

Legislative Library

The Grand Forks Sun

and
Kettle Valley Orchardist

17TH YEAR—No 24

GRAND FORKS B. C., FRIDAY, APRIL 12, 1918

\$1.00 PER YEAR

WOMEN MUST PAY ROAD TAX

City Council Considers a Large Number of New Bylaws

Mayor Acres and Ald. Harkness, McArdle, McCallum, McDonald and Schnitter were present at the regular meeting of the city council on Monday evening.

A letter from J. E. Thompson, M. P. P., thanked the council for endorsing him as the government's delegate on the delegation which is to visit Ottawa this summer for this purpose of urging before the federal government the development of the iron and steel industry in this province, but owing to business engagements he would be compelled to decline the appointment if it should be offered to him.

A letter was also read from Premier Oliver on the same subject. Mr. Oliver stated that the government had already urged this matter upon the federal authorities and that the question of the appointment of a delegate to represent the province would be duly considered.

A letter from W. O. Miller, district superintendent of the C. P. R., stated that his company would pay the additional price charged the city for power on the amount of power it used. The letter was ordered filed, and the clerk was instructed to acknowledge the receipt of the same.

M. J. Quinlivan tendered his resignation as an employee of the city council, to take effect May 1. The council accepted the same.

The Grand Forks volunteer fire department extended an invitation to the members of the council to attend the annual meeting of the department, to be held in the West ward fire hall on Wednesday evening, April 10. The clerk was instructed to acknowledge the receipt of the letter, with thanks.

The past month's accounts were ordered to be paid.

The chairman of the board of works reported that the drain to the skating rink slough had been cleaned out, and the water was now running off nicely.

The chairman of the water and light committee reported that an electric switch had been installed at the pumping station. He recommended that the hours and rates for lawn sprinkling be the same as last season. The recommendation was accepted.

The chairman of the health and relief committee recommended that Monday, April 22, be designated as the annual spring cleaning up day, and that notices to this effect be printed in the local papers. The recommendation was accepted. Tin cans, etc., but not ashes or sawdust, if put in boxes and placed at convenient places, will be hauled away free during the first few days of the week beginning with April 22. Afterwards a fee will be charged for this work.

The parks committee was empowered to purchase enough shade trees to replace those which have

died at the cemetery and along the streets.

The mayor suggested that a new flag should be purchased for the city building. The matter was referred to the mayor to obtain prices and to report to the council.

The mayor also reported that a request had been made for a crosswalk from the high school to the English church and for a sidewalk from the church to Stanley Davis'.

Ald. Schnitter reported that the party in the Ruckle addition who was in arrears to the amount of about \$70 with his water rates had refused to pay the bill, and that the Ruckle Addition association had cut off his water. In future, he said, the association had agreed to cut off the water from the premises of any person in that addition who was two months in arrears with his rates. Ald. McCallum was glad that the consumers of water outside the city limits had taken this action to collect the rates, and he moved that the agreement be ratified and that the clerk be instructed to send out monthly notices. The resolution was adopted.

The mayor reported that Chief of Police Savage had tendered his resignation, and that the police commissioners had accepted it. It was the intention of the police commissioners, he said, to have the new chief attend to police duties and to assist with the work in other departments of the city when required. The chairman of the board of works did not think that this plan would prove to be much of a saving to the city, as most of the work in his own department had heretofore been done by persons who would otherwise have required assistance from the city.

The resolution adopted by the police commissioners respecting the duties of the new chief was endorsed by the council.

Ald. McCallum was granted leave to introduce the Grand Forks pond bylaw. It was advanced to the third reading stage.

Ald. McCallum was granted leave to introduce the levy and collection of road tax bylaw. This, also, passed three readings, and was considered in committee. The redrafting of this bylaw was made necessary because under the new provincial statutes women as well as men have to pay this tax. This is the price the ladies have to pay for their votes.

Ald. McCallum was also granted leave to introduce a weights and measure bylaw. It passed its first and second readings.

THE WEATHER

The following is the minimum and maximum temperature for each day during the past week, as recorded by the government thermometer on E. F. Laws' ranch:

	Max.	Min.
April 5—Friday.....	64	31
6—Saturday.....	62	37
7—Sunday.....	65	32
8—Monday.....	65	39
9—Tuesday.....	60	42
10—Wednesday..	62	33
11—Thursday....	64	36
Rainfall.....	Inches 0.33	

The mayor of Victoria has signed a bylaw permitting residents of that city to keep pigs within the city limits under certain regulations in the interests of public health.

LETTER FROM THE HOLY LAND

Olive Groves at Jerusalem Have Been Cut Down for Railway Fuel

Hubert F. Broad, who is with Gen. Allenby's army in Palestine, has written the following letter to a friend in this city:

"I have not had time to write you lately, having been very busy, as usual; in fact, I have forgotten where it was I wrote you. We have been up to now pushing ahead so fast that we are never in the same place more than a few days. Of course you will have heard by this time all about the doings out here. We are holding a line just now until we can get roads built up—a job that would have driven Spraggett to drink. The hard part about it is, you can do no digging, and have to build up roads about two feet high with rocks. When it is finished it is quite a good motor road, which we must have, being so far ahead of the railroad. The whole country is cut up in every direction by wadis (gulches), with dry water courses at the bottom and generally very steep sides, so that every mile you advance you have to capture a great number of different hills. There are no trenches dug, and the Turks just roll a few huge rocks together and put a machine gun there, which makes it very difficult to knock them out. While in the hills neither side can get the artillery into action on account of transport, so it is mostly hand to hand fighting. Of course, there is a good road from Jerusalem up and also along the coast Jaffa way, but nothing but goat tracks in the mountains between these roads.

"I didn't get into Jerusalem when it was taken (we were in the surrounding party, and were well in advance of it), but I was there a few days later looking at the sights. The Turk has not damaged anything, and all the holy places are intact and are at present under guard of the different allies. The civil population is pretty hard up—very little food, and the Turks have cut down nearly all the olive groves around the city for fuel for the railway. As the natives depend on these for a living, it fixes them for years, as lots of the trees were 1000 years old; in fact, very few of the present natives can tell you when their trees were planted. They say they get a profit of \$30 or \$40 a tree from mature trees. They make olive oil of most of the fruit, and you see them carrying it about in goat-skins. Prices have gone up about 400 per cent since the war started. The natives seem to live on bread and olives, at least that is about all the Turk prisoners ever have on them. There are villages every few miles, built on the tops of hills and walled in with blocks of stone about three feet square. They must have had a very energetic lot of slaves at one time to quarry all the rock and carry it up the mountains.

"The weather just now is damnable—bail, rain, and very high winds. There being very little soil,

the water runs down the mountains in rivers, which makes camping very unpleasant. The villages are too lousy to live in, as all the goats and donkeys live in the same house with the natives, who are chiefly Arabs, of course, and a most diseased looking crowd, suffering from every complaint under the sun.

"We expect hot weather in March, when I think we shall try to finish off the Turk once and for all. We had a little scrap with him the other day—captured 17 guns and 64 prisoners. I sent you, I think, views of the Holy City. A most interesting spot. I spent three days looking over it, and saw most of the places of interest. We have closed most of the churches, but the Church of the Holy Sepulchre is open. The view from the Mount of Olives is well worth the trip. To the northeast you can see the Dead sea and the Jordan running into it. It looks to be about two miles away, but it is twenty, with very high mountains behind. Bethelhem, which is only five miles away, can be plainly seen, and you overlook the whole city of Jerusalem. Looking over the valley of Jehosaphat, the Garden of Gethsemane lies between the Mount and the city; but it is no use to attempt to describe it, so I shall quit.

"The shops are just opening in the city, although they have not got anything to sell. The Turks flooded the place with their pound notes, which are worth 2:6 today, so they naturally all went broke.

"Hindenburg had his headquarters on the Mount of Olives, so he must be rather fed up to see us there. I met a couple of Vancouver men in the city joining the R. F. C. I hope we shall be able to get back to Grand Forks this year. There are so many reports about that one never knows what may happen. There is a chance that Geoffrey may get sent back from India and get leave, he having been laid up so long a time. I hope every one is going strong in the district, although I suppose you are beginning to feel the effects of the war the same as the people in England. I must end this letter, as I have to go and shoot in a competition with the Australians, who are with us just now."

Late War News

The shifting of America's main reserve into the western battle is about completed, and the men will have been assigned to brigades with the British. They are made up of veterans with a splendid record against the Teutons, and others are coming of the same type. "America can be confident" it is declared by war officials.

Yesterday's casualty list of American troops was 124. One of these was killed in action; 2 died of wounds; 69 severely wounded; 30 slightly wounded, and 4 missing. Twenty-two more Americans were killed in action, General Pershing reported last night to the war office. The new list includes 110 casualties, 68 being slightly wounded.

The Liberty loan subscriptions in the United States reached \$100,000,000 yesterday, according to a conservative estimate by the treasury department.

FIREMEN ELECT NEW OFFICERS

Annual Meeting Largely Attended—A Smoker and Speeches

The annual meeting of the Grand Forks Volunteer Fire Department was held in the West ward fire hall on Wednesday evening. Fifteen members of the department and the members of the city council were present. The election of officers resulted as follows:

Chief, Ben Norris; assistant chief, F. J. Miller; captain, John A. Hutton; secretary, Don Manly; treasurer, Charles Haverly.

After the business session felicitous speeches were made by the members of the city council, and retiring Chief Savage and the chief-elect distinguished themselves in addresses reviewing the work of the department. The meeting wound up with a smoker and the serving of refreshments.

Start Daylight Saving Sunday

OTTAWA, April 11.—The daylight saving bill, which was put through the committee stage and given third reading in the senate today, will in all probability come into effect at 2 o'clock on Sunday morning, April 14. A semi-official intimation to this effect was given by Senator Robertson, minister without portfolio, when the bill was being considered.

Senator Robertson gave as the reason for the bill becoming effective on Sunday morning instead of Sunday at midnight, the circumstance that fewer trains run on Sundays. He said that less inconvenience would be caused by advancing the clocks 60 minutes at that hour in the morning, because late trains would have arrived at their destinations and morning trains would be made up at a later hour.

Senator Robertson's idea received the support of Senator George Bradbury, who expressed the view that the change could be made with less inconvenience at the hour suggested by the minister.

Arthur Nichols, of this city, and Miss E. Walker, of Alberta, were married here last Wednesday.

Owing to the absence of hard frosts last winter and little damage to fruit trees, prospects for a good fruit crop in this valley were never brighter than at present. The acreage devoted to grain and potatoes has been considerably increased this year, and there are indications that the yield will unusually heavy.

The United States senate, by a vote of 34 to 25, has refused to approve of labor's right to strike in war times.

Stanley Davis returned yesterday from a two weeks' visit to Vancouver.

If you are not at the front, how much do you eat?

The Grand Forks Sun

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER

G. A. EVANS, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER

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 One Year (in the United States)..... 1.50

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 THE GRAND FORKS SUN,
 GRAND FORKS, B. C.

PHONE 101R
 OFFICE: COLUMBIA AVENUE AND LAKE STREET.

FRIDAY, APRIL 12, 1918

Delegations from many sections of the country are beseeching the federal government for grants and assistance to develop various resources and enterprises. It seems to us that these people have chosen an inopportune time for their importunities, and that the course they have adopted lacks both judgment and patriotism. In the first place, every dollar the government can get hold of is required to push the war to a successful conclusion; and, secondly, the man power of the country is insufficient to parcel it out to new undertakings. The news from the front indicates that every man who is physically fit is needed in the front lines at present, and those who are not fit for the service are needed to produce food for the armies and for the civilian population. These are the only occupations that count today. Men who are not engaged in essential work, should be pressed into the service of either one of them. The development of new resources can wait until the war is won. Who would benefit if we were to develop our country and lose our liberty? It is not democracy alone that hangs in the balance in this struggle. It is civilization itself.

Some sarcastic person might hint that the newspaper business is not an essential occupation, and that we ought to set a good example. We are fully aware of the fact that the world could get along with a few less newspapers at present, and were we a couple of years younger we would not be here. But there are lots of strong, able-bodied newspaper men who could serve their country better in the trenches or on the farm than by getting out daily or weekly newspapers. And there are other professions from which good soldiers and farmers could be culled.

The poor, down-trodden unmarried man appears to be in need of a champion, and as The Sun has gained all its fame by taking the part of the under dog we should like to say a few words in his favor. Recently we have run across quite a number of advertisements for help with the clause, "Married men preferred." As the single man is given the preference in the trenches, perhaps it is only fair that the married should have the first choice at home, but still it looks like discrimination in both cases. The unmarried man is really not as bad as he has been painted. Some of his class are quite domesticated, and we have known a few who could read and write and appeared to be quite intelligent. All do not squander their money foolishly in the town shops. Some even own property, and educate other men's children by paying school taxes. The single man's greatest crime appears to be his love for liberty, and we presume that's the reason why he goes to the trenches in preference to the altar.

We heard the remark made this week that, now that we are living under prohibition laws, the chief of police of Grand Forks should have an easy time. There will undoubtedly be some force to this statement when the stocks of liquor now hand have been consumed. But were any one to take a census of the whisky stored away in private houses in the city today, it is not improbable that he would find that the amount exceeded the stocks carried

by the five bars before they closed. This conclusion has been arrived at after watching the arrival of packages and kegs for two or three weeks prior to the enforcement of the bone-dry law. It was a golden harvest time for the poor express and railway companies, always more or less hard pressed for ready cash.

We have been told that one good man, who did not wish to have his motives misconstrued, sent for \$25 worth of whisky to cure an aching tooth. There appears to have been an epidemic of toothache in the city lately. In some families more than one member was afflicted. Some of the patients, judging by the size of their packages, must have had several aching teeth in their heads. But the strangest part of the malady appears to have been, that it attacked false teeth as well as real ones.

None of the packages found their way to this office. We do not mean to infer by this that the staff has developed a sudden abhorrence for the stuff. We are not hypocritical enough for that. But we have discovered that war-time thrift is a pretty good toothache medicine.

When our brave soldiers are lying wounded on France battlefields, or giving their lives for their king and country, the least the people at home can do to show that they prize the sacrifices they are making, is to refrain from indulging in such amusements as dancing, etc. We hope that this hint will be sufficient.

With the whole nation practising self-denial, give more than your breath to the national purpose.

From the Western Front

Yesterday's fighting on the western front, according to the press dispatches, was the fiercest yet recorded this spring. Swinging his heaviest legions and mightiest guns far to the north of the Picardy battlefield, Field Marshal von Hindenburg is now driving home attack after attack against the British lines between Arras and Ypres. Charging across the level country behind a tempest of high explosives and gas shells, the Germans have succeeded by terrific fighting in penetrating the British defenses over a front of nearly 30 miles to a depth of about six miles just to the south of Ypres. The loss of Armentieres is admitted by the British, but this was expected from the trend of events in that sector during the last few days. The enemy had driven in on both sides of the town, and holding out longer by the British would have imperiled the whole line. So far as known the withdrawal of the British from Armentieres was orderly and was only for the purpose of straightening the line in the region, where the German pressure is the heaviest. The British have stood firm at vital points along the line. Wytzchaete is still held by Field Marshal Haig's men, who also maintain their grip on Messines ridge, Lestreme, Ploegstraete and Proegstraete wood and Hollebeke, against which furious assaults have been made only to break down or be nullified by British counter attacks. A terrific attack against Hollebeke and Wytzchaete was repulsed with great loss to the Germans.

The Sun, at \$1.00 per year, gives its readers three times more reading matter than any other Boundary paper. This fact accounts for the rapid increase in our circulation.

Besides being read by all the intelligent people of Grand Forks, The Sun goes to every ranch home in the Kettle and North Fork valleys. No other Boundary paper can give advertisers this guarantee.

GLASSES

—When correctly fitted, relieve eyestrain and headache. It is our business to fit glasses correctly.

A. D. MORRISON JEWELER AND OPTICIAN
 GRAND FORKS, B. C.

Laugh When People Step On Your Feet

Try this yourself then pass it along to others. It works!

Ouch ! ? ! ? ! This kind of rough talk will be heard less here in town if people troubled with corns will follow the simple advice of this Cincinnati authority, who claims that a few drops of a drug called freezone when applied to a tender, aching corn stops soreness at once, and soon the corn dries up and lifts right out without pain. He says freezone is an ether compound which dries immediately and never inflames or even irritates the surrounding tissue or skin. A quarter of an ounce of freezone will cost very little at any drug store, but is sufficient to remove every hard or soft corn or callus from one's feet. Millions of American women will welcome this announcement since the inauguration of the high heels.

CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF GRAND FORKS

City Clean-up Day

The City Council have appointed Monday, April 22nd, as Civic Clean-up Day. Citizens are requested to gather up all tin cans and other rubbish and put the same in handy receptacles at places where it will be convenient for the city team to call for them and haul them away. Citizens not availing themselves of the above offer will be compelled to have their rubbish removed at their own expense not later than Saturday, April 27th. Sawdust and ashes will not be removed by the city.

By order of City Council,
 JOHN A. HUTTON,
 City Clerk.

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THE SUN

JOB DEPARTMENT

IS BUSY

THERE'S A REASON

Our prices are moderate, because we employ competent workmen who have mastered their trade, and we do have to charge for the "service" of hunting up samples in specimen books.

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- Price lists
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WHEN You make long distance calls by telephone, the charge does not begin until you begin to talk to the party wanted. You talk direct, get your answer immediately, and you pay only for the actual time of conversation.

Did you ever see how the time is computed at the telephone office? Next time you are near; drop in and see the calculagraph. This is a clock and a stamping machine combined, and the elapsed time is accounted for by the second. When you see how this machine is used, you will know that every effort is made to be absolutely fair.

If at any time you are dissatisfied, give us an opportunity to adjust matters.

**BRITISH COLUMBIA
TELEPHONE COMPANY, LTD.**

**How to Grow
Potatoes**

When three hundred and thirty-two years ago Sir Walter Raleigh introduced the potato from this continent into Ireland, nobody could have foreseen or imagined the immense part that it would come to play in feeding the world. It was nearly eighty years before the Royal Society of England took up the cultivation of the potato as a cheap food in case of famine. In another eighty years, famine in Scotland brought the potato into extensive notice as a cheap article of food. Another thirty years saw France taking notice of its value. W. T. Macoun, the Dominion horticulturist, briefly explains all this in a hundred page bulletin recently issued by the department of agriculture, Ottawa, in which is also given complete and comprehensive information as to the cultivation of the potato. Mr. Macoun goes fully into his subject, dealing with the preparation of the soil, the varieties of seedling, of the manner and method of planting, of protection against insect pests and diseases, of the time to plant, of the districts best suited to the different varieties, of the care that should be taken during growth, and of garnering, storing and shipping. Particulars are also given of the results of experiments and tests made at the experimental farms and stations throughout the Dominion. In short, pretty well everything in the shape of information that is of value to potato growers, with many exact and interesting illustrations, is to be found in this bulletin that can be had free on addressing the publications branch, department of agriculture, Ottawa.

**Making a Start
With Bee Keeping**

F. W. L. Sladen, Dominion apiculturist, says:
The spring is the best time to begin keeping bees; the outlay is small and they do not require daily feeding like other animals, which ties one to the place. Bounded by no fences they collect a valuable food which otherwise goes to waste.
At the time of writing the price of honey is at least 50 per cent higher than a year ago and there is an urgent call for increased production. This may be met by (1) the adoption of modern apiary equipment and practice by beekeepers not yet employing these, (2) the production of extracted honey in the place of comb honey, the

former now being much more profitable. (3) good spring management such as keeping colonies protected until summer, avoiding starvation and keeping all colonies raising bees at full capacity by early replacing unsatisfactory queens and uniting queenless colonies to weak ones, (4) ordering supplies early, especially sufficient

supers, frames and foundation to cover all possible needs.

Beekeeping is now so profitable that it is nothing short of folly to neglect the apiary.

**Utmost Support
by U. S. Assured**

LONDON, April 7.—Replying to greetings on the occasion of the anniversary of the entry of the United States into the war, President Wilson has telegraphed the following message to King George:

"Permit me to express my warm gratification. Your generous message has been received and I assure you it is with the greatest satisfaction that the people of the United States find themselves side by side in this final war for free self-government with such steadfast and indomitable associates.

"Permit me also to assure your majesty that we shall continue to do everything possible to put the whole force of the United States into this great struggle."

**Capt. D. McQuarrie
Is Wounded Again**

Capt. D. McQuarrie has been wounded again, according to a cablegram received by his father, Mayor McQuarrie, of Nelson, last Saturday. As before, he was wounded in the head. The cable was signed by the captain. The captain is well known in Grand Forks, where he has many friends.

Pity the Poor Blind

"I was standing in front of the Tutwiler waiting for a friend the other day," says Ernest W. House in the Birmingham Age Herald, "and just across the street a number of pretty girls were waiting for a street car. It was windy, and there was quite a display of hosiery. Now, this in itself would not have been so very unusual, but a fellow standing by me spied the exhibition, and then saw a blind man sitting only about a hundred feet away, with a sign, 'Pity the Blind.'"

"I did not know him, but his sympathies were aroused, for he turned to me and said, 'I never was so sorry for a blind man in my life; I am going across and drop a quarter in his cap.' And he did."

The 80-Year Olds

The 80 year olds is a mighty distinguished class these days. Let us start with Georges Clemenceau, the hardy old "tiger" of France. At 80 he has charge of the French ship of state and steers his country through the perilous waters. No one is saying Clemenceau should be chloroformed, as Osler would put it. Chauncey Depew, the great editor at 82; Cardinal Gibbons is 84, and must be fairly active. His utterances are vigorous enough reflection for an active brain. Andrew Carnegie is 83. Charles W. Eliot, president of Harvard, is 84, and he is not idle. Henry M. Alden, one of the greatest of editors, is 82. This province is represented in London by a man over 80, and all wish

Agent-General Turner many years to live.

John D. Rockefeller is 79; John Wanamaker will be 80 in July, and he is still able to advertise. Adelina Patti is 77. —Sarah Bernhardt, with only one leg, is young at 78.

Thomas A. Edison is 71, and what would have happened if somebody had Oslerized him at 45? Osler is himself 69, and as active as ever he was.

A man is never old until he is dead; but some are dead and still walk around.

P. C. PETERSON

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AND DEALER IN
**WOOD
COAL AND ICE**

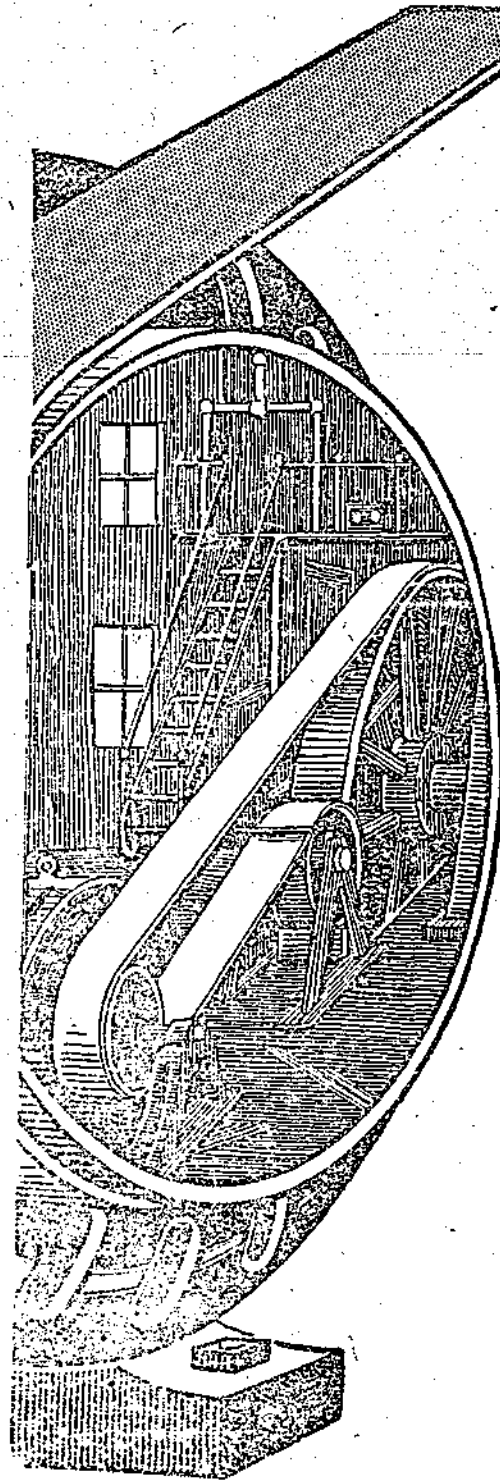
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Basic Facts About Belting

AND PARTICULARLY

**Dunlop "Gibraltar RedSpecial"
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Years of careful study of the high-power belt problem have enabled Dunlop Laboratory experts to create "Gibraltar RedSpecial" Belting, the original Red Face Rubber Belting of Canada—a product worthy of the Dunlop Factories and of the quarter-century record of success back of them.

"Gibraltar RedSpecial" Virtues Are Real

Dunlop "Gibraltar RedSpecial" Belting is to-day widely used in a multitude of ways in the many varied industries in this country. It owes its success, not to any illogical deductions or fantastic analyses, but to the simplest causes—causes so simple that they are now, always have been, and always will be, in our opinion, the bedrock of success in belt-making—Power, Speed, Service—in actual use as well as in the test-room.

Permanent Elasticity Means "Life" in Belting

In producing this new, this original, this master, red belt, our object has been to have the friction coat of rubber between the plies such as will retain its life indefinitely, and to have a quality of rubber with long "fingers," and not a quality of rubber the elasticity of which has been sacrificed to obtain the so-called high-pulling test.

That "Friction Pull"

When you are informed that such-and-such a belt has a "friction-pull" of abnormal poundage, do not imagine that you are getting a quality friction. What you have to secure in a belt is a friction full of elasticity. There must be between the plies of duck only a certain class of rubber to give uniform strength and pliability.

Resilient Quality Must Not Be Sacrificed To Excess of Friction Strength

To obtain high figures, such as referred to above, in belt frictions you have to take away from the elasticity of the friction; hence, there is a happy medium, and this medium we have obtained through our laboratory experts. It ensures for you a belt, the friction of which will hold the plies together and will be sufficiently elastic in its properties to allow for the give and take necessary in rounding the pulleys.

Duck Finest Obtainable, Made to Highest Specifications

A highly important feature of "Gibraltar RedSpecial" is the duck which enters into its construction. Only the finest quality of specially-selected duck, having the proper tensile strength in the right direction, is used. And this, in combination with a superior rubber friction between the plies, ensures absolute uniformity of service.

Fills The Bill

"Gibraltar RedSpecial" Belting is to be found in practically every industry in Canada, and if it is Power, Speed and Service that you want, then it is "Gibraltar RedSpecial" Frictioned-Surface Belting that you require for your work.

Universal Recognition of "Gibraltar RedSpecial"

To cite the names of users of this famous, red frictioned-surface belt would necessitate the use of much space. We have on file recommendations from almost every type of industry requiring "Gibraltar RedSpecial" Belting in widths varying from 1 1/2" to 48". These testimonials are available for your perusal at any time.

The Original "Red"

"Gibraltar RedSpecial," as noted previously, is the Original Red Rubber Belt—and like most things that are original, its success is of the kind that endures.

**DUNLOP TIRE & RUBBER GOODS CO.
LIMITED**

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Military Equipment, Mats, Tiling, Heels and Soles, Horse Shoe Pads, Cementa,
Agricultural, Plumbers' and Railroad Supplies, and General Rubber Specialties.

THE WHITE IS KING

Of all present-day Sewing Machines. Why buy a machine at which you have to sit in an awkward position, when you may just as well have one with which it is a pleasure to sew? The White Rotary Sit-Strate is just the machine you want. Sold on easy monthly payments by

Miller & Gardner
Complete Home Furnishers



News of the City

At the annual meeting of the Grand Forks Conservative association, in the Davis hall last Saturday evening, the following officers were elected: President, P. H. Harkness; first vice president, R. J. Gardner; second vice president, Geo. Manson; executive, Dr. C. M. Kingston, John McKie, J. D. Campbell, R. W. Hughes, W. Ronalds, Frank Scott, James Hutton, Tom Newby, John Morrison, James Cadoo, Arthur Nichols, H. Lightfoot, Chas. Allen, R. Mann and T. Love.

Emil Cagnon and bride, nee Miss Nellie Jewell, who were married in this city last week, returned on Monday from their wedding tour to Spokane and other points. The couple will make their home in this city, Mr. Cagnon being employed in the Granby smelter.

Loet—Three horses, 2 years old. Good reward for information that will lead to their recovery. Frank Hoelzel, North Fork. P. O. Box 514, City.

A. E. Buck, late Great Northern operator in this city, died at Marcus, Wash., on Monday.

James Francis, of Seattle, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Burns. Mr. Francis is an old friend of Mr. Burns.

The Forest Mills in Cascade will commence cutting lumber on Monday next.

Mr. Mudge has received word saying that his son, Montague Mudge,

who has been a prisoner of war in Germany for about three years, is now interned in Holland.

Word was received in this city this week that James P. C. Atwood, M.C., son of Mr. and Mrs. C. A. S. Atwood, had been seriously wounded by receiving a gunshot wound in the knee, and that he is now in a hospital at Ruen, France.

During the week ended last Saturday the local chapter of the Daughters of the Empire received the following donations: Two pairs of socks, Mrs. J. R. Brown; one pair each, Mrs. McKee, Mrs. Jessie Petrie, Mrs. Kingston, Mrs. Gaw, Mrs. Kerinan, Mrs. McInnes, Mrs. Plant, Mrs. Bonthron and Mrs. Gilpin. A donation of \$1 was received from Miss Livermore for the nurses' home and \$3.75 from Mrs. Almond from sale of knitting needles.

Miss Lilian Bertois has collected from the people of Cascade and forwarded to the Daughters of the Empire in this city \$12.10 for the wool fund.

Miss Neta Reid returned to her school at Ocean Falls on Saturday, after a short visit with her parents in this city.

Ald. McArdle returned on Saturday from a week's business trip to Vancouver.

Miss May Gilpin and Miss Janet Munro have returned to their school duties at Trail, after spending the Easter holidays with their parents in this city.

A reception will be tendered the returned soldiers in the near future, when the lithographed honor rolls prepared and ordered by the city council will be presented to the men who have done their bit.

Mayor Acres on Friday evening last received the following message from Maj. Gen. Leckie: "I shall not be able to stay at Grand Forks stop. I am passing through on Saturday evening on my way to Nelson, where I will present Mr. Heaven with military medal." The medal referred to is the one awarded

Sergt. Alfred Heaven, son of Mr. and Mrs. C. C. Heaven, of this city, who paid the supreme sacrifice before he could be decorated with honor he had won on the battlefield.

J. P. Flood, late of the Grand Forks Meat Market, will shortly open a moving picture show in Greenwood.

A car of second grade ore was shipped from the Providence mine to the Canada Copper corporation's smelter this week.

A. E. Savage will devote his time to mining in Camp McKinney after the first of the month.

No gun or game licenses will be issued until after the present session, and no person is allowed to carry firearms except an Indian, a member of the militia or persons shooting clay pigeons.

Wm. Walmsley, of Phoenix, has been appointed C.P.R. agent at Greenwood, to succeed D. McPherson, who has gone to Calgary.

Mrs. J. J. Smith will receive for the first time since coming to Grand Forks, at her home on Main street, on Tuesday afternoon, April 16, from 4 to 6 o'clock.

LEMONS WHITEN AND BEAUTIFY THE SKIN

Make this beauty lotion cheaply for your face, neck, arms and hands.

At the cost of a small jar of ordinary cold cream one can prepare a full quarter pint of the most wonderful lemon skin softener and complexion beautifier, by squeezing the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle containing three ounces of orchard white. Care should be taken to strain the juice through a fine cloth so no lemon pulp gets in, then this lotion will keep fresh for months. Every woman knows that lemon juice is used to bleach and remove such blemishes as freckles, sallowness and tan and is the ideal skin softener, whitener and beautifier.

Just try it! Get three ounces of orchard white at any drug store and two lemons from the grocer and make up a quarter pint of this sweetly fragrant lemon lotion and massage it daily into the face, neck, arms and hands. It is marvelous to smoothen rough, red hands.

For Jewellery, Watches and Clocks

Go to

Timberlake, Son & Co.

"Quality Jewellers"

Specialty: Fine Watch Repairs.

"In God's name, what are eggs and tea compared with final victory?"

You can read The Sun one year for \$1.00.

BOOT REPAIRING

TAKE your repairs to Armon, shoe repairer. The Hub. Look for the Big Boot.

WANTED

CHIEF OF POLICE of City of Grand Forks, B. C. Duties, to commence May 1st, 1918, consists mainly of those pertaining to Police Department, spare time to be utilized in assisting in other City departments, when necessary.

Salary (to begin) \$105 per month, with two suits of clothes per year. Applicants must state qualifications, experience and references, height and weight. Married man preferred. Applications received by undersigned up till 5 p.m. on Monday, April 22nd, 1918.

JOHN A. HUTTON,
City Clerk.

SAFETY FIRST

When you are in the Boundary Country stay at the

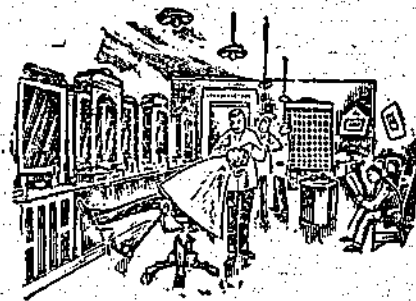
Hotel Province

GRAND FORKS, B. C.

A new brick and marble building, strictly fireproof, with iron fire escapes and 200 feet of 2 inch hose. Hot and cold water; bath on each floor; 52 bedrooms, barber shop, pool and billiard rooms; barber shop and sample rooms all under the same roof. We cater to tourist trade.

Yale Barber Shop

Razor Honing a Specialty



P. A. Z. PARE, Proprietor
YALE HOTEL, FIRST STREET

AUTO LIVERY AT YOUR SERVICE

Modern Rigs and Good Horses at All Hours at the

Model Livery Barn

M. H. Burns, Prop.
Phone 68 Second Street

HANSEN & CO

CITY BAGGAGE AND TRANSFER

ICE FOR SALE

OFFICE!
F. Downey's Cigar Store
TELEPHONES:
OFFICE, 186
HANSEN'S RESIDENCE, 133 First Street

BICYCLES

Our stock of bicycles and accessories is now complete. Our new 1918

CLEVELAND AND WINCHESTER

Bicycles can not be beat in finish and quality. Before buying anything in the bicycle line get my prices first. Don't order out of town. I will give you close prices, and I only sell first-class goods.

SQUARE AND HONEST DEALING. A large assortment of different styles of Tires and Tubes for bicycles and motor cycles always in stock. I carry everything in stock in the bicycle line, for both English and Canadian styles, and I have a full equipment of tools for all kinds of repairing. I also sell first grade of heavy motor cycle oil. Send me your bicycle and I will see that you are satisfied.

I ALSO DO BLACKSMITHING in all its branches, Woodwork, Brazing, Oxy-Acetylene Welding, etc. Open on Saturday night till 10 o'clock. BICYCLES SOLD ON TERMS.

J. R. MOOYBOER

Blacksmith and Bicycle Dealer

Opposite Grand Forks Garage

Our Allies Must Be Fed

DESPITE war conditions, we have not as yet felt the pinch of hunger in Canada. Consequently, it is difficult for us to realize the grave need for increased food production in order that others may be fed. At no time is Europe self-supporting in the matter of food. After nearly four years of war, our Allies are living from hand to mouth, depending entirely on the safe arrival of food ships from across the Atlantic.

Because of our comparative nearness to our Allies, and because of our wide, fertile areas, this continent must continue to feed Europe. If we fail, hundreds of thousands of people may starve and our armies be denied a conclusive victory.

A bumper crop, a record harvest and increased meat production in Canada will be worth the winning of many battles to the Empire and our Allies at this critical period.

Increased Production Imperative

Canada must raise for export at least 250,000,000 bushels of wheat more in 1918 than in 1917, to enable the Allies to maintain even their present restricted rations.

They shall NOT starve!—
make that your slogan.

Plans have been formulated which, on the authority of The Director of Agricultural Labor, positively ensure that labor will be provided

when needed, to harvest the maximum crop. Authorities agree that the world-wide shortage of food will continue for years after the war. The farmer is assured a ready and profitable market for all the grain and meat that he can produce.

The Empire depends on the Canadian Farmer to "carry on."



CANADA FOOD BOARD

Henry D. Thompson

Chairman