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The Grand Forks Sun

and
 Kettle Valley Orchardist

GRAND FORKS is situated in the center of Grand Forks valley, the premier fruit growing district of Southern British Columbia. Mining and lumbering are also important industries in districts contiguous to the city.

THE SUN is the favorite newspaper of the citizens of the district. It is read by more people in the city and valley than any other paper because it is fearless, reliable, clean, bright and entertaining. It is always independent but never neutral.

TWENTIETH YEAR—No. 51

GRAND FORKS B. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1921

"Tell me what you know is true: I can guess as well as you."

\$1.00 PER YEAR

MAYOR SUTHERLAND OF KELOWNA IS THE LIBERAL CANDIDATE FOR YALE

Unanimous Choice of the Most Enthusiastic Convention Ever Held in the Constituency, at Penticton Last Night

At the Liberal convention for Yale district in Penticton last night Mayor Sutherland, of Kelowna, was nominated on the first ballot to contest the constituency against J. A. MacKielvie, government nominee, in the present federal elections. There were three candidates in the field, and as Mr. Sutherland received more votes on the first ballot than the other two combined, his nomination was, on motion of one of the unsuccessful aspirants, made unanimous.

Every section of the constituency was represented by delegates, and the harmony and enthusiasm which prevailed in the convention augurs well for success on the 6th day of December. Mr. Sutherland is regarded as the strongest man that

could possibly have been chosen to champion the cause of Liberalism in this district. He has been mayor of Kelowna for sixteen years, and has an enviable record as a man of integrity and as a citizen generally.

The delegates from Grand Forks riding were G. W. Elliott, Fred Clark and C. V. Meggitt, and Dan McPherson represented Greenwood. The local delegates returned home this evening.

F. B. Gossett, of Vernon, was elected president of the Yale Liberal association, and C. H. Jackson, of Kelowna, was chosen secretary-treasurer. The presidents and secretaries of the various provincial riding associations will constitute the executive of the district association.



None So Blind as Those Who Will Not See

Only one sample can be sent to each applicant.

Applications must be on printed forms which may be obtained by writing to the Dominion Cerealists, Experimental Farm, Ottawa.

As the stock of seed is limited, farmers are advised to apply early to avoid disappointment. Those who applied for last season are particularly footed to send in their names at once so that application forms may be forwarded to them. No application forms will be furnished after February 1, 1922.

RIFLE ASSOCIATION ANNUAL SHOOT

Many Good Scores Were Made on the Range at the Wind-up on the Last Day

Shooting for the Liddicoat-Hutton shield was completed last Wednesday afternoon, when the annual shoot of the Kettle River Valley Rifle association came to an end. A great deal of interest was taken in all the contests.

Secretary Liddicoat won the grand aggregate, the third occasion on which he has captured that honor. Following were the trophy winners, together with the score made and the prize won by each:

Grand Aggregate, Ross Rifles—
 First—W. Liddicoat, 208 points, Henniger cup and \$5.
 Second—John Hutton, 203 points, McKie cup.
 Third—Neil McCallum, 194 points, Bank of Commerce cup.
 Service Rifles—
 First—Clinton Atwood, 168 points, Frapp cup and \$5.
 Second—E. G. Eaton, 157 points, Spraggett cup.
 Third—G. B. Garrett, 157 points, Hot Air cup.
 Fourth—R. Ball, 153 points, Gazette cup.
 Fifth—Constable Stacey, 151 points, R.C.M.P. cup.

Other scores made outside of the prize list were as follows:

Ross Rifles—W. H. Dinsmore, 181; E. St. G. Smyth, 160.
 Service Rifles—John Grassick, 151; G. F. Killam, 140; D.C. Manly, 139; Sergt. Reed, 134; W. Rossiter, 125; N. R. Norris, 120; W. Gowans, 119; W. H. Kirkpatrick, 113; Constable Saunders, 108; Corpl. Cope, 105; W. Patterson, 98; A. Scott, 69.

Several other competitors carried out practice over only part of the competition.

Shield Competition—
 The ten men who won positions on the two teams to compete for the Liddicoat-Hutton shield were:

Ross Term—Liddicoat, Hutton, McCallum, Dinsmore and Smyth.
 Service Rifle Team—Atwood, Eaton, Garrett, Ball and Stacey.
 This team match was shot off Wednesday afternoon, 10 shots at 200 yards, competitors changing rifles after firing five shots on score, and firing the other five with his opponent's rifle. Eaton being absent, J. Grassick took his place on the team. The standing of the teams in this competition was as follows:

Ross Rifles—N. McCallum, 42 points; W. Liddicoat, 41; E. St. G.

Smyth, 39; W. H. Dinsmore, 35; John H. Hutton, 24; total, 191 points.

Service Rifles—Clinton Atwood, 44 points; Robert Ball, 43; G. B. Garrett, 41; John Grassick, 38; Constable Stacey, 37; total, 203 points.

This service team won by twelve points, and Clinton Atwood having the highest score on the winning team captured the shield.

The event was very interesting, the competition being keen.

The trophies are being suitably engraved, and when finished arrangements will be made for the presentation of the same to the winners.

The following good scores were made at the 300 yards range (possible 35).

Ross Rifles—N. McCallum, 34 points; W. H. Dinsmore, 34; W. Liddicoat, 33; John A. Hutton, 33; E. St. G. Smyth, 32. Service Rifles—G. B. Garrett, 32; R. Ball, 29.

THE WEATHER

The following is the minimum and maximum temperature for each day during the past week, as recorded by the government thermometer on E. F. Law's ranch:

	Max.	Min.
Oct. 14—Friday.....	54	38
15—Saturday.....	60	34
16—Sunday.....	57	34
17—Monday.....	52	39
18—Tuesday.....	54	34
19—Wednesday.....	62	39
20 Thursday.....	54	41
Rainfall.....	Inches 0.31	

GREAT BOON FOR SMALL CAR OWNERS

Dunlop Rubber Company's New Straight Wall, 31 x 4 Cord Tire

Users of cars taking 30 x 3 1/2 rims have now available a Straight Wall type of rim, which allows the use of a 31 x 4 Straight Wall Cord Tire, recently developed by the Dunlop Tire & Rubber Goods Co., Limited.

This 31 x 4 Cord Tire, as previously stated, is made to fit the new Straight Wall rim in 30 x 3 1/2 size, and its introduction at this date is particularly interesting because the 31 x 4 Straight Wall Cord Tire represents an extension of the Straight Wall principle in tire-building to the smaller car tire. This makes it possible for owners of "Brisco," "Chevrolet," "Ford," "Gray-Dort," "Maxwell" or "Overland" cars to use the new Straight Wall Tire—if they so wish—by converting their present Clincher Rims into Straight Wall.

Rim makers are now supplying 30 x 3 1/2 Straight Wall Rims to interchange with 30 x 3 1/2 Clincher Demountable Rims or Solid type 30 x 3 1/2 Clincher Rims.

The new 30 x 3 1/2 Straight Wall rim is exactly the same as the 32 x 3 1/2 Straight Wall rim except that it is twenty three inches in diameter instead of twenty-five.

"31 x 4 Straight Wall" introduces a new size in Cord Tires, one that undoubtedly will be very popular because of the records it will set for tremendous mileage.

One Car Maker has already adopted the new Dunlop Cord Tire for equipment purposes, and the prospects are that others will follow the example immediately.

31 x 4 Straight Wall Cord is supplied in both "Ribbed" and the well-known "Traction" tread designs.

Paul C. Black, district horticulturist, left this week for a couple of months' vacation trip to Vancouver.

CHIEF PARKS HAS RESIGNED

A. E. Savage, Chief of Police of City for Fifteen Years, Appointed to Succeed Him

At a meeting of the board of police commissioners Wednesday night Chief of Police Parks tendered his resignation, to take effect at once.

At an adjourned meeting of the board yesterday morning Mr. Parks' resignation was accepted and A. E. Savage was appointed chief of police. Mr. Savage will assume his duties on Sunday night. In the meantime Thos. Wilkinson is acting chief.

The new appointee was chief of police for about fifteen years, having relinquished his position about three years ago.

FOSTER'S FORECAST

Washington, Oct. 17.—A high temperature wave will develop in the extreme northwest during the week centering on October 12 and the storm wave, a low barometer, one day behind it, will control the weather for that week. That warm wave moving southeastward is expected to reach meridian 90—a straight line extending north and south from St. Louis—near October 12. Three days earlier it will be in Alaska, and after reaching the Gulf of Mexico, it will spread over the St. Lawrence valleys and surrounding sections near October 14. The usual change, first the storm wave, then the cool wave one or two days later, will affect the whole continent as they move eastward.

This disturbance will not be very great, but above the average, and rainfall accompanying will be about the average and in sections where most rain occurred during the summer. The most severe storms of the first half of October were expected from October 1 to 8.

By October 8 the humidity, or drimpness, of the wind that comes from the eastward will have begun to lessen and by October 15 will begin, gradually, a long spell of dryness. This does not mean a drouth.

News of the City

Mrs. Geo. B. Garrett returned on Friday from Maple Creek, Alta., where she has been visiting her mother, Mrs. Poett, who accompanied her to this city.

Robert Lawson left this week for a visit to Soap Lake, Wash.

Donald McCallum and Nat Taylor made a motor trip to Rosland last week.

The death of the 14 months old son of Mr. and Mrs. James Gallo-way, of Oliver, occurred in Nelson last Sunday. The remains were brought to this city for burial.

Joe Rossi and family left this week for Italy. They expect to return to this city in about a year.

William Simpson, of Bridesville, was a visitor in the city on Monday.

Work has been started on the cement sidewalk on Winnipeg avenue.

W. O. Easton has returned from a visit with friends on Vancouver island.

GREATER SPEED IN THE AIR

Claim Is Made That Invention of New Airplane Wing May Give Three Hundred Miles Per Hour

London, Oct. 19.—A demonstration was given yesterday of an airplane fitted with wings of a new design that, in the inventor's opinion, is likely to revolutionize air flight.

The "alula" wing is the invention of a Dutchman, Mr. Holle, who hopes soon to attain a speed of between 200 and 300 miles per hour with it. In construction the wing is unlike anything ever seen in this country. It has a single frame built of mahogany planking.

When the pilot came down after a long series of manouvers he said he had been travelling at 184 miles an hour and that his rate of climbing was as much as 2600 feet a minute.

The angle of some of his ascents was sixty degrees. The wings were attached to a fighting aerial destroyer driven by a 300 horsepower engine, the machine being designed to go up and attack at a moment's notice. The wing can also be fitted to airplanes designed for carrying heavy cargoes.

Nobody Can

Invention of a perpetual motion machine is claimed by Richard Ulram, of New York. He has organized the Perpetual Motion Power, Heat & Light company, and is offering \$25,000,000 worth of stock at 10 cents a share.

Don't crowd! Mr. Ulram's greatest problem will be to fight off pirates. For the patent office, recognizing that perpetual motion is a scientific fallacy, long ago made a rule against issuing patents on any contraption supposed to run forever without outside aid.

Six follies of science—six things neither you nor any one else can do. Perpetual motion is one. In 1874 many thought John Keely, Phila-

delphic carpenter, had invented it. The Keely motor gave wonderful results. But it got its power from compressed air, secretly conveyed. The fraud was exposed after the inventor died. He sold much stock.

Squaring the circle and multiplication of the cube are two other impossibilities. They have driven many mathematicians crazy.

Fourth scientific folly is magic—the black art which medieval sorcerers sought and pretended they found. Magic would mean doing Thurston's tricks without sleight of hand or other fakery.

Fifth scientific fallacy is the elixir of life. Ponce de Leon sought it in a fabled fountain of youth. Voronoff, of Paris, seeks it in monkey glands.

Sixth scientific fallacy is transmutation of metals—conversion of iron or lead or other baser metals into gold or silver.

That men like Richard Ulram still attempt to achieve the six follies of science shows that there is always some one who refuses to believe that anything is impossible.

It is man's nature to deny that he is limited in his powers. Laughed at, jeered, he defies precedent—and thereby makes progress. This spirit may not achieve the original goal, but it will accomplish something.

Thus Glauber, who devoted a lifetime in attempting to change lead into gold, discovered a very useful salt that bears his name.

Professor Frederick Soddy, of Oxford, says that when man has enough radium and can work with 1,000,000 volts of electricity he may really be able to change lead into gold.

Six follies of science we call them now. But will future man solve them and look back and laugh at us?

Flying was once called the seventh folly of science. It has been taken off the list.

Seed Grain Distribution

The annual free distribution of samples of seed grain will be conducted as usual at the Central experimental farm, Ottawa, by the Dominion cerealists.

The following kinds of seed grain will be sent out this season:

Spring wheat, in about 5-lb. samples; white oats, about 4-lb.; barley, about 5 lb.; field peas, about 5-lb.; field beans, about 2 lb.; flax, about 2-lb.

News of the City

The Globe Export Liquor company's store on Winnipeg avenue was broken into on Tuesday night, presumably by bootleggers from across the line, and two cases of liquor stolen. Mr. Mayo, who sleeps in the building next door, heard the robbers, and gave the alarm by telephone, which frightened them away, otherwise they undoubtedly would have made a big haul, as it is said they had two big cars ready to fill with the wet goods.

Mrs. C. M. Kingston returned on Wednesday from a visit to Vancouver.

Special attention is called to the notice of the city clerk in this week's issue of The Sun regarding the registration of householders and licenceholders. All householders and licenceholders who wish to get their names on the 1922 municipal voters' list must register at the city office on or before the 31st of October.

Rev. Hillis Wright visited Nelson this week.

Work on the foundations for the pumps and pumphouse of the No. 1 unit of the irrigation system is progressing favorably under the direction of Engineer Graham. The pump station will be located on the Almond reach, on the south bank of river at a point where a bend in the river reaches the farthest south.

The court of revision of assessments in connection with Grand Forks irrigation district will be held on November 12.

A. E. Dodson had a leg broken in the Billings sawmill this week, and was brought to the Grand Forks hospital yesterday morning.

Mrs. Millions, who has been visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Brown, returned to her home in Vancouver this week.

Miss Joyce McLeod returned Sunday from a visit with friends in Vancouver and Kelowna.

J. Willis has returned from a month's trip to Montreal.

The Grand Forks Sun

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G. A. EVANS, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER

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OFFICE: COLUMBIA AVENUE AND LAKE STREET.

FRIDAY, OCTOBER 21, 1921

There is just cause for congratulation on the splendid personal character and high standing in the constituency of the Liberal candidate nominated at the Pentiction convention last night. Mr. Sutherland is a gentleman in whom not only Liberals but electors of other political affiliations can unite and give their whole hearted support.

A Ford car that sells for \$285 in Minnesota costs \$600 or \$700 in Canada. Mr. Ford has factories in the United States and in Canada. He can manufacture a car as cheaply in Canada as he can in Michigan. But the tariff allows him to pocket the difference of the cost of the car in the two countries as an additional profit above the cost of production. There are hundreds of parallel cases where old-established and full grown manufacturing concerns are permitted to legally rob the consumers. The tariff needs revising, and it needs it badly.

Hirohito, the crown prince of Japan, is back again in Tokyo after several months of journeying through Europe. He was greeted with an enthusiasm which seems to prove the undiminished loyalty of the nation to the royal house. An interesting incident of the welcome was the loud cheering and the waving of handkerchiefs that marked his progress through the streets of Yokohama and Tokyo. In the past, whenever royalty passed by etiquette demanded from the Japanese the complete silence of awe and reverence. But young Japan has learned to cheer and likes to make a noise as well as young England or young America.

A large number of people can sympathize with the man of limited means who observed that his two sons in college and a third in preparatory school kept his nose so near the ground that he could see the bottom of his feet at every step he took.

In every one of the newly created political divisions of Europe the chief aim of the peasant leaders has been to hasten the solution of the land question, in order to satisfy the hunger of the people for fields of their own. In Bulgaria, Czecho-Slovakia, Jugo-Slavia, Hungary and Roumania the demands of the Green International have been receiving attention. In Czecho-Slovakia especially there has been rapid progress, so that 150,000 farmers have become owners of the soil, and 500,000 acres of land are to be leased to former soldiers, farming associations, parishes and public utility companies. The forests, because it is so necessary to preserve them, will be administered by the state.

The Nabobs—North American Brotherhood of Bootleggers—are doing a rushing business all along the southern border of British Columbia.

A pernicious word is "inexhaustible." "Inexhaustible" mountains of ore, "inexhaustible" forests, "inexhaustible" fertility of the soil have all been greatly depleted, and some have been wholly spent. We need to remind ourselves that neither coal nor oil nor iron nor any other ore nor forests nor fertility can last permanently in the face of selfish exploitation or ignorant waste.

It is now two weeks since the government liquor store in this city was reported to have been robbed, and the only person who seems to know much about the affair is the correspondent who first sent out the news to the outside newspapers. We take it for granted that he has a good alibi.

What would you do if you were driving along a road with a nervous horse, and an airplane suddenly swooped down and fright-

ened the horse into a runaway that smashed your wagon and injured the horse and yourself? Would it be any comfort to learn from your lawyer that this country has no laws on aviation and that the statute books are silent on the right to protection and on recompense for damages? How would you go about it to get satisfaction?

Dal Erin, or Dail Eireann, frequently seen in newspaper reports, is the name of the present republican parliament in Ireland. In ancient times a common name for Ireland was Eire, nominative case; Eireann or Erin, possessive; Eirinn, objective. The Dal was an assemblage somewhat like the English Knights of the Shire, its duties being of a legislative character. Hence Dal Erin (pronounced Dhawla Airin) means the parliament of Ireland.

How Difficult It Is to Keep Vanity Under Harness of the Intellect

By Brig. Gen. C. G. Dawes

One changes his mind as information changes, provided that information alters the foundation of correlated facts upon which opinion must always be builded. But we must be guided by facts.

It takes more than reason to bend national pride. Necessity must also exist.

Now that the pressure of emergency is over I have to spur myself to work. I believe I am naturally inclined to indolence when off a red hot stove. The merely spectacular in life will never lack description.

The history of the great war will be written around achievement—not shoulder straps.

Emergency is after all the greatest co-ordinator.

My experience in working for co-ordination teaches me that the co-ordinator must himself co-ordinate his mental activities with others.

Distrust of each others' intentions is fatal to quick action in time of emergency.

How majestic is naturalness. I have never met a man whom I really considered a great man who was not always natural and simple. Affectation is inevitably the mark of one not sure of himself.

It never occurs to me now to look for dirt. I am so anxious to get something to eat. I am writing this right here for the benefit of middle-aged business men. The joys of youth are still within our reach if we only give over physical and mental indolence.

Humbleness and naturalness are the great protection against ignorance.

The anti-climax which the inexperienced and over-vain bring upon themselves by encouraging newspaper self-exploitation upon assuming important duties is one of the chief causes of a subsequent failure. The censor happily protected the A.E.F. from much of this sort of thing, but many in the United States were destroyed, or destroyed their own usefulness themselves, by it.

In proportion as men are right-minded and intelligent, ceremony is unessential in their relations.

Inexperience and ignorance in its association with experience and knowledge will always profit by humbleness of opinion.

How difficult it is to keep vanity under the harness of the intellect.

Somehow it is not so inspiring to work at saving money for one's government as to work at helping to save its life.

Clementel, French minister of commerce, inexpressibly horrified me by kissing me on both cheeks before a large audience. As we sat at the table together, I told Hoover our old friends in Cedar Rapids, Ia., and Marietta, O., who know us better, would never have made the mistake either by making us so prominent or by kissing us.

We lunched in a house owned by Ogden Mills which was formerly the palace of Marshal Lannes. As I looked around me I said "John (Gen. Pershing), when I contrast these barren surroundings with the luxuriousness of our early life in Lincoln, Neb., it does seem that a good man has no real chance in this world." To which John meditatively replied: "Don't it beat h—!"

Fame and fortune await the genius who can invent a burglar-proof whisky cellar.

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INTERESTING SCENES FROM MANY PARTS OF THE WORLD



(1) In England, thousands of Shoreditch unemployed marching from Hoxton to Guardians' Office to demand increase of money grant, free coal and other benefits while out of work.



(2) Launching of the latest and largest of Uncle Sam's super-dreadnaughts, the U.S.S. Washington, at Camden, N.J., September, 1921.



(3) Mrs. Arthur Hamilton, who failed in her second attempt to swim the English Channel. She was the first woman to swim the Solent.

(4) Anna Pavlova, the celebrated dancer, who arrived in Canada on the "Empress of France," October 18th, for a theatrical tour through Canada.

(5) Canadian teachers in England. The Mayor and Mayoress of Southampton, and Mr. Blakeway, Chairman of the Education Committee, together with some of the Canadian teachers, are here seen on board the "Corsican," just prior to her departure from Southampton.

(6) Remarkable welcome in London, Eng., for film star. Scene when Charlie Chaplin arrived at the Ritz Hotel.

(7) Albert de Courville, known in Great Britain as the "King of Revue," who will launch here "Hullo, Canada!"

(8) Miss Shirley Kellogg, the most popular revue star in Great Britain, will make her first appearance in Canada in "Hullo, Canada!" with Albert de Courville, in association with Trans-Canada Theatres.

(9) A smiling snapshot of Charlie Chaplin in England.



5

THE ROYAL ARMS OF CANADA

(By Professor Percy E. Nobbs)

While the feeling of Canadians appears to be distinctly against titular honors, and while the interest in personal coats of arms is so slight that the whole machinery of registration is ignored alike by the many unaffected and by the few entitled to bear arms, there has of late been quite a healthy development in the matter of place heraldry. Many Canadian towns have adopted coats of arms, and for the most part they are feasible, heraldically speaking, and in some instances duly registered at the College of Heralds in London. All the provinces, both new and old, have beautiful coats of arms, duly granted, and used to the full by the provincial governments, both as decorations to public printing, and as flags, on occasion. The Federal authority has, however, till quite recently, been less well furnished, and the maple leaf, the beaver, the arms of the four first provinces to federate, marshalled together on a quartered field, and last, but not least, a marshalled coat of the arms of all nine provinces, have all been used as a symbol of sovereignty in a rather indiscriminate fashion.

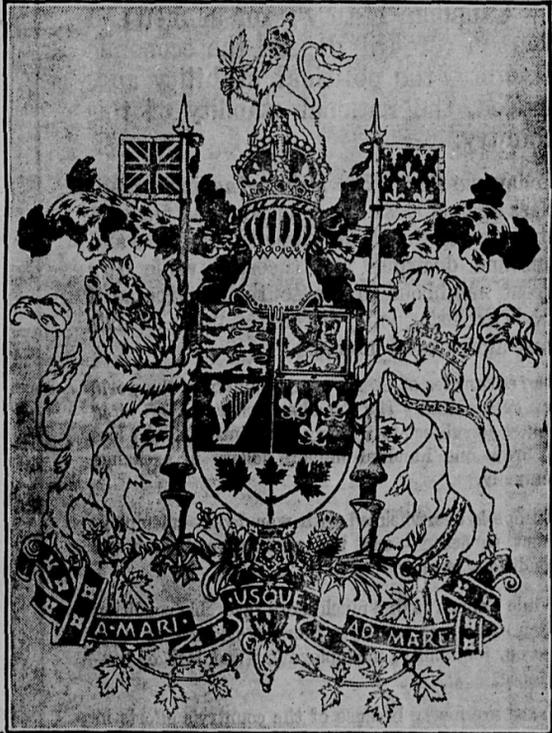
Just recently, His Majesty the King—the Empire's "fountain of honor," to use the heraldic phrase, has been graciously pleased to approve a Royal Coat of Arms for Canada.

It is not generally understood that Arms of Sovereignty are not necessarily the personal Arms of the sovereign, and in case of conquest Arms of Sovereignty pass automatically to the conquering ruler, at least that has been the way of it in Europe.

When the King is in Scotland, his standard is flown, and on it the Scots Arms occur on the first and fourth quarters, and the English and Irish Arms on the second and third quarters respectively. Also, his Scots Arms are surmounted by a different crest, a red lion sitting up, his supporters the lion and the unicorn, are transposed, and they usually carry banners with the St. Andrew's and St. George's crosses. And so the King's Arms of Sovereignty in Ireland are differentiated by repeating the harp on the blue field twice.

Henceforth, in Canada, when the King is represented in authority by a piece of ornamental symbolism which we call his Coat of Arms, it will be as in the case of Scotland and Ireland, by a variant upon the Royal Arms of England. To avoid the heraldic portmanteau phraseology (which is the briefest and most concise form of scientific descriptive expression ever invented, but a language not taught in the schools) the design will be as follows:—

The shield will have four quarters, and a base; on the right and left, at the top, we have the three gold leopards of England on a red background, and the red lion of Scotland, with his blue claws and tongue, on a gold background, with a double line of decorated framing round him. Below the English leopards, on a blue background, we have the golden harp of Ireland, with its silver strings, and below the Scots lion we have the three gold lilies of France also on a blue background; and at the bottom of the shield we have the green Canadian maple leaves on a white or silver background. The supporters are a gold lion (without a crown on his head as in the Royal Arms of England), but bearing as a banner the Union Jack, and a silver unicorn with gold trimmings, including his collar and his chain, and



bearing as a banner the ancient Arms of France, that is to say, a pattern of gold lilies on a blue field.

Above the shield, the sovereignty being royal, there is a royal gold helmet, with the Imperial crown, and on this crown there stands the crest consisting of a ferocious little golden lion waving a red maple leaf in his paw, and wearing a crown on his head. It is to be observed that the crown and crest are attached to the helmet by means of a red and white wreath, and this may be drawn as ribands twisting in and out of the crown, or even as a red and white cord round a cushion on top of the helmet, for the rules of good heraldry are very rigid in the matter of the shield, they are very elastic as to interpretation of the accessories.

And so with the mantling. The old Scottish custom of blue and white will be followed, with this difference, that instead of white we have ermine, and as this goes well with royal blue, the combination makes a far finer royal achievement than if a gold and silver mantling is added to a gold helmet, a gold crown and a gold crest.

There is no mottoed garter, or chain and jewel of a knightly order, surrounding the shield, and this is probably an intentional difference, in consonance with the present position of affairs with reference to Canadian titles.

The motto again is different from that of the Royal Arms as used in England, Scotland and Ireland, being "A mari usque ad mare."

On the Royal Arms of England there occurs at the bottom an ornament—the three badge flowers combined on one stem, symbolic of the Union. In the case of the Royal Arms of Canada the badge flowers will be somewhat more numerous, consisting of a rose flanked by a thistle, a lily and shamrock, and leaf leaves, and terminating at each side in a twig of maple. This ornament

may, of course, be treated with considerable freedom, and the coloring be made as conventional or as naturalistic as the taste of the artist may require.

So, we have in the Royal Arms of Canada an agglomeration of symbols sanctified by origin, by time, and by association—the leopards of Edward the First, and lilies of Ancient France and of the Bourbons' empire, the red Scottish lion that was old when Robert the Bruce replaced his private arms with the arms of the Sovereignty of Scotland, and the supporting unicorn, with a crown about his neck, which was once the crown of a French Dauphin, in Mary Stuart's day, and though the crown has now the distinctive crosses of the Scots crown, the old chain is still appended thereto. The crest is the crest as it was in the Black Prince's time, with the addition of a crown on the lion's head and a maple leaf in his paw. The Union Jack on the banner is itself a combination of the crosses of the patron saints—St. Patrick's from the earliest culture in the British Isles, and St. Andrew's, near as old, and St. George's cross that was used in land fighting since ever Englishmen and Scotsmen fought for the adjustment of their borders. But its use at sea, according to the Genoese, was bought from them for gold, because theirs was the only flag respected by Turks and Rifas, and English merchants had need of it in the Middle Sea. And there is the story of the three badge flowers, and their combination on one stem at the time of the union, which is modern history.

While we are considering this last grant of Arms affecting the Dominion, it is interesting to hark back to the first, which was probably the heraldic device of the Barons of Nova Scotia, a very beautiful design, albeit associated with a somewhat sordid tale of trafficking in titles by James I. and VI.

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News of the City

At a meeting of the Liberal association on Wednesday evening G. W. Elliott was elected secretary, vice R. Campbell, resigned. G. W. Elliott, Fred Clark and C. V. Meggitt were chosen delegates to represent the association at the Penticton nominating convention. A resolution was also adopted urging the minister of lands, Hon. Mr. Pattullo, to advance \$25,000 monthly for the construction of the irrigation system.

Ai Traunweiser has returned from a visit with relatives in Calgary.

W. H. Jones, the Nelson job printer, who recently disposed of his business, and who has been spending a few days in the city this week, returned to his home this evening.

Miss Mary Newbauer, who has

been attending a business school in Spokane, has returned to her home in this city.

H. W. Gregory returned to this city on Sunday from Anyox, where he has been with the Granby company for the past three years. He has lately been suffering from an affection of the eyes, and at present he has some difficulty in seeing with any degree of clearness.

Vernon Forrester, of the C.P.R., has been transferred to Trail.

Business Places to Close for Unveiling Ceremony

By resolution of the City Council all places of business in the city are requested to close from 10 a.m. until 2 p.m. on Nov. 11th, so that all may have the opportunity of attending the unveiling of the Soldiers' Memorial.

JOHN A. HUTTON,
City Clerk.

The National Crisis

"My appeal is to the whole people; to every man and woman who wants to do right by this country; to everyone who breathes the spirit of our fathers who founded this British Dominion."

—ARTHUR MEIGHEN

THE Election to be held December 6th will be the most momentous in Canadian history; for as men and women vote will depend the economic stability, the political stability and, indeed, the national stability of this country.

Today we find group striving against group, class against class, the industrial and financial structure of the country assailed by false and unsound doctrines and theories, while our great neighbour to the south has adopted a trade exclusion policy directed against Canada's vast agricultural interests.

The currencies of nearly every country in the world are depreciated. The Canadian dollar in the United States is subject to a heavy discount causing a loss of over one hundred million dollars in exchange annually.

Europe is overwhelmed with war debts—unemployment is acute—and the restoration to pre-war conditions is slow.

While Canada is in a much more favorable condition than many countries, yet there is evidence of stagnation, instability, unemployment and lack of confidence.

Taxes are heavy because of the country's efforts in the Great War, but have become burdensome on account of the misconceived policies and blunders of Governments that directed Canada's affairs prior to 1911.

These conditions are largely the direct aftermath of the war, but they must be dealt with fearlessly and constructively. This is no time to consider experimental changes, or the theories of visionaries.

This is no time for Crerar and his Free Trade policy.

This is no time for King and his wobbling "charted" policies, varying with each provincial boundary.

It is the time to cling to orderly, stable Government in the interest of all the people; to be guided by the experience of the past, proceeding upon lines that have been proven sound.

It is the time to place the destinies of Canada again in the hands of a Government led by a sane, courageous Canadian who has safely brought the country through the trying years of reconstruction, and upon whom we can rely to retain and initiate policies in the interest, not of a group or class but of all the people.

It is the time to support Arthur Meighen and his Candidates.

Meighen will lead us through

The National Liberal and Conservative Party
Publicity Committee

VARY YOUR DIET

Too much meat is not healthy. We have some very choice

LABRADOR and HOLLAND ERRING

They're appetizing and make an excellent meat substitute. Also try our **Bulk Teas and Coffees.** They are the best in the city.

The City Grocery

R. M. McLeod | Phone 25 | H. H. Henderson

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF GRAND FORKS

NOTICE

Licenceholders and householders of 21 years or over (including women) who have paid their Road Tax for 1921 of \$2.00, or who are exempt by statute, must register at City Office on or before October 31st, at 5 p.m., in order to have their names on the Municipal List of Voters for 1922. All former declarations are now void.

JOHN A. HUTTON,
City Clerk.

Practically all the apples are now off the trees in this valley.

S. T. HULL

Established 1910

Real Estate and Insurance

Resident Agent Grand Forks Townsite Company, Limited

Farms Orchards City Property
Agents at: Nelson, Calgary, Winnipeg and other Prairie points. Vancouver Agents: **PENDER INVESTMENTS RATTENBURY LANDS LTD.**

Established in 1910, we are in a position to furnish reliable information concerning this district. Write for free literature

Rev. W. P. Bunt, Mrs. J. J. Smith and Phila Dinsmore attended the religious workers convention in Nelson this week as delegates from the Methodist church Sunday school

Price List of Bulbs

Hardy Flowering Plants and Shrubs

As we go to press our Dutch Bulbs are rolling west from Montreal, and we expect them to arrive about the time our Price List reaches our customers.

Hyacinths for House Culture

Extra Large Bulbs.

Gigantea—Color Blush Pink.
La Grandesse—Snow White; the finest of Bulbs.
Enchantress—Lavender and Lilac Blue with light center.
Grand Lilas—Light Blue, shaded Lilac; very pretty.
Grand Maitre—Deep Porcelain Blue.
20c each...\$2.00 per dozen. Add 10c per dozen for postage.

Hyacinths, Selected Bedding Size

Gertrude—Rosy Pink.
L. Innocence—Light Blue.
Grand Lilas—Light Blue.
Queen of the Blues—Blue with Silvery appearance.
\$1.00 per dozen. \$9.00 per hundred.
Add 10c per dozen for postage; 35c per hundred if by express.

Tulips

All Tulips by the dozen rate are Postpaid.
Early Single—Choice mixed colors.....35c per doz.; \$3.00 per 100
Early Double—Choice mixed colors.....45c per doz.; \$3.80 per 100

Darwin Tulips

These stately beauties are borne on stems often 3 feet high, the colors running from almost Black to the finest White.
Clara Butt—Deep Apple Salmon, extra fine.....60c per doz.; \$4.75 per 100
Europe—Salmon Scarlet, one of the very finest.....75c per doz.; \$6.00 per 100
Gretchen—Delicate Pink.....60c per doz.; \$5.00 per 100
Painted Lady—Creamy White.....60c per doz.; \$4.75 per 100
William Pitt—Glowing Red, extra good.....95c per doz.
Candeur—Pure White.....75c per doz.; \$5.50 per 100
Pride of Haarlem—Carmine Pink, extra fine large flowers, tall stem.
75c per doz.; \$6.00 per 100
Choice Mixed Darwin Tulips.....50c per doz.; \$3.75 per 100
Parrot Tulips—In choice mixture.....45c per doz.; \$3.75 per 100

Early Double Tulips

Boule de Neige—Pure White.....60c per doz.; \$4.75 per 100
Domonne d'Or—Yellow, slightly tinged Rouge.....75c per doz.; \$5.75 per 100
Le Mator—Bright Scarlet.....75c per doz.; \$5.75 per 100
Murillo—Extra fine blush Pink.....50c per doz.; \$3.75 per 100

Daffodils for Forcing or Outdoor Planting

Postage 10c dozen extra.

Von Sion—1st size selected double heads, extra large.
\$1.00 per doz.; \$8.35 per 100
Von Sion—1st size round bulbs.....75c per doz.; \$6.25 per 100
Emperor—Perianth Primrose, trumpet deeper yellow; extra large.
90c per doz.; \$7.50 per 100
Empress—Perianth White, trumpet rich Yellow; extra large Bulbs.
90c per doz.; \$7.50 per 100
Glory of Leiden—Dull Yellow.....\$1.00 per doz.; \$8.35 per 100
Gelen Spur—Perianth and trumpet rich Yellow; extra large double heads.
90c per doz.; \$7.45 per 100
Victoria—Perianth White, trumpet rich Yellow; extra large Bulbs.
\$1.00 per doz.; \$8.50 per 100
Jonquil—Double.....40c per doz.; \$3.35 per 100
Jonquil—Single sweet scented.....40c per doz.; \$3.35 per 100
Poeticus Ornatus—Pheasant's eye, double heads.....55c per doz.; \$4.75 per 100
Crocus—Mixed varieties.....15c per doz.; \$1.25 per 100 postpaid
Ixia—Mixed.....20c per doz.; \$1.40 per 100 postpaid
Iris Hispanica—Choice mixed.....15c per doz.; \$1.25 per 100 postpaid
Iris Anglica—English Iris.....25c per doz.; \$2.00 per 100 postpaid
Anemone Cor—Double, Red; for indoor culture.
35c per doz.; \$2.50 per 100 postpaid
Snow Drops.....15c per doz.; \$1.25 per 100 postpaid
Scilla Siberica.....25c per doz.; \$2.00 per 100 postpaid

Hardy Plants for Fall Planting

Peonies—All colors.....50c each
Hardy Phlox—All colors.....25c each
Bleeding Heart.....50c each
Fox Glove.....25c each
Holly Hock.....25c each
Dellphinium.....25c each
Companula.....25c each
Columbine.....25c each
Michaelmas Daisy.....25c each
Cow Slip.....25c each
Shasta Daisy.....25c and 50c each
Lilacs, Snowballs, Norway Maple, Spirea.....from 50c to \$2.00 each

Frache Bros., Limited

P. O. BOX 417

GRAND FORKS, B. C.

City Property For Sale

Applications for immediate purchase of Lots and Acreage owned by the City, within the Municipality, are invited.

Prices:—From \$25.00 per lot upwards.

Terms:—Cash and approved payments.

List of lots and prices may be seen at the City Office.

JOHN A. HUTTON.

City Clerk.

RIDE THERE ON CLEVELAND

IT brings the whole country for miles around within easy reach. Have you seen the new models? They're as graceful as swallows! As bright as new coin! As weatherproof as a duck! Automobile Steel Bearings, Frame of English Seamless Steel Tubing, Hard Maple Rims, Hercules Brake. Everything complete. Real Quality. Real Value. Easy Terms. We are the people to mount you right.

J. R. MOOYBOER Opposite G. F. Garage

Open Saturday Evenings Till 10 o'Clock

Our Hobby is Good Printing

THE value of well-printed, neat appearing stationery as a means of getting and holding desirable business has been amply demonstrated. Consult us before going elsewhere.

- Wedding invitations
- Ball programs
- Business cards
- Visiting cards
- Shipping tags
- Letterheads
- Statements
- Noteheads
- Pamphlets
- Price lists
- Envelopes
- Billheads
- Circulars
- Dodgers
- Posters
- Menus

New Type Latest Style Faces

THE SUN

Columbia Avenue and Lake Street

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AND PICTURE FRAMING

Furniture Made to Order.

Also Repairing of all Kinds.

Upholstering Neatly Done

R. C. McCUTCHEON

WINNIPEG AVENUE



THE HUB—Bring your boot and shoe repairs to my shop for neat and prompt work. Look for the big boot.—GEO. ARMSON

Synopsis of Land Act Amendments

Minimum price of first-class land reduced to \$5 an acre; second-class to \$3.50 an acre.

Pre-emption now confined to surveyed lands only.

Records will be granted covering only land suitable for agricultural purposes and which is non-timber land.

Partnership pre-emptions abolished, but parties of not more than four may arrange for adjacent pre-emption with joint residence, but each making necessary improvements on respective claims.

Pre-emptors must occupy claims for five years and make improvements to value of \$10 per acre, including clearing and cultivation of at least 5 acres, before receiving Crown Grant.

Where pre-emptor in occupation not less than 3 years, and has made proportionate improvements, he may, because of ill-health, or other cause, be granted intermediate certificate of improvement and transfer his claim.

Records without permanent residence may be issued, provided applicant makes improvements to extent of \$20 per annum and records same each year. Failure to make improvements or record same will operate as forfeiture. Title cannot be obtained in less than 5 years, and improvements of \$10.00 per acre, including 5 acres cleared and cultivated, and residence of at least 3 years are required.

Pre-emption of industrial sites may record another pre-emption, if he requires land in conjunction with his farm, without actual occupation, provided statutory improvements made and residence maintained on Crown granted land.

Unsurveyed areas, not exceeding 20 acres, may be leased as homesteads; title to be obtained by fulfilling residential and improvement conditions.

For grazing and industrial purposes areas exceeding 60 acres may be leased by one person or company.

Mill, factory or industrial sites on timber land not exceeding 40 acres may be purchased; conditions include payment of stumpage.

Natural hay meadows inaccessible by existing roads may be purchased conditional upon construction of a road to them. Rebate of one-half of cost of road, not exceeding half of purchase price, is made.

PRE-EMPTORS' FREE GRANTS ACT.

The scope of this Act is enlarged to include all persons joining and serving with His Majesty's Forces. The time within which the heirs or devisees of a deceased pre-emptor may apply for title under this Act is extended from one year from the death of such person, as formerly, until one year after the conclusion of the present war. This privilege is also made retroactive.

No fees relating to pre-emptions are due or payable by soldiers on pre-emptions recorded after June 24, 1918. Taxes are remitted for five years.

Provision for return of moneys accrued, due and been paid since August 4, 1914, on account of payments, fees or taxes on soldiers' pre-emptions.

Interest on agreements to purchase town or city lots held by members of Allied Forces or dependents, acquired direct or indirect, remitted from enlistment to March 31, 1920.

SUB-PURCHASERS OF CROWN LANDS.

Provision made for issuance of Crown grants to sub-purchasers of Crown Lands, acquiring rights from purchasers who failed to complete purchase, involving forfeiture, on fulfillment of conditions of purchase, interest and taxes. Where sub-purchasers do not claim whole of original parcel, purchase price due and taxes may be distributed proportionately over whole area. Applications must be made by May 1, 1920.

GRAZING.

Grazing Act, 1919, for systematic development of livestock industry provides for grazing districts and range administration under Commissioner.

Annual grazing permits issued based on numbers ranged; priority for established owners who failed to complete form Associations for range management. Free, or partially free, permits for settlers, campers or travellers, up to ten head.

NEW HARNESS SHOP

I have opened a new harness shop and am prepared to make harness to order and do all kinds of repair work. Shop equipped with modern machinery. All work guaranteed.

C. A. Crawford

Near Telephone Office