Okanagan Commoner

IN WHICH IS MERGED THE ENDERBY PRESS AND WALKER'S WEEKLY.

Vol. 14, No. 30, Whole No. 715. Thursday, December 29, 1921 Subscription $3 per year

Enderby Skating Season Opens with Blare of Trumpets

The opening of the new agricultural hall-rink building was celebrated Wednesday evening, when the boys remaining of the Enderby band turned out and enlivened the festivities. It was a glad day for Enderby—particularly the juvenile element—to realize that after all these years of saying "it can't be did," the thing had actually been done, and the town had a covered rink for winter sports, possibly the largest in the valley and as substantially built as could be. It was a real pleasure for all, and the fun waxed hilarious several hours—on the skating ice and on each of the curling sheets.

Much credit is due the untiring efforts of several members of the self-constituted building and ice committee, and to Constable Bailey, who worked under every conceivable difficulty to get water into the rink, and to the boys of Enderby for their good work in building the ict.

To Mr. Grant, who took full charge of the work of building, credit is also given for the substantial structure.

The building over all is, in round figures, 100x200 feet. It is built for agricultural show purposes as well as for rink, and will make an ideal building for fall fairs, etc.

The skating ice is 60x180, and the curling sheets 16 feet width. A 5-foot walk, protected by wire netting and a 4-foot panel separates the skating ice from the curling sheets, and gives spectators easy view of either the skating or curling.

In the rear of the building, a 14-ft door is hung, to be used for driving live stock, crates, etc., in and out of the building at fair time.

Two large dressing rooms are provided at the entrance, and doors into these lead to a raised platform looking out upon the ice, and from which one can enter either of the curling sheets or the skating ice. Over the entrance platform is a balcony of 10 or 12 feet width, from which the play on all sheets is clearly seen.

At the entrance end of each of the curling sheets, is a dressing room, where lockers will be built for the curling stones, etc., and into each of these rooms is an entrance independent of that of the main building.

The hockey boys already have had considerable practice on the ice, and are fast whipping into shape for the season's schedule games, which soon will be announced.

The curling club as getting its rinks lined up preparatory for the opening schedule games. And all skaters,—big and little, old and young, fat and lean, short and long, hilarious and sober—have had their skates sharpened ready for the fray.

Judging by weather prognostications, we shall have eight or ten weeks of skating and curling this winter after January 1st, the real winter period to start in dead earnest after the 10th. With this outlook the winter sport period should be made most enjoyable to all by all.

All interested in curling who have not yet signed up for the season, will facilitate drawing up the rinks and getting started on the schedule by at once giving their names to Geo.Rands or E. B. Dill.

Season tickets will be ready today and can be purchased from Mr. Mackay and others at $2 for children up to 14; $3 for ladies, $4 for men, $8 for family of four, $1 for each additional child.

ENDERBY BRIEFS

Write it 1922, and help to make it the Happiest and Most Prosp rous of your lifetime: that's our best wish to you—EVERYBODY.

R. R. Gibbs is visiting his sister and brother-in-law, Mr. and Mrs. E Harrap, from Victoria.

Rev. Mr. and Mrs. Blay are enjoying a visit from their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Blay, of Alberta.

Rupert Davy was a visitor from Mara Wednesday. He reports all well, with due reservation for the common after-Christmas feeling.

When Santa Claus visited St. Andrew's Church Tuesday evening, he was greeted by a happy crowd. Previous to the appearance of Santa the children delighted the audience with a program of song and recitations. After Santa had given to each a gift and a bag of candies he took his departure, and as he went off to get his reindeer hitched up, he was accompanied by shouts of the children to "Come back again next year."

The children of St. George's Sunday School were made happy last evening when their Christmas tree exercises were held in Parish Hall. They were served with refreshments at 5 o'clock, after which Santa Claus distributed the presents. Then a lantern slide entertainment was given of "Peter Pan," and other interesting numbers for the children. Following the going home of the little ones, the larger children and their friends and parents cleared the floor and enjoyed dancing.

Add to the Woodpile

Foster's weather forecast warns against real winter weather about the 10th of January, and thence on a severe cold spell. "Unusually warm weather will prevail all over the continent for several days near Dec. 28, and then look out for way down temperatures, bad storms everywhere, rains south, snows and blizzards north, but no deep snows and no general heavy rains. The precipitation will average unusually small for such great storms. These storms are expected to be on meridian 90 near Dec. 29, the countries west of that line one to three days earlier and east of it one or two days later. A great warm wave will precede these storms and a great cold wave follow them."

There's only one thing that'll mix with business, an' that's printer's ink.

What Hydro is Doing for Manitoba May be Done Here

Until a few years ago conditions relating to hydro-electric power development in the Province of Manitoba were very similar to what they are today in British Columbia. Private companies and individuals were taking these natural resources to themselvvs and turning them into private gain at the expense of the people. The development of the Province was then slow. Then in 1919 an act to provide for the transmission of electric power was passed by the Manitoba government. This Act provided for the appointment of the Manitoba Power Commission, under whose direction the provincial hydro development is now going on. Since this commission was appointed the city of Portage la Prairie, and the towns of Carman, Roland and Morden have been connected up with the hydro-electric system belonging to the city of Winnipeg, and, we are informed by the Commissioner, it is intended to extend the hydro to Brandon, Gladstone, and finally that the whole province shall be served by a network of high tension lines.

As a concerted action by the Power Commission the development of the sections served has been like magic. A later bill, passed in 1921, amends the transmission Act to allow any municipality or unincorporated village to come within the limits of the Act, and in this way all the farming community along the way eventually is to be serveed by substations established at intersecting points.

We have no such an Act in the Provinec of British Columbia; at the same time there is nothing in the way of certain districts situated as we are in the Okanagan incorporating as a county for the development of our hydro-powers in the interest of the people served.

Incorporation of the Okanagan for such a purpose, and the issuance of bonds even to the extent of half a million dollars, would be an advertisement worth ten fold that amount to the district. It would prove to the world the confidence we have in our district, and, more, it would demonstrate that, instead of supinely waiting for the government to provide the means, we have determined as a district to accept the responsibility for putting is over as well as to reap the benefits to be derived therefrom.

Under an abundant flow of "juice" from a plant at Shuswap Falls, and possibly, later, under the same system, another plant installed at the Skookumchuck, to supply this section as the load became too heavy for the Shuswap Falls plant, we soon should see every acre of land in the Okanagan producing a harvest and every home the picture of prosperity and plenty.

There are innumerable manufacturing industries which could be established in the Okanagan if we had an abundant supply of hydro-electric power. One of the prime factors in the moving of the Columbia Flouring Mills from Enderby was the fact that electric power was not available. It is no exaggeration to say that the population of every town in the district would double and trebble in a short time if we had cheap electric power for industries not now located here.

XMAS TREE ENTERTAINMENT

A most successful children's cantata in conjunction with the Christmas tree was given in the Methodist Church on Friday evening last. The Church was appropriately decorated for the occasion. A platform was built extending from the Sunday School rooms to the choir stand, and this gave ample room for the several exercises in connection with the play "When the Star Shone."

The Chairman in his opening remarks explained that it was the purpose of tht ladies who trained the children to strike a higher note than that of merely fun and laughter, and desired the exercises to leave an impression on their minds that they would not forget about the birth of Jesus, and the star that shone on that first Christmas morn, the story of the play being one that showed the effect of that birth upon the children and the homes of all nations.

The work of the children was very well done and was instructive and interesting throughout, holding the attention of the large audience from start to finish.

"The Beautiful Star" was sung by May Eadie; Turkey was represented by Bob Baird; India by Agnes Miller; China by Wesley Baird; Japan by Alice Stevenson; Africa by Tom Birrell, George Hughes, Melville Birrell and Katie Baird; Belgium by Edwin Bertram; Holland by Wesley Baird; Switzerland by Dorothy Stevtnson; Norway by Agnes Miller; Sweden by Alice Stevenson; Poland by Nelson Stevenson and Margaret LaRoy; Islands of the Sea, Luella Bader; Antoinette Paradis, May Eadie and May Miller; Canada by a group of dainty little girls and Master Aristides Gibson.

The evening was brought to a close by a drill cleverly performed by May Miller, Bessit Airth. Agnes Miller, Alice Stevenson, May Eadie and Antoinette Paradis. The arrival of Santa Claus and the giving of gifts to the children concluded a very happy evening.

In spite of the high cost of gasoline in Cuba, alcohol is used in automobiles in place of the ordinary fuel. The price of gasoline has dropped from 54 cents to 45 cents a gallon. Alcohol is selling at 35 cents a gallon, which is susceptible to reduction if gasoline continues to drop.

On the Open Road with Hank Reklaw

Under the caption, "playing with fire," the Kitsilano Times says:

"Capital had better look sharp. There is a lot of unemployment in the country, but employers, if they are wise, will not take too great an advantage of it. The wheel will turn. The underdog of today will be on the top of the heap tomorrow. If there ever was a time capital had a chance to make itself solid with labor by playing fair, now is that time. On the other hand, if capital takes advantage of present-day conditions to bulldoze labor, it will kindle a fire of hatred which years will not quench. Watch your step, you men in control."

It is interesting to see, here and there, newspapers taking up this subject, which is of such vital importance to the country at this time. Our men in control. Provincial and Dominion, are taking considerable credit to themselves for having done, and for continuing to do, so much to aid the unemployed. They point to the millions of dollars appropriated to be doled out to men who cannot find employment to keep them from starving and to hush the cry of discontent.

In every large city of the Dominion thousands of men are living upon the public dole. Some are put to work a day or two a week; others are housed and fed in reconcentration camps; others are fed by direct allowance from government appropriations.

These things may be the only thing to do under existing circumstances and in order to keep peace, but it is a mighty poor recommendation for the existing order of things to have in this Canada of ours where there is so much need for developement and for men to be set to work upon our farm lands, in forests, in mines, in factories, in fisheries, etc, to have thousands,—able bodied and willing to work—housed and fed in and out of concentration camps. What the men of Canada need is not public dole, but the chance to work. Our politicians and financiers may pride themselves on having fed the hungry by public dole, but this sort of thing cannot long continue. It is poor business to have to feed men at public soup kitchens, while at the same time industries are closing down and increasing the army of unemployed, forced out of business through excessive taxation, exhorbitant transportation charges and radical tariff regulations which leave no profit to the producer and take away the incentive to produce or to own property.

What is a friend? I will tell you. It is a person with whom you dare to be yourself. Your soul can go naked with him. He seems to ask of you to put on nothing, only to be what you are. He does not want you to be better or worse. When you are with him you feel as a prisoner feels who has been declared innocent. You do not have to be on your guard. You can say what you think as long as it is genuinely you.

He understands those contradictions in your nature that leads others to misjudge you. With him you breathe free. You can take off your coat and loosen your collar. You can avow your little vanities and envies and hates and vicious sparks, your meanness and absurdities, and in opening them up to him they are lost, dissolved on the white ocean of his loyalty.

He understands. You do not have to be careful. You can abuse him—neglect him—tolerate him. He likes you. He is like a fire that purges all you do. He is like the water that cleanses all you say. He is like wine that warms you to the bone. You can weep with him, laugh with him, sin with him, pray with him. Through and underneath it all he sees, knows and loves you. A friend, I repeat, is one with whom you dare to be yourself.—Kansas City Post

The "crowned heads of Europe," are few and getting fewer. Today they are King Albert, King George and King Alfonso; and they rule not the people but by the will or sufferance of the pepole.

INCREASED FIXED CHARGES

These are some of the increases in fixed charges which lumber mills in B C. have to pay, in addition, of course, to the increase in cost of getting out logs, materials, machinery, etc.: Stumpage, to the Provincial Government, raised from 50c per 1000 to 87 1-2c; Dominion stumpage tax, 50c to $1.00. Freight rate increased from 20 1-2 per 100 to 37c, or an increase of $4 per 1000.

These charges do not include the increase in personal property tax; they do not include the tax on bank drafts and way bills, on cheques, on notes, etc., etc., or the sales tax on everything bought and sold.

And almost every other industry is as hard hit as the lumber industry, which possibly accounts for so many of them going out of business and increasing the army of unemployed, who are being fed by the governments. A wise system, eh, what!

Enderby's Share of Liquor Profits

Enderby received her share of booze profits from the Provincial Government last week, amounting to $558.83. This covers only the liquor sales for the first quarter's operation of the Liquor Act, ending Sept. 30th. If the number of club bags travelling to and from Vernon Christmas week is any criterion as to the rest of this dry Province, Enderby's share for that week alone should be another $500 at least.

All told, the booze revenue coming to Enderby should be upwards of two thousand a year. This, with the revenue coming from other sources allowed by the Provincial Government, should mean $4,000 or $5,000 a year for Enderby, which would mean that the rate of municipal taxation on real estate could be substantially reduced.

A Cheap Turkish Bath

Telephone Operator, to victim who has been patiently trying to signal her — "Did you want a number?"

Exasperated Man in the telephone booth—"Oh, no I'm in here because it's the only place where I can get a Turkish bath for a nickel."

Okanagan Commoner

In which is merged The Enderby Press and Walker's Weekly

Published every Thursday at Enderby, B. C., by the Walker Press. at $3 per year; $1.50 six months.

H. M. WALKER

(Member of the United Typothetae of America)

Advertising Rates

Contract or Regular—40c a single-column inch up to half page; over half-page, 30c an inch each insertion.

Transient or irregular—50c an inch; cash to accompany copy to insure publication.

Want Ads—20c per line first insertion, 10c per line each subsequent insertion. Count 6 words to line.

Local Notices—20c per line; Local readers, 10c line.

Cards of Thanks, $1.00.

Thursday, December 29, 1921

Municipal Elections

This week some indication of interest is in evidence in connection with the municipal elections which are to take place early in January.

A petition was circulated on Friday last and generously signed, asking Mayor Barnes to stand for re-election. On Saturday another petition was circulated asking Mr. Smedley to accept the nomination for mayor.

Neither Mayor Barnes nor Mr. Smedley is anxious to undertake the job. After serving a number of years Mr. Barnes feels he has filled the office long enough and would gladly step aside. Mr. Smedley has no mayoralty aspirations, though he, as well as Mr. Barnes, might be induced to take up the duties of the office if they were convinced that they could be of service to the people in so doing.

In this connection, there is this to be said in favor of Mr. Barnes continuing: Mr. Smedley has had no aldermanic experience, and in justice to himself and the people any aspirant to the mayoralty should have served at least a year or two as alderman.

An effort is to be made to induce Alderman Coltart to again undertake the work, though he has expressed a definite desire to retire and get out of civic duties entirely.

For several years Mr. Coltart has been chairman of the finance committee of the civic body, and has ever been a faithful and untiring worker in the interest of Enderby and the district. To his safe and sane guidance much is due from the citizens of Enderby for the excellent financial condition of the city's finances at this time. While not a resident of the city, enough of Mr. Coltart's property is within the city limits to qualify him for the positon of alderman. The past two years Mr. Coltart has occupied the position in the public interest much more than in his own. Faithfully at all times Mr. Coltart has served on the council, often at considerable sacrifice of his time and comfort. In the recent controversy regarding the river park ground provided by the city in connection with the rink-agricultural hall building, Alderman Coltart took issue with the committee in the matter of change of site for the building, and for doing so he was accused of "knocking" the project. As a matter of fact, well known by many, Alderman Coltart was boosting the rink-agricultural-park project to his fellow farmers and others when those by whom he was accused were themselves doing the "knocking". Alderman Coltart's protest in connection with the change of site was and is based upon sound judgement. He contended that certain contributions to the building fund were sought and obtained upon a definitely accepted plan which left nothing unsettled or uncertain; whereas the change of building site compleates matters by placing the building with ten lots to be dealt with between the park site and the building. And with a further liability thrust upon the shareholders of having placed the building over a registered street or lane without having applied to have the same legally closed. This, Mr. Coltart contended, was not keeping faith with the subscribers for stock, and placed them and the city at the mercy of the lot owners between the building and the park ground.

And, whether those responsible for the change like Mr. Coltart's logic, or do not like it, it will be up to them to answer to the shareholders for getting the rink-hall-park project out of the muddle they put it into.

And, whether Mr. Coltart can be induced to remain on the council or not, he will have retained the confidence of all citizens and their gratitude for services faithfully rendered.

Alderman Burnham has definitely stated that he will not stand again, while Aldermen Gaylord and Mackay are non-committal.

The election may clarify the atmosphere if it does nothing more.

Meighen the Opposition Leader

An Ottawa dispatch asks: "who will lead the official opposition in the next house?" and then proceeds to say:

"Immediately following the general election, Hon. T. A. Crerar, leader of the National Progressves and head of the largest group in opposition to the coming Liberal ministry, was regarded as the natural leader of official opposition But subsequent developements have brought a Liberal-Progressive alliance within the bounds of possibility. Should it be brought about, Mr. Crerar, instead of opposing, will support the government. Conservatives will then naturally become the official opposition and Right Hon. Arthur Meighen, if he decides to remain in politics, will be its leader. Mr. Meighen will, however, have to secure a seat,"

In this connection the Vancouver Farm and Home speaks for all when it says:

"Following the resignation of the Hon. Arthur Meighen as Prime Minister of Canada he will not even be a member of Parliament as he was defeated by a narrow majority in his own constituency.

"It is highly regrettable that a man of such brilliance, high mentality and oratorical ability should stand in danger of his position as leader of his party; many of those who were loudest in their praise so long as he occupied a position of authority are now only lukewarm in their loyalty to a leader who served and led them with greater determination and seriousness than his followers will ever realize in his lifetime. He failed to win a return to power for his party and now the quiet voices of the party organizations are threatening to cast him off.

"Arthur Meighen is a man of patriotism, honor splendid intelligence and great seriousness no matter what his faults may be, and Canada needs men of this type in her public life; if ever it was true that "Canada needs Meighen" it is true today. The leadership of his party in Opposition will ripen him to greater public usefulness and give him a training where he is now deficient. The consensus of opinion in Canada today is that Meighen must not be betrayed by his party. As Premier the country does not want him, but both Liberals and Conservatives as well as Progressives will agree that such a man as Meighen must not be lost by parliament.

"If he cannot find a constituency in eastern Canada, w can very quickly provide him with one in British Columbia. High quality in the leadership of the Opposition is as necessary as it is on the government benches, and if Arthur Meighen will do British Columbia the honor to stand in one of our ridings all shades of poitical workers will unite to give him either an acclamaton or an overwhelming election against any opponent."

Sockeye Salmon—and Politics

It is not usual for Canadian officials to attempt to put anything over on American officials, but a week or two ago, in a conference between Canadian fishery officials and fishery officials of the State of Washhington, an attempt was made at political jugglery which failed so miserably that our own officials had the laugh turned on them, and the Americans went home without coming to an agreement, and the situation in regard to the depletion of sockeye salmon remains unchanged.

The Vancouver Sun tells how it happened.

"The whole conference was a weak attempt at political jugglery," it says, "and in this respect the Candian officials were the offenders. Instead of getting down to a practical investigation of conditions the Canadian representatives tried to bind the conferenc to an absurd vow of secrecy until the new Ottawa cabinet had ratified any agreement that might be reached.

The suggestion of the Canadian officials was that a closed season be declared on sockeye salmon up to and including the year 1926. If after that time, it was found that the closed season had been a success and sockeye salmon were again increased sufficiently in numbers, it was proposed by the Canadians that American fishing in Puget Sound be debarred from using seine nets or traps.

Since Canadian fishermen in the Fraser use gill nets almost exclusively, and since the rough waters of the Sound make gill net fishing almost impossibe and the use of seine nets and traps imperative, this suggestion meant that neither Canadians nor Americans would catch any sockeye until 1927 and after that Canadian fishermen would catch them all.

Naturally the American officials rejected this plan.

Such attempts at trickery as this do not commend themselves to the Canadan people, British Columbians want to see the sockeye fishing industry re-estabished on a sound, pure and just basis. There is no need for secrecy nor jugglery.

A closed season on sockeye salmon for a term of years is essential if the industry in this Province is not to be entirely wiped out. The need now is greater than ever for an independent advisory board, composed of practical fishermen and canners, to make recommendations to the new Ottawa Government so that the Marine Department may settle the matter in a way satisfactory to British Columbians.

Hon. J. W. Deb. Farris, attorney-general and minister of labor in the Oliver government, resigned these offices last week and is intending to get out of politics and back into private practice. The wise ones see in this resignation a desire to "get out from under" before the crash, which is on the way and soon to arrive.

"Marse Henry" Waterson, the pioneer newspaperman of Florida, and a man beloved by news papermen throughout America, died at a Jacksonville hotel on the 22nd. Death was due to pueunomia.

New Year Greetings

We thank the people of Enderby and District for the liberal patronage of the past year, and wish, one and all, the most prosperous of New Years, in which we hope to merit a continuance of past business relations.

McMAHON & MACK

HEAVY AND SHELF HARDWARE PLUMBING AND FITTING

ESTABLISHED 1872

Many people fail to save because the amounts which they are able to put to one side seem too small to be worth saving. Make a trial. Open a deposit account with the Bank of Hamilton, and you will be surprised to find how rapidly your savings accumulate.

BANK OF HAMILTON

L. G. TYLER, Local Manager ENDERBY, B. C.

New Prices--OVERLANDS

$885 f.o.b. Toronto

A year ago the price was $1455

How is that for price reduction?

Jas. McMahon & Son Enderby

ENDERBY BAKERY

Special for New Years Day

Short Bread
Buns
Cream Puffs
Pastry
Doughnuts
Cakes

Bread is your best & cheapest food; eat more of it—12 Loaves for $1.00

Best Wishes for 1922

Here's to each and all of our customers and Enderby and District friends: May 1922 be the best year of all for each of us. Thank you for your patronage in the past. Let us serve you in the future.

Teece & Son Phone 48 Flour, Feed & Groceries

KING EDWARD

A name that stands for the best in hotel service

King Edward Hotel P. H. MURPHY Proprietor Enderby

Counter Check Books Can be supplied by your home printer at a saving to you, Mr. Merchant.

THAT'S DIPLOMACY, GIRLS

The "dear thing" entered the office smilingly and stated that she was a stenographer and came in reply to his ad. The boss surveyed her with int-rest. She was very nice to look upon —would make a splendid stenog. The boss rubbed his bald head and inquired:

"Who was you last employer?" It was the customary interrogation, you know.

"Smith company."

"How long were you in their employ?"

"A very short time."

"Uh! Did you—er—quit?"

"I was fired."

The boss frowned.

"Uh huh! May I inquire why?"

"Well, you see, Mrs. Smith was always bobbing into the office."

"Yes."

"And one day—"

"Go on."

"And—say, what salary goes with this job?"

"Well, business is not very—"

"As I was saying, one day Mrs. Smith came rushing in, and—"

"Yes."

"Caught me kissing my employer. I would not accept a position at less than $40 a week."

"A mere trifle, miss; a mere trifle. You start in the morning."

Trappers

I will pay **YOUR PRICE** for furs or return goods at my expense.
Reference Canadian Bank of Commerce.

J. H. P. MUNRO
REVELSTOKE, B.C.

GEO. R. SHARPE
Wholesale and Retail Butcher
Enderby, B. C.

E. WATERSON
ENDERBY, B. C.
Estimates given on any job of brick & stone work; building of fire places and chimneys, etc.

A. C. SKALING, B. A.
Barrister, Solicitor,
Notary Public.
INSURANCE
BELL BLK. ENDERBY, B.C.

Notary Public
Insurance and General Agent
JAS. DICKSON
Bell Block Enderby

ENDERBY LODGE
No. 85, K. of P.
Meets 1st & 3rd Monday eve in Masonic Hall. Visitors cordially invited to attend.
G. A. RANDS, C. C
H. M. WALKER, K. R. S
R. J. COLTART, M. F.

EUREKA LODGE NO 50
I. O. O. F.
Meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock. Visiting brothers cordially invited.
G. S. DUNCAN, N.G. E. A. SPARROW, V.G.
H. A. TEECE, Sec.

A.F.&A.M.
Enderby Lodge No. 40
Regular meetings first Wednesday on or after the full moon at 8 p. m. in Masonic Hall. Visiting brethren cordially invited
W. J. LEMKE, W.M.
C. H. REEVES, Secretary.

SESSION OF LEGISLATURE

What It was Called to Do and What It Did

W. K. Esling, Rossland's member in the Provincial House, gives in the Rossland Miner his impressions of the recent session of Legislature, called three months ahead of the usual time, ostensibly to provide aid for municipalities. This aid, as forecasted by the government members in reply to the speech from the throne, was to have been raised by a one per cent. income tax, from which there should be no exemptions, so that the girl in the telephone office, store or dining room, as well as the miner, were to pay one per cent on their pay check to the government. This met with such strong protest that even the Government followers refused to support it, so the policy was changed.

Then came a new proposal to credate a distinct personal property tax and give it to the municipalities, while the Government would take over the income tax. This too, the Government was unable to carry and so it once again changed its policy and decided to increase the tax on automobiles by fifty per cent. and give the municipalit es one third of the revenue as well as five per cent. on race track bets. It was not popular, but the Government had to do something and this was all it could offer.

"In the brief period of eight months of this year the Oliver Government has borrowed 17 millions. This means an additional tax on every man and woman in the Province of $30 per year. Then they put through a loan bill of five millions and have authority to borrow another $9,500,000. The total borrowings have been $42,000,000 and the additional $14,500,000 which they have been authorized to borrow, will make a total of $56,500,000 in bond issues, in five years. "In thirteen years of the Conservative administration," says Mr. Esling, "the total bond issues were only $12,000,000 while taxes from all sources were one-third of what they are today."

CO-OPERATION,S HIGHER APPEAL

A Nebraska farmer on a visit to Denmark to study the marvellously successful and comprehensive system of agriculture co-operation in vogue there, recently sent the following significant observations on the subject to the institution in whose behalf he is conducting his investigations:

"To-day Denmark is a garden. A century ago, in 1813, the State of Dermark became bankrupt. Lack of food cripple business energy, and consequently the great business houses in Copenhagen were bankrupt. In this darkest hour, we had a new beginning —Danish peasantry changing from a poor, ignorant, submerged class to a well-to-do, educated people. Yes, even to the extent that to-day the farmers exert the chief influence upon the kingdom's doings. The Prime Minister of Denmark is a member of the party controlled by the farmers, and consequently the farmers are the power in Denmark's government to-day. The Danish people to-day believe, that this change, in a great part, is owing to a single man—N. F. S. Grundtvig, clergyman and poet, the Danish people's spiritual leader in the 19th century. This great leader of the people created a new form of education for young people which taught them the Christian foundation of co-operation. As I have talked with farmers, school leaders, agricultural leaders and leaders in co-operative establishments, they all point to this early public education as the Genesis of co-operation. People must learn, feel, and live co-operation before it will work successfully. Isn't the school and home the place to begin?"

I might say, that this is precisely the point of view I have endeavored to bring to the serious attention of Review readers for years. We have made little progress in co-operative effort in Western Canada, for the simple reason, that our educational propaganda has been largely leased on retaliation against those "interests" we deem have injured us. We have overlooked the spiritual side of the problem. An appeal based on intolerance and hatred is futile. Co-operation cannot succeed permanently until the individual farmer is prepared to make his sacrifices to help the "under dog." That, rather than commercial self-interest, must become the propelling power in the early stages of such movements, which must grow slowly and laboriously into successful enterprises.—Farm and Ranch Review

Old and New McGill.

JAMES McGILL
Founder of
McGill University

E. W. BEATTY.
McGill's New Chancellor

Although the centenary celebrations at Montreal indicate that McGill University is already a hundred years old, the roots of that great educational institution reach still further into the past. In the fascinating volume "McGill and Its Story" just published, Cyrus MacMillan, the author, states that the British settlers in Lower Canada, after the conquest of Quebec were eager that their children should have at least an elementary education. It was felt, too, that in the unrest and the uncertainty of the period immediately following the American Revolution it was not advisable to send students in search of higher professional training to the universities of the United States which in the days of their British allegiance had attracted Canadian students in large numbers.

Efforts were accordingly made to establish a system of free schools with the hope that later a university might be founded. As a result of the agitation for the providing of educational opportunities in Lower Canada, The Royal Institute for the Advancement of Learning was established under this Act, the King gave directions for the establishment "of a competent number of Free Schools for the instruction of children in the first rudiments of useful learning; and also as occasion should require for foundations of a more comprehensive nature." Accordingly, elementary free schools were soon erected in different parts of the Province, one-room buildings of cedar logs. Indeed, they were mere log-huts, but they provided the first free English Education in Lower Canada, and laid the foundation for a Canadian nationality. The Secretary's salary was always many months in arrears, and he frequently complained, with unfortunately but little satisfaction, that not only had he given his time for some years without remuneration, but that he had expended even his own fuel and candles. It was not unusual for teachers to be censured "for not keeping school at all," or for giving too many holidays, or for tardiness in opening school in the morning and eagerness in closing it in the afternoon. At least one teacher was warned that his arrears in salary would not be paid and that he would be instantly dismissed "if he did not treat his wife with greater kindness."

The Royal Institution for the Advancement of Learning supervised the establishment of McGill College and directed it in its infancy, for under the Act of 1801 all property and money given for educational purposes in the Province of Lower Canada was placed under its control. James McGill is described by his contemporaries as of "a frank and social temperament"; in figure, "tall and commanding, handsome in youth, and becoming somewhat corpulent in his old age," and in his leisure "much given to reading." James McGill died in 1813 and in his will bequeathed to the Royal Institution for the Advancement of Learning, in trust, the sum of £10,000 and his Burnside Estate of forty-six acres, together with the dwelling house and other buildings for the erection on the estate, and the endowment, of a University or College.

The first Principal of McGill was the Reverend George Jehoshaphat Mountain, who was appointed Principal in 1824 while the university was only a name. The official opening did not take place till June 24th, 1829, and was attended by what the contemporary press called a gathering of "numerous and respectable individuals." Anxious years marked the early history of McGill, due to lack of funds and quarrels between the Board of the Royal Institution and the Governors of the College. In November, 1848, the Governors had only the sum of £54 at their disposal. They divided it between the Bursar and the two Lecturers in proportion to the amount of salary in arrears and as a result the Lecturer in French, M. Montier, received £2 14s. as his share from January 1st, 1848, to November 29th, 1848. That was the full amount of salary received by him during the year; but he still, says the author, had his cow and his garden!

Dr. D. C. Maccalum wrote an account of medical student life about this time. "A large proportion of the students," he said, "were men verging on, or who had passed, middle age. Indeed, several of them were married men and the heads of families. There was sufficient of the youthful, however, to keep things lively, 'Footing Suppers,' practical jokes, and special country excursions to secure material for practical anatomy were of frequent occurrence. The last, involving as it did a certain amount of danger, commended itself particularly to the daring spirits of the class, who were always ready to organize and lead an excursion having that object in view. These excursions were not at all times successful, and the participators in them were sometimes thwarted in their attempts and had to beat a precipitate retreat to save themselves from serious threatened injury.

The first real progress was made when the late Sir William Dawson became Principal. "When I accepted the principalship of McGill," he said in his reminiscences, "I had not been in Montreal, and knew the college and the men connected with it only by reputation. I first saw it in October, 1855. Materially it was represented by two blocks of unfinished and partly ruinous buildings, standing amid a wilderness of excavators' and masons' rubbish overgrown with weeds and bushes. The grounds were unfenced and were pastured at will by herds of cattle, which not only cropped the grass, but browsed on the shrubs, leaving unhurt only one great elm, which still stands as the 'founder's tree,' and a few old oaks and butternut trees, most of which have had to give place to our new buildings. The only access from the town was by a circuitous and ungraded cart track, almost impassable at night. The buildings had been abandoned by the new Board, and the classes of the Faculty of Arts were held in the upper story of a brick building in the town, the lower part of which was occupied by the High School."

A direct appeal for financial assistance was then made to the citizens of Montreal. It met with an encouraging response, which greatly relieved the situation, and was what Dr. Dawson, forty years later, called "the beginning of a stream of liberality which has floated our University barque up to the present date."

The more recent expansion of McGill to its present strong position is well known. The appointment of Sir Arthur Currie as Principal and the still more recent election of Mr. E. W. Beatty, President of the Canadian Pacific Railway, as Chancellor have given it a practical administration which is calculated to ensure its continued progress as an essentially National University. In the Epilogue to his volume Professor MacMillan writes: "There is a new spirit in McGill. To-day its pulsing life, under the guidance of its great Canadian leader, reaches through all grades and faculties and departments of its students as it has never done before. There is a general forward movement unhampered and undivided by considerations or competitions of sections or of faculties. The University is closer, too, than it once was to the current of national feeling. It is seeking to Minister to Canada, the land which gave it birth and from which its greatness sprang. But while it will serve Canada, it will continue to draw its students, like the true "Studium Generale," from every country on the globe, and to send them back to serve their individual countries to advance the enlightenment of the world. McGill's first-century has been a century of trial, but a century of great accomplishment of the world." The publishers of "McGill and its Story" are S. B. Gundy, of the Oxford University Press, Toronto, in Canada, and John Lane in London, England, and the John Lane Company in New York.

FEED PLENTIFULLY

To get eggs out of a hen in winter you must put into the hen egg producing food. Just about this time of year the average amateur and farm poultryman receives a distinct disappointment: his egg receipts fall off and threaten to undo all the profits of heavy Spring and early Summer production. Cold weather, rain, snow and a score of factors tend to reduce the egg-laying capacity of even good layers and the utmost care is necessary to get profitably over the year. for it must be remembered that if a poultryman doesn't make a goodly profit on the period from October to February his year's work is endangered.

Returns available show that sixty five candidates lost their $200, deposits and that a sum of $13,000 accrued to the Dominion treasury as a result.

THE BUSINESS OUTLOOK

The rain it poured,
The sea it roared,
The sky was draped in black;
The old ship rolled,
She pitched and bowled,
And lost her charted track.

"Oh dear! oh, dear!
Sir, will she clear?"
Loud wailed a dame on deck.
And as they heaved the lead
The skipper said,
"She allus has, by heck!"

He meant to insure his house but it burned before he got around to it.

CHURCH SERVICES

METHODIST CHURCH

Pastor, Capt. Rev. J. G. Gibson

Sunday School at 2.30 p.m. Bible Class in conjunction with Sunday School; evening service at 7.30, subject, "The Challenge of the New Year." Everyone cordially invited.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH

Minister: Rev. John W. Stott, B. A.

NEW YEAR'S DAY

Services at 11 and 7.30; Sunday School at 10 a.m.; Hullcar at 3 p.m.

Let you motto for the New Year be, "Do all to the Glory of God."

ST. GEORGE'S CHURCH

Rev. Cecil A. Blay, Rector.

Enderby, Holy Communion, 8 a.m.
Grindrod, Holy Communion, 11 a.m.
Mara, Evensong, 3 p.m.
Enderby, Evensong, 7.30 p.m.

A hearty welcome and a Happy New Year to all.

CITY OF ENDERBY

Municipal Elections

Public Notice is hereby given to the Electors of the Municipality of the City of Enderby, that I require the presence of the said Electors at the City Hall, Enderby, on Monday, the 9th day of January, 1922, at 12 o'clock noon, for the purpose of electing persons to represent them in the Municipal Council as Mayor and Aldermen; a person to represent them on the Board of Police Commissioners in place of Richard John Coltart, whose term has expired; and a person to represent them on the Board of School Trustees in place of Thomas Andrew Bryant, whose term has expired.

The mode of Nomination of Candidates shall be as follows: The Candidate shall be nominated in writing; the writing shall be subscribed by two voters of the Municipality as proposer and seconder, and shall be delivered to the Returning Officer at any time between the date of this notice and 2 p.m. of the day of nomination: the said writing may be in the form numbered 5 in the Schedule of the Municipal Elections' Act, and shall state the names, residence, and occupation or description of each person proposed, in such manner as sufficiently to identify such candidate; and in the event of a poll being necessary, such poll will be opened on—

Thursday, January 12th, 1922

At the City Hall, Enderby, of which every person is required to take notice and govern himself accordingly.

The qualifications for a person to be nominated and elected Mayor are: That such person is a British subject of the full age of twenty-one years: is not disqualified under any law, and has been for the six months next preceding the day of nomination the registered owner, in the Land Registry Office, of land or real property in the city of the assessed value, on the last Municipal Assessment Roll, of one thousand dollars, or more, over and above any registered judgment or charge, and who is otherwise duly qualified as a municipal voter.

The qualifications for a person Alderman are: That such person is a British subject of the full age of twenty-one years: is not disqualified under any law, and has been for the six months next preceding the day of nomination the registered owner, in the Land Registry Office, of land or real property in the city of assessed value on the last Municipal Assessment Roll, of five hundred dollars, or more, over and above any registered judgment or charge, and who is otherwise duly qualified as a municipal voter.

The qualifications for a person to be nominated and elected as a Police Commissioner are: That such person is a British subject of the full age of twenty-one years: is not disqualified under any law, and has been for the six months next preceding the day of nomination the registered owner, in the Land Registry Office, of land or real property in the city of assessed value on the last Municipal Assessment Roll, of five hundred dollars, or more, over and above any registered judgment or charge, and who is otherwise duly qualified as a municipal voter.

The qualifications for a person to be nominated and elected as a School Trustee are: That such person is a British subject of the full age of twenty-one years, actually residing within the School District, and has been for the six months next preceding the day of nomination the registered owner, in the land registry office, of land or real property in the said school district, of the assessed value on the last municipal assessment roll, of five hundred dollars or more, over and above any registered judgment or charge, and who is otherwise qualified to vote at an election of school trustees in the said School District.

Given under my hand at the City Hall, Enderby, B.C., this 29th day of December, 1921.

GRAHAM ROSOMAN
Returning Officer.

MARA ITEMS

The annual Xmas tree entertainment took place on the 21st, and the children certainly had the time of their lives. At 5.30 all the little fellows (and there were no absentees) were seated at tables and did ample justice to the various good things provided. After that the adults had refreshments and up to 8.30 games were enjoyed. At 8.30 Santa appeared and distributed gifts to 100 children. Following this the floor was cleared for the children's dances, which continued until 11, then the night's refreshments were served and the floor turned over to the adults, who enjoyed a few hours dancing. During the evening the children were supplied with oranges and candies, and everything done to make them happy. It was declared to be the best Christmas tree Mara has ever had. There was a large crowd present from the surrounding district, and all gave great credit to the ladies who undertook the work and carried it out so successfully.

Mr. Rimmer and Mr. Goodrich are organizing a troop of Boy Scouts here

Miss Byng is spending the holiday with her sister and brother-in-law, Major and Mrs. Feilden.

Arthur Zettergreen came in from the Coast to spend Christmas with his mother.

James Campbell arrived from Vancouver on Saturday and is the guest of Rupert Davy.

George Butterworth spent Monday and Tuesday up the line.

GRINDROD NOTES

On Tuesday, the 22nd, the school children, assisted by adults, held the annual Christmas tree and concert. The hall was packed to the doors, about 300 being present. The program was varied and interesting. Dot Spence and Maddie Davidson won much applause when they danced the Highland Fling in costume. Bluebeard, acted by little tots, also won warm applause. The little ones were all dressed in the costumes of the East. The rest of the children went through their parts splendidly and deserve much praise. Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Rhodes' duets caused much amusement and were splendidly rendered. Songs by Mr. Charlesworth, Mrs. Wells and Mrs. Fyall, and a guitar solo by G. H. Wells were also very enthusiastically received. At the end of the last chorus the school children gave their school yell; some yell, too. Following this came the sketch "The Love Germ," put on by local people. In it the love germ worked freely. Much credit is due Mrs. Butchart, who so kindly helped the young people with her coaching. Santa Claus now appeared and stripped the tree of its many presents. Supper was then served and the rest of the evening was devoted to games and dancing. The donations for the Christmas tree amounted to $110, of which $109.60 was spent.

On Saturday night a sleigh load of Grindrod people went the rounds carol singing. They were very kindly received by everyone visited and had many a good cup of coffee and piece of cake. The party broke up at 2.30 with a determination to try it again next year.

Misses M. and D. Campbell are visiting friends in Hullcar a few days

Mrs. S. Smith, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Handcock for the holidays, returned to Vernon on Tuesday.

B. Halksworth, who spent Xmas with friends at Kidleston, returned on Tuesday night.

GRANDVIEW BENCH NOTES

Mr. and Mrs. Smith entertained a number of friends on Christmas day

Messrs. Clark & Mcausland are busy getting the machinery of their saw mill in place.

F. Dysart was in Enderby on Saturday.

A number of Grandview people took in the Christmas entertainment at Grindrod on Thursday night and all report having a good time.

J. Tomkinson and children, and Miss Hampton spent Christmas day with Mr. and Mrs. W. Tomkinson at Grindrod.

COMING EVENTS

Come and join the finest club in Enderby. It stands for the development of the physical and intellectual. Headquarters, Drill Hall, Friday evenings. First dance of the season, TO-NIGHT. Finest floor in the Valley; five-piece orchestra from Armstrong. A warm building assured; refreshments served.

This is to wish our old and new friends the old, old wish for a Happy New Year, and to thank all for the liberal patronage of the past year. May 1922 be the best of all to each of you.

GEO. R. SHARPE.

Private Wires and Banking

By means of private wires between central points, the Bank of Montreal is able, at all of its Branches, to give its customers the benefits arising from prompt and authoritative information.

Private wire service maintained between Montreal, Quebec, Toronto, Winnipeg, Vancouver, New York, Chicago and San Francisco.

BANK OF MONTREAL

ESTABLISHED MORE THAN 100 YEARS

Enderby Branch: J. E. LESLIE, Manager.
Armstrong Branch: C. B. WINTER, Manager.

Get Together for 1922

1922 will be as prosperous as we make it. Let us get together and make it the turning point in Enderby's history. Yours for the best for each and all.

E. B. DILL Men's Clothing, Boots & Shoes Groceries, Etc. Enderby

Happy New Year to All

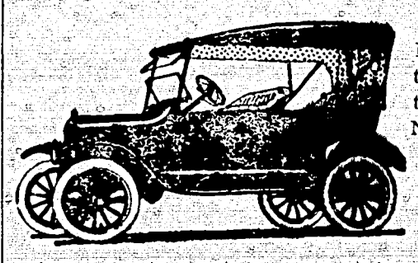
Thank you, Friends of Enderby and District for your patronage in 1921. May "22" bring prosperity and plenty to each and all.

We sell for Less **LaRoy's** Why pay More?

Cliff Street, Enderby

A Prosperous 1922 to all

Make it in a Ford



We thank the people of Enderby and District for the liberal patronage of the past year, and wish one and all, the happiest and most prosperous of New Years.

Price F. O. B. Enderby $780.00

GEO. A. RANDS, Ford Dealer Enderb

VERNON CREAMERY wants cream

Price, 43c lb. butterfat

Cans furnished on application.
Express charges paid.

H. W. KNIGHT, Proprietor

Want Ads

2c a word first insertion, 2c a word each insertion thereafter: 25c minimum charge: 10c extra where cash does not accompany order.

FOR SALE—At good value; 24 pullets and 15 hens. Geo. H. Smedley, Enderby. d22-tf

STRAYED—To our place, red yearling steer, white stockings. No marks. Unless claimed by January 5th will be sold to pay costs of keep, etc. Joe Olich, Mable Lake. d15-1p.

FOR SALE—Registered Yorkshire pigs. J. C. Hopkins, Newcombe Ranch, Armstrong. d16-2p

BRICKS—$20.00 per thousand cash; at the yard. You can drive to the yard and get them any time, from the foreman who is living there. Enderby Brick Co., Ltd. o-20tf

CHANGE OF OWNERSHIP

I have purchased the interest heretofore held by Hoy Dep in the Enderby Cafe, and will take over the business on Jan. 1, 1922. I assume no responsibility for any debts contracted in connection with the business prior to that date.

LOI TOY.

Enderby, B.C., Dec. 29, 1921.

If all of us would bear in mind that happiness is from within and not from without, there would be a wellspring of joy in every heart and the sun would shine forever.

Happy New Year to Everybody

We wish at the same time to thank all for the generous chare of business which has been given us the past year and to hope that we may so serve you in the year to come as to merit a continuance of your business.

DUNCAN BROS.
Phone 75 Enderby

DANCE

in Grindrod Hall

Friday, Dec. 30th

The usual good time assured to all