limited.

Factory and Offices: HAMILTON, ONT.

(Not in the Trust.)

The best equipped factory for producing Counter Check Books in Canada.

Capacity 50,000 Counter Check Books per Day.

We are supplying the Largest users of Counter Check Books in Canada with our "IMPERIAL BOOKS."

APPLEFORD COUNTER CHECK BOOK COMPANY, LIMITED.

We want publishers to act as our agents in all Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia towns Write us for conditions and prices

His Nerve

Assistant—Mr. Grumbley writes: "I don't see how you can have nerve to sell your worthless remedy for 50 cents a bottle."

Manager—Well, strike out "have nerve to" and "worthless," and put the letter in our testimonials.—Christian Intelligencer.

A Medical Need Supplied.—When a medicine is found that not only acts upon the stomach, but is so composed that certain ingredients of it pass unaltered through the stomach to find action in the bowels, then there is available a purgative and a cleanser of great effectiveness. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are of this character and are the best of all pills. During the years they have been in use they have established themselves as no other pill has done.

He—"Smith told me the other day he thought I was suffering from brain fag."

She—"Oh, the flatterer!"—Baltimore American.

After making a most careful study of the matter, U. S. Government scientists state definitely that the common house fly is the principal means of distributing typhoid fever, diphtheria and smallpox. Wilson's Fly Pads kill the flies and the disease germs, too.

Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Could Do It, Too

A female lion-tamer, young and fair, beckoned to a big lion, and it came and took a piece of sugar from between her lips.

"Why, I could do that trick!" exclaimed a gentleman in the front row.

"What! you?" retorted the fair performer.

"Certainly—just as well as the lion."—St. Paul Dispatch.

Triumph of Reason

Damocles saw the sword suspended by the hair.

"Since it can't cut the hair, I judge your wife has been sharpening her pencil," he remarked to the king.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, Lucas County. } ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D., 1886.

A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public. (Seal.)

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials, free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

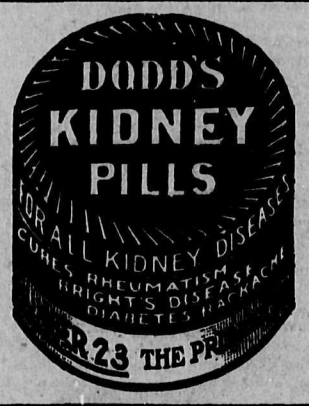
Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Her Career

"Has your college daughter decided upon her career?"

"Not as yet. She is hesitating between a chap who works in a hardware store and a fellow who is part owner of a garage."



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A TELLTALE SHADOW

It Warns a Man That He Is In Danger

By F. A. MITCHEL

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Sorrento, in southern Italy, is a colony of villas and hotels, many of which are surrounded by orange groves. The place is built on a crescent shaped rock at the foot of which is the margin of the Mediterranean. A part of this margin laps a beach, and on this beach are fishermen's boats, and there also the women do the family washing.

One morning Seymour Wilcox, a young American traveler, was looking down over a low stone wall built for the protection of persons on the cliff above, when he saw a young girl washing clothes in the sea. Being some 200 feet above her, he could not see what she was like, but "distance lends enchantment to the view," and he could, even from that distance, detect a certain grace in her movements. He went down on to the beach for a nearer view.

He found a girl of fifteen, though at that age and even much younger an Italian girl is a woman. She possessed the dark hair and eyes of her people and a good figure. Her arms, from exposure, were brown, but they were shapely. Wilcox watched her for a time, then walked past her and smiled at her. He not only smiled, but spoke to her, for he knew something of the Italian language. He learned that her name was Marie and her father was a fisherman. After a brief chat he returned to the town above.

But the next morning he looked down again over the wall, and, although he knew he would be playing with edged tools, seeing Marie below, he yielded to a temptation to go down again and have a few words with her. This time the girl met him with a smile indicating that she was very much pleased that he had come again. On this visit he talked to her longer than before.

Wilcox continued these visits. He found a wineshop down among these fishermen's quarters and would go in there for a liter of wine and to smoke. Sometimes he would take Marie in to have a glass with him. There was nothing unusual in this in Italy. The Italian wines have very little alcohol in them and are drunk by the women and children the same as the men. Besides, a wineshop in Italy is a very different affair from a saloon in America.

The landlord of the hotel where Wilcox was stopping knew nothing of his descents to the fishermen's quarters or he would have warned him against going there. The young man mentioned the matter to no one. He knew he was taking a risk, but not how much of a risk. Besides, he was a fearless fellow and at an age where a man of courage is more apt to court than avoid danger. Nevertheless he did not sufficiently realize the position in which he was placing himself to go armed.

One night Wilcox went down to the beach and, calling for Marie at her father's cottage, invited her to go for a ride out on the water in her father's boat, the father to sail it. Marie transmitted the request to her father, who agreed to the plan. Indeed, no one had manifested a desire to interfere with Wilcox's attentions to the girl. Whether those nearest her were expecting to get money out of the Americano or whether they were permitting her to lure him into a position where they could rob him didn't matter to him, bent as he was on enjoying her society.

After a couple of hours' sail the party returned to the shore, and Wilcox asked the father and daughter to go into the wineshop for refreshment. The father declined for both himself and his daughter, saying it was late and he must be up early in the morning to begin his day's fishing. Wilcox bade them good night, and, as it was early for him, went into the wineshop alone for his tipple and his smoke.

There was no one in the place except the woman, who set the wine before the American and left him. There was a fireplace in the room, and, the nights being chilly in Italy, Wilcox recalled her and asked her to bring in a few fagots and build a fire. She was surprised at the request, for fuel is enormously expensive in Italy; but, knowing him to be an American, which to these people means having plenty of money, she acceded to his request. Wilcox sat down before the fire with the wine beside him and drank and smoked and, without intending it, fell asleep.

He awoke with a start. What caused him to feel that he was in danger he did not know. It might have been a blow that was threatening him or it might have been the fact of a sudden realization that he had been ever since he first saw Marie taking a frightful risk. In any event he was conscious that death was in the room. The fagots had burned out. There was a bright light near the entrance, which shone on Wilcox's back and which cast a shadow on the wall directly over the fireplace. The shadow was that of a figure with the right arm raised above the head. The shadow cast by the end of this arm was difficult for Wilcox to make out. It seemed to be a pointed stick held by a fist. The mind works quickly in the presence of danger, real or fancied, and in a fraction of a second he had determined that a man was behind him with his right hand raised and holding a dagger.

"Senora!" cried the American sharply, calling to the woman who served the wine.

The shadow flickered and disappeared.

There was no reply to the summons, and the young man called again:

"Senora!"

Presently the woman, yawning, came slowly into the room.

"I find myself, senora," said Wilcox, "with not even money enough about me to pay you for the wine I have ordered. Have you any one here who will go up to my hotel with a check, get it cashed by the landlord and bring me the money?"

"Yes, senor, but you can as well pay for the wine when you come for more."

"No, senora; I go away early in the morning to Naples. Besides, there are other payments I wish to make down here among you good people. I intended to bring money, but forgot it."

"Very well, senor. If you desire it I will send my son. He is in bed, but I can awaken him."

Wilcox took a blank check from his portmanteau and filled a check for 500 lira ($100) and wrote on the back of it a request to the landlord of his hotel to send him the money it called for by bearer. Then he gave it to the landlady, and, ordering another litre of wine and lighting a cigarette, he made it appear that he would await the return of his messenger.

But he had no idea of waiting for the money. He knew the man who was about to kill him when he awoke from slumber would waylay the boy who had gone for it. Possibly others who knew of the fact that 500 lira was to be carried at midnight from the town down to the fishers' village would also make an attempt to appropriate it. There was still another possibility. The landlord might surmise that his guest had been cornered and required the money for a ransom. In this event he might have the messenger shadowed on his return by a policeman.

Wilcox realized the fact that he was at the fishers' village near 12 o'clock at night where it was as dangerous to remain as to climb to the top of the cliff. He kept his eye on the wall for awhile, but, seeing no reappearance of the shadow, finally arose from his chair and paced the floor, casting glances at the entrances of the room. Presently he walked out the door through which the landlady had gone and made his way into a kitchen. There, among other things, lay a carving knife with a long, thin blade and a sharp point. He grasped it and for the first time since he had seen the shadow drew a breath of relief. So far as he knew, no one saw him take the knife, and, concealing it under his coat, he went back into the room he had left.

Wilcox was uncertain what to do. Should he remain where he was till day, or should he risk going up to the town with no other defense than a carving knife? If beset, it might be by several persons. If he remained where he was, in case of attack he might put his back against a corner of the room and stand off a number of assailants. Every vestige of recklessness had deserted him. He was mad, fighting mad, but in that state a man's faculties are often the sharpest. He resolved to stay where he was.

Sufficient time for a messenger to go to the hotel and return had elapsed. Wilcox had no idea that the messenger would come back or, if he did come, that he would have the money with him. He was not thinking of his 500 lira, which he would be glad to pay for his life. He was wondering if the man whose shadow he had seen or some one else had appropriated it. This occupied his thoughts when suddenly the outer door was opened and in stepped two persons.

They were a boy of fourteen and—Marie!

Marie, approaching Wilcox, handed him an envelope containing the money he had sent for. He looked at her, plainly asking with his eyes an explanation.

"I knew, signor," said Marie, "that there is one who since you first spoke to me is jealous of you. I found tonight that he would attack you and watched the place. I saw him come in here and followed him. I heard you call for a messenger to go for money. I did not believe Giovanni would rob, but I thought it best to go with the boy. Giovanni disappointed me. He waylaid us and demanded the money, but when he knew I had it he upbraided me and went away."

"So you are disappointed in your lover, Marie—that he should rob, but not that he should murder?"

"The one was for money and the other for love."

"I see. There is a great difference."

The matter being explained, Wilcox lost his apprehension. Since there appeared to be but one man concerned, he resolved, armed with the carving knife he had captured, to go up to his hotel. Having paid his record, he set out in the darkness and arrived without being molested.

The next day Wilcox sent a note to the father of Marie that he would furnish the means to send the girl to school. The offer was accepted, and she went for three years to a convent at the end of which time she married and emigrated to America.

Wilcox at the request of the girl who had saved him did not report the matter to the police.

Sculptor's Early Struggles.

Mr. Bertram Mackennal, A.R.A., has been mentioned as the sculptor commissioned to execute the King Edward Memorial to be placed in the Mall facing Marlborough House.

Mr. Mackennal is an Australian by birth, and the son of a sculptor. From his earliest years he determined to devote himself to the art which his father had followed, but his path to success lay by no means in easy places. In Paris he had a terrible struggle for actual existence, and endured such trials and privations as would have quenched the spirit, and perhaps killed the art, in a weaker man.

He came to London, and has gone steadily forward ever since. Mr. Mackennal lives in a quaint, old-world house at Marlborough Hill, a remarkable feature of which is a courtyard that divides the house into two parts; there are three studios attached to the house, in one of which Mr. Mackennal is certain to be found at work at any time between breakfast and dinner hours. He is, indeed, an indefatigable worker—and smoker.

New Combination Footwear.

One of the latest hints from Paris is the flowered stocking combined for effect with the gemmed slipper. The designer of this pretty combination made richly embroidered stockings, the figures being flowers of any kind to suit the wearer's fancy, and set

FLOWERS ON STOCKINGS, GEMS ON TOES.

gems in the toe part of the velvet slippers. Only the rich, of course, can afford highly gemmed slippers, but the bedowered hosiery is cheaper and may be had at a nominal cost, though some of the designs are very elaborate and are priced high.

Origin of Patents.

Patents (from patoe, I lie open) originated with the so-called nobility of France. Lest their superiority to other folks should be in doubt, the nobles got out titles of nobility, so that the fact that they were better than the rest of the people might "lie open" to all the world. It was in connection with the printing of books that the first real patents were issued, about 1550. By 1625 it began to be customary to issue patents protecting the rights of inventors in the arts and manufactures. Since that time the people in the various "patent offices" of the world have had a steadily increasing business.

The City of Paris.

The founders of Paris, emigrating from some Greek or Etruscan country on the shores of the Mediterranean Sea, rowed their galleys up the river Seine. They took possession of the island in that stream on which their city is built and, according to the legends that have come down to the present time, called it "Baris," which is Greek for a boat then used upon the river Nile, whence Paris. The island on which the adventurers landed was held to typify a boat, and to this day the coat of arms of that famous city is an ancient galley.

WHITSUNTIDE CUSTOMS.

Remarkable Observances Are Found in Rural England.

It would be idle to inquire the origin of some of the extraordinary customs which still obtain at Whitsuntide, for the beginning of many of them is lost in obscurity.

All the history that can be gathered of them is that they have been observed from time immemorial, and that local sentiment will not permit them to die out.

Not the least remarkable is one that is dear to the hearts of the good people of Birdlip, a usually quiet village in the Cheltenham district. Down a hill which the neighborhood boasts a substantial round cheese is set rolling, with the younger and more active of the population in hot pursuit.

Before it can be captured many of the pursuers are rolling, too, but none so fast as the cheese, which generally falls to one of the crowd who is able to keep his feet. It would be interesting to know the why and wherefore of this cheese-rolling, but there is nothing to show this.

The County of Northampton has a Whitsuntide observance which is only kept up once in twenty years, the next year for it being 1923. It dates from the reign of "Good Queen Bess," and the scene of it is the village of Corby.

Its object is to commemorate a charter granted to the inhabitants by Queen Elizabeth which freed the knights of the shire from certain military duties, and other folk from serving on juries at Northampton.

In the small hours of Whit-Monday morning the roads and byways of the parish are stopped up, and toll is demanded of all who would pass thereby. Should this demand not be complied with, the pedestrian is seized and hoisted on to a stout pole, upon which he is carried through the village, escorted by the jeering populace, whose lung-power is given full scope for the occasion.

Whitsuntide is essentially a religious season, and perhaps one of the most remarkable celebrations of it is that which takes place in Cornwall. It is held in what is known as the Gwennap Pit, and in commemoration of the years gone by when John Wesley conducted religious gatherings there.

The service is of a most impressive character, and on occasion it has attracted more than 10,000 devout Wesleyans to the spot. No distance is to great for them to travel, and some have been known to come from such distant parts of the country as Lancashire and Yorkshire.

The mention of Cornwall recalls the fact that in the year 1540 a church there was struck by lightning during the course of the service on Whit-Sunday morning. Many of the worshipers were injured, the storm being described as "awful" and as a "fearful judgment" upon the church.

Superstition is not quite so rife in these enlightened days, but there are still people in this country who get up unusually early on Whit-Sunday morning in order to see the sun rise.

They firmly believe that whatsoever is asked of the Almighty at the instant the sun rises on Whit-Sunday morning is sure to be granted. In years gone by this was a widely accepted superstition, in which there are still believers to be met with in the hills and valleys of Derbyshire and elsewhere. They declare, too, that their requests have been granted.

A veracious chronicler rejoicing in the appropriate name of "Arise Evans" has it on record that he "went up a hill to see the sun rise betimes on Whit-Sunday morning and saw it at its rising skip, play, dance, and turn about like a wheel."

In those days many marriages used to result from the mingling of the sexes in the various games and amusements peculiar to Whitsuntide. The young men and maidens came more together at that season than at any other of the year.

It was looked upon as the first "blush" of summer, and as lending itself to outdoor pastimes retarded by the cold winds of the earlier days of Eastertide and spring.

Did Not Trust Council.

Under a somewhat curious will left by Mr. Patrick Murphy, whose estate totalled $517,000, the town of Newry, County Down, Ireland, has been bequeathed a large portion of the property to pay off the local municipal debt. Mr. Murphy states in his will that as the bequest may be insufficient for the purpose, and "as I have no confidence either in the ability or good sense of the present urban councillors, it is my will that my residuary personal estate shall not be handed over to the board for a period of 21 years from the date of my death," the interest and dividends to be invested. Mr. Murphy directs that certain houses are not to be sold, but the rents are to be applied in perpetuity for the reduction of the rates.

"Spooks" Terrorize Family.

A curious story comes from Dunfermline. The recent occurrence of four fires in rapid succession in the household of Thomas Watson, has had the effect of terrorizing the family. These outbreaks have each had their origin in a cause which is inscrutable to the occupants of the house, and Mrs. Watson, who hails from the Highlands, imagines that a supernatural agent has been at work. She, with others in the domicile, have lately been living in dread. Afraid to go to bed o' nights, members of the family have sat up to watch for further manifestations of the strange, uncanny, "unseen power."

GRADUATION GOWN.

A Simple and Girlish Design For the Event.

Yes, it is rather early in the season to talk of graduation gowns, but tempus has a fashion of fugiting quicker than schedule time in these strenuous days, so before one has a chance to turn around the sweet girl "grad" will be needing her new gown.

The illustration shows a delightfully simple and girlish design for the occasion. The tunic lacing is one of the noticeable features, and altogether the gown is "sweetly pretty," as our English cousins say.

Boudoir Sets For Summer.

The new spring lines in fancy boudoir sets, including sofa pillows, scarfs, bags, pincushions and a large number of practical articles, are brought out in particularly attractive materials and with pretty minor variations in the way of trimming, which makes them very fascinating to women in general, says the Dry Goods Economist.

One of the daintiest of boudoir sets is shown in white cotton voile, with a pink ribbon design running through it and large pink roses placed on the ribbon at intervals in border effect.

This design adapts itself admirably to the various methods of trimming. Cut into strips the material is used as an attractive border all around the square pillow or in two vertical borders across the long pillow. The long pincushion and corset bag have this border running through the center.

An effective new trimming that is a revival of an old mode, old enough, however, to be again called new, is the fringe and passementerie border of macrame cord. By the way, wide bands of lace crocheted in fine macrame cord, copying venise patterns, are being used as high style dress trimmings, and this is probably responsible for the reappearance of this kind of work in the fancy goods department.

A Guide to Good Manners.

If you are puzzled about a question of etiquette and have not time to consult an older or more experienced friend or relative apply the Golden Rule—to do as you would be done by—for this will almost always bring you out of your difficulty with flying colors. The expression "a nature's gentleman" is often applied to some simple minded and unsophisticated man who is thus guided, for, whether we be gentle or simple, the truest good breeding is shown by our care for the feelings of others. The real "great lady" is as thoughtful and considerate for those beneath her in social position as she would be for royalty, though she would show her thought in a different fashion, and since we may all be "queens by love" it behooves us to be royally courteous and considerate. The brusque, rough woman who confounds a pleasant manner of speaking with insincerity is greatly to be pitied, for she has thrown away her scepter and lost her crown.

His Conundrums.

"Pop, tell me some conundrums."

"Conundrums? Why, I don't know any conundrums, my son!"

"Oh, yes, you do! I heard mother tell Aunt Mary the other day that you keep her guessing most of the time."

Makes a Concession.

"Henrietta is not quite as uncompromising as she used to be," said Mr. Meekton.

"Indeed?"

"Yes. She told me yesterday that she was in favor of votes for men."

WOOD AND FENCE POSTS

PHONE A14

Dry four-foot Fir and Tamarac. Cedar and Tamarac Posts. Prompt attention to phone orders

A. GALLOWAY, RANCH WOOD DEALER, **COLUMBIA P. O.**

NEWS OF THE CITY

Dr. Simmons, dentist, Morrison block. Phone 50.

Mrs. H. C. Hanington, of Victoria, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Kerby.

When in Spokane stop at the Hotel Antlers, 319½ Sprague avenue, opposite the Sprague avenue entrance to the Wonder department store. First-class accommodations at reasonable rates. Geo. Chapple, Prop.

Mrs. Langtry and daughter Ethel, of Carlton Place, Ont., are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Jeff Davis.

For Sale—One good work horse, cheap. Inquire W. H. Covert.

Mrs. (Rev.) M. D. McKee is still in Toronto, as she was unable io accompany her husband home last week on account of a severe attack of inflammatory rheumatism.

S. J. Miller, of the Winnipeg hotel, returned last Friday from a trip to the coast cities.

Mrs. Chas. Gilroy and daughter have been spending the past week at Christina lake.

The Sun last week stated that Wm. Carter had dug four tons of potatoes from one acre of ground. The item should have read six tons. The compositor and proof-reader who overlooked the error possibly had their minds concentrated on four aces, which, if they are backed with good judgment, are equivalent to six tons of potatoes per acre.

The Great London Shows Consolidated, which comes to Grand Forks August 16, will bring special importations in the way of all kinds of new circus acts which have been secured in conjunction with a long string of the pick of American performers. Every department has been increased extensively, and it is claimed the exhibition of blooded horses is the best ever offered, among which are the wonderful Dublin Grays, the Big Six, who have captured all of the prizes at the prominent horse shows. They are valued at $25,000. The parade, said to be the finest turnout any circus has ever made in any country, will traverse the principal streets morning of show day.

FIELDING & O'FARRELL

BRITISH COLUMBIA LAND SURVEYORS AND CIVIL ENGINEER

MINE SURVEYORS

Grand Forks, B. C.

WATER NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made under Part V. of the "Water Act, 1909," to obtain a license in the Similkameen Water District, Division of Yale District.

(a). The name, address, and occupation of of the applicant: George Washington Swank, Grand Forks, B.C., Farmer.

(b). The name of lake, stream, or source (if unnamed, the description is): Cedar Creek.

(c). The point of diversion is where the creek enters my land near the centre of the East line, on Lot numbered One A (1A) subdivision of C.P.R. Lot number twenty-seven hundred (2700) in Group 1 in the Similkameen (formerly Osoyoos) Division of Yale District.

(d). The quantity of water applied for (in cubic feet per second). One cubic foot per second.

(e). The character of the proposed works: Dam and flume

(f). The premises on which the water is to be used (describe same) is on Lot One A (1 A) subdivision of C.P.R. Lot number twenty seven hundred (2700) in Group 1, in the Similkameen (formerly Osoyoos) Division of Yale District.

(g). The purposes for which the water is to be used: For irrigation and domestic purposes.

(h). If for irrigation, describe the land intended to be irrigated, giving acreage: Is on Lot One A (1 A) subdivision of C.P.R. Lot number twenty-seven hundred (2700) in Group 1 in the Similkameen (formerly Osoyoos) Division of Yale District, containing 160.45 acres, more or less.

(j). Area of Crown land intended to be occupied by the proposed works: None.

(k) This notice was posted on the 5th day of August, 1911, and application will be made to the Commissioner on the 6th day of September, 1911.

(l). Give the names and addresses of any riparian proprietors or licensees who or whose lands are likely to be affected by the proposed works, either above or below the outlet: None.

G. W SWANK,
Grand Forks, B.C.

WATER NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that an application will be made under Part V of the "Water Act, 1909," to obtain a license in the Similkameen Division of Yale District.

Name, address and occupation of the applicant: W. Sayer, Rancher, Grand Forks, B.C.

Description of lake; Small body of water (no name), fed by springs.

Point of diversion is 40 chains above East line of Pre-emption No. 1300 S.

Quantity of water applied for: One cubit foot per second.

Character of proposed works: Ditch and reservoir, to be used on Pre-emption No. 1300S.

Purpose: Domestic and irrigation.

Description of land to be irrigated: Acreage, 78.

Acreage of Crown Land intended to be occupied by works: Nil.

This notice was posted on the 17th day of July, 1911, and application will be made to the Commissioner on the 16th day of August, 1911.

Name and address of riparion proprietors or licensees who will be affected by the proposed works. None.

(Signature) W. SAYER.
(P. O. Address) Grand Forks B.C.

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS

NOTICE

St. Joseph Mineral Claim, situate in the Grand Forks Mining Division of Yale District.

Where Located: In Central Camp.

TAKE NOTICE that I, Henry Johnson, Free Miners Certificate No. 3 811B, for myself and as agent for Peter Edward Blakie, Free Miner's Certificate No. 85929B intend, sixty days from date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for a Certificate of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining crown grants of the above claim

And further take notice that action, under section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Cerificate of Improvements.

Dated this 28th day of July, A.D 1911.

HENRY JOHNSON.

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Bridge Street,
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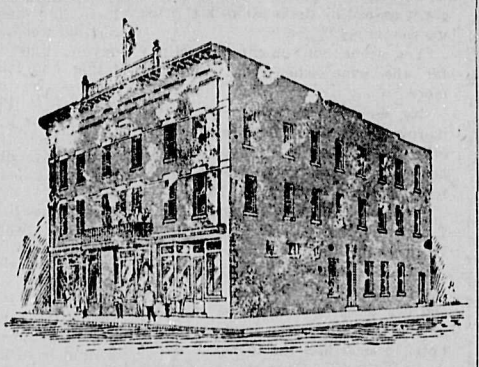

EMIL LARSEN, PROP.

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Rubber Tires for Baby Carriages

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Always Carries in Stock
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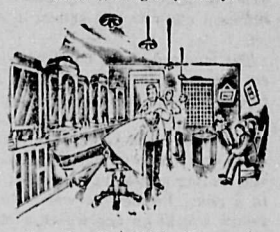

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THE TRAVELING AMUSEMENT SENSATION OF THE DAY.

BRIMMING OVER WITH MIRTH AND OF JOY.

20 CLOWNS
50 LEAPERS
100 ACROBATS
KENTUCKY HORSES.

250 HORSES.
400 PEOPLE.
The Dublin Grays.
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