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# The Grand Forks Sun

and  
Kettle Valley Orchardist

19TH YEAR—No 44

GRAND FORKS B. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 27, 1920

"Tell me what you know is true:  
I can guess as well as you."

\$1.00 PER YEAR

## SILENT POLICE FOR THE CITY

### Finance Chairman States That Refunding Bonds Are Selling Satisfactorily Locally

Mayor Acres and all the aldermen were present at the regular meeting of the city council on Monday evening.

The matter regarding the upkeep of certain streets on the transprovincial highway was discussed. The clerk was instructed to take up with the property owners of the West end the matter of securing a right of way for the same, so that connection may be made with Winnipeg avenue.

The mayor and the city clerk were instructed to acknowledge to the militia department the receipt of the war trophy gun. The council decided to place the gun permanently on the western end of the postoffice square. The clerk was instructed to advise the war memorial committee that this decision had been made, and the council recommended that the committee make their plans so as to conform with this idea.

Mayor Acres, Chairman of the Finance Committee Hull and City Clerk Hutton were appointed delegates to the annual meeting of the Union of British Columbia Municipalities, to be held in Nelson on October 6, 7 and 8. In the event that that any of these delegates are unable to attend the convention, they were empowered to designate their substitutes.

The chairman of the finance committee reported that the refunding city debentures were selling locally satisfactorily. He recommended that city bonds amounting to \$3000 be taken up, and that the clerk advise the Seminary St. Sulpice, of Montreal, to draw on the city for \$20,000 to retire a portion of the debentures held by them. The report was approved.

The clerk was instructed to call for tenders, in the Nelson News and the Vancouver Province, for auditing the city books for 1920, and to advise Mr. Baird, inspector of municipalities, of the action taken by the council.

The council ordered that in future city water should only be used for domestic and sprinkling purposes, except on a special permit from the city.

The council authorized the board of works to place silent policemen at the intersections of Bridge and First and Second streets, at Winnipeg avenue and First and Second streets, and at Main and First streets, warning motor car drivers to keep to the right. The council also adopted a resolution requesting the police commissioners to instruct the police to see that this order is obeyed. The police were instructed to see that automobile owners park their cars diagonally toward the sidewalk, with the right wheel to the curb.

## APPLE PRICES FOR THIS YEAR

Fall and winter apple prices for 1920 are now fairly established. The removal of the British embargo until November 15 and the advance in maximum control price from 30/10 to 28 has had a decided effect. The opening price given out nine days ago when about 400 cars were placed was a little lower than today's quotations. Wealthies were sold at \$2.40, Macs \$2.75, Winesaps \$3 and Delicious \$3.25. Manitoba, Ontario and Great Britain were the heaviest buyers since prices have stiffened, as the following table will show. At date of writing, August 20, upwards of 500 cars have been sold at prairie points:

	No. 1	No. 2
Wealthies	\$2.50	\$2.25
Jonathans	2.75	2.35
MacIntosh Red	2.85	2.55
Yellow Newtons	3.00	2.50
Winesaps	3.25	2.75
Delicious	3.50	3.00
Spitz	3.00	.....
Mixed Winter	3.75	2.50
Hyslop Crabs	1.60	.....
Truogendient	1.25	.....
Bartlett Pears (scarce)	3.00	.....

Combination packs, List A, \$2.75 and \$2.50.  
Combination packs, List B, \$2.50 and \$2.25.

List A—Winter Spies, Spitz, Newton, Rome Beauty, Winter Banana.  
List B—All other winter varieties.

## The Chicago International Apple Dealers' Association Formed

The meeting held on August 10 to 13 in the Sherman hotel was attended by a record number of applemen. The organization of this meeting was very poor from the standpoint of the new beginner. There was no list of those in attendance posted, and in the crowd and bustle it was hard to locate anyone. The business end of the organization was different. Every matter coming before the convention was discussed by select committees, and these reports simplified the work. Those attending seemed more interested in the 1920 apple deal than in the business of the convention, as at all times during the meeting the delegates in the rotunda and corridors were more numerous than those in the convention.

The eastern apple deal for this year is still in the air. The size of the eastern crop, the scarcity of barrels and the British maximum price were the big things discussed on the outside. Jobbers were "bears" and small talk on prices was the general topic. Duchess—reported offerings at \$1.25 per box; Wenatchee and Yakima Jonathans were alleged to be offered at \$2, but investigation clearly proved that nothing definite was decided. We found that eastern shippers were not selling and were apparently awaiting western prices as their guide. About the last day the quotations on Jonathans were made from Yakima at \$2.50. This price with exchange and freight is greater than our \$2.75 offerings. The first established price came from the Okanagan valley about nine days ago. Fifteen cent sugar was confidently looked for in the United States. The writer saw granulated sugar retailing in Milwaukee at 19 cents and in Minneapolis at 19½ cents. No sales of apples are reported from the United States points yet, but heavy sales there are anticipated.

## PROGRESS MADE ON IRRIGATION

### Nearly 50 Per Cent of Land Has Been Signed Up Requesting Water Municipality

The irrigation committee having in charge the formation of a water municipality in this valley reports having made splendid progress during the past week. The scheme as now proposed for a general irrigation system of the valley embraces three main pumping plants and two or three subsidiary plants. Plant No. 1 will serve the territory from the international boundary line at Carson to the C.P.R. steel bridge, on the south side of the Kettle river, containing 2770 acres; Plant No. 2 will serve the land from the steel bridge to Kerman's ranch, on the east side, containing 560 acres, and Plant No. 3 takes in the land on the Columbia flat from Ward's lake to the greenhouses and the bend of the river below the cemetery. The entire area proposed to be irrigated contains 4430 acres. Of this acreage approximately 1900 acres have now been signed up. The committee hopes to complete its work in this respect in the course of a week or so, when the petition for a water municipality will be forwarded to the government.

## News of the City

J. E. W. Thompson, M.P.P. for Grand Forks, arrived in the city from Vancouver on Tuesday evening, and returned to that city this morning. While here Mr. Thompson visited his old home in Phoenix and also inspected the diamond drilling now being carried on by the government in Franklin camp. Probably the most important statement he made during his visit was, that the funds for the irrigation system in this valley will be available as soon as the water municipality has been formed and the engineers have made their report. Of this fact, he said, the people of the valley could rest assured, notwithstanding any reports to the contrary.

The Curlew mine, two miles north of Curlew, Wash., will resume operations in the near future. The tunnel on this property has been driven for 800 feet and its extension for 800 feet is proposed. The ore in this mine contains lead, zinc and silver. A compressor and other machinery were installed in 1917, but were never used.

F. W. Groves and D. W. Hodson, government engineers who have been in the city for a week in connection with the irrigation project, will return to Kelowna on Sunday.

Paul C. Black, the horticulturist stationed here, is busy inspecting the orchards of the valley.

The G. W. V. A. and the United Farmers may put candidates in the field in the coming Yale by election.

With Liberal and Unionist candidates added, this will make a nice crowd.

The Granby company produced 2,400,000 pounds of copper in July at Anyox, according to a New York report. This is comparable with 2,079,000 pounds in June.

Wm. Towe, after residing here for twenty years, left on Monday for eastern Canada, where he will probably remain permanently.

On August 1 the provincial government took over the control of the Tranquille sanatorium at Kamloops.

The Canadian Bank of Commerce will erect a \$20,000 building at Anyox.

## THE WEATHER

The following is the minimum and maximum temperature for each day during the past week, as recorded by the government thermometer on E. F. Laws' ranch:

	Max.	Min.
Aug. 19—Friday	85	49
20—Saturday	91	50
21—Sunday	93	53
22—Monday	88	53
23—Tuesday	84	49
24—Wednesday	61	55
25—Thursday	64	54

Rainfall..... 0.20 inches

## The Bagpipes

Was the bagpipe English? "Never," says the gentleman of Scottish descent, whose one vice is his love for the so-called music of that queer instrument.

From the "Miscellany" of the Manchester Guardian, however, he will learn:

The Scots may have acquired their love of bagpipes from England, not from Ireland, as suggested by Commander Kenworthy in the house of commons. In 1865 James Moncrieff, the lord advocate, told an Edinburgh meeting that the bagpipe was an essentially English institution.

"The English," said he, "were the original bagpipers. Shakespeare, who was an authority on music, often refers to the bagpipes, but he does not introduce them into 'Macbeth.' The armies in 'Macbeth' do not march on Dunsinane to the sound of a bagpipe; but he speaks of the drone of the Lincolshire and Yorkshire bagpipe, and of a person 'laughing like a parrot at a bagpiper'—all without the Caledonian reference. And when we look at the works in the register house, which shows how our former monarchs spent their income, we find their expenditure for music put down in such entries as 'To the English piper, 3s. 6d.' The Scots were not pipers; they were harpers."

## Not Many Chauffeurs Would

A negro chauffeur of Washington was haled into court for running down a man.

"Yo' honah," said the negro, "I did de bes' I could to warn de gennulman; I tried de horn, but it wouldn't work."

"Then," said the judge, "why didn't you slow up rather than run over him?"

A light seemed to dawn on the prisoner, who finally said, "Why, judge, dat's one on me, ain't it? I neber thought ob dat."

## GREAT INCREASE IN POPULATION

### People of British Columbia Now Number 530,000 Compared With 380,000 in 1917.

Vancouver, August 25.—The population of British Columbia has grown from an estimated total of 380,000 in 1917 to an estimated total of 530,000 in the present year. Thus states Hon. Dr. MacLean, minister of public health, who is relying on computations made by the statisticians attached to his department. Tuberculosis, the dread disease of civilization, has shown a remarkable decrease in the past four years, he also states.

In 1917 there were 1.08 deaths per 1000 from tuberculosis. In 1918 the rate had risen to 1.23. Following the campaign of education in which some more than fifty thousand pamphlets on combating the white plague were distributed in the schools and camps and other places of congregation throughout the province, the percentage has decreased.

Last year the percentage had decreased to .97 per 1000 population, while this year it has shrunk still further to .83.

## Cuban Sugar Boom

New York—The Ward liner Mexico, which reached New York Monday, was delayed for twenty-two hours at Havana, at a cost of \$2000 a day to the line, because the longshoremen at that port were too busy speculating in sugar to load that vessel or any other. The congestion at that port is the worst in its history.

These deplorable conditions are due to the prosperity of the Cubans. The merchants seemingly do not care whether they obtain shipments of goods. Whenever their supply of a commodity runs low they boost its price.

Many ships have laid in Havana harbor for four months while their cargoes rotted. Nothing has been done to relieve the situation and it is believed generally that nothing will be done so long as public interest centers on the sugar industry.

## Provocative Ignorance

The juvenile son of a professor of botany in one of the eastern universities seems likely to become as learned as his father; already he is familiar with the Latin names of many of the specimens in the professor's herbarium.

But the boy is not all botanist. He is ready to fight, as well as to study. Recently he returned home with one eye half closed and discolored. His mother greeted him with dismay.

"O Aleck," she cried, "you have been fighting again!"

"But it wasn't my fault, mother," the boy hastened to explain. "Bill Johnson said Taraxacum officinale didn't mean a dandelion."

Mrs. C. H. Niles and daughter left on Tuesday to take up their residence in Medicine Hat.



# The Grand Forks Sun

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER

G. A. EVANS, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER

## SUBSCRIPTION RATES—PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

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THE GRAND FORKS SUN,  
 GRAND FORKS, B. C.

PHONE 101R

OFFICE: COLUMBIA AVENUE AND LAKE STREET.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 27, 1920

The success of the chairman of the council finance-committee in disposing of a considerable amount of city debentures locally is encouraging, and should call for general commendation from the ratepayers. The ready sale the bonds have met with gives encouragement to the hope that the entire issue will be taken up by the people of the community. The fact that the citizens are willing to invest their money in city securities at this particular time, when the money market throughout the entire country is extremely dull, speaks well for the condition of our city. It shows that the people who live here, and are familiar with the conditions now existing, know that they are making a good investment. They have confidence in the future of the city, and their confidence is not misplaced.

We have always been of the opinion that every community should finance its own improvements. By bearing its own financial burden, it will also reap all the benefits that the interest payments will bring. Instead of sending the semi-annual interest money to eastern or foreign bondholders, the money will be distributed to our own citizens, and it will be spent or reinvested in the district, thus proving an important factor in stabilizing the prosperity of the community. Nearly every citizen will, in fact, feel certain when he pays his taxes of getting some, if not all, or more, of the money back in interest. This is an advantage over the old method of financing that does not require the aid of a microscopic instrument to make it discernible. We therefore desire to add emphasize to our hope that the entire issue of bonds is disposed of locally, if such a thing is possible.

We have heard of some people refusing to purchase the bonds owing to the long term of years for which they are issued. This should not prove to be a serious objection. The city is gradually creeping out of debt. In a few years, when the money market of the country improves, the bonds, on account of the high interest they draw, will be readily saleable, and those who may become tired of drawing the semi-annual interest will no doubt be able to dispose of them in the open market at a handsome premium.

The chairman of the finance committee has devoted a great deal of his time to the sale of these bonds, and he is to be congratulated on the success he has met with so far. We feel certain that the time has not been wasted.

Periodically some rushes into print and pretends to be alarmed because of the exodus of young men from the farms to the cities. If this thing is not stopped, they claim, ruin will stare the country in its face. We have heard this cry ever since we were a tiny baby. But still exodus goes on. The fact of the matter is, that the farms produce more young men than they can use; and the cities need the sturdy constitutions of these young giants. The puny males that are raised under glass in the cities soon wither and die, and some one must take their places. Ask any successful business man, professional man, or me-

chanical expert where he first saw the light of day, and nine times out of ten the answer will be, on the farm. The exodus is needed to maintain a sane balance between the farm and city life.

A widely prevailing idea that the price of books would be materially lower if they were issued in paper covers has elicited from an authority the remark that in manufacturing books only ten cents a copy would be saved by binding them in paper instead of cloth. It might make a difference of, say, thirty cents in the retail price of the book, but whether that difference is great enough to create much of a demand for the paper-covered volumes in preference to those bound in cloth is doubtful. Readers in this country have not the habit, which is common in Europe, of having their books rebound to conform to their own taste.

One by one the bibulous in the United States are losing their beverages of last resort. The bureau of internal revenue has placed blackberry cordial, wild-cherry wine, the elixirs of licorice, anise and bitter orange, compound spirits of juniper and myrcia, compound tincture of lavender and a number of other pharmaceutical preparations on the list of intoxicating liquors. Though Jamaica ginger, colloquially known as "Jakie," seems a long way removed from compound tincture of lavender, the law has ferreted out their relationship and published it abroad.

An ingenious computer has taken pains to calculate the energy spent in making hyphens. Reckoning that it takes half an ounce of power to make a single hyphen, and that each of the 200,000,000 people who write English makes on an average three hyphens a day, he calculates that we must waste 18,750,000 pounds of power a day, or, as he asserts, enough to draw a railroad train round the world. Well, what of it? Making hyphens is certainly an innocent occupation, and we can afford the time and energy if we wish. The world is full of just such idle-minded computers, who are always figuring how far a man could jump if he were as able as a flea, or how big a power plant it would take to give a man as brilliant a headlight as a firefly carries. Futile stuff, all of it. Some of us, who are reckless, make a dozen hyphens a day, and others, more abstemious, go months without making one.

Men declare they admire common sense in a woman; but a physical culturist with a perfect digestion and a thirty inch waist hasn't a chance in the world against a foolish, unhealthy little thing in a French corset, a frilly frock and open work stockings.

Of course, you can't expect two people to keep step all their lives to the wedding march; but it's a pity the joy bells get out of tune so soon.

A bachelor says that matrimony is a sort of training school in which some women learn the art of drawing alimony.

Many a man's bravery has gone lame when his wife suggested that he visit the kitchen and fire the cook.

While almost everybody wants something for nothing few people are satisfied with what they get that way.

Sometimes after a man has made his mark he acquires a wife who makes him toe it.

What seems to be lack of courage to do a thing may really be courage not to do it.

The unexpected frost hurts not the gathered garden.



## OPTICAL SERVICE

We render correct defective eyesight.  
 We are headquarters for the newest

## OPTICAL GOODS

Call here and have your eyes tested.

## J. C. TAYLOR

Jeweller and Optician  
 SUCCESSOR UO A. D. MORRISON

## NEW HARNESS SHOP

I have opened a new harness shop and am prepared to make harness to order and do all kinds of repair work. Shop equipped with modern machinery. All work guaranteed.

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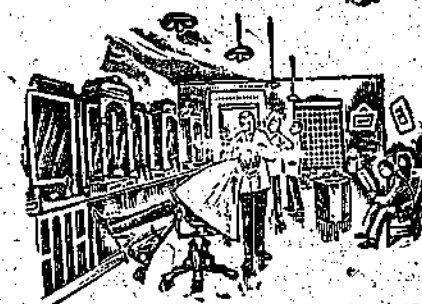
City Baggage and General  
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## Yale Barber Shop

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 YALE HOTEL, FIRST STREET

## THE WHITE IS KING

Of all present-day Sewing Machines.  
 Why buy a machine at which you have to sit in an awkward position, when you may just as well have one with which it is a pleasure to sew? The White Rotary Sit-Strate is just the machine you want. Sold on easy monthly payments by

## Miller &amp; Gardner

Complete Home Furnishers

## Are You Old-Fashioned?

The chances are you are not one of the people who say "Hello!" when answering the telephone? You don't wear the hat or the clothes that fashion has relegated into the discard, yet to stick to a telephone custom that was the fashion years ago. Be up to date. Adopt the modern style of announcing who is speaking.

## BRITISH COLUMBIA TELEPHONE COMPANY



### He Needed the Money

Sailors lounging about the rail of an American destroyer that was anchored in a small Philippine harbor were throwing pennies into the water for a crowd of dusky, naked youngsters to dive for. It was a lively scene. No sooner was a penny thrown into the water than a native boy dived and brought it to the surface. Many times a penny did not reach the bottom before a boy caught it.

On the wharf the native mayoa, surrounded by his fellow townsmen, was awaiting the arrival of the American naval officers to whom he was going to tender a grand reception. He watched the diving with keen interest.

A reckless sailor lad began throwing quarters and then half dollars into the water. Then some one threw overboard, one after another, a handful of big, glistening silver dollars. What a scrambling! It seemed as if every boy in the town was either in the air or in the water.

Suddenly a dusky messenger came dashing breathlessly down the wharf, and shouted to the group of sailors, "Will you lads please stop throwing those dollars? The mayor's getting nervous; he's already taken off his coat!"

### A Mere Trifle

"Would you like a lift?" a countryman asked civilly as he overtook a foot traveller on a road in the north of England.

As they jogged along they chatted about all sorts of things. Presently the old countryman pulled out a big watch. "Can ee tell me the toime, sir?" he asked.

"Certainly. It is exactly 3 o'clock," replied the other as he watched the countryman adjusting his watch. Then he stopped him. "I said 3 o'clock, not 12," he added.

"Oh, that be all right, sir," said the countryman as he slipped his timepiece into his pocket. "Her'll soon make that oop. Her be a wonderful goer."

### Union Soldiers in Union Suits

A minister was discoursing scornfully on the flabby people who are unwilling to take a stand either for the right or for the wrong.

"They remind," he said, "of that border traitor in the civil war who put on a Confederate uniform to trade with Confederate soldiers, and who quickly changed his garb when the northern soldiers appeared in their union suits."

### Overlooked Opportunity

"Lillian," said mother severely, "there were two pieces of pie in the pantry, and now there's only one. How did that happen?"

"I don't know," said Lillian. "It must have been so dark that I couldn't see the other piece."

### What Is an Egg?

"And what is an egg?" asked the World Outlook missionary who was testing his hopeful pupil's knowledge of English.

"An egg," said the boy, "is a chicken not yet."

"Pickles and charlotte russe, hey? These women give some queer orders, don't they?"

"Yes, sir," assented the waiter. "What's yours?"

"Piece of hot mince pie with two portions of ice cream on it."

### IT'S GOOD FOR THE WHOLE FAMILY

You may let the children eat all of our cream they want, for it is pure and wholesome as well as appetizing. We make it in all flavors and in bulk and bricks. Won't you let us send you some today that you may try it?

CURLEW CREAMERY CO.,  
LIMITED  
GRAND FORKS, B. C.

### Wintering Bees

#### Experimental Farms Note.

Whether to winter in the cellar or outside is a question that every beekeeper has to decide. Where the winter is long and steadily cold, the cellar is usually satisfactory, but outside wintering succeeds in some moderately cold places if proper precautions are taken. At the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa, the two methods have been compared during the last five years. Wintering outside has been done in an apiary protected from wind by a board fence eight feet high, the hives placed in cases made to hold four colonies each with packing material around the sides, beneath, and above the hives. The cellar was a low dry one under the administration building, which was heated all winter. The results have been very close, but outside wintering has brought the colonies forward slightly earlier in the spring.

In the belt where both cellar and outside wintering are about equally satisfactory, the deciding factor appears to be convenience. If the beekeeper has a well insulated and dry cellar, by using it he will save the expense of constructing wintering cases, and also a windbreak, if this is not present. For a few colonies in a cold region, a boarded-in part of the dwelling house basement makes a good cellar for the bees, and it is an advantage if the basement contains a furnace. Such a cellar should have a steady temperature between 42 deg. and 50 deg. F. In outside wintering, it is very important to protect the apiary from wind. Outside wintering has the advantage that the bees may be left without attention throughout the winter, whereas in many cellars in the milder parts of Canada the ventilation has to be watched and controlled. Outside wintering has been very successful at the experimental farm at Kentville, N.S., but at the experimental farm at Brandon, Man., the winter has been found too severe for the best results.

For successful wintering, more important than the method is early and careful preparation for winter. For example, one can not expect cellar wintering to be successful if the bees are left outside until zero weather, or if they are brought out very early in the spring. Nor can one expect good results in outside wintering if packing is delayed until cold weather. Neither method will succeed if the colonies do not contain plenty of bees, especially young bees, and, above all, abundance of wholesome stores, preferably clover honey, or syrup made from white granulated sugar, stored in the combs before cold weather. Mice, if they get into the hives during the winter, will ruin the colonies in a very short while.

### Will Reorganize

The Canada Copper Corporation now finds itself without sufficient funds to meet its obligations and to carry on its business. Under these conditions a plan of reorganization has been decided on by a readjustment committee. The plan proposed provides for a company to be organized under the laws of the Dominion of Canada or one of its prov-

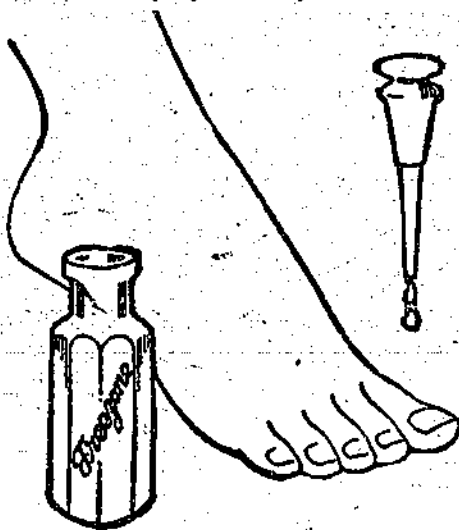
inces, with a total authorized capital of 2,000,000 shares of no par value or of the par value of \$5 each, as the committee may determine, being the same number as the authorized shares of the company. The new company is to acquire all of the property and assets of the old company, and to assume all its obligations.

The plan also provides for the issue of 1,088,209 shares of the new company and the setting aside of 833,333 shares for conversion of first mortgage bonds, leaving 78,458 shares to be held for future corporate purposes.

Under the plan the stockholders have a right to participate on this basis: The payment of 50 cents with each share of stock deposited and surrendered to the readjustment committee under the plan and agreement on or before September 1, 1920, will entitle the owner thereof to one share of stock of the new company, or in the alternative, without any payment, every three shares deposited and surrendered to the committee under the plan and agreement on or before September 1, 1920, entitles the owner to a share of stock of the new company. Half of the payment is to be made on September 1 and the other half on or before October 1 to the readjustment committee.

### Lift off Corns!

Doesn't hurt a bit and Freezone costs only a few cents.



With your fingers! You can lift off any hard corn, soft corn, or corn between the toes, and the hard skin calluses from bottom of feet.

A tiny bottle of "Freezone" costs little at any drug store; apply a few drops upon the corn or callus. Instantly it stops hurting, then shortly you lift that bothersome corn or callus right off, root and all, without one bit of pain or soreness. Truly! No humbug!

The Sun is a \$2 newspaper sold at \$1 per year.

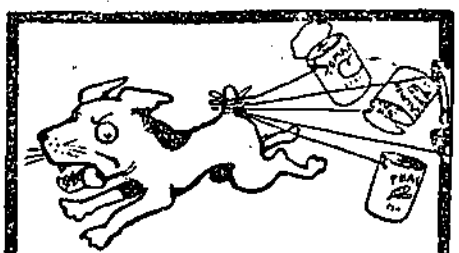
You can not reach The Sun's numerous readers except through its advertising columns.

Lloyd George may visit British Columbia next year.

American farmers have purchased over three million acres of land in this province since the beginning of the year.

### BUY "DIAMOND DYES" DON'T RISK MATERIAL

Each package of "Diamond Dyes" contains directions so simple that any woman can dye any material without streaking, fading or running. Druggist has color card—Take no other dye!



### All Tied Up

For want of help. Our Classified Want Ads. will untie the knots.

We make this a good paper so that intelligent people will read it, and they do.

Isn't that the kind of help you want?

## YOU ARE IN GOOD COMPANY WHEN YOU ADVERTISE IN THE GRAND FORKS SUN

### MR. BUSINESS MAN,

have you ever thought that advertising puts you in good company? It is an old saying that a man is known by the company he keeps. When you join the ranks of the advertisers you join the ranks of the biggest and most successful merchants and manufacturers in the world.

How many large concerns can you name in any large city in the country? Name them and you will notice that all are big advertisers and all are leaders in their lines. Ask your friends to name the most successful merchants they know in the big cities, and in each case the name of a great advertiser will be mentioned.

The same rule is true of smaller cities and towns. The successful merchants are the advertisers. The advertiser stamps himself as one having confidence in himself and his wares, as one proud of his calling and seeking publicity and the test of patronage.

## Join the Ranks of Successful Advertisers in The Sun



## CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF GRAND FORKS

**ALL TAXES for 1920 due the Municipality including Extra-Municipal School Taxes are subject to penalty of 10 per cent if not paid on or before August 31st, 1920.**

**JOHN A. HUTTON, Collector.**

### ews of the City

About eighteen members of the local K. of P. lodge attended the last meeting of Phoenix Lodge No. 29, held in Phoenix on Wednesday evening, when the amalgamation of the Phoenix and Greenwood lodges was completed. The local visitors report having spent an enjoyable evening.

The meeting held in the opera house on Wednesday evening for the purpose of organizing a federal Unionist association for the Grand Forks riding was not very largely attended.

A number of local Oddfellows attended the dance given by the I. O. O. F. lodge in Phoenix on Monday evening.

J. R. Jackson, of Midway, was a visitor in the city on Tuesday.

Ernest Harrison returned to Vancouver this week, after spending a week's vacation in this city.

A E. Savage came down from the Bertha-Pathfinder mine on Saturday. The tunnel on that property is now in 205 feet.

A school for Doukhobor children is being erected near Spencer.

Noel Ryley, of Queens Bay, is visiting his father in this city.

Mrs F. W. Russell is visiting in Spokkane this week.

**For Sale--A Snap--** Five room house in first-class repair; two lots, shade trees all around, seven bearing fruit trees; good stable for four cows, chicken house and other out buildings. House will be sold furnished or unfurnished. Apply to owner, W. S. Emard, King street, near G. N. station.

Frank Larama returned yesterday from a week's visit to Penticton.

The dismantling of the converter building and the 40 ton crane commenced on Monday at the Greenwood smelter.

### OTHER TABLETS NOT ASPIRIN AT ALL

Only Tablets with "Bayer Cross" are Genuine Aspirin



If you don't see the "Bayer Cross" on the tablets, you are not getting Aspirin--only an acid imitation.

The "Bayer Cross" is your only way of knowing that you are getting genuine Aspirin, prescribed by physicians for over nineteen years and proved safe by millions for Headache, Neuralgia, Colds, Rheumatism, Lumbago, Neuritis, and Pain generally. Made in Canada.

Handy tin boxes of 12 tablets--also larger sized "Bayer" packages can be had at drug stores.

Aspirin is the trade mark (registered in Canada), of Bayer Manufacture of Monoceticacidester of Salicylicacid.

While it is well known that Aspirin means Bayer manufacture, to assist the public against imitations, the Tablets of Bayer Company, Ltd., will be stamped with their general trade mark, the "Bayer Cross."

### CITY CARTAGE CO.

GENERAL TRANSFER BUSINESS

AND DEALER IN

### WOOD COAL AND ICE

OFFICE!

F. Downey's Cigar Store

PETERSEN & PETERSEN, Proprietors



### DEPARTMENT OF MILITIA AND DEFENCE

Notice to ex-members of the Canadian Expeditionary Force.

NOTICE is hereby given to all concerned that ex-members of the Canadian Expeditionary Force who are entitled to and who require post-discharge dental treatment must submit their applications to the District Dental Officer at the Headquarters of the District in which they reside on or before 1st September, 1920. Applications for dental treatment received after 1st September, 1920, will not be considered.

(Sgd) EUGENE FISET.

Deputy Minister, Militia and Defence  
Ottawa, August 3, 1920.

Note: Newspapers will not be paid for the advertisement if they insert it without authority from the Department.  
(H.Q. 3361-1-22).

### TIMBER SALE X2613

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the District Forester, Nelson, not later than noon on the 27th day of August, 1920, for the purchase of License X2613, near Beaverdell, B.C., to cut 3000 Fir and Tamarac Trees. One year will be allowed for removal of timber. Further particulars of the District Forester, Nelson, B. C.

### TIMBER SALE X2549

SEALED TENDERS will be received by the District Forester, Nelson, not later than noon on the 27th day of August, 1920, for the purchase of License X2549, near Kerr Creek, to cut 4000 Fir and Tamarac Trees. One year will be allowed for removal of timber. Further particulars of the District Forester, Nelson, B. C.

### WATER NOTICE

(DIVERSION AND USE.)

TAKE NOTICE that The Maple Leaf Mines, whose address is Grand Forks, B.C., will apply for take and use 15,000 gallons per day of water out of Franklin Creek, which flows southerly and drains into Kettle River about one mile south east of Franklin Creek. The water will be diverted from the creek about 800 feet west of wagon bridge and will be used for power purpose upon the mine described as Maple Leaf Mines. This notice was posted on the ground on the 8th day of July, 1920. A copy of this notice and an application pursuant hereto and to the "Water Act, 1914," will be filed in the office of the Water Recorder, Grand Forks, B. C. Objections to the application may be filed with the said Water Recorder or with the Comptroller of Water Rights, Parliament Buildings, Victoria, B. C., within thirty days after the first appearance of this notice in a local newspaper. The date of the first publication of this notice is July 16th, 1920.

MAPLE LEAF MINES, LTD., Applicant.  
Per H. W. Young, Manager.

### S. T. HULL

Established 1910

### Real Estate and Insurance

Resident Agent Grand Forks Townsite Company, Limited

### Farms Orchards City Property

Agents at Nelson, Calgary, Winnipeg and other Prairie points. Vancouver Agents:

### PENDER INVESTMENTS

RATTENBURY LANDS LTD.

Established in 1910, we are in a position to furnish reliable information concerning this district. Write for free literature.

### AUTO LIVERY AT YOUR SERVICE

Modern Rigs and Good Horses at All Hours at the

### Model Livery Barn

M. H. Burns, Prop.

Phone 68

Second Street

### WEBER'S DYEING AND CLEANING WORKS

Phone 200

P. O. Box 125

Grand Forks, B. C.



### PICTURES

AND PICTURE FRAMING

Furniture Made to Order.

Also Repairing of all Kinds.

Upholstering Neatly Done

R. C. McCUTCHEON

WINNIPEG AVENUE

The Sun is a \$2 newspaper sold at \$1 per year.

You can not reach The Sun's numerous readers except through its advertising columns.



### LET THE DIAMOND RING

you propose to place on her finger be a good one. The stone need not be large if the purse be limited, but it should by all means be perfect and flawless. My exhibit of diamond rings includes those containing stones of all sizes. I shall be pleased to show them to you.

JOHN GRASSICK

Successor to

TIMBERLAKE, SON & CO.

## RIDE A BICYCLE

Cycling is easy when you ride the high grade Bicycles I sell--the wheels that run smoothly year after year. Let me explain to you my easy sale plan on terms.

**First-Class Repair Work** done in Blacksmithing, Brazing, Aluminum Soldering, Oxy-Acetylene Welding, Wood-work, Etc.

**J. R. MOOYBOER** Opposite G. F. Garage

Open Saturday Evenings Till 10 o'Clock

Padlock Safety Paper, for private bankchecks, kept in stock by The Sun Job Department.

Those wishing neat sign painting to ornament their business places should call on W. P. O'Connor, a returned soldier.

Job Printing at The Sun office at practically the same prices as before the big war.

If you don't see it in The Sun it didn't happen, or it wasn't worth mentioning.

### Synopsis of Land Act Amendments

Minimum price of first-class land reduced to \$5 an acre; second-class to \$2.50 an acre.

Pre-emption now confined to surveyed lands only.

Records will be granted covering only land suitable for agricultural purposes and which is non-timber land.

Partnership pre-emptions abolished, but parties of not more than four may arrange for adjacent pre-emptions with joint residence, but each making necessary improvements on respective claims.

Pre-emptors must occupy claims for five years and make improvements to value of \$10 per acre, including clearing and cultivation of at least 5 acres, before receiving Crown grant.

Where pre-emptor in occupation not less than 3 years, and has made proportionate improvements, he may, because of ill-health, or other cause, be granted intermediate certificate of improvement and transfer his claim.

Records without permanent residence may be issued, provided applicant makes improvements to extent of \$20 per annum and records same each year. Failure to make improvements or record same will operate as forfeiture. Title cannot be obtained in less than 5 years, and improvements of \$10.00 per acre, including 5 acres cleared and cultivated, and residence of at least 2 years are required.

Pre-emptor holding Crown grant may record another pre-emption, if he requires land in conjunction with his farm, without actual occupation, provided statutory improvements made and residence maintained on Crown granted land.

Unsurveyed areas, not exceeding 20 acres, may be leased as homestead title to be obtained after fulfilling residential and improvement conditions.

For grazing and industrial purposes areas exceeding 640 acres may be leased by one person or company.

Mill, factory or industrial sites on timber land not exceeding 40 acres may be purchased; conditions include payment of stampage.

Natural hay meadows inaccessible by existing roads may be purchased conditional upon construction of a road to them. Rebate of one-half of cost of road, not exceeding half of purchase price, is made.

### PRE-EMPTORS' FREE GRANTS ACT.

The scope of this Act is enlarged to include all persons joining and serving with His Majesty's Forces. The time within which the heirs or devisees of a deceased pre-emptor may apply for title under this Act is extended from for one year from the death of such person, as formerly, until one year after the conclusion of the present war. This privilege is also made retroactive.

No fees relating to pre-emptions are due or payable by soldiers on pre-emptions recorded after June 26, 1918. Taxes are remitted for five years.

Provision for return of moneys accrued, due and been paid since August 4, 1914, on account of payments, fees or taxes on soldiers' pre-emptions.

Interest on agreements to purchase town or city lots held by members of Allied Forces, or dependents, acquired direct or indirect, remitted from enlistment to March 31, 1920.

### SUB-PURCHASERS OF CROWN LANDS.

Provision made for issuance of Crown grants to sub-purchasers of Crown Lands, acquiring rights from purchasers who failed to complete purchase, involving forfeiture, on fulfillment of conditions of purchase, interest and taxes. Where sub-purchasers do not claim whole of original parcel, purchase price due and taxes may be distributed proportionately over whole area. Applications must be made by May 1, 1920.

### GRAZING.

Grazing Act, 1919, for systematic development of livestock industry provides for grazing districts and range administration under Commissioner. Annual grazing permits issued based on numbers ranged; priority for established owners. Stock-owners may form Associations for range management. Free, or partially free, permits for settlers, campers or travellers, up to ten head.

### BOOT REPAIRING

TAKE your repairs to Armson, shoe repairer, The Hub, Look for the Hub Boot.

## CARELESSNESS CAUSED 1140 FOREST FIRES

LAST SUMMER

THESE COST  
TAX PAYERS  
\$370,000.

A LITTLE CARE WOULD HAVE SAVED THIS

BE CAREFUL!