

Legislative Library

The Grand Forks Sun

and
Kettle Valley Orchardist

17TH YEAR—No 34

GRAND FORKS B. C., FRIDAY, JUNE 21, 1918

\$1.00 PER YEAR

FOOD AT SOCIAL ENTERTAINMENTS

Food Board Wants Regulations Carried Out Faithfully

A number of enquiries have been received at the office of the provincial committee of the Canada food board with regard to the sales of home cooking which many patriotic and church societies make a practice of holding, and also as to the serving of refreshments at entertainments of various kinds. In this connection the committee points out that the food board has recently made a number of changes in the regulations governing public eating places. Instead of applying only to places where twenty-four or more meals are served per day, they now cover any or all places where meals are sold. In addition, the regulations are now to apply to picnics, parties, bazaars, or any functions or entertainments where food is served, whether given for patriotic or church purposes or otherwise. It is not necessary to take out licenses to hold such entertainments, but it is necessary that on any occasion where food is being sold or served outside the immediate family circle, it must be only what is allowed under the public eating place regulations.

With regards to the sales of home cooking, it is pointed out by the committee that while, in these cases also, licenses are not required, none of the articles which are forbidden under the private consumptions regulations may be made for such sales. These are candy, French pastry, iced cakes, or biscuits or cakes with sugar icing between the layers or on the exterior. One of the recent orders of the food board expressly prohibits the making of any and all of these articles for private consumption, nor may they be sold as home cooking. Further than this, any cakes or ice cream which may be made privately to be served or sold at entertainments of any description, must be made in accordance with the quantities of flour, sugar and shortening which are specified for use in the manufacture of such articles by regular dealers. The basis for these and indeed all of the food board's orders is the absolute necessity existing today for saving food. We are fast approaching the most acute food crisis in the history of the world. The regulations and restrictions referred to are to enable Canada to do her share, and more if need be, towards providing the food supplies so urgently required overseas, and it is for us—the people of Canada—to see that they are carried out faithfully and willingly.

The food board, however, wants more than the mere letter of their orders observed; they want the spirit of them understood and carried out, and this is really the only way in which the work of true food conservation can be made effective. It requires the individual effort of every man, woman and child in Canada. Each one of us must regard himself or herself as a food controller responsible for seeing that

he or she individually does what we each know should and must be done to save food and eliminate waste.

All persons promoting such functions should before completing their plans make sure of details in the order in council, copies of which can be obtained from the secretary of the food conservation committee.

Produce Infertile Eggs

Thousands of dozens of eggs are wasted each year in this province, partly through careless and neglect. To remedy this state of affairs, poultry breeders should remove all male birds from the breeding pens, thus allowing the stock to produce infertile eggs only.

Once again it appears necessary to point out that there will be no diminution in the egg supply if the roosters are taken away. In fact, the hens should lay better. Male birds sold now are also likely to fetch more than later on, when old and young stock are being marketed in large quantities.

Fertile eggs will germinate in a temperature as low as 70 degrees, and where there happens to be broody hens, these eggs are rendered unfit for eating purposes in a few hours, if sat upon before being collected.

In disposing of roosters at this time, a certain amount of grain feed will have been saved, and in urban areas a better neighborly feeling will exist. Incessant crowing during the early hours does not encourage this.

Broody hens should be immediately removed from the nests, placed in cool quarters and fed generously on egg forming foods. This will tend to get them into laying condition.—Chief Poultry Instructor.

The German Hypnotist

During the fighting in France recently an American gunnery sergeant captured three Boches and started back with them. Twelve others threw up their hands and surrendered voluntarily. All joined the procession. The Americans howled with delight as they saw the sergeant with his cocked rifle leading his fifteen captives into the line.

"You had better try to hike to Berlin and try to hypnotize Kaiser Bill," yelled one husky doughboy.

On the spot the doughboy sergeant was nicknamed "The Hun Hypnotist."

THE WEATHER

The following is the minimum and maximum temperature for each day during the past week, as recorded by the government thermometer on E. F. Laws' ranch:

	Max.	Min.
June 14—Friday.....	74	61
15—Saturday.....	80	41
16—Sunday.....	90	46
17—Monday.....	89	62
18—Tuesday.....	86	51
19—Wednesday.....	87	46
20—Thursday.....	93	48
Rainfall.....	0.02 Inches	

J. E. Thompson, M.P.P., of Phoenix, was in the city on Wednesday. He was on his way to the Big Bend country, and while here he availed himself of the opportunity to register in the man and woman power census now being taken.

Rev. and Mrs. J. D. Hobden have moved to Salmon Arm.

ANNUAL MEETING OF IRRIGATIONISTS

Many Prominent Speakers Will Be Present at the Nelson Convention

The approaching convention of the Western Canada Irrigation association at Nelson raises the question, "To what extent is the dry farmer interested in irrigation?" There has been a tendency in the past even among farmers to think of dry farming and irrigation as being, in a sense, rival modes of agriculture. It is of the utmost importance to the development of Western Canada, where both kinds of farming are practiced on the largest scale in America, that their independence should be properly understood.

Had Western Canada been first settled by farmers from irrigation countries the history of agriculture in these provinces would have been very different. As it is, our first settlers, and even most of our settlers to the present day, were from eastern Canada, the eastern States, or those parts of Europe where irrigation is not employed. They came to western Canada with no knowledge of irrigation. They have learned dry farming from the settlers in semi arid regions of the western States, and they are now learning irrigation largely from the same source.

The Western Canada Irrigation association recognizes that the relationship between dry farming and irrigation is a very close one indeed, and for that reason a considerable space on the program is devoted to dry farming. At the convention which is to be held at Nelson on July 24, 25 and 26 Hon. W. R. Motherwell, minister of agriculture in Saskatchewan and a dry farmer of many years' experience, is to give an address on "The Principles of Dry Farming." Mr. Motherwell was president of the association a year ago, and was presiding officer at the convention held at Maple Creek, Sask., where his practical experience as a farmer contributed greatly to the interest of the meetings.

The officers of the association are also delighted to have a letter from Dr. Samuel Fortier, chief of the irrigation division of the United States department of agriculture, stating that he will probably be able to attend the convention at Nelson, and that if so he will be very glad to deliver an address. The agriculturists of western Canada are under considerable debt to officials of the United States department of agriculture and of the United States reclamation service, who have been generous in bringing to Canada the benefit of the experience which they have gathered through many years in their country. With Dr. Fortier and Hon. W. R. Motherwell both on the program, irrigation and dry farming will be represented by worthy champions.

There is another phase of agriculture, however, to which both irrigation and dry farming are merely stepping stones. That is stock raising and dairying. The exceptional

demand for wheat due to conditions arising out of the war may temporarily overshadow the profits of the live stock business, but every agriculturist knows that in live stock lies the permanent safety of the whole industry. The extent to which irrigation fosters the live stock industry is not generally understood. There is an opinion abroad that irrigation has to do mainly with the raising of fruits and vegetables. Nothing could be further from the truth. The great irrigated crop is hay, of which alfalfa is chief. Tables showing the irrigated crops raised in the United States reveal the fact that over 61 per cent of the entire irrigated crop area of the United States is devoted to raising hay, and of this area one-half (30.6 per cent) is in alfalfa. The area devoted to fruits of all kinds is only 4.7 per cent of the whole; sugar beets, 2.5 per cent, and potatoes, 2.3 per cent.

The overwhelming importance of hay in irrigated countries is evidenced by the foregoing figures. In the irrigated areas of Alberta and Saskatchewan the hay industry has not developed perhaps quite so fast, on account of the large amount of open range which has, until recently, been available, but with the settlement which is going on this condition is rapidly passing away. Already the Lethbridge irrigation district is the principal alfalfa producing section of western Canada. In British Columbia considerable areas which were originally intended for fruit production are now growing alfalfa. A Kelowna, for example, a district at one time devoted almost exclusively to fruit and vegetables is now growing so much fodder crops that last year the local creamery produced fifty tons of butter.

In order that mixed farming may receive proper attention at the irrigation convention, Dr. J. G. Rutherford, C.M.G., superintendent of the agriculture and animal industry branch of the C.P.R., and president of the Western Canada Live Stock union, will deliver an address on "Mixed Farming Under the Ditch." Dr. Rutherford is a recognized authority on his subject, and is a platform speaker of international reputation. Prof. G. E. Parham, superintendent of the Dominion government experimental station at Invermere, B.C., will speak on "Mixed Farming and Alfalfa as an Aid to Orchard Development." Don H. Bark, chief of the irrigation investigation department of the C.P.R. and an expert on fodder crops, is also down for an address. Altogether it is assured that every phase, not only of irrigation, but of dry farming, stock raising and dairying, will come under discussion. No farmer or fruit raiser should remain away from the convention because he does not happen to be an irrigator; there will be much that is worth while to every man or woman engaged in facing the problem of food production.

Strawberries, raspberries, cherries, apricots, peaches, pears, and green apples are now removed from the ban, but importers will require to show need for importation before permit is given. This is now we interpret the latest ruling of the food control board.

W. H. Beach, of Christina Lake, was in the city on Tuesday.

REGISTRATION OF MAN POWER

Four Places in City Where the Citizens Can Register

Tomorrow, the 22nd, is the official day for taking the man and woman power census of Canada. In this city four registration places were opened Tuesday, and they have been busy since that time registering the citizens. The registration booths are located at the city office, at the Granby smelter, at F. R. S. Barlee's office, and at the West Grand Forks post office. The men and women taking the census have volunteered their services. The registration is progressing very favorably, a total of about 800 persons having complied with the law this morning. Today the registrars have been very busy all day, and it is expected that when the booths close tomorrow night every person in the city over the age of 16 years will have a registration certificate.

Why Not Buckwheat?

Try a field of buckwheat this year.

It is a wheat substitute and will be needed more than ever next winter.

Buckwheat will be sure to have a more important place in the human diet.

It is useful for feeding purposes, especially for poultry.

In addition, buckwheat is a "handy" crop. It can be grown on a great variety of soils and under many different conditions. If oats, barley or corn fail in some parts of the fields, try buckwheat. If you have a field that dries up late, try buckwheat. If you have a sandy corner on the farm, try buckwheat. If you have an acre that has just been cleared, try buckwheat. It is easy to grow, and will often give good returns on soil where other crops will scarcely survive. It must also not be forgotten that buckwheat will respond readily to the richer soils and to good cultivation. There are several varieties that are good, among them being Rough or Rye, Silver Hull and Tartarian.

Buckwheat will, as a rule, do well if sown any time during June. It is best to have the soil well worked in order to start the crop growing quickly. Three or four pecks per acre should be sown with the ordinary grain drill, and don't sow it too deep. About one inch in heavy soil and not more than two inches in light soil is the proper depth.

The crop should be harvested when the large proportion of the seed has turned dark. It can be cut with the binder into loose, small sheaves and stooked as other grain. In threshing, it is best to lower the concaves to prevent crushing the seeds.

No man is poor who possesses R. A. Brown's faith in the future. If we had a million dollars in real cash and Mr. Brown's optimism we would feel richer than John D. Rockefeller.

The Grand Forks Sun

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OFFICE: COLUMBIA AVENUE AND LAKE STREET.

FRIDAY, JUNE 21, 1918

The harvest is fast approaching and every effort must be made to prevent any waste of foodstuffs through lack of help on the farms. First things must come first—food will be a most important factor in winning the war. The campaign for increased production which has been carried on so successfully throughout the Dominion necessitates an increased supply of labor in the harvesting of the crops. Already the supply of farm labor is inadequate to meet this increased demand, and farmers everywhere are looking to their fellow Canadians in the towns and cities to supplement the supply. No matter what happens the crop must be taken care of, and who is to do it? If the able-bodied men in our cities will look seriously at this vital question, many of them will gladly respond to the appeal made through the registration cards for assistance in farm work. Every town and city in British Columbia can spare numbers of men who are now engaged in occupations which are not essential to our national safety and well-being at the present time. These men may not be eligible to shoulder a gun at the front, but they can and should help to feed the man behind the gun. Every employer and employee should read carefully the following: "A day of reckoning is coming; a day when that irresistible force, Public Opinion, will judge a man by his work, and will judge employers by the work they are retaining men to do. Men and women will look hard at the clerks in stores, offices, warehouses and factories. We are down to essentials today, and our people will not tolerate the thought that while so many of our sons are perishing in the bloody struggle in France, so many men are doing work that can easily and efficiently be done by women without sacrifice to their womanhood or health." It is perhaps unnecessary here to specify the name of those occupations which could be dispensed with in the face of such a crisis as our country and our nation are now facing, but certainly there are many non-essential occupations in war time, and all men and women engaged in them should seriously consider abandoning them for the present in favor of farm work. Farm experience is not absolutely necessary to make a man of great as-

sistance at the present time on farms? The color of his blood is of great importance. If it is red enough he will succeed. Mr. Townsman, when you come to answer the question in your registration card, "Are you willing to do farm work?" will you close your eyes for a moment and think of what you have read and heard, during the past year, of untold suffering and untellable misery, starvation and degradation in Europe, and then will you open them upon the beauties and the blessings which still surround us in our beloved war-free Canada, and will you not help to obliterate the former scene and perpetuate the latter by getting into the ranks of those who are producing and saving our food supplies.

The largest employment agency in the world opened for business in Chicago the other day. It is run jointly by the American national government and the state government of Illinois and aims to serve free every employer who needs help and every worker who needs a job. The agency, which will be known as the Temple of Labor, purposes to keep in close touch with national and state agencies of a similar kind and to keep informed of the local, state and national demand for labor. It has taken over the hiring of all railway labor for the United States west of Pittsburg and Buffalo. Private employment agencies often do more harm than good, for they thrive by taxing both employers and employed and by taking advantage of the frequent changes that workers make. The Temple of Labor works with a view to the well-being of the millions of men who will return to civil life when the war is over.

"It is the supreme task of civilization to put an end to Prussianism," says United States Secretary of State Lansing. "To listen to proposals for a Prussian peace, to compromise with the butchers of individuals and of nations so that they would by agreement gain a benefit for their crimes, would be to compound an international felony which this republic will never do. Prussia wickedly sought war, and Prussia shall have war and more war and more war, until the very thought of war is abhorrent to the Prussian mind. So I read the spirit of America. So I read the supreme purpose of the allies. Victory lies before us, and beyond victory a just and enduring peace. Until that peace is sure, America can not and will not put aside the sword. Let us keep our banner unfurled and our trumpets sounding to battle until victory is achieved."

War gardeners should not relax their efforts because it is too hot to be comfortable in the garden. It is too hot to be comfortable in the trenches, but the war goes on. Keep hoeing. The results will be worth it.

THE KAISER CALLS UP HELL

In Canada our patriotic poets are either enjoying a vacation or have gone into the trenches, and the winged horse of war has crossed the international boundary line. In the United States the versifiers have been in training for some time, and some of them have already gone over the top. We take the following from a recent issue of the Clearwater (Minn) Herald:

The kaiser called the devil up
 On the telephone one day;
 The girl at Central listened to
 All they had to say.

"Hello," she heard the kaiser's voice,
 "Is old man Satan home?
 Just tell him this is Kaiser Bill
 That wants him on the 'phone."

The devil said hello to Bill,
 And Bill said, "How are you?
 I'm running here a hell on earth,
 So tell me what to do."

"What can I do?" the devil said.
 "M dear old Kaiser Bill,
 If there's a thing that I can do
 To help you, I sure will."

The kaiser said: "Now listen,
 And I will try to tell
 The way that I am running
 On earth a private hell.

"I've saved for this many years,
 And I've started out to kill;
 That it will be a modern job,
 You leave to Kaiser Bill.

"My army went through Belgium,
 Shooting women and children down.
 We tore up all the country,
 And blew up all her towns.

"My Zepps dropped bombs on cities,
 Killing both the old and young,
 And those the Zeppelins didn't get
 Were taken out and hung.

"I started out for Paris
 With the aid of poisonous gas;
 The Belgians, darn them, stopped us,
 And would not let us pass.

"My submarines are devils;
 Why you should see them fight;
 They go sneaking through the sea
 And will sink a ship on sight.

"I was running things to suit me,
 Until a year ago,
 When a man named Woodrow Wilson
 Wrote me to go more slow.

"He says to me, dear William,
 We don't want to make you sore,

So be sure to tell your U boats
 To sink our ships no more.

"We have told you for the last time,
 So, dear Bill, it's up to you,
 And if you do not stop it,
 You have got to fight us too.

"I did not listen to him,
 And he is coming after me
 With a million Yankee soldiers
 From their homes across the sea.

"Now that's why I called you up, Sa-
 tun,
 For I want advice from you.
 I knew that you would tell me
 Just what I ought to do."

"My dear old Kaiser William,
 There's not much for me to tell,
 For the Yanks will make it hotter
 Than I can for you in hell.

"I've been a mean old devil,
 But not half so mean as you,
 And the minute that you get here
 I'll give my job to you.

"I'll be ready for your coming,
 And I'll keep the fires all bright,
 And I'll have your room ready
 When the Yanks begin to fight.

"For the boys in blue will get you.
 I have nothing more to tell.
 Hang up the 'phone and get your hat
 And meet me here in hell."

Are Your Eyes Normal?

Half the eye trouble comes from neglect. Most cases of headache and nervousness are due directly or indirectly to eye-strain.

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TENDERS FOR COAL, B. C.

SEALED TENDERS, addressed to Wm. Henderson, Resident Architect, Victoria, B. C. and endorsed "Tenders for Coal for the Dominion Buildings, Province of British Columbia," will be received by him until 12 o'clock noon, on Wednesday, July 3, 1918, for the supply of coal for the Public Buildings throughout the Province of British Columbia. Combined specification and form of tender can be obtained at this office, from the Resident Architect, Dominion Buildings, Victoria, and the Superintendent Dominion Buildings, Vancouver, B.C.

Persons tendering are notified that tenders will not be considered unless made on the printed forms supplied and signed with their actual signatures.

Each tender must be accompanied by an accepted cheque on a chartered bank, payable to the order of the Minister of Public Works, equal to 10 per cent of the amount of the tender.

By order,
 R. C. DESROCHERS,
 Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
 Ottawa, June 6, 1918.

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Fireweed as a Honey Plant

[EXPERIMENTAL FARMS NOTE.]

Fireweed, or great willow herb (*Epilobium angustifolium*), has produced large crops of white honey of excellent quality in different parts of Canada, especially after bush fires in soil rich in humus or clay. In the north country this plant secretes more nectar than alsike clover. It comes into flower later than clover, after the colonies have had plenty of time to build up strong, and the honey flow from it lasts for about seven weeks during the best part of the summer. In the Gatineau valley, Quebec, and in the Temiskaming and Kenora districts in northern Ontario the honey flow from fireweed commences about

the middle of July, reaches its height about the middle of August, and lasts until stopped by frosts at the end of August or beginning of September. On the Pacific coast fireweed is in bloom during June and July. Unfortunately the high yields from fireweed in many places do not last for more than a few years. Other vegetation springing up gradually chokes the fireweed, and the plant does not get another chance to develop a heavy growth and many flowers until another fire occurs. After a bush fire, the surviving root-stalks from scattered plants of fireweed creep in all directions, and the following year they throw up tall stems bearing the rose colored flowers which keep opening, those that wither being succeeded by a ring of flowers higher up the stem. Although the flowers produce seed freely which will germinate in early spring,

the seedlings perish except on ground that remains moist and shaded. Experiments are being conducted by the bee division to discover means by which fireweed may be made a dependable source of honey year after year. A stand of fireweed is being maintained by occasional burning, but this method, whatever may be learned from it, can hardly be recommended on account of the danger of fires spreading. The most promising method at present seems to be the development of systems of beekeeping whereby the apiary may be easily transported every few years from a locality that is failing to one that is coming into profit. Many of the best fireweed locations are remote from civilization, but as bees can be kept so as to need no attention in winter, this is not a serious drawback, but the risk of losing the apiary in a forest fire must be guarded against.

Fireweed is particularly plentiful in many places in British Columbia, especially at high altitudes, where it flourishes independent of fires, but the weather conditions are not so favorable for honey production as in parts where the summer is drier, less cloudy, and warmer. For a good production from fireweed, clear, moderately warm days with cool nights appear to give the best results.

At present vast quantities of nectar secreted by fireweed in Canada are lost for want of bees to gather it.

Every fire makes every man struggle harder for a living by compelling him to spend for his neighbor's waste.

A nation may cease to exist as well by the decay of its resources as by the extinction of patriotic spirit.—Dr. R. E. Fernow.

Eggs produced by the backyard flock cost very little, as the fowls are fed largely upon waste materials.

Christina Lake Pavilion

Dancing every Wednesday night during season. Good music, good floor, good roads. Refreshments served. Boats for rent.

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Your customers are shopping every week. Aren't you losing many of them the weeks you do not advertise?

It's the steady trade that counts with a store --- it's the steady advertising that brings the steady trade.

RESOLVE --- To use newspaper space regularly, and be sure it is in THE GRAND FORKS SUN, the paper that reaches the most consumers in this valley.

The GRAND FORKS SUN
Readers Want to Hear
From You Every Week



HERE IS THE DAY YOU REGISTER



ON June 22nd, Saturday, every man and woman, resident in Canada, who is 16 years and over, must attend at one of the places provided for registration, between the hours of 7 a.m. and 10 p.m., and there truthfully answer all the questions set forth upon the registration card. Upon signing the card, vouching for the accuracy of the answers, the man or woman will receive a Registration Certificate, as shown below, which must be carried upon the person thereafter.

Why the Certificate is so Important

For failure to register a maximum fine of \$100 and one month's imprisonment is provided, also an added penalty of \$10 for each day the person remains unregistered after June 22nd. Persons remaining unregistered cannot lawfully be employed, and cannot draw wages for work done after June 22nd. Employers who keep unregistered persons in their employ will be liable for fines equal in amount to those recoverable from the unregistered employees. Unregistered persons cannot lawfully purchase transportation tickets, and may find themselves

barred from travelling on railroads, steamboats, etc. Similarly they may be denied board and lodging at any hotel, restaurant, public house or boarding house. In a word—All persons remaining unregistered, and all persons having dealings with unregistered persons, knowing them to be such, incur heavy penalties under the law.



Issued by authority of
Canada Registration Board

REGISTRATION IS LAW.
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News of the City

Fruit growers should avail themselves of the opportunity of attending the convention of the Western Canada Irrigation association in Nelson on July 24-26. It will interest those who contemplate putting in an irrigation system. The elite of irrigationists will be there, and the philosophy of irrigation will be discussed. Grand Forks fruit growers are especially interested, as the need of an adequate irrigation system for this valley is now apparent. They should strain a point to attend while the annual meeting is held so close to their homes. You are all invited to attend.

J. W. Lawrence was in the city yesterday, enroute to Pentiction from Spokane. Mr. Lawrence was a pioneer of Grand Forks for a short time. He had charge of the construction of the Great Northern bridges when that road built the smelter spur, and he spent a winter in the city when sporting life was flower here. His brother, who was a dentist, died in Spokane recently, and Mr. Lawrence left here for Pentiction to wind up the estate of the deceased.

Mr. and Mrs. John Donaldson returned on Tuesday from their wedding tour.

W. O. Easton returned yesterday from a visit to Victoria and other coast cities.

J. S. Matthews has installed a Bowser gasoline pump on the curb in front of his garage on First street.

The name is suggestive. Had this improvement been made before the late election, and free gaso ine given motor car owners, the result of the poll might be different from what it was.

Among the returned soldiers who arrived in Vancouver last Friday was C. E. Harrington, of Grand Forks.

This has been the hottest and driest June since British Columbia went "dry."

The water in the North Fork is falling, and the sawmill at Lynch Creek will resume cutting operations in about a week.

L. A. Smith, of Phoenix, will be manager of the Granby store at Anyox.

George Murray, of Greenwood, left on Wednesday last for the coast to enter the army.

The government road crew is at present working on the North Fork road.

The Greenwood assizes opens on Monday next. Two criminal cases from this city will come up.

A E Miller, school inspector, was in the city this week.

Two carloads of ore arrived at the Granby smelter this week from the Big Copper at Greenwood.

Mrs. G. A. Spink and Mrs. W. Truax returned on Tuesday from a week's visit to Spokane.

Mrs. Jones and son, of Winnipeg, are visiting at the home of Mrs. P. W. Clarke.

Mrs. H. C. Kerman and Mrs. F. M. Kerby have returned from a visit to Spokane.

All the delegates returned on Saturday from the grand lodge meetings of the Oddfellows and Rebekahs at Pentiction.

We were favored with a very delicate sample of a rain this afternoon. About the only way to secure a good soaking shower at this sea

son of the year appears to be to make preparations for celebrating Dominion day. In the early days, when the day was celebrated here, we never missed a week's rain around the first.

Mrs. G. A. Spink has been confined to her home by illness this week.

Food conservation is necessary in this country, as well as in England, where placards on the wall proclaim:

If U fast, U beat U boats;
If U feast, U boats beat U.

The mail service in the Boundary at present is slow and unsatisfactory.

Three times a day at the table you can fight the submarine by helping to defeat its object.

Christina Lake Pavilion

Dancing every Wednesday night during season. Good music, good floor, good roads. Refreshments served. Boats for rent.

YES! MAGICALLY! CORNS LIFT OUT WITH FINGERS

You simply say to the drug store man, "Give me a quarter of an ounce of freezone." This will cost very little but is sufficient to remove every hard or soft corn from one's feet.

A few drops of this new ether compound applied directly upon a tender, aching corn should relieve the soreness instantly, and soon the entire corn, root and all, dries up and can be lifted out with the fingers.

This new way to rid one's feet of corns was introduced by a Cincinnati man, who says that, while freezone is sticky, it dries in a moment, and simply shrivels up the corn without inflaming or even irritating the surrounding tissue or skin.

Don't let father die of infection or lockjaw from whitening at his corns, but clip this out and make him try it.

Wise wives won't waste.

SYNOPSIS OF LAND ACT AMENDMENT

Pre-emption now confined to surveyed lands only.

Records will be granted covering only land suitable for agricultural purposes and which is non-timber land.

Partnership pre-emptions abolished, but parties of not more than four may arrange for adjacent pre-emptions, with joint residence, but each making necessary improvements on respective claims.

Pre-emptors must occupy claims for five years and make improvements to value of \$10 per acre, including clearing and cultivation of at least 5 acres, before receiving Crown Grant.

Where pre-emptor in occupation not less than 3 years, and has made proportionate improvements, he may, because of ill-health or other cause, be granted intermediate certificate of improvement and transfer his claim.

Records without permanent residence may be issued provided applicant makes improvements to extent of \$300 per annum and records same each year. Failure to make improvements or record same will operate as forfeiture. Title cannot be obtained on these claims in less than 5 years, with improvements of \$10 per acre, including 5 acres cleared and cultivated, and residence of at least 2 years.

Pre-emptor holding Crown Grant may record another pre-emption, if he requires land in conjunction with his farm, without actual occupation, provided statutory improvements made and residence maintained on Crown granted land.

Unsurveyed areas, not exceeding 20 acres, may be leased as homesteads; title to be obtained after fulfilling residential and improvement conditions.

For grazing and industrial purposes, areas exceeding 640 acres may be leased by one person or company.

PRE-EMPTORS' FREE GRANTS ACT.

The scope of this Act is enlarged to include all persons joining and carrying with His Majesty's Forces. The time within which the heirs or devisees of a deceased pre-emptor may apply for title under this Act is extended from one year from the death of such person, as formerly, until one year after the conclusion of the present war. This privilege is also made retroactive.

TOWNSITE PROPERTY ALLOTMENT ACT.

Provision is made for the grant to persons holding uncompleted Agreements to purchase from the Crown of such proportion of the land, if divisible, as the payments already made will cover in proportion to the sale price of the whole parcel. Two or more persons holding such Agreements may group their interests and apply for a proportionate allotment jointly. If it is not considered advisable to divide the land covered by an application for a proportionate allotment an allotment of land of equal value selected from available Crown lands in the locality may be made. These allotments are conditional upon payment of all taxes due the Crown or to any municipality. The rights of persons to whom the purchaser from the Crown has agreed to sell are also protected. The decision of the Minister of Lands in respect to the adjustment of a proportionate allotment for these allotments is limited to the 1st day of May, 1919. Any application made after this date will not be considered. These allotments apply to town lots and lands of the Crown sold at public auction.

For information apply to any Provincial Government Agent or to G. E. NADEN, Deputy Minister of Lands, B. C.

Timberlake, Son & Co.,

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We carry a complete line of Jewellery, Silverware, Watches and Clocks. Cultivate the habit of visiting our store frequently. A cordial welcome awaits you, and we will cheerfully show and explain the merits of whatever may interest you. Fine Watch Repairing a Specialty.

Bridge Street, - Next Door B. C. Telephone Office

WHICH ROAD ?

YOU MUST CHOOSE ONE



THIS LEADS TO YOUR LOSS
THIS LEADS TO YOUR GAIN

TAKE NO CHANCES
WITH FIRES
PUT THEM OUT

GIRLS! LEMON JUICE IS A SKIN WHITENER

How to make a creamy beauty lotion for a few cents.

The juice of two fresh lemons strained into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white makes a whole quart pint of the most remarkable lemon skin beautifier at about the cost one must pay for a small jar of the ordinary cold creams. Care should be taken to strain the lemon juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, whitener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any drug store and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quart pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands.

You can not reach The Sun's numerous readers except through the columns of The Sun.

BOOT REPAIRING

TAKE your repairs to Armon, shoe repairer. The Hub. Look for the Big Boot.

SAFETY FIRST

When you are in the Boundary Country stay at the

Hotel Province

GRAND FORKS, B. C.

A new brick and marble building, strictly fireproof, with iron fire escapes and 200 feet of 2 inch hose. Hot and cold water; bath on each floor; 52 bed rooms, barber shop, pool and billiard rooms and sample rooms all under the same roof. We cater to tourist trade.

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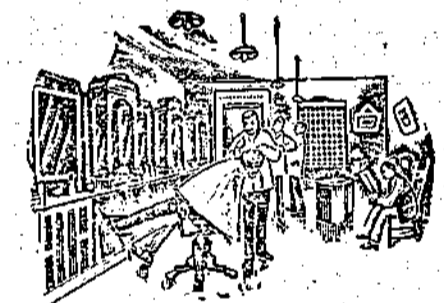
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Our stock of bicycles and accessories is now complete. Our new 1918

CLEVELAND AND WINCHESTER

Bicycles can not be beat in finish and quality. Before buying anything in the bicycle line get my prices first. Don't order out of town. I will give you close prices, and I only sell first-class goods.

SQUARE AND HONEST DEALING. A large assortment of different styles of Tires and Tubes for bicycles and motor cycles always in stock. I carry everything in stock in the bicycle line, for both English and Canadian styles, and I have a full equipment of tools for all kinds of repairing. I also sell first grade of heavy motor cycle oil. Send me your bicycle and I will see that you are satisfied.

I ALSO DO BLACKSMITHING in all its branches. Woodwork, Brazing, Oxy-Acetylene Welding, etc. Open on Saturday night till 10 o'clock. BICYCLES SOLD ON TERMS.

J. R. MOOYBOER

Blacksmith and Bicycle Dealer

Opposite Grand Forks Garage