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AUG 22 1918

# The Grand Forks Sun

and  
Kettle Valley Orchardist

17TH YEAR—No. 42

GRAND FORKS B. C., FRIDAY, AUGUST 16, 1918

\$1.00 PER YEAR

## MEETING OF THE CITY COUNCIL

### Isolation Hospital Bills Are Assumed by the City

Mayor Acres and Ald. Harkness, McArdle, McCallum, McDonald and Schnitter were present at the regular meeting of the city council on Monday evening.

A letter from Mrs. Gaw and family expressed appreciation for the marks of sympathy shown by members of the council during the recent bereavement of the family.

A communication from Winnipeg solicited aid for the starving people of Serbia. Referred to the finance committee.

Ald. McArdle asked for a three months' leave of absence, as he desired to visit sick relatives in the east. Granted.

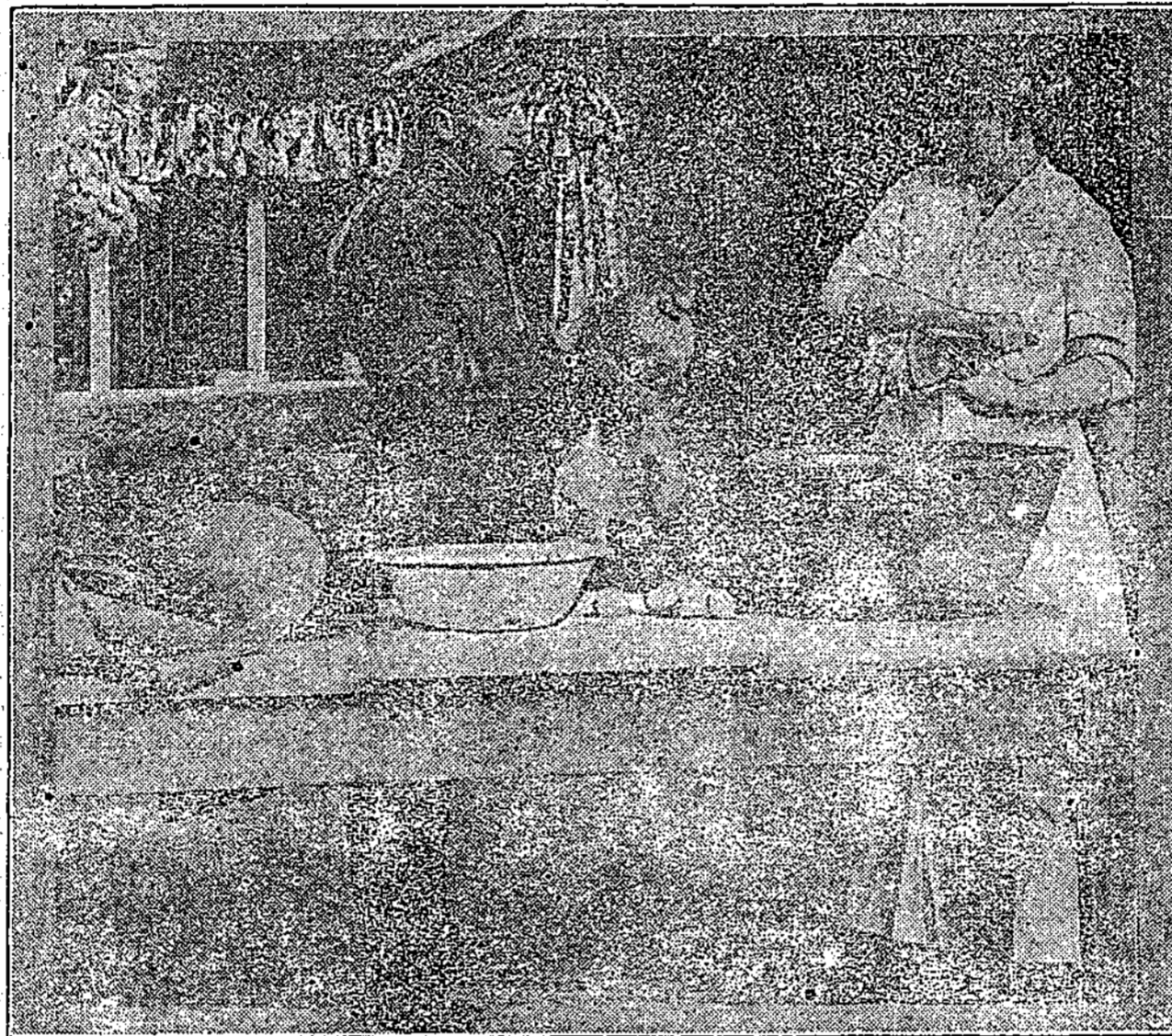
The chairman of the finance committee recommended that the past month's accounts be paid. Approved. He also stated that there appeared to be some doubt as to whether the city had a right to collect the accounts for treatment from the patients confined in the isolation hospital during the smallpox epidemic last winter, and he wished to have the matter discussed by the council.

Some correspondence on the subject that had passed between the city clerk and Barrister Stackpool was read. Mr. Stackpool expressed the opinion that the city could not force collection from patients residing in the city, but if any had been brought in from outside the city the government would be liable for their treatment and maintenance while in the hospital.

A letter from J. E. Thompson, M.P.P., on this subject, stated that the chances of the government voting a grant for the maintenance of the hospital were not very good, but if any patients had been brought in from outside the city, the provincial health department had offered to assume the accounts of these persons.

The members of the council all expressed the opinion that it would be too hazardous a risk to attempt to force collection of these bills, in view of the nature of the legal advice submitted, and on motion of Ald. Schnitter and McArdle, the council decided to assume the bills.

The chairman of the board of works reported that some grading had been done on the streets in the West end, and that the Bridge street bridge required some repair. One of the abutments was decayed, and supports would probably have to be placed under it if it was intended to transport threshing outfits across it. Some more street grading would be done. Some one had appropriated the city's plow. The noxious weeds would be cut in all places where he thought necessary, but owing to the size of the townsite it would be too expensive to do a thorough job of it in all parts of the city. The report was accepted and the matter of repairing the bridge was referred to the board of works.



FOOD ECONOMY IN GREAT BRITAIN.  
Making potato bread in an English farmhouse by mixing "riced" potatoes with flour.

The mayor's remuneration bylaw and the aldermen's indemnity bylaw were reconsidered and finally passed.

Ald. Harkness gave notice that at the next meeting he would ask leave to introduce a bylaw providing for the number of aldermen to compose the council.

### MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE VISITS CITY

Hon. E. D. Barrow, minister of agriculture; F. R. E. DeHart, of the land settlement commission, and Ben Hoy, horticulturist for the Okanagan district, were in the city for a short time on Saturday. The minister was on a tour through the Okanagan valley and the southern part of the province, investigating the agricultural conditions. While at Vernon he looked over the Coldstream ranch, which the land settlement board has recommended the government to purchase at a price of \$900,000 for returned soldiers.

### YANKEE TROOPS LAND IN SIBERIA

WASHINGTON, August 15.—The Twenty-seventh infantry from Manila is arriving at Vladivostok today, Secretary of War Baker announced this evening. The regiment is composed of from 1200 to 1500 regulars and will cooperate with the Czecho-Slovaks and Japanese in their operations in Siberia.

This is the first official announcement of Americans being in Siberia.

Sir Robert Borden has promised the British government that he will send 4000 Canadians to Vladivostok to assist the Czecho-Slovaks in their struggle against the central powers. The Dominion government, in accordance with the instructions of Sir Robert, has authorized the mobilization of a special force for service in Siberia with a base at Vladivostok.

Some people have faith in odd numbers, and the favorite number is one.

## COLLECTING ORE SAMPLES

### Representative of Munitions Commission Visits Many Camps

William Thomlinson, ore sampler and collector for the Canadian munitions resources commission, noting occurrences of several of the rarer minerals, especially platinum-bearing ores and placer sands, returned to the city on Saturday night from Franklin camp, where he spent last week investigating the prospects of the ores of that district containing platinum. Quite a large number of samples, collected from the Maple Leaf and a number of other properties in the camp, were shipped to the government assay office in Vancouver on Monday, and the result of Mr. Thomlinson's investigations will not be known until the returns from these samples are received. Mr. Thomlinson stated that if it should turn out that the ores of the Maple Leaf contained platinum, there was a good chance of seven or eight other claims in the camp having the same values, as the geological formation was the same on all the properties.

Mr. Thomlinson has been spending the present week at Cascade looking over the chrome properties. He said that chrome ores were likely to contain platinum values, and he emphasized the importance of prospectors getting their samples tested for platinum and other minerals as well as for gold and copper. If the assayers of the district, he said, are not prepared to make a platinum test, they can obtain the necessary equipment from the government.

Mr. Thomlinson returned to the city last night from Cascade, and he left at noon today for Rock Creek, where he will examine some properties on which it is reported chro-

mite has been discovered. He will return to this city early next week, when it is hoped that the returns from the Franklin camp samples may be available.

Mr. Thomlinson sent eleven samples from the Cascade chrome properties to the government assay office at Vancouver. He strongly advises prospectors to pan all their chrome samples for platinum, as the two minerals occur in the same kind of rock.

### Knowledge Gained From Experience

A young ensign, acting as school teacher on the battleship Texas, asked the question, "What are the two principal parts of a sentence?" He expected, of course, to get the answer, "Subject and predicate."

The old "sail" who was called on scratched his head in perplexity and at last replied, "Solitary confinement and bread and water."

### The Busy Bee

Three hundred billion bees, according to one expert apiarian, made enough honey last year to fill a train of cars long enough to reach from New York to Buffalo. At the low wholesale rate of 10 cents a pound, it was worth \$35,000,000, and if the 700,000 beekeepers of the United States had worked as industriously and skilfully as did the bees the weight of the output would have been three times as great and the value \$75,000,000. Not only did the little workers contribute that best supply of pure and delicious food product to the nation, but as they made it they treated it antiseptically with formic acid, thus preventing impurities or decay.

### Bodies of Americans to Be Sent Home

It has been decided by the English and American governments that they will send the bodies of American soldiers buried in England back to America for interment after the war.

The teeth of time—those that the dentist supplies on credit.

## FOUR MILLION ARMY PLANNED

### March Tells Washington What a Big Army Could Do

WASHINGTON, August 15.—An American army of 4,000,000 working with the allies in France under a commander in chief will enable the United States to "go through the German line wherever it pleases," Chief of the American Army Staff March declared today in his testimony before the military committee, disclosed in the senate by Senator Chamberlain in reporting the new man-power bill, urging quick action on the measure.

"It is up to the United States to win the war, and we can do it," said March. "If we drag along we will be playing Germany's game, and my opinion unqualifiedly favors young men between eighteen and twenty, usually unmarried, who haven't settled encumbrances, and are better physically. We expect to have all the men affected by the proposed draft change, approximately 2,300,000, in France by July, 1919."

### THE WEATHER

The following is the minimum and maximum temperature for each day during the past week, as recorded by the government thermometer on E. F. Laws' ranch:

	Max.	Min.
Aug. 9—Friday.....	70	43
10—Saturday.....	70	53
11—Sunday.....	65	52
12—Monday.....	73	47
13—Tuesday.....	79	47
14—Wednesday.....	78	53
15—Thursday.....	75	56
Rainfall.....	1.23	

The Ledge complains because only one dollar of Grand Forks money has been recognized in Greenwood recently. In these days of soaring prices, one dollar is not a vast amount of money, but it is 100 per cent more than the Greenwood money in circulation in Grand Forks at present.

The Herald says that from a financial aspect it can not be considered that the recent sale of lands for taxes within the municipality of Penticton was a success.

Honey improves with age. The older it is the finer the flavor. Extracted honey is much easier kept than comb, as the latter is liable to get soiled and must be kept in tight cases.

E. Spraggett, who has charge of a sawmill near Republic, was in the city on Tuesday. He left on Wednesday for a business trip to Spokane.

Bees were unknown to the Indians, and they were brought over from England only a few years after the landing of the Pilgrim Fathers. It was more than two centuries after the first white invasion of New England before the modern bee-keeping began. The industry of the present day dates from the invention of the movable frame hive by Langstroth in 1852.

# The Grand Forks Sun

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER

G. A. EVANS, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER

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 GRAND FORKS, B. C.

PHONE 101R  
 OFFICE: COLUMBIA AVENUE AND LAKE STREET.

FRIDAY, AUGUST 16, 1918

The situation on the western front continues to improve. The Huns are still headed in the direction of Germany.

The following sentences have been handed down by the Canadian Press correspondent at the front: "The Canadian force is wearing the smile that won't come off. The nature of the ground is entirely favorable to such an operation." Ample scope is left the reader to formulate his own interpretation.

When, last winter, Mr. Hoover notified the late Lord Rhondda, the British food controller, that the United States had sent to Europe the last of its surplus wheat from the 1917 harvest, Lord Rhondda, it is said, cabled back, "We are beaten; the war is over." But we were not beaten. A great movement for economy in the use of wheat began, and the States have already sent to their allies more than 100,000,000 bushels of wheat saved by the people through cutting in half their customary consumption of white flour. That shows how real a part in the war one who seems to be doing nothing can take. The people of this continent have saved the day, if Lord Rhondda was right, merely by altering their diet.

The so-called free-fare trip to the Nelson Chautauqua is the most expensive journey we have ever seen advertised. For instance, if you want a free ride from Grand Forks to Nelson and return, you must purchase \$66 worth of goods in Nelson. If any person in Nelson will send us \$66 for new subscribers to The Sun, we will gladly furnish him with a round-trip ticket from Nelson to Grand Forks, and, besides, we will guarantee not to raise the price of the paper. The Chautauqua should be put in the circus class during war times. It is more or less of a fake itself, and a first class promoter of fakes.

Fruit will be scarce this year and jam will be needed badly next winter. If you have a wild berry patch near your place pick all you can, and can all you pick. Jam saves butter. Save sugar from other things and use it for jam making. Don't waste sugar at the fountain. Sugar for sweetening 500,000,000 soda fountain drinks has been sent to the bottom of the sea by submarine.

All the allied nations are giving their own soldiers that meed of praise to which they are justly entitled. When so much bravery is displayed by all, there should be no jealousy, and the paper that accuses an allied country of too much boastfulness is playing out of tune.

At a dinner party in Berlin in the days before the war a German officer, by way of making himself agreeable to an American woman who sat next him, remarked that the United States would never have an army because it would not go to the trouble of making one, and that if it did American men would not fight, since they were thoroughly feminized by the women school teachers who taught them in their youth, and by the influence of their wives and daughters, to whom they deferred so weakly. Let us hope that that officer, if he

is still alive, was serving in the neighborhood of Chateau-Thierry during the first three weeks of July.

Owing to the success of the hog production campaign in Canada and the United States, and conservation efforts of both countries in the consumption of pork, the Canada food board has removed the restrictions applying to public eating places on pork of all kinds, which may now be served at any time by such places operating under a Canada food board license. Net exports of pork from the Dominion have been increased by 125,000,000 pounds per annum, or 571 per cent over the five year pre-war average.

The German government must wish that it had back the thirty-million-dollar "slush fund" it raised in order to corrupt American opinion by buying newspapers like the New York Mail. It is hard to see that any results useful to Germany were obtained by the expenditure, and thirty million dollars would buy a lot of ammunition to be used against the army of a people that could not be fooled.

After hearing speeches by Lenin and Trotsky the Moscow Bolsheviki resolved that the bourgeoisie must be placed under control and mass terror put into practise against them. "mass terror" is a German phrase and a German practise. The Bolsheviki grow more like the Huns every day.—Toronto Globe.

## THE FOOD SITUATION

The following cable has been transmitted to Canada from the Food controllers' conference in London:

"Resolved, That while the increased production of the United States and Canada rendered it possible to relax some of the restrictions which have borne with peculiar hardships upon all our people, yet it is absolutely necessary that rigid economy and elimination of waste in the consumption and handling of foodstuffs, as well as increased production, should be maintained throughout the European allied countries and in North America; that it is only by such economy and elimination of waste that the transportation of the necessary men and supplies from North America to the European front can be accomplished, and stocks of foodstuffs can be built up in North America as an insurance against the ever present danger of harvest failure, and the possible necessity for large emergency drafts to Europe; and further, that we can not administer the food problem on the basis of one year's war, and that we must prepare for its long continuance if we are to assure absolute victory."

The conference was held on July 22 and the food controllers of Great Britain, United States, France and Italy were present. Most encouraging was the report as to the success that has been achieved by the efforts of Canada and the United States to tide over the extremely critical period which set in at the beginning of the present year. Mr. Hoover's speech has heartened allied Europe and shown Germany the hopeless prospect she has of starving Great Britain and her allies by her submarine frightfulness.

That these encouraging results of past efforts do not mean that all danger is removed and that every necessity for further effort has been passed is, however, not to be for one moment forgotten. Rigid economy and elimination of waste in all foodstuffs must be continued throughout allied countries to guard against harvest failure and the possibility of having to feed larger military drafts from America to Europe. Increased food production and conservation are still vital to the successful prosecution of the war, as the above resolution, passed at the food controllers' conference and cabled to the Canada food board at Ottawa, emphatically states.

## Comfortable Convenient Needful

Whether your occupation is one that requires mental or manual work, you need good eyesight. If you can not see objects near to and those in the distance with equal clearness, you require Kryptok, the invisible bifocals. Kryptok Lenses are comfortable and restful to your eyes, and enable you to read or sew and look at distant objects without changing glasses. Consult us about your eye troubles.

**A. D. MORRISON** JEWELER AND OPTICIAN  
 GRAND FORKS, B. C.

## SINGER TALKS

### What Perfect Adjustment Means

- ¶ If you've ever had the misfortune to own a cheaply constructed sewing machine, you'll know what it means to have parts constantly breaking, or the machine refuse to run for some seemingly unaccountable reason.
- ¶ Singer quality and the perfect adjustment of every Singer machine save you such discouraging experiences. Every Singer runs so light and easy as to require practically no effort on your part to do the heaviest sewing.
- ¶ Many women use a Singer who haven't strength enough to operate ordinary machines. The Singer does all the work, runs noiselessly and does not easily get out of order.
- ¶ Should repairs or new parts, needles, etc., ever be needed there's always a Singer store nearby to save you annoying delays.

**H. WEBER, Winnipeg Ave., Grand Forks, B. C.**

### Christina Lake Pavilion

Dancing every Wednesday night during season. Good music, good floor, good roads. Refreshments served. Boats for rent.

"In God's name, what are eggs and tea compared with final victory?"

You can not reach The Sun's numerous readers except through its advertising columns.

You can read The Sun one year for \$1.00.

### LAND REGISTRY ACT

IN THE MATTER OF all that parcel of land formerly known as Lots 1, 2 and 3 and 4, Block 18 Map 38, being subdivision of part of Lot 700, Group 1, Similkameen (formerly Gezyus) Division of Yale District; and IN THE MATTER OF application 1466 P.

NOTICE is hereby given that I shall, at the expiration of one month from the date of the first publication hereof issue a Certificate of Indefeasible Title in respect of the above mentioned lands, to the name of Hugh Allan Gaspell, unless in the meantime valid objection be made to me in writing. The holder of the following documents relating to said land, namely:

1. Deed dated 20th April, 1898, Lloyd A. Stanley to Richard McCarren, of an undivided one-half interest;

2. Deed dated 4th April, 1899, Richard McCarren to John A. Cairns;

is required to deliver the same to me forthwith.

Dated at the Land Registry Office, Kamloops, B. C., this 21st day of June, 1918.

C. H. DUNBAR,  
 District Registrar.

*Eat less Bread*



## PICTURES

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## THE SUN

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TELEPHONE

R 101

## No Wonder You Rely On The Telephone

Your telephone is better than postal facilities, because it brings your answer without a moment's delay. While to telephone is to talk to the party wanted, it is even better than a face-to-face conversation, because you have not to go to the person to whom you wish to talk. You simply walk to your telephone, and Central does the rest.

Day or night it is available--far or near the party wanted may be; it is all the same to the telephone.

### BRITISH COLUMBIA TELEPHONE COMPANY, Ltd

#### THE BRITISH EM-BARGO ON APPLES

From Dominion Fruit Crop Report No. 3—So many inquiries have been received at this office as to the possible removal or modification of the embargo on shipments of apples to Great Britain, that some definite statement seems necessary. Inquiries on this subject have been prompted by the failure of the fruit crop in England, and the English trade is just as desirous of receiving Canadian fruit as Canadian shippers are to get it across. The agitation is therefore a double-barrelled one.

It seems quite certain, however, that there will be no change in the present situation. Explanations are not necessary. Every foot of available steamship space is required for the transportation of men, munitions and food. The Canadian apple, as well as many other articles of food, is not considered essential, and until shipping facilities are in a much more stable condition than at present, all efforts to modify the apple embargo must be futile.

#### APPLE PRICES ARE SURE TO BE HIGHER

B. C. Market Bulletin—During the past three weeks the apple prospects for 1918 have been seriously canvassed, especially from a marketing standpoint. The consensus of opinion among jobbers is that owing to the crop shortage, the high price of boxes, freight and labor, prices will be high. Some advance sales made do not justify this opinion. Jobbers are prone to estimate values on the ruinous prices of two or three years ago, when most growers had decided to root up their orchards and quit if better prices were not obtainable.

If consumers will take the trouble to estimate the value of the apple from its food value alone (outside of the luxury), they will find them the cheapest food offering today.

Reports are in our hands of advance sales of apples as follows:

Mackintosh Red, No. 1, from \$2.50 to \$2.75 per box. In this class also comes the Spy, Delicious, Newtons, Spitz, Winesaps, and owing to their scarcity, the Jonathans, Romes, Wagners, Kings, Grimes, etc., are opening at approximately \$1.75. The spread between the No. 1, No. 2 and No. 3 in the latter class will be 15c, while the former will vary considerably.

Transcendent crabs will open at \$1.40 and Hyslops at \$1.75.

Early apples, orchard run, in crates, are quoted at \$1.65.

These prices are f.o.b. Okanagan valley points.

#### GENERAL DECREASE IN THE APPLE CROP

Latest information concerning the apple crop as it affects the Canadian west is contained in the following Dominion government bulletin:

Nova Scotia—Decrease of 45 per cent. Best varieties Gravstein, Falawater, Blenheim and Stark. Scab now developing. Spraying fairly general.

Ontario—Increase of 25 per cent. Winters generally light, and early varieties medium. Greening, Snow, Mackintosh and Ben Davis are best of later sorts. Baldwin and Spy light everywhere. Scab prevalent and spraying not general.

British Columbia—Decrease of 15 per cent. Best varieties Duchess.

#### SYNOPSIS OF LAND ACT AMENDMENT

Pro-emption now confined to surveyed lands only.

Records will be granted covering only land suitable for agricultural purposes and which is non-timber land.

Partnership pre-emptions abolished, but parties of not more than four may arrange for adjacent pre-emptions, with joint residence, but each making necessary improvements on respective claims.

Pre-emptors must occupy claims for five years and make improvements to value of \$10 per acre, including clearing and cultivation of at least 5 acres, before receiving Crown Grant.

Where pre-emptor in occupation not less than 3 years, and has made proportionate improvements, he may, because of ill-health or other cause, be granted intermediate certificate of improvement and transfer his claim.

Records without permanent residence may be issued provided applicant makes improvements to extent of \$300 per annum and records same each year. Failure to make improvements or record same will operate as forfeiture. Title cannot be obtained on these claims in less than 5 years, with improvements of \$10 per acre, including 5 acres cleared and cultivated, and residence of at least 2 years.

Pre-emptor holding Crown Grant may record another pre-emption, if he requires land in conjunction with his farm, without actual occupation, provided statutory improvements made and residence maintained on Crown granted land.

Unsurveyed areas, not exceeding 20 acres, may be leased as homesteads; title to be obtained after fulfilling residential and improvement conditions.

For grazing and industrial purposes, areas exceeding 610 acres may be leased by one person or company.

#### PRE-EMPTORS' FREE GRANTS ACT.

The scope of this Act is enlarged to include all persons joining and serving with His Majesty's Forces. The time within which the heirs or devisees of a deceased pre-emptor may apply for title under this Act is extended from one year from the death of such person, as formerly, until one year after the conclusion of the present war. This privilege is also made retroactive.

#### TOWNSITE PROPERTY ALLOTMENT ACT.

Provision is made for the grant to persons holding uncompleted Agreements to Purchase from the Crown of such portions of the land, if divisible, as the payments already made will cover in proportion to the sale price of the whole parcel. Two or more persons holding such Agreements may group their interests and apply for a proportionate allotment jointly. If it is not considered advisable to divide the land covered by an application for a proportionate allotment, an allotment of land of equal value selected from available Crown lands in the locality may be made. These allotments are conditional upon payment of all taxes due the Crown or to any municipality. The rights of persons to whom the purchaser from the Crown has agreed to sell are also protected. The decision of the Minister of Lands in respect to the adjustment of a proportionate allotment is final. The time for making application for these allotments is limited to the 1st day of May, 1919. Any application made after this date will not be considered. These allotments apply to town lots and lands of the Crown sold at public auction.

For information apply to any Provincial Government Agent or to

G. R. NADEN,

Deputy Minister of Lands,

Victoria, B. C.



"SOLD OUT"

No more oleomargarine today. Food supplies in Great Britain are often so short that even the weekly allowance of four ounces of margarine is "postponed".

Wealthy and Mackintosh. Jonathan Yakima Valley, Wash.—There has been little change since our last report was published. Jonathans are only about 40 per cent of a normal crop, and not sufficient to meet the demand. Bartlett pears will be moving heavily first week in August. Alberta peaches are about half a normal crop, and will start to move about August 20.

Idaho—The crop will probably not exceed 20 per cent of last year, when 3500 cars were shipped. This will greatly reduce the quantity of Jonathans in the northwest, as it is the principal variety grown in this state.

#### Check for the Savant

The famous English archaeologist and naturalist, Sir John Lubbock, was once overseeing the labor of a countryman who was working for him in a field. Sir John, always ready to improve the minds of those in need of enlightenment, pointed to a heap of stones and asked, "Do you know how those stones were made?"

"Why, sir, I s'pect they grewed, same as 'taters," was the man's reply.

"Well," rejoined Lubbock, "if they lay there for fifty years, they would not get any bigger."

"No, sir," said the rustic, "in course they wouldn't—same as 'taters. Take 'taters out of the ground, and they stop growin'."

A ton of sapphires will be used this year in an American factory where the jeweled bearings of electric meters are made.

As a means of preventing thefts of automobiles some owners are now having their names engraved on the wind shield.

Job Printing at The Sun office at practically the same prices as before the big war started.

Devonshire.



CANADA.

[L.S.]

## PROCLAMATION

GEORGE the FIFTH, by the Grace of God of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland and of the British Dominions beyond the Seas, KING, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

To all to whom these presents shall come or whom the same may in any wise concern,—GREETING :

A Proclamation of conditional amnesty respecting men belonging to Class I under the Military Service Act, 1917, who have disobeyed our Proclamation of 13th October, 1917, or their orders to report for duty, or are deserters or absent without leave from the Canadian Expeditionary Force.

E. L. NEWCOMBE, } WHEREAS considerable numbers of men belonging to Class I under our Military Service Act, 1917, called out on active service in our Canadian Expeditionary Force for the defence of Canada under Our Proclamation of 13th October, 1917, although they have thus become by law soldiers enlisted in the Military Service of Canada,

AND WHEREAS certain of these men have failed to report for duty as lawfully required of them under the said Military Service Act and the regulations thereunder, including the Order in Council duly passed on April 20 last,—

Or have deserted.

Or absented themselves without leave from our Canadian Expeditionary Force,

And it is represented that the very serious and unfortunate situation in which these men find themselves is due in many cases to the fact that, notwithstanding the information and warning contained in Our Proclamation aforesaid, they have misunderstood their duty or obligation, or have been misled by the advice of ill-disposed, disloyal or seditious persons.

AND WHEREAS we desire, if possible, to avoid the infliction of the heavy penalties which the law imposes for the offences of which these soldiers have thus been guilty, and to afford them an opportunity within a limited time to report and make their services available in Our Canadian Expeditionary Force as is by law their bounden duty, and as is necessary for the defence of Our Dominion of Canada.

NOW KNOW YE that we in the exercise of Our powers, and of Our good will and pleasure in that behalf, do hereby proclaim and declare and cause to be published and made known THAT THE PENALTIES OF THE LAW WILL NOT BE IMPOSED OR EXACTED as against the men who belong to Class I under Our Military Service Act, 1917, and who have disobeyed Our Proclamation aforesaid; or who have received notice from any of Our registrars or deputy registrars to report for duty on a day now past and have failed so to report; or who, having reported and obtained leave of absence, have failed to report at the expiry of their leave, or have become deserters from Our Expeditionary Force, PROVIDED THEY REPORT FOR DUTY ON OR BEFORE THE TWENTY FOURTH DAY OF AUGUST 1918.

AND WE DO HEREBY STRICTLY WARN AND SOLEMNLY IMPRESS UPON ALL SUCH MEN, and as well those who employ, harbour, conceal or assist them in their disobedience, that, if they persist in their failure to report, absence or desertion until the expiry of the last mentioned day, they will be pursued and punished with all the rigour and severity of the law, SUBJECT TO THE JUDGMENT OF OUR COURTS MARTIAL WHICH WILL BE CONVENED TO TRY SUCH CASES or other competent tribunals; and also that those who employ, harbour, conceal or assist such men will be held strictly accountable as offenders and subject to the pains, penalties and forfeitures in that behalf by law provided for their said offence.

Provided however that nothing contained in this Our Proclamation is intended to release the men aforesaid from their obligation to report for duty as soon as possible or to grant them immunity from arrest or detention in the meantime for the purpose of compelling them to perform their military duty; Our intention being merely to forego or remit the penalties heretofore incurred for failure to report absent without leave or desertion incurred by those men of the description aforesaid who shall be in the proper discharge of their military duties on or before the said twenty-fourth day of August, 1918.

Of all of which Our loving subjects and all others whom these presents may concern are hereby required to take notice and govern themselves accordingly.

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, We have caused these Our Letters to be made Patent, and the Great Seal of Canada to be hereunto affixed. Witness: Our Right Trusty and Right Entirely Beloved Cousin and Counsellor, Victor Christian William, Duke of Devonshire, Marquess of Hartington, Earl of Devonshire, Earl of Burlington, Baron Cavendish of Hardwicke, Baron Cavendish of Keighley, Knight of Our Most Noble Order of the Garter, One of Our Most Honourable Privy Council, Knight Grand Cross of Our Most Distinguished Order of Saint Michael and Saint George, Knight Grand Cross of Our Royal Victorian Order, Governor General and Commander-in-Chief of Our Dominion of Canada.

At Our Government House, in Our City of OTTAWA, this FIRST day of AUGUST, in the year of Our Lord one thousand nine hundred and eighteen, and in the ninth year of Our Reign

By Command,

Thomas Mulvey

Under-Secretary of State

