Legislative Library

LEGISLATIVE LIBRARY
FEB 4 1916
VICTORIA, B.C.

The Grand Forks Sun
and
Kettle Valley Orchardist

FIFTEENTH YEAR—No 12 GRAND FORKS, B. C., FRIDAY, JANUARY 28, 1916 $1.00 PER YEAR

MEETING OF THE CITY COUNCIL

The first business meeting of the 1916 city council was held on Monday evening. Mayor Acres and Ald. Allen, Donaldson, McArdle, Schnitter and Sheads were present.

A communication from the headquarters of the Salvation army in British Columbia, at Vancouver, asking for a yearly grant, was ordered to be filed.

Dr. McCrea, of Victoria, in a letter to the council, stated that he had positions for two returned soldiers. Several other communications respecting returned soldiers were read. They were filed for future reference.

The mayor reported that a joint special meeting of the council and the board of trade had sanctioned the departure of the troops from the city. The action was concurred in by the council.

The mayor reported that during the visit of Superintendent Fisher and Engineer McCulough, of the Kettle Valley line, to the city on Saturday last, Mr. Fisher had asked for a deed to that portion of Third street situate between Bridge street and Winnipeg avenue. The subject was exhaustively discussed, and the clerk read the agreement between the city and the railway company and all the statutes available on the subject of conveying public highways. The council appeared to arrive at the same end that the late council did, i. e., that the city has no power to deed away public thoroughfares. On motion of Ald. Donaldson, a committee was appointed to secure legal advice on the subject, and the clerk was instructed to inform the railway company of the action taken by the council.

A committee from the board of trade and a Mr. Emery, who is promoting a publication, to be printed at the coast, advertising the Kettle Valley railway and the towns along the line, waited on the council and offered the city advertising space in the same at the rate of $30 per quarter page, or $60 for a half page. Referred to the finance committee, with power to act.

The mayor announced the following standing committees:

Finance—Ald. Sheads, McArdle and Donaldson.

Water and Light—Ald. McCallum, Sheads and Allen.

Board of Works—Ald. Schnitter, Sheads and McCallum.

Health and Relief—Ald. McArdle, McCallum and Schnitter.

Cemetery—Ald. Donaldson, McArdle, Allen.

The first name printed in each of the above committees is the chairman of his respective committee.

The chairman of the finance committee requested the chairmen of the various committees to bring in their estimates for the current year at the next meeting. He adviced them to make the figures as low as as possible.

Two or three of the aldermen made complaints that lately the graves had not been completed at the time the funeral cortege arrived at the cemetery. The clerk was instructed to notify the gravedigger to take pains to have the graves finished at the time set for funerals. Failing to do so, another man would be appointed in his place.

The best method of collecting the road and dog tax was discussed at length, but no definite action was taken.

Ald. Sheads gave notice that at the next regular meeting he would ask leave to introduce a temporary loan bylaw.

CITY SCHOOLS CONTRIBUTE TO CANADIAN PATRIOTIC FUND

At a meeting of the teachers of the public and high schools of this city, held on the 24th inst, it was unanimously decided to pledge one day's pay per month to the Canadian Patriotic Fund and to contribute to other similar organizations as means and opportunity might present themselves.

A suggestion from the education department, and approved by the board of trustees, was also adopted, namely, that the pupils be invited to deny themselves each month of some little luxury or pleasure and to donate the money thus savsd to the Patriotic Fund. This was intended as a purely voluntary self denial on the part of the pupils, and it was decided that no individual contribution should exceed 25c per month. The teachers will have published the totals collected by each division, as well as the average per pupil per division, no names of the pupils being published.

The members of the Independent Company of Rifles will give a farewell Cinderella dance to the people of Grand Forks tomorrow (Saturday) night in the opera house. Dancing from 8 to 12 o'clock. Free to everybody.

GRANBY BENEFITS BY RISE IN COPPER

With copper at from 27 to 30 cents a pound, the reported offered prices in New York last Friday and Saturdey, the Granby Mining, Smelting & Power company, the largest copper producer in the British empire, will earn about $900,000 net a month, or at the rate of $6 a share, it is declared.

At the present rate of production the Anyox smelter is turning out 2,500,000 pounds of blister copper monthly, and Grand Forks is producing about 1,800,000 pounds, a total of 4,300,000 pounds a month. The cost of mining, smelting and marketing is estimated by the company at 8½ cents a pound, which makes the average net profit at the prevailing market not less than 20 cents a pound.

In addition to the copper output the Grand Forks smelter is producing about 3500 ounces of gold a month, valued at $65,000, and the Anyox plant also produces a considerable amount of both gold and silver.

CURLERS WIN MANY PRIZES

The three rinks from the local curling club which participated in the nineteenth annual British Columbia bonspiel at Phoenix last week, returned home on Saturday. They brought back with them two cups and many other prizes. The rinks were composed of the following players: J. Donaldson lead, F. Larama second, W. Bonthron vice, R. J. Gardner skip; G. C. Brown lead, Ben Norris second, C. A. S. Atwood vice, J. D. Campbell skip; R. L. Hodgson lead, F. Haverty second, H. W. Gregory vice, N. L McInnes skip.

Gardner's rink won first prize in the Campbell Laird cup contest, consisting of cup and four club bags; first in Nelson cup contest, cup and four cut glass vases; third in the grand aggregate, four fountain pens; third in grand challenge contest, four pairs of $6.50 shoes; fourth in Grand Forks cup contest.

J. D. Campbell's rink won first prize in Trail cup contest, four cut-glass bowels; third in Tucket contest, four boxes of cigars.

N. L. McInues' rink won fourth prize in the all comers' event, the prize consisting of four electric flatirons.

GRAND FORKS FRUIT IN THE EAST

Editor Grand Forks Sun:

Streetsville, Ont., Jan. 17, 1916. —I was under the impression that the prunes grown on Sunnyside farm at Grand Forks had never come as far east as Toronto. This is a mistake. Small quantities have reached Toronto, but, from what I have learned, that city would take a thousand times as many as the quantity received so far, and I am sure Montreal, Ottawa, Hamilton, London and other eastern cities would give the undried prunes from Grand Forks a glad reception if any were sent to them.

I give the following two cases from my own experience as a proof of this: While in Toronto I got my meals at the house of a Mrs. Pengally. One day I happened to mention the British Columbia prunes to her. Her face at once lighted up, and she exclaimed, "Oh! yes, the undried prunes from British Columbia. I've got them for the last two years, but it was hard to get them, They were lovely, and the stones were so small there far more meat on them than on any other kind of prunes." She said she had burned the boxes, but that she felt sure the name "Sunnyside Farm" was on them. She obtained one box in 1914 and one in 1915. She would have gladly bought five times as many if they had been obtainable.

The other case concerns a lady in Streetsville, wife of William Kemp, my predecessor as principal of the Streetsville high school. Mr. Kemp is a nephew of Miss Teale, a lady who was formerly in charge of the Grand Forks hospital. On my mentioning the British Columbia prunes to Mrs. Kemp, she at once exclaimed: "I have seen them. Mr. Kemp brought some home from Toronto, but he could never get any more, I never tasted anything more delicious in my life; and they were so large, too."

It can plainly be seen from these two instances that the undried prunes from Grand Forks would meet with a pracitical universal welcome in all our cities from Victoria to Halifax. Mrs. Pengally and Mrs. Kemp are in no way different, in the matter of liking fruit, from the great body of Canadian women, and, for many years to come, it will be unnecessary to dry the prunes grown at Grand Forks. Millions of persons in all parts of Canada are waiting for an opportunity to eat them in an undried state.

Since the particular kind of prunes on Sunnyside farm has met with marked success, it would be the height of folly to commence experimenting with new kinds. The prunes grown there are exeeedingly popular, and it is known that they will do well at Grand Forks. Why should fruit growers grow any other kind? Those in charge at Sunnyside farm will, I am sure, be glad to give advice. I am surce, also, that Mr. Covert will be glad to give advice to any one writing to him concerning the right kind of prunes. Winnipeg, Toronto and Montreal will take every prune that can be grown at Grand Forks for many years to come, and will take them in an undried state

In Toronto there was a grocery just around the corner from where I was living. The grocer kept four boxes of apples continuously displayed in front of his counter. Two were from Wenatchee and one from Yakima. The fourth one was filled with Ontario apples. The Wenatchee and Yakima apples looked about the same as the Grand Forks apples. and had a rapid sale. The Ontario apples looked like scabbed potatoes. There were large dark spots, caused by disease, on the skin in the apples. Such apples are to be found in the fruit stores and groceries throughout the city. I would not think of eating one without paring it, and taking a good thick paring off at that.

I was in Toronto on Saturday. It takes only fifty minutes to go to the centre of Toronto from here. British Columbia potatoes were selling at $33 per ton in carload lots. Of course they sell by the bag here, but it amounted to $33 a ton. The potato growers at Grand Forks can easily find out what the cost of a car would be from Grand Forks to Toronto. They can then calculate the freight per ton by dividing the cost of the car by the tonnage. Subtract the freight per ton from Grand Forks to Toronto from $33 and find out what would be left for the Grand Forks potato growers. The potato crop was greatly damaged here by rot, and the demand for potatoes is far greater than the supply. Every ton of potatoes grown at Grand Forks last summer could have been sold in Toronto. The retail price of potatoes in Streetsville is now $2.50 per sack of 90 pounds, that is, at the rate of $55 per ton.

JOHN SIMPSON.

Roy McDonald, of Phoenix, has enlisted with the local military company for overseas service.

IMPETUS GIVEN RECRUITING

The recruiting meeting held in the Empress theatre last Friday night was largely attended by the citizens of Grand Forks. Mayor G. H. Acres presided. He welcomed the visiting officers to the city and explained the objects of the meeting. Seated on the stage were Col. Warden, officer commanding the 102nd battalion, Lieut. Mackenzie, Lieut. Tyner of the 172nd of Kamloops, Col. Glossop of Rock Creek, Capt. Kirk, in command of the Grand Forks Independent Company of Rifles, Pte. McCurdy of Keremeos, W. M. DeCew, W. J. Cook, H. L. Mackenzie and H. A. Sheads.

Mr. Sheads reviewed the work done by the Daughters of the Empire. Miss Mudge sang "Your King and Country Need You," in the chorus of which the soldiers quartered here, some sixty being present at the meeting, joined vigorously. W. J. Cook told of the work done by the Red Cross since the organization of the society last July. Pte. Daly produced much merriment by his rendition of "Tommy Atkins," and he was compelled to respond to an encore. Mr. Mackenzie stated that the response to the appeal for funds for the Patriotic fund had been good, and asked for further support, as the more men sent to the front the greater the demand on the fund. Two comic recitations were given by Sergt. Cave, followed by a short speech by Mr. DeCew, a song by Mr. Tasker and a violin selection by Miss Kerman. Capt. Kirk spoke of the results of the recruiting at this point. Over 200 men had enlisted here and gone overseas. Lieut. Mackenzie and Lieut. Tyner both stated that they would start enlisting men at once. and appealed to the citizens, especially the girls, to help them get them. A song by James. Cadoo followed. Pte. McCurdy, who lost an eye at the front, related his experiences as a soldier. Though wounded, he was still in the ring and intended to go back and do some more for his king and country. Mr. McCurdy received an ovation when he came forward to speak. Col. Glossop called on all young men who were physically fit and had no one dependent on them to come forward at once. Men were still needed and now was the time to enlist.

Col. Warden spoke at considerable length, and his words were followed with the closest attention. He called for men to make up the strength of his battalion, and told of the splendid way in which the men at the front were fed and looked after. With the aid of a blackboard, he showed the audience a sectional view of a trench, with the dug-outs in which the men sleep He showed also how the German trenches are attacked after the artillery has smashed their wire entanglement. His speech throughout placed clearly before those present the actual conditions that prevail at the front and the lives being lived by those who are fighting for the empire.

The singing of the national anthem closed one of the most enthusiastic meetings ever held in Grand Forks.

CHEW "PAY ROLL" TOBACCO

A BRIGHT TOBACCO OF THE FINEST QUALITY : : 10¢ CENTS PER PLUG

The Farm Girl's Opportunity

Practical Demonstration That a Woman Can Make a Success of Farming

In a talk with the farm girl James J. Hill says:

"A young woman who applies herself to the study of what farming really is and goes at it with the same intelligence she would give to school teaching has a freedom of life before her which no choked city can bestow. And it is gratifying to me to see that many young women have come to a realization of this, for we find them in the agricultural colleges, studying dairying and cattle, going out into the farm work; and opening successful henneries and squab enterprises, and even directing numerous irrigation enterprises where fruit is to be cultivated, and the sheep and cattle are to follow.

No city in the world can be prosperous unless the farms are. When you contemplate turning your back on the farm to enter upon a life you do not understand you are putting away from youself a pot of gold, to say nothing of the lost contentment and reedom of life.

The study of the chemical (production) values of various soils is one of the best pursuits a girl can take up." Mr. Hill then tells this experience of a farmer's daughter in a northwest state.

She had ambitions to become a practical farmer. Receiving her grammar school education, she formed the acquaintance of a teacher who had the wisdom to point out to her the excess in value of farm over city life.

This teacher gave her elementary and advanced books on soil chemistry, and had her address various farm authorities the country over on important farm topics. Step by step, as this girl gained the information she desired, she began to feel more secure of her ground, and finally felt that she could talk freely to her father and mother.

She asked them to give her control of a certain ten acre corn patch of the farm that had not thrived. She asked if she might not use some of her new ideas upon this acreage and was told she might. This corn acreage had never been properly plowed, and, after seeding, little cultivation had been given it.

It had yielded thirty-one bushels of corn to the acre, and, one season, fifty-five bushels of oats to the acre.

The soil had been permitted to "bake" at the wrong time of the year, and the acreage was steadily decreasing in value. The girl believed the fault was not in the soil but in its care. Taking a farmhand, she had the field plowed six inches deep in September. She watched this plowing herself, to see that every inch of ground was evenly turned and the sub soil well broken. The field was then left to itself until the following spring.

In the spring it was carefully gone over again for planting, and seeded to corn. As soon as the crop growth appeared, the girl took her lone helper and cultivated the field.

She saw to it that the roots of the corn were not injured. She kept the top soil broken up and the weeds out. Once a week until harvest that field was cared for, and the yield was a gain of nineteen bushels per acre over the old yield.

The father and mother thought this pretty good, but the girl kept on. She began to fertilize her soil and to rotate crops, until she raised a corn crop of sixty-nine bushels to the acre. The value of that particular piece of land went up thirty-five to forty per cent., and the girl practically demonstrated that a woman could manage the land and get the highest results.

Any young woman who has ability enough to gain control of twenty acres of fair farm land, taken from her father or bought from others can, between her books and her common sense, wrest out of it, such a comfortable living as no city worker can ever enjoy. The opportunity is one of your own.

As one of long and hard experience, permit me to say frankly to you—the city is not calling you. It does not want you, it does not need you. The city is not suffering for lack of people or brains. Its great hunger is for food.

Step to the back door of your home. Stand on the step and look out over the fields that have not had one-half the attention they deserve. They are calling to you. They will reward you. And for what you do in this wise, those of the cities and the places where the merits of men make confusion and pain, will rise up and call you blessed."

MURINE FOR YOUR EYES

Murine is prepared by our Physicians, as used for many years in their practice, now dedicated to the Public and sold by Your Druggist. Try Murine to Refresh, Cleanse, and Strengthen Eyes after exposure to Cold Cutting Winds and Dust and to restore healthful tone to Eyes Reddened and made Sore by Overwork and Eye Strain.

Some broadminded Physicians use and recommend Murine while others perhaps jealous of its Success, talk and rush into print in opposition; those whose Eyes need care can guess why, as there is no Prescription fee in Murine. Just hand your Druggist 50c and you have a Complete Pkg. Eye Book—Murine—Dropper—and Cork Screw—ready for use. Try it in your Eyes and in Baby's Eyes for Eye Troubles—No Smarting—Just Eye Comfort. Write for Book of the Eye Free.

Murine Eye Remedy Company, Chicago

Work on Aeroplanes

The Airmen's Chief Work is Not Dropping Bombs

When we read what the airmen write about their experiences during the present war, we learn that the chief purpose of most of their flights is not to drop bombs on the enemy, but rather to aid their own artillery in directing their fire. The airman is often sent up at the order of the commander of a battery, to ascertain whether the guns are overshooting the mark, do not reach, or are too far to right or left. It is imperative that he be able to communicate his information almost instantaneously, and some very ingenious methods of transmitting it to the earth have been devised.

Telephone systems are good for anchored balloons, but are out of the question in aeroplanes or Zeppelins. Wireless telegraphy has so many difficulties and dangers as to prove quite impractical.

The French are using a very ingenous method of signalling by means of soot clouds. An apparatus filled with lampblack rests near the hand of the airman, and when he presses a lever some of this soot passes down a pipe and is discharged into the air in a black cloud. The pipe is so delicately arranged that the clouds may be small or large. The operator can spell out the Morse telegraphic code in the little clouds, and they can be read from earth.

The Germans have adopted what they consider a far more practical mode of communication. Prof. Donath has invented a system of signal mirrors, lighted by a very strong lamp, which permits the airman to send his messages and also to receive instructions in the day time as well as at night. The apparatus is so regulated that the operator may send a long or short flash, thus utilizing the Morse code or any other code which may have been agreed upon.

The light in the little lamp of this apparatus has a flash of 10,000 candle power, and while it can be used for only forty or fifty hours without renewing the burner, this is enough for all practical purposes. The power for the light comes from a special seven-celled battery, weighing only eight pounds, including the metallic covering.

When a message is to be sent the operator directs a telescope over the reflector to the desired point. Then he presses on a button, the lamp lights, flashing long or short, according to the pressure.

The officers on the earth receive the message, and may return a reply in the same way, being provided with similar mirrors and lamps.

By this method messages can be flashed not only at night and in foggy weather, but also in the daytime, in clear weather. The temperature of the filament in the lamp is so high that it sends out a ray of light almost as bright as sunlight, and this is why the flashes are visible even in the day time. The signals can be read with the naked eye for a distance of eight miles and upwards. With a field glass the signals may be distinguished for a far greater distance.

When it is necessary to send a written communication, such as a plan of a fortification, as seen from the aeroplane, the primitive method of dropping the sheet of paper tied to a stone has long been abandoned. The airman is provided with a special bomb in which the letter or plan is placed.

He then drops the bomb, which is so weighted that it falls sharp end first. As the end strikes the ground a trigger is released which sets fire to a torch on top, and thus the location of the bomb is indicated by day or night.—Tit-Bits.

Premier Asquith said the other day that one of the things the British nation must have in the present crisis is a proper perspective. The trouble with those who are whimpering now, and who are crying that we are going to be defeated, is that they lack this proper perspective. Nothing is truer of the present situation than that which Right Hon. C. F. G. Masterman says in a recent article in the London Chronicle: "The observer who wishes the truth should keep his attention rather on casualties than on territories. Germany can be destroyed equally in the heart of Russia, beyond Belgrade, or within the boundaries of France. So long as the daily toll of death and wounds goes on, so long we are every day nearer the inevitable end."—Ottawa Free Press.

Two workmen met in the street and stopped to chat about their friends.

"Casey seems to be doing well where he is," remarked one presently.

"He'll not stop long at that job," replied the other, with a gloomy shake of the head.

"Why not? He seems to be comfortably placed.,"

"But he'll not stay there a month. I say it, and I've said it since he got that job eighteen months ago."—Chicago News.

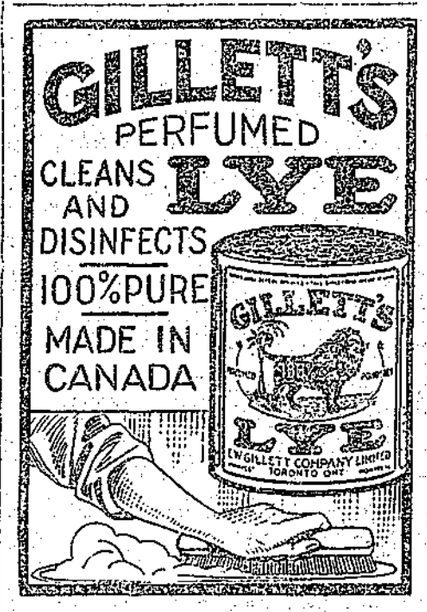
How She Classified Him

Mrs. Atkins, dissatisfied with the number of times one man came to see her cook, spoke to her about it. "When I engaged you, Martha," she said, "you told me you had no man friends. Now whenever I come into the kitchen I find the same man here."

"Bless yo' ma'am," smiled Martha, "dat niggah ain't no frien' ob mine."

"No friend? Then who is he?"

"He's ma husban'."



He was a very shy young man. For two long years he had been paying her attention and had not yet squeezed her hand. One evening as they lingered in the shadow of the trees by the gate he asked timidly:

"Florence, would you—might I—er—would you mind if I placed one reverent kiss on your fair hand tonight when I leave you?"

Florence thought he wanted speeding up. So she dropped her head coyly on his shoulder, lifted her face temptingly to his, and replied:

"Well, George, I should think it decidedly out of place."

Uncle (a famous journalist)—Why, Tommy, I can boast that a lie has never passed my lips!

Tommy—I s'pose you wrote them all, uncle.

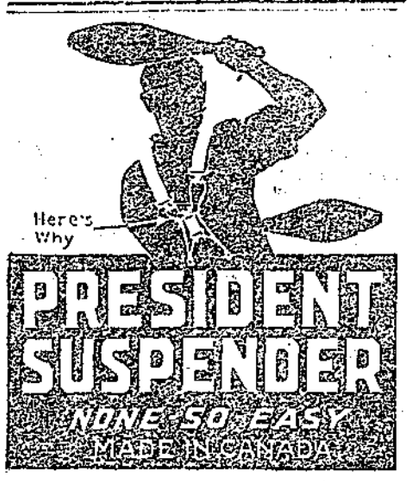
She—Phyllis Featherweight is going to study geology.

He—Well, I am glad that she'll at last get beneath the surface of something.

"The doctor suggested that I live on water for five days."

"On water?"

"Yes, he told me that a trip across would do me good."

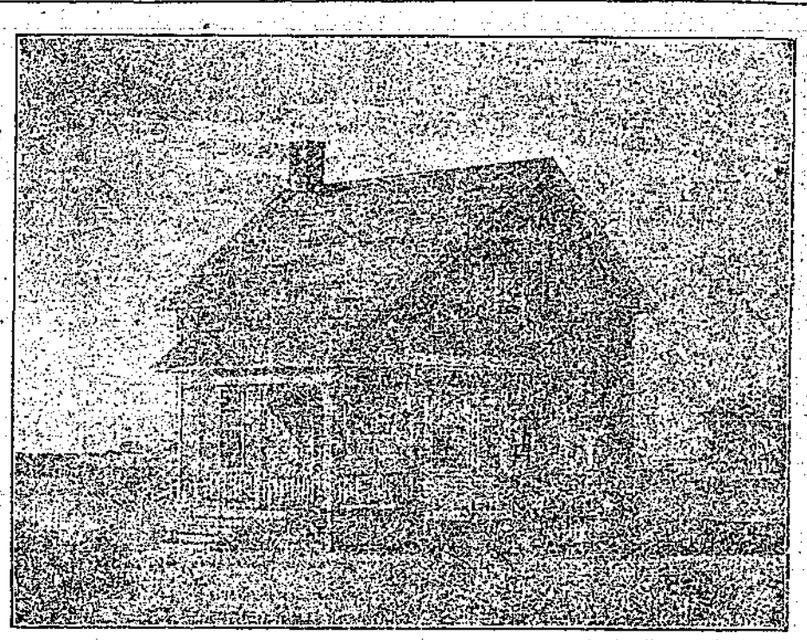


BUILDING PLANS FOR HOUSES AND BARNS

Designed for Farmers of Western Canada

We are very pleased to be able to give our patrons during the coming winter months a series of interesting talks on house and barn buildings, the theory of building, the most economical method of doing so, points to watch during construction, so that you will be assured of getting a thoroughly warm and satisfactory building. These articles will deal in detail with the various parts of a house. Starting with the basement or cellar, taking the first and second storeys, dealing with each room in itself, a whole chapter can be written on every room or any room of a house, whether big or small. The construction of the walls, roof construction, modern ventilation, installation of sanitary appliances, the construction of a building so as to reduce fire hazards.

These articles will be furnished by The Designers, and a complete book of plans of houses, etc., can be secured by writing them, care of Toronto Type Foundry Co., Ltd., Winnipeg.



Complete working drawings and specifications are also available or any of the designs which we will show.

Our desire is to give our readers the benefit of the best building knowledge, at the same time to stimulate by showing actual benefits, the desire for modern, attractive buildings, suitable to Western Canada.

We are very pleased to state that the designs which we are carrying are the product of Western Canada. The designs were made in Western Canada, especially for Western Canada.

This service is a pronounced step in the right direction. It simplifies the process of buying a house or barn, and at the same time assures the purchaser getting the best design for his building.

We are showing in this issue a design of a modern priced house, next issue will contain a barn.

Design No. 904: This shows a very attractive home, although small in area, 22 ft. by 22 ft., it gives four bedrooms, one especially large one, a large kitchen-dining room, which is well lighted, and the windows so placed as to properly throw the rays of light across that particular piece of furniture, table, stove, etc., where the light is most required.

You will notice between the chimney and pantry wall, the sink and draining board. There is an open stairway leading from the kitchen to the upper storey, and underneath that stairway there is access to the basement, where there should be a soft-water cistern, which by proper conductor pipes from the roof will save every drop of soft-water, the value of which every housekeeper recognizes. This cistern should be a large one, so as to carry over dry spells. While we are in the basement, we must not forget to state that there is a concrete floor, sloping slightly to a central covered drain, so that it will be dry at all times. At the outset, if it is not desired to use the small bedroom as a bathroom, a sanitary closet can be put in at very little cost. This will be found a very serviceable outfit, which when properly installed will permit no odors to circulate into the house, a portion of the basement can also be fitted up with a cold room for vegetables. The basement must not be less than 7 feet in height.

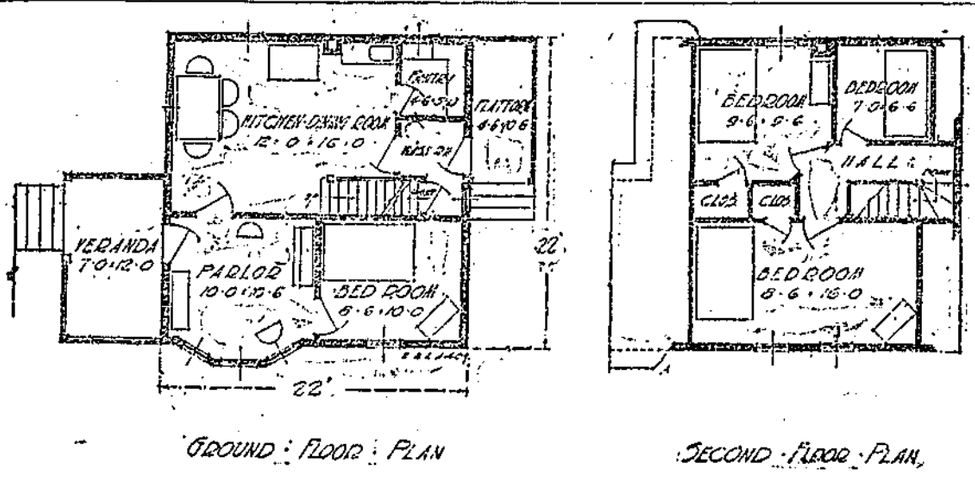
The attraction of the parlor is enhanced by the addition of the bay window, which when properly built, according to our working drawings, is thoroughly warm.

The veranda not only affords an attractive resting place, but enables the long sloped roof to be used, which adds to the appearance of the building.

You will notice that the bedrooms are brought in from the outside walls thus giving a 3 ft. air space which will add to their comfort, and at the same time gives a height of 5 ft. at the wall line, so that the skeiling roof does not interfere with the rooms. This is really a storey and a half house. The walls are 7½ inches thick, with three air spaces, the basement wall being 11 inches thick.

When you consider that such a house as this can be built for less than $2,000 complete, it is certainly well worth while every family having such a house.

Remember what we said at the beginning of this article as regards plan books, etc., we would also be very glad to have you ask any questions in connection with building.



GROUND FLOOR PLAN — SECOND FLOOR PLAN

One Jew was seeing another off on a long journey. The Jew who was going on the journey thought he could speak French, and wished to impress his friend. So he put his head out of the railway carriage window and cried: "O reservoir!" "Tanks, tanks!" replied his friend on the platform.

She—I am telegraphing to papa asking his forgiveness.

He (broke)—Better make it "forgiveness and funds."

"That's the way with a man."

"What is?"

"He often said he would lay down his life for me."

"Well?"

"And now he grumbles when I ask him to lay down a carpet."

"Well, look at the billy goat. He's the first one I've seen for ages."

"He's hardly an impressive looking object."

"He may not be impressive looking, but he certainly has a striking forehead."

German Food Shortage

Today, there is the admission that "not hundreds of thousands but millions of human beings in Germany must limit their consumption of food and make not inconsiderable sacrifices" because of the British blockade. The note thus admits a state of things which was implied in the recent action of the central authorities at Berlin in taking over the control of the food supply of the empire, and in what has filtered out through the newspapers regarding food riots in German cities.—New York Times.

RED ROSE TEA "is good tea"

BOVRIL

IS THE BEST FOOD FOR INVALIDS
It aids digestion. A4

A Refilling Feature
added to
A Successful Pen
makes the NEW
Pocket Self-Filling
Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen

Ask to see this new type. There are also Safety and Regular Types. Illustrated booklet sent on request. Avoid substitutes.

Sold By Your Local Dealer

L. E. Waterman Company, Limited, Montreal

Women Know

that they cannot afford to be ill. They must keep themselves in the best of health at all times. Most of all, the digestive system must be kept in good working order. Knowing the importance of this, many women have derived help from

Beecham's Pills

These safe, sure, vegetable pills quickly right the conditions that cause headache, languor, constipation and biliousness. They are free from habit-forming drugs. They do not irritate or weaken the bowels.

Women find that relieving the small ills promptly, prevents the development of big ones. They depend on Beecham's Pills to tone, strengthen and

Keep Them Well

Directions with Every Box of Special Value to Women. Sold Everywhere. In boxes, 25 cents.

$100,000 Contributed to Red Cross

Over $100,000 in cash and supplies were donated to the Red Cross in Saskatchewan during the past year, according to the report of the honorary secretary, E. D. McCallum, at the annual meeting of the provincial executive of the Red Cross society, held at Regina recently. Mr. McCallum, in the presentation of his report, made a strong appeal for a new general canvas of the province for funds. He favored working through the municipalities, instead of through the local branches of the society.

No child should be allowed to suffer an hour from worms when prompt relief can be got in a simple but strong remedy—Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator.

"The doctor suggested that I live on water for five days."

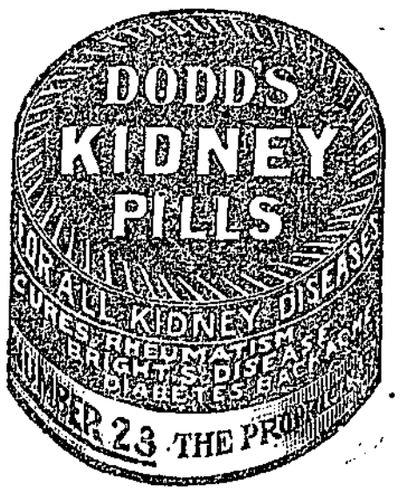
"On water?"

"Yes, he told me that a trip across would do me good."

Minard's Liniment Cures Garget in Cows.

Hub—Well, it takes two to make a quarrel, so I'll shut up.

Wife—That's just like a contemptible man. You'll sit there and think mean things.



World's Largest Coin

One of the largest coins ever struck, 23½ in. by 13 in., has come into the possession of the American Numismatic Society. The piece is copper. It was coined in Sweden in 1659, and has an intrinsic value of about 21s. As a numismatic rarity it is said to be worth at present at least $500.

It is a rectangular ingot with five large round stamps punched in it. Each corner stamp carries the Swedish crown, with the date. Around the edge is the inscription of Carolus Gustavus X., the reigning king.

This coin was struck at Avesta, Sweden. When fresh from the mint it fell overboard in the harbor of Riga, Russia, from which a dredge brought it up ten years ago. Coins of the kind were called "plate money." Sweden turned them out, almost continuously for 110 years.

Once 116 bronze cannon were melted down and turned into 86,760 coins; but the main purpose in minting the pieces was to find an outlet for the Swedish copper mines without depreciating the value of the metal.

It Bids Pain Begone.—When neuralgia racks the nerves or lumbago cripples the back is the time to test the virtues of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Well rubbed in it will still the pain and produce a sensation of ease and rest. There is nothing like it as a liniment for its curative properties are great. A trial of it will establish faith in it.

A small special constable when on top of a tramcar was requested by the conductor to come down to deal with a man who was inclined to be abusive. Reluctantly, the special constable complied with the request, but found himself confronted by a huge navvy about six feet six inches high and four feet broad.

"There he is," said the conductor. "He won't pay his fare."

The small special constable reflected, and then remarked, sadly: "Well, I suppose I must pay it for him."

Johnny—What language do they speak in heaven, Billy?

Billy—It ain't English, anyway. Our new baby is just from heaven, and can't speak a word of English.

He (coaching her in golf)—You now address the ball.

She—Without an introduction?

A Diving Projectile

To Be Used on New French Gun to Bury Foe in Trenches

The great French advance which is to clear the German invaders out of Belgium and France will be pressed home just as soon as the army is sufficiently equipped with the new gun about which there has been so much talk of late in military circles. It is understood that nearly the number required are now in readiness, and when these big guns are brought to the front they are expected to make short work of the German trenches.

Special interest in the character of these new guns, which has not yet been officially disclosed, was aroused by the announcement regarding the diving projectile which is said to have done so much towards clearing the seas of the German submarines. According to announcements, the new "Conan fuse," as it is called, is the most precious asset of the British admiralty today. The outstanding features of this fuse are described as follows: It was invented three years ago by an Irishman named Walter Conan, whose home is in Dublin. It can be affixed to a shell fired from a gun or howitzer or to a bomb dropped from an aeroplane. In striking the water the projectile, of which the Conan apparatus forms part, dives and explodes at any pre-determined depth up to 30 feet below the surface. The shock of its explosion under water is sufficient to sink a submarine, usually by making it turn turtle.

It is understood that a similar apparatus has been adapted and attached to the projectiles used by the new large guns. They will be used against the German trenches, and instead of the difficult task of turning the soldiers out of these retreats, it is expected that the French will dispose of the invaders by burying large bodies of them in their own trenches.

Good-Bye, Old Backache Nerviline Will Fix You!

Stiffness is Rubbed Right Out; Every Sign of Pain Disappears

Gee whiz—think of it!

No more stomach dosing necessary to cure lame back.

Every trace of lameness, every bit of stiffness; every sign of weakness in the back's muscles can be rubbed away for all time to come by good old "Nerviline."

No other liniment can do the work so quickly, can penetrate so deeply, can bring ease and comfort to the back-weary sufferer as Nerviline invariably does.

Backache isn't the only malady Nerviline is quick to cure. For lumbago or sciatica you would go far to find relief so speedy as Nerviline gives. For chronic rheumatism there are pain-destroying properities in Nerviline that give it first rank. The way it limbers up a stiff joint and takes soreness out of strained or rheumatic muscles is simply a wonder.

If you have an ache or a pain anywhere, if you have a sore back, a stiff neck, a stiff joint, a strained muscle—if you have lumbago, congested chest or sore throat, just try Nerviline. Rub it on plentifully—it won't blister, it can't do anything but cure you quickly. The large 50c family size bottle is the most economical, of course, but you can, from any dealer, also get the 25c small size of Nerviline, the king of all pain-relieving remedies.

Travelling in Donegal not long ago, a clergyman engaged a loquacious boatman to row him on one of the lakes and show him the sights. They inspected a ruined castle with the legend of a banshee. The clergyman, thinking he would put a poser to the loquacious Irishman, who knew everything, inquired:

"Have you ever seen a banshee, Pat?"

"Aye, bedad, that I have, your reverence."

"Indeed!" said the clergyman, with an incredulous smile. "And, pray, where did you see one?"

"Stuffed, in a museum," replied the unabashed Celt, without any hesitation.

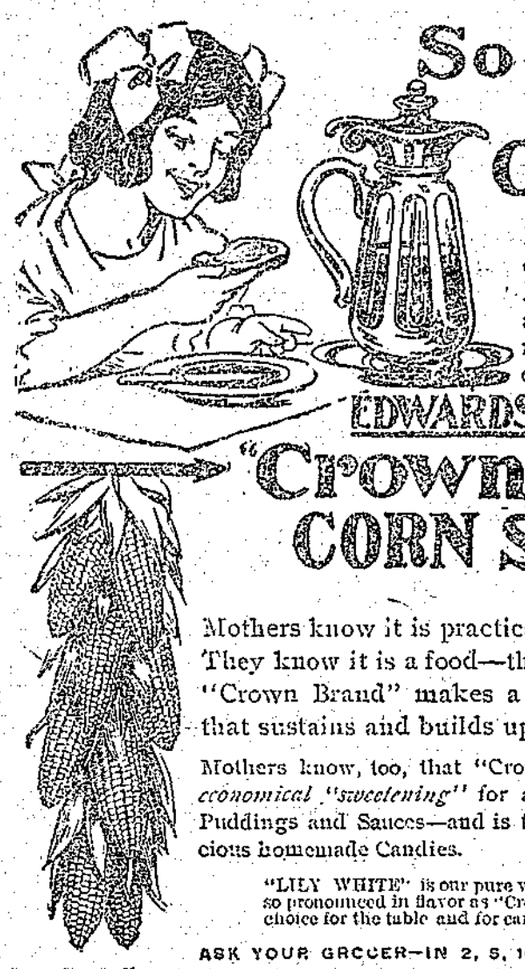
Minard's Liniment Cures Distemper.

Seed, Toil and Tillage

The peculiar advantage of large harvests is that while the cost of production increases with the yield, it does not increase nearly in proportion to the value of the crop. Maximum yields are economically practicable, and pay better in proportion to their cost than smaller yields.

The idea is prevalent that the season is a big factor in crop production, and so it is; but doubtless it is not the controlling factor, for the best of weather is futile in the face of neglect, poor seed and barren soil. Furthermore even the vagaries of bad weather can be modified somewhat by good farm management and especially by wise soil improvement, which Dr. Hopkins says is "the most profitable business an honest man can undertake."

The factors of seed, soil and tillage are easily under the control of the planter.



So Good for Children

Millions of pounds of delicious "Crown Brand" Corn Syrup are sold every year to mothers, just for the children.

EDWARDSBURG

"Crown Brand" CORN SYRUP

Mothers know it is practically all nourishment. They know it is a food—that Bread spread with "Crown Brand" makes a well balanced food that sustains and builds up the strength.

Mothers know, too, that "Crown Brand" is the *most economical "sweetening"* for all sorts of Cakes, Pies, Puddings and Sauces—and is the whole thing for delicious homemade Candies.

"LILY WHITE" is our pure white Corn Syrup—not so pronounced in flavor as "Crown Brand"—equally choice for the table and for candy making.

ASK YOUR GROCER—IN 2, 5, 10 AND 20 POUND TINS.

The Canada Starch Co., Limited, Montreal

SALESMEN WANTED

In every town in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta

AN ACTIVE, HONEST SALESMAN

Apply to District Offices of

THE EXCELSIOR LIFE INSURANCE CO.

At Winnipeg, Regina, Saskatoon, Calgary and Edmonton

ENLIST NOW With the army of satisfied Shippers who ship Grain to

PETER JANSEN COMPANY, LIMITED

COMMISSION MERCHANTS. HIGHEST PRICES—BEST GRADES

Make bills of lading read Peter Jansen Co., Ltd., Fort William or Port Arthur, notify Peter Jansen Co., Ltd., Winnipeg

Good Hunting in New Brunswick

What is probably the largest moose head secured in New Brunswick this year has been shot in the Tobique Woods near Nictau Camp, the well-known shooting grounds of Guide Adam Moore, of Scotch Lake. He has had a party of eight American sportsmen at Nictau for the month of October, and they have shot four fine moose thus far, one of the heads having antlers spreading 62 inches, while the others had large spreads too.

The moose were never more plentiful around the Nictau Camp than this year, and the party are now after caribou, having started for the caribou barrens this week. After a couple of weeks caribou hunting, they will return to Nictau and finish their trip hunting deer.

Would Not Be Without Baby's Own Tablets

Thousands of mothers throughout Canada have written of their thankfulness for what Baby's Own Tablets have done for their little ones. Among them is Mrs. Frank Wright, Clifford, Ont., who says: "I would not be without Baby's Own Tablets as they were of great help to me when my little boy was troubled with constipation and sour stomach." The Tablets cure indigestion; colds and simple fevers; colic; expel worms and promote healthy sleep. They are sold by medicine dealers or by mail at 25 cents a box from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

The foreman of a gang of railway men has more than his share of wit. The other afternoon he was walking along his section of the line when he found one of his laborers fast asleep in the shade of a hedge. Eyeing the man with a stern smile, he said slowly—"Slape on, ye idle spalpeen—slape on. So long as ye slape ye've got a job, but when ye wake up ye're out of wurk!"

Hope for the Chronic Dyspeptic.—Through lack of consideration of the body's needs many persons allow disorders of the digestive apparatus to endure until they become chronic, filling days and nights with suffering. To these a course of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills is recommended as a sure and speedy way to regain health. These pills are specially compounded to combat dyspepsia and the many ills that follow in its train, and they are successful always.

Governor-General von Bissing has imposed upon Belgium a monthly war contribution of 40,000,000 francs ($8,000,000) toward covering the needs of the army and the cost of administering occupied territory. The contributions are based upon article 13 of The Hague convention on land warfare. The nine provinces of Belgium are held jointly responsible for the payments.

WINNIPEG GRAIN EXCHANGE

Licensed and Bonded Dealers' DIRECTORY

It pays to ship your grain to a reliable Commission Firm. Best attention given to consignments.

GOODERHAM & MELADY CO., LTD.
Grain Exchange, Winnipeg

Ship to SAMUEL SPINK, Pioneer Grain Commission Merchant, for best results. Grades carefully watched—Sales made to best advantage—Prompt returns. Try us. Shipping bills on request.
206 Grain Exchange, Winnipeg, Man.
Reference—Union and Royal Banks.

Ship Your Grain To
BARTLETT & LANGILLE
Grain Commission Merchants, 510 Grain Exchange
A reliable firm who aim to give satisfaction. Special attention given to grading. Liberal advances made.

RANDALL, GEE & MITCHELL, LTD.
GRAIN COMMISSION
Grain Exchange, — — Winnipeg
Minneapolis, — Duluth

THOS. BRODIE, Manager — S. A. HARGRAFT, Sec.-Treas.
UNION GRAIN COMPANY, LTD.
GRAIN COMMISSION MERCHANTS
602 Grain Exchange, — Winnipeg, Man.

THE CONTINENTAL GRAIN CO., LTD.
Licensed, Bonded, solicits your grain consignments. Liberal Advances—Prompt returns.
227 GRAIN EXCHANGE,
WINNIPEG, — — MAN.

For good results and best service ship your grain to this aggressive and experienced Commission House, always ready to buy your grain on track.
BLACKBURN & MILLS,
535 Grain Exchange, — Winnipeg

AUTOMOBILE DEALERS' DIRECTORY

BREEN MOTOR CO., WINNIPEG,
Factory distributors for Manitoba and Saskatchewan for Studebaker Cars. Good territory open for live agents.

Hupmobile LOWER IN PRICE Greater in Value
Get the 1916 Catalog
JOSEPH MAW & CO., LIMITED, WINNIPEG

Wood's Phosphodine.

The Great English Remedy. Tones and invigorates the whole nervous system, makes new Blood in old Veins. *Cures Nervous Debility, Mental and Brain Worry, Despondency, Loss of Energy, Palpitation of the Heart, Failing Memory.* Price $1 per box, six for $5. One will please, six will cure. Sold by all druggists or mailed in plain pkg. on receipt of price. *New pamphlet mailed free.* THE WOOD MEDICINE CO., TORONTO, ONT. (Formerly Windsor.)

Every man believes if he could get his just dues a banquet would be held in his honor.

Minard's Liniment Cures Diphtheria.

The women often display a fine degree of courage, but few of them are brave enough to sleep down stairs.

BRANTFORD CUTTERS

Have Style and Wear Well

SEE THE COCKSHUTT AGENT

Fine Jewellery

Let us help you pick that Present you are going to give. We have a beautiful line of

Cut Glass, Silverware and Mantle Clocks

At prices that have NOT been advanced since the war.

A. D. MORRISON JEWELER-OPTICIAN GRAND FORKS, B.C.

The Grand Forks Sun

G. A. EVANS, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:

One Year	$1.50
One Year (in advance)	1.00
One Year, in United States	1.50

Address all communications to THE GRAND FORKS SUN, GRAND FORKS, B. C

PHONE R 74

FRIDAY, JANUARY 28, 1916

The forty-seven members of the Independent Company of Rifles who will leave the city in a few days to join the 102nd battalion are a particularly fine body of men, and the citizens of Grand Forks will wish them a safe journey to Berlin. If the wishes of The Sun were as potent as they are sincere, it would not take them long to reach that city. We wish them glory and honor commensurate with their bravery, and hope to see all of them back in Grand Forks after the war.

As in former years, the special mining review edition of the Nelson Daily News, issued last week, was replete with statistics not only of the mining and smelting industry, but also of the lumber industry, of southern British Columbia. The paper is a convincing advertisement of our resources to send to eastern friends. The management of the News deserves credit for its enterprise in issuing so creditable a paper during a time of financial stringency.

The Hedley Gazette says: "If one were to judge by some of our provincial Liberal papers, Sir Richard McBride has been guilty of all the crimes, political and otherwise, that the ten commandments were designed to include." Our Similkameen contemporary is mistaken. It is the Bowser government that is endeavoring to unburden all the political sins committed in this province during the past twelve years on Sir Richard. The Liberal press is simply trying to place these crimes where they belong—on the McBride-BOWSER administration.

From Mr. Bowser's first manifesto, it is inferred that the new premier would like to claim that the supposedly new government will be different in character from the old one, but the only symptoms of activity so far shown indicate that the Bowser government will be the same as it has been in the past. The Turner episode and the promise of a vote of monies as a retiring allowance before the assembling of the legislature shows that the old methods still prevail.

The Sun draws attention to the scheme of the teachers in our public schools of raising funds for patriotic purposes among the pupils. It is indubitably an excellent method teaching the scholars patriotism. Even if the plan appeals favorably to parents, it will not cost them much.

Sir Richard McBride was forced to resign and efforts were made to get Mr. Turner out of the position of agent-general for British Columbia in London to provide a place for him. Mr. Turner refuses to vacate the position unless certain arrangements are carried, and how the people of the province have the spectacle of Sir Richard going to London to take a position not yet vacant.

Rossland will hold its usual winter carnival this year from February 7 to 11. As in former years, an elaborate program of winter sports has been prepared, and it is perfectly safe to forecast a big success for the celebration.

In the hockey match tonight at the local rink between Phoenix and Grand Forks, Phoenix won by a score of 5 goals to 1.

The Lone Pine-Surprise mine at Republic is shipping a car of ore daily to the Granby smelter.

10 CENT "CASCARETS" IF BILIOUS OR COSTIVE

For Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Sluggish Liver and Bowels—They work while you sleep.

Furred Tongue, Bad Taste, Indigestion, Sallow Skin and Miserable Headaches come from a torpid liver and clogged bowels, which cause your stomach to become filled with undigested food, which sours and ferments like garbage in a swill barrel. That's the first step to untold misery—indigestion, foul gases, bad breath, yellow skin, mental fears, everything that is horrible and nauseating. A Cascaret to-night will give your constipated bowels a thorough cleansing and straighten you out by morning. They work while you sleep—a 10-cent box from your druggist will keep you feeling good for months.

Come and Enjoy

The Tenth Annual

Rossland Winter Carnival

February 7th to 11th

Fastest Teams in the Interior of B. C. in

Hockey

Competitions for B. C. and International Championships.

Skiing, Horseracing and Masquerade

Special Rates on All Railroads

For full particulars apply to

A. W. ROLLAND, Sec., Rossland, B. C.

GIVE "SYRUP OF FIGS" TO CONSTIPATED CHILD

Delicious "Fruit Laxative" can't harm tender little Stomach, liver and bowels.

Look at the tongue, mother! If coated, your little one's stomach, liver and bowels need cleansing at once. When peevish, cross, listless, doesn't sleep, eat or act naturally, or is feverish, stomach sour, breath bad; has sore throat, diarrhœa, full of cold, give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the foul, constipated waste, undigested food and sour bile gently moves out of its little bowels without griping, and you have a well, playful child again. Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which contains full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups.

MacDougall & MacDonald have received a large shipment of men's gloves, lined and unlined heavy working gloves; also dress gloves for evening wear. Prices from 85c to $2 00 a pair.

Don't tell your troubles unless it is the only way to prevent the other fellow from telling his.

Call and see the neat line of caps MacDougall & MacDonald are showing for the cold weather; all sizes. Prices from 65c to $1.35.

"Type was made to read" This fact is constantly kept in mind at The Sun Print Shop.

Mothers, MacDougall & MacDonald have received a large shipment of boys' suits; all sizes.

Men, MacDougall & MacDonald are showing a new line of hockey boots; all sizes; just received. Prices $3 and $4.

PICTURES

AND PICTURE FRAMING

Furniture Made to Order.
Also Repairing of all Kinds.
Upholstering Neatly Done.

R. C. McCUTCHEON
WINNIPEG AVENUE

Yale Barber Shop

P. A. Z. PARE, Proprietor
YALE HOTEL, FIRST STREET

Money in Economy

Classified Want Ads. are an economical and effective method of reaching the buying public. Their small cost is not an expense, but an investment which will return large dividends.

Some Prices at E. C. Henniger's

100 lbs Our Best Flour	$3.25
50 lbs " " "	1.75
100 lbs. Wheat	1.75

Bring Your Poultry Troubles to Us

Bridge Street Grand Forks, B. C.

GRAND FORKS MEAT MARKET

SECOND STREET, NEAR BRIDGE.

Fresh and Salt **Meats**, Poultry always on hand.

Highest market price paid for live stock.
PHONE 58 and receive prompt and courteous attention.

IT IS EASY TO MAKE PERFECT BREAD WITH

Pantry Queen Flour

SOLD ONLY AND GUARANTEED TO BE EQUAL TO THE BEST FLOUR ON THE MARKET, AND FOR LESS MONEY.
FOR SALE ONLY BY

BOUNDARY FEED & SUPPLY CO., LTD.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN FLOUR, FEED, HAY AND GRAIN

P. O. BOX 610 FIRST STREET TELEPHONE 95

Agents for the Yale-Princeton Lump and Nut Coal.
Prices: Nut, $6.50; Lump, $7.50 per ton.

A Clean-Cut Argument

In your favor is good printing. It starts things off in your favor. People read your arguments, reasons, conclusions, when attractively presented. It carries weight. Enterprising men use GOOD printing because it GETS BUSINESS. If you don't already known our kind of printing, let us show you. It's a certtinty that we can save you money, too.

Phone R 74.

The Sun Print Shop

HANSEN & CO

CITY BAGGAGE AND TRANSFER

Buy Your **Galt Coal** Now

OFFICE:
F. Downey's Cigar Store
TELEPHONES: OFFICE, R66 HANSEN'S RESIDENCE, R38 First Street

AUTO LIVERY AT YOUR SERVICE

Modern Rigs and Good Horses at All Hours at the

Model Livery Barn

M. H. Burns, Prop.

Phone 68 Second Street

Men, MacDougall & MacDonald are showing a new line of sweaters in all sizes and colors. Prices $1.00 to $9.00 each.

$1.00 Pays for The Sun for an entire year. It is the brightest paper in the Boundary country

THE GIFT OF INDIA

Is there aught you need that my hand withhold,
Rich gifts of raiment or grain or gold?
Lo! I have flung to the East and West,
Priceless treasures torn from my breast,
And yielded the sons of my stricken womb
To the drum beats of duty, the sabres of doom.

Gathered like pearls in their alien graves
Silent they sleep by the Persian waves,
Scattered like shells on Egyptian sands,
They lie with pale brows and brave broken hands,
They are strewn like blossoms mown down by chance
On the blood-brown meadows of Flanders and France.

Can ye measure the grief of the tears I weep,
Or compare the woe of the watch I keep?
Or the pride that thrills thro' my heart's despair,
And the hope that comforts the anguish of prayer?
And the far and glorious vision I see,
Of the torn red banners of victory.

When the terror and tumult of hate shall cease,
And life be refashionned on anvils of peace,
And your love shall offer memorial of thanks
To the comrades who fought in the deathless ranks,
And you honor the deeds of the deathless ones,
Remember the blood of my martyred sons.

—Sarojini Naidu, the Hindu Poetess.

WHAT'S IN A NAME?

The Kettle Valley railway has found "a solution of the problem of finding new names for railway stations" by naming its stations after well-known characters from Shakespeare.

I met him on the Kettle Valley railway
The day he married Delia, and, "Of course,"
He said, "we're off to Juliet,
For our honeymoon ain't cool yet—
When it is, we'll track for Portia, an' divorce."

Next season on the Kettle Valley railway
I hailed him: "Hello, matey, what's the noos?"
He said: "My poor mad Delia
Has been fixed up at Ophelia,
An' I'm runnin' down to Falstaff for a booze."

—London Sunday Pictorial.

OUR LUCKY PRINTERMAN; HE HAS A DRINK COMING

While sitting in our sanctum sanctorum on one of the many recent cold days, trying in vain to keep close enough to a red-hot stove to keep warm without scorching the legs of our last respectable pair of pants; inwardly cursing the blankety blank blank barn of building in which our printing office happens to be situated, hoping against hope that some delinquent subscriber would either bring in a load of wood or the price of same before the rapidly dwindling supply on hand was gone, and generally feeling that ours was the most thankless, wretched, miserable, God forsaken job on earth, we chanced to see an item in one of our exchanges which mightily cheered us up and put us in rare good humor again

Naturally you wonder what miracle of good news could so rapidly raise our spirits from the depths to which they had sunk. Must have been mighty good news You ask, perhaps if a rich relative has died and left us his fortune, if prairie real estate has suddenly become saleable again, if our oil shares have gone to par value, or if a Ch nook is on the way? No, gentle reader, none of these much-to-be-wished-for events were the cause of our sudden rise in spirits. Strange as it may seem, it was the tale of another's misfortune which cheered us up. We learned that we were not alone in our misery, that others were suffering more from the cold than we were. While our office has been cold, oh yes, severely so, none of our staff have yet been frozen at work; but listen to the following item from last week's Grand Forks Sun, and you have the reason for our thankfulness that we are where we are instead of in Grand Forks:

"The Sun's compositor had the misfortune to freeze the thumb and first finger of his right hand while 'sticking type' at the case last Monday. It's no wonder so many printers are enlisting for the front, where death is swifter and less painful."

Poor unknown, unnamed printerman! You have our sympathy as well as our admiration and thanks. When we meet the man who sticks to duty sticking type until he freezes, the drinks will be on us.—Cranbrook Herald.

Charles Mix, fire warden, visited Phoenix this week.

The Sun is the largest and best newspaper printed in the Boundary country, and the price is only one-half that of its local contemporaries. It is a valuable advertising medium because its large subscription list has been obtained, and is maintained, merely on its merits as a newspaper. It uses no indirect or questionable methods to secure subscribers.

When you get your job printing at The Sun office you can depend on it that the work has been done by men who know their trade. We have no men in this office who pose as experts after walking through a couple of country shops half a dozen times.

FURS

Get "More Money" for your Foxes

Muskrat, White Weasel, Beaver, Lynx, Wolves, Marten and other Fur bearers collected in your section

SHIP YOUR FURS DIRECT to "SHUBERT" the largest house in the World dealing exclusively in NORTH AMERICAN RAW FURS a reliable—responsible—safe Fur House with an unblemished reputation existing for "more than a third of a century," a long successful record of sending Fur Shippers prompt, SATISFACTORY AND PROFITABLE returns. Write for "The Shubert Shipper," the only reliable, accurate market report and price list published.

Write for it—NOW—it's FREE

A. B. SHUBERT, Inc. 25-27 WEST AUSTIN AVE. Dept C 87 CHICAGO, U.S.A.

YOUR CHILD IS CROSS, FEVERISH, CONSTIPATED

Look Mother! If tongue is coated, cleanse little bowels with "California Syrup of Figs."

Mothers can rest easy after giving "California Syrup of Figs," because in a few hours all the clogged-up waste, sour bile and fermenting food gently moves out of the bowels, and you have a well, playful child again.

Sick children needn't be coaxed to take this harmless "fruit laxative." Millions of mothers keep it handy because they know its action on the stomach, liver and bowels is prompt and sure.

Ask your druggist for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which contains directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups.

John Wanamaker says in Judicious Advertising: "Advertising doesn't jerk; it pulls. It begins very gently at first, but the pull is steady. It increases day by day and year by year, until it exerts an irresistible power."

The Sun, at $1 a year, is superior to any $2 a year paper printed in the Boundary. This is the reason why we do not have to resort to gambling schemes to gain new subscribers or to hold those we already have.

E. W. Barrett

Auctioneer

Sells Anything, Anywhere, Any Time.
Stocks a Specialty

GRAND FORKS, B. C.

THE

LONDON DIRECTORY

(Published Annually)

Enables traders throughout the world to communicate direct with English

MANUFACTURERS & DEALERS

in each class of goods. Besides being a complete commercial guide to London and its suburbs, the directory contains lists of

EXPORT MERCHANTS

with the Goods they ship, and the Colonial and Foreign Markets they supply;

STEAMSHIP LINES

arranged under the Ports to which they sail and indicating the approximate Sailings;

PROVINCIAL TRADE NOTICES

of leading Manufacturers, Merchants, etc., in the principal provincial towns and Industrial centres of the United Kingdom.

A copy of the current edition will be forwarded, freight paid, on receipt of Postal Order for $5.

Dealers seeking Agencies can advertise their trade cards for $5, or larger advertisements from $15.

THE LONDON DIRECTORY CO., LTD.

25, Abchurch Lane, London, E.C.

At the Head

The man at the head of affairs whether at home or in business, is the one whose attention you wish to attract.

Our paper goes into the best class of homes and is read by the head of the family. That accounts for the results obtained by the use of Classified Want Ads.

FOR SALE—FARM LAND

$20 PER ACRE—The old Graham ranch of 312 acres, at Cascade, can be purchased at $20 per acre, if taken at once. W. K. Esling, owner, Rossland, B. C.

AGENTS WANTED

RIDERS WANTED as agents for our high grade bicycles. Write for low prices to THOS. PLIMLEY'S CYCLE WORKS, VICTORIA, B. C.

BOOT REPAIRING

TAKE your repairs to Armson, shoe repairer. The Hub. Look for the Big Boot.

SECOND-HAND GOODS

HIGHEST CASH PRICES paid for old Stoves and Ranges. E. C. Peckham, Second-hand Store.

FOR RENT—HOUSES

GOOD five-room house; two blocks post office. Apply this office.

Assuring Your Business

A policy of advertising is a policy of life assurance, and the protection thus secured is well worth its annual cost.

Old customers die or move away—they must be replaced.

Old customers are subject to the influence of temptation—they may be induced to divide their custom—to do some of their shopping at a competitor's.

New comers to this community will shop with you—become regular customers—if they are invited to do so.

Your competitor's advertising is an influence which must be offset if you are to maintain your trade.

Not to advertise regularly to the readers of

THE GRAND FORKS SUN

Is to leave your business unprotected.

A WORD TO THE PUBLIC:

It is no sign of weakness to follow the lead of advertising. You owe it to yourself to get the most for your money, the best goods and the best service. And if you find that your inclination is to shop where you are invited to shop rather than continue to be a customer of the shop which never solicits your good-will, you need have no compunction of conscience.

Shop Where You Are Invited to Shop

PILES.

You will find relief in Zam-Buk! It eases the burning, stinging pain, stops bleeding and brings ease. Perseverance, with Zam-Buk, means cure. Why not prove this? *All Druggists and Stores.—50c box.*

ZamBuk

MATCH SPECIALTIES

We have been making matches for 64 years now—Domestic and every other kind.

Some of our specialties are "THE GASLIGHTER" with a 4½ inch stick--"THE EDDY-STONE TORCH" for out-door use—"WAX VESTAS" for the smoker, and other varieties.

For home use the most popular match is the "SILENT 5," but for every use

BUY

EDDY'S

FREE TO ALL SUFFERERS

If you feel 'OUT of SORTS' 'RUN DOWN' 'GOT the BLUES' SUFFER from KIDNEY, BLADDER, NERVOUS DISEASES, CHRONIC WEAKNESS, ULCERS, SKIN ERUPTIONS, PILES, write for FREE CLOTH BOUND MEDICAL BOOK ON these diseases and WONDERFUL CURES effected by THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY. No1 No2 No3 **THERAPION** and decide for yourself if it is the remedy for YOUR OWN ailment. Absolutely FREE No follow up circulars. No obligations. DR. LE CLERC MED. CO., HAVERSTOCK RD, HAMPSTEAD LONDON, ENG WE WANT TO PROVE THERAPION WILL CURE YOU.

ARLINGTON

WATERPROOF COLLARS AND CUFFS

Something better than linen and big laundry bills. Wash it with soap and water. All stores or direct. State style and size. For 25c we will mail you

THE ARLINGTON COMPANY OF CANADA, Limited
68 Fraser Avenue, Toronto, Ontario

Butter Exports

British imports of butter from Canada during the first nine months of this year were 6,500 cwts. greater than in the corresponding period of 1914, but the quantity is much below that imported in former years. Importers in the United Kingdom would gladly welcome any sign that indicated the ability of Canada to augment its exports to this market.

Awful Asthma Attacks. Is there a member of your family who is in the power of this distressing trouble? No service you can render him will equal the bringing to his attention of Dr. J. D. Kellogg's Asthma Remedy. This remarkable remedy rests its reputation upon what it has done for others. It has a truly wonderful record, covering years and years of success in almost every part of this continent, and even beyond the seas.

Military drill has been made compulsory this year on all male students of the University of Alberta who are physically fit. Parades for drill are held on two afternoons each week and the exercises last two hours. The university rule that a student must attend seven-eighths of the lectures in the subjects in which he is registered before credit can be obtained, holds good with regard to military drill also.

Minard's Liniment Cures Colds, &c.

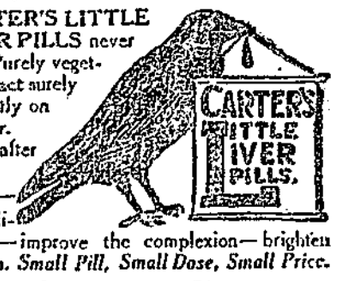
To a man, every woman is more or less attractive. But a woman never can "see" more than one man at a time.

Don't place too much faith in the left hind foot of a rabbit. Every rabbit has one, and you know what happens to the rabbits.

Constipation Vanishes Forever

Prompt Relief---Permanent Cure

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS never fail. Purely vegetable—act surely but gently on the liver. Stop after dinner distress—cure indigestion—improve the complexion—brighten the eyes. *Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price.*



Genuine must bear Signature

Brent Good

A Noble Queen

Belgium's Queen Renounces Country of Her Birth and is True to Her Adopted Country

A Chicago paper has the following to say concerning Queen Elizabeth of Belgium. "Amid all the sovereigns who are considering Hohenzollern relationship above the interests of their own countries, there stands out one splendid and contrasting example—Elizabeth, Queen of the Belgians.

Born of the kingly house of Bavaria, Elizabeth became QuQeen of Belgium not in mere name, but in soul and heart. She put aside all other countries, cleaving only to that which she had made her own. When the hour of war came she lived instantly to the choice which she had already made.

When the country of her birth violated its sworn word to the country of her adoption, she was as true to the right as was that high-souled youth, her husband. Together they stood for Belgium against Germany or any other tie of foreign blood or feeling. They are standing for her today in a little strip of territory which they and their soldiers still hold against the violators of their soil.

SOLDIERS ON THE BATTLE-FIELD.

"There is no greater patriot—not even the soldier on the battlefield—than the man who battles with the stubborn soil and makes it yield for the support of the nations." We have in Canada a power of dominion in our resources that will make the power that comes with strategy, brute force and armament, insignificant. If we know what we have and use it wisely, we will make others dependent upon us.

The stomach is the center of the body from which radiates our vitality, strenuosity, our fighting strength. A healthy stomach turns the food we eat into nourishment for the blood stream and the nerves. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery refreshes and tones up the stomach walls. Removes the poisonous gases from the system.

The first day you start to take this reliable medicine, impure germs and accumulations begin to separate in the blood and are then expelled through the liver, bowels and kidneys.

Get Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery to-day from any medicine dealer; it is a powerful blood purifier and tonic.

Depend upon this grand remedy to give you the kind of blood that makes the skin clear, the mind alert, the vision keener and puts ambition and energy into the entire body. Contains neither alcohol nor narcotics. Its ingredients are made public and printed on wrapper. It's a pure alterative extract made with glycerine from native roots and herbs.

Sold by medicine dealers in liquid or tablet form, or send 50 cents to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., for a trial box of tablets.

NO CHARGE FOR THIS BOOK.

Send fifty cents (or stamps) to pay for wrapping and mailing and enclose this notice, and Dr. Pierce, of the Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., will send you a revised copy of his Common Sense Medical Adviser, in cloth binding, 1008 pages, with color plates. Just what you need in case of sickness or accident.

Oblivious of the world and its worries, Mrs. Turner yielded her ample form to the delight of forty winks. The rattling of a tray down the stairs roused her with an indignant start. "Jackie," she said "You little wretch! Not a bit of peace can I get in this house! Now, let me hear you again, that's all!"

The unnatural quiet that prevailed for a moment or so testified to her powers of "warming," and, with a contented air, she closed her eyes again. But it was not to be. A moment later the door bell rang.

"Oh, you," she said, trying hard to look pleased at her afternoon visitor. "Sit down a minute while I go and change."

"Isn't ma afraid of catching cold in those slippers, Jackie?" said the visitor to the youngster.

"Not much!" came the scornful answer. "Ma warms the whole family with them!"

Minard's Liniment Co., Limited.

Gentleman,—Last winter I received great benefit from the use of MINARD'S LINIMENT in a severe attack of LaGrippe, and I have frequently proved it to be very effective in cases of Inflammation.

Yours,

W. A. HUTCHINSON.

The weather had been very wet for weeks, and the roads "somewhere across the Channel" were in a very bad state. Consequently it was not surprising that a wagon in a certain supply column suddenly dived into a hole full of mud and refused to budge. At this critical moment up came an army chaplain, who at once proffered his services. "Men," he said, "I see you are in difficulty. Can I be of any help?"

"Yes, sir," answered a burly sergeant fluently, as he mopped his brow, "you can give us the greatest help by making yourself scarce."

"Making myself scarce?" gasped the chaplain, "Why, how——?"

"Yes, sir," broke in the sergeant, "you see, we can't very well say to the horses what they'd understand while you are about!"

TOO MANY CHILDREN

are under-size, under-weight

with pinched faces and poor blood; they do not complain but appetite lags, they have no ambition and do not progress.

Such children need the rich medicinal nourishment in *Scott's Emulsion* above everything else; its pure cod liver oil contains nature's own blood-forming, flesh-building fats which quickly show in rosy cheeks, better appetite, firm flesh and sturdy frames.

If your children are languid, tired when rising, catch cold easily or find their studies difficult, give them *Scott's Emulsion;* it supplies the very food elements that their systems lack.

Scott's Emulsion contains no harmful drugs and is so good for growing children it's a pity to keep it from them.

14-47 Scott & Bowne, Toronto, Ontario.

Germans Quick to Surrender

Companies, Even Battalions, Readily Give up Arms to Russian Troops

General Ruzsky, who is conducting an aggressive campaign against the Austro-Germans in Russia, in an interiew published in the Bourse Gazette, spoke confidently of the conditions at the front. He said:

"Without indulging in prophecy, which would be imprudent, I say that we are now guaranteed against unpleasant surprises on the part of the enemy. The time for surprise is past. But it would be irresponsible frivolity to describe the enemy as in his death throes. On the contrary, he is strong, but not so strong that we need fear surprises either here or on the western front.

"By not advancing the enemy is really retreating. The Germans now surrender readily in whole companies and battalions, and this, in my opinion, is an ominous sign. The men are worn out by privations, cold and the spectre of winter, and, instead of their former confidence, show depression."

$100 REWARD, $100

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by all Druggists, 75c. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Female Sniper

The capture of a Turkish woman who had been sniping with deadly effect is mentioned in a letter from Private H. G. Brown of the 24th Queen's Royal West Surrey Regiment.

In an account of the operations at Suvla Bay, in the Dardanelles, he says:

"There were shrapnel and bullets all over the place. What with our aeroplanes dropping bombs and our warships firing, the din was awful. You have no idea what it is like. A lot of the Queen's were hit before they had a chance to defend themselves. The Turkish snipers are fine shots. They paint themselves the color of the landscape. We caught one who turned out to be a woman. She had 50 identity discs, which meant that she had accounted for fifty of our chaps."

"Yes," said Mrs. Twickembury, "they were very careful about that infectious membraneous croup. They have anecdotes hanging up all over the house.

WISE WORDS

A Physician on Food

A western physician has views about food. He says:

"I have always believed that the duty of the physician does not cease with treating the sick, but that we owe it to humanity to teach them how to protect their health especially by hygienic and dietetic laws.

"With such a feeling as to my duty I take great pleasure in saying, that, in my own experience and also from personal observation, I have found no food to equal Grape-Nuts and that I find there is almost no limit to the great benefit this food will bring when used in all cases of sickness and convalescence.

"It is my experience that no physical condition forbids the use of Grape-Nuts. To persons in health there is nothing so nourishing and acceptable to the stomach especially at breakfast to start the machinery of the human system on the day's work.

"In cases of indigestion I know that a complete breakfast can be made of Grape-Nuts and cream; and I think it is necessary not to overload the stomach at the morning meal. I also know the great value of Grape-Nuts when the stomach is too weak to digest other food.

"This is written after an experience of more than 20 years treating all manner of chronic and acute diseases, and the letter is voluntary on my part without any request for it."

Name given by Canadian Postum Co., Windsor, Ont.

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

Poultry Farming

More Failures Attributable to Lack of Experience Than Anything Else

The writer heard a well known agricultural authority remark that the "back to the land" movement occurred in thirty-five-year cycles, and that we were now due to see many city dwellers moving back to the farms. Should this be the case, the advice from the Grain Growers' Guide to people contemplating poultry farming proves very timely:

"While it would be in vain to attempt to enumerate all the many causes of failure in poultry keeping, it is well to emphasize from time to time common mistakes, several of which generally mean, if not actual failure, at any rate considerably less profit than might reasonably be expected. That poultry keeping may be conducted with profit requires no verification here. Everyone, no matter what the station in life is, may secure a wonderfully good return in proportion to the extent of his operations—a return that is unequalled by any other individual branch of farming.

"But to make the utmost out of this or any other occupation it is absolutely necessary that every detail in the management may be turned to advantage. Perhaps more failures are attributable to want of experience than to anything else. This does not mean that unless one has had a thorough training in poultry culture one should not keep fowls, or, if one does, that failure is the inevitable end. It is only when a start is made on a very large scale, without knowledge or experience, that failure is almost sure to follow. The man who starts with a few fowl and undertakes the work himself gains experience day by day, and when his establishment develops he is well able to face any emergency that may arise, and to overcome difficulties that would entirely overwhelm the man who had started on a large scale with little or no experience."

How to Cure Rheumatism

The Disease is in the Blood and Must Be Treated Through the Blood

There are almost as many ways of treating rheumatism as there are doctors. Most of these treatments are directed at the symptoms and are considered successful if they relieve the pain and the stiffness. But the pain and the stiffness return particularly if the patient has been exposed to dampness. This shows that the poison was not driven from the system by the treatment employed. Rheumatism can be relieved in a number of ways, but there is only one way to cure it, and that is through the blood, expelling the poisonous acid that causes the aches, and pains and stiffness. To renew and enrich the blood there is no medicine can equal Dr. Williams' Pink Pills which go right to the root of the trouble and cure rheumatism to stay cured. The following is an example of what Dr. Williams' Pink Pills can do in cases of this kind. Mr. Henry Smith, St. Jerome, Que., says: "For upwards of a year I was a victim of rheumatism in a most painful form. The trouble was located in my legs and for a long time was so bad that I could not walk. The suffering which I endured can only be imagined by those who have been similarly afflicted. Doctors' treatment did not help me and then I began trying other remedies but with no better results. Finally I was advised to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and although I had begun to lose faith in medicine, I finally decided to give the pills a trial. I am very grateful now that I did so, for after taking eight boxes of the pills the trouble completely disappeared. I was free from pain and could walk as well as ever I did in my life. I have since taken the pills occasionally as a precautionary measure and I cannot speak too highly in their favor.

You can get Dr. Williams' Pink Pills through any medicine dealer or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 from The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Eradicating Canada Thistle

In a demonstration conducted in Boone county, Ind., last summer two patches of Canada thistles aggregating 1,800 square feet were killed with three sprayings of a solution of crude carbolic acid. The crude carbolic acid was used at the rate of one gallon to five of water, and was applied with a common spray pump. The applications were made on July 1, 12 and 30 respectfully, and on September 13 no live thistle could be found.

Miller's Worm Powders not only exterminate intestinal and other worms, but they are a remedy for many other ailments of children. They strengthen the young stomach against biliousness and are tonical in their effects where the child suffers from loss of appetite. In feverish conditions they will be found useful and they will serve to allay pain and griping in the stomach, from which children so often suffer.

Slow Growth

He had been spending the last month in the "Business Men's Camp," and on his return his best girl noticed something different about him.

"Yes," he said, "I'm trying to grow a moustache. It's the proper thing for an officer, you know. And I'm wondering what color it will be when it comes out."

"Well, at the rate it is growing I should say it will be gray," was the retort.

It bears the Seal of Purity. 148

All over the world the name Sunlight stands for purity in Soap. Our $5,000 guarantee of Purity is something more than an advertisement. It marks the high standard we have set for ourselves to give you the best laundry soap it is possible to produce at any price.

Sunlight 5¢ Soap

TRAPPERS

Furs Have Advanced

Ship to Rogers. We give liberal grades, full value in cash and quick returns. We have best market in America for Furs, Hides, etc. No commission. Write today for free price list. *Trappers' Supplies at Factory Prices*

ROGERS FUR COMPANY, Dept. T St. Louis, Mo.

Splendid Health of British Army

England's splendid sanitation and the unprecedented healthfulness of the British army is a saving feature in England's status in the present war, according to a statement by Sir Jas. Crichton-Browne, an eminent medical authority, before the Sanitary Inspectors' association.

"With a larger army in the field than ever before," said the speaker, "the percentage of disease is lower than in times of peace."

Sir James called attention to the fact that although a million men had been rejected for physical defects during the first year of the war, these men had all been born from thirty-eight to forty years ago, in the days of imperfect sanitation, when disease was prevalent and went unchecked.

Corns cannot exist when Holloway's Corn Cure is applied to them, because it goes to the root and kills the growth.

Bucolic Humor

"I see Hiram is sparking up to that purty young postmistress, but she don't seem to think much of him."

"No, she looks upon him as second class male matter, I reckon."

Occasionally the women get in free. But the men always have to pay.

DOCTORS DID NOT HELP HER

But Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Restored Mrs. Bradley's Health—Her Own Statement.

Winnipeg, Canada.—"Eleven years ago I went to the Victoria Hospital, Montreal, suffering with a growth. The doctors said it was a tumor and could not be removed as it would cause instant death. They found that my organs were affected, and said I could not live more than six months in the condition I was in.

"After I came home I saw your advertisement in the paper, and commenced taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took it constantly for two years, and still take it at times, and both my husband and myself claim that it was the means of saving my life. I highly recommend it to suffering women."—Mrs. ORILLA BRADLEY, 284 Johnson Ave., Winnipeg, Manitoba, Can.

Why will women take chances or drag out a sickly, half-hearted existence, missing three-fourths of the joy of living, when they can find health in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?

LYDIA E. PINKHAM

For thirty years it has been the standard remedy for female ills, and has restored the health of thousands of women who have been troubled with such ailments as displacements, inflammation, ulceration, tumors, irregularities, etc.

If you want special advice write to Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co. (confidential) Lynn, Mass. Your letter will be opened, read and answered by a woman, and held in strict confidence.

RUSSIA CAN CALL ON MILLIONS OF SOLDIERS FOR WAR WHEN NEEDED

THE SHORTAGE OF ARMS IS THE ONLY DRAWBACK

When the Proper Equipment is Obtained, at Least Two Million Additional Soldiers will be Thrown into the Field, a new Force for the Enemy to Reckon With

"Russia is now suffering only for want of rifles, and when she is properly supplied at least 2,000,000 additional soldiers will be thrown into the field with results which only next spring's campaign can tell." This is the opinion of a prominent American mining engineer who has just returned to London after spending six months in the Russian empire, mainly in Siberia, where he is the chief engineer of an important group of mines. Describing conditions in Russia he said:

"The impression which has prevailed outside Russia during the great German drive through Poland was never really duplicated in that country and the only thing that could cause revolution now would be the conclusion of an unfavorable peace with the central powers.

"The Russian peasant is not an imaginative individual and the losses suffered in the war have not greatly impressed him. Even the generally admitted shortage of rifles, the wastage of which has been unprecedented, is not causing the Russians much concern as the staff has realized the rifle used by infantry is not an effective weapon. The Russian army is now well supplied with heavy guns and munitions and their infantry is being supplied with thousands of machine guns.

"For the greater part of the war we have used Austrian prisoners as miners in our mines, but lately we have been receiving Germans from the government prisoners' labor bureau. These Germans in the main are absolutely unfit for hard labor, most of them being old men with grey beards, while others are of the student class, many of them wearing glasses with thick lenses.

A staff officer, closely connected with the prisoners' bureau, told me that for some time on the Dvinsk front the Russians have been capturing from 100 to 200 women weekly. These were all in German uniforms and were apparently serving as soldiers.

"In Petragrac I entered the recently opened museum of atrocities. I was allowed to bring to England an Austrian rifle cartridge loaded with an explosive bullet that is ready a miniature shrapnel shell that explodes when a little plunger at the top is driven in by contact with a human target.

"In the Scandinavian countries nothing was talked about except the food shortage in Germany and some confirmation of this was given to me by a Dane who represents in Berlin one of the biggest American packing companies. This Dane declared that the fat allowance had been reduced from eleven to seven ounces a person daily, and he stated that the German working people would have a difficult time getting through the winter on this reduced allowance. The Dane also told that England was supplying its prisoners in Germany with food."

Modern Artillery

It Is Claimed That the Use of Steel in Manufacture of Guns First Tried by Frenchmen

The Paris Matin gives the story of the discovery, which Alfred Krupp has always been credited with, that steel could be used instead of bronze in the manufacture of guns. It appears, according to the French paper, that in 1830 a Frenchman of the name of Pierre Ducroquet, the son of a soldier who had fought in the Napoleonic wars, was considering the possibility of improving modern armaments and when visiting Paris in 1836 he met Alfred Krupp in a cafe in the vicinity of the Palais Royal. Krupp at that time, was a manufacturer of no very great importance, employing about 50 workmen, and was travelling in order to gain more customers. Ducroquet explained his ideas to him and started a long correspondence with Krupp. In 1841 he wrote "if the bronze guns have not sufficient resisting powers why not try and make them of a more solid material," and in 1845, "I can find nobody here to believe in me. If I only had the use of a factory to make my experiments. I would give all I possess to arrive at some result."

Krupp, who was then employing 200 workmen, replied to Ducroquet offering him, providing he paid his own expenses, the use of a portion of his factory and, moreover, the help of some of his workpeople. The Frenchman accepted and removed his family to Altenessen. A year later, having spent all his money on his experiments, Ducroquet announced to Alfred Krupp the fact that he had at last evolved the steel gun. Krupp, informed day by day by his workmen of the progress made by the inventor, already realized the importance of the discovery. He claimed from Ducroquet the payment of a sum of 5,000 marks which he owed him and in default seized upon his invention. Ducroquet brought an action against him, but lost his case. He offered his invention to the French minister of war, but it was refused. In 1847 Krupp made the same offer to both the German and French governments and received an order for 300 field pieces. The reputation of the firm was made.

Shortage of Labor in Great Britain

Newspapers are overflowing with accounts of labor shortage, following on the success of Lord Derby's recruiting campaign. It is conceivable that Great Britain has from the standpoint of efficiency sent nearly all the troops it can spare.

A point is rapidly approaching where skilled workmen can serve their country more effectively at home than at the front. Clothing, ammunition and all war materials are needed at the front. Machinery is more effective there than men.

From military and naval standpoints factories must be kept running. For financial comfort the country must continue manufacturing if it is to maintain its exports and stabilize foreign exchanges. The latter is as necessary to the successful conclusion of the war as the former.

Dennis O'Toole, a bright Dublin lad, was sent to the baker's for a twopenny loaf. Having received it, it struck him that it was under weight, so he drew the baker's attention to it.

"Never mind that," said the baker; "it will be less for you to carry."

"Very well," replied the boy, and throwing three halfpence on the counter he walked away. The shopman called after him and told him he had not left enough money.

"Oh, niver mind that," retorted Dennis. "It will be the less for ye to count."

Decline of Beef Production

Stock Raiser is Sure to Make Money During the Next Few Years

Some interesting information regarding the beef industry is brought out in the last annual report of the Saskatchewan department of agriculture. Figures are given showing that the cattle breeding industry is on the decline not only in Canada but throughout the world. The decrease in the number of cattle for one year in Canada has been 9.3 per cent.; in United States, 3.3 per cent.; in Britain 2.1 per cent.; and in France 9 per cent.

This shortage, says the report, is being acutely felt in the United States. The total number of cattle received during the month of September, 1913, at the six leading cattle markets of the United States was 954,181 while during the same month of 1914, only 814,985 were received, a decrease of 139,196. It might not be fair to take that as an average decrease, but cutting these figures in half we have a total decrease in cattle shipments for the year at the above market of 835,176 head, or roughly speaking 300,000,000 pounds of beef. This has been estimated to equal nine beef cattle per hundred people. This shortage on the above markets has been in spite of the great number of Canadian cattle going to the United States during the past year, owing to the abolition of the U.S. tariff. During the winter of 1912-13 only 24,090 Canadian cattle were shipped south, while during the following winter 178,731 were shipped.

The question may be asked, granting these figures to be correct, why the price of beef is not higher. In this regard the report states that the retail price of all meats in Canada today is approximately the same as in Great Britain, but whilst the producer in Great Britain receives from thirteen to fourteen cents per pound for his choice beef on the hoof, the Canadian producer seldom exceeds seven cents for the same class of stock.

It is no doubt true that labor is higher in Canada, that cattle are not as well finished, and on an average do not dress out as high a percentage, that operating expenses are greater all around; but when one takes into consideration the fact that the figures quoted are for the choice article in both cases, there seems to be too great a disparity in Canadian prices. The average price of choice beef per pound, live weight, during 1914, were: Montreal, 6.62 cents; Winnipeg, 7.07 cents; and Calgary, 6.94 cents. The retailers' prices at the same time and in the same cities were: Montreal, sirloin steak, 22.6 cents; medium chuck, 16 cents: Winnipeg, 26.8 and 18.8 cents; and Calgary 22.8 and 15 cents.

This shortage of beef cattle, and in fact of all classes, cannot be remedied in any short period of time. The farmer who has good breeding females is the man who, if he is a stockman, is going to make money within the next three years, says the report. The market for good breeding females is not only here but is here to stay.

An officer with the Royal Flying Corps in France, writing to a friend, says:

An amusing incident occurred when some of our machines brought down a Bosch machine. As soon as it touched ground the pilot (Saxon) and the observer (Prussian) unstrapped themselves, sprang out, and fought like two dogs until our gunners (the machine descended just behind our lines) separated them. The Prussian accused the Saxon of not attempting to get back over our lines.

What Kansas Says

Some of the Benefits of the Prohibition Law

The state of Kansas has been for almost a generation under a prohibition law. The law has frequently come in for criticism, and its administration has been subjected to more criticism still. A signed statement as to prohibition and its results recently issued by Governor Arthur Capper is, therefore, of more than ordinary interest and importance. In Mr. Capper's opinion the prohibitory law is the greatest blessing ever bestowed on the state and the greatest instrument in its prosperity. The law has never been so well enforced as now, and has never been so generally approved by the people of the state. Approval indeed, he says, is too mild a word with which to express the attitude of the people toward the law. Most of them are enthusiastically in favor of it. This enthusiastic approval has good foundation. Kansas is the wealthiest state of the Union per capita. On the basis of wealth assessed for taxation the average wealth per capita in Kansas is $1,629.61. The second state is Massachusetts with a per capita wealth of $1,353.47, or nearly twenty per cent. less. Kansas has a much larger relative number of young men and women in college than any other state according to the census of 1910. The percentage of illiteracy in Kansas is lower than in any other state in the Union except one. Thirty-two counties in Kansas have abandoned their poor farms. Forty-eight counties out of one hundred and five did not send a prisoner to the penitentiary last year. The per capita consumption of liquor in the United States is twenty-one dollars yearly. In Kansas it is three dollars and four cents. Kansas, says governor, thus saves thirty-million dollars every year directly. The indirect gain is not subject to computation, but it is certainly greater still. During the last session the Kansas legislature by unanimous vote in both houses went on record in a series of strong resolutions telling what prohibition has done for Kansas and emphatically endorsing it. No wonder the people of Kansas have a patriotic love for their state, almost religious—not to say fanatic—in its intensity. The experience of Kansas is typical of that of other prohibition communities. It should be valuable as an object lesson to those that are still seeking for deliverance from the liquor traffic. There is not a doubt that prohibition pays, morally, financially, socially, educationally and politically. The liquor traffic is the greatest handicap from which our civilization suffers. Where it is done away with a hundred problems which vex the head and heart of the social reformer solve themselves and the greater part of the remainder are shorn of more than half their formidable character.

War and Medical Practice

Movement for the Nationalizatien of the Practice of Medicine

"Nationalization of the practice of medicine" is the somewhat original description by British labor Delegates in San Francisco, of one of the changes effected by war's necessities. That the medical profession should depend for financial success on the prevalence of ill-health has always seemed a defective arrangement or adjustment. The need of bread and the desire of bakers for profits insure a supply, but from this it is unreasonable to conclude that the people should depend for medical service on the prevalence of disease and the desire of physicians and surgeons for incomes.

Chinese are said to pay their physicians while in good health and to cease payment when ill. An equally reasonable idea underlies the appointment of a medical officer of health. He depends for recognition and distinction on the good health of the community he serves. He provides certain lines of medical advice and service to the general public. Medical service in the schools is a development in the same direction. Smallpox is removed from private medical practice and treated under public supervision, and there is a tendency toward a similar transfer of other contagious diseases.

The idea that public health is too important to be left to individual initiative is causing a change toward the nationalization of the practice of medicine. It is strengthened by the pressing necessities of war. As in all similar changes, the possibility of wiser, more general, and more systematic direction is obtained at the cost of the stimulus of personal ambitions and rivalries and of exposure to the danger of official dominance.—Toronto Globe.

The manager was showing some visitors round the factory when the dinner bell rang, and the men stopped work and disappeared as if by magic. "Do all of them," said one of the guests, smiling, "drop their tools the instant the bell goes?"

"Oh, no, not all of them," said the manager. "The more orderly ones have their tools put away before that time."

A profound impression was created in the British House of Commons a few days ago by the statement made by the financial secretary to the treasury.

Mr. Montagu declared that every citizen in the country would have to be prepared to place at the disposal of the state at least one-half of his income, either in taxation or in loans.

We shall all have to stint ourselves, he added, in regard to the consumption of commodities. The expenditure upon luxuries at present is extravagant.

BRITISH HOPE IN THE PRESENT WAR BASED ON NAVAL HISTORY

STRATEGY OF GERMANY FORESHADOWS DEFEAT

One of the Foremost British Writers on Naval Matters, says that no War can be Brought to a Successful Issue Unless Those in Responsible Positions are Given Good Support

L. Cecil Jane, author of "The Interpretation of History," and one of the foremost British writers on naval topics, has written an analysis of the German strategy in the present naval war, in the 1915 issue of "Fighting Ships," edited and founded by Fred T. Jane, which has just reached this country.

Under the title "Historical Analogies and the Naval War," he goes into the points of strategy in detail and draws some interesting comparisons between past and present naval warfare.

His article ends with this prediction:

"The strategy of Germany, indeed, in the present naval war would seem to foreshadow her defeat, always provided that it does not succeed in destroying the morale of Great Britain. In this war British democracy is on trial. It may prove that it is true that 'a democracy is incapable of empire,' or it may, once for all, falsify that saying. If it is to do so, it must remember that no war can be brought to a successful conclusion unless those who are responsible for its conduct are given that confidence without which no man can do his best. Every man who preaches distrust of the admiralty is doing what he can to insure the triumph of kultur, of that modern barbarism beside which the barbarism of the past is advanced civilization."

In discussing the German strategy Mr. Jane says:

"In the present war the military strategy of Germany has been obviously dominated by the ideal of concentration of force. The rush through Belgium toward Paris, the later rush upon Calais, Hindenburg's thrusts toward Warsaw, the grand attack upon the Russians in Galicia—all afford examples of this conception. They were all alike attempts to strike quickly and hard. Actually the battles fought have partaken of the nature of protracted sieges, but the aim of the Germans was undoubtedly to force the issue, to inflict upon the enemy some sudden and overwhelming blow.

It may be suspected that their naval strategy would have been of the same character had not circumstances forbidden. The German fleet is a modern institution, numerically inferior to that of Great Britain, without that tradition of victory which might counterbalance all material differences. Rightly or wrongly, the directors of the German naval policy considered that it would be rash to a degree to provoke a decisive battle and being practical men rather than idealists, they abandoned or postponed the ideal stratgey.

Indeed, they adopted guerrilla methods. Abstaining from any attempt to force a fleet action, they have relied upon the exercise of superior ingenuity and resorted to a policy of moral and material attrition. Their immediate object is necessarily to establish a superiority of force. Their ulterior object is more disputable. It may be their aim to prepare the way for the adoption of the ideal policy. A series of blows, individually slight and cumulatively great, might undermine the morale and reduce the material strength of their opponets until at last a decisive action could be fought with fair prospects of victory. Such is the scheme outlined by Bernhardi: 'We should at first carry on a defensive war—that we may in the end challenge him (England) to a decisive engagement on the open sea.'"

The question of the German base at Heligoland and Cuxhaven is then taken up, and Mr. Jane draws a number of interesting historical analogies showing that similar bases, more impregnable, if possible, hae been destroyed by the enemy in bygone wars. Starting with the conflict between the Romans and Carthaginians, he shows how the Romans, after eight years of warfare, eventually destroyed the "apparently impregnable base at Lilybaeum and Drepana."

Canada to Send 3,000 Chauffeurs

Next Contribution of Canada to the Imperial Forces at the Front

Three thousand chauffeurs are to be the next contribution from Canada to the imperial forces at the front. Enrolment in the Montreal district will commence at once. It is hoped that 1,000 qualified men may be available in this district.

The men will be mobilized at Ottawa. The kind of men needed for the army transport division service are mechanics who can drive a car while it is all right, and get off and mend it if anything goes wrong. With the extensive use of motor transports in military work there is great demand for such men now.

For this expert work unusually high salary has been arranged, according to British standard. The men will be paid $1.40 a day with the usual supplies and allowances. In addition they will be given the following separation allowances:—For wife 11s 1d a week; wife and one child, 14s 9d; wife and two children, 18s 1d; wife and three children, 21s 3d. A further allowance of 2s 11d will be made to each child in excess of three under 16 years old. These separation allowances will be paid every four weeks.

It was stated by General Wilson that the raising of this corps would give an excellent opportunity for competent chauffeurs from Canada to secure service at the front at work for which they are particularly fitted.

Five Minutes' Truce

Rescued Wounded Soldier Who Cried With Joy

I heard a cry in front of our trench, writes Sergeant A. E. Berry in a letter to his relatives. It was from a wounded man on the German parapet, he proceeds, and he was begging us to bring him in. He had been there from the Saturday when the charge was made until dinner time on the following Monday, and was nearly dead from his wounds and from hunger. We knew we could not go out to him, but at last one of our officers who could speak German shouted and asked the enemy if we might carry him in. This was a brave act, for if we only put our heads over the parapet we were liable to be killed. The Germans shouted back and gave us five minutes in which to fetch him. Immediately fifteen of us jumped over to go to him, but our captain ordered us back, feeling that the Germans might be tempted to shoot, thinking that we were going to charge. So one officer and a man went out with a stretcher and carried the poor fellow in. He cried with joy when he knew he was safe, though he was very badly wounded. While they were carrying this man they saw another nearly covered with earth. Two others went out and brought him in, and then we gave three cheers for the Germans who had proved they are not all bad.

The women often display a fine degree of courage, but few of them are brave enough to sleep down stairs.

Pro-German Propaganda In the United States

Providence Journal Asserts $35,000,000 Has Been Spent

The Providence Journal says:

"A vast sum of money amounting to between $35,000,000 and $40,000,000 has been spent in this country in the last four months for propaganda work against the Allies, under the immediate supervision of Count von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, and Dr. Heinrich Albert, privy chancellor, who describes himself to a Journal representative 'as the fiscal agent of his government.'

"The Journal has positive record of the receipt by Ambassador von Vornstorff and Dr. Albert of at least $10,000,000 in the time mentioned. A great deal of this money has come through the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, and most of it has been immediately transferred to the Chase National Bank and other banks in which Dr. Albert and Ambassador Bernstorff keep a joint account."

The Journal charges that not one dollar of this money has been spent for legitimate purposes, but that all of it is going for propaganda work of the most vicious description.

One item alone, the maintenance of bureaus for dragging men out of munitions factories, amounts to many millions of dollars. The cost of sustenance of the consular service of Germany and the expenses of embassy reach the various officials through regular channels, which are in no way connected with the fund referred to. It is believed that the entire cost of propaganda work conducted by Austrian consuls and consul-generals is financed from this German fund.

Polar Sea Route

Wireless Telegraph Opens Route From Central Russia to Great Britain

Wireless telegraphy has opened a Polar Sea route from Central Russia to Great Britain. Wireless stations established by the Russian government in the Arctic keep the vessels advised as to the channels free from ice. Acting on their information, two large vessels chartered by a Siberian trading company have just arrived at Grimsby with cargoes from the Yenesei and Obi districts of Central Siberia, valued at $1,750,000.

The Obi and Yenesei are huge rivers with a great depth of water, taking steamers of any size. But it was not until lately that their navigation was put in practice.

Owing to the use of the Trans-Siberian Railway by the Russian government for war supplies, there are 3,000,000 tons of wheat held up in Siberia, besides enormous quantities of other produce. If this can be got out, it will improve Russian exchange, which is now a serious problem among the allies.

Next year the company proposes to take about thirty steamers over the new White Sea route, laden with Siberian products. Even if the war ends before this time, it is pointed out that the Serbian Railway will be more or less tied up with back business and the returning of troops.

NEWS OF THE CITY

The announcement of the visit of Rev. A. E. Smith in the interest of the people's prohibition movement for British Columbia drew a large and appreciative audience to the Methodist church on Thursday evening. Rev. J. D Hoben presided; being supported by Revs. M. D. McKee and C. W. King. Mr. Smith, who is a very forceful speaker, was listened to with great attention in an address of over an hour's duration. Arnold Carter rendered a solo very effectively.

The following have recently enlisted in the Independent Company of Rifles for overseas service in the 102nd battalion: G. C. Brown, Grand Forks; F Phipps, R Heilscher, Archibald Smith and Ed Sparks, of Midway; R. Dempster and S. Wolverton, Greenwood; F. Lozeau, Rock Creek; Roy McDonald, Phoenix.

People who have steadfastly maintained that the city waterworks reservoir is not strong enough to hold its full capacity of water, may be interested in learning that one day this week it was pumped so full that the water ran over the top and formed a good-sized in the valley below it.

Mr. and Mrs. E. E. Gibson returned on Saturday from Spokane. While in Spokane Mr. Gibson submitted to an operation for appendicitis. He has now fully recovered from the effects of the operation, and is in prime condition for another game of hockey. It is about ten years since he indulged in this sport.

You are cordially invited to the Methdist church on Sunday next. Services at 11 a.m. and 7:30 p.m. will be conducted by the pastor. Rev. J. D. Hobden. Sunday school and Bible classes at 2:30 p.m.

Ed Sparks, of Midway, has joined the 102nd battalion for overseas service.

Pte. A. Mowat and A. Johnson have been promoted to corporals in the 102nd overseas battalion. Corp. Symes has been promoted to sergeant in the same battalion.

A "Safety First Song Service," with a sermonette by Rev. C. W. King, will be held in the Baptist church Sunday evening.

Superintendent Fisher and Engineer McCullough, of the Kettle Valley railway, were in the city last Saturday.

W. Eddy's store at Rock Creek as totally destroyed by fire last u.t

Beginners who are six years of age will be admitted at the public school from February 1 to February 14.

METEOROLOGICAL

The following is the minimum and maximum temperature for each day during the past week, as recorded by the government thermometer on E. F. Laws' ranch:

	Min.	Max.
Jan. 21—Friday	14	29
22—Saturday	13	30
23—Sunday	35	46
24—Monday	16	24
25—Tuesday	14	13
26—Wednesday	7	22
27—Thursday	11	19
		Inches
Snowall		3.0

Addressing Mail to Soldiers

In order to facilitate the handling of mail at the front and to insure prompt delivery it is requested that all mail be addressed as follows:

(a) Regimental number.
(b) Rank.
(c) Name.
(d) Squadron, battery or company
(e) Battalion, regiment (or other unit), staff appointment or department.
(f) Canadian Contingent.
(g) British Expeditionary Force.
(h) Army Post, London, England

Unnecessary mention of higher formations, such as brigades, dvisions, is strictly forbidden, and causes delay.

We Are Offering
EXTRAORDINARY BARGAINS
in
Every Department at
Our Store

H. D. MacDougall
Gent's Furnisher
Mann's Old Drug Store — Next Telephone Office — Bridge Street

Lady Barber
in
Hotel Province
Billiard Room

Granby Shipments for 1915

The following are the monthly shipping figures from the Granby mine at Phoenix to the Grand Forks smelter:

	Tons
January	42,211
February	63,091
March	69,948
Agril	85,382
May	100,693
June	103,004
July	101,058
August	103,062
September	93,245
October	96,430
November	82,187
December	94,475
Total	1,034,786

TAKES OFF DANDRUFF, HAIR STOPS FALLING

Save your Hair! Get a 25 cent bottle of Danderine right now—Also stops itching scalp.

Thin, brittle, colorless and scraggy hair is mute evidence of a neglected scalp; of dandruff—that awful scurf.

There is nothing so destructive to the hair as dandruff. It robs the hair of its lustre, its strength and its very life; eventually producing a feverishness and itching of the scalp, which if not remedied causes the hair roots to shrink, loosen and die—then the hair falls out fast. A little Danderi tonight—now—any time—will so save your hair.

Get a 25 cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store. You surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine. Save your hair! Try it!

The Sun is the largest and best newspaper printed in the Boundary country, and the price is only one-half that of its local contemporaries. It is a valuable advertising medium because its large subscription list has been obtained, and is maintained, merely on its merits as a newspaper. It uses no indirect or questionable methods to secure subscribers.

Accept no substitutes, but get the original—The Grand Forks Sun. It gathers and prints the news of the city and district first.

Lost, Strayed or Stolen

One bay colt, one year old, white stripe in face, one white hind leg; lost since April 1st last Any information that will lead to its recovery will be rewarded by addressing

R. SIMPSON,
Grand Forks, B. C.

Idleness is leisure found out.

Call and see the new line of shirts MacDougall & MacDonald are showing for the Xmas season, with collars detached, all sizes, in stripes and the latest designs. Prices from $1.25 to $1.50 each.

Ladies, call and see the latest in shoes MacDougall & MacDonald are showing for men; in button and laced; tans and blacks. The real gift for your gentlemen friends. Prices $3 75 to $6.00 a pair.

NEW HARNESS SHOP

I have re-opened a harness shop at my old stand on Bridge street, and will manufacture New Harness and do all kinds of harness repairing. All work guaranteed. Your patronage is solicited.

A. A. Frechette

Here We Are!
Your Six Friends,

The
Robin Hood Family

Robin Hood Flour
" " Oats
" " Porriage Oats
" " Ferina
" " raham
" " Whole Wheat

Let Us Lighten
Your Household Duties

For Sale by

JOHN DONALDSON
PHONE 30
Everything to Eat and Wear

For Watches, Clocks and Jewellery
Go to
TIMBERLAKE, SON & Co
First Street, Grand Forks

Wedding, Birthday and Other Presents
Specialty: Fine Watch Repairs

Bicycles
English 3-Speed Gear and the High-Grade Cleveland Wheels

I have opened a bicycles store next the Grand Forks Garage, and keep these celebrated wheels in stock.

Bicycle Accessories. Repairing a Specialty

J. R. Mooyboer
First and Main Sts., Grand Forks, B. C.

Butter Wrappers

Neatly printed with special Butter Wrapper Ink. Also unprinted wrappers. Our prices are right.

The SUN PRINT SHOP